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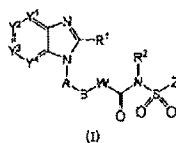
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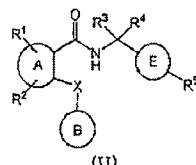
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(54) Titre : UTILISATION D'ANTAGONISTES DE RECEPTEUR EP4 DANS LE TRAITEMENT DE MALADIES MEDIEES
PAR IL-23

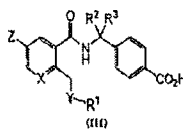
(54) Title: USE OF EP4 RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS IN THE TREATMENT OF IL-23 MEDIATED DISEASES



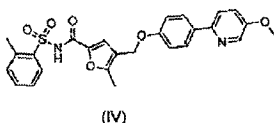
(I)



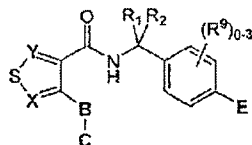
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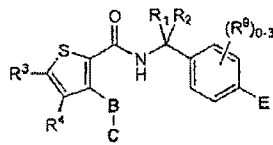
(III)



(IV)



(Va)



(Vb)

(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

This invention relates to a compound with EP4 antagonistic activity, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt with EP4 receptor antagonistic activities, which is useful in the treatment of immune disease or allergy. This invention also relates to a compound of

(57) Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):

formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof with EP4 receptor antagonistic activities, which is useful in the treatment of immune disease or allergy. This invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of immune disease or allergy which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Further this invention relates to a method for the treatment of immune disease or allergy in an animal subject including a mammalian subject, which comprises administering to the animal subject including a mammalian subject a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

(see formula I)

(see formula II)

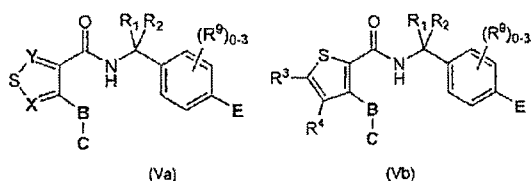
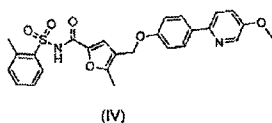
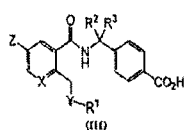
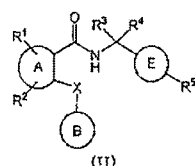
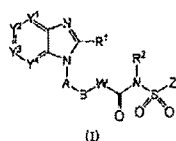
(see formula III)

(see formula IV)

(see formula Va)(see formula Vb)

ABSTRACT

This invention relates to a compound with EP4 antagonistic activity, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt with EP4 receptor antagonistic activities, which is useful in the treatment of immune disease or allergy. This invention also relates to a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof with EP4 receptor antagonistic activities, which is useful in the treatment of immune disease or allergy. This invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of immune disease or allergy which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Further this invention relates to a method for the treatment of immune disease or allergy in an animal subject including a mammalian subject, which comprises administering to the animal subject including a mammalian subject a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.



{DESCRIPTION}

{Title of Invention}

USE OF EP4 RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS IN THE TREATMENT OF IL-23 MEDIATED DISEASES

5 {Technical Field}

{0001}

This invention relates to compounds for use in therapeutic treatment of the human body. In particular, it relates to compounds with selective EP4 receptor antagonism which are useful for treating immune disease or allergy, or preventing or delaying the onset or the progression of immune disease or allergy.

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{0002}

This invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of immune disease which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. This invention relates to a method for the treatment of immune disease in an animal subject including a mammalian subject, which comprises administering to the animal subject including a mammalian subject a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Further this invention relates to a method for the treatment of immune disease or allergy in an animal subject including a mammalian subject, which comprises administering to the animal subject including a mammalian subject in need a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

15

20

{Background Art}

{0003}

Prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) is a potent modulator involved in the pathogenesis of a variety of diseases such as inflammation, pain, arthritis, and cancer. PGE2 binds to at least four subtypes of PGE receptor, designated EP1, EP2, EP3, and EP4. Molecular pharmacology studies have revealed that all subtypes are 7-transmembrane spanning receptors that belong to the G-protein coupled receptor superfamily. EP1 activation stimulates the release of intracellular calcium; EP2 and EP4 stimulation both activate adenylate cyclase but differ in their response to certain ligands; and EP3 stimulation inhibits adenylate cyclase via inhibitory G-proteins (NPL 1).

25

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{0004}

Two distinct types of helper T (Th) cells, Th1 and Th2 cells, were discovered in 1986. Th1 cells are characterized by production of IFN-gamma and are thought to be crucial for the development of autoimmune diseases. On the other hand, Th2 cells are characterized by production of Interleukin (IL)-4 and are thought to play important roles in allergic diseases. Recently, a third subset of Th cell, called Th17 cells, was discovered and Th17 cells are characterized by production of a proinflammatory cytokine IL-17 (NPL 2). IL-17 has potent in inducing inflammatory

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cytokines such as TNF-alpha and IL-6 on various types of cells (NPL 3; NPL 4). It has been shown that IL-17-deficient mice are resistant to IBD and multiple sclerosis (MS) (NPL 5; NPL 6). Induction of IL-17 level in the serum and disease tissues has been detected in the patients with IBD, MS, psoriasis, and rheumatoid arthritis (NPL 7; NPL 8; NPL 9; NPL 10). These data suggest the involvement of Th17 cells in the development of various human autoimmune diseases and allergy.

{0005}

Interleukin (IL)-23 is a heterodimeric molecule composed of p40 and p19 (NPL 11). Transgenic p19 overexpressing mice die before the age of 3 months following systemic inflammation, which indicates a prominent pro-inflammatory role for IL-23 (NPL 12). It has been demonstrated that IL-23 is important for expansion of Th17 cells in vitro (NPL 13). Mice lacking p19 were resistant to collagen-induced arthritis, experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis and inflammatory bowel disease, because the generation of Th17 cells is impaired in the absence of IL-23 (NPL 14; NPL 15; NPL 16). In animal model and human, both IL-23 and IL-17 have been demonstrated to play important roles in many autoimmune diseases. For example, increases amounts of IL-23 have been associated with IBD, rheumatoid arthritis and psoriasis in human. And an anti-p40 antibody which neutralizes the effect of IL-23 demonstrates clinical efficacy in patients with IBD and psoriasis (NPL 17; NPL 18). These evidences suggest that IL-23 is important for the function of Th17 cells as well as the pathogenesis of autoimmune diseases.

{0006}

AE3-208 is an EP4 antagonist which is generally used in non-clinical research experiments. AE3-208 was demonstrated to ameliorate MS and allergic contact dermatitis in animal models (NPL 19).

{0007}

Autoimmune diseases develop when the patient's immune system is activated against substances and tissues normally present in the body. The pathogenesis of autoimmune diseases has yet to be clearly defined. Although the emergence of biological agents such as anti-TNF alpha antibody has greatly improved some kinds of autoimmune diseases, these agents are expensive and have risks of significant side effects. Therefore, a small-molecule medicine for autoimmune diseases is anticipated. Recent studies suggest that Th17, or both Th1 and Th17 mediate autoimmune diseases such as IBD, MS, RA, and psoriasis (NPL 20). Furthermore, PGE2-EP4 signaling has been demonstrated to promote immune diseases through Th1 and Th17 cells. EP4 antagonist (AE3-208) was demonstrated to restore immune systems and treat MS in mice (NPL 21).

{0008}

The allergic disorder is a genetically and environmentally affected multifactorial disease. While the etiology of allergy has not been fully understood, IL-17 has been reported to play crucial roles in

allergy. Induction of IL-17 was found in the sera of allergic asthma patients and of allergic contact dermatitis (NPL 22 and NPL 23). In addition, IL-17 deficient mice are resistant to cause allergic asthma and allergic contact dermatitis (NPL 24). Above evidences strongly suggest the close relationship of IL-17 as well as Th17 in the causative mechanism of allergy.

5 {0009}

Moreover, the potential of EP4 antagonism in the therapy of some kinds of allergy was validated using AE3-208. AE3-208 showed potent inhibitory efficacy on the development (sensitization) in mice allergic contact dermatitis model (NPL 25). These data suggest that EP4 antagonism will be a potential mechanism for the prophylactic drug of allergy. However, AE3-208 failed to show the efficacy by therapeutic treatment in this study. In terms of the clinical value of the drugs in this area, drugs which are available in the therapeutic stage are highly valuable than drugs whose usage is limited in the prophylactic use. Even worse, AE3-208 aggravated rat in DSS (dextran sodium sulfate)-induced colitis model, an IBD model.

{0010}

15 In addition, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs such as indomethacin, which may have similar immune mechanism to EP4 antagonist, also aggravated DSS-induced colitis (NPL 26), and make allergic contact dermatitis worse in contact hypersensitivity model (NPL 27).

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{Summary of Invention}

{Technical Problem}

5 {0012}

Therefore the compounds with EP4 antagonistic activities which are truly effective for ameliorating immune disease or allergy are strongly desired.

{0013}

10 An object of the present invention is to provide compounds for use in therapeutic treatment of the human body. In particular, an object of the present invention is to provide compounds with selective EP4 receptor antagonism which are useful for treating immune disease or allergy, or preventing or delaying the onset or the progression of immune disease or allergy.

{0014}

15 An object of the present invention is to provide a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of immune disease which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. An object of the present invention is to provide a method for the treatment of immune disease in an animal subject including a mammalian subject, which comprises administering to the animal subject including a mammalian subject a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Further an object of the present invention is to provide a method for the treatment of immune disease or allergy in an animal subject including a mammalian subject, which comprises administering to the animal subject including a mammalian subject in need a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

25 {Solution to Problem}

{0015}

In an attempt to resolve the problems, the present inventors surprisingly discovered that a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof guarantees beneficial effects on DSS-induced colitis model.

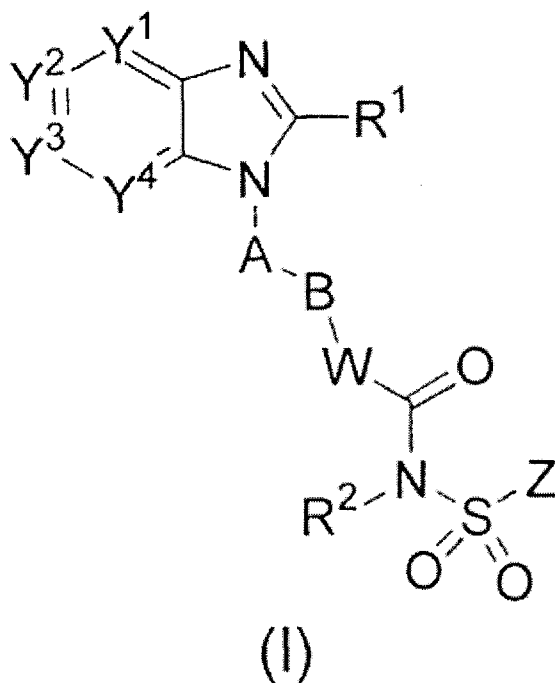
30 {0016}

Specifically, the gist of the present invention is as follows:

[1] Use of a compound with EP4 antagonistic activity, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases in an animal subject including a mammalian subject;

35 [2] Use of a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases in an animal subject including a mammalian subject:

{Chem. 1}



wherein Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

- R¹ is H, C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, C₁₋₈ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₈ alkoxy, C₁₋₈ alkyl-S(O)m-, Q¹-, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino, C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)-N(R³)- or C₁₋₄alkyl-S(O)m-N(R³)-, wherein said C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl and C₂₋₈ alkynyl are optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl-, cyano, indanyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphtyl, 1,2-dihydronaphtyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, Q¹-C(=O)-, Q¹-O-, Q¹-S(O)m-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-N(R³)- or C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-;

- Q¹ is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 4 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, and is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, R³N (R⁴)C(=O)-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)- or NH₂(HN=)C-;

- A is a 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with up to 3 substituents selected from halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, acetyl, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-,

HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)- and NH₂(HN=)C-;

B is halo-substituted C₁₋₆ alkylene, C₃₋₇ cycloalkylene, C₂₋₆ alkenylene, C₂₋₆ alkynylene, -O-C₁₋₅ alkylene, C₁₋₂ alkylene-O-C₁₋₂ alkylene or C₁₋₆ alkylene optionally substituted with an oxo group or C₁₋₃ alkyl;

W is NH, N-C₁₋₄ alkyl, O, S, N-OR⁵ or a covalent bond;

R² is H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, OH or C₁₋₄ alkoxy;

Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkynyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, NH₂(HN=)C-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;

L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, NH₂(HN=)C-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, Q²-O-, Q²-C₁₋₄alkyl-O-, or two adjacent L groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 or 4 members in which one or two (non-adjacent) carbon atoms are optionally replaced by oxygen atoms;

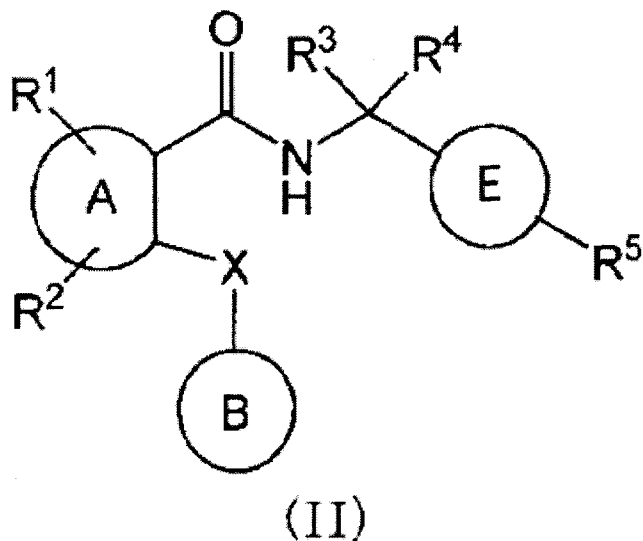
m is 0, 1 or 2;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl;

R⁵ is H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-(O=)C- or C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-(O=)C-; and

Q² is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring, or a 5-12 membered tricyclic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkynyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-(O=)C-, R³(R⁴)C(=O)N-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)NH- or NH₂(HN=)C-;

{Chem. 2}



wherein A represents a phenyl group or a pyridyl group;

B represents an aryl group or a heteroaryl group;

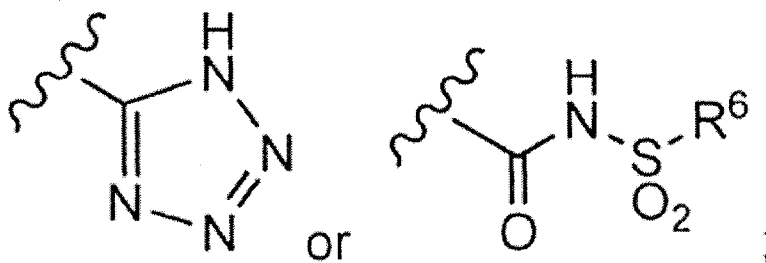
E represents a 1,4-phenylene group;

- 5 R¹ and R² independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a haloalkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a haloalkoxy group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a cyano group or an aminocarbonyl group;

