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CA 2495672 C 2015/03/17

(11)(21) 2 495 672

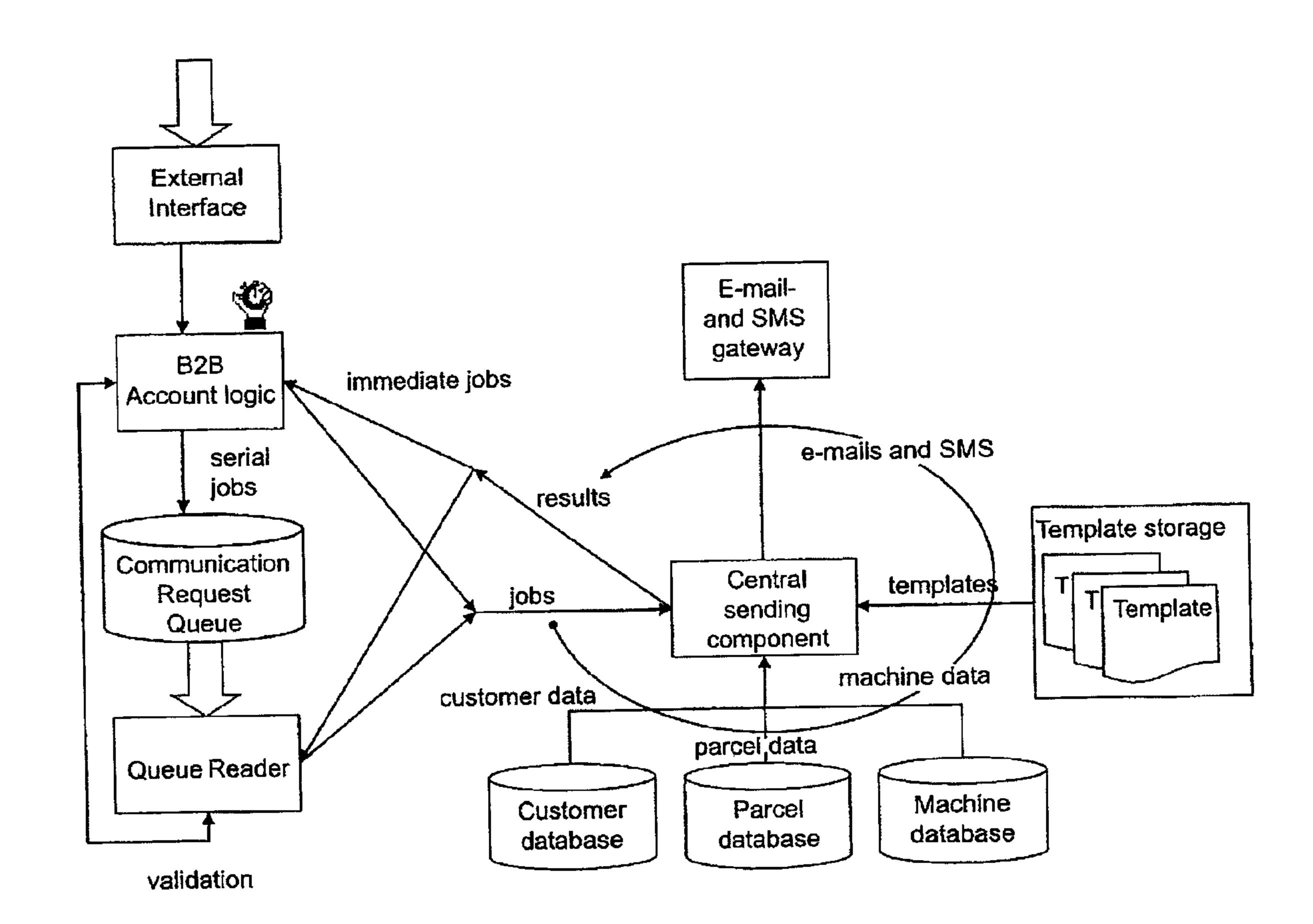
(12) BREVET CANADIEN CANADIAN PATENT

(13) **C**

- (86) Date de dépôt PCT/PCT Filing Date: 2003/08/15
- (87) Date publication PCT/PCT Publication Date: 2004/03/04
- (45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2015/03/17
- (85) Entrée phase nationale/National Entry: 2005/02/15
- (86) N° demande PCT/PCT Application No.: DE 2003/002666
- (87) N° publication PCT/PCT Publication No.: 2004/019242
- (30) Priorité/Priority: 2002/08/16 (DE102 38 345.6)

- (51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. *G06Q 10/08* (2012.01), *G06Q 50/32* (2012.01)
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(54) Titre: PROCEDE ET DISPOSITIF DE TRANSMISSION DE NOTIFICATIONS (54) Title: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF NOTIFICATIONS



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

The invention relates to a method for the transmission of notifications. According to the invention the method is characterised in that data from at least one data bank is transmitted to a central dispatch centre, converted there into notification information and the notification information transmitted to a communication interface and from the communication interface onto one or several receiver devices. The invention further relates to a logistic system suitable for application to the method.





(12) NACH DEM VERTRAG ÜBER DIE INTERNATIONALE ZUSAMMENARBEIT AUF DEM GEBIET DES PATENTWESENS (PCT) VERÖFFENTLICHTE INTERNATIONALE ANMELDUNG

(19) Weltorganisation für geistiges Eigentum Internationales Büro





(43) Internationales Veröffentlichungsdatum 4. März 2004 (04.03.2004)

PCT

(10) Internationale Veröffentlichungsnummer WO 2004/019242 A1

- (51) Internationale Patentklassifikation⁷: G06F 17/60
- (21) Internationales Aktenzeichen: PCT/DE2003/002666
- (22) Internationales Anmeldedatum:

