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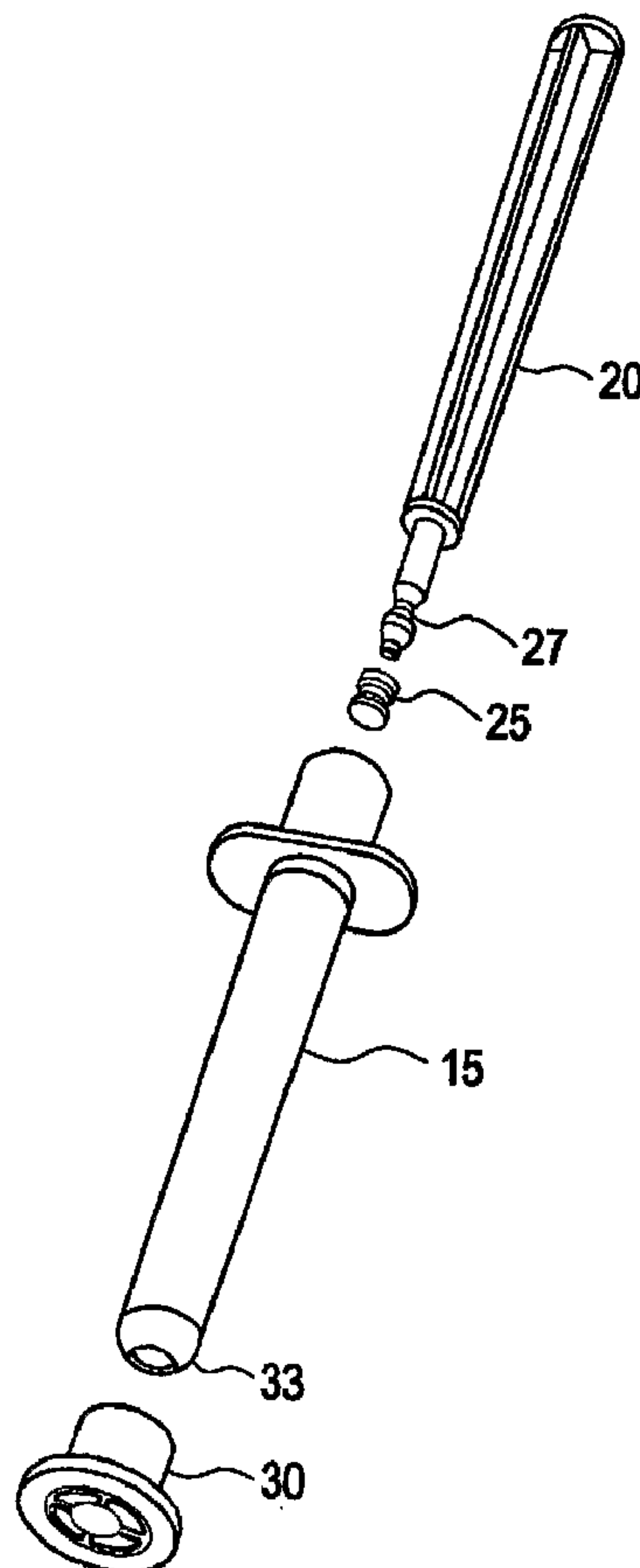
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(54) Title: VAGINAL OR RECTAL APPLICATOR



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

Vaginal or rectal applicators for the delivery of a small volume of pharmaceutical preparation, i.e. less than 1 mL are disclosed herein. The delivery of a small volume of a pharmaceutical preparation allows for the transvaginal delivery of the preparation to the

(57) Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):

region of the upper vaginal vault or rectum for the treatment of diseases and disorders of the female urogenital system, cervix, uterus, ovaries, fallopian tubes and peritoneal cavity and the lower abdomen. The vaginal or rectal applicators contain four main parts, an applicator barrel, a plunger, a plunger tip, and an applicator cap. The applicator functions similar to a syringe. The applicator is filled with a pharmaceutical preparation with the plunger in the back position. The cap is attached to seal the pharmaceutical preparation in the applicator. To use the applicator, the cap is removed, the applicator is positioned, and the plunger is depressed.

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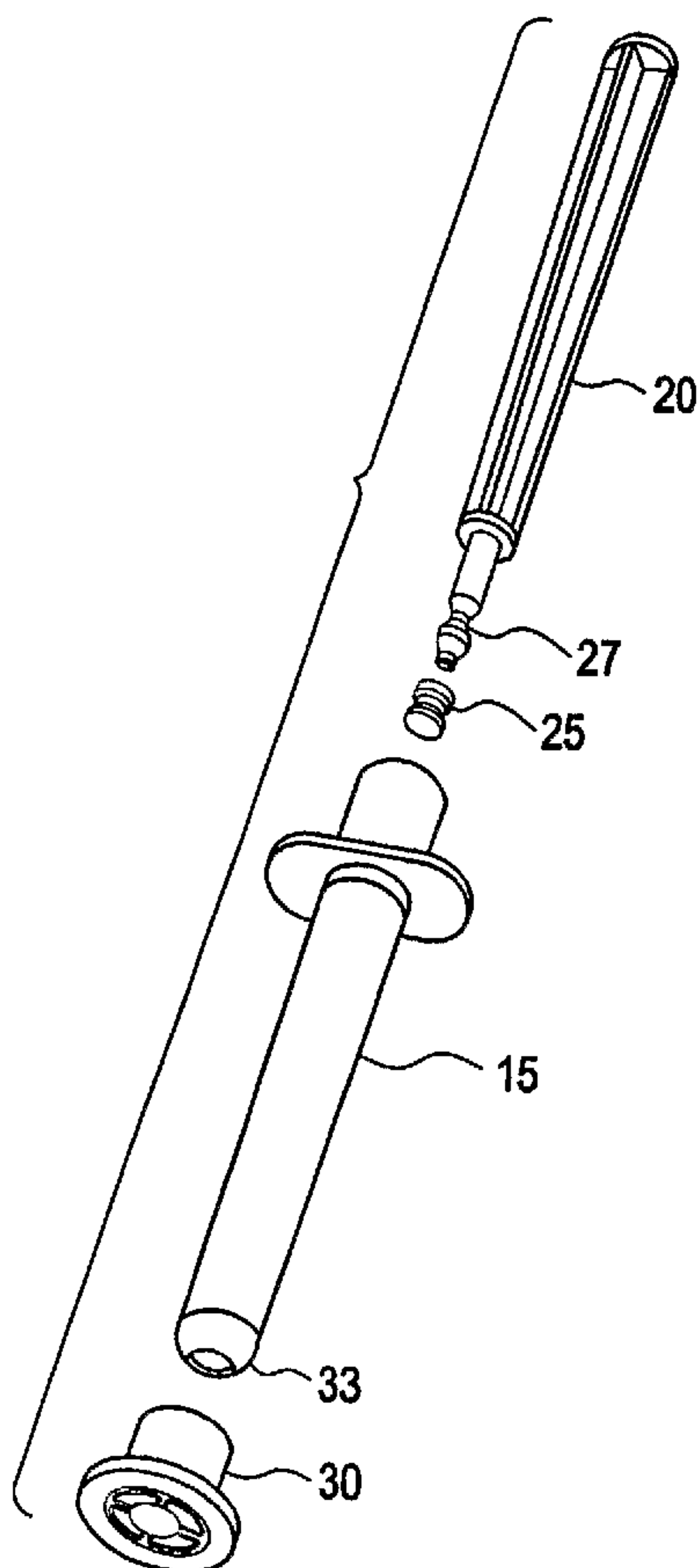
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(54) Title: VAGINAL OR RECTAL APPLICATOR



(57) Abstract: Vaginal or rectal applicators for the delivery of a small volume of pharmaceutical preparation, i.e. less than 1 mL are disclosed herein. The delivery of a small volume of a pharmaceutical preparation allows for the transvaginal delivery of the preparation to the region of the upper vaginal vault or rectum for the treatment of diseases and disorders of the female urogenital system, cervix, uterus, ovaries, fallopian tubes and peritoneal cavity and the lower abdomen. The vaginal or rectal applicators contain four main parts, an applicator barrel, a plunger, a plunger tip, and an applicator cap. The applicator functions similar to a syringe. The applicator is filled with a pharmaceutical preparation with the plunger in the back position. The cap is attached to seal the pharmaceutical preparation in the applicator. To use the applicator, the cap is removed, the applicator is positioned, and the plunger is depressed.

