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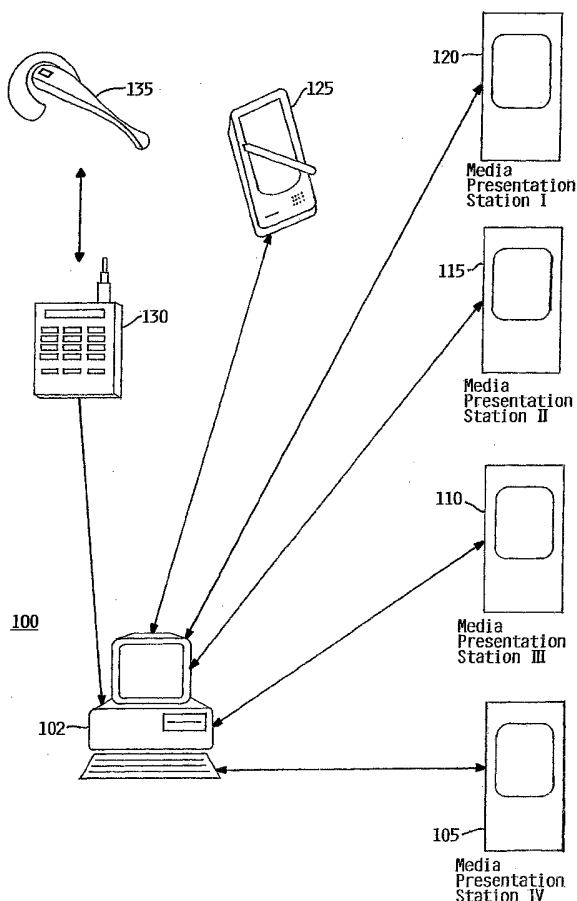
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(54) Title: AD-HOC MEDIA DELIVERY SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: Disclosed is an apparatus, method, and program product for performing ad hoc media delivery. Enhanced handheld devices are used in combination with the other components to route media and control its presentation. Enhanced media presentation stations detect the presence of one or more of the handheld devices. Information regarding the presence of a handheld device is then communicated from the media presentation stations to an enhanced server. The server uses this information to maintain a record of the location of each handheld device. The recorded location information is used to route the media to the media presentation station that is closest to the location of the handheld device. Control information, such as media selection and fidelity control (when appropriate), is forwarded from the handheld device to the server, so that the server can take appropriate action relative to transmission of the media to the media presentation station at issue. If a phone call is received, an enhanced phone interacts with the server to suspend presentation of the media until the phone call has ended.



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AD-HOC MEDIA DELIVERY SYSTEM**Field of the Invention**

5 The present invention relates to media presentation stations, and in particular, to the problems associated with user location vis-à-vis media presentation stations.

Background of the Invention

10 Media systems are a well-known part of today's society. In fact, most people have at least one media system (e.g., audio system, video system, etc.) in their home or apartment. Restaurants, nightclubs, institutions (e.g., hospitals), and other larger facilities have even more
15 comprehensive systems that can be used to play music, video, and/or broadcast messages.

 Despite this widespread use, today's media systems do not adapt well to positional changes of the user. In fact, quite the opposite is true.
20 The user is forced to go to the location where the media is being presented instead of the other way around. For example, if a user wants to listen to music, he or she must either go to a specified location where the music can be heard or predefine a new location (i.e., speaker location) where he or she would like the music to be heard. The same can
25 be said for video, if the user wants to watch a particular video item, he or she must go to a specific location, typically the location of the video monitor, and select the video item. Now, it is true that present day media distribution systems do permit the user to predefine more than one location, which makes it possible to move between locations without
30 significant interruption. However, even this flexibility is not without clear drawbacks. First, the user must still predefine where he or she wishes to receive the media, and second, the user can only be in one location at a time, meaning that the media is being distributed to a location where it is potentially unneeded, or worse, unwanted.

35 The inflexibility and inefficiencies of today's media distribution systems will persist without a mechanism to distribute media in a way that does not require users to follow the media from location to location.

40

Disclosure of the Invention

The present invention involves an apparatus, method, and program product that are each drawn to an enhanced media distribution system (MDS). The enhanced MDS of the present invention permits the user to move from a first location to a second location with an associated media transmission change, without having to predefine the second location.

The preferred embodiment of the present invention provides the above-mentioned function through the use of a wireless handheld device. When the user moves the handheld device from one location to another, the MDS of the preferred embodiment notes the new location of the handheld device and adapts by redirecting transmission of the media to the new location. Another feature of the present invention, as taught by the preferred embodiment, is automatic suspension/resumption of media presentation for phone call handling. If a phone call is received, the enhanced phone of the preferred embodiment interacts with other components to suspend presentation of the media until the phone call has ended.

Viewed from another aspect the present invention provides a method for presenting media, said method comprising the steps of: interacting with a handheld device to determine a first position of said handheld device; and receiving media to present, said media being obtained based on said first position of said handheld device.

Preferably the present invention provides a method for routing media, said method comprising the steps of: interacting with at least one media presentation station to obtain a position of a handheld device, interacting with said handheld device to determine media information; routing media to a first media presentation station based on said first position of said handheld device, said first media presentation station being one of said at least one presentation station.

Preferably the present invention provides a method further comprising the steps of: interacting with said at least one media presentation station to determine a second position of said handheld device, said second position of said handheld device being different from said first position of said handheld device, rerouting said media to a second presentation station based upon said second position of said handheld device, said second media presentation station being one of said at least one media presentation station.

Preferably the present invention provides a method wherein, said media information is media selection information

5 Preferably the present invention provides a method wherein said media information is media control information that is used to control presentation of said media by said first media presentation station.

10 Viewed from another aspect the present invention provides an apparatus for presenting media, said apparatus comprising: a media presentation station, said plurality of media presentation stations interacting with a handheld device to determine a first position of said handheld device, said media presentation station interacting with a server to receive media to present, said media being obtained based on said first position of said handheld device.

15 Viewed from another aspect the present invention provides an apparatus for routing media, said apparatus comprising: a server, said server interacting with at least one media presentation station to obtain a position of a handheld device, said server interacting with said handheld device to determine media information, said server using said media information and said first position of said handheld device to route media to a first media presentation station, said first media presentation station being one of said at least one presentation stations.

25 Preferably the present invention provides an apparatus wherein said server interacts with said at least one media presentation station to determine a second position of said handheld device, said second position of said handheld device being different from said first position of said handheld device, and wherein said server uses said second position to reroute said media to a second presentation station, said second media presentation station being one of said at least one media presentation station.

30 Preferably the present invention provides an apparatus wherein said media information is media selection information.

35 Preferably the present invention provides an apparatus wherein said media information is media control information and wherein said server uses said media control information to control presentation of said media by said first media presentation station.

Preferably the present invention provides an apparatus wherein said media control information is selected from the group consisting of: volume control; tone control; tracking control; and picture control.

5 Preferably the present invention provides an apparatus further comprising a phone; said phone interacting with said server to suspend media presentation during said phone call and to automatically resume media presentation after said phone call has ended.

10 Viewed from another aspect the present invention provides a program product for routing media, said program product comprising: signal bearing media; and a first program mechanism disposed on said signal bearing media, said first program mechanism interacting with a user to obtain media information; a second program mechanism disposed on said signal
15 bearing media, said second program mechanism interacting with a handheld device to determine a first position of said handheld device; and a third program mechanism disposed on said signal bearing media, said third program mechanism interacting with a plurality of media presentation stations to obtain said first position of said handheld device, said third
20 program mechanism interacting with said handheld device to determine media information, said third program mechanism using said media information and said first position of said handheld device to route media to a first media presentation station, said first media presentation station being one of said plurality of media presentation stations.

25 Preferably the present invention provides a program product wherein said second program mechanism interacts with said handheld device to determine a second position of said handheld device, said second position of said handheld device being different from said first position of said
30 handheld device, and wherein said third program mechanism uses said second position to reroute said media to a second presentation station.

35 Preferably the present invention provides a program product wherein said media information is media selection information.

40 Preferably the present invention provides a program product wherein said media information is media control information and wherein said third program mechanism uses said media control information to control presentation of said media by said first media presentation station.

Preferably the present invention provides a program product wherein said media control information is selected from the group consisting of: volume control; tone control; tracking control; and picture control.

5 Preferably the present invention provides a program product further comprising a fourth program mechanism disposed on said signal bearing media, said fourth program mechanism interacting with said third program mechanism to suspend media presentation during said phone call and to automatically resume media presentation after said phone call has ended.

10 Viewed from another aspect, the present invention provides a program product for presenting media, said program product comprising: signal bearing media; and a program mechanism disposed on said signal bearing media, said program mechanism interacting with a handheld device to
15 determine a first position of said handheld device, said program mechanism interacting with a server to receive media to present, said media being obtained based on said first position of said handheld device.

20 Viewed from another aspect the present invention provides a program product for routing media, said program product comprising: signal bearing media; and a program mechanism disposed on said signal bearing media, said program mechanism interacting with at least one media presentation station to obtain a position of a handheld device, said program mechanism
25 interacting with said handheld device to determine media information, said program mechanism using said media information and said first position of said handheld device to route media to a first media presentation station, said first media presentation station being one of said at least one presentation stations.

