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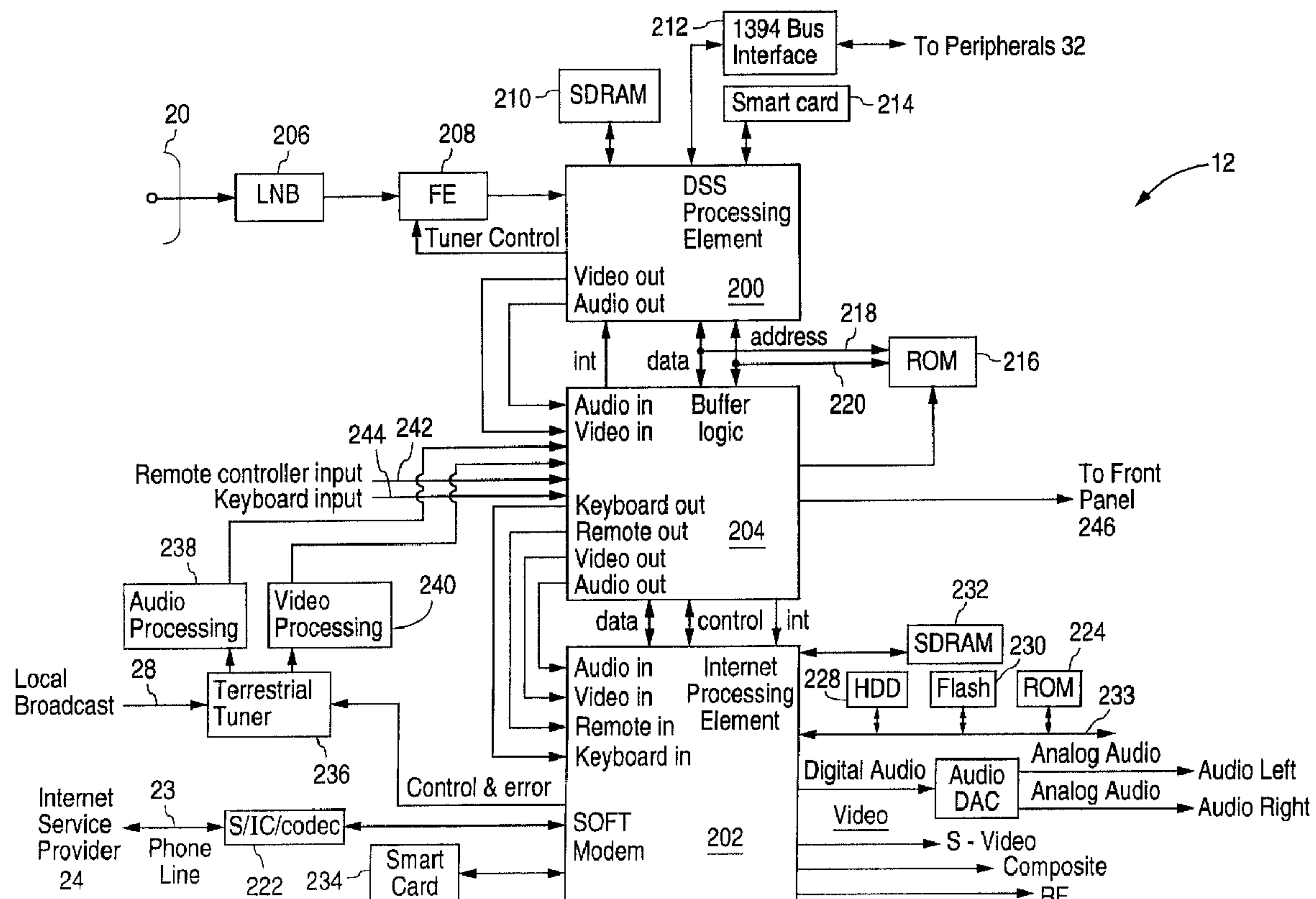
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(54) Titre : REUNION DE DEUX TYPES DIFFERENTS DE SERVICES DANS UN MENU ET DISPOSITIF A CET EFFET
(54) Title: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR PROVIDING TWO DIFFERENT TYPES OF SERVICE IN A MENU



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

An integrated DSS/WebTV receiver is communicatively connected to an Internet service provider, a DSS service provider, and (optionally) a local broadcast station to provide a display of DSS programs, Internet web sites, and local broadcast channels in a



(57) **Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):**

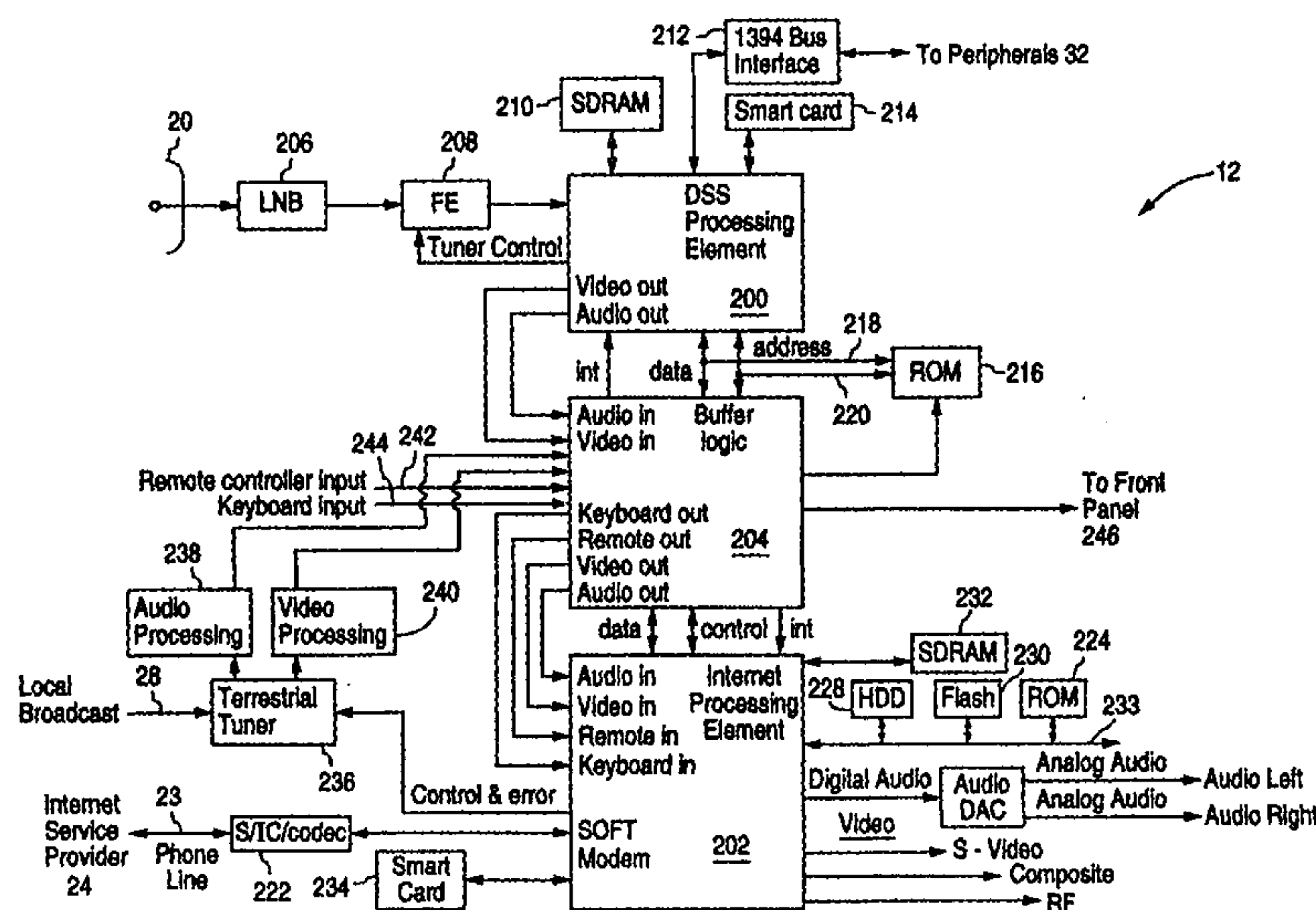
seamless fashion. The DSS/WebTV receiver generates a graphical user interface (GUI), displayed on a television screen, for facilitating a user's navigation through the DSS, Internet, and local broadcast data. The GUI includes user-selectable icons for filtering and/or selecting the received data, a scrolling ticker region for displaying information about upcoming DSS events and providing access to related Internet web sites, and a decimated video region for displaying, in reduced form, DSS programs that are currently being broadcast.

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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/05181 (22) International Filing Date: 1 March 2000 (01.03.00) (30) Priority Data: 09/260,985 1 March 1999 (01.03.99) US (71) Applicant: SONY ELECTRONICS INC [US/US]; 1 Sony Drive, Park Ridge, NJ 07656 (US). (72) Inventors: NISHIKAWA, Yuko, S.; 1565 Calle Comille, La Jolla, CA 92037 (US). CHOW, Jenny, S.; 5228 Heatherwood Drive, Oceanside, CA 92056 (US). MINGO, Kim; 265 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, NY 11201 (US). MUGURA, Kazuto; 17 Southdean Gardens, Wimbledon Park, Wimbledon, London SW19 6NT (GB). (74) Agents: TACHNER, Adam, H. et al.; Crosby, Heafey, Roach & May, Suite 1900, 4 Embarcadero Center, San Francisco, CA 94111-4106 (US).		(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i> <i>Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>

(54) Title: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR PROVIDING TWO DIFFERENT TYPES OF SERVICE IN A MENU



(57) Abstract

An integrated DSS/WebTV receiver is communicatively connected to an Internet service provider, a DSS service provider, and (optionally) a local broadcast station to provide a display of DSS programs, Internet web sites, and local broadcast channels in a seamless fashion. The DSS/WebTV receiver generates a graphical user interface (GUI), displayed on a television screen, for facilitating a user's navigation through the DSS, Internet, and local broadcast data. The GUI includes user-selectable icons for filtering and/or selecting the received data, a scrolling ticker region for displaying information about upcoming DSS events and providing access to related Internet web sites, and a decimated video region for displaying, in reduced form, DSS programs that are currently being broadcast.

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METHOD AND DEVICE FOR PROVIDING TWO DIFFERENT TYPES OF SERVICE IN A MENU**Background of the Invention****Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates generally to the presentation of Internet and
5 DSS data, and more specifically to displaying a graphic user interface that facilitates a user's ability to access DSS programming, Internet information, or a combination thereof.

Related Art

Over the last few years there has been a growing demand for
10 entertainment systems that facilitate a user's ability to access multiple broadcast, information, and entertainment mediums. One type of broadcast medium is a broadcast satellite system such as a digital satellite system (DSS). DSS typically includes an antenna, an integrated receiver decoder (IRD), a television receiver (TV), and a remote controller. DSS may additionally include an analog video
15 cassette recorder (VCR) that receives analog data for recording purposes.

In operation, the antenna receives digital bit streams from a satellite and routes the bit streams to the IRD. Typically, the digital bit streams include sensory data (e.g., video and/or audio) and programming data for one or more shows. The IRD receives the bit streams from the antenna and decodes the bit
20 streams into data that can be presented to a user via the TV. The user selects which portion of the decoded data is transmitted from the IRD to the TV through actuation of the remote controller.

One type of information and entertainment medium is the Internet. The Internet may be accessed by a user through an Internet terminal system such as a
25 WebTV Plus system. The WebTV Plus system typically includes a TV, an Internet terminal interconnecting the TV to the user's phone line and the user's cable line, and a remote controller that can be actuated by the user to control what information is presented on the TV by the Internet terminal. In addition, the WebTV Plus system may also include a wireless keyboard and a printer.

30 In operation, the Internet terminal receives cable-based broadcasts from the user's cable service provider via the user's cable line and receives Internet data from the user's Internet service provider via the user's phone line. The user

selects how the received information is displayed on the TV through actuation of the remote controller.

Currently there exists a need for an integrated DSS/Internet system that permits a user to view DSS channels, local cable-based and/or terrestrial-based channels, and Internet data in a seamless fashion. Furthermore, there is a need for an integrated DSS/Internet system having a graphical user interface that facilitates the user's ability to access and/or simultaneously view DSS programming and Internet Web sites.

Summary of the Invention

To address the shortcomings of the available art, the present invention includes an integrated DSS/WebTV receiver that is communicatively connected to an Internet service provider, a DSS service provider, and (optionally) a local broadcast station to provide a display of DSS programs, Internet web sites, and local broadcast channels in a seamless fashion. The DSS/WebTV receiver generates a graphical user interface (GUI), displayed on a television screen, for facilitating a user's navigation through the DSS, Internet, and local broadcast data. The GUI includes user-selectable icons for filtering and/or selecting the received data, a scrolling ticker region for displaying information about upcoming DSS events and providing access to related Internet web sites, and a decimated video region for displaying, in reduced form, DSS programs that are currently being broadcast.

In one advantageous feature of the present invention, an apparatus for displaying information on a television is provided. The apparatus includes circuitry (e.g., a DSS processing element such as an AV1700 chip or an equivalent circuit) that receives wireless television communication signals, the wireless television communication signals including sensory data (e.g., audio and video data) and programming data related to the sensory data, circuitry (e.g., an Internet processing element such as a QED/Solo ASIC or an equivalent circuit) that receives computer network communication signals, and circuitry (e.g., an Internet processing element such as a QED/Solo ASIC or an equivalent circuit) that processes the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals such that the received wireless

television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals can be displayed on the television.

In another advantageous feature of the present invention, a method for displaying information on a television is provided. The method includes the steps
5 of receiving wireless television communication signals, the wireless television communication signals including sensory data and programming data related to the sensory data, receiving computer network communication signals, and processing the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals such that the received signals
10 can be displayed on the television.

In a further advantageous feature of the invention, an apparatus for displaying information on a television is provided. The apparatus includes a digital satellite processing element that receives digital communication signals from at least one satellite, the digital satellite processing element converting the received
15 digital communication signals into a form that can be displayed on the television, and an Internet processing element that receives computer network communication signals from the Internet and converts the received computer network communication signals into a form that can be displayed on the television, the Internet processing element receiving the converted digital
20 communication signals from the digital satellite processing element and displaying the converted digital communication signals and the converted computer network communication signals on the television.

Brief Description of the Drawings

The aforementioned features and advantages of the present invention as
25 well as additional advantages thereof will be more readily understood upon consideration of the following detailed description of a preferred embodiment of the invention when taken in conjunction with the following drawings.

FIG. 1 is a diagrammatic view of an entertainment system utilizing the present invention.

30 FIGS. 2A-2C are diagrammatic views of one embodiment of the integrated DSS/WebTV receiver used in the entertainment system of FIG. 1.

FIG. 2D is an exemplary flowchart illustrative of the operation of the integrated DSS/WebTV receiver's circuitry.

FIG. 3 is a representation of a remote controller utilized in the entertainment system of FIG. 1.

FIG. 4 is a simplified block diagram of the circuitry utilized in the remote controller of FIG. 3.

5 FIG. 5 illustrates the DSS data received and stored by the DSS/WebTV receiver of the present invention.

FIG. 6 illustrates the pointers to the DSS data of FIG. 5 that are utilized to generate the user interface in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

10 FIG. 7 illustrates a Home screen of the GUI of the present invention.

FIG. 8 is an exemplary flowchart illustrative of a user turning on the DSS/WebTV system and accessing the GUI Home screen of FIG. 7.

FIG. 9 is a block diagram illustrating GUI screens, pull-down menus, and features that can be accessed via the GUI Home screen of FIG. 7.

15 FIG. 10 illustrates a Favorite screen of the GUI of the present invention.

FIG. 11 illustrates a TV Planner screen of the GUI of the present invention.

FIG. 12 illustrates the GUI Home screen of FIG. 7 having a Guides pull-down menu opened in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

FIG. 13 illustrates an EPG of the GUI of the present invention.

20 FIG. 14 illustrates an option palette displayed in the EPG of the GUI of the present invention.

FIG. 15 illustrates the EPG of FIG 14 after the "Category" icon is selected from the option palette in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

25 FIG. 16 illustrates the EPG of FIG 15 after the "Movie" icon is selected in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

FIG. 17 illustrates the EPG of FIG. 14 after the search icon is selected in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

FIG. 18 illustrates the GUI home screen having a pull-up search keyboard overlaid thereon in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

30 FIG. 19 illustrates the EPG of FIG. 14 after the "Calendar" icon is selected from the option palette in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

FIG. 20 illustrates an alternative embodiment of the calendar feature of the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

In the method and apparatus of the present invention the satellite broadcast system is described as a direct broadcast satellite system (DSS) and the Internet terminal system is described as WebTV. However, it is readily apparent to one skilled in the art that other integrated systems that can receive and display satellite and Internet data may utilize the method and apparatus of the present invention. Furthermore, in the following description, for purposes of explanation, numerous details are set forth, such as menus, flowcharts and system configurations, in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to one skilled in the art that these specific details are not required in order to practice the invention. In other instances, well known electrical structures and circuits are shown in block diagram form in order not to unnecessarily obscure the present invention.

Referring now to FIG. 1, an exemplary embodiment of an entertainment system 10 utilizing the present invention is shown. Entertainment system 10 includes an integrated DSS/WebTV receiver 12, a remote controller 14, and a display monitor such as a television receiver (TV) 16. Integrated receiver 12 includes an input port 18 that receives broadcast signals from a DSS antenna 20, an I/O port 22 that receives Internet data over a telephone line 23 from an Internet service provider 24, an input port 26 that receives broadcast signals from a local programming station 28 (e.g., a local cable station), and an infrared receiver 13 for receiving infrared signals from the remote controller 14. Integrated receiver 12 also includes peripheral I/O ports 30 that communicate with a plurality of peripheral devices 32. Peripheral devices 32 include, but are not limited to, a scanner 34, a printer 36, a keyboard 38, a microphone 40, and a recording device 42 such as video cassette recorder (VCR).

In operation, integrated receiver 12 receives a broadcast signal (e.g., a digital bit stream from DSS antenna 20 or analog data from local programming station 28) and performs operations (e.g., demodulating and/or decoding routines) on the broadcast signal to produce video and audio information to be displayed to the user via TV 16. Integrated receiver 12 also receives Internet signals from Internet service provider 24 and performs operations (e.g., decompressing and/or decoding routines) on the Internet signals to produce video and audio information

to be displayed to the user via TV 16. The user controls the display of the Internet-derived and broadcast-derived audio and video information using remote controller 14, as discussed in further detail below.

Referring now to FIGS. 2A-2D, simplified block diagrams of the DSS/WebTV receiver's circuitry are illustrated. Turning now to FIG. 2A, DSS/WebTV receiver 12 includes a DSS processing element 200 (e.g., an AV7100 chip manufactured by Texas Instruments, Inc.), an Internet processing element 202 (e.g., a QED central processing unit (CPU), manufactured by Quantum Effect Design, Inc., operably connected to an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC) such as a Solo ASIC manufactured by WebTV Networks Inc.), and buffer logic 204 (e.g., a GOM logic ASIC manufactured by Sony Corp./Sony Electronics Inc.) interconnecting DSS processing element 200 and Internet processing element 202. DSS processing element 200 converts signals received from the DSS service provider into digital signals that are transmitted to Internet processing element 202 via Buffer logic 204. Internet processing element 202 converts digital signals received from Internet service provider 24 and Buffer logic 204 into data that can be displayed on TV 16 (FIG. 1), as discussed in further detail below. Buffer logic 204 acts as a buffer that shields the processor and internal bus of DSS processing element 200 from the processor and internal bus of Internet processing element 202. Buffer logic 204 also receives signals from local programming stations 28 (e.g., local cable or broadcast stations) and transmits the signals, in original or decimated form, to Internet processing element 202, as discussed below.

