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(54) **SERVICE MODE DISPLAY ON A HANDHELD COMMUNICATION DEVICE**

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**H04M 3/00** (2006.01)  
**H04W 4/00** (2009.01)  
**H04W 48/08** (2009.01)  
**H04W 88/06** (2009.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
CPC ..... **H04W 48/08** (2013.01); **H04W 88/06** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**  
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See application file for complete search history.

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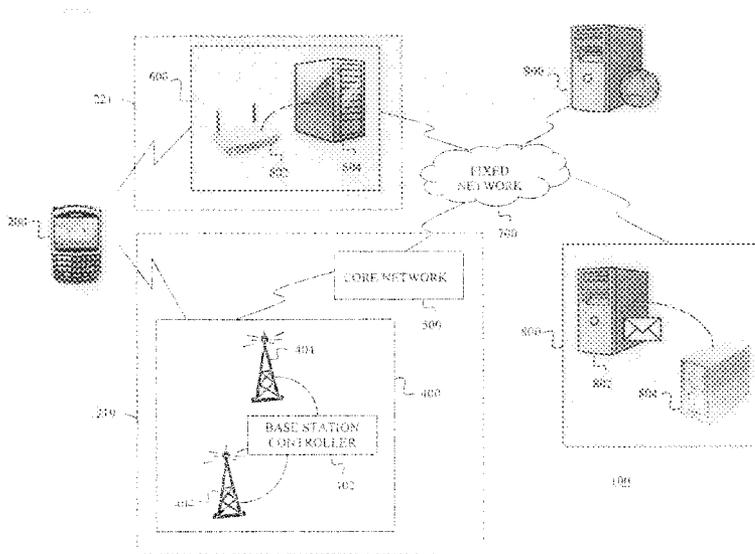
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

In a handheld communication device capable of a plurality of wireless communication modes, a method of communication begins by receiving, at the handheld communication device, a notification of an available one of the wireless communication modes. Then, in a data communication window of the communication device, a user-indication of an active one of the available wireless communication modes is provided in accordance with the received communication mode indication. The data communication window is configured to facilitate data communication via the plurality of wireless communication modes, and facilitates the data communication via the active wireless communication mode.