30 Preferably the present invention provides a program product wherein said program mechanism interacts with said at least one media presentation station to determine a second position of said handheld device, said second position of said handheld device being different from said first position of said handheld device, and wherein said program mechanism uses
35 said second position to reroute said media to a second presentation station, said second media presentation station being one of said at least one media presentation station.

40 Preferably the present invention provides a program product wherein said media information is media selection information.

Preferably the present invention provides a program product wherein said media information is media control information and wherein said

program mechanism uses said media control information to control presentation of said media by said first media presentation station.

Preferably the present invention provides a program product wherein said media control information is selected from the group consisting of: volume control; tone control; tracking control; and picture control. Preferably the present invention provides a program product further comprising a second program mechanism disposed on said signal bearing media, said second program mechanism interacting with said first program mechanism to suspend media presentation during said phone call and to automatically resume media presentation after said phone call has ended.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Embodiments of the invention are described below in detail, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is an interaction diagram showing typical components that could be used in the Media Distribution System of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a block diagram showing some of the components used in the Media Presentation Stations of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3 is a block diagram showing some of the components used in the Handheld Device of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 4 is a block diagram showing some of the components used in the Server of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 5 is a block diagram showing some of the components used in the Phone of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 6A is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Handheld Controller that executes within the Media Presentation Stations of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 6B is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Media Controller that executes within the

Media Presentation Stations of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 7A is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Media Controller that executes within the Handheld Device of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 7B is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Media Presentation Station Controller that executes within the Handheld Device of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 8A is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Handheld Controller that executes within the Server of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 8B is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Media Presentation Station Controller that executes within the Server of the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 8C is a diagram showing a map used in the preferred embodiment of the present invention to track the location of a Handheld Device relative to a Media Presentation Station;

Figure 8D is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Phone Controller that executes within the Server of the preferred embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 9 is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Server Controller that executes within the Phone of the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed description of the invention

Turning now to the drawings, Media Distribution System (MDS) 100 of the preferred embodiment is shown to contain several different components. These include: Server 102, Phone 130, Headset 135, Handheld 125, and Media Presentation Systems (MPS) I through IV (also respectively denoted as 105-120). The arrows interconnecting these components are in place to show one or two way interaction. This interaction is facilitated by wireless connectivity. The wireless protocol used in the preferred

embodiment is that known in the industry as Bluetooth, although other wireless protocols could be used. For more information on Bluetooth, the reader is referred to the Bluetooth specification, which is developed, published and promoted by the Bluetooth Special Interest Group.

5
Server 102 of the preferred embodiment is an IBM Server that has been enhanced to provide the function needed by the preferred embodiment. More information regarding these enhancements is provided in the ensuing discussion, and particularly in the text associated with Figures 4 and 8A
10 through 8D. Handheld device 125 of the preferred embodiment is an hp iPAQ Pocket PC h5450 that has been enhanced to provide the function needed within the preferred embodiment. These enhancements are described in more detail in the ensuing paragraphs, and particularly in the discussion associated with Figures 3, 6A, and 6B. Phone 130 of the preferred
15 embodiment is an Ericsson R520m that has been enhanced to provide the function needed within the preferred embodiment. Headset 135 of the preferred embodiment is an Ericsson HBH-30 Bluetooth headset.

20 It should be noted here that while specific devices have been selected for use in the preferred embodiment, other makes and/or models of devices could be used if similarly enhanced. It should also be noted that other configurations of the components shown in Figure 1 are also possible, and that not all of depicted components need necessarily be present. For instance, MDS 100 can perform many of its functions without
25 the presence of phone 130 and Headset 135. It would also be possible to incorporate the functions of phone 130 into HD 125, and it is also conceivable that the functions of phone 130 and HD 125 could be incorporated into Headset 135. Thus, the term handheld device is used herein to refer to small scale devices like phones, PDAs, and remote
30 controls that be fairly easily transported by a user. It should also be noted that while a specific number of components are shown in the description of the preferred embodiment, additional handheld devices, phones, media presentation stations, and servers could also be accommodated.

35
As to the Media Presentation Stations of the preferred embodiment, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that the mechanisms of the preferred embodiment, and the benefits and advantages of the present invention, are not limited by media type. Thus, the choice of a
40 particular type of MPS must be made in accordance with the specific type of media that is to be used. For example, if the chosen media is audio, the chosen MPS must have general audio presentation capability. This

capability could potentially include distribution to more than one speaker. If the chosen media is audio and video (i.e., multimedia), the chosen MPS must have both audio and video presentation capability. Therefore, as its name suggests, a Media Presentation Station is defined herein as a station for presenting media to a user.

Referring still to Figure 1, the MDS of the preferred embodiment generally operates as follows. Server 100 determines the location of Handheld Device (HD) 125 through interaction with MPSs 105-120. Once the location is determined, Server 100 routes media to the MPS that most closely corresponds to the determined location. The user of HD 125 can also use HD 125 to select media and/or to control the presentation of selected media (e.g., volume, fidelity, etc.). When a user moves HD 125 from one location to another, MDS 100 of the preferred embodiment detects the movement and reroutes the media accordingly.

Figure 2 is a block diagram showing some of the components used in the Media Presentation Stations of the preferred embodiment. MPS 120, from Figure 1, is used as an example. As shown, MPS 120 contains Bluetooth Radio 202, Processor 204, and Memory 210. Shown within Memory 210 are: Bluetooth Controller 206, Handheld Controller 208, and Media Controller 212. MPS 120 also contains Media Presentation Mechanism 214.

Bluetooth Radio 202 of the preferred embodiment is a Bluetooth Class 3 radio, which provides connectivity up to ten (10) meters. Processor 204 is any commercially available, small-scale processor capable of executing the programs disposed in Memory 210. Bluetooth Controller 206 provides a software interface to Bluetooth Radio 202 for the other controllers shown in Memory 210. Handheld Controller 208 is used in the preferred embodiment to control interaction with Handheld Device 125. Handheld Controller 208 is discussed in more detail in the text associated with Figure 6A. Media Controller 212 is used in the preferred embodiment to receive media and media control information and to interact with Media Presentation Mechanism 214 to present the received media and/or control presentation of the received media. Media Controller 208 is discussed in more detail in the text associated with Figure 6B.

Figure 3 is a block diagram showing some of the components used in the Handheld Device of the preferred embodiment of the present invention. As shown, HD 125 contains Bluetooth Radio 302, Processor 304, and Memory 310. Shown within Memory 310 are: Bluetooth Controller 306, MPS Controller 308, and Media Controller 312.

Bluetooth Radio 302, Processor 304, and Bluetooth Controller 306 are identical in substance and function to their above-described counterparts. Accordingly, the reader is asked to please refer to the discussion of MPS 120 for an explanation of these components. MPStation Controller 308, which is described in detail in the text associated with Figure 7B, is responsible for handling the interaction between HD 125 and the MPStations of MDS 100. Media Controller 312, which is described in detail in the text associated with Figure 7A, is responsible for interacting with the user and handling the user's requests appropriately.

Figure 4 is a block diagram showing some of the components used in Server 102 of the preferred embodiment of the present invention. Server 102 is an enhanced IBM iSeries computer system, although other computer systems could be used. Depicted components include Central Processing Unit (CPU) 404, Bluetooth Radio 402, User Interface 416, Mass Storage 420, and Memory 410. CPU 404 is used to execute the programs stored in Memory 410, although it should be understood that at certain times these programs may partially or completely reside in Mass Storage 420. As above, Bluetooth Radio 402 is a class 1 radio, which has a hundred meter range and is capable of communicating with other Bluetooth compatible devices. User interface 416 is used to accept commands and relay information to the one or more users of computer Server 102.

Memory 410 contains Operating System 414, Bluetooth Controller 406. Media Presentation Station Controller 408, Handheld Controller 412, and Phone Controller 413. Operating System 414 of the preferred embodiment is the multitasking operating system known in the industry as OS/400. Bluetooth Controller is a software interface to Bluetooth Radio 402 for the other controllers shown in Memory 410. Media Presentation Station Controller 408, which is described in further detail in the text associated with Figures 8B and 8C, is responsible for interacting with the various Media Presentation Stations to determine the location of one or more handheld devices. Handheld Controller 412, which is described in the text associated with Figure 8A, is responsible for interacting with the one or more handheld devices of MDS 100 to select and control media presentation. Phone Controller 413, which is further described in the text associated with Figure 8D, is responsible for interacting with Phone 130 to control media presentation vis-à-vis incoming phone calls.

