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(54) **Berendezés és eljárás csúcs/átlagteljesítmény arány csökkentésére ortogonális frekvenciaosztásos multiplex rendszerben**

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(54) **Apparatus and method for reducing peak to average power ratio in an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing system**

Vorrichtung und Verfahren zur Reduzierung des Verhältnisses der Spitzen- zur Mittelleistung in einem Multiplexsystem mit orthogonaler Frequenzteilung

Appareil et procédé de réduction du rapport de la puissance de crête sur la puissance moyenne dans un système MORFC (multiplexage orthogonal en répartition de fréquence codé)

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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 **[0001]** This application is a divisional application of EP12150429.4 (EP-A-2442512).

1. Field of the Invention

10 **[0002]** The present invention relates generally to a mobile communication system, and in particular, to a method and apparatus for reducing a Peak to Average Power Ratio (PAPR) in an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) system.

2. Description of the Related Art

15 **[0003]** OFDM is widely applied to digital transmission technologies such as Digital Audio Broadcasting (DAB), Digital Television, Wireless Local Area Networking (WLAN), Wireless Asynchronous Transfer Mode (WATM), etc. Although the OFDM scheme is similar to the conventional Frequency Division Multiplexing (FDM) scheme, the OFDM scheme has a characteristic that it can obtain the optimal transmission efficiency during high-speed data transmission by transmitting data while maintaining orthogonality between multiple subcarriers, and can also obtain the optimal transmission efficiency during high-speed data transmission as it has high frequency efficiency and is robust against multipath fading.

20 **[0004]** In addition, OFDM has high frequency efficiency and is robust against frequency-selective fading since frequency spectrums are used on an overlapping basis, and can reduce an Inter-Symbol Interference (ISI) effect by using a guard interval. Further, OFDM enables simple design for a hardware structure of an equalizer, and is robust against impulse noises. Due to such advantages, OFDM is being actively used for the communication systems.

25 **[0005]** However, despite its many advantages, the OFDM system causes a high Peak to Average Power Ratio (PAPR) due to multi-carrier modulation, i.e., since OFDM transmits data using multiple carriers, the final OFDM signal has a significant change in amplitude, as the signal's amplitude becomes a sum of amplitudes of the carriers. In addition, if phases of the carriers are coincident with each other, the amplitude has a very high value.

30 **[0006]** Such a high-PAPR signal, however, may get out of a linear operation range of a High Power Amplifier (HPA). Therefore, the high-PAPR signal may suffer from distortion after passing through the HPA, causing a reduction in the system performance.

[0007] To address the high-PAPR problems of the OFDM system, several PAPR reduction techniques have been provided, and include Clipping, Coding, SeLected Mapping (SLM), Partial Transmit Sequence (PTS), Tone Injection (TI), Tone Reservation (TR), etc.

35 **[0008]** Of the PAPR reduction techniques, the TR scheme reserves L tones in N subcarriers, and transmits no data on the L reserved tones to reduce the PAPR. In this case, a receiver disregards the L tones that have transmitted no information signal, and restores information signals only on the (N-L) tones, contributing to a decrease in complexity of the receiver structure.

40 **[0009]** A gradient algorithm is one of the typical methods of using the L reserved tones to reduce the PAPR in the TR scheme. The gradient algorithm is provided by applying a method similar to the Clipping technique to the TR scheme.

[0010] The gradient algorithm is used to generate signals having the impulse characteristics using L tones that transmit no information signal, and to clip output signals of Inverse Fast Fourier Transform (IFFT). If signals having the impulse characteristics are added to the IFFT's output signals, data distortion occurs only on the L tones, and no data distortion occurs in the other frequency regions.

45 **[0011]** In the Clipping technique, the noises generated by clipping may affect all subcarriers. However, in the TR technique, the noises generated by clipping affect only some reserved subcarriers rather than affecting all the subcarriers.

[0012] The gradient algorithm optimizes impulse waveforms so that the peak of IFFT output signals is reduced in the time domain. PAPR-reduced signals, which are generated by adding a sum of impulse waveforms optimized by the gradient algorithm to the IFFT's output signals, are transmitted to a receiver.

50 **[0013]** Then the receiver, since the receiver already has information on positions of L tones, only needs to receive data on the remaining subcarriers except for the L reserved tones.

[0014] With reference to the accompanying drawings, the TR method will now be described.

[0015] FIG. 1 is a diagram illustrating a structure of a general TR scheme-based transmitter.

55 **[0016]** An (N-L)-point input signal (X) 105 and an L-reserved tone signal 110 are input to a tone reservation unit 120, and the tone reservation unit 120 reserves the L-reserved tone signal 110 in a subcarrier position previously agreed upon between a transmitter and a receiver. In this case, zero (0) is inserted into the L tones, with no data transmitted thereon. When the parallel data X and a sum of the L reserved tones, output from the tone reservation unit 120, are input to an N-point IFFT unit 130, the N-point IFFT unit 130 performs an IFFT calculation on the input data, and outputs

the result to a Parallel-to-Serial (P/S) converter 140. Then the P/S converter 140 generates a time-domain output signal X by processing the input signal. Next, a gradient algorithm unit 150 transmits a transmission signal X+C obtained by adding a signal C generated by the gradient algorithm unit 150 to the output signal X of the IFFT unit 130. In this case, the gradient algorithm unit 150 calculates the signal C so that a PAPR of the output signal X is reduced, using an impulse waveform read from a memory 160.

[0017] The signal C added to L tones to reduce the PAPR is determined as follows. L subcarriers are previously reserved and used for a code C; positions of the L subcarriers are fixed by the tone reservation unit 120 during their initial transmission and remain unchanged during data transmission. The code C can be expressed as Equation (1).

$$C_k = \begin{cases} C_k, & k \in \{i_1, i_2, \dots, i_L\} \\ 0, & k \notin \{i_1, i_2, \dots, i_L\} \end{cases} \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

[0018] In Equation (1), k denotes an index of the tone reservation unit 120. In this case, an input signal X is reserved in a subcarrier other than the code C as shown in Equation (2). "l" means the position of reserved tone in each FFT.

$$X_k = \begin{cases} X_k, & k \notin \{i_1, i_2, \dots, i_L\} \\ 0, & k \in \{i_1, i_2, \dots, i_L\} \end{cases} \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

[0019] Minimization of PAPR is achieved by optimizing these L subcarriers. $\tilde{C}$ is optimized by Equation (3) so that PAPR is low.

$$\tilde{C} = \underset{\tilde{C}}{\text{Arg min}} \left(\max_{n=0 \dots N-1} |x_n + c_n| \right) \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

[0020] In Equation (3), c_n denotes an n^{th} element value of a time-domain vector obtained by performing IFFT on a vector C. To find an optimized signal of C, calculation of Equation (3) is performed. To solve Equation (3), complex linear calculation should be performed. In actual implementation, however, the gradient algorithm is used, which can obtain the similar performance only with simple calculation.

[0021] The code C is optimized so as to remove the peak value of a vector x. If x^{clip} is defined as a vector where x is clipped to a certain level A, Equation (4) is derived therefrom.

$$x - x^{\text{clip}} = \sum_i \beta_i \delta[n - m_i] \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

[0022] In Equation (4), β_i denote a clipping value, m_i denotes a position where a corresponding vector is clipped, and δ denotes an impulse function.

[0023] If c is defined as in Equation (5) below, Equation (6) can be derived therefrom, making it possible to reduce the peak value of a transmission symbol.

$$c = -\sum_i \beta_i \delta[n - m_i] \dots\dots\dots (5)$$

$$x + c = x^{\text{clip}} \dots\dots\dots (6)$$

[0024] Therefore, c can be construed as a sum of delayed and scaled impulse functions. However, in the frequency domain, $\hat{C} = \text{FFT}(c)$ has a non-zero value in most frequency positions, and distorts values of data symbols except for L reserved positions. Therefore, in the frequency domain, a waveform having a characteristic of an impulse function, which is affected only in the L reserved positions and is not affected in the other positions, must be used for clipping.

[0025] A waveform having the impulse characteristics is designed as follows.

[0026] For example, $\mathbf{1}_L$ is a vector having a value 1 in L reserved positions and a value 0 in the remaining positions, and $\mathbf{p}$ is defined as Equation (7).

$$\mathbf{p} = p[n] = [p_0 p_1 \cdots p_{N-1}] = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{L} \text{IDFT}(\mathbf{1}_L) \quad \dots\dots\dots (7)$$

[0027] In Equation (7), $p_0 = 1$, $p_1 \cdots p_{N-1}$ and each has a much smaller value compared with p_0 . When $p[(n - m_i)_N]$ is defined as a value obtained by circular-shifting p by m_i , even though the value undergoes Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), only its phase varies and the value has a value 0 in the positions other than the L reserved positions in the frequency domain.

[0028] In designing the waveform having the impulse characteristics as stated above, the waveform cannot become similar to the ideal impulse waveform unless the waveform is designed such that a size of the *remaining* $p_1 \cdots p_{N-1}$ except for p_0 is small. As the size of $p_1 \cdots p_{N-1}$ is smaller, a change in size of other signals in the positions except for the position of p_0 is smaller during execution of clipping. If $p_1 \cdots p_{N-1}$ are designed to be large, the peak of other signals may increase again in the clipping process, causing a decrease in the PAPR reduction performance.

[0029] Since the positions of the L reserved tones determine an impulse waveform and the impulse waveform exerts influence on the PAPR reduction performance as stated above, one well-designed reserved tone position is generally previously determined in applying a tone reservation method to the OFDM system. A time-domain impulse waveform generated by this reserved tone is also previously stored. Through this process, it is possible to avoid calculating positions of reserved tones and an impulse waveform for every symbol.

[0030] FIG. 2 illustrates a frame structure of a general broadcast communication system. Several OFDM symbols constitute one frame, and a structure of pilot tones shows a scattered structure where positions of the pilot tones change in every OFDM symbol. Since such pilot tones are used for channel estimation, the pilot tones should not undergo interference and/or distortion.

[0031] However, when the above-stated structure of predetermined reserved tones is used, a collision may occur between the reserved tones and the pilot tones in the frame structure of FIG. 2.

[0032] FIG. 3 illustrates a collision occurring between pilot tones and reserved tones when one reserved tone based on the conventional tone reservation scheme is used in the frame structure of FIG. 2.

[0033] In other words, while no collision occurs between the reserved tones and the pilot tones in the case 301 of FIG. 3, a collision may occur between the reserved tones and the pilot tones in the cases 303, 305, and 307. Therefore, there is a demand for an apparatus and method for designing and managing reserved tones while avoiding the collision between the pilot tones and the reserved tones.

[0034] The patent application US 2005/100108 discloses the determination of reserved tone and data tone positions to reduce the PAPR in an OFDM communication system. The tone positions are allocated for transmission and used for reception.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0035] An aspect of the present invention is to address at least the problems and/or disadvantages and to provide at least the advantages described below. Accordingly, an aspect of the present invention is to provide a method and apparatus for designing and managing reserved tones to be suitable for a frame structure of a communication system where the reserved tones are used for PAPR reduction.

[0036] Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a method and apparatus for designing and managing reserved tones while avoiding a collision between pilot tones and reserved tones in a frame structure of a communication system.

[0037] Aspects of the invention are described in the independent claims. The dependent claims describe advantageous embodiments.

[0038] According to one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for reducing a Peak to Average Power Ratio (PAPR) using reserved tones in a transmission apparatus of an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) communication system. The method includes detecting a subcarrier spacing interval and a number of spaced symbols based on a predetermined pilot pattern upon signal reception, and determining positions of shifted reserved tones obtained by shifting positions of reserved tones allocated to a predetermined symbol during the number of the spaced symbols at intervals of the spacing interval; determining an impulse waveform obtained by rotating a phase of a complex value of an impulse stored in a memory, using the determined positions of frequency-domain reserved tones of each symbol; calculating a subtrahend for a PAPR of an output signal using the phase-rotated impulse waveform; and reducing a PAPR of an input signal by performing a gradient algorithm using the phase-rotated impulse waveform.

[0039] According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a transmission apparatus for reducing a Peak to Average Power Ratio (PAPR) using reserved tones in an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) communication system. The transmission apparatus includes a memory for storing a number of and positions of reserved tones allocated to a predetermined symbol, and an impulse waveform based on the positions of the reserved tones; a

controller for detecting a subcarrier spacing interval and the number of spaced symbols based on a predetermined pilot pattern upon signal reception, determining positions of shifted reserved tones obtained by shifting positions of reserved tones allocated to a predetermined symbol during the number of the spaced symbols at intervals of the spacing interval, and determining a new impulse waveform generated by rotating a phase of a complex value according to the determined positions of shifted reserved tones; a tone reservation unit for reserving data, pilots and reserved tones in a subcarrier position for every symbol according to a control signal from the controller; and a gradient algorithm unit for calculating a subtrahend for a PAPR using an updated impulse waveform received from the controller, and adding the calculated subtrahend for the PAPR to an input signal.

