

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
6 November 2003 (06.11.2003)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 03/090513 A2

- (51) International Patent Classification: Not classified
- (21) International Application Number: PCT/US03/12772
- (22) International Filing Date: 23 April 2003 (23.04.2003)
- (25) Filing Language: English
- (26) Publication Language: English
- (30) Priority Data:
60/374,930 23 April 2002 (23.04.2002) US
- (63) Related by continuation (CON) or continuation-in-part (CIP) to earlier application:
US 60/374,930 (CIP)
Filed on 23 April 2002 (23.04.2002)
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- (81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).
- Published:**
— without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report
- For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.*



WO 03/090513 A2

(54) Title: BI-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN-BINDING COMPOSITIONS AND RELATED METHODS

(57) Abstract: This invention provides a composition of matter comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety. This invention also provides related nucleic acids, host-vector systems, compositions and methods of polypeptide production. This invention further provides related methods of treating a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, and kits for practicing same.

BI-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN-BINDING COMPOSITIONS AND RELATED METHODS

This application claims priority of U.S. Serial No. 60/374,930, filed April 23, 2002, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Throughout this application, various references are cited. Disclosure of these references in their entirety is hereby incorporated by reference into this application to more fully describe the state of the art to which this invention pertains.

Background of the Invention

Defective immunity is responsible for tumor development in cancer patients. In order to use a patient's own immune system to fight cancer, a number of cell-based adoptive immunotherapy approaches have been tried (9, 11, 12, 20). These approaches include lymphokine-activated natural killer cells, tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes, auto-lymphocytes, activation of lymph node-draining T cells, antigen-specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes, anti-CD3-activated T cells, anti-CD3/anti-CD28 co-activated T cells, and dendritic cells. Although these approaches have been informative, clinical responses have usually shown no effect because of the lack of specificity toward any particular tumor.

New strategies have therefore been developed to combine the specificity of antibodies with the cytotoxic capability of T cells. The bi-specific monoclonal antibody (BsAb) approach is one of the new adoptive immunotherapy strategies.

A BsAb, in one embodiment, consists of two monoclonal antibodies (mAbs) cross-linked through chemical heteroconjugation. The BsAb will therefore carry dual specific "arms"; one arm recognizing and specifically binding to a tumor-associated antigen (TAA) and the other one recognizing the CD3 receptor on T cells. When a BsAb bridges a T cell and a tumor cell, the armed T cell can bypass the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) restrictions and become a TAA-specific cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) against tumor cells bearing the TAA. *In vitro*, these BsAbs have shown specific cytotoxicity against tumors (25). In the treatment of cancer, BsAbs have improved human survival rates and eradicated tumors in animals (24).

Her2/neu is a member of the epidermal growth factor receptor family of tyrosine kinases that is over-expressed in several cancers, including breast cancer (21). A chemically heteroconjugated anti-CD3 x anti-HER2/neu BsAb was used to treat high-risk breast cancer (13, 21) and hormone refractory prostate cancer.

However, chemically heteroconjugated BsAbs have important clinical limitations (1, 22, 24, 26). First, the murine-derived mAbs induce HAMA (human anti-mouse antibody) responses in nearly all patients (5). Second, chemical heteroconjugation procedures are still inefficient and inconsistent. Third, the heterogeneous conjugation product contains a mixture of monomer, dimer and multimer. Finally, the large molecular weight (>300 kDa) of BsAbs may prevent rapid tumor penetration.

Advances in antibody engineering have made it possible to overcome these restrictions by constructing recombinant

bi-specific antibodies (re-BsAbs) that contain only the single chain fragments of variable regions (scFv) of mAbs, but still produce the same effector responses against tumor cells as whole mAbs do (2, 22, 24-26). The re-BsAbs offer several advantages over intact BsAbs. First, the smaller molecule size (30-50 kDa) allows higher penetration into solid tumor tissues. Second, the HAMA reactions are largely reduced due to the lack of an immunogenic Fc domain of mAb. Third, the process of producing highly purified protein is greatly simplified. Finally, the entire protein production procedure can be done on a commercial scale.

Despite the recent advances in bi-specific antibody technology, structural and functional limitations still remain.

Summary of the Invention

This invention provides a first composition of matter comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety.

This invention also provides a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:2).

This invention also provides a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in Figure 25 (SEQ ID NO:4).

This invention further provides a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety having a length of at least 16 amino residues.

This invention further provides a host-vector system comprising a host cell transfected with the instant expression vector.

This invention further provides a method for producing a polypeptide comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a linker moiety having a length of at least 16 amino residues, which method comprises (a) culturing the instant host-vector system under conditions permitting the expression of the polypeptide, and (b) recovering the polypeptide so expressed.

This invention further provides a second composition of matter comprising (a) the above-described composition and

(b) a cell having on its surface the antigen to which the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds.

This invention further provides a method for increasing the activity of a CD3+ cell comprising contacting the cell with the instant composition.

This invention further provides a method for treating a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, comprising administering to the subject (a) an agent known to ameliorate the disorder via contact with the abnormal cell, and (b) the instant composition, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the agent, and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the abnormal cell.

This invention further provides a method for treating a subject afflicted with a tumor comprising administering to the subject (a) Interleukin-2 (IL-2), (b) T cells, and (c) the antibody designated E3Bi.

This invention further provides a kit for use in treating a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, comprising (a) the instant composition, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on an agent known to ameliorate the disorder and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the abnormal cell, and (b) instructions for use.

This invention further provides a kit for use in treating a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, comprising (a) the first

instant composition, and (b) the agent known to ameliorate the disorder.

Finally, this invention provides a kit for use in
5 treating a subject afflicted with a tumor comprising (a) Interleukin-2 (IL-2), (b) T cells, (c) the antibody designated E3Bi, and (d) instructions for use.

Brief Description of the FiguresFigure 1

5 This Figure shows the over-expression of EpCAM on tumor cell surfaces but not on normal epithelium. The EpCAM is over-expressed in MCF-7 breast cancer cells (middle) and colorectal cancer cells (left), but not in HBS-100 normal breast epithelial cells (right). Cells were stained with the GA733.2 mAb.

10

Figure 2

15 This Figure illustrates the relationship of a T cell carrying a ch-TCR with and without the hinge spacer (H). When the scFv binds to a specific antigen on the tumor cell surface, the connected T cell signaling chain "Y" initiates the T cell activation that will produce non-MHC-restricted tumor-killing activity.

Figure 3

20 Day 14 ATCs were used for these experiments. T cell populations from both healthy donors and patients were either not transduced (T) or transduced with the empty retrovirus only (SAM), with the retrovirus carrying the GA733.2-derived ch-TCR (GA), or with GA plus a hinge
25 (GAH). The effector-to-target ratios are 5:1 for panels A and B, or 2.5:1 for panel 3C. ELISAs of IFN- γ and TNF- α were performed after 24 hr incubation. Supernatants (50 μ l) were collected for ELISAs in triplicate. The target cell lysis was determined after incubation for 4 hr at
30 37°C by the ^{51}Cr -release assay. Only data from healthy donors are shown in panel C because there is no different cytotoxicity observed using either patients' or normal donors' ATCs. Panels A and B show that cytokine production was increased by the hinge addition (GAH with

a hinge and GA without). Panel C shows that cytotoxicity was also increased by about two-fold in the GAH group.

Figure 4

5 The ch-TCR with a hinge (GAH γ -EN) shows greatly increased T cell aggregations with the tumor cells in comparison to the ch-TCR without the hinge (GA γ -EN). These photographs were taken after co-cultivation of tumor cells and T
10 2:1. The arrows point at tumor cells, LS174T. "T cell", non-transduced T cells plus tumor cells; "SAM-EN", T cells transduced with expression vector only without the gene of interest; "GA γ -EN", with the hinge; "EN", an internal ribosome entry site in the vector.

15

Figure 5

The cytotoxicity of ch-TCR-transduced T cells only occurs when they are exposed to EpCAM-positive tumor cells (LS174T) at an E:T ratio of 5:1 for 24 hr at 37°C. The SD
20 is indicated in both panels. These data also demonstrate that there is no significant difference between using the γ - or ζ -chain as the ch-TCR signaling domain to induce the cytolytic function of these transduced T cells.

25 Figure 6

These photographs show that the BsAb-mediated aggregation of T cells and tumor cells is specific to the mAb used. Day 14 cultured ATCs armed with 50 ng of OKT3/9184 BsAb bind (aggregate) to MCF-7 (upper left). There is no
30 aggregation in three negative controls: ATCs armed with 50 ng of irrelevant BsAb (upper right), unarmed (lower left), or armed with a mixture of 250 ng of non-conjugated OKT3 and 250 ng of non-conjugated 9184 (lower right). The effector-to-target ratio is 25:1. These
35 photos were taken after 24 hr co-incubation of MCF-7

cells with the BsAb armed TC. The mAb 9184 is an anti-Her2/neu mAb.

Figure 7

5 This Figure demonstrates that as few as 5 ng BsAb per 1×10^6 T cells can trigger the cytotoxicity mediated by armed T cells. This cytotoxicity assay was performed using MCF-7 cells. The data presented in this Figure are summarized from three experiments in three different
10 donors. This Figure shows composite titration curves for unarmed TCs and ATCs armed with 0.5, 5.0 and 50.0 ng of OKT3/9184 BsAb at effector-to-target ratios of between 5 and 25 to 1; unarmed (\blacktriangledown) or armed with 0.5 (\bullet), 5.0 (\blacksquare), and 50 (\blacklozenge) ng BsAb/ 1×10^6 ATCs/ml.

15

Figure 8

This Figure shows that 40% of mice treated with BsAb-armed ATCs survived. The BsAb, OKT3XT84.66, was used for this experiment. SCID mice received 3Gy of total body
20 irradiation to eliminate NK cells to ensure engraftment of tumor cells. The mice received subcutaneous co-injections of armed or unarmed ATCs (20×10^6 ATCs) along with CEA-positive LS174T tumor cells (1×10^6 cells) (Winn assay). The control group only received tumor cells and
25 no ATCs. All non-ATC mice died of tumor progression by day 15 with tumor size >22 mm. On day 100, 40% of mice that received armed BsAb were still alive, while only 10% were alive in the group that only received un-armed ATCs.

30 Figure 9

This Figure shows the construction of E3Bi into pG1EN vector. VH-VLe, the scFv of GA733.2; VH-VL3, the ScFv of OKT3; SD, splicing donor; SA, splicing acceptor; His, 6xHis-tag; IRES, an internal ribosome entry site; neo^r, a
35 neomycine phosphotransferase gene.

Figure 10

This is an illustration of the re-BsAb, E3Bi. VL, variable light chain of mAb; VH, variable heavy chain of
5 mAb; H, hinge.

Figure 11

This is an illustration of the recombinant bi-specific antibody, E3Bi, which binds the T cell receptor on a T
10 cell and the tumor associated-antigen EpCAM on a tumor cell. Once this complex is formed, the T cell will be activated by the receptor-E3Bi binding, and will become cytotoxic and kill a tumor cell.

15 Figure 12

T cell aggregation is dependent on the E3Bi doses. E:T = 10:1, Day 15 ATCs, target = LS174T.

Figure 13

20 This Figure shows a cytotoxicity assay (⁵¹Cr release assay) of E3Bi-armed T cells. Target = LS174T, 16 hr assay.

Figure 14

25 This Figure shows IFN- γ production induced by different doses of E3Bi.

Figure 15

This Figure shows the cloning of a hinge to the 3'-end of
30 EpCAM scFv.

Figure 16

This Figure shows the construction of OKT3 scFv.

Figure 17

This Figure shows the assembly of E3 to pG1EN.

5 Figure 18

This Figure shows the replacement of a hinge with GS-linker GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS.

Figure 19

10 This Figure shows a circular map of pG1EN-EH3.His.

Figures 20-1 to 20-15

The complete DNA sequences of E3Bi and its vector have been confirmed by DNA sequencing analysis. This DNA
15 plasmid is called pG1EN-EH3.His. The completed DNA sequence of 8,078 base pairs (SEQ ID NO:1) and the corresponding amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:2) are also shown. The scFv of GA733.2 starts at site 1,388, the hinge starts at site 2,169, and the scFv of OKT3 starts
20 at site 2,358. The 6XHis tag starts at site 3,093.

Figure 21

This Figure shows the *in vivo* anti-tumor response of E3Bi in a tumor xenograft model by tumor growth delay. SCID-
25 Beige mice bearing LS174T xenografts were treated intratumoral (IT) injections IL-2 (n=6), or IL-2/ATC (n=8), or IL-2/ATC/E3Bi (n=6) beginning when tumor volumes of mice reached approximately 0.5 cc. Tumor growth delay is reported as the mean number of days (\pm SD)
30 for tumor volumes of mice from each treatment group to reach 2 cc.

p = 0.0034 is the probability by Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric analysis that tumor growth delay is the same
35 for all treatment groups. p < 0.01 is the probability by

Dunn's multiple comparison analysis that treatment with IL-2/ATC/E3Bi produces the same tumor growth delay in mice as treatment with IL-2 alone; $p > 0.05$ for IL-2/ATC alone.

5

Figure 22

This Figure shows the survival of LS174T cells from LS174T tumor xenografts excised from SCID-Beige mice 24 h after mice received treatment with: IL-2 (300
10 IU/injection i.t.) alone; IL-2 and ATC (7×10^7 cells/injection i.t.); or IL-2/ATC and low (1 mg/kg i.v.) or high dose (10 mg/kg i.v.) E3Bi. After excision, tumor cells were processed into single-cell suspensions and seeded into cultures in four concentrations with five
15 replicates each. Cells were counted after 7 days. Results are represented as the mean (\pm SE) surviving fraction of cells from each treatment group compared to the IL-2 treatment group. $p < 0.001$, IL-2 or IL-2/ATC vs. IL-2/ATC/E3Bi (10 mg/kg); $p < 0.001$, IL-2/ATC vs. IL-
20 2/ATC/E3Bi (1 mg/kg); $p < 0.05$, IL-2/ATC/E3Bi (1 mg/kg) vs. IL-2/ATC/E3Bi (10 mg/kg).

Figure 23

This Figure shows that E3Bi significantly triggers the
25 cytotoxicity of PBMC ($p = 0.0088$). 1, 2, and 3 day cytotoxicity assays (CML) were conducted on PBMC as the effectors and LS174T colon tumor cells as target cells. The E/T ratio is 5. 100 pmole E3Bi/ 10^6 effectors were used. The error bars show the standard deviations from
30 the triplicate. This Figure also shows that there was some non-MHC restricted and non-specific cytolytic activity of T cells in E3Bi- group; however, this cytolytic activity is insignificant, $p > 0.05$.

35

Figure 24

The cDNA sequence of E3Bi (SEQ ID NO:3).

Figure 25

5 The protein sequence of E3Bi (SEQ ID NO:4).

Figures 26-1 to 26-5

Alternative protein sequence version of pGLEN-EH3.His
(SEQ ID NO:5). The completed DNA sequence of 8,078 base
10 pairs (SEQ ID NO:1) is also shown.

Detailed Description of the InventionDefinitions

5 As used in this application, except as otherwise expressly provided herein, each of the following terms shall have the meaning set forth below.

10 "Activated T Cell," also referred to herein as "ATC," shall have the meaning normally ascribed to it in the art. Characteristics of ATC include, without limitation, resumption of cell cycle, elevated IL-2 secretion, upregulated IL-2 receptor expression, limited proliferation, and differentiation into effector cells.

15 "Administering" shall mean delivering in a manner which is effected or performed using any of the various methods and delivery systems known to those skilled in the art. Administering can be performed, for example,
20 intravenously, pericardially, orally, via implant, transmucosally, transdermally, intramuscularly, subcutaneously, intraperitoneally, intrathecally, intralymphatically, intralesionally, or epidurally. Administering can be performed, for example, once, a
25 plurality of times, and/or over one or more extended periods.

The term "antibody" includes, by way of example, both naturally occurring antibodies (e.g., IgG, IgM, IgE and
30 IgA) and non-naturally occurring antibodies. The term "antibody" also includes polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies, and fragments thereof (e.g., antigen-binding portions). Furthermore, the term "antibody" includes chimeric antibodies, wholly synthetic antibodies, human
35 antibodies, humanized antibodies, and fragments thereof.

"BsAb", also referred to herein as "bi-specific antibody", shall include, without limitation, a composition of matter comprising two operably affixed
5 moieties, wherein each moiety is capable of binding to an antigen and comprises an antibody. BsAbs include, for example, (i) compositions comprising whole antibodies tethered together, (ii) single antibodies having two antigen-binding domains, each specific for a different
10 antigen, (iii) single chain polypeptides, each comprising two antigen-binding domains linked via a region of at least 16 amino acid residues, and (iv) compositions comprising antigen-binding portions of antibodies operably affixed via chemical linkers.

15

"E3Bi" in this application is equivalent to "E3-Bi" found in the priority application.

"Flexible linker moiety" shall mean any chemical or
20 biochemical moiety which (i) joins two antigen-binding moieties, (ii) comprises at least one chemical bond about which rotation is permitted, and (iii) permits the unhindered binding of each antigen-binding moiety joined thereto to its respective antigen. In the preferred
25 embodiment, the flexible linker moiety permits binding of the two antigen-binding moieties to their respective antigens located on different cells (e.g., permitting the first antigen-binding moiety to bind to its antigen on a tumor cell, and the second antigen-binding moiety to bind
30 to its antigen on a T cell).

"Host cells" include, but are not limited to, bacterial cells, yeast cells, fungal cells, insect cells, and mammalian cells. Mammalian cells can be transfected by
35 methods well-known in the art such as calcium phosphate

precipitation, electroporation and microinjection:

- "Mammalian cell" shall mean any mammalian cell. Mammalian cells include, without limitation, cells which
5 are normal, abnormal and transformed, and are exemplified by neurons, epithelial cells, muscle cells, blood cells, immune cells, stem cells, osteocytes, endothelial cells and blast cells.
- 10 "Non-activated T cell" shall have the meaning normally ascribed to it in the art. Characteristics of a non-activated T cell include, without limitation, quiescence of cell cycle, non-proliferation and non-differentiation.
- 15 The terms "nucleic acid", "polynucleotide" and "nucleic acid sequence" are used interchangeably herein, and each refers to a polymer of deoxyribonucleotides and/or ribonucleotides. The deoxyribonucleotides and ribonucleotides can be naturally occurring or synthetic
20 analogues thereof.
- "Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers" are well known to those skilled in the art and include, but are not limited to, 0.01-0.1 M and preferably 0.05 M phosphate buffer or
25 0.8% saline. Additionally, such pharmaceutically acceptable carriers can be aqueous or non-aqueous solutions, suspensions, and emulsions. Examples of non-aqueous solvents are propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, vegetable oils such as olive oil, and injectable
30 organic esters such as ethyl oleate. Aqueous carriers include water, alcoholic/aqueous solutions, emulsions and suspensions, including saline and buffered media. Parenteral vehicles include sodium chloride solution, Ringer's dextrose, dextrose and sodium chloride, lactated
35 Ringer's and fixed oils. Intravenous vehicles include

fluid and nutrient replenishers, electrolyte replenishers such as those based on Ringer's dextrose, and the like. Preservatives and other additives may also be present, such as, for example, antimicrobials, antioxidants, 5 chelating agents, inert gases, and the like.

The terms "polypeptide," "peptide" and "protein" are used interchangeably herein, and each means a polymer of amino acid residues. The amino acid residues can be naturally 10 occurring or chemical analogues thereof. Polypeptides, peptides and proteins can also include modifications such as glycosylation, lipid attachment, sulfation, hydroxylation, and ADP-ribosylation.

15 "Specifically bind" shall mean that, with respect to the binding of an antigen-binding moiety to its respective antigen, the moiety binds to that antigen with a greater affinity than that with which it binds to most or all other antigens. In the preferred embodiment, the moiety 20 binds to that antigen with a greater affinity than that with which it binds to all other antigens.

"Stem cell" shall mean, without limitation, a cell that gives rise to a lineage of progeny cells. Examples of 25 stem cells include CD34+ cells and embryonic stem cells. Surface adhesion molecules present on stem cells include, without limitation, IL-3 receptor, IL-6 receptor, IL-11 receptor, c-kit, VLA-4, VLA-5, L-selectin, PECAM-1 and Beta-1 integrin.

30

"Subject" shall mean any animal, such as a mammal or a bird, including, without limitation, a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a dog, a cat, a rodent such as a mouse or rat, a chicken, a turkey and a primate. In the preferred 35 embodiment, the subject is a human being.

"Vector" shall mean any nucleic acid vector known in the art. Such vectors include, but are not limited to, plasmid vectors, cosmid vectors, and bacteriophage
5 vectors.

Embodiments of the Invention

This invention provides a first composition of matter
10 comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety.

The flexible linker moiety can comprise, for example, a
15 polymer or a polypeptide. In one embodiment, the polypeptide has a length of at least 16 amino acid residues. In another embodiment, the polypeptide has a length of between 16 amino acid residues and about 100 amino acid residues. In another embodiment, the
20 polypeptide has a length of between 50 amino acid residues and about 75 amino acid residues. In a further embodiment, the polypeptide has a length of about 63 amino acid residues, and/or comprises all or a portion of an antibody hinge region (e.g., CD8 α Ig hinge-like
25 region). Preferably, the polypeptide has the amino acid sequence encoded by nucleotides 2170-2358 shown in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ NO ID:1).

Preferably, in the first composition, the first and
30 second antigen-binding moieties specifically bind to different antigens. In one embodiment, the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to a tumor cell surface antigen. In another embodiment, the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to a cell
35 surface antigen such as CD2, CD3, CD56 or other T cell or

NK cell surface antigen. In a further embodiment, the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to a tumor cell surface antigen, and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to a CD3+ cell surface antigen. In the preferred embodiment, the tumor cell surface antigen is EpCAM, and the CD3+ cell surface antigen is CD3. Other antigens include, for example, the breast cancer-associated antigen HER2. Antibodies against this antigen are known.

10

In another embodiment, the first antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding portion of an anti-EpCAM antibody, and the second antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding portion of the antibody designated OKT3. In another embodiment, the anti-EpCAM antibody comprises the antigen-binding portion of the antibody designated GA733.2.

In the first composition, each antigen-binding moiety preferably comprises the antigen-binding portion of an antibody. The antigen-binding portions can be, for example, Fab portions.

In one embodiment of the first composition, the composition comprises a single polypeptide chain which forms the first and second antigen-binding moieties and the linker moiety. In another embodiment, each of the first and second antigen-binding moieties further comprises a second polypeptide chain.

30

This invention further provides a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:2). This polypeptide is referred to herein as E3Bi, and comprises an anti-EpCAM and anti-CD3 domain.

35

This invention further provides a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in Figure 25 (SEQ ID NO:4).

5 This invention further provides a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety having a length of at least 16 amino residues. In one embodiment, the
10 nucleic acid has the nucleotide sequence shown in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:1). In another embodiment, the nucleic acid has the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 24 (SEQ ID NO:3).

15 The nucleic acid can be, for example, DNA or RNA, and is preferably DNA. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid is an expression vector. Expression vectors include, for example, plasmids, cosmids, bacteriophages and eukaryotic viruses. In one embodiment, the eukaryotic virus is an
20 adenovirus or a retrovirus.

This invention further provides a host-vector system comprising a host cell transfected with the instant expression vector.

25

This invention further provides a method for producing a polypeptide comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety having a length of
30 at least 16 amino residues, which method comprises (a) culturing the instant host-vector system under conditions permitting the expression of the polypeptide, and (b) recovering the polypeptide so expressed.

This invention further provides a second composition of matter comprising (a) the instant composition and (b) a cell having on its surface the antigen to which the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds. In one
5 embodiment, the cell is a CD3+ cell and the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to CD3.

In another embodiment, the cell is a T cell, the first antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding
10 portion of the antibody designated OKT3, and the second antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding portion of the antibody designated GA733.2. In one embodiment, the composition of (a) is present in a ratio of from about 5-500 ng per million cells of (b).

15

This invention further provides a method for increasing the activity of a CD3+ cell comprising contacting the cell with the first composition.

20 This invention further provides a method for treating a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, comprising administering to the subject (a) an agent known to ameliorate the disorder via contact with the abnormal cell, and (b) the above-
25 described composition, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the agent, and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the abnormal cell.

30 In one embodiment, the subject is selected from the group consisting of a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a dog, a cat, a rabbit and a primate. In the preferred embodiment, the subject is a human.

35 The disorder treated by the instant method can be any

disorder mediated by an abnormal cell. Such disorders include, without limitation, cancer and specifically tumors. Cancer includes, without limitation, solid tumors, metastatic tumor cells and nonsolid cancers of
5 the blood, marrow, and lymphatic systems. Tumors include, for example, carcinomas (cancers derived from epithelial cells), sarcomas (derived from mesenchymal tissues), lymphomas (solid tumors of lymphoid tissues), and leukemias (marrow or blood borne tumors of lymphocytes or
10 other hematopoietic cells).

In a particular embodiment of the instant method, the agent is a CD3+ cell, the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to CD3 (or any other T cell antigen),
15 and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to EpCAM. In another embodiment, the composition comprises the polypeptide whose amino acid sequence is shown in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:2). In another embodiment, the composition comprises the polypeptide
20 whose amino acid sequence is shown in Figure 25 (SEQ ID NO:4).

This invention further provides a method for treating a subject afflicted with a tumor comprising administering
25 to the subject (a) Interleukin-2 (IL-2), (b) T cells, and (c) the antibody designated E3Bi. The T cells can be, for example, activated T cells or non-activated T cells.

In one embodiment, the subject is selected from the group
30 consisting of a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a dog, a cat, a rabbit and a primate. In the preferred embodiment, the subject is a human.

This invention further provides a kit for use in treating
35 a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the

presence of an abnormal cell, comprising (a) the first instant composition, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on an agent known to ameliorate the disorder and the second
5 antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the abnormal cells, and (b) instructions for use.

This invention further provides a kit for use in treating
10 a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, comprising (a) the first instant composition, and (b) the agent known to ameliorate the disorder. In one embodiment of the instant kits, the composition of (a) comprises a
15 polypeptide having the sequence shown in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:2). In another embodiment of the instant kits, the composition of (a) comprises a polypeptide having the sequence shown in Figure 25 (SEQ ID NO:4).

