



(22) Date de dépôt/Filing Date: 2008/01/07

(41) Mise à la disp. pub./Open to Public Insp.: 2008/07/09

(45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2013/09/17

(30) Priorité/Priority: 2007/01/09 (US11/621,395)

(51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. *A61F 9/007* (2006.01)

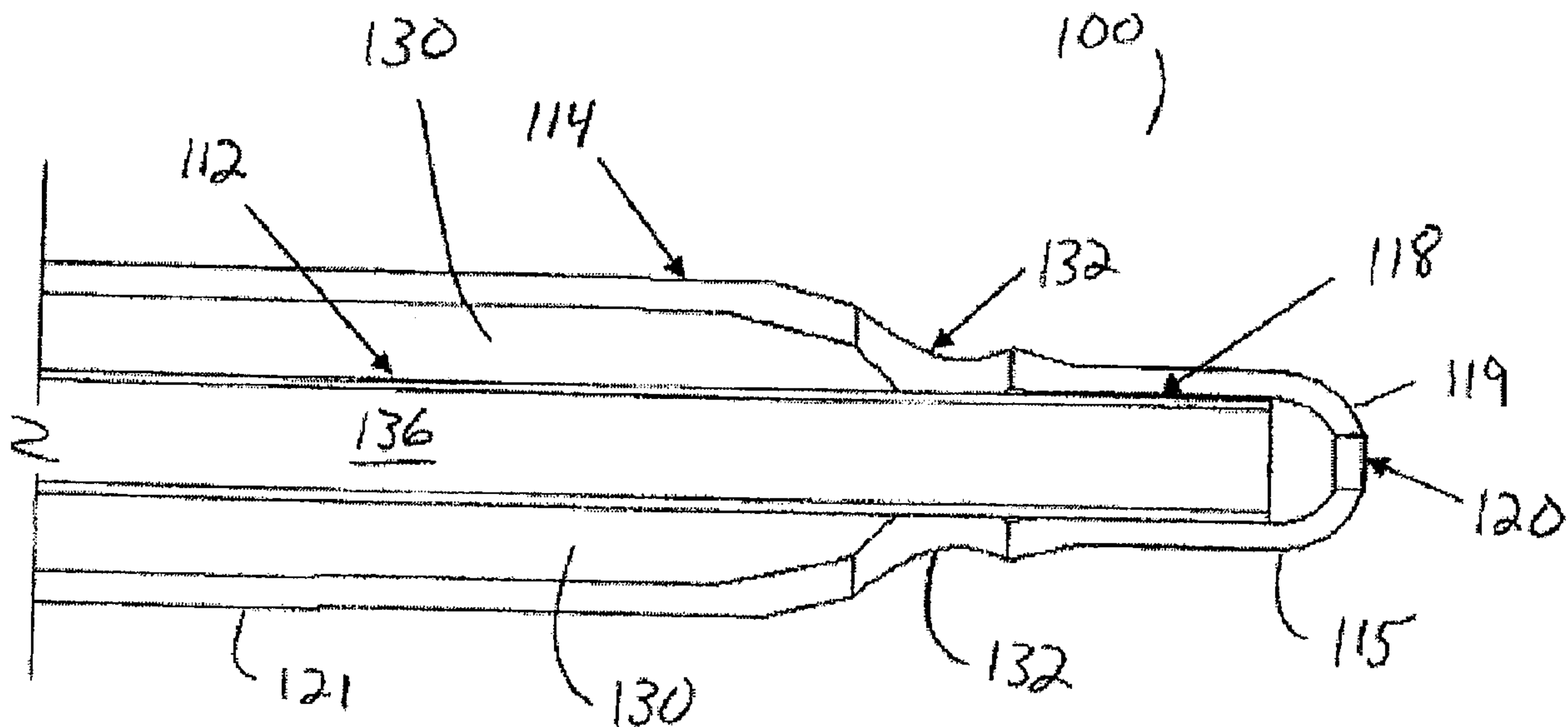
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(54) Titre : EMBOUT D'IRRIGATION/ASPIRATION