Figure 5 is a block diagram showing some of the components used in Phone 130 of the preferred embodiment. As shown, Phone 130 contains Bluetooth Radio 502, Processor 504, and Memory 510. Bluetooth Controller

506, Telephony Interface 508, and Server Controller 512 are shown to reside in Memory 510. As above, Bluetooth Radio 502 of the preferred embodiment is a Bluetooth Class 3 radio, which provides connectivity up to ten (10) meters. Processor 504 is any commercially available, small-scale processor capable of executing the programs disposed in Memory 510. Bluetooth Controller 506 provides a software interface to Bluetooth Radio 502 for the other program entities shown in Memory 510. Telephony Interface 508 is used to interact with an external telephone system, in the case of the preferred embodiment, a typical cell-based system. Server Controller 512, which is described in further detail in the text associated with Figure 9, is responsible for interacting with Server 102 to control media presentation vis-à-vis incoming phone calls

At this point, it is important to note that the preferred embodiment of the present invention is being described herein in the context of several discrete, yet complete systems. Nevertheless, it should be understood that the program mechanisms disclosed herein are capable of being distributed in program product form. Examples of such program mechanisms include the above-described controllers and groupings thereof. Of course, a program product can include more than one program mechanism and be distributed using different types of signal bearing media, including, but not limited to: recordable-type media such as floppy disks and CD ROMs and transmission-type media such as digital and analog communications links.

Processing Example

(Figures 6A through 9)

The handheld devices of the preferred embodiment are used in combination with the other previously described components to route media and control its presentation. At a high level, the media presentation stations of the preferred embodiment detect the presence of one or more handheld devices. Information regarding the presence of a handheld device is then communicated from the media presentation stations to Server 102. Server 102 uses this information to maintain a record of the location of each handheld device. The recorded location information is used to route the media to the media presentation station that is closest to the location of the handheld device. Media information, such as media selection (i.e., which media item is to be presented) and media control (when appropriate), is forwarded from the handheld device to Server 102, so that Server 102 can take appropriate action relative to transmission of the media to the media presentation station at issue. If a phone call is

received, phone 130 interacts with Server 102 to suspend presentation of the media. When the phone call ends, presentation is automatically resumed.

5 The following hypothetical processing example will now be used to describe the preferred embodiment function that is represented by the remaining Figures. Referring briefly to Figure 1, the reader is asked to assume for the purposes of this explanation that Handheld Device (HD 125) is located in a position within the 10-meter range of the Bluetooth radio
10 contained in Media Presentation Station II.

Media Routing

15 When power is applied to the media presentation stations of the preferred embodiment, they each initially request a connection to Server 102. This step is represented by block 600 of Figure 6A.

20 As stated earlier, Figure 6A is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of the handheld controller of the media presentation stations of the preferred embodiment. After establishing a connection to Server 102, the media presentation stations set out to determine whether a handheld device (e.g., HD 125) is within range of their Bluetooth radios. Per the Bluetooth protocol, this is accomplished by issuing an HCI_Periodic_Inquiry_Mode command to their
25 radios. Thus, Handheld Controller 208 issues an HCI_Periodic_Inquiry_Mode command to Bluetooth Radio 202 via Bluetooth Controller 206. Bluetooth Radio 202 responds to this command by repeatedly issuing Automatic Inquiry messages. Incorporated into the HCI_Periodic_Inquiry_Mode command is a delay period, which permits a break in transmission. This break in
30 transmission is in place to avoid flooding an area with inquiry messages.

35 After sending the HCI_Periodic_Inquiry_Mode command, Handheld controller waits in block 607. Any Inquiry Response messages received by Bluetooth radio 202 are surfaced to Handheld controller 208 in the form of an Inquiry Result message. When Handheld Controller 208 receives an Inquiry Result message [block 610], Handheld Controller 208 proceeds to connect to the detected handheld device (i.e., HD 125) in block 615. Handheld Controller 208 then obtains the RSSI, which stands for Radio Signal Strength Indicator, from HD 125. Bluetooth radios can be
40 optionally configured to measure their own receiver signal strength and report it as an RSSI value. The Bluetooth radios of the preferred embodiment are so configured. Receipt of the connection request by HD 125

is represented by block 735 of Figure 7B. Figure 7B is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of a Media Presentation Station Controller 308 (see Figure 3) of HD 125 of the preferred embodiment. After the connection is accepted in block 740,
5 Media Presentation Station Controller 308 provides the RSSI to Media Presentation Station IV. Media Presentation Station IV then closes the connection [see block 750 of Figure 7B and block 630 of Figure 6A] and returns to its wait state in block 607. The dashed line on Figure 7B is intended to show that the connection is closed by Media Presentation
10 Station IV, not Media Presentation Station Controller 308.

RSSI information is received by MPStation Controller 408 of Server 102. This logic is shown on Figure 8B. Connection requests from the media presentation stations are received in block 845. As discussed
15 earlier (see block 600 of Figure 6A), the media presentation stations connect to Server 102 at power-on and remain connected until they are powered down. These connections are used by Server 102 to obtain RSSI information from each media presentation station [block 850]. Using this information MPStation Controller 408 is able to calculate the position of
20 each handheld device. In the preferred embodiment, triangulation with RSSI values is used to determine position, although other positioning methods could be used.

Once the position is calculated, MPStation Controller 408 uses the
25 map shown on Figure 8C to determine whether current media routing is correct given the calculated position. As shown, Map 875 of the preferred embodiment consists of a logical, two column, multi-row table. The rows individually correspond to specific media presentation stations. The two columns are used to correlate the location of a specific media
30 presentation station with the current location of a handheld device. For example, as shown on Figure 8C, Map 875 indicates that HD 125 is currently located in a position proximate to Media Presentation Station II. Per the example, though, HD 125 has moved from a location proximate to Media Presentation Station II to a location proximate to Media Presentation IV.
35 If the current media routing had been correct, MPStation Controller 408 would simply return to consideration of the next RSSI information in block 850. Here, though, rerouting of the media is called for in that HD 125 has been moved to location proximate to a different media presentation station. MPStation Controller 408 first determines whether the
40 redirection called for by the movement of HD 125 will result in a conflict with the position of another handheld device [block 862]. Conflicts are handled on a first come, first served basis within the preferred

embodiment. If a conflict were at issue, MPStation Controller 408 would create an additional entry in Map 875 (i.e., the HH Device column of the MDStation IV row) for HD 125, so that media routing could be adjusted after the conflicting handheld was moved from the area. However, the reader is asked to assume here that no such conflict exists. Accordingly, MDStation Controller 408 proceeds to redirect the media [block 865] before updating Map 875 to indicate that HD 125 is now located proximate to Media Presentation Station IV.

Media Control

The handheld devices of the preferred embodiment each interact with a user and Server 102 to make media selections and to control media presentation. Figures 6B, 7A and 8A will now be described. As stated, Figure 7A is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of Media Controller 312, which executes within the handheld devices of the preferred embodiment. Media Controller 312 is the entity on HD 125 that is responsible for handing interaction with the user and with Server 102. Figure 8A is a flow diagram showing the steps used to carry out highlighted processing of Handheld Controller 412, which executes within Server 102 of the preferred embodiment.

Media Controller 312 will first request a connection to Server 102. This request is received and accepted by Handheld Controller 412 of Server 102. See block 800 of Figure 8A. Media Controller 312 then requests a media play list in block 705. In the preferred embodiment a media play list is a list of media titles, each of which having sufficient descriptiveness to permit informed selection by the user. This request is handled by Handheld Controller 412 in blocks 805 and 810. When the media list is received by Media Controller 312, it is displayed to the user in block 710. The user is then able to select new media and or control the presentation of media already being presented. When the user selects new media [block 715], Media Controller 312 requests the media from Handheld Controller 312 via its connection to Server 102. This request is represented by block 720 of Figure 7A.

At Server 102, the request is handled by blocks 815, 820, and 825. In block 820, Handheld Controller 312 determines which media presentation is to receive the media. This is accomplished through reference to Map 875 of Figure 8D. The media is then transmitted to the appropriate media presentation station in block 825 of Figure 8A. The media is received by Media Controller 212 (see Figure 2). This receipt is represented by block

630 of Figure 6B. Where appropriate, the media will then be decoded [block 635] before presentation in block 640. It should be noted that decoding and presentation are media dependent considerations; and as is well understood by those skilled in the art, the benefits and advantages of the present invention, as taught by the preferred embodiment, are not dependent upon these considerations. Therefore, these non-critical implementation details are not proved herein.

Returning to Figure 7A, the user can also choose to adjust how the media is currently being presented. This is, again, a media specific issue. However, examples could include volume control, tone control, tracking control (e.g., tracking/pause/skip/seek/play etc.), and picture control (e.g., tint, contrast, sharpness, etc.). At Server 102, the control request is handled by blocks 830, 835, and 840. In block 835, MPStation Controller 408 determines which media presentation station is to receive the media. As indicated above, this determination is made through reference to Map 875 of Figure 8D. The control is then transmitted to the appropriate media presentation station in block 840 of Figure 8A. The control is received by Media Controller 212 (see Figure 2). This receipt is represented by block 645 of Figure 6B. The presentation of the media is then adjusted in block 650.

Another feature of the present invention, as taught by the preferred embodiment, is automatic suspension/resumption of media presentation for phone call handling. This aspect of the preferred embodiment is described herein through reference to Figures 9 and 8D. When Bluetooth capable Phone 130 is powered on, it initiates a connection to Server 102. The connection initiation is represented by block 900 of Figure 9 and its acceptance is represented by block 880 of Figure 8D. Then, when Phone 130 receives an incoming call [block 905], it responds by sending a suspend command to Server 102. Phone 130 then opens a connection to headset 135 [block 920] so that the user can accept the phone call.

