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(54) **ADAPTIVE RECRUITMENT SYSTEM USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

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G06N 5/02 (2006.01)
G10L 17/04 (2013.01)
G06N 3/04 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **G06Q 10/1053** (2013.01); **G06N 3/049**
(2013.01); **G06N 5/022** (2013.01); **G10L**
17/04 (2013.01)

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See application file for complete search history.

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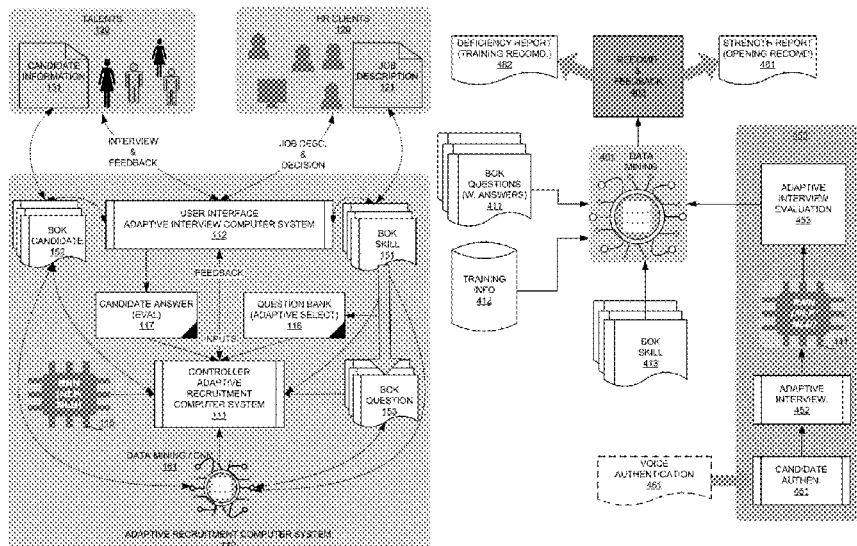
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Methods and systems are provided for adaptive recruitment computer system. In one novel aspect, the adaptive recruitment computer system generates a question bank based on a job description, selects adaptively questions from the question bank for an interview, and generates a feedback report for the candidate based on the evaluation of the candidate's answer. In one embodiment, the computer system categorizes a job requirement based on a body of knowledge (BOK) skill knowledge base, generates a question bank, selects adaptively a subset of questions from the generated question bank, wherein each question selected is based on evaluations of candidate's answers to corresponding prior questions using a recurrent neural network (RNN) model, and generates a feedback report for the candidate, wherein the feedback report using the RNN model based on evaluations of answers and a BOK candidate knowledge base, wherein the BOK candidate knowledge base receives updates from the computer system.

20 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



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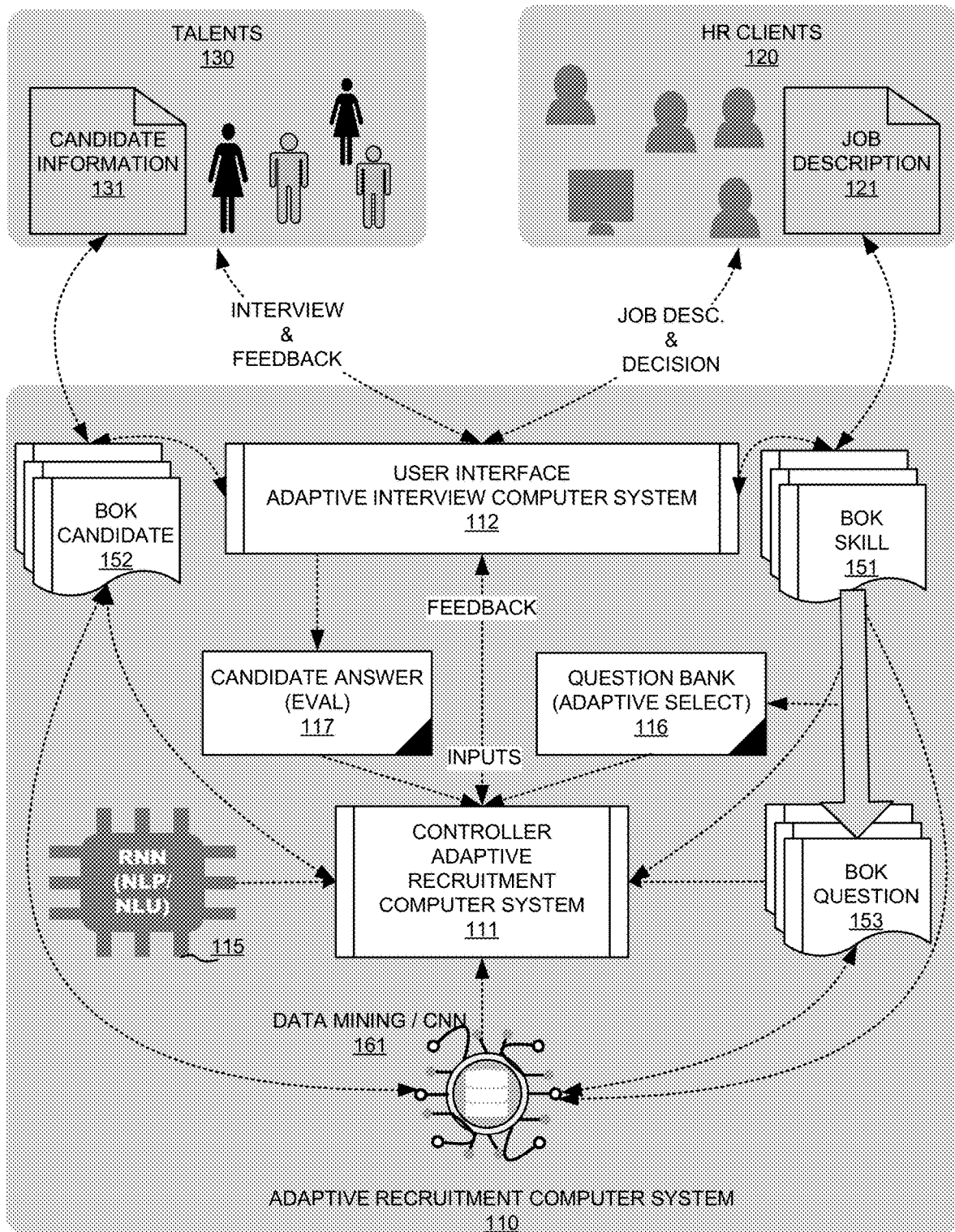


