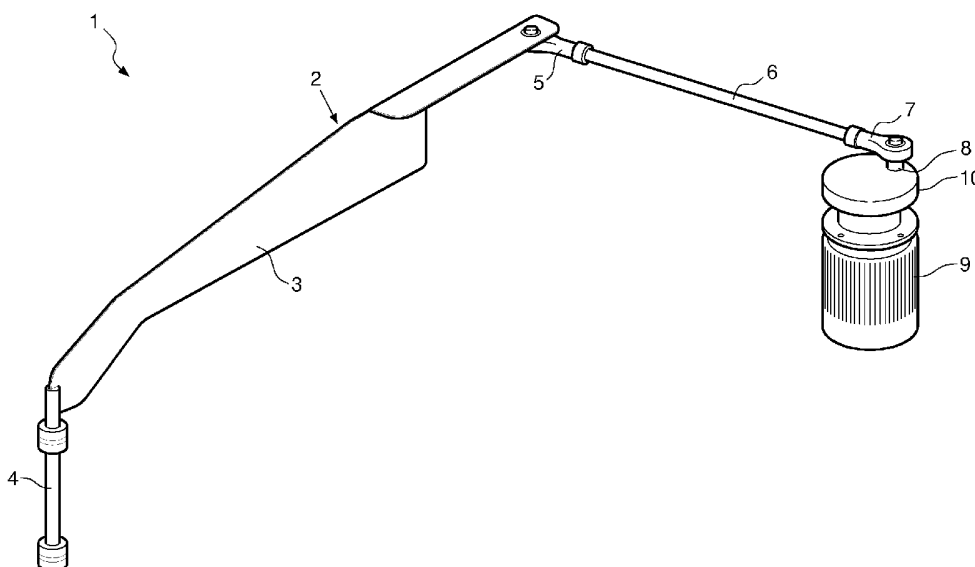




(10) International Publication Number
WO 2006/041298 A2

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR POSITIONING ADVANCING FOOD PRODUCTS



(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a positioning element for positioning food products advancing by means of a conveyor. The invention also relates to an apparatus for positioning food products, comprising such a positioning element in combination with a conveyor. The invention finally also relates to a method for positioning food products.

WO 2006/041298 A2

Abstract

The present invention relates to a positioning element for positioning food products advancing by means of a conveyor. The invention also relates to an apparatus for
5 positioning food products, comprising such a positioning element in combination with a conveyor. The invention finally also relates to a method for positioning food products.

Apparatus and method for positioning advancing food products

The present invention relates to a positioning element for positioning advancing food products. The invention also relates to an apparatus for positioning food products,
5 comprising such a positioning element. The invention finally also relates to a method for positioning food products.

The positioning of food products advancing on a conveyor has heretofore usually taken place by means of guide elements which are disposed at a fixed position adjacently of
10 and above the conveyor. The advancing food products, for instance (semi-products of) sausages in particular, which are situated at a location whereby they are forced up against the products placed at a fixed position, will thus be pushed aside by the guide element disposed at a fixed position. Such a solution can be manufactured in very advantageous and robust manner, and also requires little maintenance and is not
15 susceptible to malfunction. A drawback of this existing method of positioning food products advancing on a conveyor is that some of the products for positioning deform under the influence of the guide disposed at a fixed position (sausages can thus for instance be bent). Another drawback is that some of the food products may only be displaced temporarily; as soon as the product is no longer in contact, in a number of
20 cases it may return, to a greater or lesser extent, to the starting position before it was engaged by the guide element disposed in fixed position.

The invention therefore has for its object to provide improved means and an improved method for positioning advancing food products, whereby the above described
25 drawbacks of the prior art can be alleviated or avoided.

The present invention provides for this purpose a positioning element for positioning advancing food products, comprising: an engaging member with a contact side for engaging on the products for positioning, and displacing means connecting to the
30 engaging member for intermittently displacing the engaging member in a direction which encloses an angle with the contact side of the engaging member. Such a positioning element has the advantage that the engaging member can be pressed for a relatively short time against the products for positioning and then released therefrom again. A food product, such as for instance a sausage, can thus be forced in a desired

direction with one or with multiple successive strokes (shifting, pushing) without the product lying over or against a guide element for an excessive time. The positioning element according to the invention offers the important advantage, among others, that it also becomes possible to position (align) less form-retaining food products without this
5 having to result in deformation of the food products. The chance of the products returning to the starting position after the positioning can also be reduced with this positioning element.