(54) Title: IRRIGATION/ASPIRATION TIP



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

An irrigation/aspiration tip having a relatively rigid cannula attached to a hub and an open end opposite the hub. Coaxially and removably received over the tip is a soft elastomeric or rubber sleeve. The sleeve forms a gap between the sleeve and the cannula, the gap allowing irrigation flow. The distal end of the sleeve is closed by a cap of reduced diameter. The reduced diameter of the cap seals the distal end of the cannula. The relatively soft cap reduces the likelihood that the posterior capsule will tear during cortical clean-up and capsule polishing. Removing the sleeve allows the cannula to be resterilized an unlimited number of times, thereby allowing unlimited reuse of the cannula.



Re: 3170 US

ABSTRACT

An irrigation/aspiration tip having a relatively rigid cannula attached to a hub and an open end opposite the hub. Coaxially and removably received over the tip is a soft elastomeric or rubber sleeve. The sleeve forms a gap between the sleeve and the cannula, the gap allowing irrigation flow. The distal end of the sleeve is closed by a cap of reduced diameter. The reduced diameter of the cap seals the distal end of the cannula. The relatively soft cap reduces the likelihood that the posterior capsule will tear during cortical clean-up and capsule polishing. Removing the sleeve allows the cannula to be resterilized an unlimited number of times, thereby allowing unlimited reuse of the cannula.

Re: 3170 US

IRRIGATION/ASPIRATION TIP

This invention relates to aspiration tips and more particularly to aspiration tips used in ophthalmic phacoemulsification surgery.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The human eye in its simplest terms functions to provide vision by transmitting light through a clear outer portion called the cornea, and focusing the image by way of the lens onto the retina. The quality of the focused image depends on many factors including the size and shape of the eye, and the transparency of the cornea and lens.

When age or disease causes the lens to become less transparent, vision deteriorates because of the diminished light which can be transmitted to the retina. This deficiency in the lens of the eye is medically known as a cataract. An accepted treatment for this condition is surgical removal of the lens and replacement of the lens function by an artificial lens.

In the United States, the majority of cataractous lenses are removed by a surgical technique called phacoemulsification. During this procedure, a thin phacoemulsification cutting tip is inserted into the diseased lens and vibrated ultrasonically. The vibrating cutting tip liquifies or emulsifies the lens so that the lens may be aspirated out of the eye. The diseased lens, once removed, is replaced by the artificial lens.

Prior to the introduction of the artificial intraocular lens into the eye, softer cortical material is aspirated from the eye using an aspiration tip. Aspiration tips are similar to phacoemulsification tips, but with a smaller opening at the distal end and not typically vibrated ultrasonically. The aspiration tip may also be used to "polish" the posterior capsule to remove residual epithelial cells and reduce the risk of posterior capsule opacification. Conventional aspiration tips are made from titanium or stainless steel. These tips must be highly polished to reduce burrs and eliminate sharp edges that may snag or tear the posterior capsule. Polishing the aspiration port and the interior lumen of the aspiration tip, however, is very difficult and some burrs may remain even after extensive polishing. During capsule polishing and cortical

Re: 3170 US

clean-up, the posterior capsule may be drawn partially into the aspiration port and interior lumen of the aspiration tip. If these portions of the aspiration tip contain rough edges or burrs, tearing of the posterior capsule can occur. In addition, during repeated use, the exterior of the aspiration tip can develop burrs and rough spots that can snag
5 or tear the capsule.

