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(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Meilland

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(54) **MINIATURE ROSE PLANT NAMED**
'MEIJELIOR'

(58) **Field of Search** Plt./116, 119, 121,
Plt./123, 126, 128

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(*) **Notice:** Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 152 days.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

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A new and distinct variety of rose plant of the dwarf
Miniature Class is provided which abundantly forms attrac-
tive double blossoms that are a blend of pale orange on the
upper surface and pale pink on the undersurface. The growth
habit is bushy, low and compact. Very dense medium green
semi-glossy foliage is formed that contrasts nicely with the
blossom coloration. The new variety is well suited for pot
forcing under greenhouse growing conditions to form a
distinctive gift plant. There is no particular sensitivity to
diseases.

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(51) **Int. Cl.⁷** **A01H 5/00**

1 Drawing Sheet

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./116**

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Botanical/commercial classification: *Rosa hybrida* / Mini-
ature Rose Plant.

Varietal denomination: cv. 'Meijelijor'.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The new variety of *Rosa hybrida* Miniature rose plant was
created by artificial pollination wherein two parents were
crossed which previously had been studied in the hope that
they would contribute the desired characteristics. The
female parent (i.e., the seed parent) of the new variety was
the 'Meifruije' variety (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 9,033). The male
parent (i.e., the pollen parent) was the product of the cross
of the 'Meineyta' variety (non-patented in the United States)
and the 'Meisancho' variety (non-patented in the United
States). The parentage of the new variety can be summarized
as follows:

'Meifruije' × ('Meineyta' × 'Meisancho').

The seeds resulting from the above pollination were sown
and small plants were obtained which were physically and
biologically different from each other. Selective study
resulted in the identification of a single plant of the new
variety.

It was found that the new variety of Miniature rose plant
of the present invention possesses the following combina-
tion of characteristics:

- (a) exhibits a bushy, low and compact growth habit,
- (b) forms in abundance attractive very double blossoms
that are pale orange on the upper surface and pale pink
on the under surface,
- (c) forms very dense medium green semi-glossy foliage,
and
- (d) is well suited for pot forcing under greenhouse grow-
ing conditions.

The new variety well meets the needs of the horticultural
industry. It is particularly well suited for pot forcing under
greenhouse growing conditions to form a distinctive gift
plant.

The new variety can be readily distinguished from its
parental varieties. For instance, the 'Meifruije' variety forms
dissimilar bright orange flowers having a yellow edge and
approximately 25 to 40 petals. The flowers of the 'Meineyta'
variety display a distinctive orange blend coloration. The
'Meisancho' variety is a Floribunda rose plant and displays
dissimilar geranium red flowers.

The new variety has been found to undergo asexual
propagation in France by a number of routes, including
budding, grafting, and cuttage. Asexual propagation by the
above-mentioned methods as performed in the South of
France has shown that the characteristics of the new variety
are strictly transmissible from one generation to another.

The new variety has been named the 'Meijelijor' variety.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying photograph shows as nearly true as it
is reasonably possible to make the same, in a color illustra-
tion of this character, typical specimens of the plant parts of
the new variety. The rose plants of the new variety were one
year of age and were observed during May while growing on
their own roots in greenhouses at LeCannet des Maures, Var,
France. Dimensions in centimeters are shown at the bottom
of the photograph.

FIG. 1—illustrates a specimen of a young shoot;

FIG. 2—illustrates a specimen of a floral bud before the
opening of the sepals;

FIG. 3—illustrates a specimen of a floral bud at the
opening of the sepals;

FIG. 4—illustrates a specimen of a floral bud at the
opening of the petals;

FIG. 5—illustrates a specimen of a flower during the
course of opening;

FIG. 6—illustrates a specimen of an open flower—plan
view—obverse;

FIG. 7—illustrates a specimen of an open flower—plan
view—reverse;

FIG. 8—illustrates a specimen of a fully open flower—plan view—obverse;

FIG. 9—illustrates a specimen of a fully open flower—plan view—reverse;

FIG. 10—illustrates a specimen of a floral receptacle showing the arrangement of the stamens and pistils;

FIG. 11—illustrates a specimen of a floral receptacle showing the arrangement of the pistils (stamens removed);