20

Finally, this invention provides a kit for use in treating a subject afflicted with a tumor comprising (a) Interleukin-2 (IL-2), (b) T cells, (c) the antibody designated E3Bi, and (d) instructions for use. The T
25 cells can be, for example, activated T cells or non-activated T cells.

This invention will be better understood from the Experimental Details that follow. However, one skilled
30 in the art will readily appreciate that the specific methods and results discussed are merely illustrative of the invention as described more fully in the claims that follow thereafter.

Experimental Details

Introduction

5 The immunotherapeutic approach of using armed T cells with chemically conjugated bi-specific monoclonal antibodies (BsAbs) has shown specific cytotoxicity against tumor cells. This BsAb carries dual specific "arms", one arm recognizing and specifically binding to a tumor
10 associated antigen (TAA), the other one to the CD3 receptor of T cells. When a BsAb bridges a T cell and a tumor cell, the armed T cell can bypass the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) restriction and become a TAA-specific cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL). In the
15 treatment of cancers, BsAbs have shown improvement of survival in humans and complete tumor eradication in animals.

Unfortunately, the use of these BsAbs is limited for
20 long-term treatments for the following reasons. (1) Patients develop immune reactions against the BsAb because the BsAb was originally generated in mice. (2) The BsAb production is inconsistent from batch to batch. Using antibody engineering technologies, a genetically
25 engineered recombinant BsAb (E3Bi) was constructed which contains only the sites for tumor and T cell binding but not the immunogenic site of the antibodies which causes unwanted reactions in patients. Generating highly purified protein products is greatly simplified and the
30 entire procedure can be used in commercial production.

The TAA that E3Bi targets is called EpCAM (epithelial cell adhesion molecule). EpCAM is over-expressed in all adenocarcinomas. Since EpCAM is a membrane protein and
35 there is no soluble form in the serum to block antigen

binding sites, and since EpCAM over-expressed in nearly all types of tumors, EpCAM was chosen as an ideal target for the E3Bi approach.

- 5 A re-BsAb was constructed from the mAb GA733.2 and mAb OKT3, and called E3Bi. GA733.2 recognizes EpCAM (8).

The tumor targets

- 10 EpCAM (epithelial cell adhesion molecule, also called EGP-2, EGP-40, 17-1A, KSA) is a TAA that is over-expressed in all adenocarcinomas (23). Since EpCAM is a membrane protein and there is no soluble form of it in the serum to block antigen binding sites, EpCAM is an
15 ideal target for the re-BsAb approach. Figure 1 shows the surface antibody staining of EpCAM in colorectal (left) and breast (middle) cancer, as well as in normal epithelium (right).
- 20 EpCAM is a well-studied and characterized tumor antigen. Two antibodies, CO17-1A and GA733.2, bind to EpCAM, but at different epitopes and with different affinities. CO17-1A has been used in clinical trials to treat colorectal cancer following surgery (6). However, there
25 were no detectable immune responses reported. To direct a T cell to specifically target a TAA, the T cell receptor (TCR) can be engineered so that it carries the binding sites of a mAb that recognizes a TAA. This technique is also called a "T-body" or chimeric TCR (ch-TCR) approach.
- 30 Daly et al. showed that only GA733.2 ch-TCR, not CO17-1A ch-TCR, bound to EpCAM-positive tumor targets (4), probably because GA733.2 has a greater affinity than does CO17-1A ($5 \times 10^8 \text{ M}^{-1}$ compared with $0.7 \times 10^8 \text{ M}^{-1}$, respectively (8)).

Preliminary Work

5 Addition of a hinge spacer can significantly
 increase the tumor-binding and killing function of a
 ch-TCR

10 Two ch-TCRs (Figure 2) have been constructed. One has a
 hinge (H) insert and the other does not. Both ch-TCRs
 contain the scFv of the mAb GA733.2 that binds to the
 EpCAM and a T cell signaling domain that triggers T cell
 activation. Both the FcR γ -chain (GAH γ) and TCR ζ -chain
 (GAH ζ) were used as the T cell signaling domain. This ch-
 TCR was transduced into an activated T cell (ATC) via a
 retrovirus. These results show that T cells carrying this
15 ch-TCR specifically and efficiently target and lyse tumor
 cells (18), and the hinge spacer can increase the
 specific tumor lytic function (Figures 3 and 4).

20 The addition of a hinge between the scFv and γ -chain
 greatly increased cytotoxic activity (18) (Figure 3).
 These results support the belief that the hinge spacer
 between these two scFv motifs improves binding efficiency
 to the targets as well as cytotoxicity.

25 Matthias Mack's group has designed a re-BsAb against
 EpCAM that is generated from a M79 hybridism (anti-17-1A)
 and they have shown its specific cytotoxicity *in vitro*
 (10, 14, 15). A 5-amino acid linker (G₄S₁) bridges these
 two scFvs in their respective re-BsAb. To date, they have
30 not reported any results from *in vivo* experiments or
 clinical trials. However, their work has contributed to
 an improved design of re-BsAb: (1) the efficacy of the
 dual-headed recombinant antibody which contains only the
 scFv domains; (2) the feasibility of using mammalian CHO
35 cells to express the fully functional recombinant
 protein; (3) the unnecessary addition of a co-stimulation

portion in a re-BsAb construct; and (4) the stability of re-BsAb at 4°C for at least 6 months.

5 *The mAb, GA733.2, specifically binds to EpCAM-positive tumor cells, and not to EpCAM-negative cells*

The cell line NCI-H716 is originally generated from cecum tumor cells that are EpCAM-negative. Using H716 as
10 negative control, it was demonstrated that GA733.2 only targets EpCAM-positive cells (Figure 5).

15 *BsAbs are effective at specifically targeting tumor cells and generating cytolytic activity, and pre-arming T cells with BsAb before infusion increases the efficiency of BsAb-mediated tumor killing*

To evaluate the potential efficacy of the E3Bi approach in future cancer therapy, the chemically heteroconjugated
20 BsAb (OKT3/9184) targeting Her2/neu-positive breast cancer MCF-7 cells (21) was tested. In these experiments, there was a significant difference observed between adding the BsAb directly to the T cell and tumor cell mixture and pre-arming by adding the BsAb to T cells
25 first, and then adding the armed T cells to the tumor targets (21) (data not shown). Figure 6 shows, in the upper left panel, that activated T cells (ATCs) which had been cultured for 14 days and armed with 50 ng of BsAb (per 10⁶ cells) bind to and then kill MCF-7 cells. The
30 lower left panel shows the un-armed ATC control. The ATCs in the upper right panel have been armed with irrelevant mAbs and those shown in the lower right have been armed with non-conjugated mAbs.

35 In order to determine the optimal arming dose for OKT3/9184, dose titration studies were performed at effector-to-target ratios of from 5:1 to 25:1. Increasing the arming doses led to increasing the mean percentage

specific cytotoxicity. Figure 7 shows the specific cytolytic activity at different doses using ATCs from three healthy donors.

- 5 Using SCID mice and Winn assays (co-injection of tumor and T cells), a BsAb (OKT3xT84.66) was tested that specifically targets CEA (carcinoembryonic antigen)-positive colon cancer. The CEA-positive colorectal tumor cell line, LS174T, was used for these studies. Figure 8
10 shows that OKT3xT84.66 BsAb can prevent tumor progression and death in 40% of the mice.

Further Experiments

- 15 It is maintained that (1) the re-BsAb E3Bi, derived from mAb GA733.2, binds to EpCAM on tumor cells better than the re-BsAb from mAb CO17-1A; (2) a hinge addition between two scFv motifs enhances the binding efficiency; and (3) pre-arming ATCs with the re-BsAb before infusion
20 improves efficiency and minimizes clinical toxicity.

Purpose and Methods of Study

Specific Aims

25

To test this position, the following experiments were designed as set forth below.

- Experiment 1:* Construct E3Bi from two single chain
30 fragments of variable regions (scFvs) of mAbs GA733.2 and OKT3, and insert a linker from the CD8 α hinge-like region (H) between these two scFvs. As a control, the H linker is replaced with a traditional glycine-serine linker, (G₃S₁)₃. A 6xHis-tag is also constructed into the C-
35 terminus of this recombinant protein for affinity

purification purposes.

Experiment 2: Express E3Bi in the mammalian cell line CHO and affinity purify E3Bi.

5

Experiment 3: Evaluate the specific cytolytic function of E3Bi *in vitro* (using EpCAM-positive colon cancer cell line LS174T, and using EpCAM-negative cecum cancer cell line H716 as a negative control) and *in vivo* (using
10 Beige-SCID mice).

Significance of the Instant Technology

The biggest challenge for cancer treatment is to direct a
15 patient's own immune system to fight cancer. In general, tumor growth is the result of a defective immune system in which the MHC (major histocompatibility complex) fails to present tumor antigens to the immune system and to generate enough specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTL).
20 Therefore, the adoptive immunotherapy strategies hold promise for cancer therapy because the focus of these treatments is to redirect a patient's own immune system to bypass MHC-restricted recognition and directly target tumor cells.

25

There are three major approaches in recently developed adoptive immunotherapy protocols. (1) Genetic modification of T cells to carry a chimeric T cell receptor (ch-TCR) that can recognize a specific tumor
30 cell. Upon binding to the tumor cell, the ch-TCR will trigger the T cell to become a CTL and kill specific tumor cells. Because of the involvement of retrovirus production and gene transduction into ATCs *in vitro*, this treatment could be very expensive. (2) Dendritic cell
35 (DC)-mediated tumor vaccination. Tumor antigens are

introduced into DCs so that they can present these tumor antigens to T cells and generate specific CTL. This strategy has not yet shown clinical success. Because there is no product that can be manufactured and specially trained medical technicians and facilities are required to perform this procedure, this treatment could also be very expensive and inconsistent. (3) Use of a conjugated bi-specific antibody (BsAb) molecule as a bridge between a tumor cell and a T cell so that the tumor cell will directly trigger the T cell to become a tumor-specific CTL.

Although the ch-TCR and DC approaches are important regarding proof-of-principle, they are very difficult, inconsistent and expensive to use in treating patients. Among these three approaches, the BsAb approach holds the greatest promise for clinical applications. It is technically feasible and straightforward.

The engineered recombinant BsAb approach (re-BsAb) overcomes the limitations of chemically heteroconjugated BsAbs because only the binding sites of the antibodies are selectively engineered, and not the regions that may cause side effects such as HAMA reactions. The re-BsAb product can be pure and consistent from lot to lot, while the chemically conjugated BsAb is only about 15-30% pure and the product is very inconsistent. The other advantage of this re-BsAb is that large-scale production is possible.

Again, this invention provides a re-BsAb with improved tumor-killing efficiency. This is accomplished in several ways: (1) using an antibody that has higher binding affinity; (2) adding a longer spacer between two binding sites; (3) producing this protein in mammalian

cells; and (4) arming a patient's T cells with this re-BsAb *in vitro* before infusing the patient.

Relevance to Cancer

5
Relapse rates remain unacceptably high after conventional treatments currently in use for solid tumors, like adjuvant chemotherapy/radiotherapy or even stem cell transplantation. There is an urgent need for nontoxic and
10 tumor-specific approaches following both conventional and high dose chemotherapy to eradicate residual tumor cells and improve overall and disease-free survival. The goal of the E3Bi approach is to redirect a patient's own immune system to specifically eradicate residual tumor
15 cells following conventional treatments.

Because arming T cells with E3Bi will turn every T cell into a tumor-antigen specific CTL, E3Bi offers a very effective cancer immunotherapy approach. This product
20 will have much less toxicity because the patient's own T cells will be stimulated to eradicate tumor cells. Pre-arming T cells before infusion will further increase the efficiency and specificity of this re-BsAb. Multiple infusions of these armed T cells over a longer period of
25 time are expected to eradicate residual tumor cells more effectively compared to other immunotherapy approaches. The specificity of E3Bi is unique because these armed T cells will locally deposit at a specific tumor site and kill tumor cells. Furthermore, they will also attack
30 residual tumor cells that have already spread prior to surgery.

Because colorectal cancer has the highest incidence among all types of cancer in the U.S., patients with colorectal
35 cancer are envisioned as an important treatment group.

Since EpCAM, the cell surface tumor marker recognized by E3Bi, is over-expressed in all adenocarcinomas (23), a very important aspect of E3Bi is that it has use with respect to most solid tumors as well.

5

It is expected that this re-BsAb will not only eradicate residual tumor cells, but will be part of adjuvant therapy for a variety of EpCAM+ tumors.

10 Features of E3Bi

The design of E3Bi is unique and offers several advantages over other re-BsAbs that have been published (25).

15

(i) The vector pG1EN is used for production of re-BsAb for the first time. Based on previous experience, this vector is highly effective in penetrating mammalian cell membranes, integrating cDNA into the host genome and promoting gene expression.

20

(ii) Mammalian cells (CHO cells) are used as E3Bi producer cells because mammalian proteins produced in the traditional bacterial cell *E. coli* may not fold properly and therefore may not function correctly.

25

(iii) The hinge spacer (63 amino acids) used for E3Bi has never been used for re-BsAb construction. The longer linker between two scFvs in E3Bi will provide the space needed for the interaction of a tumor cell and a T cell (18) and, therefore, is expected to increase the binding and tumor killing efficiency of E3Bi.

30

(iv) mAb GA733.2 is used for constructing a re-BsAb for the first time. Both GA733.2 and CO17-1A target EpCAM,

35

but at two different epitopes (7). GA733.2 has a higher affinity for EpCAM antigen than does CO17-1A and produces stronger cytotoxicity against EpCAM-positive tumor cells (4). Increasing the affinity for a tumor antigen enhances the cytotoxicity of a bi-specific antibody.

(v) T cells from a patient are activated, expanded, armed with E3Bi and frozen for later infusion into the same patient. This *in vitro* arming protocol is the first of its kind used for a re-BsAb. It is believed that this approach not only provides a large quantity of activated and armed tumor-killing T cells, but also reduces the possible toxicity and increases the efficiency of E3Bi.

15 Detailed Experimental Methods

(1) Construction of E3Bi cDNA into a high expression vector

20 Figures 9-11 illustrate the design of E3Bi. (Also shown are the cloning of a hinge to the 3'-end of EpCAM scFv (Figure 15), the construction of OKT3 scFv (Figure 16), the assembly of E3 to pG1EN (Figure 17), the replacement of a hinge with GS-linker GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (Figure 18), and a circular map of pG1EN-EH3.His (Figure 19)).

The E3Bi cDNA is generated by combining variable light (V_L) and heavy (V_H) chains of mAbs GA733.2 and OKT3 that are amplified by PCR. The E3Bi cDNA is then inserted into an expression vector, pG1EN. PG1EN is generated from the Maloney murine leukemia virus (MMLV) and is replication incompetent due to the lack of three genes that are essential for virus formation, *gag*, *env* and *pol*. This insures against retroviral replication. Based on previous experience (18), this vector is highly efficient in producing stably transduced mammalian cells and promoting

gene expression. The anti-CD3 scFv is generated from OKT3 hybridoma cells (ATCC, Rockville, MD).

The E3Bi gene expression is driven by long terminal repeats (LTR). This vector contains a leader sequence from the k light chain to penetrate cell membranes, a neomycin phosphotransferase gene (neo^r) for drug selection, a splicing donor (SD)/splicing acceptor (SA) to enhance the efficiency of transcription, and an internal ribosome entry site (IRES) for driving neo^r gene transcription. A 6xHis-tag is added to the C-terminal end for affinity purification of this re-BsAb protein. These two scFvs are linked through a long hinge that is cloned from the CD8 α hinge-like region. By adding distance from the scFv to the plasma membrane, the hinge spacer has shown increased tumor binding and killing activity in connection with the chimeric TCR approach (16, 18). Figure 3 shows that in both healthy donors and patients, the ch-TCR with a hinge (GAH) significantly increased the specific tumor cytotoxicity and cytokine secretion (IFN- γ and TNF- α) by about two-fold (compared to a ch-TCR without a hinge) (18). However, the hinge approach has never before been applied for re-BsAb construction. The hinge is expected to give the re-BsAb flexibility and rotational freedom leading to a better bridge between a tumor cell and a T cell.

(2) Expression of E3Bi in eukaryotic cells

Most re-BsAbs are expressed in a traditional prokaryotic expression system (24). However, the re-BsAb protein may not fold properly in prokaryotic cells (14). Therefore, a eukaryotic cell line, the Chinese hamster ovary cell line (CHO, GIBCO Life-technologies, Rockville, MD), is transfected. Specifically, CHO is transfected with the

standard CaPO₄ precipitation method (17) and cultured in the presence of the selection drug, G418. The stably transfected CHO cells form colonies after 10-14 days. The colonies are selected for the highest quantity of the re-
5 BsAb production and evaluated by ELISA for the presence of a 6xHis-tag (Ni-NTA HisSorb Plates, QIAGEN, Valencia, CA). The re-BsAb is secreted into the culture medium that is used directly for functional evaluation without further purification. The CHO clone with the highest
10 yield of re-BsAb is grown as non-adherent cells in a serum-free medium specially constituted for CHO (CD-CHO, GIBCO). The medium containing E3Bi is collected every 24 hr or as otherwise determined.

15 (3) *Functional assays of E3Bi*

(3.1) *In vitro studies*

Specific cytolytic and cytokine production assays are
20 performed in both EpCAM-positive (LS174T from ATCC) and negative cells (H716 from ATCC) using the same techniques as described before (18, 21). Figure 8 demonstrates that, using anti-EpCAM mAb (GA733.2) staining, LS174T colorectal cells show very strong surface EpCAM
25 expression.

For these *in vitro* studies, T cells from healthy donors are isolated from 40 cc peripheral blood, activated with anti-CD3 mAb at 10-50 ng/1x10⁶ T cells/ml, and expanded
30 for 14 days in the presence of 100 IU of IL-2 and 10% fetal calf serum in the medium, RPMI-1640 (BioWittaker, Walkersville, MD). On day 14, the ATCs are armed with different doses of E3Bi and rocked for 1 hr at 4°C. The cells are washed twice with RPMI-1640 to eliminate excess
35 unbound E3Bi. The armed and unarmed ATCs are added to the

target tumor cells at effector-to-target ratios from 1:1 to 10:1. Cytotoxicity assays (^{51}Cr release assay) and IFN- γ production assays (ELISA) are performed in triplicate. The dose, time and temperature in the arming procedure are evaluated. To test the specific targeting of E3Bi against EpCAM, a blocking assay is performed using the anti-Id antibody against the scFv of GA733.2. The cytotoxicity and ELISA assays are analyzed statistically with a standard statistical package, a paired t -test or Wilcoxon signed tank test using the SigmaStat. All *in vitro* assays are repeated with at least 5 unrelated subjects. The significant cytotoxic functions of E3Bi are analyzed with a paired t -test or Wilcoxon signed tank test using SigmaStat.

15

(3.2) *In vivo studies*

In vivo functional assays are performed in animal models. Four to eight week-old female beige SCID mice are used for these studies (Taconic Pharm, Germantown, NY). These mice carry the SCID mutation that causes a deficiency of both T and B cells resulting in cytotoxic T cell and macrophage defects as well as selective impairment of NK cell function. The animals are maintained in accordance with NIH animal care guidelines.

25

(3.2.1) *Winn assay*

The mice are divided into two groups; one group with "Winn Assay", which means 1×10^6 tumor cells are co-injected with armed ATCs (dose range from 1×10^6 to 10×10^6) subcutaneously into the upper right thigh of each animal or with unarmed T cells as a control. Tumor development is documented weekly. The other group is injected only with 1×10^6 tumor cells subcutaneously into the upper right

35

thigh of each animal. Once the tumor is established (>5mm, about 4 weeks), armed or unarmed T cells at different doses are injected twice a week directly into the center of the tumor mass. As a control, mice from both groups are divided into three sub-groups: the first group receives no T cells; the second group is injected with unarmed T cells, and the third group is injected with armed T cells with E3Bi. The tumor development is measured and documented every 2 days. The tumor cells used for these *in vivo* studies are LS174T (human colorectal adenocarcinoma cells). T cells are extracted from the peripheral blood of both healthy donors and patients. The animals are sacrificed by CO₂ gas overdose once the tumor size exceeds 1.5 cm. By week 8-10 after treatment, all animals are sacrificed. All data are analyzed using a paired *t*-test or Wilcoxon test on signed rank test using SigmaStat.

(3.2.2) *Tumor xenograft model - Xenografted mice with EpCAM+ tumor cells*

The *in vivo* anti-tumor response of E3Bi was also evaluated in a tumor xenograft model by tumor growth delay assay. In SCID-Beige mice bearing xenografted LS174T tumors, the average time for tumors to reach four times their pre-treatment volume (0.5 cc) varied significantly between the following three treatment groups ($p = 0.0034$): animals treated by intratumoral (i.t.) injections with IL-2 alone; with IL-2 plus ATC; and with IL-2 plus E3Bi/ATC. Administration of ATC with IL-2 resulted in a tumor growth delay of 7 days compared to IL-2 treatment alone ($p > 0.05$), while addition of E3Bi to the treatment regimen significantly increased tumor growth delay by 12 days compared to IL-2 alone. ($p < 0.01$).

As shown in Figure 21, these results show that E3Bi significantly prolongs the survival rate of tumor-bearing mice, and therefore, provide a therapeutic advantage for using E3Bi with ATC/IL-2 to increase tumor growth
5 inhibitions.

The same xenografted mouse model was also used to evaluate the trafficking and high dose tolerance of parenterally-administered E3Bi *in vivo*. Four-week old
10 SCID-Beige mice were divided into four groups: i.t. injection of IL-2 only (1×10^4 IU/kg); i.t. injection of IL-2 and ATC (2×10^9 cells/kg); i.v. injection of a low (1 mg/kg) or high (10 mg/kg) dose E3Bi along with an i.t. injection of IL-2/ATC. Each mouse received two i.v.
15 injections (day 1 and day 3) of E3Bi and two i.t. injections of IL-2/ATC, day 1 with 14-day old ATC from a healthy donor (N4) and day 3 with 17-day old. Tumor necrosis was observed within 48 h after the injection in mice receiving high dose E3Bi, but not in mice receiving
20 low dose E3Bi, ATC/IL-2 or IL-2 only. High dose E3Bi was well-tolerated with no evidence of any side effects.

The tumor size more than doubled in the mice receiving only ATC/IL-2 while it remained largely unchanged in mice
25 receiving low dose E3Bi after 7 days from the first injection. In addition to the observed necrosis (E) of tumors in mice receiving high dose of E3Bi, the tumors in these mice demonstrate partial regression within 7 days of initial treatment.

30

Figure 22 further supports the targeting specificity of E3Bi to EpCAM+ over-expressing tumors *in vivo*. Mice with established LS174T tumors were treated with ATC or ATC followed by an IV injection of low or high dose E3Bi, and
35 excised 24 h later. The viability of treated cells was

measured as the surviving fraction of tumor cells after
in vivo treatment with IL-2, IL-2/ATC and IL-2/ATC/E3Bi.
Though ATC treatment alone produced no cytotoxic effect
on tumor cells, administration of low dose (1 mg/kg) E3Bi
5 in conjunction with ATC treatment produced a 40% decrease
in tumor cell survival. Increasing the E3Bi dose to 10
mg/kg significantly decreased the tumor cell survival by
90% ($p < 0.05$). Combined with the tumor growth
inhibition studies, these results show that E3Bi
10 delivered systematically traffics, binds and produces
cytotoxic effects to EpCAM+ over-expressing tumor cells
in vivo.

15 (3.2.3) *E3Bi triggered cytotoxicity of non-
activated T cell activation*

E3Bi also directly triggers non-activating T-cells to
kill tumor cells. For example, E3Bi triggered CD4+ and
CD8+ populations in peripheral blood mononuclear cells
20 (PBMC) to become activated in the presence of LS174T
tumor cells (data not shown). Both T cell activation
markers, CD25 and CD69, increased upon activation by E3Bi
and resulted in increased cytolytic activity of T-cells,
as shown in Figure 23.

25 Figure 23 illustrates that E3Bi triggers cytotoxicity in
PBMC, which include non-activated T cells. 1, 2, and 3
day cytotoxicity assays (CML) were conducted using PBMC
as the effectors and LS174T colon tumor cells as target
30 cells. On day 3, the cytotoxicity of PBMC rose to 70%,
and therefore, shows that E3Bi significantly triggers the
cytotoxicity of PBMC ($p = 0.0088$). This Figure also
shows some non-MHC restricted and non-specific cytolytic
activity of T cells in the E3Bi- group; however, this
35 cytolytic activity is insignificant, $p > 0.05$.

(3.3) Anticipated obstacles

(3.3.1) Clearance of E3Bi by kidney before it can attack tumors

5 One major concern for a small sized re-BsAb is that it can be cleared rapidly by the kidney, and therefore, the amount of its retention by the tumor is very limited (3, 22). To overcome this problem, T cells are pre-armed *in vitro* with E3Bi before infusion so that the small E3Bi will remain attached to the CD3 receptor on the T cells while traveling in the body and, therefore, be protected from rapid kidney clearance. More importantly, pre-arming the T cells *in vitro* will dramatically improve the 10 killing efficiency (data not shown). Existing methodology enables one to pre-arm T cells *in vitro* for future clinical trials. The pre-arming procedure includes (1) mixing day 14 ATCs with different doses of E3Bi in a tube and rocking for one hour at 4°C; (2) washing twice to 15 remove unbound E3Bi; and (3) infusing the armed T cells at a concentration of 1×10^7 cells/ml.

(3.3.2) No costimulation

25 Without CD28 costimulation, T cell activation can result in activation-induced T cell apoptosis (AICD) and as a consequence, reduced tumor killing efficiency *in vivo*. These phenomena have not been observed using ch-TCR (18, 19) and BsAb (10). However, to confirm that there is no 30 AICD in re-BsAb-mediated tumor killing activities and the armed ATCs can be recycled *in vivo*, bystander-killing assays, apoptosis assays (Annexin V staining) and $^3\text{[H]}$ -thymidine proliferation assays are performed. Following tumor exposure, the fate of armed T cells is studied with 35 and without the E3Bi.

