



US007874501B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Griese et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 7,874,501 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** ***Jan. 25, 2011**

(54) **PRODUCT DISPENSER AND CARRIER**

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 86 days.

This patent is subject to a terminal dis-
claimer.

(21) Appl. No.: **11/957,578**

(22) Filed: **Dec. 17, 2007**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2009/0001192 A1 Jan. 1, 2009

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 10/781,332, filed on
Feb. 18, 2004, now Pat. No. 7,309,026, which is a
continuation-in-part of application No. 10/655,538,
filed on Sep. 4, 2003, now Pat. No. 6,910,640, which is
a continuation-in-part of application No. 10/411,062,
filed on Apr. 9, 2003, now Pat. No. 6,779,740, which is
a continuation-in-part of application No. 10/121,440,
filed on Apr. 10, 2002, now Pat. No. 6,883,723.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
A61L 9/04 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **239/43; 239/57; 239/60;**
15/231

(58) **Field of Classification Search** 239/43,
239/60, 83, 57; 510/519; 15/231
See application file for complete search history.

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Reuseable Dryer Sheets NPL.*

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Primary Examiner—Len Tran

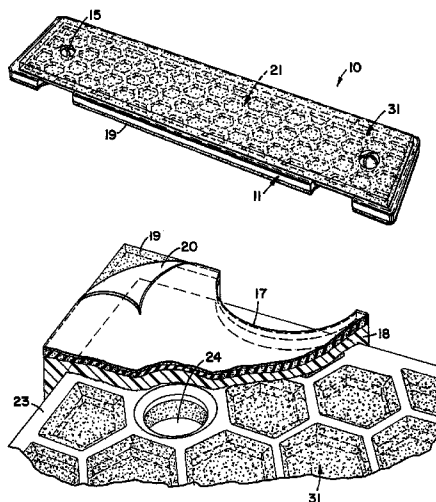
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A product dispenser (10, 110, 210, 310, 410, 510, 610, 710,
720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 780, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850,
and 860) for attachment to a surface such as an inner surface
of a dryer releasably attaches a product (31, 131, 431, 531,
713, 733, 743, 753, 763, 787, 804, 815, 825, 834, 844, 854,
862) to the surface.

24 Claims, 28 Drawing Sheets



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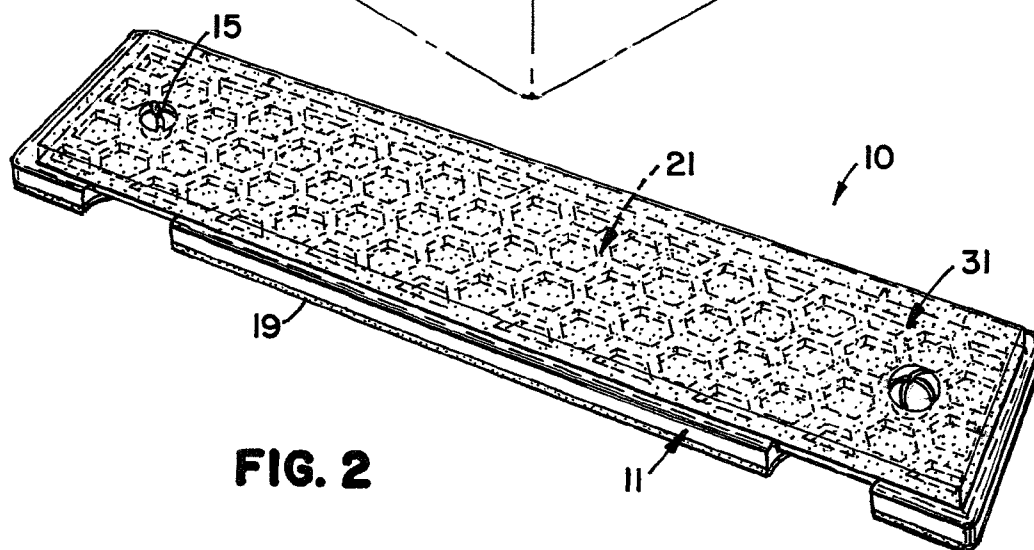
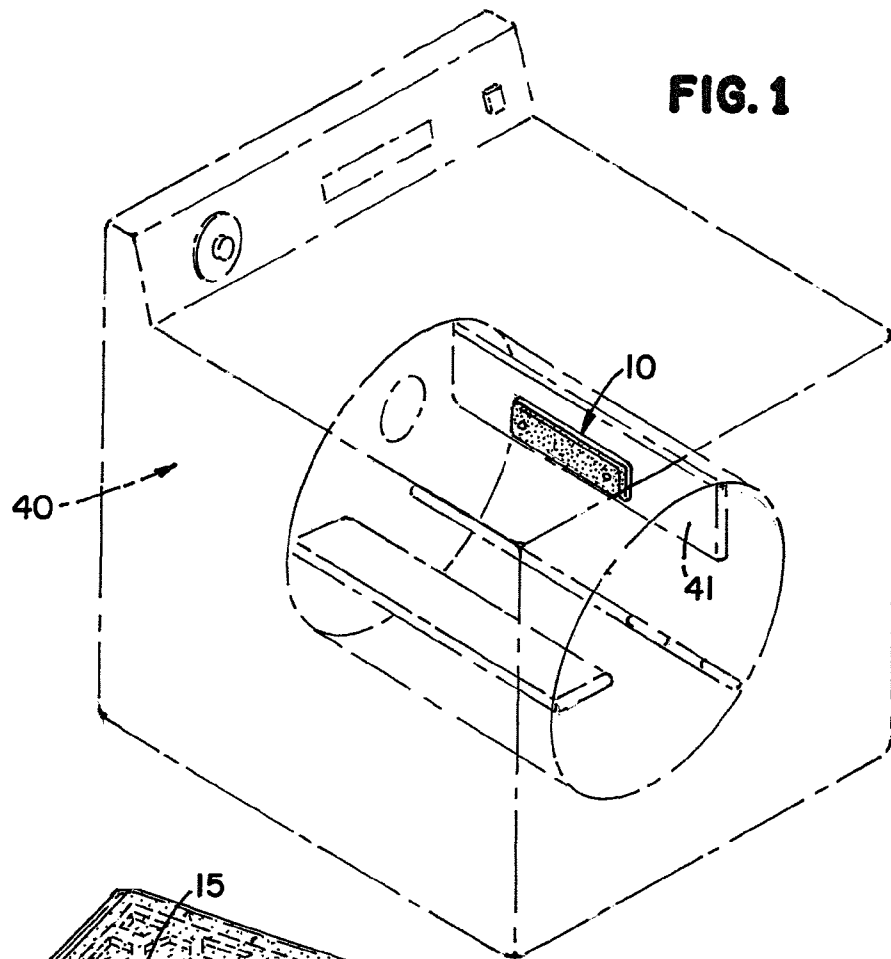
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 Ecolab Inc., Photos A-C showing Easy Soft™ 12 Fabric Softener 14082, a product similar to a product first publicly disclosed Jun. 1, 2002 and first offered for sale Jun. 5, 2002 differing only in color of the product dispenser and carrier, a product also similar to that shown in Figures 13 and 14 and described on p. 14, line 5 through p. 16, line 9 of U.S. Appl. No. 10/121,440 and shown in Figures 13, 14 and 23 and described on p. 16, line 4 through p. 19, line 17 of U.S. Appl. No. 10/411,062, now U.S. Patent No. 6,779,740.

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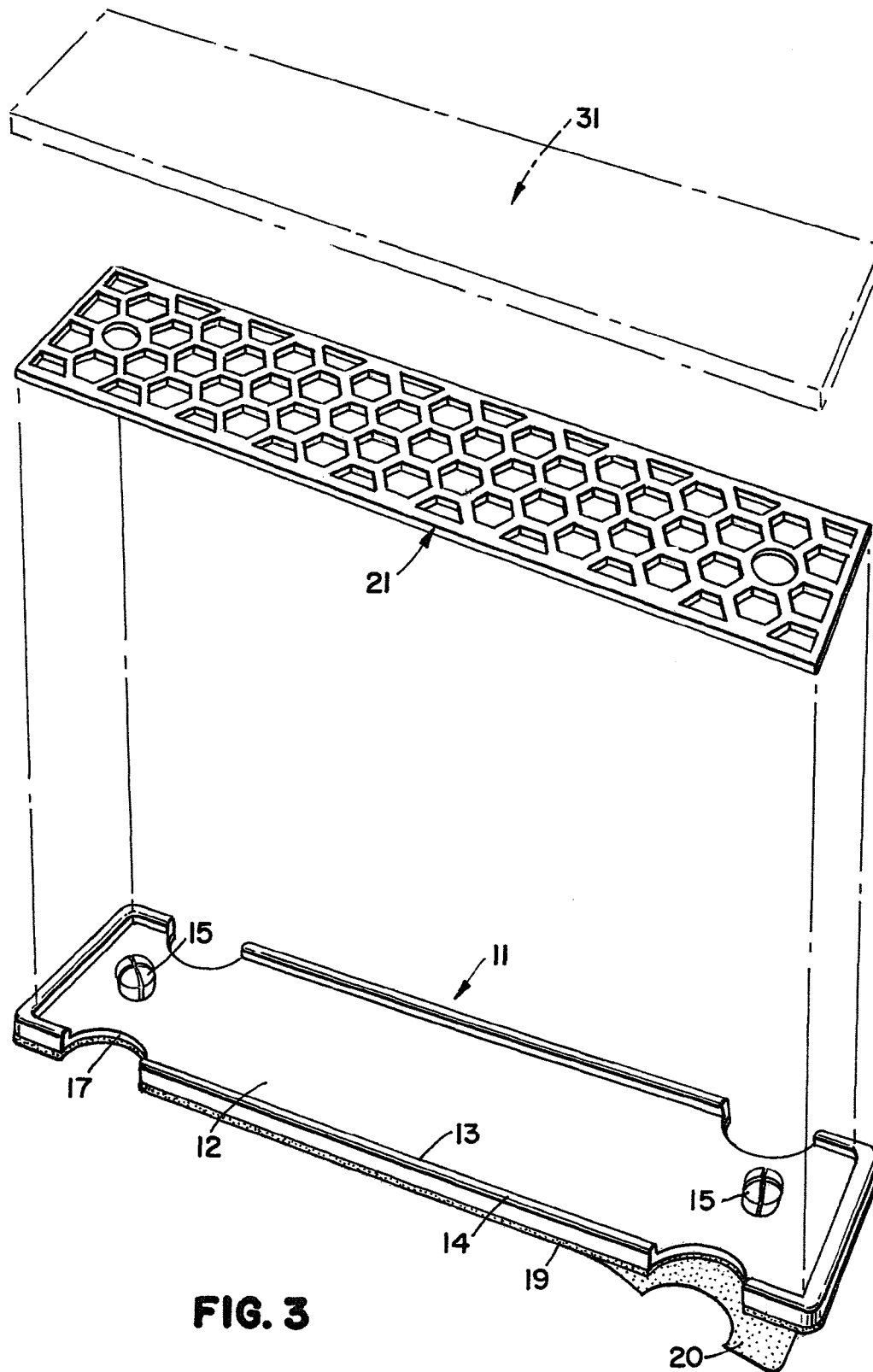


FIG. 3

FIG. 4

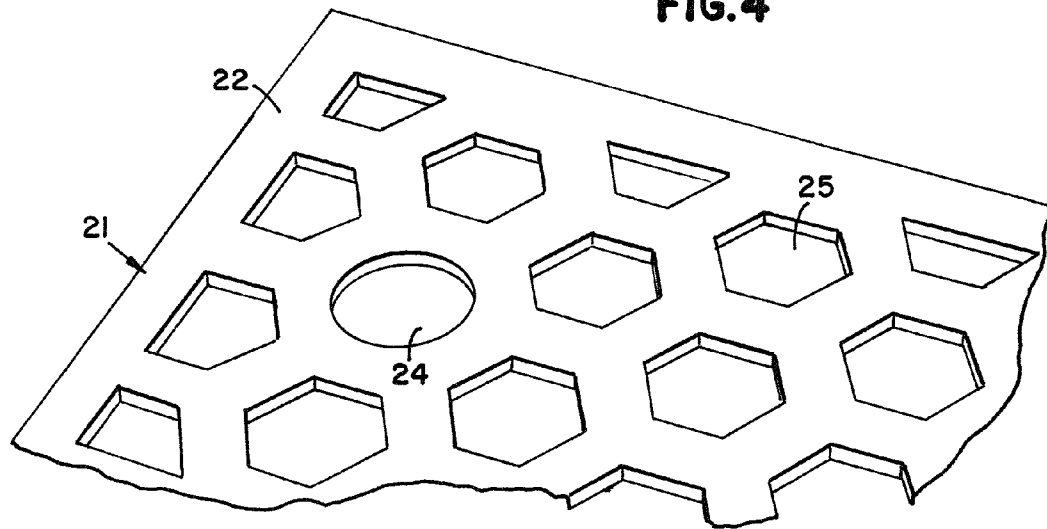
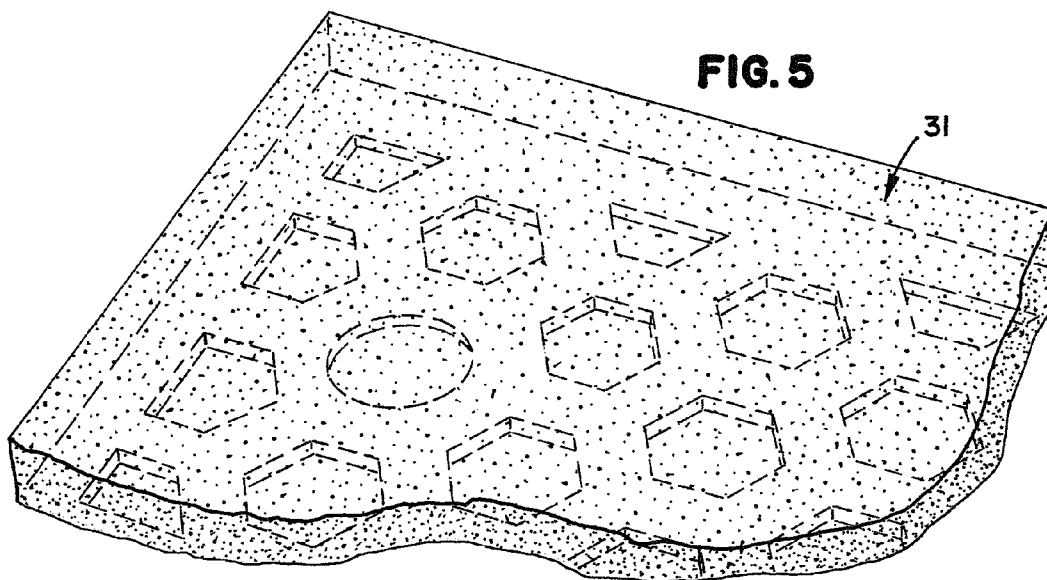
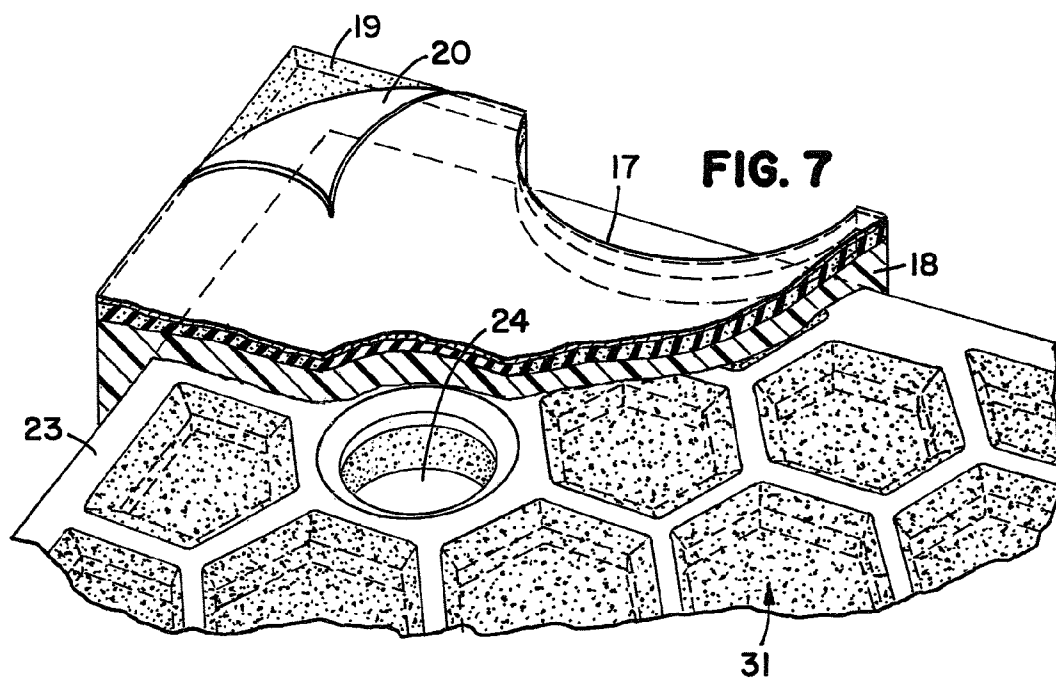
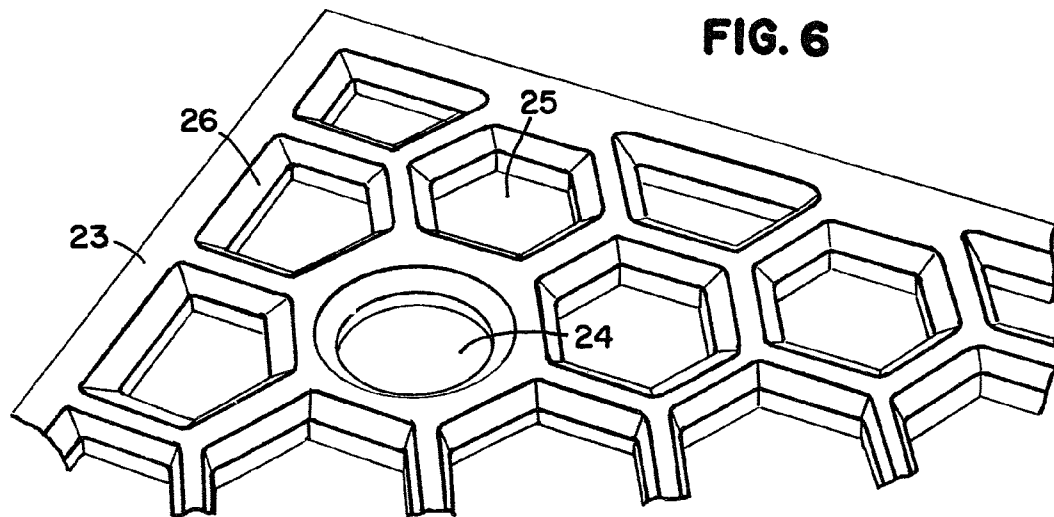
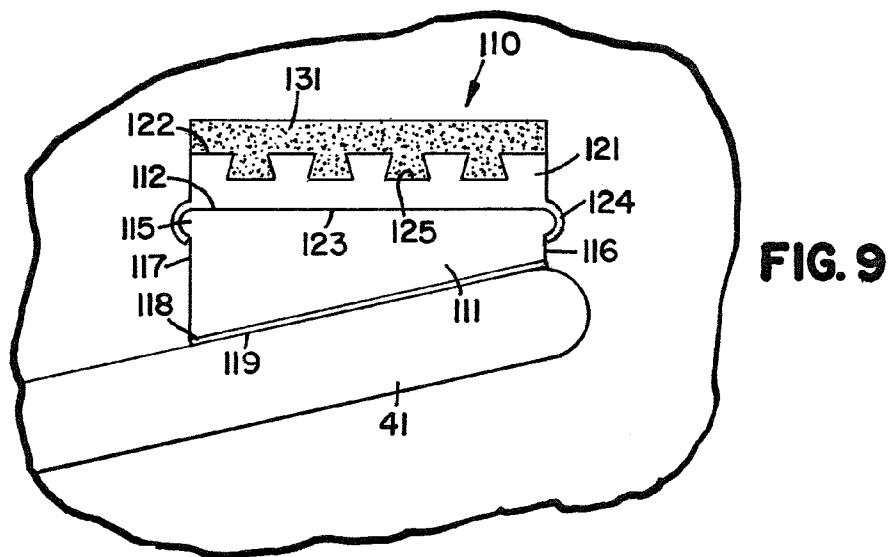
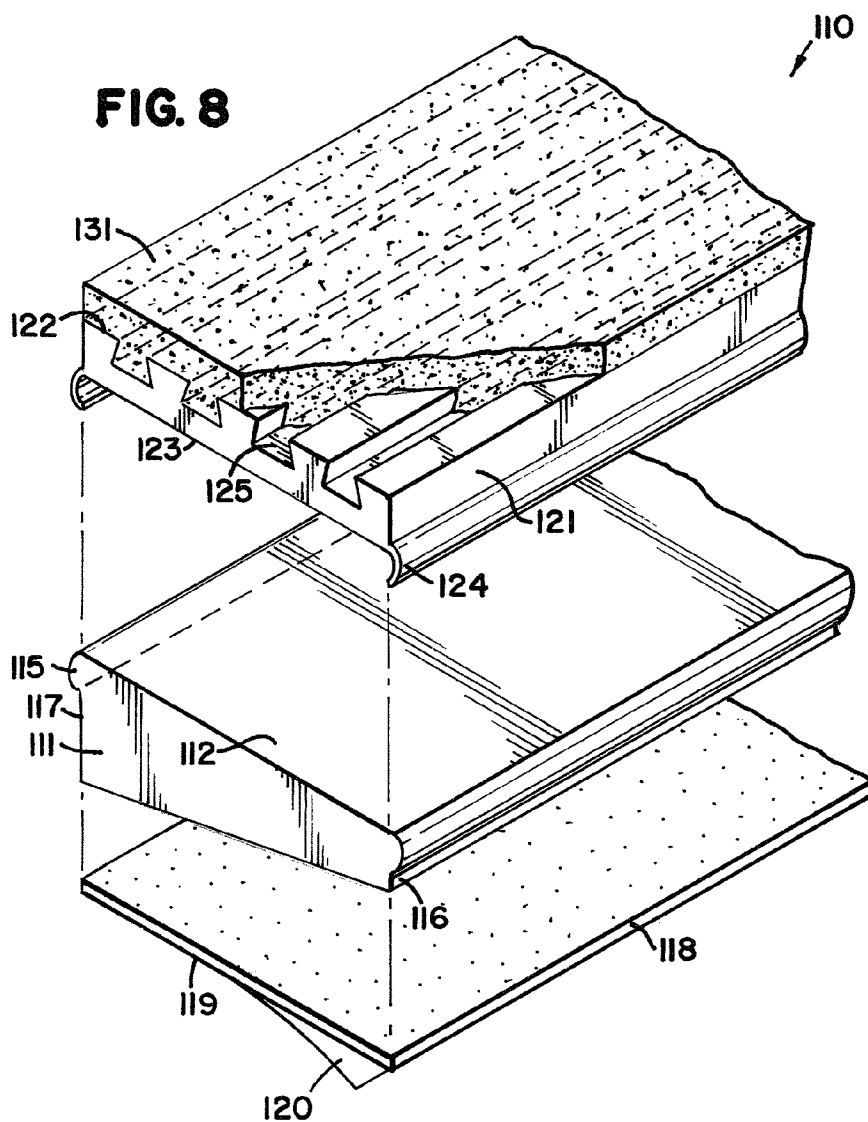