FIG. 1

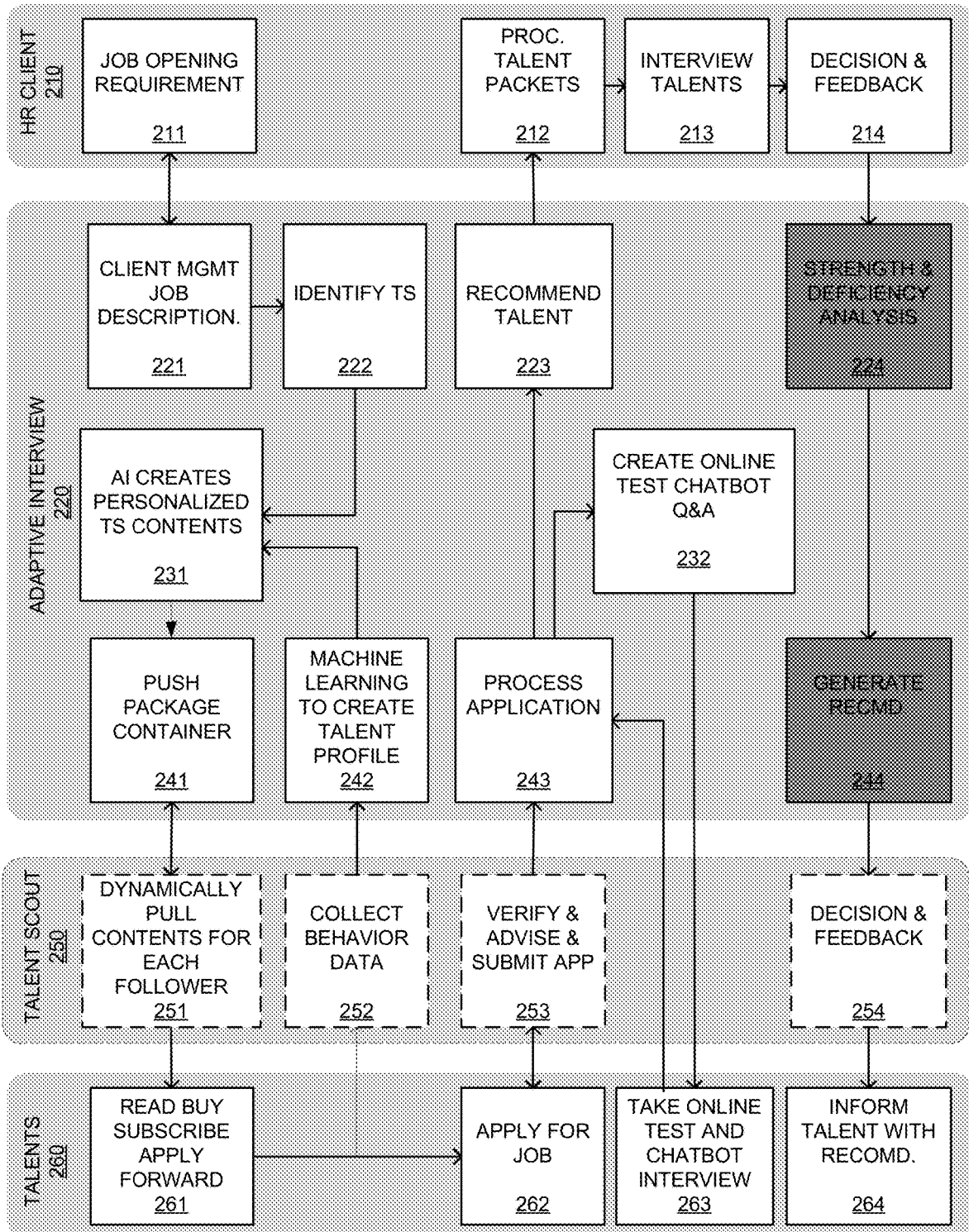


FIG. 2

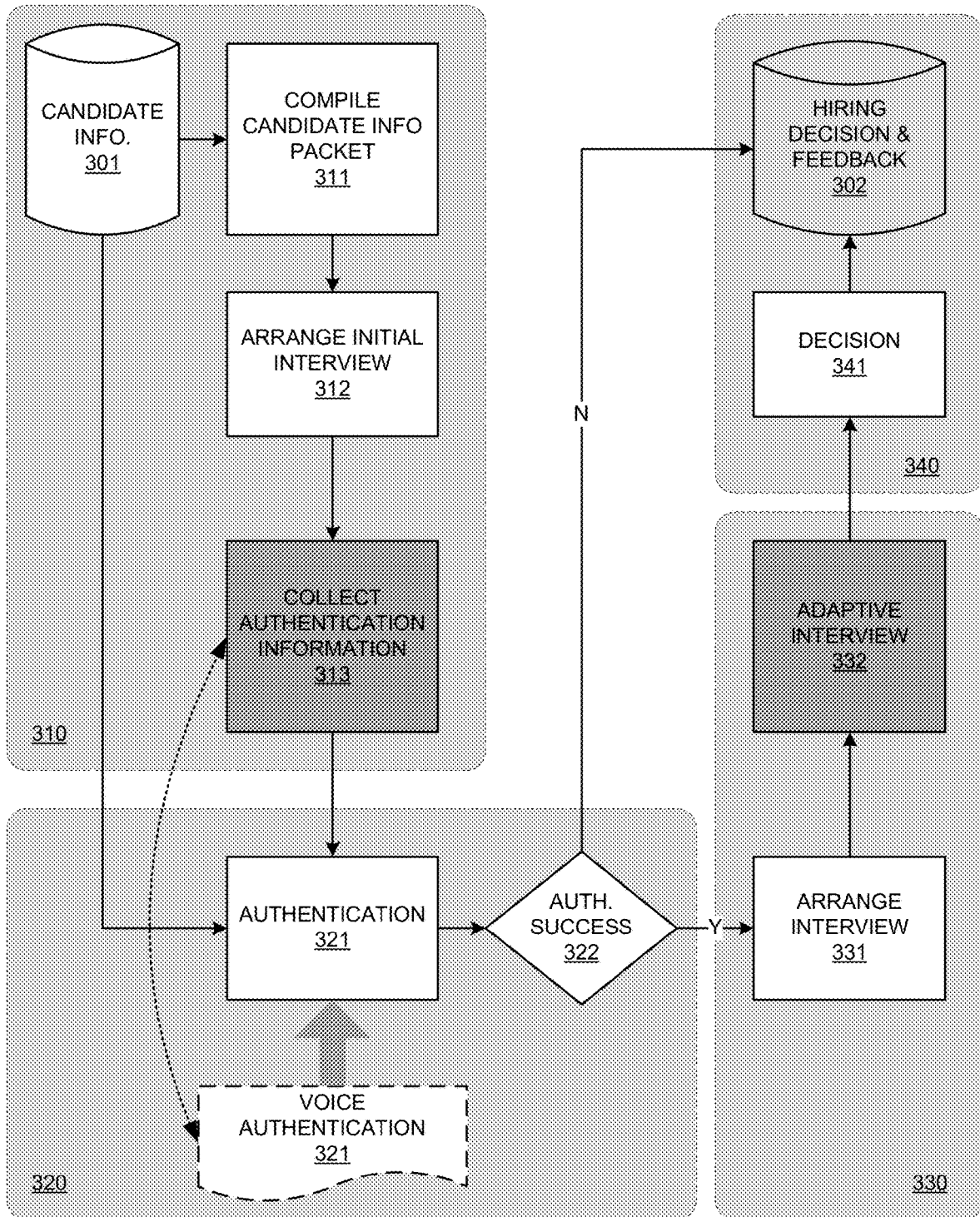


FIG. 3

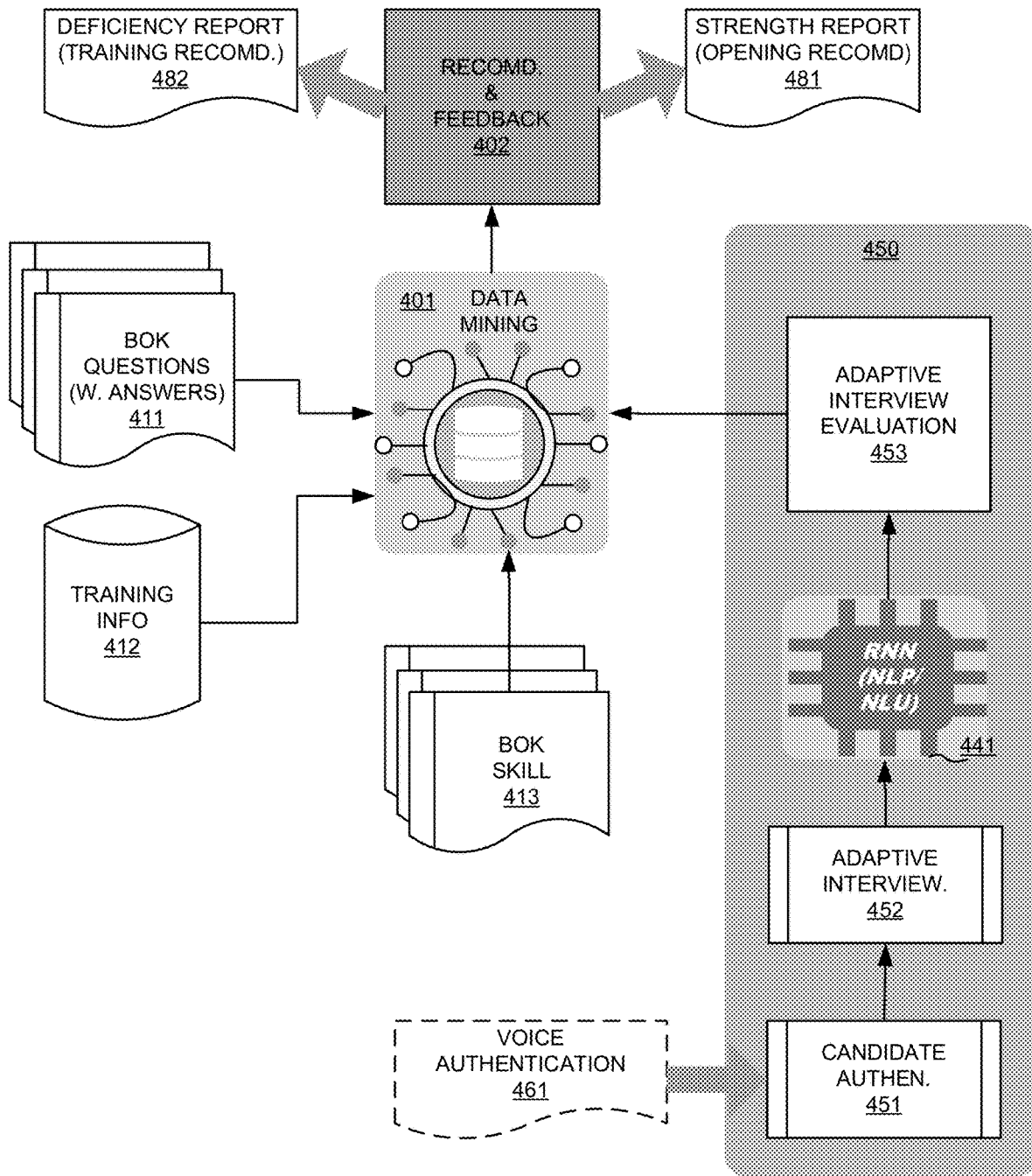


FIG. 4

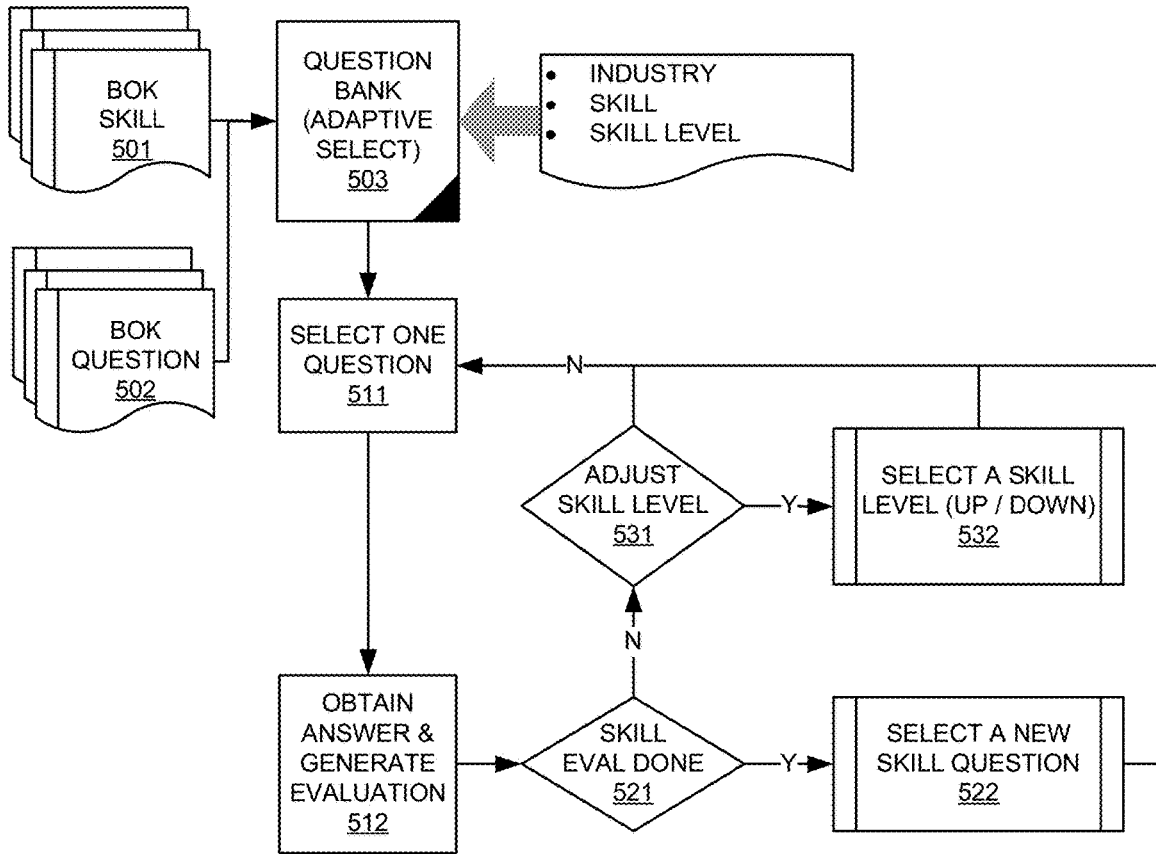


FIG. 5

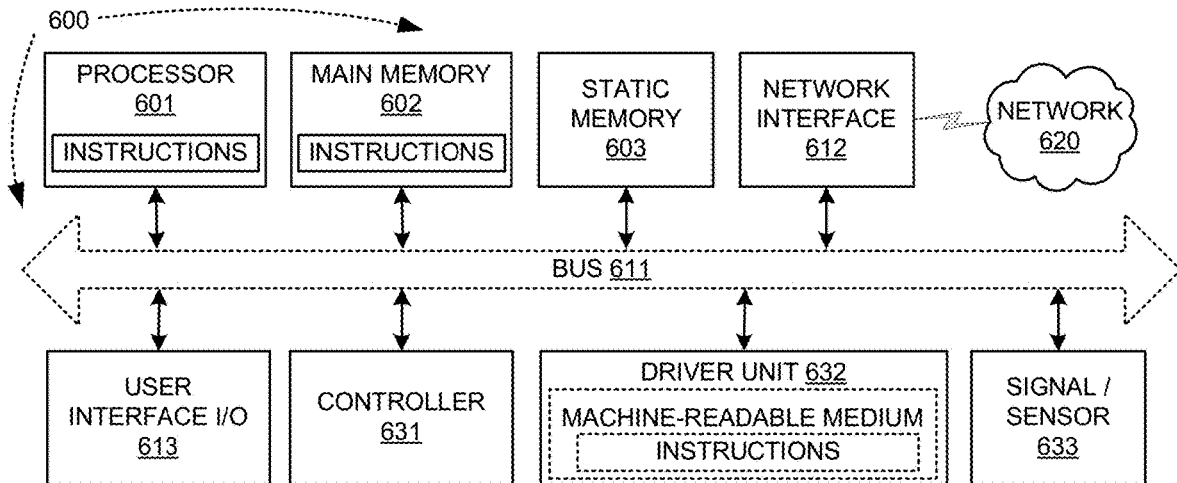


FIG. 6

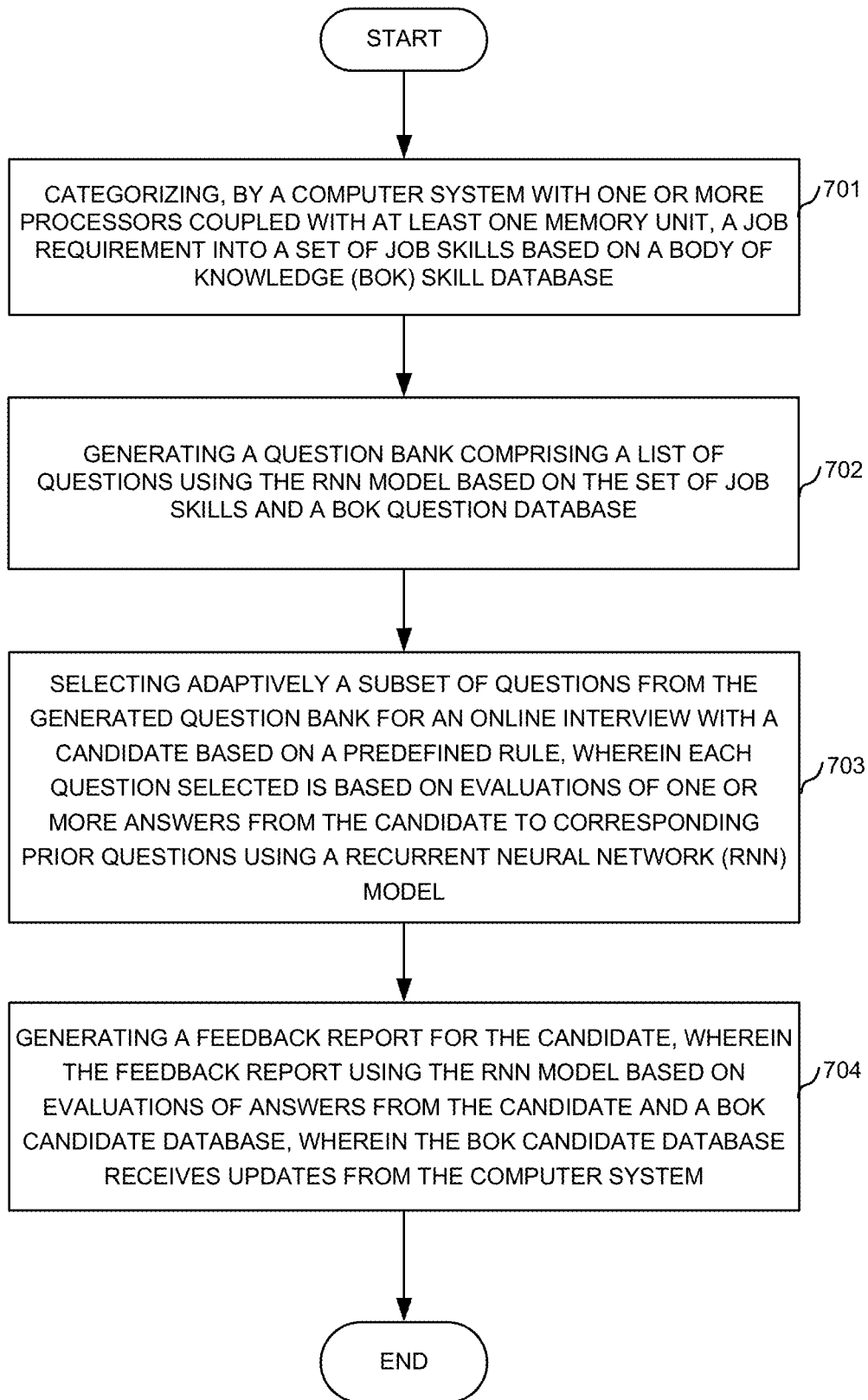


FIG. 7

ADAPTIVE RECRUITMENT SYSTEM USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 from Chinese Application Number CN 202011243685.4 titled "ADAPTIVE RECRUITMENT SYSTEM USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE," filed on Nov. 10, 2020. The disclosure of each of the foregoing documents is incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to the recruitment system and, more particularly, an adaptive recruitment system using artificial intelligence.

BACKGROUND

With the development in machine-learning based artificial intelligence (AI), the applications of the AI technology have grown exponentially. At the same time, the efficiency of talent recruitment is becoming more important than ever. Traditionally, recruiters from the human resource (HR) and/or recruitment firms selected candidates from a limited talent pool. The screening process for a job opening takes a large amount of human effort. AI's powerful ability to rapidly process millions of data points enables the recruiters to quickly identify high-potential candidates. Further, the explosive growth of the online community, which has extended beyond casual networking among friends and families, has increasingly gained applications for business and professional uses. Many organizations and business units have their social media presence. Social media has been increasingly viewed as a professional platform to help businesses and job seekers connected. The vastly increased talent pool online enables AI programs to get the latest candidate profiles. The traditional human interactive recruiting process has been laden with bias. AI-enabled auto screening process reduces potential human bias in the recruitment process. On the other hand, however, the current automatic recruiting services lack the human interaction, which provides real-time dynamic interview questions based on not only the answers but also the deep knowledge of the requirement as well as experiences with human interactions. Further, traditionally, the feedback to the candidate are not informative and helpful to the candidate. It normally only has a decision with very little information.