15. August 2003 (15.08.2003)

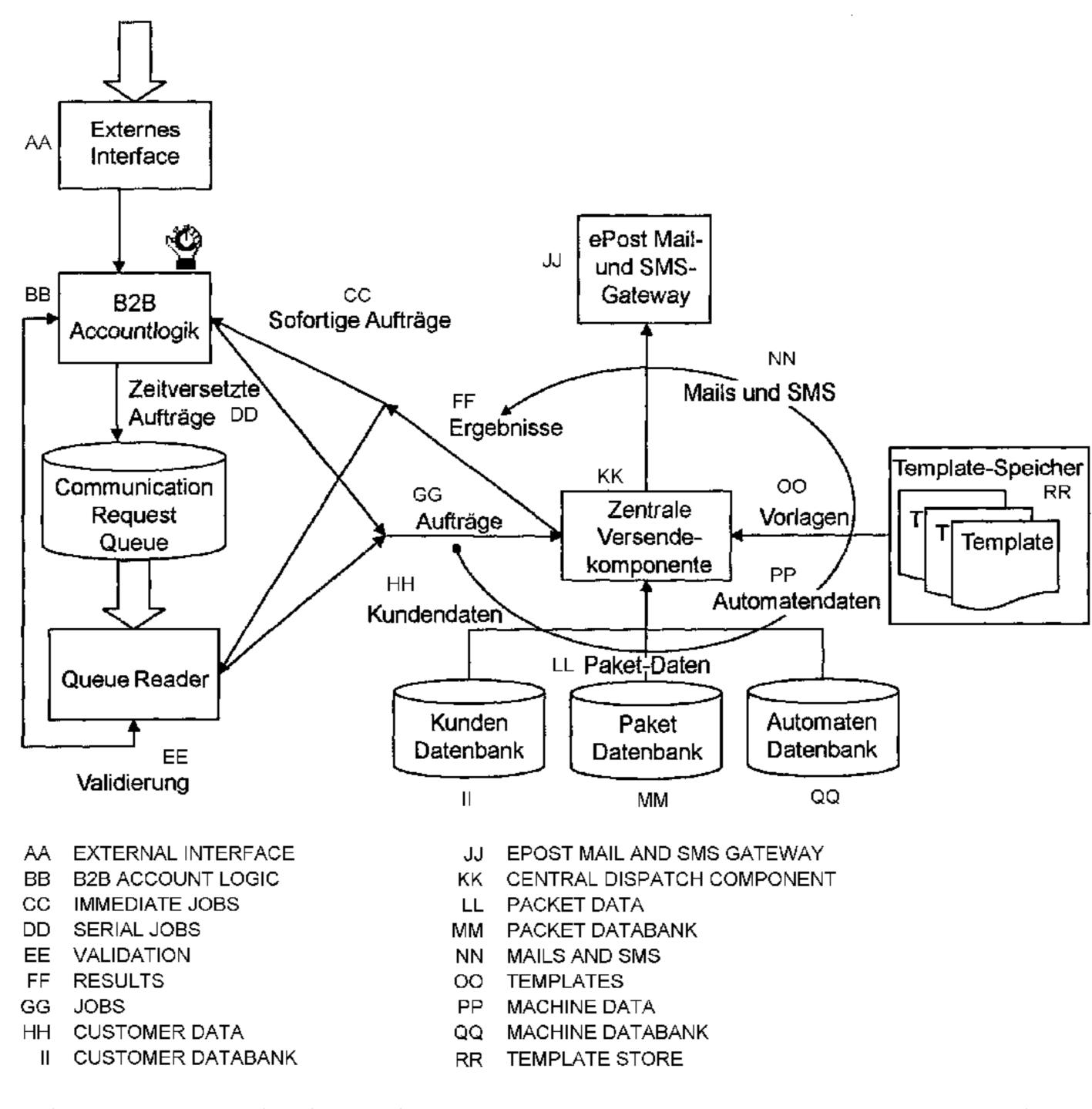
- (25) Einreichungssprache: Deutsch
- (26) Veröffentlichungssprache: Deutsch
- (30) Angaben zur Priorität: 102 38 345.6 16. August 2002 (16.08.2002) DE
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- (81) Bestimmungsstaaten (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Bestimmungsstaaten (regional): ARIPO-Patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), eurasisches Patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), europäisches Patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI-Patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

[Fortsetzung auf der nächsten Seite]

- (54) Title: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF NOTIFICATIONS
- (54) Bezeichnung: VERFAHREN UND VORRICHTUNG ZUM ÜBERMITTELN VON BENACHRICHTIGUNGEN



(57) Abstract: The invention relates to a method for the transmission of notifications. According to the invention the method is characterised in that data from at least one data bank is transmitted to a central dispatch centre, converted there into notification information and the notification information transmitted to a communication interface and from the communication interface onto one or several receiver devices. The invention further relates to a logistic system suitable for application to the method.

WO 2004/019242

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- hinsichtlich der Berechtigung des Anmelders, ein Patent zu beantragen und zu erhalten (Regel 4.17 Ziffer ii) für die folgenden Bestimmungsstaaten AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
- LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, ARIPO-Patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), eurasisches Patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), europäisches Patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI-Patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG)
- Erfindererklärung (Regel 4.17 Ziffer iv) nur für US

Veröffentlicht:

- mit internationalem Recherchenbericht
- vor Ablauf der für Änderungen der Ansprüche geltenden Frist; Veröffentlichung wird wiederholt, falls Änderungen eintreffen

Zur Erklärung der Zweibuchstaben-Codes und der anderen Abkürzungen wird auf die Erklärungen ("Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations") am Anfang jeder regulären Ausgabe der PCT-Gazette verwiesen.

METHOD AND DEVICE FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF NOTIFICATIONS

Description:

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The invention relates to a method for the transmission of notifications by means of a notification component to users of an electronic parcel compartment system within a postal shipping system in which data from at least one database is transmitted to a central sending component, where it is converted into notification information and the notification information is transmitted to a communication interface and from the communication interface to at least one receiving device, whereby notification jobs are stored in a storage module and at least some of the requests for the transmission of notifications are transmitted by a control circuit to the storage module and a reading module acquires the notification jobs contained in the storage module and transmits them to the central sending component.

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The invention also relates to a device for the transmission of notifications to users of an electronic parcel compartment system within a postal shipping system having at least one database, one central sending component and one communication interface for the transmission of the notification information to receiving devices.

The invention relates especially to a method and to a device for informing senders or recipients of mailpieces about the status of the shipment.

A method of the generic type is disclosed in French Patent FR 2 563 987. With this prior-art method, information about the filling status of an electronic parcel compartment system is stored in a database of a server and can be retrieved from there.

- Another notification method of the generic type is known from U.S. Pat. No. 5,790,974. With this method, two separate databases, each containing calendar information, are connected to each other and each contain software agents that allow a data comparison between the databases.
- Another method of the generic type is known from U.S. Pat. No. 6,064,976. This method checks whether a user is present in a predetermined area. If the user is present in the area, then the actual arrival time of the user and an estimated arrival time of the user are compared to each other.
- Moreover, U.S. Pat. No. 6,047,264 discloses a method for the transmission of the status of a shipment of a user in which an entry is generated in a central database when a user orders a shipment. If the status of the shipment changes, for example, when it is transferred to a delivery company, when it is transported to different stations or when it is dropped off at the destination, the status change is recorded in the database.

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This recording can be done manually or electronically. A notification component continuously uses a query module to query status changes in the database and generates messages to the appertaining users about a shipment for which the status has changed. The notification is preferably done by e-mail.

The invention is based on the development of a method of the generic type that allows the most reliable and quickest possible individual notification of users of an electronic parcel compartment system.

In particular, the invention should be suitable for the transmission of individual notifications to numerous users of an electronic parcel compartment system.