DSS processing element 200 is connected to DSS antenna 20 via a low noise block down converter 206 (LNB) and a front end unit 208 (FE). LNB 206 converts a Ku-Band signal received from a satellite to an L-Band signal. The L-Band signal is then transmitted to FE 208. FE 208 is a tuning device that amplifies, demodulates, and converts the signal received from LNB 206. The converted signal emerges as a data bit stream that is in an encrypted, encoded, and compressed form. FE 208 also performs error correction on the data bit stream. DSS processing element 200 examines and filters the data bit stream received from FE 208 based on user-selected and DSS service authorized criteria. It should be noted that the data bit stream carries video and audio data

representing various DSS channels, programming data corresponding to the video and audio data, and Internet data that is transmitted over DSS, as discussed in further detail below.

5 An SDRAM 210 and an IEEE 1394 (Standard for High Performance Serial Bus) interface 212 are connected to DSS processing element 200. SDRAM 210 acts as an intermediate buffer for the storage of data as DSS processing element 200 performs various processing steps such as decoding, decryption, and decompression routines. Interface 212 interconnects DSS processing element 200 to peripheral devices 32 (FIG. 1) thereby permitting DSS processing element 10 200 to interact with peripheral devices 32.

A smart card 214 is connected to DSS processing element 200 via a card interface (not shown). Smart card 214 includes a central processing unit (CPU), a read only memory (ROM), and a random access memory (RAM). Smart card 214 determines whether the user has the authorization to receive certain data (e.g., 15 audio/video data from a pay TV station) using the authorization information stored in its memory. If smart card 214 determines that the user is authorized, smart card 214 provides a decryption key to the DSS processing element 200 which, in turn, decrypts the audio/video data via the decryption key. It should be noted that although a smart card has been shown, other conditional access modules known 20 by those skilled in the art are deemed within the scope of the present invention.

A ROM 216 is connected to DSS processing element 200 and Buffer logic 204 via a data bus 218 and an address bus 220. ROM 216 stores fundamental operating routines to be executed by DSS processing element 200. The operating routines include, but are not limited to, initializing routines, downloading routines, 25 and upgrading routines.

Buffer logic 204 receives audio data, video data, Internet/DSS data, and peripheral generated data from DSS processing element 200. Buffer logic 204 processes and/or relays the received data to Internet processing element 202, as discussed in further detail below. Buffer logic 204 also receives input from a user 30 via a remote controller input 242 and/or a remote keyboard input 244. Buffer logic 204 relays the user input to Internet processing element 202 and, if needed, adjusts the LED display on a front panel 246 of the integrated DSS/WEBTV receiver 12. Buffer logic 204 may also receive local broadcast signals via a

terrestrial tuner 236 (attached to an antenna or cable line) and analog to digital processing elements 238 and 240. The particular local broadcasting channel received is selected by the user via remote controller 14 and Internet processing element 202. Buffer logic 204 processes and/or relays the digitized local
5 broadcast to Internet processing element 202, as discussed in further detail below.

Internet processing element 202 includes a QED microprocessor and a Solo chip. The QED microprocessor processes routines stored in internal and external memories (e.g., ROM 224) and the Solo chip provides the QED microprocessor
10 with peripheral functions such as, but not limited to, audio processing, remote control signal processing, memory assignment, graphics processing, and discrete I/O functions. Internet processing element 202 also includes an internal soft modem 222 that communicates with the Internet service provider 24 via a subscriber line interface coder/decoder (SLIC/Codec) interface 222. SLIC/Codec
15 interface 222 acts as a digital to analog converter between Internet processing element 202 and phone line 23. Information processed by soft modem 226 is either stored in a memory (e.g., Hard Disk Drive (HDD) 228) or is further processed by a graphics engine of the Solo chip such that the information from the Internet can be displayed on TV 16 (FIG. 1).

20 ROM 224, HDD 228, and Flash memory 230 are connected to Internet processing element 202 via a data bus 233. ROM 224 stores the fundamental operating routines of Internet processing element 202. The fundamental operating routines include, but are not limited to, initializing routines, downloading routines, upgrading routines, and the like. Flash memory 230 stores all semi-volatile
25 applications such as, but not limited to, icon generation, GUI generation, and the like. HDD 228 stores the volatile information that is the most likely to be modified. Such volatile information includes, but is not limited to, Internet data or DSS/Internet data that is to be displayed on TV 16, as discussed in further detail below. A SDRAM 232 is connected to Internet processing element 202 and acts
30 as an intermediate buffer for the storage of data as Internet processing element 202 performs various processing steps such as decoding, decryption, and decompression routines.

A smart card 234 is connected to Internet processing element 202 via a card interface (not shown). Smart card 234 includes a central processing unit (CPU), a read only memory (ROM), and a random access memory (RAM). Smart card 234 determines whether the user has the authorization to access certain web sites (e.g., web sites displaying or discussing mature subject matters) using the authorization information stored in its memory. If smart card 234 determines that the user is authorized, smart card 234 provides a decryption key to the Internet processing element 202 which, in turn, decrypts the received Internet data via the decryption key. It should be noted that although a smart card has been shown, other conditional access modules known by those skilled in the art are deemed within the scope of the present invention.

Internet processing element 202 receives DSS data and local broadcast data from Buffer logic 204 and blends the received data with data received from the Internet service provider 24. Afterwards, Internet processing element 202 transmits the blended data to DAC (digital to analog converters) for displaying the blended data on TV 16. It should be noted that the video portion of the data may be output in an S-Video, composite, or RF format.

Internet processing element 202 also receives DSS/Internet data from Buffer logic 204 and stores the DSS/Internet data on HDD 228. The DSS/Internet data represents, e.g., web sites that the user can access via the "Best of Web" feature of the GUI, as discussed in further detail below. Storing DSS/Internet data on HDD 228 enables a user to access predetermined web sites in real time, thereby, removing the access and interconnection delays traditionally encountered when communicating with web sites over a phone line.

Turning now to FIG. 2B, a simplified block diagram of Buffer logic 204 is shown. In general, Buffer logic 204 carries three types of information between DSS processing element 200 and Internet processing element 202: basic command signals (e.g., tune to channel 100), basic status signals (e.g., tuning complete), and large bandwidth signals (e.g., program guide information, web sites for caching in HDD 228, firmware updates, and the like). It should be noted that the internal routing of video signals from DSS processing element 200 and terrestrial tuner 236 is illustrated in FIG. 2C and discussed below.

Buffer logic 204 includes two narrowband (e.g., 2 KBytes) FIFO buffers 250 and 252 and one wideband (e.g., 64 KBytes) FIFO buffer 254. FIFO buffers 250-254 are connected to DSS processing element 200 via a multiplexer 256, an address decoder 258, and an interrupt controller 260. FIFO buffers 250-254 are
5 connected to Internet processing element 202 via a multiplexer 262, a DMA controller 264, an address decoder 266, and an interrupt controller 268.

In operation, DSS processing element 200 periodically downloads large amounts of data (e.g., program guide information, web sites for caching in HDD 228, firmware updates) to FIFO buffer 254 by signaling address decoder 258 and
10 downloading the data to multiplexer 256. Multiplexer 256 receives the address of FIFO buffer 254 from address decoder 258 and relays the data from DSS processing element 200 to FIFO buffer 254. Interrupt controller 268 is, preferably, programmed to transmit an interrupt signal to Internet processing element 202 when the amount of data stored in FIFO buffer 254 reaches a
15 predetermined level (e.g., 30 KBytes). In response to the reception of the interrupt signal, the QED microprocessor (not shown) downloads the data stored in FIFO buffer 254 by signaling address decoder 266 and instructing DMA controller 264 to transport the incoming data to a selected memory location (e.g., HDD 228, flash memory 230, or SDRAM 232). Address decoder 266, in turn, transmits the
20 address of FIFO buffer 254 to multiplexer 262 and DMA controller directs the incoming data from multiplexer 262 to the selected memory.

In addition to routing large amounts of data from DSS processing element 200 to Internet processing element 202, Buffer logic 204 facilitates the transfer of commands and responses between DSS processing element 200 and Internet
25 processing element 202. For example, when the user requests, via remote controller 14, a new DSS channel, the signal from remote controller 14 is received by Buffer logic 204 and routed to Internet processing element 202. Internet processing element 202, in turn, transmits a high level "tune to new channel" command to FIFO buffer 252 by signaling address decoder 266 and transmitting
30 the command to multiplexer 262. Afterwards, address decoder 266 supplies multiplexer 262 with the address of FIFO buffer 252 and multiplexer 262 routes the "tune to new channel" command to FIFO buffer 252. After the "tune to new channel" command is received, interrupt controller 260 detects the reception of

the command by FIFO buffer 252 and transmits an interrupt signal to DSS processing element 200. The interrupt signal notifies DSS processing element 200 that a pending command/request is stored in FIFO buffer 252. Upon receipt of the interrupt signal, DSS processing element signals address decoder 258.

- 5 Address decoder 258, in turn, transmits the address of FIFO buffer 252 to multiplexer 256 and multiplexer 256 downloads the "tune to new channel" command from FIFO buffer 252 to DSS processing element 200.

Upon receipt of the "tune to new channel" command, DSS processing element 200 executes a "tune to new channel" routine that is stored on ROM
10 216. The routine includes a complex sequence of instructions that are required to enable DSS processing element 200 to tune to the new channel. The instructions include, but are not limited to, determining the identity of the new channel, determining which DSS satellite carries the new channel, the bit stream location of information transmitted on the new channel (e.g., every fifth time slot),
15 determining if the user is authorized to view the new channel (via smart card 214), and decryption instructions for decrypting the data carried on the new channel.

Once DSS processing element 200 completes executing the "tune to new channel" routine, DSS processing element transmits a status message to Internet
20 processing element 202. The status message indicates whether the requested command has been executed. Some exemplary status messages include "channel tuned," "channel not authorized," "system inoperative," and the like. To transmit the status message to Internet processing element 202, DSS processing element 200 transmits the status message to multiplexer 256 and signals address decoder
25 258. Address decoder 258, in response, transmits the address of FIFO buffer 250 to multiplexer 256 which, in turn, relays the status message to FIFO buffer 250. Afterwards, interrupt controller 268 detects the reception of the status message by FIFO buffer 250 and transmits an interrupt signal to Internet processing element 202. In response to the reception of the interrupt signal, Internet
30 processing element 202 downloads the status message stored in FIFO buffer 250 by signaling address decoder 266 and instructing DMA controller 264 to transport the incoming data to a selected memory location (e.g., internal memory, HDD 228, flash memory 230, or SDRAM 232). Address decoder 266, in turn,

transmits the address of FIFO buffer 250 to multiplexer 262 and DMA controller directs the status message from multiplexer 262 to the selected memory. Finally, Internet processing element 202 examines the stored status message and transmits the appropriate response to the user. Some exemplary responses

5 include displaying the new channel on TV 16, displaying an "unauthorized" message, displaying an "error" message, and the like.

Turning now to FIG. 2C, a simplified block diagram of the internal routing of video signals in integrated DSS/WebTV receiver 12 is illustrated. There are three sources for the video signals input to integrated DSS/WebTV receiver 12:

10 video signals received via DSS antenna 20, video signals received from a peripheral device (e.g., a camcorder or other video recording device) via peripheral bus interface 212, and video signals received from terrestrial tuner 236. The DSS and peripheral device video signals are processed (decoded, decompressed, etc.) by DSS processing element 200 and relayed to Buffer logic 204. The terrestrial

15 video signals are converted to a digital format by digital to analog converter 240 and relayed to Buffer logic 204.

Upon reception of the video signals, Buffer logic 204 routes the video signals through a 3x2 multiplexer 270. One output of multiplexer 270 is connected to a video processor 272 located within Buffer logic 204 and the other

20 output of multiplexer 270 is connected to a video processor 274 located within Internet processing element 202. Each video processor 272 and 274 either performs a decimation process on the video signals or allows the video signals to pass there through. If the video signals undergo the decimation process, the decimated video signals will produce a decimated video frame on TV 16. If the

25 video signals do not undergo the decimation process, the video signals will produce a full-screen video frame on TV 16. The decimation process is discussed in further detail below.

Video processors 272 and 274 transmit the video signal (decimated or unprocessed) to a blending function 278 of Internet processing element 202.

30 Signals received from the Internet (via the phone line or DSS transmission) are also transmitted to blending function 278 after being processed by a web graphics engine 276. As discussed above, web graphics engine 276 processes the Internet signals into a form that can be displayed on TV 16. Blending function 278 is a

software program stored in memory (e.g., internal memory, ROM 224, or flash memory 230) that Internet processing element 202 executes to integrate the received signals into a form that can be displayed on TV 16. After undergoing the blending function, the blended signals are transmitted to video encoders and digital to analog converters 280 which, as discussed above, display the blended signals on TV 16. It should be noted that the blending function and decimating procedure are only executed in response to a request from a user. For example, if a user is merely watching a TV show, the blending function and the decimating procedure are not executed. However, if the user requests a GUI (as discussed below), both the blending function and the decimation process may be executed.

Referring now to FIG. 2D, an exemplary flowchart 282 illustrative of a user accessing Internet and/or DSS data via the GUI generated by the DSS/WebTV receiver 12 is shown. Initially, at step 284, the GUI is displayed on TV 16 by DSS/WebTV receiver 12. As discussed above, the GUI is stored in flash memory 230 and displayed on TV 16 by Internet processing element 202. Next, at step 286, Internet processing element 202 determines if the user has selected an Internet-related icon in the GUI, as described in further detail below. If the user has selected an Internet-related icon, Internet processing element 202, at step 294, displays the Internet data (e.g., a web site) that corresponds to the selected icon. If the user has not selected an Internet-related icon, Internet processing element 202, at step 288, determines if the user has selected a DSS-related icon. If the user has selected a DSS-related icon, Internet processing element 202 relays the user's request to DSS processing element 200 and displays, at step 296, the DSS data corresponding to the selected icon as provided by DSS processing element 200. If the user has not selected a DSS-related icon, Internet processing element 202, at step 290, determines if the user has selected an exit key (preferably located on remote controller 14). If the user has selected the exit key, Internet processing element 202, at step 292, discontinues the display of the GUI. If the user has not selected the exit key, Internet processing element 202 returns to step 286 and continues to monitor for the selection of Internet-related icons and/or DSS-related icons.

Referring now to FIG. 3, one embodiment of remote controller 14 is shown. As discussed above, remote controller 14 is utilized by a user to transmit

commands and make program selections in accordance with the teachings of the present invention. In operation, the user may actuate a plurality of operation keys of remote controller 14 to control how the integrated receiver 12 displays video and audio information on TV 16. The plurality of operation keys include, but are
5 not limited to, a direction pad 302 having a plurality of direction keys 318-324 and an enter key 326, a "GUIDE" key 304 for prompting integrated receiver 12 to display an electronic program guide on TV 16, a "FAVORITE" key 306 for prompting integrated receiver 12 to display a user-customized favorite channel screen on TV 16, a "HOME" key 308 for prompting integrated receiver 12 to
10 display a Home screen on TV 16, a "CATEGORY" key 310 for prompting integrated receiver 12 to display a category guide on TV 16, an "OPTIONS" key 312 for prompting integrated receiver 12 to display an option palette on TV 16, a "SELECT" key 314 for prompting integrated receiver 12 to display a feature selected by the user on TV 16, and an "EXIT" key 316 for prompting integrated
15 receiver 12 to discontinue displaying a selected menu or feature.

Referring now to FIG. 4, a simplified block diagram of the remote controller circuitry is illustrated. Remote controller 14 has an infrared originating device 400, a set of operation keys 402 (corresponding to the operation keys of FIG. 3), a CPU 404, a ROM 406 and a RAM 408. CPU 404 receives a signal sent
20 from an operation key 402 through an input port 410. The signal is processed according to a program stored in ROM 406. RAM 408 is used as a working space for generating a transmitting code. The transmitting code is sent to the infrared originating device 400 through an output port 412 and converted into an infrared signal. The infrared signal is transmitted to infrared receiver 13 of integrated
25 DSS/WebTV receiver 12.

Referring now to FIG. 5, a block diagram of data 500 stored in a portion of HDD 228 and/or flash memory 230 (FIG. 2A) is illustrated. As discussed above, HDD 228 and/or flash memory 230 store guide data 502, channel data 504, and program data 506. Guide data 502 includes, but is not limited to, date
30 information 508, time information 510, a segment number identifier 512 that identifies the data segment, a transponder list 514 that identifies the transponder transmitting the data segment, and a channel list 516 that identifies a channel number associated with a portion of data.

Channel data 504 includes a channel number 518, a channel name 520 (e.g., the call sign of a broadcast station), a logo ID 522 (e.g., an identification of the channel logo), a data ID 524 that identifies a channel of MPEG video data or MPEG audio data, a number of programs 526 that identifies the number of
5 programs to be transmitted on a channel during a predetermined time frame, and a first program offset 528 that identifies the offset from the header to the first channel data in a segment.

Program data 506 includes a program title 530, a program start time 532, a time length 534 indicating the duration of the program, a program category 536
10 (e.g., movies, news, sports, etc.), a program subcategory 538 (e.g., subcategories of sports such as baseball, basketball, football), a program rating 540 (e.g., "R", "PG", "G") and a program description 542 that provides a detailed description of the program (e.g., story line, actors).

Referring now to FIG. 6, DSS processing element 200 generates a pointer
15 table 544 in response to the reception of data 500. DSS processing element 200 stores the pointer table 544 in HDD 228 and/or flash memory 230. Pointer table 544 contains the location of channel data 546 and program data 548 in HDD 228 and/or flash memory 230. In operation, when the user selects a program for viewing (via controller 14), Internet processing element 202 transmits a "tune to
20 new channel" request to DSS processing element 200. In response, DSS processing element 200 executes a channel locating routine (stored in ROM 216) and determines the location of the channel data and program data corresponding to the selected program by accessing pointer table 544. After the location determination is completed, DSS processing element 200 tunes to the new
25 channel and transmits a status message to Internet processing element 202 via Buffer logic 204. If the user is authorized to receive the new channel (and no errors have occurred), Internet processing element 202 receives the video and audio signals from DSS processing element 200 and Buffer logic 204, performs any necessary blending and/or decimating techniques, and displays the requested
30 program on TV 16.

Referring now to FIG. 7, a Home screen 550 of a Graphical User Interface (GUI) of the present invention is shown. The GUI, generated by DSS processing element 200 and Internet processing element 202, is displayed on TV 16 and

permits a user to select a channel for viewing and to access the Internet. GUI home screen 550 includes, but is not limited to, a "Guide" icon 552, a "WebTV" icon 554, a "Favorites" icon 556, a "TV Planner" icon 558, a "Mail" icon 560, a "Setting" icon 562, a "How To" icon 564, and a movable highlight box (or pointer) 568. Icons 552-564 represent accessible screens, pull-down menus, and features that a user can display on TV 16, as discussed below. GUI Home screen 550 also includes a scrolling ticker region that displays information about upcoming events (e.g., upcoming pay-per-view movies and sporting events) and a decimated video region 569 that displays, in reduced form, the current DSS channel (including channel name, channel number, and program title) being viewed by the user.

In operation, the user positions highlight box 568 on icons 552-564 by pressing direction keys 318-324 of remote controller 14 in the appropriate direction. Once the user has positioned the highlight box 568 on a desired icon, the user can display the menu corresponding to the highlighted icon by pressing enter key 326 of controller 14. It should be noted that some menus (e.g., "Guides", "Favorites") can be displayed by highlighting a corresponding icon in GUI Home screen 550 or by pressing a corresponding key of remote controller 14. Selection of a particular icon by the user by means of highlight box 568 and enter key 326 is noted by either Internet processing element 202 or DSS processing element 200, depending on the icon. In response to the user's selection of Internet-related icons, Internet processing element 202 displays Internet web page data from storage device HDD 228, or flash memory 230, or carries out functions which correspond to the selected icon from routines stored in ROM 224. It should be noted that some of the data stored in HDD 228 or flash memory 230 is downloaded by DSS processing element 200, as described above, from a DSS service provider. In response to the user's selection of DSS-related icons, DSS processing element 200 displays sensory data (audio and video data) received from the DSS service provider, displays the GUI received from storage device HDD 228 or flash memory 230, or carries out functions which correspond to the selected icon from routines stored in ROM 216.

