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(54) **FLUID CIRCULATION ARRANGEMENT FOR PROVIDING AN INTENSIFIED WASH EFFECT IN A DISHWASHER AND AN ASSOCIATED METHOD**

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**A47L 15/50** (2006.01)  
**A47L 15/16** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
CPC ..... **A47L 15/508** (2013.01); **A47L 15/16** (2013.01); **Y10T 29/49826** (2015.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**  
USPC ..... 134/56 D, 57 D, 58 D; 211/41.8  
See application file for complete search history.

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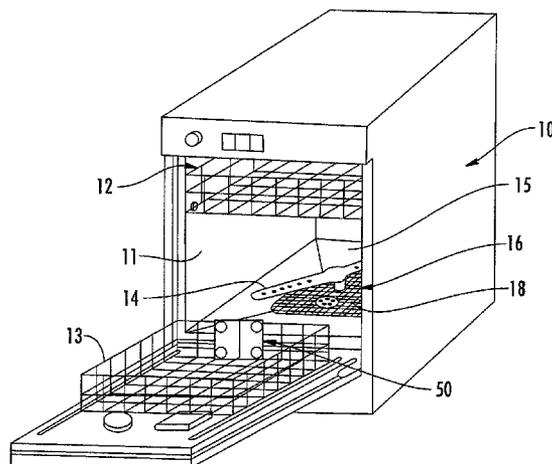
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

According to embodiments of the present invention, a dishwasher may provide an intensified wash effect. The dishwasher may include a rack defining a bottom and a sidewall, wherein the rack is adapted to receive dishware therein. A dishwashing fluid supply channel may be configured to supply dishwashing fluid to a spray assembly. The spray assembly may comprise at least one nozzle member. Thereby, the spray assembly may be adapted to receive the dishwashing fluid from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therethrough. The spray assembly may be coupled to the sidewall of the rack. Further, the nozzle member may be attached to an arm which is moveable between at least a first position wherein the arm is adjacent the sidewall of the rack and a second position wherein the arm is adjacent the bottom of the rack.