[0040] According to further another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for reducing a Peak to Average Power Ratio (PAPR) using reserved tones in a reception apparatus of an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) communication system. The method includes detecting a subcarrier spacing interval and a number of spaced symbols based on a predetermined scattered pilot pattern upon signal reception, and determining positions of shifted reserved tones obtained by shifting positions of predetermined reserved tones during the number of the spaced symbols at intervals of the spacing interval; extracting data signals transmitted in positions except for the reserved tone positions in every symbol using the determined reserved tone positions; and performing demodulation on the extracted data signals.

[0041] According to yet another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a reception apparatus for reducing a Peak to Average Power Ratio (PAPR) using reserved tones in an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) communication system. The reception apparatus includes a memory for storing a number of and positions of reserved tones allocated to a predetermined symbol; a controller for detecting a subcarrier spacing interval and a number of spaced symbols based on a predetermined scattered pilot pattern upon signal reception, and determining positions of shifted reserved tones obtained by shifting positions of predetermined reserved tones during the number of the spaced symbols at intervals of the spacing interval; a data tone signal extractor for extracting data signals transmitted in positions except for the reserved tone positions in every symbol using information on the reserved tone positions received from the controller; and a data demodulator for performing demodulation on signals output from the data tone signal extractor.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0042] The above and other aspects, features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a diagram illustrating a structure of a general TR scheme-based transmitter;

FIG. 2 is a diagram illustrating a frame structure in which positions of data subcarriers and pilot tones vary;

FIG. 3 is a diagram illustrating a collision occurring between pilot tones and reserved tones in the conventional tone reservation scheme;

FIG. 4 is a diagram illustrating a frame structure designed to avoid a collision between scattered pilots and reserved tones according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a block diagram illustrating a structure of a TR-based transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 6 is a flowchart illustrating a method for reducing PAPR by means of the TR-based transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 7 is a diagram illustrating a scattered-pilot structure in a frame structure of a Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) system;

FIG. 8 is a block diagram illustrating a structure of a TR-based reception apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. 9 is a flowchart illustrating a reception operation of the reception apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0043] Preferred embodiments of the present invention will now be described in detail with reference to the annexed drawings. In the following description, a detailed description of known functions and configurations incorporated herein has been omitted for clarity and conciseness.

[0044] As described above, the pilot structure in a frame of the communication system varies according to the OFDM symbol. Therefore, the conventional reserved tone design method cannot be applied intact in the tone reservation scheme according to the present invention, so there is a need for a reserved tone design method that is adapted to the frame structure.

[0045] The pilot structure of FIG. 2 is composed of continual pilots remaining in a predetermined subcarrier over

several OFDM symbols, and scattered pilots, which exist only in one OFDM symbol and are uniformly distributed in the frequency domain.

[0046] In the frame having the scattered-pilot structure, since pilot positions are different in every OFDM symbol, reserved tone positions should also vary. Therefore, every OFDM symbol should have different reserved tones.

[0047] However, if every OFDM symbol has different reserved tones, impulse waveforms generated with the reserved tones also have different signals. Accordingly, the system should store information on all impulse waveforms in a memory. When N_{Frame} OFDM symbols exist in one frame, a complex value necessary for storing impulse waveforms becomes $N_{\text{Frame}} \times N_{\text{FFT}}$, where N_{FFT} denotes an FFT size, i.e., the memory size necessary for storing impulse waveforms increases with the number of OFDM symbols in the frame.

[0048] The present invention provides a method for applying one reserved tone to every OFDM symbol in a frame, rather than applying different reserved tones to every OFDM symbol.

[0049] Regarding the scattered-pilot structure in FIG. 2, the pilot tones shift at predetermined intervals in every OFDM symbol. With use of such characteristics, the present invention can avoid the collision between reserved tones and scattered pilots by shifting even the reserved tone positions at the same intervals as the scattered pilots.

[0050] FIG. 4 illustrates a frame structure designed to avoid a collision between scattered pilots and reserved tones according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0051] The frame structure shown in FIG. 4 avoids a collision between reserved tones and pilot tones by setting positions of reserved tones designed in an OFDM symbol such that an interval therebetween is equal to a shift interval of scattered pilot tones.

[0052] If one reserved tone is reused in every symbol, it is possible to solve the memory increase problem occurring, as a position of the reserved tone should be stored for every symbol.

[0053] If the position of the reserved tone is circular-shifted in the frequency domain, regarding an impulse waveform generated by the reserved tone, the complex value of the reserved tone remains unchanged and only the phase of the reserved tone changes. Since the change in phase corresponds to a shift interval of the reserved tone position, it is possible to determine the change in phase caused by the shift interval of the reserved tone position when only the initial phase information is known.

[0054] Therefore, the method of the present invention for shifting one tone reserve position according to a pilot pattern and modifying an impulse waveform can be applied to all OFDM symbols in the frame.

[0055] FIG. 5 is a block diagram illustrating a structure of a TR-based transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0056] Referring to FIG. 5, an $(N-L)$ -point input signal (X) 505 and an L-reserved tone signal 510 are input to a tone reservation unit 520, and the tone reservation unit 520 reserves the L-reserved tone signal 510 in a subcarrier position previously agreed upon between a transmitter and a receiver. In this case, zero (0) is inserted into the L tones, with no data transmitted thereon.

[0057] When the parallel data X and a sum of the L reserved tones are input to an N-point IFFT unit 530, the N-point IFFT unit 530 performs an IFFT calculation on the input data. Thereafter, a Parallel-to-Serial (P/S) converter 540 outputs a time-domain signal x.

[0058] Next, the transmission apparatus adds a signal C, generated by a gradient algorithm unit 550, to the output signal x of the IFFT unit 530, and transmits the resulting signal $X+C$ to the receiver. In this case, the gradient algorithm unit 550 calculates the signal C so that PAPR of the output signal x is reduced, using an impulse waveform read from a memory 560.

[0059] The number of and positions of reserved tones predetermined according to the OFDM size, shown in Table 4, is stored in the memory 560, i.e., as the memory 560 stores therein a reserved tone position pattern allocated to one predetermined symbol in the frequency domain, rather than storing position information of different frequency-domain reserved tones for every symbol, the one reserved tone position pattern is used for determining positions of shifted reserved tones for every symbol.

[0060] Further, the memory 560 stores signals having an impulse shape calculated using Equation (7) according to the reserved tone positions.

[0061] A controller 570 detects information on the number of and positions of predetermined reserved tones from the memory 560 upon signal reception, to determine positions of reserved tones that are collision-free with data and pilots according to the OFDM size and pilot positions, and transmits the determined position information to the tone reservation unit 520.

[0062] The controller 570 determines reserved tone positions according to the OFDM symbol in the frame, in the following method.

[0063] The controller 570 detects a subcarrier spacing interval and the number of spaced symbols based on a predetermined pilot pattern, and determines positions of shifted reserved tones obtained by shifting positions of reserved tones allocated to one predetermined symbol for (during) the number of the spaced symbols at the spacing intervals.

[0064] The controller 570 can use Equation (9) to determine positions of the shifted reserved tones. The controller

570 transfers the determined position information of the reserved tones corresponding to every symbol to the tone reservation unit 520.

[0065] The controller 570 adjusts a phase of the impulse waveform by the shift interval calculated for each OFDM symbol index, and transfers the phase-adjusted impulse waveform to the gradient algorithm unit 550. Even though the reserved tone positions are circular-shifted, a size of the impulse waveform does not change, making it possible to maintain the same PAPR reduction performance.

[0066] The tone reservation unit 520 allocates reserved tones to an OFDM symbol so that no collision occurs between the reserved tones and the data and pilots, using the position information of the reserved tones corresponding to each OFDM symbol, provided from the controller 570.

[0067] However, regarding the shift interval, the tone reservation unit 520, rather than the controller 570, can calculate the shift interval and send the shift interval to the controller 570 so that the controller 570 can calculate the phase.

[0068] FIG. 6 is a flowchart illustrating a method for reducing PAPR by means of the TR-based transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0069] Referring to FIG. 6, as a frame starts in step 610, the transmission apparatus detects pilot positions for every OFDM symbol in step 620. The transmission apparatus determines positions of data and reserved tones using the detected pilot positions in step 630. For this determination, the transmission apparatus calculates a subcarrier shift value for preventing the pilot positions from overlapping the reserved tone positions, and determines the data and reserved tone positions based on the determined shift value.

[0070] The method for determining the reserved tone positions includes detecting a subcarrier spacing interval and the number of spaced symbols based on a predetermined pilot pattern upon signal reception, and determining positions of shifted reserved tones obtained by shifting positions of the reserved tones allocated to one predetermined symbol during the number of spaced symbols at the spacing intervals. The positions of the shifted reserved tones can be calculated using Equation (9). Thereafter, in step 640, the transmission apparatus determines an impulse waveform by rotating a phase of the complex value stored in a memory using the determined shift value. The transmission apparatus performs a gradient algorithm using the phase-rotated impulse waveform in step 650, and reduces PAPR of IFFT output signals in step 660. After reducing PAPR, the transmission apparatus repeats the processing process on the next OFDM symbol, i.e., the transmission apparatus determines, in step 670, whether the transmission apparatus has performed the PAPR reduction process through the last OFDM symbol in the frame. If it is determined that the transmission apparatus has performed the PAPR reduction process through the last OFDM symbol in the frame, the transmission apparatus ends the process.

[0071] However, if it is determined in step 670 that the corresponding OFDM symbol is not the last OFDM symbol in the frame, the transmission apparatus increases the OFDM symbol index in step 680, and then returns to step 620.

[0072] An exemplary TR method according to the present invention, which is applied in a broadcast communication system, will now be described.

[0073] FIG. 7 illustrates a scattered-pilot structure in a frame structure of a Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) system. Of 8192 tones, 6817 tones except for 1375 guard bands are composed of data, pilots, and reserved tones. A pattern of the pilots is expressed as Equation (8).

$$\{k = k_{\min} + [4 \times ((l-1) \bmod 20) + 20p] \mid p \text{ integer}, p \in [0;342]\} \quad \dots \quad (8)$$

[0074] In Equation (8), k denotes a tone index, $k_{\min}$ denotes the minimum tone index, and l denotes an OFDM index.

[0075] If scattered pilots are situated at intervals of 20 tones as shown in FIG. 7, the scattered pilots undergo circular shift at intervals of 4 subcarriers as an OFDM symbol increases.

[0076] The reserved tone positions applied in the present invention are as shown in Table 1. TR shows 75 reserved tone positions.

Table 1

Reserved Tone Index	
85 195 278 346 506 517 644 683 783 919 1021 1084 1125 1250 1285 1413 1493 1618 1730 1847 1937 1996 2075	
2175 2247 2313 2423 2549 2587 2736 2870 2925 3054 3142 3207 3255 3359 3441 3512 3621 3708 3761 3835	
3954 4012 4163 4184 4281 4374 4538 4591 4695 4773 4910 4967 5064 5194 5255 5287 5370 5514 5539 5659	
5801 5963 5991 6108 6216 6236 6343 6466 6523 6577 6654 6756	

[0077] The reserved tone positions in Table 1 undergo circular shifts at intervals of 4 tones like the scattered pilots. Therefore, the reserved tone positions in Table 1 increase in tone index by 0, 4, 8, 12 and 16, as an OFDM symbol

increases.

[0078] DVB, which is the European broadcast standard, considers several OFDM sizes, and supports 1K, 2K, 4K, 8K, 16K and 32K modes as follows. Table 2 shows OFDM sizes, the number of data tones, and the number of reserved tones.

Table 2

	1K mode	2K mode	4K mode	8K mode	16K mode	32K mode
Number of subcarriers	1024	2048	4096	8192	16384	32768
Number of data tones	853	1705	3409	6817	13633	27265
Number of reserved tones	9	18	36	72	144	288

[0079] Herein, the scattered pilots have a pattern similar to the structure shown in FIG. 7, and may have several modified patterns. For example, unlike the scattered pilots shown in FIG. 7, the scattered pilots can be designed at intervals of 12 subcarriers.

[0080] Next, reserved tones can be designed in consideration of the pilots based on the environment of Table 2, and the detailed reserved tone positions are as shown in Table 3.