In a preferred embodiment the engaging member is provided with a substantially flat
10 engaging side. With such a flat engaging side the chance of damage/deformation of the products is minimal and it is moreover easy to clean such an engaging member.

In yet another embodiment variant, the engaging member is provided with at least two engaging sides remote from each other. The positioning element can thus be used for
15 arranging between two rows of advancing food products and to exert a positioning effect in two directions (i.e. to both rows of food products). In addition to doubling the advantageous effects of the invention, the positioning of two rows of food products without a substantial increase in the costs for the two-sided action of the positioning element as already described above, this furthermore provides the option of positioning,
20 and also separating, two rows with a small spacing or even partial overlap of the rows. Further explanation is provided below in respect of this separating.

In an advantageous variant, the engaging member can be displaced rotatably about a fixed rotation shaft. This rotation shaft can for instance run parallel to a substantially
25 flat engaging side, or can even be situated in the plane in front of the engaging side. The shaft can also be advantageously located on a front side of the positioning element, wherein the displacing means can conversely engage on the engaging member at a distance from the rotation shaft. This construction can also be given a simple and reliable form. On the other hand it is also possible as an alternative to give the rotation
30 shaft a translatable form, or to make it adjustable such that the angle enclosed by the rotation shaft and the active surface of the conveyor is adjustable. Depending on the circumstances, the positioning action of the engaging member can thus be adjusted.

In order to nevertheless bring into a correct position the products for positioning which lie too far outside the alignment limits to be realized, it is advantageous if the engaging member is provided with a height which gradually increases in the direction of transport of the products for positioning. Such a positioning element is provided with a contact edge with a height increasing in the direction of transport over which the food products can slide upward as they advance. In normal conditions the intermittent movement of the engaging member will however ensure that, during each reciprocal stroke of the contact member, the food products shift some distance in the direction in which the products must eventually be positioned. It can thus also become possible for instance to completely separate from each other (align with a fixed spacing) two rows lying adjacently of each other with overlap.

The displacing means can be formed by a rotatable cam roller which is coupled to the engaging member via at least one rod. Such displacing means are easy to manufacture and maintain, although diverse other displacing means can also be applied, such as for instance pneumatic or hydraulic cylinders.

The invention also provides an apparatus for positioning advancing food products, comprising: a positioning element as described above and a conveyor for successively displacing food products, wherein at least a part of the positioning element is displaceable in a direction with a movement component perpendicular to the direction of transport of the conveyor. The movement can herein be parallel to the part of the conveyor supporting the food products. For the advantages of such an apparatus reference is made to the above stated advantages in respect of the positioning element according to the invention; these include being simple, robust, little susceptible to malfunction, no deformation of the products, easy to clean and so on.

The positioning element can also be coupled for driving purposes to the conveyor, for instance in that a roller engages on the conveyor such that this latter is driven thereby, which roller then brings about a displacement of the engaging member, optionally via transmission means. Such a drive makes a separate power source for bringing about intermittent movement of the engaging member unnecessary, and it is also very simple to thus synchronize the movements of the conveyor and of the engaging member. If the positioning element is displaceable relative to the conveyor such that in the direction of

transport the end position of the engaging member reaches further in the situation in which the food products are being shifted, it becomes possible to urge the food products to the desired position in successive steps. This results in a controlled process of positioning with predictable results.

5

When the conveyor is adapted to displace at least two rows of food products, between which rows of food products the displaceable engaging member of the positioning element is displaceable, a single positioning element can provide for separation of the rows. This results in a good utilization of the available space and means.

10

In the case that the apparatus is provided with at least two positioning elements disposed on opposite sides of a row of products for positioning, it becomes possible to fully control the position of the products in one direction (perpendicularly of the direction of transport). It becomes possible to displace the products irrespective of the

15

direction in which they have an undesirable starting position. In order to hold the products in the direction of movement, it is desirable to provide the conveyor with protruding elements engaging on the food products. The force exerted on a food product with a positioning element can thus also be controlled; there is after all less, or no, possibility of the food product displacing in an undesired direction.

20

In order to prevent the positioning element from jamming or damaging the conveyor, it is desirable that the engaging member is intermittently displaceable at a distance from the side of the conveyor supporting the food products.