Phone Controller 413 of Server 102 identifies this command in block 885 and suspends transmission of the media in block 890. In the preferred embodiment, all media presentation is suspended regardless of its association with a handheld (i.e., regardless of its routing). It should be noted, though, that where more than one handheld device is being used, selective suspension could be accomplished by determining the location of Phone 130 relative to Media Presentation Stations I-IV.

When Phone 130 determines that the phone call has completed [block 925], Phone 130 sends a resume command to Phone Controller 413 of Server 102 before closing the connection to headset 135 in block 930. This command is identified in block 895 of Figure 8D. Phone Controller 413 then proceeds to resume media presentation in block 897.

The embodiments and examples set forth herein were presented in order to best explain the present invention and its practical application and to thereby enable those skilled in the art to make and use the invention. However, those skilled in the art will recognize that the foregoing description and examples have been presented for the purposes of illustration and example only. The description as set forth is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teaching without departing from the spirit and scope of the following claims. For example, one alternative would be elimination of a separate handheld device through migration of handheld function to that of the Bluetooth capable phone.

CLAIMS

1. An apparatus for routing media, said apparatus comprising:

a handheld device, said handheld device interacting with a user to obtain media information;

a plurality of media presentation stations, said plurality of media presentation stations interacting with said handheld device to determine a first position of said handheld device; and

a server, said server interacting with said plurality of media presentation stations to obtain said first position of said handheld device, said server interacting with said handheld device to determine said media information, said server using said media information and said first position of said handheld device to route media to a first media presentation station, said first media presentation station being one of said plurality of media presentation stations.

2. An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein said plurality of media presentation stations interact with said handheld device to determine a second position of said handheld device, said second position of said handheld device being different from said first position of said handheld device, and wherein said server uses said second position to reroute said media to a second presentation station.

3. An apparatus as claimed claim 1 wherein said media information is media selection information.

4. An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein said media information is media control information and wherein said server uses said media control information to control presentation of said media by said first media presentation station.

5. An apparatus as claimed in claim 4 wherein said media control information is selected from the group consisting of:

volume control;

tone control;

tracking control; and

picture control.

6. An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 further including a phone, said phone interacting with said server to suspend media presentation during said phone call and to automatically resume media presentation after said phone call has ended.

7. A method for routing media, said method comprising the steps of:

interacting with a user to obtain media information;

interacting with a handheld device to determine a first position of said handheld device; and

routing media to a first media presentation station based on said first position of said handheld device.

8. The method of claim 7 further comprising the steps of:

interacting with said handheld device to determine a second position of said handheld device, said second position of said handheld device being different from said first position of said handheld device, and

rerouting said media to a second presentation station based on said second position of said handheld device.

9. The method of claim 7 wherein said media information is media selection information.

10. The method of claim 7 wherein said media information is media control information and wherein said media control information is used to control presentation of said media by said first media presentation station.

11. The method of claim 10 wherein said media control information is selected from the group consisting of:

volume control;

tone control;

tracking control; and

picture control.

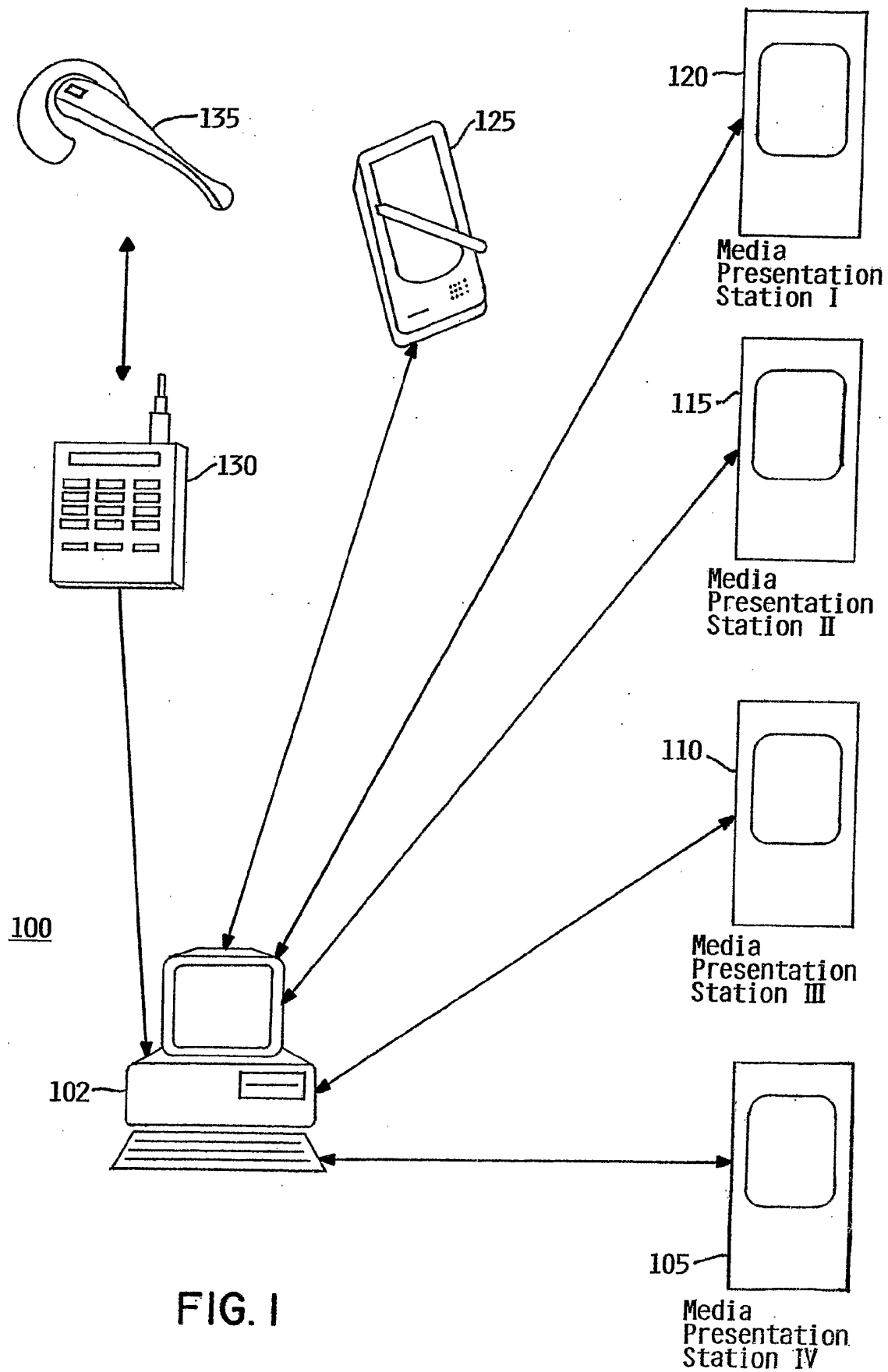
12. The method of claim 7 further including the steps of:

5 suspending media presentation during a phone call; and

 automatically resuming media presentation after said phone call has
ended.

10 13. A computer program product directly loadable into the internal
memory of a digital computer, comprising software code portions for
performing, when said product is run on a computer, to carry out the
invention of claims 1 to 6.

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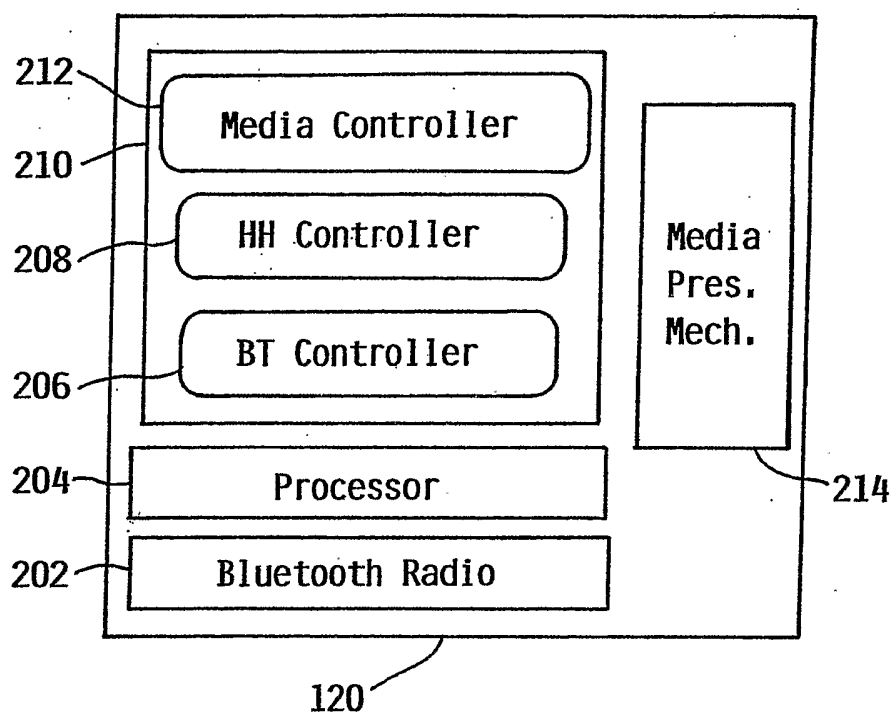


