

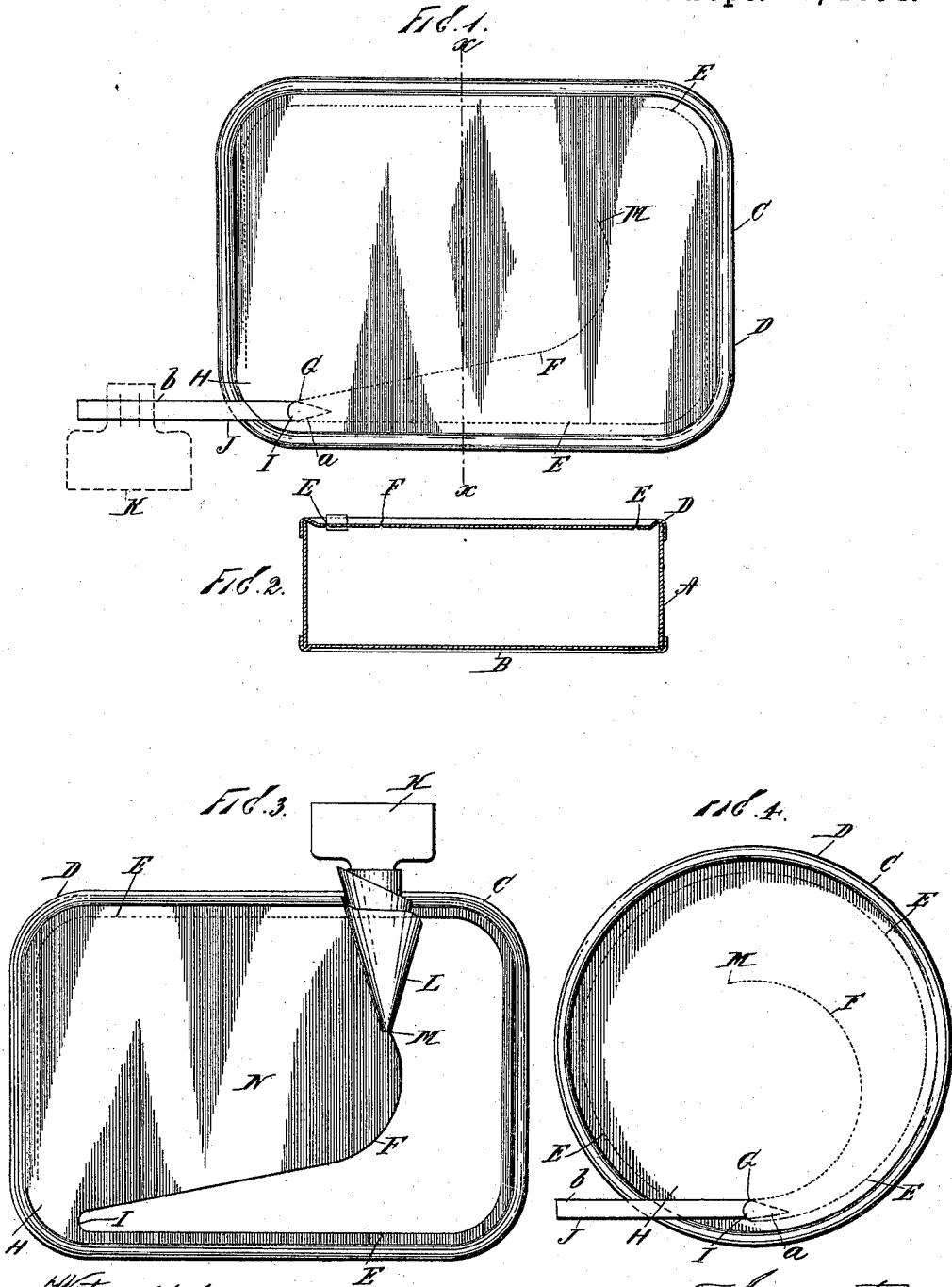
(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 1.

F. C. BUSCH.
MEANS FOR OPENING METAL RECEPTACLES.

No. 526,435.

Patented Sept. 25, 1894.



Witnesses:
John Buschler,
R. Gibson.

Inventor
F. C. Busch,
By Reading and Kiesel
Attorneys.

(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 2.

F. C. BUSCH.

MEANS FOR OPENING METAL RECEPTACLES.

No. 526,435.

Patented Sept. 25, 1894.

FIG. 5.