R³ and R⁴ independently represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon

- 10 atoms; or R³ and R⁴ may be joined together to form an alkylene chain having 2 to 6 carbon atoms; R⁵ represents -CO₂H, CO₂W,

{Chem. 3}



R⁶ represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 7 ring atoms, an aryl group or a heteroaryl group;

- 15

X represents a methylene group, an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom;

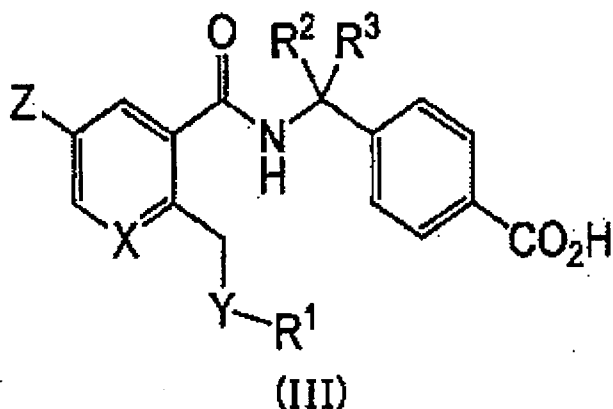
said aryl groups have from 6 to 10 carbon atoms;

said heteroaryl groups are 5 to 10-membered aromatic heterocyclic groups containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of sulfur atom, oxygen atom and nitrogen atom;

said aryl groups and said heteroaryl groups referred to in the definitions of B are unsubstituted or are substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents alpha; said 1,4-phenylene group referred to in the definition of E is unsubstituted or is substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents beta;

- 5 said aryl groups and said heteroaryl groups referred to in the definitions of R⁶ and alpha are unsubstituted or are substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents beta;

- said substituents alpha are selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkyl groups
 10 having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cyano groups, alkynyl groups having from 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkanoyl groups having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups having from 3 to 7 ring atoms, heteroaryl groups, aryl groups, aralkoxy groups having from 7 to 10 carbon atoms, arylcarbonyl groups, or two adjacent alpha groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene or an alkenylene chain having 3 or 4 carbon atoms,
 15 aminocarbonyl groups, alkenyl groups having from 2 to 5 carbon atoms, alkylthio groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, aminosulfinyl groups, aminosulfonyl groups, hydroxy groups, hydroxyalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, nitro groups, amino groups, carboxy groups, alkoxycarbonyl groups having from 2 to 5 carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkylsulfonyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkanoylamino groups having
 20 from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkanoyl (alkyl) amino groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkanoylaminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms in both the alkanoyl and alkyl part, alkanoyl (alkyl) aminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms in both the alkanoyl and each alkyl part, alkylsulfonylamino groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylaminocarbonyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylaminosulfinyl groups
 25 having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylaminosulfonyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, aminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylamino groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylaminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms in each alkyl part, aralkyl groups having from 7 to 10 carbon atoms, heteroarylalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the alkyl part, heteroarylalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms
 30 in the alkoxy part and alkylsulfonylamino groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms;
 said substituents beta are selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms and cyano groups;
 W is a pharmaceutically acceptable ester prodrug group; with the proviso R¹ and R² do not
 35 represent a hydrogen atom simultaneously;
 {Chem. 4}



wherein X represents -CH- or a nitrogen atom;

Y represents -NR⁴, an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom;

R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms;

5 Z represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom;

R¹ represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms optionally substituted with an alkoxy group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms or a cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms; a cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms optionally substituted with an alkyl group having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms; a phenyl group optionally substituted with one or more substituents

10 alpha; or a group Het¹ optionally substituted with one or more substituents alpha;

Het¹ represents a heterocyclic group having from 4 to 7 ring atoms which contains either from 1 to 4 nitrogen ring heteroatoms or from 0 to 2 nitrogen ring heteroatoms and 1 oxygen or 1 sulfur ring heteroatom;

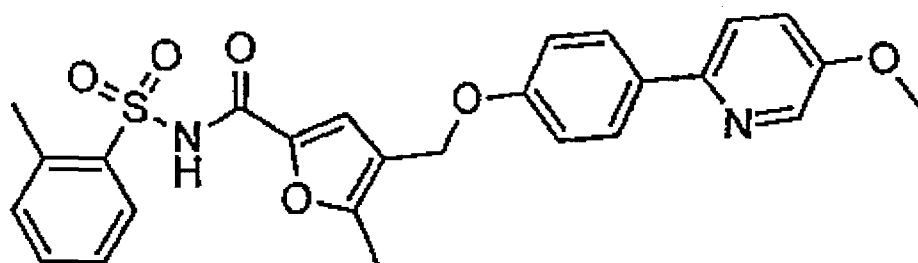
15 R² and R³ independently represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms; or R² and R³ together form an alkylene chain having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; and

said substituent alpha is selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, hydroxy groups, alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cyano groups, hydroxy alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms in alkoxy and alky groups, alkylsulfonyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkanoyl groups having from 2 to 5 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having from 2 to 4 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having from 2 to 4 carbon atoms, alkylthio groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, nitro groups, amino groups, mono- or di-alkylamino groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, aminosulfonyl groups, alkoxycarbonyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkylsulfonylamino groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms and a

25 mono- or di-alkylaminocarbonyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms; or a pharmaceutically acceptable ester of such compound;

II

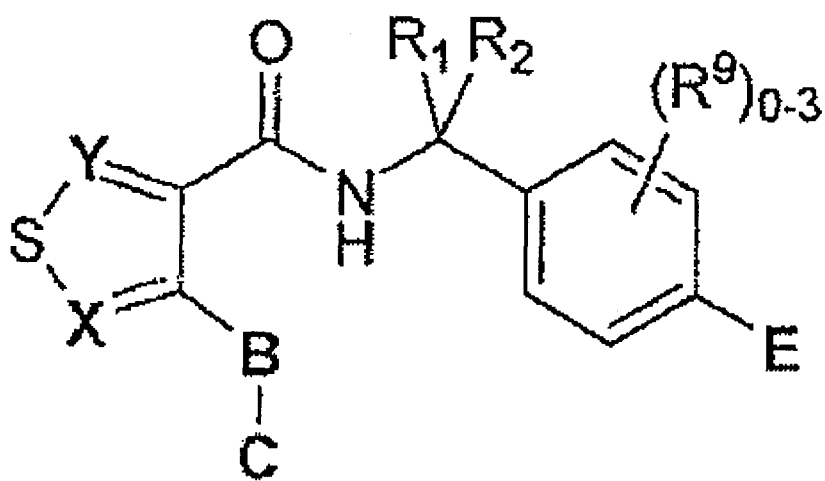
{Chem. 5}



;

(IV)

{Chem. 6}

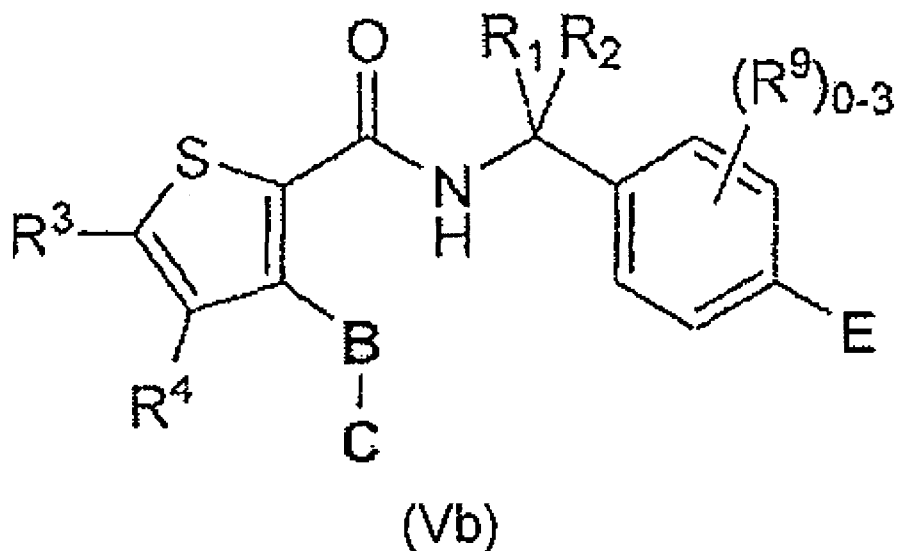


(Va)

5

or

{Chem. 7}

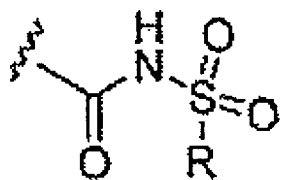


wherein X and Y are independently selected from the group consisting of: N and C(R¹¹), wherein each R¹¹ is independently selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halo and C₁₋₄alkyl;

- 5 B is selected from the group consisting of: -C(R⁵)(R⁶)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -SO₂-, -C(R⁵)(R⁶)-C(R⁷)(R⁸)-, -O-C(R⁵)(R⁶)-, -S-C(R⁵)(R⁶)-, -S(O)-C(R⁵)(R⁶)- and -SO₂-C(R⁵)(R⁶)-;

- C is selected from the group consisting of aryl and heteroaryl, or a fused analog of aryl or heteroaryl, each optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from
10 R¹⁰;

E is selected from the group consisting of: -C(O)OH, -C(O)OC₁₋₄alkyl, tetrazolyl and {Chem. 8}



- 15 wherein R is selected from the group consisting of: C₁₋₄alkyl, aryl and heteroaryl, or a fused analog of aryl or heteroaryl, wherein aryl and heteroaryl or the fused analogs thereof are optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from R¹⁰;

R¹ to R⁸ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, halo, -O-R¹², C₁₋₆alkyl and C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, and one or more pairs of R¹ and R², R⁵ and R⁶, and R⁷ and R⁸ may be joined together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form a 3- to 5-membered monocyclic cycloalkyl ring, and R⁵ and R⁶ or R⁷ and R⁸ may be joined together to form carbonyl;

5

R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of: halo, hydroxyl and C₁₋₄alkyl;

R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of: halo, cyano, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄fluoroalkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₁₋₄thioalkoxy and C₁₋₄fluoroalkoxy; and

10

each R¹² is selected from the group consisting of: H, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl;

[3] Use of a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb) in [2], or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of immune disease or allergy in an animal subject including a mammalian subject;

15

[4] Use of a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb) in [2], or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of autoimmune disease or type IV allergy in an animal subject including a mammalian subject;

[5] The use of any one of [2] to [4], wherein the compound of (I), (II), (III), or (IV) is selected from:

20

3-[2-(4-{2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl}phenyl)ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

3-[2-(4-{2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

1-{2-[4-(5-acetyl-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl}-3-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

25

3-{2-[4-(2-ethyl-5-methoxy-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl}-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;

3-{2-[4-(6-chloro-5-cyano-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl}-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

30

2-(4-{2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;

2-(4-{2-tert-butyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;

35

2-[4-(5-carbamoyl-6-chloro-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;

1-(2-{4-[2-ethyl-5-(1-hydroxyethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl)-3-[(4-

- methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
 1-(2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl)-3-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(pyridin-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
 3-(2-{5-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]pyridin-2-yl}ethyl)-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl N-[(2-chlorobenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
 3-(2-{4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(methylamino)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl}ethyl)-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-cyanophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3,4-difluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2,3-difluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2,3-difluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3,4-difluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3,4-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(2,4-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3,5-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]-5-fluoropyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(cyclohexylmethoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(4-(5-methoxypyridin-2-yl)phenoxy)methyl]-5-methyl-N-(o-tolylsulfonyl)furan-2-carboxamide,
 5-chloro-3-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]ethyl]-2-thiophenecarboxamide,

- 2,5-dimethyl-N-[(1S)-1-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,
 2,5-dimethyl-N-[(1S)-1-[4-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,
- 5 2,5-dimethyl-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]cyclopropyl]-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,
 2,5-dimethyl-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]cyclopropyl]-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,
- 10 2-chloro-4-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]methyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1R)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dibromo-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-(3-chlorobenzoyl)-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)](tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
- 15 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)hydroxymethyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
- 20 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
- 25 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[5-bromo-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]methyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]cyclopropyl]-benzoic acid,
- 35 4-[1-[[[5-chloro-3-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid, and
 4-{1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]cyclopropyl}benzoic

acid,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

[6] The use of [5], wherein the compound of (I), (II), (III), or (IV) is selected from:

3-[2-(4-{2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl]-1-[(4-

5 methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

4-[(1S)-1-([(5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl)carbonyl]amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;

4-[(1S)-1-([(5-chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]pyridin-3-yl)carbonyl]amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;

and

4-[(4-(5-methoxypyridin-2-yl)phenoxy)methyl]-5-methyl-N-(o-tolylsulfonyl)furan-2-carboxamide.

10 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

[7] The use of any one of [2] to [6], wherein the compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt is used in combination with one or more additional compounds known to be useful in the treatment or prevention of immune disease, allergy or the symptoms thereof;

15 [8] A pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb) in [2] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[9] The pharmaceutical composition of [8], which further comprises a therapeutically effective amount of one or more additional compounds known to be useful in the treatment or prevention of
20 immune disease, allergy or the symptoms thereof;

[10] A method for the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases in an animal subject including a mammalian subject, which comprises administering to the animal subject including a mammalian subject a compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb) in [2] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

25 [11] The method of [10], which further comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of one or more additional compounds known to be useful in the treatment or prevention of immune disease, allergy or the symptoms thereof;

[12] A method for the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases, which comprises administering to an animal subject including a mammalian subject in need a therapeutically effective amount of a
30 compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb) in [2] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

[13] The method of [12], which further comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of one or more additional compounds known to be useful in the treatment or prevention of immune disease, allergy or the symptoms thereof; and

35 [14] A compound of the formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb) in [2] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for use in the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases in an animal subject including a mammalian subject.

{Advantageous Effects of Invention}

{0017}

Namely, the present inventors have discovered that a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof showed: 1) dose-dependent inhibition of IL-23 production in mouse CD11c (+) cells, 2) dose-dependent inhibition of colitis score and colon weight/length in DSS model, and 3) reduced ear swelling in a dose-dependent manner in contact hypersensitivity model.

These results clearly show that a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is useful for the treatment and/or prevention of immune disease or allergy.

{Brief Description of Drawings}

{0018}

{Fig. 1}

Fig. 1 is a graph showing that Compound A and Compound B inhibit IL-23 production in a dose-dependent manner in mouse CD11c (+) cells.

{Fig. 2}

Fig. 2 is a graph showing that Compound B reduces colitis score (left side) and colon weight/length (right side) in a dose-dependent manner.

{Fig. 3}

Fig. 3 is a graph showing that Compound B reduces ear swelling in a dose-dependent manner during E (elicitation) and entire period.

{Description of Embodiments}

{0019}

The present invention features the use of an EP4 receptor antagonist in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases.

{0020}

In a further aspect the invention features a method of treating IL-23 mediated diseases in an animal subject including a mammalian subject, for example, a mammal, including man, comprising administration of an effective amount of an EP4 receptor antagonist.