One prior aspiration tip, disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,718,677 (Capetan, et al.) overcomes the problems associated with metal tips by installing a silicone rubber tip cap over the distal end of the metal cannula. While the device is effective in reducing or eliminating some of the risks discussed above, the rubber tip cap must be
10 fixed to the metal tip to prevent the tip cap from sliding off of the metal tip. While the rubber tip cap is sterilizable in an autoclave, the tip cap is much more easily damaged than the metal cannula, thereby limiting the number of reuses of the tip assembly. In addition, as with other commercially available tips, the tip cap does not provide any irrigation function, so a separate irrigation handpiece or an infusion sleeve over the
15 aspiration tip must be used.

Accordingly, a need continues to exist for an irrigation/aspiration tip that reduces the possibility of tearing the posterior capsule during cortical clean-up and capsule polishing.

20 BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The present invention improves upon prior art aspiration tips by providing an irrigation/aspiration tip having a relatively rigid cannula attached to a hub and an open end opposite the hub. Coaxially and removably received over the tip is a soft
25 elastomeric or rubber sleeve. The sleeve forms a gap between the sleeve and the cannula, the gap allowing irrigation flow. The distal end of the sleeve is closed by a cap of reduced diameter. The reduced diameter of the cap seals the distal end of the cannula. The relatively soft cap reduces the likelihood that the posterior capsule will tear during cortical clean-up and capsule polishing. Removing the sleeve allows the
30 cannula to be resterilized an unlimited number of times, thereby allowing unlimited reuse of the cannula.

One objective of the present invention is to provide an irrigation/aspiration tip that reduces the likelihood of tearing the posterior capsule.

Another objective of the present invention is to provide an aspiration tip having an open lumen sealed with a flexible cap.

Other objectives, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent with reference to the drawings, and the following description of the drawings and
5 claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is an expanded perspective view of a prior art aspiration tip.

FIG. 2 is an enlarged cross-sectional view of the irrigation/aspiration tip of the
present invention.

10 FIG. 3 is an enlarged cross-sectional view of the irrigation/aspiration tip of the
present invention.

FIG. 4 is an enlarged perspective view of the irrigation/aspiration tip of the present
invention installed on a handpiece.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

15 As best seen in FIG. 1, prior art aspiration tip 10 consists of aspiration
cannula 12 and cap 14. Cannula 12 is open at distal end and is attached to hub 16 at proximal
end 22. Hub 16 allows aspiration tip 10 to be attached to an appropriate handpiece (not
shown). Distal end is sealed by cap 14. Cap 14 is generally tubular in shape, is open on
proximal end 24 and closed on distal end 26 except for port 20.

20 As best seen in FIGS. 2, 3 and 4, irrigation aspiration tip 100 of the present invention
generally includes aspiration cannula 112 and sleeve 114. Cannula 112 is open
at distal end 118 and is attached to hub 116 at proximal end 122. Hub 116 allows
aspiration tip 100 to be attached to handpiece 140. Distal end 118 of cannula 112 is sealed
by reduced diameter end cap 115, which is integrally formed at distal end 119 of
25 shaft 121 of sleeve 114. End cap 115 is generally tubular in shape and closed on its
distal end except for port 120. The reduced diameter of end cap 115 causes end cap 115
to seal tightly about distal end 118 of cannula 112. Sleeve 114 forms coaxial gap 130
around cannula 112. Gap 130 allows irrigation flow down gap 130 and out ports 132.
When vacuum is applied to interior lumen 136 of cannula 112,

Re: 3170 US

material can be aspirated through port 120, down interior lumen 136 and out of tip 110.

While certain embodiments of the present invention have been described above, these descriptions are given for purposes of illustration and explanation.
s Variations, changes, modifications and departures from the systems and methods disclosed above may be adopted without departure from the scope or spirit of the present invention.