According to an aspect of the invention, there is provided a postal shipping system comprising an electronic parcel compartment system, a device for transmitting notifications to users of the electronic parcel compartment system as well as a receiving device for one or more users of the electronic parcel compartment system, whereby the device for transmitting notifications has a database (KT, PD, AD), a central sending component (ZVK) for converting data from the database (KT, PD, AD) into notification information (BI) and a communication interface for the transmission of the notification information (BI) to the receiving device, whereby the device comprises an external interface (EI) that serves for receiving information about events at the electronic parcel compartment system and that is connected to a control circuit (AL) equipped with transmission means for the transmission of notification requests to a storage module (CRC) that stores the notification requests, and whereby the storage module (CRC) is connected to a reading unit (CR) that transmits the notification requests at a predetermined time to the central sending component (ZVK).

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According to aothern aspect of the invention, there is provided a method for the transmission of notifications by means of a notification component to receiving devices of users of an electronic parcel compartment devices system within a postal shipping system, whereby the postal shipping system comprises a plurality of electronic parcel compartment devices, wherein in the postal shipping system data from database (KT, PD, AD) is transmitted to a central sending component (ZVK), where it is converted into notification information (BI) and the notification information (BI) is transmitted to a communication interface and from the communication interface to at least one receiving device of a user, whereby notification jobs for generating notification information (BI) by the central sending component (ZVK) are stored in a storage module (CRC) and at least some of the requests for the transmission of notifications are transmitted by a control circuit (AL) to the storage module (CRC) and a reading module (CR) acquires the notification jobs contained in the storage module (CRC) and transmits them to the central sending component (ZVK) for generating notification information (BI),

characterized in that

the reading module (CR) transmits notification requests at a predetermined time to the central sending component (ZVK) and the information for creating notification jobs is transmitted to the control circuit (AL) via an external interface (EI), whereby the information depends on events within the postal shipping system, in that the events are categorized in classes and in that the events trigger defined, definable or variable processing steps by the notification component, and whereby the events within the postal shipping system comprise at least the registration of a customer, the change of customer master data, parcel delivery and pick-up at an electronic parcel compartment system and the time signal of a timer.

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Here, a method of this generic type is carried out in such a way that data from at least one database is transmitted to a central sending component (ZVK), where it is converted into notification information, and in that the notification information is transmitted to a communication interface and from the communication interface to one or more receiving devices.

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An especially preferred embodiment of the invention is characterized in that, using at least one template, the central sending component converts the data transmitted from the database into the notification information. The template is created, for example, on the basis of XSL:FO (eXtensible Stylesheet Language Formatting Objects). It is especially advantageous to add data to a template.

It is especially advantageous for a control circuit to control the transmission of notification information.

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The job requests for the transmission of notifications are transmitted at least partially by a control circuit.

Here, it is especially advantageous for at least some of the requests for the transmission of notifications to be transmitted by the control circuit directly to the central sending component.

In order to allow a notification of users at prescribed times and/or to utilize data transmission capacities more efficiently, it is advantageous for at least some of the requests for the transmission of notifications to be transmitted by the control circuit to a storage module that serves to store notification requests.

An especially advantageous variant of this embodiment is characterized in that a reading module acquires the notification jobs contained in the storage module and transmits them to the central sending component.

Moreover, it is advantageous for information for creating jobs to be transmitted via an external interface.

In this manner, it is possible to enter externally determined values and thus to control the sending of messages.

Such an integration of externally transmitted information is advantageous especially when the invention is used in a shipping logistic system. In this manner, information that is relevant for the logistic process, especially about the arrival of shipments, for example, mailpieces, at prescribed destinations, can be acquired and integrated into the notification system.

An especially preferred application case in this context is the use of the notification component within a postal shipping system. For example, when a mailpiece is dropped off in a

compartment of an electronic parcel compartment system, information is automatically transmitted to the external interface. The external interface forwards this information. This information, or a request derived from it to transmit a message, is forwarded to one or more recipients.

It is especially advantageous for information used to create jobs to be transmitted via an external interface.

Here, it is especially advantageous to carry out the method in such a way that the information for creating jobs is transmitted from the external interface to the control circuit.

Moreover, the invention comprises a logistic system with at least one means to transmit notifications to users of the logistic system.

This logistic system is characterized in that the means for the transmission of the notifications is configured in such a way

20 that it can cooperate with at least one database (KT, PD, AD) and with a central sending component (ZVK), in that the central sending component (ZVK) is configured in such a way that it can convert data from the database (KT, PD, AD) into notification information (BI), and in that the central sending component (ZVK) is connected to a communication interface for the transmission of the notification information (BI) to receiving devices.

Additional advantages, special features and practical refinements of the invention ensue from the subordinate claims and from the presentation below of preferred embodiments making reference to the drawings.

The drawings show the following:

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- Figure 1 component view of the notification system,
- 5 Figure 2 status diagram for requests to transmit messages,
 - Figure 3 sequence diagram I new event
- Figure 4 sequence diagram II reading out the pending notifications
 - Figure 5 sequence diagram III sending the notification
 - Figure 6 sequence diagram IV storing the result.

The use of the methods and devices for notification according to the invention will be described below.

The presented notification components are shown with reference to the example of the notification of users of a logistic system, especially of a transportation system for mailpieces.

The invention is limited neither to the depicted embodiments nor to the use in a logistic system. However, it is especially advantageous to equip a logistic system with the notification components described.

Figure 1 shows constituents of a notification component that is integrated into a shipping logistic system.

The notification component comprises an external interface EI for receiving event data ED of the shipping logistic system.

The external interface EI is connected to a control circuit AL.

The control circuit AL is equipped with transmission means for the transmission of job requests to the central sending component (ZVK) and to the Communication Request Queue CRC.

The Communication Request Queue CRC is preferably configured as a storage module that serves to store notification jobs. The storage module that serves to store notification jobs is connected to a reading module CR.

The reading module CR is connected to the central sending component (ZVK) via a data line.

The notification component has an external interface into which jobs are entered in a message queue. These jobs are regularly read out in a timer-controlled manner by the central component in order to supplement data from the customer database, parcel database or machine database, and these jobs are converted by means of various templates into a push-oriented means for the transmission of information, for example, an e-mail or SMS, and then sent via a suitable communication interface, preferably an e-mail and SMS gateway.

Externally retrievable functions

Database access

The database is accessed using suitable access means, preferably based on EJB technology via Java Entity Beans.

Here, the access to the databases is transparently encapsulated.

A database entry identified via the PRIMARY KEY is read in, by creating the home interface of a bean and by subsequently searching with "ejFindByPrimaryKey".

The terms customer database, parcel database and machine database are of an abstract nature, the appertaining information relates only to one or more tables within the same database instance. Through the use of the EJB, however, a separation into various instances or even databases can be carried out at a later point in time in a transparent manner.

15 Communication to the e-mail / SMS gateway

The communication between the notification component and the e-mail or SMS gateway is effectuated via the standard Java classes for SMTP communication.

20 Logging

Errors in sending e-mails or SMSs also have to be logged in an error LOG file. These error LOG files have to be monitored regularly, for example, in order to be able to ascertain the failure of a gateway. If all of the sent notifications are likewise to be logged, then a separate LOG file is used for this purpose so as to simplify the error monitoring.

