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(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**Noodeljk**

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(54) **CHRYSANTHEMUM PLANT NAMED**  
**'HUTCH'**

(50) Latin Name: *Chrysanthemum morifolium*  
Varietal Denomination: **Hutch**

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(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

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(51) **Int. Cl.**<sup>7</sup> ..... **A01H 5/00**

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **Plt./286**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A Chrysanthemum plant named 'Hutch' characterized by its medium sized blooms with bi-color red and yellow ray-florets and yellow-green disc florets.

**3 Drawing Sheets**

**1**

**2**

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

'Hutch' is a product of a breeding-program which had the objective of creating new chrysanthemum cultivars with a daisy type flower, a 7 week response and a mediumplant height. The new plant of the present invention comprises a new and distinct cultivar of Chrysanthemum plant. 'Hutch' is a seedling from a cross in a breeding program maintained under the control of inventor. The female parent is Miramar (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 7,469), the male parent is # 94.1106, an unpatented, unnamed seedlings. The male parent is not available to inventor for description. A comparison with the female parent is made in this description. The new and distinct cultivar was discovered and selected as a flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross by Rob Noodeljk in a controlled environment (greenhouse) in Rijsenhout Holland in April 1997. The first act of asexual reproduction of 'Hutch' was accomplished when vegetative cuttings were taken from the initial selection in June 1997 in a controlled environment in Rijsenhout Holland.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention is a new and distinct variety of chrysanthemum bearing medium sized blooms with bi-color red and yellow ray-florets and yellow-green disc florets.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

The present invention of a new and distinct variety of chrysanthemum is shown in the accompanying drawings, the color being as nearly true as possible with color photographs of this type.

FIG. 1 shows a plant of the cultivar in full bloom.

FIG. 2 shows the various stages of bloom of the new cultivar.

FIG. 3 shows the foliage of the new cultivar.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

This new variety of chrysanthemum is of the botanical classification *Chrysanthemum morifolium*. The observations and measurements were gathered from plants grown in a greenhouse in Rijsenhout Holland in a photo-periodic controlled crop under conditions generally used in commercial practice. The greenhouse temperatures during this crop were at day-time between 18° C. and 25° C. and at night 20° C. The photo-periodic response time in this crop was 52 days after an average of eight long days. After this long day period to flowering growth retardants were applied 6 times in an average dose of 1.5 gram/liter water. The plants were observed (directly) during the flowering of this crop. No tests were done on disease or insect resistance or susceptibility. No tests were done on cold or drought tolerance. This new variety produces medium sized blooms with bi-color red and yellow ray-florets and yellow-green disc-florets blooming on the plant for 5 weeks. This new variety of chrysanthemum has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics throughout successive propagations however the phenotype may vary significantly with variations in environment such as light intensity and temperature. To show the phenotype as described 'Hutch' can be planted without assimilation lightning (high pressure sodium lamps) between week 50 and week 40 of the next year under greenhouse conditions in Holland. With assimilation lightning (minimum level 2500 lux) it can be planted year round under greenhouse conditions in Holland.

From the cultivars known to inventor the most similar existing cultivar in comparison to 'Hutch' is 'Machismo time'(Pat.Pend). When 'Machismo time' and 'Hutch' are being compared the following differences are noticed: The difference of 'Machismo time' and 'Hutch' are (1) flower size (2) flower color and (3) response time.

The following is a description of the plant and characteristics that distinguish 'Hutch' as a new and distinct variety. The color designations are taken from the plant itself. Accordingly, any discrepancies between the color designa-

tions and the colors depicted in the photographs are due to photographic tolerances. The Color Chart used in this description is: The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, edition 1995.

Botanical description of: Cultivar 'Hutch'

Bud:

- Size*.—Large; cross-section 1.3 cm, height 1.3 cm.
- Outside color*.—Greyed-orange 173 A and yellow 12 A at the tip.
- Involucral bracts*.—2 rows, length 7 mm, width 3 mm.
- Involucral bracts among disc-florets*.—Not present.
- Involucral bracts color*.—Green 138 A.

Bloom:

- Type*.—Daisy.
- Height*.—Flat.
- Size*.—Medium.
- Fully expanded*.—6.0–6.5 cm.
- Number of blooms per branch*.—Approx. 3 blooms per branch.
- Performance on the plant*.—5 weeks.
- Seeds*.—Produced in small quantities, oval shaped, grey-brown 199A, 2 mm in length.
- Fragrance*.—Typical chrysanthemum.

Color:

- Center of the flower (disc-florets)*.—Immature yellow-green 145B. Mature yellow-orange 12A.
- Color of upper surface of the ray-florets*.—Greyed-purple 185 A at the base and yellow 9 A at the tip.
- Color of the lower surface of the ray-florets*.—Greyed-red 178 B at the base and yellow 12 A at the tip.
- Tonality from distance*.—A pot mum with bi-color red and yellow flowers and a yellow-green disc.
- Discoloration of the surface of the ray-florets after aging of the plant*.—None.