**22 Claims, 33 Drawing Sheets**



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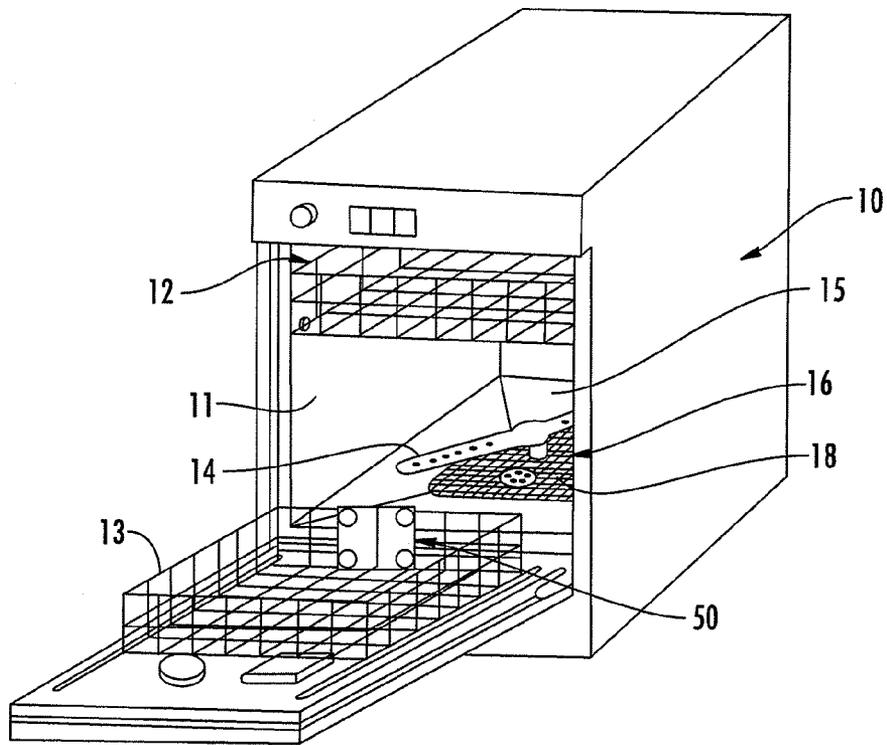
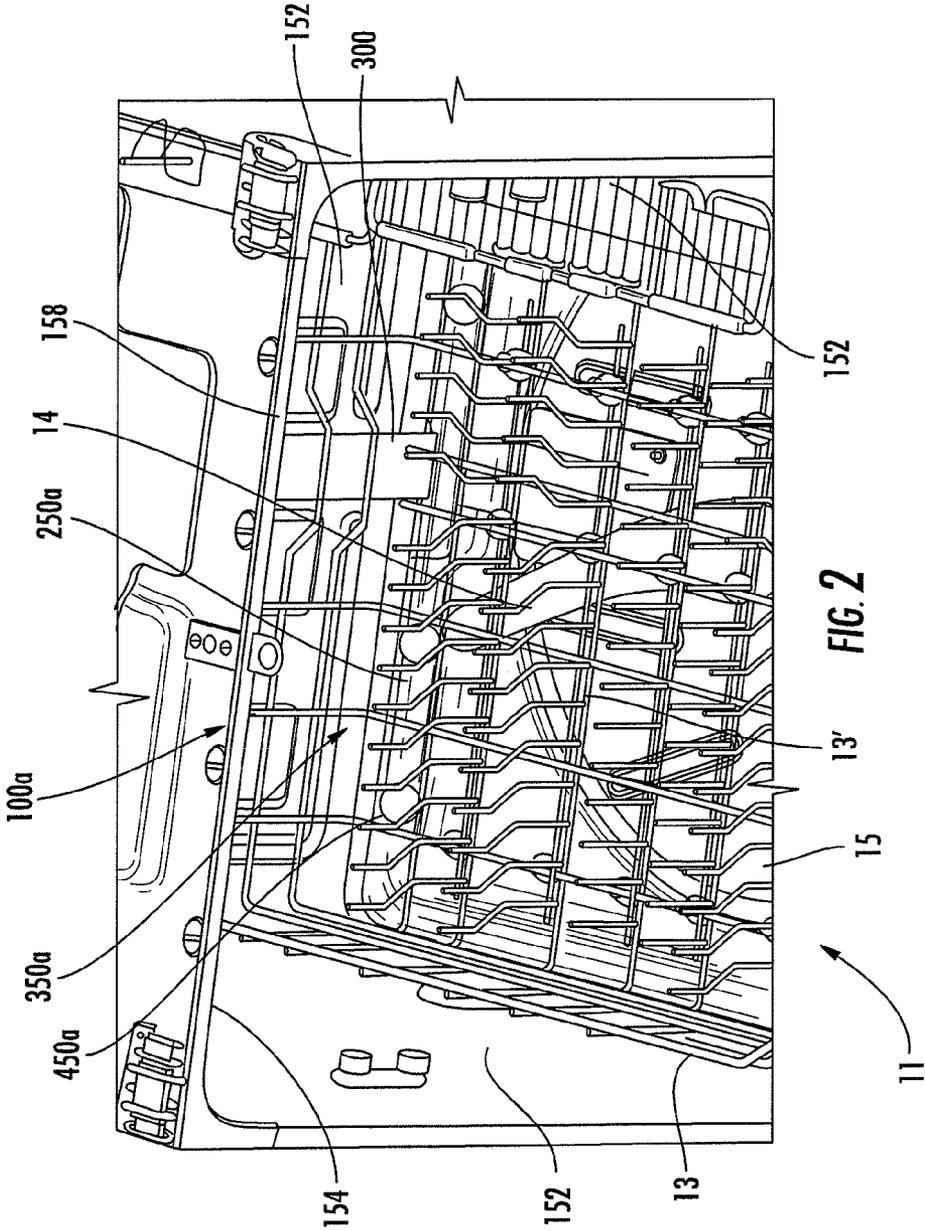


