

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property
Organization
International Bureau



(10) International Publication Number
WO 2022/017725 A1

(43) International Publication Date
27 January 2022 (27.01.2022)

(51) International Patent Classification:

CIID 17/04 (2006.01) *CIID 3/43* (2006.01)
CIID 3/00 (2006.01) *CIID 1/83* (2006.01)
CIID 3/20 (2006.01) *CIID 1/02* (2006.01)
CIID 3/04 (2006.01)

TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/EP2021/067514

Published:

— with international search report (Art. 21(3))

(22) International Filing Date:

25 June 2021 (25.06.2021)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

16/937,325 23 July 2020 (23.07.2020) US

(71) Applicants: **HENKEL AG & CO. KGAA** [DE/DE]; Henkelstraße 67, 40589 Düsseldorf (DE). **HENKEL IP & HOLDING GMBH** [DE/DE]; Henkelstrasse 67, 40589 Düsseldorf (DE).

(72) Inventors: **SCHNEPP-HENTRICH, Kathrin**; Kirchgäßchen 13, 40789 Monheim (DE). **SCHRECK, Berthold**; Gravelottestraße 3, 40476 Düsseldorf (DE). **MEIER, Frank**; Am Steinebrück 17c, 40589 Düsseldorf (DE). **SCHMIEDEL, Peter**; Am Dammsteg 44, 40591 Düsseldorf (DE). **PIORKOWSKI, Daniel Thomas**; 351 Riverside Drive Fairfield, Fairfield, Connecticut 06824 (US).

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DJ, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, IT, JO, JP, KE, KG, KH, KN, KP, KR, KW, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, WS, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ,

(54) Title: WASHING AGENT WITH IMPROVED OPTICAL AND RHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

(57) Abstract: A washing agent portion unit including a) at least one first receiving chamber, b) at least one water-soluble film surrounding this first receiving chamber, and c) at least one first flowable washing agent preparation located in the first receiving chamber, which preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, i) 40 to 80 wt.% surfactant; ii) 2 to 15 wt.% fatty acid; iii) 0.3 to 8 wt.% of salt of a divalent cation; iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent; d) at least one second receiving chamber which is surrounded by a water-soluble film and is filled with a second washing agent preparation which differs from the first flowable washing agent preparation, wherein the first receiving chamber and the second receiving chamber are directly adjacent to one another and separated from one another by a water-soluble film, and washing methods using these washing agent portion units.



WO 2022/017725 A1

WASHING AGENT WITH IMPROVED OPTICAL AND RHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to washing agent portion units comprising a flowable washing agent preparation and methods for washing textiles using these washing agent portion units. In particular, this application relates to washing agent portion units which contain surfactant and salt and are packaged in multi-chamber portion pouches.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The commercial success of a washing agent is of course also determined, in addition to processing-related aspects, by the ability to provide a product that meets consumer interests. An essential means of communicating product quality and product claims is the appearance of the product, including the shape and color of the washing agent. This applies to the liquid or solid washing agents themselves, and also to water-soluble film pouches, the soluble films of which are generally transparent and give a clear view of the solid or liquid washing agents contained. While colored, i.e. non-white, liquid washing agents can be obtained in a simple manner by adding appropriate dyes, the provision of white liquid washing agents is more challenging because the opacifying agents previously used for their production are increasingly being critically assessed from an ecological point of view. Against this background, the provision of an ecologically acceptable opacifying agent is a relevant development objective in the field of liquid washing and cleaning agents.

[0003] As described above, white liquid washing agents are used, for example, in water-soluble film pouches, in which said washing agents can be combined with other liquid or solid washing agents. The provision of a pouch design which is attractive from a consumer perspective and technically easy to produce is another important development objective.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] In summary, the problem addressed by the application was that of providing visually appealing, concentrated washing agent portion units which can be produced in a simple and efficient manner.

[0005] The present invention firstly relates to a washing agent portion unit comprising

- a) at least one first receiving chamber,
- b) at least one water-soluble film surrounding this first receiving chamber, and
- c) at least one first flowable washing agent preparation located in the first receiving chamber, which preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
 - i) 40 to 80 wt.% surfactant;
 - ii) 2 to 15 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.3 to 8 wt.% of salt of a divalent cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
- d) at least one second receiving chamber which is surrounded by a water-soluble film and is filled with a second washing agent preparation which differs from the first flowable washing agent preparation,

wherein the first receiving chamber and the second receiving chamber are directly adjacent to one another and separated from one another by a water-soluble film.

[0006] The first washing agent preparation is flowable under standard conditions (20 °C, 1013 mbar).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0007] A first essential component of the first washing agent preparation is the surfactant, which is contained in the washing agent preparation in an amount of 20 to 80 wt.%, preferably 30 to 75 wt.% and in particular 40 to 70 wt.%.

[0008] The group of surfactants include the non-ionic, anionic, cationic and amphoteric surfactants. The group of surfactants also includes the co-surfactants described below. The compositions according to the invention can comprise one or more of the surfactants mentioned. Particularly preferred compositions contain at least one anionic surfactant as the surfactant.

[0009] The anionic surfactant is preferably selected from the group comprising C₉-C₁₃ alkylbenzene sulfonates, olefin sulfonates, C₁₂-C₁₈ alkane sulfonates, ester sulfonates, alk(en)yl sulfates, fatty alcohol ether sulfates and mixtures thereof. Compositions which comprise C₉-C₁₃ alkylbenzene sulfonates and fatty alcohol ether sulfates as the anionic surfactant have particularly good dispersing properties. Surfactants of the sulfonate type that can be used are preferably C₉-C₁₃ alkylbenzene sulfonates, olefin sulfonates, i.e. mixtures of alkene and hydroxyalkane sulfonates, and disulfonates, as obtained, for example, from C₁₂-C₁₈ monoolefins having a terminal or internal double bond by way of sulfonation with gaseous sulfur trioxide and subsequent alkaline or acid hydrolysis of the sulfonation products. C₁₂-C₁₈ alkane sulfonates and the esters of α -sulfofatty acids (ester sulfonates) are also suitable, for example the α -sulfonated methyl esters of hydrogenated coconut, palm kernel or tallow fatty acids.

[0010] The alkali salts and in particular the sodium salts of the sulfuric acid half-esters of C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty alcohols, for example from coconut fatty alcohol, tallow fatty alcohol, lauryl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, cetyl alcohol or stearyl alcohol, or of C₁₀-C₂₀ oxo alcohols and the half-esters of secondary alcohols having these chain lengths are preferred as alk(en)yl sulfates. From a washing perspective, C₁₂-C₁₆ alkyl sulfates, C₁₂-C₁₅ alkyl sulfates and C₁₄-C₁₅ alkyl sulfates are preferred. 2,3-alkyl sulfates are also suitable anionic surfactants.

