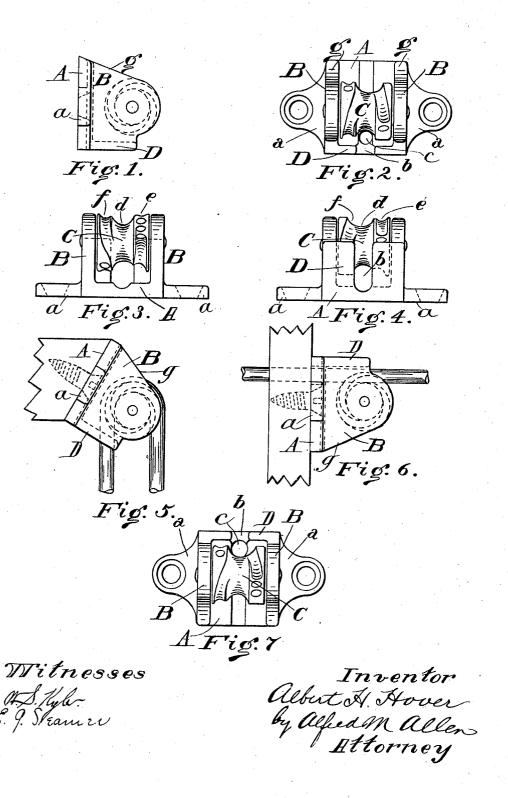
## A. H. HOVER. CATCH PULLEY.

(Application filed May 15, 1902.)

(No Model.)



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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## CATCH-PULLEY.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 711,570, dated October 21, 1902.

Application filed May 15, 1902. Serial No. 107,538. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Albert H. Hover, a citizen of the United States, residing at Cincinnati, in the county of Hamilton and State 5 of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Catch-Pulleys, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this speci-10 fication.

My invention relates to the certain novel construction of the casings for catch-pulleys whereby the pulley may be used in any position in which it is desired to adjust it with-15 out the necessity of selecting a pulley of the particular design required for any desired position.

Catch-pulleys have been for many years in use constructed with different-shaped casings 20 for the position required, and the particular position in which it has been desired to mount the pulley has demanded the construction of

various forms.

It is the particular purpose of my inven-25 tion to so construct the easing of the pulley that the same may be used in any position desired; and it consists of the certain novel construction of the pulley-casing to be hereinafter more particularly pointed out and 30 claimed.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a side elevation of my improved catch-pulley. Fig. 2 is a front elevation of same. Fig. 3 is a top plan view, and Fig. 4 a bottom view, of the 35 pulley. Fig. 5 is a side elevation showing the pulley attached at an angle. Fig. 6 is a side elevation showing the method of attachment when the cord is to be drawn horizontally. Fig. 7 is a front view of the pulley 40 when mounted as shown in Fig. 6.

A is the back wall of the casing, provided with sides B B, in which the pulley-wheel C is mounted. The back is provided with the ears a a, with screw-openings for attaching

45 the pulley in any position desired.

D is the base of the pulley-casing, in which a slot b is formed of the width of the pulleycord, the base extending out under the pulley-wheel about to the center of the same.

c is a circular opening formed in the back 50 A of the casing in line with the central groove

of the pulley-wheel.

The pulley-wheel itself is formed with the central groove d, in which the cord runs when the weight is being raised or lowered, and 55 with the lateral grooves ef, in which the cord runs when drawn to one side and by means of which the cord is bound between the pullev-wheel and the casing to catch or hold the weight in any desired position.

The top edges g of the sides B B are bev-

eled downward from the back of the casing to the periphery of the pulley-wheel in order to prevent the cord from catching back of the pulley-wheel when the cord is drawn to one 65 side to catch the weight at any desired posi-

As heretofore constructed the top edges of the side walls of the casing have been constructed on a level with the top of the pulley- 70 wheel, and as a result when the catch-pulley is located in a high position the cord is apt to catch over the edge of the side walls, and it is difficult to dislodge it from this position when it is sought to release the weight and 75 work the pulley.

The slot b in the base D of the pulley-casing forms a guide for the cord and keeps the cord, with the weight attached, at the middle of the pulley in all positions. As heretofore 80 constructed there has been no guide for the cord, and as a result when the cord is drawn to one side to catch it in the grooves f or ethe weight is also frequently drawn to one

Heretofore when the location of the weight to be adjusted has been such that the cord could most conveniently be drawn horizontally such position for the cord could not be obtained with the ordinary catch-pulley; but 90 an idler has had to be provided to change the direction of the cord to the vertical. With my construction, however, with the opening c through the back of the pulley the employment of an idler to change the direction of 95 the cord is dispensed with, as the cord can be passed directly through the opening. When used in this position, however, it is necessary

to reverse the pulley-wheel, so that the grooves e f shall open into the central groove

d in the opposite direction.

With my construction of pulley as above 5 described the catch-pulley can be used in any desired position, always bearing in mind that the base D of the pulley shall be toward the weight end of the cord. There is no danger of the cord catching between the pulley-wheel 10 and the casing, and the weight can always be released by drawing on the cord, no matter how high up or inaccessible the pulley may be from the user. In addition to this the cord is also guided centrally with ref-15 erence to the pulley, and when a windowshade, for example, is attached thereto the shade can never tip or be drawn to one side, as is the case with the ordinary catch-pulley.

For different positions in which it is in-20 tended these catch-pulleys to be used it has been customary to provide two sets of ears for the screws, one set to the back and the other set to the base. With my construction only two screws are needed for attaching the 25 pulley in any desired position. In addition to this my improved pulley, by reason of the slot in the base-plate and the hole in the back and the otherwise open mounting of the wheel, is readily accessible for the cord in 30 any position, so no difficulty is experienced in threading the pulley when in place, while with the older constructions it is sometimes very difficult to pass the cord over the wheel after the pulley has been mounted.

Having thus described my invention, what 35 I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is-

1. In a catch-pulley, the combination with the grooved pulley-wheel, of a casing composed of a back plate, a base-plate and side 40 plates in which the wheel is mounted, the top edges of the sides being inclined from the back to the periphery of the wheel, and the base being slotted to form a guide for the pulley-cord to keep the weight in alinement, sub- 45 stantially as shown and described.

2. In a catch-pulley, the combination, with the grooved pulley-wheel, of a casing composed of a back plate, and side plates in which the wheel is mounted, said back plate being 50 provided with an opening for the passage of the pulley-cord in horizontal alinement with the central groove in the pulley-wheel, sub-

stantially as described. 3. In a catch-pulley, the combination with 55 the grooved pulley-wheel, of a casing composed of a back plate, a base-plate, and side plates in which the wheel is mounted, the top edges of the sides being inclined from the back of the periphery of the wheel, a slot in 60 the base to guide the cord, and an opening in the back plate for the passage of the cord,

substantially as described.

ALBERT H. HOVER.

Witnesses:

GEORGE B. WEIDLER, R. O. HARGITT.