FIG. 1



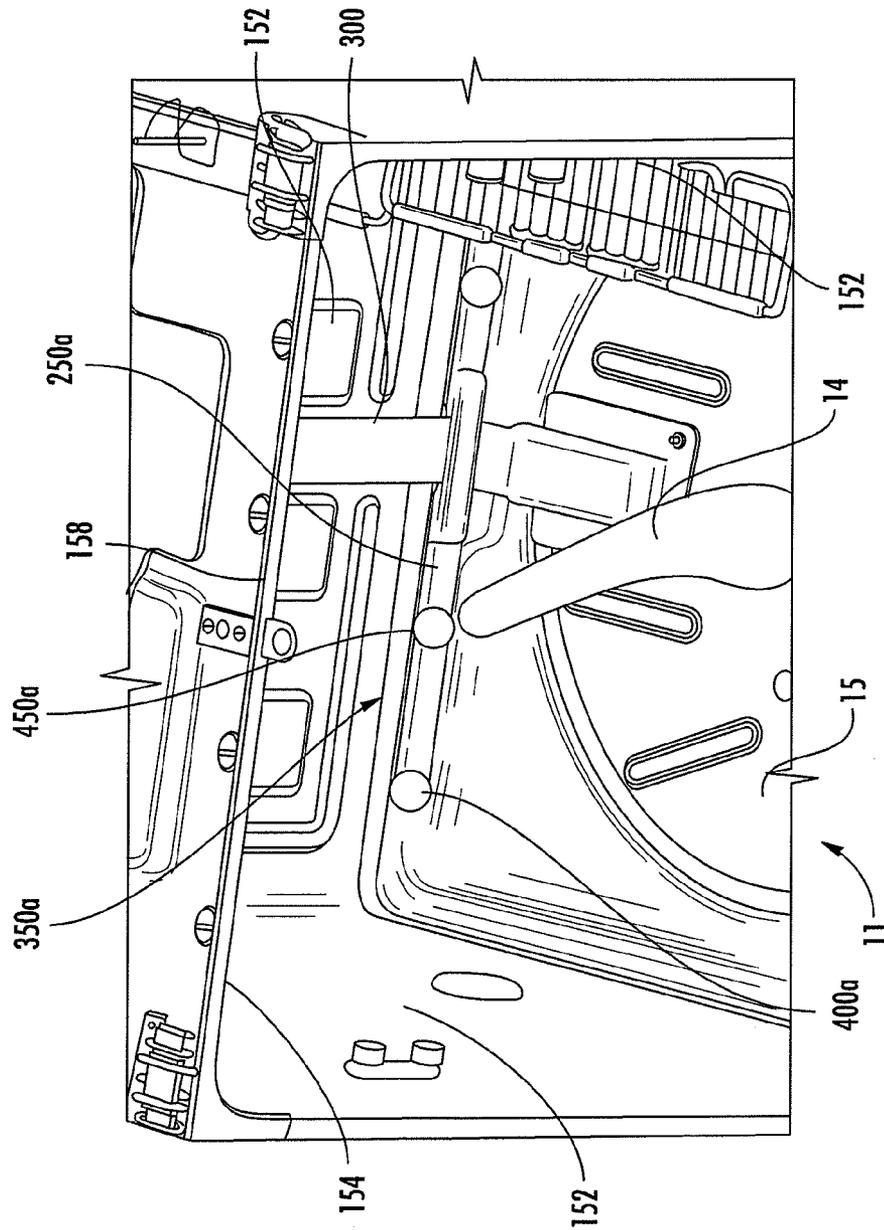


FIG. 3