FIG. 12—illustrates a specimen of a flowering stem;

FIG. 13—illustrates a specimen of a main branch;

FIG. 14—illustrates a specimen of a leaf with three leaflets—plan view—upper surface;

FIG. 15—illustrates a specimen of a leaf with five leaflets—plan view—under surface; and

FIG. 16—illustrates a specimen of a leaf with seven leaflets—plan view—upper surface.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The chart used in the identification of the colors is that of The Royal Horticultural Society (R.H.S. Colour Chart). The description is based on the observation of six month-old specimens of the new variety which were observed during November while growing on their own roots in greenhouses at LeCannet des Maures, Var, France.

Botanical classification: *Rosa hybrida*.

Market: Dwarf Miniature.

Plant:

Height.—Approximately 25 to 30 cm on average at the end of the growing season.

Habit.—Bushy.

Branches:

Color.—Young stems: near Green Group 137D. Adult wood: near Green Group 137B.

Thorns.—Size: medium. Quantity: moderately numerous (as illustrated). Color: on young stems pinkish, near Greyed-Red Group 181B, and on adult wood tan, near Greyed-Yellow Group 161A. Configuration: rather elongated downwards on the upper surface and hooked on the under surface.

Leaves:

Petioles.—Upper surface: non-glandular, and medium green, near Yellow-Green Group 147B, in coloration. Under surface: medium green, near Yellow-Green Group 147B in coloration.

Stipules.—Adnate, pectinate, and rather broad.

Leaflets.—Number: 3, 5 (most often), and 7. Shape: generally lanceolate with a symmetrical tip and an obtuse base (as illustrated). Texture: normal. Serration: regular. General appearance: very dense, medium green and semi-glossy. Size: approximately 3 cm in length on average and approximately 1.5 cm in width on average. Color (young foliage): upper surface: near Green Group 137A. under surface: near Green Group 138B. color (adult foliage): upper surface: Green Group 139A. under surface: Green Group 138A.

Inflorescence:

Number of flowers.—Commonly approximately 2 to 5 per stem.

Peduncle.—Near Yellow-Green Group 147B in coloration, medium in size, and the length commonly is approximately 2.5 to 3 cm on average.

Sepals.—Upper surface: tomentose and near Green Group 138B in coloration. Under surface: near Yellow-Green Group 144A in coloration. Shape: with some thin weak extensions (as illustrated).

Buds.—Shape: conical and pointed. Size: medium for class, and approximately 1 to 1.5 cm in length.

Flower.—Form: very double and cup-shaped. Diameter: approximately 5 cm on average when fully open. Color (when opening begins): upper surface: near Orange Group 29C. under surface: near Orange Group 29D suffused with Red Group 39B. Color (when blooming): upper surface: near Orange-Red Group 31C. under surface: near Red Group 37B suffused with Red Group 48B. Color (at end of opening): upper surface: near Orange Group 29D. under surface: near Orange Group 29D suffused with Red Group 39B. Fragrance: none. Anthers: near Yellow-Orange Group 17B in coloration. Pollen: moderate quantity and near Yellow Group 13B in coloration. Stamen number: approximately 125 on average. Filaments: near Yellow-Orange Group 14A in coloration. Pistil number: approximately 105 on average. Petal configuration: wedge-shaped base and reflexed edges. Petal number: approximately 64 on average. Petal drop: good, the petals detach cleanly. Stigmas: near Yellow-Orange Group 19C in coloration. Styles: near Red-Purple Group 60D in coloration. Receptacle: near Yellow-Green Group 144A in coloration. Lasting quality: very long on the plant with the blossoms commonly lasting approximately 10 to 12 days.

Development:

Vegetation.—Strong.

Blooming.—Very abundant.

Resistance to diseases.—Good with respect to Powdery Mildew and Botrytis.

Aptitude to bear fruit.—None.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of Miniature rose plant characterized by the following combination of characteristics:

- (a) exhibits a bushy, low and compact growth habit,
- (b) forms in abundance attractive very double blossoms that are pale orange on the upper surface and pale pink on the under surface,
- (c) forms very dense medium green semi-glossy foliage, and
- (d) is well suited for pot forcing under greenhouse growing conditions;

substantially as herein shown and described.

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