**10 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets**



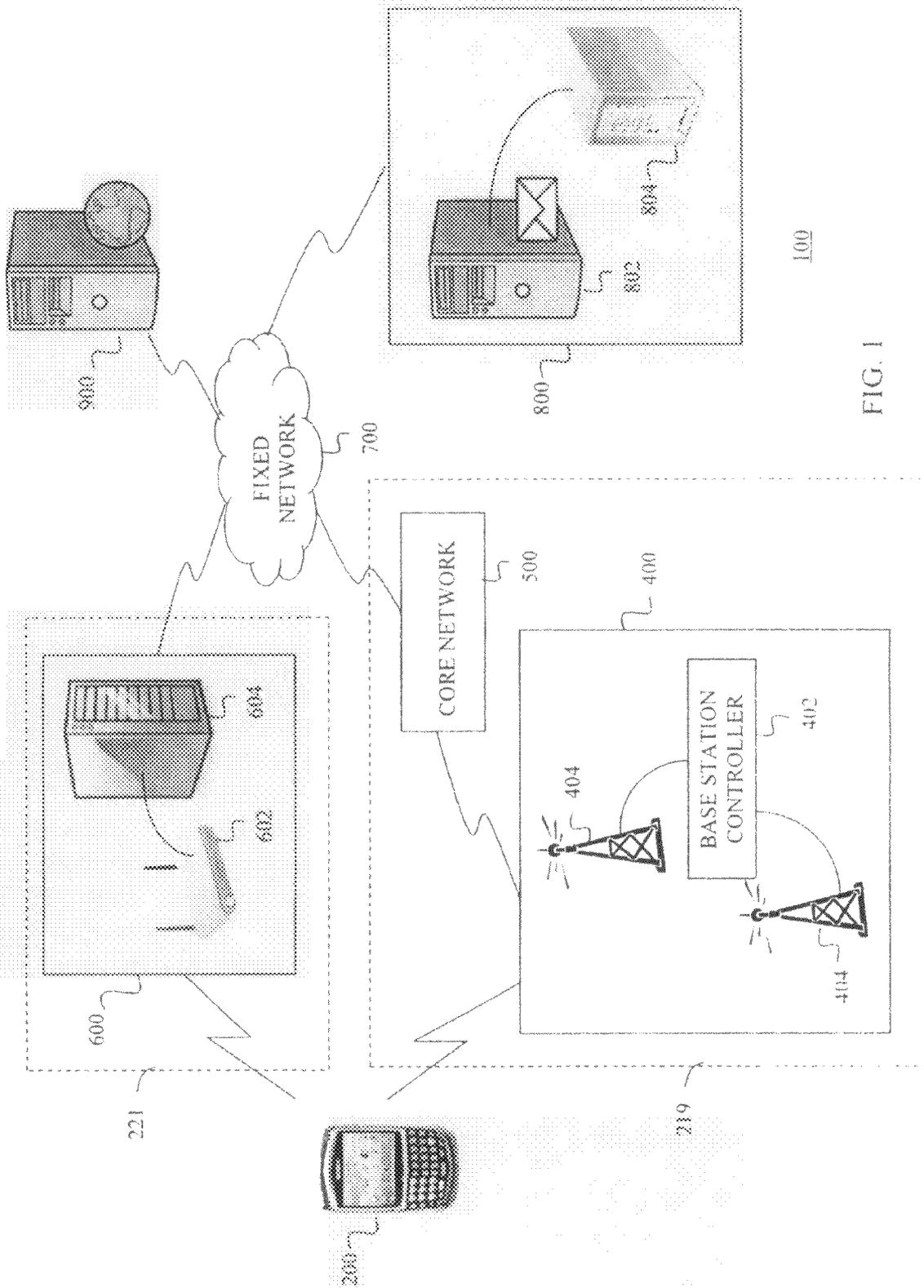


FIG. 1

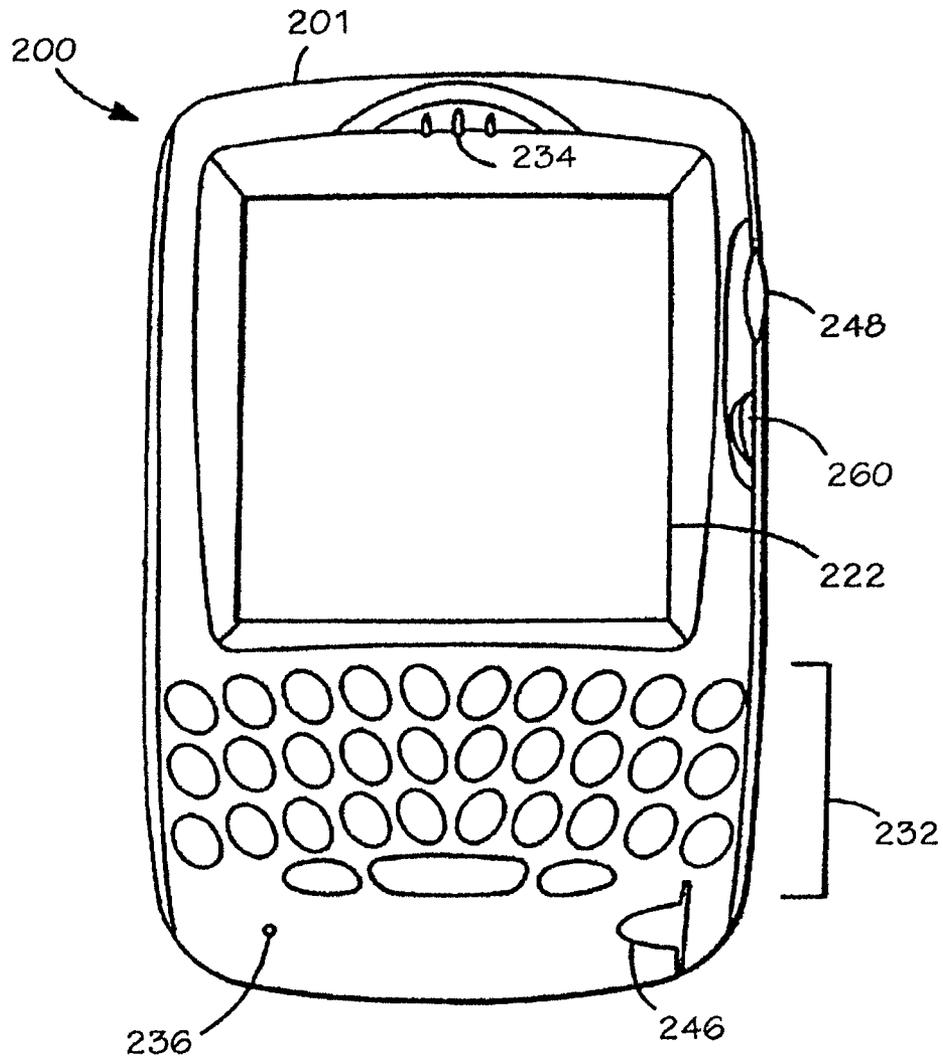
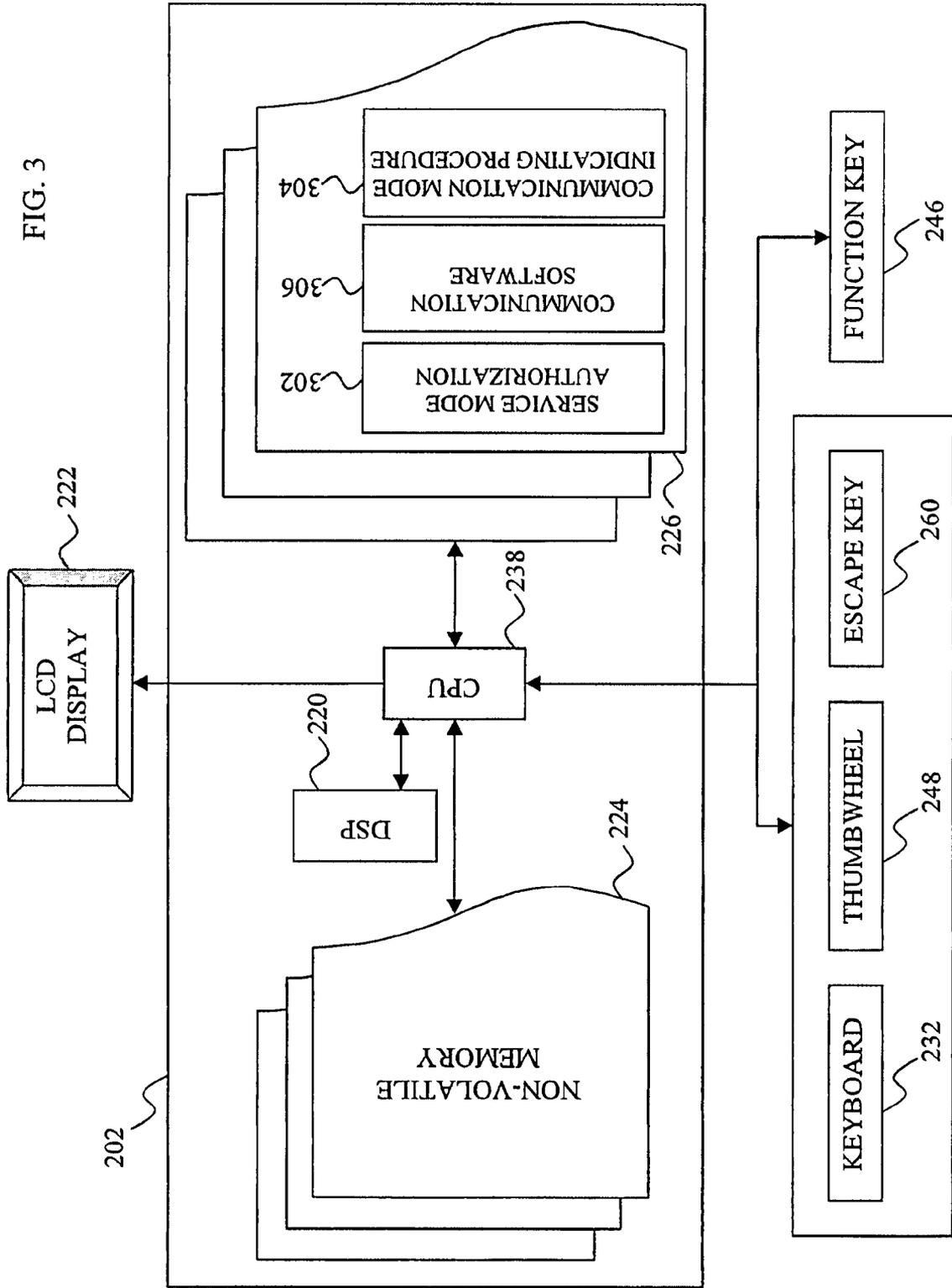