FIG. 5







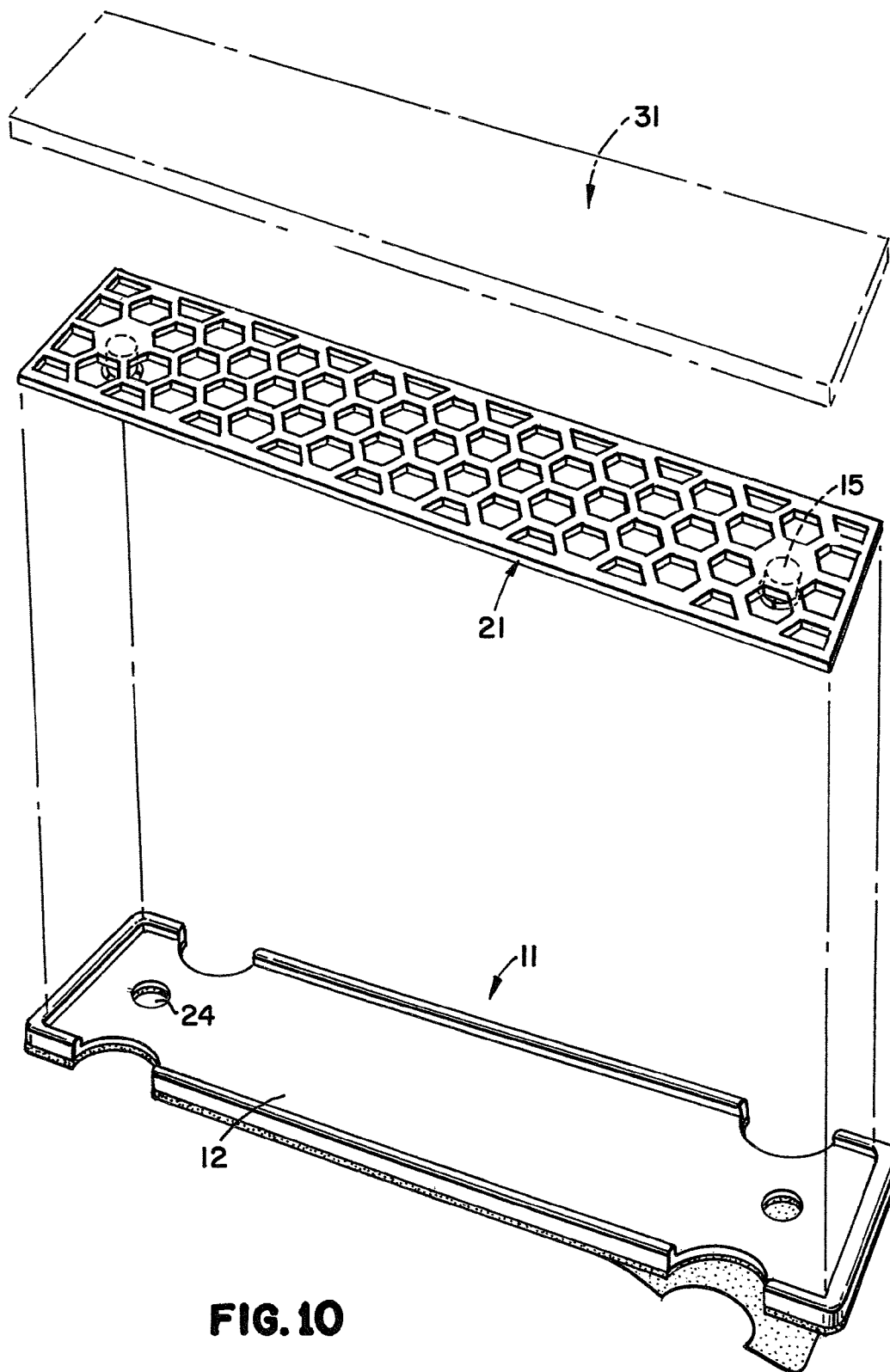


FIG. 10

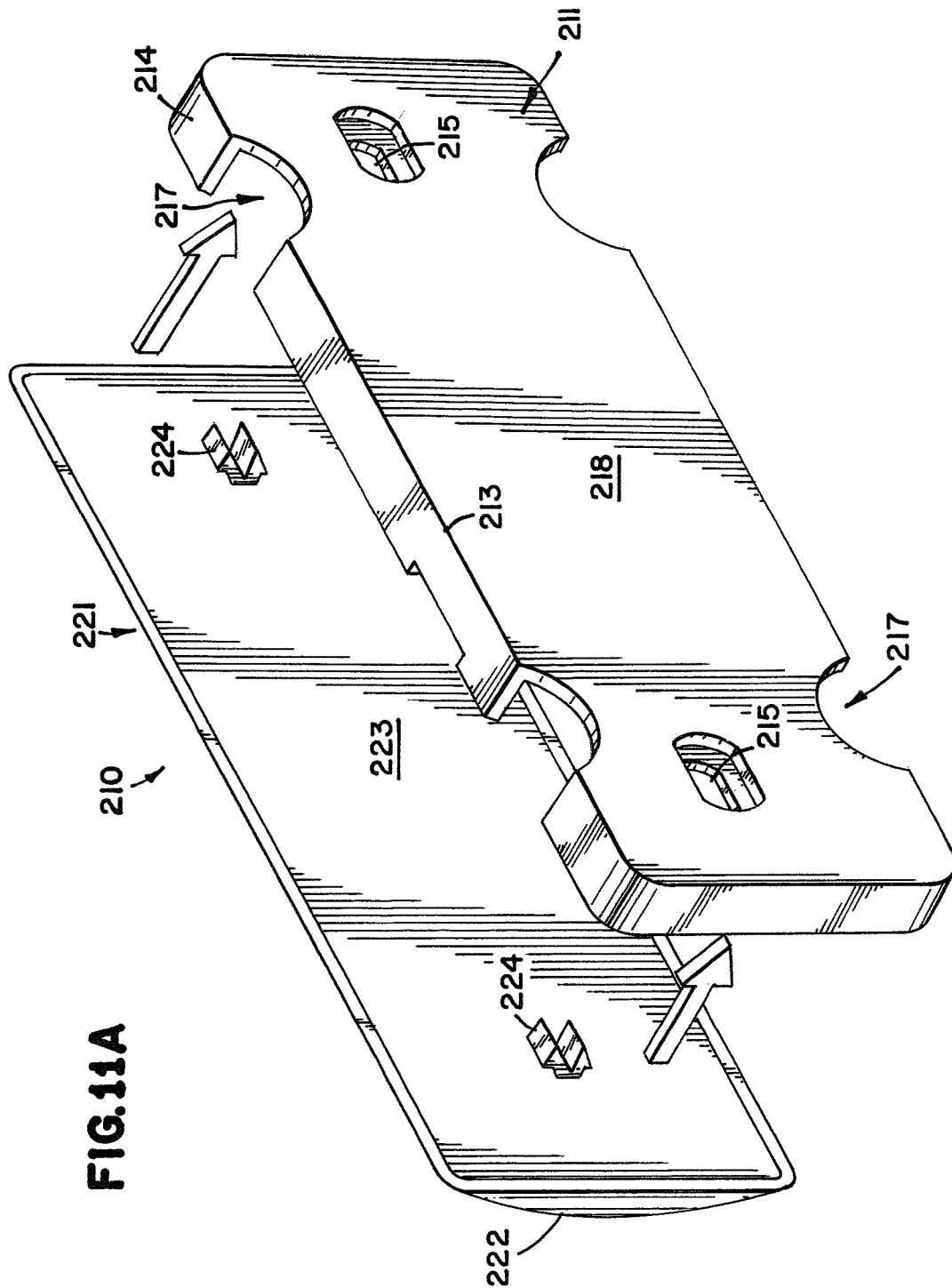


FIG. 11A

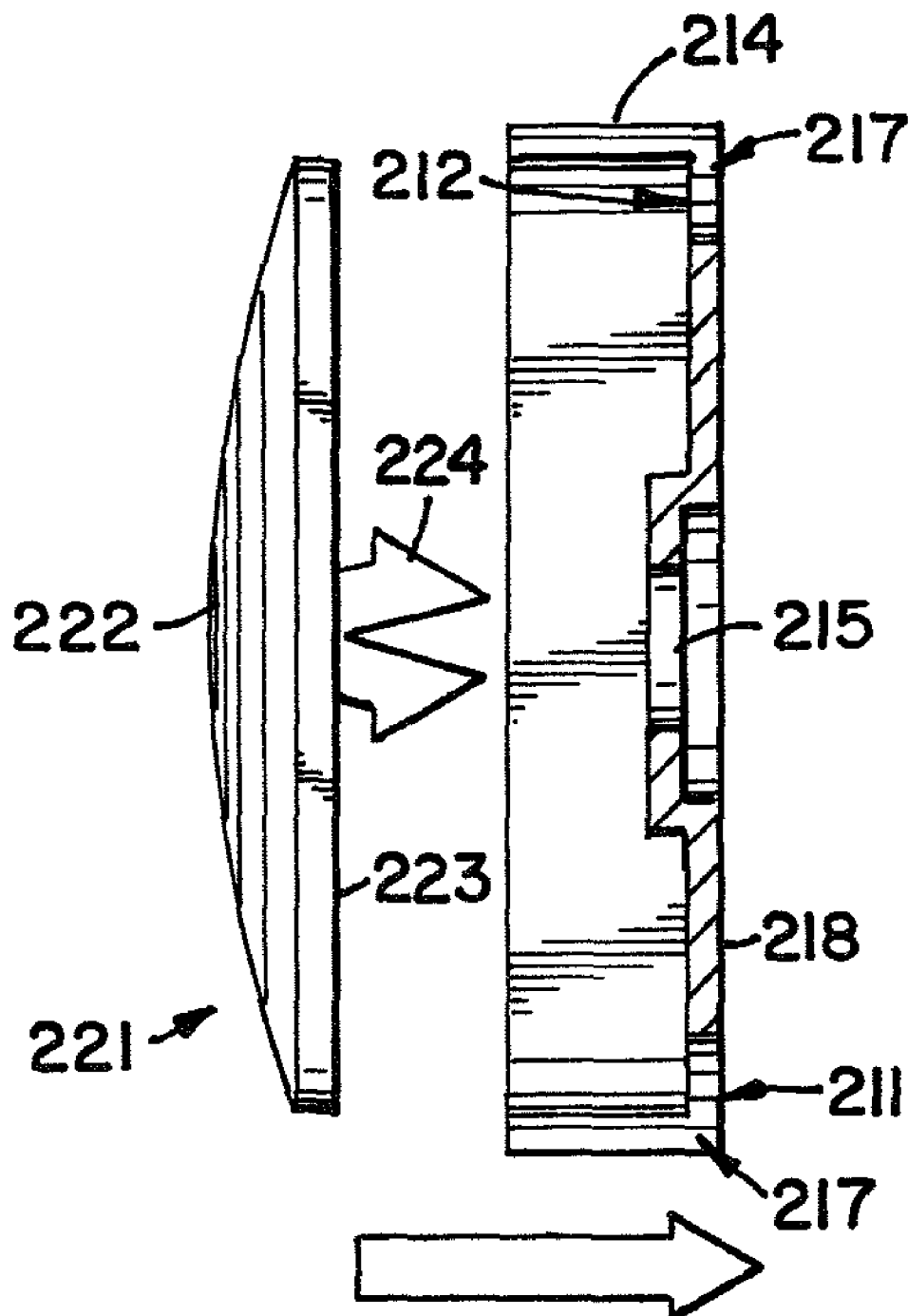
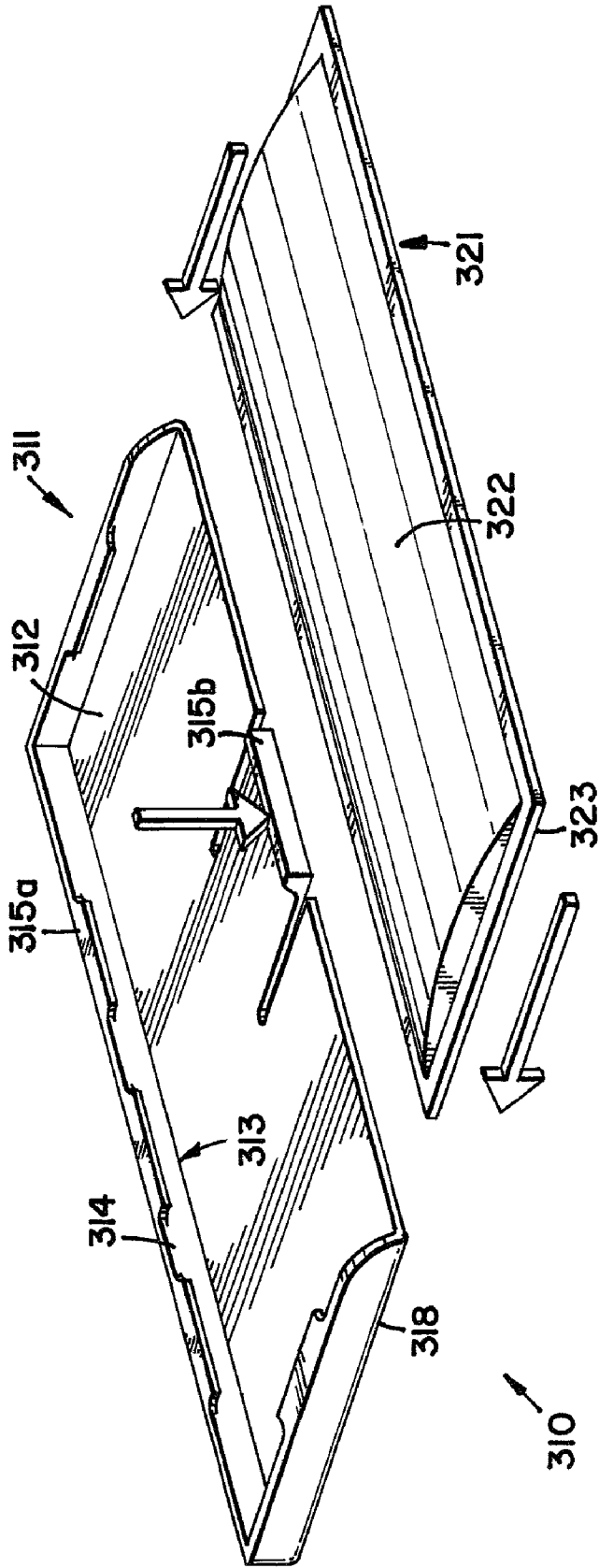
FIG. 11B