(4) *Affinity purification of E3Bi*

The high producer cells are grown in suspension in the serum-free medium, CHO-S-SFM II (GIBCO), which is a
5 constituted medium developed specifically for CHO cells growing in suspension. The supernatant containing the released E3Bi is collected every 24 hr and affinity purified by applying it to Ni-NTA spin columns. These columns can purify up to 150 mg of E3Bi in a one-step
10 affinity purification of 6xHis-tag-containing recombinant protein (QIAGEN). The columns are washed and eluted according to the manufacturer's instructions. The quality of the purified product is evaluated by denaturing gel electrophoresis and Western blot. For the short term,
15 E3Bi is stored in phosphate-buffered saline at 4°C, lyophilized and stored at -20°C for the long term.

(5) *Affinity purification of E3Bi*

20 Collected supernatant containing the E3Bi is applied to a Ni-NTA agarose column (nickel-charged resin, QIAGEN). The concentration of eluted E3Bi is tested with the BCA testing kit (BCA-200 Protein Assay Kit, Bio-Rad, Hercules, CA). The final product is filtered through a
25 0.22 mm filter, aliquoted in 1 mg protein/ml PBS/vial and stored in the -20°C freezer. This affinity purification is conducted in a cold box (4°C) in the GMP lab.

(6) *Activation and expansion of T cells in vitro*

30 It is routine to activate T cells in gas-permeable plastic bags with anti-CD3 antibody, OKT3 (OrthoBiotech, Raritan, NJ). Briefly, T cells from healthy donors or patients are transferred into bags at a concentration of
35 1×10^6 CD3⁺ cells/ml RPMI culture medium (BioWittaker)

supplemented with 2-5% human serum, 100-500 IU of IL-2/ml and 20 ng OKT3/ml. T cells are maintained at a concentration of 1×10^6 cells/ml for 14 days.

5 (7) *Arming activated T cells with E3Bi*

The procedure for arming T cells with E3Bi is adopted from established procedures for using chemically heteroconjugated BsAb. Briefly, day 14 ATCs are
10 transferred into a tube, washed and re-suspended in an optimal volume of culture medium containing the optimized dose of E3Bi. After incubation, excess E3Bi is washed twice by centrifugations. The armed ATCs are either aliquoted and frozen or directly used for functional
15 studies.

(8) *E3Bi-Mediated T Cell Killing*

As shown in Figure 12, T cell aggregation is dependent on
20 the E3Bi doses. Specifically, three photos show the binding of T cells (small round dots) and tumor cells (growing in "island-like" groups) mediated by E3Bi. The CHO cell culture supernatant that contains E3Bi was added to the T cell and tumor cell mixture. Panel A contains
25 no CHO supernatant and there is no binding or aggregation between T cells and tumor cells. In panel B (12.5%), there are a significant number of T cells attached to the tumor cells. In panel C (25%), all tumor cells are aggregated with T cells. These panels clearly show that
30 E3Bi can direct T cells to kill tumor cells. The concentration of E3Bi in the supernatant was not determined. As a control, the same CHO supernatant that contains recombinant protein other than E3Bi did not produce the same aggregation effects (data not shown).

35

Figure 13 shows a ^{51}Cr release assay of E3Bi-armed T cells. This cytotoxicity assay shows the percentage of targets (tumor cells) that are killed by the effectors (T cells) in the presence of E3Bi. "E/T" indicates the number of T cells per tumor cell. These data show that at 16 hours, about 70% of tumor cells are killed at E/T = 10, and 50% at E/T = 5. Supernatant collected from 50% confluent E3Bi-transduced CHO cell culture was used for this assay. The "mock" is a control, wherein only an "empty vector" (i.e., without an E3Bi insert) was transduced into CHO cells and the supernatant was used.

As shown in Figure 14, IFN- γ production is induced by different doses of E3Bi. CHO cell culture supernatant containing secreted E3Bi was added to T cell and tumor cell mixtures at different doses in microliters as indicated. The absolute concentration of E3Bi was not determined. The cytotoxic function of T cells is usually indicated by the amount of their IFN- γ production. These data clearly show that E3Bi induces significant IFN- γ production in a dose-dependent manner, while the control group does not stimulate IFN- γ production.

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What is claimed is:

1. A composition of matter comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety.
2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the flexible linker moiety comprises a polymer.
3. The composition of claim 1, wherein the flexible linker moiety comprises a polypeptide.
4. The composition of claim 3, wherein the polypeptide has a length of at least 16 amino acid residues.
5. The composition of claim 4, wherein the polypeptide has a length of between 16 amino acid residues and about 100 amino acid residues.
6. The composition of claim 5, wherein the polypeptide has a length of between 50 amino acid residues and about 75 amino acid residues.
7. The composition of claim 6, wherein the polypeptide has a length of about 63 amino acid residues.
8. The composition of claim 7, wherein the polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by nucleotide 2170-2358 shown in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:1).
9. The composition of claim 3, wherein the polypeptide comprises all or a portion of an antibody hinge

region.

10. The composition of claim 1, wherein the first and second antigen-binding moieties specifically bind to different antigens.
11. The composition of claim 10, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to a tumor cell surface antigen.
12. The composition of claim 10, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to a CD3+ cell surface antigen.
13. The composition of claim 10, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to a tumor cell surface antigen, and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to a CD3+ cell surface antigen.
14. The composition of claim 13, wherein the tumor cell surface antigen is EpCAM, and the CD3+ cell surface antigen is CD3.
15. The composition of claim 14, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding portion of an anti-EpCAM antibody, and the second antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding portion of the antibody designated OKT3.
16. The composition of claim 15, wherein the anti-EpCAM antibody comprises the antigen-binding portion of the antibody designated GA733.2.
17. A polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set

forth in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:2).

18. A polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in Figure 25 (SEQ ID NO:4).
- 5
19. The composition of claim 1, wherein each antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding portion of an antibody.
- 10 20. The composition of claim 19, wherein each antigen-binding portion of the antibody is a Fab portion.
21. The composition of claim 19, wherein the antibody is chimeric.
- 15
22. The composition of claim 3, wherein the composition comprises a single polypeptide chain which forms the first and second antigen-binding moieties and the linker moiety.
- 20
23. The composition of claim 22, wherein each of the first and second antigen-binding moieties further comprises a second polypeptide chain.
- 25 24. A nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety having a length of at least 16 amino residues.
- 30
25. The nucleic acid of claim 24 having the nucleotide sequence shown in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:1).
- 35 26. The nucleic acid of claim 24 having the nucleotide

sequence shown in Figure 24 (SEQ ID NO:3).

27. The nucleic acid of claim 24, wherein the nucleic acid is DNA or RNA.
- 5
28. The nucleic acid of claim 27, wherein the nucleic acid is DNA.
29. The nucleic acid of claim 24, wherein the nucleic acid is an expression vector.
- 10
30. The nucleic acid of claim 29, wherein the expression vector is selected from the group consisting of a plasmid, a cosmid, a bacteriophage and a eukaryotic virus.
- 15
31. The nucleic acid of claim 30, wherein the eukaryotic virus is an adenovirus or a retrovirus.
- 20
32. A host-vector system comprising a host cell transfected with the expression vector of claim 29.
33. A method for producing a polypeptide comprising a first antigen-binding moiety and a second antigen-binding moiety operably affixed to one another via a flexible linker moiety having a length of at least 16 amino residues, which method comprises (a) culturing the host-vector system of claim 32 under conditions permitting the expression of the polypeptide, and (b) recovering the polypeptide so expressed.
- 25
- 30
34. A composition of matter comprising (a) the composition of claim 1 and (b) a cell having on its surface the antigen to which the first antigen-
- 35

binding moiety specifically binds.

35. The composition of claim 34, wherein the cell is a CD3+ cell and the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to CD3.
5
36. The composition of claim 35, wherein the cell is a T-cell, the first antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding portion of the antibody designated OKT3, and the second antigen-binding moiety comprises the antigen-binding portion of the antibody designated GA733.2.
10
37. The composition of claim 34, wherein the composition of (a) is present in a ratio of from about 5-500 ng per million cells of (b).
15
38. A method for increasing the activity of a CD3+ cell comprising contacting the cell with the composition of claim 1.
20
39. A method for treating a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, comprising administering to the subject (a) an agent known to ameliorate the disorder via contact with the abnormal cell, and (b) the composition of claim 1, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the agent, and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the abnormal cell.
25
30
40. The method of claim 39, wherein the subject is selected from the group consisting of a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a dog, a cat, a rabbit and a
35

primate.

41. The method of claim 40, wherein the subject is a human.
- 5
42. The method of claim 39, wherein the disorder is a tumor.
43. The method of claim 42, wherein the agent is a CD3+ cell, the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to CD3, and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to EpCAM.
- 10
44. The method of claim 39, wherein the composition comprises the polypeptide whose amino acid sequence is shown in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 15
45. The method of claim 39, wherein the composition comprises the polypeptide whose amino acid sequence is shown in Figure 25 (SEQ ID NO:4).
- 20
46. A method for treating a subject afflicted with a tumor comprising administering to the subject (a) Interleukin-2 (IL-2), (b) T cells, and (c) the antibody designated E3Bi.
- 25
47. The method of claim 46, wherein the T cells are activated T cells.
- 30
48. The method of claim 46, wherein the T cells are non-activated T cells.
49. The method of claim 46, wherein the subject is selected from the group consisting of a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a dog, a cat, a rabbit and a
- 35

primate.

50. The method of claim 49, wherein the subject is a human.

5

51. A kit for use in treating a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, comprising (a) the composition of claim 1, wherein the first antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on an agent known to ameliorate the disorder and the second antigen-binding moiety specifically binds to an antigen present on the abnormal cell, and (b) instructions for use.

10

52. A kit for use in treating a subject afflicted with a disorder mediated by the presence of an abnormal cell, comprising (a) the composition of claim 1, and (b) the agent known to ameliorate the disorder.

15

53. The kit of claim 51 or 52, wherein the composition of (a) comprises a polypeptide having the sequence shown in Figures 20-1 to 20-15 (SEQ ID NO:2).

20

54. The kit of claim 51 or 52, wherein the composition of (a) comprises a polypeptide having the sequence shown in Figure 25 (SEQ ID NO:4).

25

55. A kit for use in treating a subject afflicted with a tumor comprising (a) Interleukin-2 (IL-2), (b) T cells, (c) the antibody designated E3Bi, and (d) instructions for use.

30

56. The kit of claim 55, wherein the T cells are activated T cells.

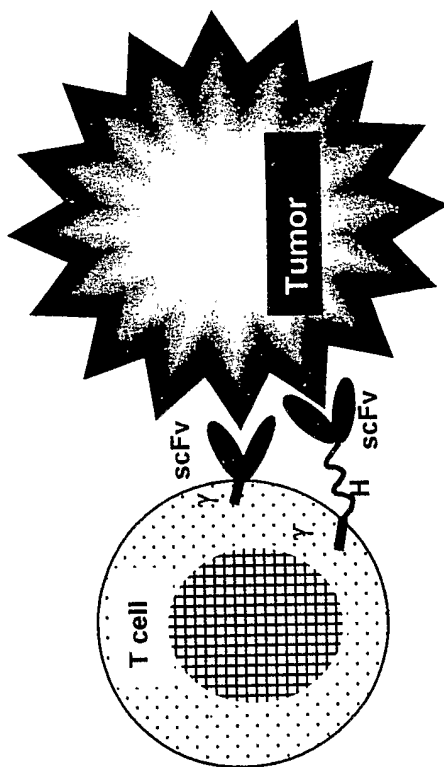
35

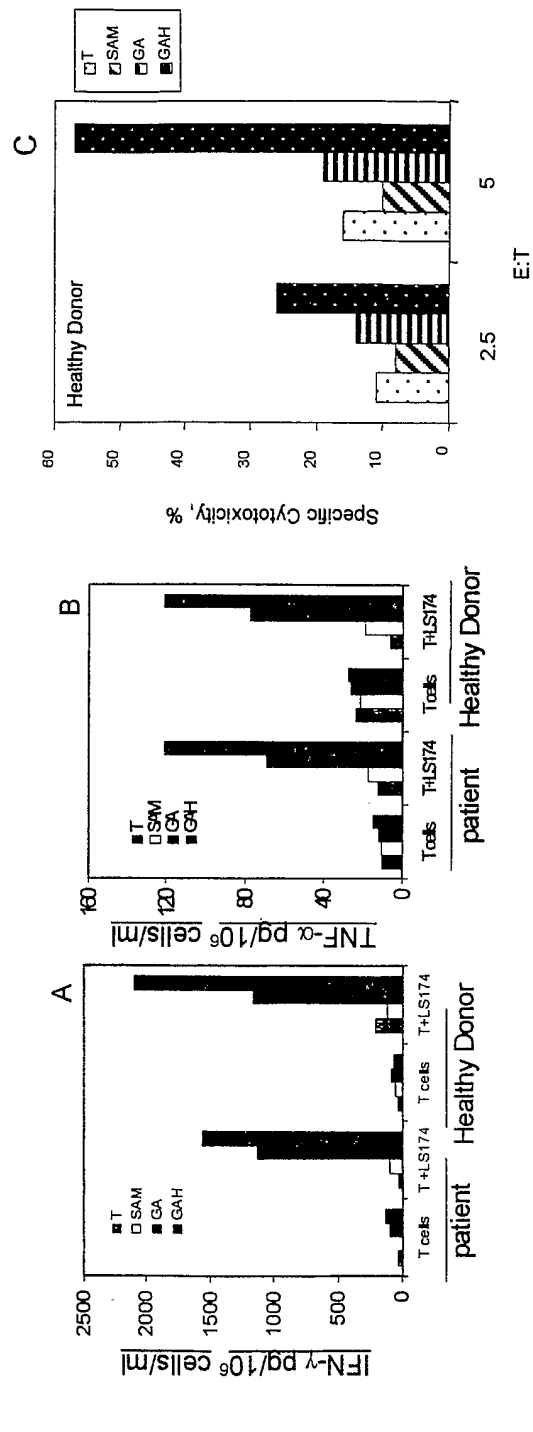
57. The kit of claim 55, wherein the T cells are non-activated T cells.

FIGURE 1



FIGURE 2





4/44

FIGURE 4

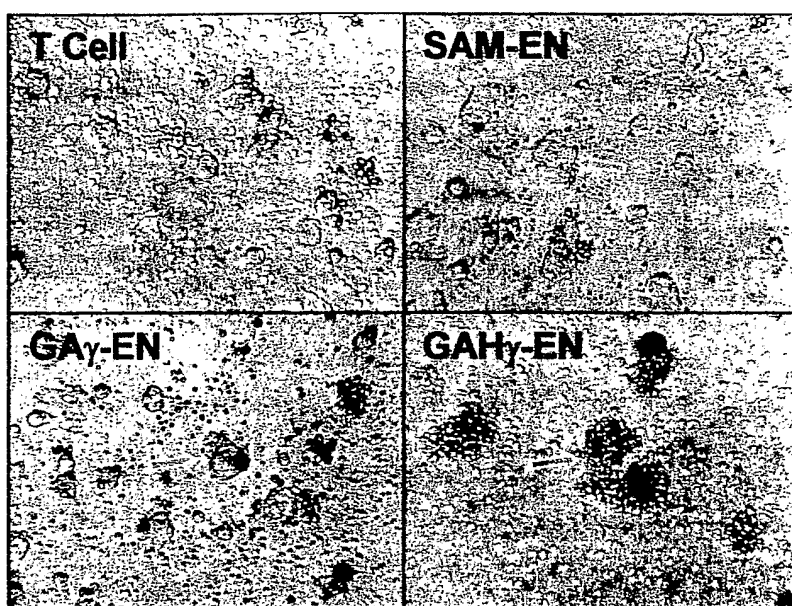
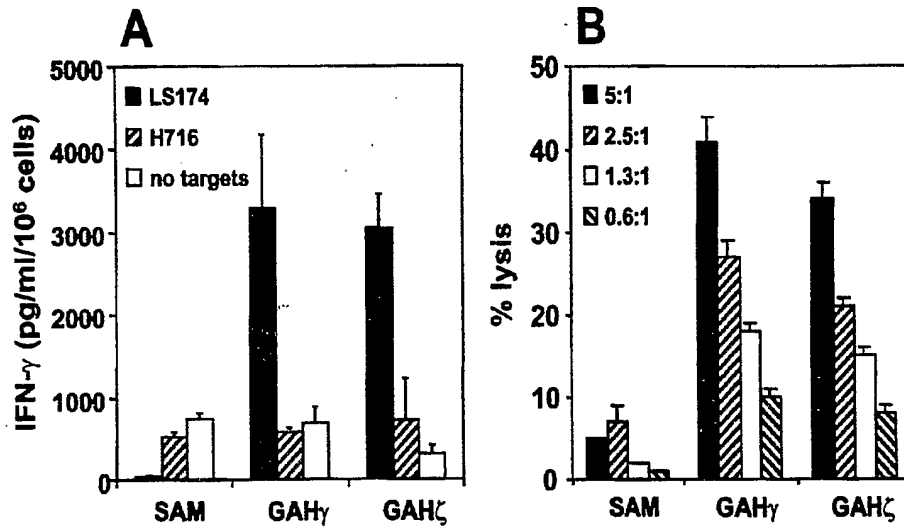


FIGURE 5



6/44

FIGURE 6

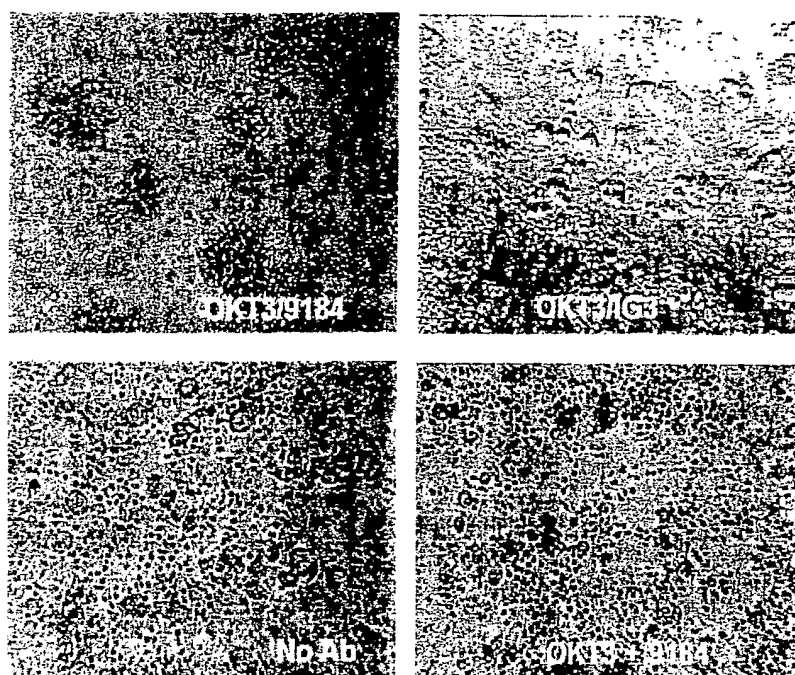


FIGURE 7

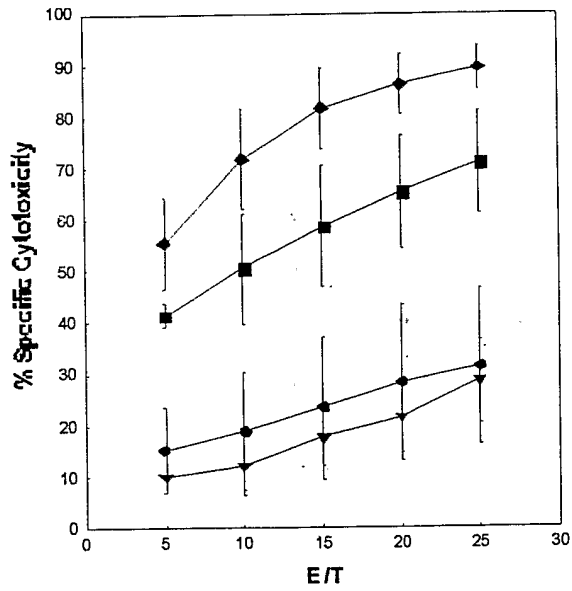
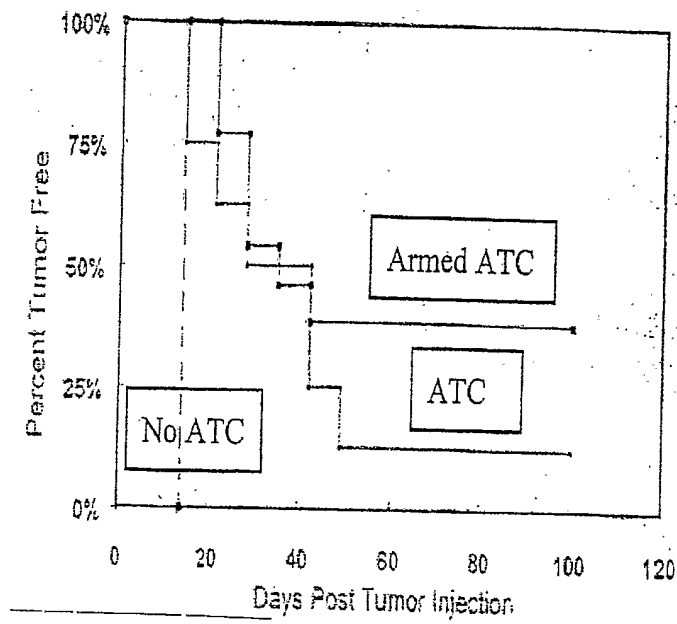


FIGURE 8



9/44

FIGURE 9

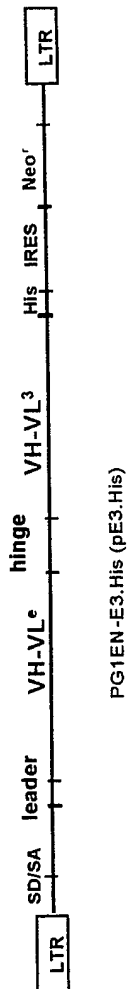
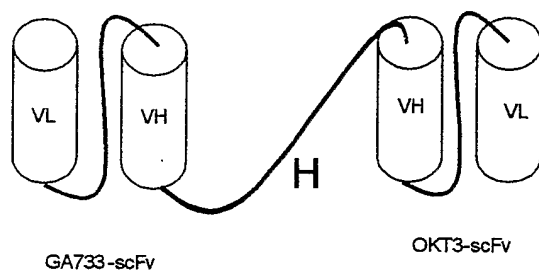


FIGURE 10



11/44

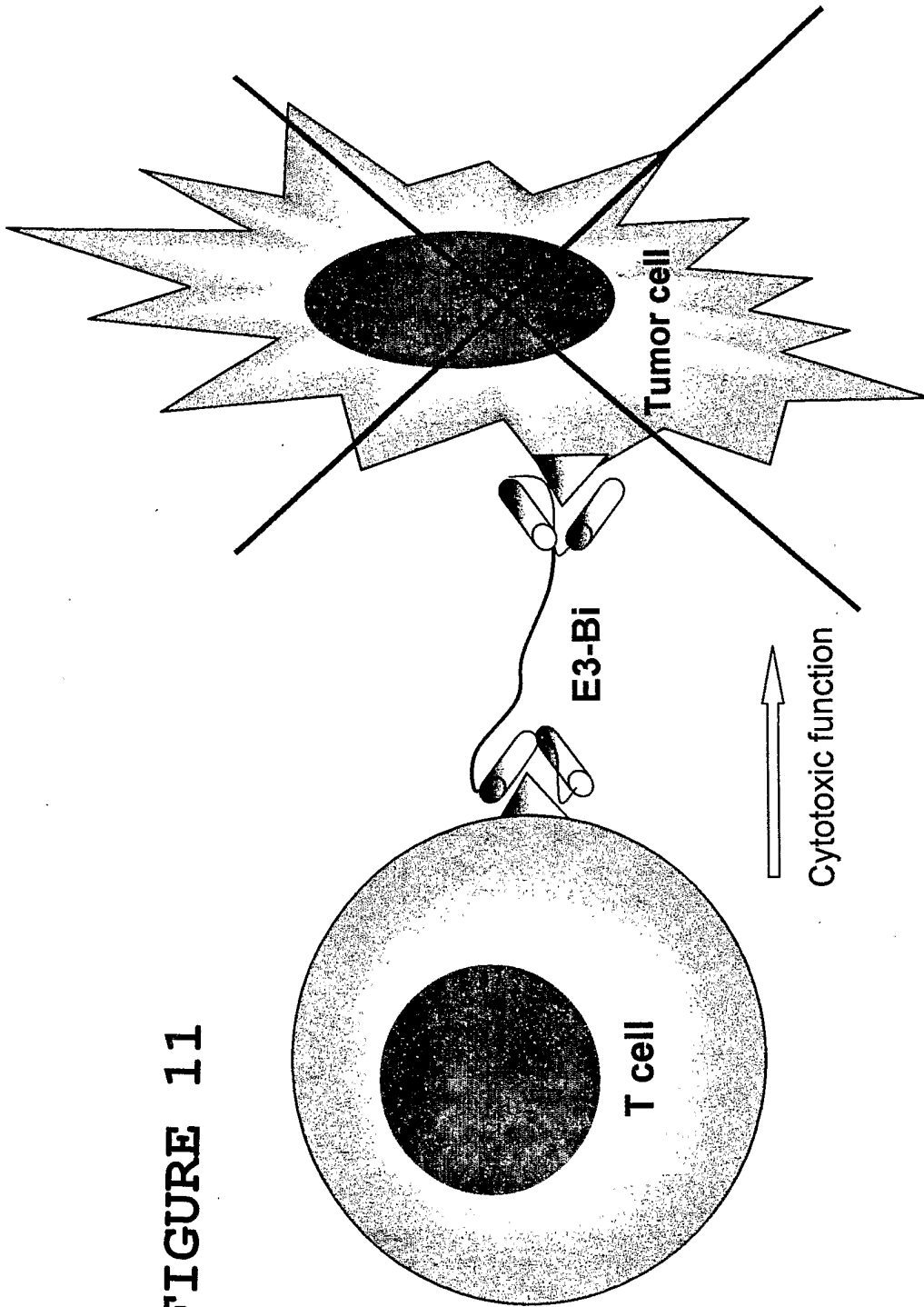
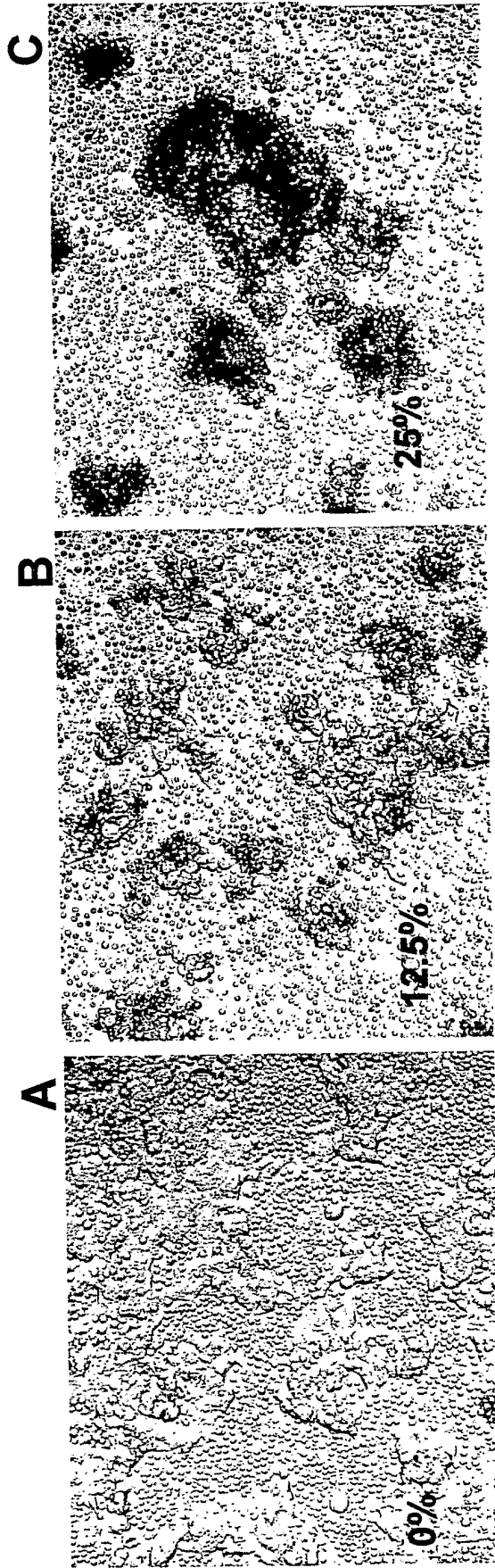