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VAGINAL OR RECTAL APPLICATOR

FILED OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to devices for the transvaginal or rectal
10 delivery of pharmaceutical preparations. In particular, the present invention
is directed at vaginal and rectal applicators.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Vaginal and rectal applicators have been used to dispense
medications to treat vaginal diseases and disorders and diseases of the lower
15 abdomen including the colon and rectum. They are sold both pre-filled and
empty. For example, SCHERING-PLOUGH® Health Care Products,
Memphis, TN, provides applicators for GYNE-LOTRIMIN®. Additionally,
Ortho McNeil and Columbia Laboratories supply pre-filled applicators for
dispensing a contraceptive gel and vaginal moisturizer, respectively.
20 Generally, the vaginal applicator consists of an elongated small diameter
cylindrical barrel and a plunger rod.

Vaginal and rectal applicators have traditionally been designed to
deliver large volumes (*e.g.* greater than 1 mL) of pharmaceutical
preparations. Vaginal applicators are typically used to delivery large
25 volumes of drug for the treatment of diseases and disorders within the
vagina, while rectal applicators have been used to treat diseases of the lower
abdomen and bowel using large volumes of drug in the form of enemas,
foams and suppositories. When such large volumes of drugs are delivered,
they coat the entire vaginal epithelia, in the case of vaginal delivery, or anal
30 canal, in the case of rectal delivery. The large volume of medication
contained within the applicator poses aesthetic concerns and hygiene issues.

Further, the amount of drug dispensed is often imprecise, which may result in over- or under-dosing.

Therefore it is an object of the invention to provide vaginal or rectal applicators that are able to precisely deliver small amounts of pharmaceutical
5 compositions.

It is a further object of the invention to provide vaginal or rectal applicators for transvaginal or transrectal delivery of pharmaceutical compositions for regional administration.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

10 Vaginal or rectal applicators for the delivery of a small volume of pharmaceutical preparation, i.e. less than 1 mL, are disclosed herein. The delivery of a small volume of a pharmaceutical preparation allows for the transvaginal delivery of the preparation to the region of the upper vaginal vault or rectum for the treatment of diseases and disorders of the female
15 urogenital system, cervix, uterus, ovaries, fallopian tubes and peritoneal cavity and the lower abdomen. The vaginal or rectal applicators contain four main parts: an applicator barrel, a plunger, a plunger tip, and an applicator cap. The applicator functions similar to a syringe. The applicator is breech-filled with a pharmaceutical preparation with the plunger in the back
20 position. The applicator cap is attached to seal the pharmaceutical preparation in the applicator. To use the applicator, the cap is removed, the applicator is positioned, and the plunger is depressed.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1A is a side view of the vaginal or rectal applicator assembly.

25 Figure 1 B is a side view of the four main elements in the vaginal or rectal applicator assembly.

Figure 2A is a side view of the applicator barrel.

Figure 2B is a cross-sectional view of the applicator barrel.

Figure 2C is an end view of the trailing end of the applicator barrel.

30 Figure 2D is cross-sectional view of the tip of the applicator barrel.

Figure 3A is a side view of the plunger tip.

Figure 3B is a cross-sectional view of the end of the plunger and the plunger tip.

Figure 3C is an aerial view of the end of the plunger.

Figure 4A is an end view of the applicator cap.

5 Figure 4B is a side view of the applicator cap.

Figure 4C is a cross-sectional view of the tip of the applicator barrel and the applicator cap.

Figure 4D is an enlarged cross-sectional view taken about lines 4 – 4 of Figure 4C.

10 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

I. Vaginal or Rectal Applicator Assembly

As shown in Figures 1A and 1B, the vaginal or rectal applicator (also referred to herein as the “vaginal/rectal applicator”) assembly (10) contains an outer tubular member or applicator barrel (15) and an inner tubular member
15 in the form of a plunger (20), which is insertable in telescoping relation to the applicator barrel (15) for the purpose of ejecting a pharmaceutical composition. The vaginal/rectal applicator assembly (10) contains a plunger tip (25), which is placed at the proximal end of the plunger (27), and forms an air-tight seal with the applicator barrel. The vaginal/rectal applicator
20 assembly (10) also contains an applicator cap (30), which is placed at the tip of the applicator barrel (33) and forms an air-tight seal with the applicator barrel. The vaginal/rectal applicator assembly is formed from inert, hard, polymeric materials, such as polystyrene or polypropylene.

A. Applicator Barrel

25 As shown in Figure 2A, the applicator barrel (15) is generally in the form of tube with an grip area (35) at its distal end, a flange (40) next to the grip area and an opening (45) at its rounded tip (33). Figures 2B and 2C show that the applicator barrel is a thin-walled tube. The cavity at the tip of the tube is the medication chamber (50). The diameter of the medication
30 chamber (50) is smaller than the outer diameter of the applicator barrel. The medication chamber is large enough to contain a small volume of a pharmaceutical composition, which is less than 1 mL. In the preferred

embodiment, the medication chamber is able to contain 200 μ L of a pharmaceutical composition. Next to the medication chamber is a barrier (55), which prevents the plunger from pushing beyond the medication chamber. After the plunger is depressed, the barrier locks the plunger in place. In one embodiment, length from the flange to the tip of the applicator barrel is greater than or equal to 4 inches. Thus when the vaginal or rectal applicator device is inserted in a patient, the tip of the applicator barrel is inserted more than four inches into the vaginal cavity or is approximately four inches into the vaginal cavity. For rectal administration the length may be less than or equal to four inches. Alternatively, for some embodiments, a shorter applicator, with a length ranging from 1 to 2 inches, is useful. For example, for rectal administration of a pharmaceutical composition to the anal canal, a length of 1.5 to 2 inches is useful. Additionally, for applicators that are used to administer pharmaceutical compositions to children an applicator with a shorter length, such as approximately 1 inch, is useful.

The diameter and shape of the applicator is large enough to prevent penetration of the vaginal wall/cervix or rectum. The tip of the applicator is smooth, to ease insertion of the applicator. The length of the medication chamber (delivery stroke) is approximately 0.5 inches. This is a length where the user can distinguish the travel of the plunger from start to finish recognizing that the drug is delivered.

The flange (40) is sufficiently wide to prevent over-insertion of the applicator into the vagina and injury to the cervix. The applicator barrel has a grip area (35) behind the flange (40) to aid in insertion and handling of the device.

B. Plunger and Plunger Tip

As shown in Figure 3B, the plunger tip (25) surrounds the proximal end of the plunger (27). The plunger tip is designed to stop at the end of the applicator barrel so that the user feels the stop and knows that the full dosage has been delivered. There is a space between the plunger and the applicator barrel to prevent excessive travel by the plunger. The plunger tip forms an air-tight seal with the applicator barrel. The design of the plunger tip ensures

that all of the pharmaceutical formulation is pushed out of the medication chamber and delivered to the patient.