FIG. 12



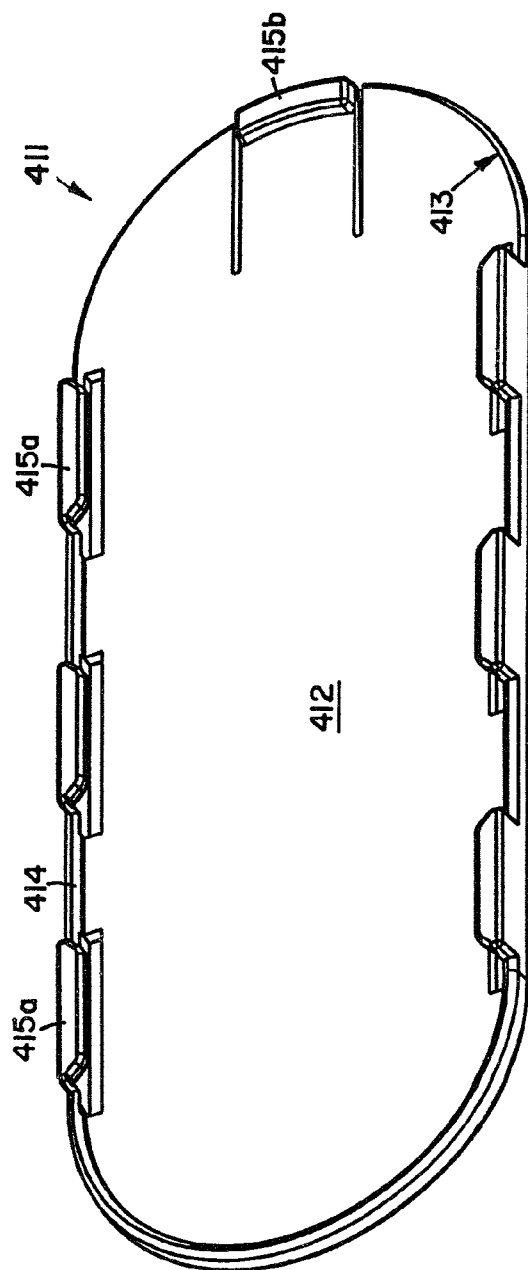


FIG. 13

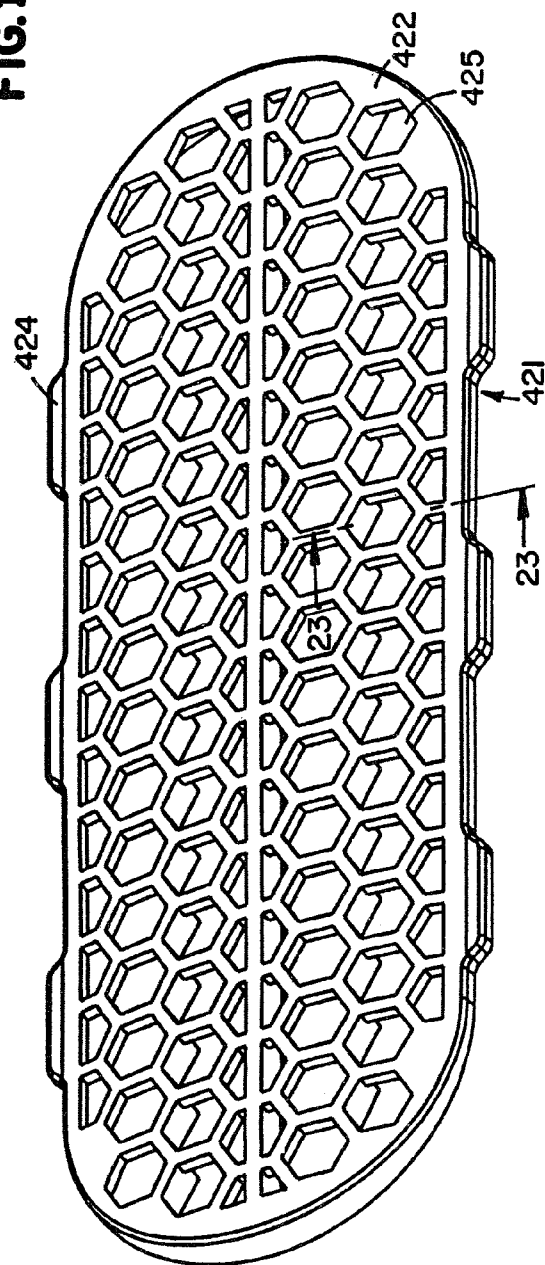
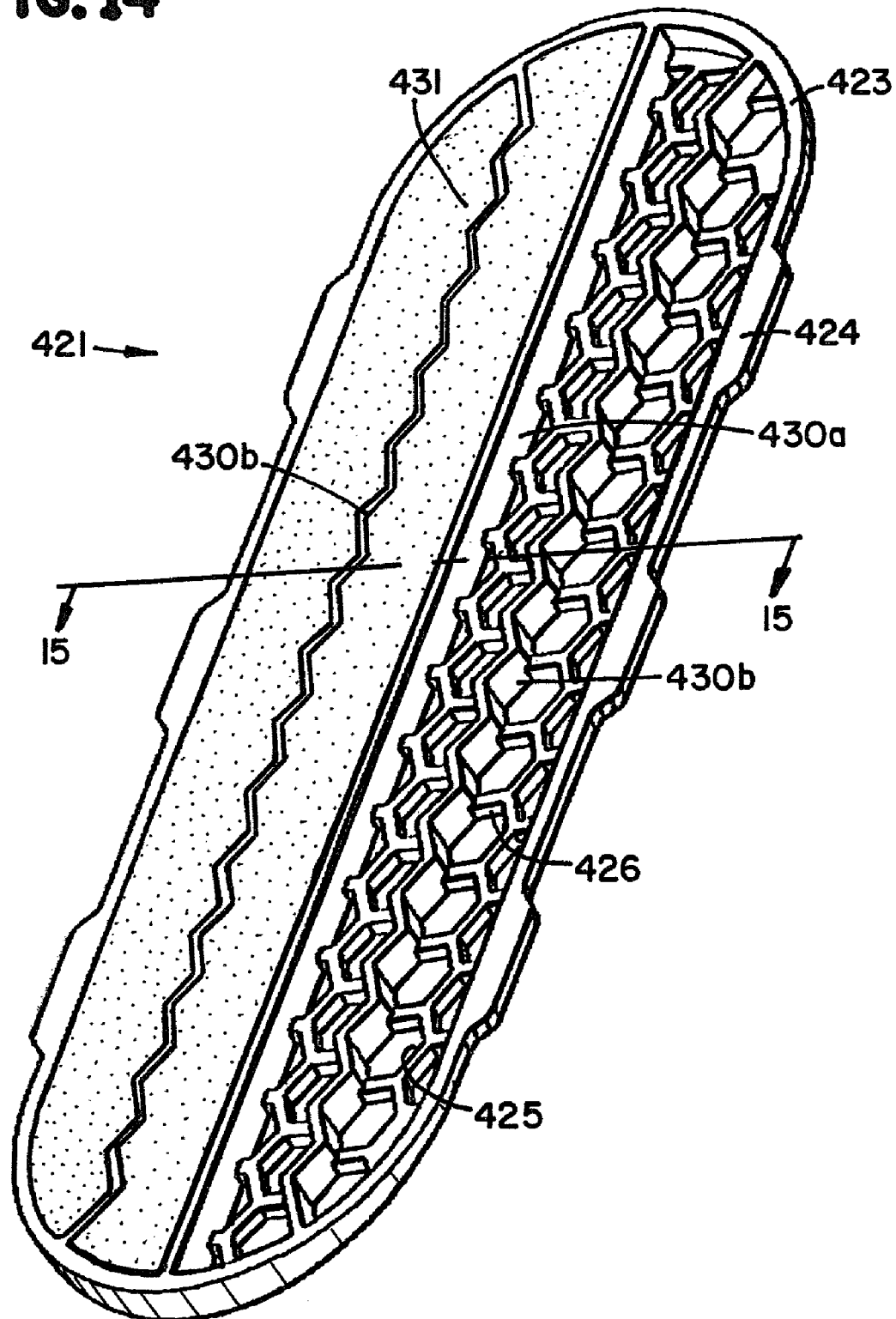


FIG. 14

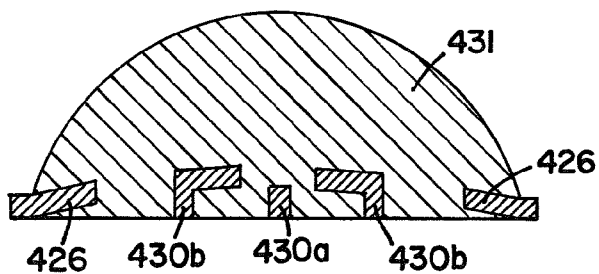


FIG. 15



FIG. 16A



FIG. 16B



FIG. 17A



FIG. 17B

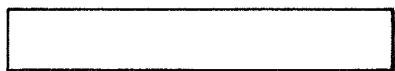


FIG. 18A



FIG. 18B

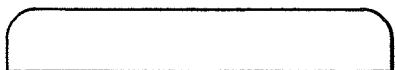


FIG. 19A



FIG. 19B

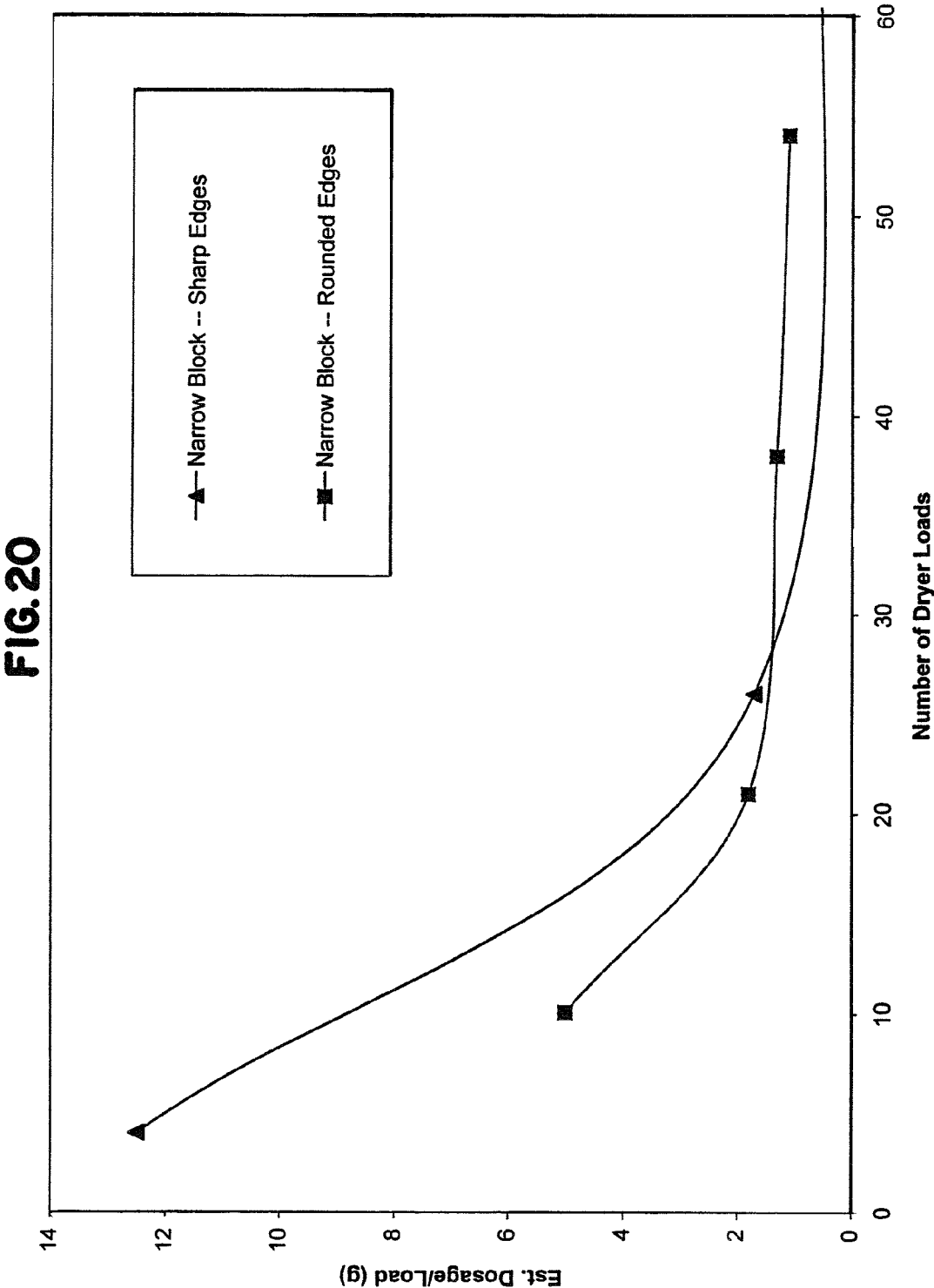


FIG. 21

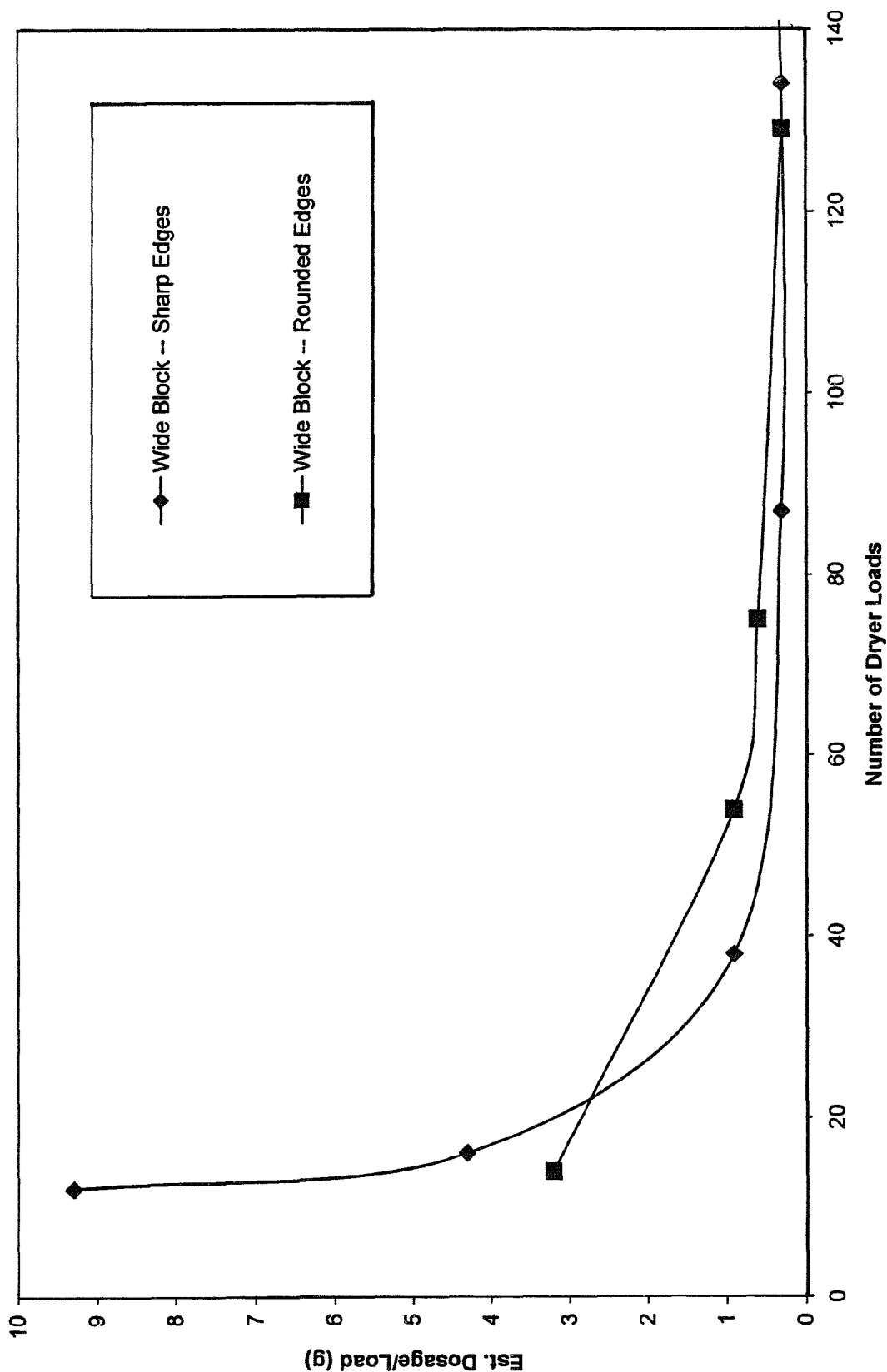


FIG. 22

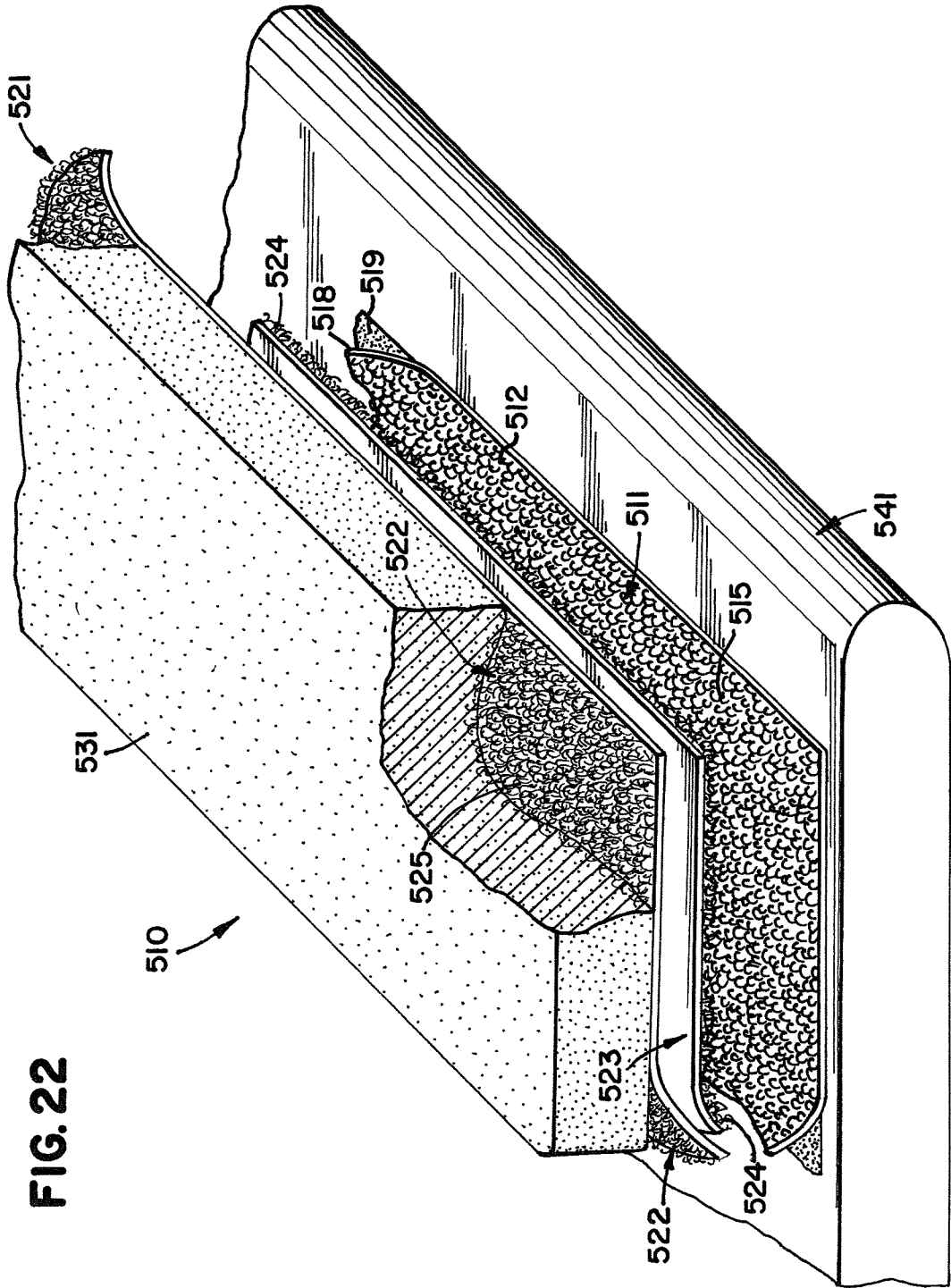


FIG. 23

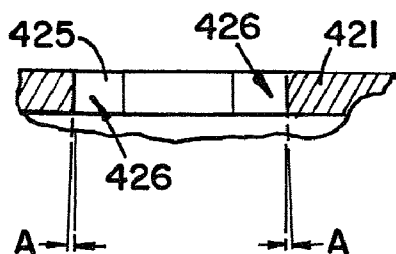


FIG. 24A

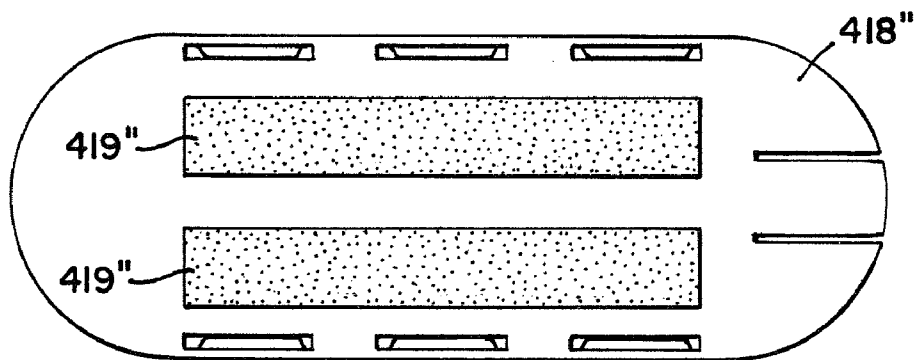
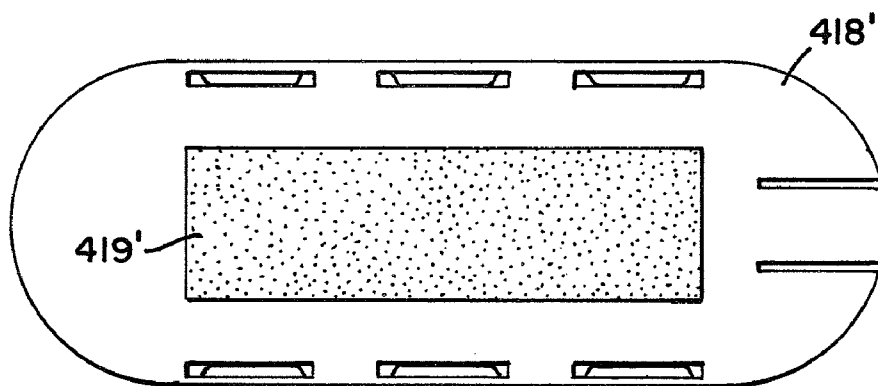