FIG. 2

FIG. 3



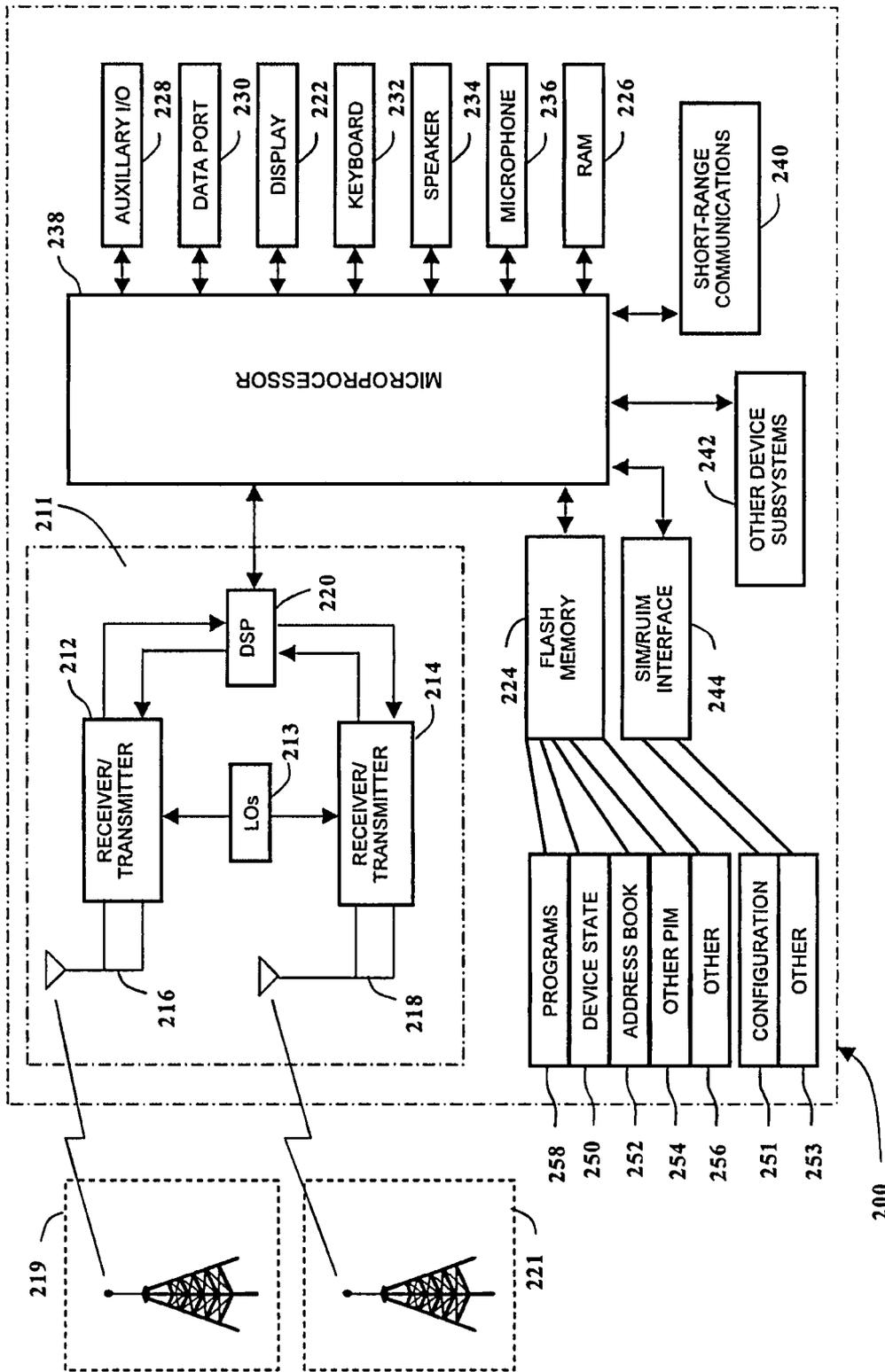


FIG. 4

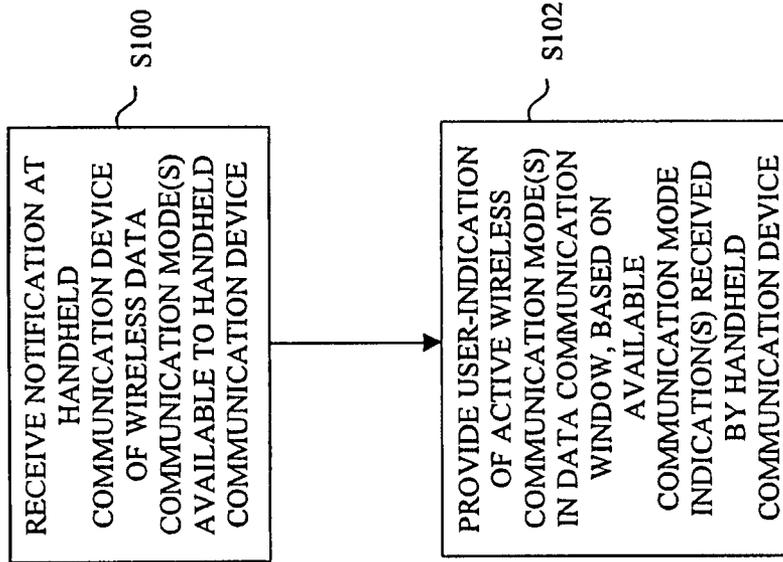


FIG. 5

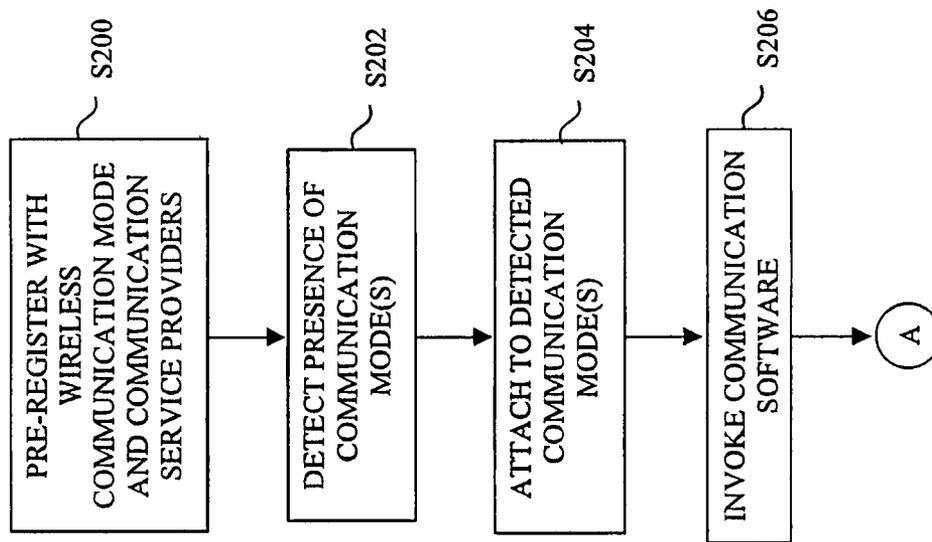


FIG. 6A

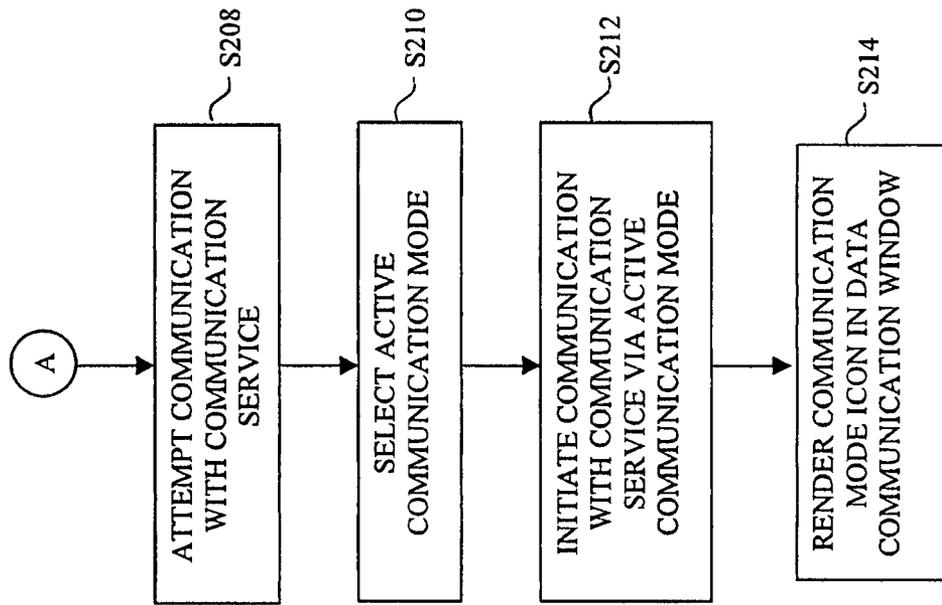


FIG. 6B

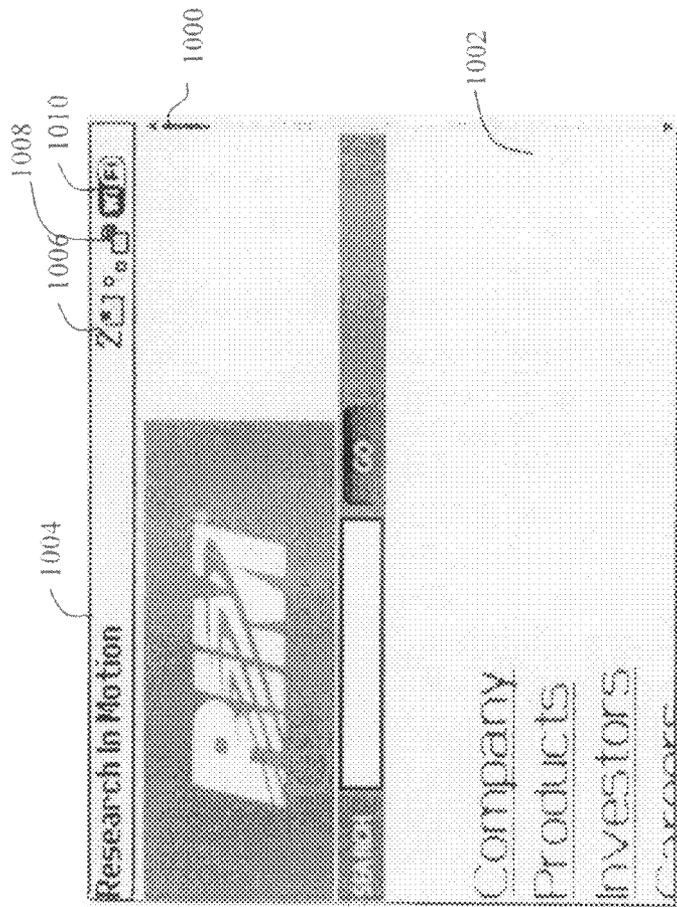


FIG. 7

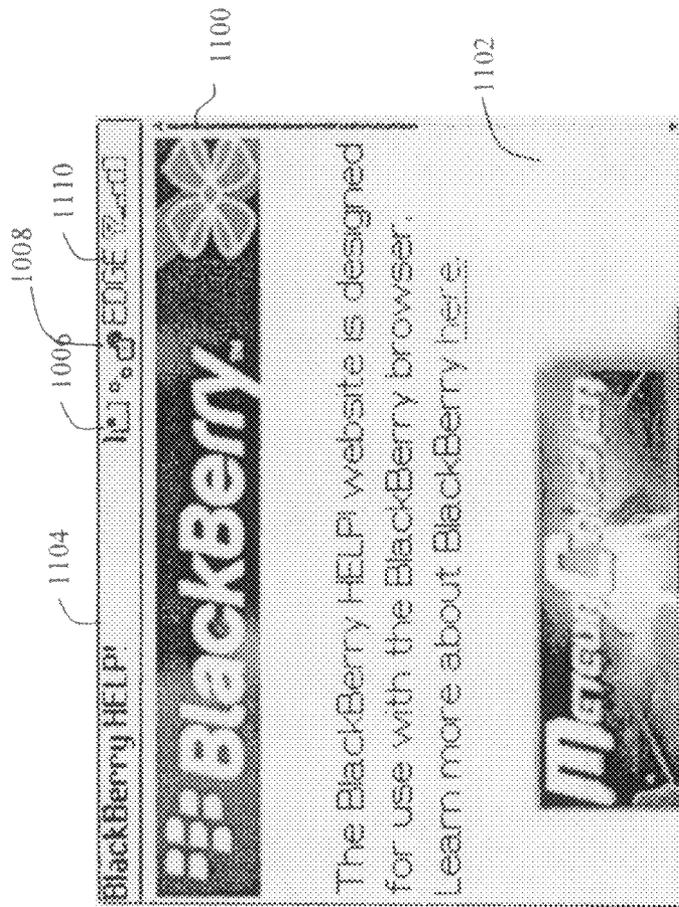


FIG. 8

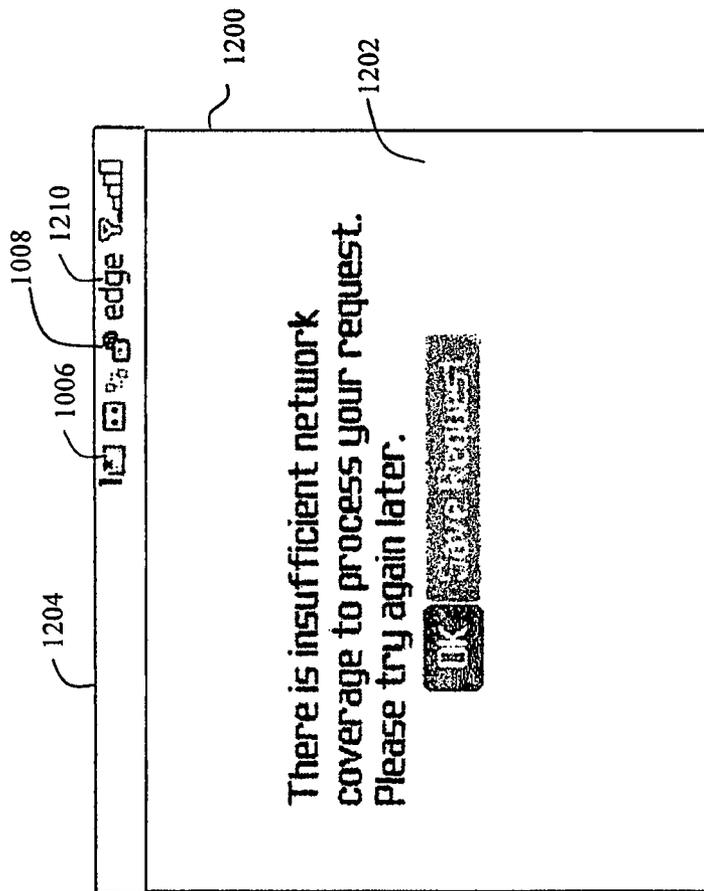


FIG. 9

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## SERVICE MODE DISPLAY ON A HANDHELD COMMUNICATION DEVICE

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention described herein relates to a handheld communication device that is capable of communicating over different communication modes.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Modern handheld communication devices are configured with multiple wireless transceivers which provide the device with multiple wireless communication modes. For instance, a handheld communication device could be configured for voice communication over a Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) network, and data communication with Bluetooth peripheral devices. A handheld computing device could be configured for data communication over both a General Packet Radio Service/Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution (GPRS/EDGE) network and a local WiFi (IEEE 802.11x) network.

Configuring a single communication device to communicate over different communication modes obviously enhances the versatility of the device. However, this enhanced versatility can be problematic since the user often has limited control over the communication modes that are available at any given time. As a result, the user might expect the device to be communicating over a free WiFi network, when, in fact, the device is actually communicating over a billable GSM network. Similarly, the user might expect the device to be communicating over a high-speed short-range WiFi network, when, in fact, the device has moved out of range of the WiFi network and is actually communicating over a low-speed long-range GPRS/EDGE network.

Awan (U.S. Pat. No. 6,438,390) describes a cellular telephone that has a LED controller, and a multi-coloured status LED. The LED controller controls the sequence of flashes and the flash colour of the LED to indicate the status of the device. Possible status indicators include no service, in-service, roaming and message waiting.

Murray (U.S. Pat. No. 7,072,468) describes a portable cellular telephone that is configured for both cellular and dispatch communication modes. The telephone includes a pair of light sources, each located within the telephone housing, for visually indicating the active communication mode to the user.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram depicting a communications network, including a handheld communications device according to the invention;

FIG. 2 is a front plan view of the handheld communications device depicted in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram depicting certain functional details of the data processing means of the handheld communications device, including a communication mode authorization procedure, a communication procedure, and a communication mode indicating procedure;

FIG. 4 is a schematic diagram depicting certain additional functional details of the handheld communications device;

FIG. 5 is a flow chart depicting, by way of overview, the method performed by the handheld communications device

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when providing a user-indication of the active communication mode in a data communication window of the communication device;

FIG. 6 (comprising FIGS. 6a to 6b) is a flow chart depicting, in detail, the method performed by the handheld communications device when providing the user-indication of the active communication mode; and