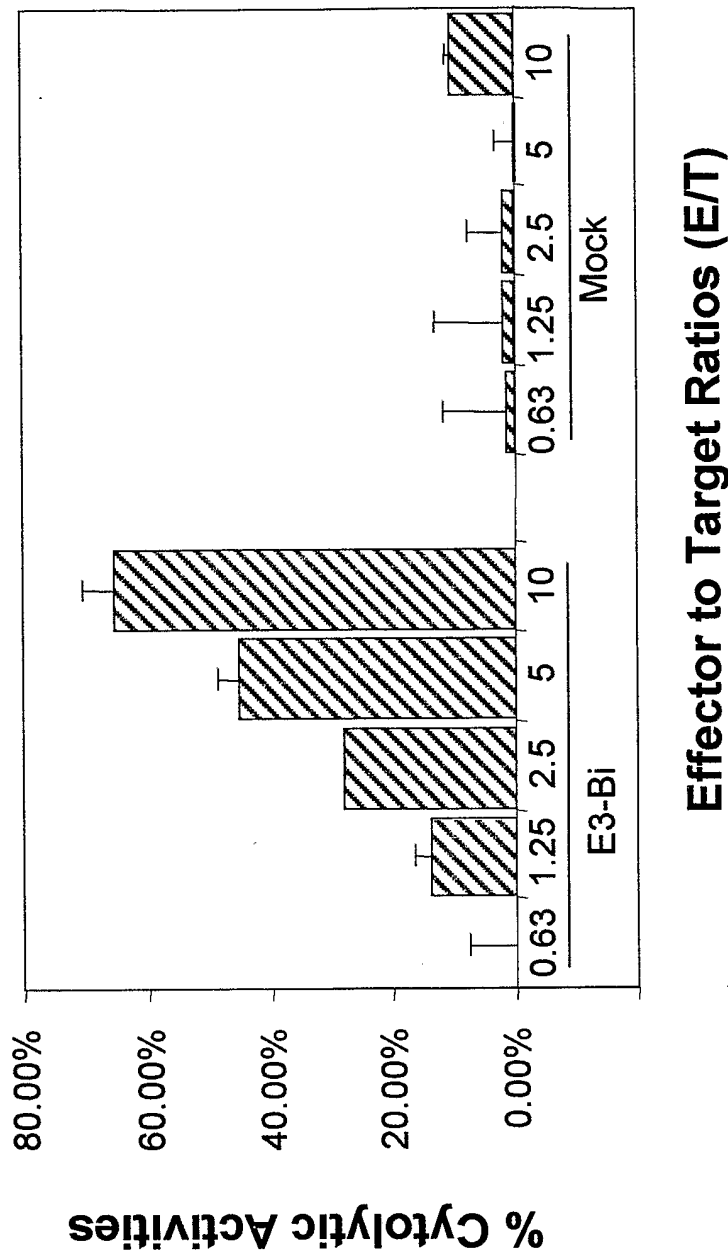
FIGURE 11

The T cell aggregation is dependent on the E3-Bi doses
E:T=10:1, Day 15 ATC, target=LS174T

FIGURE 12

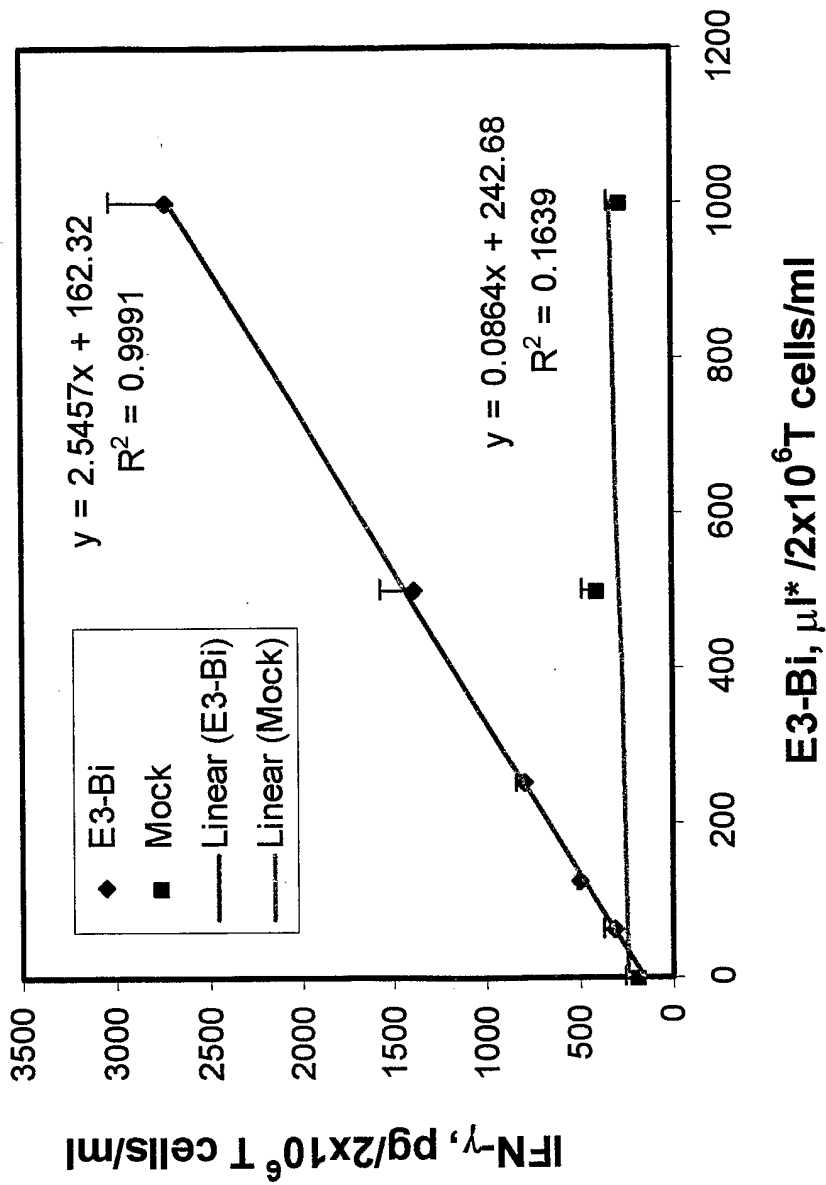


**FIGURE 13 Cytotoxicity Assay (⁵¹Cr release assay) of E3-Bi Armed T cells
Target = LS174T, 16 hr assay**



IFN- γ Production Induced by different doses of E3-Bi

FIGURE 14



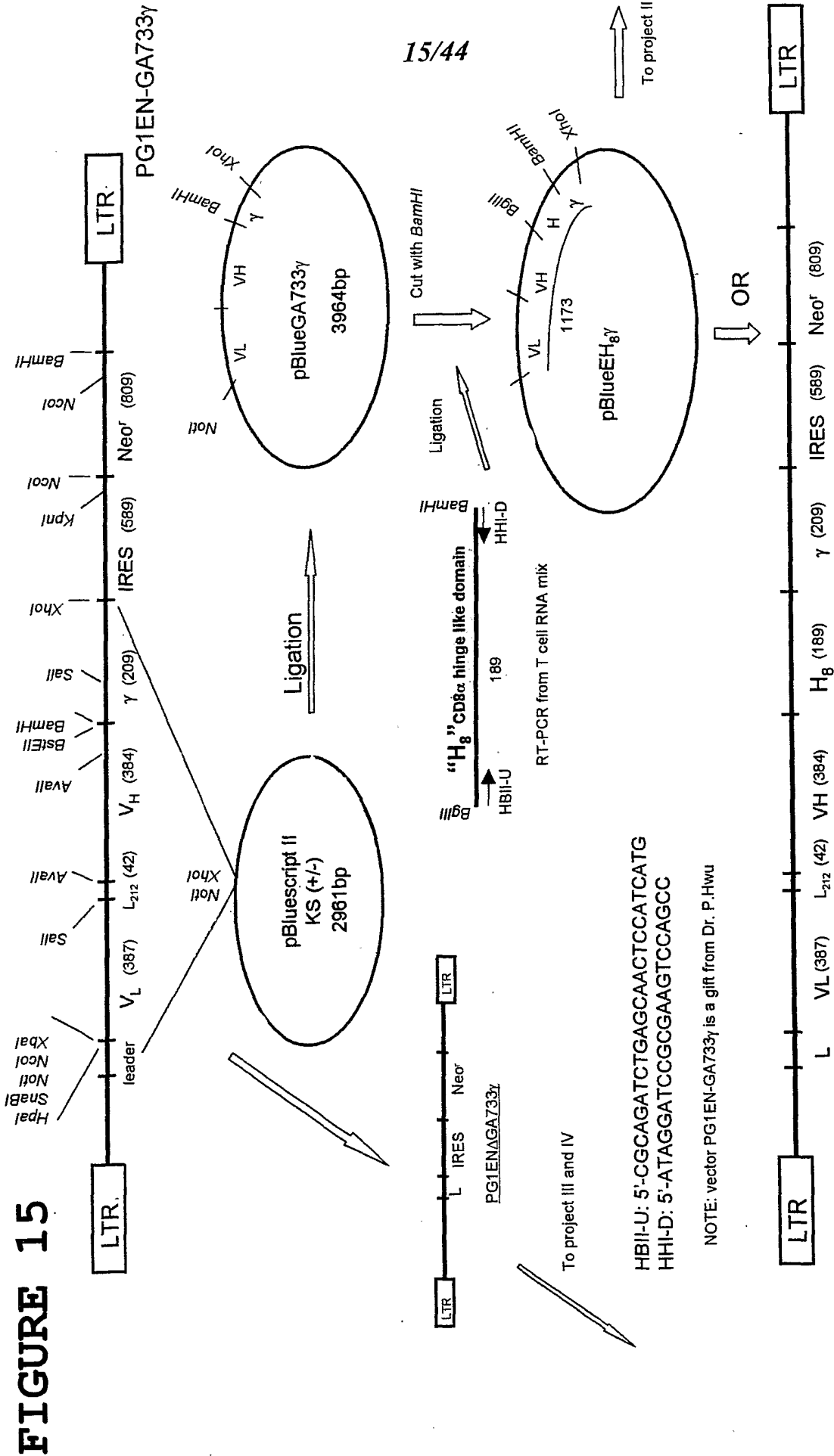


FIGURE 16

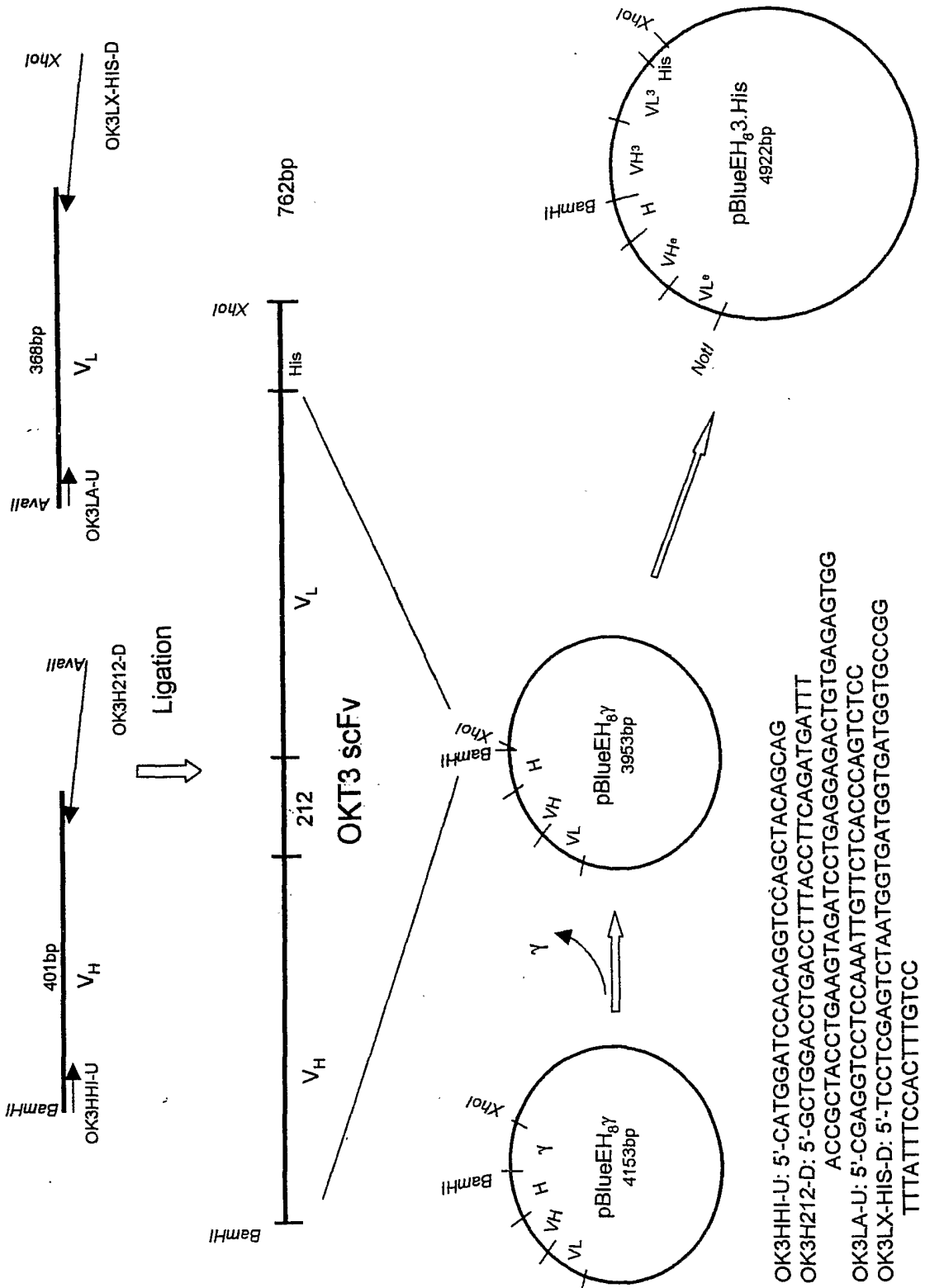


FIGURE 17

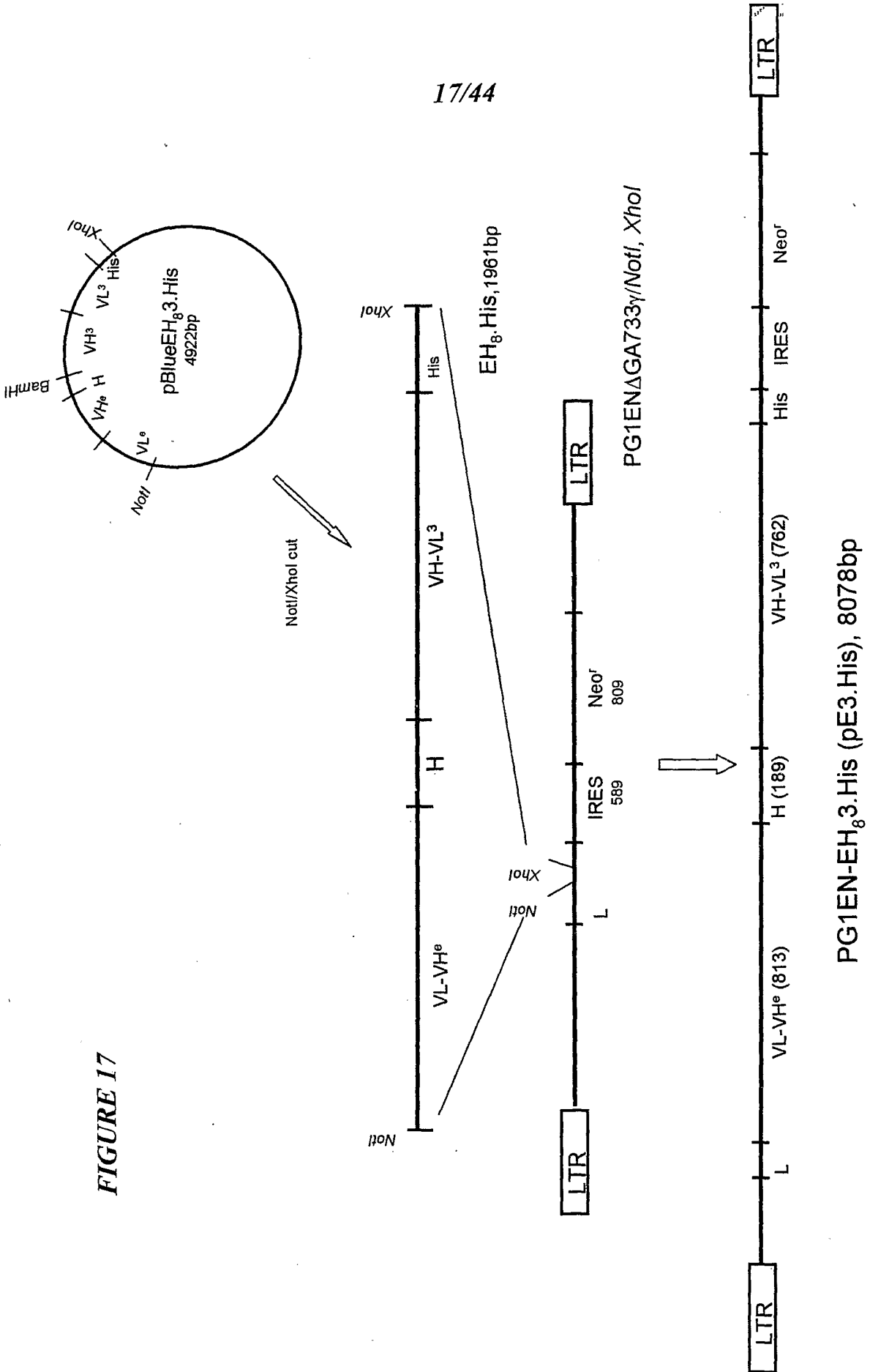
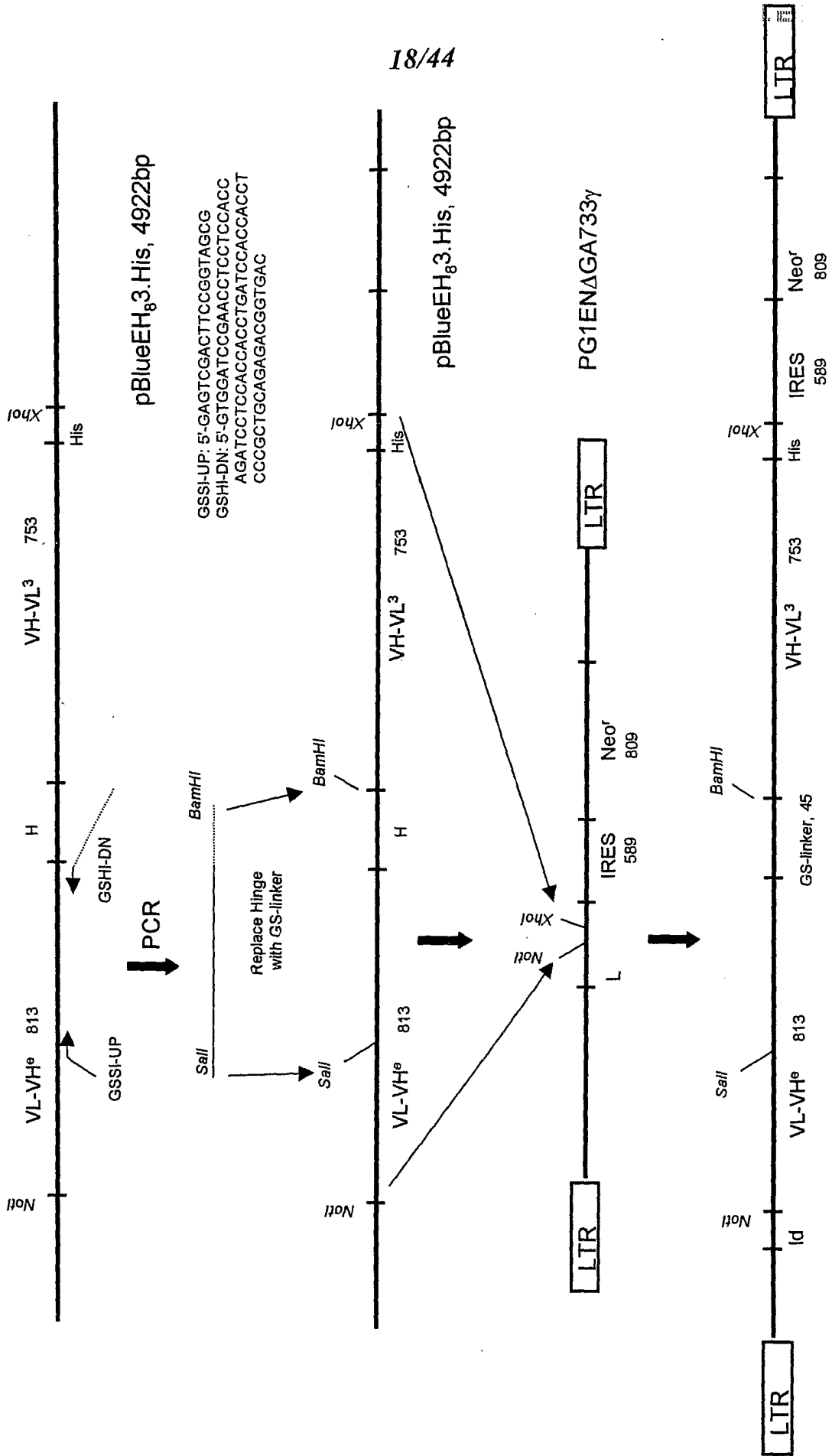


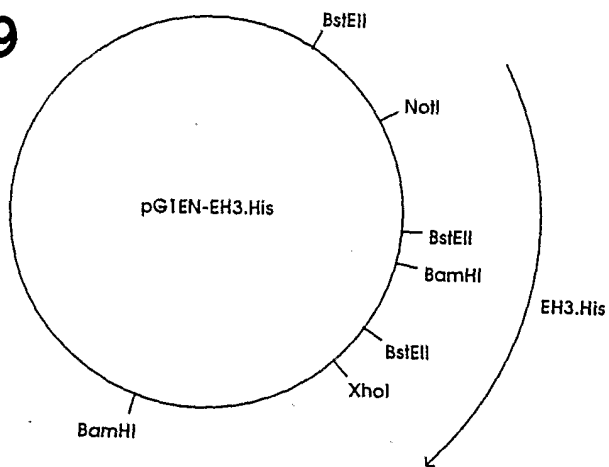
FIGURE 18



PG1EN-EGS3.His (pE3-GS.His)