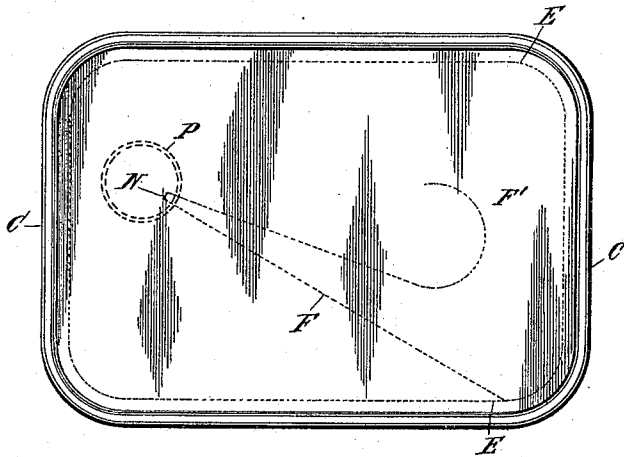
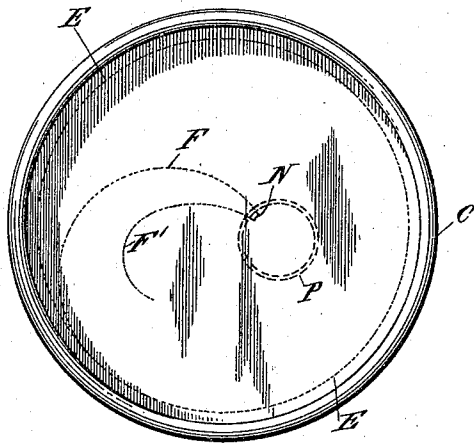


FIG. 6.



Witnesses:
John Buckler,
M. Gibson.

Inventor:
Ferdinand C. Busch
By Reading & Keale,
Attorneys.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FREDERIC C. BUSCH, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO GUSTAVUS A. WAEBER, OF SAME PLACE, AND FREDERIC REISET, OF KATONAH, NEW YORK.

MEANS FOR OPENING METAL RECEPTACLES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 526,435, dated September 25, 1894.

Application filed June 8, 1894. Serial No. 513,859. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FREDERIC C. BUSCH, a citizen of the United States, residing in New York city, in the county and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Means for Opening Metal Receptacles, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to a novel means or method of opening metal receptacles such as cans, boxes, and the like, usually constructed of tin, and designed to contain edibles of various kinds, as small fish, fruits, vegetables, &c., the cans being hermetically sealed in order to effectually preserve the contents, whatever they may be. There have been many and various contrivances and methods devised for the purpose of providing ready and effectual means or methods of opening such hermetically sealed receptacles, and in particular instances some of such methods and means are effectual in their way. I have, however, invented or discovered a method by which any such receptacle of whatever shape, whether rectangular, circular or other shape, may be readily, conveniently, easily and effectually opened, and too according to a predetermined plan; that is to say, the opening will be in predetermined lines, and in the accompanying drawings I have illustrated embodiments of my invention, in which—

Figure 1 is a top or plan view of a rectangular-shaped box with rounded corners, (or the cover thereof) as shown, such as are used for packing sardines. Fig. 2 is a sectional view of the box shown in Fig. 1 taken through line $x-x$ of that figure. Fig. 3 is a view of the box or cover shown in Figs. 1 and 2 partially opened, according to my invention. Fig. 4 is a view of a round box or receptacle or the cover therefor. Fig. 5 is a view of a box or cover like that shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 3 illustrating a modification of my invention; and Fig. 6 is a view of a box or cover like that shown in Fig. 4 illustrating a modification of my invention as applied to round boxes or covers.

Referring first to Figs. 1 to 4 inclusive, it will be seen that the receptacle is made up

of a body piece A and a bottom piece B secured to the body or side piece A, in the manner shown, (see Fig. 2) the edges of the bottom piece B being turned up against the side or body piece A, and secured thereto by solder or other cement. In like manner the cover C is secured to the top of the box or receptacle, its edges being turned down upon the side or body piece A and fastened thereto by solder or other suitable cement. The cover is constructed with the bead or raised portion D, as is usual in such boxes.

In order to open the receptacle, or in other words, to provide a way by which the receptacle may be opened, an opening line E is marked or cut on the cover C extending entirely around or substantially or nearly entirely around, and preferably close to the edge of the sides or outside edge or edges of the box, and in Figs. 1 to 4 inclusive, another opening line F is marked upon the surface of the cover commencing at any suitable or convenient point thereof, connecting therewith or close to the other opening line as shown at G in Figs. 1 and 3, and this opening line F may continue parallel with the opening line E for a slight distance or preferably gradually diverging from that point and running a desired distance as shown in Figs. 1 and 3, in which figures the opening line F diverges from the point G to a point past the middle of the box or receptacle and terminates at a point between the middle and the opposite side. These opening lines are marked upon the one side or the other of the cover by a cutting tool, creaser or punch, and in the process of opening the box in the manner hereinafter explained the opening will be in or follow the lines of the cut or creased portions, as shown in Fig. 3.