C. Applicator Cap

5 The applicator cap (30) has features designed to hinder insertion of the applicator into the vagina or the rectum with the cap attached (see Figures 4A-D). For example, the applicator cap (30) is wider than the applicator barrel (15) to prevent its insertion into the vagina. The applicator cap (30) forms an air-tight seal with the end of the applicator barrel (15) (see Figures 4C and 4D) to prevent contamination.

10 II. Method of using the Vaginal or Rectal applicator Assembly

The applicator is breached filled, i.e. though the opening (45) at the tip (33) of the applicator barrel (15), with a pharmaceutical preparation with the plunger in the back position. A small volume of pharmaceutical preparation, *i.e.* less than 1 mL, is placed in the medication chamber. In a preferred embodiment, 0.2 mL of a pharmaceutical preparation is placed in the medication chamber. The pharmaceutical preparations may be in the form of a powder, gel, cream, lotion, suppository, ovule, tablet, or capsule. After filling the applicator, the applicator cap is attached to seal the pharmaceutical preparation in the applicator. To use the applicator, the cap is removed, the applicator is positioned in the patient's vagina or rectum, and the plunger is depressed.

III. Applications for the Vaginal or Rectal applicator Assembly

The vaginal applicator may be used to administer pharmaceutical formulations to the vagina or rectum. The pharmaceutical compositions may be delivered locally to the site of application or regionally to the surrounding area. As used herein, "locally" can refer to topical application generally to the mucosal or endometrial surfaces of the vagina. As used herein, "regionally" refers to reproductive organs and their surrounding environs, which include uterus, fallopian tube, peritoneal space, pelvic cul-de-sac, ovaries, perineum, abdominal; the rectovaginal region, and urinogenital tract, including bladder, urinary tract, and rectum. In the preferred embodiment, the drug formulations are delivered transvaginally to the region of the upper

vaginal vault for the treatment of diseases and disorders of the female urogenital system, cervix, uterus, ovaries, fallopian tubes and peritoneal cavity. In another embodiment, the formulations are administered locally within the vagina. Alternatively, the applicator can be used for rectal
5 administration of pharmaceutical compositions, such as to deliver the drug to the colon or the anal canal.

The applicator can be used to deliver drugs for the treatment of diseases and disorders locally and regionally in the area of administration. For example, the vaginal applicator may be used to treat urinary incontinence
10 or endometriosis. The rectal applicator may be used to deliver drug to the lower abdominal region to treat diseases such as colitis, ileitis, irritable bowel syndrome, Chron's Disease, or ulcerative colitis.

The term "drug" can refer to any pharmaceutically active substance capable of being administered in a particulate formulation, which achieves
15 the desired effect. Drugs can be synthetic or natural organic compounds, proteins or peptides, oligonucleotides or nucleotides, or polysaccharides or sugars. Drugs may have any of a variety of activities, which may be inhibitory or stimulatory, such as antibiotic activity, antiviral activity, antifungal activity, steroidal activity, cytotoxic or anti-proliferative activity,
20 anti-inflammatory activity, analgesic or anesthetic activity, or be useful as contrast or other diagnostic agents. A description of classes of drugs and species within each class can be found in Martindale, The Extra Pharmacopoeia, 31st Ed., The Pharmaceutical Press, London (1996) and Goodman and Gilman, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, (9th Ed.,
25 McGraw-Hill Publishing company (1996).

Examples of compounds with steroidal activity include progestins, estrogens, antiestrogens and antiprogestins.

In a preferred embodiment, the drug is danazole or gestrinone in a micro or nanoparticulate formulation. This can be achieved by milling of the
30 drug or atomization of drug solution, for example, into a solvent extraction fluid, or other standard techniques. The danazole or gestrinone can be

present as a complex with a cyclodextrin, for example, hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrin (HPB).

In another embodiment, the drug is a polysaccharide, preferably a sulfated polysaccharide. Examples of suitable sulfated polysaccharides
5 include carageenan, dextran sulfate, heparin, and fucoidin.

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meanings as commonly understood by one of skill in the art to which the disclosed invention belongs. Although any methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the
10 practice or testing of the present invention, the preferred methods, devices, and materials are as described. Nothing herein is to be construed as an admission that the invention is not entitled to antedate such disclosure by virtue of prior invention.

WE CLAIM:

1. A vaginal or rectal applicator comprising
 - 5 (a) an applicator barrel wherein the applicator barrel comprises a medication chamber at the proximal end of the applicator, wherein the diameter of the medication chamber is smaller than the outer diameter of the applicator barrel and is designed to contain up to 1 mL of a pharmaceutical composition and wherein the proximal end of the applicator contains an opening that is designed for filling the
10 medication chamber with the pharmaceutical composition and dispensing the pharmaceutical composition from the medication chamber;
 - (b) a plunger, wherein the plunger is insertable in telescoping relation to the applicator barrel;
 - (c) a plunger tip , wherein the plunger tip is at the end of the plunger; and
15 (d) an applicator cap, wherein the applicator cap is removable from the applicator barrel.
2. The vaginal or rectal applicator of claim 1, wherein the applicator further comprises a flange.
20
3. The vaginal or rectal applicator of claim 1, wherein the applicator cap has a diameter that is effective at preventing insertion of the vaginal applicator into a vagina when the applicator cap is attached to the applicator barrel.
- 25 4. The vaginal or rectal applicator of claim 1, wherein the applicator cap forms an air-tight seal with the applicator barrel.
5. The vaginal or rectal applicator of claim 1, wherein the plunger tip forms an air-tight seal with the applicator barrel.
30
6. The use of a vaginal or rectal applicator for the transvaginal or transrectal delivery of a pharmaceutical formulation, wherein the vaginal or rectal applicator comprises

(a) an applicator barrel wherein the applicator barrel comprises a medication chamber at the proximal end of the applicator, wherein the diameter of the medication chamber is smaller than the outer diameter of the applicator barrel and is
5 designed to contain up to 1 mL of a pharmaceutical composition and wherein the proximal end of the applicator contains an opening that is designed for filling the medication chamber with the pharmaceutical composition and dispensing the pharmaceutical composition from the medication chamber;

(b) a plunger, wherein the plunger is insertable in telescoping relation to
10 the applicator barrel; and

(c) a plunger tip, wherein the plunger tip is at the end of the plunger.

7. The use of claim 6, wherein the pharmaceutical formulation is in a form selected from the group consisting of a powder, gel, cream, lotion, suppository, ovule,
15 tablet, and capsule.

8. The use of claim 6, wherein the pharmaceutical formulation is used to treat disorders and diseases of the female urogenital system, cervix, uterus, ovaries, fallopian tubes, peritoneal cavity, or lower abdominal cavity.