19/44

FIGURE 19



20/44

FIGURE 20-1

		9		18		27		36		45		54					
AGC	CCA	CAA	CCC	CTC	ACT	CGG	CGC	GCC	AGT	CTT	CCG	ATA	GAC	TGC	GTC	GCC	CGG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
S	P	Q	P	L	T	R	R	A	S	L	P	I	D	C	V	A	R
		63		72		81		90		99		108					
GTA	CCC	GTA	TTC	CCA	ATA	AAG	CCT	CTT	GCT	GTT	TGC	ATC	CGA	ATC	GTG	GTC	TCG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
V	P	V	F	P	I	K	P	L	A	V	C	I	R	I	V	V	S
		117		126		135		144		153		162					
CTG	TTC	CTT	GGG	AGG	GTC	TCC	TCT	GAG	TGA	TTG	ACT	ACC	CAC	GAC	GGG	GGT	CTT
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
L	F	L	G	R	V	S	S	E	*	L	T	T	H	D	G	G	L
		171		180		189		198		207		216					
TCA	TTT	GGG	GGC	TCG	TCC	GGG	ATT	TGG	AGA	CCC	CTG	CCC	AGG	GAC	CAC	CGA	CCC
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
S	F	G	G	S	S	G	I	W	R	P	L	P	R	D	H	R	P
		225		234		243		252		261		270					
ACC	ACC	GGG	AGG	TAA	GCT	GGC	CAG	CAA	CCT	ATC	TGT	GTC	TGT	CCG	ATT	GTC	TAG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
T	T	G	R	*	A	G	Q	Q	P	I	C	V	C	P	I	V	*
		279		288		297		306		315		324					
TGT	CTA	TGT	TTG	ATG	TTA	TGC	GCC	TGC	GTC	TGT	ACT	AGT	TAG	CTA	ACT	AGC	TCT
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
C	L	C	L	M	L	C	A	C	V	C	T	S	*	L	T	S	S
		333		342		351		360		369		378					
GTA	TCT	GGC	GGA	CCC	GTG	GTG	GAA	CTG	ACG	AGT	TCT	GAA	CAC	CCG	GCC	GCA	ACC
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
V	S	G	G	P	V	V	E	L	T	S	S	E	H	P	A	A	T
		387		396		405		414		423		432					
CAG	GGA	GAC	GTC	CCA	GGG	ACT	TTG	GGG	GCC	GTT	TTT	GTG	GCC	CGA	CCT	GAG	GAA
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Q	G	D	V	P	G	T	L	G	A	V	F	V	A	R	P	E	E
		441		450		459		468		477		486					
GGG	AGT	CGA	TGT	GGA	ATC	CGA	CCC	CGT	CAG	GAT	ATG	TGG	TTC	TGG	TAG	GAG	ACG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
G	S	R	C	G	I	R	P	R	Q	D	M	W	F	W	*	E	T
		495		504		513		522		531		540					
AGA	ACC	TAA	AAC	AGT	TCC	CGC	CTC	CGT	CTG	AAT	TTT	TGC	TTT	CGG	TTT	GGA	ACC
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
R	T	*	N	S	S	R	L	R	L	N	F	C	F	R	F	G	T

FIGURE 20-3

22/44

P S S L T G L L S P A R L E T S
PCT/US03/12772

1143 1152 1161 1170 1179 1188
GGC GGC AGC CTA CCA AGA ACA ACT GGA CCG ACC GGT GGT ACC TCA CCC TTA CCG

G G S L P R T T G P T G G T S P L P

1197 1206 1215 1224 1233 1242
AGT CGG CGA CAC AGT GTG GGT CCG CCG ACA CCA GAC TAA GAA CCT AGA ACC TCG

S R R H S V G P P T P D * E P R T S

1251 1260 1269 1278 1287 1296
CTG GAA AGG ACC TTA CAC AGT CCT GCA GAC CAC CCC CAC CGC CCT CAA AGT AGA

L E R T L H S P A D H P H R P Q S R

1305 1314 1323 1332 1341 1350
CGG CAT CGC AGC TTG GAT ACA CGC CGC CCA CGT GAA GGC TGC CGA CCC CGG GGG

R H R S L D T R R P R E G C R P R G

1359 1368 1377 1386 1395 1404
TGG ACC ATC TCT AGA CTG ACG CGG CCG CTA CGT ACC ATG GAT TTT CAG GTG CAG

W T I S R L T R P L R T M D F Q V Q

1413 1422 1431 1440 1449 1458
ATT TTC AGC TTC CTG CTA ATC AGT GCC TCA GTC ATA ATG TCT AGA GGG AGC ATT

I F S F L L I S A S V I M S R G S I

1467 1476 1485 1494 1503 1512
GTA ATG ACC CAA TCT CAC AAA TTC ATG TCC ACA TCA GTA GGA GAC AGT GTC AGC

V M T Q S H K F M S T S V G D S V S

1521 1530 1539 1548 1557 1566
ATC ACC TGC AAG GCC AGT CAG GAT GTG AGT ACT GCT GTA GCC TGG TAT CAA CAG

I T C K A S Q D V S T A V A W Y Q Q

1575 1584 1593 1602 1611 1620
AAA CCA GGA CAA TCT CCT AAA CTA CTG ATT TAC TCG GCA TCC GAC CGG TAC ACT

K P G Q S P K L L I Y S A S D R Y T

1629 1638 1647 1656 1665 1674
GGA GTC CCT GAT CGC TTC ACT GGC AGT GGA TCT GGG ACG GAT TTC ACT TTC ACC

G V P D R F T G S G S G T D F T F T

1683 1692 1701 1710 1719 1728

FIGURE 20-4

23/44

ATC	AGC	AGT	GTG	CAG	GCT	AAA	GAC	CTG	GCA	GTT	TAT	TAC	ACC	CAA	CAT	TAT	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
I	S	S	V	Q	A	E	D	L	A	V	Y	Y	C	H	Q	H	Y
		1737			1746			1755			1764			1773			1782
ATT	ACT	CCT	CGG	ACG	TTC	GGT	GGA	GGC	ACA	AAG	CTG	GAA	ATA	AAA	GGG	TCG	ACT
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
I	T	P	R	T	F	G	G	G	T	K	L	E	I	K	G	S	T
		1791			1800			1809			1818			1827			1836
TCC	GGT	AGC	GGC	AAA	TCC	TCT	GAA	GGC	AAA	GGT	CAG	GTC	CAG	CTG	CAG	CAG	TCT
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
S	G	S	G	K	S	S	E	G	K	G	Q	V	Q	L	Q	Q	S
		1845			1854			1863			1872			1881			1890
GGA	GCT	GAG	GTG	ATG	AGG	CCT	GGG	GCC	TCA	GTG	AAG	ATA	TCC	TGC	AAG	GCT	ACT
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
G	A	E	V	M	R	P	G	A	S	V	K	I	S	C	K	A	T
		1899			1908			1917			1926			1935			1944
GGC	TAC	ACA	TTC	ACT	AGG	TAC	TAC	ATA	CAA	TGG	GGT	AAA	AAC	AGG	CCT	GGA	CAT
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
G	Y	T	F	T	R	Y	Y	I	Q	W	G	K	N	R	P	G	H
		1953			1962			1971			1980			1989			1998
GGC	CTT	GAG	TGG	ATT	GGA	GAG	ATT	TTA	CCT	GGA	ACT	CTT	ACT	AAT	TAC	AAT	GAG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
G	L	E	W	I	G	E	I	L	P	G	T	L	T	N	Y	N	E
		2007			2016			2025			2034			2043			2052
AAA	TTC	AAG	GGC	AAG	GCC	GCA	TTC	ACT	GCA	GAT	AGA	TCC	TCC	AAC	ACA	GCC	TAC
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
K	F	K	G	K	A	A	F	T	A	D	R	S	S	N	T	A	Y
		2061			2070			2079			2088			2097			2106
ATG	CAA	CTC	AGC	AGC	CTT	ACA	TCT	GAG	GAC	TCT	GCC	GTC	TAT	TAC	TGT	GCA	AGA
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
M	Q	L	S	S	L	T	S	E	D	S	A	V	Y	Y	C	A	R
		2115			2124			2133			2142			2151			2160
GAT	GGT	CCC	TGG	TTT	GCT	TAC	TGG	GGC	CAA	GGA	ACC	CTG	GTC	ACC	GTC	TCT	GCA
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
D	G	P	W	F	A	Y	W	G	Q	G	T	L	V	T	V	S	A
		2169			2178			2187			2196			2205			2214
GCG	GAT	CTG	AGC	AAC	TCC	ATC	ATG	TAC	TTC	AGC	CAC	TTC	GTG	CCG	GTC	TTC	CTG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
A	D	L	S	N	S	I	M	Y	F	S	H	F	V	P	V	F	L
		2223			2232			2241			2250			2259			2268
CCA	GCG	AAG	CCC	ACC	ACG	ACG	CCA	GCG	CCG	CGA	CCA	CCA	ACA	CCG	GCG	CCC	ACC
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
P	A	K	P	T	T	T	P	A	P	R	P	P	T	P	A	P	T

FIGURE 20-5

24/44

2277	2286	2295	2304	313	2322
ATC GCG TCG CAG CCC CTG TCC CTG CGC CCA GAG GCG TGC GCG CCA GCC GCG GCG					
I A S Q P L S L R P E A C R P A A G					
2331	2340	2349	2358	2367	2376
GGC GCA GTC CAC ACG AGG GGG CTG GAC TTC GCG GAT CCA CAG GTC CAG CTA CAG					
G A V H T R G L D F A D P Q V Q L Q					
2385	2394	2403	2412	2421	2430
CAG TCT GGG GCT GAA CTG GCA AGA CCT GGG GCC TCA GTG AAG ATG TCC TGC AAG					
Q S G A E L A R P G A S V K M S C K					
2439	2448	2457	2466	2475	2484
GCT TCT GGC TAC ACC TTT ACT AGG TAC ACG ATG CAC TGG GTA AAA CAG AGG CCT					
A S G Y T F T R Y T M H W V K Q R P					
2493	2502	2511	2520	2529	2538
GGA CAG GGT CTG GAA TGG ATT GGA TAC ATT AAT CCT AGC CGT GGT TAT ACT AAT					
G Q G L E W I G Y I N P S R G Y T N					
2547	2556	2565	2574	2583	2592
TAC AAT CAG AAG TTC AAG GAC AAG GCC ACA TTG ACT ACA GAC AAA TCC TCC AGC					
Y N Q K F K D K A T L T T D K S S S					
2601	2610	2619	2628	2637	2646
ACA GCC TAC ATG CAA CTG AGC AGC CTG ACA TCT GAG GAC TCT GCA GTC TAT TAC					
T A Y M Q L S S L T S E D S A V Y Y					
2655	2664	2673	2682	2691	2700
TGT GCA AGA TAT TAT GAT GAT CAT TAC TGC CTT GAC TAC TGG GGC CAA GGC ACC					
C A R Y Y D D H Y C L D Y W G Q G T					
2709	2718	2727	2736	2745	2754
ACT CTC ACA GTC TCC TCA GGA TCT ACT TCA GGT AGC GGT AAA TCA TCT GAA GGT					
T L T V S S G S T S G S G K S S E G					
2763	2772	2781	2790	2799	2808
AAA GGT CAG GTC CAG CAA ATT GTT CTC ACC CAG TCT CCA GCA ATC ATG TCT GCA					
K G Q V Q Q I V L T Q S P A I M S A					
2817	2826	2835	2844	2853	2862
TCT CCA GGG GAG AAG GTC ACC ATG ACC TGC AGT GCC AGC TCA AGT GTA AGT TAC					

3411 3420 3429 3438 3447 3456
GAA CCC CCC ACC TGG CGA CAG GTG CCT CTG CGG CCA AAA GGC ACC TGT ATA AGA

E P P T W R Q V P L R P K A T C I R

3465 3474 3483 3492 3501 3510
TAC ACC TGC AAA GGC GGC ACA ACC CCA GTG CCA CGT TGT GAG TTG GAT AGT TGT

Y T C K G G T T P V P R C E L D S C

3519 3528 3537 3546 3555 3564
GGA AAG AGT CAA ATG GCT CTC CTC AAG CGT ATT CAA CAA GGG GCT GAA GGA TGC

G K S Q M A L L K R I Q Q G A E G C

3573 3582 3591 3600 3609 3618
CCA GAA GGT ACC CCA TTG TAT GGG ATC TGA TCT GGG GCC TCG GTG CAC ATG CTT

P E G T P L Y G I * S G A S V H M L

3627 3636 3645 3654 3663 3672
TAC ATG TGT TTA GTC GAG GTT AAA AAA CGT CTA GGC CCC CCG AAC CAC GGG GAC

Y M C L V E V K K R L G P P N H G D

3681 3690 3699 3708 3717 3726
GTG GTT TTC CTT TGA AAA ACA CGA TAA TAC CAT GGG AAT TCA AGA TGG ATT GCA

V V F L * K T R * Y H G N S R W I A

3735 3744 3753 3762 3771 3780
CGC AGG TTC TCC GGC CGC TTG GGT GGA GAG GCT ATT CGG CTA TGA CTG GGC ACA

R R F S G R L G G E A I R L * L G T

3789 3798 3807 3816 3825 3834
ACA GAC AAT CGG CTG CTC TGA TGC CGC CGT GTT CCG GCT GTC AGC GCA GGG GCG

T D N R L L * C R R V P A V S A G A

3843 3852 3861 3870 3879 3888
CCC GGT TCT TTT TGT CAA GAC CGA CCT GTC CGG TGC CCT GAA TGA ACT GCA GGA

P G S F C Q D R P V R C P E * T A G

3897 3906 3915 3924 3933 3942
CGA GGC AGC GCG GCT ATC GTG GCT GGC CAC GAC GGG CGT TCC TTG CGC AGC TGT

R G S A A I V A G H D G R S L R S C

3951 3960 3969 3978 3987 3996
GCT CGA CGT TGT CAC TGA AGC GGG AAG GGA CTG GCT GCT ATT GGG CGA AGT GCC

FIGURE 20-8

27/44

A R R C H * G K G L A A I G R S A

4005 4014 4023 4032 4041 4050

GGG GCA GGA TCT CCT GTC ATC TCA CCT TGC TCC TGC CGA GAA AGT ATC CAT CAT

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

G A G S P V I S P C S C R E S I H H

4059 4068 4077 4086 4095 4104

GGC TGA TGC AAT GCG GCG GCT GCA TAC GCT TGA TCC GGC TAC CTG CCC ATT CGA

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

G * C N A A A A Y A * S G Y L P I R

4113 4122 4131 4140 4149 4158

CCA CCA AGC GAA ACA TCG CAT CGA GCG AGC ACG TAC TCG GAT GGA AGC CGG TCT

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

P P S E T S H R A S T Y S D G S R S

4167 4176 4185 4194 4203 4212

TGT CGA TCA GGA TGA TCT GGA CGA AGA GCA TCA GGG GCT CGC GCC AGC CGA ACT

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

C R S G * S G R R A S G A R A S R T

4221 4230 4239 4248 4257 4266

GTT CGC CAG GCT CAA GGC GCG CAT GCC CGA CGG CGA GGA TCT CGT CGT GAC CCA

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

V R Q A Q G A H A R R R G S R R D P

4275 4284 4293 4302 4311 4320

TGG CGA TGC CTG CTT GCC GAA TAT CAT GGT GGA AAA TGG CCG CTT TTC TGG ATT

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

W R C L L A E Y H G G K W P L F W I

4329 4338 4347 4356 4365 4374

CAT CGA CTG TGG CCG GCT GGG TGT GGC GGA CCG CTA TCA GGA CAT AGC GTT GGC

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

H R L W P A G C G G P L S G H S V G

4383 4392 4401 4410 4419 4428

TAC CCG TGA TAT TGC TGA AGA GCT TGG CGG CGA ATG GGC TGA CCG CTT CCT CGT

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

Y P * Y C * R A W R R M G * P L P R

4437 4446 4455 4464 4473 4482

GCT TTA CGG TAT CGC CGC TCC CGA TTC GCA GCG CAT CGC CTT CTA TCG CCT TCT

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

A L R Y R R S R F A A H R L L S P S

4491 4500 4509 4518 4527 4536

TGA CGA GTT CTT CTG AGC GGG ACT CTG GGG ATC CGA TAA AAT AAA AGA TTT TAT

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

* R V L L S G T L G I R * N K R F Y

4545 4554 4563 4572 4581 4590

FIGURE 20-9

```

TTA GTC TCC AGA AAA AGG GGG GAA TGA AAG ACC CCA CCT GGG GGT TTG GCA AGC
-----
L   V   S   R   K   R   G   E   *   K   T   P   P   V   G   L   A   S

      4599          4608          4617          4626          4635          4644
TAG CTT AAG TAA CGC CAT TTT GCA AGG CAT GGA AAA ATA CAT AAC TGA GAA TAG
-----
*   L   K   *   R   H   F   A   R   H   G   K   I   H   N   *   E   *

      4653          4662          4671          4680          4689          4698
AGA AGT TCA GAT CAA GGT CAG GAA CAG ATG GAA CAG CTG AAT ATG GGC CAA ACA
-----
R   S   S   D   Q   G   Q   E   Q   M   E   Q   L   N   M   G   Q   T

      4707          4716          4725          4734          4743          4752
GGA TAT CTG TGG TAA GCA GTT CCT GCC CCG GCT CAG GGC CAA GAA CAG ATG GAA
-----
G   Y   L   W   *   A   V   P   A   P   A   Q   G   Q   E   Q   M   E

      4761          4770          4779          4788          4797          4806
CAG CTG AAT ATG GGC CAA ACA GGA TAT CTG TGG TAA GCA GTT CCT GCC CCG GCT
-----
Q   L   N   M   G   Q   T   G   Y   L   W   *   A   V   P   A   P   A

      4815          4824          4833          4842          4851          4860
CAG GGC CAA GAA CAG ATG GTC CCC AGA TGC GGT CCA GCC CTC AGC AGT TTC TAG
-----
Q   G   Q   E   Q   M   V   P   R   C   G   P   A   L   S   S   F   *

      4869          4878          4887          4896          4905          4914
AGA ACC ATC AGA TGT TTC CAG GGT GCC CCA AGG ACC TGA AAT GAC CCT GTG CCT
-----
R   T   I   R   C   F   Q   G   A   P   R   T   *   N   D   P   V   P

      4923          4932          4941          4950          4959          4968
TAT TTG AAC TAA CCA ATC AGT TCG CTT CTC GCT TCT GTT CGC GCG CTT CTG CTC
-----
Y   L   N   *   P   I   S   S   L   L   A   S   V   R   A   L   L   L

      4977          4986          4995          5004          5013          5022
CCC GAG CTC AAT AAA AGA GCC CAC AAC CCC TCA CTC GGG GCG CCA GTC CTC CGA
-----
P   E   L   N   K   R   A   H   N   P   S   L   G   A   P   V   L   R

      5031          5040          5049          5058          5067          5076
TTG ACT GAG TCG CCC GGG TAC CCG TGT ATC CAA TAA ACC CTC TTG CAG TTG CAT
-----
L   T   E   S   P   G   Y   P   C   I   Q   *   T   L   L   Q   L   H

      5085          5094          5103          5112          5121          5130
CCG ACT TGT GGT CTC GCT GTT CCT TGG GAG GGT CTC CTC TGA GTG ATT GAC TAC
-----
P   T   C   G   L   A   V   P   W   E   G   L   L   *   V   I   D   Y
    
```

FIGURE 20-10

29/44

5139	5148	5157	5166	5175	5184
CCG TCA GCG GGG	GTC TTT CAT	TTG GGG GCT	CGT CCG GGA	TCG GGA GAC	CCC TGC
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
P S A G	V F H L	G A R P	G S G D	P C	
5193	5202	5211	5220	5229	5238
CCA GGG ACC ACC	GAC CCA CCA	CCG GGA GGT	AAG CTG GCT	GCC TCG CGC	GTT TCG
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
P G T T	D P P P	G G K L	A A S R	V S	
5247	5256	5265	5274	5283	5292
GTG ATG ACG GTG	AAA ACC TCT	GAC ACA TGC	AGC TCC CGG	AGA CGG TCA	CAG CTT
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
V M T V	K T S D	T C S S	R R R S	Q L	
5301	5310	5319	5328	5337	5346
GTC TGT AAG CGG	ATG CCG GGA	GCA GAC AAG	CCC GTC AGG	GCG CGT CAG	CGG GTG
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
V C K R	M P G A	D K P V	R A R Q	R V	
5355	5364	5373	5382	5391	5400
TTG GCG GGT GTC	GGG GCG CAG	CCA TGA CCC	AGT CAC GTA	GCG ATA GCG	GAG TGT
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
L A G V	G A Q P	* P S H	V A I A	E C	
5409	5418	5427	5436	5445	5454
ATA CTG GCT TAA	CTA TGC GGC	ATC AGA GCA	GAT TGT ACT	GAG AGT GCA	CCA TAT
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
I L A *	L C G I	R A D C	T E S A	P Y	
5463	5472	5481	5490	5499	5508
GCG GTG TGA AAT	ACC GCA CAG	ATG CGT AAG	GAG AAA ATA	CCG CAT CAG	GCG CTC
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A V * N	T A Q M	R K E K	I P H Q	A L	
5517	5526	5535	5544	5553	5562
TTC CGC TTC CTC	GCT CAC TGA	CTC GCT GCG	CTC GGT CGT	TCG GCT GCG	GCG AGC
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
F R F L	A H * L	A A L G	R S A A	A S	
5571	5580	5589	5598	5607	5616
GGT ATC AGC TCA	CTC AAA GGC	GGT AAT ACG	GTT ATC CAC	AGA ATC AGG	GGA TAA
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
G I S S	L K G G	N T V I	H R I R	G *	
5625	5634	5643	5652	5661	5670
CGC AGG AAA GAA	CAT GTG AGC	AAA AGG CCA	GCA AAA GGC	CAG GAA CCG	TAA AAA
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
R R K E	H V S K	R P A K	G Q E P	* K	
5679	5688	5697	5706	5715	5724
GGC CGC GTT GCT	GGC GTT TTT	CCA TAG GCT	CCG CCC CCC	TGA CGA GCA	TCA CAA

FIGURE 20-11

```

G R V A G V F P * A P P P R A S Q
-----
5733          5742          5751          5760          5769          5778
AAA TCG ACG CTC AAG TCA GAG GTG GCG AAA CCC GAC AGG ACT ATA AAG ATA CCA
-----
K S T L K S E V A K P D R T I K I P

5787          5796          5805          5814          5823          5832
GGC GTT TCC CCC TGG AAG CTC CCT CGT GCG CTC TCC TGT TCC GAC CCT GCC GCT
-----
G V S P W K L P R A L S C S D P A A

5841          5850          5859          5868          5877          5886
TAC CGG ATA CCT GTC CGC CTT TCT CCC TTC GGG AAG CGT GGC GCT TTC TCA ATG
-----
Y R I P V R L S P F G K R G A F S M

5895          5904          5913          5922          5931          5940
CTC ACG CTG TAG GTA TCT CAG TTC GGT GTA GGT CGT TCG CTC CAA GCT GGG CTG
-----
L T L * V S Q F G V G R S L Q A G L

5949          5958          5967          5976          5985          5994
TGT GCA CGA ACC CCC CGT TCA GCC CGA CCG CTG CGC CTT ATC CGG TAA CTA TCG
-----
C A R T P R S A R P L R L I R * L S

6003          6012          6021          6030          6039          6048
TCT TGA GTC CAA CCC GGT AAG ACA CGA CTT ATC GCC ACT GGC AGC AGC CAC TGG
-----
S * V Q P G K T R L I A T G S S H W

6057          6066          6075          6084          6093          6102
TAA CAG GAT TAG CAG AGC GAG GTA TGT AGG CGG TGC TAC AGA GTT CTT GAA GTG
-----
* Q D * Q S E V C R R C Y R V L E V

6111          6120          6129          6138          6147          6156
GTG GCC TAA CTA CGG CTA CAC TAG AAG GAC AGT ATT TGG TAT CTG CGC TCT GCT
-----
V A * L R L H * K D S I W Y L R S A

6165          6174          6183          6192          6201          6210
GAA GCC AGT TAC CTT CGG AAA AAG AGT TGG TAG CTC TTG ATC CGG CAA ACA AAC
-----
E A S Y L R K K S W * L L I R Q T N

6219          6228          6237          6246          6255          6264
CAC CGC TGG TAG CGG TGG TTT TTT TGT TTG CAA GCA GCA GAT TAC GCG CAG AAA
-----
H R W * R W F F C L Q A A D Y A Q K
    
```

FIGURE 20-12

31/44

6273	6282	6291	6300	6309	6318
AAA AGG ATC TCA AGA AGA TCC TTT GAT CTT TTC TAC GGG GTT TGA CGC TCA GTG					
---	---	---	---	---	---
K R I S R R S F D L F Y G V * R S V					
6327	6336	6345	6354	6363	6372
GAA CGA AAA CTC ACG TTA AGG GAT TTT GGT CAT GAG ATT ATC AAA AAG GAT CTT					
---	---	---	---	---	---
E R K L T L R D F G H E I I K K D L					
6381	6390	6399	6408	6417	6426
CAC CTA GAT CCT TTT AAA TTA AAA ATG AAG TTT TAA ATC AAT CTA AAG TAT ATA					
---	---	---	---	---	---
H L D P F K L K M K F * I N L K Y I					
6435	6444	6453	6462	6471	6480
TGA GTA AAC TTG GTC TGA CAG TTA CCA ATG CTT AAT CAG TGA GGC ACC TAT CTC					
---	---	---	---	---	---
* V N L V * Q L P M L N Q * G T Y L					
6489	6498	6507	6516	6525	6534
AGC GAT CTG TCT ATT TCG TTC ATC CAT AGT TGC CTG ACT CCC CGT CGT GTA GAT					
---	---	---	---	---	---
S D L S I S F I H S C L T P R R V D					
6543	6552	6561	6570	6579	6588
AAC TAC GAT ACG GGA GGG CTT ACC ATC TGG CCC CAG TGC TGC AAT GAT ACC GCG					
---	---	---	---	---	---
N Y D T G G L T I W P Q C C N D T A					
6597	6606	6615	6624	6633	6642
AGA CCC ACG CTC ACC GGC TCC AGA TTT ATC AGC AAT AAA CCA GCC AGC CGG AAG					
---	---	---	---	---	---
R P T L T G S R F I S N K P A S R K					
6651	6660	6669	6678	6687	6696
GGC CGA GCG CAG AAG TGG TCC TGC AAC TTT ATC CGC CTC CAT CCA GTC TAT TAA					
---	---	---	---	---	---
G R A Q K W S C N F I R L H P V Y *					
6705	6714	6723	6732	6741	6750
TTG TTG CCG GGA AGC TAG AGT AAG TAG TTC GCC AGT TAA TAG TTT GCG CAA CGT					
---	---	---	---	---	---
L L P G S * S K * F A S * * F A Q R					
6759	6768	6777	6786	6795	6804
TGT TGC CAT TGC TGC AGG CAT CGT GGT GTC ACG CTC GTC GTT TGG TAT GGC TTC					
---	---	---	---	---	---
C C H C C R H R G V T L V V W Y G F					
6813	6822	6831	6840	6849	6858
ATT CAG CTC CGG TTC CCA ACG ATC AAG GCG AGT TAC ATG ATC CCC CAT GTT GTG					
---	---	---	---	---	---