Design proposals and limitations

30 Database

Existing databases

In order to achieve a smooth transmission of the notifications, access to the following databases of the logistic system has to be ensured:

Customer database: provides information about a customer,

identified by the customer number

Parcel database: provides information about a parcel,

identified by the unambiguous parcel number

Machine database: provides information about the location of a

machine, identified by the MachineID. This

10 is part of the ParcelID

Communication Request Database

It is advantageous to set up an additional database table to

15 store the notifications that are to be sent. The table also
serves as an intermediate storage for the second and third
notifications to be sent. The table should only serve to
administer the queue; concrete information about parcels and
recipients are always read out of the customer database or out

20 of the parcel database.

Description	Type	Example
Internal fields that are needed to effectuate the shipment		
Unambiguous key	NUMBER	
for the	(16)	
identification	PRIMARY	
of the entries,	KEY	
is generated		
internally		
Date of the	DATE	
entry into the		
queue, is		
generated		
internally		
Date of the	DATE	
complete		
processing		
	Unambiguous key for the identification of the entries, is generated internally Date of the entry into the queue, is generated internally Date of the complete	Unambiguous key for the identification of the entries, is generated internally Date of the entry into the queue, is generated internally Date of the complete

		<u> </u>	1
	(status = 2) or		
	failure		
	(status = 9		
RetryCount	Number of failed	NUMBER	
	previous	(13)	
	attempts		
State	Status of the	NUMBER (3)	1 = new
	request		2 = processed
	109400		(complete)
			3 = in
			}
			process
			(logged)
			9 = faulty
State	Status of the	Number (3)	1 = new
	request		2 = processed
			(complete)
			3 = in
			process
			(logged)
			9 = faulty
	Externally prescr	ibed fields	
Communication-	Indicates the	VARCHAR	SMS,
Type	route of	(12)	PlainText,
	communication		User (=
			preferred
			method stored
			for the user)
			(can be
			augmented by
			FAX, PAGER,
			HTMLMail,
			RFC1149,
			etc.)
SendDate	Date and time of	DATE	
	day, after which		
	the sending		
	should take		
	place		
RecipientID	User ID of the	VARCHAR	LP_4711,
	recipient	(16)	LC_1234,
			US_0815
ParcelID	Parcel number	VARCHAR	
	(can be blank)	(16)	
Template	Name of the	VARCHAR	BNK1, BNK2,
	template to be	(12)	BNK3
	used		
Communication	Parameters for	NUMBER (8)	CheckParcel-
	į.		InMachine
flags	controlling the	<u> </u>	TIMICHILL

shipment, they		DelaySMS-
are set by the		Sending
B2B component so	:	
that, in case of		
later queries,		
it is possible		
to logically		
follow the		
decisions made		
in the Client		
Logic		

Preferred sequence diagrams are depicted below:

Figure 3 shows a sequence diagram for a new notification event, for example, the placement of a parcel in a compartment of a parcel compartment system.

This event is transmitted to a message generating unit MQW. A request for the transmission of user data is sent by the message generating unit MQW to a database for administering the user data B2BRM. The database for administering the user data B2BRM sends the information about the user and the appertaining data to the message generating unit MQW. This information, together with additional notification information, for example, about the recipient and/or sender of the mailpieces that were placed into the parcel compartments or that can be picked up, is transmitted to a message storage unit MQWB.

The pending notifications can be read out in a push-oriented as well as a pull-oriented manner.

In the following preferred embodiment of the reading out of notifications, the advantages of push-oriented handling of the information to be dealt with are combined with the advantages of pull-oriented handling.

This embodiment provides that the notification is transmitted to the message storage unit on the basis of an event, in an especially preferred embodiment on the basis of a time signal that comes from a timer.

The MQR transmits a request for reading new entries to the message storage unit MQDB. The message storage unit MQP reads the entry information from a database and transmits shipmentspecific information, especially an identification number for individual parcel compartments, or else mailpieces placed there 10 (ParcelID), user identification information (UserID) and/or information about the electronic parcel compartment system (MachineID) to a storage module CRC that serves to store notification jobs. The storage module CRC forwards this identification information to suitable recipients, for example, users C of the electronic parcel compartment system, to participants in the logistic system, or to the electronic parcel compartment system.

20

The named recipients, or data processing units acting on their behalf, send a new data object to the storage module CRC that serves to store notification jobs. The storage module forwards the new object to the message storage unit MQDB. The message storage unit MQDB subsequently sends a new notification request.

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Classes

An especially preferred embodiment of the invention is characterized by the use of different classes of notifications. Preferably, a distinction is made between virtual classes and singleton classes.

A message reading unit MQR reads the entries from the message queue, draws up Notification Request Data Container objects and forwards them to the Notification Factory instance.

5 Message Queue DB

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The class serves as an encapsulation of the access to the database table with the message queue. It provides the following methods:

InitReader ()
GetNextEntry ()

AddEntry ()

Notification Request Data Container

The class is a data container for the entries in the message queue and the stored data in the customer database, parcel database and machine database. The class provides Get/Set methods for all of the required fields.

Customer database

The class serves as an encapsulation of the access to the database table with the customer database. It allows the customer data to be read out on the basis of a CustomerID.

Parcel database

The class serves as an encapsulation of the access to the database table with the parcel database. It allows the parcel data to be read out on the basis of a ParcelID.

Machine database

The class serves as an encapsulation of the access to the database table with the machine database. It allows the machine data to be read out on the basis of a MachineID.

Notification Factory

This class is the central administration of the notification service provider interfaces. This is where a list of all existing notification service provider interfaces is administered.

In addition to functions for the administration of the notification SPIs, it provides the method

bool machet (Notification Request Data Container *)

10 that sends all of the necessary notifications for a transmitted
Notification Request Data Container object. For this purpose,
the Notification Request Data Container object is transmitted to
all notification SPIs.

15 Base Notification SPI

This class is the base class for all notification implementations. It provides the

bool machet (Notification Request Data Container *)
method to be overwritten that sends a notification (if this is
possible from the transmitted data and if this is desired).

First of all, there will be two implementations for sending PlainText e-mails and for sending SMSs. Additional implementations (for example, for HTML-formatted e-mail, pager, fax, FunCard ...) can easily be added.

Plain text e-mail notification SPI

Implementation of the Base Notification SPI for sending plain text e-mails

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SMS notification SPI

Implementation of the Base Notification SPI for sending SMSs

Class template database

This class allows access to templates on the basis of several keys.