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Table 3

1k mode (9)	
79,306,368,392,428,674,707,748,823	
2k mode (18)	
66,125,219,326,369,606,722,729,825,938,999,1257,1459,1468,1474,1641,1649,1673	
4k mode (36)	
191,260,320,475,535,599,602,620,823,826,1185,1197,1334,1358,1435,1481,1496,1586, 1627,1678,1913,1979,2042,2074,2162,2322,2351,2371,2584,2699,2777,3018,3031,312,5,3307,3341	
8k mode (72)	
101,118,172,182,317,429,551,1158,1247,1359,1424,1442,1456,1551,1660,1709,1791,1,798, 1947,1961,1965,1976,2069,2091,2128,2342,2420,2492,2551,2552,3082,3135,3175,339,1,3427,3671, 3812,3824,3837,3856,3898,3903,4097,4203,4226,4242,4258,4331,4487,4532,4578,466,7,4805,4854, 4862,5140,5168,5216,5239,5561,5588,5603,5768,5791,5966,6347,6458,6462,6519,659,2,6706,6801	
16k mode (144)	
5,8,15,16,18,19,45,114,118,143,225,242,307,365,366,377,383,418, 477,794,869,1065,1131,1148,1288,1310,1363,1365,2159,2222,2288,2311,2369,2385,24,42,2693, 2816,2860,2899,2919,2930,3101,3270,3299,3657,4156,4510,4720,5025,5068,5320,557,0,5633,5695, 5774,5824,5840,6294,6429,6500,6749,7112,7191,7229,7402,7505,7630,7643,7676,769,4,7715,7747, 7806,7863,8138,8241,8595,8711,8781,8813,9015,9103,9136,9262,9294,9304,9315,932,0,9404,9422, 9690,9750,9807,9810,9873,10074,10221,10490,10551,10602,10623,10670,10699,1076,6,10917,10982,11074,11142, 11310,11322,11403,11411,11601,11670,11692,11723,12115,12116,12125,12338,12365,12412,12477,12513,12608,12616, 12647,12698,12748,12826,12914,12945,12986,13157,13180,13198,13288,13375,13378,13450,13533,13541,13578,13603	
32k mode (288)	
101,117,174,233,353,479,527,549,658,751,915,1005,1029,1077,1089,1363,1408,1419, 1422,1432,1523,1587,1593,1699,1870,2031,2358,2512,2542,2714,2874,2914,2932,299,8,3074,3088, 3207,3446,3462,3618,3620,3716,3767,3881,3899,3914,4156,4172,4432,4484,4490,462,7,4655,4845, 4961,4982,4984,5058,5406,5457,5536,5651,5726,5735,5781,5831,5915,6058,6095,612,7,6281,6441, 6502,6626,6742,6870,6940,6958,7737,7781,7794,7858,7876,7891,7989,8070,8086,823,4,8270,8285, 8416,8420,8798,8829,8837,8985,9245,9251,9629,9671,9815,9863,9968,9969,10014,10,384,10407,10450, 10482,10545,10580,10631,10769,11380,11407,11654,11719,11804,12236,12260,12280,12323,12331,12351,12426,12524, 12561,12667,12750,12907,12958,12980,13073,13096,13406,13492,13677,13709,13828,13913,13948,13967,13996,14214,	

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14234, 14282, 14300, 14370, 14495, 14642, 14686, 14956, 15016, 15366, 15467, 15508, 15525, 15537, 15917, 16035, 16106, 16147,
16354, 16434, 16491, 16559, 16587, 16708, 16724, 16763, 16799, 16949, 16987, 17163, 17176, 17215, 17255, 17296, 17354, 17630,
17698, 17778, 17779, 17786, 17923, 18190, 18259, 18378, 18546, 18635, 18667, 18790, 18819, 18935, 19059, 19315, 19367, 19396,
19582, 19653, 19674, 19802, 19827, 19895, 19917, 20123, 20130, 20182, 20566, 20780, 20806, 20827, 20834, 20848, 21026, 21057,
21082, 21092, 21230, 21402, 21476, 21570, 21610, 21834, 21862, 22005, 22019, 22162, 22217, 22360, 22640, 22707, 22882, 22929,
23063, 23186, 23253, 23309, 23395, 23399, 23442, 23445, 23564, 23571, 23795, 23851, 23883, 23931, 24309, 24362, 24374, 24403,
24424, 24447, 24574, 24758, 24880, 24921, 25187, 25216, 25371, 25426, 25487, 25509, 25567, 25593, 25611, 25790, 25798, 25814,
25841, 25894, 25930, 26126, 26167, 26169, 26239, 26276, 26277, 26512, 26559, 26572, 26654, 26756, 27091, 27116, 27247, 27251

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[0081] The reserved tones in Table 3 each generate a signal having a shape of an impulse like Equation (7). Further, the reserved tone positions are designed so that a size of the remaining $p_1 \cdots p_{N-1}$ except for p_0 has a small value.

[0082] Another example of the above-stated reserved tones is as shown in Table 4. The following example shows positions of reserved tones designed in consideration of several types of scattered pilots and continual pilots, which are under discussion in DVB-T2.

Table 4

FFT size (Number of reserved carriers)	Reserved Carrier Indices
1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953, 11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039

[0083] Table 4 shows reserved tone positions designed in consideration of scattered pilots and continual pilots of the DVB system. In the DVB system, the scattered pilots have 8 patterns shown in Table 5. The scattered pilot pattern is determined according to a subcarrier spacing (x) of the pilot pattern, and the number (y) of OFDM symbols for spacing the scattered pilots.

[0084] In other words, (x) means the number of sub-carriers in two consecutive symbols, (y) means the number of symbols return to same scattered pilot form.

Table 5

Pilot pattern	Subcarrier spacing (x)	Number (y) of OFDM symbols
PP1	3	4
PP2	6	2
PP3	6	4
PP4	12	2
PP5	12	4
PP6	24	2
PP7	24	4
PP8	6	16

[0085] In Table 5, a scattered pilot pattern #1 PP1 represents the scattered pilot pattern of FIG. 2. As stated above, the reserved tone positions of Table 4 are shifted during y OFDM symbols at intervals of x subcarriers according to the scattered pilot pattern.

[0086] Equation (9) expresses reserved tone positions based on the scattered pilot pattern.

$$S_l = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq k < N_{RT}, 0 \leq l < D_L\} \quad \dots \dots \dots (9)$$

[0087] In Equation (9), S_0 denotes the reserved tone positions of Table 4, N_{RT} denotes the number of reserved tones, and D_L denotes the number of data symbols.

[0088] With reference to FIG. 8, a reception apparatus corresponding to the transmission apparatus will now be described.

[0089] Referring to FIG. 8, time-domain received signals corresponding to one OFDM symbol are input to a Serial-to-Parallel (S/P) converter 800. Then the S/P converter 800 parallel-converts the input time-domain received signals, and outputs the parallel signals to an N-point FFT unit 810. The N-point FFT unit 810 performs FFT on the parallel input signals to convert the time-domain signals into frequency-domain signals. The FFT-transformed signals are input to a data tone signal extractor 820.

[0090] A memory 850 outputs reserved tone positions previously stored therein, and the output reserved tone positions are input to a controller 840.

[0091] The memory 850, like the memory 560 in the transmission apparatus, stores therein the number of reserved tones allocated one symbol and the frequency-domain reserved tone positions based on the OFDM size, as shown in Table 4, i.e., as the memory 850 stores therein a reserved tone position pattern allocated to one predetermined symbol in the frequency domain, rather than storing position information of different frequency-domain reserved tones for every symbol, the one reserved tone position pattern is applied to every symbol.

[0092] Then the controller 840 adjusts the input reserved tone positions according to the pilot tone positions in an OFDM symbol received at the receiver using the method of the present invention so that the reserved tone positions do not collide, and then outputs the adjusted reserved tone positions to the data tone signal extractor 820.

[0093] In other words, the controller 840, like the controller 570 in the transmission apparatus, detects a subcarrier spacing interval of a scattered pilot pattern and the number of symbols, and determines shifted reserved tone positions by shifting predetermined reserved tone positions shown in Table 4 by the subcarrier's spacing interval during the number of symbols. The shifted reserved tone positions can be calculated using Equation (9).

[0094] Then the data tone signal extractor 820 extracts signals of the remaining positions, except for the reserved tone positions received from the controller 840 among the frequency-domain signals received from the FFT unit 810, i.e., extracts signals of data tone positions. The signals output from the data tone signal extractor 820 are input to a data demodulator 830 where the input signals undergo data demodulation.

[0095] With reference to FIG. 9, a reception operation of the reception apparatus will now be described.

[0096] Referring to FIG. 9, as a frame starts in step 910, a receiver detects pilot positions for every OFDM symbol in step 920. In step 930, the receiver determines data and reserved tone positions using the detected pilot positions. In the process of determining the data and reserved tone positions, the receiver calculates a subcarrier shift value for preventing the pilot positions from overlapping the reserved tone positions, and determines the data and reserved tone positions based on the determined shift value.

[0097] Thereafter, in step 940, the receiver extracts data signals transmitted in the positions except for the reserved tone positions using the determined tone positions, and inputs the extracted data signals to a data demodulator for demodulation thereof. After the reception operation, the receiver repeats the above processing process on the next OFDM symbol.

[0098] In other words, the receiver determines in step 950 whether the receiver has performed the reception process through the last OFDM symbol in the frame. If it is determined that the receiver has performed the reception process on up to the last OFDM symbol, the receiver ends all the process. However, if it is determined in step 950 that the corresponding OFDM symbol is not the last OFDM symbol in the frame, the receiver increases the OFDM symbol index in step 960, and then returns to step 920.

[0099] Although the operation includes herein a series of processes of detecting pilot positions in step 920 and determining reserved tone positions and data tone positions, which are collision-free with the pilot positions, in step 930, for a better understanding of the present invention, the determination of the reserved tone and data tone positions in step 930 may be implemented by a method of previously storing the reserved tone and data tone positions in a memory for each OFDM symbol.

[0100] As is apparent from the foregoing description, the present invention can solve the problem that reserved tone positions collide with pilot positions as the pilot positions are different for every OFDM symbol according to the frame structure, and can circular-shift even the reserved tone positions in the same way as it circular-shifts the pilot positions, thereby solving the collision problem between the reserved tones and the pilots.

[0101] While the invention has been shown and described with reference to a certain preferred embodiment thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

Claims

1. A method for allocating a reserved tone (301) set in order to reduce a Peak to Average Power Ratio, PAPR, in a transmission apparatus of an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing, OFDM, communication system, the method comprising:

receiving one or more OFDM signals having data in data tones and pilots in pilot tones;
allocating reserved tones to each OFDM symbol using position information of reserved tones of a reserved tone set S_1 corresponding to each OFDM symbol;
wherein such position information is based on shift values which are based on a subcarrier spacing interval x and a number of spaced symbols y of a scattered pilot pattern and OFDM symbol indices 1;
such that reserved tone positions of the reserved tone set S_1 for each one of said OFDM symbols is based on said shift values relative to each one of a set of subcarriers i_k of a predetermined reserved tone set S_0 ,
such that reserved tone positions are collision-free with data tone positions and pilot tone positions according to OFDM size and pilot tone positions.

2. Method according to claim 1, wherein said pilot tone positions correspond to a scattered-pilot structure in which the pilot tones have shifted pilot tone positions at predetermined intervals in successive OFDM symbols, and the reserved tones have shifted reserve tone positions at the same intervals as the pilot tones in successive OFDM symbols such as to avoid collision between reserved tone positions and scattered pilot tone positions.

3. A method for using a reserved tone set having been used for reducing a Peak to Average Power Ratio PAPR in a receiving apparatus of an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing OFDM communication system, the method comprising:

detecting (920) pilot positions for received OFDM symbols;
determining (930) reserved tone positions and data tone positions, which are collision-free with the pilot positions, which determining is implemented by using previously stored reserved tone positions and data tone positions in a memory for each OFDM symbol;

reserved tones with said previously stored reserved tone positions being part of a reserved tone set S_1 for OFDM symbols based on shift values relative to each one of a set of subcarriers i_k of a predetermined reserved tone set S_0 ;
said shift values being based on a subcarrier spacing interval x and a number of spaced symbols y of a scattered pilot pattern and OFDM symbol indices 1.

4. The method according to claim 3 comprising the following steps:

extracting (940) data tone signals from the data tone positions and input the extracted data signals to a data demodulator for demodulating said data tone signals.

5. The method of any of the preceding claims, wherein the reserved tone (301) set is defined by the following equation:

$$S_l = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L\}$$

where D_L denotes the number of the OFDM symbols.