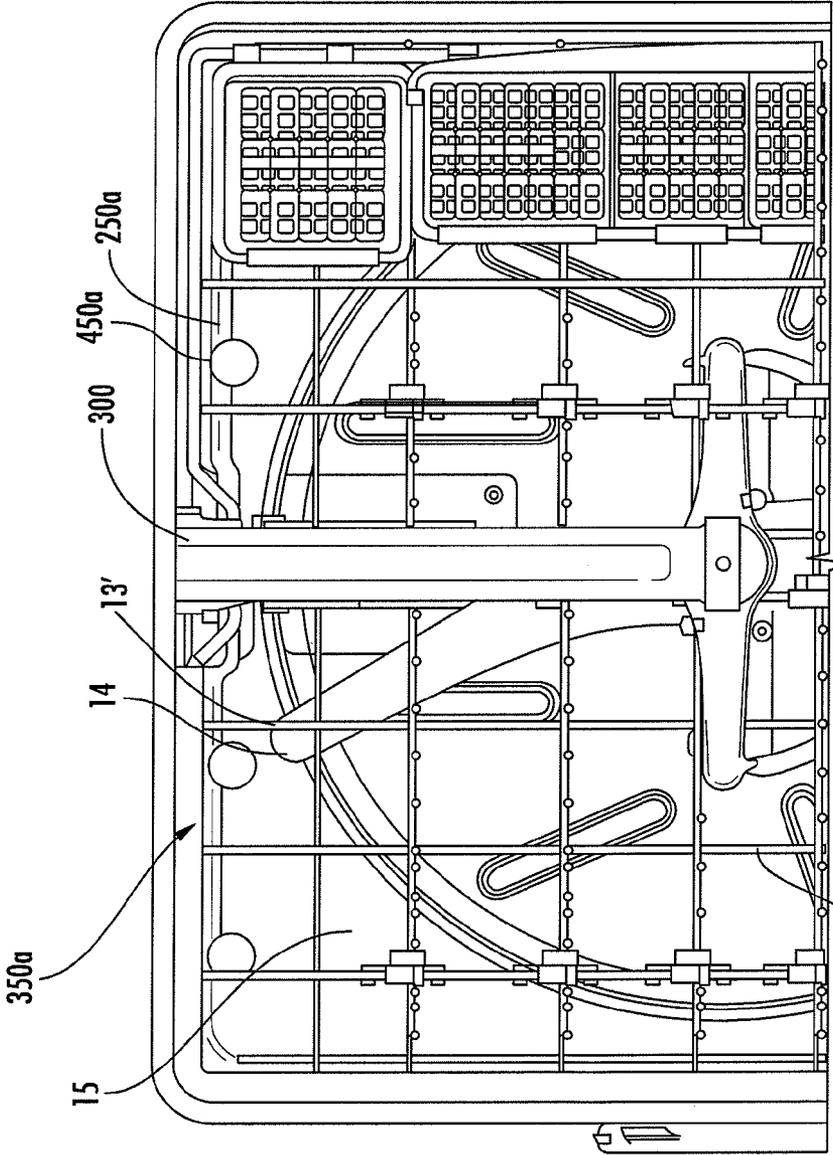


FIG. 4