Referring now to FIG. 8, an exemplary flowchart 570 illustrative of a user turning on entertainment system 10 and accessing GUI Home screen 550 is

shown. Initially, at step 572, the user powers up entertainment system 10 by pressing the power button(s) on remote controller 14. Upon power up, at step 574, the channel that was previously displayed when entertainment system 10 powered down is displayed on TV 16. Afterwards, at step 576, integrated
5 DSS/Web TV receiver 12 monitors signals from remote controller 14 to determine if the user has pressed "HOME" key 308. If "HOME" key 308 has not been pressed, integrated DSS/Web TV receiver 12 continues to display the previously displayed channel and monitor signals from remote controller 14. If "HOME" key 308 has been pressed, integrated DSS/Web TV receiver 12, at step 578, displays
10 GUI Home screen 550 on TV 16.

As discussed above, GUI Home screen 550 contains a decimated video region 569 that displays the current channel selected by the user. A full-screen video frame is reduced to a decimated video frame by a decimation process. The decimation process is a down-conversion filtering process that reduces the
15 definition or resolution of the full-screen video frame to a frame size convenient for display in the GUI. Decimating the full-screen video frame results in a decimated video frame having pixel dimensions that are a fraction of the dimensions of the full-screen video frame. The decimation process of the present invention uses known filtering and digital signal processing techniques to eliminate
20 a number of pixels from the full-screen video frame. For example, one exemplary decimation technique might drop every other pixel in the vertical and horizontal directions (X,Y) from the full-screen video frame, thereby providing a decimated video frame having pixel dimensions that are one-half of the X,Y pixel dimensions of the full-screen video frame, i.e., a window 1/16 of actual size. The number of
25 pixels eliminated from the full-screen video frame is determined by the size of the decimated video frame to be displayed in the GUI. In one embodiment, the decimated video frame has, but is not limited to, pixel height and width that are one-fourth of the pixel dimensions of the full-screen video frame. As discussed above, decimated video is stored in a memory (e.g., HDD 228 and/or flash
30 memory 230) for later display.

Referring now to FIG. 9, a plurality of features and/or menus that the user can access via GUI Home screen 550 are shown. As discussed above, GUI Home screen 550 includes a decimated video region, a so-called picture-in-picture (PIP)

region 569 that displays a reduced frame size video 580 of a currently selected program and a scrolling ticker region 566 that displays information about upcoming events, stocks, sport scores, and the like. The user can access an "Article Summary" icon 567 or a "Web Page" icon 571 associated with the information displayed on ticker region 566 by selecting the ticker region 566 via the highlight box (or pointer) 568 (shown in FIG. 7). "Article Summary" icon 567, if selected, provides the user with additional information about the upcoming event that is not otherwise displayed on ticker region 566. "Web Page" icon 571, if selected, provides the user with an interactive setting for receiving additional information about the upcoming event. For example, ticker region 566 may display a message that states that an upcoming football game will be shown on channel 4 at 2 PM on November 24, 1999. If the user desires to have further information about the game, the user may select "Article Summary" icon 567 to receive information such as the football team's records, conferences, and the like. The user may also select "Web Page" icon 571 to access each team's web page and/or the football portion of the web page of channel 4. As discussed above, these web pages are downloaded from the DSS network, stored on HDD 228, and retrieved from the HDD 228 by the Internet processing element 202 in response to selection of an icon by the user.

GUI Home screen 550 also includes a plurality of icons that permit the user to access screens, pull-down menus, and/or features that facilitate the user's navigation through DSS channels and the Internet, as discussed below. In general, the user can access a menu or feature by selecting an icon (i.e., positioning highlight box 568 over the icon) and pressing enter key 236. The following descriptions describe the screens, pull-down menus, or features that the user can access by selecting the various icons in GUI Home screen 550. As discussed above, the selection of a particular icon by the user by means of highlight box 568 and enter key 326 is noted by either Internet processing element 202 or DSS processing element 200, depending on the icon. In response to the user's selection of Internet-related icons, Internet processing element 202 displays Internet web page data from storage device HDD 228, or flash memory 230, or carries out functions which correspond to the selected icon from routines stored in ROM 224. It should be noted that some of the data stored in HDD 228

or flash memory 230 is downloaded by DSS processing element 200, as described above, from a DSS service provider. In response to the user's selection of DSS-related icons, DSS processing element 200 displays sensory data (audio and video data) received from the DSS service provider, displays the GUI received
5 from storage device HDD 228 or flash memory 230, or carries out functions which correspond to the selected icon from routines stored in ROM 216.

If "How To" icon 564 is selected, DSS processing element 200 generates a global help manual 582 that provides the user with information regarding how the user can utilize various features of entertainment system 10.

10 If "Guide" icon 552 is selected, DSS processing element 200 generates a pull-down menu having the following options: an Electronic Program Guide (EPG) 584, a Station Index 586, a Category 588, an alphabetical Listing 590, and Others 592. As discussed below (FIGS. 12-19), the user can select from one or more of options 584-590 to display programming information in a predetermined
15 manner.

If "WebTV" icon 554 is selected, Internet processing element 202 generates a WebTV home page 594 that provides the user with access to the Internet. In addition, DSS processing element 200 generates a "Best Of Web" icon 596 that, if selected, displays a list of preferred Web sites that are
20 downloaded from the Internet or, preferably, from the user's DSS provider.

If "Mail" icon 560 is selected, Internet processing element 202 generates an electronic mail list 598 that includes public mail 600 received from the user's DSS provider and personal mail 602 that is provided by the user's Internet service provider. Public mail 600 is distinguished from personal mail 602 by
25 differentiation indicia such as a difference in color, font style, associated icons, or the like. In operation, public mail 600 can only be read by the user and is typically utilized by the DSS service provider to provide the user with promotions, advertisements and the like. Personal mail 602, however, allows the user to transmit and receive e-mail via the Internet.

30 If "Favorites" icon 556 is selected, DSS processing element 200 generates a favorite channel screen 630, as shown in FIG. 10. Favorite channel screen 630 includes a list of favorite channels 604, a "user" icon 606 and an "edit" icon 608. The user selects "user" icon 606 if the user desires to view a list of favorite

channels associated with another user ID (e.g., a parent viewing a child's list of favorite channels). The user selects "edit" icon 608 if the user desires to alter channel list 604 by removing or adding channels.

If "TV Planner" icon 558 is selected, DSS processing element 200
5 generates a TV Planner screen 632, as shown in FIG. 11. TV Planner screen 632 includes a monthly calendar (or recording/reminder list) 610 that indicates which programs are purchased and/or selected for recording by VCR 42 (FIG. 1). A "Purchase" icon 634 appears adjacent purchased programs and a "Record" icon 636 appears adjacent programs to be recorded. If the user selects "Purchase"
10 icon 634, the user is visually presented (e.g., via a pull-down menu) with the cost, date, and time of the purchased program. If the user selects "Record" icon 636, the user is visually presented (e.g., via a pull-down menu) with the title, date, and time of the program to be recorded. TV Planner screen 632 also includes a "Timer & Rec." icon 612 and a "Review Purchases" icon 614. If the user selects
15 "Timer & Rec." icon 612, the user is presented with a "Timer & Rec." screen (not shown) that lists the programs that the user selected to view or record. If the user selects "Review Purchases" icon 614, the user is presented with a "Review Purchases" screen (not shown) that lists all the programs purchased (e.g., PPV programs) by the user in a given time period (e.g., one month). It should be noted
20 that the user can modify selected data (e.g., delete or add programs) when the user is in the "Timer & Rec" or "Review Purchases" screens. The user may also scroll from time period to time period (e.g., month to month) within TV Planner screen 632 by selecting an arrow 638.

If "Settings" icon 562 is selected, DSS processing element 200 and/or
25 Internet processing element 202 generate a "Settings" screen that includes a "System" icon 616, an "Alternate Audio" icon 618, a "Locks & Limits" icon 620, a "Guide Preferences" icon 622, a "Service" icon 624, and a "View" icon 626. If the user selects "System" icon 616, the user is presented with a number of system configuration options such as antenna alignment, color adjustment, and
30 the like. If the user selects "Alternate Audio" icon 618, the user is presented with an Audio screen (not shown) that provides the user with a plurality of audio options. If the user selects "Locks & Limits" icon 620, the user is presented with a "Locks and Limits" screen (not shown) that allows the user to select a spending

limit (e.g., \$200 per month for Pay Per View (PPV)), select a rating limit (e.g., only "PG" shows can be viewed on PPV), and enter a password for entering the selected limits or overriding earlier selected limits. If "Guide Preferences" icon 622 is selected, the user is presented with a number of guide configuration options such as displaying channels in numerical order, displaying channels in alphabetical order, displaying all received channels, displaying only pre-selected channels, and the like. If the user selects "Service" icon 624, the user is presented with a menu (not shown) that instructs the user to call a service representative and initiate a self-diagnostic test on the DSS/WebTV receiver. The user receives further instruction from the called service representative. If the user selects "View" icon 626, the user is presented with a plurality of sizing options for displaying the video on the TV screen.

New services or features may be added to entertainment system 10 via DSS, cable, and/or Internet communications. It is considered within the scope of the invention to provide icons 628 in GUI Home screen 550 to permit the user to access the new service or features. For example, a "Game" icon may be added to GUI Home screen 550 to facilitate a user's ability to download games from the Internet.

Referring now to FIG. 12, GUI Home screen 550 is shown as having "Guide" icon 552 selected by the user. As previously discussed, when the user selects "Guide" icon 552, DSS processing element 200 generates a pull-down menu having the following options: EPG 584, Station Index 586, Category 588, Alpha List 590, and Others 592. Turning now to FIG. 13, an EPG screen 650 is generated by DSS processing element 200 if the user selects EPG option 584 from the pull-down menu of FIG. 12. EPG screen 650 includes a decimated video region 652 that displays the currently selected program, an information region 654 that displays the channel number, channel ID, program name, program rating, and program length of the program being displayed in decimated video region 652, and a Display Information Packet (DIP) region 656 that displays detailed information (e.g., story line, actor names, etc...) about the currently selected program. EPG screen 650 also includes a channel table 658 that identifies each channel by channel number 660 and channel name 662. Channel table 658 also includes a program list 664 that displays the programs being shown on each

channel. Program list 664 is preferably divided into three time periods 666-670. As shown, the time periods may be half-hour intervals, however, longer or shorter time intervals are deemed within the scope of the invention. Preferably, highlight box (or cursor) 568 is positioned in the upper left corner of program list 664 when EPG screen 650 is first displayed. In operation, the user navigates through EPG screen 650 by actuating direction keys 318-324 and enter key 326 on remote controller 14. For example, the user would view a program on channel 119 by pressing "down" key 320 until channel 119 appeared in channel list 664, positioning highlight box (or cursor) 568 on the desired program, and pressing "enter" key 326. In response, DSS processing element 200 detects the selection of channel 119, executes a related routine stored in ROM 216, and displays channel 119 on television 16, as discussed above in FIGS. 2A-2D.

Referring now to FIG. 14, DSS processing element 200 generates an option palette 672 in EPG screen 650 if the user presses options key 312 on remote controller 14. Option palette 672 includes, but is not limited to, a "Search" icon 674, a "Category" icon 676, a "Calendar" icon 678, and a "Guide Settings" icon 680. Preferably, highlight box (or cursor) 568 is positioned over "Search" icon 674 when option palette 672 is first displayed. If the user selects "Search" icon 674, DSS processing element 200 generates an on-screen keyboard, as discussed below (FIGS. 17-18). If the user selects "Category" icon 676, DSS processing element 200 generates a plurality of category icons, as discussed below (FIGS. 15-16). If the user selects "Calendar" icon 678, DSS processing element 200 generates a calendar screen, as discussed below (FIGS. 19-20). If the user selects "Guide Settings" icon 680, DSS processing element 200 generates a Guide Setting screen (not shown) that permits the user to alter how the EPG screen 650 operates. For example, the user can select the number of channels (and associated programs) shown in channel table 658. In addition, the user can select whether decimated video region 652 should either display a previously selected channel until the user selects a new channel or display each channel that highlight box (or cursor) 568 travels over.

Referring now to FIG. 15, a plurality of category icons 682 are generated by DSS processing element 200 if the user selects "Category" icon 676 in option palette 672 or "Category" icon 588 in the pull-down menu of "Guide" icon 552.

Category icons 682 facilitate the user's navigation through DSS channels by filtering programs into preselected categories for presentation to the user in channel table 658. Category icons 682 include, but are not limited to, a "Movies" icon 684, a "Sports" icon 686, a "Specials" icon 688, an "Attractions" icon 690, a "Drama" icon 692, and an "Education" icon 694. Preferably, highlight box (or cursor) 568 is positioned over "Movie" icon 684 when the plurality of icons 682 are first displayed. If the user selects "Movies" icon 684, the channels that carry movies are displayed in channel table 658 (FIG. 16). If the user selects "Sports" icon 686, the channels that carry sport programs are displayed in channel table 658. If the user selects "Specials" icon 688, the channels that carry special features are displayed in channel table 658. If the user selects "Attractions" icon 690, the channels that carry upcoming attractions are displayed in channel table 658. If the user selects "Drama" icon 692, the channels that carry drama programs are displayed in channel table 658. If the user selects "Education" icon 694, the channels that carry educational programs are displayed in channel table 658.

Referring now to FIG. 16, EPG 650 is shown as having movie carrying channels displayed in channel table 658. It should be noted that when channel table 658 is only displaying a user-selected category of programs, the DSS processing element 200 causes a category identifier 696 to be presented to the user in EPG 650. Category identifier 696 reminds the user that channel table 658 is only displaying a category filtered portion of the programs offered by the DSS service provider.

Referring now to FIG. 17, an on-screen keyboard 700, generated by DSS processing element 200 and or Internet processing element 202, slides upwardly over option palette 672 and channel table 658 if the user selects "Search" icon 674 in option palette 672. On-screen keyboard 700 allows the user to search for a desired program by entering a search term (e.g., actor's name, sport team's name, movie director's name). On-screen keyboard 700 includes a plurality of keys 702 and a window 704 for displaying search terms entered by the user via keys 702. In operation, the user manipulates keys 702 of on-screen keyboard 700 via directional keys 318-324 and enter key 326 of remote controller 14. It should be noted that the user may enter search terms via keyboard peripheral 38

(FIG. 1) if keyboard peripheral 38 is connected to integrated DSS/WebTV receiver 12.

Referring now to FIG. 18, on-screen keyboard 700 can also be accessed by the user in GUI Home screen 550. If the user accesses on-screen keyboard 700 in GUI Home screen 550, the user can enter Internet search terms via on-screen keyboard 700 in the same manner as described with respect to FIG. 17.

Referring now to FIG. 19, a calendar 706, generated by DSS processing element 200, is superimposed over option palette 672 and a portion of channel table 658 if the user selects "Calendar" icon 678 in option palette 672. Calendar 706 includes a plurality of days 708 within a predetermined time period (e.g., one month). Calendar 706 permits the user to filter programs displayed in channel table 658 on a daily basis. Preferably, highlight box (or cursor) 568 is positioned over the current date in calendar 706 when calendar 706 is first displayed to the user. In operation, the user positions, via remote controller 14, highlight box (or cursor) 568 over a day in which the user desires to view a program listing. Afterwards, the user selects the highlighted day by pressing enter key 326 on remote controller 14. In response, the DSS processing element 200 causes a portion of the programs (e.g., three channels of programs over an hour and a half time period) shown on the selected day to be displayed in channel table 658. The user can then navigate through the selected day's programs via channel table 658, as described above. It should be noted that the user can move from predetermined time period to predetermined time period (e.g., month-to-month) by actuating arrow keys 710 via remote controller 14.

Referring now to FIG. 20, an alternative embodiment of the calendar feature of the present invention is illustrated. In the alternative embodiment, a calendar 712, generated by DSS processing element 200, is presented to the user when the user accesses EPG 650. Calendar 712 is positioned above channel table 658 and below decimated video and DIP regions 652 and 656. Calendar 712 includes a horizontal date list 714 and a horizontal time list 716. In operation, the user, via remote controller 14, selects a date from date list 714 and a time from time list 716 in order to view programs for a given date and time in program table 658. The user then navigates through the programs in program table 658, as discussed above. It should be noted that the user can horizontally

scroll through calendar 712 in order to display a desired date and/or time within a given time period (e.g., one month). Preferably, highlight box (or cursor) 568 is positioned over the current date in calendar 712 when EPG 650 is first displayed to the user.

Although the present invention has been shown and described with respect to preferred embodiments, the scope of the claims should not be limited by the embodiments set forth in the examples, but should be given the broadest interpretation consistent with the description as a whole.

What is claimed is:

1. An apparatus for displaying information on a television, comprising:
a circuit that receives wireless television communication signals, the wireless television communication signals including sensory data and programming data related to the sensory data;
a circuit that receives computer network communication signals directly from the Internet; and
a circuit that processes the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals such that the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals can be displayed simultaneously as a seamlessly blended signal on the television.
2. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising: a circuit that displays the processed wireless television signals and the processed computer network communication signals on the television.
3. The apparatus of claim 2, further comprising: a circuit that displays a graphic user interface on the television, the graphic user interface including a plurality of icons.
4. The apparatus of claim 3, further comprising:
a circuit that activates the display of the processed wireless television communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.
5. The apparatus of claim 3, further comprising:
a circuit that activates the display of the processed computer communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.
6. The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the graphic user interface includes a decimated video region generated from the sensory data in the processed wireless

television communication signals.

7. The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the decimated video region includes a display of text generated from the programming data in the processed wireless television communication signals.

8. The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the displayed text includes a channel name, a channel number, and a program name.

9. The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the graphic user interface includes a ticker region that displays information that is generated from at least one of the processed wireless television communication signals and the processed computer network communication signals.

10. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the displayed information is in at least one of the following categories: sports scores, stock quotes, upcoming programs, upcoming events, and news events.

11. The apparatus of claim 9, further comprising:
a circuit that activates the display of additional information related to the information displayed in the ticker region in response to the user's selection of the ticker region.

12. The apparatus of claim 9, further comprising:
a circuit that activates the display of a web page related to the information displayed in the ticker region in response to the user's selection of the ticker region.

13. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the web page is generated from the processed wireless television communication signals.

14. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the web page is generated from the processed computer network communication signals.

15. The apparatus of claim 3, further comprising:
a circuit for displaying a plurality of filtering options on the television in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, each filtering option representing a way in which the programming data in the processed television communication signals is displayed on the television.

16. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by channel numbers associated with the programming data.

17. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by channel names associated with the programming data.

18. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a date associated with the programming data.

19. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a category associated with the programming data.

20. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the category is movies.

21. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the category is sports.

22. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the category is specials.

23. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the category is attractions.

24. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the category is drama.

25. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the category is education.

26. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein a filtering option is filtering the

programming data by a user-customized list of channels associated with the programming data.

27. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of purchased programs.

28. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of programs selected for recording.

29. The apparatus of claim 3, further comprising:
a circuit for displaying an electronic message in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface.

30. The apparatus of claim 29, wherein the electronic message is generated from the processed wireless television communication signal.

31. The apparatus of claim 29, wherein the electronic message is generated from the processed computer network communication signal.

32. The apparatus of claim 3, further comprising:
a circuit for displaying an electronic instructional manual in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, the electronic instructional manual facilitating the user's operation of the apparatus.

33. The apparatus of claim 3, further comprising:
a circuit for displaying a settings guide in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, the settings guide facilitating the user's ability to adjust operating parameters of the apparatus.

34. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the wireless television communication signals are received from a wireless communication channel that is communicatively connected to at least one satellite.

35. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the computer network communication signals are received from a computer network communication channel that is communicatively connected to the Internet.

36. The apparatus of claim 3, further comprising:
a remote controller for facilitating a user's selection of an icon.

37. A method for displaying information on a television, comprising the steps of:

receiving wireless television communication signals, the wireless television communication signals including sensory data and programming data related to the sensory data;

receiving computer network communication signals directly from the Internet; and
processing the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals such that information from the received signals can be simultaneously displayed as a seamlessly blended signal on the television.