6. The method of any of the claims 1-5, wherein the predetermined reserved tone set S_0 is shown in the following table:

FFT size (Number of reserved carriers)	Reserved tones
1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953, 11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409

(continued)

FFT size (Number of reserved carriers)	Reserved tones
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039

7. A transmitter comprising a tone reservation unit (520) for allocating a reserved tone (301) set in order to reduce a Peak to Average Power Ratio, PAPR, in an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing, OFDM, communication system, the tone reservation unit (520) being arranged to:

receive one or more OFDM signals having data in data tones and pilots in pilot tones;
 allocate reserved tones to each OFDM symbol using position information of reserved tones of a reserved tone set S_l corresponding to each OFDM symbol;
 wherein such position information is based on shift values which are based on a subcarrier spacing interval x and a number of spaced symbols y of a scattered pilot pattern and OFDM symbol indices 1;
 such that reserved tone positions of the reserved tone set S_l each one of said OFDM symbols is based on said shift values relative to each one of a set of subcarriers i_k of a predetermined reserved tone set S_0 , such that reserved tone positions are collision-free with data tone positions and pilot tone positions according to OFDM size and pilot tone positions.

8. The transmitter according to claim 7, wherein said pilot tone positions correspond to a scattered-pilot structure in which the pilot tones have shifted pilot tone positions at predetermined intervals in successive OFDM symbols, and the reserved tones have shifted reserve tone positions at the same intervals as the pilot tones in successive OFDM symbols such as to avoid collision between reserved tone positions and scattered pilot tone positions.

9. The transmitter of claim 7 or 8, wherein the reserved tone set S_l is defined by the following equation:

$$S_l = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L\}$$

where D_L denotes the number of the OFDM symbols.

10. The transmitter of claim 7, 8 or 9, wherein the predetermined reserved tone set S_0 is shown in the following table:

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	FFT size (Number of reserved carriers)	Reserved tones
5	1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
	2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
10	4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
15	8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
20	16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953,
25		11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409
30	32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039
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11. A receiving apparatus for using a reserved tone (301) set used for reducing a Peak to Average Power Ratio, PAPR, in an Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing, OFDM, communication system, the apparatus comprising:

a memory (850) storing a previously stored reserved tone positions and data tone positions for OFDM symbols;

and the apparatus being arranged to detect pilot positions for received OFDM symbols determine reserved tone positions and data tone positions, which are collision-free with the pilot positions, which determining is implemented by using previously stored reserved tone positions and data tone positions in a memory for each OFDM symbol;

wherein

reserved tones with said previously stored reserved tone positions being part of a reserved tone set S_l for OFDM symbols based on shift values relative to each one of a set of subcarriers i_k of a predetermined reserved tone set (S_0); and

said shift values being based on a subcarrier spacing interval x and a number of spaced symbols y of a scattered pilot pattern and OFDM symbol indices 1.

12. The receiving apparatus of claim 11, wherein the reserved tone set S_l is defined by the following equation:

$$S_l = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L\}$$

where D_L denotes the number of the OFDM symbols.

13. The receiving apparatus of claim 11 or 12, wherein the predetermined reserved tone set S_0 is shown in the following table:

FFT size (Number of reserved carriers)	Reserved Carrier tones
1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953, 11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409

(continued)

FFT size (Number of reserved carriers)	Reserved Carrier tones
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039

Patentansprüche

1. Verfahren zum Zuteilen einer Menge reservierter Töne (301) zu dem Zweck, ein Verhältnis von Spitzen- zu Durchschnittsleistung, Peak to Average Power Ratio, PAPR, in einer Übertragungsvorrichtung eines Orthogonal-Frequenzmultiplex-, Orthogonal-Frequency-Division-Multiplexing-, OFDM-, -Kommunikationssystems zu reduzieren, wobei das Verfahren Folgendes umfasst:

Empfangen eines oder mehrerer OFDM-Signale, die Daten in Datentönen und Piloten in Pilottönen aufweisen; Zuteilen reservierter Töne an jedes OFDM-Symbol mithilfe von Positionsangaben reservierter Töne einer Menge reservierter Töne S_1 , die jedem OFDM-Symbol entspricht;

wobei derartige Positionsangaben auf Verschiebewerten basieren, die auf einem Hilfsträgerabstandsintervall x und einer Zahl beabstandeter Symbole y eines gestreuten Pilotmusters und OFDM-Symbolindices 1 basieren; sodass Positionen reservierter Töne der Menge reservierter Töne S_1 für ein jedes der OFDM-Symbole auf den Verschiebewerten relativ zu einem jeden einer Menge von Hilfsträgern i_k einer vorgegebenen Menge reservierter Töne S_0 basieren, sodass Positionen reservierter Töne kollisionsfrei zu Datentonpositionen und Pilottonpositionen gemäß OFDM-Größe und Pilottonpositionen sind.

2. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Pilottonpositionen einer Streupilotstruktur entsprechen, in der die Pilottöne verschobene Pilottonpositionen in vorgegebenen Intervallen in aufeinanderfolgenden OFDM-Symbolen aufweisen und die reservierten Töne verschobene Reservierungstonpositionen in denselben Intervallen wie die Pilottöne in aufeinanderfolgenden OFDM-Symbolen aufweisen, um so Kollision zwischen Positionen reservierter Töne und gestreuten Pilottonpositionen zu vermeiden.

3. Verfahren zum Verwenden einer Menge reservierter Töne, die zum Reduzieren eines Verhältnisses von Spitzen- zu Durchschnittsleistung PAPR in einer Empfangsvorrichtung eines Orthogonal-Frequency-Division-Multiplexing-OFDM- -Kommunikationssystems verwendet worden ist, wobei das Verfahren Folgendes umfasst:

Detektieren (920) von Pilotpositionen für empfangene OFDM-Symbole;

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Bestimmen (930) von Positionen reservierter Töne und von Datentonpositionen, die zu den Pilotpositionen kollisionsfrei sind, wobei das Bestimmen durch Verwenden von vorher für jedes OFDM-Symbol in einem Speicher gespeicherten Positionen reservierter Töne und Datentonpositionen implementiert ist;
wobei reservierte Töne mit den vorher gespeicherten Positionen reservierter Töne Teil einer Menge reservierter Töne S_1 für OFDM-Symbole sind, die auf Verschiebewerten relativ zu einem jeden einer Menge von Hilfsträgern i_k einer vorgegebenen Menge reservierter Töne S_0 basieren;
wobei die Verschiebewerte auf einem Hilfsträgerabstandsintervall x und einer Zahl beabstandeter Symbole y eines gestreuten Pilotmusters und OFDM-Symbolindices 1 basieren.

4. Verfahren nach Anspruch 3, das die folgenden Schritte umfasst:

Extrahieren (940) von Datentonsignalen aus den Datentonpositionen
und Eingabe der extrahierten Datensignale in einen Datendemodulator zum Demodulieren der Datentonsignale.

5. Methode nach irgendeinem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, wobei die Menge reservierter Töne (301) durch die folgende Gleichung definiert ist:

$$S_1 = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l \leq D_L\}$$

wobei D_L die Zahl der OFDM-Symbole bezeichnet.

6. Verfahren nach irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1-5, wobei die vorgegebene Menge reservierter Töne S_0 in der folgenden Tabelle gezeigt ist:

FFT-Größe (Anzahl reservierter Träger	Reservierte Töne
1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953, 11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409

(fortgesetzt)

FFT-Größe (Anzahl reservierter Träger)	Reservierte Töne
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039

7. Sender, der eine Tonreservierungseinheit (520) zum Zuteilen einer Menge reservierter Töne (301) zu dem Zweck umfasst, ein Verhältnis von Spitzen- zu Durchschnittsleistung, Peak to Average Power Ratio, PAPR, in einem Orthogonal-Frequenzmultiplex-, Orthogonal-Frequency-Division-Multiplexing-, OFDM-, - Kommunikationssystem zu reduzieren, wobei die Tonreservierungseinheit (520) ausgelegt ist, um:

ein oder mehrere OFDM-Signale zu empfangen, die Daten in Datentönen und Piloten in Pilottönen aufweisen; reservierte Töne an jedes OFDM-Symbol mithilfe von Positionsangaben reservierter Töne einer Menge reservierter Töne S_1 zuzuteilen, die jedem OFDM-Symbol entspricht; wobei derartige Positionsangaben auf Verschiebewerten basieren, die auf einem Hilfsträgerabstandsintervall x und einer Zahl beabstandeter Symbole y eines gestreuten Pilotmusters und OFDM-Symbolindices 1 basieren; sodass Positionen reservierter Töne der Menge reservierter Töne S_1 für ein jedes der OFDM-Symbole auf den Verschiebewerten relativ zu einem jeden einer Menge von Hilfsträgern i_k einer vorgegebenen Menge reservierter Töne S_0 basieren, sodass Positionen reservierter Töne kollisionsfrei zu Datentonpositionen und Pilottonpositionen gemäß OFDM-Größe und Pilottonpositionen sind.

8. Sender nach Anspruch 7, wobei die Pilottonpositionen einer Streupilotstruktur entsprechen, in der die Pilottöne verschobene Pilottonpositionen in vorgegebenen Intervallen in aufeinanderfolgenden OFDM-Symbolen aufweisen und die reservierten Töne verschobene Reservierungstonpositionen in denselben Intervallen wie die Pilottöne in aufeinanderfolgenden OFDM-Symbolen aufweisen, um so Kollision zwischen Positionen reservierter Töne und gestreuten Pilottonpositionen zu vermeiden.

9. Sender nach Anspruch 7 oder 8 wobei die Menge reservierter Töne S_1 durch die folgende Gleichung definiert ist:

$$S_1 = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l \leq D_L\}$$

wobei D_L die Zahl der OFDM-Symbole bezeichnet.

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10. Sender nach Anspruch 7, 8 oder 9, wobei die vorgegebene Menge reservierter Töne S_0 in der folgenden Tabelle gezeigt ist:

5	FFT-Größe (Anzahl reservierter Träger	Reservierte Töne
10	1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
	2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
15	4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
20	8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
25	16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953, 11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409
30	32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039
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11. Empfangsvorrichtung zum Verwenden einer Menge reservierter Töne (301), die zum Reduzieren eines Verhältnisses von Spitzen- zu Durchschnittsleistung, Peak to Average Power Ratio, PAPR, in einem Orthogonal-Frequenzmulti-

plex-, Orthogonal-Frequency-Division-Multiplexing-, OFDM-, -Kommunikationssystem verwendet worden ist, wobei die Vorrichtung Folgendes aufweist:

einen Speicher (850), der vorher gespeicherte Positionen reservierter Töne und Datentonpositionen für OFDM-Symbole speichert; und
wobei die Vorrichtung ausgelegt ist, um
Pilotpositionen für empfangene OFDM-Symbole zu detektieren;
Positionen reservierter Töne und Datentonpositionen zu bestimmen, die zu den Pilotpositionen kollisionsfrei sind, wobei das Bestimmen durch Verwenden von vorher für jedes OFDM-Symbol in einem Speicher gespeicherten Positionen reservierter Töne und Datentonpositionen implementiert ist;
wobei
reservierte Töne mit den vorher gespeicherten Positionen reservierter Töne Teil einer Menge reservierter Töne S_l für OFDM-Symbole sind, die auf Verschiebewerten relativ zu einem jeden einer Menge von Hilfsträgern i_k einer vorgegebenen Menge reservierter Töne S_0 basieren; und
wobei die Verschiebewerte auf einem Hilfsträgerabstandsintervall x und einer Zahl beabstandeter Symbole y eines gestreuten Pilotmusters und OFDM-Symbolindices 1 basieren.

12. Empfangsvorrichtung nach Anspruch 11, wobei die Menge reservierter Töne S_l durch die folgende Gleichung definiert ist:

$$S_l = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l \leq D_L\}$$

wobei D_L die Zahl der OFDM-Symbole bezeichnet.

13. Empfangsvorrichtung nach Anspruch 11 oder 12, wobei die vorgegebene Menge reservierter Töne S_0 in der folgenden Tabelle gezeigt ist:

FFT-Größe (Anzahl reservierter Träger)	Reservierte Trägertöne
1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953. 11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409

(fortgesetzt)

FFT-Größe (Anzahl reservierter Träger)	Reservierte Trägertöne
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039

Revendications

1. Procédé d'attribution d'une tonalité réservée (301) réglée pour réduire un rapport de puissance de pointe sur puissance moyenne, PAPR, dans un appareil de transmission d'un système de communication à multiplexage par répartition de fréquence orthogonale, OFDM, le procédé comprenant :

la réception d'un ou plusieurs signaux OFDM comportant des données dans des tonalités de données et des pilotes dans des tonalités de pilotes ;

l'attribution de tonalités réservées à chaque symbole OFDM en utilisant des informations de position de tonalités réservées d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées, S_1 , correspondant à chaque symbole OFDM ;

dans lequel de telles informations de position sont basées sur des valeurs de décalage qui sont basées sur un intervalle d'espacement entre sous-porteuses, x , et un nombre de symboles espacés, y , d'un motif de pilotes dispersés et d'indices de symboles OFDM, 1 ;

de sorte que des positions de tonalités réservées de l'ensemble de tonalités réservées, S_1 , pour chacun desdits symboles OFDM soient basées sur lesdites valeurs de décalage par rapport à chaque sous-porteuse d'un ensemble de sous-porteuses, i_k , d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées prédéterminé, S_0 ,

de sorte que des positions de tonalités réservées ne soient pas en collision avec des positions de tonalités de données et des positions de tonalités de pilotes en fonction de la taille OFDM et des positions de tonalités de pilotes.

2. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel lesdites positions de tonalités de pilotes correspondent à une structure de pilotes dispersés dans laquelle les tonalités de pilotes ont des positions de tonalités de pilotes décalées à des intervalles prédéterminés dans des symboles OFDM successifs, et les tonalités réservées ont des positions de tonalités réservées décalées aux mêmes intervalles que les tonalités de pilotes dans des symboles OFDM successifs de manière à éviter toute collision entre des positions de tonalités réservées et des positions de tonalités de pilotes dispersés.

3. Procédé d'utilisation d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées destiné à être utilisé pour réduire un rapport de puissance

de pointe sur puissance moyenne, PAPR, dans un appareil de réception d'un système de communication à multiplexage par répartition de fréquence orthogonale, OFDM, le procédé comprenant :

la détection (920) de positions de pilotes pour des symboles OFDM reçus ;

la détermination (930) de positions de tonalités réservées et de positions de tonalités de données qui ne sont pas en collision avec les positions de pilotes, ladite détermination étant mise en oeuvre en utilisant des positions de tonalités réservées et des positions de tonalités de données précédemment mémorisées dans une mémoire pour chaque symbole OFDM ;

des tonalités réservées avec lesdites positions de tonalités réservées précédemment mémorisées faisant partie d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées, S_1 , pour des symboles OFDM sur la base de valeurs de décalage par rapport à chaque sous-porteuse d'un ensemble de sous-porteuses, i_k , d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées prédéterminé, S_0 ;

lesdites valeurs de décalage étant basées sur un intervalle d'espacement de sous-porteuses, x , et un nombre de symboles espacés, y , d'un motif de pilotes dispersés et d'indices de symboles OFDM, 1.

4. Procédé selon la revendication 3, comprenant les étapes suivantes :

l'extraction (940) de signaux de tonalités de données à partir des positions de tonalités de données et l'entrée des signaux de données extraits dans un démodulateur de données pour la démodulation desdits signaux de tonalités de données.

5. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel l'ensemble de tonalités réservées (301) est défini par l'équation suivante :

$$S_l = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L\}$$

où D_L indique le nombre de symboles OFDM.

6. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 5, dans lequel l'ensemble de tonalités réservées prédéterminé, S_0 , est représenté dans le tableau suivant :

Taille FFT (nombre de porteuses réservées)	Tonalités réservées
1K(10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K(18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953

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(suite)

	Taille FFT (nombre de porteuses réservées)	Tonalités réservées
5		11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409
10		164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039
15		
20	32K (288)	
25		
30		

7. Emetteur comprenant une unité de réservation de tonalités (520) pour attribuer une tonalité réservée (301) réglée pour réduire un rapport de puissance de pointe sur puissance moyenne, PAPR, dans un système de communication à multiplexage par répartition de fréquence orthogonale, OFDM, l'unité de réservation de tonalités (520) étant agencée pour effectuer :

la réception d'un ou plusieurs signaux OFDM comportant des données dans des tonalités de données et des pilotes dans des tonalités de pilotes ;

l'attribution de tonalités réservées à chaque symbole OFDM en utilisant des informations de position de tonalités réservées d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées, S_1 , correspondant à chaque symbole OFDM ;

dans lequel de telles informations de position sont basées sur des valeurs de décalage qui sont basées sur un intervalle d'espacement entre sous-porteuses, x , et un nombre de symboles espacés, y , d'un motif de pilotes dispersés et d'indices de symboles OFDM, 1 ;

de sorte que des positions de tonalités réservées de l'ensemble de tonalités réservées, S_1 , pour chacun desdits symboles OFDM soient basées sur lesdites valeurs de décalage par rapport à chaque sous-porteuse d'un ensemble de sous-porteuses, i_k , d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées prédéterminé, S_0 ,

de sorte que des positions de tonalités réservées ne soient pas en collision avec des positions de tonalités de données et des positions de tonalités de pilotes en fonction de la taille OFDM et des positions de tonalités de pilotes.

8. Emetteur selon la revendication 7, dans lequel lesdites positions de tonalités de pilotes correspondent à une structure de pilotes dispersés dans laquelle les tonalités de pilotes ont des positions de tonalités de pilotes décalées à des intervalles prédéterminés dans des symboles OFDM successifs, et les tonalités réservées ont des positions de tonalités réservées décalées aux mêmes intervalles que les tonalités de pilotes dans des symboles OFDM successifs de manière à éviter toute collision entre des positions de tonalités réservées et des positions de tonalités de pilotes dispersés.

9. Emetteur selon la revendication 7 ou 8, dans lequel l'ensemble de tonalités réservées, S_1 , est défini par l'équation suivante :

$$S_l = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L\}$$

où D_L indique le nombre de symboles OFDM.

10. Emetteur selon la revendication 7, 8 ou 9, dans lequel l'ensemble de tonalités réservées prédéterminé, S_0 , est représenté dans le tableau suivant :

Taille FFT (nombre de porteuses réservées)	Tonalités réservées
1K(10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K(18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 16, 26, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2307, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953, 11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409

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(suite)

Taille FFT (nombre de porteuses réservées)	Tonalités réservées
5	
10	
15	
20	
25	
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039

11. Appareil de réception pour utiliser un ensemble de tonalités réservées (301) destiné à être utilisé pour réduire un rapport de puissance de pointe sur puissance moyenne, PAPR, dans un système de communication à multiplexage par répartition de fréquence orthogonale, OFDM, l'appareil comprenant :

une mémoire (850) mémorisant des positions de tonalités réservées et des positions de tonalités de données précédemment mémorisées pour des symboles OFDM ; et
l'appareil étant agencé pour effectuer :

la détection de positions de pilotes pour des symboles OFDM reçus ;
la détermination de positions de tonalités réservées et de positions de tonalités de données qui ne sont pas en collision avec les positions de pilotes, ladite détermination étant mise en oeuvre en utilisant des positions de tonalités réservées et des positions de tonalités de données précédemment mémorisées dans une mémoire pour chaque symbole OFDM ;
dans lequel
des tonalités réservées avec lesdites positions de tonalités réservées précédemment mémorisées faisant partie d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées, S_1 , pour des symboles OFDM sur la base de valeurs de décalage par rapport à chaque sous-porteuse d'un ensemble de sous-porteuses, i_k , d'un ensemble de tonalités réservées prédéterminé, S_0 ; et
lesdites valeurs de décalage étant basées sur un intervalle d'espacement de sous-porteuses, x , et un nombre de symboles espacés, y , d'un motif de pilotes dispersés et d'indices de symboles OFDM, 1.

12. Appareil de réception selon la revendication 11, dans lequel l'ensemble de tonalités réservées, S_1 , est défini par l'équation suivante :

$$S_i = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L\}$$

où D_L indique le nombre de symboles OFDM.

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13. Appareil de réception selon la revendication 11 ou 12, dans lequel l'ensemble de tonalités réservées prédéterminé, S_0 , est représenté dans le tableau suivant :

5	Taille FFT (nombre de porteuses réservées)	Tonalités porteuses réservées
10	1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
	2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
15	4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
20	8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
25	16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953
30		11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409
35	32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039
55		

