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(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**Klemm**

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(54) **CALIBRACHOA PLANT NAMED**  
**'KLECA06120'**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** ..... Plt./413  
See application file for complete search history.

(50) Latin Name: *Calibrachoa* sp.  
Varietal Denomination: **KLECA06120**

(56) **References Cited**  
PUBLICATIONS

(75) Inventor: **Nils Klemm**, Stuttgart (DE)

UPOV ROM GTITM Computer Database, GTI Jouve  
Retrieval Software 2007/02 Citations for 'KLECA06120'.\*

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\* cited by examiner

(\* ) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this  
patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

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(21) Appl. No.: **12/002,479**

(57) **ABSTRACT**

(22) Filed: **Dec. 17, 2007**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Calibrachoa* plant named  
'KLECA06120', characterized by its upright to trailing  
growth habit; freely branching habit; freely flowering habit;  
relatively large yellow-colored flowers with red-colored cen-  
ters; and good garden performance.

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
**A01H 5/00** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **Plt./413**

**1 Drawing Sheet**

**1**

**2**

Botanical designation: *Calibrachoa* sp.  
Cultivar denomination: 'KLECA06120'.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar  
of *Calibrachoa*, botanically known as *Calibrachoa* sp. and  
hereinafter referred to by the name 'KLECA06120'.

The new *Calibrachoa* is a product of a planned breeding  
program conducted by the Inventor in Stuttgart, Germany.  
The objective of the breeding program is to create new  
freely-branching *Calibrachoa* cultivars with compact and  
trailing plant habit, early and freely flowering habit, and  
unique and attractive flower color.

The new *Calibrachoa* originated from a cross-pollination  
made by the Inventor during the summer of 2003 in  
Stuttgart, Germany of a proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa*  
sp. identified as code number V 178, not patented, as the  
female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa*  
sp. identified as code number V 172, not patented,  
as the male, or pollen, parent. The new *Calibrachoa* was  
discovered and selected by the Inventor as a single flowering  
plant within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a  
controlled environment in Stuttgart, Germany in May, 2004.

Asexual reproduction of the new *Calibrachoa* by vegeta-  
tive cuttings in a controlled environment in Stuttgart, Ger-  
many since May, 2004, has shown that the unique features of  
this new *Calibrachoa* are stable and reproduced true to type  
in successive generations.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The cultivar KLECA06120 has not been observed under  
all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may  
vary somewhat with variations in environment and cultural  
practices such as temperature and light intensity without,  
however, any variance in genotype.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and  
are determined to be the unique characteristics of  
'KLECA06120'. These characteristics in combination dis-  
tinguish 'KLECA06120' as a new and distinct cultivar of  
*Calibrachoa*:

1. Upright to trailing growth habit.
2. Freely branching habit.
3. Freely flowering habit.
4. Relatively large yellow-colored flowers with red-  
colored centers.
5. Good garden performance.

Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* can be compared to plants  
of the female parent selection. Plants of the new *Calibra-  
choa* differ primarily from plants of the female parent selec-  
tion in flower color as plants of the female parent selection  
have red-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* can be compared to plants  
of the male parent selection. Plants of the new *Calibrachoa*  
differ primarily from plants of the male parent selection in  
flower color as plants of the male parent selection have  
orange-colored flowers.

Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* can be compared to plants  
of the cultivar MiniFamous Caribbean Sunset, not patented.  
In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Stuttgart,  
Germany, plants of the new *Calibrachoa* differed primarily  
from plants of the cultivar MiniFamous Caribbean Sunset in  
flower color as plants of the cultivar MiniFamous Caribbean  
Sunset had orange and red bi-colored flowers.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH**

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the  
overall appearance of the new *Calibrachoa*, showing the col-  
ors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored  
reproductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may  
differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed  
botanical description which accurately describe the colors of

the new *Calibrachoa*. The photograph comprises a close-up view of typical flowers and leaves of 'KLECA06120'.

#### DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The aforementioned photograph and following observations, measurements and values describe plants grown in Stuttgart, Germany, under commercial practice during the spring in a glass-covered greenhouse with day and night temperatures ranging from 14° C. to 16° C. and light levels averaging 20,000 lux. Rooted young plants had been growing for about six months when the photograph and description were taken. Plants used for the description were grown in 12-cm containers and pinched one time one week after planting. In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Calibrachoa* sp. cultivar KLECA06120.

Parentage:

*Female, or seed, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa* sp. identified as code number V 178, not patented.

