



US007275500B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Fort, II

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 7,275,500 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** ***Oct. 2, 2007**

(54) **BIRD FEEDER**

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

This patent is subject to a terminal disclaimer.

(21) Appl. No.: **11/377,361**

(22) Filed: **Mar. 17, 2006**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2006/0207512 A1 Sep. 21, 2006

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 10/983,705, filed on Nov. 9, 2004, now Pat. No. 7,040,251, which is a continuation of application No. 10/339,316, filed on Jan. 10, 2003, now Pat. No. 6,834,616.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01K 39/01 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **119/57.8; 119/53**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** 119/61.31, 119/57.8, 52.2, 52.3, 57.9, 53, 52.4; 222/142.9
See application file for complete search history.

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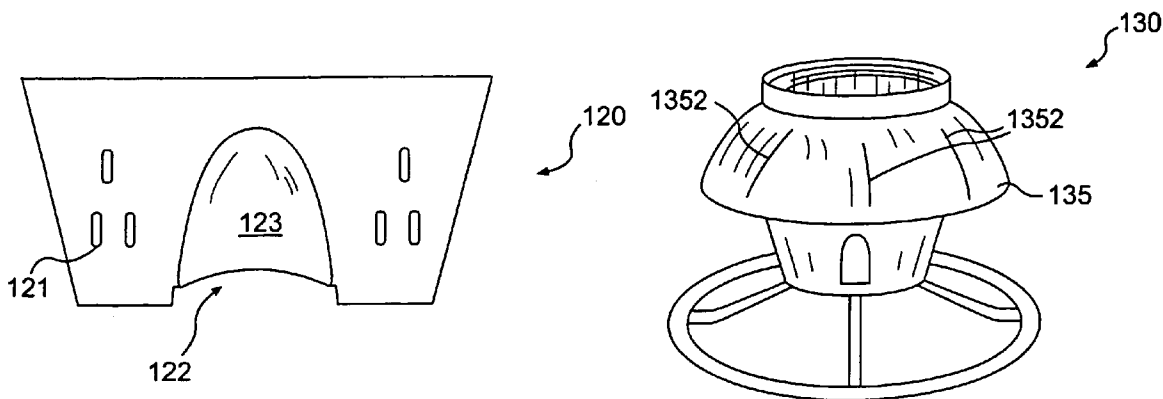
* cited by examiner

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A bird feeder having a container, a selector, and a base is disclosed. The selector has at least one large opening and at least one small opening. The base includes at least one feeding port. When one of the openings is aligned with the feeding port, the other opening is covered by a perimeter wall of the base. In preferred embodiments, the base includes a rain guard above the feeding ports.