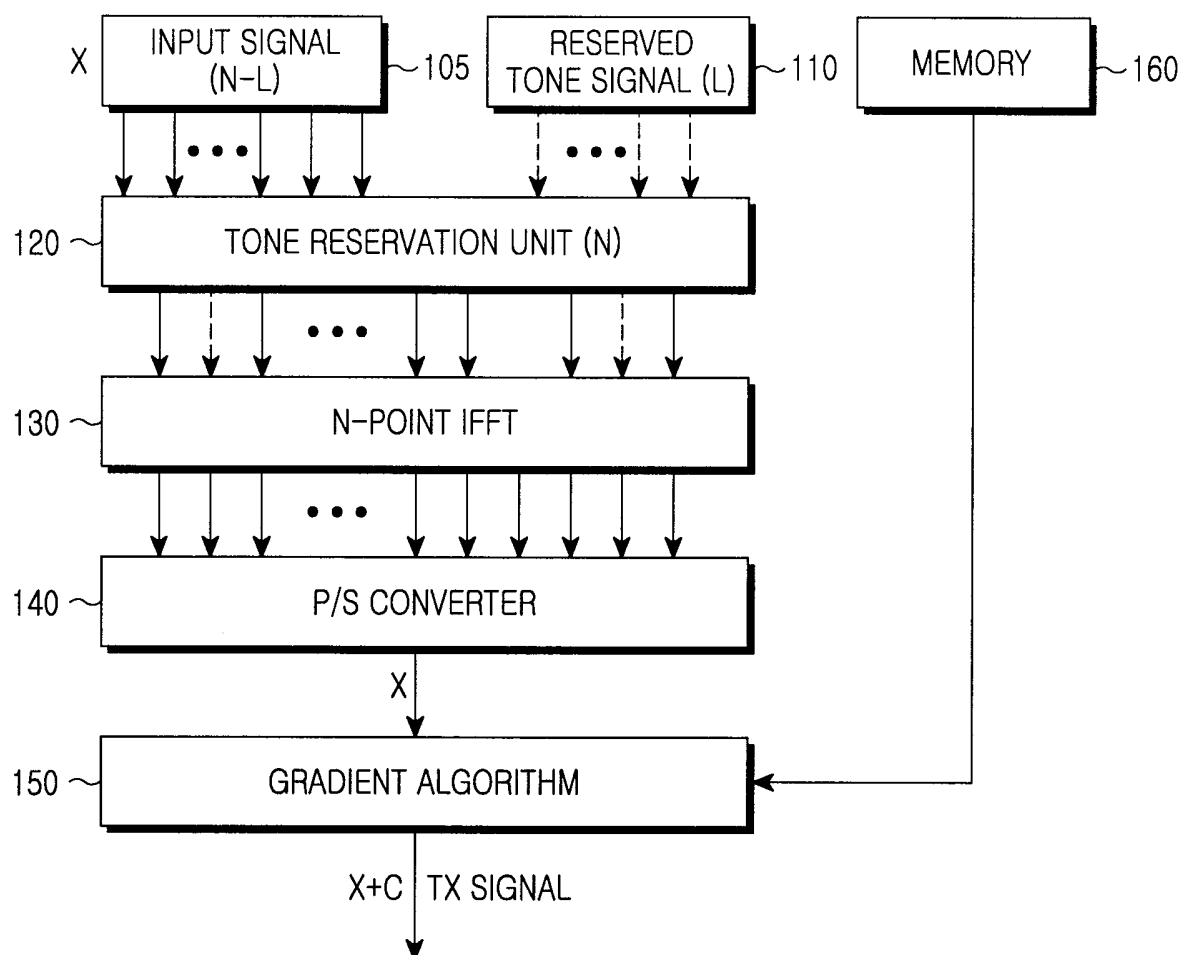


FIG.1

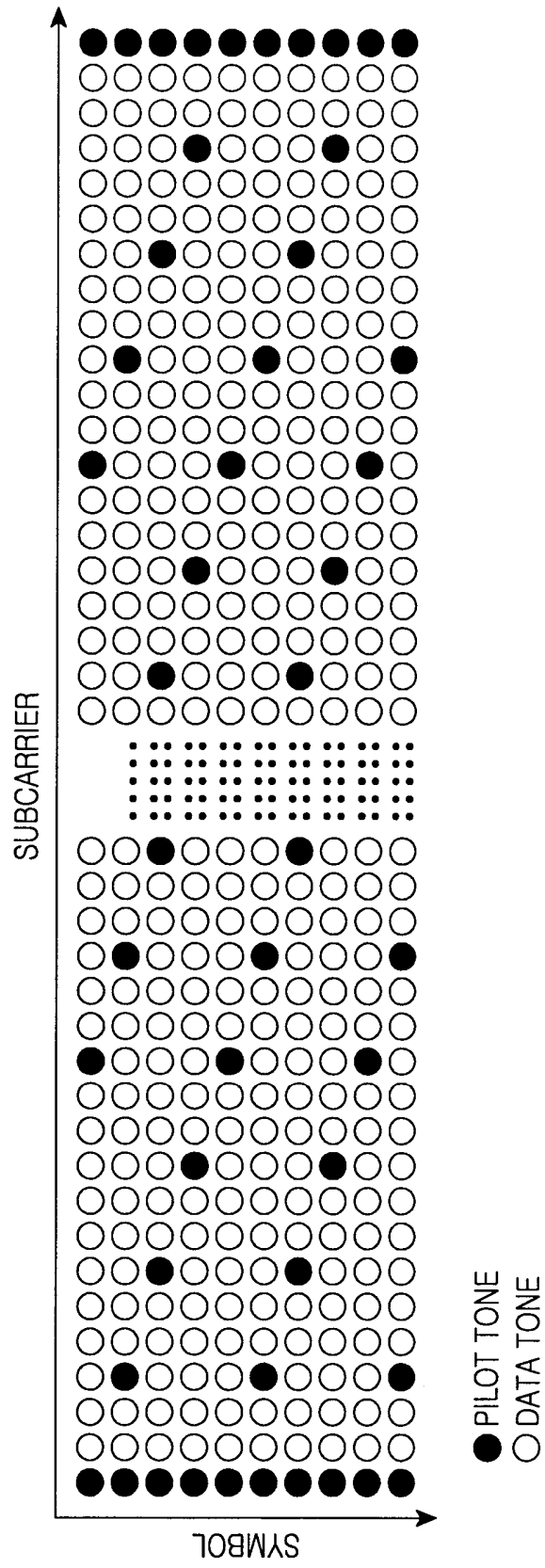
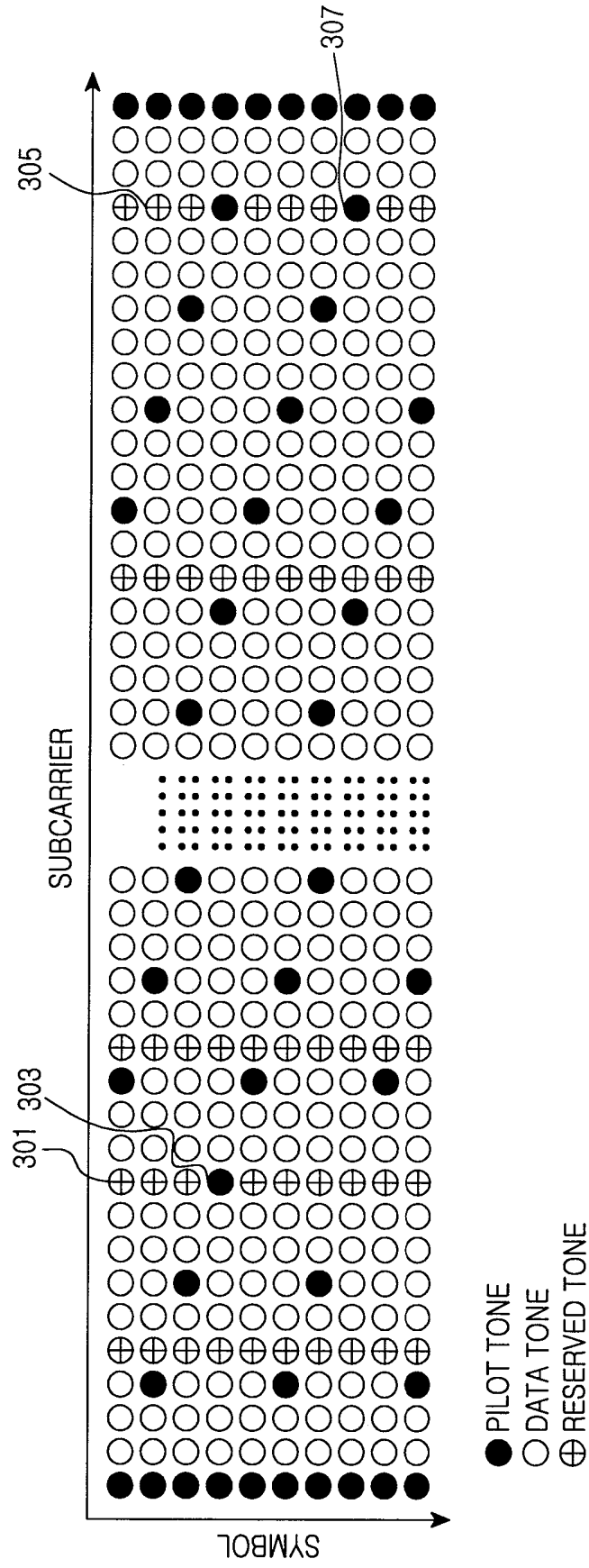