Improvements and enhancement are needed for an AI-enabled recruitment system with an adaptive interview process and a detailed feedback.

SUMMARY

Methods and systems are provided for an adaptive recruitment computer system. In one novel aspect, the adaptive recruitment computer system generates a question bank based on a job description, selects questions adaptively from the question bank during an interview with the candidate, and generates a feedback report for the candidate based on the evaluation of the candidate's answers. In one embodiment, the computer system categorizes a job requirement into a set of job skills based on a body of knowledge (BOK) skill knowledge base, generates a question bank comprising a list of questions based on the set of job skills and a BOK

question knowledge base, selects adaptively a subset of questions from the generated question bank for an online interview with a candidate based on a trained learning model, wherein each question selected is based on evaluations of one or more answers from the candidate to corresponding prior questions using a recurrent neural network (RNN) model, and generates a feedback report for the candidate, wherein the feedback report based on evaluations of answers from the candidate and a BOK candidate knowledge base, wherein the BOK candidate knowledge base receives updates from the computer system. In one embodiment, each job skill has a set of attributes comprising a multi-level industry taxonomy, a skill level, and cross disciplinary references. In another embodiment, each question in the BOK question knowledge base has a skill level attribute, and wherein the generated question bank includes questions of different skill levels based on the skill level of the job skill attributes. In one embodiment, a data mining program is implemented to create and update one or more BOK knowledge bases comprising the BOK skill knowledge base, the BOK question knowledge base, and the BOK candidate knowledge base. In another embodiment, the computer system further obtains candidate information prior to the interview and generates a candidate profile and authentication information. In one embodiment, the candidate profile is generated from the candidate information based on the BOK candidate knowledge base. In one embodiment, Convolutional neural network (CNN) method is used to generate the knowledge base by extracting recruitment Big Data that contain information on candidates, skills and interview questions. The knowledge base is further categorized on the domain base. In another embodiment, the domain-based knowledge base is used to generate a subset of BOK knowledge bases, including the BOK candidate knowledge base, the BOK skill knowledge base, and the BOK question knowledge base. In another embodiment, the authentication information is a voice verification. In one embodiment, an original voice sample for the voice verification is obtained by extracting audio clips from an initial voice interview of the candidate. In another embodiment, the feedback report includes a deficiency report, and wherein a training recommendation list derived from the deficiency report is included. In yet another embodiment, the feedback report includes a strength report, and wherein a matching opening recommendation list derived from the strength report is included.

Other embodiments and advantages are described in the detailed description below. This summary does not purport to define the invention. The invention is defined by the claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings, where like numerals indicate like components, illustrate embodiments of the invention.

FIG. 1 illustrates exemplary diagrams for an adaptive recruitment system with feedback in accordance with embodiments of the current invention.

FIG. 2 illustrates exemplary diagrams of recruitment system with HR clients, the adaptive recruitment computer system, optionally talent scouts and talents in accordance with embodiments of the current invention.

FIG. 3 illustrates exemplary diagrams for an adaptive recruitment procedure with adaptive interview, authentication, and feedback procedures in accordance with embodiments of the current invention.

FIG. 4 illustrates exemplary diagrams for the feedback report generation by the adaptive recruitment computer system in accordance with embodiments of the current invention.

FIG. 5 illustrates exemplary diagrams for an adaptive interview by selecting questions from a question bank based on candidate's prior answers in accordance with embodiments of the current invention.

FIG. 6 illustrates an exemplary block diagram of a machine in the form of a computer system performing the adaptive recruitment in accordance with embodiments of the current invention.

FIG. 7 illustrates an exemplary flow chart for the adaptive recruitment computer system with the adaptive interview and feedback report in accordance with embodiments of the current invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS

Reference will now be made in detail to some embodiments of the invention, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1 illustrates exemplary diagrams for an adaptive recruitment system with feedback in accordance with embodiments of the current invention. An exemplary recruitment system includes speech emotion enabled computer system 110, a subsystem of human resource (HR) clients 120, a subsystem of talents 130. HR client subsystem 120 generates job descriptions 121 and gets an interview report from adaptive recruitment computer system 110. Talent 130 provides candidate information 131 and takes an interview via adaptive recruitment computer system 110. The evaluations of the answers are generated by the computer system 110. The results, both positive and negative, are sent back to the HR client 120. The evaluation results generated by computer system 110 avoids possible biases that occurred during a face-to-face or online video interview. A detailed feedback report is generated by adaptive recruitment computer system 110 and sent to talent 130.

Adaptive recruitment computer system 110 includes a controller 111, a user interface 112, a candidate answer handler and evaluation unit 117, and a question bank with adaptive selection 116. Controller 111 interacts with an artificial intelligence (AI) program 115 of a recurrent neural network (RNN) for natural language processing (NPL)/natural language understanding (NLU). Adaptive recruitment computer system 110 also includes the body of knowledge (BOK) knowledge base 151, the BOK candidate knowledge base 152, and the BOK question knowledge base 153. BOK skill knowledge base 151 receives updates from job description 121 of the HR client 120. BOK candidate knowledge base 152 receives updates from candidate information of the talent 130. Adaptive recruitment computer system 110 further includes data mining unit 161. With recruitment Big Data that contain candidates, skills and interview questions, the convolution neural network used in data mining unit 161 trains, creates and updates the BOK skill knowledge base 151, BOK candidate knowledge base 152, and BOK question knowledge base 153.

User interface 112 exchanges information with external entities such as HR client 120 and talent 130. User interface 112 also interacts with other entities, such as network entities through network connections. User interface 112 receives job descriptions HR client 120. The job description identifies the skills desired. In one embodiment, the job descriptions are in free form from the HR client 120. In another embodiment, HR client 120 formatted job descrip-

tion forms to generate the job descriptions. User interface 112 sends inputs, such as the job description, to controller 111. User interface 112 receives interview results/evaluations from controller 111 and sends the results to HR client 120. In one embodiment, AI is implemented using a BOK skill knowledge base 151. BOK skill knowledge base 151 includes information to extract job skills based on job description. In one embodiment, the controller 111 receives the job description from user interface 112 and categorizes required job skills using RNN (NLP/NLU) based on BOK skill knowledge base 151. In one embodiment, the job skill is labeled with attributes including a multi-level industry taxonomy, a skill level, and cross disciplinary references. BOK skill knowledge base 151 can be a local database or an interface to a distributed network database.

