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(54) **SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR VIDEO CLIP CREATION, CURATION, AND INTERACTION**

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G11B 27/031 (2006.01)
G11B 27/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **G11B 27/031** (2013.01); **G11B 27/007** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC G11B 27/031; G11B 27/007
See application file for complete search history.

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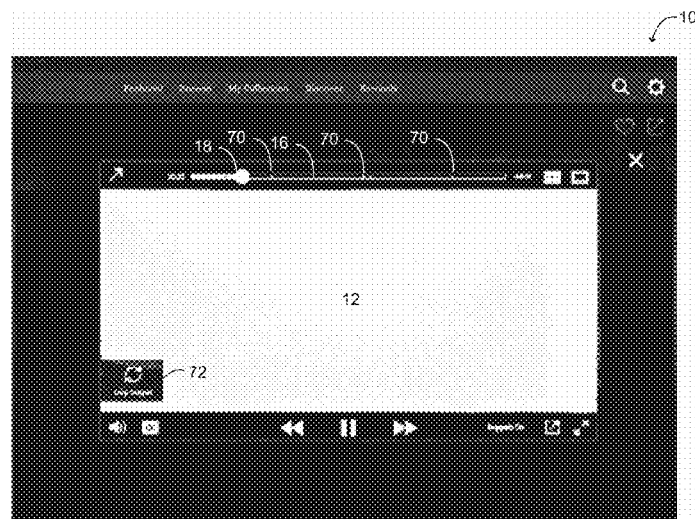
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Disclosed are systems and methods for user interaction with and curation of digital media content, such that users are able to specify a particular clip of video content, and utilize the clip in a desired way. The disclosed systems and methods allow users to view video content, select video clips within the video content, save video clips into a collection of video clips, and curate the collection of video clips. The disclosed systems and methods also allow users to view bookmarks indicating the positions of saved video clips within video content, and to interact with video clips within a video player.

22 Claims, 12 Drawing Sheets



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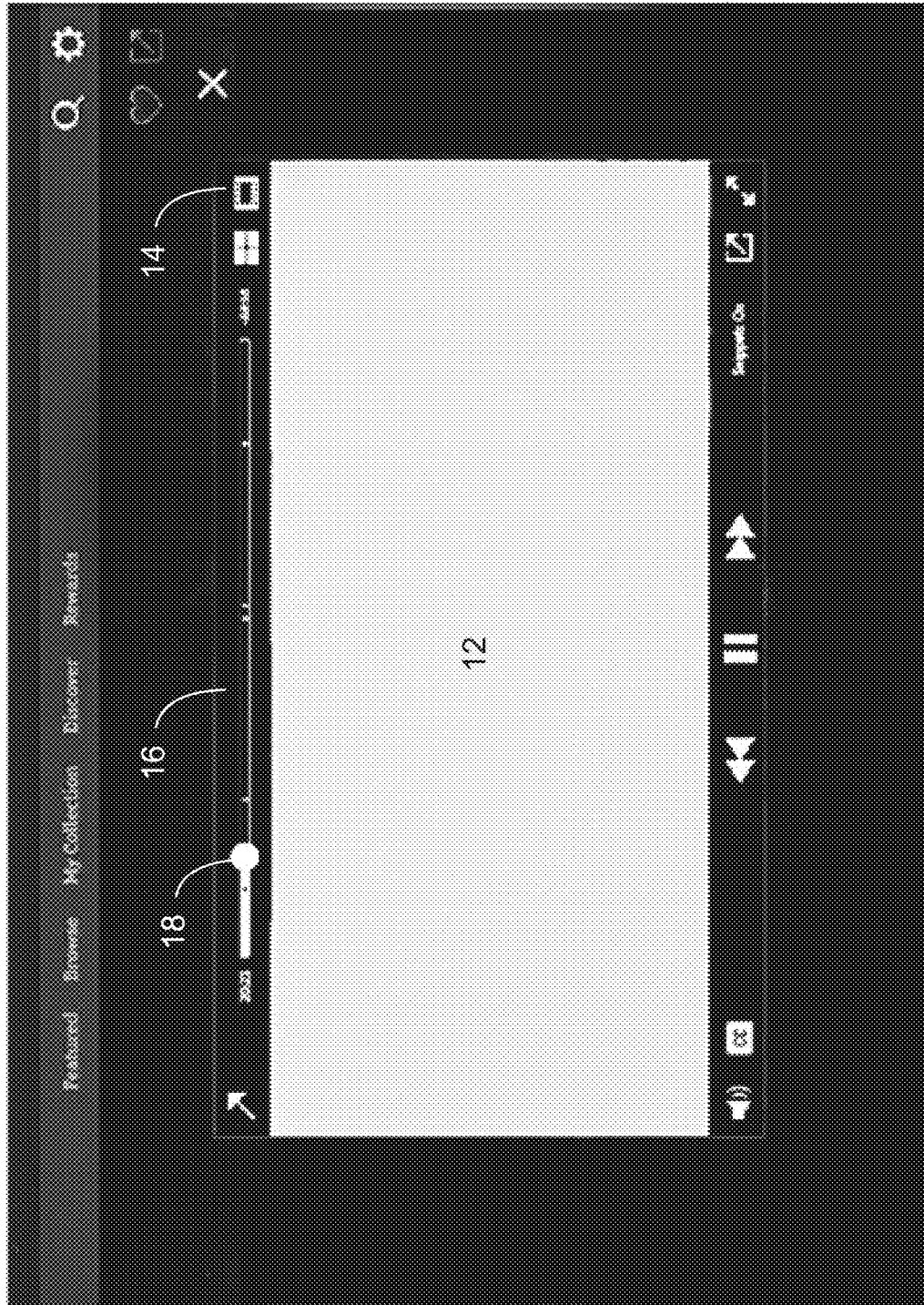


FIG. 1

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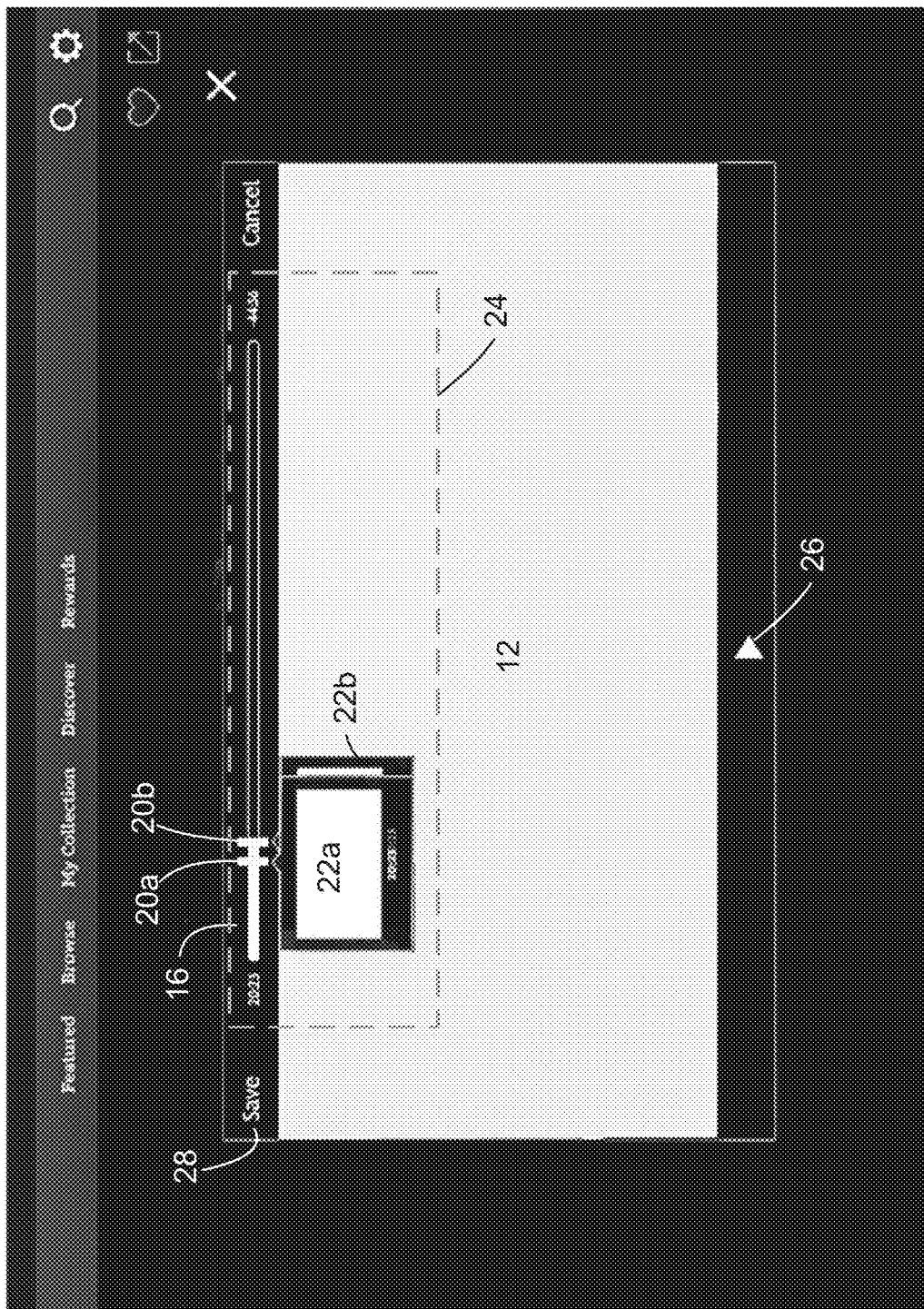