CLAIMS

1. An irrigation/aspiration tip, comprising:
 - a) an open aspiration cannula, the cannula having a hub enabling attachment of the cannula to a handpiece and an open end opposite the hub; and
 - 5 b) a removable, elastomeric sleeve, the sleeve coaxially surrounding the cannula and having a shaft, the shaft having an end cap of reduced diameter, the end cap sealing about the open end of the cannula;

wherein the sleeve is coupled to the cannula through a friction-fit between a portion of the end cap and the cannula and wherein the portion of the end cap forming

 - 10 the friction-fit with the cannula is between an aspiration port defined by the sleeve and an irrigation port defined by the sleeve;

wherein a proximal portion of the elastomeric sleeve includes internal threads;

wherein the end cap defines the aspiration port and wherein the aspiration port is axially aligned with the open end of the cannula opposite the hub;

 - 15 wherein the aspiration port is located at a distal tip of a rounded outer end of the end cap, the aspiration port located distal to the open end of the cannula.
2. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 1, wherein an entire component comprising the sleeve is external to the hub and handpiece.
3. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 1, wherein the aspiration cannula is

20 configured to be repeatedly reused by sterilizing the aspiration cannula after removal of the elastomeric sleeve.

4. An irrigation/aspiration tip comprising:
an aspiration cannula having a hub at a proximal end configured for attachment to a surgical handpiece and open at a distal end;
a soft elastomeric end cap configured to seal the distal end of the cannula and
5 define an aspiration port, wherein the aspiration port is located at a distal tip of a rounded outer end of the end cap; and
a soft elastomeric sleeve configured to coaxially surround the cannula so as to define a gap therebetween so as to allow the passage of irrigation fluid, said sleeve terminating in a reduced diameter portion defining said end cap, and wherein said end
10 cap is closed on its distal end except for the aspiration port;
wherein the aspiration port is axially aligned with the open distal end of the cannula;
wherein the handpiece and hub are configured to allow intact removal of the sleeve from the aspiration cannula without disassembling the hub or handpiece.
- 15 5. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 4, wherein a gap-defining portion of the sleeve comprises a shaft with which the reduced diameter end cap portion is integrally formed.
6. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 4, further comprising at least one irrigation port in the sleeve adjacent the reduced diameter end cap portion.
- 20 7. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 4, wherein the sleeve is configured to surround the hub.
8. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 4, wherein an entire component comprising the sleeve is external to the hub and handpiece.

9. An irrigation/aspiration tip, comprising:
a rigid, open aspiration cannula, the cannula having a hub enabling attachment of the cannula to a handpiece and an open end opposite the hub; and
a removable, elastomeric sleeve, the sleeve coaxially surrounding the cannula
5 and having a shaft, the shaft having an end cap of reduced diameter, the end cap sealing about the open end of the cannula;
wherein the aspiration cannula is configured to be repeatedly reused by sterilizing the aspiration cannula after removal of the elastomeric sleeve and replacing the elastomeric sleeve after sterilizing the aspiration cannula;
10 wherein the end cap defines an aspiration port located at a distal tip of a rounded outer end of the end cap;
wherein the aspiration port is axially aligned with the open end of the cannula opposite the hub, the aspiration port located distal to the open end of the cannula;
wherein a proximal portion of the elastomeric sleeve includes internal threads;
15 and
wherein the sleeve is configured to leave a gap between a proximal end surface of the sleeve and a grip portion of the handpiece when the sleeve is fully screwed onto the handpiece.
10. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 9, wherein the sleeve is a silicon rubber
20 material.
11. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 9, wherein an entire component comprising the sleeve is external to the hub and handpiece.
12. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 4, wherein the aspiration cannula is
25 configured to be repeatedly reused by sterilizing the aspiration cannula after removal of the elastomeric sleeve.

13. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 4, wherein the sleeve is coupled to the cannula through a friction-fit between a portion of the end cap and the cannula and wherein the portion of the end cap forming the friction-fit with the cannula is between the aspiration port defined by the sleeve and an irrigation port defined by the sleeve.
- 5 14. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 5, wherein the sleeve is coupled to the cannula through a friction-fit between a portion of the end cap and the cannula and wherein the portion of the end cap forming the friction-fit with the cannula is between the aspiration port defined by the sleeve and an irrigation port defined by the sleeve.
- 10 15. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 9, wherein the sleeve is coupled to the cannula through a friction-fit between a portion of the end cap and the cannula and wherein the portion of the end cap forming the friction-fit with the cannula is between the aspiration port defined by the sleeve and an irrigation port defined by the sleeve.
16. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 9, further comprising a gap between the external surface of the sleeve and the handpiece.
- 15 17. The irrigation/aspiration tip of claim 1, wherein the entire sleeve is secured to the handpiece only through the threads and the friction-fit with the cannula.

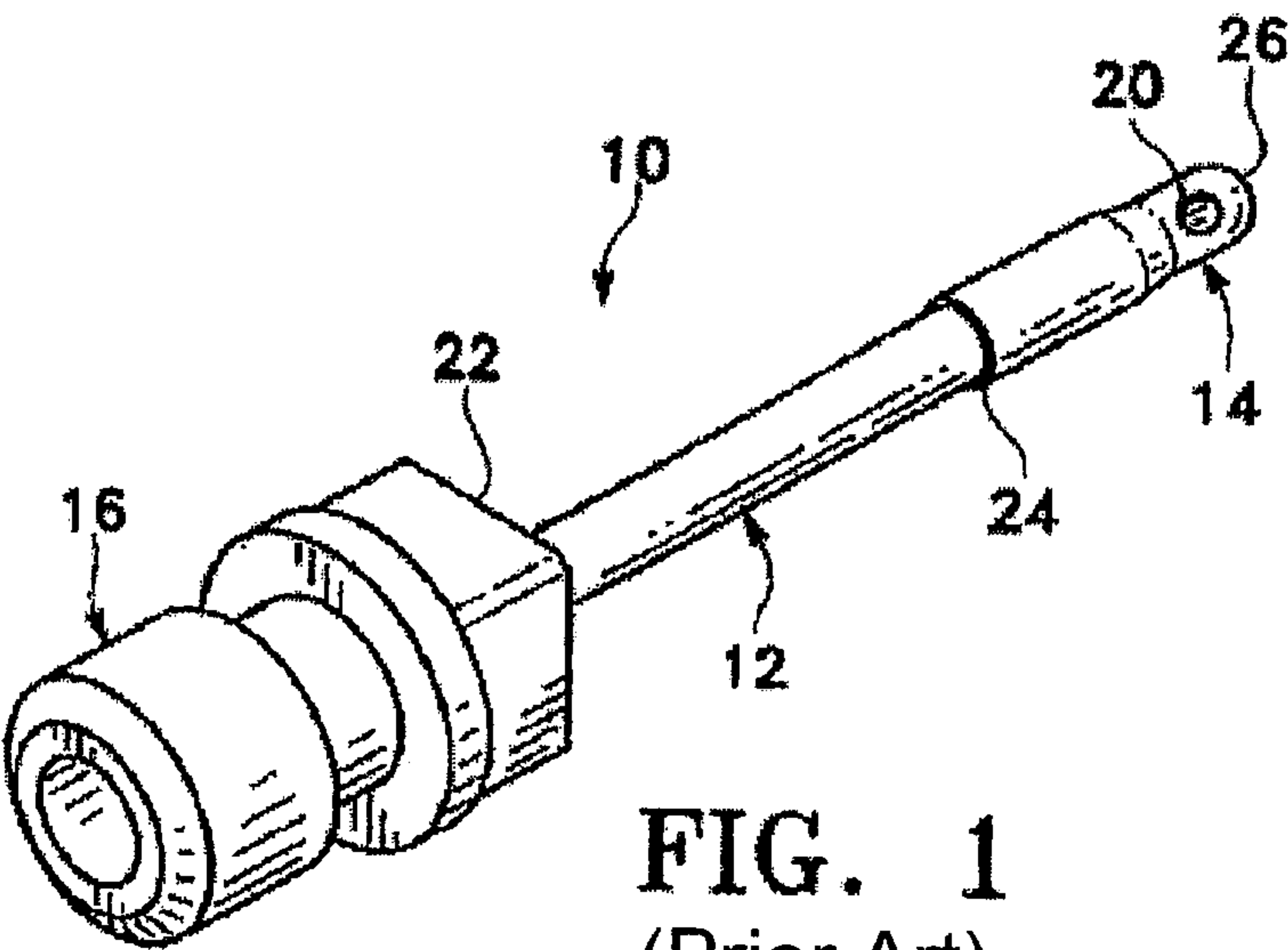


FIG. 1
(Prior Art)