FIGS. 7 to 9 are screenshots that depict sample user-indications of the active communication modes.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

By way of overview, the invention described herein relates to a handheld communication device which is capable of multiple communication modes and provides a user-indication of the active communication mode in a data communication window of the communication device.

As will be described in further detail below, in accordance with a first aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of communication in a handheld communication device that is capable of a plurality of wireless communication modes. The method, according to this first aspect of the invention, begins by receiving, at the handheld communication device, a notification of the wireless communication mode(s) that is/are available to the handheld communications device.

Then, in a data communication window of the communication device, a user-indication of an active one of the available wireless communication modes is provided in accordance with the received communication mode indication. The data communication window is configured to facilitate data communication via the plurality of wireless communication modes. The data communication window facilitates the data communication via the active wireless communication mode.

In accordance with a second aspect of the invention, there is provided a wireless communications device that comprises communication mode authorization means, communication means, and communication mode indicating means in communication with the communication mode authorization means and the communication means.

The communication mode authorization means is configured to receive a notification of the wireless communication mode(s) that is/are available to the handheld communications device. The communication means is configured to render a data communication window for data communication via the plurality of wireless communication modes. The communication mode indicating means is configured to provide, in the data communication window, a user-indication of the active one of the available wireless communication modes in accordance with the received communication mode indication.

In accordance with a third aspect of the invention, there is provided a computer readable medium that carries processing instructions for an electronic communications device that is capable of a plurality of wireless communication modes. The processing instructions, when executed by a computer processor of the communications device, enables the device to implement data communication in the communication device.

The method, according to this third aspect of the invention, begins by receiving, at the handheld communication device, a notification of the wireless communication mode(s) that is/are available to the handheld communications device.

Then, in a data communication window of the communication device, a user-indication of the active one of the available wireless communication modes is provided in accordance with the received communication mode indication. The data communication window is configured to facilitate data

communication via the plurality of wireless communication modes. The data communication window facilitates the data communication via the active wireless communication mode.

As will be described below, in a preferred implementation the communication mode authorization means is configured to determine the active wireless communication mode based on a predetermined preference for one of the available wireless communication modes. Further, the data communication window is associated with a data communication service, and the communication mode authorization means is also configured to determine the active wireless communication mode based on an availability of the data communication service via the preferred wireless communication mode.