FIG. 24B

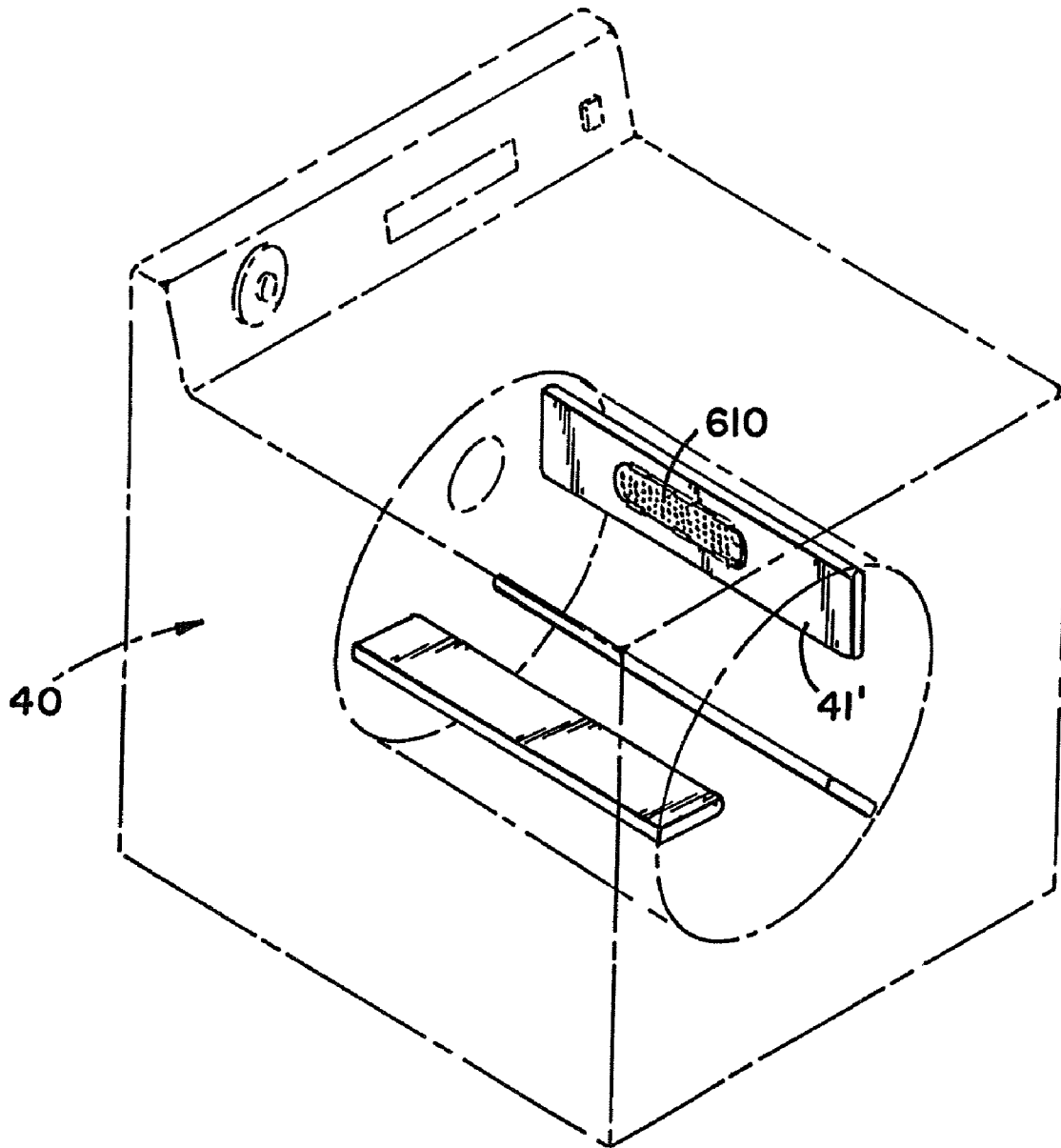


FIG. 25

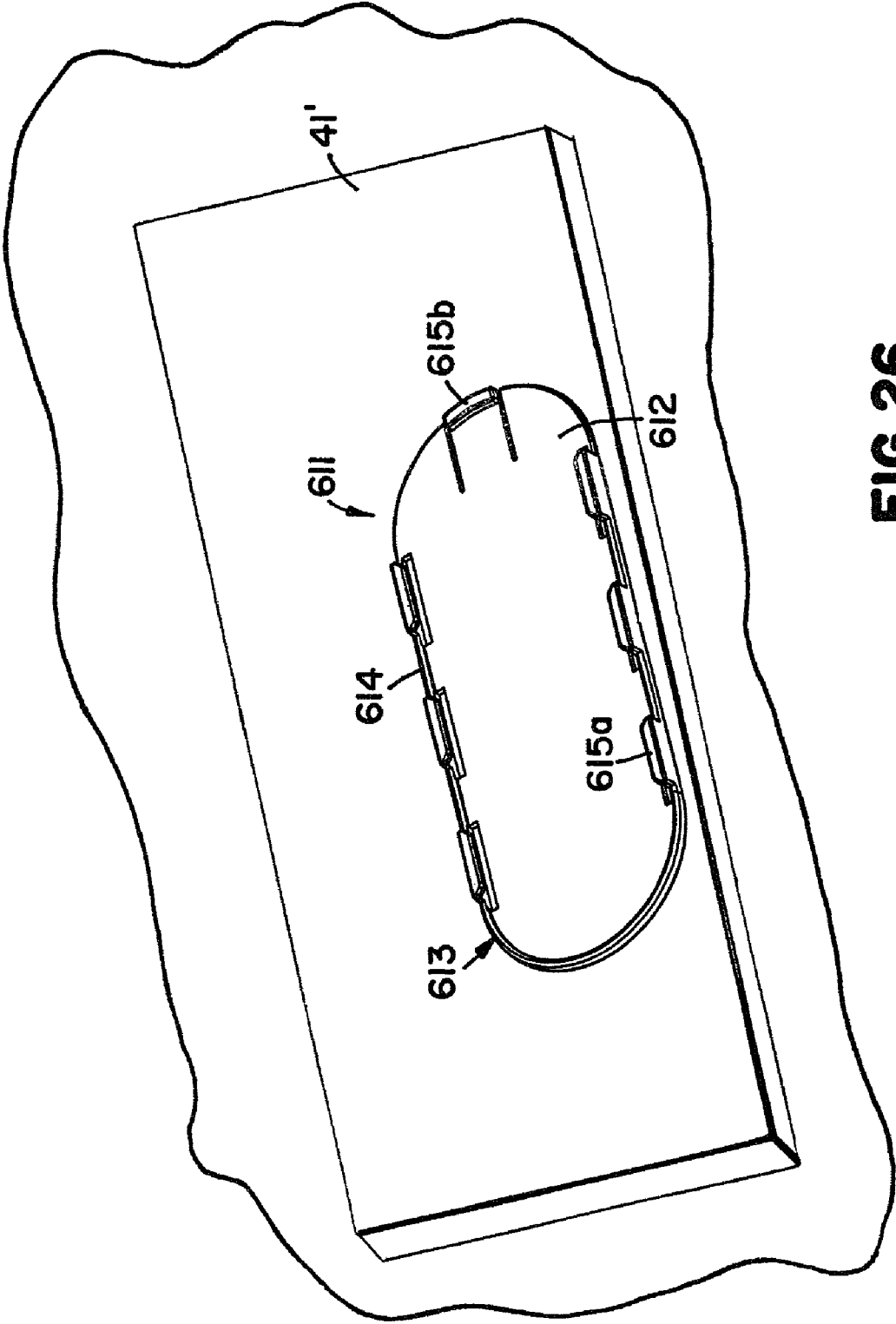
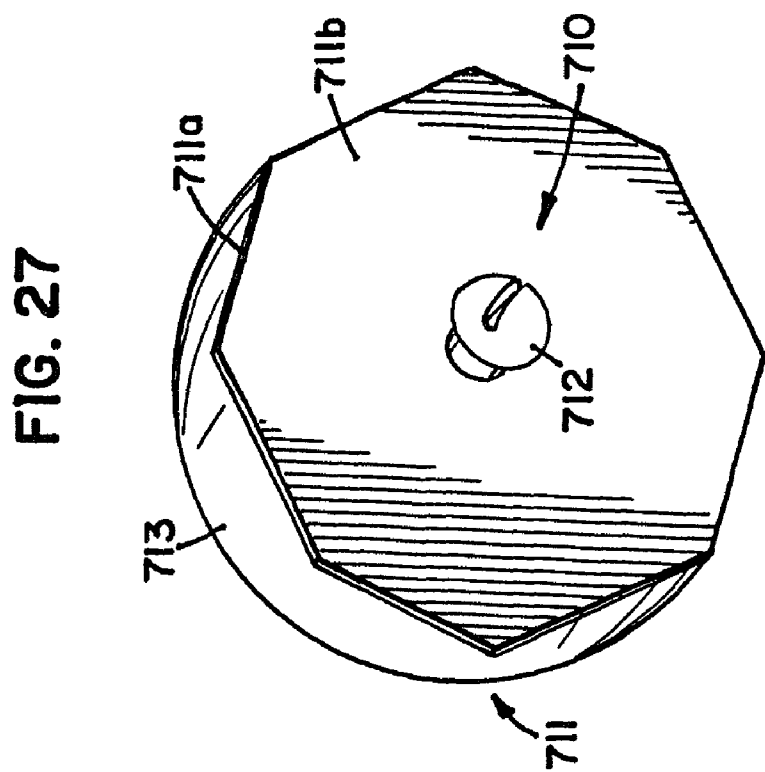
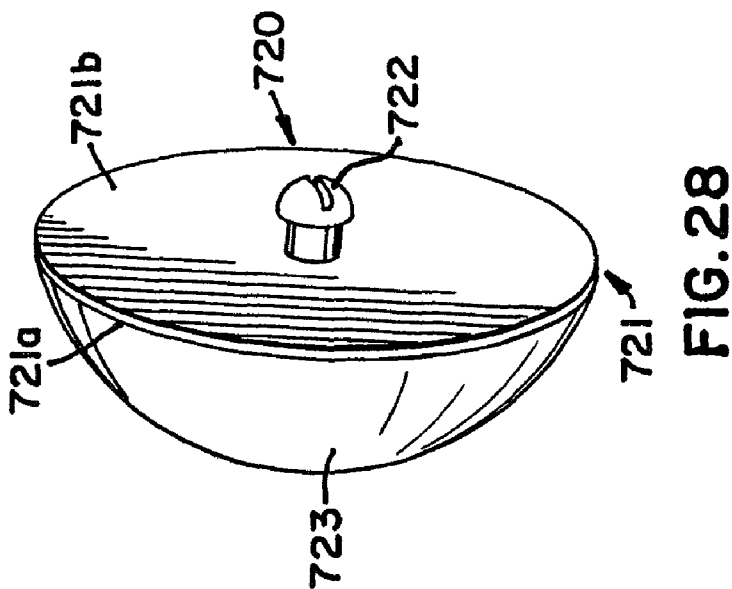
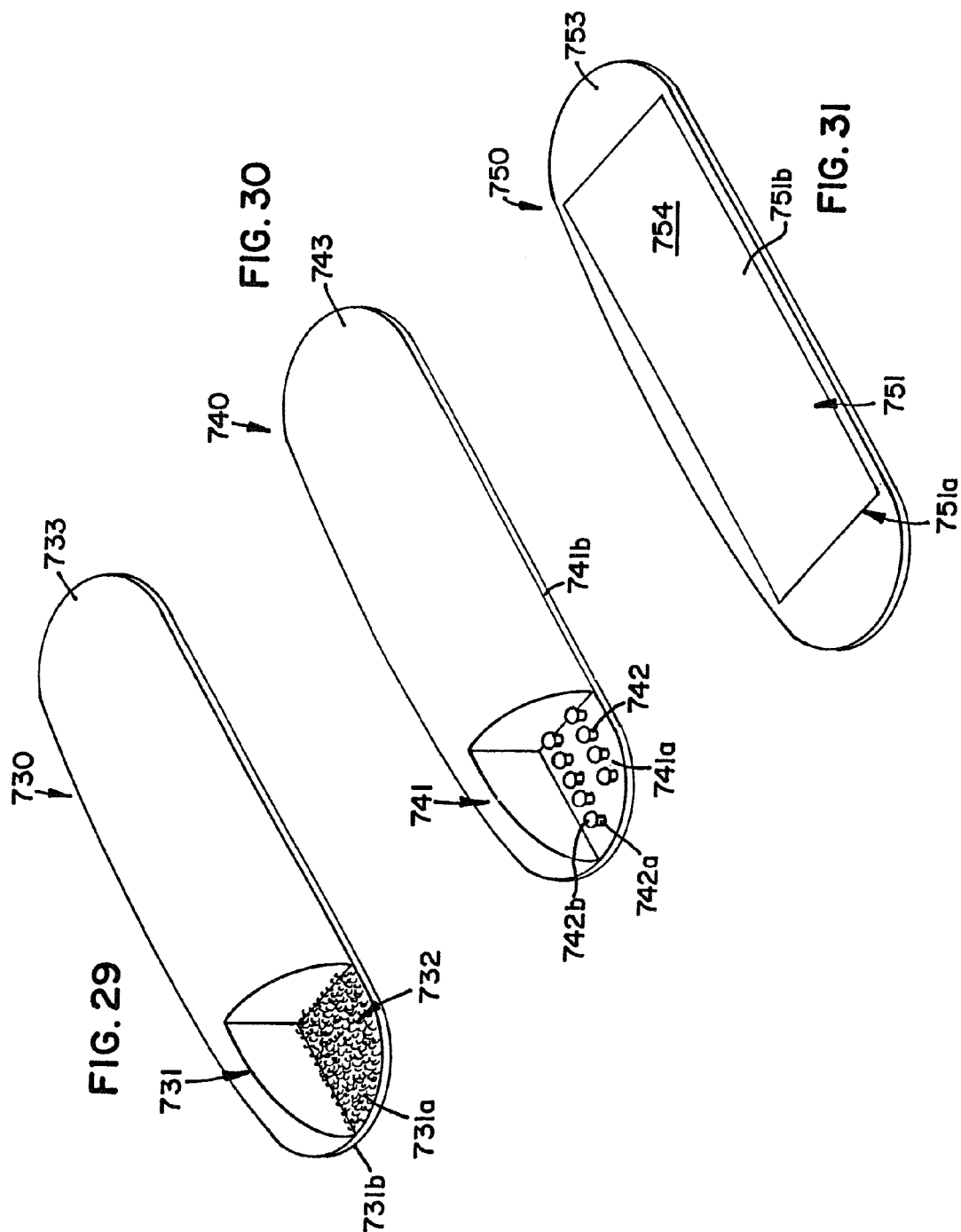
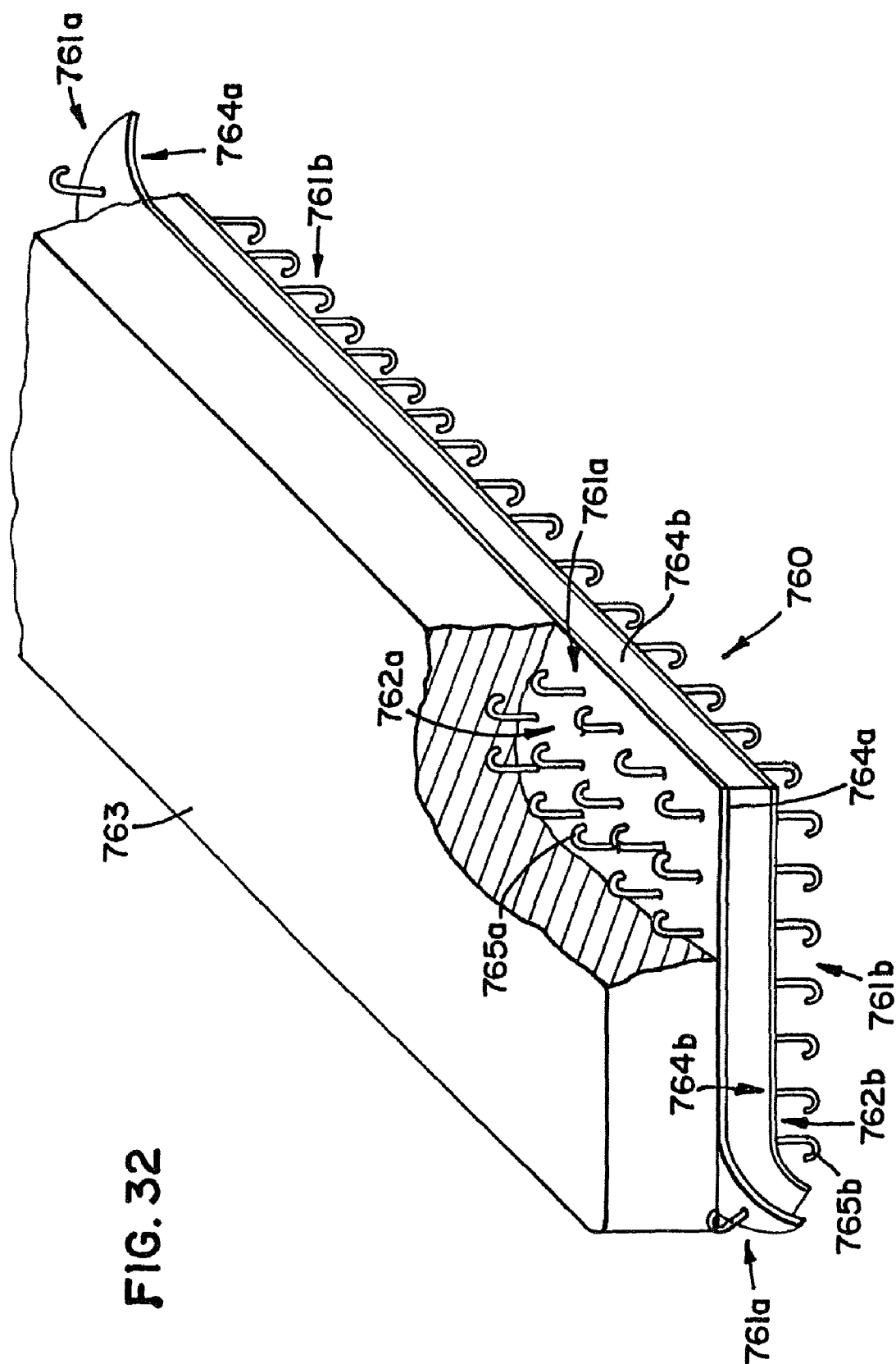
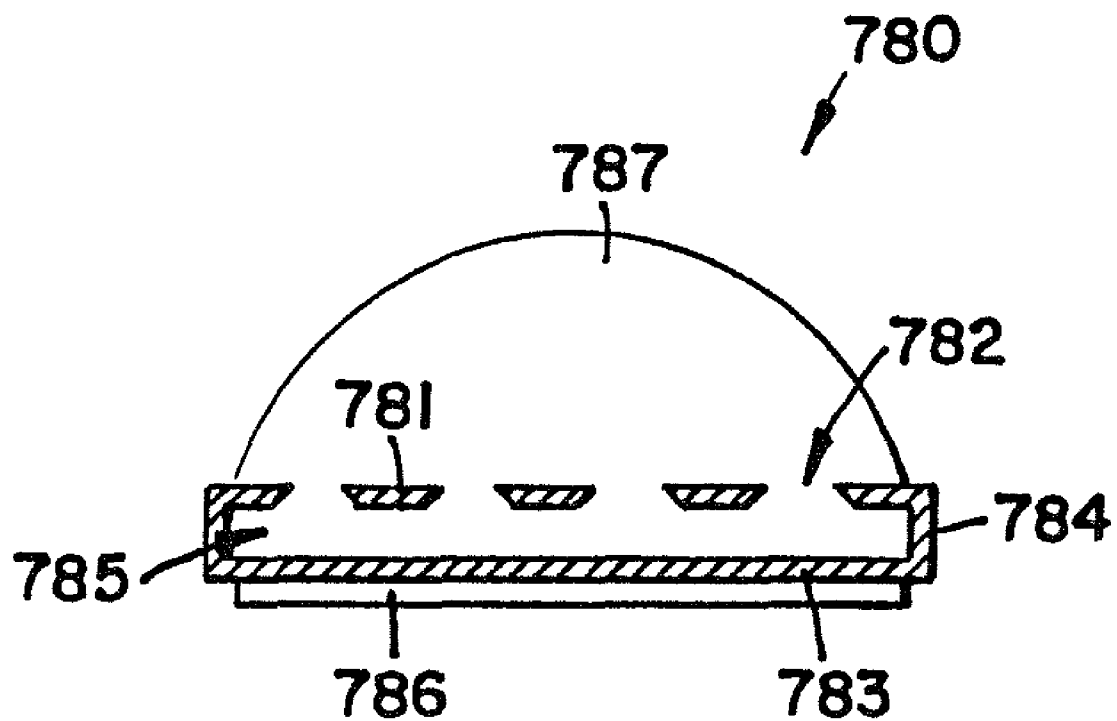