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Overview of member variables and member functions

Class name	de.post24.notificationSystem.TemplateDB	
Inherits		
Implements	, ,	
Public methods	TemplateDB ();	
	String GetTemplate (String class, String type, String locale, bool usedefault)	

Specification of member variables and member functions

String GetTemplate (String class, String type, String locale, bool usedefault)

Supplies a template corresponding the transmitted parameters

In class indicates the classification of the template (plain text e-mail, SMS)

In type indicates the type of template (registration, change, NewParcel, NewCODParcel)

In locale serves to distinguish among different language and country versions (e.g. "de-DE" (German-Germany) or "en-US" (English-United States)

In usedefault here, it is possible to set whether a default language should be used if the requested

language does not exist, or else an empty string

Return

the method supplies the appropriate template or else an empty string, if no appropriate template was found

Template formatter

This class serves to format the template with the data to be transmitted. It provides a method:

String FormatTemplate (String template, Notification Request

Data Container *, int maxlen,

String [] neededTokens)

15 All of the placeholders in template are replaced by corresponding values. If the maximum length is set at maxlen, field contents are abbreviated in order not to exceed this maximum length. In neededTokens, a list of placeholders can be transmitted whose existence is checked in the template.

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In a logistic system involving a delivery and/or pick-up of parcels in electronic parcel compartment systems, the notification component serves especially to generate and send customer notifications. For this purpose, events such as customer registration, change of customer master data, parcel delivery and pick-up are reported via an interface. On the basis of stored information, the notification component creates one or more push-oriented notifications such as e-mails and/or SMSs and sends them via a suitable, preferably push-oriented interface, for example, an e-mail or SMS gateway. Preferably, the

for example, an e-mail or SMS gateway. Preferably, the notification component also monitors the parcel pick-up and optionally sends second and third notifications.

The notification component according to the invention is an integral part of a logistic system according to the invention.

The notification component is preferably a modular constituent of the logistic system. Preferably, the notification component contains automated notification procedures that contain at least individual constituents for an automation of the logistic system. Preferably, the entire process of the logistic system is integrated.

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Preferably, the notification component is informed externally about events. The events are preferably categorized in different classes and each event triggers previously defined or definable and optionally variable processing steps by the notification component. An example of such an external event is the placement of a parcel into an electronic parcel compartment system that is part of the logistic system.

The notification component ensures the transmission of all notifications. These are the notifications to automated data processing units as well as to recipients. The notification can be sent once or multiple times, so that this automated notification component also allows the automatic sending of reminders.

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In the manner described, the notification component allows a refinement of the logistic system, an adaptation to omissions and utilizations of the logistic system and especially an integration of essentially or completely automated components, such as electronic parcel compartment systems, into the logistic system.

List of reference numerals

	AD	database
	AL	control circuit
5	BI	notification information
	CR	reading module
	CRC	storage module
	ΕI	external interface
	KT	database
0	MQR	message reading unit
	MQW	message generating unit
	MQDB	message storage unit
	PD	database
	T1	template
5	T2	template
	Т3	template
	ZVK	sending component

CLAIMS

1. A postal shipping system comprising an electronic parcel compartment system, a device for transmitting notifications to users of the electronic parcel compartment system as well as a receiving device for one or more users of the electronic parcel compartment system, whereby the device for transmitting notifications has a database (KT, PD, AD), a central sending component (ZVK) for converting data from the database (KT, PD, AD) into notification information (BI) and a communication interface for the transmission of the notification information (BI) to the receiving device, whereby the device comprises an external interface (EI) that serves for receiving information about events at the electronic parcel compartment system and that is connected to a control circuit (AL) equipped with transmission means for the transmission of notification requests to a storage module (CRC) that stores the notification requests, and whereby the storage module (CRC) is connected to a reading unit (CR) that transmits the notification requests at a predetermined time to the central sending component (ZVK).

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 The postal shipping system according to Claim 1, characterized in that

at least one template (T1, T2, T3) is stored in the central sending component (ZVK) in order to convert the data transmitted from the database (KT, PD, AD) into the notification information (BI).

3. A method for the transmission of notifications by means of a notification component to receiving devices of users of electronic parcel compartment devices within a postal shipping system, whereby the postal shipping system comprises a plurality of electronic parcel compartment devices, wherein in the postal shipping system data from database (KT, PD, AD) is transmitted to a central sending component (ZVK), where it is converted into notification information (BI) and the notification information (BI) is transmitted to a communication interface and from the communication interface to at least one receiving device of a user, whereby notification jobs for generating notification information (BI) by the central sending component (ZVK) are stored in a storage module (CRC) and at least some of the requests for the transmission of notifications are transmitted by a control circuit (AL) to the storage module (CRC) and a reading module (CR) acquires the notification jobs

contained in the storage module (CRC) and transmits them to the central sending component (ZVK) for generating notification information (BI),

characterized in that

the reading module (CR) transmits notification requests at a predetermined time to the central sending component (ZVK) and the information for creating notification jobs is transmitted to the control circuit (AL) via an external interface (EI), whereby the information depends on events within the postal shipping system, in that the events are categorized in classes and in that the events trigger defined, definable or variable processing steps by the notification component, and whereby the events within the postal shipping system comprise at least the registration of a customer, the change of customer master data, parcel delivery and pick-up at an electronic parcel compartment system and the time signal of a timer.