[0011] The salts of the sulfuric acid half-esters of fatty alcohols having 12 to 18 C atoms, for example from coconut fatty alcohol, tallow fatty alcohol, lauryl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, cetyl alcohol or stearyl alcohol, or of the oxo alcohols having 10 to 20 C atoms and the half-esters of secondary alcohols having these chain lengths are preferred as alk(en)yl sulfates. From a washing perspective, the alkyl sulfates having 12 to 16 C atoms, alkyl sulfates having 12 to 15 C atoms and alkyl sulfates having 14 and 15 C atoms are preferred. 2,3-alkyl sulfates are also suitable anionic surfactants.

[0012] Fatty alcohol ether sulfates, such as the sulfuric acid monoesters of straight-chain or branched C₇-C₂₁ alcohols ethoxylated with 1 to 6 mol ethylene oxide, such as 2-methyl-branched C₉-11 alcohols having, on average, 3.5 mol ethylene oxide (EO) or C₁₂-18 fatty alcohols having 1 to 4 EO, are also suitable. Alkyl ether sulfates of formula (A-1) are preferred:

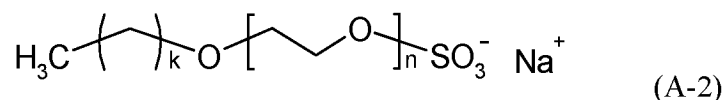


[0013] In this formula (A-1), R¹ represents a linear or branched, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl functional group, preferably a linear, unsubstituted alkyl functional group, particularly preferably a fatty alcohol functional group. Preferred functional groups R¹ of formula (A-1) are selected from decyl, undecyl, dodecyl, tridecyl, tetradecyl, pentadecyl, hexadecyl, heptadecyl, octadecyl, nonadecyl, eicosyl functional groups and mixtures thereof, the representatives having an even number of C atoms being preferred. Particularly preferred functional groups R¹ of formula (A-1) are derived from fatty alcohols having 12 to 18 C atoms, for example from coconut fatty alcohol, tallow fatty alcohol, lauryl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, cetyl alcohol or stearyl alcohol, or from oxo alcohols having 10 to 20 C atoms.

[0014] In formula (A-1), AO represents an ethylene oxide (EO) or propylene oxide (PO) group, preferably an ethylene oxide group. The index n in formula (A-1) is an integer of from 1 to 50, preferably from 1 to 20, and in particular from 2 to 10. Very particularly preferably, n is 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8. X is a monovalent cation or the n-th part of an n-valent cation, the alkali metal ions, including Na⁺ or K⁺, being preferred in this case, with Na⁺

being most preferred. Further cations X^+ may be selected from NH_4^+ , $\frac{1}{2} Zn^{2+}$, $\frac{1}{2} Mg^{2+}$, $\frac{1}{2} Ca^{2+}$, $\frac{1}{2} Mn^{2+}$, and mixtures thereof.

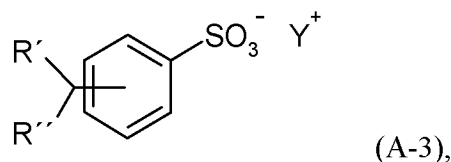
[0015] Particularly preferred compositions contain an alkyl ether sulfate selected from fatty alcohol ether sulfates of formula A-2



where $k = 11$ to 19 , and $n = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7$ or 8 . Very particularly preferred representatives are Na fatty alcohol ether sulfates having 12 to 18 C atoms and 2 EO ($k = 11$ to 13 , $n = 2$ in formula A-1). The degree of ethoxylation indicated represents a statistical average that can correspond to an integer or a fractional number for a specific product. The degrees of alkoxylation indicated represent statistical averages that can correspond to an integer or a fractional number for a specific product. Preferred alkoxylation/ethoxylation have a narrowed homolog distribution (narrow range ethoxylation, NRE).

[0016] In a particularly preferred embodiment, the composition contains C_{9-13} alkylbenzene sulfonates and optionally also fatty alcohol ether sulfates as the anionic surfactant.

[0017] It is very particularly preferred for the composition to contain at least one anionic surfactant of formula (A-3)



in which

R' and R'' are, independently of one another, H or alkyl, and together contain 9 to 19, preferably 9 to 15 and in particular 9 to 13, C atoms, and Y^+ denotes a monovalent cation or the n-th part of an n-valent cation (in particular Na^+).

[0018] In summary, preferred washing agent preparations contain, as the surfactant, at least one anionic surfactant, preferably at least one anionic surfactant from the group consisting of C₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonates, C₈₋₁₈ olefin sulfonates, C₁₂₋₁₈ alkane sulfonates, C₈₋₁₈ ester sulfonates, C₈₋₁₈ alkyl sulfates, C₈₋₁₈ alkenyl sulfates, fatty alcohol ether sulfates, in particular at least one anionic surfactant from the group of C₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonates.

[0019] The proportion by weight of the anionic surfactant with respect to the total weight of the flowable washing agent preparation is preferably 20 to 60 wt.% and in particular 25 to 50 wt.%.

[0020] In addition to the surfactant described above, the flowable washing agent preparation contains fatty acid as a second essential component. For the optical properties, the viscosity profile and the cleaning performance of the preparation, it has proven advantageous for the flowable washing agent preparation to contain, based on the total weight thereof, 4 to 12 wt.%, preferably 6 to 10 wt.%, of fatty acid.

[0021] Preferred fatty acids are selected from the group of caprylic acid, capric acid, lauric acid, myristic acid, palmitic acid, stearic acid, oleic acid, linoleic acid and mixtures thereof.

[0022] As a third essential component, the flowable washing agent preparation contains the salt of a divalent cation. The proportion by weight of this salt with respect to the total weight of the first flowable washing agent preparation is preferably 0.4 to 6 wt.% and in particular 0.5 to 4 wt.%. These proportions by weight have proven to be advantageous in terms of both the appearance and the viscosity of the preparation.

[0023] Because of their availability, magnesium or calcium salts are particularly preferably used, the salt of a divalent cation being particularly preferably selected from the group of the salts of divalent metal cations, in particular of magnesium and calcium salts, preferably from the group of magnesium chloride, magnesium sulfate, calcium chloride and calcium sulfate.