22 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets



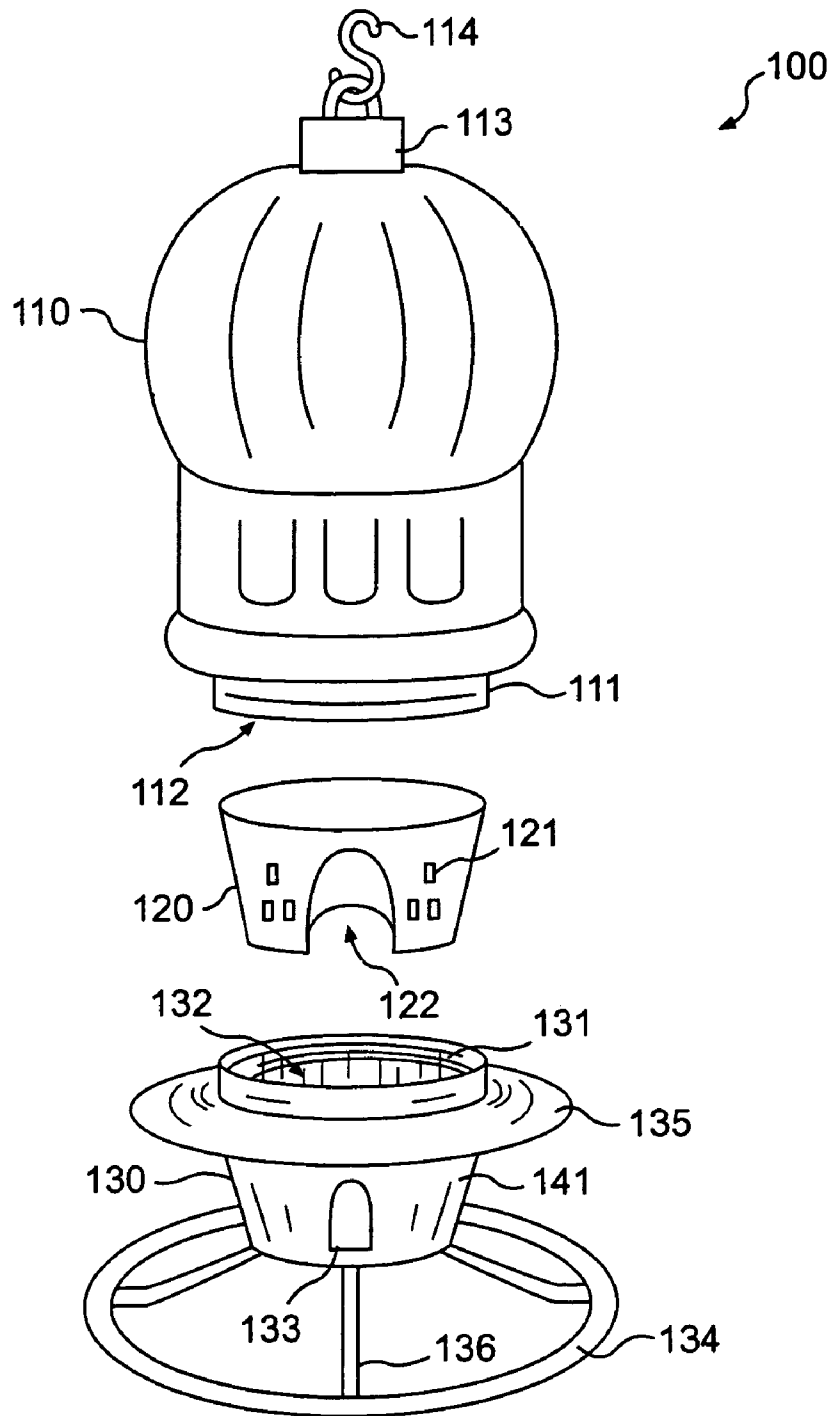


FIG. 1

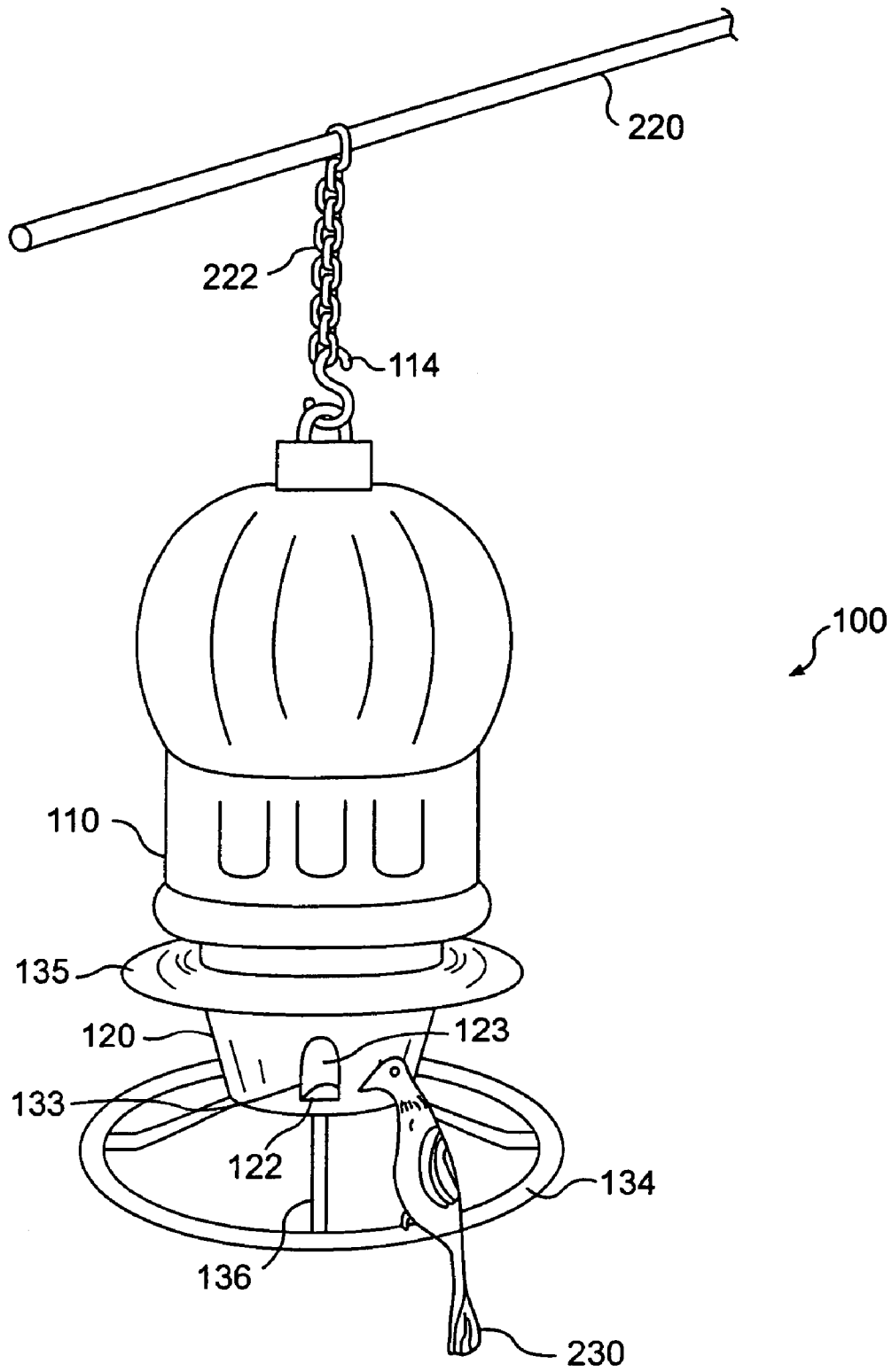


FIG. 2

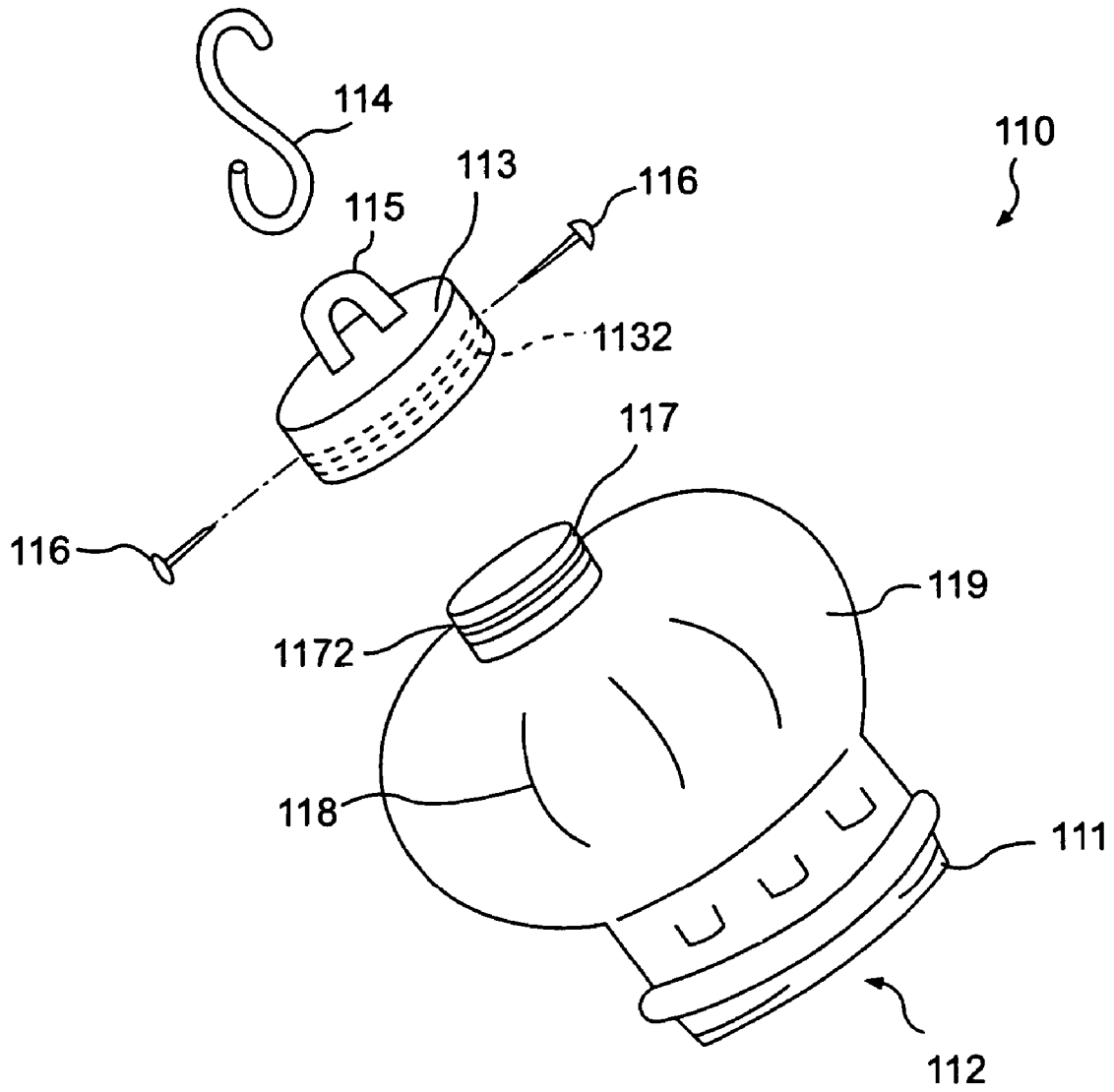


FIG. 3

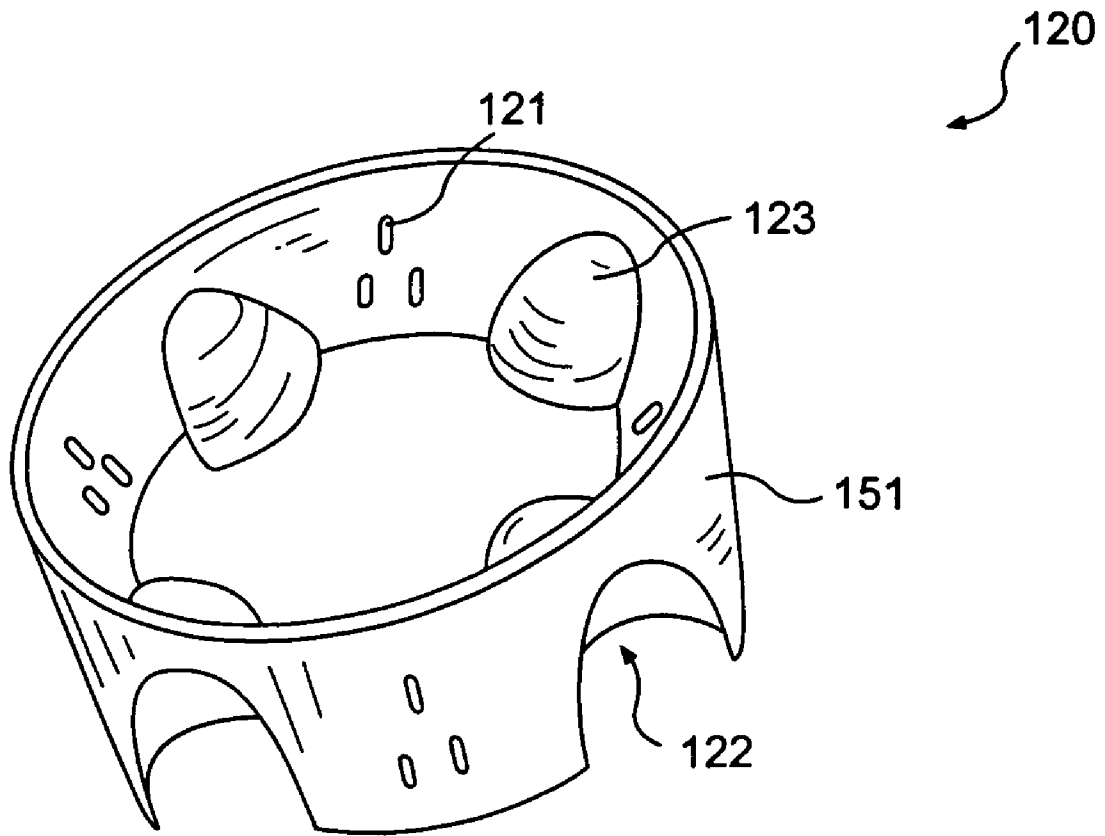


FIG. 4

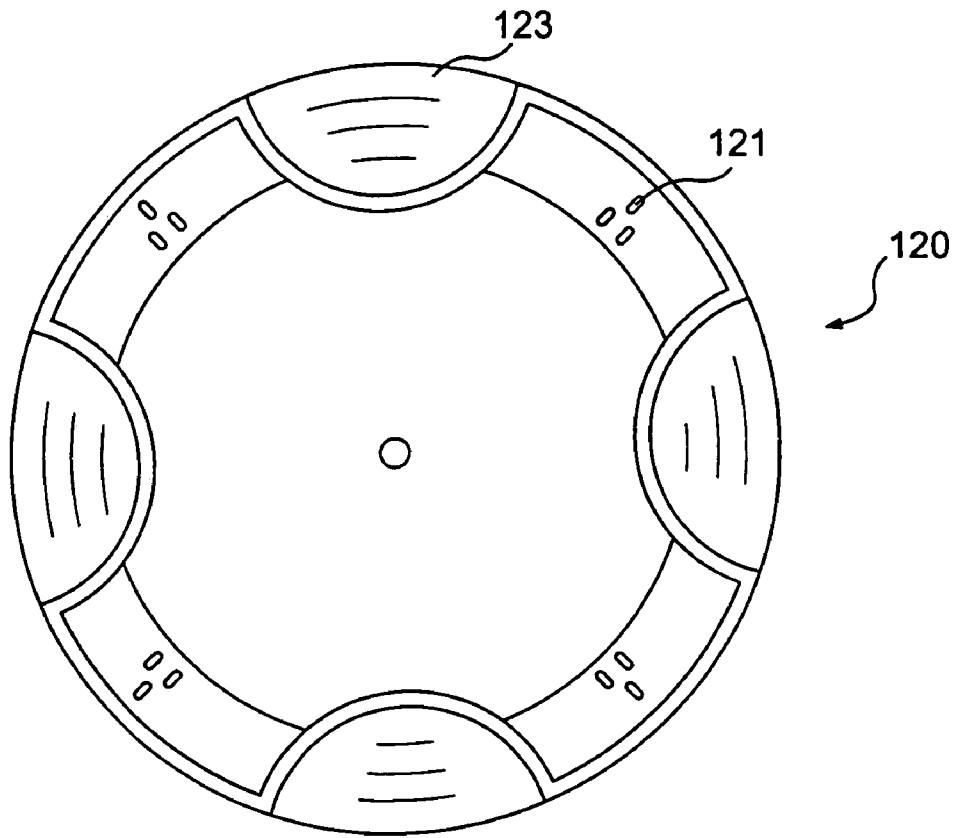


FIG. 5

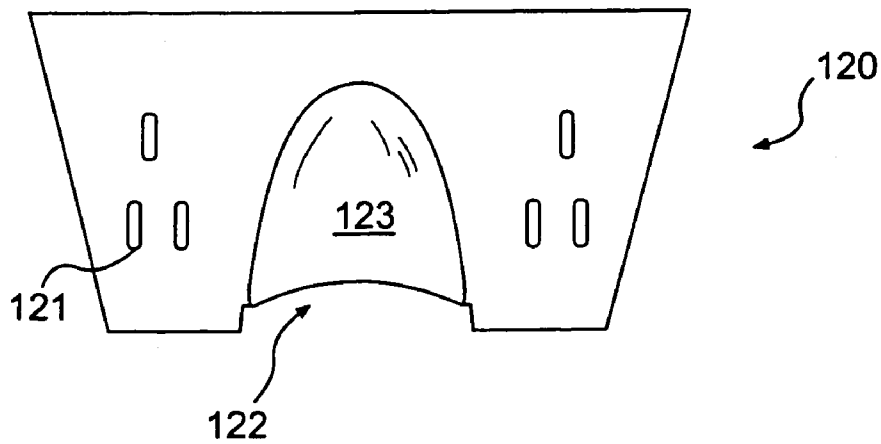


FIG. 6

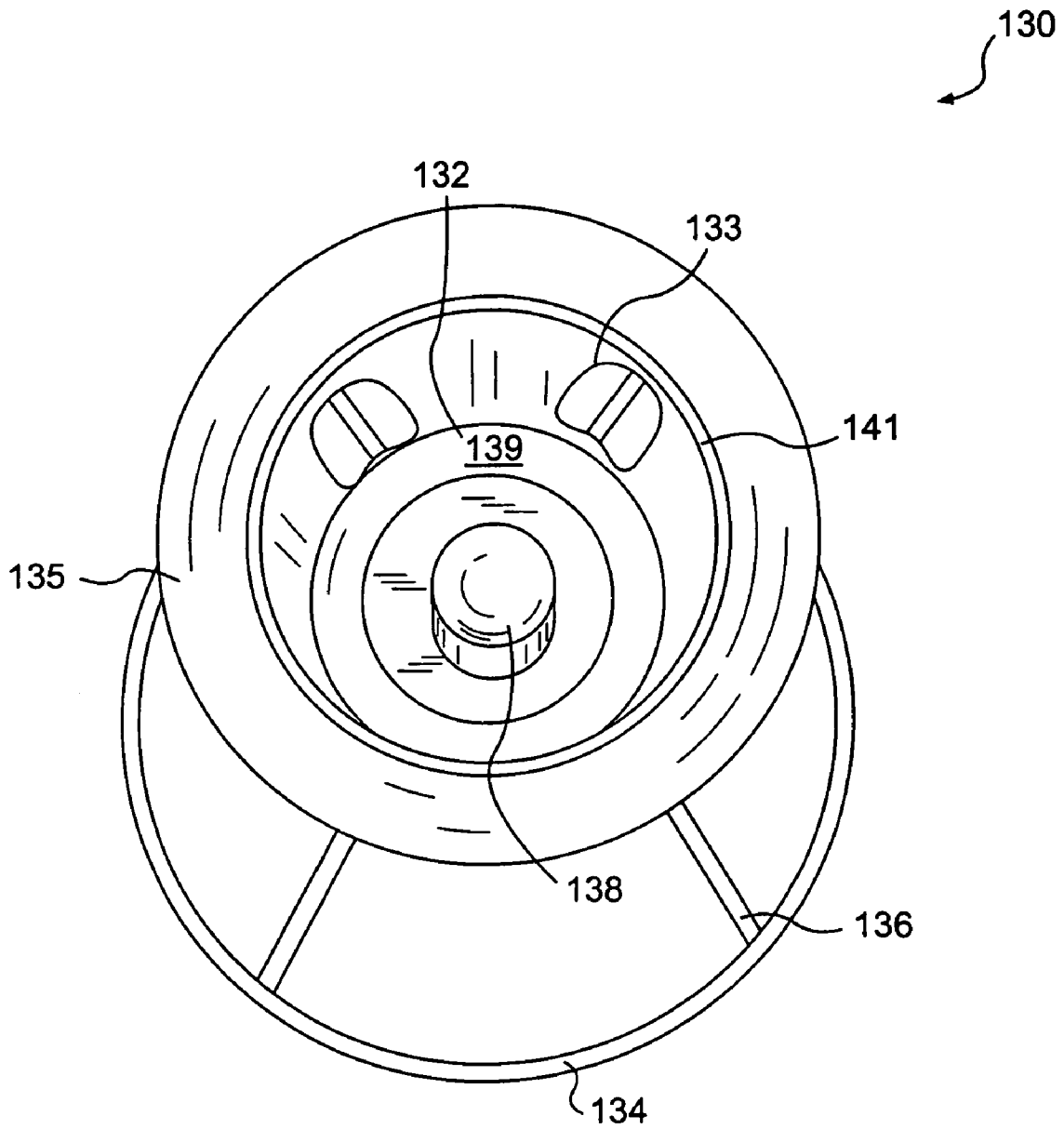


FIG. 7

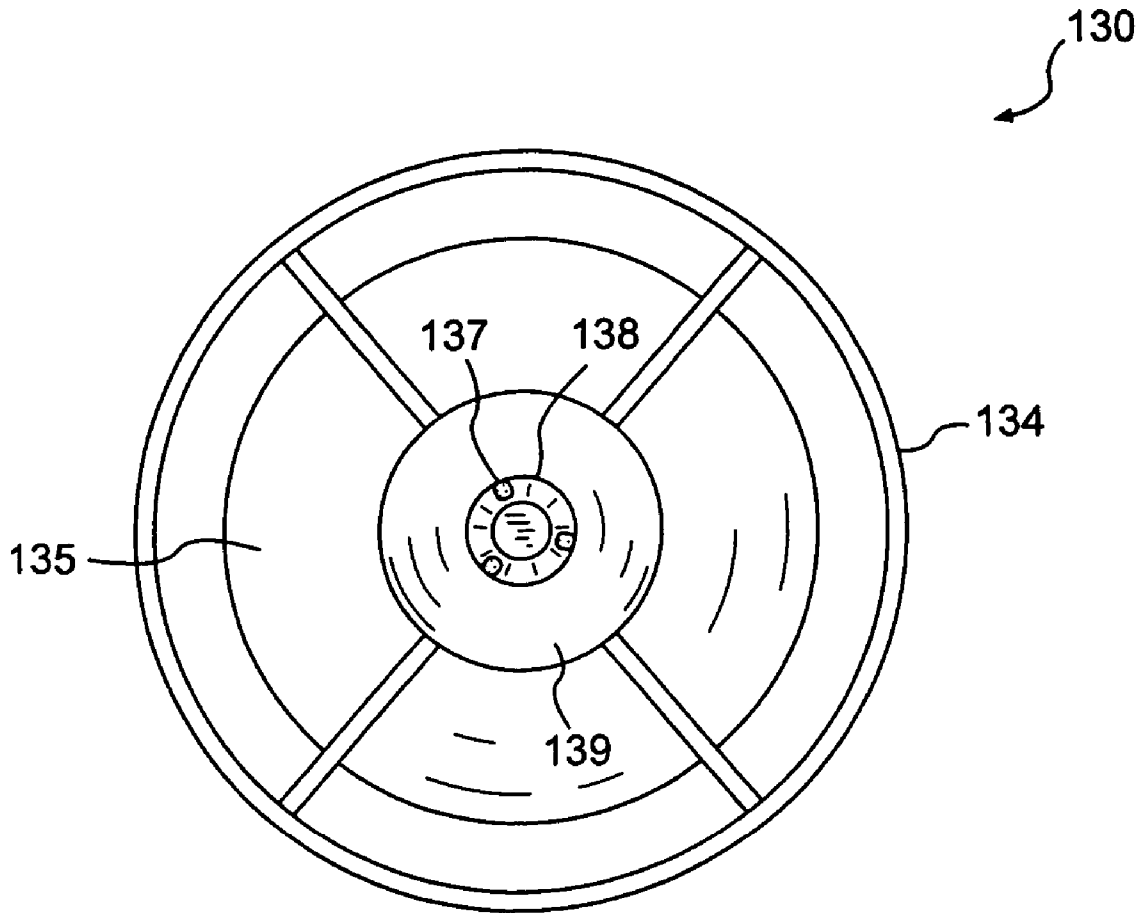


FIG. 8

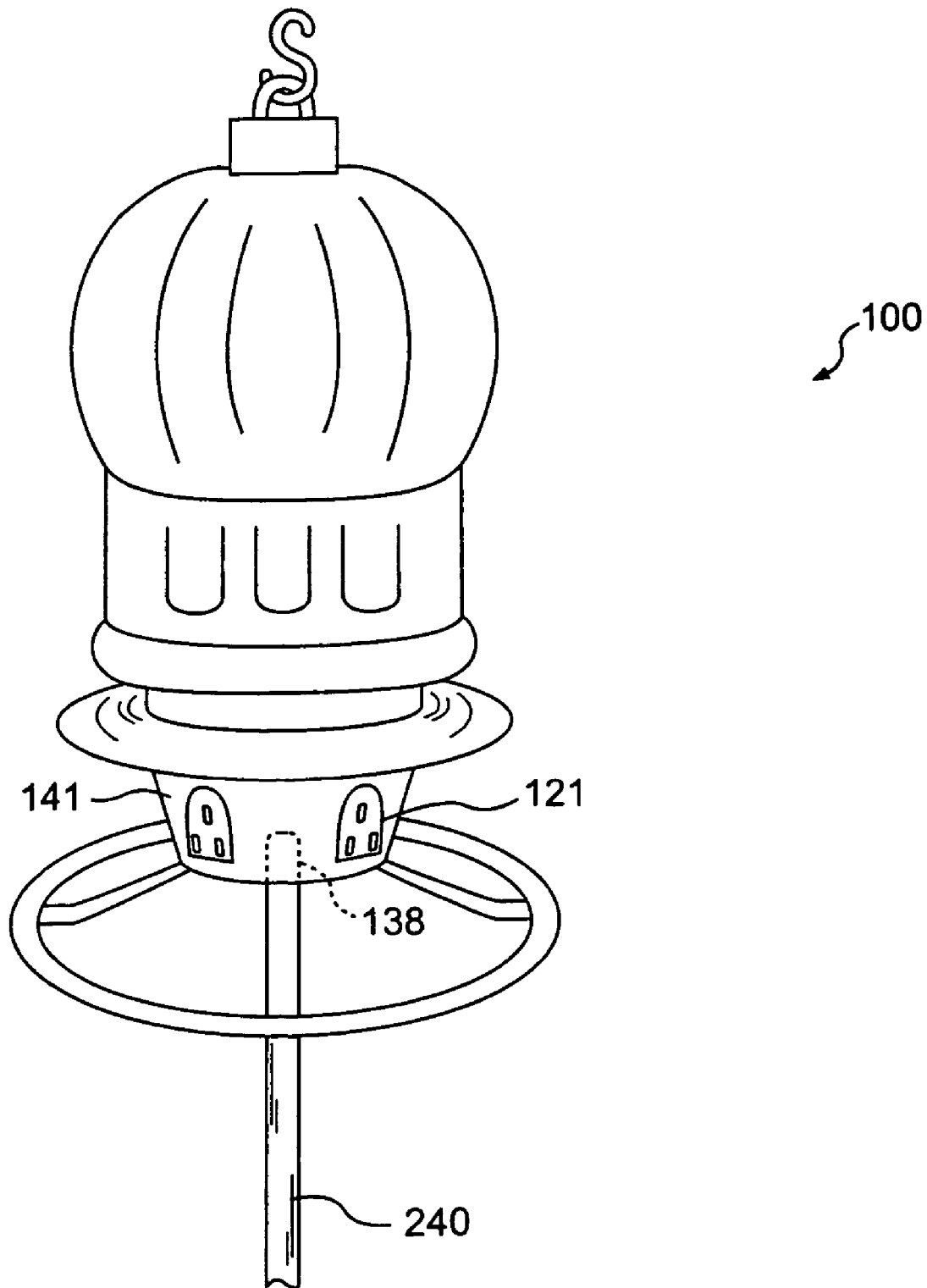


FIG. 9

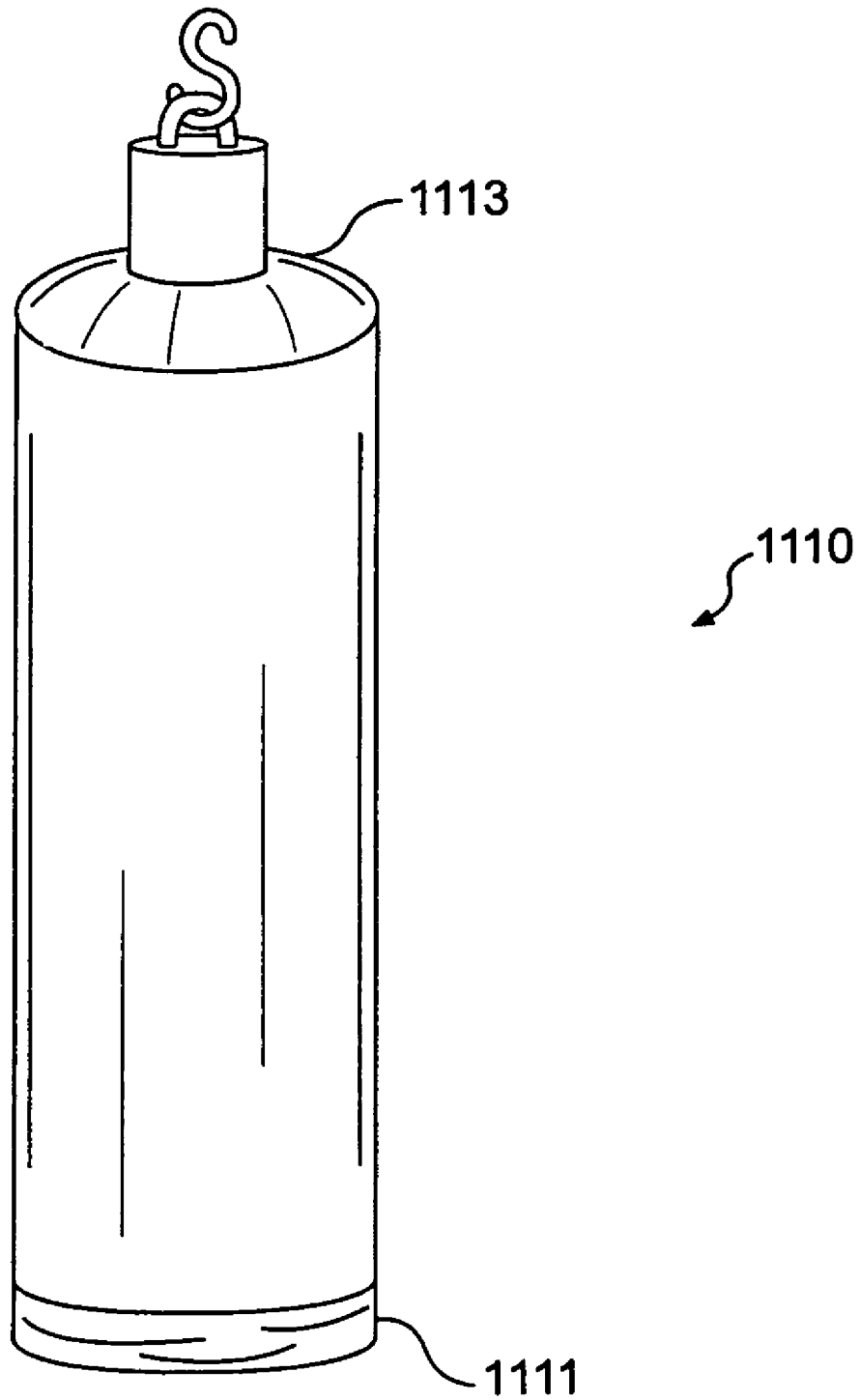


FIG. 10

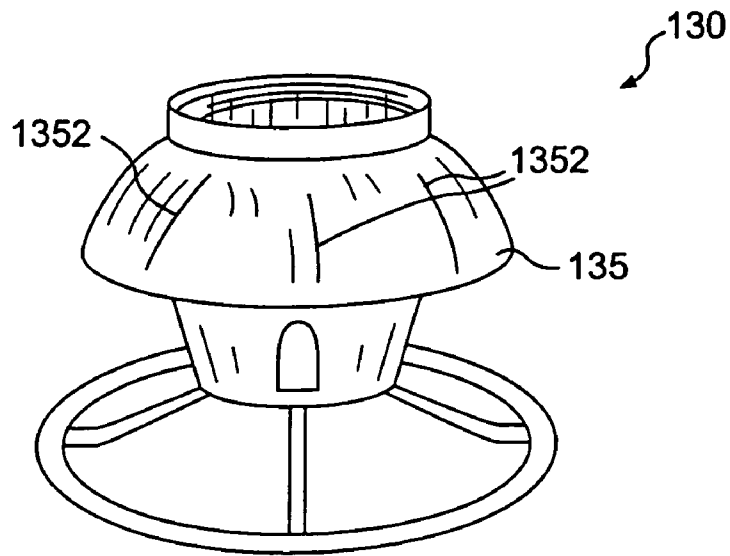


FIG. 11

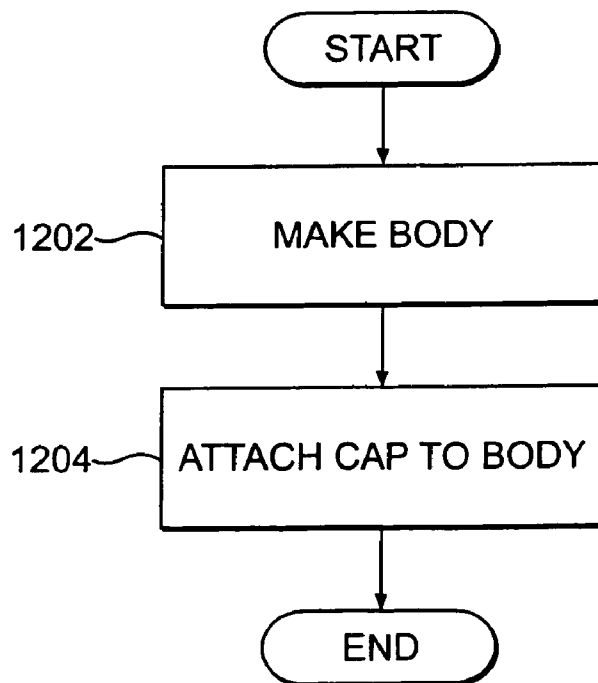


FIG. 12

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BIRD FEEDER

This is a continuation application of Ser. No. 10/983,705 filed Nov. 9, 2004, entitled BIRD FEEDER, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,040,251, which is a continuation application of Ser. No. 10/339,316 filed Jan. 10, 2003, entitled BIRD