FIG. 2

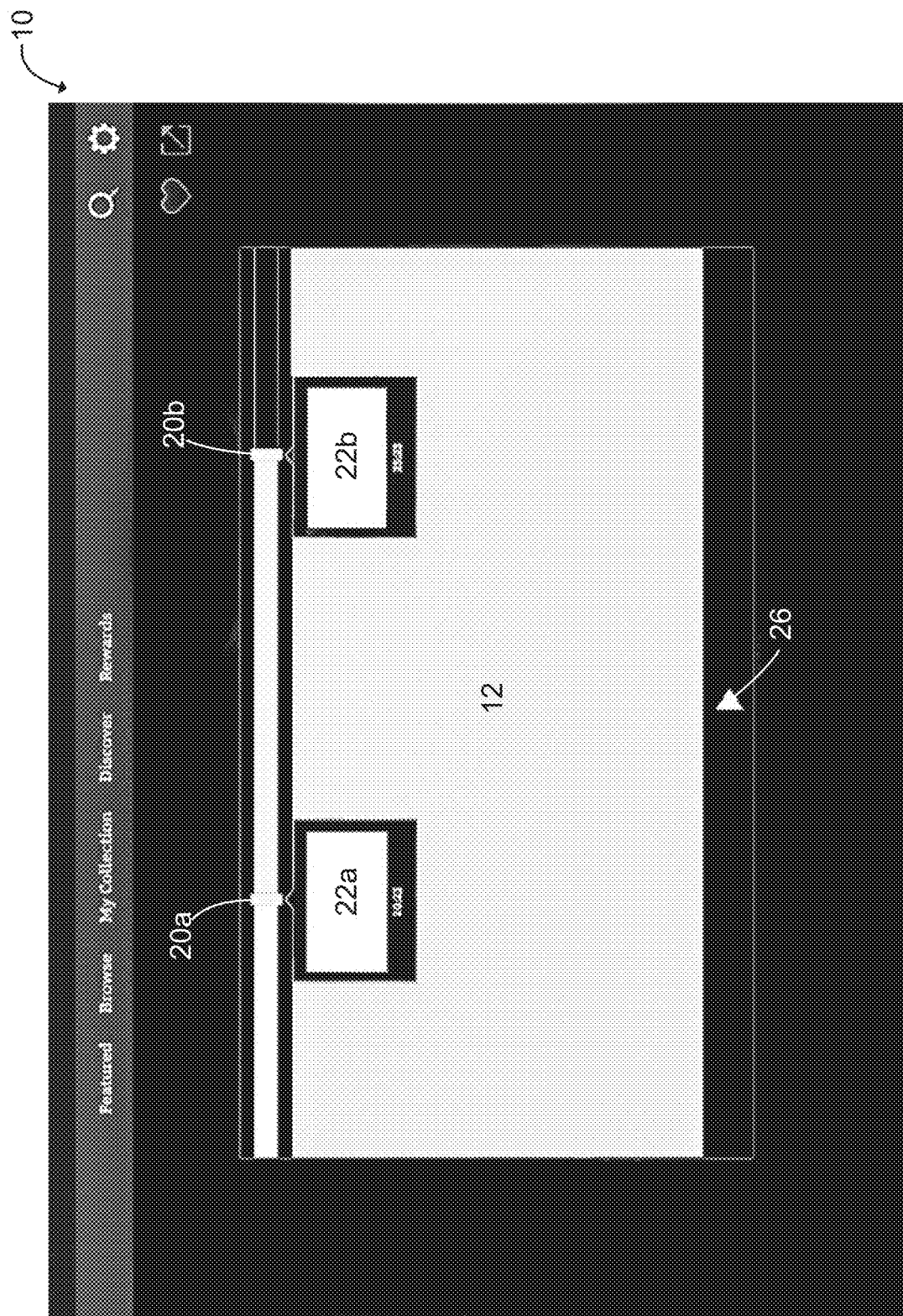


FIG. 3

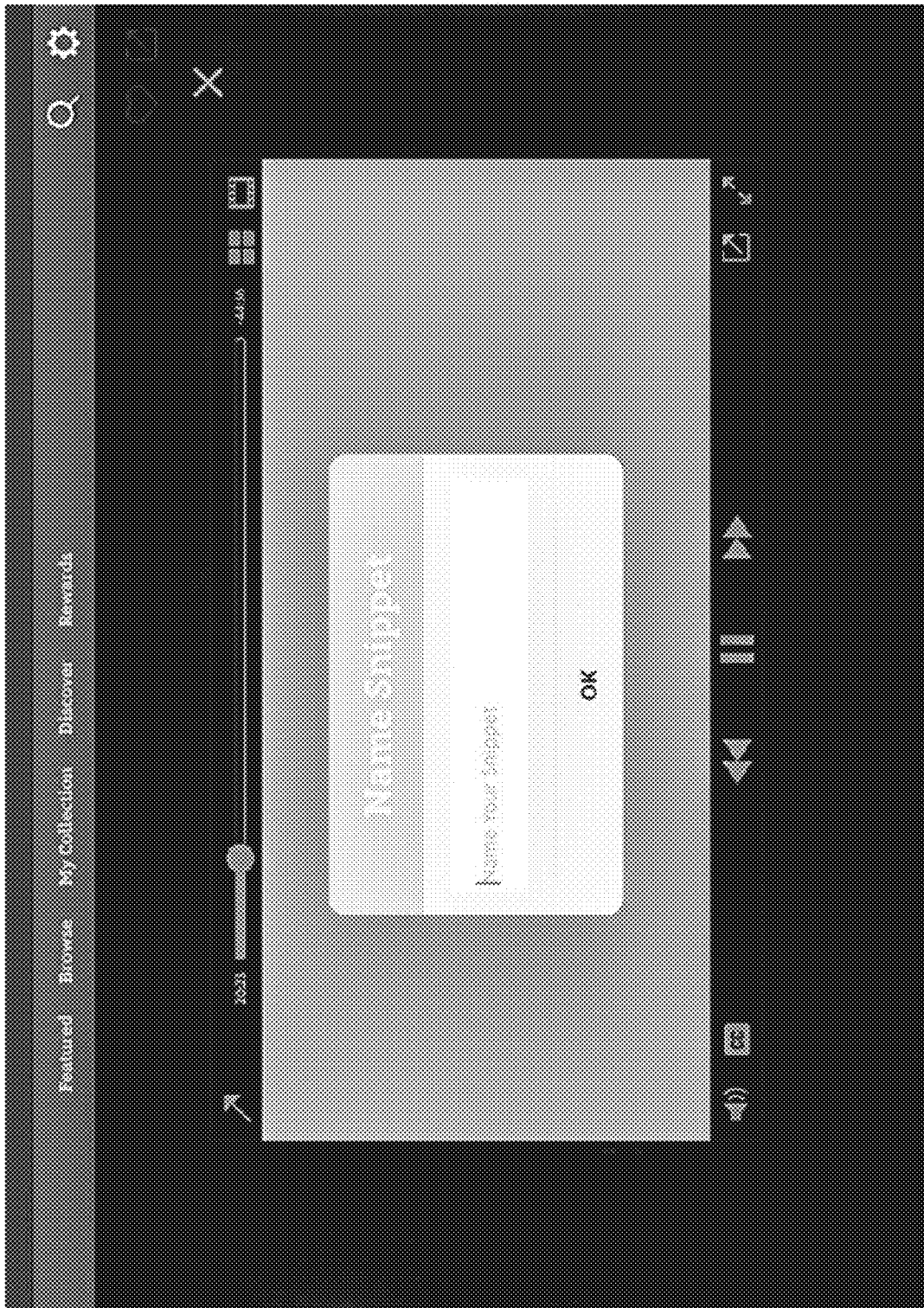


FIG. 4

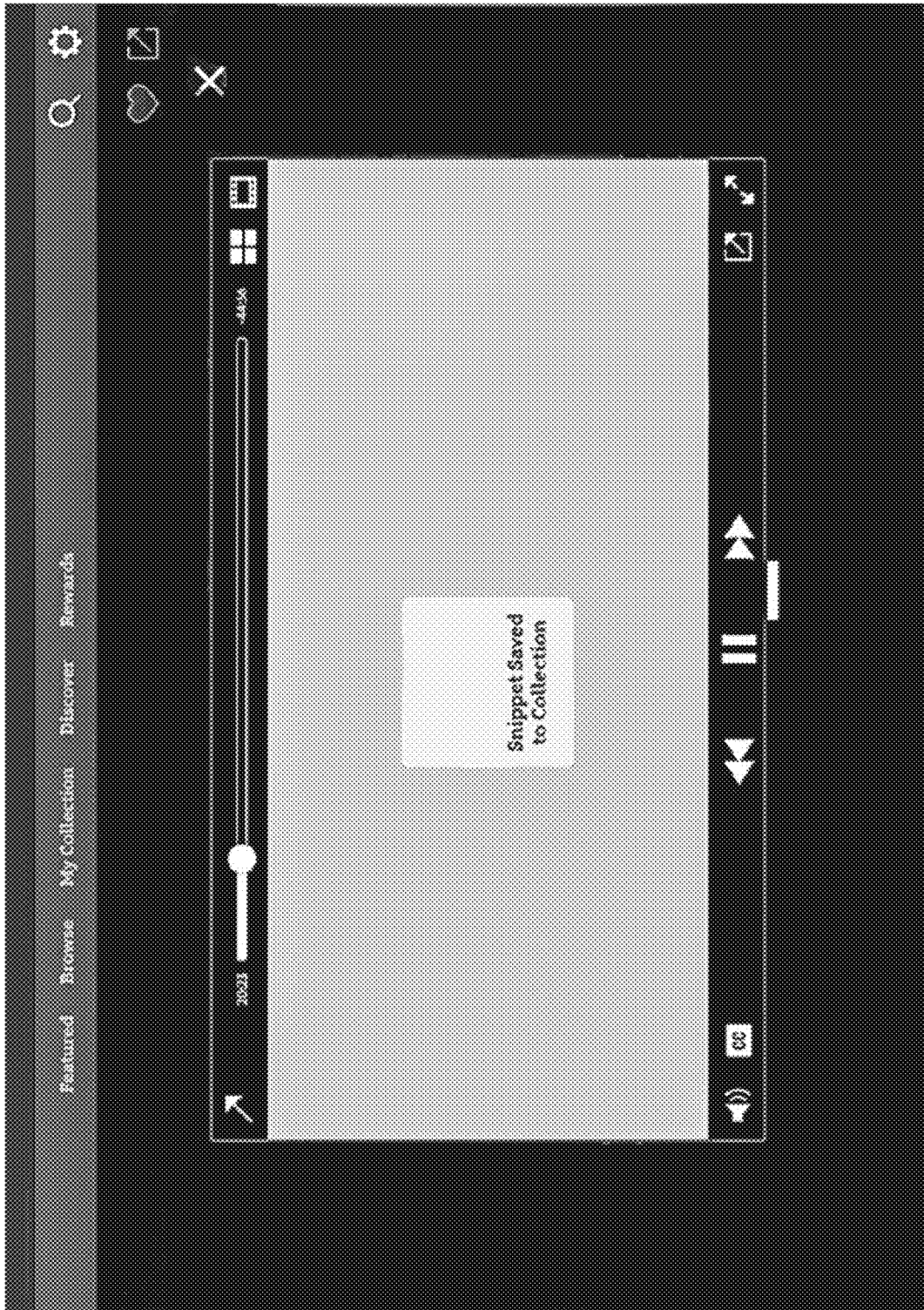


FIG. 5

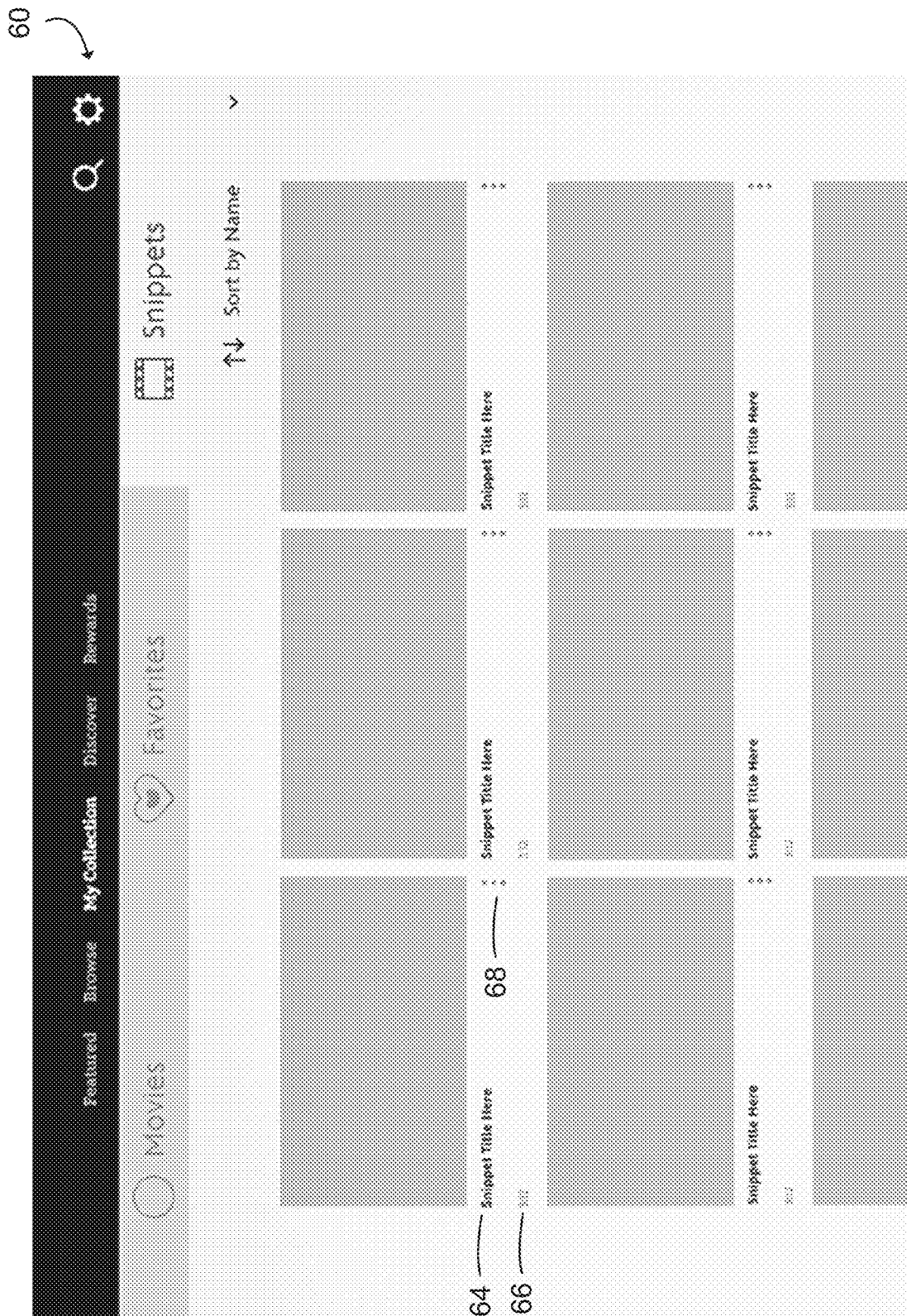


FIG. 6

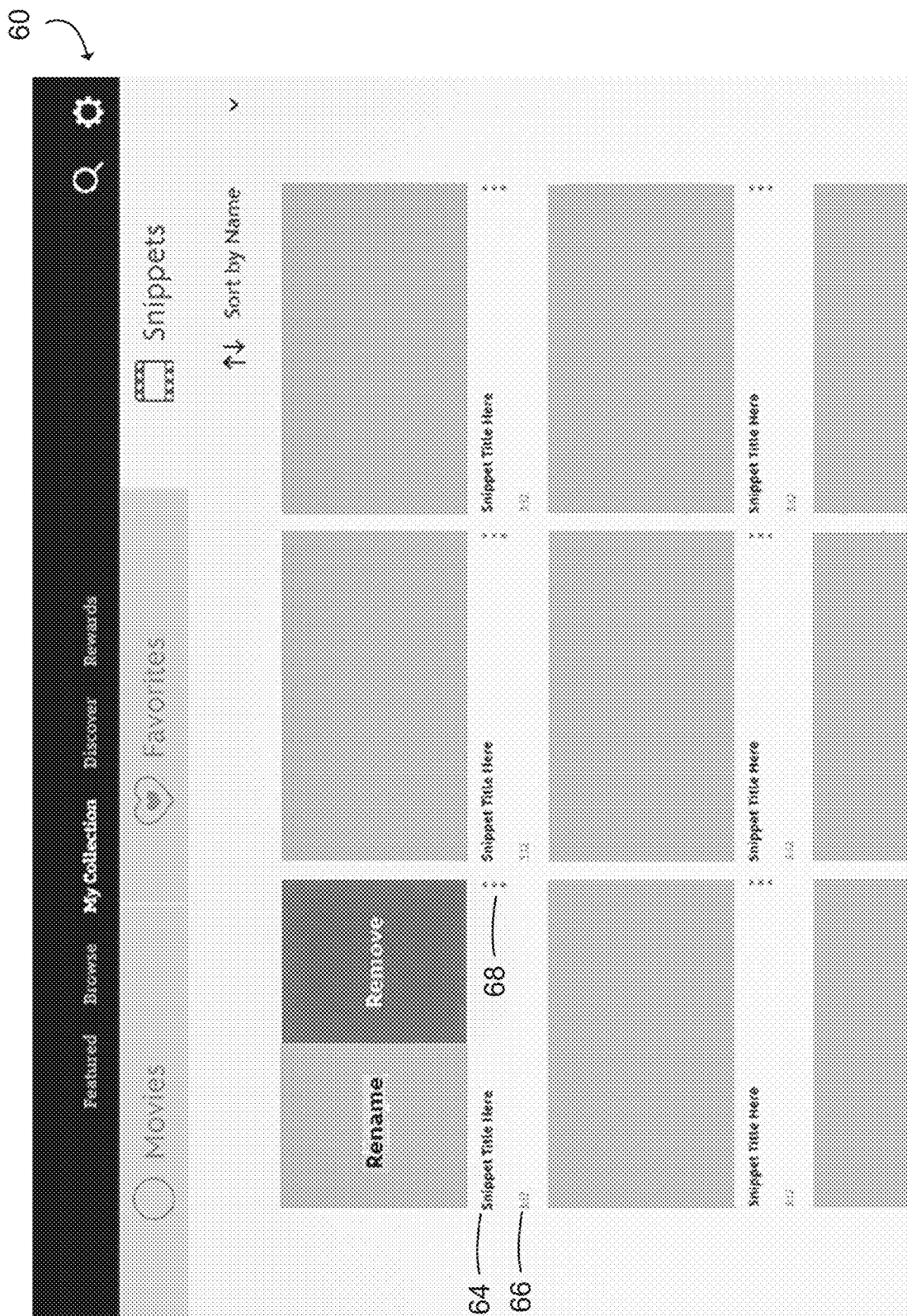


FIG. 7

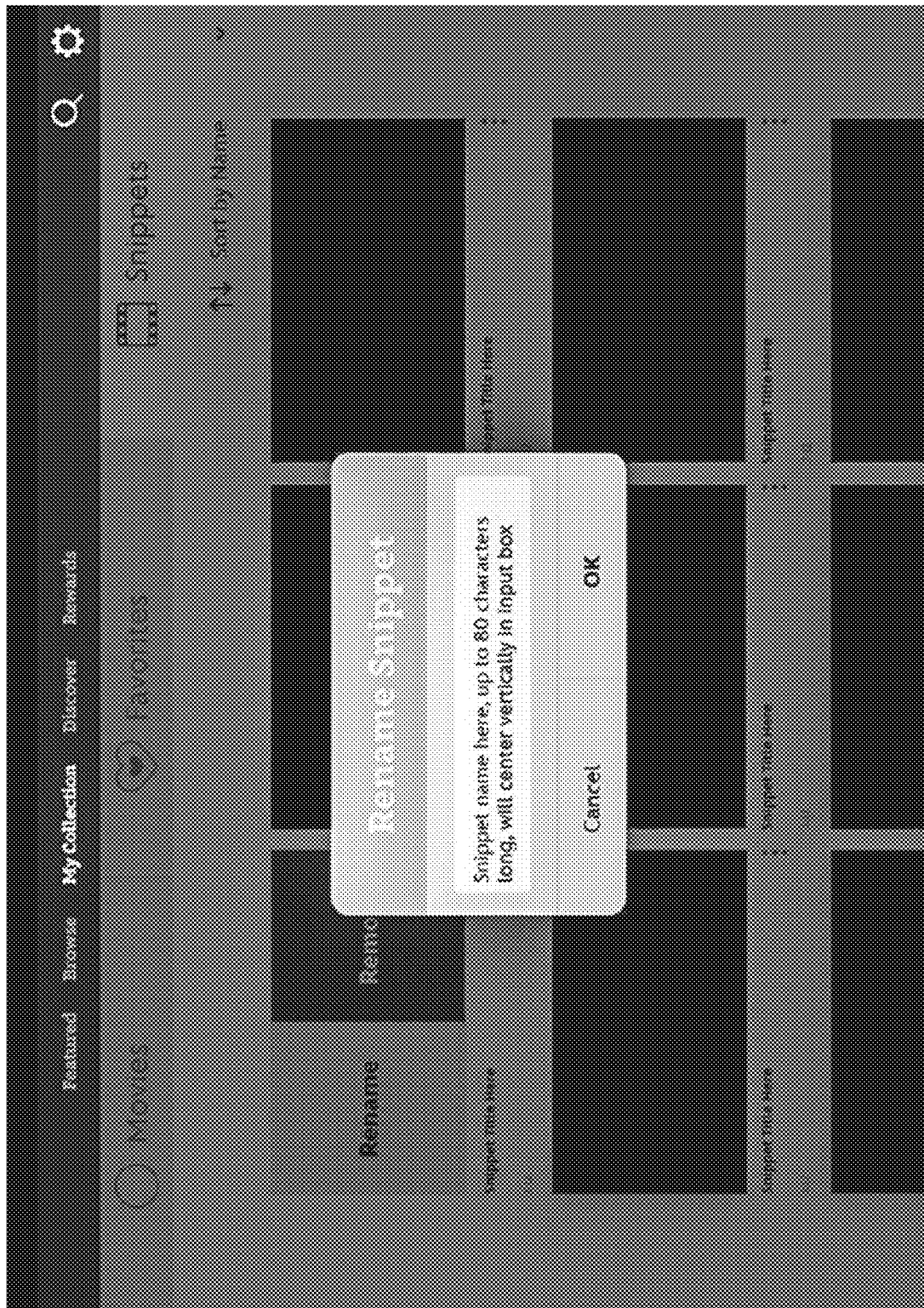


FIG. 8

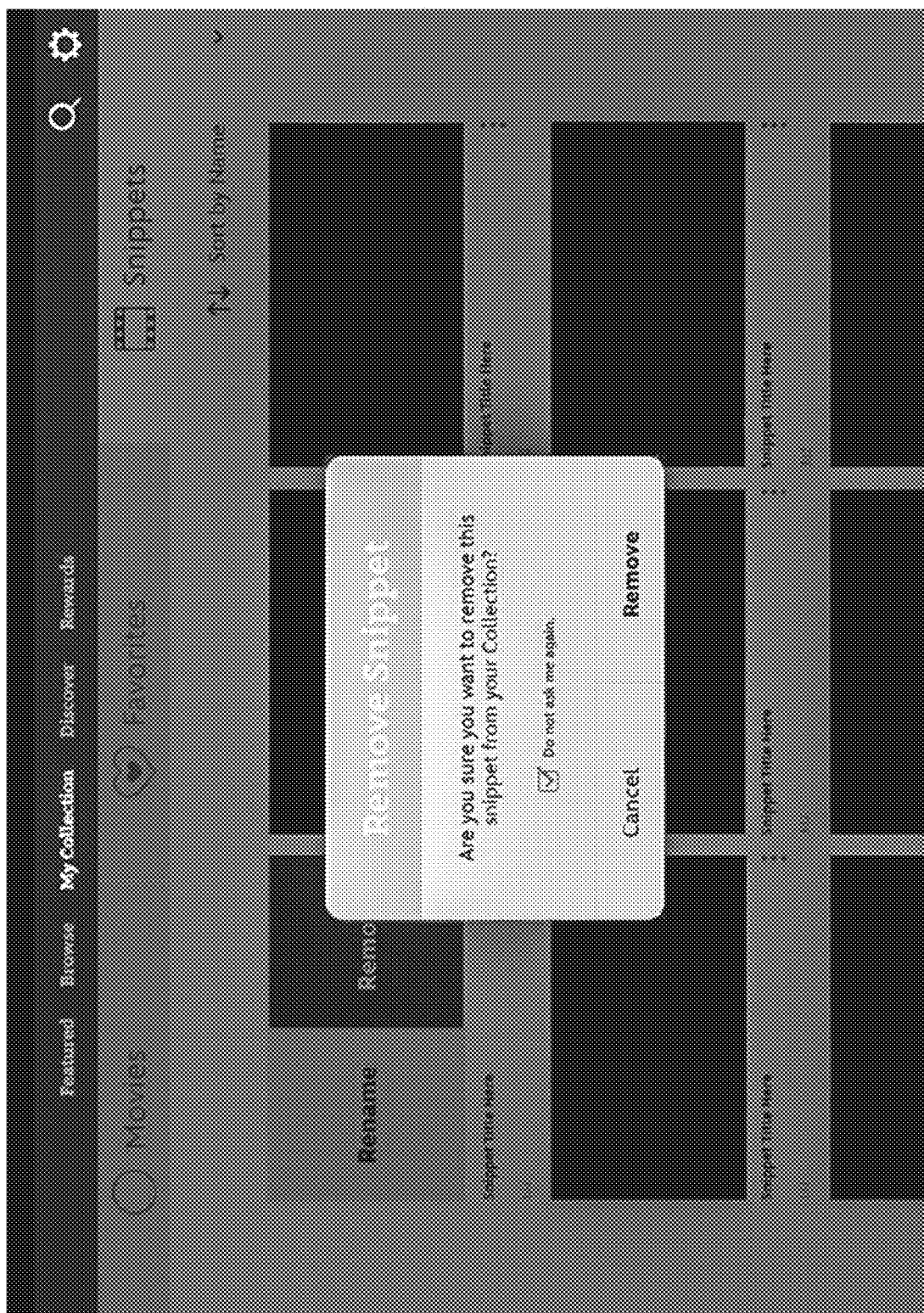


FIG. 9

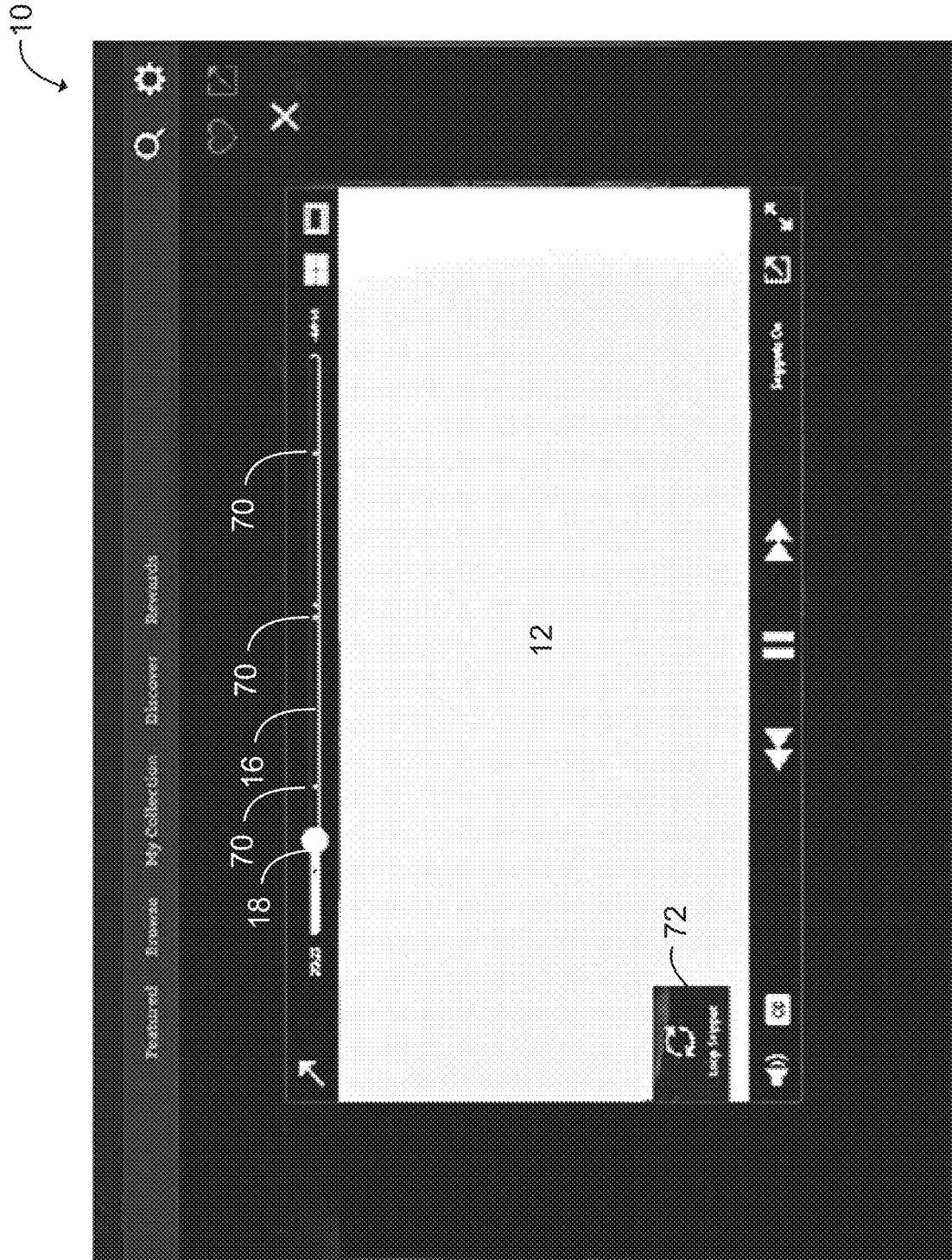


FIG. 10

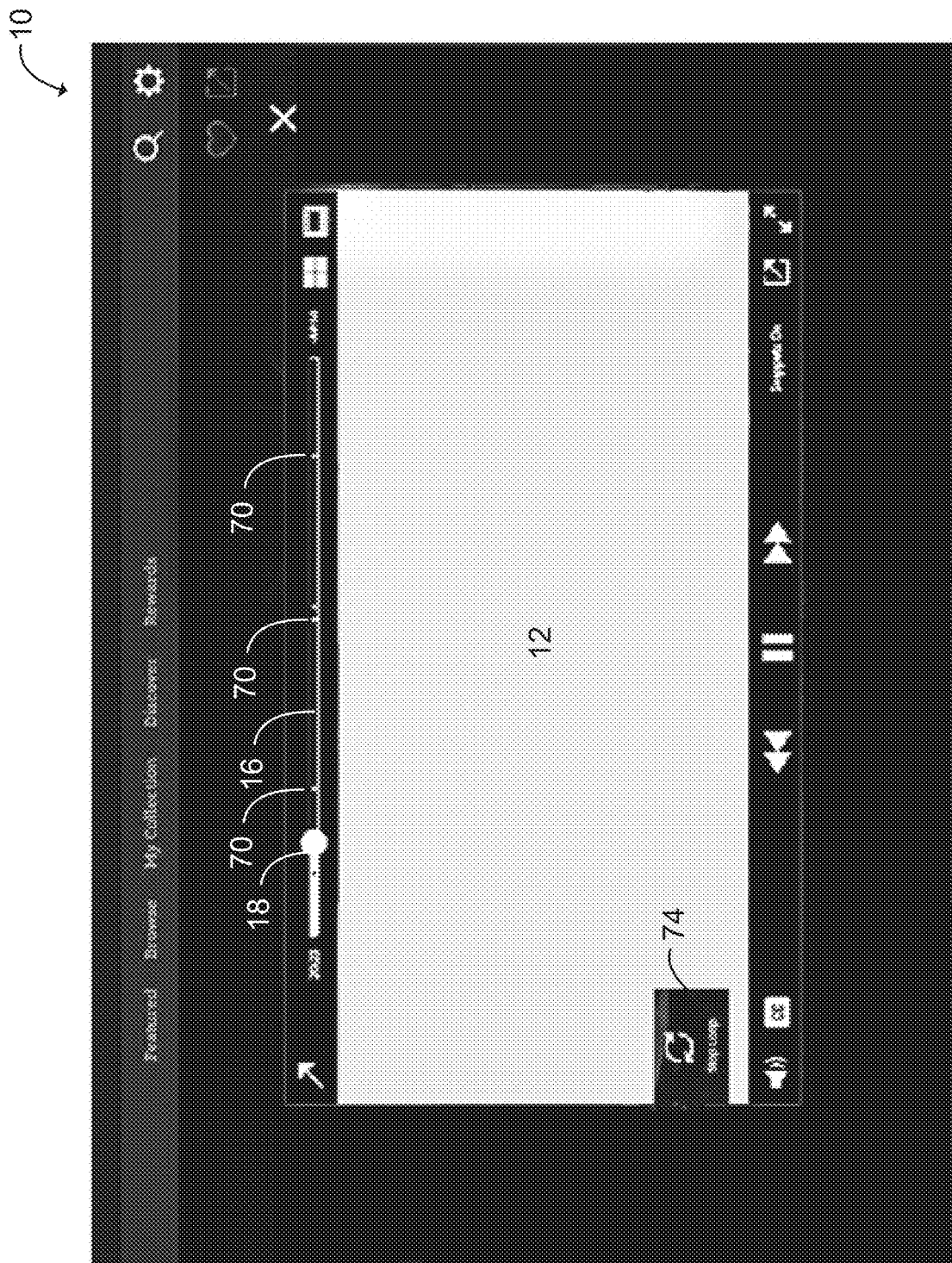


FIG. 11

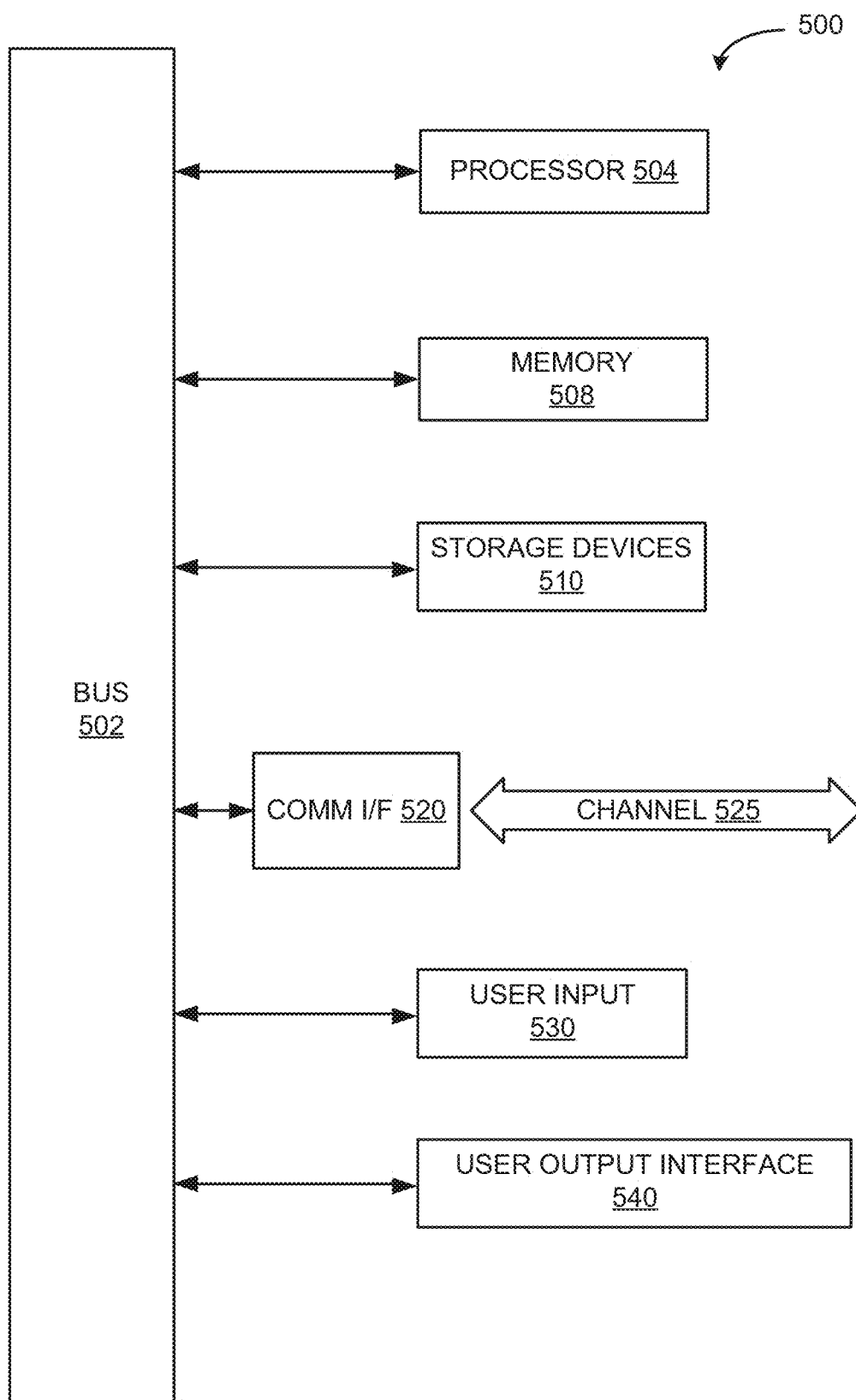


FIG. 12

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SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR VIDEO CLIP CREATION, CURATION, AND INTERACTION

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of and claims the benefit of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/189,908 filed Feb. 25, 2014, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/922,646, filed Dec. 31, 2013, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present