FIG. 2

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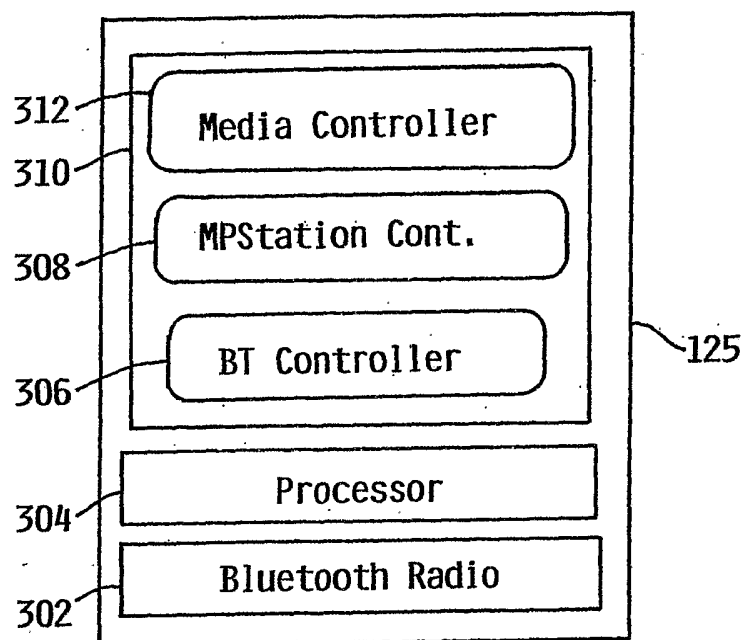


FIG. 3

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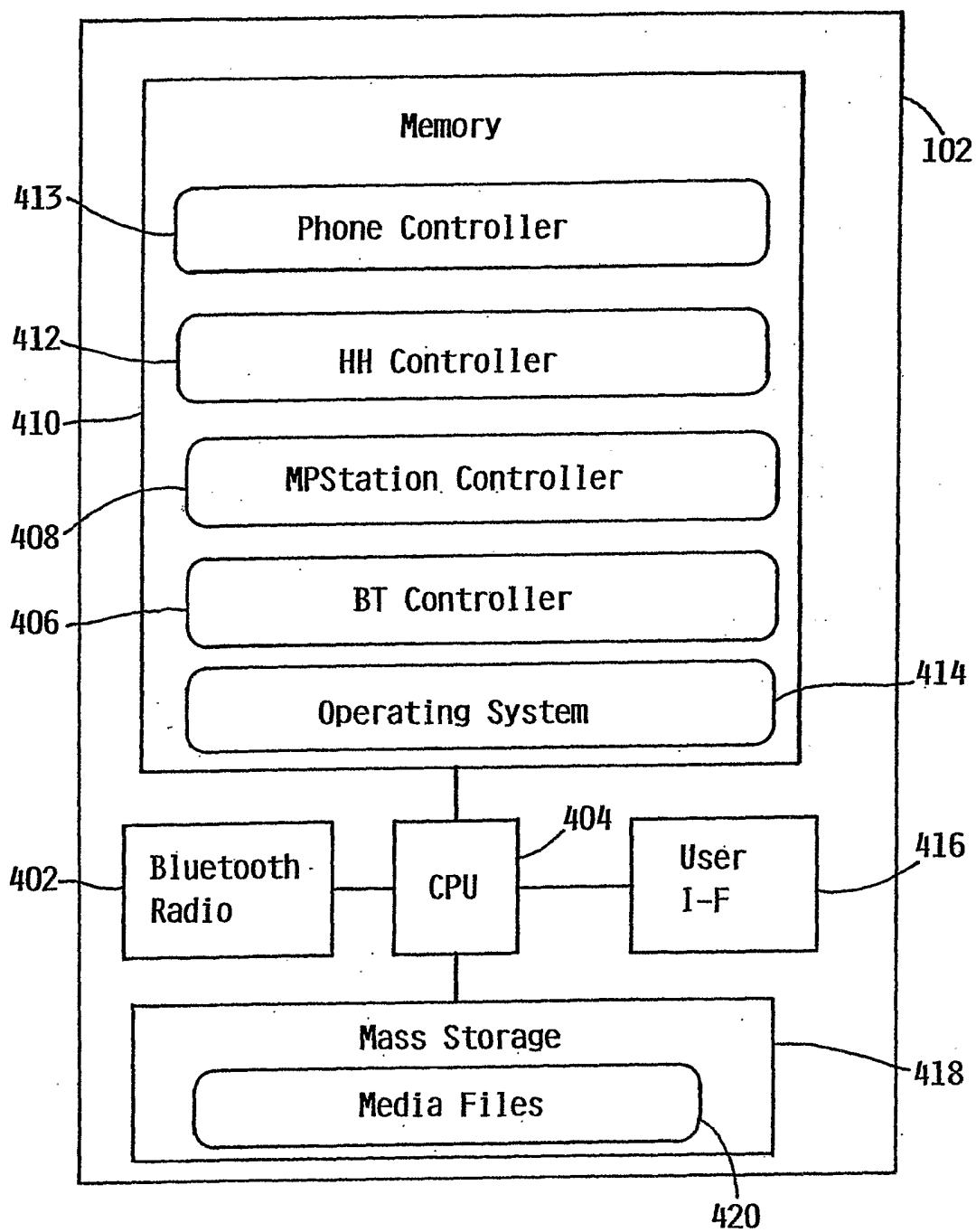


FIG. 4

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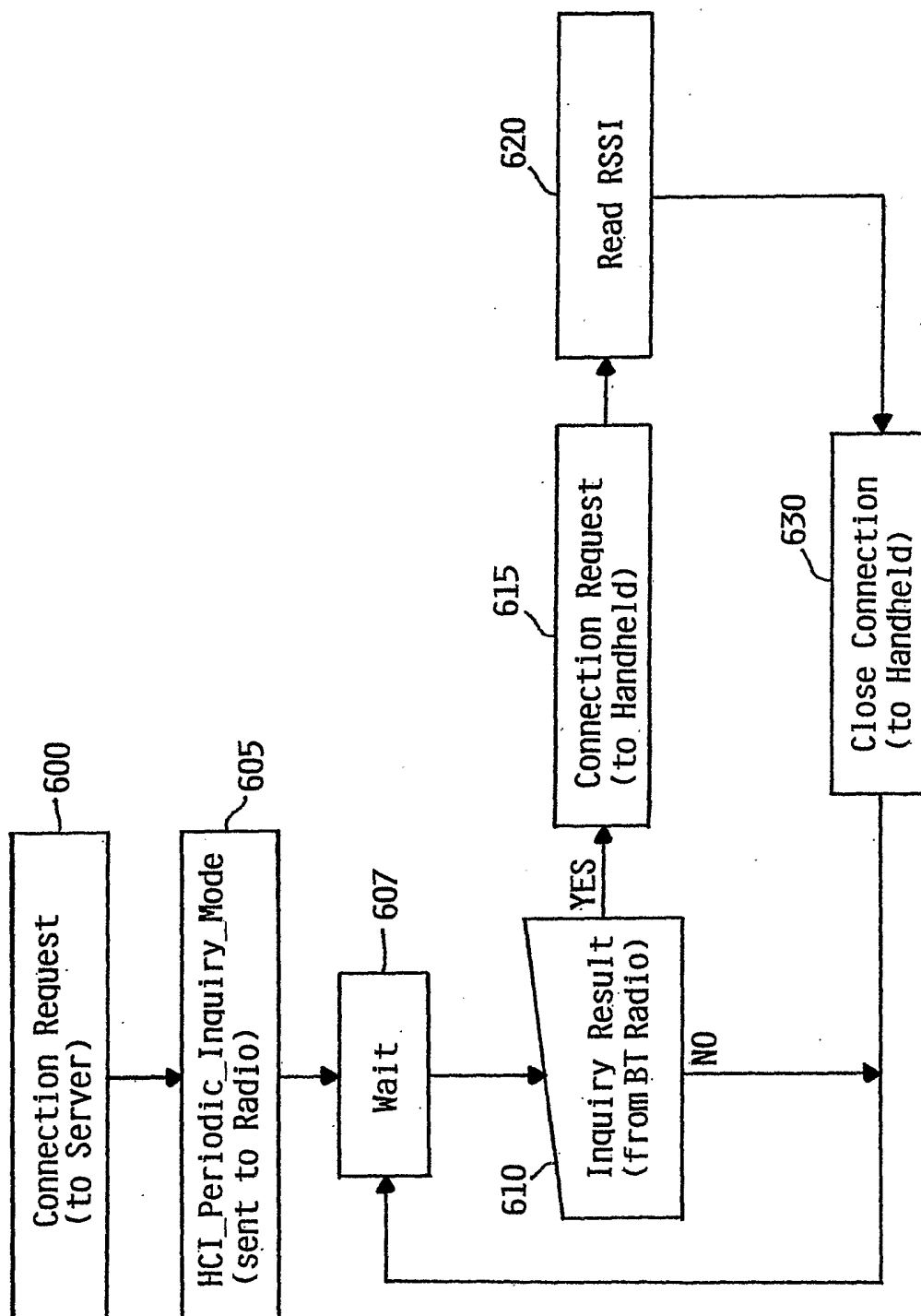