Ray florets:

- Texture*.—Upper and under side smooth.
- Number*.—28–30.
- Cross-section*.—Convex.
- Longitudinal axis of majority*.—Reflexing, sometimes twisted.
- Length of corolla tube*.—Semi-long.
- Ray-floret length*.—3.0 cm.
- Ray-floret width*.—1.0 cm.
- Ratio length/width*.—Low.
- Shape of tip*.—Pointed.

Disc florets:

- Disc diameter*.—1.5–1.7 cm.
- Distribution of disc florets*.—Numerous, clearly visible at all stages of flowering.
- Shape*.—Tubular.
- Receptacle shape*.—Conical raised.

Reproductive organs:

- Stamen (present in disc florets only)*.—Thick, 3 mm in length.
- Number of stamen*.—4.
- Stamen color*.—Yellow-green.
- Pollen*.—Appears at a late stage.
- Pollen color*.—Yellow-orange 12 A.

*Styles (present in both ray and disc florets)*.—Thin.

*Style color*.—Yellow-green.

*Style length*.—5 mm.

*Stigmas*.—Yellow-green.

*Stigma width*.—2 mm.

*Ovaries*.—Enclosed in calyx.

Plant:

- Form*.—A pot mum meant for indoor use.
- Growth habit*.—Spreading.
- Growth rate*.—Slow.
- Height*.—25.0–27.0 cm.
- Width*.—24.0–26.0 cm.
- Stem color*.—Green 138 A.
- Stem strength*.—Strong.
- Stem brittleness*.—Present.
- Stem anthocyanin coloration*.—Absent.
- Length of lateral branch*.—From top to bottom 11.0–12.0 cm.
- Lateral branch color*.—Green 138 A.
- Lateral branch attachment*.—Brittle.
- Branching (average number of lateral branches)*.—Prolific with 5–6 breaks after pinching.
- Peduncle length*.—4.0–5.0 cm.
- Peduncle color*.—Green 138 A.
- Flowering response (photo-periodic controlled crop, not natural season)*.—52 Days.

Foliage:

- Color mature*.—Upper side green 137 A. Under side green 138 A.
- Color immature*.—Upper side green 137 A. Under side green 138 A.
- Size*.—Medium; length 7.5 cm, width 4.0 cm.
- Quantity (number per lateral branch)*.—7–8.
- Shape*.—Tall and lobed.
- Texture upper side*.—Glabrous.
- Texture under side*.—Pubescent.
- Venation arrangement*.—Palmate.
- Shape of the margin*.—Serrated.
- Shape of base of sinus between lateral lobes*.—Round.
- Margin of sinus between lateral lobes*.—Diverging.
- Shape of base*.—Acute.
- Apex*.—Mucronate.

Differences with the comparison varieties: When grown under the same conditions.

	'Hutch'	'Machismo time'	'Miramar'
Flower color	Greyed-purple 185 A and a little yellow 9 A at the tips of the ray-florets	Red-purple 60 A and almost half yellow 7 A	yellow
Flower size	6.0–6.5 cm	7.0–7.5 cm	
Response time	50 days	55 days	

I claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of chrysanthemum plant as described and illustrated.

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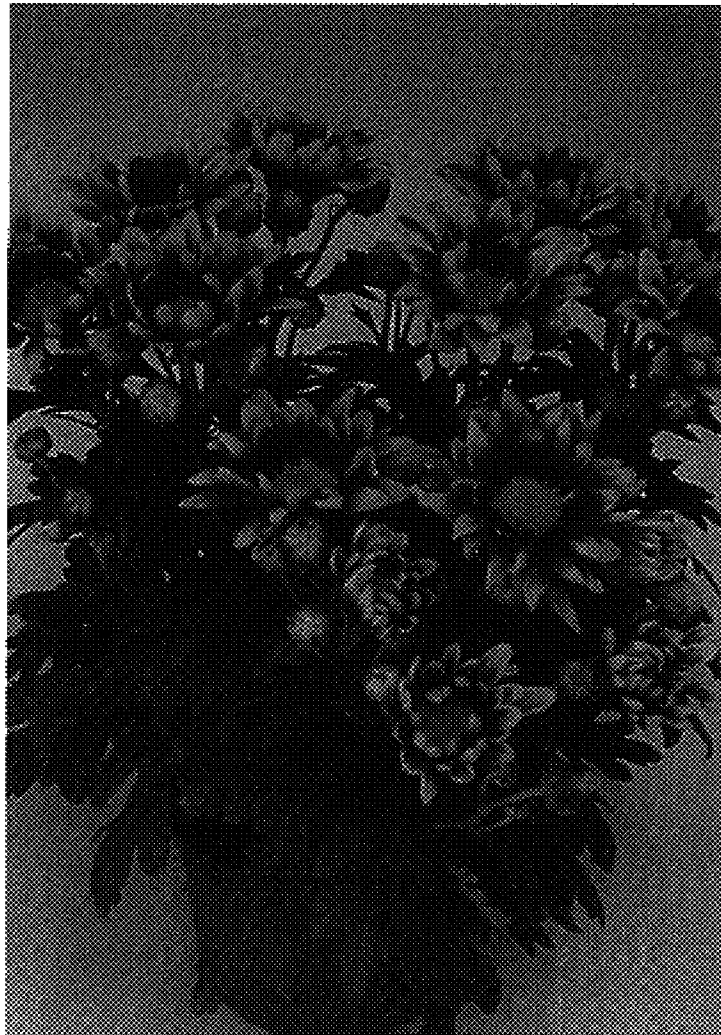