FIG. 26







**FIG. 33**

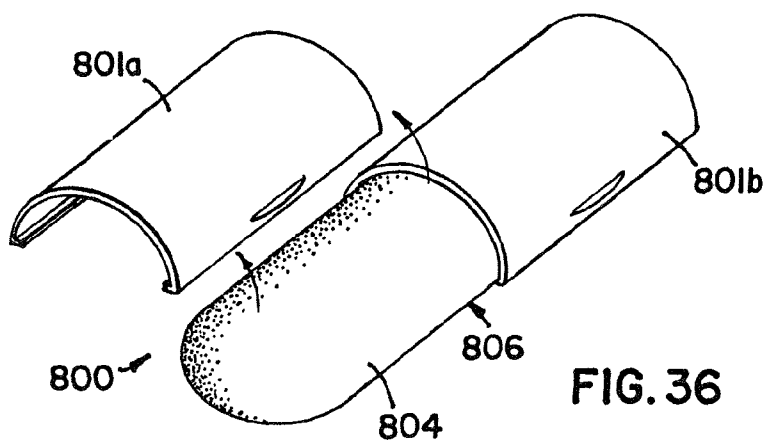
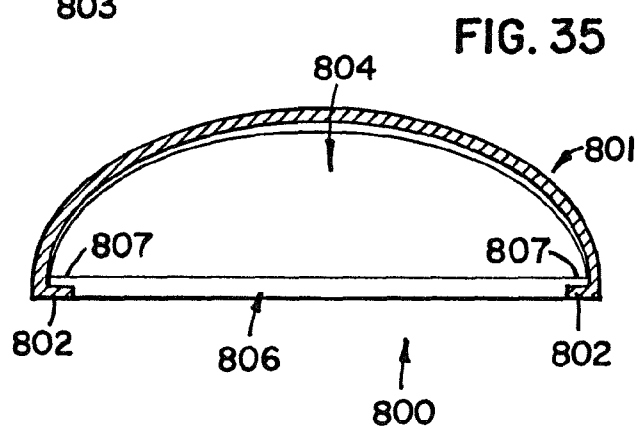
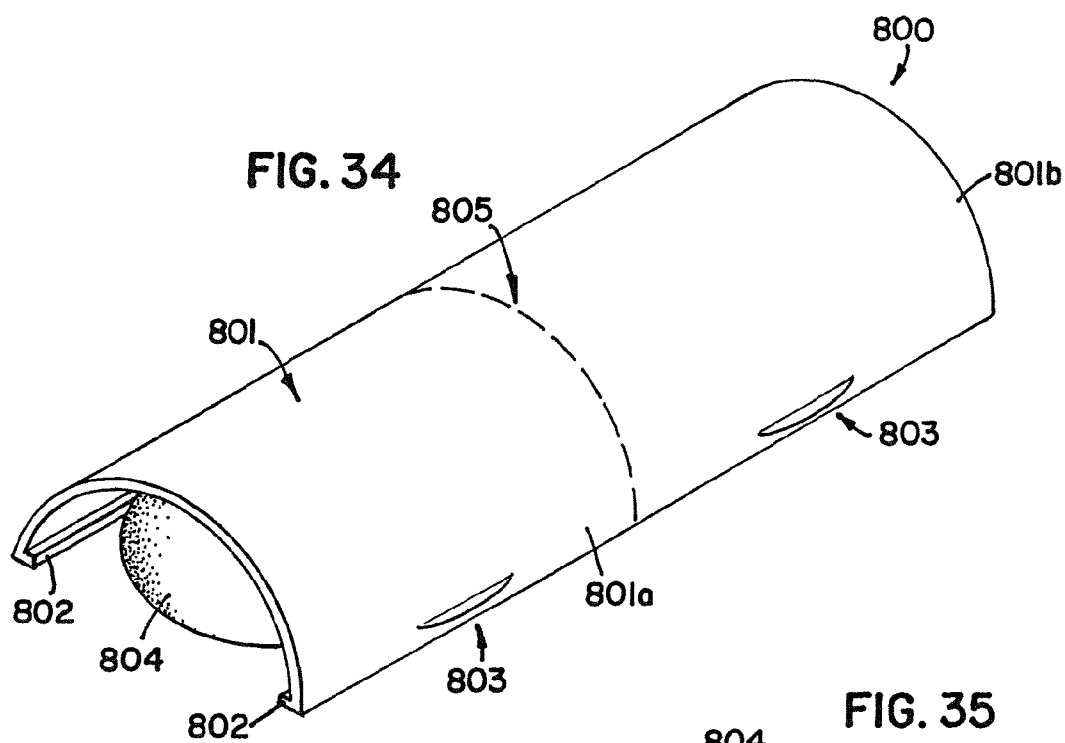


FIG. 37

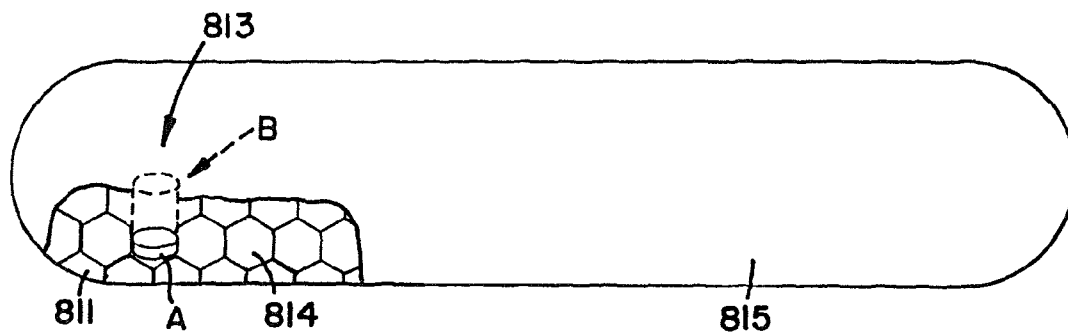


FIG. 38

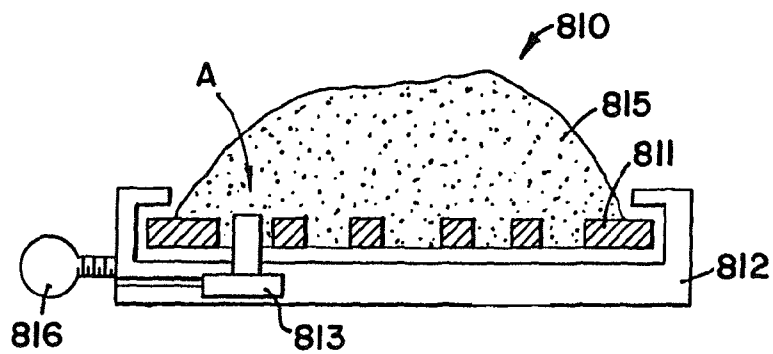


FIG. 39

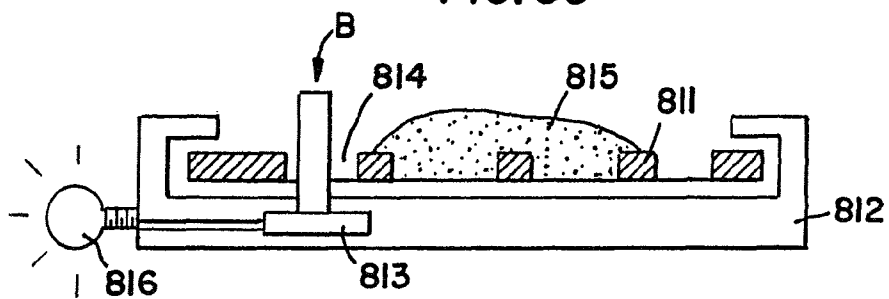


FIG. 40

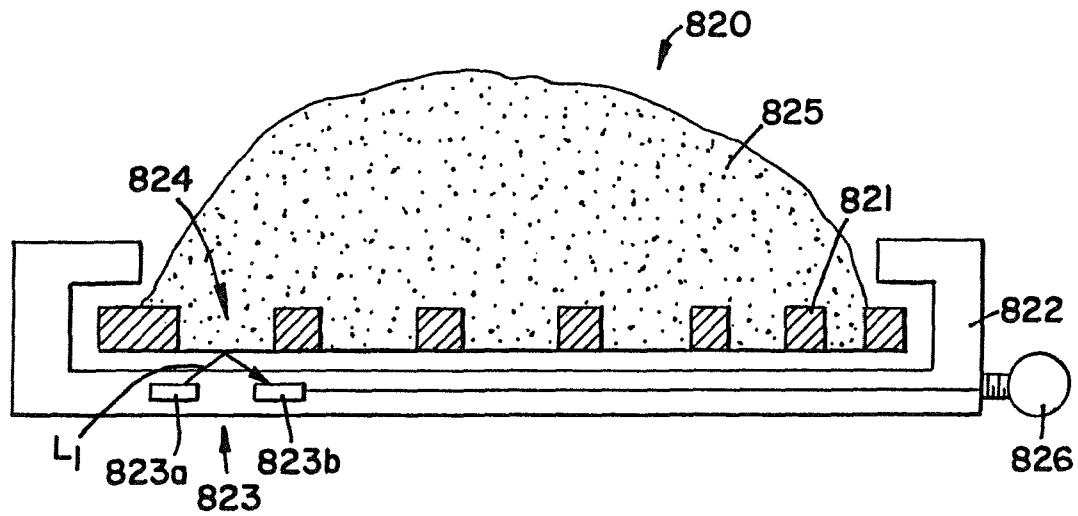


FIG. 41

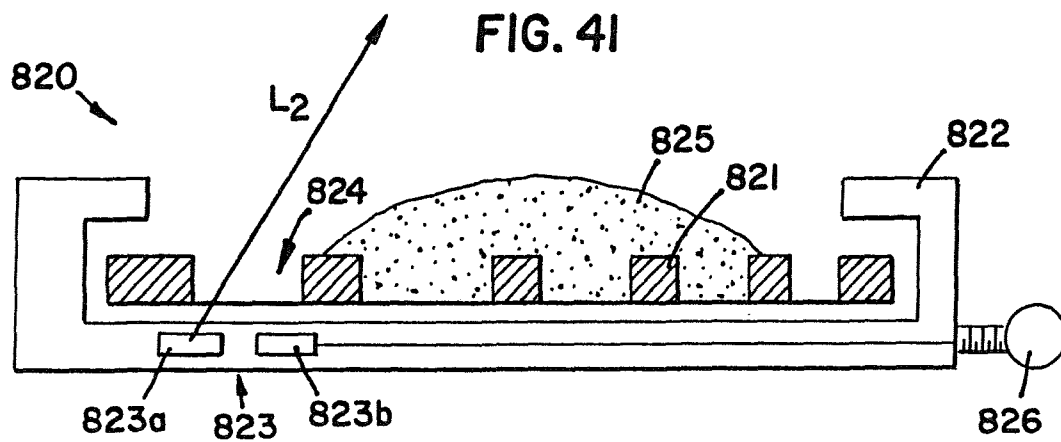


FIG. 42

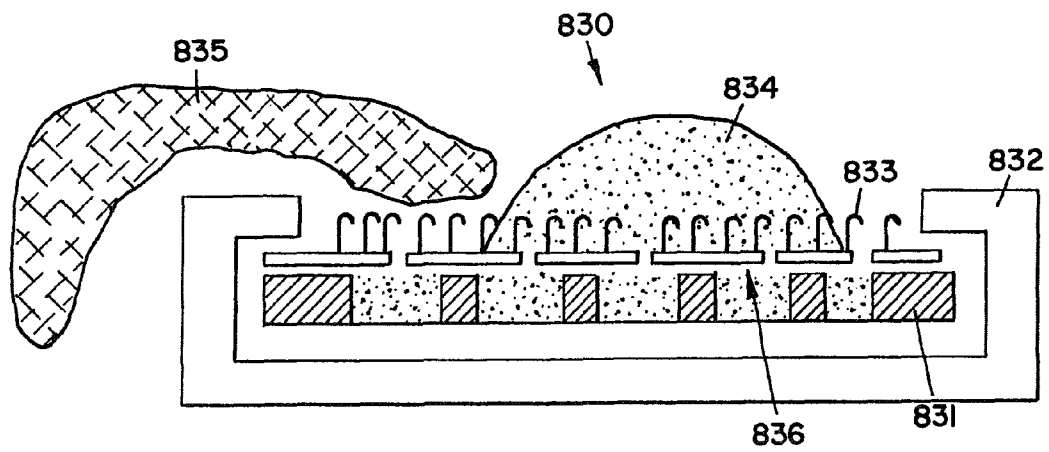


FIG. 43

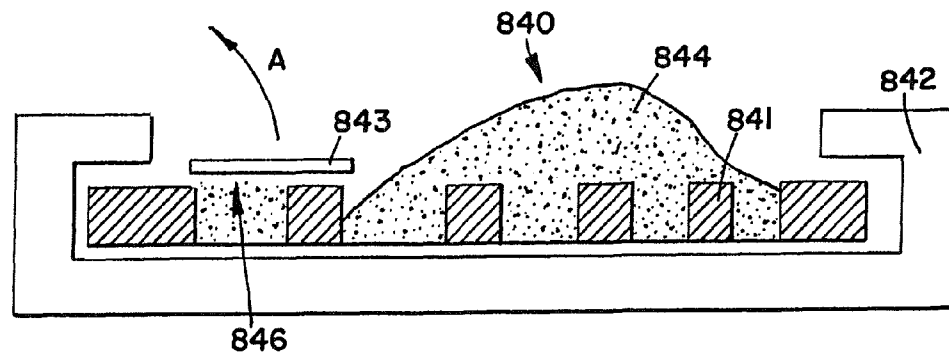


FIG. 44

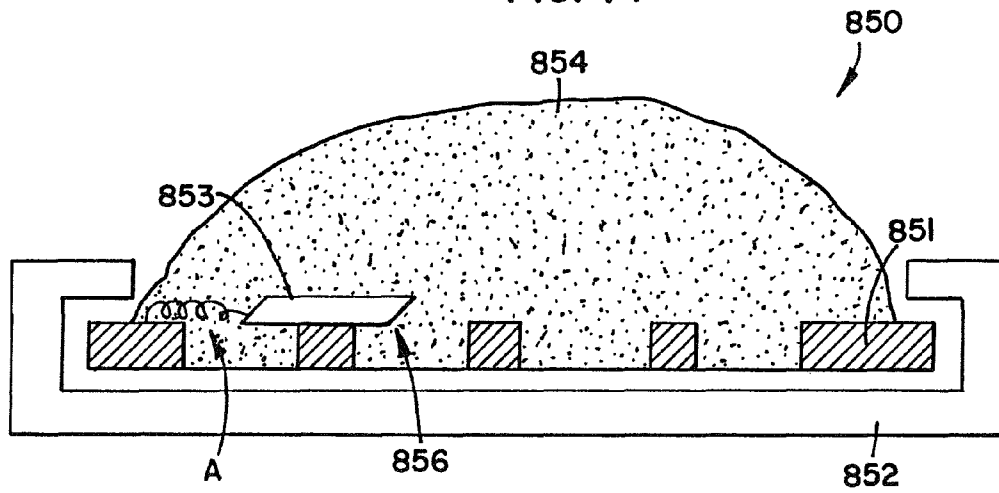


FIG. 45

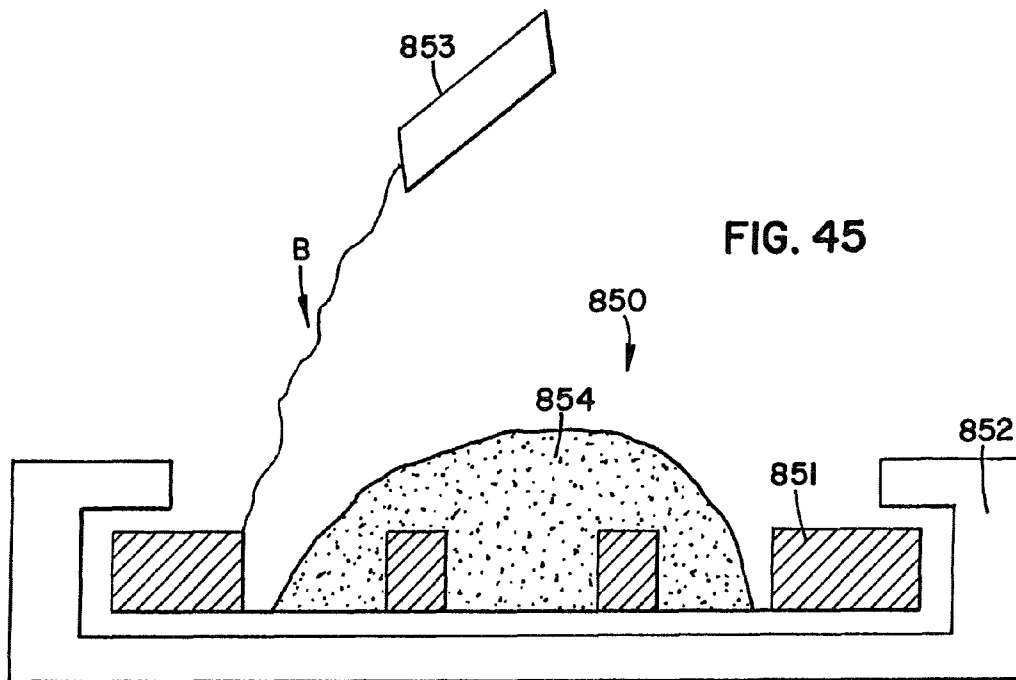
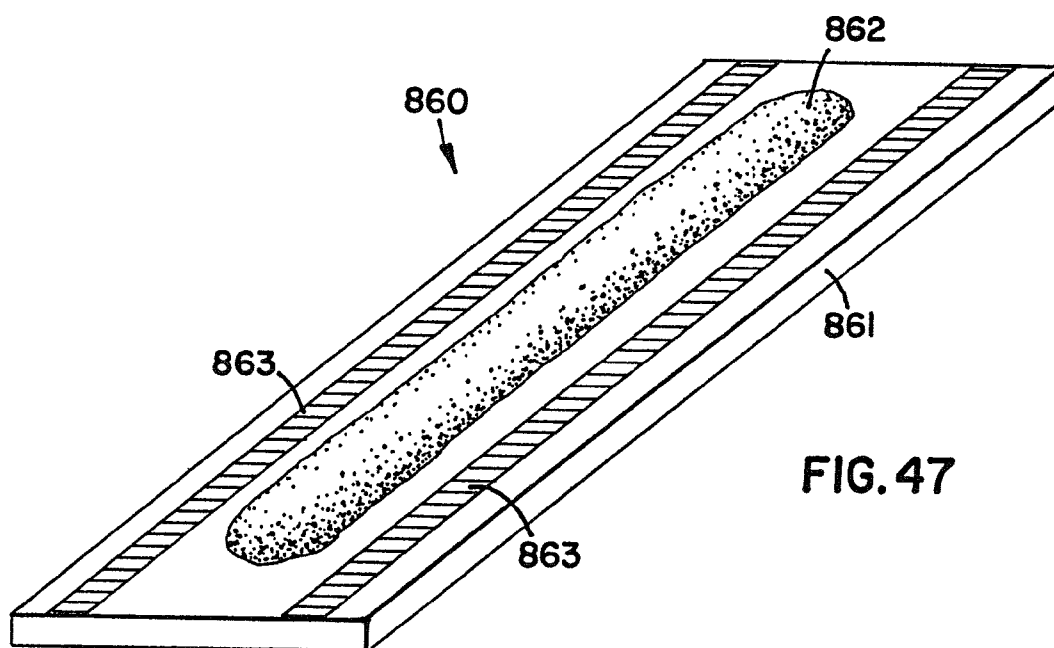
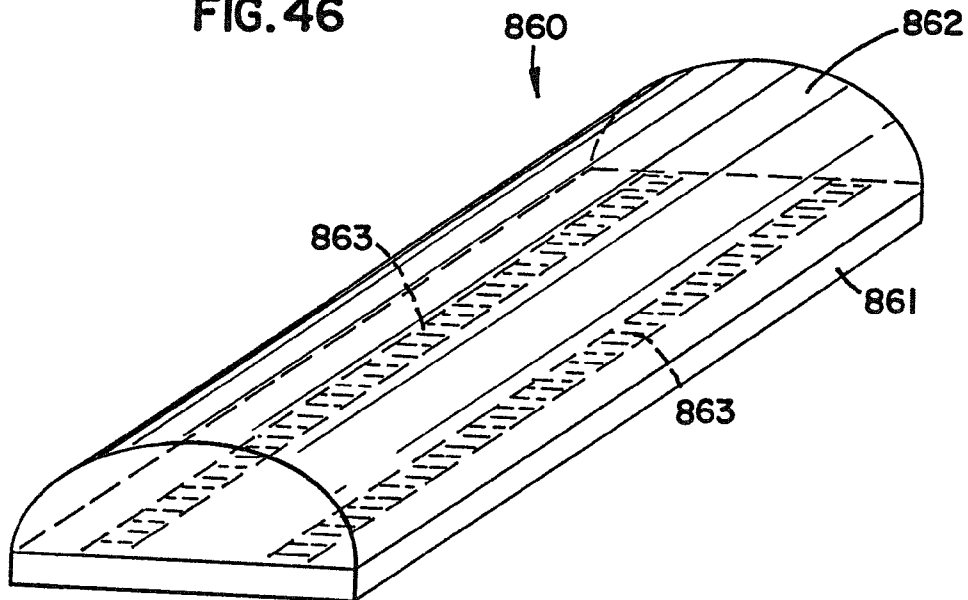


FIG. 46



PRODUCT DISPENSER AND CARRIER

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/781,332, filed Feb. 18, 2004, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/655,538, filed Sep. 4, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,910,640, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/411,062, filed Apr. 9, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,779,740, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/121,440, filed Apr. 10, 2002, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,883,723, which are incorporated by reference herein.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**1. Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to a product dispenser and carrier, and more particularly, the present invention relates to a product dispenser and carrier for dispensing a solid fabric conditioner inside a dryer.

