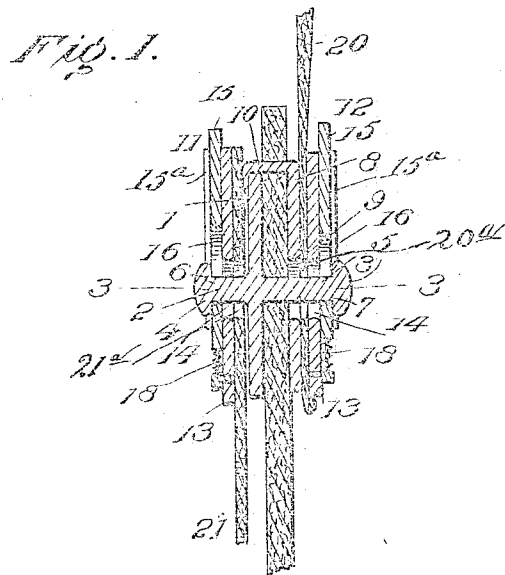


No. 809,883.

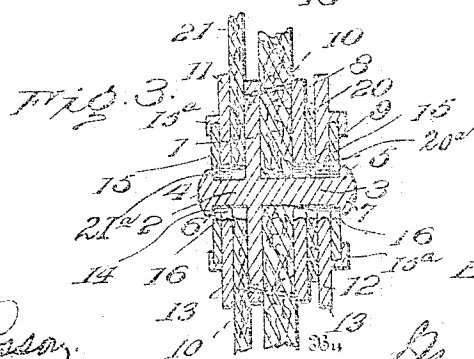
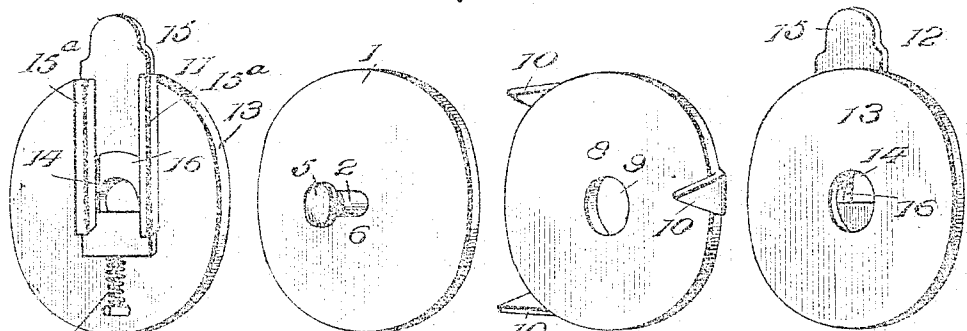
PATENTED JAN. 9, 1906.

E. ZECKHAUSER.  
BUTTON.

APPLICATION FILED AUG. 1, 1905.



*Fig. 2.*



Inventor

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Witnesses

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EZEKIEL ZECKHAUSER, OF SCOTSDALE, PENNSYLVANIA.

## BUTTON.

No. 809,888.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Jan. 9, 1906.

Application filed August 1, 1905. Serial No. 272,269.

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, EZEKIEL ZECKHAUSER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Scottdale, in the county of Westmoreland and State of Pennsylvania, have invented new and useful Improvements in Buttons, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in buttons of the type having two shanks.

The object of the invention is to provide means for quickly attaching the button to a pair of trousers, with one shank extending outwardly and another inwardly, to be engaged by similar devices attached to a pair of suspenders and to an undergarment.

While the invention is intended to support an undergarment and afford means for cooperation with a pair of suspenders, it is not limited in its purpose.

Other objects and advantages will be hereinafter referred to, and particularly pointed out in the claims.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical section showing my invention in practical use. Fig. 2 is a perspective view illustrating the parts separated. Fig. 3 is a horizontal section on the line 3-3, Fig. 1.

The same numerals refer to like parts in all the figures.

1 represents a button-plate provided with oppositely-disposed projections 2 and 3, having heads 4 and 5. For convenience in describing the invention and emphasizing the same in the claims I will hereinafter refer to these projections as "inner" and "outer" headed shanks 6 and 7, respectively.

8 is a holding-plate formed with an opening 9 at approximately the center, and on its periphery it is provided with prongs 10. The button-plate 1 is placed on the inner side of the upper part of a pair of trousers, with the outer headed shank 7 passed through an opening therein. Then the holding-plate 8 is slipped over said shank and against the outer side of the trousers, and the prongs 10 are forced through the material and crimped down on the edge of the button-plate, as shown clearly in Fig. 1.

In connection with the button-plate I utilize two shank-engaging members 11 and 12. Each of these members is exactly alike,

and a description of one will suffice for the other. A member consists of a disk 13, formed with an opening 14 of such size as will permit the passage of the head of one of the shanks, and a spring-lock 15, formed with an opening 16 and operating in ways 15<sup>a</sup> and in connection with a spring 18. The member 12 is applied to the tab 20 of a suspender, and the other member 11 is applied to the band of an undergarment 21 in any suitable manner.

In use the head of shank 6 is forced through an opening 21<sup>a</sup> in the garment and the opening in member 11, which forces its lock out of the way, and immediately the head is passed the spring 18 forces the lock back to its normal position. The shank 6 therefore supports the undergarment, and the lock prevents its falling. The other shank 7 passes through the suspender-buttonhole 20<sup>a</sup> and the opening 14 of the member 10 in exactly the same manner. Hence the suspender is locked against accidental displacement.

This invention is extremely simple in construction and is admirably adapted for securing an undergarment and affording a convenient and safe means for fastening suspenders to a pair of trousers.

By reason of the simplicity of the structure the invention can be quickly applied and made ready for use.

What I claim is—

1. In combination, a button-plate provided with oppositely-disposed shanks formed with heads, means for securing the button-plate to a garment, and spring-actuated locking members cooperating with the shanks and held in place by the heads.

2. In combination, a button-plate provided with oppositely-disposed shanks formed with heads, a holding-plate formed with prongs adapted to pass through a garment and engage the button-plate, a locking member formed with an opening and a spring-lock to engage one of the shanks, and a second locking member formed with an opening and a spring-lock to engage the other shank.

3. In a button, the combination with a button-plate provided with oppositely-disposed headed shanks, means securing the

2  
button-plate to a garment, a locking-plate  
formed with an opening and an adjacent  
spring-actuated lock which coöperates with  
one shank, and a second locking-plate formed  
5 with an opening and an adjacent spring-actuated lock which coöperates with the second  
shank.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature  
in presence of the subscribing witnesses.

EZEKIEL ZECKHAUSER.

Witnesses:

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