38. The method of claim 37, further comprising the step of:
displaying the processed wireless television communication signals and the processed computer network communication signals on the television.

39. The method of claim 38, further comprising the step of:
displaying a graphic user interface on the television, the graphic user interface including a plurality of icons.

40. The method of claim 39, further comprising the step of:
activating the display of the processed wireless television communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

41. The method of claim 39, further comprising the step of:

activating the display of the processed computer communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

42. The method of claim 39, further comprising the steps of:
generating a decimated video from the sensory data in the processed wireless television communication signals; and
displaying the decimated video in the graphic user interface.

43. The method of claim 42, further comprising the steps of:
generating text from the programming data in the processed wireless television communication signals; and
displaying the text in the decimated video.

44. The method of claim 43, wherein the step of generating the text includes the step of generating a channel name, a channel number, and a program name.

45. The method of claim 39, further comprising the steps of:
displaying a ticker region in the graphical user interface;
deriving information to be displayed in the ticker region from at least one of the processed wireless television communication signals and the processed computer network communication signals; and
displaying the derived information in the ticker region.

46. The method of claim 45, wherein the derived information is in at least one of the following categories: sports scores, stock quotes, upcoming programs, upcoming events, and news events.

47. The method of claim 45, further comprising the step of:
activating the display of additional information related to the derived information displayed in the ticker region in response to the user's selection of the ticker region.

48. The method of claim 45, further comprising the step of:

activating the display of a web page related to the derived information displayed in the ticker region in response to the user's selection of the ticker region.

49. The method of claim 48, further comprising the step of: generating the web page from the processed wireless television communication signals.

50. The method of claim 48, further comprising the step of: generating the web page from the processed computer network communication signals.

51. The method of claim 39, further comprising the step of:
displaying a plurality of filtering options on the television in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, each filtering option representing a way in which the programming data in the processed television communication signals is displayed on the television.

52. The method of claim 51, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by channel numbers associated with the programming data.

53. The method of claim 51, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by channel names associated with the programming data.

54. The method of claim 51, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a date associated with the programming data.

55. The method of claim 51, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a category associated with the programming data.

56. The method of claim 55, wherein the category is movies.

57. The method of claim 55, wherein the category is sports.

58. The method of claim 55, wherein the category is specials.

59. The method of claim 55, wherein the category is attractions.
60. The method of claim 55, wherein the category is drama.
61. The method of claim 55, wherein the category is education.
62. The method of claim 51, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of channels associated with the programming data.
63. The method of claim 51, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of purchased programs.
64. The method of claim 51, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of programs selected for recording.
65. The method of claim 39, further comprising the step of: displaying an electronic message in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface.
66. The method of claim 65, further comprising the step of: receiving the electronic message from the processed wireless television communication signals.
67. The method of claim 65, further comprising the step of: receiving the electronic message from the processed computer network communication signals.
68. The method of claim 39, further comprising the step of:
displaying an electronic instructional manual in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, the electronic instructional manual facilitating the user's operation of the apparatus.
69. The method of claim 39, further comprising the step of: displaying a

settings guide in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, the settings guide facilitating the user's ability to adjust operating parameters of the apparatus.

70. The method of claim 37, further comprising the step of: receiving the wireless television communication signals from a wireless communication channel that is communicatively connected to at least one satellite.

71. The method of claim 37, further comprising the step of: receiving the computer network communication signals from a computer network communication channel that is communicatively connected to the Internet.

72. The method of claim 39, further comprising the step of: providing a remote controller for facilitating a user's selection of an icon.

73. An apparatus for displaying information on a television, further comprising:
 a digital satellite processing element that receives digital communication signals that includes programming data from at least one satellite, the digital satellite processing element converting the received digital communication signals into a form that can be displayed on the television; and
 an Internet processing element that receives computer network communication signals directly from the Internet and converts the received computer network communication signals into a form that can be displayed on the television, the Internet processing element receiving the converted digital communication signals from the digital satellite processing element and displaying the converted digital communication signals with programming data and the converted computer network communication signals simultaneously as a seamlessly blended signal on the television.

74. The apparatus of claim 73, wherein the digital satellite processing element displays a graphic user interface on the television, the graphic user interface including a plurality of icons.

75. The apparatus of claim 74, wherein the digital satellite processing element activates the display of the converted digital communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

76. The apparatus of claim 74, wherein the Internet processing element activates the display of the converted computer communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

77. The apparatus of claim 74, further comprising:
a remote controller for facilitating a user's selection of an icon.

78. An apparatus for displaying information on a television, comprising:

a circuit that receives wireless television communication signals, the wireless television communication signals including sensory data and programming data related to the sensory data;

a circuit that receives computer network communication signals; and

a circuit that processes the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals such that information from the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals can be displayed on the television;

wherein:

said circuit that receives wireless television communication signals comprises,

at least two television receivers, including a Digital Satellite System (DSS) receiver configured to receive digital television signals broadcast from a satellite and a terrestrial television tuner configured to receive terrestrially broadcast television signals,

a selection device for selecting at least two of the signals received by the television receivers,

a first video processor coupled to the selection device and configured to receive a first of the at least two selected signals, and, based on a user input selection command, perform one of decimating the first video signal and allowing the first video signal to pass unaltered, and

a second video processor coupled to the selection device and configured to receive a second of the at least two selected signals, and, based on a user input selection command, perform one of decimating the second video signal and allowing the second video signal to pass unaltered; said computer network communication signals are Internet signals;

said circuit that receives computer network communication signals comprises a web graphics engine that processes the Internet signals into a form that can be displayed on a television; and

said circuit that processes the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals comprises a blending device that integrates the received signals into a form that can be displayed on the television.

79. An apparatus for displaying information on a television, comprising:

a circuit that receives wireless television communication signals, the wireless television communication signals including sensory data having audio and/or video data, and programming data related to the sensory data;

a circuit that receives computer network communication signals; and

a circuit that processes the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals such that information from the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals can be displayed on the television;

wherein:

said circuit that receives wireless television communication signals comprises,

at least two television receivers, including a Digital Satellite System (DSS) receiver configured to receive digital television signals broadcast from a satellite and a terrestrial television tuner configured to receive terrestrially broadcast television signals,

a selection device for selecting at least two of the signals received by the television receivers,

a buffer for buffering the selected signals and a user selection command to transfer the selected signals and the selection command to the circuit that processes the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network

communication signals,

a first video processor coupled to the buffer and configured to receive a first of the selected signals, and, based on the selection command, perform one of decimating the first video signal and allowing the first video signal to pass unaltered, and

a second video processor coupled to the buffer and configured to receive a second of the selected signals, and, based on the selection command, perform one of decimating the second video signal and allowing the second video signal to pass unaltered;

wherein said computer network communication signals are Internet signals;

wherein said circuit that receives computer network communication signals comprises:

a web graphics engine that processes the Internet signals into a form that can be displayed on the television; and

wherein said circuit that processes the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals comprises:

a blending device that integrates the output of the processor and the computer network communication signal into a form that can be displayed on the television.

80. The apparatus of claim 78 or 79, further comprising:

a circuit that displays the processed wireless television signals and the processed computer network communication signals on the television.

81. The apparatus of claim 80, further comprising:

a circuit that displays a graphic user interface on the television, the graphic user interface including a plurality of icons.

82. The apparatus of claim 81, further comprising:

a circuit that activates the display of the processed wireless television communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

83. The apparatus of claim 81, further comprising:

a circuit that activates the display of the processed computer communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

84. The apparatus of claim 81, wherein the graphic user interface includes a decimated video region generated from the sensory data in the processed wireless television communication signals.

85. The apparatus of claim 84, wherein the decimated video region includes a display of text generated from the programming data in the processed wireless television communication signals.

86. The apparatus of claim 85, wherein the displayed text includes a channel name, a channel number, and a program name.

87. The apparatus of claim 81, wherein the graphic user interface includes a ticker region that displays information that is generated from at least one of the processed wireless television communication signals and the processed computer network communication signals.

88. The apparatus of claim 87, wherein the displayed information is in at least one of the following categories: sports scores, stock quotes, upcoming programs, upcoming events, and news events.

89. The apparatus of claim 87, further comprising:

a circuit that activates the display of additional information related to the information displayed in the ticker region in response to the user's selection of the ticker region.

90. The apparatus of claim 87, further comprising:

a circuit that activates the display of a web page related to the information displayed in the ticker region in response to the user's selection of the ticker region.

91. The apparatus of claim 90, wherein the web page is generated from the processed wireless television communication signals.

92. The apparatus of claim 90, wherein the web page is generated from the processed computer network communication signals.

93. The apparatus of claim 81, further comprising:

a circuit for displaying a plurality of filtering options on the television in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, each filtering option representing a way in which the programming data in the processed television communication signals is displayed on the television.

94. The apparatus of claim 93, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by channel numbers associated with the programming data.

95. The apparatus of claim 93, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by channel names associated with the programming data.

96. The apparatus of claim 93, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a date associated with the programming data.

97. The apparatus of claim 93, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a category associated with the programming data.

98. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the category is movies.

99. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the category is sports.

100. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the category is specials.

101. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the category is attractions.

102. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the category is drama.

103. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the category is education.

104. The apparatus of claim 93, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of channels associated with the programming data.

105. The apparatus of claim 93, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of purchased programs.

106. The apparatus of claim 93, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of programs selected for recording.

107. The apparatus of claim 81, further comprising:

a circuit for displaying an electronic message in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface.

108. The apparatus of claim 107, wherein the electronic message is generated from the processed wireless television communication signal.

109. The apparatus of claim 107, wherein the electronic message is generated from the processed computer network communication signal.

110. The apparatus of claim 81, further comprising;

a circuit for displaying an electronic instructional manual in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, the electronic instructional manual facilitating the user's operation of the apparatus.

111. The apparatus of claim 81, further comprising:

a circuit for displaying a settings guide in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, the settings guide facilitating the user's ability to adjust operating parameters of the apparatus.

112. The apparatus of claim 81, further comprising;

a remote controller for facilitating a user's selection of an icon.

113. The apparatus of claim 78 or 79, wherein the wireless television communication signals are received from a wireless communication channel that is communicatively connected to at least one satellite.

114. The apparatus of claim 78 or 79, wherein the computer network communication signals are received from a computer network communication channel that is communicatively connected to the Internet.

115. A method of displaying information on a television by using the apparatus of any one of claims 1-114, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving wireless television communication signals, the wireless television communication signals including sensory data and programming data related to the sensory data;

receiving computer network communication signals; and

processing the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals such that the received signals can be displayed on the television.

116. A method of displaying information on a television, comprising the steps of:

receiving wireless television communication signals, the wireless television communication signals including sensory data having audio and/or video data, and programming data related to the sensory data;

receiving computer network communication signals; and

processing the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals such that information from the received signals can be displayed on the television,

wherein the step of receiving wireless television communication signals comprises:

receiving the wireless television communication signals including a digital television signal broadcast from a satellite and a terrestrially broadcast television signals;

selecting at least two of the received signals by a user selection command;

buffering the selected signals and the user selection command;

based on the selection command, performing one of decimating a first video signal of the selected signals and allowing the first video signal to pass unaltered by a first processor, and

based on the selection command, performing one of decimating a second video signal of the selected signals and allowing the second video signal to pass unaltered by a second processor;

wherein said computer network communication signals are Internet signals;

wherein the step of receiving computer network communication signals comprises:

processing the Internet signals into a form that can be displayed on the television;
and

wherein the step of processing the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals comprises:

integrating the output of the processor and the wireless television communication signal into a form that can be displayed on the television.

117. The method of claim 115 or 116, further comprising the step of:

displaying the processed wireless television communication signals and the processed computer network communication signals on the television.

118. The method of claim 117, further comprising the step of:

displaying a graphic user interface on the television, the graphic user interface including a plurality of icons.

119. The method of claim 118, further comprising the step of:

activating the display of the processed wireless television communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

120. The method of claim 118, further comprising the step of;

activating the display of the processed computer communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

121. The method of claim 118, further comprising the steps of:

generating a decimated video from the sensory data in the processed wireless television communication signals; and

displaying the decimated video in the graphic user interface.

122. The method of claim 121, further comprising the steps of:

generating text from the programming data in the processed wireless television communication signals; and

displaying the text in the decimated video.

123. The method of claim 122, wherein the step of generating the text includes the step of generating a channel name, a channel number, and a program name.

124. The method of claim 118, further comprising the steps of:

displaying a ticker region in the graphical user interface;

deriving information to be displayed in the ticker region from at least one of the processed wireless television communication signals and the processed computer network communication signals; and

displaying the derived information in the ticker region.

125. The method of claim 124, wherein the derived information is in at least one of the following categories: sports scores, stock quotes, upcoming programs, upcoming events, and news events.

126. The method of claim 124, further comprising the step of;

activating the display of additional information related to the derived information

displayed in the ticker region in response to the user's selection of the ticker region.

127. The method of claim 124, further comprising the step of:

activating the display of a web page related to the derived information displayed in the ticker region in response to the user's selection of the ticker region.

128. The method of claim 127, further comprising the step of:

generating the web page from the processed wireless television communication signals.

129. The method of claim 127, further comprising the step of:

generating the web page from the processed computer network communication signals.

130. The method of claim 118, further comprising the step of;

displaying a plurality of filtering options on the television in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, each filtering option representing a way in which the programming data in the processed television communication signals is displayed on the television.

131. The method of claim 130, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by channel numbers associated with the programming data.

132. The method of claim 131, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by channel names associated with the programming data.

133. The method of claim 130, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a date associated with the programming data.

134. The method of claim 130, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a category associated with the programming data.

135. The method of claim 134, wherein the category is movies.

136. The method of claim 134, wherein the category is sports.

137. The method of claim 134, wherein the category is specials.
138. The method of claim 134, wherein the category is attractions.
139. The method of claim 134, wherein the category is drama.
140. The method of claim 134, wherein the category is education.
141. The method of claim 130, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of channels associated with the programming data.
142. The method of claim 130, wherein a filtering option is filtering the programming data by a user-customized list of purchased programs.
143. The method of claim 130, wherein a filtering option is filtering The programming data by a user-customized list of programs selected for recording.
144. The method of claim 118, further comprising the step of:
- displaying an electronic message in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface.
145. The method of claim 144, further comprising the step of:
- receiving the electronic message from the processed wireless television communication signals.
146. The method of claim 144, further comprising the step of:
- receiving the electronic message from the processed computer network communication signals.
147. The method of claim 118, further comprising the step of:
- displaying an electronic instructional manual in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, the electronic instructional manual facilitating the user's operation of the apparatus.

148. The method of claim 118, further comprising the step of:

displaying a settings guide in response to a user's selection of an icon in the graphic user interface, the settings guide facilitating the user's ability to adjust operating parameters of the apparatus.

149. The method of claim 115 or 116, further comprising the step of:

receiving the wireless television communication signals from a wireless communication channel that is communicatively connected to at least one satellite.

150. The method of claim 115 or 116, further comprising the step of:

receiving the computer network communication signals from a computer network communication channel that is communicatively connected to the Internet.

151. The method of claim 118, further comprising the step of: providing a remote controller for facilitating a user's selection of an icon.

152. The apparatus of claim 78 or 79, further comprising:

a digital satellite processing element that receives digital communication signals from at least one satellite, the digital satellite processing element converting the received digital communication signals into a form that can be displayed on the television; and

an Internet processing element that receives computer network communication signals from the Internet and converts the received computer network communication signals into a form that can be displayed on the television, the Internet processing element receiving the converted digital communication signals from the digital satellite processing element and displaying the converted digital communication signals and the converted computer network communication signals on the television.

153. The apparatus of claim 152, wherein the digital satellite processing element displays a graphic user interface on the television, the graphic user interface including a plurality of icons.

154. The apparatus of claim 153, wherein the digital satellite processing element activates the

display of the converted digital communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

155. The apparatus of claim 153, wherein the Internet processing element activates the display of the converted computer communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

156. The apparatus of claim 153, further comprising:

a remote controller for facilitating a user's selection of an icon.

157. The apparatus of claim 78 or 79, further comprising:

a memory device configured to store programs and data utilized in operating said apparatus; and a processing unit configured to execute said programs;

wherein:

said programs include a startup GUI that includes a decimated video region and a set of preselected icons representing various functionality of said apparatus; and

said decimated video region displays decimated video from one of said first video processor and said second video processor.

158. The apparatus according to claim 157, wherein:

said pre-selected icons include guide, webTV, favorites, mail, settings, and how to; and said programs include, a guide program, invoked by selection of said guide icon, configured to generate a menu having options for an electronic program guide, a station index, a category, an alphabetical listing, and others;

a webTV program, marked by selection of said webTV icon, configured to generate a webTV home page providing the user with access to the Internet;

a mail program, invoked by selection of said mail icon, configured to generate an electronic mail list that includes public mail received from the user's DSS provider and personal

mail that is provided by the user's Internet service provider;

a favorites program, invoked by selection of said favorites icon, configured to generate a favorite channel screen that includes a list of favorite channels that allows a user to select any one of the listed channels and edit the listed channels;

a settings program, invoked by selection of said settings icon, configured to generate a settings screen that includes system configuration options, including at least one of antenna alignment and color adjustment, audio options, and a locks & limits options that allow a user to select at least one of spending limits and rating limits imposed on programming purchases and viewing; and

a how to program, invoked by selection of said how to icon, configured to generate a global help manual 582 that provides the user with information regarding how the user can utilize various features of said apparatus.

159. The apparatus according to claim 157, wherein:

said apparatus includes a recording device coupled to said processing unit; said pre-selected icons include a planner icon; and

said programs include, a TV planner program, invoked by user selection of said planner icon, configured to generate a TV Planner screen that includes at least one of a calendar, recording list, and reminder list, that indicate programs that have been purchased and/or selected for recording by the recording device.

160. The apparatus according to claim 159, wherein:

said TV planner program is further configured to generate,

a purchase icon adjacent to purchased programs and a record icon adjacent to programs to be recorded,

a visual presentation of cost, date, and time of the purchased program, if the user selects the purchase icon, and

a visual presentation of title, date, and time of the program to be recorded, if the user selects the record icon.

161. The apparatus according to claim 157, wherein:

said apparatus further comprises a smart card reader coupled to said processing unit and configured to provide a decryption key to the processing unit; and

said programs include a decryption program that decrypts at least one of said television signals based on the decryption key.

162. The apparatus according to claim 78 or 79 further comprising:

a memory device configured to store programs and data utilized in operating said apparatus;

a processing unit configured to execute said programs; and

a smart card reader coupled to said processing unit and configured to provide a decryption key to the processing unit;

wherein said programs include a decryption program that decrypts at least one of said television signals based on the decryption key.

163. The apparatus according to claim 78 or 79, wherein:

said circuit that receives wireless television communication signals is an AV7100 type chip; and

said circuit that processes the received wireless television communication signals and the received computer network communication signals is a QED type central processing unit (CPU) operably connected to an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC).

164. The apparatus according to claim 163, further comprising:

a buffer unit for buffering the wireless television communication signals and any peripheral related signals received by the AV7100 type chip before being processed by the CPU

and ASIC.

165. An apparatus for displaying information on a television, comprising:

a digital satellite processing circuit including a digital satellite system receiver, for receiving digital television signals broadcast from a satellite and converting the received digital television signal into a form that can be displayed on a television;

a terrestrial signal processing circuit including a terrestrial television tuner, for receiving terrestrially broadcast television signals and converting the received terrestrially broadcast television signal into a form that can be displayed on the television;

a Internet processing circuit for receiving computer network communication signals from Internet and converting the received computer network communication signal into a form that can be displayed on the television;

a selection device for selecting at least two of the signals received by the digital satellite system receiver and the terrestrial television tuner, based on a selection command;

a buffer for buffering the selected signals and the selection command to transfer the selected signals and the selection command to the Internet processing circuit;

a first video processor coupled to the buffer and configured to receive a first video signal of the selected signals, and, based on the selection command, perform one of decimating the first video signal and allowing the first video signal to pass unaltered, and

a second video processor coupled to the buffer and configured to receive a second video signal of the selected signals, and, based on the selection command, perform one of decimating the second video signal and allowing the second video signal to pass unaltered; and

a blending device that integrates the output of the processor and the computer network communication signal into a form that can be displayed on the television.