2. Description of the Prior Art

Laundry additives are commonly applied to laundry via a liquid either prior to or during the wash cycle or via a treated sheet during the dryer cycle. Laundry may be pre-treated prior to the wash cycle, or the liquid additive mixes with the water during the wash cycle to contact the laundry. The treated sheet tumbles around in the dryer during the dryer cycle to contact the laundry. For best results, either another dose of the liquid or a new treated sheet must be applied each time. Although treated sheets may be used more than one time, they become much less effective with each subsequent cycle. Therefore, using a new treated sheet each time works best to have consistent, effective results on the laundry. In addition, other types of laundry products can be applied prior to placing the laundry in either the washer and/or the dryer. For example, pre-treatment products in either a liquid or a semi-solid form may be applied to the laundry. However, again these products must be applied to the laundry each time before the appropriate cycle.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

One aspect of the present invention provides a dispenser for dispensing a fabric conditioner in a dryer, the dispenser being releasably attachable to an inner surface of the dryer, including a product carrier and a solid fabric conditioner product. The product carrier has a first side, a second side, and a plurality of voids. The solid fabric conditioner product is operatively connected to the product carrier. A minor portion of the solid fabric conditioner product fills the plurality of voids and a substantial portion of the solid fabric conditioner product extends from the first side of the product carrier and is exposed. The minor portion fills the plurality of voids, which allows the solid fabric conditioner product to be securely connected to the product carrier.

Another aspect of the present invention provides a dispenser for dispensing a fabric conditioner in a dryer, the dispenser being releasably attachable to an inner surface of the dryer, including a product carrier and a solid fabric conditioner product. The product carrier has a first side, a second side, and a void forming an opening proximate the first side and a cavity proximate between the first side and the second side. The opening provides access to the cavity. The solid fabric conditioner product is operatively connected to the product carrier. A minor portion of the solid fabric conditioner product fills the void and a substantial portion of the solid fabric conditioner product extends from the first side of

the product carrier and is exposed. The minor portion fills the void, which secures the solid fabric conditioner to the product carrier.

Another aspect of the present invention provides a method of making a dispenser for dispensing a fabric conditioner in a dryer, the dispenser being releasably attachable to an inner surface of the dryer. A product carrier is obtained. The product carrier has a first side, a second side, and a void forming an opening proximate the first side and a cavity proximate between the first side and the second side. The opening provides access to the cavity. A method selected from the group consisting of casting, extrusion, and injection molding is used to dispense a fabric conditioner product onto the product carrier. A minor portion of the fabric conditioner product fills the cavity and a substantial portion of the fabric conditioner product extends from the first side of the product carrier and is exposed. The fabric conditioner product is allowed to solidify onto the product carrier, wherein the minor portion solidifies within the cavity thus securing the solid fabric conditioner product onto the product carrier.

Another aspect of the present invention provides a dispensing system for dispensing a solid fabric conditioner, including a dryer, a product carrier, and a solid fabric conditioner. The dryer has an inner surface including a receiving member. The product carrier is configured and arranged to releasably engage the receiving member thereby releasably connecting the product carrier to the inner surface of the dryer. The product carrier includes a void. A minor portion of the solid fabric conditioner fills the void to secure the solid fabric conditioner to the product carrier. A substantial portion of the solid fabric conditioner extends from the product carrier and is exposed.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 shows a product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention attached to a dryer fin;

FIG. 2 is a top perspective view of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is an exploded top perspective view of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a top perspective view of a portion of the product carrier shown in FIG. 3;

FIG. 5 is a top perspective view of the portion of the product carrier shown in FIG. 4 with product on the product carrier;

FIG. 6 is a bottom perspective view of a portion of the product carrier shown in FIG. 3;

FIG. 7 is a bottom perspective view of the portion of the product carrier shown in FIG. 6 with product on the product carrier and the product dispenser attached thereto;

FIG. 8 is an exploded top perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 9 is an end view of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 8 attached to a dryer fin;

FIG. 10 is an exploded top perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 11a is an exploded bottom perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 11b is an exploded side view of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 11a;

FIG. 12 is an exploded top perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 13 is an exploded top perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 14 is a bottom perspective view of the carrier shown in FIG. 13 with a product operatively connected to half of the carrier;

FIG. 15 is a cross sectional view of a solid product on the product carrier taken along the line 15-15 of FIG. 14;

FIG. 16a is a side view of a solid product having a half-cylindrical narrow shape and a high dome;

FIG. 16b is an end view of the solid product shown in FIG. 16a;

FIG. 17a is a side view of a solid product having a half-cylindrical narrow shape and a high dome with rounded top edges;

FIG. 17b is an end view of the solid product shown in FIG. 17a;

FIG. 18a is a side view of a solid product having a half-cylindrical wide shape and a low dome;

FIG. 18b is an end view of the solid product shown in FIG. 18a;

FIG. 19a is a side view of a solid product having a half-cylindrical wide shape and a low dome with rounded top edges;

FIG. 19b is an end view of the solid product shown in FIG. 19a;

FIG. 20 is a graph showing the dispensing rates of the solid products shown in FIGS. 16a and 17a;

FIG. 21 is a graph showing the dispensing rates of the solid products shown in FIGS. 18a and 19a;

FIG. 22 is an exploded side perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 23 is a cross sectional view of an aperture taken along the lines 23-23 in FIG. 13;

FIG. 24a is a back view of a plate member of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 13;

FIG. 24b is a back view of another embodiment plate member of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 13;

FIG. 25 shows another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention operatively connected to a dryer fin;

FIG. 26 is a top perspective view of a dispenser of the product dispenser and carrier of FIG. 25 incorporated into the dryer fin;

FIG. 27 is a back perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 28 is a back perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 29 is a front perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention with a portion of product removed;

FIG. 30 is a front perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention with a portion of product removed;

FIG. 31 is a back perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 32 is a front perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention with a portion of product removed;

FIG. 33 is a cross-section of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 34 is a front perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention including a cover;

FIG. 35 is a cross-section of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 34;

FIG. 36 is a front perspective view of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 34 with part of the cover removed;

FIG. 37 is a top view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention with a portion of product removed to expose an out of product indicator;

FIG. 38 is a cross-section of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 37 with the out of product indicator in a first position;

FIG. 39 is a cross-section of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 37 with the out of product indicator in a second position;

FIG. 40 is a cross-section of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention including an out of product indicator having a first light beam;

FIG. 41 is a cross-section of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention including an out of product indicator having a first light beam;

FIG. 42 is a cross-section of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention including an out of product indicator;

FIG. 43 is a cross-section of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention including an out of product indicator;

FIG. 44 is a cross-section of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention including an out of product indicator in a first position;

FIG. 45 is a cross-section of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention including an out of product indicator in a second position;

FIG. 46 is a perspective view of another embodiment product dispenser and carrier constructed according to the principles of the present invention including an out of product indicator; and

FIG. 47 is a perspective view of the product dispenser and carrier shown in FIG. 46 with depleted product exposing the out of product indicator.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Product dispensers and carriers constructed according to the principles of the present invention are designated by the numerals 10, 110, 210, 310, 410, 510, 610, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 780, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, and 860 in the drawings.

In one preferred embodiment, the product dispenser and carrier 10 includes a plate member 11 and a product carrier 21, which carries a product 31. An assembled product dispenser and carrier 10 is shown in FIG. 2, and an exploded view of the product dispenser and carrier 10 is shown in FIG.

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3. Generally, the product carrier **21** is operatively connected to the plate member **11**, which may be attached to a surface such as a fin **41** of a dryer **40**, as shown in FIG. 1, to dispense the product **31** such as a solid fabric conditioner. Although the invention is described for use with fabric softeners, other products such as sanitizers, water repellants, deodorizers, bleaches, soil repellants, dye-transfer inhibitors, fiber protecting polymers, fiber smoothers, UV light absorbers, anti-wrinkle agents, and etc. could also be used. Therefore, the present invention is not limited to use with fabric softeners.

The plate member **11** is rectangular in shape having dimensions of approximately $9\frac{3}{8}$ inches long by $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches wide by $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick and is made of a high melt point plastic. It is recognized that many suitable types of plastics known in the art may be used as long as the melt point of the particular plastic is higher than the temperature of the dryer, which may depend upon whether an industrial dryer or a consumer dryer is used. More specifically, industrial dryers typically require higher melt point plastics than consumer dryers because typically higher temperatures are used in industrial dryers. If the melting point of the plastic is slightly higher than the temperature used in the dryer, the plastic may become distorted or deformed. Industrial dryers typically reach temperatures of up to approximately 240° F., consumer electric dryers typically reach temperatures of up to approximately 140° F., and consumer gas dryers typically reach temperatures of up to approximately 170 - 180° F. Plastics suitable for use in either industrial dryers or consumer dryers include nylon (a melting point of approximately 428° F.), polypropylene (a melting point of approximately 320° F.), acetal copolymer (a melting point of approximately 392° F.), and polyethylene terephthalate (a melting point of approximately 482° F.). Plastics suitable for consumer dryers include acrylic (a melting point of approximately 266° F.) and high density polyethylene (a melting point of approximately 266° F.). It is recognized that these plastics are illustrative and are not exhaustive as other suitable high melt point plastics known in the art may also be used.

The plate member **11** includes a front side **12** and a back side **18**. The front side **12** has a perimeter **13**, which is surrounded by a rail member **14**. The rail member **14** protrudes slightly outward from the front side **12** and has rounded edges thereby creating a recessed area to accept and border the product carrier **21** within the rail member **14**. The front side **12** also includes an attachment member **15**, which in the preferred embodiment is a pair of hole plugs to provide releasable attachment means for operatively connecting the product carrier **21** to the plate member **11**. One hole plug is located on each end of the plate member **11** and is configured and arranged to accommodate holes in the product carrier **21**. The hole plugs are cylindrical and mushroom shaped with two slits at right angles to each other thereby dividing the hole plugs into four equal segments. The four segments allow the hole plugs to releasably engage the holes. As the hole plugs are pushed into the holes, the segments are brought closer together allowing the holes to snap down over the mushroom portion, which then protrudes from the holes and the segments are allowed to spread apart again thereby holding the product carrier **21** onto the plate member **11**. The hole plugs could also be square in shape with an arrow head and a slit dividing the hole plug in two segments parallel to the arrow head, as shown in FIGS. **11a** and **11b**. To release the product carrier **21** from the hole plugs, the holes are brought over the mushroom portion of the hole plugs thereby bringing the segments together to allow the holes to pull over the mushroom portion and be released. The hole plugs may be molded as part of the plate member **11**. However, the hole plugs **15**

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may also be molded as part of the product carrier **21** and engage holes **24** in the plate member **11** as shown in FIG. **10**. Alternatively, the hole plugs could be a purchased part such as those commercially available from ITW Fastex, part number 207-241141-00 rather than molding them as part of the plate member **11** or product carrier **21**. Although hole plugs and holes are shown in the preferred embodiment, it is understood that other attachment means such as snaps, VELCRO®, and other means known in the art may be used to connect the product carrier **21** to the plate member **11**. The plate member **11** also includes indentations **17**, which allow easy removal of the product carrier **21** when the product **31** has been depleted and the product carrier **21** must be replaced with a new product carrier, on each side near each end of the plate member **11**. The indentations are sized and arranged to make removal of the product carrier **21** easy with one's fingers. Also, the product carrier **21** may simply be removed if dispensing of the particular product is not desired.

The back side **18** of the plate member **11** includes an adhesive **19**, which is used to operatively connect the plate member **11** to a surface. The adhesive **19** in the preferred embodiment is a double-sided foam back tape manufactured by 3M, part number 4084, having a paper backing **20**. The paper backing **20** may be removed when it is desired to attach the plate member **11** to a surface. Another type of adhesive that could be used is an adhesive similar to COMMAND™ Adhesive by 3M of St. Paul, Minn. This type of adhesive would allow for easy removal of the plate member **11** from the surface by pulling a tab to release the adhesive, and neither the plate member **11** nor the surface would be damaged when the adhesive is released. The releasable adhesive would have to withstand the temperatures used in the dryer or the adhesive may soften and lose adhesion or deteriorate. Replacement adhesive could be used to reattach the plate member **11** to a surface. Again, it is understood that other connecting means may be used to operatively connect the plate member **11** to a surface such as using VELCRO®, screws, magnets, and other means well known in the art.

For use inside a dryer, it is preferred that the adhesive or other suitable connecting member connect the plate member to the inner surface of the dryer such that laundry cannot get in between the plate member and the inner surface to pull the plate member away from the inner surface. This may be accomplished by positioning the adhesive or other suitable connecting member proximate the edges of the plate member to reduce or eliminate the gaps between the plate member and the inner surface from the adhesive or other suitable connecting member.

The product carrier **21** is also rectangular in shape and is configured and arranged to fit within the rail **14** of the plate member **11**. The product carrier **21** is approximately 9 inches long by 2 inches wide by $\frac{1}{8}$ inch thick and is made of a high melt point plastic. Again, as discussed previously with regard to the plate member **11**, it is recognized that many suitable types of plastics known in the art may be used as long as the melt point of the particular plastic is higher than the temperature of the dryer, which may depend upon whether an industrial dryer or a consumer dryer is used.

The product carrier includes a first side **22** and a second side **23**, which are shown in FIGS. **4** and **6**, respectively. The first side **22** faces outward from the plate member **11** while the second side **23** faces the front side **12** of the plate member **11**. A mating member **24**, which engages the attachment member **15**, is also included in the product carrier **21**. In the preferred embodiment, the mating member **24** is a pair of holes having diameters of approximately $\frac{3}{8}$ inch, one hole located on each side of the product carrier **21** and configured and arranged to

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releasably engage each of the hole plugs in the plate member 11 as described above. The holes could also be oval in shape to accommodate either round or square hole plugs, as shown in FIG. 11a, and the oval shape would ensure that the hole plugs would fit should any shrinkage of the holes occur from exposure to the heat of the dryer. A plurality of apertures 25 approximately $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter are arranged on the product carrier, and in the preferred embodiment, the plurality of apertures 25 are hexagon shaped and are arranged in a non-linear, honeycomb fashion. This nonlinear, honeycomb arrangement of the apertures 25 strengthens the product carrier 21 and prevents the product 31 from breaking and shearing from the product carrier 21. In addition, one preferred embodiment apertures 25 are countersunk or back beveled on the second side 23 to form a rivet like structure when the product 31 is applied to the product carrier 21. The apertures 25 may also be tapered from the first side 22 to the second side 23 rather than being countersunk. The countersunk portion 26 of apertures 25 allows the product 31 to be securely attached to the product carrier 21, as would a tapered aperture, and this is described more fully below. The product carrier 21 containing product 31 is disposable and replaceable once the product 31 has been depleted on the product carrier 21.

The product 31 is preferably a solid product that is cast or extruded onto the first side 22 of the product carrier 21, as shown in FIG. 5. The product 31 could also be glued, attached with VELCRO®, or otherwise operatively connected by means well known in the art to the product carrier 21. An example of how the product may be cast onto the product carrier is to obtain a heated vessel, a heated filler line, a filler mold with a top plate, and the product carrier. All the components of the product formula are heated in the vessel until a transparent homogeneous melt is formed. The product carrier is then inserted into the filler mold, and the filler mold is covered with the top plate which preferably features a pipe-shaped opening. The melted product is then poured through the pipe-shaped opening in the top plate into the filler mold until the filler mold is completely filled with product. The product is then allowed to cool within the filler mold. After cooling, the top plate is removed from the filler mold and the solid block of product operatively connected to the product carrier is removed from the filler mold.

An example of how the product may be extruded onto the product carrier is to use injection molding. First, a mold is created. The mold could be made with steel, aluminum, or any other suitable material known in the art. Typically, the mold includes two pieces forming a cavity, and an aperture, termed a gate, allows access to the cavity. The cavity is configured and arranged to receive and accept the product carrier and to provide a space or a pocket into which the product is injected. When the two pieces are closed to define the cavity, the molten product is injected into the cavity via the gate and then allowed to solidify within the mold. The product to be injected is first heated in a barrel and a screw pushes the product into the cavity of the mold through the gate. Following the injection process, the product within the mold is typically cooled by circulating water through the mold in cooling lines. At the end of the cooling cycle, the mold is opened and the solidified product and product carrier are ejected from the mold.

As the product 31 is being cast or extruded onto the first side 22 of the product carrier 21, the product 31 fills in the apertures 25, and the countersunk portions 26 of apertures 25 allow the product 31 to fan or spread out proximate the second side 23 of the product carrier 21. When the product 31 solidifies onto the product carrier 21, this fanning or spreading out of the product 31 in the countersunk portions 26 proximate

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the second side 23 holds the product 31 onto the first side 22 of the product carrier 21, as shown in FIG. 7. A substantial portion of the product 31 extends from the first side 22 of the product carrier 21 away from the plate member 11 and the second side 23 of the product carrier 21 faces the front side 12 of the plate member 11. The substantial portion being at least about 85% of the product 31 on the side of the carrier 21 from which the product 31 is dispensed. The product 31 extends approximately $\frac{3}{4}$ inch from the first side 22 of the product carrier 21. The preferred embodiment utilizes a solid fabric softener as the product 31 that is fixedly cast or extruded onto the product carrier 21. A solid fabric softener that may be used is described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/120,891, filed Apr. 10, 2002, entitled Fabric Softener Composition and Methods for Manufacturing and Using, and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/656,854, filed Sep. 4, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,087,572, entitled Fabric Treatment Compositions and Methods for Treating Fabric in a Dryer, which are both incorporated by reference herein.

In operation, the paper 20 is peeled from the adhesive 19 operatively connected to the back side 18 of the plate member 11, and the adhesive 19 is applied to a surface such as a dryer fin 41 thereby operatively connecting the plate member 11 to the surface. Then, the product carrier 21 carrying product 31 is attached to the plate member 11. The attachment member 15 of the plate member 11 is configured and arranged to engage the mating member 24 of the product carrier 21. In the preferred embodiment, the attachment member 15 is a pair of holes on each side of the plate member 11 and the mating member 24 is a pair of hole plugs on each side of the product carrier 21 configured and arranged to releasably engage the holes. As described above, the hole plugs snap into the holes. When the product carrier 21 is attached to the plate member 11, the rail member 14 of the plate member 11 surrounds the edges and corners of the product carrier 21 thereby preventing items from getting caught or snagged on the edges and corners of the product carrier 21. The product 31 is then ready for dispensing. Only a small portion of the product 31 is depleted during each use. In the preferred embodiment fabric softener, approximately 1 to 3 grams of product is dispensed per cycle. Therefore, the product carrier 21 carrying the product 31 can be used for several applications. However, this amount of product will vary depending upon the type of product being dispensed, the chemical composition of the product, the size of the product, the size of the dryer, etc. Ideally, a consistent, optimum dose will be dispensed from the first cycle to the last cycle resulting in a relatively even dispense curve, as shown in FIGS. 20 and 21. When the product 31 becomes depleted, the empty product carrier 21 can be replaced with a second product carrier carrying product, and the empty product carrier 21 can be thrown away. Alternatively, the product carrier 21 could be removed if dispensing of the product 31 is not desired. If it is desired to removed the plate member 11 from the surface and if an adhesive similar to COMMAND™ Adhesive by 3M of St. Paul, Minn. is used as the connecting member, the tab may be pulled to release the adhesive thereby allowing easy removal of the plate member 11 from the surface.

In another preferred embodiment, shown in FIGS. 8 and 9, the product dispenser and carrier 110 includes a mount 111 and a product carrier 121. The mount 111 is made of a high melt point plastic as discussed previously and is generally wedge shaped having dimensions of approximately $9\frac{3}{8}$ inches long by $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches wide and the first end 116 is $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick and the second end 117 is $\frac{3}{8}$ inch thick. Therefore, an end view of the mount 111 resembles a generally triangular shape with one side being thicker than the other, opposing

side, forming an angle of approximately 10 degrees. The angle may vary depending upon the product to be dispensed to maximize the even dispensing of the product. The front side **112** includes an attachment member **115**, which is a flange, proximate the first end **116** and the second end **117**. The back side **118** includes an adhesive **119**, similar to the adhesive **19** of the previously mentioned preferred embodiment, with paper backing **120**.

The product carrier **121** has a first side **122**, a second side **123**, a first end **116**, and a second end **117**. Also made of a high melt point plastic as discussed previously, the dimensions of the product carrier are approximately 9 $\frac{3}{8}$ inches long by 2 $\frac{3}{8}$ inches wide by $\frac{3}{16}$ inch thick. It is recognized that the dimensions are for illustrative purposes only and any dimensions suitable for the intended purpose are acceptable. The product carrier **121** is an extruded plastic part with dove tail grooves along the length of the product carrier **121** on the first side **122**. The dove tail grooves **125** are approximately $\frac{1}{8}$ inch deep. The dove tail grooves **125** hold the product **131** onto the first side **122** of the product carrier **121**, in a similar fashion as the countersunk portions **26** hold the product **31** onto the product carrier **21**. Also included on the product carrier **121** is mating member **124**, which is a leg extending from each of the edges running along the length of the product carrier **121** to engage the flange **115** of the mount **111**. The legs can either snap onto the flanges or the product carrier **121** may be slid onto the mount **111** to operatively connect the components. The product **131** is similarly cast or extruded onto the first side **122** of the product carrier **121** and held in place by the dove tail grooves **125**. Because the mount **111** is wedge shaped, the product **131** is disposed at an angle relative to the surface upon which the mount **111** is operatively connected to maximize the amount of product **131** dispensed and to ensure that the product **131** is dispensed evenly.