It is preferred to leave a portion as H of the cover unmarked or uncut, so that when the other portion of the cover is torn away, this portion H will remain and act as a hinge upon which the cover can be lifted or turned up and down in covering and uncovering the contents again, if desired.

The space between the opening lines F and E at their starting points is wholly cut through at I, and a tongue or key J is passed

through that opening fitting accurately there-
 in, and in the drawings this tongue or key or
 opening device consists of a piece or strip of
 tin or similar sheet metal, one end of which a
 5 being on the under side of the cover and the
 other end b extending over the cover, solder
 being used to securely fasten this strip to the
 cover on both the outside and the inside and
 at the same time effectually close the slit in
 10 the cover to prevent access of air to the in-
 side of the box. As will be understood the
 tongue J may be made continuous with the
 body of the box instead of a separate piece
 or strip. In the drawings I have also shown
 15 a device or key K which is intended to be at-
 tached, if desired, to the free end of the strip
 or tongue J , around which key the strip J will
 be first wound in the commencement of the
 operation to open the box. As of course will
 20 be understood other constructions or charac-
 ter of keys or devices may be attached or ap-
 plied to the free end of the strip J than the
 construction of key or device K , whatever de-
 vice being used, the strip will be wound there-
 25 on in the first commencement of opening this
 box. Again instead of fitting into the slit I
 a strip J , a key or other opening device may
 be fastened directly to the portion of the cover
 between the opening lines E and F , by rivet-
 30 ing, soldering or other fastening means at the
 point I , so as to securely close and seal that
 point, and the operation of opening the box
 will be the same.

Heretofore in opening sheet metal recepta-
 35 cles a strip has been cut out of the surface of
 the cover near the outside edge or sides, and
 the interior portion of the cover will thus be
 separated from this strip, but by my inven-
 tion the whole surface of the cover is torn or
 40 cut away in the one operation, and becomes
 wound upon the opening device, as partially
 shown in Fig. 3.

The operation of opening the box according
 to my invention is as follows: The key K
 45 being in the position as shown in Fig. 1 is
 taken by the hand and turned in the direc-
 tion from right to left, looking at the draw-
 ings, when the strip J will first become wound
 upon the shank of the key and as the opera-
 50 tion is continued and the key further turned,
 the solder or seal at I will be ruptured and
 then will begin the process of tearing off the
 cover, and the cut-off portion, as L , will be-
 come wound upon the end of the key, and
 55 when the tearing has reached a point in the
 opening line E near the edge of the box,
 nearly opposite the point M , which is the end-
 ing of the opening line F , the portion L will
 be wound upon the end of the key as shown
 60 in Fig. 3 and become a continuation of that
 key, and then as the operation of turning is
 continued, the as yet unsevered portion N of
 the cover will then be wound upon itself from
 side to side, or from the opening line F to the
 65 opening line E at the other side of the box,
 and thus the entire cover will be wrapped or
 rolled up and torn from the body of the box

except the portion H which has not at all
 been marked, and as before stated will then
 operate as a hinge to enable the cover to be 70
 unrolled and laid over again in place upon
 the box to partially cover the contents or the
 interior. This operation as described with
 reference to Fig. 3 will be substantially the
 same if employed to open the round box 75
 shown in Fig. 4, and will be the same no mat-
 ter what kind of a key is used attached to the
 narrow portion intervening between the
 opening lines F and E at the point I , as will
 be readily understood. It is a great advan- 80
 tage that the portion first to be severed is
 narrow, as shown in the drawings, because
 the narrower the portion between the open-
 ing lines, the greater will be the ease by
 85 which the tearing can be started, and where
 the entire body of a cover is wound or wrapped
 up, forming really a part of the opening de-
 vice greater leverage is obtained in tearing
 off the portion of the cover intended to be
 90 torn off.

Besides in my invention a short key or
 opening device is only required because the
 material as stated becomes wound upon it-
 self and upon the shank of the key, and after
 the tearing has reached a point in the opening 95
 line E nearly opposite the point M , and the
 tearing is continued, the cover will only have
 to be severed from this point on, along the
 remaining portion of the opening line E ,
 which is very easily accomplished, especially 100
 as there will be a great bulk of metal wrapped
 on the key which will give great leverage, as
 before referred to.

The foregoing description has related more
 particularly to the constructions shown in 105
 Figs. 1 to 4 inclusive, but the same advan-
 tages heretofore stated as ensuing from the
 use of the means or method shown in those
 figures for opening metal receptacles, are at-
 110 tained in the use of the analogous means or
 methods employed now to be described in
 connection with Figs. 5 and 6, in which the
 opening line E runs around or substantially
 around the box in proximity with the edge
 as before described in connection with Figs. 115
 1 to 4, and there is another opening line
 F' which commences at any convenient point
 close to or connected with the opening line E ,
 and which gradually diverges inwardly there-
 120 from, and runs in such gradual divergence to
 a point as N slightly past the middle of the
 cover, thence there is another opening line
 F'' which commencing at such point gradu-
 ally diverges from the opening line F' to a
 125 point between the opening line F and the
 opening line E ; or to state it differently the
 two opening lines F and F'' may commence at
 any suitable point, as N , on the surface of the
 cover and gradually diverging from each
 130 other, one of said opening lines F runs from
 its starting point N to or so as to connect
 with the opening line E , and the other of said
 opening lines F'' runs in gradual divergence
 any desired distance and in any desired di-

rection to a point past the middle of the cover, terminating at a point between the middle and the edge or side of the receptacle.