disclosure relates generally to digital media, and more particularly to systems and methods for individual user, aggregate user, or company curation of video clips.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present disclosure may be embodied in a method comprising receiving an original video content; presenting a video clip interface for a user to create a video clip from the original video content; receiving a start point from a user; receiving an end point from a user, the start point, end point, and original video content defining a video clip; and saving the video clip for later playback by a user.

In a particular aspect, the method may further comprise receiving a command to remove a video clip from the original video content, and playing the original video content with one or more video clips removed from the original video content.

In another aspect, the method may further comprise playing the original video content and presenting a bookmark during playing of the original video content, the bookmark corresponding to the video clip. The bookmark may correspond to a star and end point of the video clip. In a further aspect of this embodiment, a video clip interaction option may be presented when playing of the original video content approaches the bookmark. The video clip interaction option may be a looping option, and the method may further comprise receiving a command to loop the video clip via the video clip interaction option and playing the video clip on a repeating loop.

In yet another aspect, saving the video clip may comprise saving the video clip to a collection of video clips, and the method may further comprise sorting the collection of video clips according to a pre-determined criteria. In one aspect of this embodiment, the method may further comprise receiving an information tag from a user to create a pre-determined criteria on which the collection of video clips may be sorted.

In one aspect, the original video content may be video content that is owned by the user.

In another aspect, receiving a start point and an end point from a user may further comprise providing assistance to the user in selecting a start point and an end point. Providing assistance to the user in selecting a start point and an end point may be based on one or more quality factors to determine a fitness of a particular frame to act as a start point or an end point. The method may further comprise receiving a user command indicating which of the one or more quality factors are to be considered in providing assistance to the user in selecting a start point and an end point. At least one or more of the quality factors may be based on at least one or more of the following: dialogue, image quality, frame

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audio content, and/or frame image content. It may be the case that a portion of the video content cannot be selected as a start point or an end point.