In operation, the paper is peeled from the adhesive **119** operatively connected to the bottom side **118** of the mount **111**, and the adhesive **119** is applied to a surface such as a dryer fin **141** thereby operatively connecting the mount **111** to the surface. Then, the product carrier **121** carrying product **131** is attached to the mount **111**. The attachment member **115** of the mount **111** is configured and arranged to engage the mating member **124** of the product carrier **121**. In the preferred embodiment, the attachment member **115** is a flange on each end **116** and **117** of the mount **111** and the mating member **124** is a pair of legs on each side of the product carrier **121** configured and arranged to releasably engage the flanges. The product carrier **121** may be either snapped onto the mount **111** so the legs engage the flanges or the product carrier **121** may be slid onto the mount **111** from the end of the mount **111**. The product **131** is then ready for dispensing. The wedge shape of the mount **111** allows the product **131** to be more evenly dispensed because the product **131** is angled toward the center of the dryer **140** thereby exposing a greater surface area of the product **131** to the laundry contained within the dryer **140**. Again, only a small portion of the product **131** is depleted during each use. Therefore, the product carrier **121** carrying the product **131** can be used for several applications. When the product **131** becomes depleted, the empty product carrier **121** can be replaced with a second product carrier carrying product, and the empty product carrier **121** can be thrown away. Again, the product carrier **121** could be removed if dispensing of the product **131** is not desired. Again, if it is desired to removed the plate member **11** from the surface and if an adhesive similar to COMMANDTM Adhesive by 3M of St. Paul, Minn. is used as the connecting

member, the tab may be pulled to release the adhesive thereby allowing easy removal of the plate member **11** from the surface.

In another preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier **210**, shown in FIGS. **11a** and **11b**, the dispenser **211** includes an attachment member **215**, which is a pair of oval shaped holes. The oval shaped holes ensure that the corresponding hole plugs, whether round or square, fit within the holes even if shrinkage of the holes during casting of the product (approximately up to 300° F.) or from the dryer heat (approximately up to 250° F.) should occur. The dispenser **211** also includes a front **212**, a back **218**, and a perimeter **213**. The perimeter **213** of the dispenser **211** includes a rail portion **214** extending outward from the front **212** and an indentation **217**. The rail portion **214** borders the carrier **221** and protects the edges of the carrier **221** when operatively connected to the front **212** of the dispenser **211**. The indentation **217** provides easy access to a portion of the edges of carrier **221** when detachment from the dispenser **211** is desired. An adhesive, not shown, may be attached to the back **218** of the dispenser **211** for attaching the dispenser **211** to a surface.

The carrier **221** includes a first side **222**, a second side **223**, and a mating member **224**. The first side **222** is the side onto which a solid product is similarly cast or extruded, and the solid product extends outward from the first side **222**. The first side **222** is dome shaped so that when the solid product is mounted thereto the solid product will take on a dome shape as well. In addition, the dome shape of the first side **222** creates deeper countersunk portions (not shown) proximate the second side **223** thereby allowing the product to attach more securely to the carrier **221**. The dome shape also improves the dispense rate of the product and assists in more even dispensing of the product. Although not shown, the carrier **221** includes a plurality of apertures similar to those shown in FIGS. **13** and **14**. This arrangement of the plurality of apertures allows the product to spread out from the first side **222** toward proximate the second side **223** thereby preventing the solid product from detaching from the carrier **221**. The mating member **224** is a pair of square shaped hole plugs with arrow shaped ends and a slit parallel with the edges forming the arrow shaped ends. The mating member **224** corresponds with the holes in the dispenser **211**. Because the hole plugs are square rather than round, there is more surface area engaging the holes thereby maximizing the grip. The hole plugs simply snap into the holes to releasably attach the carrier **221** to the dispenser **211**.

FIG. **12** shows another preferred embodiment of the present invention. Rather than having an attachment member and a mating member that snap into one another, the product dispenser and carrier **310** includes a carrier **321** that slides into a dispenser **311**. The carrier **321** itself acts as the mating member in this embodiment. The dispenser **311** has a front **312**, a back **318**, and a perimeter **313**. The back **318** provides a surface on which an adhesive or other securing member may be attached to mount the product dispenser and carrier **310** onto a surface. The perimeter **313** of the dispenser **311** includes a rail portion **314** extending outward from the front **312** along three sides of the dispenser **311**. The rail portion **314** borders the carrier **321** along three sides and protects the three edges of the carrier **321** when operatively connected to the front **312** of the dispenser **311**. An attachment member includes lips **315a** and a securing tab **315b**. The lips **315a** extend inward from the rail portion **314** to engage the three edges of the carrier **321** thereby preventing the carrier **321** from detaching from the dispenser **311**. The securing tab **315b** is on the fourth side of the dispenser **311** not having a rail portion. When the carrier **321** is slid into the dispenser **311**

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from the fourth side, the securing tab **315b** is pushed downward and then snaps into place to border the corresponding edge of the carrier **321** when in place on the front **312** of the dispenser **311**. Therefore, securing tab **315b** provides a snap fit to hold the carrier **321** onto the dispenser **311**. To disengage the carrier **321** from the dispenser **311**, the securing tab **315b** is pushed downward and then the carrier **321** is slid away from the dispenser **311** from the fourth side.

The second side **323** of the carrier **321** faces the front **312** of the dispenser **311** and the first side **322** of the carrier **321** is the side from which the product extends. Again, the first side **322** is dome shaped so that when the solid product is mounted thereto the solid product will take on a dome shape with rounded top edges as well. Again, this dome shape improves the dispensing rate of the product and assists in more even dispensing of the product. Although not shown, the carrier **321** includes a plurality of apertures similar to those shown in FIGS. **13** and **14**. This arrangement of the plurality of apertures allows the product to spread out from the first side **322** toward proximate the second side **323** thereby preventing the solid product from detaching from the carrier **321**.

FIG. **13** is another embodiment of the present invention similar to that shown in FIG. **12** but rather than sliding into the dispenser **411** from the side, the carrier **421** slides in from an end. The product dispenser and carrier **410** includes a dispenser **411** and a carrier **421**. The dispenser **411** has a front **412** and a perimeter **413**.

The perimeter **413** of the dispenser **411** includes a rail portion **414** extending outward from the front **412** along three sides of the dispenser **411**, leaving an end without a rail portion. The rail portion **414** borders the carrier **421** along three sides and protects the corresponding three edges of the carrier **421** when operatively connected to the front **412** of the dispenser **411**. An attachment member includes lips **415a** and a securing tab **415b**. The lips **415a** extend from the rail portion **414** along the two sides, and in the preferred embodiment, there are three lips **415a** on each side, the three lips **415a** being aligned with the opposing three lips **415a**. It is recognized, however, that any arrangement of lips **415a** is possible as long as the mating members **424** on the carrier **421** are properly aligned. The securing tab **415b** is on the end of the dispenser **411** not having a rail portion. When the carrier **421** is slid into the dispenser **411** from either the end or as described below, the securing tab **415b** is pushed downward and then snaps into place to border the corresponding edge of the carrier **421** when in place on the front **412** of the dispenser **411**.

The back (not shown) of the dispenser **411** provides a surface onto which an adhesive, magnet, or other attachment member may be attached to mount the dispenser **411** onto a surface. It is recognized that the attachment member may be attached to the entire back of the dispenser or a portion thereof. FIGS. **24a** and **24b** show embodiments having at least one magnet operatively connected to the back of the dispenser. The at least one magnet may be molded into the back in a channel-type setting thereby incorporating the magnet into the back of the dispenser, attached to the back of the dispenser with an adhesive, attached to the back of the dispenser with a fastener such as a screw, a pin, a stud, or a clamp. In FIG. **24a**, a magnet **419'** is incorporated into the back **418'** of the dispenser and in FIG. **24b**, two magnets **419''** are incorporated into the back **418''** of the dispenser. Any number of magnets may be operatively connected to the dispenser as long as the magnet(s) provide a strong enough attraction to the surface to hold the product dispenser and carrier in place during use.

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The carrier **421** has a first side **422**, a second side **423**, and mating members **424**. The mating members **424** are lips extending from the side edges of the carrier **421** and are arranged similarly as the lips **415a** on the dispenser **411**. Therefore, the carrier **421** does not have to be slid into the dispenser **411** all the way from an end of the carrier **421**. Rather, the mating members **424** are simply placed in the spaces between the lips **415a** thereby depressing the securing tab **415b** concurrently. As the carrier **421** is slid into the dispenser **411** so that the lips **415a** align with the mating members **424**, the securing tab **415b** engages the end of the carrier **421** thereby snap locking it into place. This provides a shorter distance to connect the carrier **421** to the dispenser **411** should the walls of the dryer prevent the carrier **421** from being slid into place from the end of the dispenser **411**. To disengage the carrier **421** from the dispenser **411**, the securing tab **415b** is pushed downward and then the carrier **421** is slid away from the lips **415a** of the dispenser **411**. When the mating members **424** of the carrier **421** no longer align with the lips **415a** of the dispenser **411**, the carrier **421** may be removed from the dispenser **411**.

The carrier **421** also includes a plurality of apertures **425** and tapered portions **426**. The tapered portions **426** taper outward from the first side **422** to the second side **423** of the carrier **421**, and the tapered apertures **425** have a smaller diameter on the first side **422** and a larger diameter on the second side **423**. The preferred embodiment apertures **425** are hexagonal shaped, and each of the six sides is tapered. In the preferred embodiment, the tapered portions **426** are angled more than 0° and less than 10° from a tangent line generally perpendicular to the first side **422** of the carrier **421**. More preferably, the tapered portions **426** are tapered approximately 1° to 3° from a tangent line generally perpendicular to the first side **422** of the carrier **421**. FIG. **23** shows a cross sectional view of an aperture **425** in the carrier **421** taken along the lines **23-23** in FIG. **13**. The apertures **425** have tapered portions **426** with angles A. Similar to the countersunk portions described above, angles A provide means to secure the solid product onto the carrier **421** because the solid product slightly fans out proximate the second side **423** thereby securing the solid product onto the carrier **421**.

In any of the embodiments, either tapered portions or countersunk portions may be used as they have the same function. The tapered portions begin at the top of the carrier and taper outward toward the bottom of the carrier. In the countersunk portions, the taper begins approximate the middle of the carrier and taper outward toward the bottom of the carrier. Regardless where the taper begins, the taper allows the solid product to fan out proximate the bottom of the carrier thereby securing the solid product onto the carrier.

FIG. **14** is a bottom perspective view of the carrier **421** shown in FIG. **13**. For illustrative purposes, product **431** is only shown on half of the carrier **421** to show both the bottom structure of the carrier **421** and how the product **431** is supported below the carrier **421**. As shown in FIG. **14**, the carrier **421** includes a straight reinforcement rib member **430a** along the center parallel to the sides of the carrier **421** and a zig-zag reinforcement rib member **430b** on each side of the straight reinforcement rib **430a** approximately half-way to the sides of the carrier **421**. The zig-zag reinforcement members **430b** do not interfere with the nonlinear arrangement of the apertures **425** and therefore do not block the apertures **425**. The zig-zag reinforcement members **430b** may or may not be tapered or countersunk to hold the product in a similar way as the apertures **425** of the carrier **421**. There is a major portion of the product **431** on the top of the carrier **421** to be dispensed during the dryer cycle. There is a minor portion of the product

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431 inside the carrier **421** and extending into the tapered portions **426** and in between the ribs **430a** and **430b** of the carrier **421**, as shown in FIG. **14**. Therefore, the major portion of the product is joined on top of the carrier **421** and the minor portion of the product is joined below the carrier **421** between the ribs **430a** and **430b**. This assists in keeping the product on the carrier **421**.

Optionally, the carrier **421** may also include a cover (not shown) attached to the second side **423** and creating a gap between the second side **423** and the cover where the product joins below the carrier **421**. With a cover, the product **431** would contact the cover between the ribs **430a** and **430b**. This assists in casting the product vertically onto the carrier **421** and the product is more evenly applied to the carrier **421**. When casting the product onto the carrier **421** horizontally, the cover is not needed for even application of the product. Also, the cover protects the solid product that has gone through the apertures and tapered portions so the only part of the product that is exposed is the portion extending from the first side **422** of the carrier **421**. Therefore, the product can extend past the tapered portions **426** and reconnect/join along the surface of the cover to provide additional assurance that the product will not separate from the carrier **421**. The line **15-15** in FIG. **14** shows the line across which the cross sectional view of FIG. **15** is taken. FIG. **15** is a cross sectional view showing a solid product **431** on the carrier **421** shown in FIGS. **13** and **14**. Although FIG. **14** shows product **431** on only half of the carrier **421**, FIG. **15** shows product on the entire carrier **421**. This further shows how the product **431** connects both above and below the carrier **421** for added security of the product **431** on the carrier **421**.

In addition, the product could also be mounted, cast, extruded, or otherwise attached by means well known in the art onto VELCRO®, 3M™ Scotchmate™, 3M™ Dual Lock™, or any other suitable hook and loop or reclosable fastener type device. FIG. **22** shows a preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier **510** utilizing hook and loop. The product dispenser and carrier **510** includes a dispenser or plate member **511** and a carrier **521**. The dispenser **511** is a piece of loop having a front **512** with an attachment member **515** and a back **518** with an adhesive or connecting member **519**. The adhesive **519** operatively connects the dispenser **511** onto a surface such as a dryer fin **541**. The carrier **521** includes a first side or layer **522** and a second side or layer **523**. The first and second sides **522** and **523** are each pieces of hook, and the adhesives attached to the back of each piece (not shown) are pressed together so that the hook portions are opposing. The first side **522** has hook **525** and the second side **523** has hook or mating member **524**. The product **531** is attached to the hook **525** while the mating member **524** engages the attachment member **515**. Therefore, the carrier **521** readily attaches to and detaches from the dispenser **511** as easily as the interaction between the hook **524** and the loop **515**. When the product **531** has become depleted, the carrier **521** is simply detached from the dispenser **511** by disengaging the hook **524** and the loop **515** and then another carrier carrying product is substituted therefor.

Another embodiment of the present invention incorporates the dispenser or plate member **611** of the product dispenser and carrier **610** into an inner surface of the dryer **40**. The plate member may be molded as part of the inner surface of the dryer **40** or fixedly attached thereto by means well known in the art. FIG. **25** shows the dispenser **611** incorporated into the fin **41'** of the dryer **40**. However, the inner surface of the dryer could be a fin, a door, a wall opposite the door, and a drum wall of the dryer; and there are many possible locations and orientations of the plate member on these surfaces.

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As shown in FIG. **26**, the dispenser **611** of the product dispenser and carrier **610** includes a front side **612** and a perimeter **613**. The perimeter **613** of the dispenser **611** includes a rail portion **614** extending outward from the front **612** along three sides of the dispenser **611**, leaving an end without a rail portion. Alternatively, rather than having a rail portion, one end could include a stop member and the opposite end could receive the product carrier (not shown). Similar to the product dispenser and carrier **410** shown in FIG. **13**, the rail portion **614** borders the product carrier along three sides and protects the corresponding three edges of the product carrier when operatively connected to the front **612** of the dispenser **611**. An attachment member includes lips **615a** and a securing tab **615b**. The lips **615a** extend from the rail portion **614** along the two sides, and in the preferred embodiment, there are three lips **615a** on each side, the three lips **615a** being aligned with the opposing three lips **615a**. It is recognized, however, that any arrangement of lips **615a** is possible as long as the mating members on the carrier (not shown) are properly aligned. The securing tab **615b** is on the end of the dispenser **611** not having a rail portion. When the carrier is slid into the dispenser **611** from either the end or as described above with regard to the product dispenser and carrier **410**, the securing tab **615b** is pushed downward and then snaps into place to border the corresponding edge of the carrier when in place on the front **612** of the dispenser **611**.

Although only one embodiment of the present invention is shown incorporated into the dryer fin **41'**, it is recognized that any of the embodiments shown and described could be similarly incorporated or even fixedly attached thereto. In addition, attachment members could simply be incorporated into the inner surface of the dryer to receive and secure the product carrier onto the inner surface.

It was found that the shape of the product affects the dispensing rate of the product. The dispense curves of the product dose per dryer cycle as a function of the number of dryer cycles were compared for four different sizes and shapes of solid product. Each solid product was 8 inches long. The dispenser and carriers were mounted in the center on the front portion of the fin of a 75 pound dryer. The front portion of the fin is the portion that touches the laundry. The first product having a half-cylindrical narrow shape (1.75 inches wide) and a high dome (1.00 inch high) is shown in FIGS. **16a** and **16b**. FIG. **16a** is a side view of the product and FIG. **16b** is an end view of the product shown in FIG. **16a**. The second product having a half-cylindrical narrow shape (1.75 inches wide) and a high dome (1.00 inch high) with rounded top edges is shown in FIGS. **17a** and **17b**. FIG. **17a** is a side view of the product and FIG. **17b** is an end view of the product shown in FIG. **17a**. The third product having a half-cylindrical wide shape (2.50 inches wide) and a low dome (0.65 inch high) is shown in FIGS. **18a** and **18b**. FIG. **18a** is a side view of the product and FIG. **18b** is an end view of the product shown in FIG. **18a**. The fourth product having a half-cylindrical wide shape (2.50 inches wide) and a low dome (0.65 inch high) with rounded top edges is shown in FIGS. **19a** and **19b**. FIG. **19a** is a side view of the product and FIG. **19b** is an end view of the product shown in FIG. **19a**.

The wide, low dome products (third and fourth products) shown in FIG. **21** dispensed the product more slowly than the narrow, high dome products (first and second products) shown in FIG. **20**. The initial doses were approximately 9 grams and 3.5 grams per dryer cycle (third and fourth products, respectively) versus approximately 13 grams and 5 grams per dryer cycle (first and second products, respectively). The products with the rounded top edges (second and fourth products) dispensed the product more evenly from the

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first to the last cycle as compared to the products with squared/sharp edges (first and third products). In other words, the high initial doses observed with squared/sharp edges (first and third products) were avoided by rounding the edges (second and fourth products). These high initial doses are most likely due to the wet laundry sliding over the square/sharp edges at both ends of the half-cylindrical product thereby slowly wearing the edges until a rounded edge is formed. The optimum shape for even dispensing of the product was obtained by using a half-cylindrical block of product with squared/sharp edges that were rounded after approximately 20 dryer cycles. Therefore, starting with a shape having rounded edges or rounded surfaces, which results from using a block of product with squared/sharp edges that were rounded after approximately 20 dryer cycles, provides an optimum shape for dispensing a consistent, optimum dose of product. The optimum shape helped reduce high product doses in the initial doses. As shown in FIGS. 20 and 21, the most even dispensing was achieved with the wide product block with rounded edges (fourth product).

FIG. 20 is a graph showing the dispensing rates of the solid products shown in FIGS. 16a and 17a, and FIG. 21 is a graph showing the dispensing rates of the solid products shown in FIGS. 18a and 19a. These graphs show that products having rounded edges have more even dispense curves from the first dose to the final dose. The products having the sharp edges begin with much higher initial doses than products having rounded edges. Therefore, to ensure that a consistent, optimum dose is achieved for each cycle, a product with rounded edges should be used.

The amount of product dispensed is also moisture controlled. In other words, every time the wet or damp laundry tumbling around in the dryer contacts the product, minute amounts of the product are dissolved by the adsorbed water in the laundry. This is due to the low water solubility of the product and also due to the friction (mechanical action) of the laundry rubbing against the product. Once the laundry is dry, product will no longer be dispensed. In the preferred embodiment, the product is sized to deliver doses for multiple cycles (100+). Ideally, the dose should not change significantly from the first to the last dryer cycle. For example, if a dose of 1 gram per cycle provides the desired effect on the laundry, a block of 100 grams should last for 100 cycles, dispensing approximately 1 gram per cycle. Generally, the product will last for multiple cycles (100+) in a dryer and dispense approximately the same dose of product from the first to the last cycle.

However, experiments have shown that dispense curves are not even from the first to the last cycle because of the changes in volume, surface area, and shape of the product over time. The changes in the volume and the surface area, which inevitably decrease with each dose, cause the dispensed dose to decrease slowly from the first to the last cycle because there is less contact with the laundry and the product. The shape of the product is also a factor for the initial doses of the product. If the product is cast in the shape of a rectangular block, the contact between the tumbling laundry and the block will cause the sharp edges of the block to become smooth or round by friction during the initial cycles. This causes substantially higher dispense doses in the initial dryer cycles until the edges are smooth or round and the block resembles a half-cylinder with round ends (oval in shape).