FEEDER, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,834,616, which incorporated by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to a bird feeder and, more particularly, to a bird feeder having a food selector.

2. Background of the Invention

Commonly available bird feeders can be used with only one type of seed. For example, some bird feeders are used to store and dispense larger seeds (e.g., sunflower seeds, safflower seeds, or a mixed seeds blend), while other bird feeders are designed for smaller seeds (e.g., thistle seeds, finch seeds, and niger seeds).

Few bird feeders are designed to selectively feed one of larger and smaller seeds. These bird feeders are equipped with feeding ports that are externally removable or a swinging selector. A larger feeding port is attached to these bird feeders to allow larger seed size use. The larger feeding port can then be removed externally and replaced with a smaller feeding port to feed smaller seeds. Disadvantages of these conventional bird feeders include frequent loss of the feeding ports by the user. Another disadvantage is that a swinging selector of a conventional bird feeder can be broken off easily.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is a bird feeder and a method for making the bird feeder. An embodiment of the bird feeder includes a container, a base attached to the container, and a selector that is detachably housed within the base. The selector includes a large opening and a small opening. Preferably, the container includes a cavity configured to store a bird food. Preferably, the base includes a reservoir configured to receive the bird food from the container. Preferably, one of the large opening and the small opening is configured to align with a feeding port on the base to expose the bird food. Preferably, when one of the openings is aligned with the feeding port, the other opening is covered by a perimeter wall of the base. Preferably, the bird feeder further includes a hanging device attached to the container. Preferably, the bird feeder further includes a blind hole on a bottom surface of the base.