FIG.2



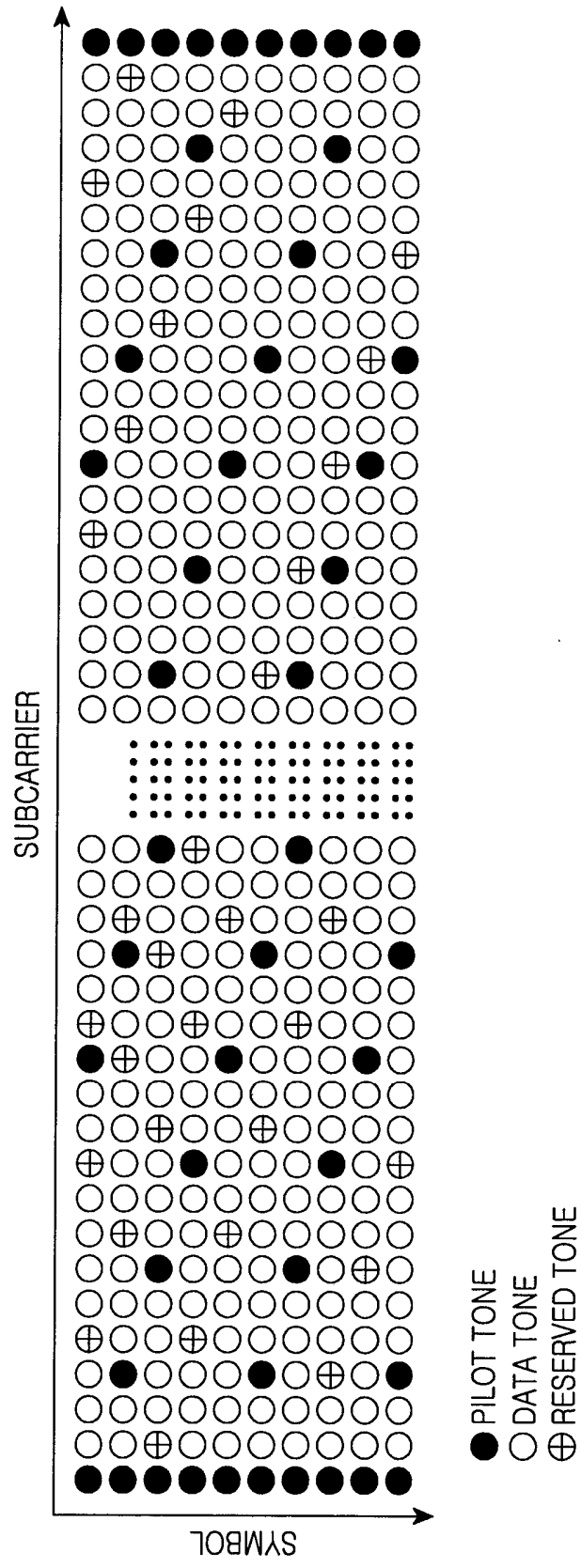


FIG. 4

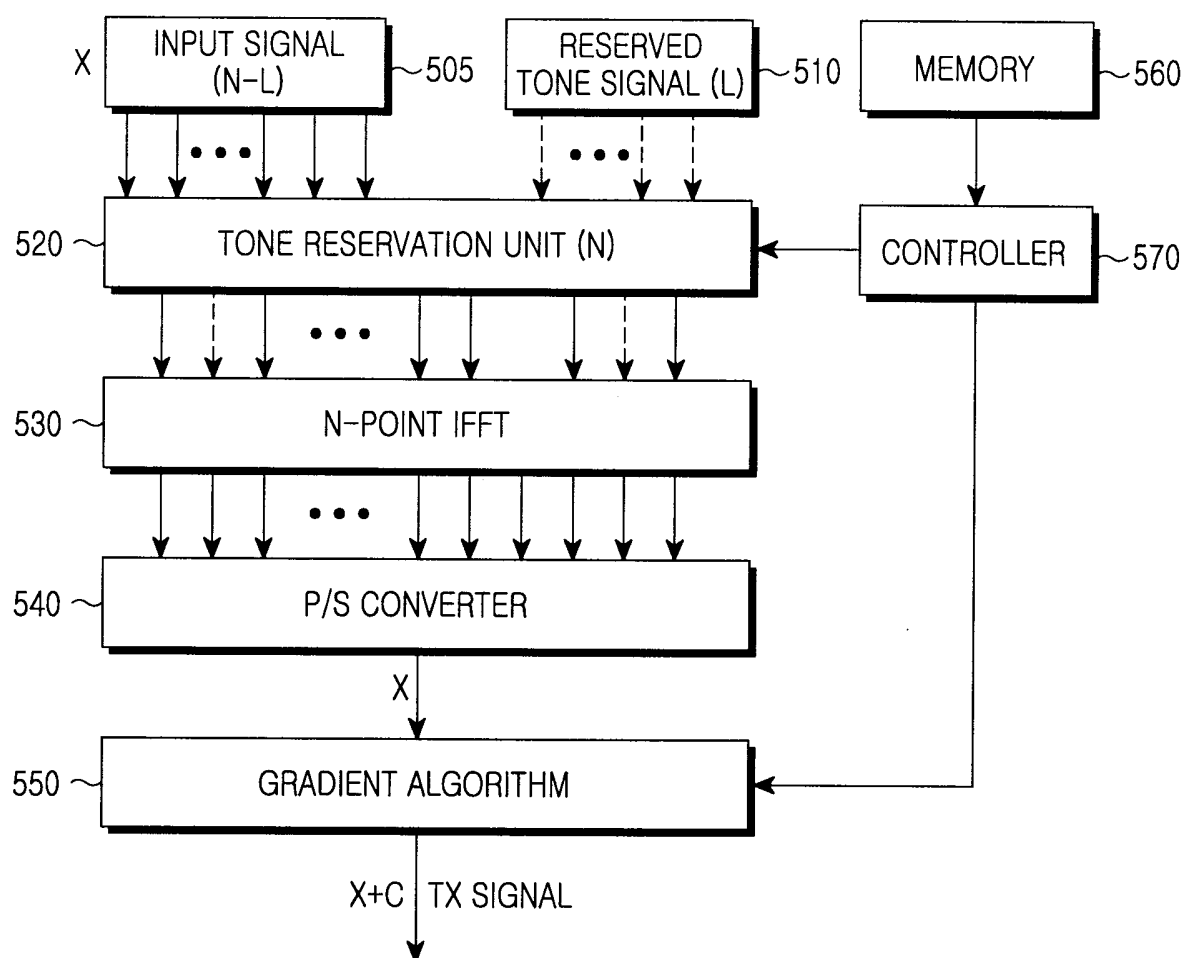


FIG.5

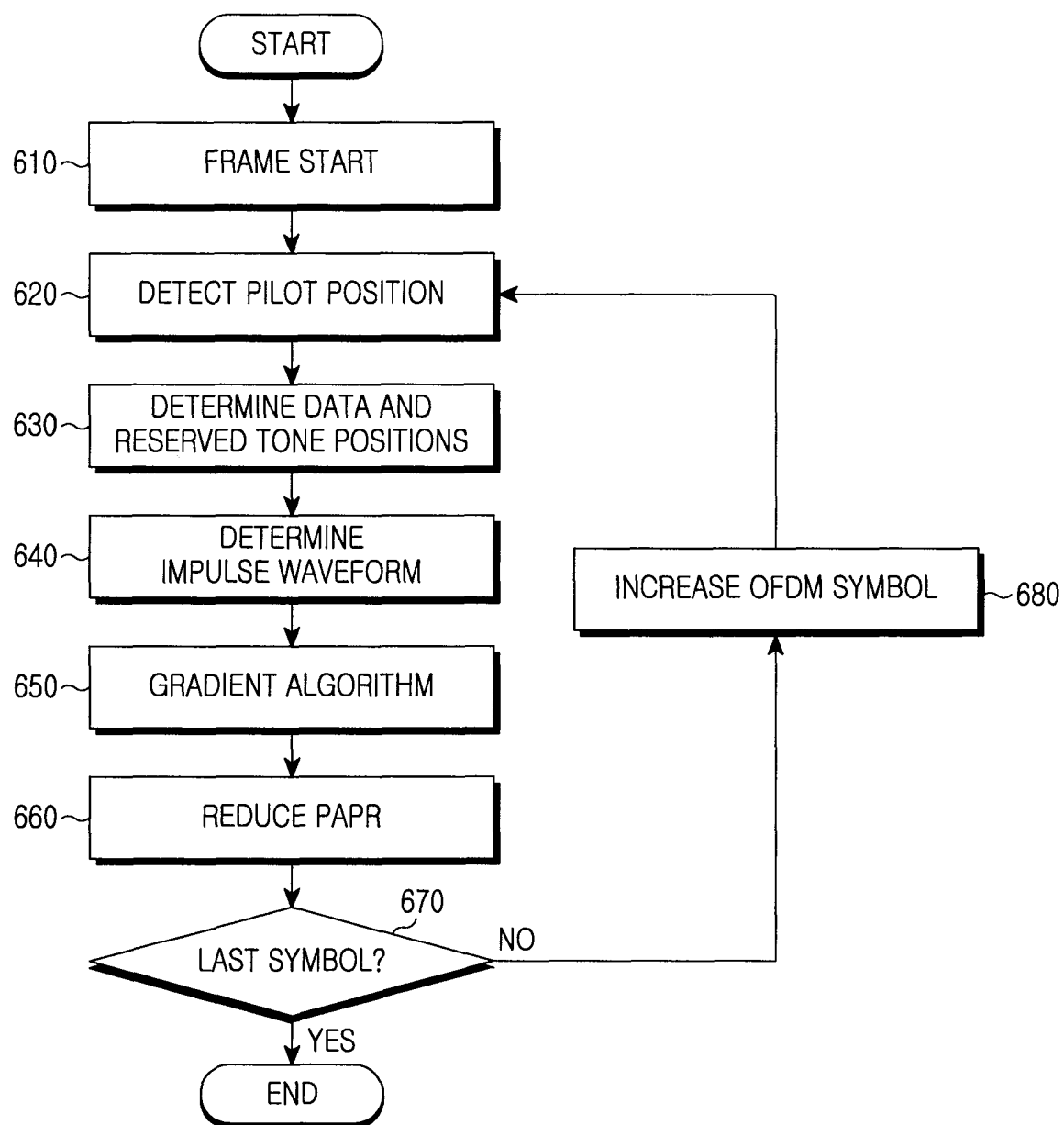


FIG.6

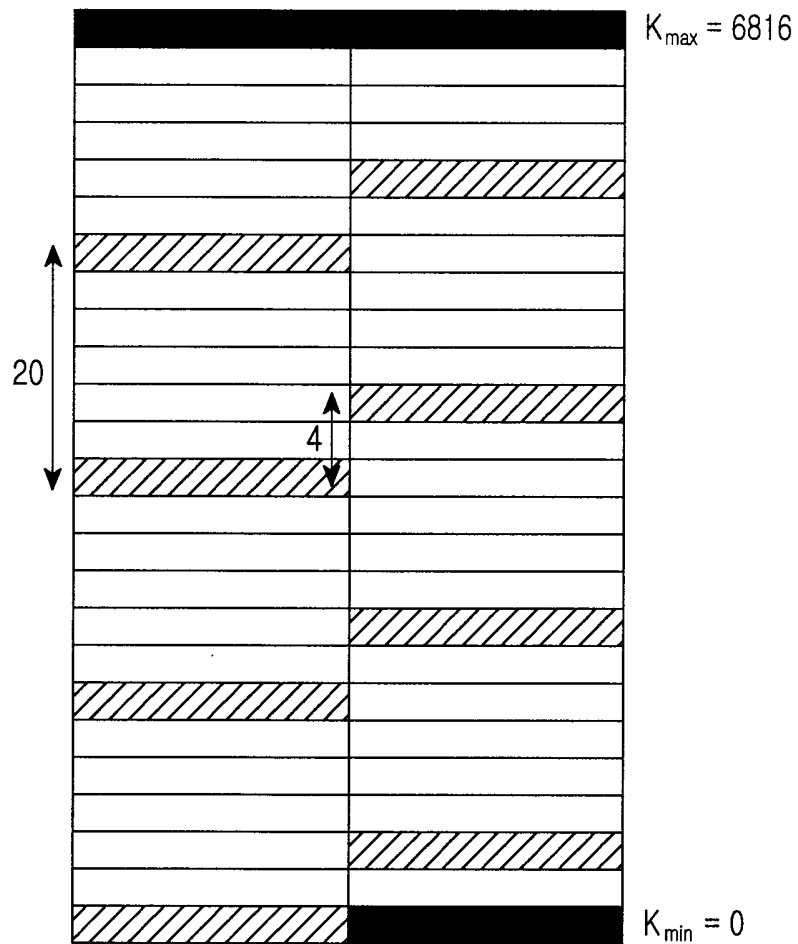


FIG.7

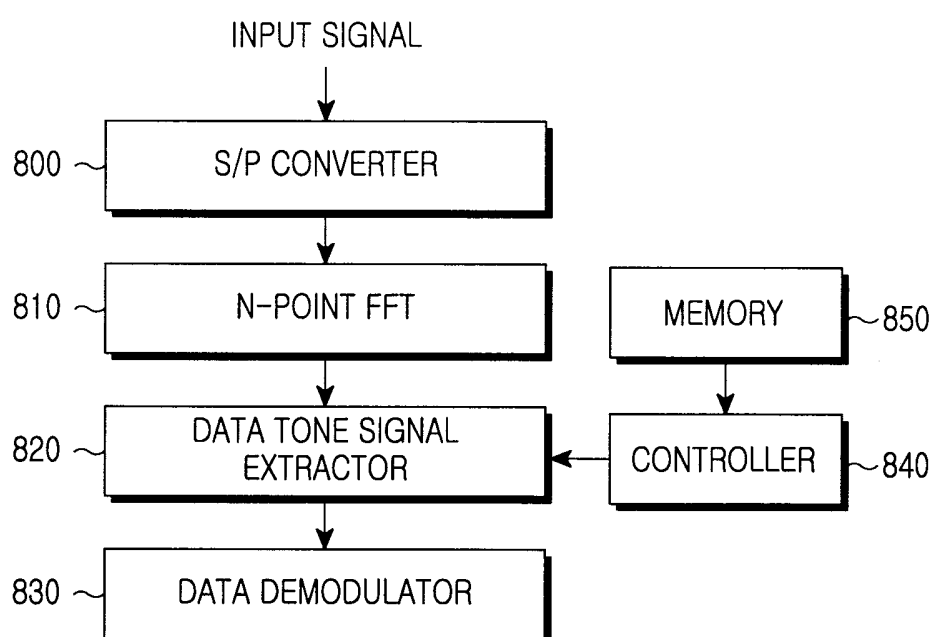


FIG.8

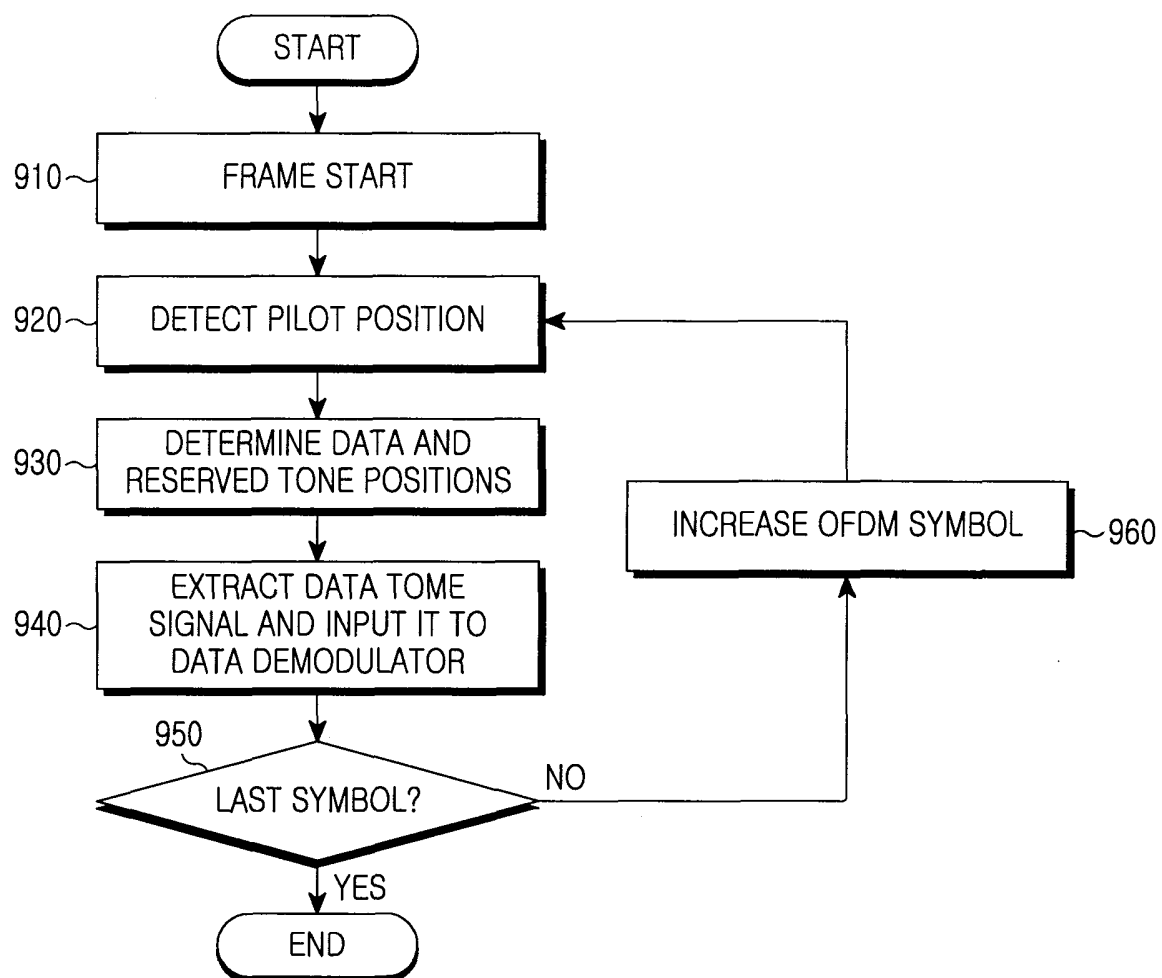


FIG.9

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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Patent documents cited in the description

- EP 12150429 A [0001]
- EP 2442512 A [0001]
- US 2005100108 A [0034]

Berendezés és eljárás csúcs/átlagteljesítmény arány csökkentésére ortogonális frekvenciaosztásos multiplex rendszerben

Szabadalmi igénypontok

1. Eljárás egy lefoglalt hang (301) készlet allokálására egy csúcs/átlagteljesítmény arány, PAPR, csökkentésére egy ortogonális frekvenciaosztásos multiplex, OFDM, kommunikációs rendszer adóberendezésében, az eljárás tartalmazza:

adat hangokban adatokat és pilot hangokban pilotokat tartalmazó egy vagy több OFDM jel vételét;

lefoglalt hangok allokálását az egyes OFDM szimbólumokra, egy minden egyes OFDM szimbólumhoz tartozó lefoglalt S_i hang készlet lefoglalt hangjai pozíció információjának felhasználásával;

ahol az ilyen pozíció információ olyan eltolási értékeken alapul, amelyek egy x alvívő távolság intervallumon és egy szórt pilot minta egymástól távol eső szimbólumainak y számán és l OFDM szimbólum indexeken alapulnak;

úgy, hogy a lefoglalt S_i hang készlet lefoglalt hang pozíciói az említett OFDM szimbólumok mindegyike vonatkozásában az említett eltolási értékeken alapulnak egy előre meghatározott lefoglalt S_0 hang készlet i_k alvívő készletének minden egyes eleméhez viszonyítva, úgy, hogy a lefoglalt hang pozíciók mentesek az adat hang pozíciókkal és pilot hang pozíciókkal való ütközéstől az OFDM méret és pilot hang pozíciók szerint.

2. Az 1. igénypont szerinti eljárás, ahol az említett pilot hang pozíciók egy szórt pilot struktúrához tartoznak, amelyben a pilot hangok eltolt pilot hang pozíciókkal rendelkeznek előre meghatározott intervallumokban egymást követő OFDM szimbólumokban, és a lefoglalt hangok eltolt lefoglalt hang pozíciókkal rendelkeznek ugyanazokban az intervallumokban, mint a pilot hangok az egymást követő OFDM szimbólumokban, úgy, hogy elkerüljük az ütközést a lefoglalt hang pozíciók és a szórt pilot hang pozíciók között.