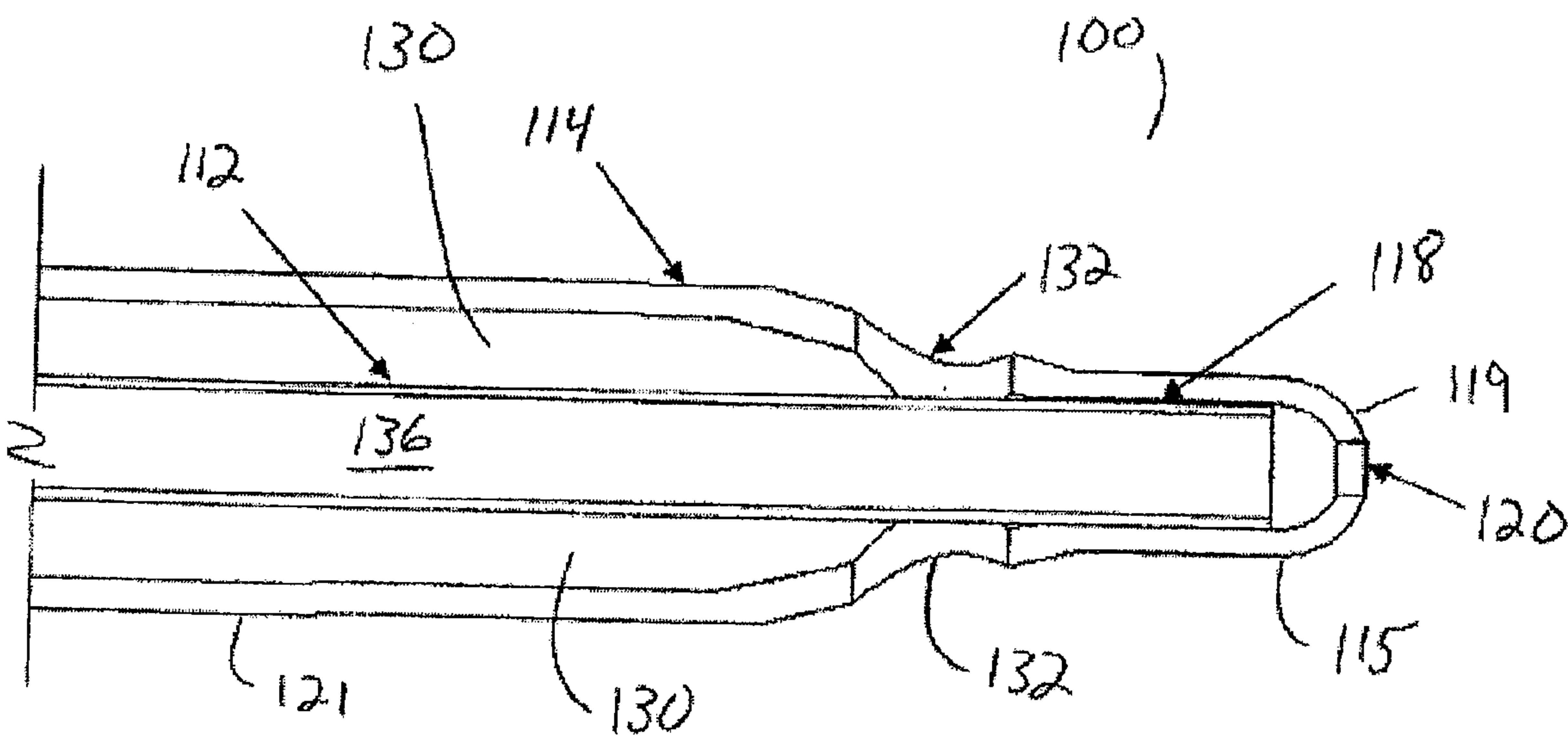


FIG. 2