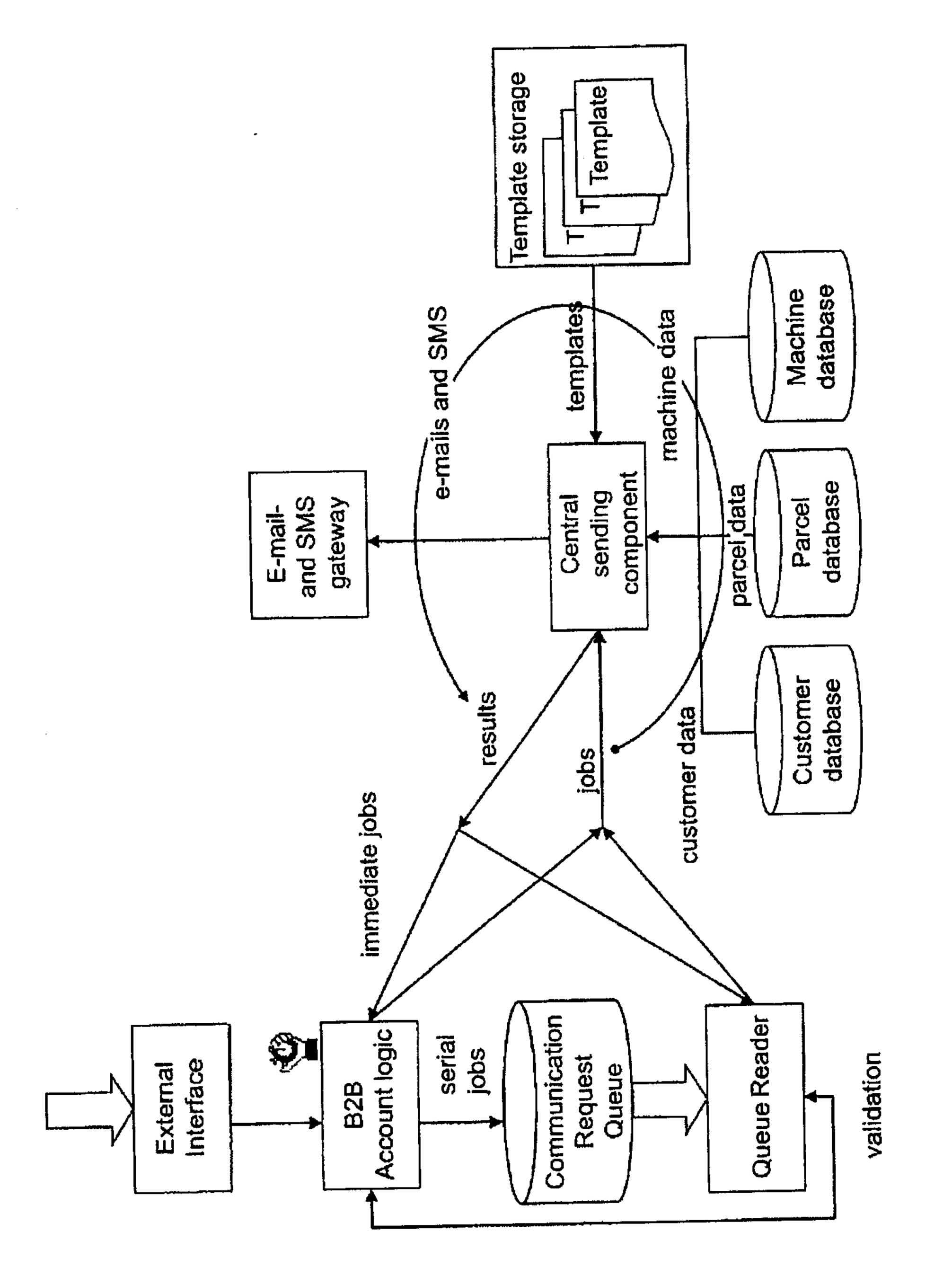
4. The method according to Claim 3,

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characterized in that,

using at least one template (T1, T2, T3), the central sending component (ZVK) converts the data transmitted from the database (KT, PD, AD) into the notification information (BI).