FIGURE 20-13

32/44

I Q L R F P T I K A S Y M P H V V

6867 6876 6885 6894 6903 6912

CAA AAA AGC GGT TAG CTC CTT CGG TCC TCC GAT CGT TGT CAG AAG TAA GTT GGC

Q K S G * L L R S S D R C Q K * V G

6921 6930 6939 6948 6957 6966

CGC AGT GTT ATC ACT CAT GGT TAT GGC AGC ACT GCA TAA TTC TCT TAC TGT CAT

R S V I T H G Y G S T A * F S Y C H

6975 6984 6993 7002 7011 7020

GCC ATC CGT AAG ATG CTT TTC TGT GAC TGG TGA GTA CTC AAC CAA GTC ATT CTG

A I R K M L F C D W * V L N Q V I L

7029 7038 7047 7056 7065 7074

AGA ATA GTG TAT GCG GCG ACC GAG TTG CTC TTG CCC GGC GTC AAC ACG GGA TAA

R I V Y A A T E L L L P G V N T G *

7083 7092 7101 7110 7119 7128

TAC CGC GCC ACA TAG CAG AAC TTT AAA AGT GCT CAT CAT TGG AAA ACG TTC TTC

Y R A T * Q N F K S A H H W K T F F

7137 7146 7155 7164 7173 7182

GGG GCG AAA ACT CTC AAG GAT CTT ACC GCT GTT GAG ATC CAG TTC GAT GTA ACC

G A K T L K D L T A V E I Q F D V T

7191 7200 7209 7218 7227 7236

CAC TCG TGC ACC CAA CTG ATC TTC AGC ATC TTT TAC TTT CAC CAG CGT TTC TGG

H S C T Q L I F S I F Y F H Q R F W

7245 7254 7263 7272 7281 7290

GTG AGC AAA AAC AGG AAG GCA AAA TGC CGC AAA AAA GGG AAT AAG GGC GAC ACG

V S K N R K A K C R K K G N K G D T

7299 7308 7317 7326 7335 7344

GAA ATG TTG AAT ACT CAT ACT CTT CCT TTT TCA ATA TTA TTG AAG CAT TTA TCA

E M L N T H T L P F S I L L K H L S

7353 7362 7371 7380 7389 7398

GGG TTA TTG TCT CAT GAG CGG ATA CAT ATT TGA ATG TAT TTA GAA AAA TAA ACA

G L L S H E R I H I * M Y L E K * T

7407 7416 7425 7434 7443 7452

FIGURE 20-14

33/44

```

AAT AGG GGT TCC GCG CAC AT TCC CCG AAA AGT GCC ACC TCG CGT CTA AGA AAC
---
N R G S A H I S P K S A T * R L R N

      7461          7470          7479          7488          7497          7506
CAT TAT TAT CAT GAC ATT AAC CTA TAA AAA TAG GCG TAT CAC GAG GCC CTT TCG
---
H Y Y H D I N L * K * A Y H E A L S

      7515          7524          7533          7542          7551          7560
TCT TCA AGA ATT CAT ACC AGA TCA CCG AAA ACT GTC CTC CAA ATG TGT CCC CCT
---
S S R I H T R S P K T V L Q M C P P

      7569          7578          7587          7596          7605          7614
CAC ACT CCC AAA TTC GCG GGC TTC TGC TCT TAG ACC ACT CTA CCC TAT TCC CCA
---
H T P K F A G F C S * T T L P Y S P

      7623          7632          7641          7650          7659          7668
CAC TCA CCG GAG CCA AAG CCG CGG CCC TTC CGT TTC TTT GCT TTT GAA AGA CCC
---
H S P E P K P R P F R F F A F E R P

      7677          7686          7695          7704          7713          7722
CAC CCG TAG GTG GCA AGC TAG CTT AAG TAA CGC CAC TTT GCA AGG CAT GGA AAA
---
H P * V A S * L K * R H F A R H G K

      7731          7740          7749          7758          7767          7776
ATA CAT AAC TGA GAA TAG GAA AGT TCA GAT CAA GGT CAG GAA CAA AGA AAC AGC
---
I H N * E * E S S L Q G Q E Q R N S

      7785          7794          7803          7812          7821          7830
TGA ATA CCA AAC AGG ATA TCT GTG GTA AGC GGT TCC TGC CCC GGC TCA GGG CCA
---
* I P N R I S V V S G S C P G S G P

      7839          7848          7857          7866          7875          7884
AGA ACA GAT GAG ACA GCT GAG TGA TGG GCC AAA CAG GAT ATC TGT GGT AAG CAG
---
R T D E T A E * W A K Q D I C G K Q

      7893          7902          7911          7920          7929          7938
TTC CTG CCC CGG CTC GGG GCC AAG AAC AGA TGG TCC CCA GAT GCG GTC CAG CCC
---
F L P R L G A K N R W S P D A V Q P

      7947          7956          7965          7974          7983          7992
TCA GCA GTT TCT AGT GAA TCA TCA GAT GTT TCC AGG GTG CCC CAA GGA CCT GAA
---
S A V S S E S S D V S R V P Q G P E
    
```

FIGURE 20-15

34/44

	8001		8010		8019		8028		8037		8046						
AAT	GAC	CCT	GTA	CCT	TAT	TTG	AAC	TAA	CCA	ATC	AGT	TCG	CTT	CTC	GCT	TCT	GTT
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
N	D	P	V	P	Y	L	N	*	P	I	S	S	L	L	A	S	V
	8055		8064		8073												
CGC	GCG	CTT	CCG	CTC	TCC	GAG	CTC	AAT	AAA	AG	3'						
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
R	A	L	P	L	S	E	L	N	K								

35/44

FIGURE 21

LS174T

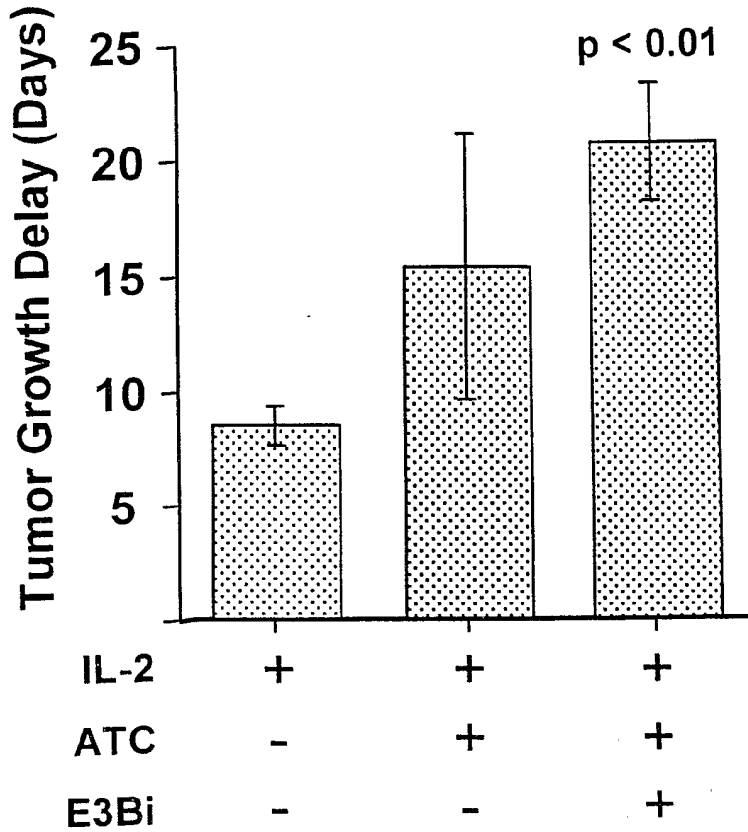
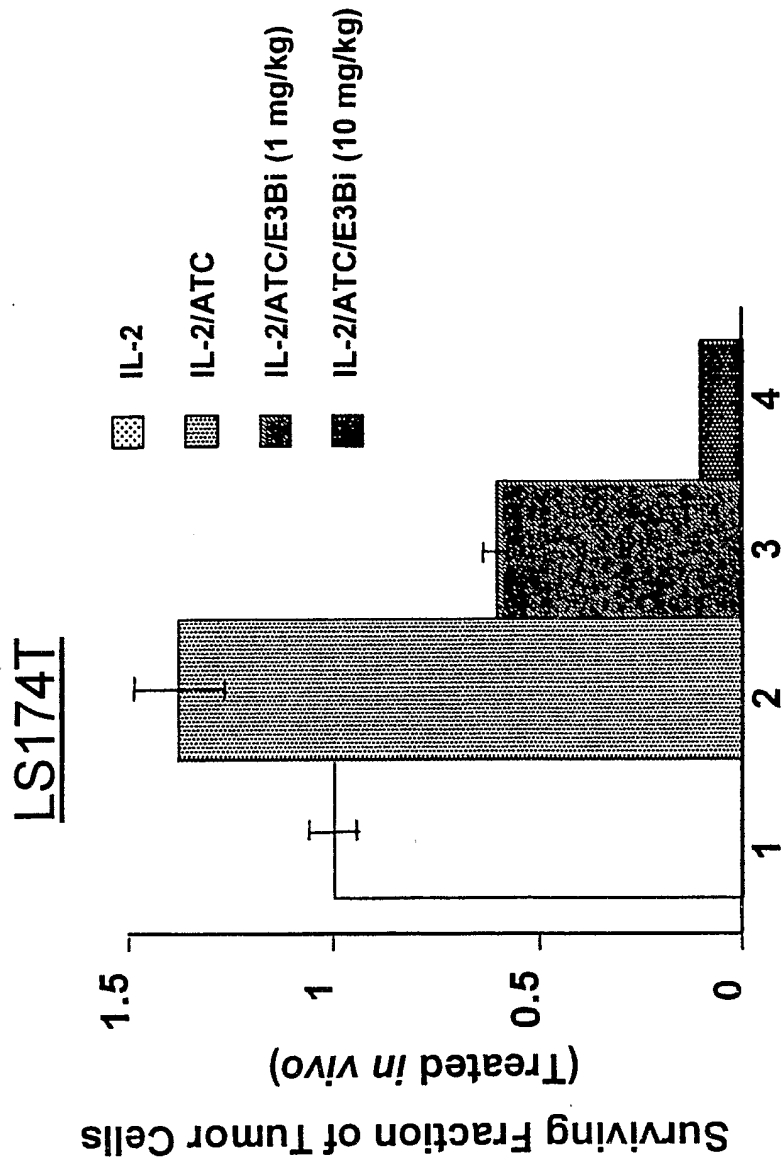


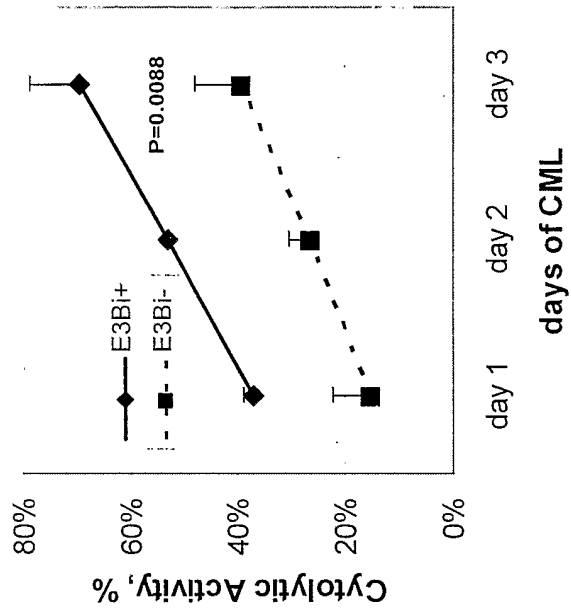
Figure 9. E3Bi induces ATC to produce significant tumor growth delay in mice. SCID-Beige mice bearing LS174T xenografts were treated i.t. with IL-2 (n=6), or IL-2/ATC (n=8), or IL-2/ATC/E3Bi (n=6) beginning when tumor volumes of mice reached approximately 0.5 cc. Tumor growth delay is reported as the mean number of days (\pm SD) for tumor volumes of mice from each treatment group to reach 2 cc. $P=0.0034$ is the probability by Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric analysis that tumor growth delay is the same for all treatment groups. $P < 0.01$ is the probability by Dunn's multiple comparison analysis that treatment with IL-2/ATC/E3Bi produces the same tumor growth delay in mice as treatment with IL-2 alone; $P>0.05$ for IL-2/ATC alone.

FIGURE 22



37/44

FIGURE 23



38/44

FIGURE 24E3Bi cDNA Sequence

```

ATGGATTTTC AGGTGCAGAT TTTCAGCTTC CTGCTAATCA GTGCCTCAGT CATAATGTCT
AGAGGGAGCA TTGTAATGAC CCAATCTCAC AAATTCATGT CCACATCAGT AGGAGACAGT
GTCAGCATCA CCTGCAAGGC CAGTCAGGAT GTGAGTACTG CTGTAGCCTG GTATCAACAG
AAACCAGGAC AATCTCCTAA ACTACTGATT TACTCGGCAT CCGACCGGTA CACTGGAGTC
CCTGATCGCT TCACTGGCAG TGGATCTGGG ACGGATTTCA CTTTCACCAT CAGCAGTGTG
CAGGCTGAAG ACCTGGCAGT TTATTACTGT CACCAACATT ATATTACTCC TCGGACGTTC
GGTGGAGGCA CAAAGCTGGA AATAAAAGGG TCGACTTCCG GTAGCGGCAA ATCCTCTGAA
GGCAAAGGTC AGGTCCAGCT GCAGCAGTCT GGAGCTGAGG TGATGAGGCC TGGGGCCTCA
GTGAAGATAT CCTGCAAGGC TACTGGCTAC ACATTCACTA GGTACTACAT ACAATGGGGT
AAAAACAGGC CTGGACATGG CCTTGAGTGG ATTGGAGAGA TTTTACCTGG AACTCTTACT
AATTACAATG AGAAATTCAA GGGCAAGGCC GCATTCACTG CAGATAGATC CTCCAACACA
GCCTACATGC AACTCAGCAG CTTTACATCT GAGGACTCTG CCGTCTATTA CTGTGCAAGA
GATGGTCCCT GGTTTGCTTA CTGGGGCCAA GGAACCCTGG TCACCGTCTC TGCAGCGGAT
CTGAGCAACT CCATCATGTA CTTCAGCCAC TTCGTGCCGG TCTTCCTGCC AGCGAAGCCC
ACCACGACGC CAGCGCCGCG ACCACCAACA CCGGCGCCCA CCATCGCGTC GCAGCCCCTG
TCCCTGCGCC CAGAGGCGTG CCGGCCAGCG GCGGGGGGCG CAGTCCACAC GAGGGGGCTG
GACTTCGCGG ATCCACAGGT CCAGCTACAG CAGTCTGGGG CTGAACCTGGC AAGACCTGGG
GCCTCAGTGA AGATGTCCTG CAAGGCTTCT GGCTACACCT TTACTAGGTA CACGATGCAC
TGGGTAAAAC AGAGGCCTGG ACAGGGTCTG GAATGGATTG GATACATTAA TCCTAGCCGT
GGTTATACTA ATTACAATCA GAAGTTCAAG GACAAGGCCA CATTGACTAC AGACAAATCC
TCCAGCACAG CCTACATGCA ACTGAGCAGC CTGACATCTG AGGACTCTGC AGTCTATTAC
TGTGCAAGAT ATTATGATGA TCATTACTGC CTTGACTACT GGGGCCAAGG CACCACTCTC
ACAGTCTCCT CAGGATCTAC TTCAGGTAGC GGTAATCAT CTGAAGGTAA AGGTCAGGTC
CTCCAAATTG TTCTCACCCA GTCTCCAGCA ATCATGTCTG CATCTCCAGG GGAGAAGGTC
ACCATGACCT GCAGTGCCAG CTCAAGTGTA AGTTACATGA ACTGGTACCA GCAGAAGTCA
GGCACCTCCC CCAAAGATG GATTTATGAC ACATCCAAAC TGGCTTCTGG AGTCCCTGCT
CACTTCAGGG GCAGTGGGTC TGGGACCTCT TACTCTCTCA CAATCAGCGG CATGGAGGCT
GAAGATGCTG CCACTTATTA CTGCCAGCAG TGGAGTAGTA ACCCATTCAC GTTCGGCTCG
GGGACAAAGT TGGAATAAAA CCGGCACCAT CACCATCACC ATTAGACTCG A

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39/44

*FIGURE 25*Protein sequence of E3Bi

MDFQVQIFSFLLISASVIMSRGSIVMTQSHKFMSTSVGDSVSITCKASQDVSTAVAWYQQ
KPGQSPKLLIYSASDRYTGVDPDRFTGSGSGTDFTFTISSVQAEDLAVYYCHQHYITPRTF
GGGTKLEIKGSTSGSGKSSEGKGVQLQOQSGAEVMRPGASVKISCKATGYTFTRYIYIQWG
KNRPGHGLEWIGEILPGTLTNYNEKFKGKAAFTADRSSNTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCAR
DGEWFAYWGQGLTVTVSAADLSNSIMYFSHFVFPVFLPAKPTTTPAPRPPTPAPTIASQPL
SLRPEACRPAAGGAVHTRGLDFADPQVQLQOQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTRYTMH
WVKQRPQGQLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYY
CARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSGSTSGSGKSSEGKGVQLQIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKV
TMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKLAGVPAHFRGSGSGTSSYSLTISGMEA
EDAATYYCQQWSSNPFTFGSGTKLEINRHHHHH*

40/44

FIGURE 26-1 **The Sequence of pE3Bi**
 (8078 residue sequence starting "AGCCACAAC")

```

1 S P Q P L T R R A S L P I D C V A R V P
1 AGCCACAACCCCTCACTCGGCGGCCAGTCTTCCGATAGACTGCGTCGCCCGGGTACCC
21 V F P I K P L A V C I R I V V S L F L G
61 GTATTCCCAATAAAGCCTCTTGCTGTTTGCATCCGAATCGTGGTCTCGCTGTTCTTGGG
41 R V S S E * L T T H D G G L S F G G S S
121 AGGGTCTCCTCTGAGTGATTGACTACCCACGACGGGGGTCTTTCATTTGGGGGCTCGTCC
61 G I W R P L P R D H R P T T G R * A G Q
181 GGGATTTGGAGACCCCTGCCAGGGACCACCCACCACCCGGGAGGTAAGCTGGCCAG
81 Q P I C V C P I V * C L C L M L C A C V
241 CAACCTATCTGTGTCTGTCGATTGTCTAGTGTCTATGTTTGTATGTTAGCGCCTCGCTC
101 C T S * L T S S V S G G P V V E L T S S
301 TGTACTAGTTAGCTAACTAGCTCTGTATCTGGCGGACCCGTGGTGGAACTGACGAGTTCT
121 E H P A A T Q G D V P G T L G A V F V A
361 GAACACCCGGCCGAACCCAGGGAGACGTCCAGGGACTTTGGGGCCGTTTTTGTGGCC
141 R P E E G S R C G I R P R Q D M W F W *
421 CGACCTGAGGAAGGGAGTCGATGTGGAATCCGACCCCGTCAGGATATGTGGTTCTGGTAG
161 E T R T * N S S R L R L N F C F R F G T
481 GAGACGAGAACCTAAAACAGTTCCCGCCTCCGTCTGAATTTTTGCTTTCCGGTTTGGAAAC
181 E A A R L V C C S I V L C C L C L T V F
541 GAAGCCGCGCTCTTGCTGCTGCAGCATCGTTCTGTGTTGTCTCTGTCTGACTGTGTTT
201 L Y L S E N * G Q T V T P L S L T L G
601 CTGTATTTGTCTGAAAATTAGGGCCAGACTGTTACCACTCCCTTAAGTTTACCTTAGGT
221 H W K D V E R I A H N Q S V D V K K R R
661 CACTGGAAAGATGTCGAGCGGATCGCTCACAACCAGTCGGTAGATGTCAAGAAGAGACGT
241 W V T F C S A E W P T F N V G W P R D G
721 TGGGTTACCTTCTGCTCGAGAATGGCCAACCTTTAACGTCGGATGGCCGCGAGACGGC
261 T F N R D L I T Q V K I K V F S P G P H
781 ACCTTTAACCGAGACCTCATCACCCAGGTTAAGATCAAGGTCTTTTACCTGGCCCGCAT
281 G H P D Q V P Y I V T W E A L A F D P P
841 GGACACCCAGACCAGGTCCCTACATCGTGACCTGGGAAGCCTTGGCTTTTACCCCCCT
301 P W V K P F V H P K P P P P L P P S A P
901 CCCTGGGTCAAGCCCTTGTACACCCTAAGCCTCCGCCTCCTCTTCTCCATCCGCCCCCG
321 S L P L P R S T P P R S S L Y P A L
961 TCTTCCCCCTTGAACCTCCTCGTTCGACCCCGCCTCGATCCTCCCTTTATCCAGCCCTC
341 T P S L G A G I R G R D K S Y * Q P L S
1021 ACTCCTTCTCTAGGCGCCGAATTTCGCGGCCGTGACAAGAGTTACTAACAGCCCTCTCT
361 P S S L T G S L L S P A R S L E T S G G
1081 CCAAGCTCACTTACAGGCTCTCTACTTAGTCCAGCACGAAGTCTGGAGACCTCTGGCGGC
381 S L P R T T G P T G G T S P L P S R R H
1141 AGCCTACCAAGAACAACCTGGACCCGACCGGTGGTACCTCACCTTACCGAGTCGGCGACAC
401 S V G P P T P D * E P R T S L E R T L H
1201 AGTGTGGGTCCGCCGACACCAGACTAAGAACCTAGAACCTCGCTGGAAAGGACCTTACAC
421 S P A D H P H R P Q S R R H R S L D T R
1261 AGTCTGCAGACCACCCACCGCCCTCAAAGTAGACGGCATCGCAGCTTGGATACACGC
441 R P R E G C R P R G W T I S R L T R P L
1321 CGCCACGTGAAGGCTGCCGACCCCGGGGTGGACCATCTCTAGACTGACGCGGCCGCTA
461 R T M D F Q V Q I F S F L L I S A S V I
1381 CGTACCATGGATTTTTCAGGTGCAGATTTTTCAGCTTCTGCTAATCAGTGCCTCAGTCATA
481 M S R G S I V M T Q S H K F M S T S V G
1441 ATGTCTAGAGGGAGCATTGTAATGACCCAATCTCACAAATTCATGTCCACATCAGTAGGA
501 D S V S I T C K A S Q D V S T A V A W Y
1501 GACAGTGTGAGCATCCTGCAAGGCCAGTCAGGATGTGAGTACTGCTGTAGCCTGGTAT
521 Q Q K P G Q S P K L L I Y S A S D R Y T

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FIGURE 26-2

41/44

1561 CAACAGAAACCAGGACAATCTCCTAAACTACTGATTTACTCGGCATCCGACCGGTACACT
 541 G V P D R F T G S G S G T D F T F T I S
 1621 GGAGTCCCTGATCGCTTCACTGGCAGTGGATCTGGGACGGATTTCACTTTACCATCAGC
 561 S V Q A E D L A V Y Y C H Q H Y I T P R
 1681 AGTGTGCAGGCTGAAGACCTGGCAGTTTATTACTGTCACCAACATTATATTACTCCTCGG
 581 T F G G G T K L E I K G S T S G S G K S
 1741 ACGTTCCGGTGGAGGCACAAAGCTGGAAATAAAAGGGTGCAGTTCCGGTAGCGGCAAATCC
 601 S E G K G Q V Q L Q Q S G A E V M R F G
 1801 TCTGAAGGCAAAGGTCCAGTCCAGCTGCAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGGTGATGAGGCCTGGG
 621 A S V K I S C K A T G G Y T F T R Y Y I Q
 1861 GCCTCAGTGAAGATATCCTGCAAGGCTACTGGCTACACATTCAGTACTACATACAA
 641 W G K N R P G H G L E W I G E I L P G T
 1921 TGGGGTAAAAACAGGCCTGGACATGGCCTTGAGTGGATTGGAGAGATTTTACGTGGA
 661 L T N Y N E K F K G K A A F T A D R S S
 1981 CTTACTAATTACAATGAGAAATTCAGGGCAAGGCCGATTCAGTGCAGATAGATCCTCC
 681 N T A Y M Q L S S L T S E D S A V Y Y C
 2041 AACACAGCCTACATGCAACTCAGCAGCCTTACATCTGAGGACTCTGCCGTCTATTACTGT
 701 A R D G P W F A Y W G Q G T L V T V S A
 2101 GCAAGAGATGGTCCCTGGTTTGCTTACTGGGGCCAAGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTGCA
 721 A D L S N S I M Y F S H F V P V F L P A
 2161 GCGGATCTGAGCAACTCCATCATGTACTTCAGCCACTTCGTGCCGGTCTTCTGCCAGCG
 741 K P T T T P A P R P P T P A P T I A S Q
 2221 AAGCCCACACGACGCGCCGCGCCGACCACCAACACCGGCGCCACCATCGCGTCCGAG
 761 P L S L R P E A C R P A A G G A V H T R
 2281 CCCCTGTCCCTGCGCCAGAGGCGTGCCGGCCAGCGGGGGGGCGCAGTCCACACGAGG
 781 G L D F A D P Q V Q L Q Q S G A E L A R
 2341 GGGCTGGACTTCGCGGATCCACAGGTCCAGCTACAGCAGTCTGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGA
 801 P G A S V K M S C K A S G Y T F T R Y T
 2401 CCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTACTAGGTACAGC
 821 M H W V K Q R P G Q G L E W I G Y I N P
 2461 ATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGCTGGAATGGATTGGATACATTAATCCT
 841 S R G Y T N Y N Q K F K D K A T L T T D
 2521 AGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGAC
 861 K S S S S T A G Y M Q L S S L T S E D S A V
 2581 AAATCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTC
 881 Y Y C A R Y Y D D H Y C L D Y W G Q G T
 2641 TATTACTGTGCAAGATATTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAGGCACC
 901 T L T V S S G S T S G S G K S S E G K G
 2701 ACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGATCTACTTCAGGTAGCGGTAAATCATCTGAAGGTAAAGGT
 921 Q V Q Q I V L T Q S P A I M S A S P G E
 2761 CAGGTCCAGCAAATTGTTCTCACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATGTCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAG
 941 K V T M T C S A S S S V S Y M N W Y Q Q
 2821 AAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGTGCCAGCTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCAGCAG
 961 K S G T S P K R W I Y D T S K L A S G V
 2881 AAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAACTGGCTTCTGGAGTC
 981 P A H F R G S G S G T S Y S L T I S G M
 2941 CCTGCTCACTTCAGGGGAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTTACTCTCTCACAATCAGCGGCATG
 1001 E A E D A A T Y Y C Q Q W S S N P F T F
 3001 GAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTATTACTGCCAGCAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCATTACGTTTC
 1021 G S G T K L E I N R H H H H H H * T R G
 3061 GGCTCGGGGACAAAGTTGGAAATAAACCGGCACCATCACCATCACCATTAGACTCGAGGA
 1041 S I P P L S L P P P * R Y W P K P L G I
 3121 TCAATTCGGCCCCTCTCCCTCCCCCCCCCTAACGTTACTGGCCGAAGCCGCTTGAATA
 1061 R P V C V C L Y V I F H H I A V F W Q C
 3181 AGGCCGGTGTGCGTTTGTCTATATGTTATTTTCCACCATATTGCCGTCTTTTGGCAATGT
 1081 E G P E T W P C L L D E H S * G S F P S
 3241 GAGGGCCCCGAAACCTGGCCCTGTCTTCTTGACGAGCATTCCTAGGGGTCTTTCCCTCT