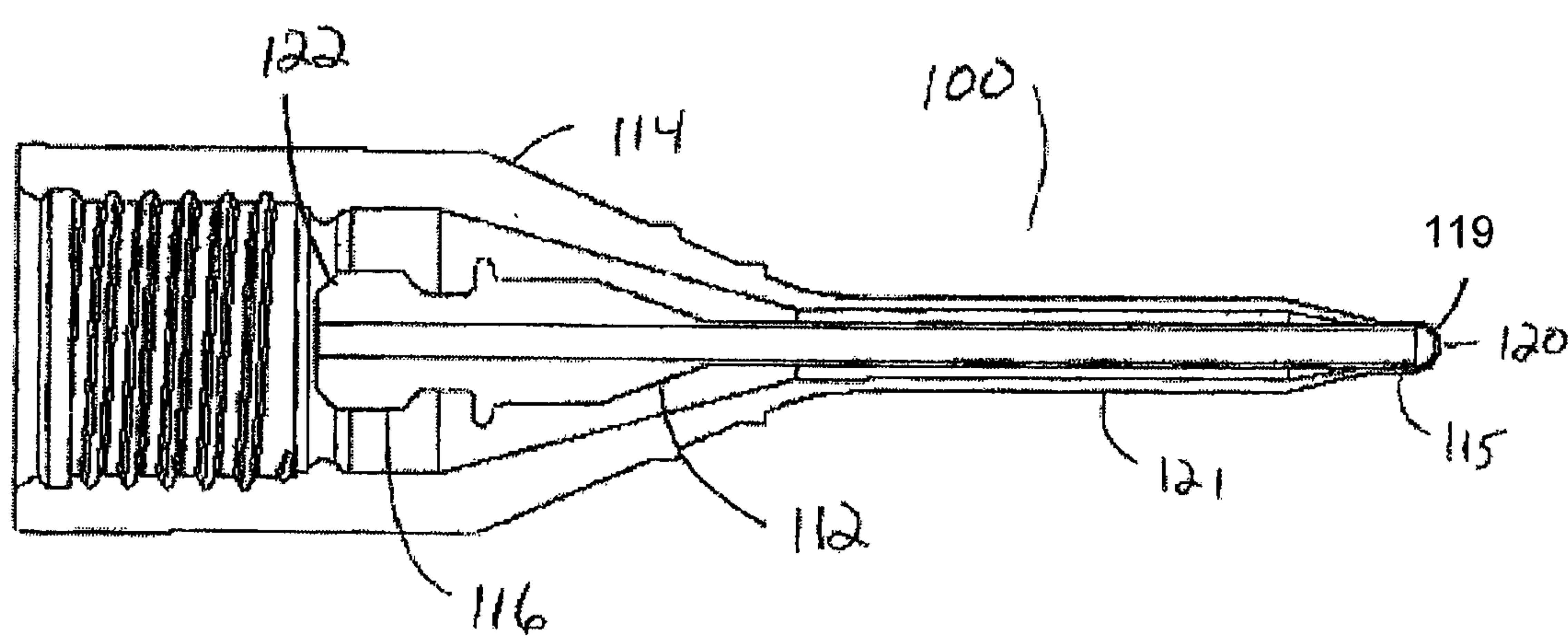


FIG. 3