166. The apparatus of claim 165, wherein the digital satellite processing circuit displays a graphic user interface on the television, the graphic user interface including a plurality of icons.

167. The apparatus of claim 166, wherein the digital satellite processing circuit activates the display of the converted digital communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

168. The apparatus of claim 166, wherein the Internet processing circuit activates the display of the converted computer communication signals in response to a user's selection of an icon displayed in the graphic user interface.

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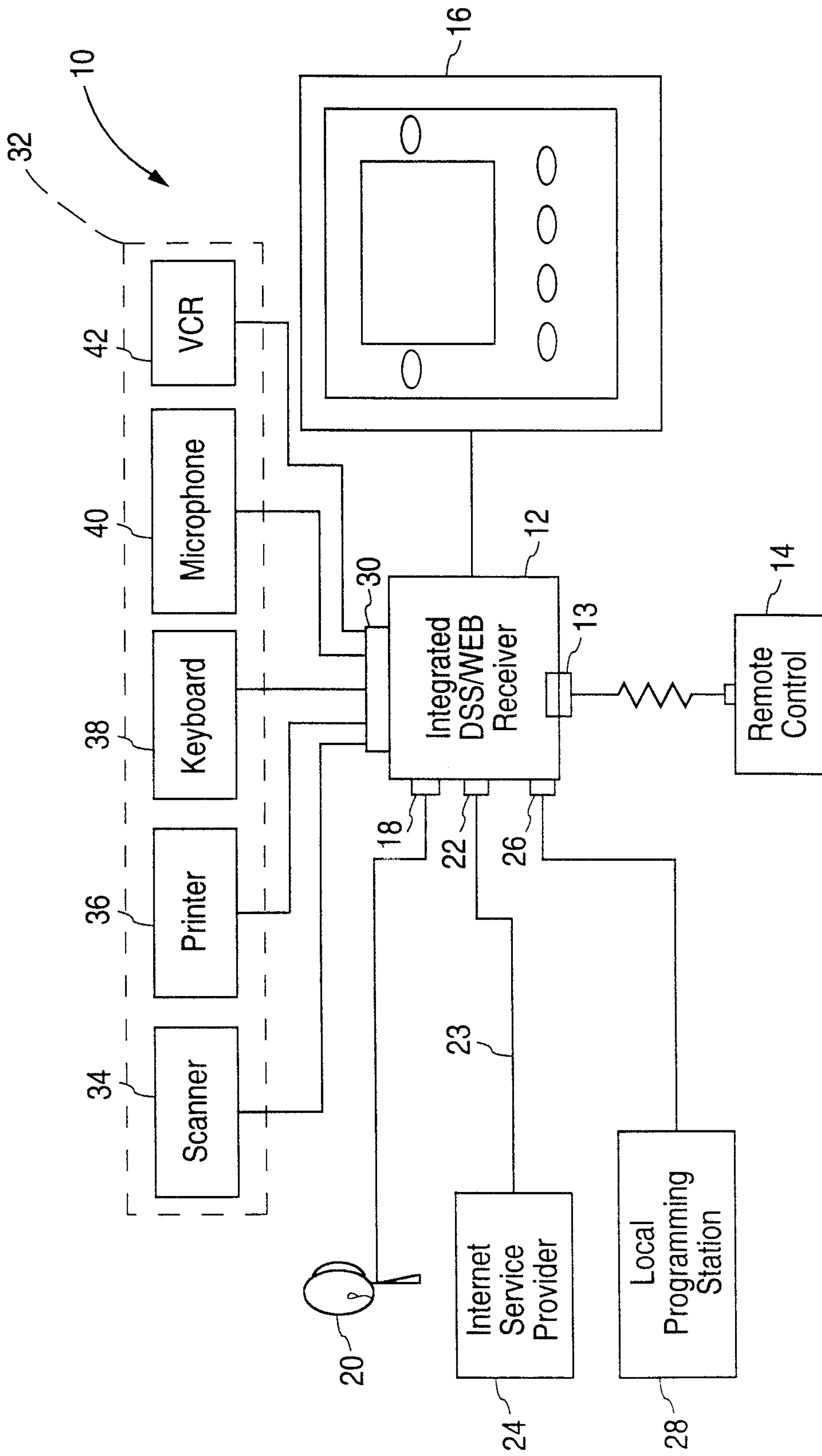


FIG. 1

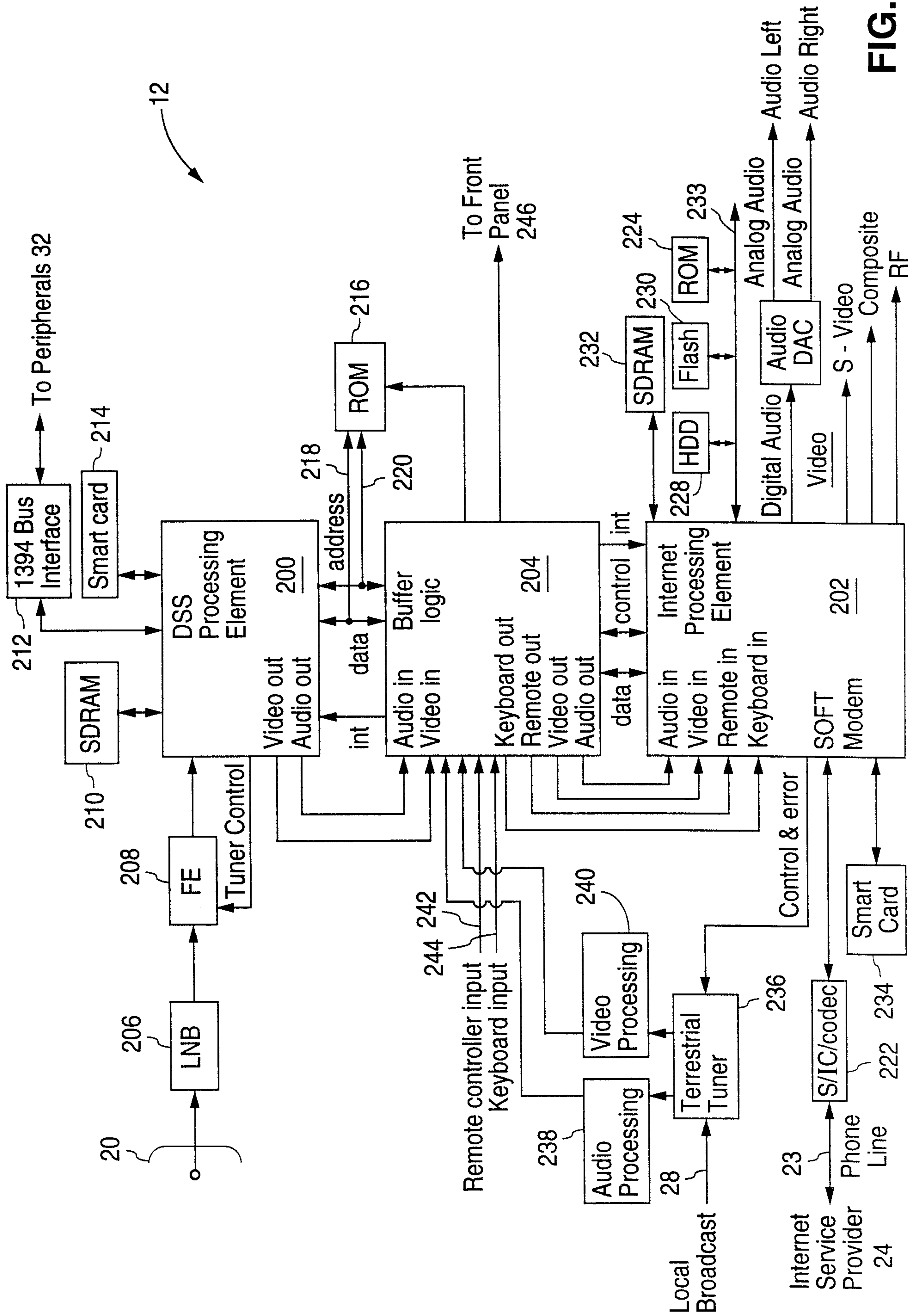


FIG. 2A

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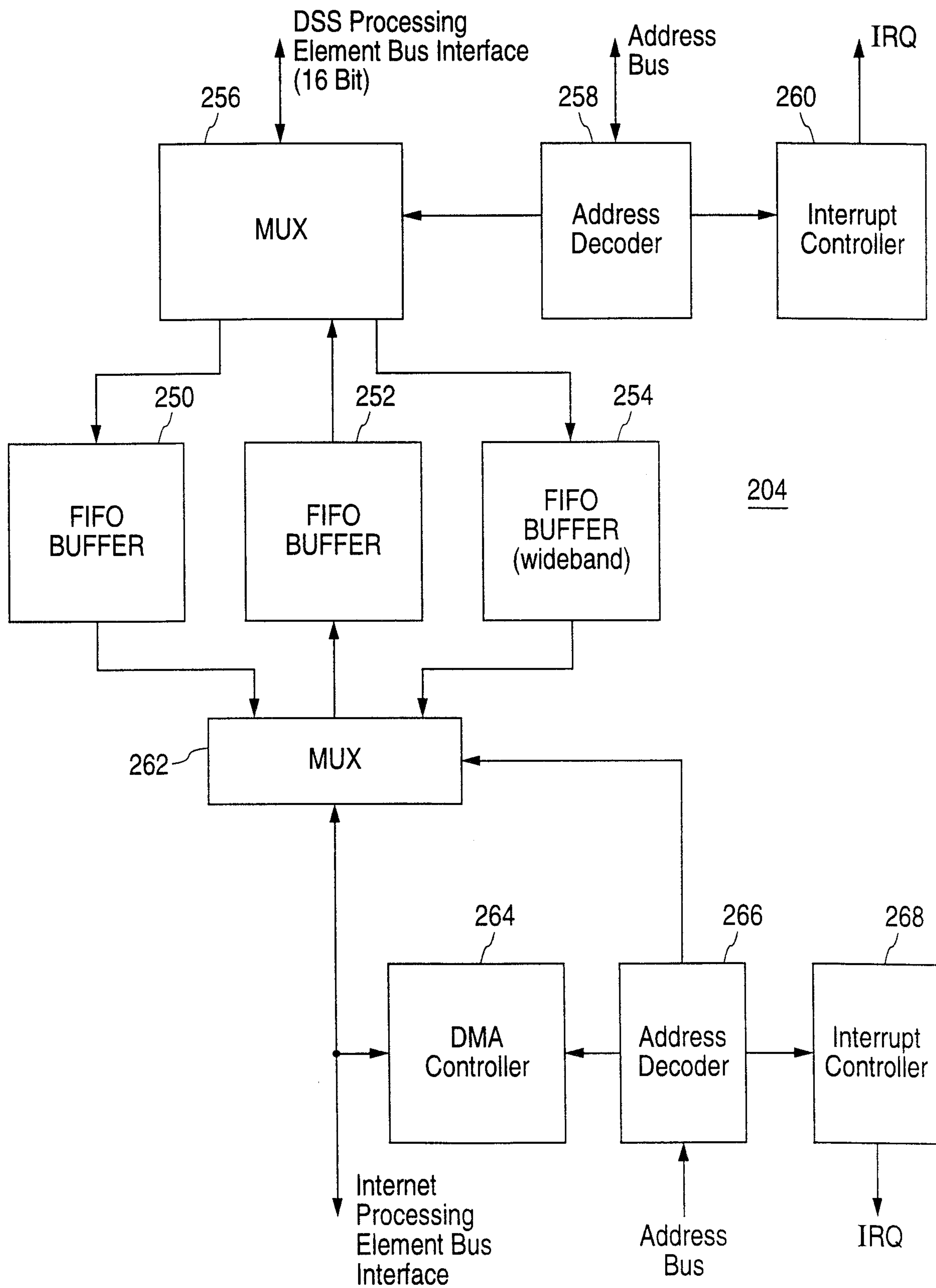


FIG. 2B

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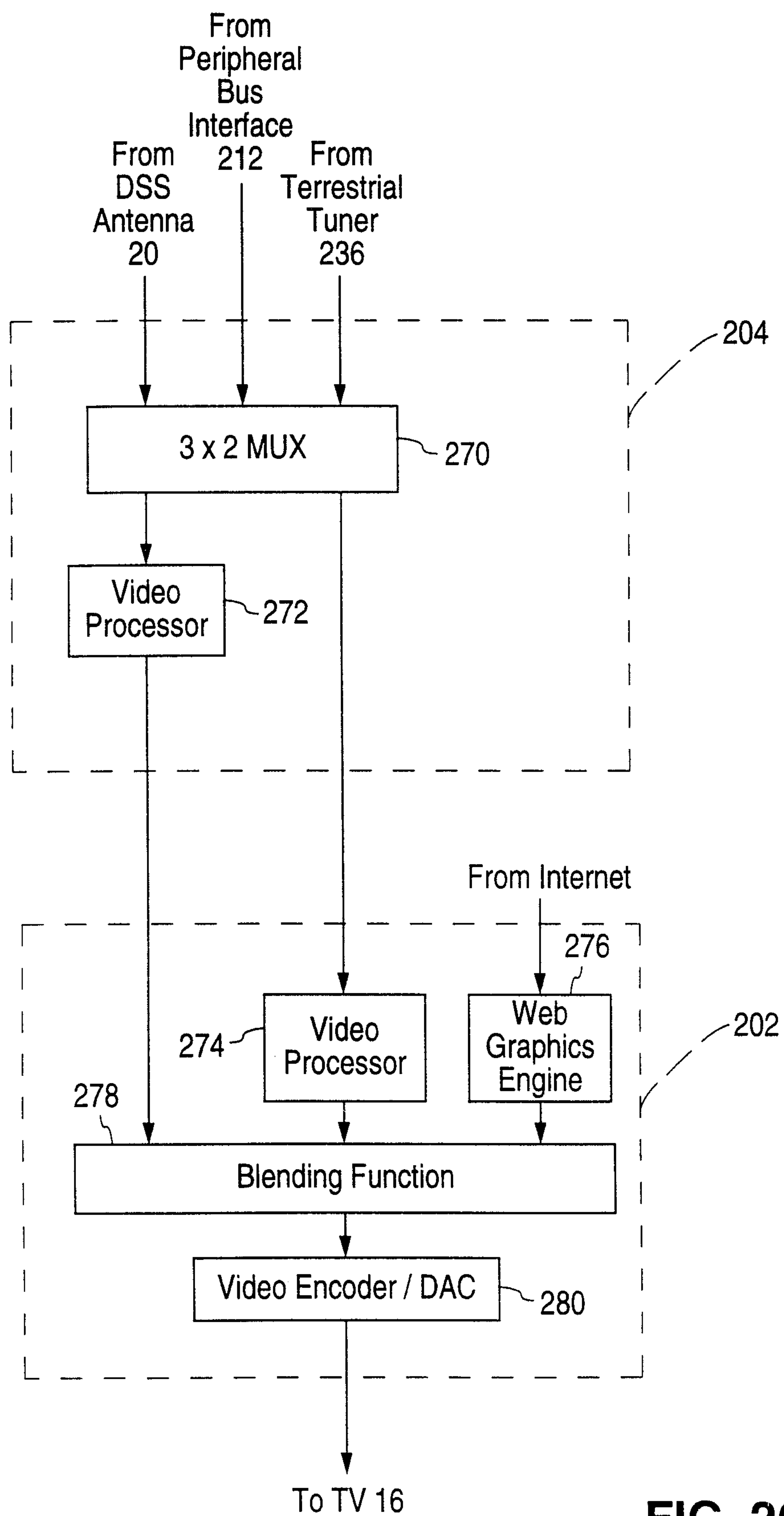


FIG. 2C

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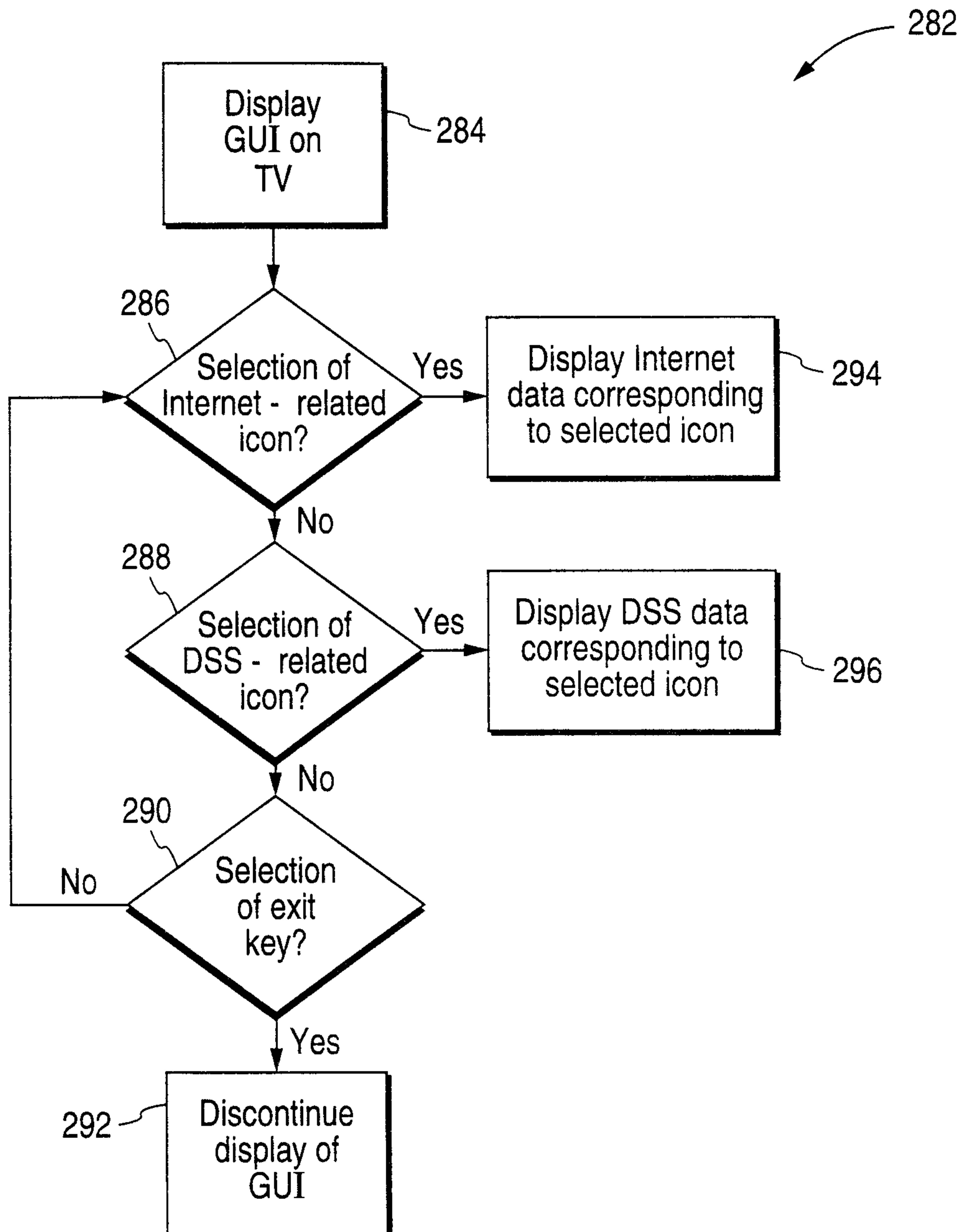