[0024] Preferred salts have a solubility in water (20 °C) above 400 g/l. The use of salts from the group of magnesium chloride and calcium chloride is very particularly preferred.

[0025] The washing agent preparation contains a solvent as a fourth essential component. The proportion by weight of the solvent with respect to the total weight of the first flowable washing agent preparation is preferably 12 to 32 wt.% and in particular 15 to 30 wt.%. With regard to processability, it has proven to be advantageous for the flowable washing agent preparation to contain, based on the total weight thereof, 7 to 20 wt.%, preferably 10 to 18 wt.%, of organic solvent.

[0026] Preferred organic solvents are selected from the group of ethanol, n-propanol, i-propanol, butanols, glycol, propanediol, butanediol, methylpropanediol, glycerol, diglycol, propyl diglycol, butyl diglycol, hexylene glycol, ethylene glycol methyl ether, ethylene glycol ethyl ether, ethylene glycol propyl ether, ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether, diethylene glycol methyl ether, diethylene glycol ethyl ether, propylene glycol methyl ether, propylene glycol ethyl ether, propylene glycol propyl ether, dipropylene glycol mono methyl ether, dipropylene glycol mono ethyl ether, methoxytriglycol, ethoxytriglycol, butoxytriglycol, 1-butoxyethoxy-2-propanol, 3-methyl-3-methoxybutanol, propylene-glycol-t-butylether, di-n-octylether and mixtures thereof, preferably from the group of propanediol, glycerol and mixtures thereof.

[0027] The first washing agent preparation is preferably a low-water substance mixture. Flowable washing agent preparations of this kind which contain, based on the total weight thereof, less than 18 wt.%, preferably less than 15 wt.%, of water are preferred.

[0028] In summary, washing agent portion units are preferred which comprise flowable washing agent preparations which contain, based on the total weight thereof,

- i) 20 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant;
- ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
- iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent metal cation;
- iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent.

[0029] The composition of some preferred first flowable washing agent preparations can be derived from the following tables (amounts given in wt.% based on the total weight of the preparation, unless otherwise indicated).

	Formula 1	Formula 2	Formula 3	Formula 4
Surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 6	Formula 7	Formula 8	Formula 9
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 11	Formula 12	Formula 13	Formula 14
Surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 16	Formula 17	Formula 18	Formula 19
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50

Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 21	Formula 22	Formula 23	Formula 24
Surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 26	Formula 27	Formula 28	Formula 29
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 31	Formula 32	Formula 33	Formula 34
Surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4

Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 36	Formula 37	Formula 38	Formula 39
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

* preferably C₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonates

[0030] In a technically advantageous variant, the first flowable washing agent preparation also contains, based on the total weight thereof,

- v) 0.5 to 4 wt.%, preferably 0.5 to 3 wt.% and in particular 0.5 to 2 wt.%, of the salt of a monovalent cation.

[0031] By adding the monovalent cation, the cloudy-white appearance of the washing agent preparation is enhanced. At the same time, the resulting compositions are distinguished by optimal viscosity properties. In particular, the addition of the monovalent cation in large proportions by weight causes sufficient turbidity without increasing the viscosity of the washing agent preparation in a manner which makes it difficult to convey said preparation in pipe systems and dose said preparation. Finally, the addition of the salt of a monovalent cation reduces the temperature dependence of the viscosity of the flowable washing agent preparation and thus simplifies the processing thereof.

[0032] The use of monovalent metal salts, in particular the use of sodium chloride, also improves the storage stability, in particular the storage stability in the event of temperature fluctuations.

[0033] Preferred monovalent cations are selected from the group of monovalent metal cations. Because of their availability and low costs, preferred salts of monovalent cations are selected from the group of sodium chloride, potassium chloride, sodium sulfate, sodium carbonate, potassium sulfate, potassium carbonate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, potassium hydrogen carbonate, very preferably from the group of sodium chloride.

[0034] In summary, a second particularly preferred embodiment is characterized in that the washing agent portion unit comprises a first flowable washing agent preparation which contains, based on the total weight thereof,

- i) 20 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant;
- ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
- iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent metal cation;
- iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
- v) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a monovalent metal cation.

[0035] The composition of some further particularly preferred flowable washing agent preparations can be derived from the following tables (amounts given in wt.% based on the total weight of the preparation, unless otherwise indicated).

	Formula 1a	Formula 2a	Formula 3a	Formula 4a
Surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Salt of a monovalent cation	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30

Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100
-------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

	Formula 6a	Formula 7a	Formula 8a	Formula 9a
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Salt of a monovalent cation	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 11a	Formula 12a	Formula 13a	Formula 14a
Surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Salt of a monovalent cation	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 16a	Formula 17a	Formula 18a	Formula 19a
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Salt of a monovalent cation	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 21a	Formula 22a	Formula 23a	Formula 24a
Surfactant	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Sodium chloride	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 26a	Formula 27a	Formula 28a	Formula 29a
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Sodium chloride	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 31a	Formula 32a	Formula 33a	Formula 34a
Surfactant	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Sodium chloride	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 36a	Formula 37a	Formula 38a	Formula 39a
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10

Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Sodium chloride	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 41a	Formula 42a	Formula 43a	Formula 44a
Surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Salt of a monovalent cation	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 46a	Formula 47a	Formula 48a	Formula 49a
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Salt of a monovalent cation	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 51a	Formula 52a	Formula 53a	Formula 54a
Surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10

Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Sodium chloride	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 56a	Formula 57a	Formula 58a	Formula 59a
Total surfactant	20 to 80	30 to 75	30 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Sodium chloride	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 3	0.5 to 2
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

* preferably C₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonates

[0036] In a further technically advantageous variant, the flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 12 to 30 wt.%, preferably 15 to 25 wt.%, of non-ionic surfactant and particularly preferably also 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a non-ionic co-surfactant that differs from the non-ionic surfactant.

[0037] Preferred non-ionic surfactants are selected from the group of alkoxyated primary C₈₋₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≥ 4 , particularly preferably the C₁₂₋₁₄ alcohols having 4 EO or 7 EO, the C₉₋₁₁ alcohols having 7 EO, the C₁₃₋₁₅ alcohols having 5 EO, 7 EO or 8 EO, the C₁₃₋₁₅ oxo alcohols having 7 EO, the C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having 5 EO or 7 EO, the C₁₃₋₁₅ oxo alcohols having 7 EO, in particular the primary C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols

having a degree of alkoxylation of ≥ 4 , very particularly preferably the primary C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having 7 EO.