User interface 112 also interacts with talent 130 to present the interview questions to the candidate of talent 130 and receives responses from the candidate of talent 130. User interface interacts with candidate answer and evaluation unit 117, which in turn, interacts with controller 111 to generate the evaluation and feedback based on the received answers from the candidate of talent 130. In one embodiment, the responses are audio responses, which is analyzed using RNN (NLP/NLU) unit 115. Adaptive recruitment computer system controller 111 receives user inputs from user interface 112. Upon receiving the job description, controller 111 prepares a set of interview questions for question bank 116 based on the BOK 151, BOK question 153, and predefined rules. User interface 112 also receives candidate information 131 from talent 130. Candidate information 131 includes general candidate information and specific information for one or more job openings. In one embodiment, candidate information 131 includes the resume, recommendations, evaluation results, audio interview emotional analysis results, summarization of candidates' adaptively social media activities and events, and system ranking. In one embodiment, candidate information also includes authentication information, such as voice authentication sample extracted from the initial voice interview. In one embodiment, user interface 112 receives candidate information 131 from talents 130 and derives a detailed candidate profile using RNN (NLP/NLU) based on BOK skill knowledge base 151. BOK candidate knowledge base 152 receives updates from controller 111.

BOK question knowledge base 153 stores a plurality of interview questions. The interview questions are categorized based on predefined rules and from the BOK question knowledge base. For example, each question may include attributes to identify the category, subcategory, skill level, related area, and optionally follow up question index. Based on the job description, a list of questions is selected based on BOK question knowledge base 153. The list of questions is referred to as question bank 116. The attributes of the interview questions in question bank 116 are used to associate with requirements from the job description and the rules/criteria. In one embodiment, question bank 116 receives information from user interface 112 and updates the interview questions based on the received information. The question bank update information includes one or more updates including updated questions, updated attributes of the question, such as a category, a subcategory of the question, updated rules for question selection, and other interview question related information. Controller 111 obtains interview questions from the question bank based on the job descriptions and one or more selection rules.

Controller 111 interacts with user interface 112, candidate answer and evaluation 117, and question bank 116. In one

embodiment, controller **111** is a multi-processor controller. In other embodiments, controller **111** runs on one or more devices. Controller **111** receives job descriptions from user interface **112** and generates interview questions. In one embodiment, an analysis is performed on the received job description and one or more interview question selection rules are generated. In one embodiment, a set of interview questions is prepared by getting a subset of questions from BOK question knowledge base **153**. The subset of the questions of question bank **116** is selected from BOK question knowledge base **153** based on analysis using BOK skill knowledge base **151** and one or more rules, such as industry match and skill level match. Upon generating the set of interview questions, controller **111** arranges user interface **112** to conduct the interview with the candidate of talents **130**. In one embodiment, each question is selected adaptively from question **116**. User interface **112** sends the answer audio in response to a question to controller **111**. Controller **111** analysis the answer audio and generates evaluation results. In one embodiment, controller **111** uses RNN(NLP/NLU) model **115** to analyze the speech audio from the candidate of talents **130** and generates an assessment result, which is an assessment of the correctness of the answer to the question. In other embodiment, emotional classifiers are also generated by analyzing the candidate answer. In one embodiment, the speech emotion classifier is generated using the CNN LSTM model. The generated emotion classifier is mapped to the sentiment classifier. The combination of the assessment result and the emotional classifier are summarized to the evaluation results.

In one embodiment, the evaluation results of one or more prior answers by the candidate are used to select the next question from question bank **116**. The adaptive interview question selection enables an adaptive interview procedure, which is more accurately analyzed using AI technology, such as RNN(NLP/NLU) **115**, and provides a more efficient way to evaluate the strength, weakness, and fit-ability of the candidate. The AI-enabled adaptive recruitment computer system **110** enhances the performance by using up-to-date knowledge, including BOK skill knowledge base **151**, BOK candidate knowledge base **152**, and question knowledge base **153**. A data mining unit **161** interacts and updates BOK skill knowledge base **151**, BOK candidate knowledge base **152** and BOK question knowledge base **153**. In one embodiment, data mining unit also interacts with controller **111** and updates BOK skill knowledge base **151**, BOK candidate knowledge base **152**, and BOK question knowledge base **153** bases on instructions from controller **111**. In one embodiment, data mining **161** uses convolutional neural network (CNN) method to generate the knowledge base by extracting recruitment Big Data. The knowledge base is the domain knowledge that is used to guide the search or evaluate the interestingness of resulting patterns. Such knowledge can include concept hierarchies used to organize attributes or attribute values into different levels of abstraction. Knowledge such as user beliefs, which can be used to assess a pattern's interestingness based on its unexpectedness, may also be included. Other examples of domain knowledge are additional interestingness constraints or thresholds and metadata. The knowledge base is categorized on the domain base. In another embodiment, the domain-based knowledge base is used to generate a subset of BOK knowledge bases, including the BOK candidate knowledge base, the BOK skill knowledge base, and the BOK question knowledge base. In one embodiment, data mining unit **161** is distributed on the network and interacts with other modules of computer system **111** through the network interface.

BOK skill knowledge base **151**, BOK candidate knowledge base **152** and BOK question knowledge base **153** are based on the domain-specific knowledge base. Each of the BOK knowledge base, including the BOK skill knowledge base **151**, BOK candidate knowledge base **152**, and BOK question knowledge base **153**, includes multiple baby BOKs, one for each domain. When a knowledge base is generated for a domain by scraping a domain-specific Big Data, each baby BOK of the domain is created. The adaptive algorithms are carried out based on each BOK knowledge base.

FIG. 2 illustrates exemplary diagrams of recruitment system with HR clients, the adaptive recruitment computer system, optionally talent scouts (TS), and talents in accordance with embodiments of the current invention. An adaptive recruitment system includes an HR client subsystem **210**, an adaptive recruitment computer system **220**, a talent scout subsystem **250**, and a talent subsystem **260**. HR subsystem **210** includes multiple processing and/or function modules such as a job opening requirement module **211**, a processing talent packets module **212**, an interview talent module **213**, and a hiring decision and feedback module **214**. Adaptive recruitment computer system **220** includes one or more modules interacting with HR client **210**, including a client management and job description module **221**, an identifying TS module **222**, a recommendation to talents module **223**, and a strength and deficiency analysis module **224**. Adaptive recruitment computer system **220** also includes internal modules such as an AI-enabled personalized contents for TS creator **231** and an online test and chatbot Q&A management module **232**. Adaptive recruitment computer system **220** further includes modules that interact with talent scouts, such as push package container module **241**, a machine-learning-based creator for talent profile **242**, an application processing module **243**, and a recommendation generator **244**. Talent scout subsystem **250** includes a process to dynamically pull content from the container for each follower **251**, a behavior data collector **252**, an application verification, advising and submission **253**, and a hiring decision, deficiency report, and recommendation processing **254**. Talent subsystem **260** includes a read, buy, subscription, applying and forwarding collector **261**, a job application processing **262**, an online test and chatbot interview **263**, and a recommendation and feedback receiver **264**. Each subsystem includes one or more components such as software, hardware, and firmware to implement its functions. It can be run on a single apparatus or run over multiple apparatuses. Each module of the subsystems can be implemented in software, hardware, firmware, and combinations of above. Each subsystem has at least one processor coupled with at least one memory unit, one or more storage devices, and optionally communication hardware and software to communicate internally and externally of the subsystem.

