

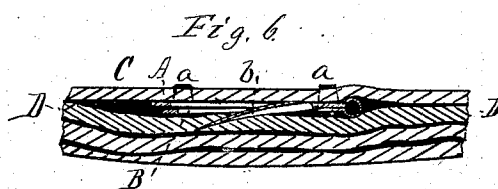
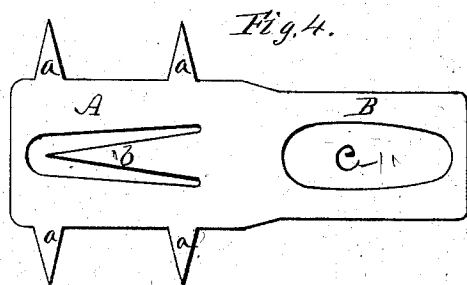
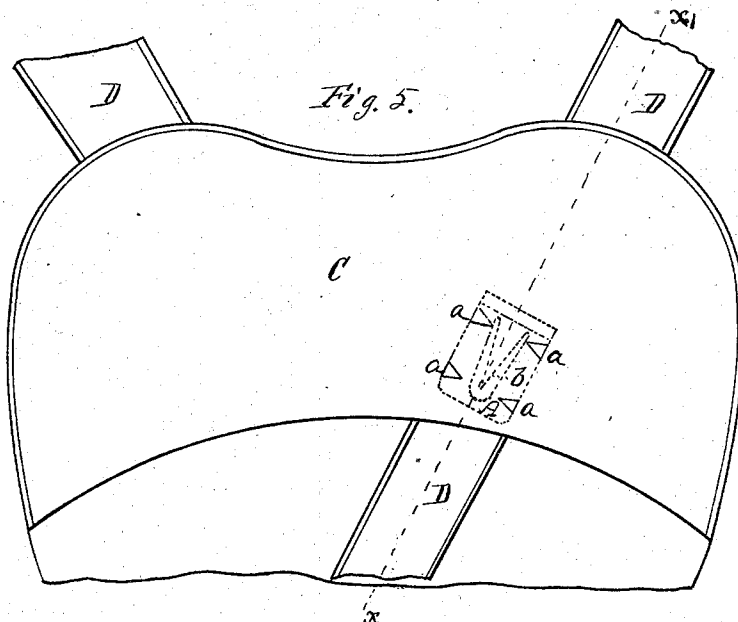
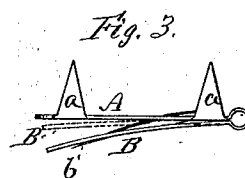
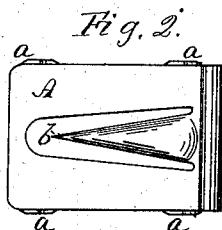
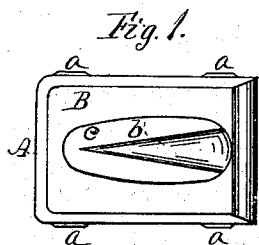
(No Model.)

J. D. BRANT, Jr.

NECKTIE FASTENER.

No. 282,952.

Patented Aug. 14, 1883.



WITNESSES

L. W. Rues
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INVENTOR

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN D. BRANT, JR., OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO
ABRAHAM V. SARGEANT, OF NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.

NECKTIE-FASTENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 282,952, dated August 14, 1883.

Application filed December 21, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN D. BRANT, JR., of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Adjustable Safety Neck-Wear Attachment; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full and exact description thereof, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making part of this specification—

10 Figure 1 being an outer side view of the attachment; Fig. 2, an inner side view of the same; Fig. 3, a side edge view thereof; Fig. 4, a view showing the form of the metallic blank from which it is made; Fig. 5, a view
15 of the back side of a scarf with the attachment applied thereto; Fig. 6, a section of the same in a plane indicated by the line *x x*, Fig. 5.

Like letters designate corresponding parts in all the figures.

20 My invention is specially designed for and applicable to neck-wear which is secured to the person of the wearer by a band passed around the neck. Such neck-wear or scarf is usually provided with a pin permanently attached to the shield of the neck-wear back of the scarf proper, and its point projecting from
25 the edge of the shield, the end of the neckband, after it has been passed around the neck, and through the tuck-opening of the neck-wear, being hooked upon the said pin. This projecting pin frequently pricks the fingers of the wearer in putting on and taking
30 off the neck-wear, and is, of course, very objectionable on that account; besides, purchasers, while selecting and handling the goods in the shops, not unfrequently prick their fingers so as to draw blood, which sometimes gets up
35 on the articles, thereby spoiling them or rendering them unsalable.

40 My neck-wear attachment completely obviates these objections, and is, besides, readily adjusted in position on the same, and is very convenient and reliable for its purpose. It is constructed substantially as follows: It is
45 formed with two leaves or portions, A B, the leaf A being the part which is attached immediately to the shield C of the neck-wear. It is provided with a number of points or

prongs, *a a*, bent into positions at right angles to the leaf for insertion through the shield, 50 and to be clinched upon it, and with a pointed tongue or pin, *b*, as shown. Since these points are readily raised again, the attachment can easily be removed and can be adjusted to the exact position desired on the neck-wear to take the neckband D thereof. 55 The other leaf or part, B, is free, and has an aperture, *c*, to admit the pointed tongue or pin *b* therein, which takes into the neckband and holds it. The leaf itself serves as a guard 60 to the tongue or pin, shielding it when the neckband is not hooked thereon, as indicated in Figs. 1 and 3, and when in the neckband it is shielded thereby, as shown in Fig. 6. The leaf is elastic and springs away from the 65 leaf A, as shown by full lines in Fig. 3, the tongue or pin *b* also projecting in the same direction, so as to be shielded thereby, since it remains constantly fixed in its position and is rigid; but when the neckband is to be 70 hooked upon the tongue or pin, the leaf is to be pressed toward the leaf A, as shown by dotted lines in the same figure, thereby exposing the tongue or pin and allowing it to be entered into the neckband. Then, when the 75 neck-wear is to be taken off, as soon as the neckband is detached from the tongue or pin, the part B springs into place and shields the tongue or pin, so that it cannot catch again in the neckband while withdrawing the same, 80 thereby obviating another serious objection to the simple pin.

The attachment may be properly made of sheet metal, as shown, the metal being sufficiently thin and elastic to enable the leaf B 85 to be manipulated as above specified. The tongue or pin *b* may be stiffened and strengthened by swaging it into a concave form, as shown. A proper form of blank from which to shape the attachment is shown in Fig. 4. 90

What I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a neck-wear attachment, the combination of an attaching leaf or part, A, suitable means for attaching it to the neck-wear, 95 fixed tongue or pin *b*, and elastic movable leaf

or part B, substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.

2. As an improved article of manufacture, a neck-wear attachment composed of an attaching part, A, provided with attaching-points *a a*, elastic shield part B, and tongue or pin *b*, constructed and operating substan-

tially as and for the purpose herein specified.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN D. BRANT, JR.

Witnesses:

S. B. GOODALE,

W. W. BRANT.