[0038] With regard to the rheological properties of the first flowable washing agent preparation and the processability thereof, it has proven to be advantageous to use anionic surfactant and non-ionic surfactant in a weight ratio of from 3:1 to 1:2, preferably from 2:1 to 1:1.5 and in particular from 1.4:1 to 1:1.

[0039] It has proven to be technically advantageous to supplement the previously described surfactant system consisting of anionic and non-ionic surfactant with a further co-surfactant. The proportion by weight of the co-surfactant with respect to the total weight of the first flowable washing agent preparation is preferably 0.3 to 5 wt.%. In the context of this application, the co-surfactants are not included in the surfactants described further above. Preferred co-surfactants are selected from the group consisting of alkoxyated primary C_{8-C18} alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 , aliphatic C_{6-C14} alcohols, aromatic C_{6-C14} alcohols, aliphatic C_{6-C12} dialcohols, monoglycerides of C_{12-C18} fatty acids, monoglycerol ethers of C_{8-C18} fatty alcohols, in particular from the group of alkoxyated primary C_{12-C18} alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 .

[0040] In summary, a third particularly preferred embodiment is characterized in that the washing agent portion unit comprises a first flowable washing agent preparation which contains, based on the total weight thereof,

- i) 32.3 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant and 12 to 30 wt.% non-ionic surfactant;
- ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
- iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent cation;
- iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
- v) 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a co-surfactant that differs from the non-ionic surfactant and is selected from the group of alkoxyated primary C_{8-C18} alcohols having a

degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 , aliphatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aromatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aliphatic C₆-C₁₂ dialcohols, monoglycerides of C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acids, monoglycerol ethers of C₈-C₁₈ fatty alcohols, in particular from the group of alkoxyated primary C₁₂-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 .

[0041] The composition of some further particularly preferred first flowable washing agent preparations can be derived from the following tables (amounts given in wt.% based on the total weight of the cleaning agent, unless otherwise indicated).

	Formula 1b	Formula 2b	Formula 3b	Formula 4b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 6b	Formula 7b	Formula 8b	Formula 9b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 11b	Formula 12b	Formula 13b	Formula 14b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 16b	Formula 17b	Formula 18b	Formula 19b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 21b	Formula 22b	Formula 23b	Formula 24b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant ****	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10

Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 26b	Formula 27b	Formula 28b	Formula 29b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant ****	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 31b	Formula 32b	Formula 33b	Formula 34b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant ****	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 36b	Formula 37b	Formula 38b	Formula 39b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant ****	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 41b	Formula 42b	Formula 43b	Formula 44b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
C ₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonate	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Primary C ₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols with 7 EO	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
C ₁₃ alcohols with 2 EO or 3 EO	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 46b	Formula 47b	Formula 48b	Formula 49b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25

Co-surfactant ****	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium salt	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 51b	Formula 52b	Formula 53b	Formula 54b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant ****	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 56b	Formula 57b	Formula 58b	Formula 59b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant ****	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium salt	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 61b	Formula 62b	Formula 63b	Formula 64b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70

Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant ****	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 66b	Formula 67b	Formula 68b	Formula 69b
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
C ₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonate	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Primary C ₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols with 7 EO	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
C ₁₃ alcohols with 2 EO or 3 EO	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

* preferably C₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonates

** co-surfactant which differs from the non-ionic surfactant and is selected from the group consisting of alkoxyated primary C₈-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 , aliphatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aromatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aliphatic C₆-C₁₂ dialcohols, monoglycerides of C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acids, monoglycerol ethers of C₈-C₁₈ fatty alcohols, in particular from the group of alkoxyated primary C₁₂-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3

*** primary C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≥ 4 , preferably primary C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having 7 EO

**** alkoxyated primary C₁₂-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3, preferably C₁₃ alcohols having 2 EO or 3 EO

[0042] As stated above, the addition of a co-surfactant has proven to be technically advantageous. In the context of the present application, non-ionic co-surfactants with an HLB value <11, preferably <10 and more preferably <9 are particularly suitable.

[0043] Accordingly, a fourth particularly preferred embodiment of the flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,

- i) 32,3 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant and 12 to 30 wt.% non-ionic surfactant;
- i) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
- ii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of a salt of a divalent cation;
- iii) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
- iv) 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a co-surfactant that differs from the non-ionic surfactant and is selected from the group consisting of non-ionic co-surfactants with an HLB value <11, preferably <10 and more preferably <9.

[0044] The composition of some further very preferred flowable washing agent preparations can be derived from the following tables (amounts given in wt.% based on the total weight of the preparation, unless otherwise indicated).

	Formula 1c	Formula 2c	Formula 3c	Formula 4c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 6c	Formula 7c	Formula 8c	Formula 9c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 11c	Formula 12c	Formula 13c	Formula 14c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 16c	Formula 17c	Formula 18c	Formula 19c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4

Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 21c	Formula 22c	Formula 23c	Formula 24c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 26c	Formula 27c	Formula 28c	Formula 29c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 31c	Formula 32c	Formula 33c	Formula 34c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25

Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Salt of a divalent cation	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 36c	Formula 37c	Formula 38c	Formula 39c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 41c	Formula 42c	Formula 43c	Formula 44c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
C ₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonate	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Primary C ₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols with 7 EO	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Non-ionic co-surfactant with HLB <9	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4

Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 46c	Formula 47c	Formula 48c	Formula 49c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium salt	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 51c	Formula 52c	Formula 53c	Formula 54c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 56c	Formula 57c	Formula 58c	Formula 59c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4

Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium salt	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 61c	Formula 62c	Formula 63c	Formula 64c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
Anionic surfactant *	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Non-ionic surfactant ***	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Co-surfactant **	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15
Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100

	Formula 66c	Formula 67c	Formula 68c	Formula 69c
Total surfactant	32.3 to 80	32.3 to 75	35.5 to 75	40 to 70
C ₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonate	20 to 60	20 to 60	20 to 50	20 to 50
Primary C ₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols with 7 EO	12 to 30	12 to 30	15 to 25	15 to 25
Non-ionic co-surfactant with HLB <9	0.3 to 5	0.3 to 5	0.5 to 4	0.5 to 4
Fatty acid	2 to 15	4 to 12	4 to 12	6 to 10
Calcium chloride	0.3 to 8	0.3 to 8	0.4 to 6	0.5 to 4
Total solvent	8 to 35	12 to 32	12 to 32	15 to 30
Organic solvent	7 to 20	7 to 20	10 to 18	10 to 18
Water	<18	<18	<15	<15

Misc.	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100	to make up to 100
-------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

* preferably C₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonates

** non-ionic co-surfactant with HLB <11, preferably <10, more preferably <9

*** primary C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≥ 4 , preferably primary C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having 7 EO

[0045] The flowable washing agent preparation preferably has a viscosity (21 °C, Brookfield viscometer type DV-II Pro, spindle no. 2, 20 rpm) above 400 mPas, preferably above 1000 mPas.