In one embodiment, client management **221** gets job opening requirements from **211** and identifies TS based on the job opening requirements. The information of the identified TS and feedback information of talent behavior profile are inputs for AI-enabled personalized contents creator **231**. The talent behavior profile is generated by a machine-learning with data collected by a talent scout from his/her followers. Module **231** generated personalized recruitment contents based on the job requirement and packs pushes to corresponding TS through container **241**. When a talent applies for a job through the recruitment information published by the TS, the application is processed by TS subsystem **250** with module **253** for verification and submission. The application is processed in application processor

243. If 243 determines the application meets a threshold requirement, adaptive recruitment computer system 220 creates an online test and/or a chatbot Q&A. The applicant of the talent subsystem takes the online test and/or participated in the chatbot interview. The results are passed to HR client 210. When a hiring decision is made, HR client subsystem notifies adaptive recruitment computer system 220. Adaptive recruitment computer system 220 generates recommendation and/or feedbacks and sends to the TS. The applicant of the talent subsystem receives hiring decisions and/or recommendations from the TS subsystem 250.

FIG. 3 illustrates exemplary diagrams for an adaptive recruitment procedure with the adaptive interview, authentication, and feedback procedures in accordance with embodiments of the current invention. In one novel aspect, an adaptive interview is conducted using AI-enabled computer-based recruitment system. Procedure-wise, the adaptive recruitment system includes multiple procedures. Procedure 310 collects candidate information and generates candidate profile including authentication information; procedure 320 performs authentication, procedure 330 conducts adaptive interview; and procedure 340 generates feedback to the candidate. In procedure 310, the adaptive recruitment system collects information from potential candidates in an initial phase. At step 301, candidate information 301 is collected. Candidate information takes various formats and comes to the system on different channels. In one embodiment, the candidate information is collected through a third-party channel, such as TS. The candidate information includes one or more subjects, including the resume, the recommendation, the reference list. The candidate information is updated throughout the process, including initial interview evaluation, audio/video assessment results, and authentication information. In one embodiment, the authentication is a candidate's voice sample extracted from an interview. At step 311, the candidate information packet is compiled. In one embodiment, the information packet is compiled based on a template. The template is selected from a template group based on user input or analysis results from the adaptive recruitment computer system. At step 312, an interview is arranged. In one embodiment, the initial interview, such as the interview at step 312, is arranged by the adaptive recruitment system based on input from the candidate, the client, and the job description. In one embodiment, the content of the interview and style of the interview are selected using an AI platform based on the input information. At step 313, authentication information is collected. In one embodiment, voice authentication 321 is used for follow-up interviews. Step 313 collects a voice sample of the candidate for future authentication purposes.

Authentication procedure 320 is conducted by the adaptive recruitment computer system to authenticate the candidate using the authentication information in the candidate profile. At step 321, the authentication is performed. In one embodiment, the authentication is a voice authentication based on the candidate's voice sample in the candidate profile. Step 322 checks whether the authentication is successful. If step 322 determines no, a hiring decision and/or feedback report is updated based on the authentication failure information. If step 322 determines yes, adaptive interview procedure 330 starts. At step 331, an adaptive interview is arranged. The arrangement of the interview is input from the candidate, the client, previous interview assessment results, and job description. At step 332, an adaptive interview is conducted. In one embodiment, the adaptive interview selects each question from the question bank adaptively. The candidate's answer is evaluated in real

time and the results is used to select the next question. With the adaptive selection of each question, the interview is more efficient and accurate. The feedback procedure 340 makes decision at step 341. The decision and the evaluation of each answer is used to generate the feedback report at step 302. The results are also used to update the learning model, e.g. the BOK candidate knowledge base, the BOK skill knowledge base, and the BOK question knowledge base.

In one novel aspect, a feedback report with recommendations are generated for the candidate. Unlike the traditional feedback after a recruitment procedure, the adaptive recruitment computer system generates a detailed feedback report for the candidate based on the evaluation and BOK skill knowledge base, BOK question knowledge base, and other related information using data mining. Recommendations also generated using data mining based on the result of the interview process

FIG. 4 illustrates exemplary diagrams for the feedback report generation by the adaptive recruitment computer system in accordance with embodiments of the current invention. A data mining unit 401 produces a recommendation and feedback report 402. An adaptive interview evaluation result is generated in adaptive interview procedure 450. At step 451, candidate authentication is performed. In one embodiment, the authentication is a voice authentication 461. At step 452, an adaptive interview is conducted. The answers from the candidate are evaluated by RNN(NLP/NLU) unit 441. The assessment result of the adaptive interview is generated at step 453. The evaluation/assessment result of the adaptive interview procedure 450 is one input for the data mining unit 401. In one embodiment, other factors are used to generate the recommendation and feedback report 402. The inputs to data mining 461 include BOK question with answers knowledge base 411, BOK skills knowledge base 413, and training information 412. In one embodiment, the feedback report includes a deficiency report 482. The deficiency report 482 is generated based on the adaptive interview assessment/evaluation results, a BOK candidate profile knowledge base, a BOK skills knowledge base. The assessment/evaluation results are compared with the candidate profile database. In one embodiment, the candidate is compared in the same or similar industry sector. In one embodiment, in the deficiency report 482, data mining 401 matches the one or more deficiencies with training information 412 based on one or more predefined rules. One or more training programs are generated and included in the feedback report. The training recommendations are selected based on the specific area for the candidate based on the deficiency report. In another embodiment, the feedback report includes a strength report 481. In one embodiment, a matching opening recommendation list is included the strength report 481 based on the strength of the candidate. The recommendation list is generated based on the assessment/evaluation result and a job opening database. In one embodiment, deficiency report 482 and strength report 481 are generated based on the HR hiring decision and the report from the HR. Data mining 401, based on the feedback from the HR, analyzes the feedback reports based on the BOK knowledge base. For example, if a software developer candidate has a weakness of his lacking software pattern knowledge, data mining 401 based on the BOK skill knowledge base and the candidate's profile, identifies that the candidate also lacks training of object-oriented design. Similarly, if one strength of a marketing manager candidate is his outspokenness and positive thinking, data mining 401 based on the BOK knowledge base and the candidate's profile, identifies that the candidate could use some leadership and

project management training. In another embodiment, a data envelope analysis (DEA) is built to further pinpoint the strengths and weaknesses of the candidate and compare them to the top candidates. In one embodiment, a ranking is provided in the strength report **482** and/or the deficiency report **481**.

FIG. **5** illustrates exemplary diagrams for an adaptive interview by selecting questions from a question bank based on the candidate's prior answers in accordance with embodiments of the current invention. In one embodiment, a question bank **503** is generated using an RNN model based on BOK skill knowledge base **501** and BOK question knowledge base **502**. Question bank **503** includes a list of questions. Each question is assigned/labeled with one or more attributes including an industry taxonomy, a skill name/index, and a skill level. At step **511**, a question is selected from question bank **503** based on the evaluation of the candidate's prior answers. At step **512**, the candidate's answer to the selected question is obtained and evaluated. In one embodiment, both the answer to the question and the emotional factor of the answer are evaluated. The evaluation of this question and evaluations of the prior questions are combined to generate a skill evaluation report. At step **521**, the adaptive recruitment computer system determines if the skill evaluation for the current skill is concluded. In one embodiment, the combined assessment/evaluation is done using an RNN model based on a BOK question with answers knowledge base. The skill evaluation is done when the combination evaluation indicates a skill level requirement satisfied or a skill level requirement not satisfied and a predefined threshold of trying is reached. If step **521** determines yes, the adaptive recruitment computer system, at step **522**, selects a new question designed for a new skill. The new skill is selected based on the BOK skill knowledge base **501**. If step **521** determines no, the adaptive recruitment computer system moves to step **531** and determines if the current skill level needs to be adjusted. If step **531** determines yes, a new question with a higher or a lower level is selected. If step **531** determines no, a new question in the same skill set and the same skill level is selected.