{0021}

The term "animal subject," as used herein, includes a mammalian subject or a non-mammalian subject. Examples of suitable mammalian subject may include, without limit, human, rodents, companion animals, livestock, and primates. Suitable rodents may include, but are not limited to, mice, rats, hamsters, gerbils, and guinea pigs. Suitable companion animals may include, but are not limited to, cats, dogs, rabbits, and ferrets. Suitable livestock may include, but are not limited to, horses, goats, sheep, swine, cattle, llamas, and alpacas. Suitable primates may include, but are not limited to, chimpanzees, lemurs, macaques, marmosets, spider monkeys, squirrel monkeys,

and vervet monkeys. Examples of suitable non-mammalian subject may include, without limit, birds, reptiles, amphibians, and fish. Non-limiting examples of birds include chickens, turkeys, ducks, and geese.

{0022}

- 5 In a further aspect the invention features a pharmaceutical composition comprising an EP4 receptor antagonist for use in the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases.

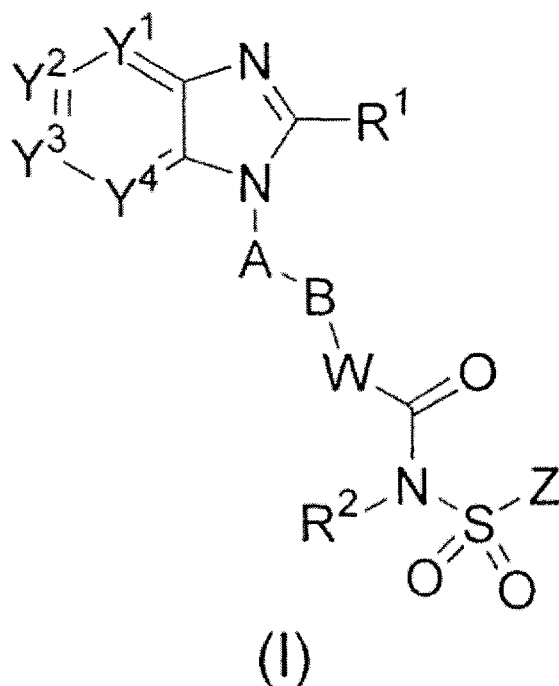
{0023}

Preferably, the EP4 receptor antagonist used in this invention is a selective EP4 receptor antagonist.

{0024}

- 10 In another preferred aspect, the EP4 receptor ligand (antagonist), which is disclosed in WO 02/32900, is an aryl or heteroaryl fused imidazole compound of the following Formula (I)

{Chem. 9}



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

- 15 wherein

R¹ is H, C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, C₁₋₈ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₈ alkoxy, C₁₋₈ alkyl-S(O)m-, Q¹-, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, amino, mono-or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino, C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)-N(R³)- or C₁₋₄alkyl-S(O)m-N(R³)-, wherein said C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl and C₂₋₈ alkynyl are optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl-, cyano, indanyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphtyl, 1,2-dihydronaphtyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, Q¹-C(=O)-, Q¹-O-, Q¹-S(O)m-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-, Q¹-C₁₋₄

20

alkyl-S(O)m-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-N(R³)- or C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-;

Q¹ is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 4 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, and is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)- or NH₂(HN=)C-;

A is a 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with up to 3 substituents selected from halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, acetyl, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)- and NH₂(HN=)C-;

B is halo-substituted C₁₋₆ alkylene, C₃₋₇ cycloalkylene, C₂₋₆ alkenylene, C₂₋₆ alkynylene, -O-C₁₋₅ alkylene, C₁₋₂ alkylene-O-C₁₋₂ alkylene or C₁₋₆ alkylene optionally substituted with an oxo group or C₁₋₃ alkyl;

W is NH, N-C₁₋₄ alkyl, O, S, N-OR⁵ or a covalent bond;

R² is H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, OH or C₁₋₄ alkoxy;

Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkynyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, NH₂(HN=)C-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;

L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, NH₂(HN=)C-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, Q²-O-, Q²-C₁₋₄alkyl-O-, or two adjacent L groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 or 4 members in which one or two (non-adjacent) carbon atoms are optionally replaced by oxygen atoms;

m is 0, 1 or 2;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl;

R⁵ is H, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-(O=)C- or C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-(O=)C-; and

Q² is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring, or a 5-12 membered tricyclic ring

optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkynyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-(O=)C-, R³(R⁴)C(=O)N-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)NH- or NH₂(HN=)C-.

{0025}

In the compounds of formula (I),

Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are preferably independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

10 L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, Q²-O-, Q²-C₁₋₄alkyl-O-, or two adjacent L groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 or 4
15 members in which one or two (non-adjacent) carbon atoms are optionally replaced by oxygen atoms;

m is 0, 1 or 2;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

Q² is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring, or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring
20 optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkynyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-(O=)C-, R³(R⁴)C(=O)N-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl or C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)NH-.

{0026}

More preferably Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, Q²-O-, Q²-C₁₋₄alkyl-O-, or two adjacent L groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 or 4 members in which one or two (non-adjacent) carbon atoms are optionally replaced by oxygen atoms;

m is 0, 1 or 2;

35 R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring, or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring

is optionally substituted with halo,

more preferably Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

m is 0, 1 or 2;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

- 5 Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring optionally containing 1 sulfur atom wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, more preferably Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

- 10 L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, acetyl, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, Q²-O-, Q²-C₁₋₄alkyl-O-, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form a methylenedioxy group;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system, more preferably Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

- 15 L is chloro, methyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, methoxy, cyano, acetyl, -C(=O)NH₂, trifluoromethoxy, methanesulfonyl, or 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form a methylenedioxy group, more preferably Y¹, Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are selected from the group consisting of

- a) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), Y² is CH and Y⁴ is N;
 20 b) Y¹ is CH, Y² and Y³ are C(L) and Y⁴ is N;
 c) Y¹, Y² and Y³ are C(L) and Y⁴ is N;
 d) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), Y² is N and Y⁴ is CH;
 e) Y¹ is C(L) and Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are CH;
 f) Y¹, Y³ and Y⁴ are CH, and Y² is C(L);
 25 g) Y¹, Y² and Y³ are CH, and Y⁴ is C(L);
 h) Y¹ and Y² are C(L), and Y³ and Y⁴ are CH;
 i) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), and Y² and Y⁴ are CH;
 j) Y¹ and Y⁴ are CH, and Y² and Y³ are C(L);
 k) Y¹ and Y² are CH, Y³ is C(L) and Y⁴ is N;
 30 l) Y¹ and Y³ are CH, Y² is C(L) and Y⁴ is N;
 m) Y¹, Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are CH;
 n) Y¹ and Y² are C(L), Y³ is CH and Y⁴ is N;
 o) Y¹, Y² and Y⁴ are CH, and Y³ is C(L);
 p) Y¹ and Y² are C(L), Y³ is N and Y⁴ is CH;
 35 q) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), and Y² and Y⁴ are N;
 r) Y¹ is C(L), Y² and Y³ are CH, and Y⁴ is N;
 s) Y² is C(L), Y¹ and Y³ are CH, and Y⁴ is N; and

t) Y¹, Y² and Y³ are C(L), and Y⁴ is CH

L is chloro, methyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, methoxy, cyano, acetyl, -C(=O)NH₂, trifluoromethoxy, methanesulfonyl, or 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form a methylenedioxy group, most preferably Y¹, Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are selected from the group consisting of

- a) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), Y² is CH and Y⁴ is N;
- b) Y¹ is CH, Y² and Y³ are C(L) and Y⁴ is N;
- c) Y¹, Y² and Y³ are C(L) and Y⁴ is N;
- d) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), Y² is N and Y⁴ is CH;
- 10 e) Y¹ is C(L) and Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are CH;
- f) Y¹, Y³ and Y⁴ are CH, and Y² is C(L);
- g) Y¹, Y² and Y³ are CH, and Y⁴ is C(L);
- h) Y¹ and Y² are C(L), and Y³ and Y⁴ are CH;
- i) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), and Y² and Y⁴ are CH;
- 15 j) Y¹ and Y⁴ are CH, and Y² and Y³ are C(L); and
- k) Y¹, Y² and Y³ are C(L), and Y⁴ is CH

L is chloro, methyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, methoxy, cyano, acetyl, -C(=O)NH₂, trifluoromethoxy, methanesulfonyl, or 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form a methylenedioxy group.

20 {0027}

In the compounds of Formula (I),

R¹ is preferably H, C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, C₁₋₈ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₈ alkoxy, C₁₋₈ alkyl-S(O)m-, Q¹-, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino, C₁₋₄alkyl-C(=O)-N(R³)- or C₁₋₄alkyl-S(O)m-N(R³)-, wherein said C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl and C₂₋₈ alkynyl are optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl-, cyano, indanyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, 1,2-dihydronaphthyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, Q¹-C(=O)-, Q¹-O-, Q¹-S(O)m-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, Q¹-C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-, Q¹-C₁₋₄alkyl-N(R³)- or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-;

30 Q¹ is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 4 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, and is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=C)-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O)C-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)- or NH₂(HN=C)-;

35 m is 0, 1 or 2; and

R³ is H or C₁₋₄ alkyl, more preferably R¹ is H, C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl,

Q¹-, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino, wherein said C₁₋₈ alkyl is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl-, cyano, indanyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, Q¹-C(O)-, Q¹-O-, Q¹-S- or Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-;

- 5 Q¹ is a 5-12 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 4 heteroatoms selected from N and S, and is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl and C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-; and

- m is 0, 1 or 2, more preferably R¹ is H, C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, Q¹-, or mono- or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino wherein said C₁₋₈ alkyl is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl-, cyano, indanyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, Q¹-C(=O)-, Q¹-O-, Q¹-S-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(H)-;
- 10 Q¹ is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 4 heteroatoms selected from N and S; and

- 15 m is 0, 1 or 2, more preferably R¹ is C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, or Q¹-, mono- or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino wherein said C₁₋₅ alkyl is optionally substituted with C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(H)-; and

- Q¹ is a 5-12 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system optionally containing up to 2 heteroatoms selected from N and S, more preferably R¹ is C₁₋₅ alkyl, mono- or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino, pyrrolidinyl, or pyridyl optionally substituted with C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring, wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring contains 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from N and S, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(H)-, most preferably R¹ is methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, neopentyl, thiazolylethyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, pyrrolidinyl, pyridyl, or 1-acetylamino-1-methylethyl.
- 20

- 25 {0028}

In the compounds of Formula (I), R² is preferably H or C₁₋₄ alkyl, most preferably H.

{0029}

- In the compounds of Formula (I), A is preferably a 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 2 heteroatoms selected from O, N, and S, wherein said 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with up to 2 substituents selected from halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy and halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, more preferably 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy, more preferably 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system optionally substituted with halo or C₁₋₄ alkyl, more preferably 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system, most preferably phenyl or pyridyl.
- 30
- 35

{0030}

In the compounds of Formula (I), B is preferably C₃₋₇ cycloalkylene or C₁₋₆ alkylene optionally

substituted with an oxo group or C₁₋₃ alkyl, more preferably C₁₋₃ alkylene optionally substituted with C₁₋₃ alkyl, more preferably C₁₋₂ alkylene optionally substituted with methyl, most preferably ethylene or propylene.

{0031}

- 5 In the compounds of Formula (I), W is preferably NH, N-C₁₋₄ alkyl, O or N-OH, more preferably NH, N-C₁₋₂ alkyl or O, most preferably NH, N-CH₃ or O.

{0032}

- In the compounds of Formula (I), Z is preferably a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, nitro, amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)NH-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;
- 10 m is 0, 1 or 2;

- 15 R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and
- Q² is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring, or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkynyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkynyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-(O=)C-, R³(R⁴)C(=O)N-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl or C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)NH-, more preferably Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with
- 20 halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, nitro, amino, cyano, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;
- 25 m is 0, 1 or 2;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

- Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring, or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, more preferably Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, nitro, amino, cyano, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;
- 30 to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, more preferably Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, nitro, amino, cyano, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;
- 35 m is 0, 1 or 2;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

- Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring optionally containing 1 sulfur atom wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, more preferably Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered
- 5 monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, nitro, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)- or Q²-; R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and
- Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system, more preferably Z is a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-10 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with chloro,
- 10 bromo, methyl, nitro, CH₃C(=O)NH-, tBuC(=O)NH- or phenyl, most preferably Z is phenyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thienyl, naphthyl or benzothienyl, said phenyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl and thienyl being optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, bromo, methyl, acetylamino, pivaloylamino, nitro and phenyl.
- {0033}
- 15 A preferred group of compounds of Formula (I) includes compounds wherein
- Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);
- R¹ is H, C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, C₁₋₈ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₈ alkoxy, C₁₋₈ alkyl-S(O)m-, Q¹-, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino, C₁₋₄alkyl-C(=O)-N(R³)- or C₁₋₄alkyl-S(O)m-N(R³)-, wherein said C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl
- 20 and C₂₋₈ alkynyl are optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl-, cyano, indanyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphtyl, 1,2-dihydronaphtyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, Q¹-C(=O)-, Q¹-O-, Q¹-S(O)m-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, Q¹-C₁₋₄alkyl-C(=O)-N(R³)-, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(=O)-N(R³)-;
- Q¹ is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 4
- 25 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, and is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, nitro, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O)C-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)- or NH₂(HN=)C-;
- 30 A is a 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 2 heteroatoms selected from O, N, and S, wherein said 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with up to 2 substituents selected from halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy and halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy;
- B is C₃₋₇ cycloalkylene or C₁₋₆ alkylene optionally substituted with an oxo group or C₁₋₃ alkyl;
- 35 W is NH, N-C₁₋₄ alkyl, O or N-OH;
- R² is H or C₁₋₄ alkyl;
- Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3

- heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, nitro, amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)NH-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;
- 5 L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, Q²-O-, Q²-C₁₋₄alkyl-O-,
- 10 or two adjacent L groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 or 4 members in which one or two (non-adjacent) carbon atoms are optionally replaced by oxygen atoms;
- m is 0, 1 or 2;
- R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and
- 15 Q² is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring, or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkynyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl-(O=)C-, R³(R⁴)C(=O)N-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl or C₁₋₄ alkyl-C(=O)NH-.
- 20 {0034}
- A further preferred group of compounds of Formula (I) includes compounds wherein Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);
- 25 R¹ is H, C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, Q¹-, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, amino, mono- or di-(C₁₋₈ alkyl)amino, wherein said C₁₋₈ alkyl is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl-, cyano, indanyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, Q¹-C(O)-, Q¹-O-, Q¹-S-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-;
- 30 Q¹ is a 5-12 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 4 heteroatoms selected from N and S, and is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl and C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-;
- A is a 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy;
- 35 B is C₃₋₇ cycloalkylene or C₁₋₆ alkylene optionally substituted with an oxo group or C₁₋₃ alkyl;
- W is NH, N-C₁₋₄ alkyl, O or N-OH;
- R² is H or C₁₋₄ alkyl;

- Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, nitro, amino, cyano, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;
- 5 L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, mono- or di-(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O)-, HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, Q²-O-, Q²-C₁₋₄alkyl-O-, or two adjacent L groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 or 4 members in which one or two
- 10 (non-adjacent) carbon atoms are optionally replaced by oxygen atoms;
m is 0, 1 or 2;
R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and
Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring, or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring
- 15 is optionally substituted with halo.
{0035}
A further preferred group of compounds of Formula (I) includes compounds wherein
Y¹, Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);
R¹ is H, C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl or C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, wherein said C₁₋₈ alkyl is optionally
- 20 substituted with halo, C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C₁₋₄ alkoxy-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-S(O)m-, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl-, cyano, indanyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, Q¹-C(=O)-, Q¹-O-, Q¹-S-, Q¹-C₁₋₄ alkyl-O-, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-;
Q¹ is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 4 heteroatoms selected from N and S;
- 25 A is a 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system optionally substituted with halo or C₁₋₄ alkyl;
B is C₃₋₇ cycloalkylene or C₁₋₆ alkylene optionally substituted with an oxo group or C₁₋₃ alkyl;
W is NH, N-C₁₋₄ alkyl, O or N-OH;
R² is H or C₁₋₄ alkyl;
Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3
- 30 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkenyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, nitro, amino, cyano, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-O(O=)C-, Q²-S(O)m-, Q²-O-, Q²-N(R³)- or Q²-;
L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄ alkylC(=O), HO(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkyl-
- 35 O(O=)C-, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, R³C(=O)NR⁴-, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, Q²-O-, Q²-C₁₋₄alkyl-O-, or two adjacent L groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 or 4 members in which one or two (non-adjacent) carbon atoms

are optionally replaced by oxygen atoms;

m is 0, 1 or 2;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

- 5 Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring or a 8-12 membered tricyclic ring optionally containing 1 sulfur atom wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is optionally substituted with halo.