FIG. 2D

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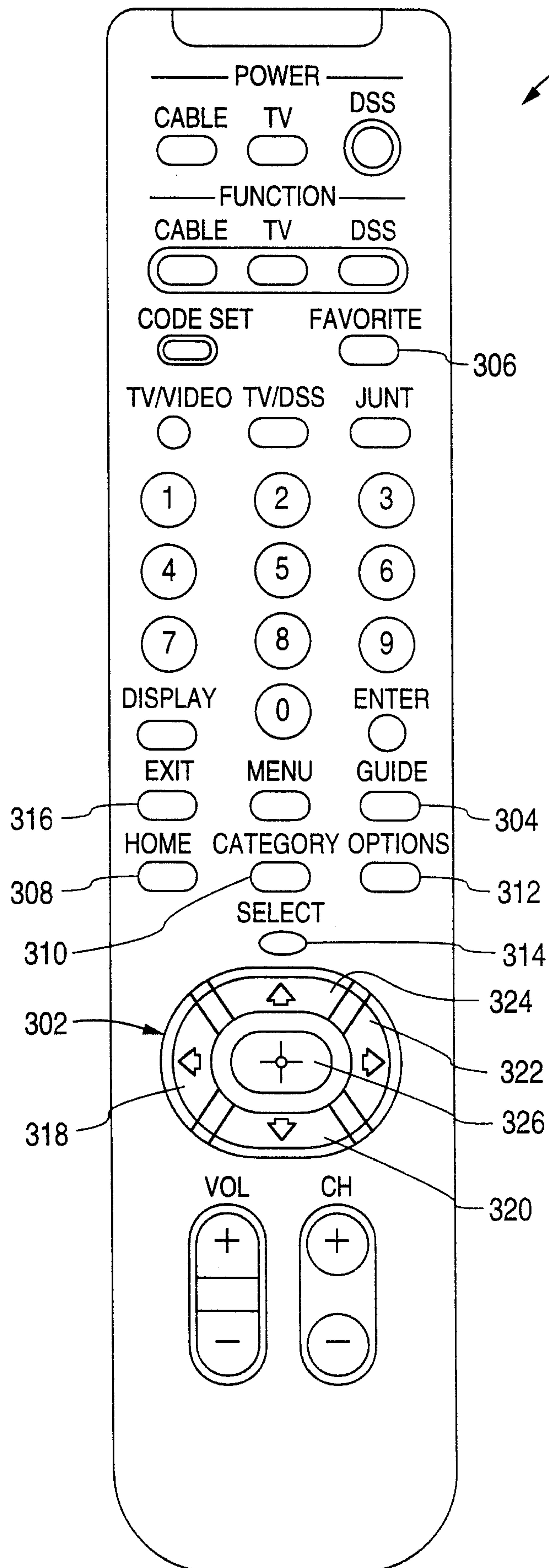
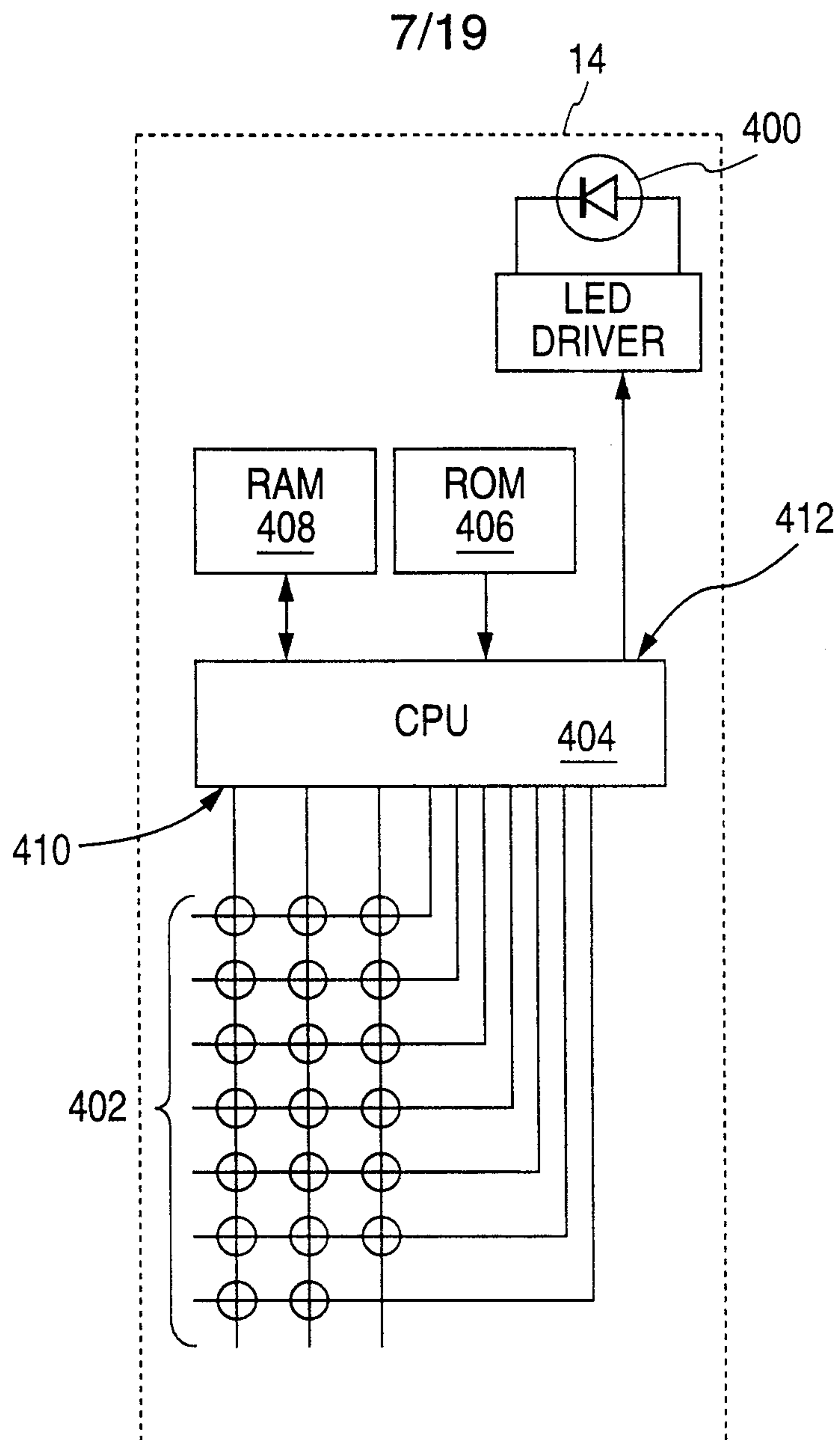
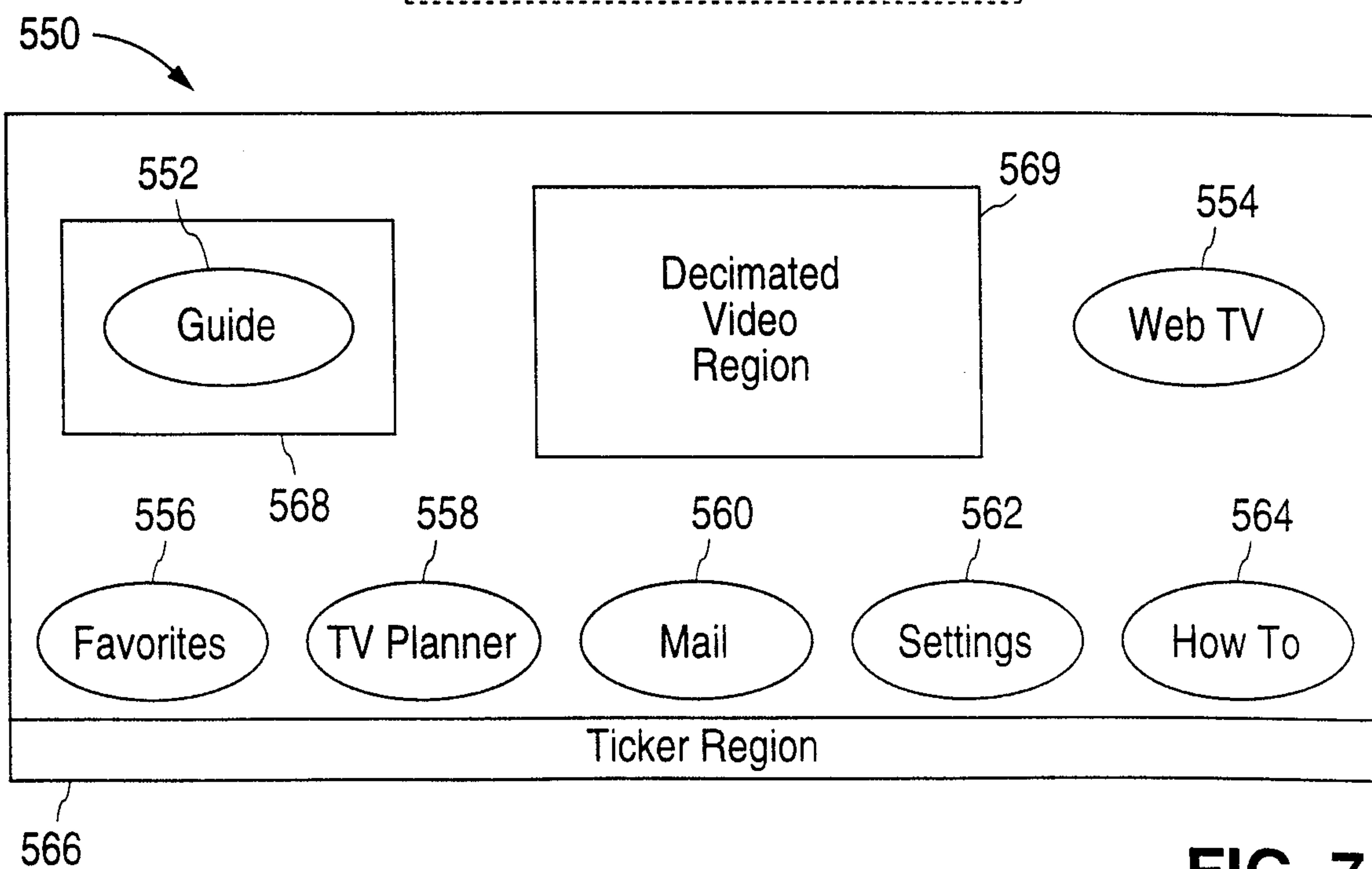


FIG. 3

**FIG. 4****FIG. 7**

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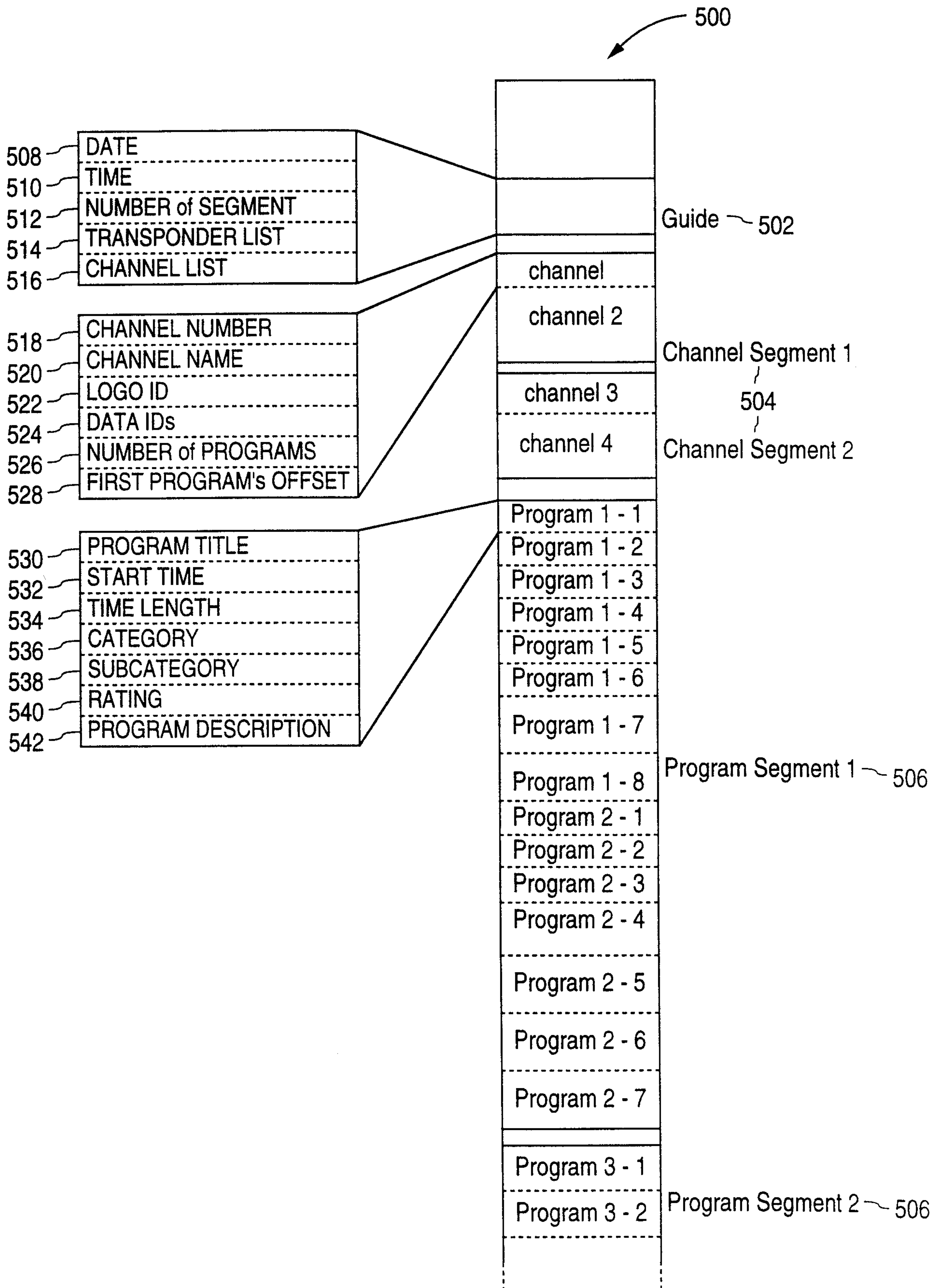
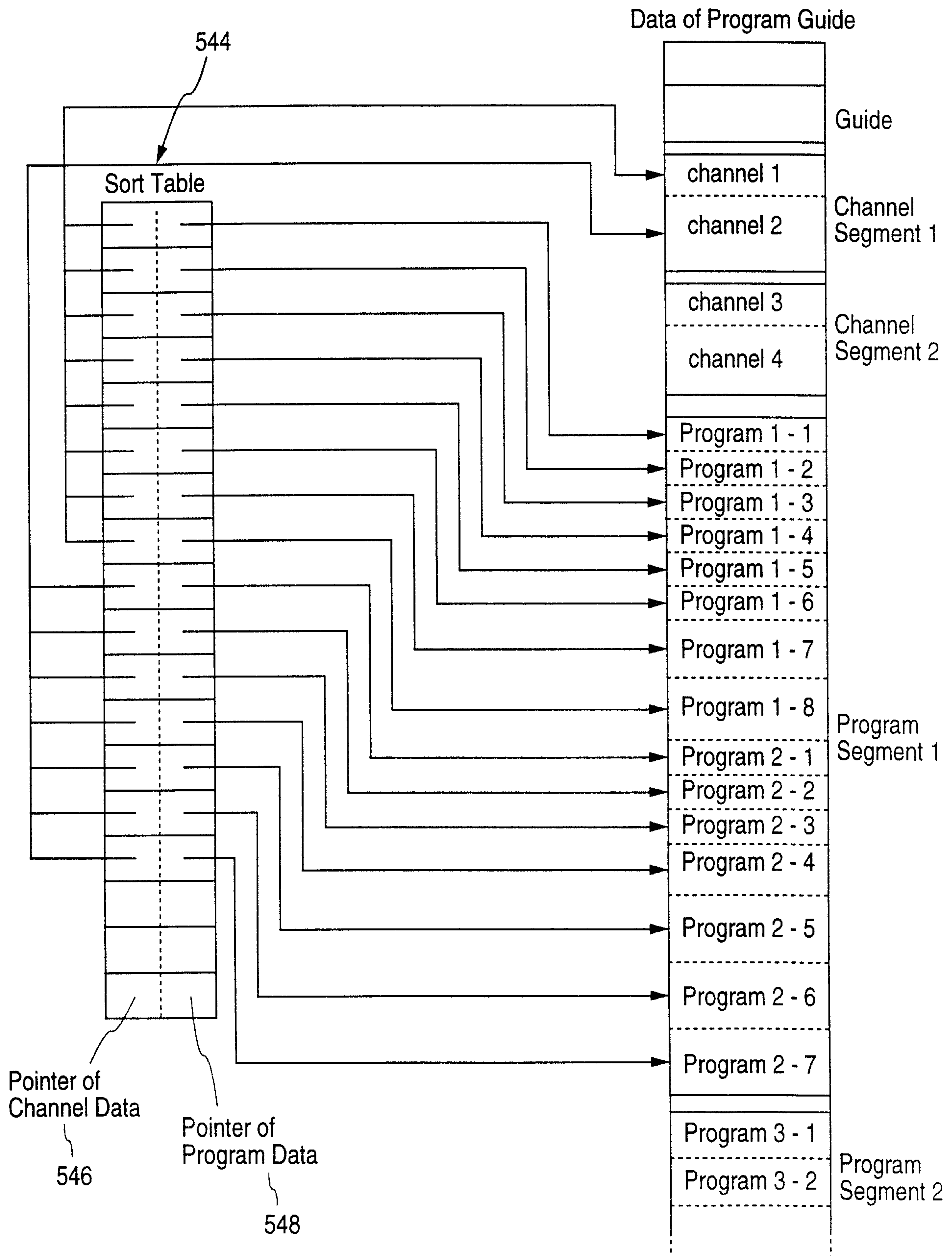


FIG. 5

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**FIG. 6**

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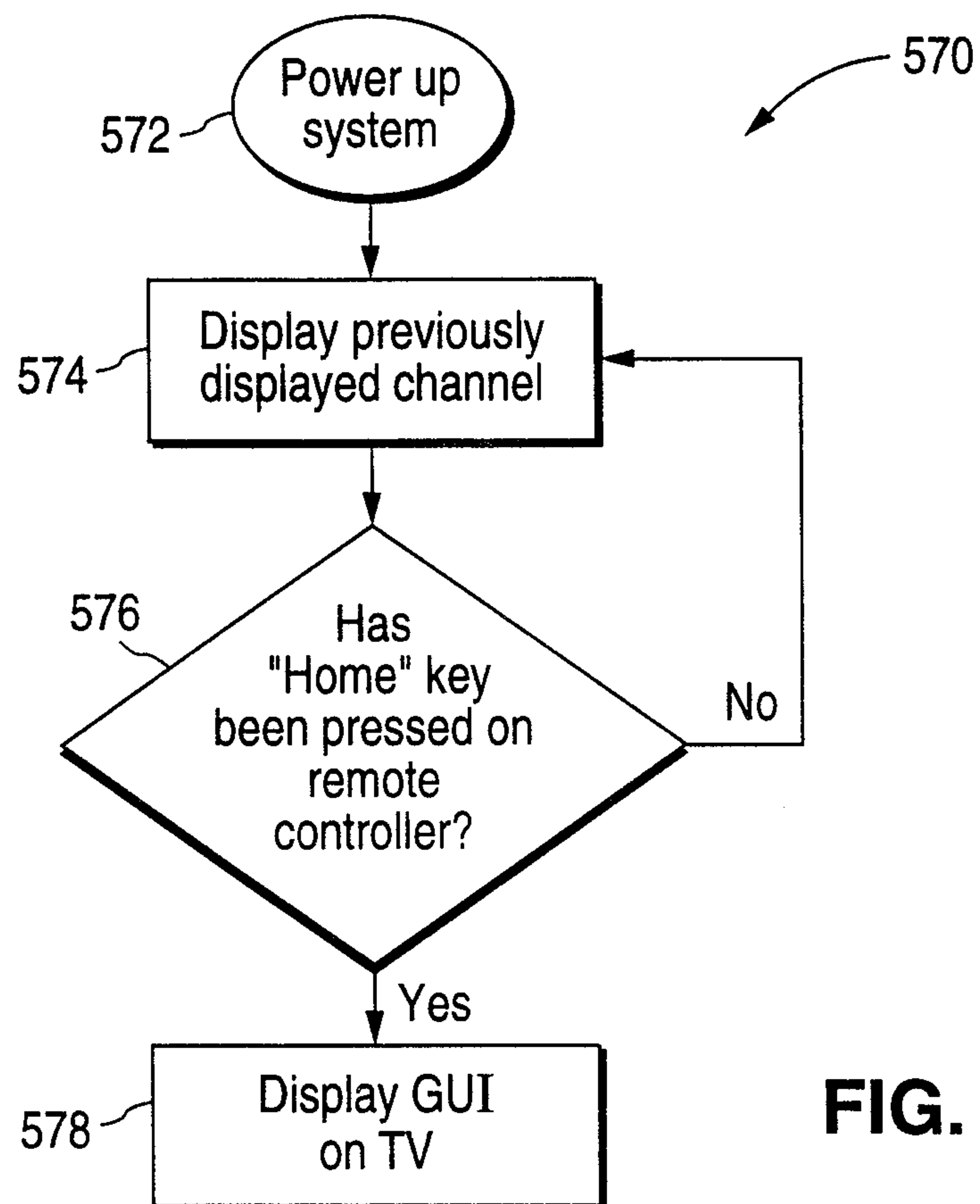