25

The invention moreover provides a method for positioning advancing food products, comprising the processing steps of: A) advancing in a direction of transport food products placed at least substantially in a row one behind the other, and B) intermittently moving an engaging member reciprocally on a side of the row of successively placed food products such that the food products lying too close to the engaging member are moved aside in a number of successive steps. At least some of the products for positioning can be carried upward over the engaging member and then be released again from the engaging member by the intermittent movement of the engaging member. This makes it possible to also position products which are situated partly on the opposite side (being the wrong or undesirable side for the product in question).

30

If the engaging member is moved reciprocally in intermittent manner between two rows of food products, the products will be placed a minimal distance apart and a double positioning effect can thus be obtained with a single engaging member.

5

It is also possible for a row of successively placed food products to be engaged on opposite sides by engaging members moving reciprocally in intermittent manner. The position of the food product in the direction perpendicular to the direction of transport (and parallel to the conveyor) is now completely controllable; a product can be engaged
10 selectively by one of the two engaging members and urged into the desired position.

The present invention will be further elucidated on the basis of the non-limitative exemplary embodiments shown in the following figures. Herein:

figure 1 shows a perspective view of a positioning element according to the invention,
15 figure 2 shows a perspective view of a positioning apparatus according to the invention with a double row of sausages for aligning,
figure 3 is a top view of a positioning apparatus for aligning a single row of sausages, and
figure 4 is a top view of a double positioning apparatus for aligning a single row of
20 sausages.

Figure 1 shows a positioning element 1 with an engaging member 2 which is provided with a contact side 3 for engaging on products for positioning, which are not shown in this figure. Positioning element 1 is provided with a rotation shaft 4 which can support
25 in mounted manner on the fixed world. On the side of engaging member 2 remote from rotation shaft 4 a coupling rod 6 is connected rotatably thereto via a coupling piece 5. Via a second coupling piece 7 the side of coupling rod 6 remote from positioning element 1 engages rotatably on a cam 8 of a disc 10 driven by an electric motor 9. Through rotation of disc 10 the engaging member 2 will begin to make a reciprocal
30 swinging movement around rotation shaft 4.

Figure 2 shows a perspective view of positioning apparatus 1 according to figure 1 in combination with a conveyor 20 with which two rows 21, 22 of sausages 23 for aligning are displaced in direction of transport P1. Conveyor 20 is provided with upright parts 24

between which the sausages 23 are placed. Sausages 23 therefore have only one degree of freedom, parallel to upright parts 24. Upon initial feed the sausages 23 are not yet properly aligned in two rows; they then still have a more or less random orientation in the direction parallel to upright parts 24. This random orientation of sausages 23 even
5 goes so far that two adjacent sausages 23 may be in contact with each other or may even be partly overlapping. The separation of sausage pairs located successively on conveyor 20 may be at a different location in each case, which makes it difficult to separate the two rows 21, 22 of sausages 23 for aligning.

10 When sausages 23 reach the engaging member 2 of positioning element 1, some of the sausages 23 will rise over an upper edge 25 of engaging member 2 while other sausages 23 are not initially touched by engaging member 2. Due to rotation of the disc driven by electric motor 9, engaging member 2 will swing reciprocally in intermittent manner via coupling bar 6. The swing of engaging member 2 will become increasingly greater as
15 seen in direction of transport P1, so that the sausages (depending on the transport speed relative to the frequency of the intermittent swinging movement and the starting position of a specific sausage 23) are placed in a number of steps in the desired (aligned) position by engaging member 2. The sausages 23 which slide upward over upper edge 25 at first contact with engaging member 2 will be removed from upper
20 edge 25 in one or more steps by the intermittent swinging movement of engaging member 2. It is thus possible to also separate fragile sausages 23 (or other delicate food products) which are oriented in overlapping and/or otherwise complex manner.

Figure 3 shows a top view of positioning apparatus 1, the engaging member 2 of which
25 engages on only a single row of sausages 30 for alignment on one side.

Figure 4 shows a top view of two positioning devices 40, 41 which are formed by engaging members 42, 43 which are displaceable by respective cylinders 44, 45. Engaging members 42, 43 are displaceable between the shown position and that shown
30 with dotted lines 42', 43'. A row of sausages 46 is supplied in non-aligned manner in a direction of transport P2 and, after passing engaging members 42, 43, the sausages 46 have been carried from two sides into a desired aligned position.