{0036}

A further preferred group of compounds of Formula (I) includes compounds wherein

Y¹, Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

- 10 R¹ is C₁₋₅ alkyl or C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, wherein said C₁₋₅ alkyl is optionally substituted with C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, oxopyrrolidinyl, oxopiperidyl, Q¹-, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(H)-;
Q¹ is a 5-12 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system optionally containing up to 2 heteroatoms selected from N and S,

A is a 5-6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system;

- 15 B is C₁₋₃ alkylene optionally substituted with C₁₋₃ alkyl;

W is NH, N-C₁₋₂ alkyl or O;

R² is H;

- Z is a 5-12 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-12 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is
20 optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, nitro, R³C(=O)N(R⁴)- or Q²-;

L is halo, C₁₋₄ alkyl, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, halo-substituted C₁₋₄ alkoxy, cyano, HO-C₁₋₄ alkyl, acetyl, R³N(R⁴)C(=O)-, R³N(R⁴)S(O)m-, Q²-, Q²-C(=O)-, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form a methylenedioxy group;

R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

- 25 Q² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring system.

{0037}

A further preferred group of compounds of Formula (I) includes compounds wherein

Y¹, Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

- 30 R¹ is C₁₋₅ alkyl optionally substituted with C₁₋₃ alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring, wherein said 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is containing 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from N and S, or C₁₋₄alkyl-C(O)-N(R³)-;

A is phenyl;

B is C₁₋₂ alkylene optionally substituted with methyl;

W is NH, N-CH₃ or O;

- 35 R² is H;

Z is a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring optionally containing up to 3 heteroatoms selected from N and S, wherein said 5-10 membered monocyclic aromatic ring is

optionally substituted with chloro, bromo, methyl, nitro, $\text{CH}_3\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}-$, $\text{tBuC}(=\text{O})\text{NH}-$ or phenyl; and L is chloro, methyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, methoxy, cyano, acetyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, trifluoromethoxy, methanesulfonyl, or 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form a methylenedioxy group.

5 {0038}

A further preferred group of compounds of Formula (I) includes compounds wherein

Y^1 , Y^2 , Y^3 and Y^4 are independently selected from N, CH and C(L);

R^1 is methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, neopentyl, thiazolyethyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, pyrrolidinyl, pyridyl, or 1-acetylamino-1-methylethyl;

10 A is phenyl;

B is ethylene or propylene;

W is NH, N- CH_3 or O;

R^2 is H;

Z is phenyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thienyl, naphthyl or benzothienyl, said phenyl, pyrazolyl, 15 thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl and thienyl being optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, bromo, methyl, acetylamino, pivaloylamino, nitro and phenyl; and

L is chloro, methyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, methoxy, cyano, acetyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, trifluoromethoxy, methanesulfonyl, or 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form 20 a methylenedioxy group.

{0039}

A further preferred group of compounds of Formula (I) includes compounds wherein

Y^1 , Y^2 , Y^3 and Y^4 are selected from the group consisting of

- a) Y^1 and Y^3 are C(L), Y^2 is CH and Y^4 is N;
- 25 b) Y^1 is CH, Y^2 and Y^3 are C(L) and Y^4 is N;
- c) Y^1 , Y^2 and Y^3 are C(L) and Y^4 is N;
- d) Y^1 and Y^3 are C(L), Y^2 is N and Y^4 is CH;
- e) Y^1 is C(L) and Y^2 , Y^3 and Y^4 are CH;
- f) Y^1 , Y^3 and Y^4 are CH, and Y^2 is C(L);
- 30 g) Y^1 , Y^2 and Y^3 are CH, and Y^4 is C(L);
- h) Y^1 and Y^2 are C(L), and Y^3 and Y^4 are CH;
- i) Y^1 and Y^3 are C(L), and Y^2 and Y^4 are CH;
- j) Y^1 and Y^4 are CH, and Y^2 and Y^3 are C(L);
- k) Y^1 and Y^2 are CH, Y^3 is C(L) and Y^4 is N;
- 35 l) Y^1 and Y^3 are CH, Y^2 is C(L) and Y^4 is N;
- m) Y^1 , Y^2 , Y^3 and Y^4 are CH;
- n) Y^1 and Y^2 are C(L), Y^3 is CH and Y^4 is N;

- o) Y¹, Y² and Y⁴ are CH, and Y³ is C(L);
 p) Y¹ and Y² are C(L), Y³ is N and Y⁴ is CH;
 q) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), and Y² and Y⁴ are N;
 r) Y¹ is C(L), Y² and Y³ are CH, and Y⁴ is N; and
 5 s) Y² is C(L), Y¹ and Y³ are CH, and Y⁴ is N;
 R¹ is methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, neopentyl, thiazolyethyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, pyrrolidinyl, pyridyl, or 1-acetylamino-1-methylethyl;
 A is phenyl;
 B is ethylene or propylene;
 10 W is NH, N-CH₃ or O;
 R² is H;
 Z is phenyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thienyl, naphthyl or benzothienyl, said phenyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl and thienyl being optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, bromo, methyl, acetylamino, pivaloylamino, nitro and phenyl;
 15 and
 L is chloro, methyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, methoxy, cyano, acetyl, -C(=O)NH₂, trifluoromethoxy, methanesulfonyl, or 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form a methylenedioxy group.
 {0040}
 20 A further preferred group of compounds of Formula (I) includes compounds wherein
 Y¹, Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are selected from the group consisting of
 a) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), Y² is CH and Y⁴ is N;
 b) Y¹ is CH, Y² and Y³ are C(L) and Y⁴ is N;
 c) Y¹, Y² and Y³ are C(L) and Y⁴ is N;
 25 d) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), Y² is N and Y⁴ is CH;
 e) Y¹ is C(L) and Y², Y³ and Y⁴ are CH;
 f) Y¹, Y³ and Y⁴ are CH, and Y² is C(L);
 g) Y¹, Y² and Y³ are CH, and Y⁴ is C(L);
 h) Y¹ and Y² are C(L), and Y³ and Y⁴ are CH;
 30 i) Y¹ and Y³ are C(L), and Y² and Y⁴ are CH; and
 j) Y¹ and Y⁴ are CH, and Y² and Y³ are C(L);
 R¹ is methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, neopentyl, thiazolyethyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, pyrrolidinyl, pyridyl, or 1-acetylamino-1-methylethyl;
 A is phenyl;
 35 B is ethylene or propylene;
 W is NH, N-CH₃ or O;
 R² is H;

Z is phenyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thienyl, naphthyl or benzothienyl, said phenyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl and thienyl being optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, bromo, methyl, acetylamino, pivaloylamino, nitro and phenyl; and

- 5 L is chloro, methyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, methoxy, cyano, acetyl, -C(=O)NH₂, trifluoromethoxy, methanesulfonyl, or 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl, or two adjacent L groups are joined together to form a methylenedioxy group.

{0041}

Preferred individual compounds of Formula (I) are as follows:

- 10 3-(4-{2-[[[(5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 3-(4-{2-[[[(2,4-dimethyl-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 N-[5-[[[(2-[4-(2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)phenyl]ethyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl]acetamide;
 15 6-ethyl-5-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-5H-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-f]benzimidazole;
 6-chloro-5-cyano-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-1H-benzimidazole;
 20 2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[methyl[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl]phenyl)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}propyl}phenyl)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 2-[4-(2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)phenyl]-1-methylethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 25 5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-propyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 2-isopropyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 30 2-butyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 2-isobutyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-neopentyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;
 35 5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-[2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)ethyl]-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine;

- 3-{4-[2-({[(4-biphenylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl}-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-{4-[2-({[(1-naphthylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl}-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 5 2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-{4-[2-({[(2-naphthylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl}-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-{4-[2-({[(2-thienyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl}-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 3-(4-{2-({[(5-chloro-2-thienyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-10 3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 3-(4-{2-({[(4,5-dichloro-2-thienyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 3-{4-[2-({[(1-benzothien-2-ylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl}-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 15 3-(4-{2-({[(2-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 2-ethyl-5,6-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 5,6-dichloro-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-3*H*-20 imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 5-chloro-2-ethyl-7-methyl-3-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 6-cyano-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 25 2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridine;
- 4-methyl-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)benzimidazole;
- 7-chloro-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)benzimidazole;
- 30 5-methoxy-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)benzimidazole;
- 5-acetyl-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)benzimidazole;
- 35 5-cyano-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole;
- 2-ethyl-5-hydroxy-1-(4-{2-({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino}ethyl]phenyl)-1*H*-

- benzimidazole;
 2-ethyl-4,5-dimethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole;
 4,6-dimethyl-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)benzimidazole;
 5,6-dimethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole;
 5,6-dichloro-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole;
 2-[4-(5,6-dichloro-2-ethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl-(4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 6-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole;
 4-(6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-trifluoromethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)phenethyl-(4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 5-chloro-6-methyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole;
 6-chloro-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole-5-carboxamide;
 2-ethyl-3-{4-[2-[[[(3-[hydroxy(oxido)amino]phenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl}phenyl)-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
 3-(4-{2-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
n-[4-[[[2-[4-(2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl)phenyl]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]amino)sulfonyl]phenyl]-2,2-dimethylpropanamide;
 3-(4-{2-[[[(2-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
 3-(4-{2-[[[(3-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
 3-(4-{2-[[[(5-bromo-2-thienyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
 3-(4-{2-[[[(3-bromo-2-thienyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
 3-(4-{2-[[[(2-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino}ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
 3-{4-[2-[[[(4-chloro-3-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
 2-[4-(2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl

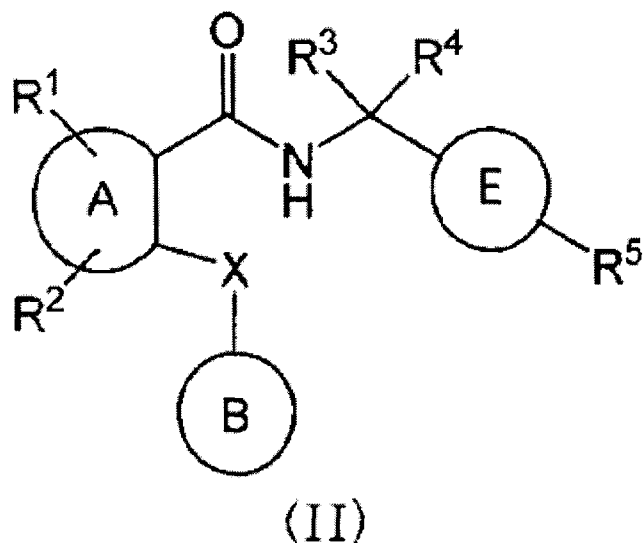
(4-

- methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-{4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(methylamino)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- N*-{[(2-{4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(methylamino)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide;
- 5 *N*-{[(2-{4-[2-ethyl-5-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide;
- 2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1-{4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl}phenyl}-1*H*-benzimidazole-5-carboxamide;
- 10 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (2-chlorophenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-{5-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]-2-pyridinyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 15 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(4-pyridinyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 20 2-{4-[5-(aminocarbonyl)-6-chloro-2-ethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- N*-{[(2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(methylsulfonyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide;
- 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(methylsulfonyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 25 *N*-{[(2-{4-[2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-2-thiophenesulfonamide;
- 2-[4-(4,6-dimethyl-2-phenyl-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 30 2-[4-(2-butyl-4,6-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-{4-[4,6-dimethyl-2-(3-phenylpropyl)-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 35 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(2-pyridinyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;

- (1*S*)-2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}-1-methylethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-{6-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]-3-pyridinyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 5 *N*-{[(2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide; and
- N*-{[(2-{4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide;
- 2-{4-[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,6-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 10 2-{4-[2-[1-(acetylamino)-1-methylethyl]-6-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 6-chloro-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-[methyl({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole-5-carboxamide; and salts thereof.
- 15 {0042}
- Most preferred individual compounds of Formula (I) are following:
- 6-ethyl-5-(4-{2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-5*H*-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-*f*]benzimidazole;
- 6-chloro-5-cyano-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole;
- 20 2-[4-(2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl)phenyl]-1-methylethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-2-[2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)ethyl]-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 25 2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[(2-thienyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 3-(4-{2-[(2-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 2-ethyl-5,6-dimethyl-3-(4-{2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 30 5,6-dichloro-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridine;
- 2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1-(4-{2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridine;
- 35 5-methoxy-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)benzimidazole;
- 5-acetyl-2-ethyl-3-(4-{2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)benzimidazole;

- methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)benzimidazole;
 5-cyano-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-
 benzimidazole;
 2-ethyl-5-hydroxy-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-
 5 benzimidazole;
 2-ethyl-4,5-dimethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-
 benzimidazole;
 4-(6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-trifluoromethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)phenethyl-(4-
 methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate; and
 10 6-chloro-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-
 benzimidazole-5-carboxamide;
 2-[4-(2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl (4-
 methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 2-{4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(methylamino)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-
 15 methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
N-{[(2-{4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(methylamino)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-
 yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide;
N-{[(2-{4-[2-ethyl-5-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-
 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide;
 20 2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1-(4-{2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]ethyl}phenyl)-1*H*-
 benzimidazole-5-carboxamide;
 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (2-
 chlorophenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 2-{5-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]-2-pyridinyl}ethyl (4-
 25 methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (5-methyl-2-
 pyridinyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-
 methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 30 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(4-pyridinyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-
 methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
 2-{4-[5-(aminocarbonyl)-6-chloro-2-ethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-
 methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
N-{[(2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(methylsulfonyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-
 35 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide;
 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(methylsulfonyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl (4-
 methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;