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram showing an exploded view of a bird feeder of the invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic diagram showing a perspective view of the bird feeder fully assembled.

FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram showing an exploded view of a container of the bird feeder.

FIG. 4 is a schematic diagram showing a perspective view of a selector of the bird feeder.

FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram showing a top view of the selector.

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FIG. 6 is a schematic diagram showing a side view of the selector.

FIG. 7 is a schematic diagram showing a perspective view of a base of the bird feeder.

FIG. 8 is a schematic diagram showing a bottom view of the base.

FIG. 9 is a schematic diagram showing an alternative method for using the bird feeder.

FIG. 10 is a schematic diagram showing an alternative design of the container.

FIG. 11 is a schematic diagram showing an alternative design of the base having a dome-shape rain guard with ribs.

FIG. 12 is a flowchart showing an exemplary process involved in making a container of the bird feeder.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As shown in FIG. 1, feeder **100** of the invention includes container **110**, selector **120**, and base **130**. These three members of feeder **100** can be completely separated from each other as depicted in FIG. 1. When fully assembled as shown in FIGS. 2 and 9, selector **120** is wholly captured by base **130**, and large openings **122** (see FIG. 2) or small openings **121** (see FIG. 9) are visible. In this configuration, large openings **122** and small openings **121** cannot both be seen at the same time. Since selector **120** is completely housed within base **130**, it is very difficult for a user to misplace or damage it.