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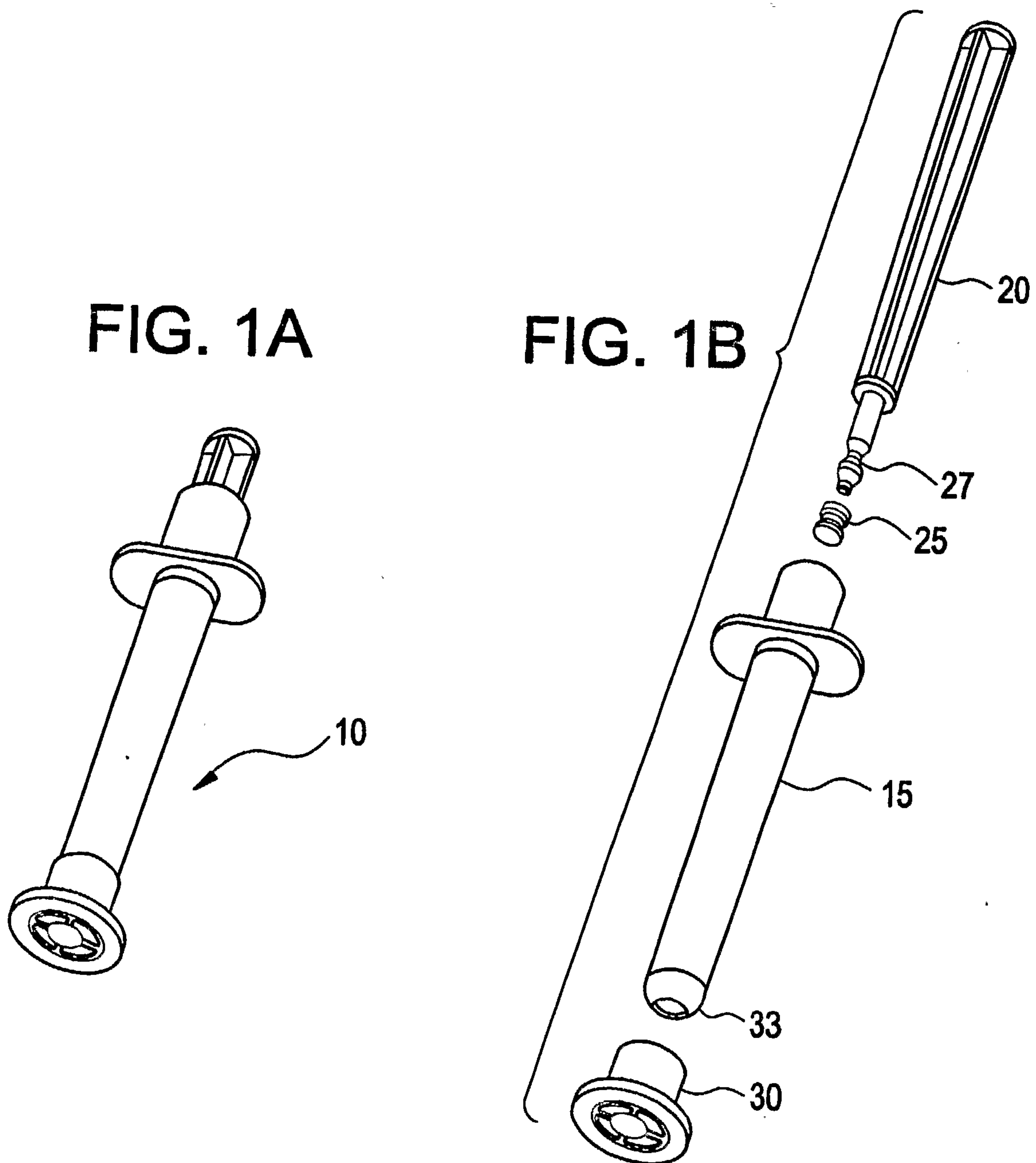