FIGURE 26-3

42/44

1101 R Q R N A R S V E C R E G S S S S G S F
 3301 CGCCAAAGGAATGCAAGGTCTGTTGAATGTCGTGAAGGAAGCAGTTCCTCTGGAAGCTTC
 1121 L K T N N V C S D P L Q A A E P P T W R
 3361 TTGAAGACAAACAACGTCTGTAGCGACCCTTTGCAGGCAGCGGAACCCCCACCTGGCGA
 1141 Q V P L R P K A T C I R Y T C K G G T T
 3421 CAGGTGCCTCTGCGGCCAAAAGCCACGTGTATAAGATACACCTGCAAAGGGCCACAAC
 1161 P V P R C E L D S C G K S Q M A L L K R
 3481 CCAGTGCCACGTTGTGAGTTGGATAGTTGTGGAAAGAGTCAAATGGCTCTCCTCAAGCGT
 1181 I Q Q G A E G C P E G T P L Y G I * S G
 3541 ATTCAACAAGGGGCTGAAGGATGCCAGAAGGTACCCCATTTGTATGGGATCTGATCTGGG
 1201 A S V H M L Y M C L V E V K K R L G P P
 3601 GCCTCGGTGCACATGCTTTACATGTGTTTAGTCGAGGTTAAAAACGTCTAGGCCCCCCG
 1221 N H G D V V F L * K T R * Y H G N S R W
 3661 AACCACGGGGACGTGGTTTTCTTTGAAAAACACGATAATACCATGGGAATTCAGATGG
 1241 I A R R F S G R L G G E A I R L * L G T
 3721 ATTGCACGCAGGTTCTCCGGCCGTTGGGTGGAGAGGCTATTCCGGCTATGACTGGGCACA
 1261 T D N R L L * C R R V P A V S A G A P G
 3781 ACAGACAATCGGCTGCTCTGATGCCGCCGTGTTCCGGCTGTCAGCGCAGGGGCCCGGCT
 1281 S F C Q D R P V R C P E * T A G R G S A
 3841 TCTTTTTGTCAAGACCGACCTGTCCGGTGCCTGAATGAACTGCAGGACGAGGCAGCGCG
 1301 A I V A G H D G R S L R S C A R R C H *
 3901 GCTATCGTGGCTGGCCACGACGGGCTTCCTTGCGCAGCTGTGCTCGACGTTGTCACTGA
 1321 S G K G L A A I G R S A G A G S P V I S
 3961 AGCGGGAAGGGACTGGCTGCTATTGGGCGAAGTGCCGGGGCAGGATCTCCTGTATCTCA
 1341 P C S C R E S I H H G * C N A A A A Y A
 4021 CTTTGCTCCTGCCGAGAAAGTATCCATCATGGCTGATGCAATGCCGGCGCTGCATACGCT
 1361 * S G Y L P I R P P S E T S H R A S T Y
 4081 TGATCCGGCTACCTGCCATTCCGACCACCAAGCGAAACATCGCATCGAGCGAGCACGTAC
 1381 S D G S R S C R S G * S G R R A S G A R
 4141 TCGGATGGAAGCCGGTCTTGTGATCAGGATGATCTGGACGAAGAGCATCAGGGGCTCGC
 1401 A S R T V R Q A Q G A H A R R R G S R R
 4201 GCCAGCCGAAGTTCGCCAGGCTCAAGGCGCGCATGCCCGACGGCGAGGATCTCGTCTGT
 1421 D P W R C L L A E Y H G G K W P L F W I
 4261 GACCCATGGCGATGCCTGCTTGCCGAATATCATGGTGGAAAATGGCCGCTTTTCTGGATT
 1441 H R L W P A G C G G P L S G H S V G Y P
 4321 CATCGACTGTGGCCGGCTGGGTGTGGCGGACCGCTATCAGGACATAGCGTTGGCTACCCG
 1461 * Y C * R A W R R M G * P L P R A L R Y
 4381 TGATATTGCTGAAGAGCTTGGCGGCAATGGGCTGACCGCTTCCTCGTGTCTTACGGTAT
 1481 R R S R F A A H R L L S P S * R V L L S
 4441 CGCCGCTCCCGATTGCGAGCGCATCGCCTTCTATCGCCTTCTTGACGAGTTCTTCTGAGC
 1501 G T L G I R * N K R F Y L V S R K R G E
 4501 GGGACTCTGGGGATCCGATAAAAATAAAAGATTTTATTTAGTCTCCAGAAAAAGGGGGAA
 1521 * K T P P V G L A S * L K * R H F A R H
 4561 TGAAAGACCCACCTGTAGGTTTGGCAAGCTAGCTTAAGTAACGCCATTTTGCAAGGCAT
 1541 G K I H N * E * R S S D Q G Q E Q M E Q
 4621 GGAAAAATACATAACTGAGAATAGAGAAGTTCAGATCAAGGTCAGGAACAGATGGAACAG
 1561 L N M G Q T G Y L W * A V P A P A Q G Q
 4681 CTGAATATGGGCCAAACAGGATATCTGTGGTAAGCAGTTCCTGCCCGGCTCAGGGCCAA
 1581 E Q M E Q L N M G Q T G Y L W * A V P A
 4741 GAACAGATGGAACAGCTGAATATGGGCCAAACAGGATATCTGTGGTAAGCAGTTCCTGCC
 1601 P A Q G Q E Q M V P R C G G P A L S S F *
 4801 CCGGCTCAGGGCCAAGAACAGATGGTCCCAGATGCGGTCCAGCCCTCAGCAGTTTCTAG
 1621 R T I R C F Q G A P R T * N D P V P Y L T
 4861 AGAACCATCAGATGTTTCCAGGTTGCCCAAGGACCTGAAATGACCCTGTGCCTTATTTG
 1641 N * P I S S L L A S V R A L L L P E L N
 4921 AACTAACCAATCAGTTCGCTTCTCGCTTCTGTTCCGCGCTTCTGCTCCCCGAGCTCAAT
 1661 K R A H N P S L G A P V L R L T E S P G

FIGURE 26-4

43/44

4981 AAAAGAGCCCACAACCCCTCACTCGGGGCGCCAGTCCCTCCGATTGACTGAGTCGCCCCGGG
1681 Y P C I Q * T L L Q L H P T C G L A V P
5041 TACCCGTGTATCCAATAAACCCCTCTTGAGTTGCATCCGACTTGTGGTCTCGCTGTTCT
1701 W E G L L * V I D Y P S A G V F H L G A
5101 TGGGAGGGTCTCCTCTGAGTGATTGACTACCCGTCAGCGGGGGTCTTTTCATTTGGGGGCT
1721 R P G S G D P C P G T T D P P P G G K L
5161 CGTCCGGGATCGGGAGACCCCTGCCAGGGACCACCGACCCACCACCGGGAGGTAAGCTG
1741 A A S R V S V M T V K T S D T C S S R R
5221 GCTGCCTCGCGCTTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAACCTCTGACACATGCAGCTCCCGGAGA
1761 R S Q L V C K R M P G A D K P V R A R Q
5281 CGGTACAGCTTGTCTGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGCCCGTCAGGGCGCGTCAG
1781 R V L A G V G A Q P * P S .H V A I A E C
5341 CGGGTGTGGGGGTGTCGGGGCGCAGCCATGACCCAGTCACGTAGCGATAGCGGAGTGT
1801 I L A * L C G I R A D C T E S A P Y A V
5401 ATACTGGCTTAACTATGCGGCATCAGAGCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCACCATATGCGGTG
1821 * N T A Q M R K E K I P H Q A L F R F L
5461 TGAAATACCGCACAGATGCGTAAGGAGAAAAATACCGCATCAGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCCTC
1841 A H * L A A L G R S A A A S G I S S L K
5521 GCTCACTGACTCGCTCGCTCGGTCTCGGTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAA
1861 G G N T V I H R I R G * R R K E H V S K
5581 GGCGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAA
1881 R P A K G Q E P * K G R V A G V F P * A
5641 AGGCCAGCAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCT
1901 P P P * R A S Q K S T L K S E V A K P D
5701 CCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGAC
1921 R T I K I P G V S P W K L P R A L S C S
5761 AGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTTCC
1941 D P A A Y R I P V R L S P F G K R G A F
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6001 GTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAG
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FIGURE 26-5

44/44

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 Arg Ser Thr Pro Pro Arg Ser Ser Leu Tyr Pro Ala Leu Thr Pro Ser
 325 330 335
 Leu Gly Ala Gly Ile Arg Gly Arg Asp Lys Ser Tyr Gln Pro Leu Ser

			340					345							350
Pro	Ser	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ser	Pro	Ala	Arg	Ser	Leu	Glu
		355					360					365			
Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Ser	Leu	Pro	Arg	Thr	Thr	Gly	Pro	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr
	370					375					380				
Ser	Pro	Leu	Pro	Ser	Arg	Arg	His	Ser	Val	Gly	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro	Asp
385					390					395					400
Glu	Pro	Arg	Thr	Ser	Leu	Glu	Arg	Thr	Leu	His	Ser	Pro	Ala	Asp	His
				405					410					415	
Pro	His	Arg	Pro	Gln	Ser	Arg	Arg	His	Arg	Ser	Leu	Asp	Thr	Arg	Arg
			420					425					430		
Pro	Arg	Glu	Gly	Cys	Arg	Pro	Arg	Gly	Trp	Thr	Ile	Ser	Arg	Leu	Thr
		435					440					445			
Arg	Pro	Leu	Arg	Thr	Met	Asp	Phe	Gln	Val	Gln	Ile	Phe	Ser	Phe	Leu
	450					455					460				
Leu	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ser	Val	Ile	Met	Ser	Arg	Gly	Ser	Ile	Val	Met	Thr
465					470					475					480
Gln	Ser	His	Lys	Phe	Met	Ser	Thr	Ser	Val	Gly	Asp	Ser	Val	Ser	Ile
				485					490						495
Thr	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asp	Val	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val	Ala	Trp	Tyr	Gln
			500					505					510		
Gln	Lys	Pro	Gly	Gln	Ser	Pro	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp
		515					520					525			
Arg	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Val	Pro	Asp	Arg	Phe	Thr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr
	530					535					540				
Asp	Phe	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser	Val	Gln	Ala	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Val
545					550					555					560
Tyr	Tyr	Cys	His	Gln	His	Tyr	Ile	Thr	Pro	Arg	Thr	Phe	Gly	Gly	Gly
				565					570					575	
Thr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ile	Lys	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Ser
			580					585					590		
Glu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Gln	Val	Gln	Leu	Gln	Gln	Ser	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Met
		595					600					605			

Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Thr Gly Tyr Thr
 610 615 620

Phe Thr Arg Tyr Tyr Ile Gln Trp Gly Lys Asn Arg Pro Gly His Gly
 625 630 635 640

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Ile Leu Pro Gly Thr Leu Thr Asn Tyr Asn
 645 650 655

Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Ala Phe Thr Ala Asp Arg Ser Ser Asn
 660 665 670

Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val
 675 680 685

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Asp Gly Pro Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
 690 695 700

Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Asp Leu Ser Asn Ser Ile Met Tyr
 705 710 715 720

Phe Ser His Phe Val Pro Val Phe Leu Pro Ala Lys Pro Thr Thr Thr
 725 730 735

Pro Ala Pro Arg Pro Pro Thr Pro Ala Pro Thr Ile Ala Ser Gln Pro
 740 745 750

Leu Ser Leu Arg Pro Glu Ala Cys Arg Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Val
 755 760 765

His Thr Arg Gly Leu Asp Phe Ala Asp Pro Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln
 770 775 780

Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys
 785 790 795 800

Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His Trp Val Lys
 805 810 815

Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser
 820 825 830

Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu
 835 840 845

Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu
 850 855 860

Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp
 865 870 875 880

His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser
 885 890 895

Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Ser Glu Gly Lys Gly Gln
 900 905 910

Val Gln Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser
 915 920 925

Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser
 930 935 940

Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp
 945 950 955 960

Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala His Phe Arg
 965 970 975

Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Met Glu
 980 985 990

Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro
 995 1000 1005

Phe Thr Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Asn Arg His His
 1010 1015 1020

His His His His Thr Arg Gly Ser Ile Pro Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro
 1025 1030 1035

Pro Pro Arg Tyr Trp Pro Lys Pro Leu Gly Ile Arg Pro Val Cys
 1040 1045 1050

Val Cys Leu Tyr Val Ile Phe His His Ile Ala Val Phe Trp Gln
 1055 1060 1065

Cys Glu Gly Pro Glu Thr Trp Pro Cys Leu Leu Asp Glu His Ser
 1070 1075 1080

Gly Ser Phe Pro Ser Arg Gln Arg Asn Ala Arg Ser Val Glu Cys
 1085 1090 1095

Arg Glu Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Phe Leu Lys Thr Asn Asn
 1100 1105 1110

Val Cys Ser Asp Pro Leu Gln Ala Ala Glu Pro Pro Thr Trp Arg
 1115 1120 1125

Gln Val Pro Leu Arg Pro Lys Ala Thr Cys Ile Arg Tyr Thr Cys
 1130 1135 1140

Lys Gly Gly Thr Thr Pro Val Pro Arg Cys Glu Leu Asp Ser Cys
 1145 1150 1155

Gly Lys Ser Gln Met Ala Leu Leu Lys Arg Ile Gln Gln Gly Ala
 1160 1165 1170

Glu Gly Cys Pro Glu Gly Thr Pro Leu Tyr Gly Ile Ser Gly Ala
 1175 1180 1185

Ser Val His Met Leu Tyr Met Cys Leu Val Glu Val Lys Lys Arg
 1190 1195 1200

Leu Gly Pro Pro Asn His Gly Asp Val Val Phe Leu Lys Thr Arg
 1205 1210 1215

Tyr His Gly Asn Ser Arg Trp Ile Ala Arg Arg Phe Ser Gly Arg
 1220 1225 1230

Leu Gly Gly Glu Ala Ile Arg Leu Leu Gly Thr Thr Asp Asn Arg
 1235 1240 1245

Leu Leu Cys Arg Arg Val Pro Ala Val Ser Ala Gly Ala Pro Gly
 1250 1255 1260

Ser Phe Cys Gln Asp Arg Pro Val Arg Cys Pro Glu Thr Ala Gly
 1265 1270 1275

Arg Gly Ser Ala Ala Ile Val Ala Gly His Asp Gly Arg Ser Leu
 1280 1285 1290

Arg Ser Cys Ala Arg Arg Cys His Ser Gly Lys Gly Leu Ala Ala
 1295 1300 1305

Ile Gly Arg Ser Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Pro Val Ile Ser Pro Cys
 1310 1315 1320

Ser Cys Arg Glu Ser Ile His His Gly Cys Asn Ala Ala Ala Ala
 1325 1330 1335

Tyr Ala Ser Gly Tyr Leu Pro Ile Arg Pro Pro Ser Glu Thr Ser
 1340 1345 1350

His Arg Ala Ser Thr Tyr Ser Asp Gly Ser Arg Ser Cys Arg Ser

1355						1360						1365			
Gly	Ser	Gly	Arg	Arg	Ala	Ser	Gly	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ser	Arg	Thr	Val	
1370						1375					1380				
Arg	Gln	Ala	Gln	Gly	Ala	His	Ala	Arg	Arg	Arg	Gly	Ser	Arg	Arg	
1385						1390					1395				
Asp	Pro	Trp	Arg	Cys	Leu	Leu	Ala	Glu	Tyr	His	Gly	Gly	Lys	Trp	
1400						1405					1410				
Pro	Leu	Phe	Trp	Ile	His	Arg	Leu	Trp	Pro	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Gly	
1415						1420					1425				
Pro	Leu	Ser	Gly	His	Ser	Val	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Tyr	Cys	Arg	Ala	Trp	
1430						1435					1440				
Arg	Arg	Met	Gly	Pro	Leu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Arg	Ser	
1445						1450					1455				
Arg	Phe	Ala	Ala	His	Arg	Leu	Leu	Ser	Pro	Ser	Arg	Val	Leu	Leu	
1460						1465					1470				
Ser	Gly	Thr	Leu	Gly	Ile	Arg	Asn	Lys	Arg	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Val	Ser	
1475						1480					1485				
Arg	Lys	Arg	Gly	Glu	Lys	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	
1490						1495					1500				
Lys	Arg	His	Phe	Ala	Arg	His	Gly	Lys	Ile	His	Asn	Glu	Arg	Ser	
1505						1510					1515				
Ser	Asp	Gln	Gly	Gln	Glu	Gln	Met	Glu	Gln	Leu	Asn	Met	Gly	Gln	
1520						1525					1530				
Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Trp	Ala	Val	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gln	Gly	Gln	Glu	
1535						1540					1545				
Gln	Met	Glu	Gln	Leu	Asn	Met	Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Trp	Ala	
1550						1555					1560				
Val	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gln	Gly	Gln	Glu	Gln	Met	Val	Pro	Arg	Cys	
1565						1570					1575				
Gly	Pro	Ala	Leu	Ser	Ser	Phe	Arg	Thr	Ile	Arg	Cys	Phe	Gln	Gly	
1580						1585					1590				
Ala	Pro	Arg	Thr	Asn	Asp	Pro	Val	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Pro	Ile	Ser	
1595						1600					1605				

Ser Leu Leu Ala Ser Val Arg Ala Leu Leu Leu Pro Glu Leu Asn
 1610 1615 1620
 Lys Arg Ala His Asn Pro Ser Leu Gly Ala Pro Val Leu Arg Leu
 1625 1630 1635
 Thr Glu Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Cys Ile Gln Thr Leu Leu Gln Leu
 1640 1645 1650
 His Pro Thr Cys Gly Leu Ala Val Pro Trp Glu Gly Leu Leu Val
 1655 1660 1665
 Ile Asp Tyr Pro Ser Ala Gly Val Phe His Leu Gly Ala Arg Pro
 1670 1675 1680
 Gly Ser Gly Asp Pro Cys Pro Gly Thr Thr Asp Pro Pro Pro Gly
 1685 1690 1695
 Gly Lys Leu Ala Ala Ser Arg Val Ser Val Met Thr Val Lys Thr
 1700 1705 1710
 Ser Asp Thr Cys Ser Ser Arg Arg Arg Ser Gln Leu Val Cys Lys
 1715 1720 1725
 Arg Met Pro Gly Ala Asp Lys Pro Val Arg Ala Arg Gln Arg Val
 1730 1735 1740
 Leu Ala Gly Val Gly Ala Gln Pro Pro Ser His Val Ala Ile Ala
 1745 1750 1755
 Glu Cys Ile Leu Ala Leu Cys Gly Ile Arg Ala Asp Cys Thr Glu
 1760 1765 1770
 Ser Ala Pro Tyr Ala Val Asn Thr Ala Gln Met Arg Lys Glu Lys
 1775 1780 1785
 Ile Pro His Gln Ala Leu Phe Arg Phe Leu Ala His Leu Ala Ala
 1790 1795 1800
 Leu Gly Arg Ser Ala Ala Ala Ser Gly Ile Ser Ser Leu Lys Gly
 1805 1810 1815
 Gly Asn Thr Val Ile His Arg Ile Arg Gly Arg Arg Lys Glu His
 1820 1825 1830
 Val Ser Lys Arg Pro Ala Lys Gly Gln Glu Pro Lys Gly Arg Val
 1835 1840 1845

Ala Gly Val Phe Pro Ala Pro Pro Pro Arg Ala Ser Gln Lys Ser
 1850 1855 1860

Thr Leu Lys Ser Glu Val Ala Lys Pro Asp Arg Thr Ile Lys Ile
 1865 1870 1875

Pro Gly Val Ser Pro Trp Lys Leu Pro Arg Ala Leu Ser Cys Ser
 1880 1885 1890

Asp Pro Ala Ala Tyr Arg Ile Pro Val Arg Leu Ser Pro Phe Gly
 1895 1900 1905

Lys Arg Gly Ala Phe Ser Met Leu Thr Leu Val Ser Gln Phe Gly
 1910 1915 1920

Val Gly Arg Ser Leu Gln Ala Gly Leu Cys Ala Arg Thr Pro Arg
 1925 1930 1935

Ser Ala Arg Pro Leu Arg Leu Ile Arg Leu Ser Ser Val Gln Pro
 1940 1945 1950

Gly Lys Thr Arg Leu Ile Ala Thr Gly Ser Ser His Trp Gln Asp
 1955 1960 1965

Gln Ser Glu Val Cys Arg Arg Cys Tyr Arg Val Leu Glu Val Val
 1970 1975 1980

Ala Leu Arg Leu His Lys Asp Ser Ile Trp Tyr Leu Arg Ser Ala
 1985 1990 1995

Glu Ala Ser Tyr Leu Arg Lys Lys Ser Trp Leu Leu Ile Arg Gln
 2000 2005 2010

Thr Asn His Arg Trp Arg Trp Phe Phe Cys Leu Gln Ala Ala Asp
 2015 2020 2025

Tyr Ala Gln Lys Lys Arg Ile Ser Arg Arg Ser Phe Asp Leu Phe
 2030 2035 2040

Tyr Gly Val Arg Ser Val Glu Arg Lys Leu Thr Leu Arg Asp Phe
 2045 2050 2055

Gly His Glu Ile Ile Lys Lys Asp Leu His Leu Asp Pro Phe Lys
 2060 2065 2070

Leu Lys Met Lys Phe Ile Asn Leu Lys Tyr Ile Val Asn Leu Val
 2075 2080 2085

Gln Leu Pro Met Leu Asn Gln Gly Thr Tyr Leu Ser Asp Leu Ser
 2090 2095 2100
 Ile Ser Phe Ile His Ser Cys Leu Thr Pro Arg Arg Val Asp Asn
 2105 2110 2115
 Tyr Asp Thr Gly Gly Leu Thr Ile Trp Pro Gln Cys Cys Asn Asp
 2120 2125 2130
 Thr Ala Arg Pro Thr Leu Thr Gly Ser Arg Phe Ile Ser Asn Lys
 2135 2140 2145
 Pro Ala Ser Arg Lys Gly Arg Ala Gln Lys Trp Ser Cys Asn Phe
 2150 2155 2160
 Ile Arg Leu His Pro Val Tyr Leu Leu Pro Gly Ser Ser Lys Phe
 2165 2170 2175
 Ala Ser Phe Ala Gln Arg Cys Cys His Cys Cys Arg His Arg Gly
 2180 2185 2190
 Val Thr Leu Val Val Trp Tyr Gly Phe Ile Gln Leu Arg Phe Pro
 2195 2200 2205
 Thr Ile Lys Ala Ser Tyr Met Ile Pro His Val Val Gln Lys Ser
 2210 2215 2220
 Gly Leu Leu Arg Ser Ser Asp Arg Cys Gln Lys Val Gly Arg Ser
 2225 2230 2235
 Val Ile Thr His Gly Tyr Gly Ser Thr Ala Phe Ser Tyr Cys His
 2240 2245 2250
 Ala Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Phe Cys Asp Trp Val Leu Asn Gln Val
 2255 2260 2265
 Ile Leu Arg Ile Val Tyr Ala Ala Thr Glu Leu Leu Leu Pro Gly
 2270 2275 2280
 Val Asn Thr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Thr Gln Asn Phe Lys Ser Ala His
 2285 2290 2295
 His Trp Lys Thr Phe Phe Gly Ala Lys Thr Leu Lys Asp Leu Thr
 2300 2305 2310
 Ala Val Glu Ile Gln Phe Asp Val Thr His Ser Cys Thr Gln Leu
 2315 2320 2325
 Ile Phe Ser Ile Phe Tyr Phe His Gln Arg Phe Trp Val Ser Lys

2330							2335							2340
Asn	Arg	Lys	Ala	Lys	Cys	Arg	Lys	Lys	Gly	Asn	Lys	Gly	Asp	Thr
2345						2350					2355			
Glu	Met	Leu	Asn	Thr	His	Thr	Leu	Pro	Phe	Ser	Ile	Leu	Leu	Lys
2360						2365					2370			
His	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ser	His	Glu	Arg	Ile	His	Ile	Met	Tyr
2375						2380					2385			
Leu	Glu	Lys	Thr	Asn	Arg	Gly	Ser	Ala	His	Ile	Ser	Pro	Lys	Ser
2390						2395					2400			
Ala	Thr	Arg	Leu	Arg	Asn	His	Tyr	Tyr	His	Asp	Ile	Asn	Leu	Lys
2405						2410					2415			
Ala	Tyr	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ile	His	Thr	Arg	Ser
2420						2425					2430			
Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Leu	Gln	Met	Cys	Pro	Pro	His	Thr	Pro	Lys	Phe
2435						2440					2445			
Ala	Gly	Phe	Cys	Ser	Thr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Pro	His	Ser	Pro
2450						2455					2460			
Glu	Pro	Lys	Pro	Arg	Pro	Phe	Arg	Phe	Phe	Ala	Phe	Glu	Arg	Pro
2465						2470					2475			
His	Pro	Val	Ala	Ser	Leu	Lys	Arg	His	Phe	Ala	Arg	His	Gly	Lys
2480						2485					2490			
Ile	His	Asn	Glu	Glu	Ser	Ser	Asp	Gln	Gly	Gln	Glu	Gln	Arg	Asn
2495						2500					2505			
Ser	Ile	Pro	Asn	Arg	Ile	Ser	Val	Val	Ser	Gly	Ser	Cys	Pro	Gly
2510						2515					2520			
Ser	Gly	Pro	Arg	Thr	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	Glu	Trp	Ala	Lys	Gln	Asp
2525						2530					2535			
Ile	Cys	Gly	Lys	Gln	Phe	Leu	Pro	Arg	Leu	Gly	Ala	Lys	Asn	Arg
2540						2545					2550			
Trp	Ser	Pro	Asp	Ala	Val	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ser
2555						2560					2565			
Ser	Asp	Val	Ser	Arg	Val	Pro	Gln	Gly	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asp	Pro	Val
2570						2575					2580			