FIG. 8

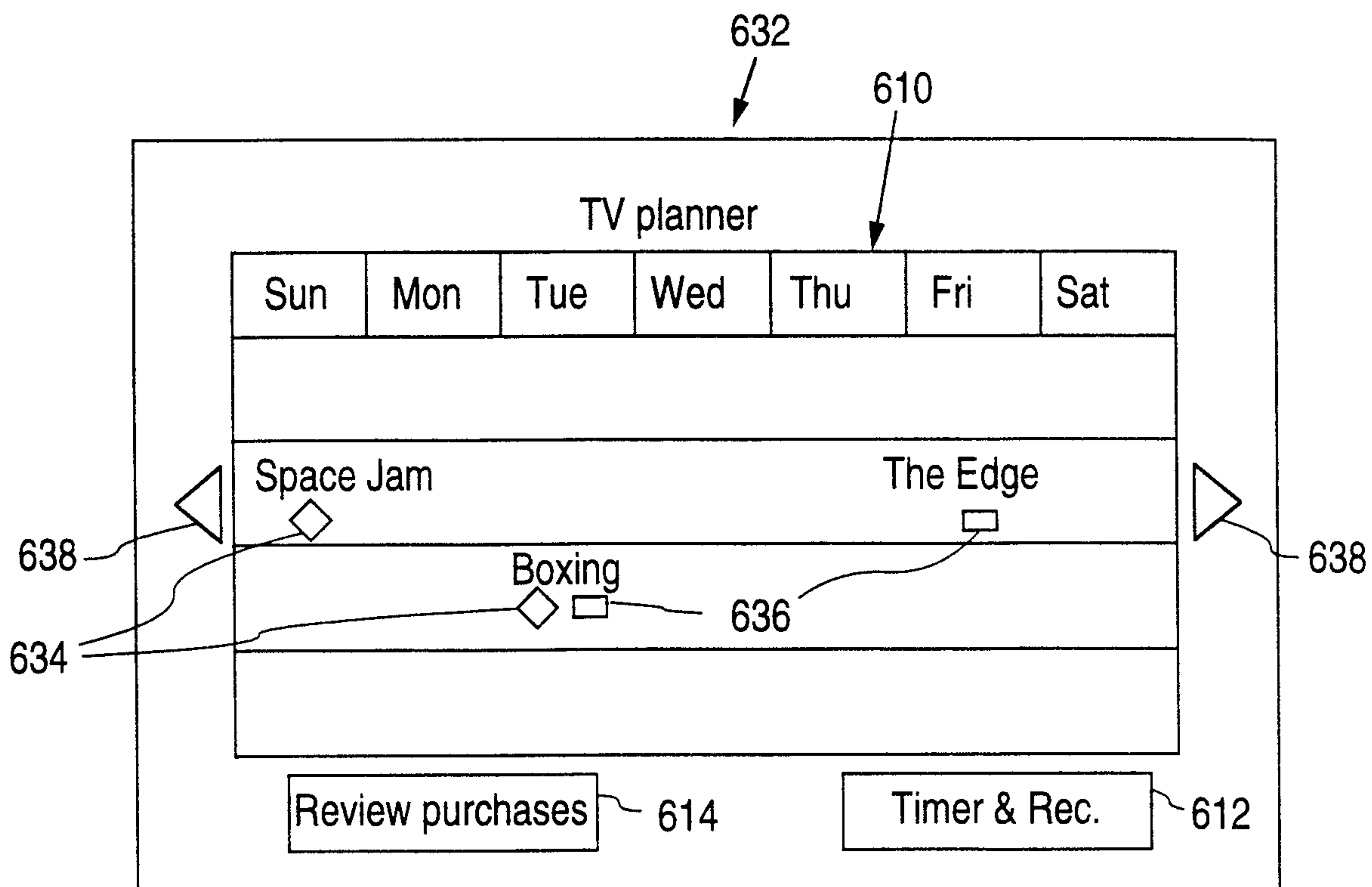


FIG. 11

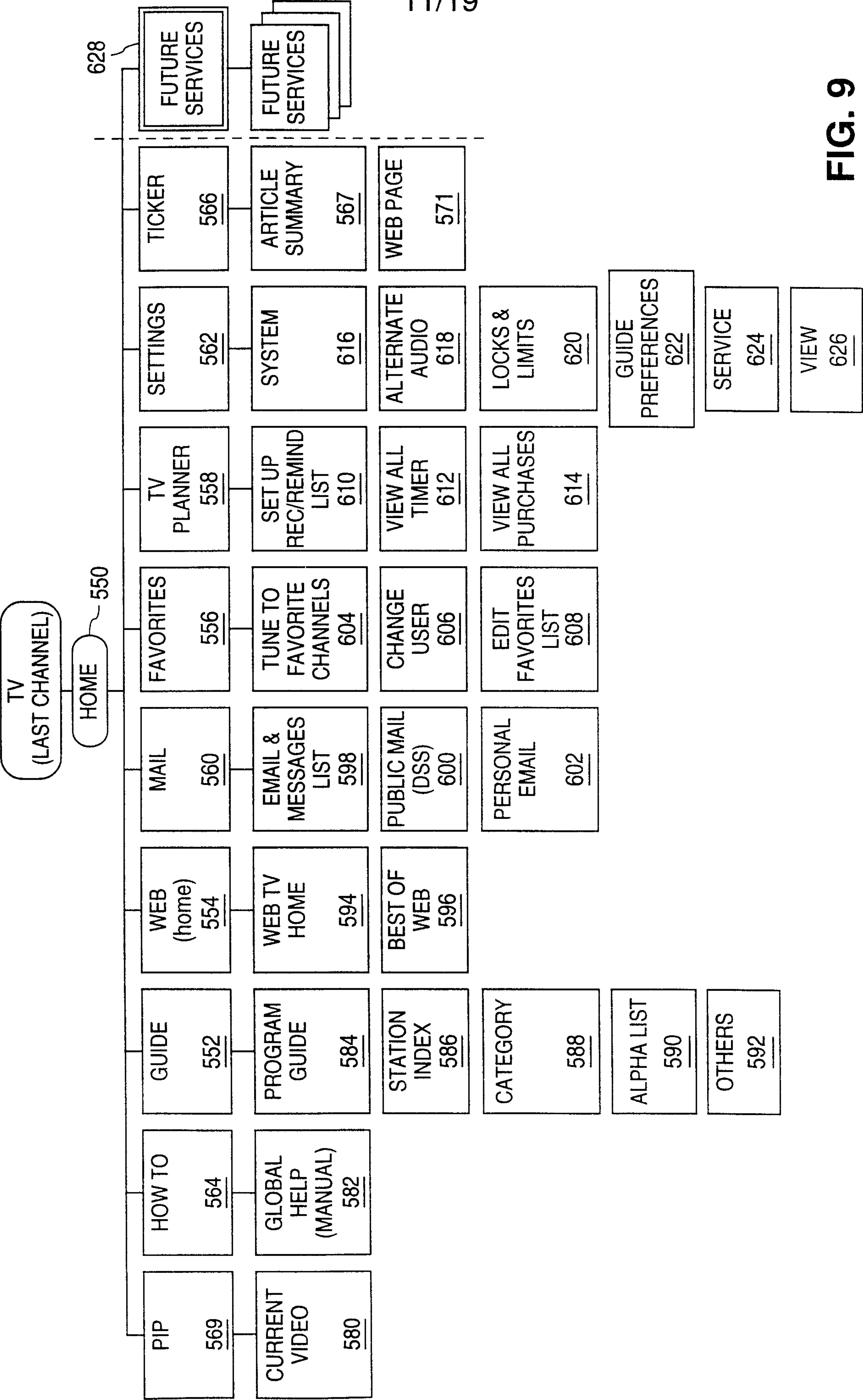


FIG. 9

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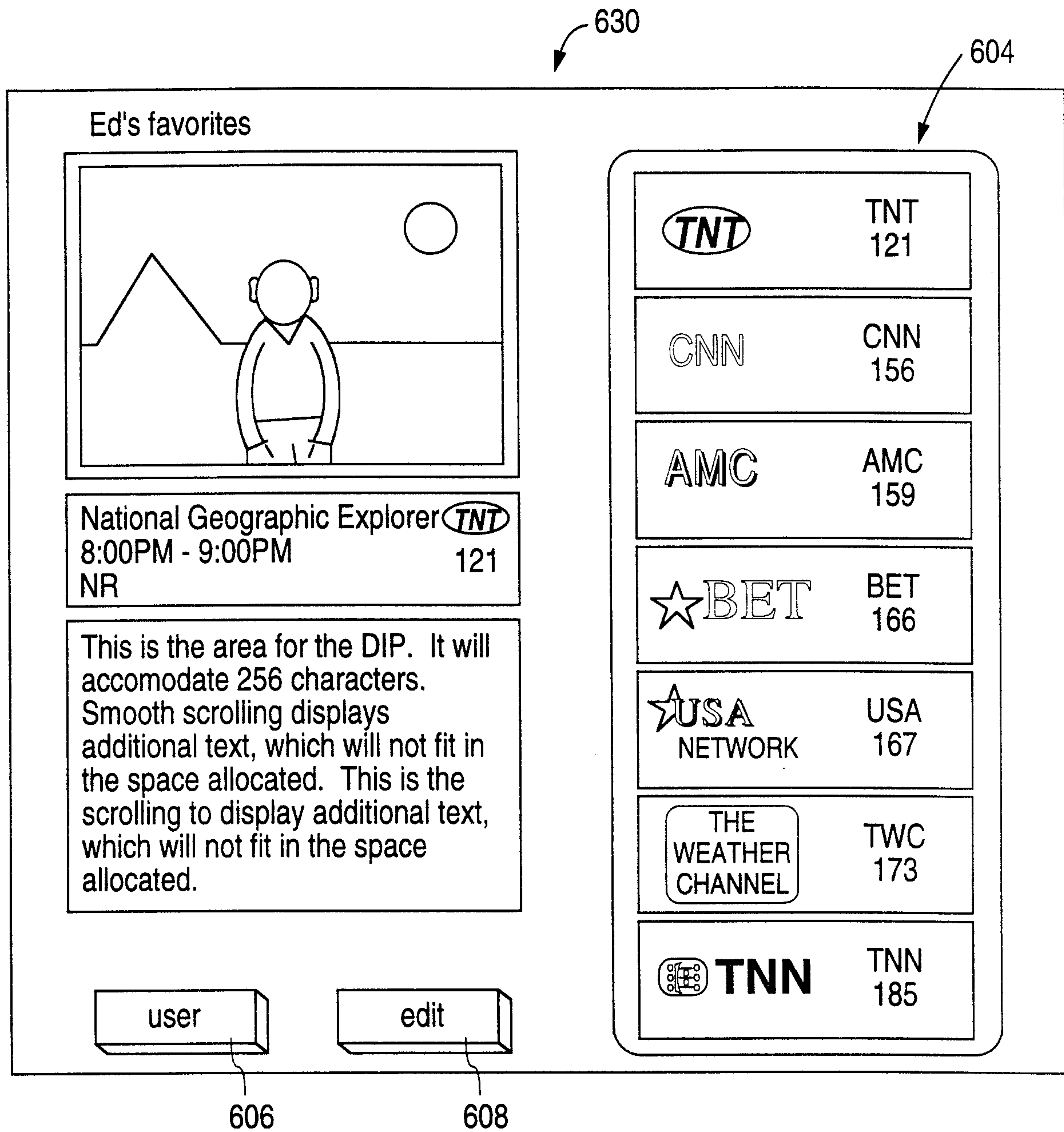


FIG. 10

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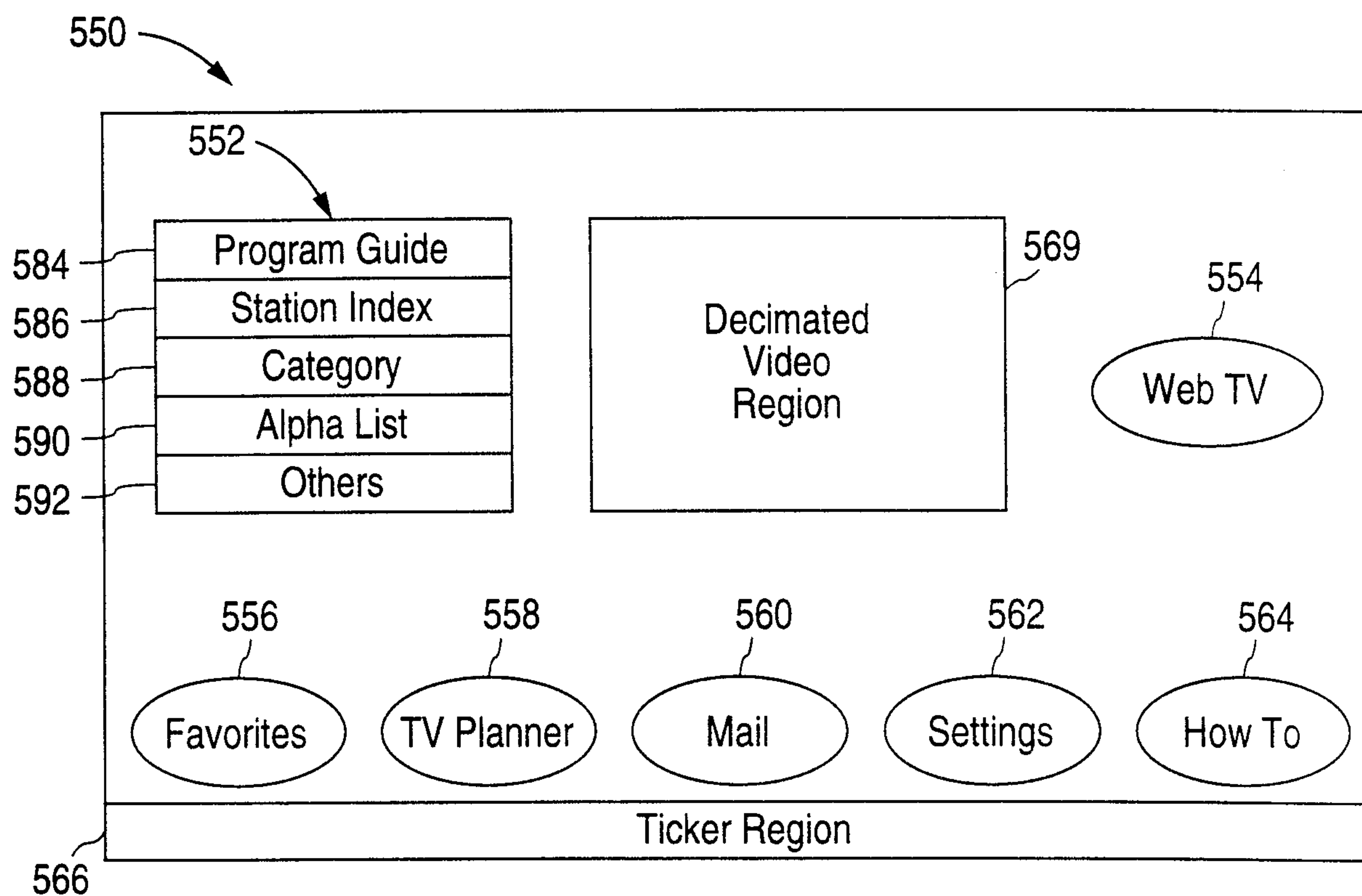