Claims

1. Positioning element for positioning advancing food products, comprising:
 - an engaging member with a contact side for engaging on the products for positioning,
- 5 and
 - displacing means connecting to the engaging member for intermittently displacing the engaging member in a direction which encloses an angle with the contact side of the engaging member.
- 10 2. Positioning element as claimed in claim 1, **characterized in that** the engaging member is provided with a substantially flat engaging side.
3. Positioning element as claimed in claim 1 or 2, **characterized in that** the engaging member is provided with at least two engaging sides remote from each other.
- 15 4. Positioning element as claimed in any of the foregoing claims, **characterized in that** the engaging member can be displaced rotatably about a fixed rotation shaft.
5. Positioning element as claimed in any of the foregoing claims, **characterized in**
- 20 **that** the engaging member is provided with a height which gradually increases in the direction of transport of the products for positioning.
6. Positioning element as claimed in any of the foregoing claims, **characterized in**
- 25 **that** the displacing means are formed by a rotatable cam roller which is coupled to the engaging member via at least one rod.
7. Apparatus for positioning advancing food products, comprising:
 - a positioning element as claimed in any of the foregoing claims, and
 - a conveyor for successively displacing food products, wherein at least a part of
- 30 the positioning element is displaceable in a direction with a movement component perpendicular to the direction of transport of the conveyor.
8. Apparatus as claimed in claim 7, **characterized in that** the positioning element is coupled for driving purposes to the conveyor.

9. Apparatus as claimed in claim 7 or 8, **characterized in that** the positioning element is displaceable relative to the conveyor such that in the direction of transport the end position of the engaging member increases in the situation in which the food products are pushed up.

10. Apparatus as claimed in any of the claims 7-9, **characterized in that** the conveyor is adapted to displace at least two rows of food products, between which rows of food products the displaceable engaging member of the positioning element is displaceable.

11. Apparatus as claimed in any of the claims 7-10, **characterized in that** the apparatus is provided with at least two displacing elements disposed on opposite sides of a row of products for positioning.

12. Apparatus as claimed in any of the claims 7-11, **characterized in that** the conveyor is provided with protruding elements engaging on the food products.

13. Apparatus as claimed in any of the claims 7-12, **characterized in that** the engaging member is intermittently displaceable at a distance from the side of the conveyor supporting the food products.

14. Method for positioning advancing food products, comprising the processing steps of: A) advancing in a direction of transport food products placed at least substantially in a row one behind the other, and B) intermittently moving an engaging member reciprocally on a side of the row of successively placed food products such that the food products lying too close to the engaging member are moved aside in a number of successive steps.

15. Method as claimed in claim 14, **characterized in that** at least some of the products for positioning are carried upward over the engaging member and then released again from the engaging member by the intermittent movement of the engaging member.