Container **110** is configured to hold bird food (not shown) in cavity **112**. Preferably, cavity **112** is configured to store about five pounds of the bird food. Container **110** may have a dome shape as shown in FIG. 1. Alternatively, container **110** may be configured to have a more conventional cylindrical shape as shown in FIG. 10. Container **110** shown in FIG. 10 includes container thread **1111** and cap **1113**. Container thread **1111** is configured to mate with base thread **131** of base **130**. Other shapes may be configured for container **110**.

Container **110** includes cap **113** and hanging device **114**. Hanging device **114** can be used to attach feeder **100** to an external support. For example, as shown in FIG. 2, hanging device **114** can be used to hang feeder **100** on beam **220** using chain **222**. Beam **220** may be attached to another structure (not shown) such as, for example, a roof, a wall, a pole, and the like. Although hanging device **114** is depicted in the drawings as an "S" hook, hanging device **114** can be a clip, j-hook, snap hook, rope, wire or the like. Container **110** further includes container thread **111**. Container thread **111** is configured to mate with base thread **131** of base **130**.

Preferably, container **110** is of a one-piece design without any opening other than the hole defined by container thread **111**. The hole provides access to cavity **112**. Preferably, container **110** includes body **119** as shown in FIG. 3. Preferably, body **119** has a dome shape. Preferably, body **119** has ribs **118**. Ribs **118** serve at least two functions. First, ribs **118** can add strength to body **119**. In addition, if body **119** is made of a material having a translucent appearance, ribs **118** can refract light from body **119** to make it more visible and attractive.

Preferably, body **119** is made of a blow-molded plastic. Preferably, body **119** has no opening other than the hole defined by container thread **111**. Preferably, body **119** includes blind plug **117**. Preferably, blind plug **117** has a disk shape as shown in FIG. 3 and external thread **1172**.

Cap **113** has an inner dimension that is slightly larger than the outer dimension of blind plug **117**. For example, if each

of cap 113 and blind plug 117 has a circular cross-section, then the inner diameter of cap 113 is slightly larger than the outer diameter of blind plug 117. Cap 113 has internal thread 1132 that is configured to mate with external thread 1172.

Cap 113 is preferably attached or secured to blind plug 117 by mating internal thread 1132 with external thread 1172. In another embodiment, one or more fasteners 116 can be used to attach cap 113 to blind plug 117. Fasteners 116 can be, for example, screws, bolts, nails, rivets, and the like. Alternatively, cap 113 can be attached to blind plug 117 using an adhesive.

Cap 113 includes loop 115. Loop 115 is configured to receive one end of hanging device 114. Preferably, loop 115 and cap 113 are an integrated unit.

As disclosed, cap 113 and blind plug 117 allow feeder 100 to be hung as shown in FIG. 2. External thread 1172 and internal thread 1132 provide a method for hanging feeder 100 without using a pass-through bolt or other attachment that must penetrate into the interior of container 119, and without adhesive. As known in the art, pass-through attachments are subject to leakage and glues can come apart. FIG. 12 discloses a method for making container 110.

As depicted in FIGS. 4-6, selector 120 includes at least one small opening 121 and at least one large opening 122. Preferably, there are multiple small openings 121 and large openings 122. As depicted in FIGS. 4-6, selector 120 includes 12 small openings 121 organized in four groups of three and four large openings 122. Small openings 121 are holes on perimeter wall 151. Each of large openings 122 is defined by curved wall 123 and bottom surface 139 of base 130 (see FIG. 7).

Small openings 121 are preferably roughly a rectangle in shape as depicted in the drawings. Small openings 121, however, may be elliptical, triangular, circular, or another shape. Small openings 121 are configured to allow passage of a bird food of a small granular size. For example, small openings 121 should be large enough to allow passage of small seeds such as thistle, finch, and niger seeds. Accordingly, it is preferable that small openings 121 have a shorter dimension of about one-sixteenth of an inch and a longer dimension of about one-quarter of an inch. As shown in FIG. 9, small openings 121 are aligned with feeding ports 133 when small seeds are stored in container 110.

If large seeds are stored in container 110, then large openings 122 are aligned with feeding ports 133 as shown in FIG. 2. Each of large openings 122 is defined by curved wall 123 of selector 120 and bottom surface 139 of base 130. Large openings 122 are configured to allow passage of a bird food of a larger granular size.

For example, large openings 122 should be large enough to allow passage of sunflower seeds, safflower seeds, or a mixed seeds blend. Accordingly, it is preferable that large openings 122 have a shorter dimension of about one-half inch and a longer dimension of about one and one-half inches.

Base 130 includes base thread 131 (see FIG. 1), reservoir 132 (see FIG. 7), feeding ports 133, and perch ring 134. Perch ring 134, as depicted in FIG. 2, is configured to support bird 230 to obtain the bird food through feeding port 133.

Perch ring 134 is connected to base 130 via spokes 136. Reservoir 132 is defined by bottom surface 139 and perimeter wall 141.

Preferably, spokes 136 are located directly in front of feeding ports 133. This enables smaller birds to sit on spokes 136 and feed, while larger birds utilize perch ring 134 to

feed. This configuration of perch ring 134 and spokes 136 allows birds of all sizes to use feeder 100 comfortably.

Preferably, there are four feeding ports 133. As depicted in FIG. 2, feeding ports 133 are aligned with large openings 122 while small openings 121 are covered by perimeter wall 141. As depicted in FIG. 9, each of feeding ports 133 is aligned with a group of three small openings 121 while large openings 122 are covered by perimeter wall 141.

Base 130 can be further configured to include an integral rain guard 135. Rain guard 135 as depicted in FIG. 2, is configured to keep rain from running into feeding port 133, yet does not obstruct bird 230's view.

Preferably, rain guard 135 is located about one and one-half inches above the bottom of feeding port 133. Alternatively, rain guard 135 can be located about three inches above perch ring 134. The unique placement of rain guard 135 allows larger birds such as a cardinal to sit upright on perch ring 134, yet easily duck under to feed. Preferably, as shown in FIG. 2, rain guard 135 is flat. Alternatively, as shown in FIG. 11, rain guard 135 has a dome shape. A dome-shape rain guard 135 can be equipped with ribs 1352. Ribs 1352 adds strength to rain guard 135. In addition, if rain guard 135 is configured to have a translucent color, ribs 1352 can refract light from the translucent color to make rain guard 135 more visible and attractive. In one embodiment, rain guard 135 is an integral member of base 130. In an alternative embodiment, rain guard 135 can be a secondary snap on attachment.

As shown in FIGS. 7 and 8, base 130 includes blind hole 138. Blind hole 138 is configured to receive pole 240 as shown in FIG. 9. Preferably, blind hole 138 includes internal ridges 137. Internal ridges 137 are preferably sloping ridges having a smaller dimension on one end and a larger dimension on the other end. For example, in an exemplary embodiment, internal ridges 137 are one-thirty-second of an inch thick on one end (e.g., near bottom surface 139) and one-sixteenth of an inch thick on the other (e.g., about three-quarters of an inch from bottom surface 139). Sloping internal ridges 137 provide a better attachment to pole 240.