FIG. **6** illustrates an exemplary block diagram of a machine in the form of a computer system performing the adaptive recruitment in accordance with embodiments of the current invention. In one embodiment, apparatus/device **600** has a set of instructions causing the device to perform any one or more methods for speech emotion recognition used for interview questions. In another embodiment, device operates as a standalone device or may be connected through a network to other devices. Apparatus **600** in the form of a computer system includes one or more processors **601**, a main memory **602**, a static memory unit **603**, which communicates with other component through a bus **611**. Network interface **612** connects apparatus **600** to network **620**. Apparatus **600** further includes user interfaces and I/O component **613**, controller **631**, driver unit **632**, and signal and/or sensor unit **633**. Driver unit **632** includes a machine-readable medium on which stored one or more sets of instructions and data structures, such as software embodying or utilize by one or more methods for the speech emotion recognition function. The software may also reside entirely or partially within the main memory **602**, the one or more processor **601** during execution. In one embodiment, the one or more processor **601** is configured to categorize a job requirement into a set of job skills using a recurrent neural network (RNN) based on a body of knowledge (BOK) skill knowledge base; generate a question bank comprising a list of questions based on the set of job skills and a BOK

question knowledge base; select adaptively a subset of questions from the generated question bank for an online interview with a candidate based on a predefined rule, wherein each question selected is based on evaluations of one or more answers from the candidate to corresponding prior questions using a RNN model; and generate a feedback report for the candidate, wherein the feedback report using the RNN model based on evaluations of answers from the candidate and a BOK candidate knowledge base, wherein the BOK candidate knowledge base receives updates from the computer system. In one embodiment, software components running the one or more processors **601** run on different network-connected devices and communicate with each other via predefined network messages. In another embodiment, the functions can be implemented in software, firmware, hardware, or any combinations.

FIG. **7** illustrates an exemplary flow chart for the adaptive recruitment computer system with adaptive interview and feedback report in accordance with embodiments of the current invention. At step **701**, the computer system categorizes a job requirement into a set of job skills based on a body of knowledge (BOK) skill. At step **702**, the computer system generates a question bank comprising a list of questions using the RNN model based on the set of job skills and a BOK question knowledge base. At step **703**, the computer system selects adaptively a subset of questions from the generated question bank for an online interview with a candidate based on a predefined rule, wherein each question selected is based on evaluations of one or more answers from the candidate to corresponding prior questions using a recurrent neural network (RNN). At step **704**, the computer system generates a feedback report for the candidate, wherein the feedback report using the RNN model based on evaluations of answers from the candidate and a BOK candidate knowledge base, wherein the BOK candidate knowledge base receives updates from the computer system.

Although the present invention has been described in connection with certain specific embodiments for instructional purposes, the present invention is not limited thereto. Accordingly, various modifications, adaptations, and combinations of various features of the described embodiments can be practiced without departing from the scope of the invention as set forth in the claims.

What is claimed:

1. A method, comprising:

categorizing, by a computer system with one or more processors coupled with at least one memory unit, a job requirement into a set of job skills based on a body of knowledge (BOK) skill knowledge base;

generating a question bank comprising a list of questions based on the set of job skills and a BOK question knowledge base;

selecting adaptively a subset of questions from the generated question bank for an online interview with a candidate based on a predefined rule, wherein each question selected is based on evaluations of one or more answers from the candidate to corresponding prior questions using a recurrent neural network (RNN) model; and

generating a feedback report for the candidate, wherein the feedback report using the RNN model based on evaluations of answers from the candidate and a BOK candidate knowledge base, wherein the BOK candidate knowledge base receives updates from the computer system.

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2. The method of claim 1, wherein each job skill has a set of attributes comprising a multi-level industry taxonomy, a skill level, and cross disciplinary references.

3. The method of claim 2, wherein each question in the BOK question knowledge base has a skill level attribute, and wherein the generated question bank includes questions of different skill levels based on the skill level of the job skill attributes.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein with recruitment Big Data, a convolution neural network (CNN) is implemented to create and update one or more BOK knowledge bases comprising the BOK skill knowledge base, the BOK question knowledge base, and the BOK candidate knowledge base.

5. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 obtaining candidate information prior to the interview;
 and
 generating a candidate profile and authentication information.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the candidate profile is generated from the candidate information using the RNN model based on the BOK candidate knowledge base.

7. The method of claim 5, wherein the authentication information is a voice verification.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein an original voice sample for the voice verification is obtained by extracting audio clips from an initial voice interview of the candidate.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the feedback report includes a deficiency report, and wherein a training recommendation list derived from the deficiency report is included.

10. The method of claim 1, wherein the feedback report includes a strength report, and wherein a matching opening recommendation list derived from the strength report is included.

11. An apparatus comprising:
 a network interface that connects the apparatus to a communication network;
 a memory; and
 one or more processors coupled to one or more memory units, the one or more processors configured to categorize a job requirement into a set of job skills based on a body of knowledge (BOK) skill knowledge base;
 generate a question bank comprising a list of questions based on the set of job skills and a BOK question knowledge base;

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select adaptively a subset of questions from the generated question bank for an online interview with a candidate based on a predefined rule, wherein each question selected is based on evaluations of one or more answers from the candidate to corresponding prior questions using a recurrent neural network (RNN) model; and

generate a feedback report for the candidate, wherein the feedback report using the RNN model based on evaluations of answers from the candidate and a BOK candidate knowledge base, wherein the BOK candidate knowledge base receives updates from the computer system.

12. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein each job skill has a set of attributes comprising a multi-level industry taxonomy, a skill level, and cross disciplinary references.

13. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein each question in the BOK question knowledge base has a skill level attribute, and wherein the generated question bank includes questions of different skill levels based on the skill level of the job skill attributes.

14. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein a CNN with input from recruitment Big Data is implemented to create and update one or more BOK knowledge bases comprising the BOK skill knowledge base, the BOK question knowledge base, and the BOK candidate knowledge base.

15. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the processor is further configured to: obtain candidate information prior to the interview; and generate a candidate profile and authentication information.

16. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the candidate profile is generated from the candidate information using the RNN model based on the BOK candidate knowledge base.

17. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the authentication information is a voice verification.

18. The apparatus of claim 17, wherein an original voice sample for the voice verification is obtained by extracting audio clips from an initial voice interview of the candidate.

19. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the feedback report includes a deficiency report, and wherein a training recommendation list derived from the deficiency report is included.

20. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the feedback report includes a strength report, and wherein a matching opening recommendation list derived from the strength report is included.

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