Each of the wireless communication modes is available over a wireless carrier frequency, and the communication mode authorization means is also configured to transmit over at least one of the wireless carrier frequencies registration information to a provider of the associated wireless communication mode, and to receive from the communication mode provider (as the available mode notification) an authorization for use of the respective communication mode.

Further, the wireless communications device is configured to receive at least one communication service. The communication mode indicating means is configured to provide a user-indication of the active communication mode for the communication service. Preferably, the communication mode indicating means is configured to render an icon in the data communication window indicative of the active communication mode for the communication service.

In the preferred implementation, the data communication service comprises a cellular communication mode or a WiFi communication mode, and the rendered icon comprises either a cellular icon indicating the cellular communication mode, or a WiFi icon indicating the WiFi communication mode. Where the active communication mode comprises the cellular communication mode, preferably the cellular icon comprises either a GPRS icon indicating a GPRS data communication mode, or an EDGE icon indicating an EDGE data communication mode.

Turning now to FIG. 1, a communications network, denoted generally as **100**, is shown comprising at least one wireless communications device **200**, and a wireless communications network and a wired communications network both in communication with the wireless communications devices **200**. The wireless communications network comprises a primary wireless network **219** and a secondary wireless network **221**. In the embodiment shown, the primary wireless network comprises a long-range cellular network, and the secondary wireless network comprises a short range local area wireless network. However, the wireless communications network is not limited to any particular number or configuration of wireless networks. For instance, the primary and secondary wireless networks **219**, **221** may both comprise long-range cellular networks, or short range wireless networks. Further, the wireless communications network may comprise a plurality of long-range cellular networks and/or a plurality of short range wireless networks.

As shown, the long-range wireless cellular network **219** comprises a plurality of remote base station subsystems (BSSs) **400**, and a core network **500** in communication with the BSSs **400**. The short-range local area network **221** comprises at least one local wireless node **600**. The wired communications network comprises at least one e-mail service **800**, at least one web server **900**, and a fixed network **700** in communication with the long-range wireless cellular network **219**, the short-range local area network **221**, the e-mail services **800** and the web servers **900**.

The BSSs **400** of the long-range wireless cellular network **219** communicate with the core network **500** via a wired or optical link, and provide a bridge between the wireless communications devices **200** and the core network **500**.

As shown, each BSS **400** includes a Base Station Controller (BSC) **402** and a plurality of Base Transceiver Stations (BTSs) **404**. Each BTS **404** includes one or more radio transceivers, the coverage area of each defining a long-range radio system cell. Preferably, the BTSs **404** are configured to communicate with the wireless communications devices **200** over the radio system cells via a long-range wireless communications protocol, such as GSM and/or Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA). However, the BSSs **404** may implement other long-range communication protocols.

Each BTS **404** is connected to the BSC **402** via a wired or optical link. The BSC **402** acts as a physical connection between the handheld communications device **200** and the core network **500**.

Preferably, the core network **500** facilitates digital communication between the handheld communications devices **200** and the fixed network **700**. Preferably, the core network **500** implements data (e.g. GPRS/EDGE) and/or telephony communications protocols. The core network **500** communicates with the fixed network **700** via a wired or optical link, and acts as switching node to the fixed network **700**. Typically, the fixed network **700** comprises a Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) or an Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN).

The local wireless node **600** of the short-range wireless local area network **221** communicates with the fixed network **700** via a wired or optical link, and provides a bridge between the local wireless communications devices **200** and the fixed network **700**. As shown, the local wireless node **600** includes a wireless base station **602**, and a local base station controller **604** coupled to the wireless base station **602**.

The base station **602** includes one or more radio transceivers, the coverage area of each defining a local area cell. Preferably, the base station **602** communicates with the local wireless communications devices **200** over the local area cell via a short-range wireless communications protocol, such as IEEE 802.11x and/or Bluetooth. However, the wireless base station **602** may implement other short-range wireless communications protocols.

The base station **602** is connected to the local base station controller **604** via a wired or optical link. The local base station controller **604** acts as a physical connection between the handheld communications device **200** and the fixed network **700**, and facilitates digital communication between the handheld communications devices **200** and the fixed network **700**. The local base station controller **604** communicates with the fixed network **700** via a wired or optical link.

The local wireless node **600** may be implemented within a private institution, in which case the local base station controller **604** provides restricted access to the fixed network **700** to only wireless communications devices **200** that are registered users of the local wireless node **600**. Alternately, the local wireless node **600** may be implemented at public site, in which case the local base station controller **604** provides unrestricted access to the fixed network **700**.

Each e-mail service **800** comprises an e-mail server **802** and an authorization database **804** in communication with the e-mail server **802**, and provides e-mail services for the handheld communications devices **200**. The e-mail server **802** maintains an e-mail account for each registered user of the e-mail service **800**, including the e-mail messages that are sent from and received in each e-mail account. Typically, the e-mail server **802** comprises a Microsoft Outlook Exchange

Server, Novell Groupwise Server or other e-mail server solution, configured with a Blackberry Enterprise Server option.

The authorization database **804** includes authorization records for each e-mail account. Typically, the authorization records comprise unique Personal Identification Number (PIN) entries which identify the handheld communications device **200** associated with each e-mail account, and encryption keys which the e-mail server **802** uses for the encrypted delivery of e-mail messages between the e-mail server **802** and the handheld communications devices **200**.

Each web server **900** implements a web site having content for rendering on the handheld communications devices **200**. Preferably, the web server **900** provides the handheld communications devices **200** with web pages that have limited content. Alternately, or additionally, the web server may serve web pages that are written in WML (Wireless Markup Language). The web server **900** may be publicly available, or may be deployed behind a firewall.

Referring now to FIG. 2, there is shown a sample handheld communications device **200** in accordance with the invention. Preferably, the handheld communications device **200** is a two-way wireless communications device having at least voice and data communication capabilities, and is configured to operate within the wireless cellular network **219** and/or the local area wireless network **221**. Further, preferably the handheld communications device **200** has the capability to communicate with other computer services that are available via the Internet, such as the e-mail service **800** and the web server **900**. Depending on the exact functionality provided, the wireless handheld communications device **200** may be referred to as a data messaging device, a two-way pager, a wireless e-mail device, a cellular telephone with data messaging capabilities, a wireless Internet appliance, or a data communication device, as examples.

As shown, the handheld communications device **200** includes a display **222**, a function key **246**, and data processing means **202** (not shown) disposed within a common housing **201**. The display **222** comprises a backlit LCD display. The data processing means **202** is in communication with the display **222** and the function key **246**. In one implementation, the backlit display **222** comprises a transmissive LCD display, and the function key **246** operates as a power on/off switch. Alternately, in another implementation, the backlit display **222** comprises a reflective or trans-reflective LCD display, and the function key **246** operates as a backlight switch.

In addition to the display **222** and the function key **246**, the handheld communications device **200** includes user data input means for inputting data to the data processing means **202**. As shown, preferably the user data input means includes a keyboard **232**, a thumbwheel **248** and an escape key **260**. The keyboard **232** includes alphabetic and numerical keys, and preferably also includes a "Send" key and an "End" key to respectively initiate and terminate voice communication. However, the data input means is not limited to these forms of data input. For instance, the data input means may include a trackball or other pointing device instead of (or in addition to) the thumbwheel **248**.

As shown in FIG. 3, the data processing means **202** comprises a microprocessor **238** in communication with flash memory **224** and volatile memory (RAM) **226**. The flash memory **224** includes computer processing instructions which, when executed by the microprocessor **238**, implement an operating system, computer programs, and operating system specific applications. The operating system comprises an Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) communication protocol stack that allows the handheld communications device

**200** to send and receive communication signals over the wireless cellular network **219** and the local area wireless network **221**. Alternately, the computer processing instructions may be copied from the flash memory **224** into the RAM **226** upon system reset or power-up, and executed by the microprocessor **238** out of the RAM **226**.