*Male, or pollen, parent.*—Proprietary selection of *Calibrachoa* sp. identified as code number V 172, not patented.

Propagation:

*Type.*—By vegetative cuttings.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant, summer.*—About three weeks at temperatures of 20° C. to 26° C.

*Time to produce a rooted young plant, winter.*—About four weeks at temperatures of 20° C.

*Root description.*—Fine, fibrous; white in color.

*Rooting habit.*—Freely branching; moderately dense.

Plant description:

*Plant and growth habit.*—Upright to trailing growth habit; vigorous. Freely branching habit with about five primary lateral branches each with multiple secondary lateral branches; pinching is typically not required.

*Plant height.*—About 11 cm.

*Plant diameter.*—About 23 cm.

Lateral branch description:

*Length.*—About 11 cm.

*Diameter.*—About 2 mm.

*Internode length.*—About 0.5 cm to 2 cm.

*Strength.*—Strong.

*Aspect.*—Initially upright to trailing.

*Texture.*—Smooth, glabrous.

*Color.*—145A.

Foliage description:

*Arrangement.*—Alternate, simple; sessile.

*Length.*—About 1 cm to 2 cm.

*Width.*—About 3 mm to 8 mm.

*Shape.*—Lanceolate to elliptical.

*Apex.*—Acute.

*Base.*—Attenuate.

*Margin.*—Entire.

*Texture, upper and lower surfaces.*—Smooth, glabrous.

*Venation pattern.*—Pinnate; arcuate.

*Color.*—Developing and fully expanded foliage, upper surface: 137A; venation, 144A. Developing and fully expanded foliage, lower surface: 137C; venation, 144B.

Flower description:

*Flower arrangement and habit.*—Relatively large salverform flowers arranged singly arising from leaf axils. Freely flowering habit with usually about 55 open flowers and flower buds developing per lateral branch. Flowers not persistent. Flowers face mostly upright.

*Fragrance.*—None detected.

*Natural flowering season.*—Plants flower continuously throughout the summer in Germany. Plants begin flowering about twelve weeks after planting.

*Flower longevity.*—Individual flowers last about one week on the plant.

*Flower diameter.*—About 2.8 cm.

*Flower length (height).*—About 2.5 cm.

*Flower throat diameter.*—About 8 mm.

*Flower tube diameter, base.*—About 2 mm.

*Flower tube length.*—About 1.6 cm.

*Flower bud.*—Shape: Elongated oblong. Length: About 2.3 cm. Diameter: About 7 mm. Color: 10B.

*Corolla.*—Arrangement: Five petals fused at the base and opening into a flared trumpet. Petal length from throat: About 1 cm. Petal lobe width: About 1.5 cm. Petal shape: Obverse. Petal apex: Obtuse. Petal margin: Entire. Petal texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous; satiny. Throat and tube texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Petal, when opening, upper surface: 20A; towards the base, 46B; venation, 180A. Petal, when opening, lower surface: 20C; venation, 178A. Petal, fully opened, upper surface: 22A; towards the base, 46A; venation, 180A. Petal, fully opened, lower surface: 20C; venation, 178A. Throat: 46A; venation, 46A. Tube: 12A; venation, 180A.

*Calyx.*—Arrangement: One star-shaped calyx tube with five sepals fused at the base per flower. Sepal length: About 1.2 cm. Sepal width: About 2 mm. Sepal shape: Lanceolate to elliptical. Sepal apex: Acute. Sepal margin: Entire. Sepal texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper surface: 138A. Color, lower surface: 138B.

*Peduncles.*—Length: About 2.5 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Angle: Erect to about 75° from stem axis. Strength: Moderately strong. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 144B.

*Reproductive organs.*—Stamens: Quantity/arrangement: Five per flower. Anther shape: Elliptical. Anther length: About 1 mm. Anther color: 11A. Pollen amount: Moderate. Pollen color: 11A. Pistils: Quantity: One per flower. Pistil length: About 6 mm. Style length: About 5 mm. Style color: 150A. Stigma shape: Oval. Stigma color: 149A. Ovary color: 154A.

*Seed/fruit.*—Seed and fruit development have not been observed on plants of the new *Calibrachoa*.

*Garden performance.*—Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have been observed to have good garden performance and tolerate wind, rain and temperatures ranging from about 1° C. to about 50° C.

*Pathogen/pest resistance.*—Plants of the new *Calibrachoa* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Calibrachoa*.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct *Calibrachoa* plant named 'KLECA06120' as illustrated and described.

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