FIG. 12

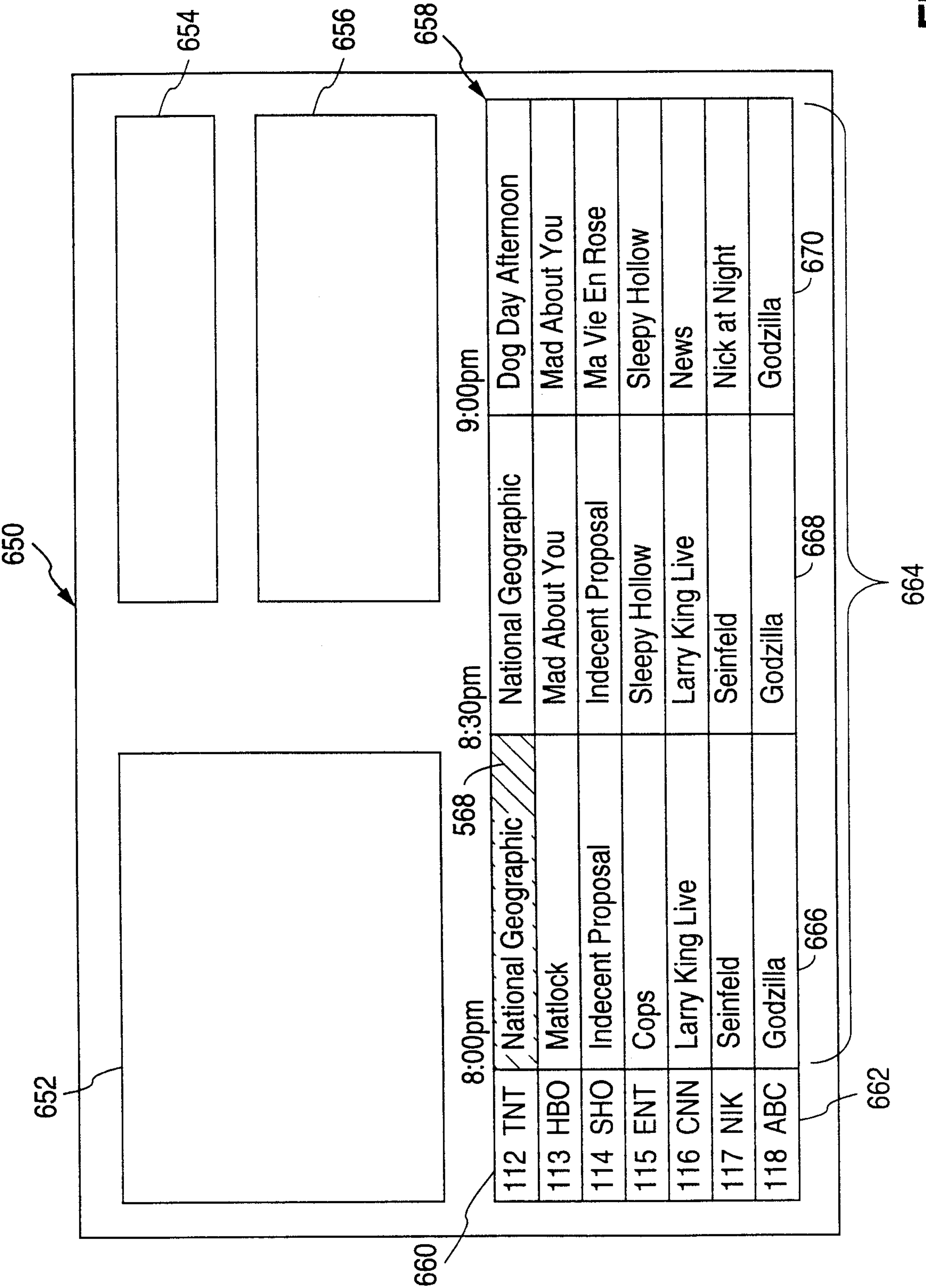


FIG. 13

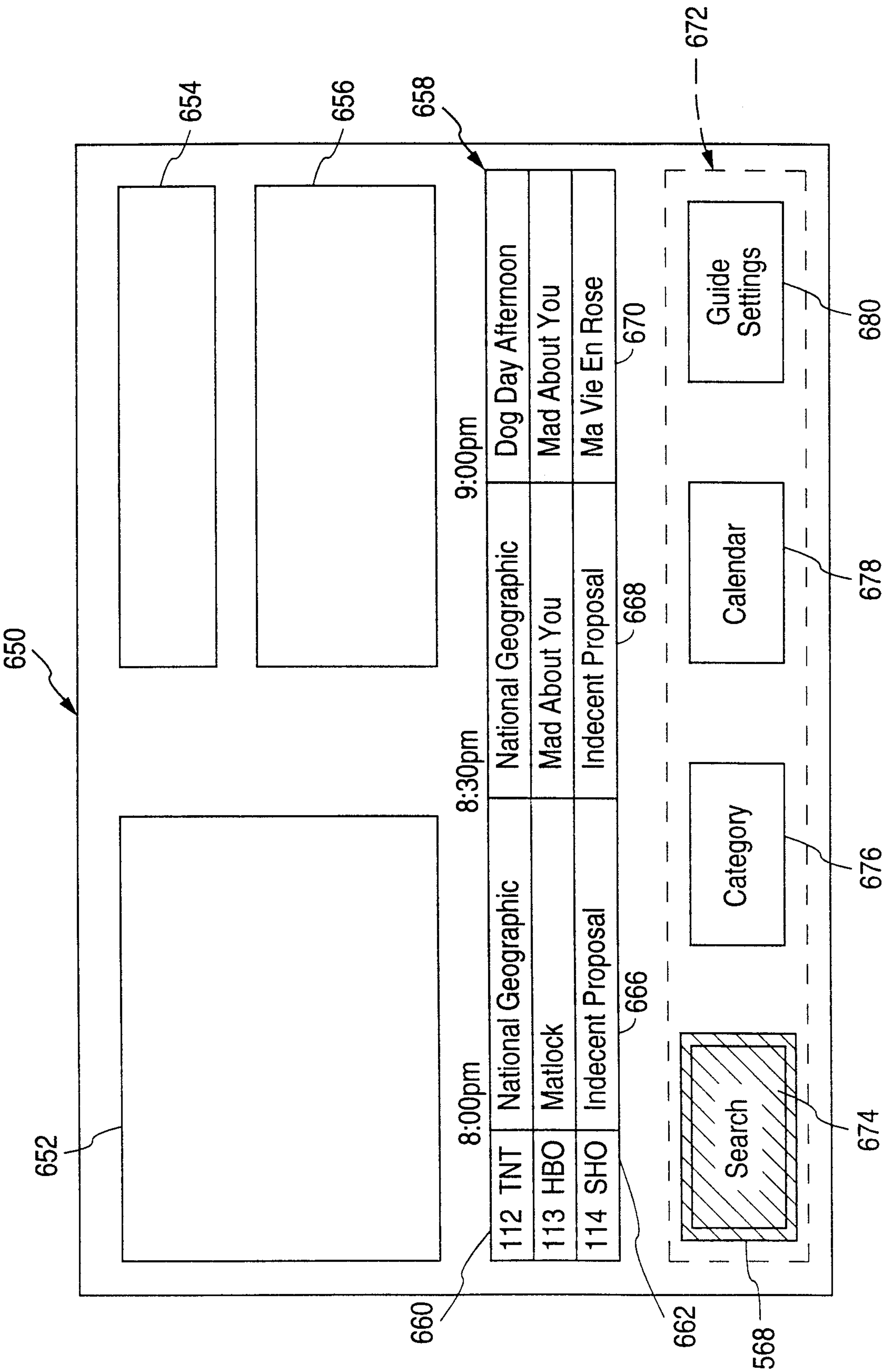


FIG. 14

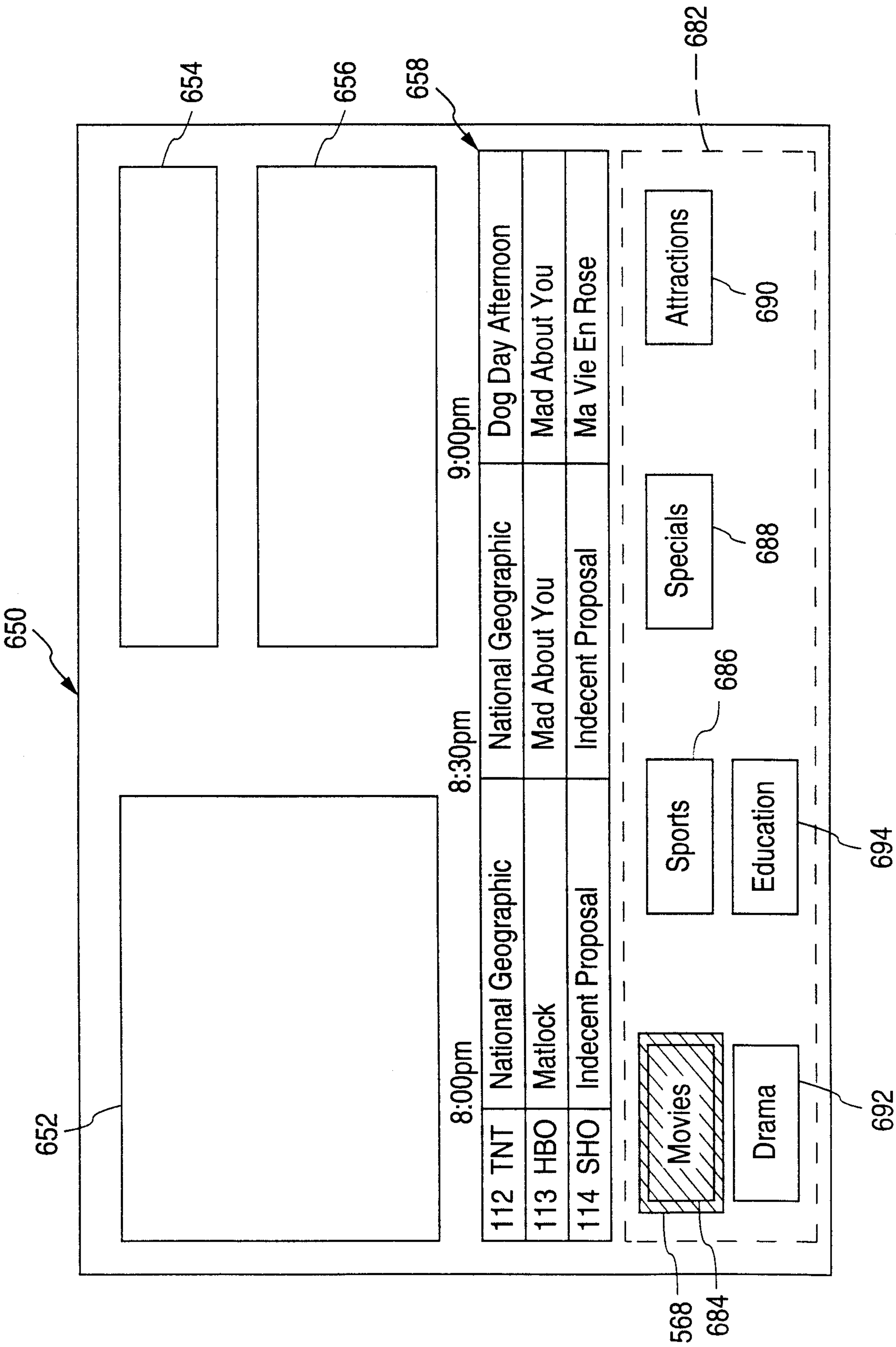


FIG. 15

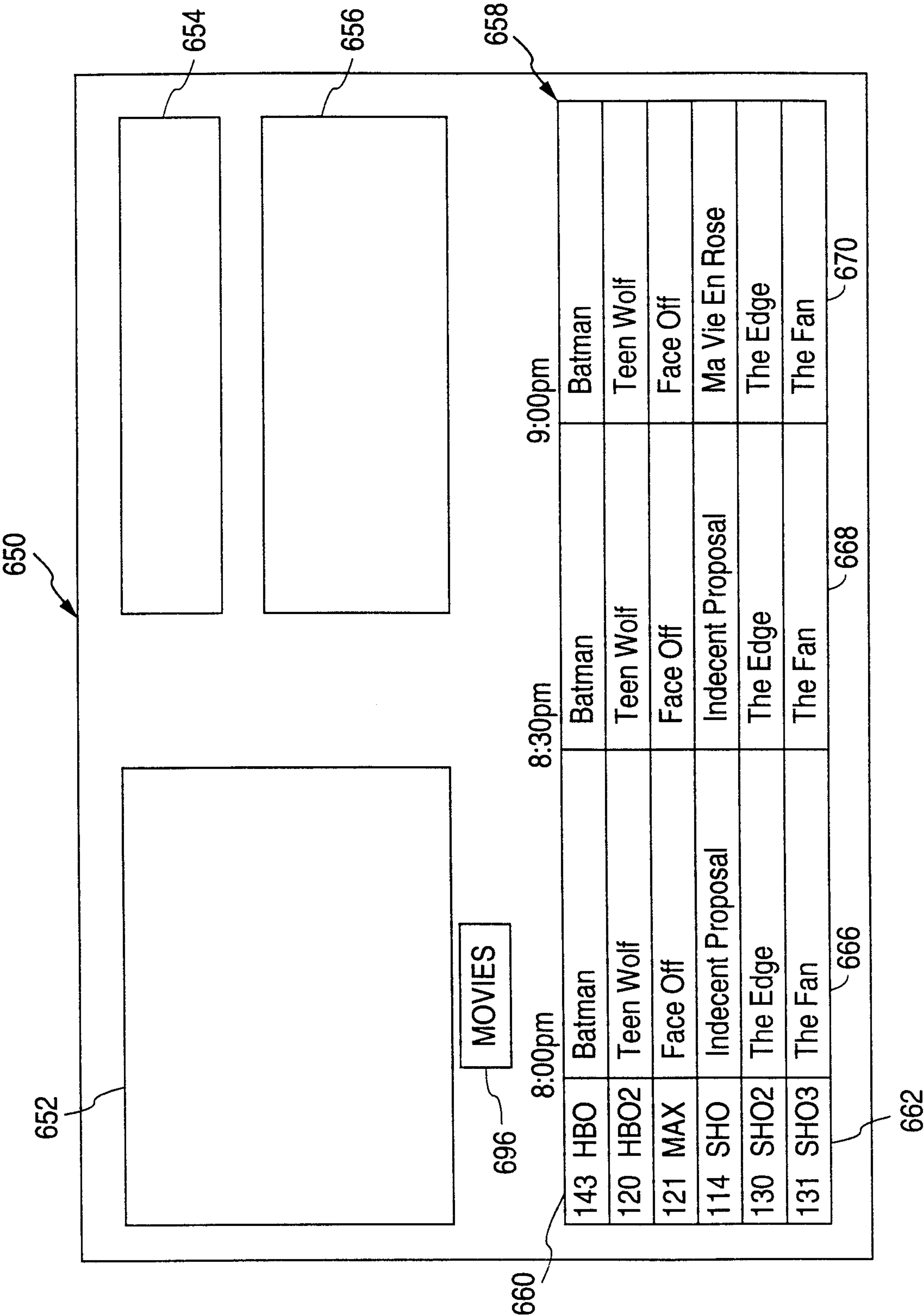
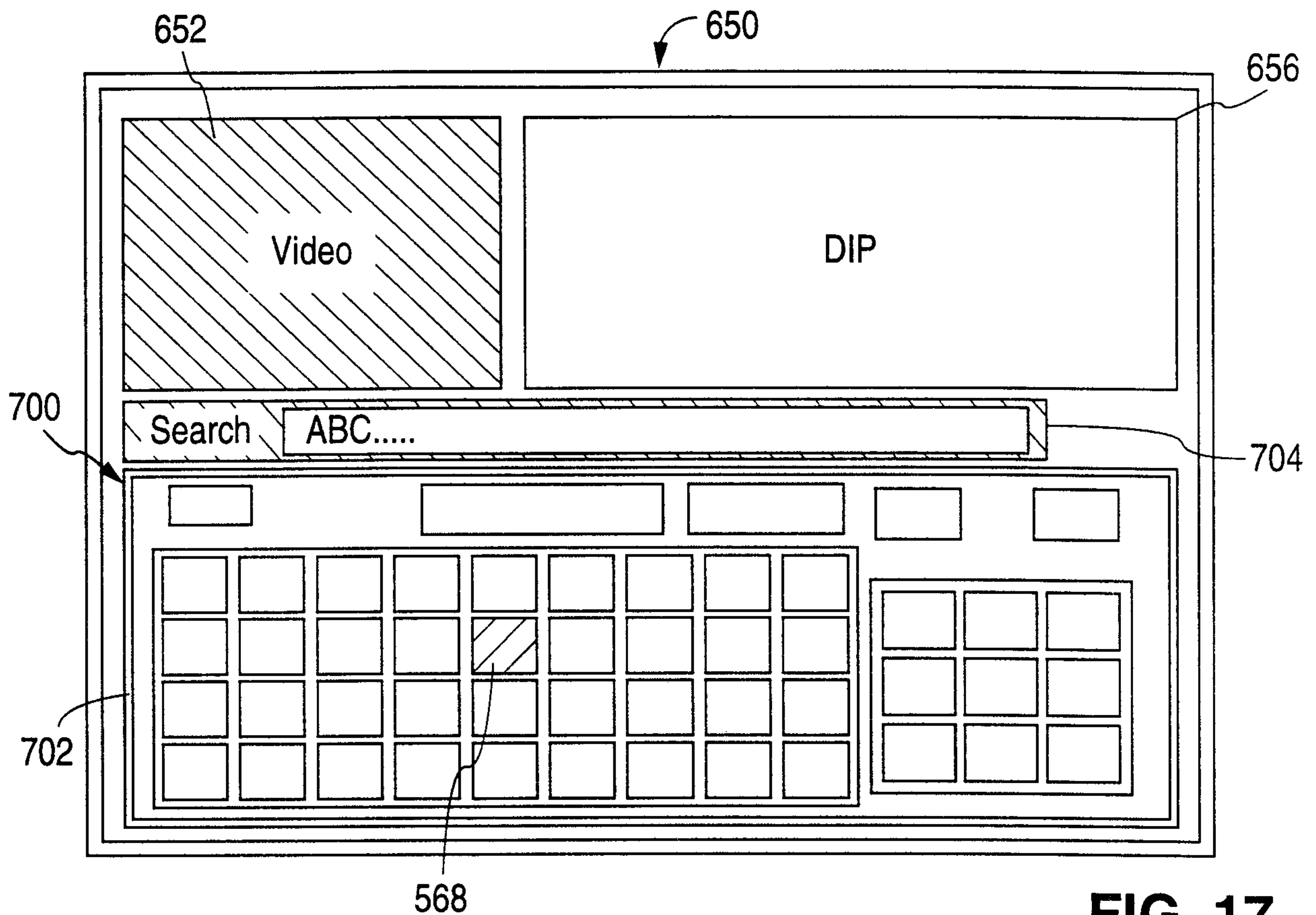
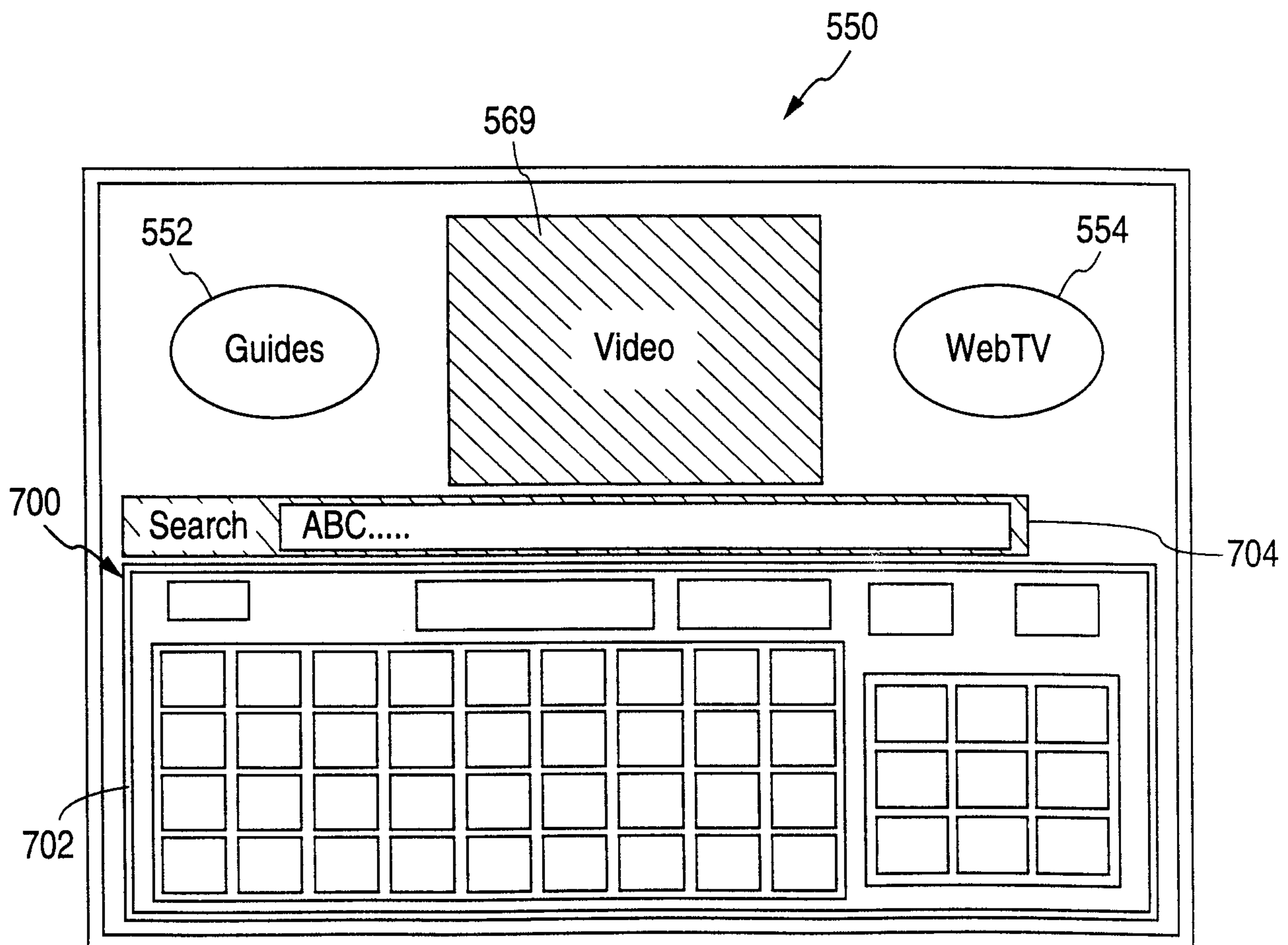


FIG. 16

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**FIG. 17****FIG. 18**