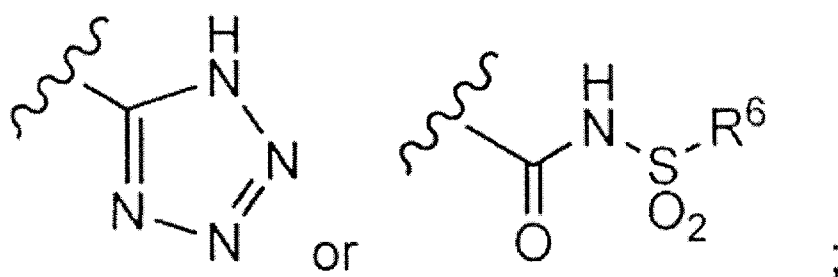
- N*-[({2-[4-(2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)carbonyl]-2-thiophenesulfonamide;
- 2-[4-(4,6-dimethyl-2-phenyl-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 5 2-[4-(2-butyl-4,6-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-[4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl (5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-[4-[4,6-dimethyl-2-(3-phenylpropyl)-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 10 2-[4-[6-chloro-2-(2-pyridinyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- (1*S*)-2-[4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl]-1-methylethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 15 2-[6-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]-3-pyridinyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- N*-{[(2-[4-[6-chloro-2-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide; and
- N*-{[(2-[4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl)-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl]ethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide;
- 20 2-[4-[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,6-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazo[4,5-*c*]pyridin-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 2-[4-[2-[1-(acetylamino)-1-methylethyl]-6-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl (4-methylphenyl)sulfonylcarbamate;
- 25 6-chloro-2-ethyl-1-(4-{2-[methyl({[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino)carbonyl]amino}ethyl)phenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole-5-carboxamide; and
- salts thereof.
- {0043}
- In another preferred aspect, the EP4 receptor ligand (antagonist), which is disclosed in WO
- 30 2005/021508, is phenyl or pyridyl amide compounds of the following Formula (II) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof,
- {Chem. 10}



wherein A represents a phenyl group or a pyridyl group; B represents an aryl group or a heteroaryl group;

E represents a 1,4-phenylene group;

- 5 R¹ and R² independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a haloalkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a haloalkoxy group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a cyano group or an aminocarbonyl group;
- R³ and R⁴ independently represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; or R³ and R⁴ may be joined together to form an alkylene chain having 2 to 6 carbon atoms;
- 10 R⁵ represents -CO₂H, CO₂W,
{Chem. 11}



- R⁶ represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 7 ring atoms, an aryl group or a heteroaryl group;
- 15 X represents a methylene group, an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom;
- said aryl groups have from 6 to 10 carbon atoms; said heteroaryl groups are 5 to 10-membered

aromatic heterocyclic groups containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of sulfur atom, oxygen atom and nitrogen atom;

said aryl groups and said heteroaryl groups referred to in the definitions of B are unsubstituted or are substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents alpha;

5 said 1,4-phenylene group referred to in the definition of E is unsubstituted or is substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents beta;

said aryl groups and said heteroaryl groups referred to in the definitions of R⁶ and alpha are unsubstituted or are substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents beta;

10 said substituents alpha are selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cyano groups, alkynyl groups having from 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkanoyl groups having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups having from 3 to 7 ring atoms, heteroaryl groups, aryl groups, aralkoxy groups
 15 having from 7 to 10 carbon atoms, arylcarbonyl groups, or two adjacent alpha groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene or an alkenylene chain having 3 or 4 carbon atoms, aminocarbonyl groups, alkenyl groups having from 2 to 5 carbon atoms, alkylthio groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, aminosulfinyl groups, aminosulfonyl groups, hydroxy groups, hydroxyalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, nitro groups, amino groups, carboxy groups,
 20 alkoxy carbonyl groups having from 2 to 5 carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkylsulfonyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkanoylamino groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkanoyl (alkyl) amino groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkanoylaminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms in both the alkanoyl and alkyl part, alkanoyl (alkyl) aminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms in both the alkanoyl and each
 25 alkyl part, alkylsulfonylamino groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylaminocarbonyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylaminosulfinyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylaminosulfonyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, aminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylamino groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, mono-or di-alkylaminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms in
 30 each alkyl part, aralkyl groups having from 7 to 10 carbon atoms, heteroarylalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the alkyl part, heteroarylalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the alkoxy part and alkylsulfonylamino groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

said substituents beta are selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkyl groups having

35 from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms and cyano groups; W is a pharmaceutically acceptable ester prodrug group; with the proviso R¹ and R² do not represent a hydrogen atom simultaneously.

{0044}

A preferred compound of formula (II) of this invention is that

wherein B represents an aryl or heteroaryl group such as phenyl, naphthyl, pyridyl, quinolyl or isoquinolyl. B is preferably unsubstituted or is substituted by at least one substituent selected

- 5 from the group consisting of substituents alpha; said substituents alpha are selected from the group consisting halogen atoms (e. g. fluoro, chloro), alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. methyl, ethyl), alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. methoxy), haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. trifluoromethoxy), cyano groups, alkynyl groups having from 2 to 6 carbon atoms (e. g. ethynyl), alkanoyl groups having from 1 to 5 carbon
- 10 atoms (e. g. acetyl), cycloalkyl groups having from 3 to 7 ring atoms (e. g. cyclopentyl), heteroaryl groups (e. g. 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 1-methylimidazol-2-yl, thiazol-2-yl, 2-methylthiazol-4-yl), aryl groups (e. g. phenyl), aralkoxy groups having from 7 to 10 carbon atoms (e. g. benzyloxy), arylcarbonyl groups (e. g. benzoyl), or two adjacent alpha groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 carbon atoms, alkylthio groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms
- 15 (e. g. methylthio) and di-alkylaminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms in the alkyl part; said heteroaryl groups referred to in the definitions of alpha are unsubstituted or are substituted by alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. methyl). More preferably B represents a phenyl group optionally substituted by substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents alpha; said substituents alpha are selected from the group consisting of halogen
- 20 atoms (e. g. fluoro, chloro), alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. methyl, ethyl), alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. methoxy), haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. trifluoromethoxy), cyano groups, alkynyl groups having from 2 to 6 carbon atoms (e. g. ethynyl), alkanoyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. acetyl), cycloalkyl groups having from 3 to 7 ring atoms (e. g. cyclopentyl), alkylthio groups having from 1
- 25 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. methylthio), di- alkylaminoalkyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms in the alkyl part, thiazolyl groups, isothiazolyl groups, oxazolyl groups, isoxazolyl groups, imidazolyl groups, pyridyl groups, benzyloxy groups, phenyl groups or benzoyl groups; said thiazolyl groups, isothiazolyl groups, oxazolyl groups, isoxazolyl groups, imidazolyl groups and pyridyl groups referred to in the definitions of alpha are unsubstituted or are substituted by alkyl
- 30 groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms. More preferably B represents a phenyl group optionally substituted by substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents alpha; said substituents alpha are selected from the group consisting of fluorine atoms, chlorine atoms, methyl groups, ethyl groups, methoxy groups, trifluoromethoxy groups, cyano groups, ethynyl groups, acetyl groups, cyclopentyl groups, methylthio groups, dimethylaminoethyl groups, phenyl
- 35 groups, imidazolyl groups optionally substituted by methyl groups, thiazolyl groups optionally substituted by methyl groups, pyridyl groups or benzyloxy groups. More preferably, B represents

a phenyl group substituted by 1 or 2 fluoro or chloro substituents. More preferably, B represents a phenyl group substituted by 1 fluoro or chloro substituent.

Most preferably, B represents 3-fluorophenyl.

{0045}

- 5 A preferred compound of formula (II) of this invention is that wherein X represents a methylene group or an oxygen atom. Preferably, X represents an oxygen atom.

{0046}

A preferred compound of formula (II) of this invention is that wherein R¹ and R² independently represent a hydrogen atom, a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, trifluoromethyl, cyano or

- 10 aminocarbonyl. A preferred compound of formula (II) of this invention is that wherein R¹ represents a halogen atom (e. g. fluoro, chloro) and R² represents a hydrogen atom.

{0047}

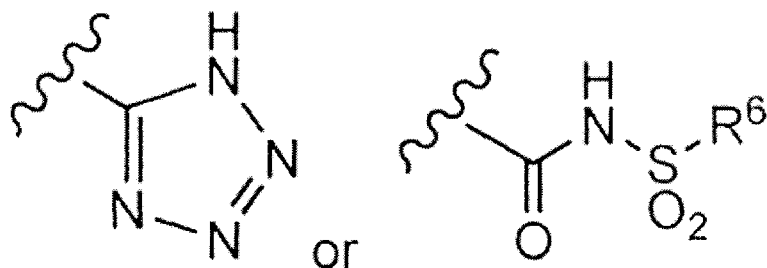
A preferred compound of formula (II) of this invention is that wherein R³ and R⁴ independently represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. methyl,

- 15 ethyl). More preferably R³ represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms (e. g. methyl, ethyl) and R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom. Most preferably R³ represents a methyl group and R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom.

{0048}

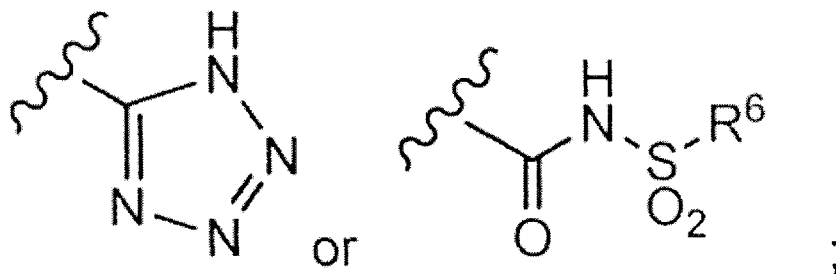
A preferred compound of formula (II) of this invention is that wherein R⁵ represents -CO₂H,

- 20 {Chem. 12}



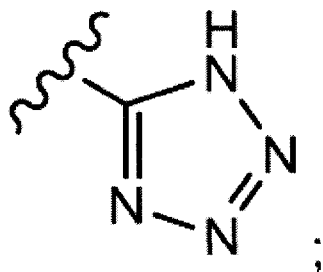
; and R⁶ represents an aryl group optionally substituted by halogen atoms or is a heteroaryl group. More preferably, R⁵ represents -CO₂H,

{Chem. 13}



and R⁶ represents an aryl group optionally substituted by halogen atoms. Preferably R⁶ is methyl, cyclohexyl, 2-, 3- or 4-chlorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 3-methoxyphenyl or 5-methyl-2- pyridyl. Further more preferably R⁵ represents -CO₂H or

5 {Chem. 14}



and R⁶ represents a phenyl group optionally substituted by halogen atoms. Most preferably R⁵ represents -CO₂H. In the definition of B, aryl is preferably phenyl or naphthyl and heteroaryl is a 5- to 10-membered aromatic heterocyclic group containing either from 1 to 3 nitrogen

10 heteroatoms, or 1 or 2 nitrogen heteroatoms and/or 1 oxygen or 1 sulphur heteroatom.
{0049}

Particularly preferred compounds of the invention include those in which each variable in Formula (II) is selected from the preferred groups for each variable.

{0050}

15 Even more preferable compounds of the invention include those where each variable in Formula (II) is selected from the more preferred groups for each variable.

{0051}

A preferred individual compound of Formula (II) is selected from 4-((1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino) ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl) amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-cyanophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl) amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl) amino) ethyl] benzoic acid ; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl)amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-

20

- fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-methoxyphenoxy)benzoyl]amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy)benzoyl] amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2- (2, 4-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-chloro-3-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2, 6-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2-(3, 4-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- {(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2- [3- (1, 3-thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy] pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl} benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2,3-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2,5-difluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-chlorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-chloro-2-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(S)-1- ([5-chloro-2-(2-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-methylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3, 5-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2, 3-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2,4-difluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino}ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- ((1S)-1-([5-chloro-2- (3, 4-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3, 5-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2, 5-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-2-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-pyridin-2-ylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-pyridin-2-ylphenoxy)pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-pyridin-4-ylphenoxy)pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-5-methylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid ; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-methylphenoxy) benzoyl] amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2, 6-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-phenoxy]pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl] amino} ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2- (2, 3-dimethylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2, 3-dichlorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3, 4-dichlorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino} ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2-(3, 5-dichlorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl}

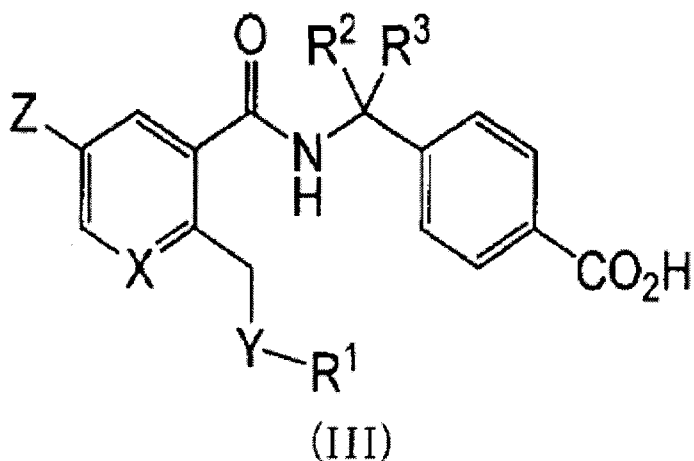
amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; and 4-[(1S)-1-({ [5-chloro-2-(3-fluoro-4-methylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

{0052}

A further preferred individual compound of Formula (II) is selected from 4-((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl)amino] ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2- (3-cyanophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl)amino] ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid ; 4-((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-({ [5-chloro-2-(2, 6-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3, 4-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2, 3-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(2, 5-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-({ [5-chloro-2-(2-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-methylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2- (3, 5-difluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-((1S)-1- [5-chloro-2-(2, 3-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3, 4-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-((1S)-1- { [5-chloro-2-(3, 5-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2, 5-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2- (3-chloro-5-methylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- ((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2- (3-methylphenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- ((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2- (2, 6-difluorophenoxy) benzoyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4-((1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-phenoxypyridin-3-yl] carbonyl] amino] ethyl) benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2- (2, 3-dichlorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4-[(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3, 4-dichlorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; 4- [(1S)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3, 5-dichlorophenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; and 4- [(1S)-1- ([5-chloro-2- (3-fluoro-4-methylphenoxy) pyridin-3-yl] carbonyl} amino) ethyl] benzoic acid; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

{0053}

In another preferred aspect, the EP4 receptor ligand (antagonist), which is disclosed in WO 05/105732, is substituted methyl aryl or heteroaryl amide compounds of the following Formula (III) {Chem. 15}



wherein X represents -CH- or a nitrogen atom;

Y represents -NR⁴, an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom;

R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms;

5 Z represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom;

R¹ represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms optionally substituted with an alkoxy group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms or a cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms; a cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms optionally substituted with an alkyl group having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms; a phenyl group optionally substituted with one or more substituents
10 alpha; or a group Het¹ optionally substituted with one or more substituents alpha;

Het¹ represents a heterocyclic group having from 4 to 7 ring atoms which contains either from 1 to 4 nitrogen ring heteroatoms or from 0 to 2 nitrogen ring heteroatoms and 1 oxygen or 1 sulfur ring heteroatom;

15 R² and R³ independently represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms; or R² and R³ together form an alkylene chain having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; and

said substituent alpha is selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, hydroxy groups, alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cyano groups, hydroxy alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl groups having
20 from 1 to 4 carbon atoms in alkoxy and alky groups, alkylsulfonyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkanoyl groups having from 2 to 5 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having from 2 to 4 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having from 2 to 4 carbon atoms, alkylthio groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, nitro groups, amino groups, mono- or di-alkylamino groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, aminosulfonyl groups, alkoxycarbonyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkylsulfonylamino
25 groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms and a mono- or di-alkylaminocarbonyl groups having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable ester of such compound;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

{0054}

5 A preferred compound of formula (III) of this invention is that wherein Y represents NR^4 or an oxygen atom; and R^4 represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms. More preferably, Y represents NCH_3 or an oxygen atom. Most preferably, Y represents an oxygen atom.