The present disclosure may also be embodied in a second method comprising receiving an original video content to be played by a media player; receiving video clip information identifying one or more video clips within the original video content; and presenting a video player interface comprising a primary viewing area in which the original video content is played, and one or more video clip indicators which are associated with one or more video clips and provide a visual indication of the position of the one or more video clips within the original video content. The original video content may be video content that is owned by a user.

The video player interface may further comprise a video progress indicator which provides a visual indication of the progress of the original video content as it is played, and the one or more video clip indicators may be positioned along the video progress indicator so as to provide a visual indication of the position of the one or more video clips within the original video content. The method may further comprise displaying a video clip interaction option when the progress of the original video content approaches any of the one or more video clip indicators.

The video clip interaction option may be a looping option, and the method may further comprise receiving a command to loop the video clip, and playing the video clip associated with the video clip indicator which caused display of the video clip interaction option on a repeating loop.

In a further aspect of this embodiment, receiving video clip information identifying one or more video clips within the original video content may comprise receiving one or more video clip suggestions. The one or more video clip suggestions may be based on video clips selected by other users.

The present disclosure may also be embodied in computer readable media comprising an instruction set configured to command a computing device to carry out the methods described herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The drawings are provided for purposes of illustration only and merely depict typical or example implementations. These drawings are provided to facilitate the reader's understanding and shall not be considered limiting of the breadth, scope, or applicability of the disclosure. For clarity and ease of illustration, these drawings are not necessarily to scale.

FIG. 1 is an example clip curation interface in accordance with an embodiment of the present disclosure.

FIG. 2 is the clip curation interface of FIG. 1, in which the clip curation mode has been activated.

FIG. 3 demonstrates a zoom in feature of the clip curation mode of FIG. 2.

FIG. 4 demonstrates a clip naming window, in accordance with an aspect of the clip curation interface of FIG. 1.

FIG. 5 demonstrates a save confirmation window, in accordance with an aspect of the clip curation interface of FIG. 1.

FIG. 6 demonstrates a video clip collection, in accordance with an embodiment of the present disclosure.

FIG. 7 demonstrates a clip editing feature of the video clip collection of FIG. 6.

FIG. 8 demonstrates a clip renaming feature of the video clip collection of FIG. 6.

FIG. 9 demonstrates a clip removal feature of the video clip collection of FIG. 6.

FIG. 10 demonstrates video clip bookmarking and looping features of the clip curation interface of FIG. 1.

FIG. 11 demonstrates a stop loop feature of the clip curation interface of FIG. 1.

FIG. 12 illustrates a sample computing module that may be used to implement certain features and embodiments of the present disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The disclosure provided herein describes systems and methods for user curation of digital media content.

Video content is a common medium by which entertainment or stories are presented to viewers. Viewers of video content often have favorite scenes or clips from the video content that they may want to view repeatedly or pull up easily without having to navigate through other portions of the video content. For example, children may have favorite scenes or songs in a video that they want to watch repeatedly, and parents may grow tired of constantly rewinding the particular scene that their children want to watch. The disclosed systems, methods, and features address these issues, as well as providing other related advantages.

The present disclosure provides for systems and methods for user interaction with and curation of digital media content, such that users are able to specify a particular clip of video content, and utilize the clip in a desired way. A user-specified video clip may be called a "Snippet"™ in this application and shown in the Figures. For example, a user may be able to repeatedly play the selected video clip in a loop, or the user may be able to save the selected clip into a playlist of favorite scenes, or the user may be able to remove a disfavored selected clip so that the video content plays without the removed clip. In a particular embodiment, the user may be able to manipulate media content owned by the user so as to customize the user's viewing experience of the media that they own.

FIG. 1 provides a screenshot of a sample video interface 10, in accordance with an embodiment of the present disclosure. The video interface 10 comprises a primary viewing area 12 on which video content is played, and a timeline 16 to indicate the progress of the video content via the positioning of a scrubber 18. The scrubber 18 may be selectable by a user so that the user can move the scrubber left or right to move to different time positions within the video content. The interface 10 also comprises a clip icon 14 to activate a clip interaction mode. When a user selects the clip icon 14, the interface 10 opens a clip interaction mode, in which the user can select and interact with a video clip from the video content.

In FIG. 2, the user has selected the clip icon 14 in FIG. 1 to activate the clip interaction mode. In the clip interaction mode, the timeline scrubber 18 has been replaced by two clip scrubbers 20a, 20b. The clip scrubbers 20a, 20b are selectable by a user and determine the start point (start scrubber 20a) and end point (end scrubber 20b) of the clip that the user wishes to select. The area between the start scrubber 20a and the end scrubber 20b defines a selected clip region. Two clip windows 22a, 22b are also presented within the clip interaction mode. A first clip window 22a shows an image corresponding to the position of the start scrubber 20a, and a second clip window 22b shows an image corresponding to the position of the end scrubber 20b.

When the user selects the clip icon 14 to activate the clip interaction mode, the interface 10 may automatically define

an initial selected clip region by placing the start scrubber 20a at the location of the timeline scrubber 18, i.e., the current viewing position within the video content, and placing the end scrubber 20b at a pre-determined location beyond the start scrubber 20a. The pre-determined location may be a fixed duration of time after the start scrubber 20a, e.g., five-minutes after the start scrubber 20a. The pre-determined location may also be a pre-determined "end scene" location indicating a position at which a scene ends, or some other point at which it may be desirable to end a clip. The user can then move the clip scrubbers 20a, 20b to whatever position they desire to capture the desired video clip.

In a more particular embodiment, clips may be limited to a minimum and/or maximum length, e.g., five minutes, and the pre-determined end scrubber 20b location may be based on the maximum clip length. For example, in FIG. 2, the user selected the clip icon 14 at time position 20:23 in the video content. The start scrubber 20a is positioned at time position 20:23, and the end scrubber 20b is positioned to create a clip of a pre-determined length, i.e., five minutes after the start scrubber 20a. The user can then move the clip scrubbers 20a, 20b to whatever position they desire to capture the desired video clip. As the user moves the clip scrubbers 20a, 20b, the clip windows 22a, 22b adjust accordingly so as to indicate the image at the selected time position in the video content. The user may also be able to adjust the position of the clip scrubbers 20a, 20b, by selecting and moving the clip windows 22a, 22b. The user may also be provided with an indication of the duration of the presently selected video clip. The user may also be able to lock a scrubber in place once the user has found a desired location.

The user may select the play icon 26 to play the currently selected clip. In a particular embodiment, selecting the play icon 26 may cause the currently selected clip to play repeatedly until the user performs some other action, such as saving the clip, canceling the operation, selecting a pause icon, or refining the clip by moving a clip scrubber 20a, 20b.

As can be seen in FIG. 2, it may be difficult for a user to manipulate the clip scrubbers 20a, 20b if the user wishes to capture a short clip if the video content is much longer than the desired clip length. As such, the interface 10 may further comprise a zooming in function such that the interface 10 will provide a zoomed in view of the selected clip area so that the user can manipulate the clip scrubbers 20a, 20b with greater precision. In one embodiment, the interface 10 may be configured such that if a user moves a selection cursor towards the clip scrubbers 20a, 20b, the interface 10 automatically zooms in on the selected clip region. In the depicted embodiment, when the user moves a selection cursor (e.g., a mouse pointer or touch screen pointer) into region 24, the interface will automatically zoom in.

FIG. 3 shows the interface 10 after the interface has zoomed in on the selected clip region and the clip scrubbers 20a, 20b. Using this zoomed-in view, it becomes easier for the user to more precisely select the start and end points of the desired clip.

The video interaction interface 10 may, in certain embodiments, provide further assistance to the user in selecting a clip. For example, the interface 10 may include selection assistance such that each video clip has a desirable start or end point such that the clips do not start or end mid-word, or do not start or end on a blurry frame, or do not cut off any portion of a musical number, etc. This selection assistance or selection intelligence may be manipulated by the user so that the user can select which assistive aspects are applied, e.g.,

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dialogue priority, or music priority, or scene priority, or visual sharpness priority. Further, these selection assistance characteristics may be applied by the video content producers so that the content producers are able to exhibit some level of control over users' ability to interact with the video content or to provide suggestions to users, e.g., clips that are popular among a population of users. For example, video producers may implement the requirement that video clips cannot start or end on a particular frame (e.g., because the frame is blurry, or because there are clearance problems with a particular frame, or because the frame is in the middle of a word of the dialogue). In this way, video content producers are able to control, to some degree, the quality of video clips created from their video content. For those aspects of selection assistance that are frame-dependent, particular frames or clusters of frames in the video content may be tagged by a video producer in a particular way to provide the selection assistance (e.g., a particular frame or set of frames may be tagged as an acceptable or unacceptable clip start or end). Additionally or alternatively, the video clip interface may include functionality to determine certain characteristics of the video content to assist in clip selection (e.g., detection of a completely dark scene indicates end or start of scene).

Once the user has selected their desired clip, they can choose to save the selected clip using a save icon **28** (shown in FIG. 2). Once the user selects the save icon **28**, the user may be prompted to name the clip, as shown in FIG. 4. The user can choose to provide the clip with a specific name, or, a default clip name may be provided. The default clip name might include the title of the source video content, and/or an indication of the time position of the video clip within the original video content. Once the user successfully saves the clip, the user may be presented with an indication that the clip has been saved (FIG. 5).

The saved clip information may be stored locally on the user's video player, or remotely, e.g., on a remote data server. In one embodiment, video clips may be saved to a user's collection by simply taking time codes (a start point and an end point) and saving those time codes in the library and in the video stream itself. Alternatively, a video clip may be a separate, independent video file that is exported from the original video content based on the user's start time and end time selection. Exported video content may be transcoded to a different video format, or even a non-video format, such as a GIF file. Saved video clips may be associated with a particular user or a particular set of user credentials (e.g., username and password) such that a particular user can access their saved clips on any video player. Information relating to clips saved by a user may be shared over a network so as to provide data on which clips are being saved by users. This data may be used to provide useful information to video producers or other users, such as data indicating the popularity of certain video clips. This interactive aspect will be discussed in greater detail below.