FIG. 5

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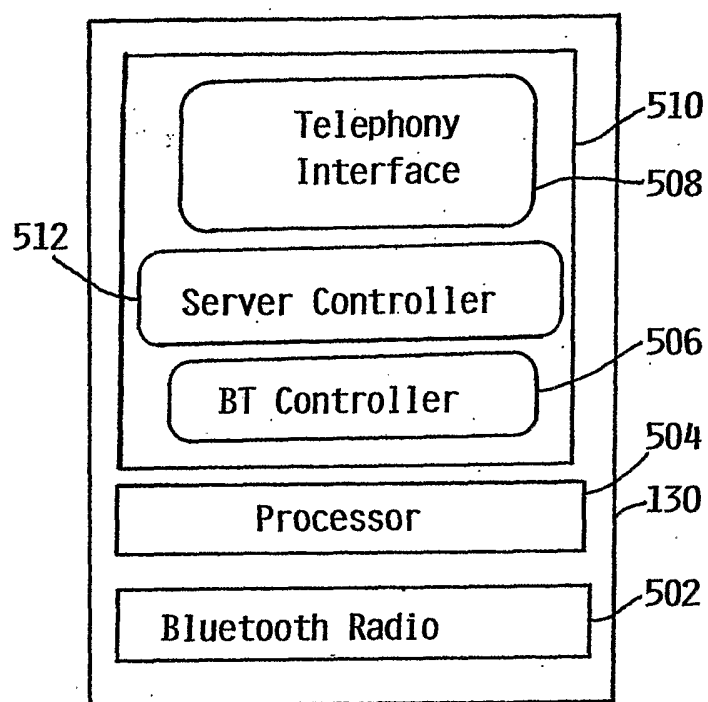


FIG. 6A

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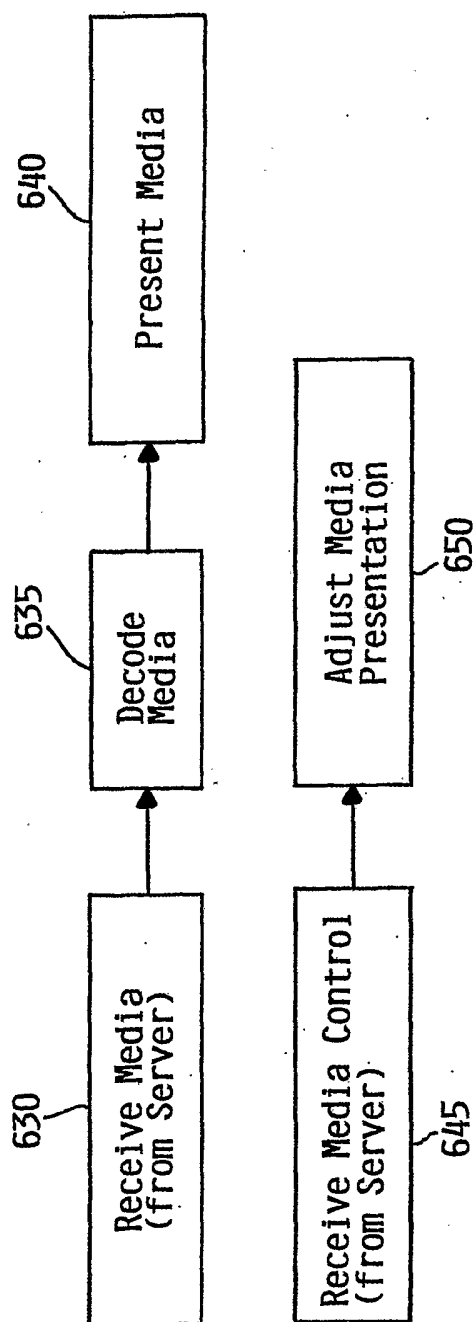