{0055}

A preferred compound of formula (III) of this invention is that wherein Z represents a halogen atom. More preferably, Z represents a chlorine atom or a fluorine atom.

10 {0056}

A preferred compound of formula (III) of this invention is that wherein R^1 represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms; a cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms, a phenyl group optionally substituted with one or more substituents alpha; or a group Het^1 optionally substituted with one or more substituents alpha;

15 Het^1 represents a heterocyclic group having from 5 to 6 ring atoms which contains either from 1 to 2 nitrogen ring heteroatoms or from 0 to 2 nitrogen ring heteroatoms and 1 oxygen or 1 sulfur ring heteroatom; said substituents alpha are selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, hydroxy groups, alkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkoxy groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cyano groups, hydroxy alkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms in alkoxy and alkyl groups, alkylsulfonyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms and alkanoyl groups having from 2 to 5 carbon atoms. More preferably, R^1 represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group having from 4 to 6 carbon atoms, a phenyl group, a pyridyl group, an oxazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, a tetrahydrofuranyl group or a tetrahydropyranyl group; said phenyl group, pyridyl group, oxazolyl group, pyrazolyl group, thiazolyl group, tetrahydrofuranyl group and tetrahydropyranyl group referred to in the definitions of R^1 are unsubstituted or are substituted by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents alpha; said substituents alpha are selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, alkyl groups having from 1 to 2 carbon atoms and cyano groups. More preferably, R^1 represents a butyl group, a pyridyl group, a phenyl group, an oxazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group or a thiazolyl group; said phenyl group, pyridyl group, oxazolyl group, pyrazolyl group, thiazolyl group referred to in the definitions of R^1 are unsubstituted or are substituted by 1 to 2 substituent selected from the group consisting of substituents alpha; said substituents alpha are selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms and alkyl groups having from 1 to 2 carbon atoms. Most preferably, R^1 represents a phenyl group, optionally substituted by 1 to 2 groups independently selected from a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom and a methyl group.

{0057}

A preferred compound of formula (III) of this invention is that wherein R² and R³ independently represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms. More preferably, R² represents a hydrogen atom; and R³ represents a methyl group.

{0058}

- 5 Particularly preferred compounds of the invention include those in which each variable in Formula (III) is selected from the preferred groups for each variable. Even more preferable compounds of the invention include those where each variable in Formula (III) is selected from the more preferred groups for each variable.

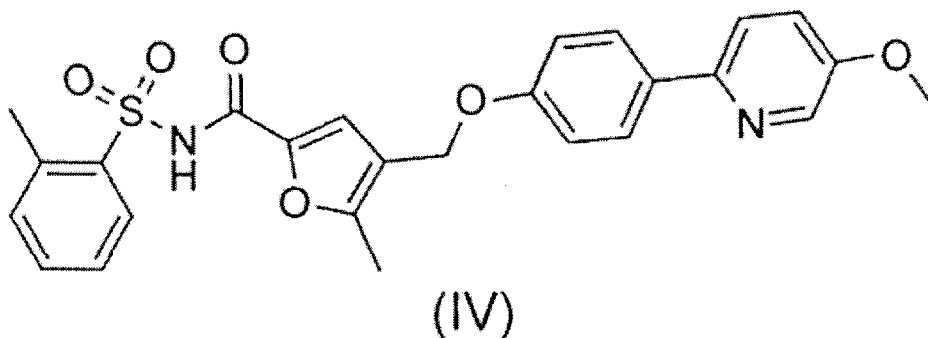
{0059}

- 10 A preferred individual compound of Formula (III) is selected from
- 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 15 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(2,3-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(3,4-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(2,4-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]pyridin-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(2-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 20 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(3,5-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]pyridin-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(3-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(2,6-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(2-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 25 4-[(1S)-1-({5-Chloro-2-[(2,5-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid; and
 4-[(1S)-1-({2-[(4-Chlorophenoxy)methyl]-5-fluoropyridin-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable ester of such compound;
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

{0060}

- 30 In another preferred aspect, the EP4 receptor ligand (antagonist), which is disclosed in WO 2004/067524, is a compound of the following Formula (IV) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

{Chem. 16}



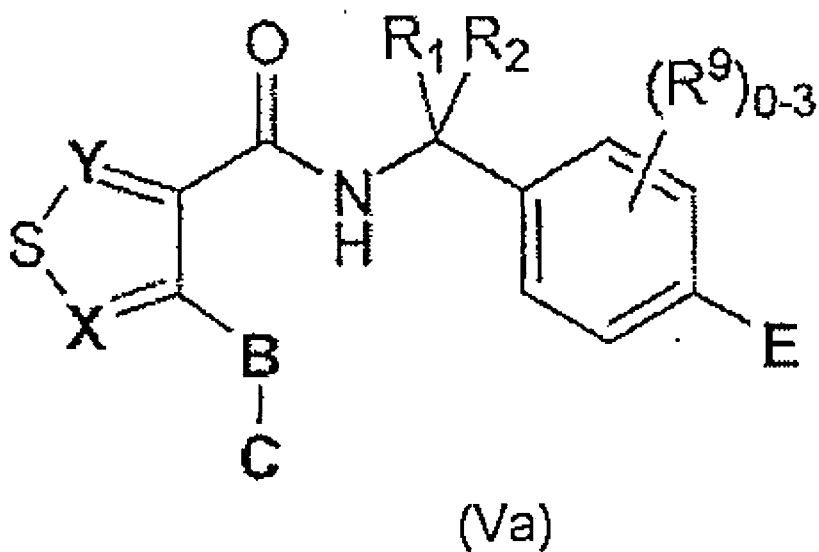
{0061}

A more preferred compound of Formula (IV) is sodium (4-((4-(5-methoxypyridin-2-yl)phenoxy)methyl)-5-methylfuran-2-carbonyl)(o-tolylsulfonyl)amide.

5 {0062}

In another preferred aspect, the EP4 receptor ligand (antagonist), which is disclosed in Marc Blouin et al., J. Med. Chem. (DOI 10.1021/jm901771h) and WO2008/017164, is a compound of the following Formula (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

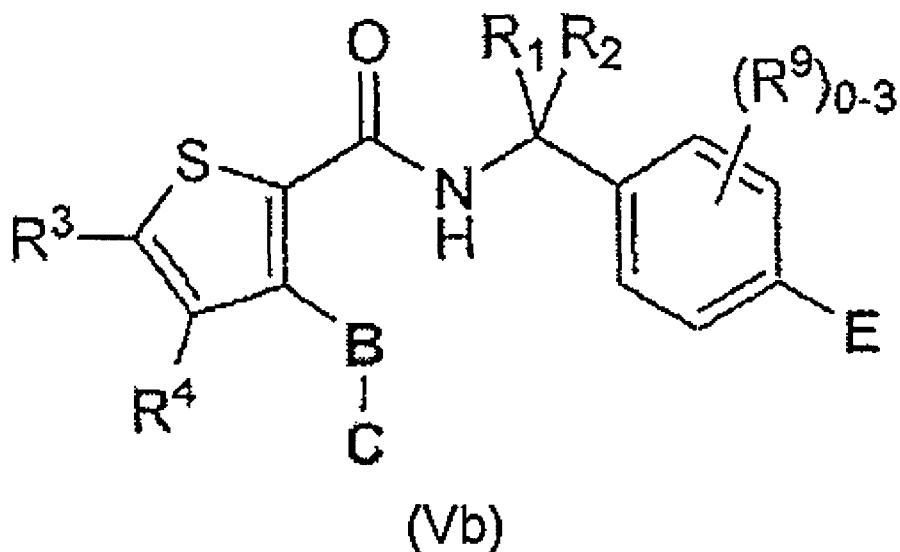
{Chem. 17}



10

or

{Chem. 18}

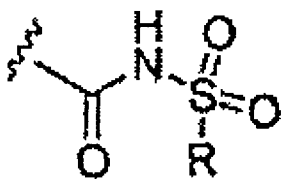


wherein X and Y are independently selected from the group consisting of: N and C(R¹¹), wherein each R¹¹ is independently selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halo and C₁₋₄alkyl;

- 5 B is selected from the group consisting of: -C(R⁵)(R⁶)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -SO₂-, -C(R⁵)(R⁶)-C(R⁷)(R⁸)-, -O-C(R⁵)(R⁶)-, -S-C(R⁵)(R⁶)-, -S(O)-C(R⁵)(R⁶)- and -SO₂-C(R⁵)(R⁶)-;

- C is selected from the group consisting of aryl and heteroaryl, or a fused analog of aryl or heteroaryl, each optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from
10 R¹⁰;

E is selected from the group consisting of: -C(O)OH, -C(O)OC₁₋₄alkyl, tetrazolyl and {Chem. 19}



- 15 wherein R is selected from the group consisting of: C₁₋₄alkyl, aryl and heteroaryl, or a fused analog of aryl or heteroaryl, wherein aryl and heteroaryl or the fused analogs thereof are optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from R¹⁰;

R¹ to R⁸ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, halo, -O-R¹², C₁₋₆alkyl and C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, and one or more pairs of R¹ and R², R⁵ and R⁶, and R⁷ and R⁸ may be joined together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form a 3- to 5-membered monocyclic cycloalkyl ring, and R⁵ and R⁶ or R⁷ and R⁸ may be joined together to form carbonyl;

5

R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of: halo, hydroxyl and C₁₋₄alkyl;

R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of: halo, cyano, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄fluoroalkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₁₋₄thioalkoxy and C₁₋₄fluoroalkoxy; and

10

each R¹² is selected from the group consisting of: H, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl and heterocycl.

{0063}

A preferred individual compound of Formula (Va) or (Vb), is selected from 5-chloro-3-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]ethyl]-2-

15

thiophenecarboxamide,

2,5-dimethyl-N-[(1S)-1-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,

2,5-dimethyl-N-[(1S)-1-[4-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,

20

2,5-dimethyl-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]cyclopropyl]-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,

2,5-dimethyl-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]cyclopropyl]-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,

2-chloro-4-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]methyl]-benzoic acid,

25

4-[(1R)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dibromo-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-(3-chlorobenzoyl)-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-(3-chlorophenyl)](tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]methyl]-3-

30

thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)hydroxymethyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

,

35

4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-

benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

,

5 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

10 4-[(1S)-1-[[[5-bromo-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]methyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]cyclopropyl]-benzoic acid,

4-[1-[[[5-chloro-3-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid, and

15 4-{1-[(2,5-dimethyl-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]cyclopropyl}benzoic acid.

{0064}

A preferred compound of this invention is selected from:

3-[2-(4-{2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl}phenyl)ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

20 3-[2-(4-{2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

1-{2-[4-(5-acetyl-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl}-3-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

3-[2-[4-(2-ethyl-5-methoxy-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

25 2-[4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;

3-[2-[4-(6-chloro-5-cyano-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

30 2-(4-{2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;

2-(4-{2-tert-butyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;

2-[4-(5-carbamoyl-6-chloro-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;

35 1-(2-[4-[2-ethyl-5-(1-hydroxyethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl)-3-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;

- 1-(2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl)-3-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-(pyridin-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
- 5 3-(2-{5-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]pyridin-2-yl}ethyl)-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl N-[(2-chlorobenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
- 3-(2-{4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(methylamino)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl}ethyl)-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 10 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-cyanophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 15 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3,4-difluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 20 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2,3-difluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2,3-difluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3,4-difluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 25 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3,4-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(2,4-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 30 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3,5-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]-5-fluoropyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(cyclohexylmethoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(4-(5-methoxypyridin-2-yl)phenoxy)methyl]-5-methyl-N-(o-tolylsulfonyl)furan-2-carboxamide;
- 35 and
- 4-{1-[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]cyclopropyl}benzoic acid,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

{0065}

Those skilled in the art will fully understand the terms used herein in the description and the
appendant claims to describe the present invention. Nonetheless, unless otherwise provided
5 herein, the following terms are as described immediately below.

{0066}

By "IL-23 mediated disease" is meant the disease caused by IL-23.

{0067}

Examples of such IL-23 mediated diseases include immune disease and allergy.

10 {0068}

By "EP4 receptor antagonist" is meant a chemical substance that reduces or attenuates the
biological activity of an EP4 receptor. Such antagonists may include proteins such as anti-EP4
antibodies, nucleic acids, amino acids, peptides carbohydrates, small molecules (organic or
inorganic), or any other compound or composition which decreases the activity of an EP4 receptor
15 either by reducing the amount of EP4 receptor present in a cell, or by decreasing the binding or
signaling activity of the EP4 receptor.

{0069}

The term "alkyl", as used herein, means a straight or branched saturated monovalent hydrocarbon
radical including, but not limited to, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, tert-
20 butyl, neopentyl and the like.

{0070}

The term "alkenyl", as used herein, means a hydrocarbon radical having at least one double bond
including, but not limited to, ethenyl, propenyl, 1-butenyl, 2-butenyl and the like.

{0071}

25 The term "alkynyl", as used herein, means a hydrocarbon radical having at least one triple bond
including, but not limited to, ethynyl, propynyl, 1-butyne, 2-butyne and the like.

{0072}

The term "halo", as used herein, refers to F, Cl, Br or I, preferably F or Cl.

{0073}

30 The term "cycloalkyl", as used herein, means a saturated carbocyclic radical including, but not
limited to, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, cyclononyl, cyclodecyl and
the like.

{0074}

The term "alkoxy", as used herein, means an O-alkyl group wherein "alkyl" is defined above.

35 {0075}

The term "monocyclic aromatic ring", as used herein, means a monocyclic aromatic carbocyclic or
heterocyclic ring (and containing 0-4 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S) including, but not

limited to, phenyl, pyrazolyl, furyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, thiadiazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, isooxazolyl, isothiazolyl, triazolyl, furazanyl and the like.