FIG. 1

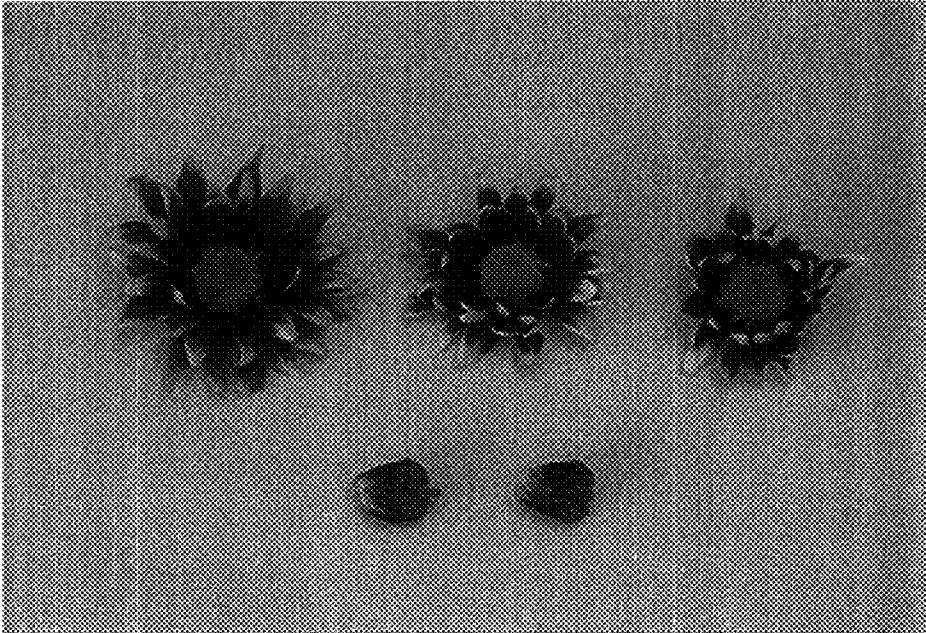


FIG. 2

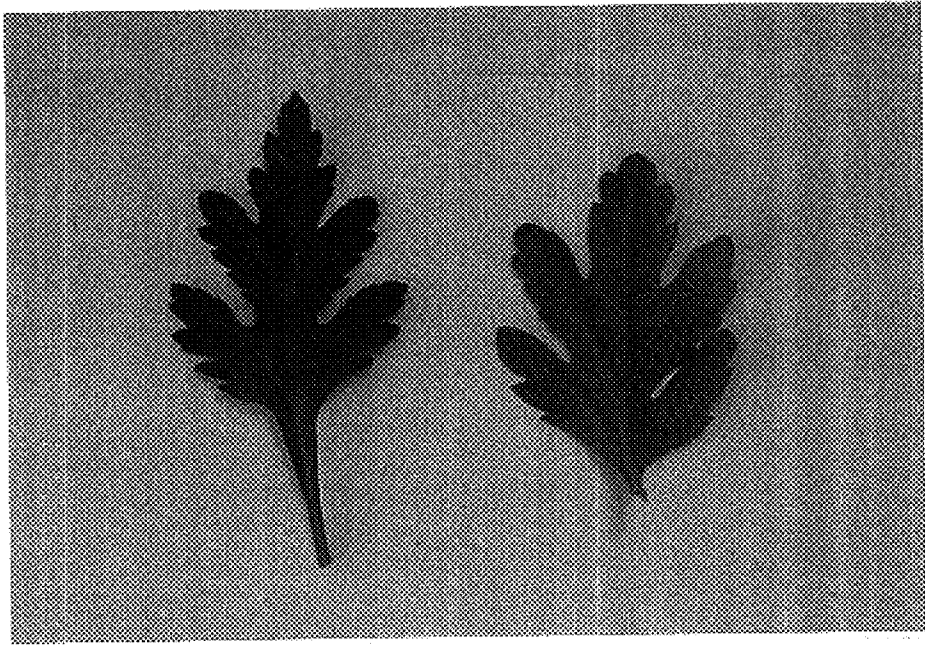


FIG. 3