iq. 1

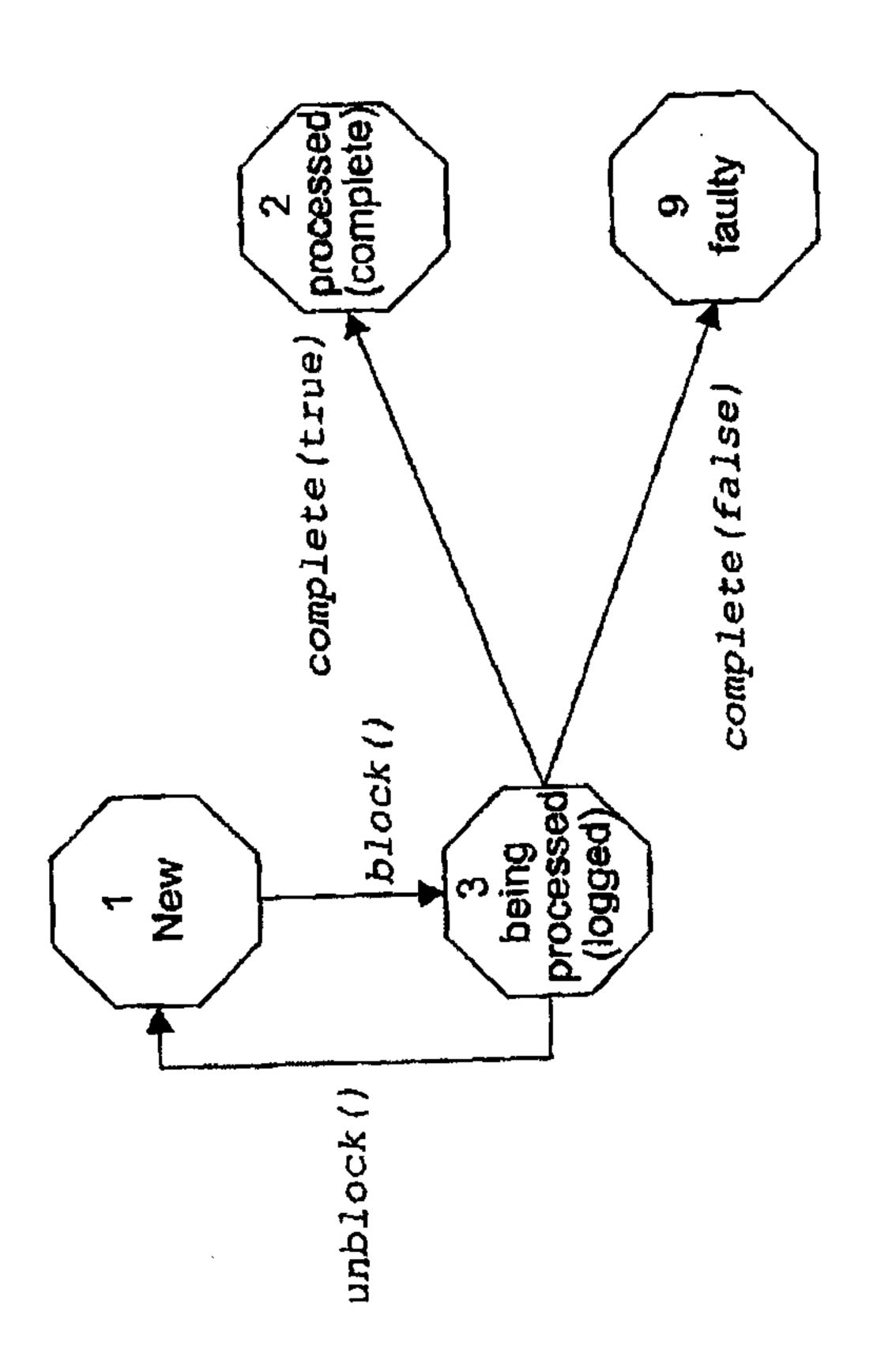
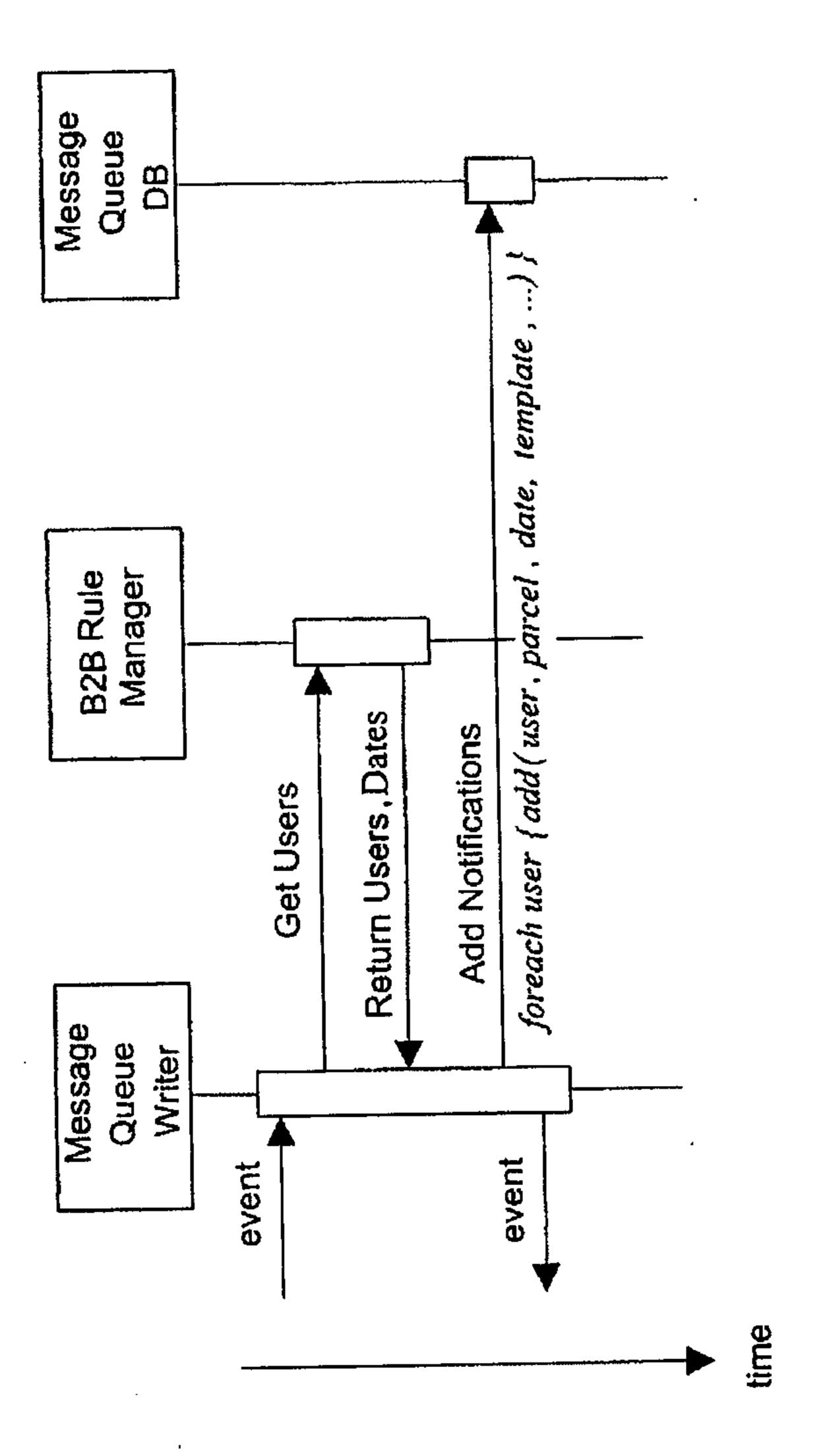
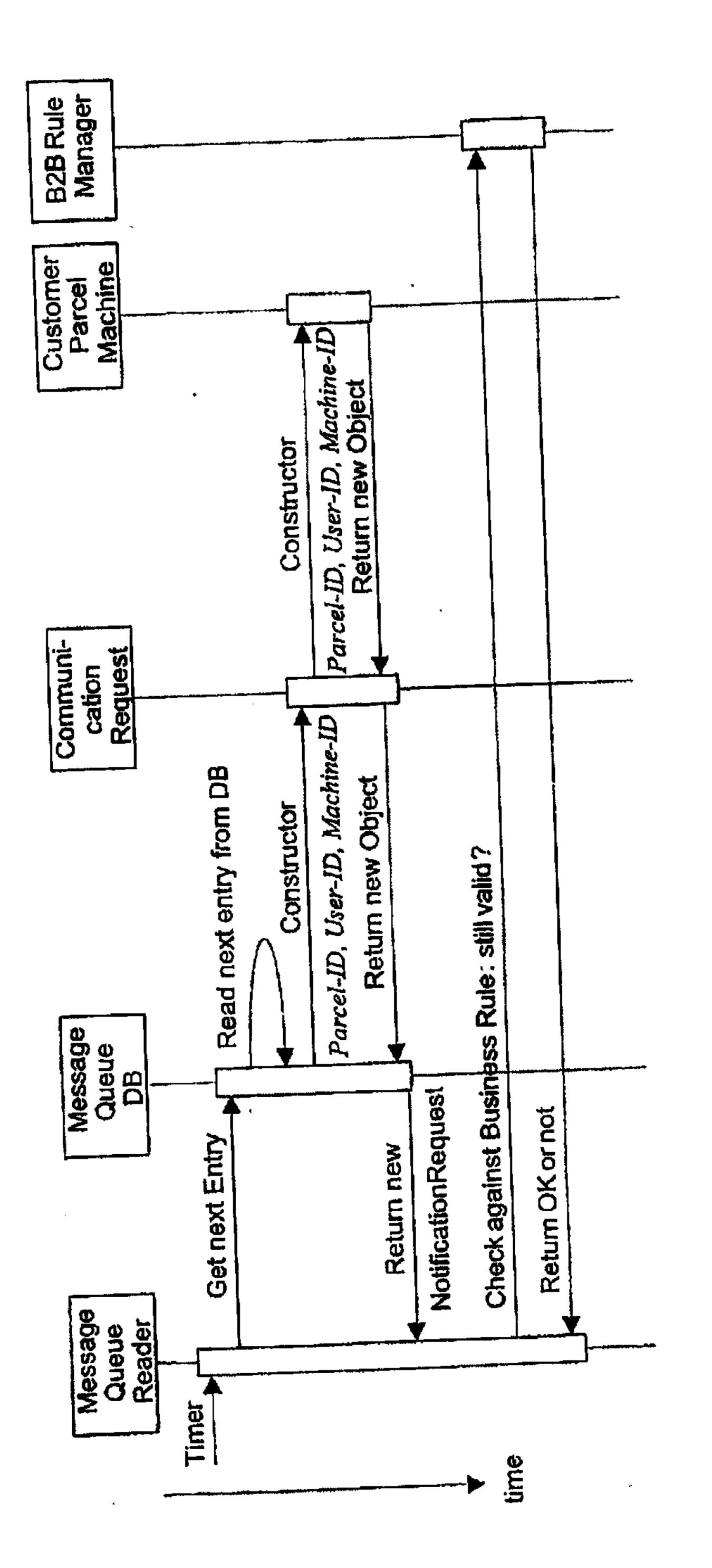