[0046] The flowable washing agent preparation is preferably designed in the form of a structured system. The main types of structured system used in practice are based on dispersed lamellar, spherulitic and attenuated lamellar phases. The flowable washing agent preparation preferably contains a spherulitic phase. Spherulitic phases comprise spherical bodies, commonly referred to in the art as spherulites, in which surfactant bilayers are arranged as concentric shells. The spherulites are dispersed in an aqueous phase in the manner of a classic emulsion, and interact to form a structured system. Preferred flowable washing agent preparations comprise lamellar spherulites, preferably having a maximum diameter of from 10 to 100 μm , particularly preferably having a maximum diameter of from 25 to 50 μm .

[0047] The flowable washing agent preparation preferably has a yield point (TA Instruments rotation rheometer AR 2000, 20 °C, cone plate with 40 mm diameter, 2° cone angle) above 0.1 Pa, preferably above 0.3 Pa.

[0048] The rheological properties of the first flowable washing agent preparation justify its efficient processability and also form the basis of its advantageous optical properties, including its cloudy white appearance.

[0049] The Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) is frequently used as an indication of transparency. It is a unit, used e.g. in water treatment, for measuring turbidity e.g. in liquids.

It is a unit of turbidity measured using a calibrated nephelometer. High NTU values are measured for clouded compositions, whereas low values are determined for clear compositions.

[0050] The HACH Turbidimeter 2100Q from Hach Company, Loveland, Colorado (USA) is used with the calibration substances StabICal Solution HACH (20 NTU), StabICal Solution HACH (100 NTU) and StabICal Solution HACH (800 NTU), all of which can also be produced by Hach Company. The measurement is filled with the composition to be analyzed in a 10 ml measuring cuvette having a cap and is carried out at 20 °C.

[0051] At an NTU value (at 20 °C) of 60 or more, shaped bodies have a perceptible turbidity within the meaning of the invention, as can be seen with the naked eye. The turbidity (HACH Turbidimeter 2100Q, 20 °C, 10 ml cuvette) of the liquid, surfactant-containing washing agent is preferably above 60 NTU, particularly preferably above 100 NTU and in particular above 400 NTU.

[0052] The flowable washing agent preparation is preferably free from organic opacifying agents. "Free from," as used in this context, means that the corresponding constituent is present in the preparation in an amount of < 1 wt.%, preferably < 0.1 wt.%, more preferably < 0.01 wt.%. In particular, a constituent of this kind is not deliberately added. The flowable washing agent preparations preferably contain in particular no styrene-acrylate copolymers (INCI: styrene/acrylates copolymer).

[0053] The flowable washing agent preparation can be free from enzymes and/or fragrances. These constituents are in particular not contained because they can adversely affect the turbidity and thus the appearance of the formulation.

[0054] For example, flowable washing agent preparations which contain, based on the total weight thereof, less than 2 wt.%, preferably less than 1 wt.%, particularly preferably less than 0.1 wt.% and in particular no enzyme preparation are preferred.

[0055] Flowable washing agent preparations which contain, based on the total weight thereof, less than 2 wt.%, preferably less than 1 wt.%, particularly preferably less than 0.1 wt.% and in particular no fragrance are also preferred.

[0056] In an alternative embodiment, the flowable washing agent preparation contains at least one optical brightener, preferably a stilbene-type optical brightener. This is contained in the flowable washing agent preparation, based on the total weight thereof, in an amount above 0 wt.%, but preferably in an amount below 1 wt.%, particularly preferably in an amount below 0.6 wt.%. Stilbene-type brighteners for use in the flowable washing agent preparation are preferably selected from the group of triazinyl derivatives of 4,4'-diamino-2,2'-stilbenesulfonic acid. The economically most important stilbene derivatives are DAS1 (disodium 4,4-bis[(4-anilino-6-morpholino-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]stilbene-2,2-disulfonate) and DSBP (disodium 4,4-bis(2-sulfostyryl)biphenyl).

[0057] Alternatively or additionally, the flowable washing agent preparation can comprise at least one blue or violet dye. This is contained in the flowable washing agent preparation, based on the total weight thereof, in an amount above 0 wt.%, but preferably in an amount below 0.1 wt.%, particularly preferably below 0.02 wt.%, for example between 0.001 and 0.01 wt.%. A dye of this kind is used, for example, for the purpose of masking a possible yellowish hue in the preparation.

[0058] In addition to the first flowable washing agent preparation described above, the washing agent portion units according to the invention comprise at least one further washing agent preparation which differs from the first flowable washing agent preparation. This further washing agent preparation can be flowable or solid and can be present in the form of a powder or granules, for example. It is preferred to combine the first flowable washing agent preparation in the washing agent portion unit with one or more further flowable washing agent preparations.

[0059] The further washing agent preparation is preferably colored. The colored design of the further washing agent preparation gives a visual indication of the chemical difference between the washing agent preparations combined in the washing agent portion unit and/or of the various performance aspects of the washing agent dosing unit (e.g. cleaning, care or disinfection). The optical differentiation between the washing agent preparations which are contained in the washing agent portion unit and differ from one another can be increased by the first receiving chamber and the second receiving chamber being arranged

horizontally one above the other. The second receiving chamber preferably completely covers the first receiving chamber on at least one side of the receiving chamber.

[0060] An exemplary washing agent portion unit has at least one further receiving chamber which is surrounded by a water-soluble film and is filled with a third washing agent preparation which differs from the first flowable washing agent preparation and the second washing agent preparation.

[0061] A further exemplary washing agent portion unit has at least two further receiving chambers which are surrounded by a water-soluble film and are filled with a third and a fourth washing agent preparation which differ from one another and from the first flowable washing agent preparation and the second washing agent preparation.

[0062] In the case of washing agent portion units comprising three or four receiving chambers, the further washing agent preparations are also preferably colored.

[0063] It is preferable to shape the water-soluble film in a deep-drawing apparatus and to combine it with the washing agent preparations to form a washing agent portion unit.

[0064] The water-soluble film in which the flowable washing agent preparation is packaged can comprise one or more structurally different water-soluble polymer(s). Particularly suitable water-soluble polymer(s) include polymers from the group of (optionally acetalized) polyvinyl alcohols (PVAL) and the copolymers thereof.