In addition, the amount of product that is dispensed can also be affected by the location, the position, and the orientation of the product in the dryer. The product can be placed on either side of the fin or even on the door of the dryer. In addition, it was found that placement of the dispenser and carrier on the fin also affects the dispensing rate of the prod-

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uct. In other words, placing the dispenser and carrier on the side of the fin that touches the laundry would increase the dispensing rate of the product. Conversely, placing the dispenser and carrier on the side opposite the side of the fin that touches the laundry would decrease the dispensing rate of the product. Position on the fin such as in the center of the fin or near the edge of the fin will also affect the dose. In addition, if the product is mounted at an angle relative to the surface of the fin, as shown in FIG. 9, more product is exposed to the laundry thereby dispensing more product. Although any of these placements is acceptable, it is preferred to place the dispenser and carrier on the back side of the fin (the following edge) to dispense less product, which provides better results.

As stated previously, the product carrier is operatively connected to the plate member. It is understood that the product carrier may be operatively connected to the plate member via various types of mating members and/or attachment members, including molding the product dispenser and carrier as one integral piece. In such an embodiment, the mating members and/or attachment members are the interconnecting portions operatively connecting the product carrier to the plate member.

A preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier 710 of an integral construction is shown in FIG. 27. The product dispenser and carrier 710 includes an octagonal dispenser member 711 having a product carrier 711a and a plate member 711b. The product carrier 711a provides a surface upon which a product 713 is operatively connected. The product 713 could be operatively connected to the product carrier 711a via a plurality of apertures, dove tail grooves, hooks, or other suitable devices well known in the art. For this and subsequent embodiments to be described, the previous embodiments described herein provide examples of possible constructions of the product carrier 711a. The plate member 711b provides a surface upon which a connecting member 712 is operatively connected for connecting the plate member 711b to a surface. The connecting member 712 is preferably a hole plug configured and arranged to engage a ventilation hole on the inner surface of a dryer, but it is recognized that other connecting devices well known in the art could be used such as, but not limited to, VELCRO®, a screw, a magnet, and an adhesive. The dispenser member 711 is preferably octagonal in shape, but other shapes may be used.

A preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier 720 of an integral construction is shown in FIG. 28. The product dispenser and carrier 720 includes a round dispenser member 721 having a product carrier 721a and a plate member 721b. The product carrier 721a provides a surface upon which a product 723 is operatively connected. The product 723 could be operatively connected to the product carrier 721a via a plurality of apertures, dove tail grooves, hooks, or other suitable devices well known in the art. The plate member 721b provides a surface upon which a connecting member 722 is operatively connected for connecting the plate member 721b to a surface. The connecting member 722 is preferably a hole plug configured and arranged to engage a ventilation hole on the inner surface of a dryer, but it is recognized that other connecting devices well known in the art could be used such as, but not limited to, VELCRO®, a screw, a magnet, and an adhesive. The dispenser member 721 is preferably round in shape, but other shapes may be used.

A preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier 730 of an integral construction is shown in FIG. 29. The product dispenser and carrier 730 includes an oblong dispenser member 731 having a product carrier 731a and a plate member 731b. The product carrier 731a includes hooks 732 to which a product 733 is operatively connected, but it is recognized

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that other suitable devices well known in the art could be used to connect the product **733** to the product carrier **731a**. The product **733** is cast or extruded onto the product carrier **731a** and solidifies around the hooks **732**. A portion of the product **733** has been removed to reveal the hooks **732**. The plate member **731b** provides a surface upon which a connecting member (not shown in this embodiment but has been fully described with respect to other embodiments) is operatively connected for connecting the plate member **731b** to a surface. Suitable connecting members include, but are not limited to, a hole plug, VELCRO®, a screw, a magnet, and an adhesive. The dispenser member **731** is preferably oblong in shape, but other shapes may be used.

A preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier **740** of an integral construction is shown in FIG. **30**. The product dispenser and carrier **740** includes an oblong dispenser member **741** having a product carrier **741a** and a plate member **741b**. The product carrier **741a** includes grips **742** to which a product **743** is operatively connected, but it is recognized that other suitable devices well known in the art could be used to connect the product **743** to the product carrier **741a**. The grips **742** are preferably pin-shaped with a head **742b** proximate the top of the pin **742a**. The product **743** is cast or extruded onto the product carrier **741a** and solidifies around the grips **742**. The heads **742b** are enlarged to hold the product **743** thereto. A portion of the product **743** has been removed to reveal the grips **742**. The plate member **741b** provides a surface upon which a connecting member (not shown) is operatively connected for connecting the plate member **741b** to a surface. Suitable connecting members include, but are not limited to, a hole plug, VELCRO®, a screw, a magnet, and an adhesive. The dispenser member **741** is preferably oblong in shape, but other shapes may be used.

A preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier **750** of an integral construction is shown in FIG. **31**. The product dispenser and carrier **750** includes a rectangular dispenser member **751** having a product carrier **751a** and a plate member **751b**. The dispenser member **751** is preferably double sided tape, and the product carrier **751a** includes tape (not shown in this embodiment but has been fully described with respect to other embodiments) to which a product **753** is operatively connected and the plate member **751b** includes tape **754** for connecting the plate member **751b** to a surface. The dispenser member **751** is preferably rectangular in shape, but other shapes may be used.

A preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier **760** of an integral construction is shown in FIG. **32**. The product dispenser and carrier **760** includes a dispenser member **761** having a product carrier **761a** and a plate member **761b**, each preferably having a hook side **762a** and **762b** and a backing **764a** and **764b**, respectively. The backings **764a** and **764b** face one another and are operatively connected by stitching, glue, tape, or other connecting devices well known in the art, and the hook sides **762a** and **762b** are opposing. Alternatively, one layer of double sided hook could be used rather than two layers of single sided hook. Hook side **762a** provides a surface upon which a product **763** may be operatively connected. The product **763** is preferably cast or extruded onto the hook side **762a** and solidifies about the hooks **765a**. The hooks **765b** are curved, bent, or looped to hold the product **763** thereto. The hook side **762b** is configured and arranged to operatively connect to loop, a towel, or other suitable object that will connect to hooks **765b**.

Another preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier **780** of an integral construction is shown in FIG. **33**. The product dispenser and carrier **780** is preferably a one piece rectangular tube including a product carrier **781** and a plate

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member **783**, which are interconnected by attachment or mating members **784** along the two sides of the product dispenser and carrier **780**. A cavity **785** is between the product carrier **781** and the plate member **783**. The product carrier **781** includes apertures **782** providing access to the cavity **785** and through which product **787** extends. The apertures are preferably countersunk or tapered to hold the product **787** therein. A connecting member **786** such as a magnet or other suitable member well known in the art is operatively connected to the plate member **783** to connect the plate member **783** to a surface.

As discussed previously, the amount of product dispensed can be affected by many factors. One way to assist in controlling the product dose is to provide a cover, which can be adjusted to expose varying amounts of product. The more product that is exposed, the higher the dose. Conversely, the less product that is exposed, the lower the dose. A preferred embodiment product dispenser and carrier **800** is shown in FIGS. **34-36**. The product dispenser and carrier **800** includes a dispenser member **806** and a cover **801**. The dispenser member **806** includes snap fit ledges **807** along the sides. The cover **801** is preferably a curved member includes lips **802** along the sides, and the lips **802** are configured and arranged to snap into place along the snap fit ledges **807**, as shown in FIG. **35**. The cover **801** releasably engages the dispenser member **806**. Therefore, the cover **801** may be added or removed from the dispenser member **806**. The cover **801** also includes a first half **801a** and a second half **801b**. Between the halves **801a** and **801b** is a perforated line **805**, along which the cover **801** may be broken to expose half of the product **804**. The halves **801a** and **801b** also include pulls **803** for assisting in removing the respective halves **801a** and **801b** from the dispenser member **806**. FIG. **36** shows first half **801a** being removed to expose one half of the product **804**. Although the cover **801** is shown with two halves or sections, any number of sections could be used. If it is desired to dispense a lot of product **804**, the entire cover **801** could be removed. If it is desired to dispense no product **804**, the entire cover **801** could be added. If a smaller amount of product **804** to be dispensed is desired, either of the halves **801a** and **801b** could be removed.

Because the product dispenser and carrier provides for replaceable product, an out of product indicator could be used to indicate when the product should be replaced. A preferred embodiment out of product indicator **813** for use with product dispenser and carrier **810** is shown in FIGS. **37-39**. The product dispenser and carrier **810** includes a product carrier **811** and a plate member **812**. The product carrier **811** includes apertures **814** configured and arranged to hold product **815** therein, and product **815** extends upward from one side of the product carrier **811**. The plate member **812** engages the product carrier **811** on the side opposite the product **815** and includes the out of product indicator **813**. The out of product indicator **813** is housed within the plate member **812** preferably proximate the side of the plate member **812** and extends into an aperture **814**. The out of product indicator **813** is preferably a switch having a first position A and a second position B. FIG. **37** shows these two positions A and B. The out of product indicator **813** is operatively connected to an indicator **816**, which is preferably a light extending from the plate member **812** where it is preferably visible. When the product is full, as in FIG. **38**, the out of product indicator **813** is compressed and in the first position A because product **815** provides a downward force upon the out of product indicator **813**. As the product **815** becomes depleted, the downward force is weakened until the product **815** becomes so low it cannot keep the out of product indicator compressed any

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longer. The out of product indicator **813** moves to the second position B, as shown in FIG. 39, which activates the indicator **816**. The indicator **816** provides visual indication that the product **815** should be removed and replaced. In addition to or in lieu of a light, a beeper could be used to give an audible indication.

A preferred embodiment out of product indicator **823** for use with product dispenser and carrier **820** is shown in FIGS. 40-41. The product dispenser and carrier **820** includes a product carrier **821** and a plate member **822**. The product carrier **821** includes apertures **824** configured and arranged to hold product **825** therein, and product **825** extends upward from one side of the product carrier **821**. The plate member **822** engages the product carrier **821** on the side opposite the product **825** and includes the out of product indicator **823**. The out of product indicator **823** is housed within the plate member **822** preferably proximate the side of the plate member **822** and an aperture **824**. The out of product indicator **823** is preferably a light emitting diode (hereinafter "LED") **823a** and a photodiode **823b**, the LED **823a** providing a light beam and the photodiode **823b** being operatively connected to an indicator **826**, which is preferably a light extending from the plate member **822** where it is preferably visible. When the product is full, as in FIG. 40, the LED **823a** provides light having a light path L1, which reflects off the product **825** in aperture **824** to the photodiode **823b**, which keeps the indicator **826** turned off. As the product **825** becomes depleted and there is little to no product **825** within the aperture **824**, the LED **823a** provides light having a light path L2, which goes through the aperture **824**. Therefore, the light path L2 does not reflect off the product **825** to the photodiode **823b** and the photodiode **823b** turns the indicator **826** on. The indicator **826** provides visual indication that the product **825** should be removed and replaced. In addition to or in lieu of a light, a beeper could be used to give an audible indication.

A preferred embodiment out of product indicator **833** for use with product dispenser and carrier **830** is shown in FIG. 42. The product dispenser and carrier **830** includes a product carrier **831** carrying a product **834** and a plate member **832**. The out of product indicator **833** is preferably a piece of hook proximate the top of the product carrier **831** where the product **834** enters the apertures **836**. As the product **834** becomes depleted the hook becomes exposed. Preferably, the hook is either small pieces or includes apertures to allow the product **834** through the backing of the hook and into the apertures **836**. When an area of hook large enough to attract and adhere to linen **835**, the product **834** should be replaced.

A preferred embodiment out of product indicator **843** for use with product dispenser and carrier **840** is shown in FIG. 43. The product dispenser and carrier **840** includes a product carrier **841** carrying a product **844** and a plate member **842**. The out of product indicator **843** is preferably a piece of foil or other easily recognizable material well known in the art proximate the top of the product carrier **841** where the product **844** enters the apertures **846**. As the product **844** becomes depleted the foil loosens and eventually falls off the product carrier **841**. Preferably, the foil is either small pieces or includes apertures to allow the product **844** through the foil and into the apertures **846**. When the foil falls off, the product **844** should be replaced.

A preferred embodiment out of product indicator **853** for use with product dispenser and carrier **850** is shown in FIGS. 44-45. The product dispenser and carrier **850** includes a product carrier **851** carrying a product **854** and a plate member **852**. The out of product indicator **853** is preferably a tag on an elongate connecting member, which is preferably a string. One end of the string is connected to the tag and the other end

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of the string is operatively connected to the product carrier **851** proximate the side of the product carrier **851**. The tag is positioned proximate the top of the product carrier **851** where the product **854** enters the apertures **856**. This is shown in FIG. 44. As the product **854** becomes depleted the tag loosens and is eventually released from the product **854**. When the tag is released, as in FIG. 45, the product **854** should be replaced.

A preferred embodiment out of product indicator **863** for use with product dispenser and carrier **860** is shown in FIGS. 46-47. The product dispenser and carrier **860** includes a product carrier **861** carrying a product **862**. The product carrier **861** includes the out of product indicator **863**, which is preferably fluorescing lines along the sides of the product carrier **861**. As the product **862** becomes depleted the fluorescing lines become visible thereby indicating that the product **862** should be replaced. Alternatively, the product carrier **861** could be a different color and when this color is exposed the product **862** should be replaced.

It is understood that any of these features may be interchanged among the different preferred embodiments to create variations thereof and such variations are within the scope of the present invention. It is also understood that the plate member and the product carrier may be made in numerous different shapes and sizes and are not limited to those shown in the preferred embodiments. Further, it is recognized that the dimensions described herein are for illustrative purposes only and any dimensions suitable for the intended purpose are acceptable. In addition, it is also understood that the product dispenser and carrier may be used on the inner surface of a dryer or it may even be used in different applications such as pest elimination and dish washing to dispense products such as insect bait and drying agents, respectively. Also, the types of products that could be used with this device are softeners, sanitizers, water repellants, deodorizers, bleaches, soil repellants, dye-transfer inhibitors, fiber protecting polymers, fiber smoothers, UV light absorbers, anti-wrinkle agents, etc. Any of these products, as well as additional products, could be used with the present invention.

The above specification, examples and data provide a complete description of the manufacture and use of the composition of the invention. Since many embodiments of the invention can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention, the invention resides in the claims hereinafter appended.

We claim:

1. A dispenser for dispensing a fabric conditioner in a dryer, the dispenser being releasably attachable to an inner surface of the dryer, comprising:

a product carrier having a first side, a second side, and a plurality of voids; and

a solid fabric conditioner product solidified onto the product carrier, a minor portion of the solid fabric conditioner product filling the plurality of voids and a substantial portion of the solid fabric conditioner product extending from the first side of the product carrier and being exposed, wherein the minor portion filling the plurality of voids allows the solid fabric conditioner product to be securely connected to the product carrier, and wherein the solid fabric conditioner product is configured and arranged for multiple use, wherein the plurality of voids is a plurality of apertures extending through the product carrier, the plurality of apertures being at least partially tapered on the second side of the product carrier.

2. The dispenser of claim 1, wherein the substantial portion is at least 85% of the solid fabric conditioner product and the

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minor portion is a remaining portion of the solid fabric conditioner product when initially operatively connected to the product carrier.

3. The dispenser of claim 1, further comprising a connecting member operatively connected to the second side of the product carrier for connecting the product carrier to the inner surface of the dryer, the connecting member being selected from the group consisting of a plate member, an adhesive, a releasable adhesive, a magnet, hook and loop, a hole plug, tape, and double sided tape.

4. The dispenser of claim 1, wherein the solid fabric conditioner product is solidified onto the product carrier using a method selected from the group consisting of casting, extrusion, and injection molding.

5. The dispenser of claim 4, wherein the minor portion fills the plurality of voids and the solid fabric conditioner product solidifies onto the product carrier thereby securing the solid fabric conditioner product onto the product carrier.

6. The dispenser of claim 1, further comprising an out of product indicator providing indication when the solid fabric conditioner product is low and the product carrier should be replaced.

7. The dispenser of claim 6, wherein the out of product indicator is an indicator selected from the group consisting of a switch, a light emitting diode, a beeper, a portion of hook material, a piece of recognizable material, a piece of foil, a tag connected to an elongate member, a fluorescent line, and a different color on the product carrier.

8. The dispenser of claim 1, further comprising an adjustable cover configured and arranged to releasably engage the product carrier and cover at least a portion of the solid fabric conditioner product, the adjustable cover being adjustable and removable to expose varying amounts of the solid fabric conditioner product.

9. The dispenser of claim 1, further comprising:

- a) a plate member having a front side, a back side, and an attachment member;
- b) a mating member of the product carrier, the mating member being configured and arranged to engage the attachment member thereby releasably connecting the plate member and the product carrier, whereby the product carrier is replaceable, wherein the substantial portion of the solid fabric conditioner product extends from the first side of the product carrier away from the plate member and the second side of the product carrier faces the plate member; and
- c) a connecting member operatively connected to the back side of the plate member, the connecting member operatively connecting the plate member to the inner surface of the dryer.

10. The dispenser of claim 9, wherein the connecting member is selected from the group consisting of an adhesive, a releasable adhesive, a magnet, hook and loop, a hole plug, tape, and double sided tape.

11. The dispenser of claim 1, wherein the product carrier supports the solid fabric conditioner product at an angle relative to the inner surface of the dryer.

12. The dispenser of claim 1, further comprising a plate member having a front side and a back side, the front side being operatively connected to the second side of the product carrier, a connecting member being operatively connected to the back side of the plate member, the connecting member operatively connecting the plate member to the inner surface of the dryer.

13. The dispenser of claim 12, wherein the product carrier and the plate member are integral.

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14. The dispenser of claim 1, wherein the first side of the product carrier is dome-like shaped.

15. The dispenser of claim 1, wherein the solid fabric conditioner product has rounded top edges thereby having a dome-like shape.

16. The dispenser of claim 1, wherein the product carrier is configured and arranged for mounting to the inner surface of the dryer, the inner surface selected from the group consisting of a dryer door, a dryer fin, a leading edge of a dryer fin, a following edge of a dryer fin, and a center portion of a dryer fin.

17. The dispenser of claim 16, wherein multiple product carriers are mounted to the inner surface of the dryer.

18. The dispenser of claim 1, further comprising:

- a) a mating member operatively connected to the product carrier; and
- b) a plate member operatively connected to the inner surface of the dryer, the plate member having a front side, a back side, and an attachment member, the attachment member being configured and arranged to mate with the mating member thereby releasably connecting the product carrier to the plate member.

19. The dispenser of claim 18, wherein the plate member is incorporated into the inner surface of the dryer.

20. A dispenser for dispensing a fabric conditioner in a dryer, the dispenser being releasably attachable to an inner surface of the dryer, comprising:

- a product carrier having a first side, a second side, and a plurality of voids; and
- a solid fabric conditioner product solidified onto the product carrier, a minor portion of the solid fabric conditioner product filling the plurality of voids and a substantial portion of the solid fabric conditioner product extending from the first side of the product carrier and being exposed, wherein the minor portion filling the plurality of voids allows the solid fabric conditioner product to be securely connected to the product carrier, and wherein the solid fabric conditioner product is configured and arranged for multiple use, wherein the plurality of voids is selected from the group consisting of a plurality of apertures and a plurality of dove tail grooves.

21. A dispenser for dispensing a fabric conditioner in dryer, the dispenser being releasably attachable to an inner surface of the dryer, comprising:

- a product carrier having a first side, a second side, and a plurality of voids; and
- a solid fabric conditioner product solidified onto the product carrier, a minor portion of the solid fabric conditioner product filling the plurality of voids and a substantial portion of the solid fabric conditioner product extending from the first side of the product carrier and being exposed, wherein the minor portion filling the plurality of voids allows the solid fabric conditioner product to be securely connected to the product carrier, and wherein the solid fabric conditioner product is configured and arranged for multiple use, wherein the plurality of voids is formed by members selected from the group consisting of grips, hooks, and loops.

22. A dispensing system for dispensing a solid fabric conditioner, comprising:

- a) a dryer having an inner surface including a receiving member;
- b) a product carrier configured and arranged to releasably engage the receiving member thereby releasably connecting the product carrier to the inner surface of the dryer, the product carrier including a void, wherein the void is a plurality of apertures extending through the

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product carrier, the plurality of apertures being at least partially tapered on the second side of the product carrier; and

- c) a solid fabric conditioner solidified onto the product carrier, a minor portion of the solid fabric conditioner filling the void to secure the solid fabric conditioner to the product carrier, a substantial portion of the solid fabric conditioner extending from the product carrier and being exposed, and wherein the solid fabric conditioner product is configured and arranged for multiple use.

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23. The dispensing system of claim **22**, wherein said inner surface is a surface selected from the group consisting of a dryer door, a dryer fin, a leading edge of a dryer fin, a following edge of a dryer fin, and a center portion of a dryer fin.

- 24.** The dispensing system of claim **22**, wherein the receiving member includes an attachment member and the product carrier includes a mating member, the attachment member being configured and arranged to releasably engage the mating member thereby releasably connecting the product carrier to the inner surface.

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