The operating system also includes a communication mode authorization procedure **302**, and a communication mode indicating procedure **304**. The functions of the communication mode authorization procedure **302** and the communication mode indicating procedure **304** will be discussed in greater detail below. However, it is sufficient at this point to note that the communication mode indicating procedure **304** is in communication with the communication mode authorization procedure **302** and communication software **306** (e.g. internet browser, e-mail software and/or telephone software) on the handheld communications device **200**, and that the communication mode authorization procedure **302** and the communication mode indicating procedure **304** together comprise a method that provides a user-indication of the active communication mode(s) in a data communication window of the handheld communications device **200**.

It should also be understood that although the communication mode authorization procedure **302** and communication mode indicating procedure **304** are preferably implemented as a set of computer processing instructions, these procedures may be implemented in electronics hardware instead.

FIG. 4 depicts functional details of the handheld communications device **200**. As shown, the handheld communications device **200** incorporates a motherboard that includes a communication subsystem **211**, and the microprocessor **238**. Further, the communications device **200** also includes a SIM interface **244** if the handheld communications device **200** is intended for use within a GSM network, and/or a RUIIM interface **244** if the handheld communications device **200** is intended for use within a CDMA network. The communication subsystem **211** performs communication functions, such as data and voice communications, and includes a primary transmitter/receiver **212**, a secondary transmitter/receiver **214**, a primary internal antenna **216** for the primary transmitter/receiver **212**, a secondary internal antenna **218** for the secondary transmitter/receiver **214**, and local oscillators (LOs) **213** and one or more digital signal processors (DSP) **220** coupled to the transmitter/receivers **212**, **214**.

The communication subsystem **211** sends and receives wireless communication signals over the wireless cellular network **219** via the primary transmitter/receiver **212** and the primary internal antenna **216**. The communication subsystem **211** also sends and receives wireless communication signals over the local area wireless network **221** via the secondary transmitter/receiver **214** and the secondary internal antenna **218**.

Signals received by the primary internal antenna **216** from the wireless cellular network **219** are input to the receiver section of the primary transmitter/receiver **212**, which performs common receiver functions such as frequency down conversion, and analog to digital (A/D) conversion, in preparation for more complex communication functions performed by the DSP **220**. Signals to be transmitted over the wireless cellular network **219** are processed by the DSP **220** and input to transmitter section of the primary transmitter/receiver **212** for digital to analog conversion, frequency up conversion, and transmission over the wireless cellular network **219** via the primary internal antenna **216**.

Similarly, signals received by the secondary internal antenna **218** from the local area wireless network **221** are

input to the receiver section of the secondary transmitter/receiver **214**, which performs common receiver functions such as frequency down conversion, and analog to digital (A/D) conversion, in preparation for more complex communication functions performed by the DSP **220**. Signals to be transmitted over the local area wireless network **221** are processed by the DSP **220** and input to transmitter section of the secondary transmitter/receiver **214** for digital to analog conversion, frequency up conversion, and transmission over the local area wireless network **221** via the secondary internal antenna **218**. As discussed above, the communication subsystem **211** may include more than one DSP **220**, in which case the signals transmitted and received by the secondary transmitter/receiver **214** would preferably be processed by a different DSP than the primary transmitter/receiver **212**.

The SIM/RUIM interface **244** is similar to a card-slot into which a SIM/RUIM card can be inserted and ejected like a diskette or PCMCIA card. The SIM/RUIM card holds many key configurations **251**, and other information **253** including subscriber identification information, such as the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) that is associated with the handheld communications device **200**, and subscriber-related information, such as the unique PIN that is assigned to the handheld communications device **200**.

The microprocessor **238** controls the overall operation of the device, interacting with device subsystems such as the display **222**, flash memory **224**, RAM **226**, auxiliary input/output (I/O) subsystems **228**, data port **230**, keyboard **232**, speaker **234**, microphone **236**, short-range communications subsystem **240**, and device subsystems **242**. The data port **230** may comprise a RS-232 port, a Universal Serial Bus (USB) port or other wired data communication port.

As shown, the flash memory **224** includes both computer program storage **258** and program data storage **250**, **252**, **254** and **256**. Computer processing instructions are preferably also stored in the flash memory **224** or other similar non-volatile storage. Other computer processing instructions may also be loaded into a volatile memory such as RAM **226**. The computer processing instructions, when accessed from the memory **224**, **226** and executed by the microprocessor **238** define the operating system, computer programs, operating system specific applications. The computer processing instructions may be installed onto the handheld communications device **200** upon manufacture, or may be loaded through the wireless network **219**, the auxiliary I/O subsystem **228**, the data port **230**, the short-range communications subsystem **240**, or the device subsystem **242**.

The operating system allows the handheld communications device **200** to operate the display **222**, the auxiliary input/output (I/O) subsystems **228**, data port **230**, keyboard **232**, speaker **234**, microphone **236**, short-range communications subsystem **240**, and device subsystems **242**. Typically, the computer programs include communication software **306** (FIG. **3**) that configures the handheld communications device **200** to receive one or more communication services. For instance, preferably the communication software **306** includes internet browser software, e-mail software, telephone software and GPS-mapping software that respectively allow the handheld communications device **200** to communicate with various computer servers over the internet, send and receive e-mail, initiate and receive telephone calls, and view electronic maps. Further, preferably the communication mode authorization procedure **302** is configured with information identifying the communication mode(s) that support each communication service, and the communication service associated with each communication program.

Preferably, the internet browser software is configured to implement the Blackberry Mobile Data Service (MDS) transport protocol, since web servers **900** configured with MDS transport protocol optimize HTML content prior to transmission to the handheld communication device **100**. MDS transport protocol also allows the handheld communications device **100** to access web servers **900** that are located behind a firewall, and is supported over both GSM and WiFi networks. However, the invention is so not limited, and can be implemented with a non-MDS internet browser, including a browser that is configured to only recognize WML content.

In data communication mode, a received text message or web page download will be processed by the communication subsystem **211** and output to the display **222**, or alternatively to an auxiliary I/O device **228**. A user of the handheld communications device **200** may compose data items such as email messages for example, using the keyboard **232**. Such composed items may then be transmitted over the wireless cellular network **219** or the local area wireless network **221** through the communication subsystem **211**.

For voice communications, overall operation of the handheld communications device **200** is similar, except that received signals would preferably be output to the speaker **234** and signals for transmission would be generated by a microphone **236**. Further, the display **222** may provide an indication of the identity of a calling party, the duration of a voice call, or other voice call related information for example.

FIG. **5** is a flow chart that depicts, by way of overview, the method implemented in the handheld communications device **200** for providing a user-indication of the active communication mode(s). The communication device **200** is configured to implement a plurality of wireless modes of communication.

At step **S100**, the handheld communications device **200** receives notification of the wireless communication mode(s) that are available to the handheld communication device **200**. In the example shown in FIG. **1**, the wireless cellular network **219** comprises one mode of wireless communication, and the local area wireless network **221** comprises another mode of wireless communication. However, the invention is not so limited. For instance, in one variation, the communications network **100** includes a plurality of non-overlapping local area wireless networks **221**, in which case each local area wireless network **221** comprises a distinct mode of wireless communication.

Based on the available communication mode indication(s) received by the communication device **200**, at step **S102** the communication device **200** provides a user-indication of the active wireless communication mode(s). Preferably, the communication device **200** provides a visual indication of the active communication services via a data communication window that is rendered on the display **222**.

Specifically, preferably the communication device **200** is configured to receive one or more wireless communication services via one or more of the modes of wireless communication. In the example shown in FIG. **1**, the communication services comprise the e-mail service **800** and the web server **900**. However, the invention is not limited to any particular services. For instance, in one variation, the communications network services include a telephony service, a text messaging service, a virtual private network (VPN) service, and a global positioning system (GPS)-mapping service. Other forms of communication services are contemplated by the invention.

The communication device **200** renders the data communication window on the display **222**. The data communication window facilitates data communication with a provider of one of the wireless communication services via the available

wireless communication mode(s). Preferably, communication device **200** also renders the user-indication of the active wireless communication mode(s) in the data communication window. However, other user-indications are contemplated by the invention, such as audio indications via the speaker **234**. Further, the user indications may comprise combinations of a combination of these notification mechanisms.

FIG. **6** depicts, in detail, the sequence of steps performed by the handheld communications device **200** when providing the user-indication of the active communication mode(s) at the communication device **200**. For ease of understanding, the following example will assume that the user-indication is provided in association with the internet browser software that is installed on the communications device **200**. It should be understood, however, that the invention is not limited for use with internet browser software, but may be implemented with other communication software **306**, such as the e-mail and telephone software.