3. Eljárás egy lefoglalt hang készlet használatára, amelyet egy csúcs/átlagteljesítmény arány, PAPR, csökkentésére használtunk egy ortogonális frekvenciaosztásos multiplex, OFDM, kommunikációs rendszer egy vevőberendezésében, az eljárás tartalmazza:

a vett OFDM szimbólumokhoz tartozó pilot pozíciók detektálását (920);

lefoglalt hang pozíciók és adat hang pozíciók meghatározását (930), amelyek mentesek a pilot pozíciókkal való ütközéstől, mely meghatározást előzőleg az egyes OFDM szimbólumok számára létező memóriában tárolt lefoglalt hang pozíciók és adat pozíciók felhasználása útján valósítunk meg;

a lefoglalt hangok az említett előzőleg tárolt lefoglalt hang pozíciókkal OFDM szimbólumok számára egy lefoglalt S_i hang készlet részét képezik egy előre meghatározott lefoglalt S_0 hang készlet i_k alvívő készletének minden egyes alvívőjéhez viszonyított eltolási értékek alapján;

az említett eltolási értékek egy x alvívő távolság intervallumon, és egy szórt pilot minta egymástól távol eső szimbólumainak y számán és l OFDM szimbólum indexeken alapulnak.

4. A 3. igénypont szerinti eljárás, amely a következő lépéseket tartalmazza:

adat hang jelek kivonását (940) az adat hang pozíciókból;

és a kivont adat jelek beadását egy adat demodulátorba az említett adat hang jelek demodulálása céljából.

5. Az előző igénypontok bármelyike szerinti eljárás, ahol a lefoglalt hang (301) készletet a következő egyenlet határozza meg:

$$S_l = \{i_k + x * (l \bmod y) | i_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L\}$$

ahol D_L az OFDM szimbólumok számát jelenti.

6. Az 1-5. igénypontok bármelyike szerinti eljárás, ahol az előre meghatározott lefoglalt S_0 hang készlet a következő táblázatban látható:

FFT méret (lefoglalt vivők száma)	lefoglalt hangok
1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1451, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953,
	11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353,

FFT méret (lefoglalt vivők száma)	lefoglalt hangok
	3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039

7. Adó, amely egy hang lefoglaló egységet (520) tartalmaz egy lefoglalt hang (301) készlet allokálására, egy csúcs/átlagteljesítmény arány, PAPR, csökkentésére egy ortogonális frekvenciaosztásos multiplex, OFDM kommunikációs rendszerben, a hang lefoglaló készlet (520) úgy van kialakítva, hogy:

adat hangokban adatokat és pilot hangokban pilotokat tartalmazó egy vagy több OFDM jelet vegyen;

a lefoglalt hangokat allokálja az egyes OFDM szimbólumokra, egy minden egyes OFDM szimbólumhoz tartozó lefoglalt S_i hang készlet lefoglalt hangjai pozíció információjának felhasználásával;

ahol ilyen pozíció információ olyan eltolási értékeken alapul, amelyek egy x alvivő távolság intervallumon és egy szórt pilot minta egymástól távol eső szimbólumainak y számán és l OFDM szimbólum indexeken alapulnak;

úgy, hogy a lefoglalt S_i hang készlet lefoglalt hang pozíciói az említett OFDM szimbólumok mindegyike vonatkozásában az említett eltolási értékeken alapulnak egy előre meghatározott lefoglalt S_0 hang készlet i_k alvivő készletének minden egyes eleméhez viszonyítva, úgy, hogy a lefoglalt hang pozíciók mentesek az adat hang pozíciókkal és pilot hang pozíciókkal való ütközéstől az OFDM méret és pilot hang pozíciók szerint.

8. A 7. igénypont szerinti adó, ahol az említett pilot hang pozíciók egy szórt pilot struktúrához tartoznak, amelyben a pilot hangok eltolt pilot hang pozícióval rendelkeznek előre meghatározott intervallumokban egymást követő OFDM szimbólumokban, és a lefoglalt hangok eltolt lefoglalt hang pozíciókkal rendelkeznek

ugyanazokban az intervallumokban, mint a pilót hangok az egymást követő OFDM szimbólumokban, úgy, hogy elkerüljük az ütközést a lefoglalt hang pozíciók és a szórt pilót hang pozíciók között.

9. A 7. vagy 8. igénypont szerinti adó, ahol a lefoglalt S_l hang készletet a következő egyenlet határozza meg:

$$S_l = \{y_k + x * (l \bmod y) \mid y_k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L\}$$

ahol D_L az OFDM szimbólumok számát jelenti.

10. A 7., 8. vagy 9. igénypont szerinti adó, ahol az előre meghatározott lefoglalt S_0 hang készlet a következő táblázatban látható:

FFT méret (lefoglalt vívók száma)	lefoglalt hangok
1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953,
	11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006, 2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353,

FFT méret (lefoglalt vívők száma)	lefoglalt hangok
	3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039

11. Vevőberendezés egy lefoglalt hang (301) készlet használatára, amelyet egy csúcs/átlagteljesítmény arány, PAPR, csökkentésére használunk egy ortogonális frekvenciaosztásos multiplex, OFDM kommunikációs rendszerben, a berendezés tartalmaz:

OFDM szimbólumokhoz előzőleg tárolt lefoglalt hang pozíciókat és adat hang pozíciókat tároló memóriát (850); és

a berendezés úgy van kialakítva, hogy

detektálja a pilot pozíciókat a vett OFDM szimbólumok számára,

meghatározza azokat a lefoglalt hang pozíciókat és adat hang pozíciókat, amelyek nem ütköznek a pilot pozíciókkal, mely meghatározás az egyes OFDM szimbólumok számára szolgáló memóriában előzőleg tárolt lefoglalt hang pozíciók és adat hang pozíciók használatával történik;

ahol

a lefoglalt hangok az említett előzőleg tárolt lefoglalt hang pozíciókkal részei egy OFDM szimbólumok számára egy előre meghatározott lefoglalt hang készlet (S_0) i_k alvivő készletének minden egyes alvivőjéhez viszonyított eltolási értékek alapján lefoglalt S_i hang készletnek;

és az említett eltolási értékek egy x alvivő távolság intervallumon és egy szórt pilot minta egymástól távol eső szimbólumainak Y számán és egy l OFDM szimbólum indexeken alapulnak.

12. A 11. igénypont szerinti vevőberendezés, ahol a lefoglalt S_l hang készletet a következő egyenlet határozza meg:

$$S_l = \{x_k + x^*(l \bmod y)\}_{k \in S_0, 0 \leq l < D_L}$$

ahol D_L az OFDM szimbólumok számát jelenti.

13. A 11. vagy 12. igénypont szerinti vevőberendezés, ahol az előre meghatározott lefoglalt S_0 hang készlet a következő táblázatban látható:

FFT méret (lefoglalt vivők száma)	lefoglalt vivő hangok
1K (10)	109, 117, 122, 129, 139, 321, 350, 403, 459, 465
2K (18)	250, 404, 638, 677, 700, 712, 755, 952, 1125, 1145, 1190, 1276, 1325, 1335, 1406, 1431, 1472, 1481
4K (36)	170, 219, 405, 501, 597, 654, 661, 745, 995, 1025, 1319, 1361, 1394, 1623, 1658, 1913, 1961, 1971, 2106, 2117, 2222, 2228, 2246, 2254, 2361, 2468, 2469, 2482, 2637, 2679, 2708, 2825, 2915, 2996, 3033, 3119
8K (72)	111, 115, 123, 215, 229, 392, 613, 658, 831, 842, 997, 1503, 1626, 1916, 1924, 1961, 2233, 2246, 2302, 2331, 2778, 2822, 2913, 2927, 2963, 2994, 3087, 3162, 3226, 3270, 3503, 3585, 3711, 3738, 3874, 3902, 4013, 4017, 4186, 4253, 4292, 4339, 4412, 4453, 4669, 4910, 5015, 5030, 5061, 5170, 5263, 5313, 5360, 5384, 5394, 5493, 5550, 5847, 5901, 5999, 6020, 6165, 6174, 6227, 6245, 6314, 6316, 6327, 6503, 6507, 6545, 6565
16K (144)	109, 122, 139, 171, 213, 214, 251, 585, 763, 1012, 1021, 1077, 1148, 1472, 1792, 1883, 1889, 1895, 1900, 2013, 2311, 2582, 2860, 2980, 3011, 3099, 3143, 3171, 3197, 3243, 3257, 3270, 3315, 3436, 3470, 3582, 3681, 3712, 3767, 3802, 3979, 4045, 4112, 4197, 4409, 4462, 4756, 5003, 5007, 5036, 5246, 5483, 5535, 5584, 5787, 5789, 6047, 6349, 6392, 6498, 6526, 6542, 6591, 6680, 6688, 6785, 6860, 7134, 7286, 7387, 7415, 7417, 7505, 7526, 7541, 7551, 7556, 7747, 7814, 7861, 7880, 8045, 8179, 8374, 8451, 8514, 8684, 8698, 8804, 8924, 9027, 9113, 9211, 9330, 9479, 9482, 9487, 9619, 9829, 10326, 10394, 10407, 10450, 10528, 10671, 10746, 10774, 10799, 10801, 10912, 11113, 11128, 11205, 11379, 11459, 11468, 11658, 11776, 11791, 11953,
	11959, 12021, 12028, 12135, 12233, 12407, 12441, 12448, 12470, 12501, 12548, 12642, 12679, 12770, 12788, 12899, 12923, 12939, 13050, 13103, 13147, 13256, 13339, 13409
32K (288)	164, 320, 350, 521, 527, 578, 590, 619, 635, 651, 662, 664, 676, 691, 723, 940, 1280, 1326, 1509, 1520, 1638, 1682, 1805, 1833, 1861, 1891, 1900, 1902, 1949, 1967, 1978, 1998, 2006,

FFT méret (lefoglalt vívók száma)	lefoglalt vívó hangok
	2087, 2134, 2165, 2212, 2427, 2475, 2555, 2874, 3067, 3091, 3101, 3146, 3188, 3322, 3353, 3383, 3503, 3523, 3654, 3856, 4150, 4158, 4159, 4174, 4206, 4318, 4417, 4629, 4631, 4875, 5104, 5106, 5111, 5131, 5145, 5146, 5177, 5181, 5246, 5269, 5458, 5474, 5500, 5509, 5579, 5810, 5823, 6058, 6066, 6098, 6411, 6741, 6775, 6932, 7103, 7258, 7303, 7413, 7586, 7591, 7634, 7636, 7655, 7671, 7675, 7756, 7760, 7826, 7931, 7937, 7951, 8017, 8061, 8071, 8117, 8317, 8321, 8353, 8806, 9010, 9237, 9427, 9453, 9469, 9525, 9558, 9574, 9584, 9820, 9973, 10011, 10043, 10064, 10066, 10081, 10136, 10193, 10249, 10511, 10537, 11083, 11350, 11369, 11428, 11622, 11720, 11924, 11974, 11979, 12944, 12945, 13009, 13070, 13110, 13257, 13364, 13370, 13449, 13503, 13514, 13520, 13583, 13593, 13708, 13925, 14192, 14228, 14235, 14279, 14284, 14370, 14393, 14407, 14422, 14471, 14494, 14536, 14617, 14829, 14915, 15094, 15138, 15155, 15170, 15260, 15283, 15435, 15594, 15634, 15810, 16178, 16192, 16196, 16297, 16366, 16498, 16501, 16861, 16966, 17039, 17057, 17240, 17523, 17767, 18094, 18130, 18218, 18344, 18374, 18657, 18679, 18746, 18772, 18779, 18786, 18874, 18884, 18955, 19143, 19497, 19534, 19679, 19729, 19738, 19751, 19910, 19913, 20144, 20188, 20194, 20359, 20490, 20500, 20555, 20594, 20633, 20656, 21099, 21115, 21597, 22139, 22208, 22244, 22530, 22547, 22562, 22567, 22696, 22757, 22798, 22854, 22877, 23068, 23102, 23141, 23154, 23170, 23202, 23368, 23864, 24057, 24215, 24219, 24257, 24271, 24325, 24447, 25137, 25590, 25702, 25706, 25744, 25763, 25811, 25842, 25853, 25954, 26079, 26158, 26285, 26346, 26488, 26598, 26812, 26845, 26852, 26869, 26898, 26909, 26927, 26931, 26946, 26975, 26991, 27039