{0076}

- 5 The term "bicyclic aromatic ring", as used herein, means a monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring (and containing 0-4 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S) including, but not limited to, naphthyl, benzofuranyl, isobenzofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, indazolyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, cinnolyl, phthalazinyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl and the like.

10 {0077}

The term "alkylene", as used herein, means a saturated hydrocarbon (straight chain or branched) wherein a hydrogen atom is removed from each of the terminal carbons such as methylene, ethylene, propylene, butylene, pentylene, hexylene and the like.

{0078}

- 15 The term "cycloalkylene", as used herein, means divalent cycloalkyl groups including, but not limited to, cyclopropylene, cyclobutylene, cyclopentylene, cyclohexylene and cycloheptylene and the like.

{0079}

The term "alkenylene", as used herein, means a straight or branched hydrocarbon chain spacer radical having at least one double bond including, but not limited to, -CH=CH-, -CH=CHCH-, -CH=CHCH(CH₃)-, and the like.

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{0080}

The term "alkynylene", as used herein, means a straight or branched hydrocarbon chain spacer radical having at least one triple bond including, but not limited to,

25

{Chem. 20}

-C≡C-, -C-C≡CCH₂-, -C≡CCH(CH₃)-

, and the like.

{0081}

- 30 The term "tricyclic ring", as used herein, means a saturated carbocyclic radical including, but not limited to, adamantyl, tricyclo[5.2.1.0^{2,6}]decane, and the like.

{0082}

The term "two adjacent L groups are optionally joined together to form an alkylene chain having 3 or 4 members in which one or two (non-adjacent) carbon atoms are optionally replaced by oxygen atoms", as used herein, means, but not limited to, -O-CH₂-O-, -CH₂-O-CH₂-, -O-CH₂CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-O-, -O-CH₂CH₂-O-, -CH₂CH₂CH₂-O-, -O-CH₂CH₂CH₂-, -CH₂-O-CH₂CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-O-CH₂-, and the like.

35

{0083}

The term "aryl", as used herein, means aromatic radicals including, but not limited to, phenyl, naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indanyl, biphenyl and the like.

{0084}

- 5 The term "protecting group", as used herein, means a hydroxy or amino protecting group which is selected from typical hydroxy or amino protecting groups described in *Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis* edited by T. W. Greene *et al.* (John Wiley & Sons, 1991).

{0085}

- 10 The term "**esters**" means a protecting group which can be cleaved in vivo by a biological method such as hydrolysis and forms a free acid or salt thereof. Whether a compound is such a derivative or not can be determined by administering it by intravenous injection to an experimental animal, such as a rat or mouse, and then studying the body fluids of the animal to determine whether or not the compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof can be detected.

{0086}

- 15 Preferred examples of groups for an ester of a carboxyl group or a hydroxy group include: (1) aliphatic alkanoyl groups, for example: alkanoyl groups such as the formyl, acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, isobutyryl, pentanoyl, pivaloyl, valeryl, isovaleryl, octanoyl, nonanoyl, decanoyl, 3-methylnonanoyl, 8-methylnonanoyl, 3-ethyloctanoyl, 3,7-dimethyloctanoyl, undecanoyl, dodecanoyl, tridecanoyl, tetradecanoyl, pentadecanoyl, hexadecanoyl, 1-methylpentadecanoyl, 14-methylpentadecanoyl, 20 13,13-dimethyltetradecanoyl, heptadecanoyl, 15-methylhexadecanoyl, octadecanoyl, 1-methylheptadecanoyl, nonadecanoyl, icosanoyl and heneicosanoyl groups; halogenated alkylcarbonyl groups such as the chloroacetyl, dichloroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, and trifluoroacetyl groups; alkoxyalkanoyl groups such as the methoxyacetyl group; and unsaturated alkanoyl groups such as the acryloyl, propioloyl, methacryloyl, crotonoyl, isocrotonoyl and (E)-2-methyl- 2-butenoyl groups; (2) aromatic alkanoyl groups, for example: arylcarbonyl groups such as the benzoyl, alpha-naphthoyl and beta-naphthoyl groups; halogenated arylcarbonyl groups such as the 2-bromobenzoyl and 4-chlorobenzoyl groups; alkylated arylcarbonyl groups such as the 2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl and 4-toluoyl groups; alkoxylated arylcarbonyl groups such as the 4-anisoyl group; nitrated arylcarbonyl groups such as the 4-nitrobenzoyl and 2-nitrobenzoyl groups; 25 alkoxycarbonylated arylcarbonyl groups such as the 2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoyl group; and arylated arylcarbonyl groups such as the 4-phenylbenzoyl group; (3) alkoxycarbonyl groups, for example: alkoxycarbonyl groups such as the methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, sec-butoxycarbonyl, t-butoxycarbonyl and isobutoxycarbonyl groups; and halogen- or tri(alkyl)silyl-substituted alkoxycarbonyl groups such as the 2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl and 2-trimethylsilylethoxycarbonyl groups; (4) tetrahydropyranyl or tetrahydrothiopyranyl groups such as: tetrahydropyran-2-yl, 3-bromotetrahydropyran-2-yl, 4-methoxytetrahydropyran-4-yl, tetrahydrothiopyran-2-yl, and 4-methoxytetrahydrothiopyran-4-yl 35

groups; tetrahydrofuranyl or tetrahydrothiofuranyl groups such as: tetrahydrofuran-2-yl and tetrahydrothiofuran- 2-yl groups; (5) silyl groups, for example: tri(alkyl)silyl groups such as the trimethylsilyl, triethylsilyl, isopropyl dimethylsilyl, t-butyl dimethylsilyl, methyl diisopropylsilyl, methyl di-t-butylsilyl and triisopropylsilyl groups; and silyl groups substituted by one or more aryl and alkyl groups such as the diphenylmethylsilyl, diphenylbutylsilyl, diphenylisopropylsilyl and phenyldiisopropylsilyl groups; (6) alkoxymethyl groups, for example: alkoxymethyl groups such as the methoxymethyl, 1,1-dimethyl-1-methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, propoxymethyl, isopropoxymethyl, butoxymethyl and t-butoxymethyl groups; alkoxylated alkoxymethyl groups such as the 2-methoxyethoxymethyl group; and halo(alkoxy)methyl groups such as the 2,2,2-trichloroethoxymethyl and bis(2-chloroethoxy)methyl groups; (7) substituted ethyl groups, for example: alkoxylated ethyl groups such as the 1-ethoxyethyl and 1-(isopropoxy)ethyl groups; and halogenated ethyl groups such as the 2,2,2-trichloroethyl group; (8) aralkyl groups, for example: alkyl groups substituted by from 1 to 3 aryl groups such as the benzyl, alpha-naphthylmethyl, beta-naphthylmethyl, diphenylmethyl, triphenylmethyl, alpha-naphthyl diphenylmethyl and 9-anthrylmethyl groups; alkyl groups substituted by from 1 to 3 substituted aryl groups, where one or more of the aryl groups are substituted by one or more alkyl, alkoxy, nitro, halogen or cyano substituents such as the 4-methylbenzyl, 2,4,6-trimethylbenzyl, 3,4,5-trimethylbenzyl, 4-methoxybenzyl, 4-methoxyphenyldiphenylmethyl, 2-nitrobenzyl, 4-nitrobenzyl, 4-chlorobenzyl, 4-bromobenzyl and 4-cyanobenzyl groups; alkenyloxycarbonyl groups such as the vinyloxycarbonyl; aryloxycarbonyl groups such as phenoxycarbonyl; and aralkyloxycarbonyl groups in which the aryl ring may be substituted by 1 or 2 alkoxy or nitro groups, such as benzyloxycarbonyl, 4-methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 3,4-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 2-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl and 4-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl groups.

{0087}

The term "treating", as used herein, refers to reversing, alleviating, inhibiting, or preventing the onset or the progression of the disorder or condition to which such term applies, or one or more symptoms of such disorder or condition. The term "treatment" as used herein refers to the act of treating, as "treating" is defined immediately above.

{0088}

Allergy is categorized as follows.

Type I: immediate hypersensitivity is an allergic reaction provoked by reexposure to a specific type of antigen referred to as an allergen

Type II: cytotoxic hypersensitivity. The antibodies produced by the immune response bind to antigens on the patient's own cell surfaces in Type II hypersensitivity.

Type III: Immune complex disease. Type III hypersensitivity occurs when antigens and antibodies (IgG or IgM) are present in roughly equal amounts, causing extensive cross-linking.

Type IV: Delayed-type hypersensitivity. Reaction takes two to three days to develop. Unlike

the other types, it is not antibody mediated but rather is a type of cell-mediated response.

{0089}

"Autoimmune diseases" arise from an overactive immune response of the body against substances and tissues normally present in the body. In other words, the body actually attacks its own cells.

- 5 The immune system mistakes some part of the body as a pathogen and attacks it. Autoimmune diseases include Chagas disease, Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, Crohn's Disease (one of two types of idiopathic inflammatory bowel disease "IBD"), Dermatomyositis, Diabetes mellitus type 1, Endometriosis, Goodpasture's syndrome, Graves' disease, Guillain-Barre syndrome (GBS), Hashimoto's disease, Hidradenitis suppurativa, Kawasaki disease, IgA nephropathy, Idiopathic
- 10 thrombocytopenic purpura, Interstitial cystitis, Lupus erythematosus, Mixed Connective Tissue Disease, Morphea, Myasthenia gravis, Narcolepsy, Neuromyotonia, Pemphigus vulgaris, Pernicious anaemia, Psoriasis, Psoriatic Arthritis, Polymyositis, Primary biliary cirrhosis, Rheumatoid arthritis, Schizophrenia, Scleroderma, Sjogren's syndrome, Stiff person syndrome, Temporal arteritis (also known as "giant cell arteritis"), Ulcerative Colitis (one of two types of
- 15 idiopathic inflammatory bowel disease "IBD"), Vasculitis, Vitiligo, Wegener's granulomatosis, alopecia areata, celiac disease, Chronic thyroiditis (Hashimoto's thyroiditis), pernicious anemia, autoimmune hepatitis, behcet's disease, uveitis, Atherosclerosis, stroke, Anti-phospholipid antibody syndrome, and the like.

{0090}

- 20 Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following detailed description and from the claims. While the invention is described in connection with specific embodiments, it will be understood that other changes and modifications that may be practiced are also part of this invention and are also within the scope of the appendant claims. This application is intended to cover any equivalents, variations, uses, or adaptations of the invention
- 25 that follow, in general, the principles of the invention, including departures from the present disclosure that come within known or customary practice within the art. Additional guidance with respect to making and using nucleic acids and polypeptides is found in standard textbooks of molecular biology, protein science, and immunology (see, e.g., Davis et al., *Basic Methods in Molecular Biology*, Elsevir Sciences Publishing, Inc., New York, NY, 1986; Hames et al., *Nucleic*
- 30 *Acid Hybridization*, IL Press, 1985; *Molecular Cloning*, Sambrook et al., *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, Eds. Ausubel et al., John Wiley and Sons; *Current Protocols in Human Genetics*, Eds. Dracopoli et al., John Wiley and Sons; *Current Protocols in Protein Science*, Eds. John E. Coligan et al., John Wiley and Sons; and *Current Protocols in Immunology*, Eds. John E. Coligan et al., John Wiley and Sons).

35 {0091}

The present invention is directed to the use of an EP4 receptor antagonist in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of IL-23 mediated diseases.

{0092}

Therapeutic Methods

Agents identified as EP4 receptor antagonist are administered in a dose effective to treat IL-23 mediated diseases. Such therapeutically effective amounts will be determined using routine optimization techniques that are dependent on the particular condition to be treated, the condition of the patient, the route of administration, the formulation, the judgment of the practitioner, and other factors evident to those skilled in the art in light of this disclosure.

{0093}

An agent that inhibits EP4 activity can be incorporated into a therapeutic composition. Such EP4 receptor antagonists can include small molecules, nucleic acids, e.g., EP4 antisense nucleic acids, amino acids, peptides, carbohydrates, and anti-EP4 antibodies. Preferably, such agents are combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable delivery vehicle or carrier. Examples of EP4 antibodies include, for example, polyclonal, monoclonal, humanized, anti-idiotypic, chimeric or single chain antibodies, Fab, F(ab')₂, and Fab expression library fragments, scFV molecules, and epitope-binding fragments thereof. An antisense oligonucleotide directed to the EP4 gene or mRNA to inhibit its expression is made according to standard techniques (see, e.g., Agrawal et al., *Methods in Molecular Biology: Protocols for Oligonucleotides and Analogs*, Vol. 20 (1993)).

{0094}

As used herein, a pharmaceutically acceptable delivery vehicle includes solvents, dispersion media, coatings, antibacterial and antifungal agents, and isotonic and absorption delaying agents that are compatible with pharmaceutical administration. The vehicle may also include other active or inert components, and/or may be targeted to joint tissue by virtue of its composition.

{0095}

A therapeutic composition is formulated to be compatible with its intended route of administration. Non-limiting examples of routes of administration include parenteral, e.g., intravenous, intradermal, subcutaneous, oral (e.g., by ingestion or inhalation), transdermal (topical), transmucosal, and rectal administration. Solutions or suspensions can be made as described in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, (18th ed., Gennaro, ed., Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA, (1990)).

{0096}

Therapeutic efficacy of such EP4 antagonists can be determined in light of this disclosure by standard therapeutic procedures in cell cultures or experimental animals, e.g., for determining the ED₅₀ (the dose therapeutically effective in 50% of the population).

{0097}

The data obtained from the cell culture assays and animal studies can be used in formulating a range of dosage for use in humans. The dosage may vary depending upon the formulation and the route of administration. For any EP4 antagonist used in the method of the invention, the therapeutically effective dose can be estimated initially from cell culture assays. A dose may be

formulated in animal models to achieve a circulating plasma concentration range that includes the IC₅₀ as determined in cell culture. Such information can be used to more accurately determine useful doses in humans. Levels in plasma may be measured, for example, by high performance liquid chromatography.

5 {0098}

The skilled artisan will appreciate that certain factors may influence the dosage and timing required to effectively treat a mammal including, but not limited to, the severity of the disease or disorder, previous treatments, the general health and/or age of the mammal, and other diseases present. Moreover, treatment of a mammal with a therapeutically effective amount of an EP4 antagonist can include a single treatment or, preferably, can include a series of treatments.