At step **S200**, the user of the handheld communications device **200** pre-registers to have access to one or more wireless communications modes, if required. For instance, typically a user must pre-register (i.e. subscribe to a wireless coverage plan) to have access to the wireless cellular network **219**. Alternately, however, typically a user need not pre-register to have access to the local area wireless network **221**. However, the local wireless node **600** might be implemented at a café, in which case access to the local area wireless network **221** might be restricted to customers of the café.

At step **S200**, the user of the handheld communications device **200** also pre-registers to have access to one or more services on the handheld communications device **200**. In the example shown in FIG. **1**, the communication services comprise the e-mail service **800** and the web server **900**. However, as discussed above, the communication services may also include other services, such as a telephony service, a text messaging service, a virtual private network (VPN) service, and/or a global positioning system (GPS)-mapping service.

One or more of these communication services may be pay-for-use services. For instance, the e-mail service **800**, the telephony service, and the text messaging service may be available only by subscription. Accordingly, at step **S200**, the user of the handheld communications device **200** pre-registers with the provider of the pay-for-use service(s) prior to gaining access to the service. The service provider of the pay-for-use service maintain records for each registered user of the pay-for-use communication service.

Other communication services may be restricted, for security reasons, to certain pre-authorized users. For instance, the web server **900** may comprise a business intranet, which is available only to authorized employees. A business VPN service would also typically be available only to authorized employees. Accordingly, at step **S200**, the user of the handheld communications device **200** also pre-registers with the provider of the restricted service(s) prior to gaining access to the service. As above, the service provider maintain records for each registered user of the restricted communication service.

Conversely, other communication services may be unrestricted. For instance, the web service **900** and the GPS-mapping service may be publicly available. The user of the handheld communications device **200** would not have to register with the provider of the unrestricted services, at step **S200**, to gain access to the service.

After the user of the handheld communications device **200** pre-registers with the wireless communication modes and communication service providers (as may be required), at step **S202** the communications device **200** detects the com-

munication modes that are available to the communications device **200** in the geographical region in which the communications device **200** is currently located. To do so, the communication mode authorization procedure **302** determines the signal strength of the RF carrier signals that are received at the primary internal antenna **216** and the secondary internal antenna **218**.

At step **S204**, the communication mode authorization procedure **302** attempts to attach to the detected communication mode(s). If the communication mode authorization procedure **302** detects only the presence of a single communication mode, and the signal strength of the detected communication mode is greater than a minimum threshold level, the communication mode selection procedure **302** attempts to attach to that detected communication mode. However, more than one communication mode may be available to the handheld communications device **200**, with the signal strength of each communication mode being greater than the respective minimum threshold level. Therefore, preferably the communication mode selection procedure **302** is configured to attempt to attach to each detected communication mode whose signal strength is greater than a minimum threshold level.

To attach to a detected communication mode, typically the communication mode authorization procedure **302** transmits subscriber information to the communication mode provider, if required by the detected communication mode. If the user of the handheld communications device **200** is authorized to use the detected communication mode, the communication mode provider responds to the communication mode authorization procedure **302** with a confirmatory notice.

For instance, if the detected communication mode is a GSM network **219**, and the handheld communications device **200** has recently powered up and is configured with communication protocol software for GSM communication, the communication mode selection procedure **302** attempts to register with the GSM network by transmitting the IMSI of the handheld communications device **200** to the GSM network provider. If the user of the handheld communications device **200** is authorized to use the detected communication mode, the network provider responds to the IMSI with a Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity (TMSI).

Similarly, if the handheld communications device **200** is configured with communication protocol software for data (e.g. GPRS/EDGE) communication, the communication mode selection procedure **302** attempts to register for GPRS/EDGE data communication with the core network **500** by issuing an attach request to the core network **500**. If the core network **500** previously assigned a Packet-TMSI (P-TMSI) to the handheld communications device **200**, the attach request includes the P-TMSI, the routing area identity (RAI) of the routing area where the P-TMSI was assigned, and information concerning the data communication capabilities of the handheld communications device **200** (e.g. supported frequency bands, ciphering capabilities). If the user of the handheld communications device **200** is authorized to use the detected communication mode, the core network **500** responds to the handheld communications device **200** with an attach accept message, which includes a new P-TMSI.

If the detected communication mode is a WiFi (IEEE 802.11x) network **221**, and the handheld communications device **200** is configured with communication protocol software for WiFi communication, the communication mode selection procedure **302** listens for the Service Set Identifier (SSID) that is broadcast (if any) by the base station **602** of the local wireless node **600**, and then connects to the local wireless node **600** having the specified SSID. Further, if access to the WiFi network **221** is restricted to pre-registered users of

the WiFi network 221, the handheld communication device 100 transmits to the base station 602 the user's assigned username/password to thereby gain access to the WiFi network 221.

Step S204 may involve multiple attach attempts, particularly where more than one communication mode is detected, but the communication mode selection procedure 302 determines that it is not authorized to use one of the detected communication modes. Therefore, in the event that the communication mode selection procedure 302 attempts to attach to one of the detected communication modes, and determines that it is not authorized to use that communication mode, the communication mode selection procedure 302 still attempts to attach to the other detected communication mode(s) (if available).

After the handheld communications device 200 has successfully attached to one or more of the detected communication modes, at step S206 the user of the handheld communications device 200 invokes the communication software 306 on the handheld communications device 200 for data communication with a provider of a desired communication service. In response, the invoked communication software 306 renders a data communication window on the LCD display 222 of the handheld communications device 200. The data communication window facilitates data communication with the communication service provider, and displays information that is received from and/or transmitted to the communication service provider.

Preferably, the invoked communication software 306 is configured to facilitate data communication with the communication service provider via more than one data communication mode. Further, preferably the desired communication service is an internet browser service, such as the internet service provided by the web servers 900. However, as discussed above, the user may invoke other communication software 306, such as the e-mail software, the telephone software or the GPS-mapping software.

The invoked communication software 306 attempts to communicate with one of the communication service providers. To do so, at step S208, the communication software 306 requests that the communication mode authorization procedure 302 open a communication channel with the data communication service provider that is associated with the invoked communication software.

For instance, if the user of the handheld communications device 200 invokes the internet browser software, the communication software 306 will request the communication mode authorization procedure 302 initiate data communication with one or more of the web servers 900. If the user invokes the e-mail software, the communication software 306 will request the communication mode authorization procedure 302 initiate data communication with the e-mail service 800. If the user invokes the telephone software, the communication software 306 will request the communication mode authorization procedure 302 initiate data communication with a voice over IP (VoIP) service provider (not shown).

In response, at step S210 the communication transport mode authorization procedure 302 selects one of the communication transport modes as the active communication transport mode. The communication transport mode selected by the communication mode authorization procedure 302, at step S210, depends, in part, upon the communication mode(s) to which the communication mode selection procedure 302 successfully attached.

For instance, if the communication mode authorization procedure 302 only successfully attached to the wireless cellular network 219, and the requested data communication

service is available via the communication mode that is supported on that network (e.g. GPRS or EDGE), the communication mode authorization procedure 302 will select "cellular" as the active communication mode. Conversely, if the communication mode authorization procedure 302 only successfully attached to the local area wireless network 221, and the requested data communication service is available via the communication mode that is supported on that network, the communication mode authorization procedure 302 will select "WiFi" as the active communication mode.

The communication mode selected by the communication transport mode determining procedure 302, at step S210, also depends on the availability of the data communication service via the respective communication mode(s). Accordingly, as discussed above, preferably the communication mode determining procedure 302 is configured with information identifying the communication mode(s) that support each communication service, and the communication service associated with each communication program. Therefore, if the communication mode selection procedure 302 successfully attached to more than one communication mode, preferably the communication mode selection procedure 302 is configured to select a preferred communication mode as the active communication mode if the requested data communication service is available to the handheld communications device 200 via more than one of these communication modes. Conversely, if the requested data communication service is only available via one of these communication modes, the communication transport mode authorization procedure 302 selects the communication mode that can provide the requested communication service.