FIG. 2C

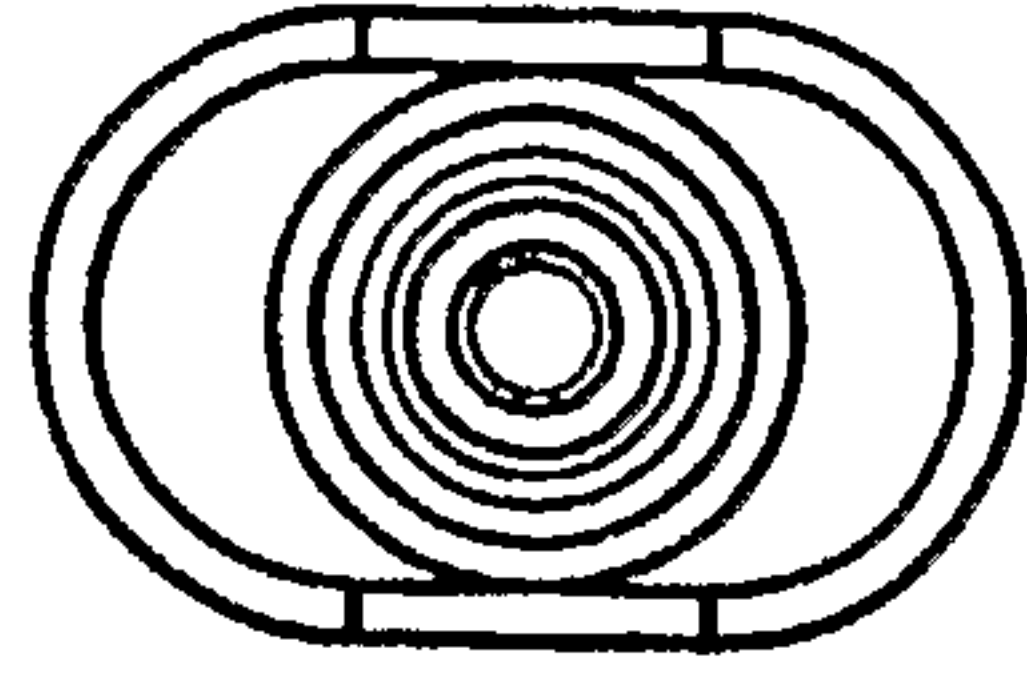


FIG. 2D

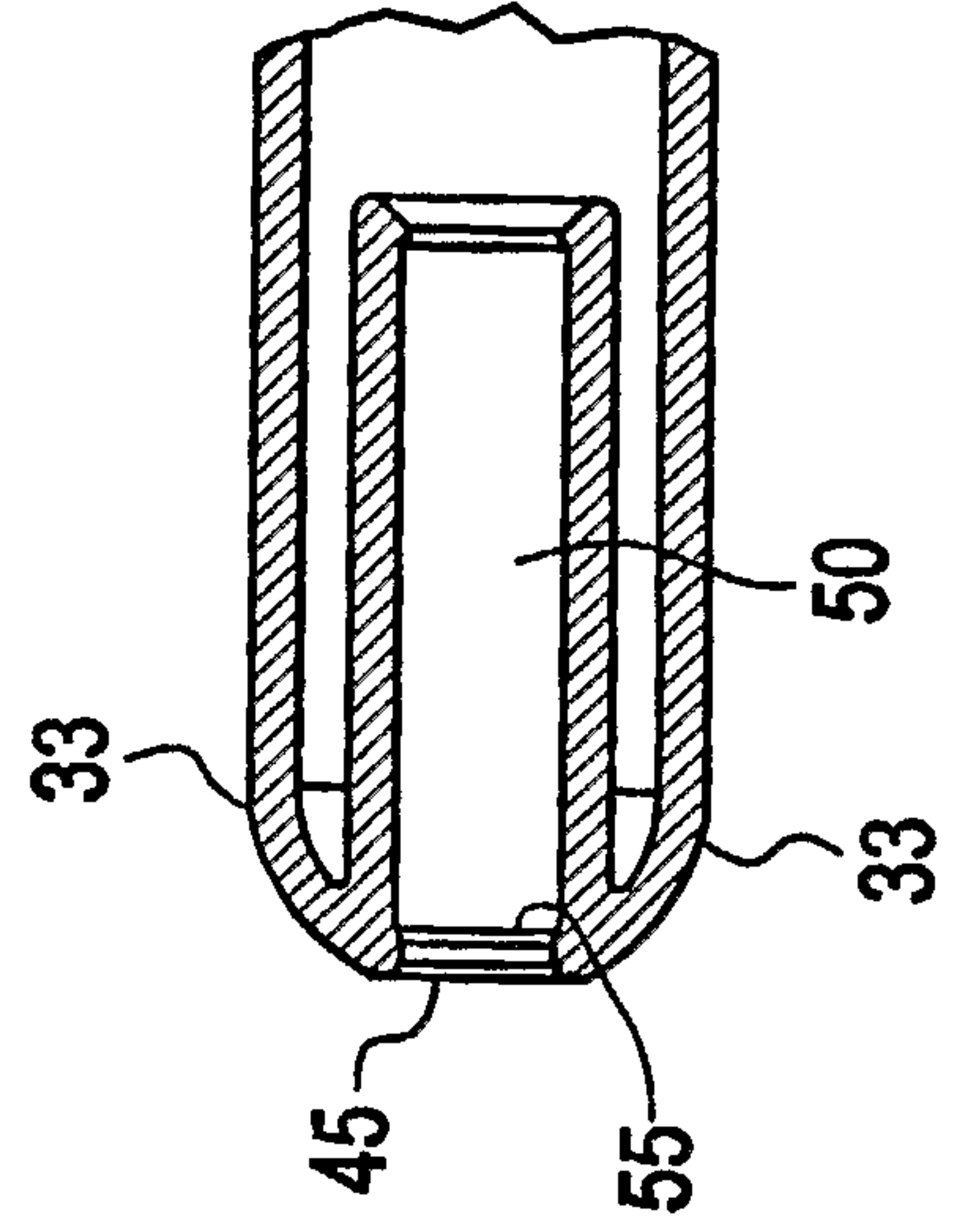


FIG. 2A

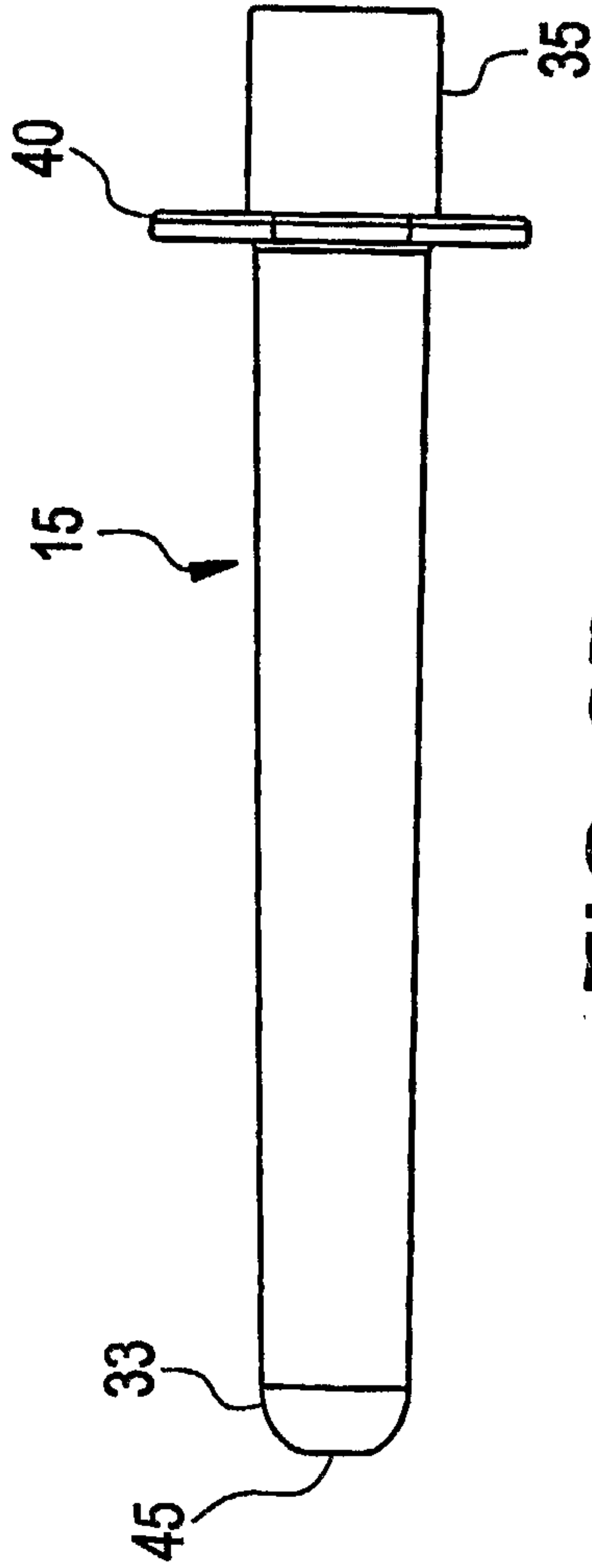
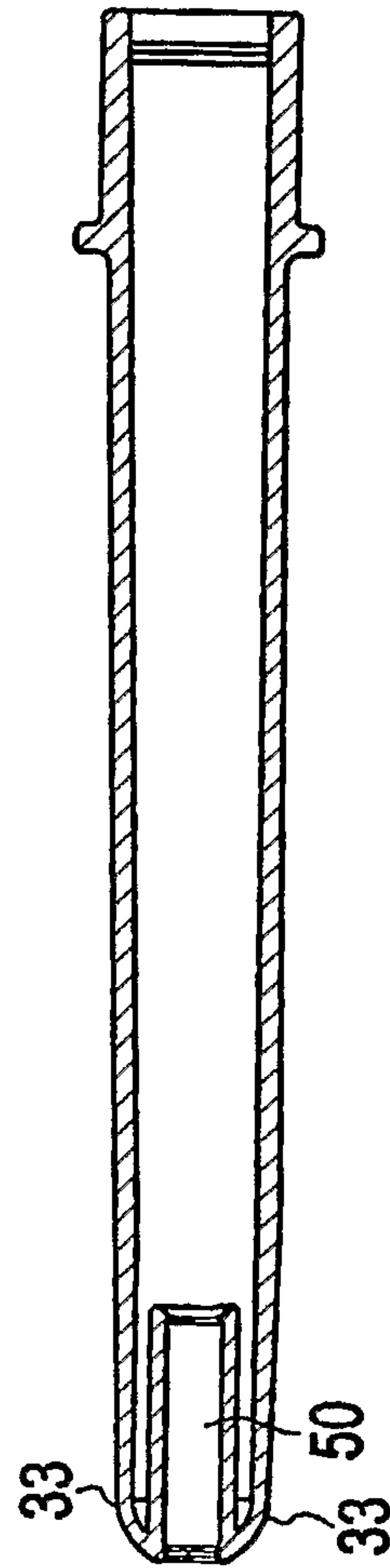