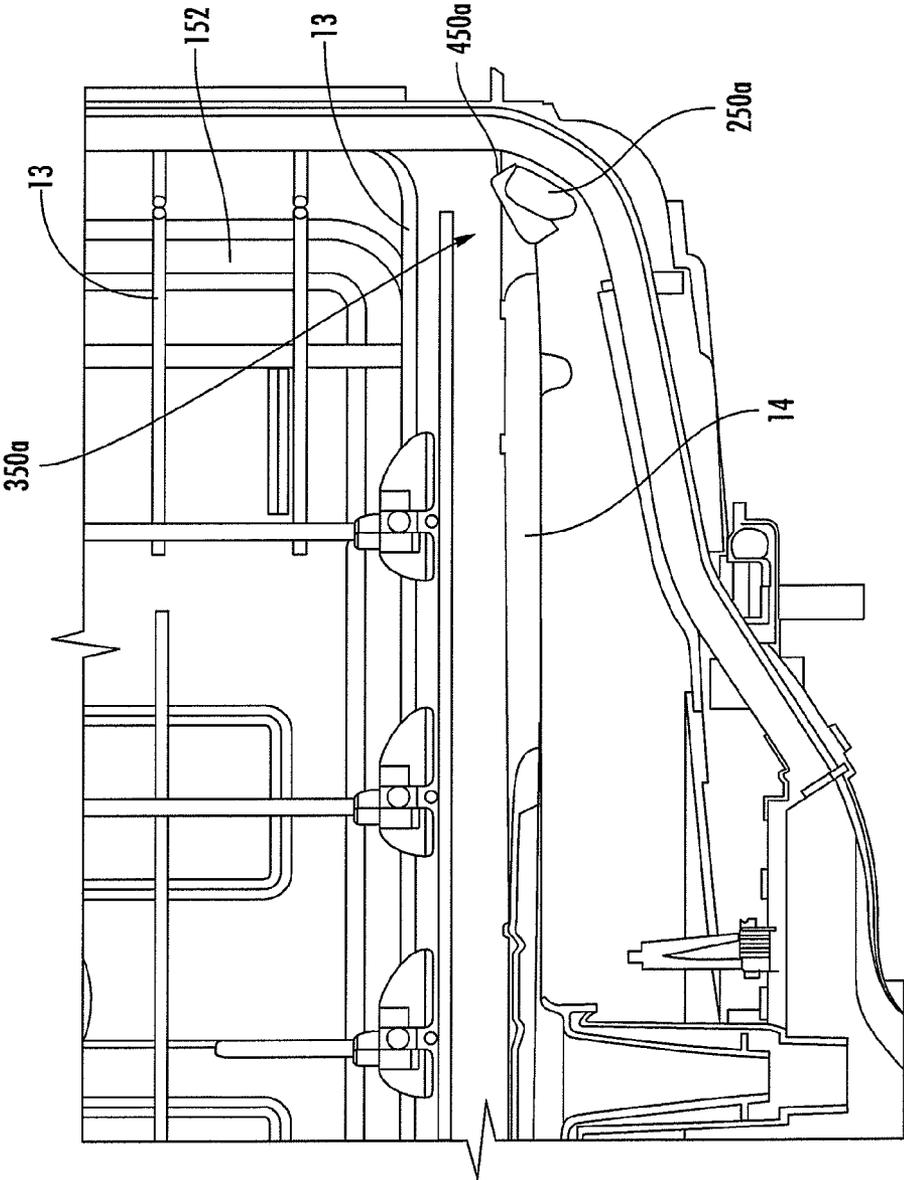


FIG. 5

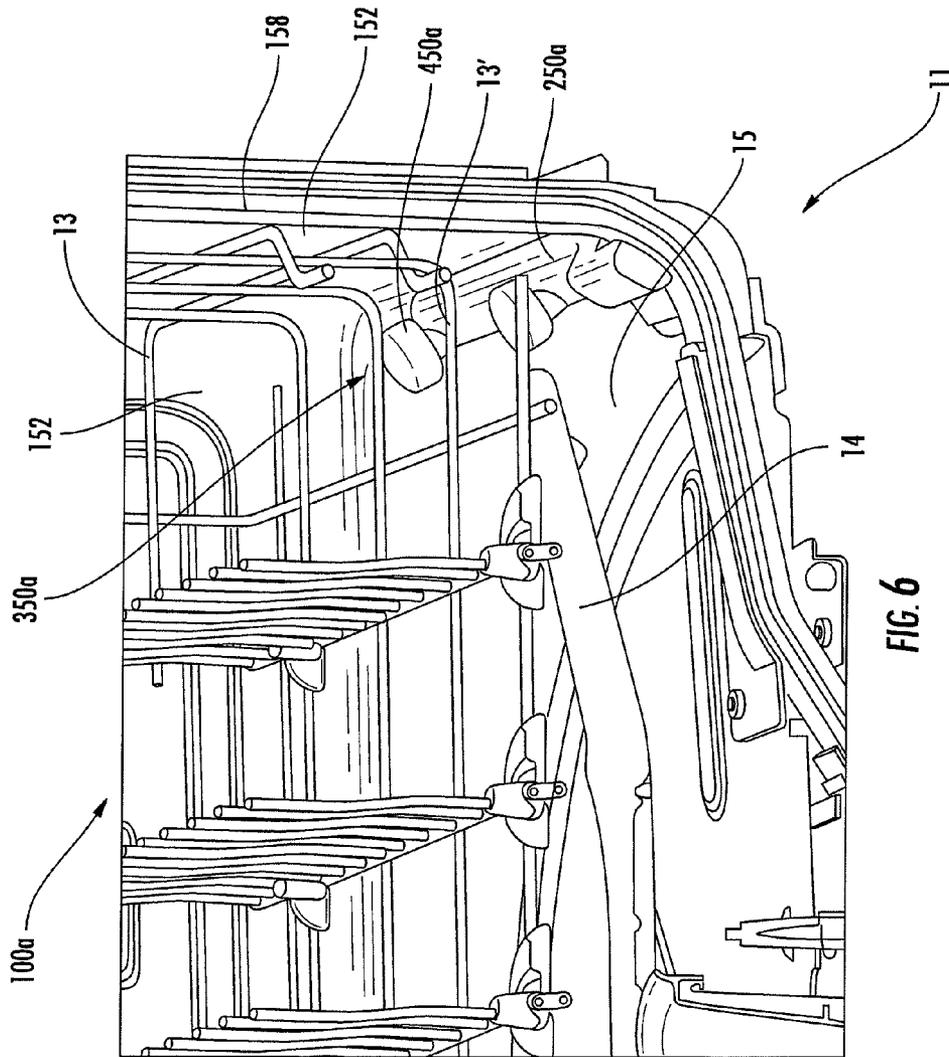


