March 17, 1942. H. SPITZ 2,276,429

COMBINATION GARMENT HANGER

Filed Dec. 11, 1939

Fig. 1.

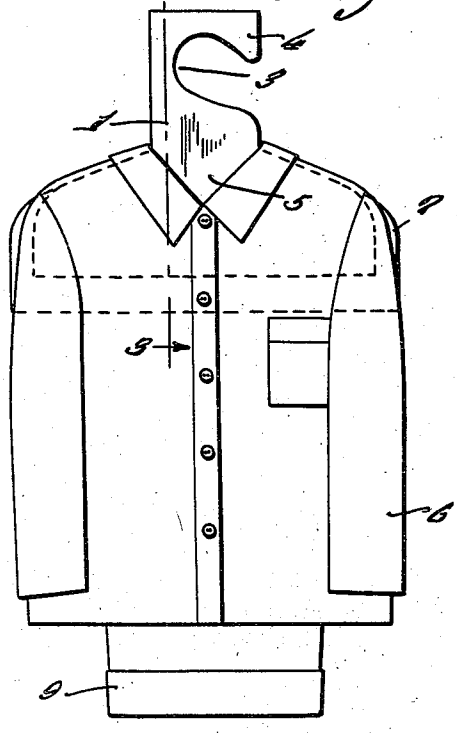
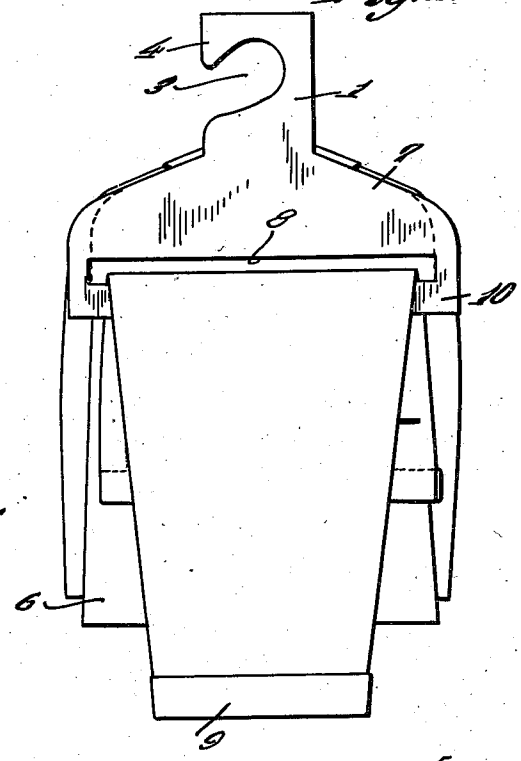


Fig. 2.



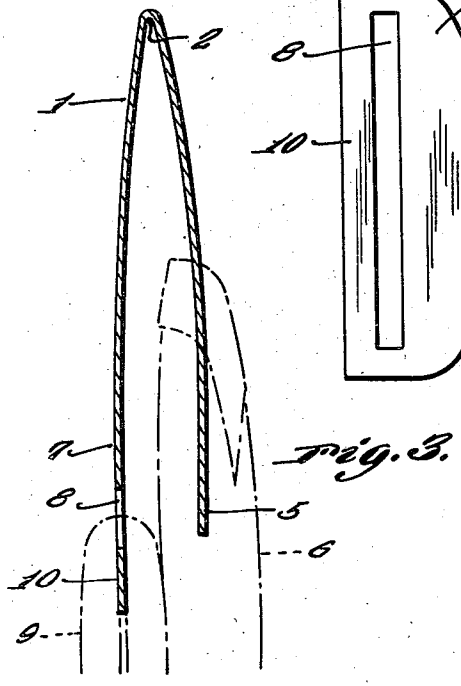


Fig. 3.

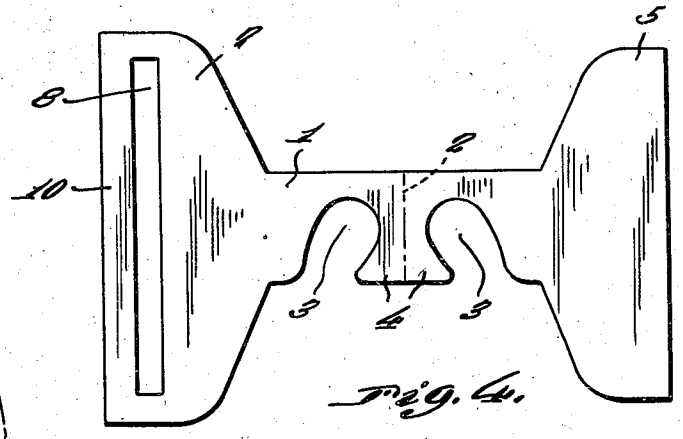


Fig. 4.

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COMBINATION GARMENT HANGER

Henry Spitz, New York, N. Y.

Application December 11, 1939, Serial No. 308,692

5 Claims. (Cl. 223—87)

The present invention relates to new and useful improvements in garment hangers and has for its primary object to provide, in a manner as hereinafter set forth, a device of this character which is adapted to hold two articles of apparel, such as a pair of pants or slacks and a coat or shirt in such a way that both may be attractively displayed and conveniently examined.