FIG. 2B



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FIG. 3A

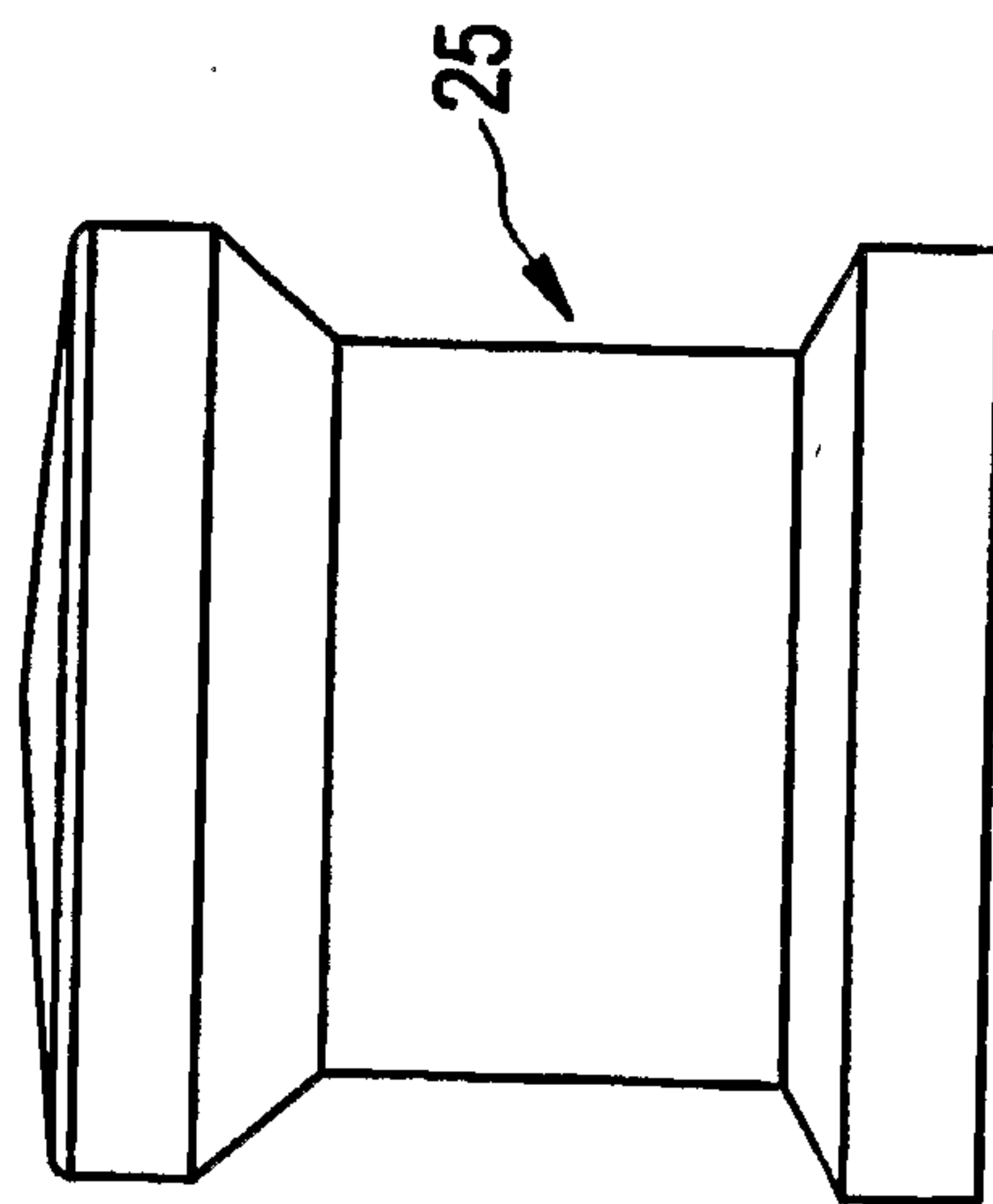


FIG. 3B

