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**Olesen**

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(54) **MINIATURE ROSE PLANT NAMED**  
**‘POULPAR120’**

(50) Latin Name: *Rosa hybrida*  
Varietal Denomination: **‘Poulpar120’**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

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*A01H 6/74* (2018.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
USPC ..... **Plt./116**  
CPC ..... **A01H 6/749** (2018.05)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**  
USPC ..... **Plt./101, 116**  
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

**PUBLICATIONS**

CPVO Register—[https://online.plantvarieties.eu/publicSearch?](https://online.plantvarieties.eu/publicSearch?denomination=Poulpar120)  
denomination=Poulpar120; retrieved from the internet on Nov. 18,  
2021; citation for ‘POULPA120’ (Year: 2021).\*

\* cited by examiner

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new garden rose plant of the miniature class which has  
abundant, red and white striped flowers and attractive foliage.  
This new and distinct variety has shown to be uniform  
and stable in the resulting generations from asexual propa-  
gation.

**2 Drawing Sheets**

**1**

Botanical designation: *Rosa hybrida*.  
Variety denomination: ‘Poulpar120’.

This application claims priority to Plant Breeder’s Rights  
Application Number 2020/2266, which was filed at the  
Community Plant Variety Rights Office in the European  
Union on Sep. 21, 2020, the contents of which are hereby  
incorporated by reference for all purposes.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention constitutes a new and distinct  
variety of rose plant which originated from a controlled  
crossing between the female seed parent, an unnamed seed-  
ling, and the male pollen parent, also an unnamed seedling.  
Both of the parent varieties are non-patented.

The two parents were crossed during the summer of 2013  
and the resulting seeds were planted in a controlled envi-  
ronment in Fredensborg, Denmark. The new variety, named  
‘Poulpar120’, originated as a single seedling from the stated  
cross.

The new variety may be distinguished from its male  
pollen parent and female seed parent primarily by the  
following characteristics. The male pollen parent plant has  
red flowers while the new variety has red and white striped  
flowers. The female seed parent plant has pink and white  
striped flowers while the new variety has red and white  
striped flowers.

**2**

The objective of the hybridization of this rose variety was  
to create a new and distinct variety with unique qualities,  
such as:

1. Uniform and abundant red and white striped flowers;
2. Vigorous, but compact growth when propagated on its  
own roots;
3. Exceptional disease resistance.

This combination of qualities is not present in previously  
available commercial cultivars of this type, known to the  
inventor, and distinguish ‘Poulpar120’ from all other vari-  
eties of which we are aware.

As part of the rose development program, Mogens N.  
Olesen germinated the seeds from the aforementioned  
hybridization during winter of 2013 and conducted evalua-  
tions on the resulting seedlings in a controlled environment  
in Fredensborg, Denmark. ‘Poulpar120’ was selected in the  
spring of 2014 by the inventor as a single plant from the  
progeny of the aforementioned hybridization.

Asexual reproduction of ‘Poulpar120’ by rooted cuttings  
was first done by Mogens N. Olesen in the nursery in  
Fredensborg, Denmark in July, 2014. This initial and other  
subsequent asexual propagations conducted in controlled  
environments have demonstrated that the characteristics of  
‘Poulpar120’ are true to type and are transmitted from one  
generation to the next.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying color illustrations show as true as is reasonably possible to obtain in color photographs of this type, the typical characteristics of the buds, flowers, leaves, and stems, of ‘Poulpar120’.

Specifically illustrated in FIG. 1 of the drawings are flower buds, open flowers viewed from above and the side, petals detached revealing reproductive flower parts, sepals detached showing receptacle.

Specifically illustrated in FIG. 2 of the drawings are mature and juvenile leaves with anthocyanin, and bare stems. Plants shown are 4 months of age.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

The following is a description of ‘Poulpar120’, as observed in its growth in a controlled environment greenhouse in Odense Denmark. Observed plants are 4 months old and were grown on their own roots in 19 cm containers. Color references are made using The Royal Horticultural Society (London, England) Colour Chart, 2001, except where common terms of color are used.

For a comparison, several physical characteristics of the rose variety ‘Poultry019’, U.S. Plant Pat. No. 26,051 are compared to ‘Poulpar120’ in Chart 1.

CHART 1

	‘Poulpar120’	‘Poultry019’
Petal Count	75	25
Flower Diameter	50 mm	40 mm
Petal color, upper surface of outer petals	Red-Purple Group N57B splashed with Red-Purple Group 62B.	Red 46A splashed with White Group N155B and Red Group 49A

FLOWER AND FLOWER BUD

Blooming habit: Continuous.

Flower bud:

*Size.*—Upon opening, 21 mm in length from base of receptacle to end of bud. Bud diameter is 16 mm.

*Bud form.*—Ovoid.

*Bud color.*—As sepals divide petals are Orange-Red Group N34A splashed with Yellow Group 2D.

*Sepal inner surface.*—Color: Yellow-Green Group 147C with intonations of Greyed-Orange Group 177C. Surface: Lightly pubescent.

*Sepal outer surface.*—Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A. Texture: Smooth.

*Sepal shape.*—Apex: Cirrhose. Base: Flat at union with receptacle.

*Sepal margin.*—Margins have moderate foliaceous appendages on three of the five sepals.

*Sepal size.*—24 mm long, 8 mm wide.

*Receptacle.*—Texture: Smooth. Size: 5 mm in height, 9 mm wide. Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A. Shape: Funnel.