FIG. 6 illustrates a collection of saved video clips, in accordance with a further aspect of the present disclosure. When a user selects and saves a video clip, as demonstrated in FIGS. 1-5, the video clip may be automatically saved to a collection of video clips **60**, shown in FIG. 6. This allows a user, a family, or a business team to make a personal collection of video clips **60**. Each clip may include an image **62** to indicate the content of the clip, a title **64**, and a duration indicator **66**. The title **64** may be automatically generated, or it may correspond to a clip name specified by a user. Similarly, each image **62** may be automatically generated, or selected by the user. As discussed above with respect to

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assisting a user in selecting the start and end points for a video clip, selection assistance may be provided to assist a user in selecting a thumbnail image (e.g., preference for sharp frames over blurry frames) or to place certain restrictions on which images may be used as a thumbnail image (e.g., cannot be a black screen, or cannot be a screen with particular product advertising). Each clip may further comprise an overflow icon **68** which provides the user with editing options for each clip. In a particular embodiment, video content may be delivered to the user with pre-selected and/or recommended video clips already populated into the user's clip collection.

FIG. 7 demonstrates a potential editing interface for editing a video clip. When the user selects the overflow icon **68** corresponding to the first video clip, the user is given the option to "Rename" or "Remove" the selected video clip. If the user selects the "Rename" option, the user is presented with a textbox to rename the video clip (FIG. 8). If the user selects the "Remove" option, the user may be provided with a confirmation to confirm that they wish to remove the selected video clip (FIG. 9). Alternatively, if the user re-selects the overflow icon **68**, or clicks on another video clip, or performs some other navigation command, the edit mode will be canceled and the user can resume normal navigation of the collection **60**. Within the collection, the user may select multiple video clips to create a playlist of video clips that can all be viewed consecutively, one after the other.

The user can also search or sort the saved video clips so that they are more easily navigated. The user may be able to tag video clips with certain information tags so that they are more easily sorted or searched. For example, a user may tag all action scenes with the tag "action" or may tag all scenes with a particular actor or actress with that actor or actress' name so that the collection can be searched or sorted based on actor or actress name. Clips may also be tagged with different users such that multiple users using a single account can distinguish their clips from other users, e.g., using the tag "Dylan's favorites" to differentiate from the tag "Jody's favorites." The user may also name the video clips in a particular way to make searching or sorting easier. Other examples of tags might include genres, themes, storylines, specific users (so that multiple users can tag their individual favorite scenes or preferences), clip types (e.g., favorite songs, jokes, images), characters, movies/the original video content, or any other organizational method that a user might want. Tagging categories may be pre-determined and provided to the user, or they may be customized by the user.

The present disclosure may further comprise an interactive aspect, such that video content providers and users are able to interact with one another to share video clips or data relating to video clips. For example, video content providers may receive information as to how users are interacting with their video content and which portions of the video content are being clipped. Using this information, video content providers may be able to suggest other video content containing similar clips. Further, when a user owns or purchases video content, the video content provider could use this data to suggest "popular clips" that other users frequently clip even pre-populate a list of clips into a user's collection. In addition to the popularity of a clip, clips may also be suggested to users based on a variety of other characteristics. Some examples might include geographic data, user demographic data (e.g., age and gender), data relating to viewing tendencies of a particular user (e.g., viewing history), the contents of a user's media collection, or any other information that may provide insight into a user's viewing preferences. Users can also interact with each other by sharing

their clips and playlists for browsing by other users. In a particular embodiment, clips may be shared by exchanging video content data, start point data, and end point data. In an alternative and/or further embodiment, clips may be exported to create new, standalone video files of the clip itself.

FIGS. 10 and 11 provide depictions of a further aspect of the present disclosure. Once a user has selected and saved clips to their collection, the interface 10 may automatically detect saved clips for a particular piece of video content, and create bookmarks at specific time positions within the video content corresponding to saved video clips. The user may then interact with the video clips in a variety of ways. The user may be presented with the option to turn bookmarks on or off.

In FIG. 10, bookmarks 70 along the timeline 16 indicate the presence of one or more previously saved video clips. As the user views the video content, the user may be provided with options to interact with the previously saved video clips. For example, in FIG. 10, the user is provided with an option to loop a video clip via a pop-up loop icon 72 (i.e., “Loop Snippet”). The pop-up loop icon 72 may appear on the user’s screen when the played video content approaches a saved video clip, and then may disappear from the screen when the played video content moves past the saved video clip. In a particular embodiment, the pop-up loop icon 72 may stay on the screen for a pre-determined period of time before fading from view (e.g., the pop-up loop icon 72 may appear for seven seconds before fading from view). If the user selects the pop-up loop icon 72, the video clip that caused the appearance of the pop-up loop icon 72 will play on a continuous loop until a user command is provided to stop the loop.

In FIG. 11, the user has selected the pop-up loop icon 72, causing a video clip to play on a repeating loop. Now that the video clip is looping, the pop-up loop icon 72 transforms into a stop icon 74. The user can select the stop icon 74 to stop looping the video clip, and resume normal play of the video content. The stop icon 74 may be visible for as long as the video clip is looping, or it may appear when a user moves a cursor towards a certain position on the display, e.g., if the user moves their cursor towards the bottom left corner of the display, the stop icon 74 may appear.

The looping interaction described above is an example of one of many possible ways that user may interact using the video clip interface described herein. Another example might include creating revised versions of video content using the video clip function. For example, a collection of video clips may be combined together to create a revised version of the video content. Another example might include a “skip” function. The skip function might allow a user to skip from one saved clip to another (thereby “skipping” any non-clipped portions), or the skip function might allow a user to skip over a clipped portion and cause the video to resume playback at a point just after the clip.

In another example, selected video clips may be excluded from the video content to create a revised video content. Video content producers may use pre-populated video clips to create different versions of their content, such as a “child-friendly” version of a film that removes any scenes inappropriate for children.

As another example, a collection of all musical number clips or all action scenes could be aggregated into a single video clip.

As discussed above, video clips may be used to interact with video content while it is playing (e.g., by causing a particular clip to loop continuously). Clips may also be used

interactively to share clips with other users or to share data that allows video content producers to provide a more personalized or otherwise improved user experience by using data personal to the user or aggregating data to make suggestions to other users. Video clips may also be exported into new data files that may be used in various ways. For example, clips may be exported into independent, standalone video, image, and/or audio files.

Where components or modules of the disclosed interface are implemented in whole or in part using software, in one embodiment, these software elements can be implemented to operate with a computing or processing module capable of carrying out the functionality described with respect thereto. After reading this description, it will become apparent to a person skilled in the relevant art how to implement the disclosure using other computing modules or architectures.

As used herein, the term module might describe a given unit of functionality that can be performed in accordance with one or more implementations. As used herein, a module might be implemented utilizing any form of hardware, software, or a combination thereof. For example, one or more processors, controllers, ASICs, PLAs, PALs, CPLDs, FPGAs, logical components, software routines or other mechanisms might be implemented to make up a module. In implementation, the various modules described herein might be implemented as discrete modules or the functions and features described can be shared in part or in total among one or more modules. In other words, as would be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art after reading this description, the various features and functionality described herein may be implemented in any given application and can be implemented in one or more separate or shared modules in various combinations and permutations. Even though various features or elements of functionality may be individually described or claimed as separate modules, one of ordinary skill in the art will understand that these features and functionality can be shared among one or more common software and hardware elements, and such description shall not require or imply that separate hardware or software components are used to implement such features or functionality.

Referring now to FIG. 12, computing module 500 may represent, for example, computing or processing capabilities found within desktop, laptop and notebook computers; hand-held computing devices (PDA’s, smart phones, cell phones, palmtops, tablets, etc.); or any other type of special-purpose or general-purpose computing devices as may be appropriate. Computing module 500 might also represent computing capabilities embedded within or otherwise available to a given device. For example, a computing module might be found in other electronic devices such as, for example, televisions, home theaters, Blu-Ray disc players, DVD players, in-car entertainment systems, video game consoles, video download or streaming devices, portable DVD players and other electronic devices that might include some form of processing capability.

Computing module 500 might include, for example, one or more processors, controllers, control modules, or other processing devices, such as a processor 504. Processor 504 might be implemented using a general-purpose or special-purpose processing engine such as, for example, a micro-processor, controller, or other control logic. In the illustrated example, processor 504 is connected to a bus 502, although any communication medium can be used to facilitate interaction with other components of computing module 500 or to communicate externally.

Computing module **500** might also include one or more memory modules, simply referred to herein as main memory **508**. Memory may include any non-transitory storage medium. For example, preferably random access memory (RAM) or other dynamic memory, might be used for storing information and instructions to be executed by processor **504**. Main memory **508** might also be used for storing temporary variables or other intermediate information during execution of instructions to be executed by processor **504**. Computing module **500** might likewise include a read only memory (“ROM”) or other static storage device coupled to bus **502** for storing static information and instructions for processor **504**. The computing module **500** might also include one or more various forms of information storage mechanism **510**, which might include, for example, a magnetic tape drive, an optical disc drive, a solid state drive, or any other non-volatile memory.

Computing module **500** might also include a communications interface **520**. Communications interface **520** might be used to allow software and data to be transferred between computing module **500** and external devices. Examples of communications interface **520** might include a modem or softmodem, a network interface (such as an Ethernet, network interface card, WiMedia, IEEE 802.XX or other interface), a communications port (such as for example, a USB port, IR port, RS232 port Bluetooth® interface, or other port), or other communications interface. Software and data transferred via communications interface **520** might typically be carried on signals, which can be electronic, electromagnetic (which includes optical) or other signals capable of being exchanged by a given communications interface **520**. These signals might be provided to communications interface **520** via a channel **525**. This channel **525** might carry signals and might be implemented using a wired or wireless communication medium. Some examples of a channel might include a phone line, a cellular link, an RF link, an optical link, a network interface, a local or wide area network, and other wired or wireless communications channels.