FIG. 6B

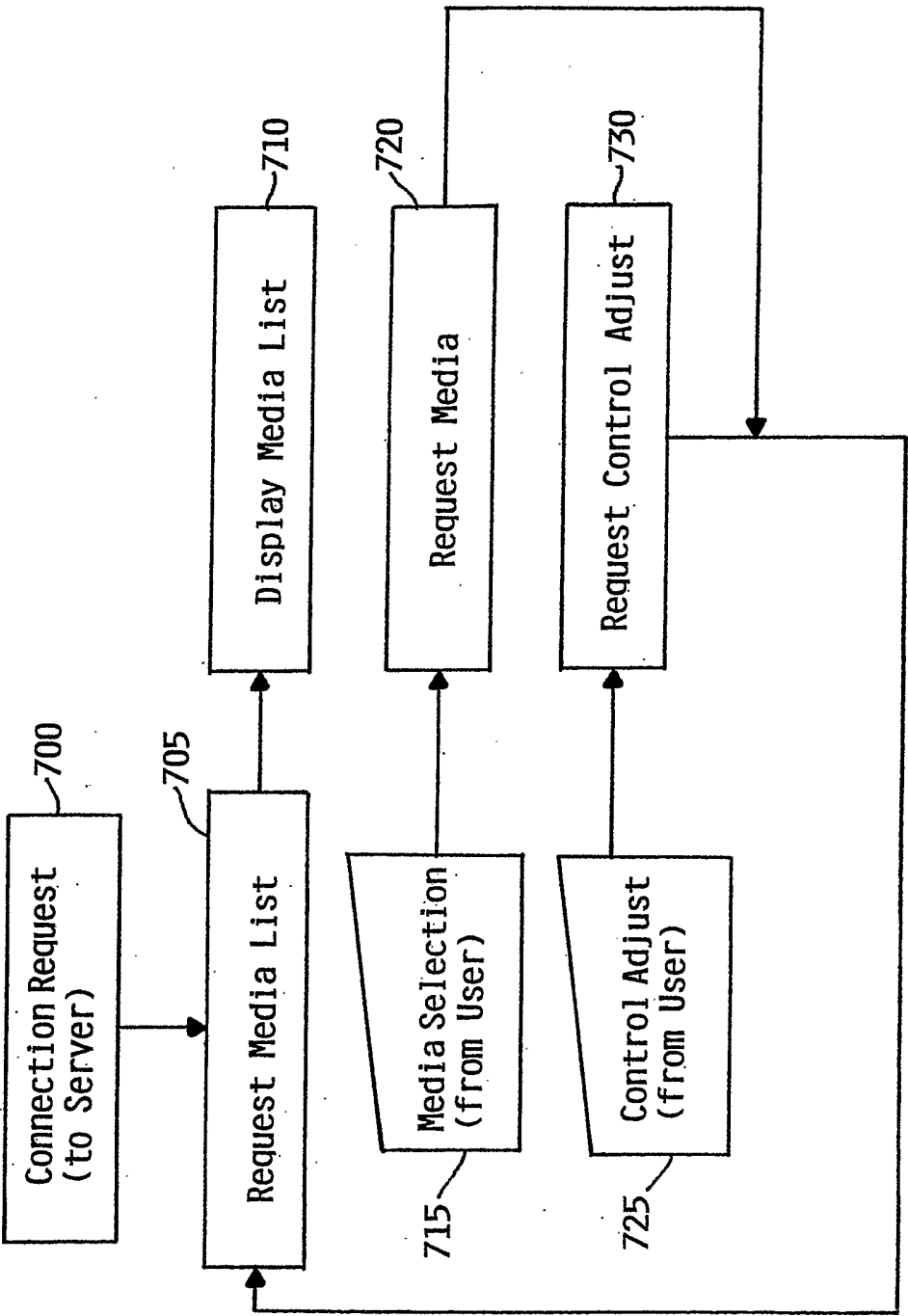


FIG. 7A

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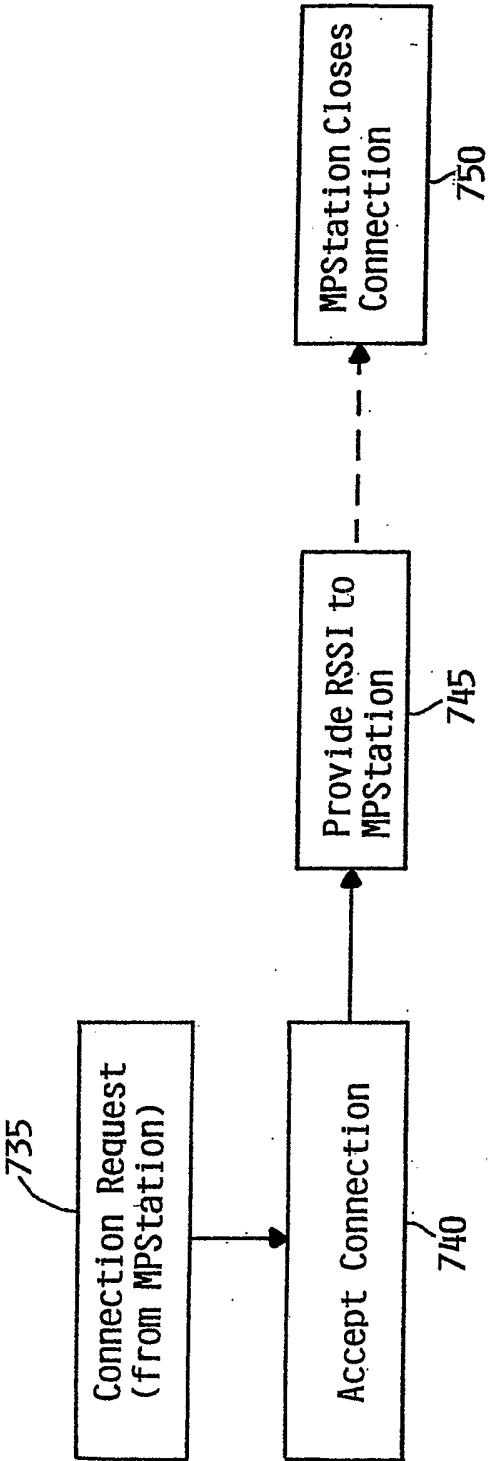


FIG. 7B

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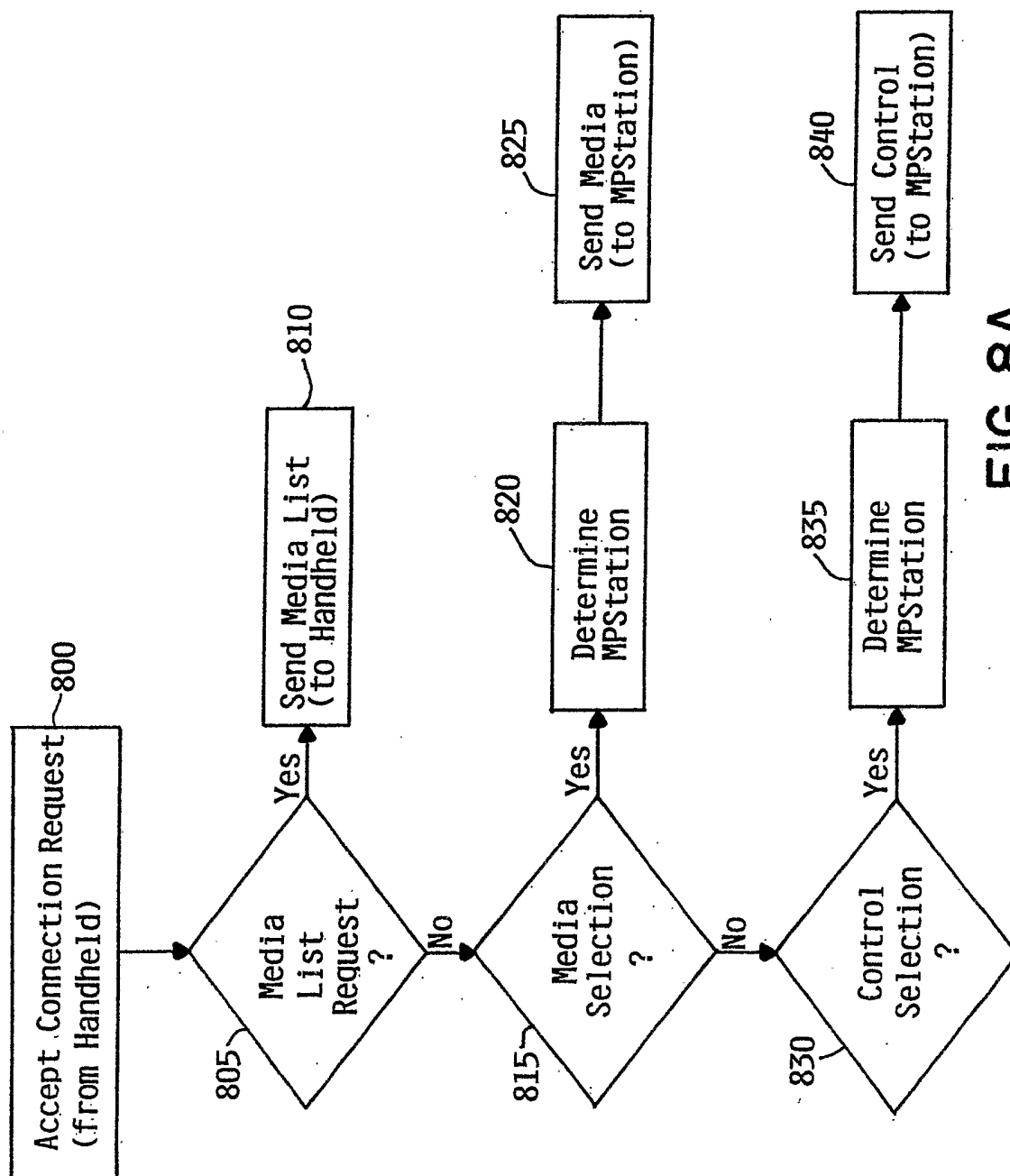


FIG. 8A

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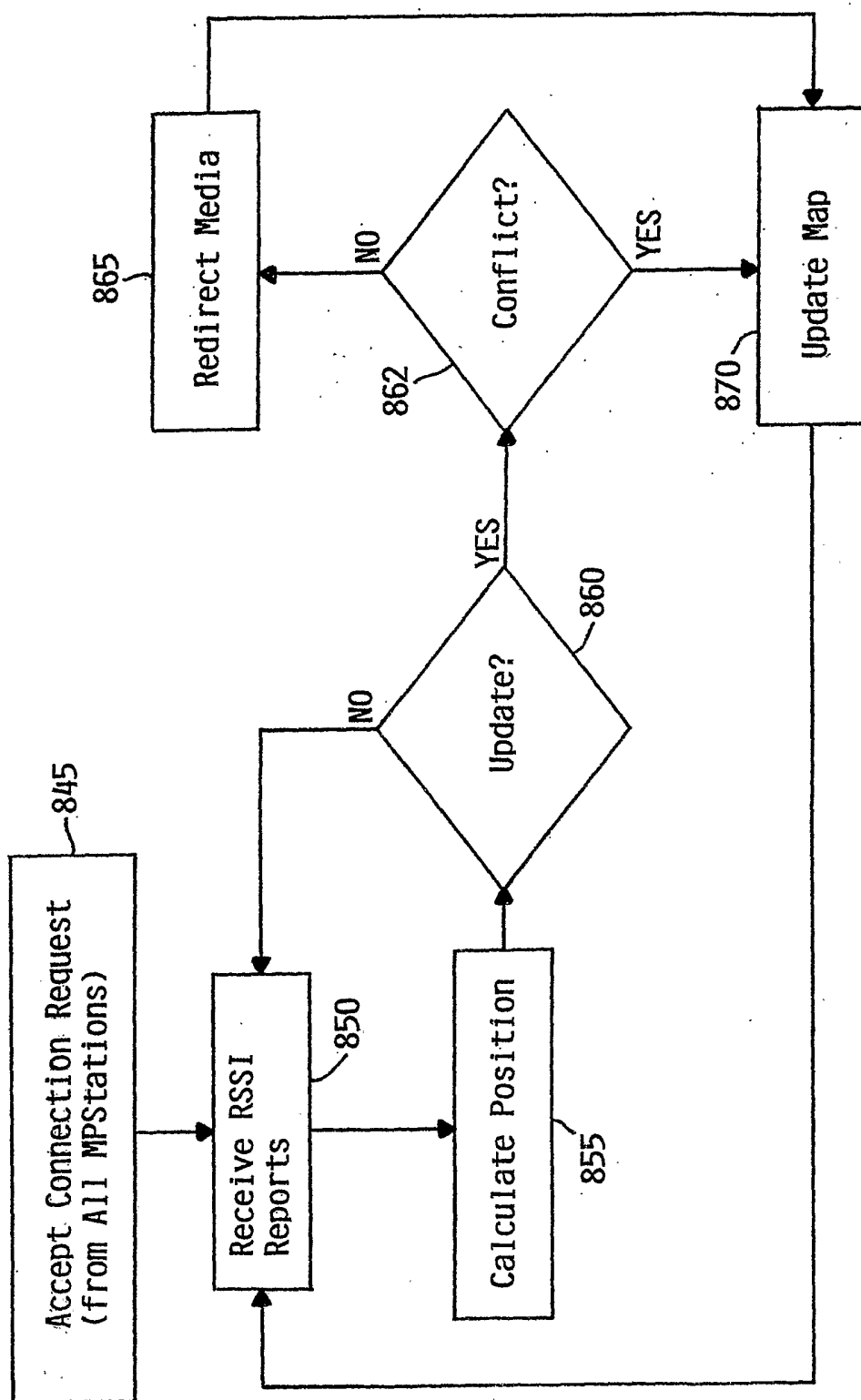