[0065] Water-soluble films for producing the water-soluble wrapping are preferably based on a polyvinyl alcohol or a polyvinyl alcohol copolymer of which the molecular weight is in the range of from 10,000 to 1,000,000 gmol^{-1} , preferably from 20,000 to 500,000 gmol^{-1} , particularly preferably from 30,000 to 100,000 gmol^{-1} , and in particular from 40,000 to 80,000 gmol^{-1} .

[0066] The production of polyvinyl alcohol and polyvinyl alcohol copolymers generally includes the hydrolysis of intermediate polyvinyl acetate. Preferred polyvinyl alcohols and polyvinyl alcohols have a degree of hydrolysis of 70 to 100 mol.%, preferably 80 to 90 mol.%, particularly preferably 81 to 89 mol.%, and in particular 82 to 88 mol.%.

[0067] Polyvinyl alcohol copolymers which include, in addition to vinyl alcohol, an ethylenically unsaturated carboxylic acid, or the salt or ester thereof, are preferred. Polyvinyl alcohol copolymers of this kind particularly preferably contain, in addition to vinyl alcohol, sulfonic acids such as 2-acrylamido-2-methyl-1-propane sulfonic acid (AMPS), acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, acrylic acid ester, methacrylic acid ester or mixtures thereof; of the esters, C₁₋₄ alkyl esters or C₁₋₄ hydroxyalkyl esters are preferred. Other suitable monomers are ethylenically unsaturated dicarboxylic acids, for example itaconic acid, maleic acid, fumaric acid and mixtures thereof.

[0068] Suitable water-soluble films are sold, for example, by MonoSol LLC under the names M8630, M8720, M8310, C8400 or M8900. Other suitable films include films named Solublon® PT, Solublon® GA, Solublon® KC or Solublon® KL from Aicello Chemical Europe GmbH or the films VF-HP from Kuraray.

[0069] The water-soluble films can contain additional active ingredients or fillers, but also plasticizers and/or solvents, in particular water, as further ingredients.

[0070] The group of further active ingredients includes, for example, materials which protect the ingredients of the preparation (A) enclosed by the film material from decomposition or deactivation by light irradiation. Antioxidants, UV absorbers and fluorescent dyes have proven to be particularly suitable for this.

[0071] Glycerol, ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol, propanediol, 2-methyl-1,3-propanediol, sorbitol or mixtures thereof, for example, can be used as plasticizers.

[0072] To reduce its coefficient of friction, the surface of the water-soluble film can optionally be powder-coated with fine powder. Sodium aluminosilicate, silica, talc and amylose are examples of suitable powdering agents.

[0073] In order to produce the washing agent portion units, in particular in the context of deep-drawing methods, one embodiment has proven to be advantageous in which the washing agent portion unit comprises three receiving chambers and is sealed by means of a sealing film through which an axis of rotation arranged orthogonally to the sealing film extends.

[0074] This application also relates to a method for cleaning textiles, in which a washing agent portion unit according to the invention is introduced into the washing liquor of a textile washing machine.

[0075] This application provides the following subjects, inter alia:

1. A washing agent portion unit comprising
 - a) at least one first receiving chamber,
 - b) at least one water-soluble film surrounding this first receiving chamber, and
 - c) at least one first flowable washing agent preparation located in the first receiving chamber, which preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
 - i) 40 to 80 wt.% surfactant;
 - ii) 2 to 15 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.3 to 8 wt.% of salt of a divalent cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
 - d) at least one second receiving chamber which is surrounded by a water-soluble film and is filled with a second washing agent preparation which differs from the first flowable washing agent preparation,

wherein the first receiving chamber and the second receiving chamber are directly adjacent to one another and separated from one another by a water-soluble film.
2. The washing agent portion unit according to point 1, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 30 to 75 wt.%, preferably 40 to 70 wt.%, of surfactant.

3. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 20 to 60 wt.%, preferably 25 to 50 wt.%, of anionic surfactant.
4. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein at least one anionic surfactant, preferably at least one anionic surfactant from the group consisting of C₈₋₁₈ alkylbenzene sulfonates, C₈₋₁₈ olefin sulfonates, C₁₂₋₁₈ alkanesulfonates, C₈₋₁₈ ester sulfonates, C₈₋₁₈ alkyl sulfates, C₈₋₁₈ alkenyl sulfates, fatty alcohol ether sulfates, in particular at least one anionic surfactant from the group of C₈₋₁₈ alkyl benzene sulfonates, is contained as the surfactant.
5. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 4 to 12 wt.%, preferably 6 to 10 wt.%, of fatty acid.
6. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the fatty acid is selected from the group of caprylic acid, capric acid, lauric acid, myristic acid, palmitic acid, stearic acid, oleic acid, linoleic acid and mixtures thereof.
7. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 0.4 to 6 wt.%, preferably 0.5 to 4 wt.%, of a divalent salt.
8. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the divalent salt is selected from the group of magnesium and calcium salts, preferably from the group of magnesium chloride, magnesium sulfate, calcium chloride and calcium sulfate, in particular from the group of magnesium chloride and calcium chloride.
9. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
 - i) 20 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant;
 - ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;

- iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent metal cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent.
10. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 12 to 32 wt.%, preferably 15 to 30 wt.%, of solvent.
 11. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 7 to 20 wt.%, preferably 10 to 18 wt.%, of organic solvent.
 12. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the organic solvent is selected from the group of ethanol, n-propanol, i-propanol, butanols, glycol, propanediol, butanediol, methylpropanediol, glycerol, diglycol, propyl diglycol, butyl diglycol, hexylene glycol, ethylene glycol methyl ether, ethylene glycol ethyl ether, ethylene glycol propyl ether, ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether, diethylene glycol methyl ether, diethylene glycol ethyl ether, propylene glycol methyl ether, propylene glycol ethyl ether, propylene glycol propyl ether, dipropylene glycol mono methyl ether, dipropylene glycol mono ethyl ether, methoxytriglycol, ethoxytriglycol, butoxytriglycol, 1-butoxyethoxy-2-propanol, 3-methyl-3-methoxybutanol, propylene-glycol-t-butylether, di-n-octylether and mixtures thereof, preferably from the group of propanediol, glycerol and mixtures thereof.
 13. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, less than 18 wt.%, preferably less than 15 wt.%, of water.
 14. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, further containing, based on the total weight thereof,
 - v) 0.5 to 4 wt.%, preferably 0.5 to 3 wt.% and in particular 0.5 to 2 wt.%, of the salt of a monovalent cation.