*Pedicel.*—Surface: Smooth. Length: 28 mm. Diameter: 3 mm on average. Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A. Strength: Strong.

Flower bud development: Flower buds are borne single and in clusters of 3 flower buds per stem.

Flower bloom:

*Fragrance.*—Light floral scent.

*Duration.*—The blooms have a duration on the plant of approximately 20 days. Petals fall cleanly away from plant after flowers have fully matured.

*Size.*—Flower diameter is 51 mm when open. Flower depth is 21 mm.

*Flower shape.*—Open cup.

*Shape of flower, side view.*—The upper portion is convex. The lower portion is concave.

Petalage: Under normal conditions, flowers have about 75 petals.

General tonality of flower: Open flowers are Red-Purple Group N57B and Red-Purple Group 62B.

Petal color:

*Upon opening, outer petals.*—Upper surface: Red-Purple Group N57B splashed with Red-Purple Group 62B. Lower surface: Red-Purple Group N57B splashed with White Group 155C.

*Upon opening, inner petals.*—Upper surface: Red-Purple Group N57B splashed with Red-Purple Group 62B. Lower surface: Red-Purple Group N57B splashed with White Group 155C.

*Basal petal spots, upon opening.*—Upper surface: Yellow Group 4D. Lower surface: Yellow Group 4D.

Petals:

*Petal reflex.*—Moderately reflexed.

*Margin.*—Entire and uniform. Moderate undulations. *Shape.*—Broad and elliptic. Apex shape: Rounded.

Base shape: Acute.

*Size.*—26 mm (l)×31 mm (w).

*Texture.*—Smooth.

*Thickness.*—Average.

Petaloids:

*Size.*—8 mm (l) by 4 mm (w).

*Quantity.*—About 12.

*Shape.*—Elliptical with an acute base and rounded apices.

*Color.*—Red-Purple Group N57B splashed with Red-Purple Group 62B on the upper side. Red-Purple Group N57B splashed with White Group 155C on the lower side. Both sides have a basal petaloid spot of Yellow Group 4D.

Reproductive flower parts:

*Pollen.*—None observed.

*Anthers.*—Size: 2 mm in length. Color: Yellow-Green Group 4D. Quantity: 10 on average.

*Filaments.*—Color: White Group 155A. Length: 3 mm.

*Pistils.*—Length: 9 mm. Quantity: 20 on average.

*Stigmas.*—Color: Greyed-Yellow Group 161B.

*Styles.*—Color: Green-White Group 157A.

*Location of stigmas.*—Superior in location relative to the length of the filaments and the height of the anthers.

*Hips.*—None Observed.

PLANT

Plant growth: Upright, compact. Plants are 32 cm in height, and 35 cm wide.

Stems:

*Color of juvenile growth.*—Yellow-Green Group 144B.

*Color of mature growth.*—Yellow-Green Group 144A.

*Length.*—Canes are about 17 cm from the base of the plant to the flowering portion.

*Diameter.*—About 4 to 5 mm.

*Internodes*.—On mature canes about 25 mm between nodes.

*Surface texture*.—Young wood: Rough with prickles. Older wood: Smooth.

Long prickles: 5

*Incidence*.—3 or 4 prickles per 10 cm of stem.

*Size*.—Average length of prickles on mature stems is 4 mm.

*Shape*.—Upper portion is linear. Lower portion is concave. 10

*Color*.—Juvenile prickles: Greyed-Red Group 179A. Mature prickles: Greyed-Yellow Group 160B.

Plant foliage:

*Compound leaf*.—135 mm (l)×80 (w). 15

*Quantity*.—3 leaves per 10 cm of stem on average.

*Leaf bearing angle to the stem*.—45 degrees.

*Color of juvenile foliage*.—Upper side: Greyed-Orange Group 166A. Lower side: Greyed-Red Group 178A and Greyed-Brown N191B. 20

*Color of mature foliage*.—Upper side: Yellow-Green Group 147A. Lower side: Yellow-Green Group 147B.

Plant leaves and leaflets:

*Stipules*.—Size: 7 mm long, mm wide. Quantity: 2 per 25 compound leaf. Shape: Linear, slightly broad based with outward extending apices. Margins: Finely serrated. Color.

*Petiole*.—Length: 23 mm. Diameter: 1.5 mm. Upper surface color: Yellow-Green Group 144A. Lower surface color: Yellow-Green Group 144A.

*Rachis*.—Length: 40 mm. Upper surface color: Yellow-Green Group 144A. Lower surface color: Yellow-Green Group 144A.

*Leaflet*.—Quantity: Normally 5 leaflets. Margins: Serrated. Size: Terminal leaflets are about 60 mm long, 38 mm wide. Shape: Generally elliptical. Base: Rounded. Apex: Acute. Texture: Smooth. Thickness: Average. Arrangement: Odd pinnate. Venation: Reticulate. Glossiness: Not glossy.

Disease resistance: Above average resistance to powdery mildew *Sphaerotheca pannosa* var. *rosae*, downy mildew *Peronospora sparsa*, rust *Phragmidium* spp., black spot *Diplocarpon rosae*, and *Botrytis cinerea* under normal growing conditions.

Cold hardiness: The variety is tolerant to USDA Cold Hardiness Zone 6.

Heat tolerance: The variety has been found to be suitable for climate conditions found in the American Horticulture Society heat zone 7.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of rose plant of the miniature rose class named 'Poulpar120', substantially as illustrated and described herein, due to its abundant red and white striped flowers, disease resistance, and extended period of bloom.

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