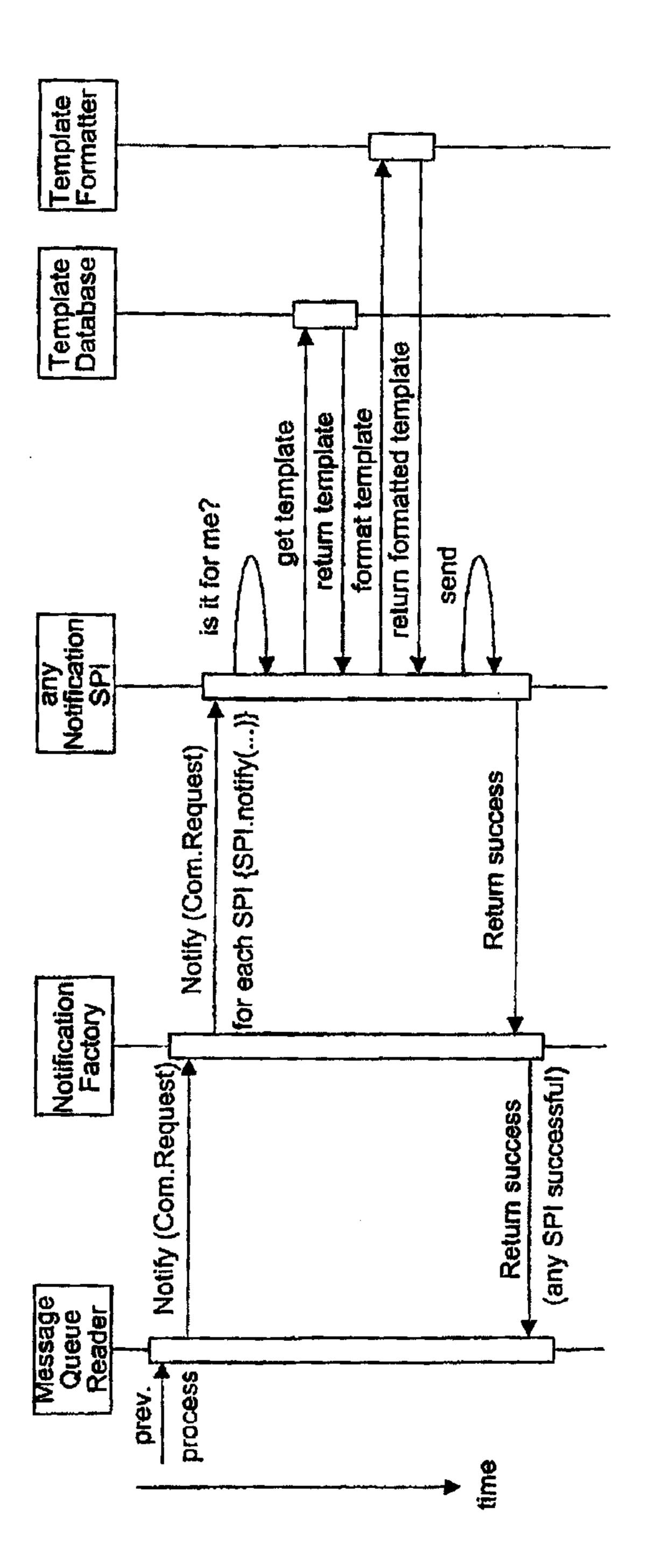
Fig.



aig. 3



ig.



ig. 5

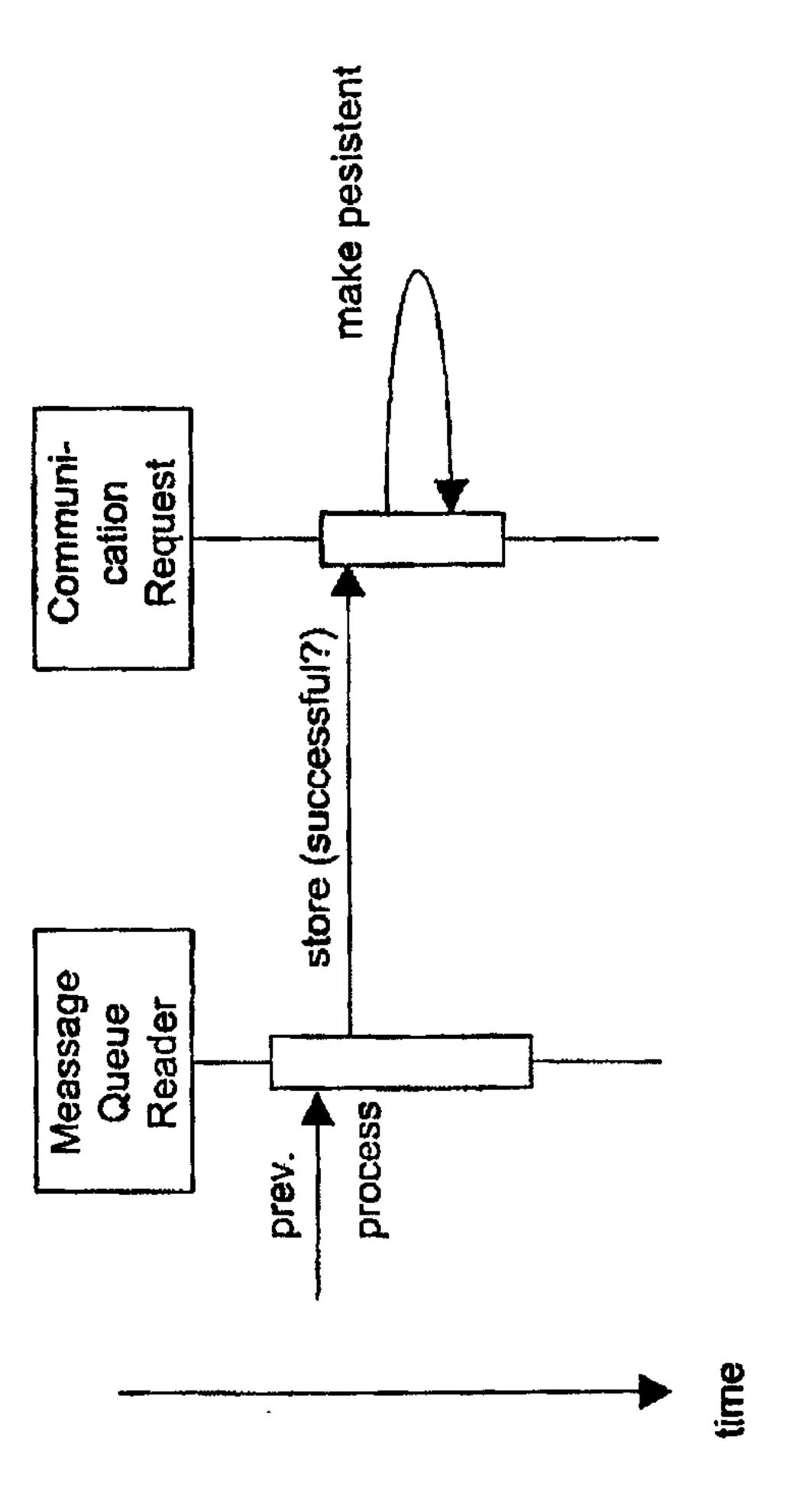


Fig. (