For instance, if the handheld communications device 200 is authorized to use both the wireless cellular network 219 and the local area wireless network 221, and the requested data communication service is available via GPRS/EDGE and WiFi communication transport modes, to reduce communication costs preferably the communication mode selection procedure 302 initially selects "WiFi" as the active communication mode. However, if the requested data communication service is only available via GPRS/EDGE, the communication mode authorization procedure 302 selects "cellular" as the active communication mode, notwithstanding that the local area wireless network 221 is otherwise available to the handheld communications device 200.

If none of the foregoing conditions are met (e.g. the handheld communications device 200 does not detect the presence of any communication mode, or none of the detected communication modes are available to the handheld communications device 200, or the service associated with the invoked communications software 306 is not available via any of the authorized detected communication modes), the communication mode selection procedure 302 does not select an active communication mode.

At step S212, the communication transport mode authorization procedure 302 opens a communication channel with the communication service via the active communication transport mode. The invoked communication software then commences communication with the associated service provider via the active communication transport mode.

At step S214, the communication mode indicating procedure 304 determines the active communication mode from the communication mode selection procedure 302, and renders a communication mode icon on the data communication window that is indicative of the active communication mode. The communication software 306 continues data communication with the associated service provider via the active communication mode.

The communication mode selection procedure **302** continuously determines the communication modes that are available to the handheld communications device **200**, and notifies the communication mode indicating procedure **304** of any changes in the active communication mode. Therefore, if the handheld communications device **200** moves from a region that serviced by one communication mode to a region that is serviced by another communication mode, the communication mode indication procedure **304** will dynamically update the user-indication of the new active communication mode. The communication software **306** continues communication with the communication service provider via the new active communication mode, to the extent that the communication service is available over the new active communication mode.

Preferably, the communication mode icons comprise graphical text-like labels. For instance, if the active communication mode is “WiFi”, preferably the communication mode icon comprises a graphical “WiFi” label. If the active communication mode is “cellular”, and the handheld communications device **200** is configured for EDGE data communication, preferably the communication mode icon comprises a graphical “EDGE” label. If the active communication mode is “cellular”, and the handheld communications device **200** is only configured for GPRS data communication, preferably the communication mode icon comprises a graphical “GPRS” label.

Alternately, if the communication mode selection procedure **302** did not select an active communication mode, preferably the communication mode icon comprises a graphical “edge” or “gprs” label, depending upon the configuration of the handheld communications device **200**, to indicate that the handheld communications device **200** is configured for GPRS or EDGE data communication, as the case may be, but that such data communication service is not available to the handheld communications device **200**.

It should be understood, however, that the invention is not limited to the foregoing communication mode icons. Rather, other communication mode icons, such as graphical symbols, that are capable of indicating the active communication mode are contemplated by the invention.

Preferably, the communication mode indicating procedure **304** renders the communication mode as graphical text-like labels in a status bar of the data communication window. Sample data communication windows, depicting preferred text-like labels, are shown in FIGS. 7 to 9.

FIG. 7 depicts a data communication window **1000** which includes an information window **1002**, and a status bar **1004** above the information window **1002**. The information window **1002** is used to render information on the display **222** based on the HTML and/or WML web pages that are received from the web servers **900**. The status bar **1004** includes an e-mail read status icon **1006**, and a encryption status icon **1008**.

The e-mail read status icon **1006** indicates whether the e-mail communication software has any unread e-mail messages. The encryption status icon **1008** indicates whether the communication channel between the handheld communications device **100** and the web server **900** is encrypted. The status bar **1004** also includes a graphical “WiFi” label **1010** which indicates that WiFi is the active communication mode.

FIG. 8 depicts a data communication window **1100**, which is a variant of the data communication window of FIG. 7. The data communication window **1100** includes an information window **1102**, and a status bar **1104** which are respectively substantially identical to the information window **1002** and the status bar **1004**. However, the status bar **1104** includes a

graphical “EDGE” label **1110** instead of the graphical “WiFi” label **1010**. The “EDGE” label **1110** indicates that EDGE is the active data communication mode.

FIG. 9 depicts a data communication window **1200**, which is a variant of the data communication window of FIG. 7. The data communication window **1200** includes an information window **1202**, and a status bar **1204** which are respectively substantially identical to the information window **1002** and the status bar **1004**. However, the status bar **1204** includes a graphical “edge” label **1210** instead of the graphical “WiFi” label **1010**. The lower-case “edge” label **1210** indicates that GSM is the active communication mode. This lower-case label is preferred over a “GSM” label since it is rendered when either of the following conditions exist:

- (1) the handheld communications device **100** is configured for EDGE/GPRS data communication, but the core network **500** does not support EDGE/GPRS; or
- (2) that the handheld communications device **100** is not authorized for EDGE/GPRS data communication.

The scope of the monopoly desired for the invention is defined by the claims appended hereto, with the foregoing description being merely illustrative of the preferred embodiment of the invention. Persons of ordinary skill may envisage modifications to the described embodiment which, although not explicitly suggested herein, do not depart from the scope of the invention, as defined by the appended claims.

We claim:

1. A method of in a handheld communication device comprising:
  - pre-registering a plurality of wireless communication modes;
  - detecting communication modes which are available from the plurality of wireless communication modes;
  - attaching the handheld communication device to the detected communication modes;
  - invoking a communication service;
  - automatically selecting an active wireless communication mode from the plurality of wireless communication modes to which the handheld communication device is successfully attached and on which the invoked communication service is available;
  - initiating communication with the invoked communication service via, the active wireless communication mode; and
  - in a data communication window of the communication device, providing a user-indication of the active wireless communication mode, the user-indication comprising an icon in the data communication window indicative of the active communication mode for the invoked communication service.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the selecting is further based on a predetermined preference for one of the available wireless communication modes.

3. The method according to claim 1, wherein each of the wireless communication modes is available over a wireless carrier frequency, and further comprising transmitting over at least one of the wireless carrier frequencies registration information to a provider of the associated wireless communication mode, and receiving from the communication mode provider an authorization for use of the respective communication mode.

4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the active communication mode comprises one of a cellular communication mode and a WiFi communication mode, and the icon comprises one of a cellular icon indicating the cellular communication mode, and a WiFi icon indicating the WiFi communication mode.

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5. The method according to claim 4, wherein the at least one communication service comprises a data communication service, the active communication mode comprises the cellular communication mode, and the cellular icon comprises one of a GPRS icon indicating a GPRS data communication mode, and an EDGE icon indicating an EDGE data communication mode.

6. A wireless communications device configured to receive at least one communication service, comprising:

a processor; and

a communications subsystem;

wherein the processor and the communication subsystem cooperate to;

pre-register with a plurality of wireless communication modes;

detect communication modes which are available from the plurality of wireless communication modes;

attach the handheld communication device to the detected communication modes;

invoke a communication service, the invoked communication service being one of the at least one communication services;

select an active wireless communication mode from the plurality of wireless communication modes to which the handheld communication device is successfully attached and on which the invoked communication service is available;

initiate communication with the invoked communication service via the active wireless communication mode;

render a data communication window for data communication via the wireless communication modes; and

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provide in the data communication window a user-indication of the active wireless communication mode, the user-indication comprising an icon in the data communication window indicative of the active wireless communication mode for the invoked communication service.

7. The wireless communications device according to claim 6, wherein the selecting is further based on a predetermined preference for one of the available wireless communication modes.

8. The wireless communications device according to claim 6, wherein each of the wireless communication modes is available over a wireless carrier frequency, and wherein the processor and the communication subsystem further cooperate to transmit over at least one of the wireless carrier frequencies registration information provider of the associated wireless communication mode, and to receive from the communication mode provider an authorization for use of the respective communication mode.

9. The wireless communications device according to claim 6, wherein the active communication mode comprises one of a cellular communication mode and a WiFi communication mode, and the icon comprises one of a cellular icon indicating the cellular communication mode, and a WiFi icon indicating the WiFi communication mode.

10. The wireless communications device according to claim 9, wherein the at least one communication service comprises a data communication service, the active communication mode comprises the cellular communication mode, and the cellular icon comprises one of a GPRS icon indicating a GPRS data communication mode, and an EDGE icon indicating an EDGE data communication mode.

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