15. The washing agent portion unit according to point 14, wherein the salt of a monovalent cation is selected from the group of the salts of monovalent metal cations, preferably from the group of sodium chloride, potassium chloride, sodium sulfate, sodium carbonate, potassium sulfate, potassium carbonate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, potassium hydrogen carbonate, very preferably from the group of sodium chloride.
16. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
 - i) 20 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant;
 - ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent metal cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
 - v) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a monovalent metal cation.
17. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 12 to 30 wt.%, preferably 15 to 25 wt.%, of non-ionic surfactant.
18. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein at least one non-ionic surfactant from the group of alkoxyated primary C₈₋₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≥ 4 , particularly preferably the C₁₂₋₁₄ alcohols having 4 EO or 7 EO, the C₉₋₁₁ alcohols having 7 EO, the C₁₃₋₁₅ alcohols having 5 EO, 7 EO or 8 EO, the C₁₃₋₁₅ oxo alcohols having 7 EO, the C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having 5 EO or 7 EO, the C₁₃₋₁₅ oxo alcohols having 7 EO, in particular the primary C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≥ 4 , very particularly preferably the primary C₁₂₋₁₈ alcohols having 7 EO, is contained as a surfactant.
19. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains anionic surfactant and non-ionic

surfactant in a weight ratio of from 3:1 to 1:2, preferably from 2:1 to 1:1.5 and in particular from 1.4:1 to 1:1.

20. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation further contains, based on the total weight thereof,
 - vi) 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a co-surfactant selected from the group consisting of alkoxyated primary C₈-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 , aliphatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aromatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aliphatic C₆-C₁₂ dialcohols, monoglycerides of C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acids, monoglycerol ethers of C₈-C₁₈ fatty alcohols, in particular from the group of alkoxyated primary C₁₂-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 .
21. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
 - i) 32.3 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant and 12 to 30 wt.% non-ionic surfactant;
 - ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
 - v) 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a co-surfactant that differs from the non-ionic surfactant and is selected from the group consisting of alkoxyated primary C₈-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 , aliphatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aromatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aliphatic C₆-C₁₂ dialcohols, monoglycerides of C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acids, monoglycerol ethers of C₈-C₁₈ fatty alcohols, in particular from the group of alkoxyated primary C₁₂-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 .
22. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, further containing, based on the total weight thereof,
 - vi) 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a co-surfactant selected from the group consisting of non-ionic co-surfactants with an HLB value <11 , preferably <10 and more preferably <9 .

23. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, containing, based on the total weight thereof,
- i) 32.3 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant and 12 to 30 wt.% non-ionic surfactant;
 - ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of a salt of a divalent cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
 - v) 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a non-ionic co-surfactant that differs from the non-ionic surfactant selected from the group consisting of non-ionic co-surfactants with an HLB value <11, preferably <10 and more preferably <9.
24. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first washing agent preparation does not contain any organic opacifying agents, in particular does not contain any styrene-acrylate copolymer.
25. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, less than 2 wt.%, preferably less than 1 wt.%, particularly preferably less than 0.1 wt.% and in particular no enzyme preparation.
26. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, less than 2 wt.%, preferably less than 1 wt.%, particularly preferably less than 0.1 wt.% and in particular no fragrance.
27. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, an optical brightener, preferably a stilbene-type optical brightener, in amounts below 1 wt.%, preferably in amounts below 0.6 wt.%.
28. The washing agent portion unit according to point 25, wherein the optical brightener is selected from the group of triazinyl derivatives of 4,4'-diamino-2,2'-

stilbenesulfonic acid, in particular DAS1 (disodium 4,4-bis[(4-anilino-6-morpholino-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]stilbene-2,2-disulfonate) and DSBP (disodium 4,4-bis(2-sulfostyryl)biphenyl).

29. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, a blue or violet dye in amounts below 0.1 wt.%, preferably below 0.02 wt.%.
30. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation has a viscosity (21 °C, Brookfield viscometer type DV-II Pro, spindle no. 2, 20 rpm) above 400 mPas, preferably above 1000 mPas.
31. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation has a yield point (TA Instruments rotation rheometer AR 2000, 20 °C, cone plate with 40 mm diameter, 2° cone angle) above 0.1 Pa, preferably above 0.3 Pa.
32. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation has a turbidity (HACH Turbidimeter 2100Q, 20 °C, 10 ml cuvette) above 60 NTU, preferably above 100 NTU and in particular above 400 NTU.
33. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains lamellar spherulites, preferably having a maximum diameter of from 10 to 100 µm, particularly preferably having a maximum diameter of from 25 to 50 µm.
34. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the second washing agent preparation is colored.
35. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the first receiving chamber and the second receiving chamber are arranged horizontally one above the other.

36. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the second receiving chamber completely covers the first receiving chamber on at least one side of the receiving chamber.
37. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the washing agent has at least one further receiving chamber which is surrounded by a water-soluble film and is filled with a third washing agent preparation which differs from the first flowable washing agent preparation and the second washing agent preparation.
38. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the washing agent has at least two further receiving chambers which are surrounded by a water-soluble film and are filled with a third and a fourth washing agent preparation which differ from one another and from the first flowable washing agent preparation and the second washing agent preparation.
39. The washing agent portion unit according to one of points 35 or 36, wherein the third and fourth washing agent preparations are colored.
40. The washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points, wherein the washing agent portion unit comprises three receiving chambers and is sealed by means of a sealing film through which an axis of rotation arranged orthogonally to the sealing film extends.
41. Method for cleaning textiles, in which a washing agent portion unit according to one of the preceding points is introduced into the washing liquor of a textile washing machine.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A washing agent portion unit comprising
 - a) at least one first receiving chamber,
 - b) at least one water-soluble film surrounding this first receiving chamber, and
 - c) at least one first flowable washing agent preparation located in the first receiving chamber, which preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
 - i) 40 to 80 wt.% surfactant;
 - ii) 2 to 15 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.3 to 8 wt.% of salt of a divalent cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
 - d) at least one second receiving chamber which is surrounded by a water-soluble film and is filled with a second washing agent preparation which differs from the first flowable washing agent preparation,wherein the first receiving chamber and the second receiving chamber are directly adjacent to one another and separated from one another by a water-soluble film.
2. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 1, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 30 to 75 wt.% of surfactant.
3. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 1, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 20 to 60 wt.% of anionic surfactant.
4. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 1, wherein the divalent salt is selected from the group of magnesium and calcium salts.

5. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 1, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
- i) 20 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant;
 - ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent metal cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent.
6. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 1, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
- i) 20 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant;
 - ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent metal cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
 - v) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a monovalent metal cation.
7. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 1, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof,
- i) 32.3 to 80 wt.% surfactant including 20 to 50 wt.% anionic surfactant and 12 to 30 wt.% non-ionic surfactant;
 - ii) 4 to 12 wt.% fatty acid;
 - iii) 0.5 to 4 wt.% of the salt of a divalent cation;
 - iv) 8 to 35 wt.% solvent;
 - v) 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a co-surfactant that differs from the non-ionic surfactant and is selected from the group consisting of alkoxyated primary C₈-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 , aliphatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aromatic C₆-C₁₄ alcohols, aliphatic C₆-C₁₂ dialcohols, monoglycerides of C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acids, monoglycerol ethers of C₈-C₁₈ fatty alcohols.
8. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 1, wherein the second washing agent preparation is colored.

9. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 1, wherein the first receiving chamber and the second receiving chamber are arranged horizontally one above the other.
10. A method for cleaning textiles, in which a washing agent portion unit according to claim 1 is introduced into the washing liquor of a textile washing machine.
11. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 2, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 40 to 70 wt.% of surfactant.
12. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 3, wherein the first flowable washing agent preparation contains, based on the total weight thereof, 25 to 50 wt.% of anionic surfactant.
13. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 4, wherein the divalent salt is selected from the group of magnesium chloride, magnesium sulfate, calcium chloride and calcium sulfate.
14. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 4, wherein the divalent salt is selected from the group of magnesium chloride and calcium chloride.
15. The washing agent portion unit according to claim 7, wherein the 0.3 to 5 wt.% of a co-surfactant is selected from the group of alkoxyated primary C₁₂-C₁₈ alcohols having a degree of alkoxylation of ≤ 3 .

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/EP2021/067514

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
 INV. C11D17/04 C11D3/00 C11D3/20 C11D3/04 C11D3/43
 C11D1/83 C11D1/02
 ADD.
 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED
 Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
 C11D
 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
 EPO-Internal

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 2015/148763 A1 (PROCTER & GAMBLE [US]) 1 October 2015 (2015-10-01)	1-15
Y	claims examples page 23, paragraph 1 page 20, line 16 - page 21, line 25	1-15
X	WO 2016/176280 A1 (PROCTER & GAMBLE [US]) 3 November 2016 (2016-11-03)	1-15
Y	examples 16-18 page 41, line 6 - line 8 page 35, line 1 - page 36, line 9 page 23, line 7 - page 25, line 18	1-15
	----- -/--	

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

<p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p>	<p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</p> <p>"&" document member of the same patent family</p>
---	---

Date of the actual completion of the international search 20 September 2021	Date of mailing of the international search report 07/10/2021
--	--

Name and mailing address of the ISA/ European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Neys, Patricia
--	--

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/EP2021/067514

C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 3 124 585 A1 (PROCTER & GAMBLE [US]) 1 February 2017 (2017-02-01)	1-15
Y	claims examples page 3, paragraph 10 -----	1-15
X	EP 3 202 879 A1 (PROCTER & GAMBLE [US]) 9 August 2017 (2017-08-09)	1-15
Y	claims examples page 3, paragraph 15 - paragraph 19 page 4, paragraph 32 - page 5, paragraph 42 -----	1-15
Y	EP 0 922 754 A1 (CLARIANT GMBH [DE]) 16 June 1999 (1999-06-16)	1-15
	claims examples page 2, paragraph 3 - page 3, paragraph 8 -----	
A	WO 2010/141301 A1 (PROCTER & GAMBLE [US]; JENNEWAIN MARC [DE]) 9 December 2010 (2010-12-09)	1-15
	claims examples page 2, line 1 - line 15 -----	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No

PCT/EP2021/067514

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 2015148763 A1	01-10-2015	AU 2015236035 A1	08-09-2016
		CA 2940229 A1	01-10-2015
		CN 106164238 A	23-11-2016
		EP 2924105 A1	30-09-2015
		JP 2017515926 A	15-06-2017
		KR 20160111497 A	26-09-2016
		US 2015275154 A1	01-10-2015
		WO 2015148763 A1	01-10-2015
WO 2016176280 A1	03-11-2016	CN 107667166 A	06-02-2018
		DK 3088502 T3	13-08-2018
		EP 3088502 A1	02-11-2016
		ES 2683906 T3	28-09-2018
		HU E039080 T2	28-12-2018
		JP 6545822 B2	17-07-2019
		JP 2018524483 A	30-08-2018
		PL 3088502 T3	31-10-2018
		US 2016319226 A1	03-11-2016
		WO 2016176280 A1	03-11-2016
		ZA 201706632 B	31-07-2019
EP 3124585 A1	01-02-2017	CA 2992311 A1	02-02-2017
		CN 107849499 A	27-03-2018
		EP 3124585 A1	01-02-2017
		ES 2694703 T3	26-12-2018
		HU E039814 T2	28-02-2019
		JP 6668451 B2	18-03-2020
		JP 2018525486 A	06-09-2018
		PL 3124585 T3	29-03-2019
		US 2017029747 A1	02-02-2017
		WO 2017019924 A1	02-02-2017
ZA 201800145 B	31-07-2019		
EP 3202879 A1	09-08-2017	CA 3011615 A1	10-08-2017
		EP 3202879 A1	09-08-2017
		EP 3202880 A1	09-08-2017
		ES 2743710 T3	20-02-2020
		ES 2744585 T3	25-02-2020
		JP 6634523 B2	22-01-2020
		JP 2019506502 A	07-03-2019
		US 2017226447 A1	10-08-2017
		US 2017226448 A1	10-08-2017
		WO 2017136371 A1	10-08-2017
WO 2017136372 A1	10-08-2017		
EP 0922754 A1	16-06-1999	DE 19754842 A1	17-06-1999
		EP 0922754 A1	16-06-1999
		JP H11278000 A	12-10-1999
WO 2010141301 A1	09-12-2010	BR PI1013023 A2	29-03-2016
		CA 2763213 A1	09-12-2010
		CN 102459558 A	16-05-2012
		EP 2258820 A1	08-12-2010
		ES 2774183 T3	17-07-2020
		HU E048039 T2	28-05-2020
		JP 5547280 B2	09-07-2014
		JP 2012528057 A	12-11-2012
		RU 2011148016 A	20-07-2013

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No

PCT/EP2021/067514

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
		US 2010305020 A1	02-12-2010
		WO 2010141301 A1	09-12-2010