Another very important object of the invention is to provide a combination garment hanger of the aforementioned character which may be economically produced from a single sheet of cardboard or other suitable material.

Other objects of the invention are to provide a combination garment hanger of the character described which will be comparatively simple in construction, strong, durable, highly efficient and reliable in use, compact and light in weight.

All of the foregoing and still further objects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from a study of the following specification, taken in connection with the accompanying drawing wherein like characters of reference designate corresponding parts throughout the several views, and wherein:

Figure 1 is an elevational view of a garment hanger constructed in accordance with the present invention, looking at the side thereof which supports the shirt or jacket.

Figure 2 is an elevational view, looking at the side of the device which supports the slacks or trousers.

Figure 3 is a vertical sectional view, taken substantially on the line 3—3 of Figure 1.

Figure 4 is a plan view of the hanger in flat or unfolded position.

Referring now to the drawing in detail, it will be seen that the embodiment of the invention which has been illustrated comprises what may be referred to as a connecting strip 1 of cardboard or other suitable material. The strip 1 is adapted to be folded transversely on itself at an intermediate point, as at 2. On opposite sides of the fold line 2, the strip 1 has extending thereinto recesses 3 which are shaped to define supporting hooks 4.

On one end of the strip 1 is an integral coat holder 5 of appropriate shape. The reference numeral 6 designates an upper body garment, such as a shirt, jacket or coat which is mounted on the holder 5. On the other end of the strip 1 is an integral holder 7 having a slot 8 therein for the reception of a pair of trousers or slacks, as at 9.

It is thought that the invention will be readily understood from a consideration of the foregoing. As shown in Fig. 1 of the drawing, the shirt, jacket or coat 6 is mounted on the holder 5 with the front of the garment outermost and (see Fig. 2) the trousers or slacks 9 are inserted through the slot 8 of the holder 7. It will be noted that the slot 8 provides a bar 10 on the lower portion of the holder 7 over which the trousers or slacks 9 are suspended. The construction and arrangement is such that both garments are fully and attractively displayed and by simply reversing the hanger either of said garments may be conveniently examined. Of course, the duplicate hooks 4 are engageable over a suitable support for suspending the garments therefrom. It will be noted that the entire device is formed from a single sheet of material.

It is believed that the many advantages of a combination garment hanger constructed in accordance with the present invention will be readily understood and although a preferred embodiment of the device is as illustrated and described, it is to be understood that changes in the details of construction and in the combination and arrangement of parts may be resorted to which will fall within the scope of the invention as claimed.

What is claimed is:

1. A garment hanger formed from a single sheet of bendable material comprising a strip folded transversely at an intermediate point, and garment holders on the ends of said strip, the lower edges of said holders being free, one of said holders having a horizontal slot therein for the reception of a garment, said slot extending below the horizontal plane of the lower edge of the other holder.

2. A clothes hanger comprising a pair of bowed body members constituting garment suspension means, one of said members having an elongated slot therein through which a garment is adapted to engage, each of said members being bowed inwardly, and a narrow shank forming means common to said members, said shank forming means being bent upon itself to thereby dispose said members with the concave sides thereof in confronting relation, adjacent portions of said shank forming means being formed with elongated upwardly inclined cutouts to thereby provide a hook, the other of said members being substantially narrower than said slotted member, the lower edge thereof being disposed adjacent the lower edge of said slot, the

weight of a garment engaging the suspension members normally urging the lower portions of said members into garment clamping position to hold a garment suspended through said slot against movement.

3. In a garment hanger, a structure including a pair of opposed suspension elements coupled together at their upper ends and hook means common to said elements for suspending them, said elements including parts thereof intermediate their ends so formed to thereby provide a pair of spaced aligned suspension means for and common to a garment, one of said elements being formed with a slot for the passage of and having one of its edges constituting a suspension means for another garment, and the other of said elements correlating with the slotted element to arrest the slipping of the second garment when the latter is suspended.

4. In a garment hanger, a unitary structure including a pair of inwardly bowed oppositely disposed opposed resilient suspension elements coupled together at their upper ends and hook means common to said elements for suspending them, said elements including parts thereof, intermediate their ends so formed to thereby provide a pair of spaced aligned suspension means for and common to a garment, one of said elements being formed with a slot below said common suspension means for the passage of and having one of its edges constituting a suspension means for another garment, and the other of said elements permanently tending to abut and correlating with the slotted element to arrest the slipping of the second garment when the latter is suspended.

5. In a garment hanger, a unitary structure including a pair of inwardly bowed oppositely disposed opposed resilient suspension elements coupled together at their upper ends and hook means common to said elements for suspending them, said elements including parts thereof, intermediate their ends so formed to thereby provide a pair of spaced aligned suspension means for and common to a garment, one of said elements being formed with a slot below said common suspension means for the passage of and having one of its edges constituting a suspension means for another garment, and the other of said elements permanently tending to abut and correlating with the slotted element to arrest the slipping of the second garment when the latter is suspended, said slotted suspension element being of greater length than and having its lower end depending below the lower end of the non-slotted element.

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