FIG. 8B

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875

MDStation	HH Device
I	
II	HD 125 (media)
III	
IV	

FIG. 8C

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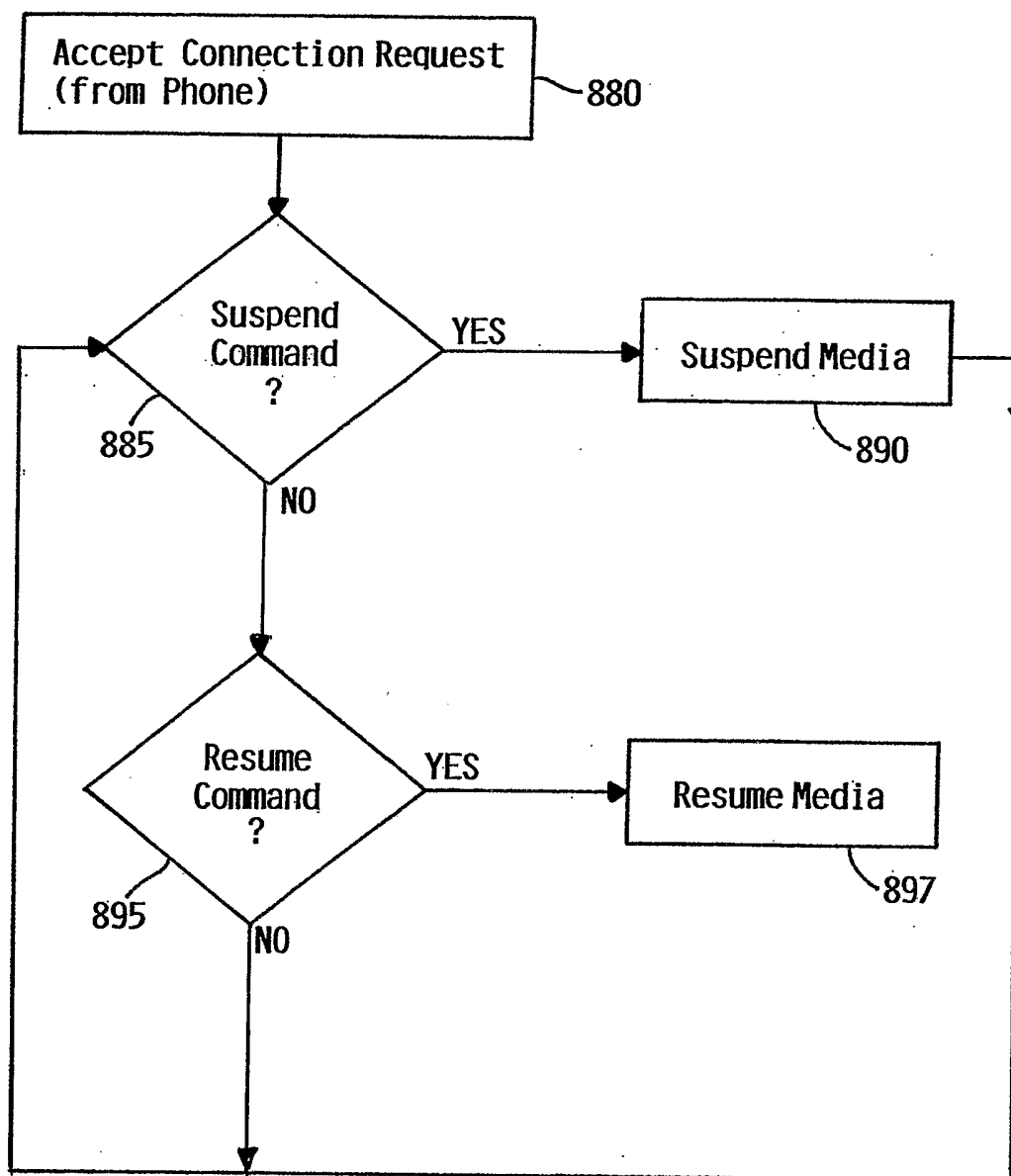


FIG. 8D

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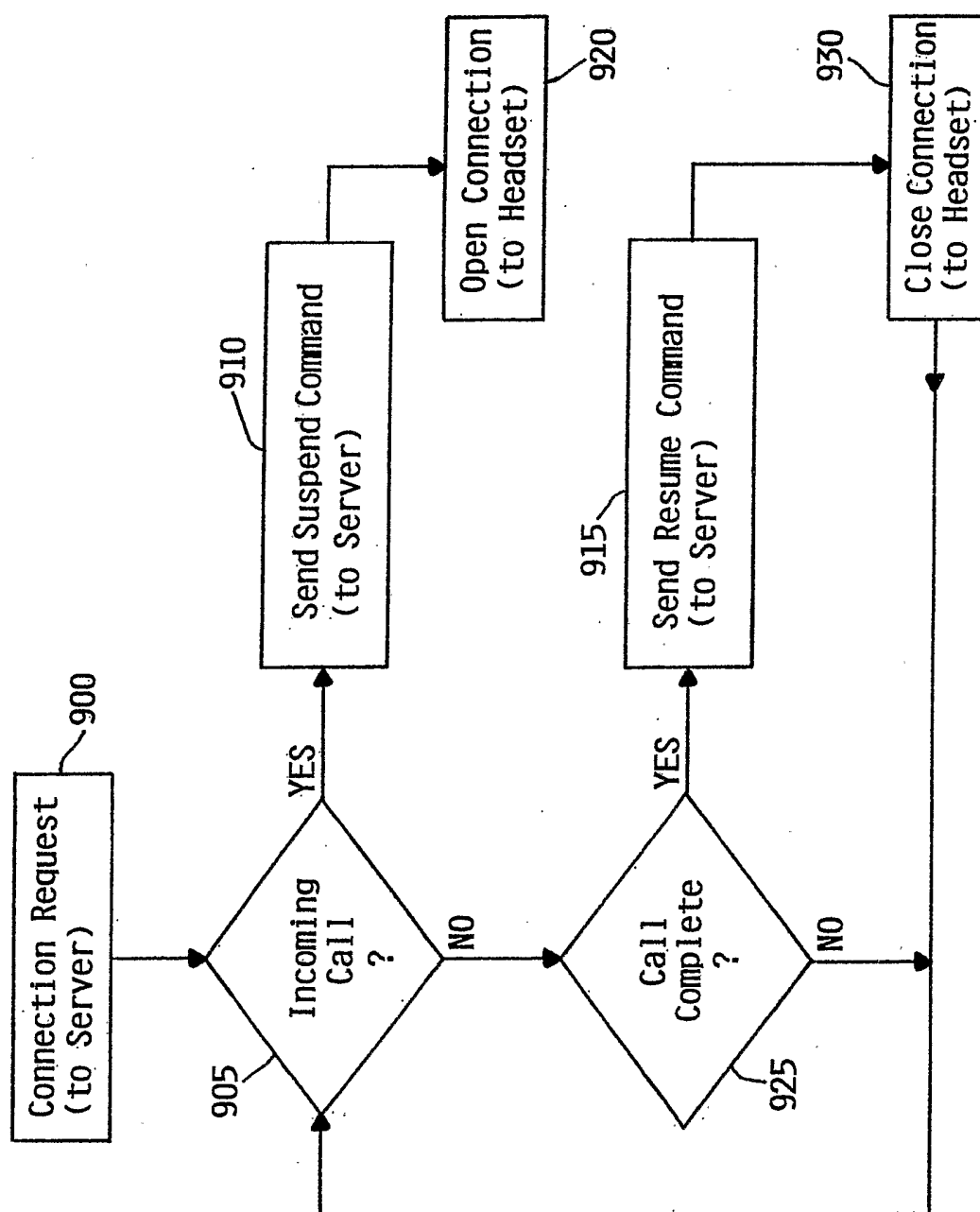


FIG. 9

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 03/05340

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 H04L29/06

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 H04L

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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X	WO 02 07135 A (DEPRET ERIC ;THORIGNE YVES (FR); FRANCE TELECOM (FR); MIROUZE MICH) 24 January 2002 (2002-01-24) page 5, line 22 -page 6, line 30 page 7 page 12, line 9-25 page 13, line 16-19 figure 5	1-13
X	US 2002/164987 A1 (BAEHR GEOFFREY ET AL) 7 November 2002 (2002-11-07) figure 2 paragraphs '0017!-'0021! paragraphs '0035!-'0039! ----- -/--	1-13

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

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Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

* & * document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

26 March 2004

Date of mailing of the international search report

26/04/2004

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 03/05340

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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X	US 2002/022453 A1 (BALOG HORIA ET AL) 21 February 2002 (2002-02-21) figures 1,4,7 paragraphs '0006!-'0011! paragraphs '0020!-'0024! paragraphs '0029!-'0041! ---	1-13
A	DOYLE L. ET AL.: "Mobile context-aware stories" TRINITY COLLEGE DUBLIN, IRELAND, 26 August 2002 (2002-08-26), pages 345-348, XP010604768 page 345 page 348 -----	1-13

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

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