As will be seen in Figs. 5 and 6 the two opening lines F and F' do not meet at the point N but there is a slight space between them, which space is weakened, and at this point N is secured by solder or other means an opening ring or other opening device P, the ring P being secured to the space between the opening lines F and F', and to open the receptacle it is only necessary to lift the ring from the surface of the cover, place the finger or other device through the ring, and pull the ring upward, whereby the weakened portion between the opening lines F and F' will be severed and the cover drawn or lifted out along the opening lines marked upon the face of the cover, as will be fully understood from Fig. 3.

As just stated, other opening devices than the ring P may be attached to the cover at the point N, within the spirit of this invention, and the whole or any predetermined portion of the cover may be easily and effectually removed on the lines marked upon the cover as hereinabove described in connection with Figs. 1 to 4.

Of course the invention herein described and claimed may be applied to the sides of the can or receptacle instead of to the cover and the sides torn out just as readily and effectually as when the cover is operated upon.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A metal receptacle having an opening line running around the receptacle in proximity with the edge or sides of the receptacle, and another opening line commencing at any convenient point close to or connected with the other opening line, and gradually diverging therefrom for a suitable distance, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

2. A metal receptacle provided with a cover having an opening line running around the receptacle in proximity with the edge or sides of the receptacle, and another opening line commencing at any convenient point close to or connected with the other opening line and gradually diverging therefrom and running in such gradual divergence to a point past the middle of the cover and terminating at a point between the middle and the edge of the receptacle or cover, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

3. A metal receptacle provided with a cover having an opening line extending around the cover in proximity to its edge, and another opening line, commencing at any convenient point close to or connected with the other line and gradually diverging therefrom so that a gradually widening strip is included between such lines, said strip being of such length that its edges may be separated from the remainder of the cover and may be wound around a suitable key or opening device adapted to be attached to said strip at its

narrow point or portion for a distance approximating one-half of the periphery of the cover, substantially as set forth.

4. A metal receptacle provided with a cover having an opening line running around the receptacle in proximity with the edge or sides of the receptacle, and another opening line commencing at any convenient point close to or connected with the other opening line and gradually diverging inwardly therefrom for a suitable distance, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

5. A metal receptacle having an opening line running around the receptacle in proximity with the edge or sides of the receptacle and another opening line commencing at any convenient point close to or connected with the other opening line and gradually diverging therefrom for a suitable distance, and a key or opening device connected with said receptacle at the point where said opening lines converge, substantially as set forth.

6. A metal receptacle provided with a cover having an opening line running around the receptacle in proximity with the edge or sides of the receptacle, of another opening line commencing at any convenient point close to or connected with the opening line that runs in proximity with the edge or sides of the receptacle and gradually diverging therefrom and running in such gradual divergence to a point past the middle of the cover, and another opening line commencing at such point and gradually diverging from the last mentioned opening line to a point between said last mentioned opening line and the line which runs in proximity with the edge, substantially as set forth.

7. A metal receptacle provided with a cover having an opening line running around the receptacle in proximity to the edge or sides of the receptacle and two other opening lines commencing at any suitable point on the surface of said cover and gradually diverging from each other, one of said lines running from its starting point close to or so as to connect with the opening line that runs around the surface of the cover in proximity to the edge, to any convenient point thereof, and the other of said opening lines running in such gradual divergence any desired distance to a point past the middle of the cover and terminating at a point between the middle and the edge or side of the receptacle, substantially as set forth.

8. A metal receptacle provided with a cover having an opening line running around the receptacle in proximity to the edge or sides of the receptacle and two other opening lines commencing at any suitable point on the surface of said cover and gradually diverging from each other, one of said lines running from its starting point close to or so as to connect with the opening line that runs around the surface of the cover in proximity to the edge, to any convenient point thereof, and the other of said opening lines running in

such gradual divergence any desired distance
to a point past the middle of the cover and
terminating at a point between the middle
and the edge or side of the receptacle, and a
5 key or opening device connected with said
cover at the meeting point of the said two
opening lines, substantially as set forth.

This specification signed and witnessed
this 16th day of April, 1894.

FREDERIC C. BUSCH.

Witnesses:

ALFR. W. KIDDLE,
M. GIBSON.