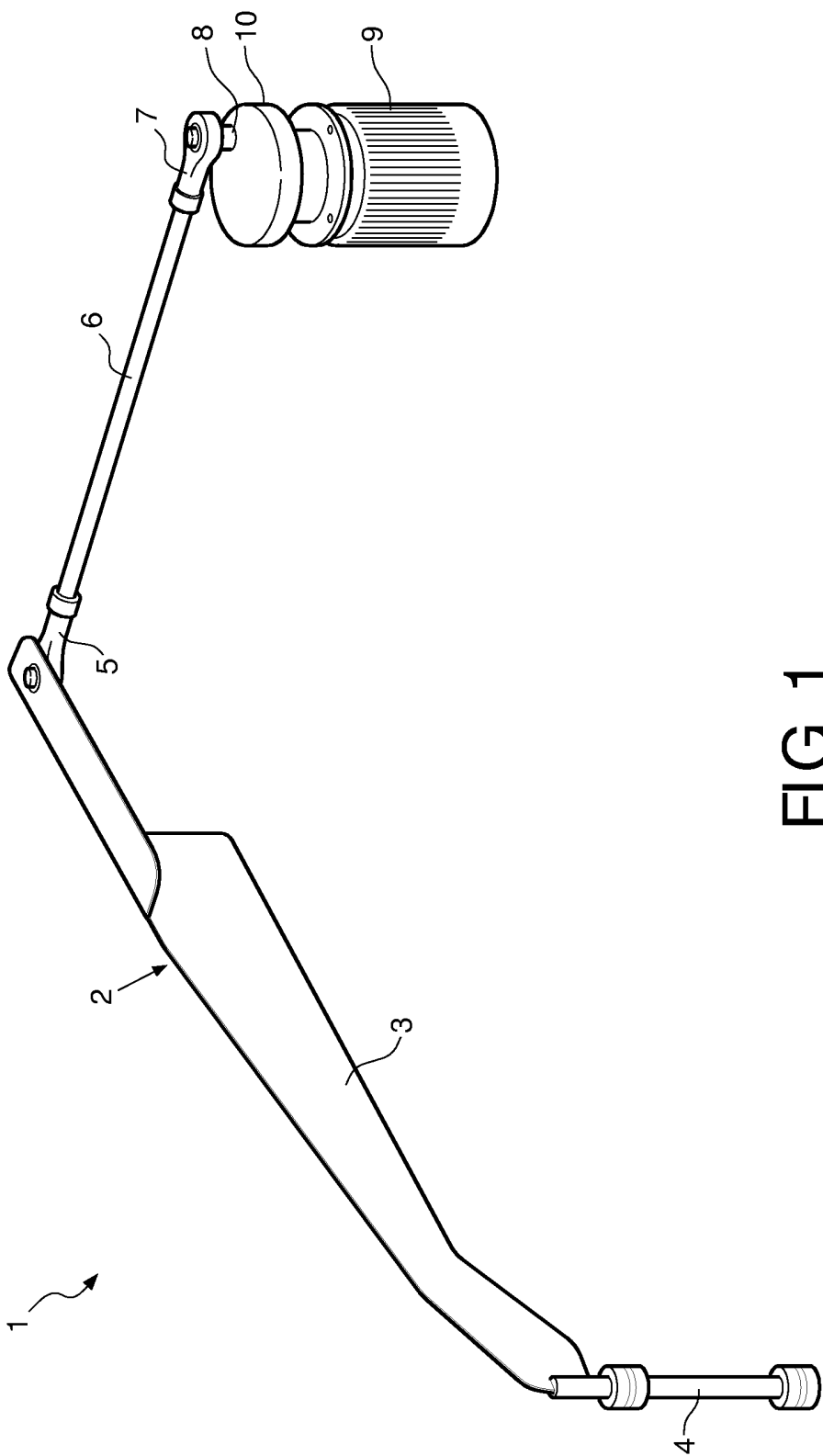
16. Method as claimed in claim 14 or 15, **characterized in that** the engaging member is moved reciprocally in intermittent manner between two rows of food products so that the products are placed a minimal distance apart.

5

17. Method as claimed in any of the claims 14-16, **characterized in that** a row of successively placed food products is engaged on opposite sides by engaging members moving reciprocally in intermittent manner.