Computing module **500** might also include one or more user inputs **530**. The user input allows for the user to enter commands to the computing module **500** and interact with it. Examples of user inputs might include a computer mouse, a keyboard, a touch-sensitive screen, a stylus, a mousepad, a joystick, an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a camera, a remote control, or any other user input mechanism. These user inputs may be used to interact with the disclosed interface.

The computer module **500** might also include one or more user output interfaces **540**. The user output interfaces **540** might be used to interact with the user by presenting information or sensory outputs for the user. Examples of user output interfaces might include visual outputs, such as a display screen or monitor, or audio outputs, such as a speaker or headphone output.

In this document, the terms “computer readable medium” and “computer usable medium” are used to generally refer to media such as, for example, memory **508**, storage unit **510**, and channel **525**. These and other various forms of computer readable media or computer usable media may be involved in carrying one or more sequences of one or more instructions to a processing device for execution. Such instructions embodied on the medium, are generally referred to as “computer program code” or a “computer program product” (which may be grouped in the form of computer programs or other groupings). When executed, such instruc-

tions might enable the computing module **500** to perform features or functions of the present disclosure as discussed herein.

While various embodiments of the present disclosure have been described above, it should be understood that they have been presented by way of example only, and not of limitation. Likewise, the various diagrams may depict an example architectural or other configuration for the disclosure, which is done to aid in understanding the features and functionality that can be included. The disclosure is not restricted to the illustrated example architectures or configurations, but the desired features can be implemented using a variety of alternative architectures and configurations. Indeed, it will be apparent to one of skill in the art how alternative functional, logical or physical partitioning and configurations can be implemented to implement the desired features. Additionally, with regard to flow diagrams, operational descriptions and method claims, the order in which the steps are presented herein shall not mandate that various embodiments be implemented to perform the recited functionality in the same order unless the context dictates otherwise. Thus, the breadth and scope of the present disclosure should not be limited by any of the above-described exemplary embodiments.

Terms and phrases used in this document, and variations thereof, unless otherwise expressly stated, should be construed as open ended as opposed to limiting. As examples of the foregoing: the term “including” should be read as meaning “including, without limitation” or the like; the term “example” is used to provide exemplary instances of the item in discussion, not an exhaustive or limiting list thereof; the terms “a” or “an” should be read as meaning “at least one,” “one or more” or the like; and adjectives such as “conventional,” “traditional,” “normal,” “standard,” “known” and terms of similar meaning should not be construed as limiting the item described to a given time period or to an item available as of a given time, but instead should be read to encompass conventional, traditional, normal, or standard technologies that may be available or known now or at any time in the future. Likewise, where this document refers to technologies that would be apparent or known to one of ordinary skill in the art, such technologies encompass those apparent or known to the skilled artisan now or at any time in the future.

Although the disclosure has been presented with reference only to the presently preferred embodiments, those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that various modifications can be made without departing from this disclosure.

The invention claimed is:

1. A non-transitory computer readable medium having executable instructions stored thereon, that, when executed by a processor, performs operations of:

providing a video playback interface comprising: a primary viewing area on which a video content is presented, and a timeline to indicate playback progress of the video content via positioning of a playback scrubber on the timeline;

in response to receiving data generated by a user during presentation of the video content, activating a clip interaction mode by replacing the video playback interface with a video clip interface for the user to create one or more video clips from the video content, wherein the video clip interface provides a zoomed-in view depicting a subset of the timeline, wherein replacing the video playback interface with the video clip interface comprises:

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replacing the playback scrubber with a first clip scrubber and a second clip scrubber, wherein each of the first and second clip scrubbers is adjustable to specify a respective time position with greater precision than using the playback scrubber; and automatically defining an initial selected clip region by placing the first clip scrubber at a first initial point on the timeline and the second clip scrubber at a second initial point on the timeline;

automatically providing selection assistance to the user in manually selecting a video clip defined using the first and second clip scrubbers, and in manually selecting a thumbnail image indicating a content of the video clip, wherein the selection assistance excludes one or more points on the timeline from being selectable;

in response to receiving second data generated by the user selecting a save control for saving the video clip, saving the video clip for later playback by the user, wherein the saved video clip is associated with the thumbnail image, wherein the saved video clip is saved to a collection of video clips that is accessible by the user using user credentials;

upon playback of the video content approaching the video clip, enabling, for a predetermined period of time, a looping option to be presented via the video playback interface; and

in response to user selection of the looping option, looping playback of the saved video clip and replacing the looping option with a stop-looping option, until user selection of the stop-looping option.

2. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the second initial point is set to a pre-determined location on the timeline beyond the first initial point, wherein the pre-determined location is determined using a minimum clip length or a maximum clip length, wherein the maximum clip length is less than a total length of the video content.

3. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the second initial point is set to a pre-determined location on the timeline beyond the first initial point, wherein the pre-determined location is a pre-determined end scene location indicating a position at which a scene of the video content ends.

4. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the selection assistance specifies at least one video frame of the video content where the video clip cannot start or at least one video frame of the video content where the video clip cannot end.

5. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the selection assistance specifies a plurality of video frames of the video content where the video clip cannot start, a plurality of video frames of the video content where the video clip cannot end, or a combination thereof.

6. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 4, wherein the at least one video frame where the video clip cannot start is tagged by a video producer as an unacceptable clip start, or the at least one video frame where the video clip cannot end is tagged by the video producer as an unacceptable clip end.

7. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein at least one video frame of the video content is tagged by a video producer as an acceptable clip start or at least one video frame of the video content is tagged by the video producer as an acceptable clip end.

8. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the selection assistance suggests a start point and

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an end point of a final clip region using at least video clips of the video content that are popular among a population of users.

9. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions when executed by the processor, further perform an operation of: sharing with other users, via a network, the saved video clip.

10. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions, when executed by the processor, further perform an operation of: suggesting to the user one or more video clips of the video content.

11. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 10, wherein the one or more suggested video clips of the video content are suggested based on a frequency at which other users clip the one or more suggested video clips.

12. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 10, wherein the one or more suggested video clips of the video content are suggested using at least data of a viewing history of the video content by the user.

13. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 10, wherein the instructions, when executed by the processor, further perform an operation of: pre-populating the collection of video clips with the one or more suggested video clips.

14. A system, comprising:

a processor;

a non-transitory computer readable medium having executable instructions stored thereon, that, when executed by the processor, performs operations of: providing a video playback interface comprising: a primary viewing area on which a video content is presented, and a timeline to indicate playback progress of the video content via positioning of a playback scrubber on the timeline;

in response to receiving first data generated by a user during presentation of the video content, activating a clip interaction mode by replacing the video playback interface with a video clip interface for the user to create one or more video clips from the video content, wherein the video clip interface provides a zoomed-in view depicting a subset of the timeline, wherein replacing the video playback interface with the video clip interface comprises replacing the playback scrubber with a first clip scrubber and a second clip scrubber, wherein each of the first and second clip scrubbers is adjustable to specify a respective time position with greater precision than using the playback scrubber;

automatically providing selection assistance to the user in manually selecting a video clip defined using the first and second clip scrubbers, and in manually selecting a thumbnail image indicating a content of the video clip, wherein the selection assistance excludes one or more points on the timeline from being selectable;

in response to receiving second data generated by the user selecting a save control for saving the video clip, saving the video clip for later playback by the user, wherein the saved video clip is associated with the thumbnail image, wherein the saved video clip is saved to a collection of video clips that is accessible by the user using user credentials;

upon playback of the video content approaching the video clip, enabling, for a predetermined period of time, a looping option to be presented via the video playback interface; and

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in response to user selection of the looping option, looping playback of the saved video clip and replacing the looping option with a stop-looping option, until user selection of the stop-looping option.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein the instructions, when executed by the processor, further perform an operation of: suggesting to the user one or more video clips of the video content.

16. The system of claim 15, wherein the one or more suggested video clips of the video content are suggested based on a frequency at which other users clip the one or more suggested video clips.

17. The system of claim 15, wherein the one or more suggested video clips of the video content are suggested using at least data of a viewing history of the video content by the user.

18. The system of claim 15, wherein the instructions, when executed by the processor, further perform an operation of: pre-populating the collection of video clips with the one or more suggested video clips.

19. A non-transitory computer readable medium having executable instructions stored thereon, that, when executed by a processor, performs operations of:

presenting a video clip interface to a user to create one or more video clips from a video content, wherein the video clip interface is presented by replacing a video playback interface with the video clip interface, wherein the video clip interface provides a zoomed-in view depicting a subset of a timeline, wherein replacing the video playback interface with the video clip interface comprises replacing a playback scrubber with a first clip scrubber and a second clip scrubber, wherein each of the first and second clip scrubbers is adjustable to specify a respective time position with greater precision than using the playback scrubber;

automatically providing selection assistance to the user in manually selecting a video clip defined using the first and second clip scrubbers, wherein the selection assistance excludes one or more time positions on the timeline from being selectable;

receiving data generated by the user selecting a save control for saving the video clip;

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in response to receiving the data, saving the video clip for later playback by the user, wherein the saved video clip is associated with a set of user credentials to allow access of the saved video clip;

after saving the video clip, providing the video playback interface to present the video content to the user, wherein the video playback interface detects the saved video clip and creates a bookmark at a time position within the timeline visually indicating to the user the time position of the saved video clip within the video content;

upon playback of the video content approaching the video clip, enabling, for a predetermined period of time, a looping option to be presented via the video playback interface; and

in response to user selection of the looping option, looping playback of the saved video clip and replacing the looping option with a stop-looping option, until user selection of the stop-looping option.

20. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions when executed by the processor, further perform an operation of:

in response to the user selecting an icon associated with the thumbnail image associated with the video clip, presenting a plurality of user-selectable options to the user, a first of the plurality of user-selectable options allowing the user to rename the saved video clip, and a second of the plurality of user-selectable options allowing the user to remove the saved video clip.

21. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the selection assistance further excludes one or more thumbnail images from being selectable.

22. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions when executed by the processor, further perform an operation of:

in response to receiving a command from the user, skipping from the saved video clip to a next saved video clip of the video content while indicating, in the video playback interface, positions of the saved video clip and the next saved video clip on the timeline.

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