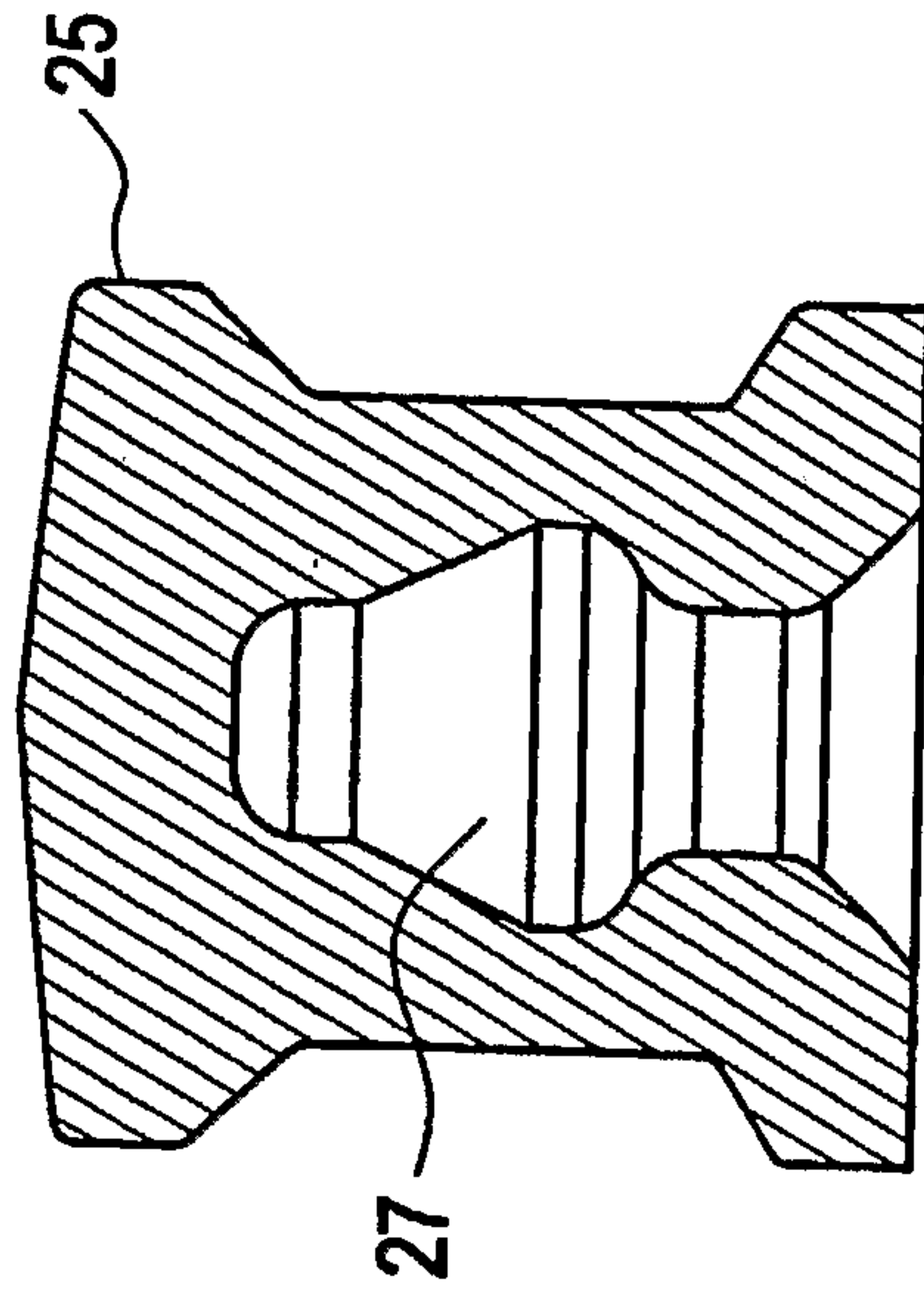


FIG. 3C

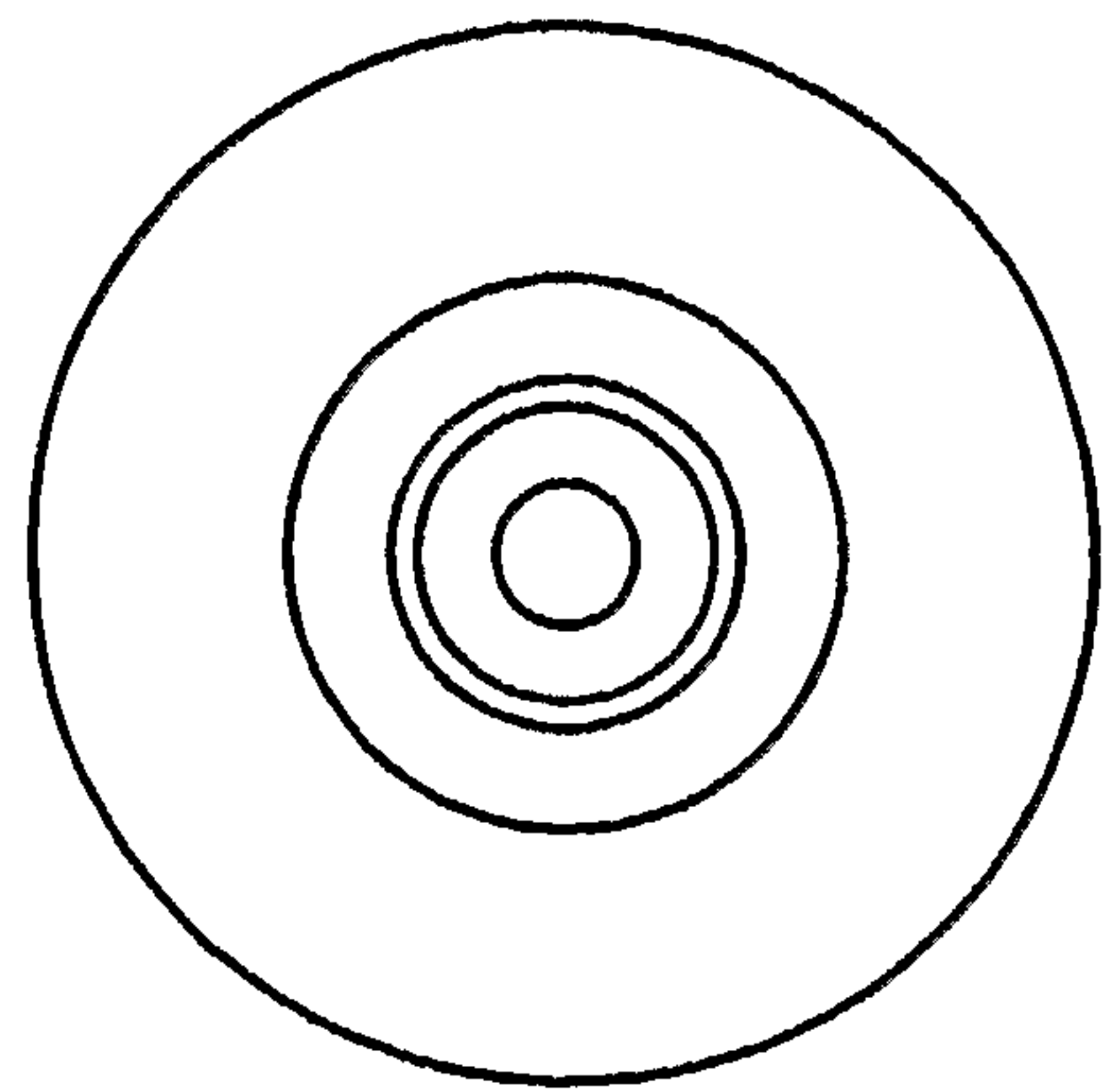


FIG. 4A

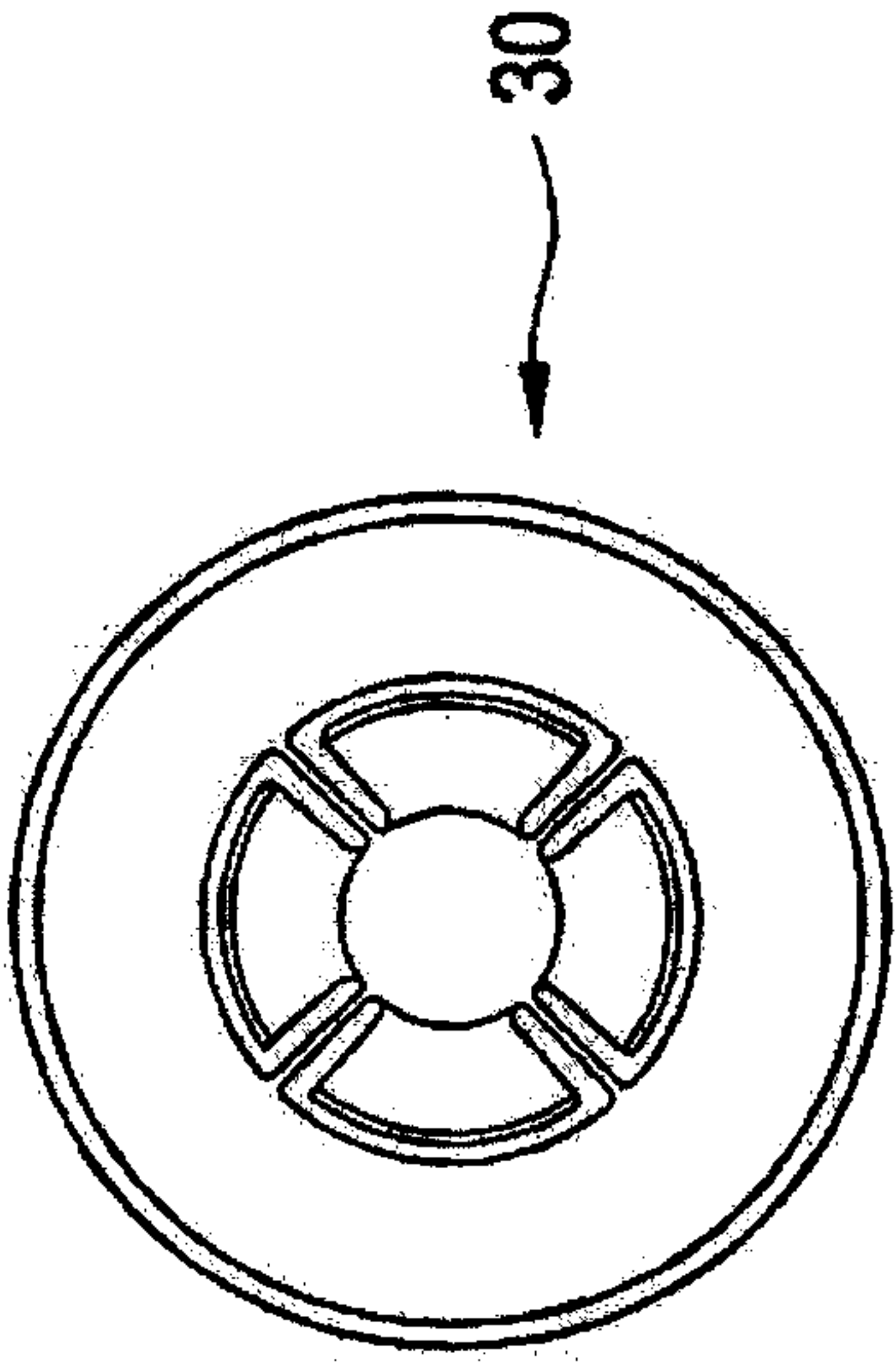