10

1/4



2/4

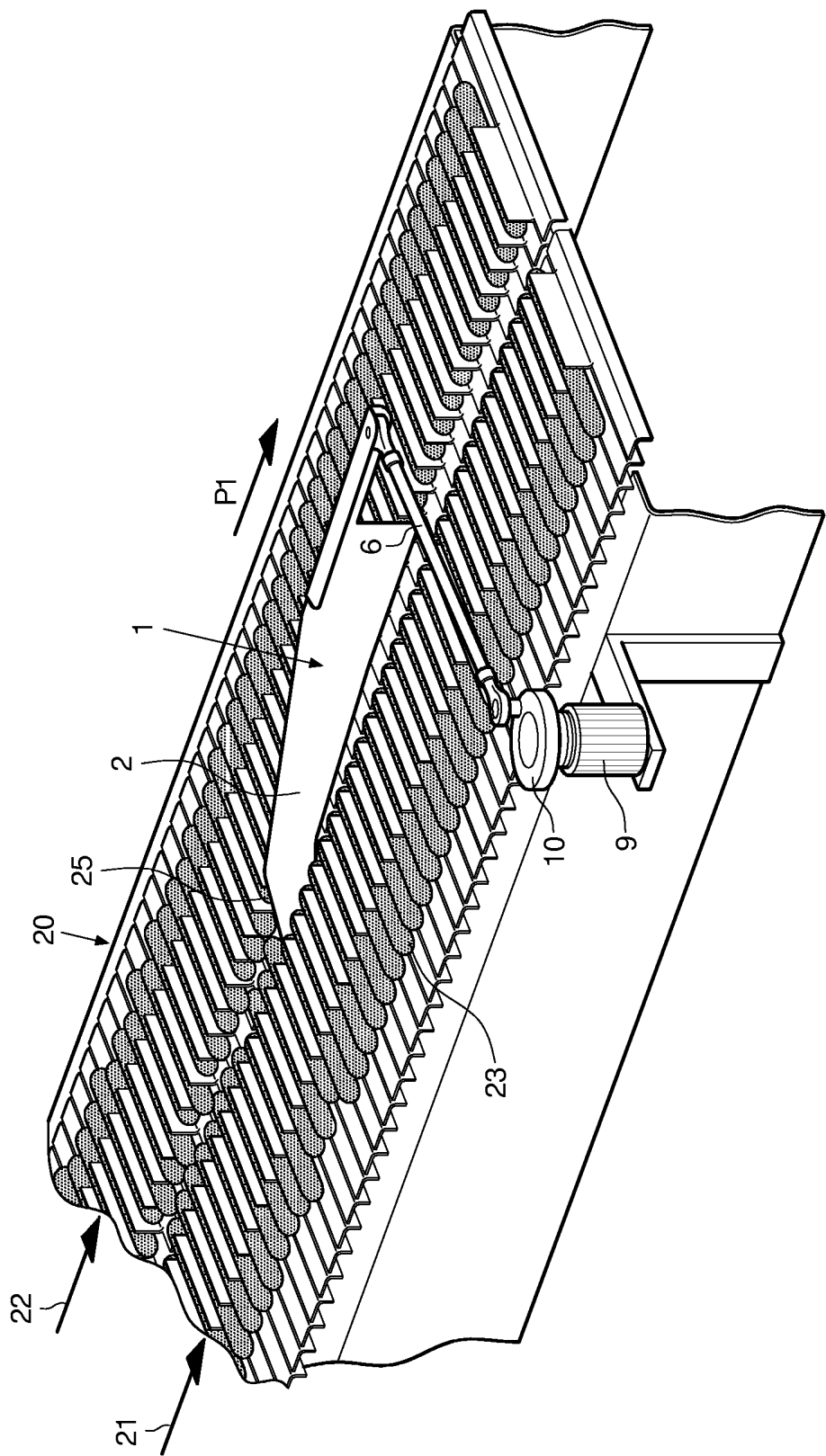


FIG. 2