10

{Examples}

{0099}

Compounds list:

- 15 3-[2-(4-{2-ethyl-5,7-dimethyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl}phenyl)ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 3-[2-(4-{2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea (Compound A);
- 1-{2-[4-(5-acetyl-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl}-3-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 3-[2-[4-(2-ethyl-5-methoxy-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 20 2-[4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
- 3-[2-[4-(6-chloro-5-cyano-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 25 2-(4-{2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
- 2-(4-{2-tert-butyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
- 2-[4-(5-carbamoyl-6-chloro-2-ethyl-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
- 30 1-(2-[4-[2-ethyl-5-(1-hydroxyethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl)-3-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 1-(2-[4-[6-chloro-2-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl)-3-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 35 2-[4-[6-chloro-2-(pyridin-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl]ethyl N-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
- 3-(2-[5-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]pyridin-2-yl]ethyl)-1-[(4-

- methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 2-{4-[6-chloro-2-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,3-benzodiazol-1-yl]phenyl}ethyl N-[(2-chlorobenzene)sulfonyl]carbamate;
- 3-(2-{4-[5,7-dimethyl-2-(methylamino)-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl]phenyl}ethyl)-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(4-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-cyanophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid
- (Compound B);
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chlorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3,4-difluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2,3-difluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(2,3-difluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3,4-difluorophenoxy)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3,4-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(2,4-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid
- (Compound C);
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3,5-difluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(3-fluorophenoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]-5-fluoropyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(1S)-1-[[5-chloro-2-[(cyclohexylmethoxy)methyl]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]benzoic acid;
- 4-[(4-(5-methoxypyridin-2-yl)phenoxy)methyl]-5-methyl-N-(o-tolylsulfonyl)furan-2-carboxamide
- (Compound D),
- 4-{1-[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]cyclopropyl}benzoic acid (Compound E),
- 5-chloro-3-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]ethyl]-2-thiophenecarboxamide,
- 2,5-dimethyl-N-[(1S)-1-[4-[[methylsulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-4-[[4-

- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,
 2,5-dimethyl-N-[(1S)-1-[4-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]carbonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,
 2,5-dimethyl-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]cyclopropyl]-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,
 2,5-dimethyl-N-[1-[4-(2H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]cyclopropyl]-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]-3-thiophenecarboxamide,
 2-chloro-4-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]methyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1R)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dibromo-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-(3-chlorobenzoyl)-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)](tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)hydroxymethyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 ,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 ,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[4-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[(1S)-1-[[[5-bromo-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[[[2,5-dichloro-4-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]methyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[1-[[[2,5-dimethyl-4-[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]cyclopropyl]-benzoic acid,
 4-[1-[[[5-chloro-3-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-thienyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-benzoic acid, and

Compound A, Compound B, Compound C, Compound D or Compound E is a representative

compound in Formula (I), Formula (II), Formula (III), Formula (IV) and Formula (Va, Vb), respectively.

{0100}

Example 1: IL-23 production

- 5 CD11c dendritic cells (DCs) from the spleens of C57BL/6 mice were purified by auto-magnetic activated cell sorting. The DCs were cultured in a 96-well plate at a density of 6×10^5 cells per well in the presence of 10 microgram/mL antibody to CD40 for 36 hours. Compounds listed in Figure 1, that is, Compound A (3-[2-(4-{2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl}phenyl)ethyl]-1-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]urea) and Compound B (4-[(1S)-1-({[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl)amino}ethyl]benzoic acid) were added at the beginning of incubation at a dose of 10, 100, or 1000nM. The supernatant collected at the end of culture was measured by ELISA for IL-23. These results are shown in Fig. 1.

{0101}

- 15 From results of Fig. 1, Compound A and Compound B showed dose-dependent inhibition of IL-23 production in mouse CD11c (+) cells.

{0102}

- The similar inhibition of IL-23 production in mouse CD11c (+) cells is shown in Compound C (4-[(1S)-1-({[5-chloro-2-[(3-chlorophenoxy)methyl]pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl)amino}ethyl]benzoic acid), Compound D (4-[(4-(5-methoxypyridin-2-yl)phenoxy)methyl]-5-methyl-N-(o-tolylsulfonyl)furan-2-carboxamide) and Compound E (4-{1-[(2,5-dimethyl-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-3-thienyl]carbonyl)amino}cyclopropyl]benzoic acid).

{0103}

- The compounds described in the compounds list are similarly conducted in this IL-23 production. The dose-dependent inhibition of IL-23 production in mouse CD11c (+) cells is observed in all cases.

{0104}

Example 2: DSS model

- Eight weeks-old Balb/c male mice were used in the study. Mice were allocated to four groups; normal control group, disease control group receiving vehicle, and two disease groups receiving different dose of Compound B. Colitis was induced by drinking 2.5 % DSS (average molecular weight of 5,000) dissolved in water for 7 days. Compound B in 0.5% methyl cellulose solution (at a dose of 3 or 30 mg/kg) was orally administered for 7 days. The mice were sacrificed on day 11 and the colon was harvested for the evaluation. Colon length, colon weight, and histology score were analyzed. Histology score was determined as follows; 0 = no signs of damage; 1 = moderate inflammation; 2 = severe inflammation. These results are shown in Fig. 2.

{0105}

From results of Fig.2, Compound B restored colitis score and colon weight/length changes which

were induced by DSS in a dose dependent manner. Dose-dependent reduction of colitis score and colon weight/length, are also shown in Compound A, Compound C, Compound D and Compound E.

{0106}

- 5 The compounds described in the compounds list are similarly conducted in DSS model. The dose-dependent inhibition of colitis score and colon weight/length are observed in all cases.

{0107}

Example 3: Allergic contact dermatitis and psoriasis model

- Eight weeks-old C57BL/6 male mice were used in the study. Mice were sensitized with 0.1 mL of 7% picryl chloride-ethanol on shaved abdominal skin on day 0. Seven days later, the mice were treated with 0.02 mL of 1% picryl chloride-olive oil on both sides of the ear by painting. Ear thickness was measured using a thickness gage before the treatment, and 24 and 48 hours after the treatment, and the difference of ear thickness was used as a parameter of ear swelling. Compound B suspended in 0.5% methyl cellulose solution (at a dose of 3 or 30 mg/kg) was administered orally either during the entire experimental period (days 0 to 11) or elicitation (E) period (days 8 to 10). These results are shown in Fig. 3.

{0108}

- From results of Fig. 3, Compound B treated during elicitation (E) period as well as entire period significantly reduced ear swelling in a dose-dependent manner. The maximum efficacy of Compound B was equal to that of prednisolone (Pred) wherein Prednisolone was widely used for allergic contact dermatitis and psoriasis.

{0109}

The dose-dependent reduction of ear swelling is also shown in Compound A, Compound C, Compound D, and Compound E.

- 25 {0110}

The compounds described in the compounds list are similarly conducted in an allergic contact dermatitis model. The reduction of ear swelling is observed in all cases.

{0111}

(Reference to figures 1 to 3)

- 30 (Figure. 1)

Data represent Mean \pm SD (N=3).

{0112}

(Figure. 2)

*p<0.05 versus disease control by Mann-Whitney test (N = 6-10)

- 35 {0113}

(Figure. 3)

Data represent Mean \pm SD (N=10).

**p<0.01 versus disease control by Dunnett's test

##p<0.01 versus disease control by t-test

{Industrial Applicability}

5 {0114}

According to the present invention, a compound of formula (I), (II), (III), (IV), (Va) or (Vb), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is useful for the treatment and/or prevention of immune disease or allergy.

{0115}

10 Although the invention has been described above with reference to the disclosed embodiments, those skilled in the art will readily appreciate that the specific experiments detailed are only illustrative of the invention. It should be understood that various modifications can be made without departing from the spirit of the invention. Accordingly, the invention is limited only by the following claims.

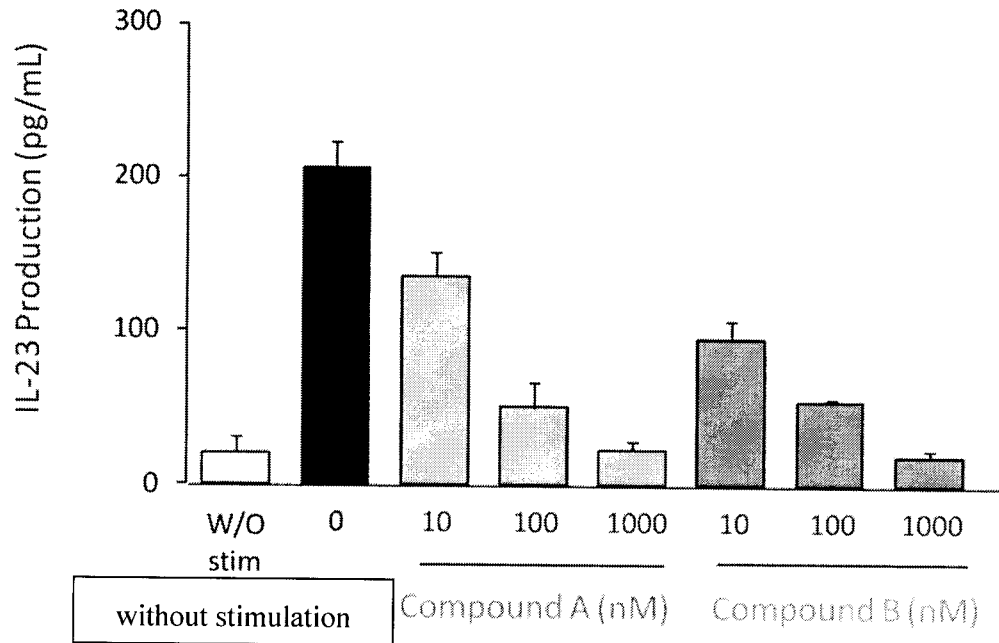
CLAIMS

1. Use of 4-[(1*S*)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl)amino]ethyl]benzoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), allergic contact dermatitis or psoriasis in a subject.
2. The use of Claim 1, wherein the medicament comprises one or more additional compounds known to be useful in the treatment or prevention of immune disease, allergy or the symptoms thereof.
3. Use of 4-[(1*S*)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl)amino]ethyl]benzoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in the treatment of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), allergic contact dermatitis or psoriasis in a subject.
4. The use of Claim 3, in combination with one or more additional compounds known to be useful in the treatment or prevention of immune disease, allergy or the symptoms thereof.
5. The use of any one of Claims 1 to 4, for the treatment of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD).
6. The use of any one of Claims 1 to 4, for the treatment of allergic contact dermatitis.
7. The use of any one of Claims 1 to 4, for the treatment of psoriasis.
8. A pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), allergic contact dermatitis or psoriasis which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of 4-[(1*S*)-1-([5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl)amino]ethyl]benzoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

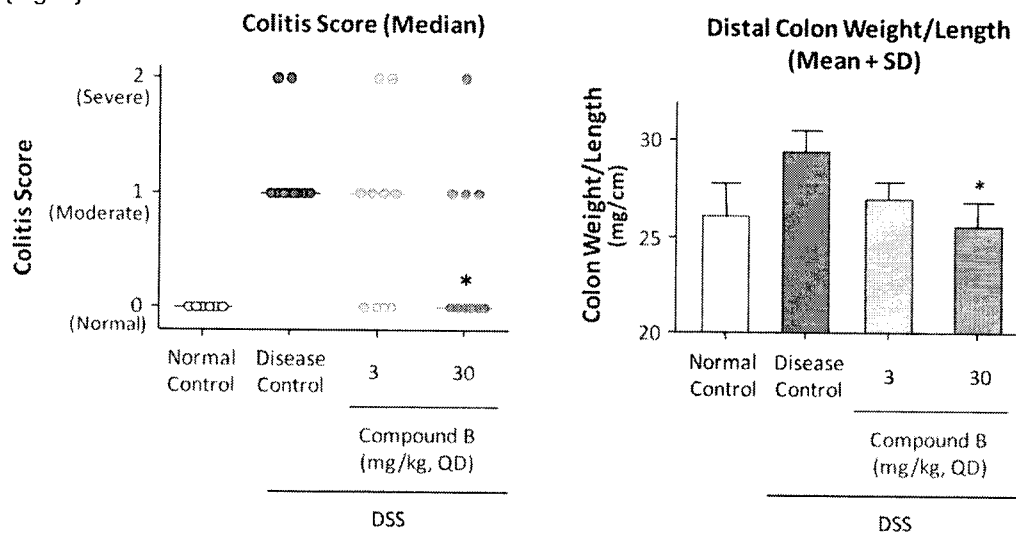
9. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 8, which further comprises a therapeutically effective amount of one or more additional compounds known to be useful in the treatment or prevention of immune disease, allergy or the symptoms thereof.
10. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 8 or Claim 9, for the treatment of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD).
11. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 8 or Claim 9, for the treatment of allergic contact dermatitis.
12. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 8 or Claim 9, for the treatment of psoriasis.

{DRAWINGS}

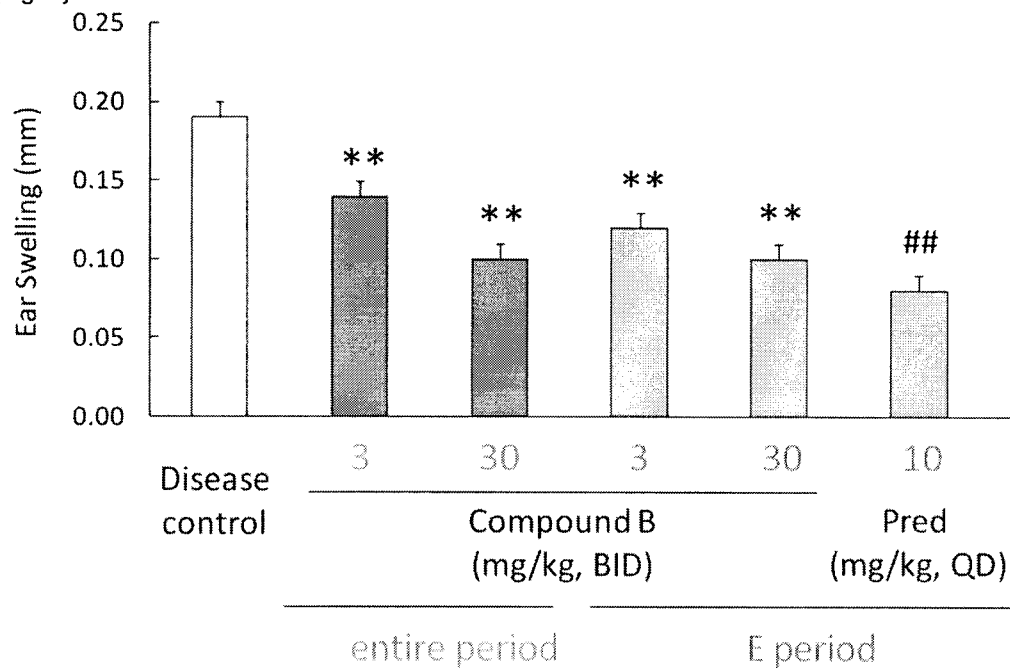
{Fig. 1}

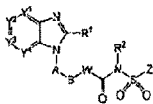


{Fig. 2}

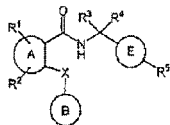


{Fig. 3}

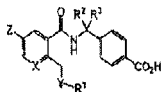




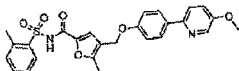
(I)



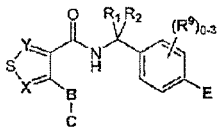
(II)



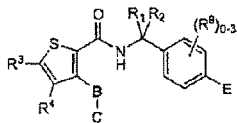
(III)



(IV)



(Va)



(Vb)