As depicted in FIG. 8, there are preferably three internal ridges 137. Internal ridges 137 secures base 130 on pole 240. Pole 240 can be, for example, a standard EMT (electrical metal tubing) conduit or another vertical structure. Preferably, blind hole 138 is about one inch in diameter. Preferably, blind hole 138 is about three-quarters of an inch deep. Preferably, each of internal ridges 137 is about one-sixteenth of an inch thick on one end and sloping to one thirty-second of an inch thick on the other end.

Feeder 100 can be utilized by a user as follows. First, base 130 is separated from container 110. This can be accomplished by rotating base 130 relative to container 110 so that container thread 111 and base thread 131 can be separated. Next, container 110 is turned upside down and a bird food is placed within cavity 112 of container 110.

Next, selector 120 is removed from base 130. If the size of the bird food is small, selector 120 is reinserted into base 130 so that small openings 121 are aligned with feeding ports 133. On the other hand, if the size of the bird food is larger, selector 120 is reinserted into base 130 so that larger openings 122 are aligned with feeding ports 133.

Next, container 110 and base 130 are reunited. This is accomplished by matching container thread 111 with base thread 131 while continuing to hold base 130 in inverted position to avoid seeds from spilling out, and then rotating one or both of container 110 and base 130 to secure them together. Selector 120 can be held securely in base 130 by press fit so it does not fall when base 130 is inverted.

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Next, feeder **100** is supported at a location where birds are present. This can be done in several ways. For example, as shown in FIG. 2, feeder **100** can be hung from chain **222** to an external support such as beam **220**. Alternatively, as shown in FIG. 9, feeder **100** can be mounted on a vertical support such as pole **240**.

To refill or clean bird feeder **100**, container **110** is separated from base **130**, and each of container **110**, selector **120**, and base **130** can be cleaned separately.

FIG. 12 is a flowchart showing an exemplary process involved in making a container of the bird feeder.

In step **1202**, body **119** of container **110** is made. Preferably, container **110** is made of a PET (polyethylene terephthalate) plastic. Typically, a PET container can be created in a two-step process in which a pre-form is made first with an injection molded threaded opening, and this piece is next heated and blown into the shape of the container. Preferably, container **110** is made using a special high volume blow molding machine. Container **110** may have any color. Container **110** may also be made of a translucent material. Moreover, container **110** may be configured to have a transparent appearance.

Preferably, blind plug **117**, rib **118**, and container thread **111** are integrally formed with body **119** to define cavity **112**. Preferably, container thread **111** is formed at one end and blind plug **117** is created at the other end of body **119**. Preferably, as shown in FIG. 3, blind plug **117** is configured to include external thread **1172**. External thread **1172** is configured to mate with internal thread **1132** of cap **113**.

In step **1204**, cap **113** is attached onto blind plug **117** by mating internal thread **1132** with external thread **1172**. The attachment can also be made using fasteners **116**. Fastener **116** can be screws, nails, rivets, and the like. Loop **115** is configured to receive hanging device **114** for hanging feeder **100**.

As disclosed, the present invention provides a method for PET blow molding that produces a one-piece, integral container that has no chance of leakage, either in or out.

The foregoing disclosure of the preferred embodiments of the present invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description. It is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed. Many variations and modifications of the embodiments described herein will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in light of the above disclosure. The scope of the invention is to be defined only by the claims appended hereto, and by their equivalents.

Further, in describing representative embodiments of the present invention, the specification may have presented the method and/or process of the present invention as a particular sequence of steps. However, to the extent that the method or process does not rely on the particular order of steps set forth herein, the method or process should not be limited to the particular sequence of steps described. As one of ordinary skill in the art would appreciate, other sequences of steps may be possible. Therefore, the particular order of the steps set forth in the specification should not be construed as limitations on the claims. In addition, the claims directed to the method and/or process of the present invention should not be limited to the performance of their steps in the order written, and one skilled in the art can readily appreciate that the sequences may be varied and still remain within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A bird feeder comprising:

a base configured to contain bird food, wherein the base includes an upwardly extending perimeter wall forming

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an upwardly-open aperture configured and arranged to receive the bird food from a container, and a feeding port located in the upwardly extending perimeter wall of the base; and

a selector detachably housed within the base, wherein the selector includes an upwardly extending wall, a first opening, and a second opening, wherein when one of the first opening and the second opening is aligned with the feeding port, the other of the first opening and the second opening of the selector is covered by the upwardly extending perimeter wall of the base.

2. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein the first opening and the second opening are configured to expose the bird food.

3. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein the first opening is appropriately sized for a first type of bird food, and the second opening is appropriately sized for a second type of bird food.

4. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein one of the first opening and the second opening is larger than the other of the first opening and the second opening.

5. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein each of the walls has a circular shape.

6. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein at least one of the openings has a rectangular shape.

7. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein at least one of the openings has a circular shape.

8. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein at least one of the openings has a triangular shape.

9. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein at least one of the openings has an elliptical shape.

10. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein the base includes a bottom and one end of the perimeter wall of the base extends around the perimeter of the bottom while an opposite end of the perimeter wall forms the upwardly-open aperture.

11. The bird feeder of claim 1, wherein the base includes a perch extending from the base a predetermined distance from the feeding port.

12. A selector for a bird feeder comprising: one or more first type of openings located in a upwardly extending perimeter wall of the selector, the perimeter of the selector forming an upwardly-open aperture configured and arranged to receive bird food from a container; and

one or more second type of openings located on the perimeter wall of the selector, wherein the selector is configured to be housed within a base of the bird feeder having an upwardly extending perimeter wall and a feeding port located on the perimeter wall of the base,

wherein when one of the first types of openings and the second type of openings of the selector is aligned with the feeding port on the perimeter wall of the base, the other of the first type of openings and the second type of openings on the perimeter wall of the selector is covered by the perimeter wall of the base.

13. The selector of claim 12, wherein there are four first type of openings.

14. The selector of claim 12, wherein there are twelve second type of openings.

15. The selector of claim 12, wherein the perimeter wall of the selector has a circular shape.

16. The selector of claim 12, wherein at least one of the openings has a rectangular shape.

17. The selector of claim 12, wherein at least one of the openings has a circular shape.

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18. The selector of claim 12, wherein at least one of the openings has a triangular shape.

19. The selector of claim 12, wherein at least one of the openings has an elliptical shape.

20. A bird feeder comprising:
a container configured to store one or more types of bird food;

a base configured to mate with the container, wherein the base includes an upwardly extending perimeter wall forming an upwardly-open aperture configured and arranged to receive the bird food from the container and a feeding port located in the perimeter wall; and

a selector detachably housed within the base, wherein the selector includes a first opening and a second opening, when one of the first opening and the second opening

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is aligned with the feeding port, the other opening is covered by the perimeter wall, wherein the first opening is configured to expose one type of bird food and the second opening is configured to expose another type of bird food.

21. The bird feeder of claim 20, wherein the base includes a bottom and one end of the perimeter wall of the base extends around the perimeter of the bottom while an opposite end of the perimeter wall forms the upwardly-open aperture.

22. The bird feeder of claim 20, wherein the base includes a perch extending from the base a predetermined distance from the feeding port.

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