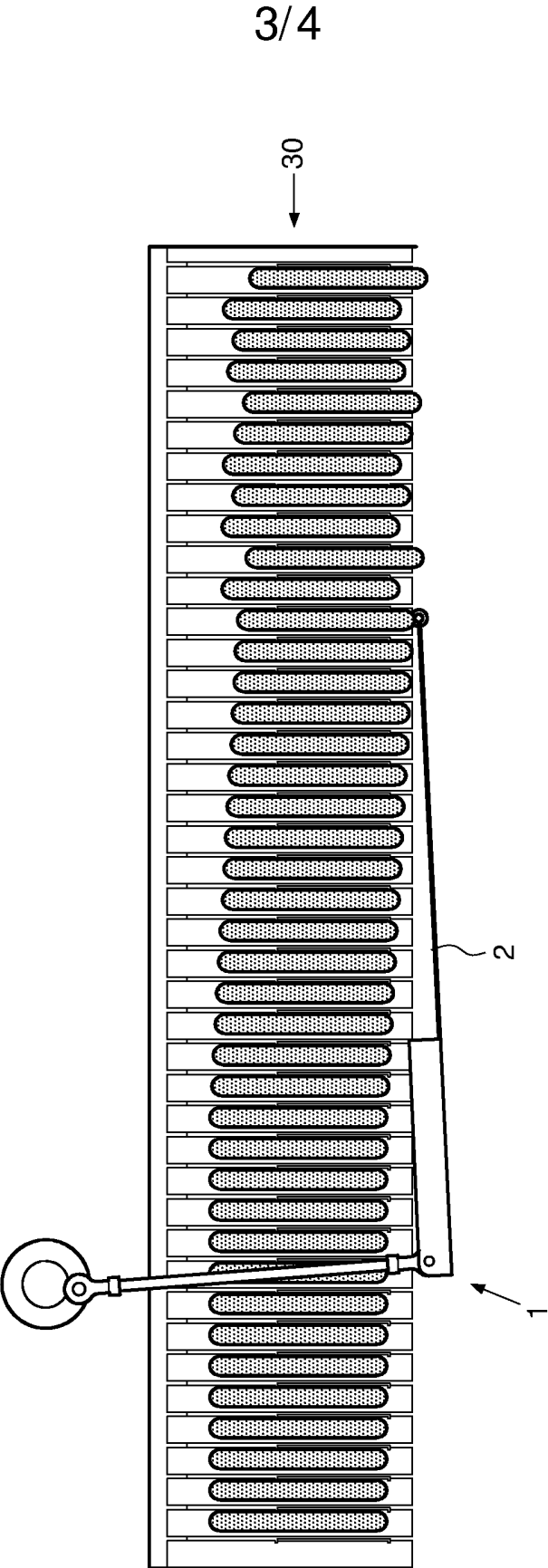


FIG. 3

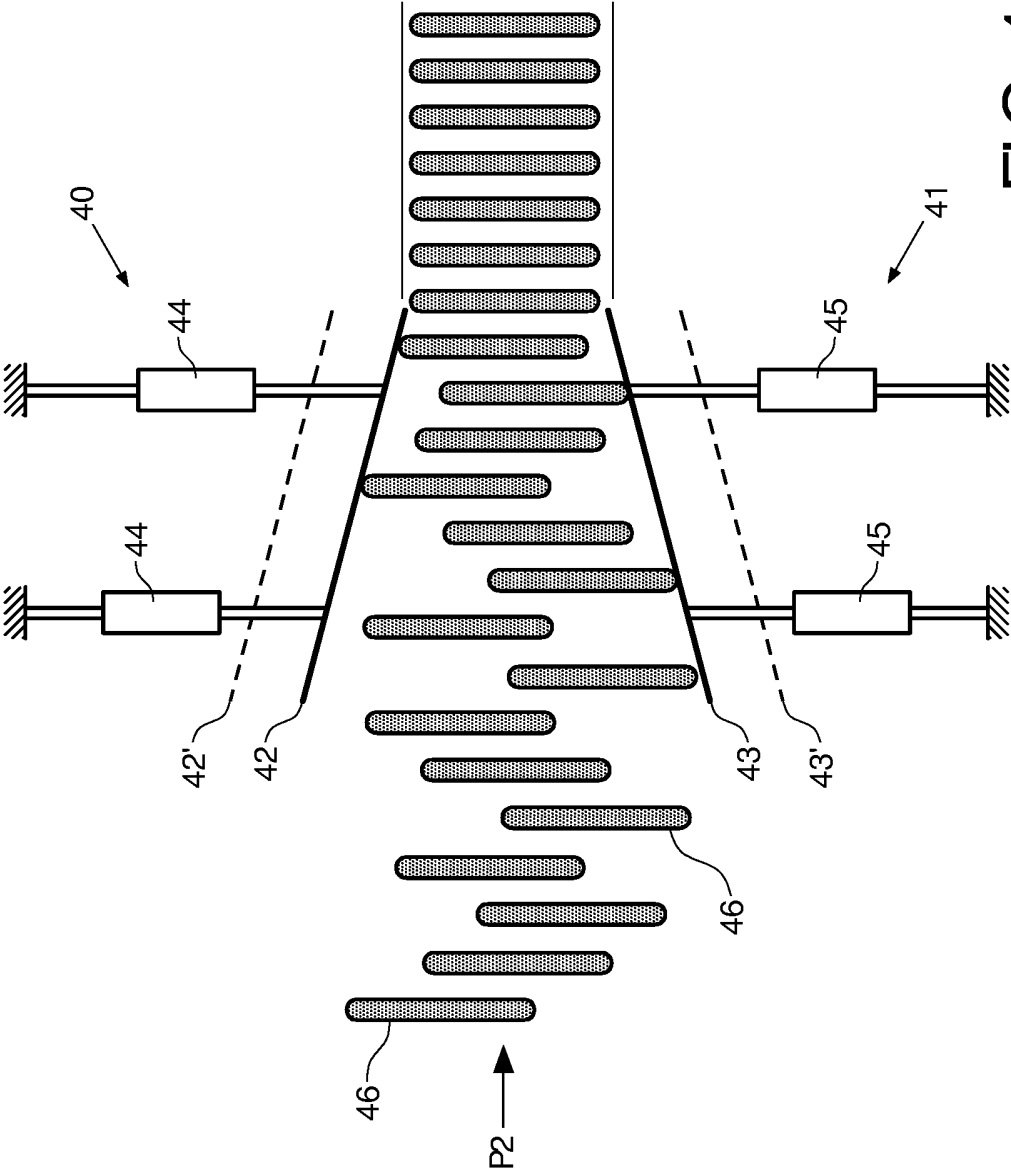


FIG. 4