Pro Tyr Leu Asn Pro Ile Ser Ser Leu Leu Ala Ser Val Arg Ala
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Leu Pro Leu Ser Glu Leu Asn Lys
 2600 2605

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 <213> Artificial Sequence

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 gtcagcatca cctgcaaggc cagtcaggat gtgagtactg ctgtagcctg gtatcaacag 180
 aaaccaggac aatctcctaa actactgatt tactcggcat ccgaccggta cactggagtc 240
 cctgatcgct tcaactggcag tggatctggg acggatttca ctttcaccat cagcagtgtg 300
 caggctgaag acctggcagt ttattactgt caccaacatt atattactcc tcggacgttc 360
 ggtggaggca caaagctgga aataaaaagg tgcacttccg gtagcggcaa atcctctgaa 420
 ggcaaaggtc aggtccagct gcagcagtct ggagctgagg tgatgaggcc tggggcctca 480
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 aaaaacaggc ctggacatgg ccttgagtgg attggagaga ttttacctgg aactcttact 600
 aattacaatg agaaattcaa gggcaaggcc gcattcactg cagatagatc ctccaacaca 660
 gcctacatgc aactcagcag ccttacatct gaggactctg ccgtctatta ctgtgcaaga 720
 gatggtccct ggtttgctta ctggggccaa ggaaccctgg tcaccgtctc tgcagcggat 780
 ctgagcaact ccatcatgta cttcagccac ttcgtgccgg tcttctgccc agcgaagccc 840
 accacgacgc cagcgcgcgcg accaccaaca ccggcgccca ccatcgcgtc gcagcccctg 900
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 gcctcagtga agatgtcctg caaggcttct ggctacacct ttactaggta cacgatgcac 1080
 tgggtaaaac agaggcctgg acagggctctg gaatggattg gatacattaa tctagccgt 1140
 ggttatacta attacaaatca gaagttcaag gacaaggcca cattgactac agacaaatcc 1200
 tccagcacag cctacatgca actgagcagc ctgacatctg aggactctgc agtctattac 1260
 tgtgcaagat attatgatga tcattactgc cttgactact ggggccaagg caccactctc 1320
 acagtctcct caggatctac ttcaggtagc ggtaaatcat ctgaaggtaa aggtcaggtc 1380

ctccaaattg ttctcaccca gtctccagca atcatgtctg catctccagg ggagaaggtc 1440
 accatgacct gcagtgccag ctcaagtgta agttacatga actggtacca gcagaagtca 1500
 ggcacctccc ccaaaagatg gatttatgac acatccaaac tggcttctgg agtccctgct 1560
 cacttcaggg gcagtgggctc tgggacctct tactctctca caatcagcgg catggaggct 1620
 gaagatgctg ccacttatta ctgccagcag tggagtagta acccattcac gttcggctcg 1680
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 <213> Artificial Sequence

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 Val Ile Met Ser Arg Gly Ser Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser His Lys Phe
 20 25 30

 Met Ser Thr Ser Val Gly Asp Ser Val Ser Ile Thr Cys Lys Ala Ser
 35 40 45

 Gln Asp Val Ser Thr Ala Val Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln
 50 55 60

 Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ser Ala Ser Asp Arg Tyr Thr Gly Val
 65 70 75 80

 Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Phe Thr
 85 90 95

 Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys His Gln
 100 105 110

 His Tyr Ile Thr Pro Arg Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile
 115 120 125

 Lys Gly Ser Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Ser Glu Gly Lys Gly Gln
 130 135 140

 Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Met Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160

 Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Thr Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Tyr
 165 170 175

Ile Gln Trp Gly Lys Asn Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly
 180 185 190

Glu Ile Leu Pro Gly Thr Leu Thr Asn Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly
 195 200 205

Lys Ala Ala Phe Thr Ala Asp Arg Ser Ser Asn Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln
 210 215 220

Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg
 225 230 235 240

Asp Gly Pro Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val
 245 250 255

Ser Ala Ala Asp Leu Ser Asn Ser Ile Met Tyr Phe Ser His Phe Val
 260 265 270

Pro Val Phe Leu Pro Ala Lys Pro Thr Thr Thr Pro Ala Pro Arg Pro
 275 280 285

Pro Thr Pro Ala Pro Thr Ile Ala Ser Gln Pro Leu Ser Leu Arg Pro
 290 295 300

Glu Ala Cys Arg Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Val His Thr Arg Gly Leu
 305 310 315 320

Asp Phe Ala Asp Pro Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu
 325 330 335

Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr
 340 345 350

Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln
 355 360 365

Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn
 370 375 380

Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser
 385 390 395 400

Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser
 405 410 415

Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp
 420 425 430

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser
 435 440 445

Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Ser Glu Gly Lys Gly Gln Val Leu Gln Ile Val
 450 455 460

Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val
 465 470 475 480

Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr
 485 490 495

Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser
 500 505 510

Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala His Phe Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly
 515 520 525

Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala
 530 535 540

Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Phe Thr Phe Gly Ser
 545 550 555 560

Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Asn Arg His His His His His His
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<211> 2606

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Alternative Protein Sequence of pG1EN-EH3.His (E3-Bi and Vector)

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Ala Arg Val Pro Val Phe Pro Ile Lys Pro Leu Ala Val Cys Ile Arg
 20 25 30

Ile Val Val Ser Leu Phe Leu Gly Arg Val Ser Ser Glu Leu Thr Thr
 35 40 45

His Asp Gly Gly Leu Ser Phe Gly Gly Ser Ser Gly Ile Trp Arg Pro
 50 55 60

Leu Pro Arg Asp His Arg Pro Thr Thr Gly Arg Ala Gly Gln Gln Pro
 65 70 75 80

Ile Cys Val Cys Pro Ile Val Cys Leu Cys Leu Met Leu Cys Ala Cys
 85 90 95

Val Cys Thr Ser Leu Thr Ser Ser Val Ser Gly Gly Pro Val Val Glu
 100 105 110

Leu Thr Ser Ser Glu His Pro Ala Ala Thr Gln Gly Asp Val Pro Gly
 115 120 125

Thr Leu Gly Ala Val Phe Val Ala Arg Pro Glu Glu Gly Ser Arg Cys
 130 135 140

Gly Ile Arg Pro Arg Gln Asp Met Trp Phe Trp Glu Thr Arg Thr Asn
 145 150 155 160

Ser Ser Arg Leu Arg Leu Asn Phe Cys Phe Arg Phe Gly Thr Glu Ala
 165 170 175

Ala Arg Leu Val Cys Cys Ser Ile Val Leu Cys Cys Leu Cys Leu Thr
 180 185 190

Val Phe Leu Tyr Leu Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Thr Val Thr Thr Pro Leu
 195 200 205

Ser Leu Thr Leu Gly His Trp Lys Asp Val Glu Arg Ile Ala His Asn
 210 215 220

Gln Ser Val Asp Val Lys Lys Arg Arg Trp Val Thr Phe Cys Ser Ala
 225 230 235 240

Glu Trp Pro Thr Phe Asn Val Gly Trp Pro Arg Asp Gly Thr Phe Asn
 245 250 255

Arg Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Lys Ile Lys Val Phe Ser Pro Gly Pro
 260 265 270

His Gly His Pro Asp Gln Val Pro Tyr Ile Val Thr Trp Glu Ala Leu
 275 280 285

Ala Phe Asp Pro Pro Pro Trp Val Lys Pro Phe Val His Pro Lys Pro
 290 295 300

Pro Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Pro Leu Glu Pro Pro
 305 310 315 320

Arg Ser Thr Pro Pro Arg Ser Ser Leu Tyr Pro Ala Leu Thr Pro Ser
 325 330 335

Leu Gly Ala Gly Ile Arg Gly Arg Asp Lys Ser Tyr Gln Pro Leu Ser
 340 345 350

Pro Ser Ser Leu Thr Gly Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Ala Arg Ser Leu Glu
 355 360 365

Thr Ser Gly Gly Ser Leu Pro Arg Thr Thr Gly Pro Thr Gly Gly Thr
 370 375 380

Ser Pro Leu Pro Ser Arg Arg His Ser Val Gly Pro Pro Thr Pro Asp
 385 390 395 400

Glu Pro Arg Thr Ser Leu Glu Arg Thr Leu His Ser Pro Ala Asp His
 405 410 415

Pro His Arg Pro Gln Ser Arg Arg His Arg Ser Leu Asp Thr Arg Arg
 420 425 430

Pro Arg Glu Gly Cys Arg Pro Arg Gly Trp Thr Ile Ser Arg Leu Thr
 435 440 445

Arg Pro Leu Arg Thr Met Asp Phe Gln Val Gln Ile Phe Ser Phe Leu
 450 455 460

Leu Ile Ser Ala Ser Val Ile Met Ser Arg Gly Ser Ile Val Met Thr
 465 470 475 480

Gln Ser His Lys Phe Met Ser Thr Ser Val Gly Asp Ser Val Ser Ile
 485 490 495

Thr Cys Lys Ala Ser Gln Asp Val Ser Thr Ala Val Ala Trp Tyr Gln
 500 505 510

Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ser Ala Ser Asp
 515 520 525

Arg Tyr Thr Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr
 530 535 540

Asp Phe Thr Phe Thr Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val
 545 550 555 560

Tyr Tyr Cys His Gln His Tyr Ile Thr Pro Arg Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly
 565 570 575

Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Gly Ser Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Ser
 580 585 590

Glu Gly Lys Gly Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Met
 595 600 605

Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Thr Gly Tyr Thr
 610 615 620

Phe Thr Arg Tyr Tyr Ile Gln Trp Gly Lys Asn Arg Pro Gly His Gly
 625 630 635 640

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Ile Leu Pro Gly Thr Leu Thr Asn Tyr Asn
 645 650 655

Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Ala Phe Thr Ala Asp Arg Ser Ser Asn
 660 665 670

Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val
 675 680 685

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Asp Gly Pro Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
 690 695 700

Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Asp Leu Ser Asn Ser Ile Met Tyr
 705 710 715 720

Phe Ser His Phe Val Pro Val Phe Leu Pro Ala Lys Pro Thr Thr Thr
 725 730 735

Pro Ala Pro Arg Pro Pro Thr Pro Ala Pro Thr Ile Ala Ser Gln Pro
 740 745 750

Leu Ser Leu Arg Pro Glu Ala Cys Arg Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Val
 755 760 765

His Thr Arg Gly Leu Asp Phe Ala Asp Pro Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln
 770 775 780

Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys
 785 790 795 800

Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His Trp Val Lys
 805 810 815

Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser
 820 825 830

Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu
 835 840 845

Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu

850						855										860
Thr	Ser	Glu	Asp	Ser	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Asp	
865					870					875					880	
His	Tyr	Cys	Leu	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Thr	Leu	Thr	Val	Ser	
				885					890					895		
Ser	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Ser	Glu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Gln	
			900					905					910			
Val	Gln	Gln	Ile	Val	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ile	Met	Ser	Ala	Ser	
		915					920					925				
Pro	Gly	Glu	Lys	Val	Thr	Met	Thr	Cys	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Ser	
	930					935					940					
Tyr	Met	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Gln	Gln	Lys	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ser	Pro	Lys	Arg	Trp	
945					950					955					960	
Ile	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly	Val	Pro	Ala	His	Phe	Arg	
				965					970					975		
Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Gly	Met	Glu	
			980					985					990			
Ala	Glu	Asp	Ala	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Gln	Gln	Trp	Ser	Ser	Asn	Pro	
		995					1000					1005				
Phe	Thr	Phe	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ile	Asn	Arg	His	His		
	1010					1015					1020					
His	His	His	His	Thr	Arg	Gly	Ser	Ile	Pro	Pro	Leu	Ser	Leu	Pro		
	1025					1030					1035					
Pro	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Trp	Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ile	Arg	Pro	Val	Cys		
	1040					1045					1050					
Val	Cys	Leu	Tyr	Val	Ile	Phe	His	His	Ile	Ala	Val	Phe	Trp	Gln		
	1055					1060					1065					
Cys	Glu	Gly	Pro	Glu	Thr	Trp	Pro	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asp	Glu	His	Ser		
	1070					1075					1080					
Gly	Ser	Phe	Pro	Ser	Arg	Gln	Arg	Asn	Ala	Arg	Ser	Val	Glu	Cys		
	1085					1090					1095					
Arg	Glu	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ser	Phe	Leu	Lys	Thr	Asn	Asn		
	1100					1105					1110					

Val Cys Ser Asp Pro Leu Gln Ala Ala Glu Pro Pro Thr Trp Arg
 1115 1120 1125

Gln Val Pro Leu Arg Pro Lys Ala Thr Cys Ile Arg Tyr Thr Cys
 1130 1135 1140

Lys Gly Gly Thr Thr Pro Val Pro Arg Cys Glu Leu Asp Ser Cys
 1145 1150 1155

Gly Lys Ser Gln Met Ala Leu Leu Lys Arg Ile Gln Gln Gly Ala
 1160 1165 1170

Glu Gly Cys Pro Glu Gly Thr Pro Leu Tyr Gly Ile Ser Gly Ala
 1175 1180 1185

Ser Val His Met Leu Tyr Met Cys Leu Val Glu Val Lys Lys Arg
 1190 1195 1200

Leu Gly Pro Pro Asn His Gly Asp Val Val Phe Leu Lys Thr Arg
 1205 1210 1215

Tyr His Gly Asn Ser Arg Trp Ile Ala Arg Arg Phe Ser Gly Arg
 1220 1225 1230

Leu Gly Gly Glu Ala Ile Arg Leu Leu Gly Thr Thr Asp Asn Arg
 1235 1240 1245

Leu Leu Cys Arg Arg Val Pro Ala Val Ser Ala Gly Ala Pro Gly
 1250 1255 1260

Ser Phe Cys Gln Asp Arg Pro Val Arg Cys Pro Glu Thr Ala Gly
 1265 1270 1275

Arg Gly Ser Ala Ala Ile Val Ala Gly His Asp Gly Arg Ser Leu
 1280 1285 1290

Arg Ser Cys Ala Arg Arg Cys His Ser Gly Lys Gly Leu Ala Ala
 1295 1300 1305

Ile Gly Arg Ser Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Pro Val Ile Ser Pro Cys
 1310 1315 1320

Ser Cys Arg Glu Ser Ile His His Gly Cys Asn Ala Ala Ala Ala
 1325 1330 1335

Tyr Ala Ser Gly Tyr Leu Pro Ile Arg Pro Pro Ser Glu Thr Ser
 1340 1345 1350

His Arg Ala Ser Thr Tyr Ser Asp Gly Ser Arg Ser Cys Arg Ser
 1355 1360 1365
 Gly Ser Gly Arg Arg Ala Ser Gly Ala Arg Ala Ser Arg Thr Val
 1370 1375 1380
 Arg Gln Ala Gln Gly Ala His Ala Arg Arg Arg Gly Ser Arg Arg
 1385 1390 1395
 Asp Pro Trp Arg Cys Leu Leu Ala Glu Tyr His Gly Gly Lys Trp
 1400 1405 1410
 Pro Leu Phe Trp Ile His Arg Leu Trp Pro Ala Gly Cys Gly Gly
 1415 1420 1425
 Pro Leu Ser Gly His Ser Val Gly Tyr Pro Tyr Cys Arg Ala Trp
 1430 1435 1440
 Arg Arg Met Gly Pro Leu Pro Arg Ala Leu Arg Tyr Arg Arg Ser
 1445 1450 1455
 Arg Phe Ala Ala His Arg Leu Leu Ser Pro Ser Arg Val Leu Leu
 1460 1465 1470
 Ser Gly Thr Leu Gly Ile Arg Asn Lys Arg Phe Tyr Leu Val Ser
 1475 1480 1485
 Arg Lys Arg Gly Glu Lys Thr Pro Pro Val Gly Leu Ala Ser Leu
 1490 1495 1500
 Lys Arg His Phe Ala Arg His Gly Lys Ile His Asn Glu Arg Ser
 1505 1510 1515
 Ser Asp Gln Gly Gln Glu Gln Met Glu Gln Leu Asn Met Gly Gln
 1520 1525 1530
 Thr Gly Tyr Leu Trp Ala Val Pro Ala Pro Ala Gln Gly Gln Glu
 1535 1540 1545
 Gln Met Glu Gln Leu Asn Met Gly Gln Thr Gly Tyr Leu Trp Ala
 1550 1555 1560
 Val Pro Ala Pro Ala Gln Gly Gln Glu Gln Met Val Pro Arg Cys
 1565 1570 1575
 Gly Pro Ala Leu Ser Ser Phe Arg Thr Ile Arg Cys Phe Gln Gly
 1580 1585 1590

Ala Pro Arg Thr Asn Asp Pro Val Pro Tyr Leu Asn Pro Ile Ser
1595 1600 1605

Ser Leu Leu Ala Ser Val Arg Ala Leu Leu Leu Pro Glu Leu Asn
1610 1615 1620

Lys Arg Ala His Asn Pro Ser Leu Gly Ala Pro Val Leu Arg Leu
1625 1630 1635

Thr Glu Ser Pro Gly Tyr Pro Cys Ile Gln Thr Leu Leu Gln Leu
1640 1645 1650

His Pro Thr Cys Gly Leu Ala Val Pro Trp Glu Gly Leu Leu Val
1655 1660 1665

Ile Asp Tyr Pro Ser Ala Gly Val Phe His Leu Gly Ala Arg Pro
1670 1675 1680

Gly Ser Gly Asp Pro Cys Pro Gly Thr Thr Asp Pro Pro Pro Gly
1685 1690 1695

Gly Lys Leu Ala Ala Ser Arg Val Ser Val Met Thr Val Lys Thr
1700 1705 1710

Ser Asp Thr Cys Ser Ser Arg Arg Arg Ser Gln Leu Val Cys Lys
1715 1720 1725

Arg Met Pro Gly Ala Asp Lys Pro Val Arg Ala Arg Gln Arg Val
1730 1735 1740

Leu Ala Gly Val Gly Ala Gln Pro Pro Ser His Val Ala Ile Ala
1745 1750 1755

Glu Cys Ile Leu Ala Leu Cys Gly Ile Arg Ala Asp Cys Thr Glu
1760 1765 1770

Ser Ala Pro Tyr Ala Val Asn Thr Ala Gln Met Arg Lys Glu Lys
1775 1780 1785

Ile Pro His Gln Ala Leu Phe Arg Phe Leu Ala His Leu Ala Ala
1790 1795 1800

Leu Gly Arg Ser Ala Ala Ala Ser Gly Ile Ser Ser Leu Lys Gly
1805 1810 1815

Gly Asn Thr Val Ile His Arg Ile Arg Gly Arg Arg Lys Glu His
1820 1825 1830

Val Ser Lys Arg Pro Ala Lys Gly Gln Glu Pro Lys Gly Arg Val

1835						1840								1845
Ala	Gly	Val	Phe	Pro	Ala	Pro	Pro	Pro	Arg	Ala	Ser	Gln	Lys	Ser
1850						1855					1860			
Thr	Leu	Lys	Ser	Glu	Val	Ala	Lys	Pro	Asp	Arg	Thr	Ile	Lys	Ile
1865						1870					1875			
Pro	Gly	Val	Ser	Pro	Trp	Lys	Leu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ser	Cys	Ser
1880						1885					1890			
Asp	Pro	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Pro	Val	Arg	Leu	Ser	Pro	Phe	Gly
1895						1900					1905			
Lys	Arg	Gly	Ala	Phe	Ser	Met	Leu	Thr	Leu	Val	Ser	Gln	Phe	Gly
1910						1915					1920			
Val	Gly	Arg	Ser	Leu	Gln	Ala	Gly	Leu	Cys	Ala	Arg	Thr	Pro	Arg
1925						1930					1935			
Ser	Ala	Arg	Pro	Leu	Arg	Leu	Ile	Arg	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Gln	Pro
1940						1945					1950			
Gly	Lys	Thr	Arg	Leu	Ile	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	His	Trp	Gln	Asp
1955						1960					1965			
Gln	Ser	Glu	Val	Cys	Arg	Arg	Cys	Tyr	Arg	Val	Leu	Glu	Val	Val
1970						1975					1980			
Ala	Leu	Arg	Leu	His	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ile	Trp	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala
1985						1990					1995			
Glu	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Lys	Lys	Ser	Trp	Leu	Leu	Ile	Arg	Gln
2000						2005					2010			
Thr	Asn	His	Arg	Trp	Arg	Trp	Phe	Phe	Cys	Leu	Gln	Ala	Ala	Asp
2015						2020					2025			
Tyr	Ala	Gln	Lys	Lys	Arg	Ile	Ser	Arg	Arg	Ser	Phe	Asp	Leu	Phe
2030						2035					2040			
Tyr	Gly	Val	Arg	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Lys	Leu	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asp	Phe
2045						2050					2055			
Gly	His	Glu	Ile	Ile	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu	His	Leu	Asp	Pro	Phe	Lys
2060						2065					2070			
Leu	Lys	Met	Lys	Phe	Ile	Asn	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Val	Asn	Leu	Val
2075						2080					2085			

Gln Leu Pro Met Leu Asn Gln Gly Thr Tyr Leu Ser Asp Leu Ser
 2090 2095 2100

Ile Ser Phe Ile His Ser Cys Leu Thr Pro Arg Arg Val Asp Asn
 2105 2110 2115

Tyr Asp Thr Gly Gly Leu Thr Ile Trp Pro Gln Cys Cys Asn Asp
 2120 2125 2130

Thr Ala Arg Pro Thr Leu Thr Gly Ser Arg Phe Ile Ser Asn Lys
 2135 2140 2145

Pro Ala Ser Arg Lys Gly Arg Ala Gln Lys Trp Ser Cys Asn Phe
 2150 2155 2160

Ile Arg Leu His Pro Val Tyr Leu Leu Pro Gly Ser Ser Lys Phe
 2165 2170 2175

Ala Ser Phe Ala Gln Arg Cys Cys His Cys Cys Arg His Arg Gly
 2180 2185 2190

Val Thr Leu Val Val Trp Tyr Gly Phe Ile Gln Leu Arg Phe Pro
 2195 2200 2205

Thr Ile Lys Ala Ser Tyr Met Ile Pro His Val Val Gln Lys Ser
 2210 2215 2220

Gly Leu Leu Arg Ser Ser Asp Arg Cys Gln Lys Val Gly Arg Ser
 2225 2230 2235

Val Ile Thr His Gly Tyr Gly Ser Thr Ala Phe Ser Tyr Cys His
 2240 2245 2250

Ala Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Phe Cys Asp Trp Val Leu Asn Gln Val
 2255 2260 2265

Ile Leu Arg Ile Val Tyr Ala Ala Thr Glu Leu Leu Leu Pro Gly
 2270 2275 2280

Val Asn Thr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Thr Gln Asn Phe Lys Ser Ala His
 2285 2290 2295

His Trp Lys Thr Phe Phe Gly Ala Lys Thr Leu Lys Asp Leu Thr
 2300 2305 2310

Ala Val Glu Ile Gln Phe Asp Val Thr His Ser Cys Thr Gln Leu
 2315 2320 2325

Ile Phe Ser Ile Phe Tyr Phe His Gln Arg Phe Trp Val Ser Lys
 2330 2335 2340

Asn Arg Lys Ala Lys Cys Arg Lys Lys Gly Asn Lys Gly Asp Thr
 2345 2350 2355

Glu Met Leu Asn Thr His Thr Leu Pro Phe Ser Ile Leu Leu Lys
 2360 2365 2370

His Leu Ser Gly Leu Leu Ser His Glu Arg Ile His Ile Met Tyr
 2375 2380 2385

Leu Glu Lys Thr Asn Arg Gly Ser Ala His Ile Ser Pro Lys Ser
 2390 2395 2400

Ala Thr Arg Leu Arg Asn His Tyr Tyr His Asp Ile Asn Leu Lys
 2405 2410 2415

Ala Tyr His Glu Ala Leu Ser Ser Ser Arg Ile His Thr Arg Ser
 2420 2425 2430

Pro Lys Thr Val Leu Gln Met Cys Pro Pro His Thr Pro Lys Phe
 2435 2440 2445

Ala Gly Phe Cys Ser Thr Thr Leu Pro Tyr Ser Pro His Ser Pro
 2450 2455 2460

Glu Pro Lys Pro Arg Pro Phe Arg Phe Phe Ala Phe Glu Arg Pro
 2465 2470 2475

His Pro Val Ala Ser Leu Lys Arg His Phe Ala Arg His Gly Lys
 2480 2485 2490

Ile His Asn Glu Glu Ser Ser Asp Gln Gly Gln Glu Gln Arg Asn
 2495 2500 2505

Ser Ile Pro Asn Arg Ile Ser Val Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Pro Gly
 2510 2515 2520

Ser Gly Pro Arg Thr Asp Glu Thr Ala Glu Trp Ala Lys Gln Asp
 2525 2530 2535

Ile Cys Gly Lys Gln Phe Leu Pro Arg Leu Gly Ala Lys Asn Arg
 2540 2545 2550

Trp Ser Pro Asp Ala Val Gln Pro Ser Ala Val Ser Ser Glu Ser
 2555 2560 2565

Ser Asp Val Ser Arg Val Pro Gln Gly Pro Glu Asn Asp Pro Val
2570 2575 2580

Pro Tyr Leu Asn Pro Ile Ser Ser Leu Leu Ala Ser Val Arg Ala
2585 2590 2595

Leu Pro Leu Ser Glu Leu Asn Lys
2600 2605