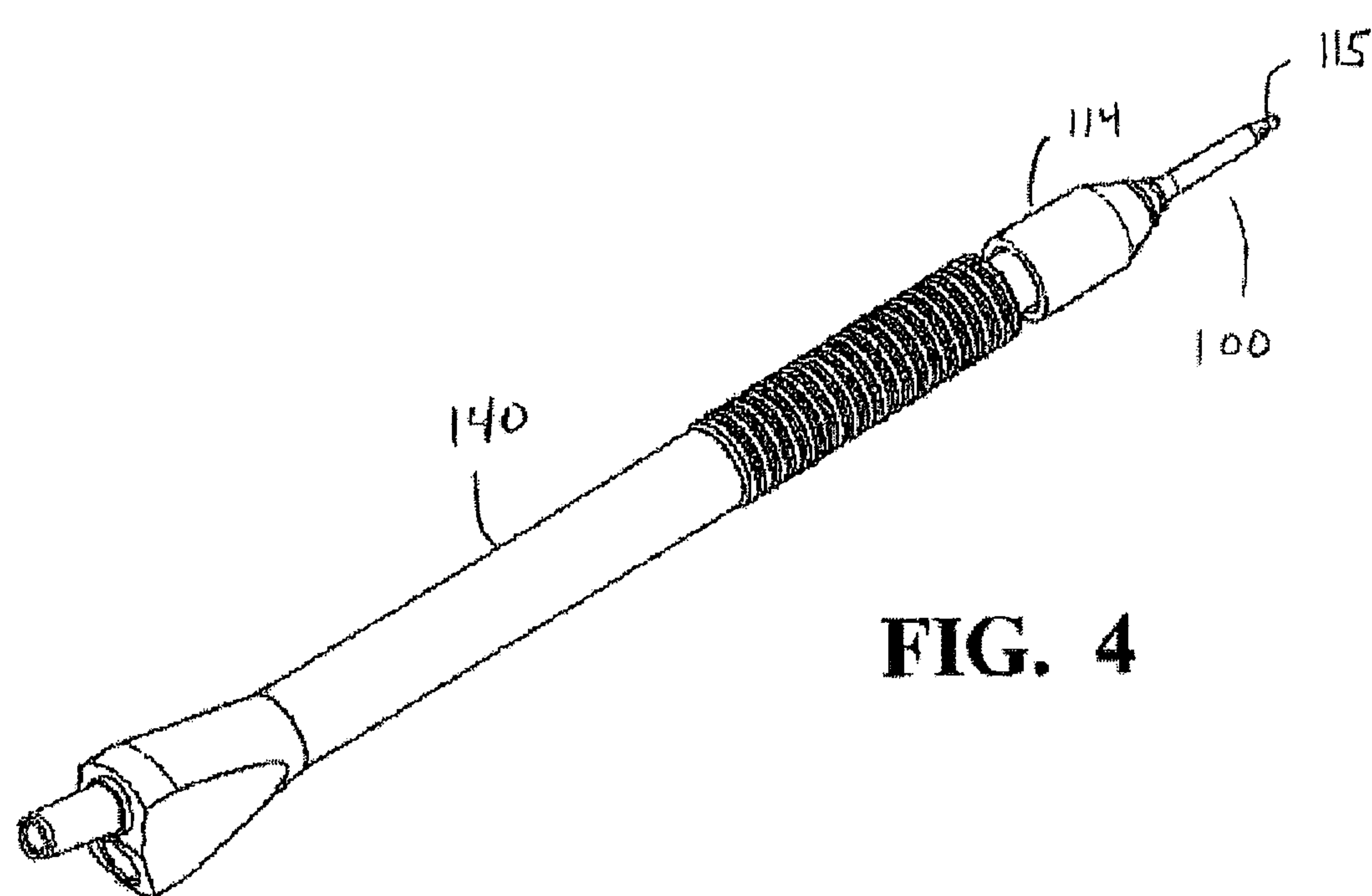


FIG. 4