FIG. 4B

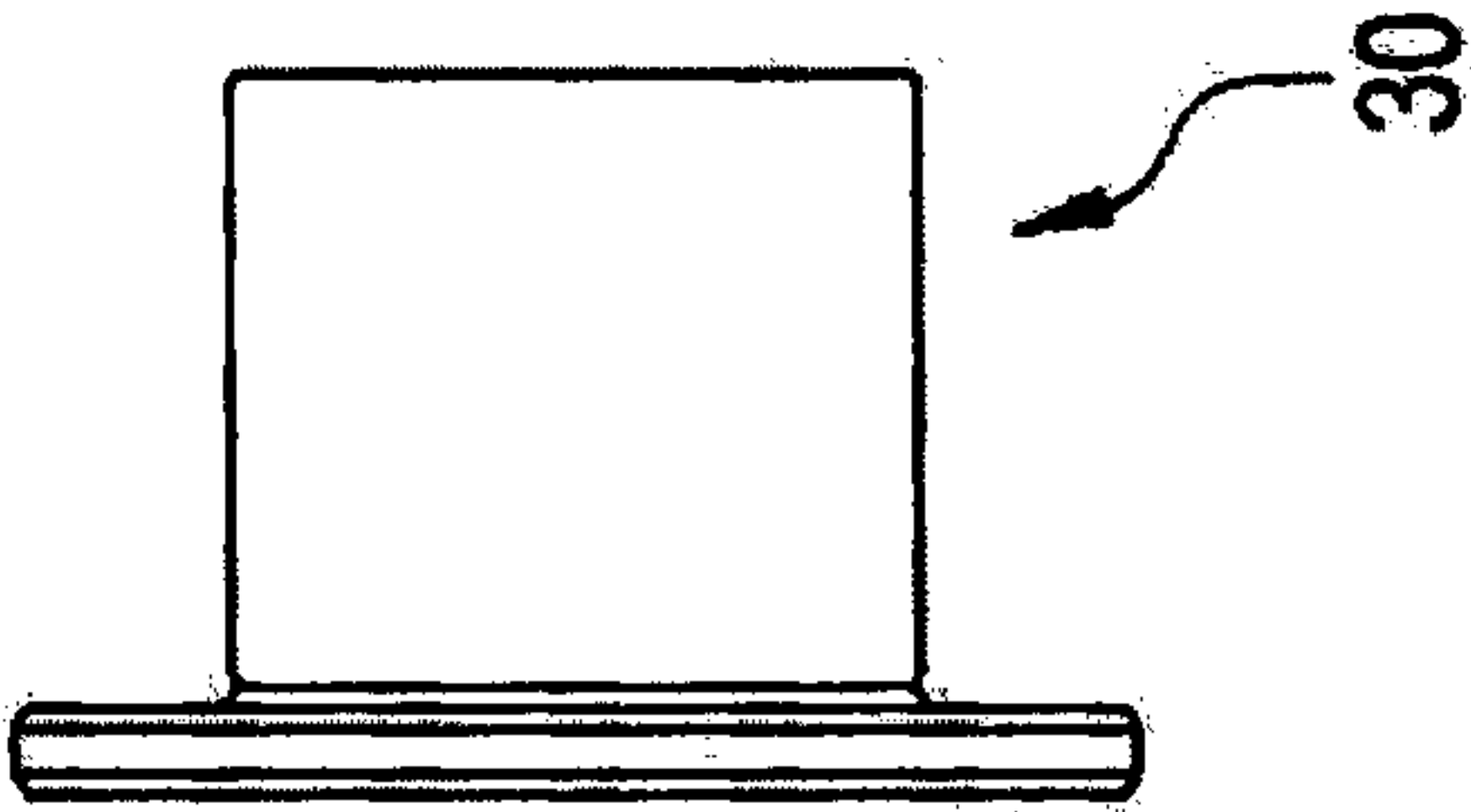


FIG. 4D

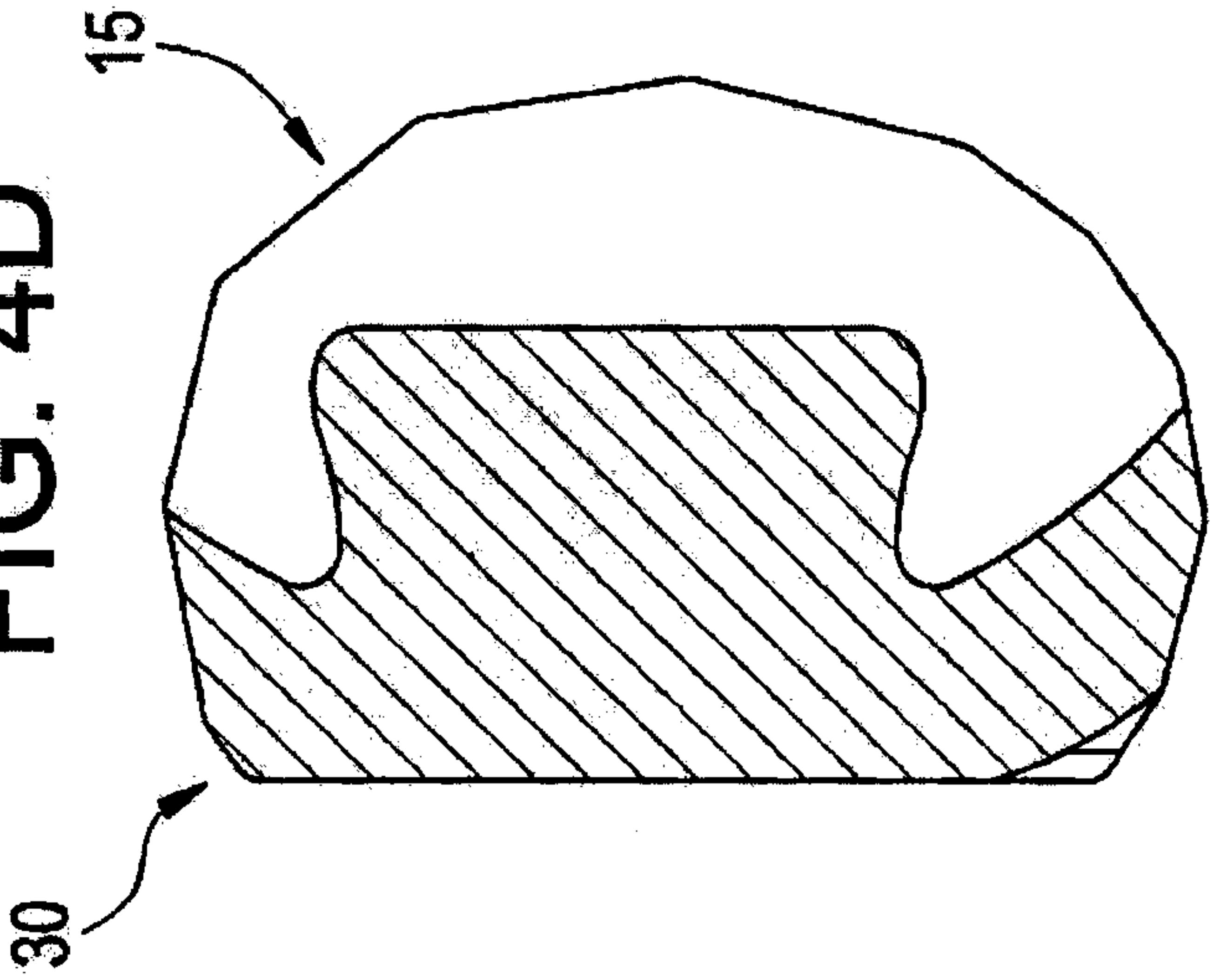


FIG. 4C