FIG. 6

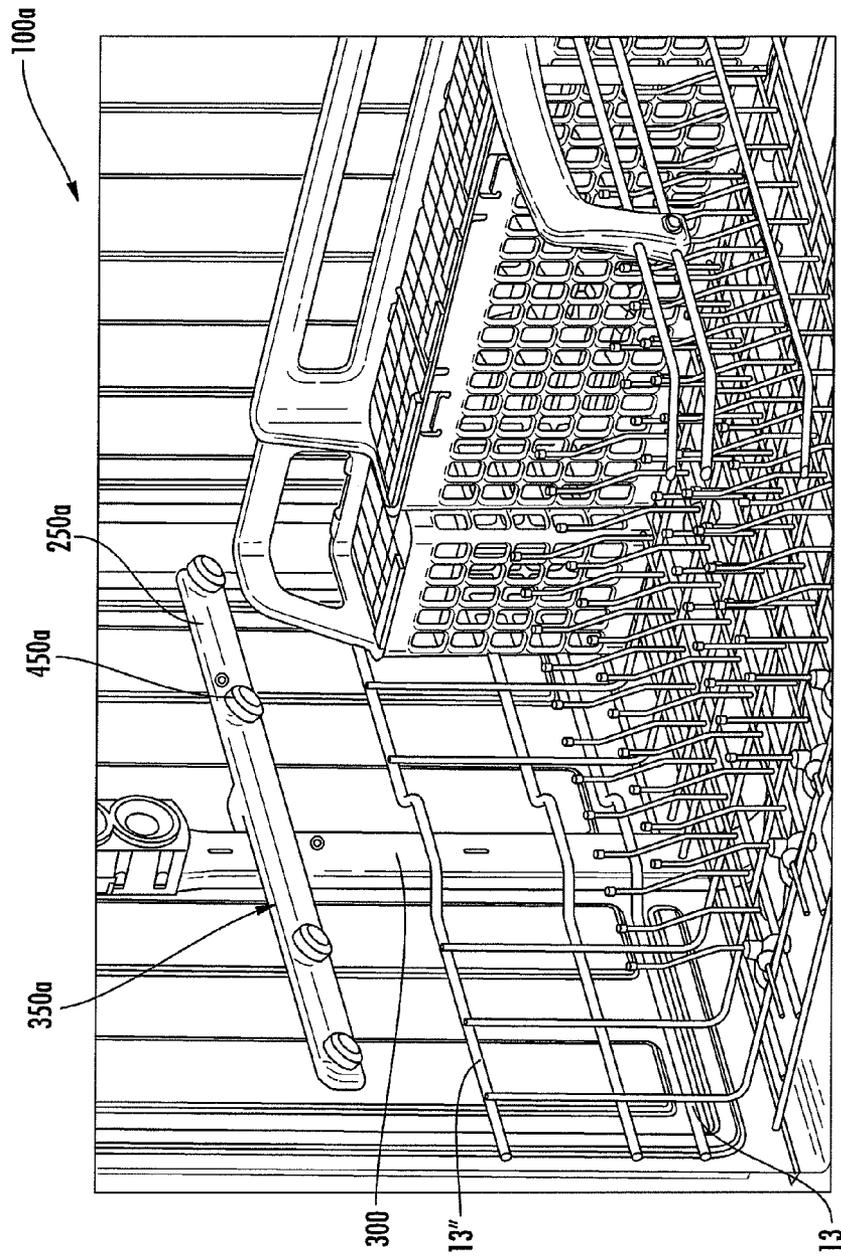


FIG. 7

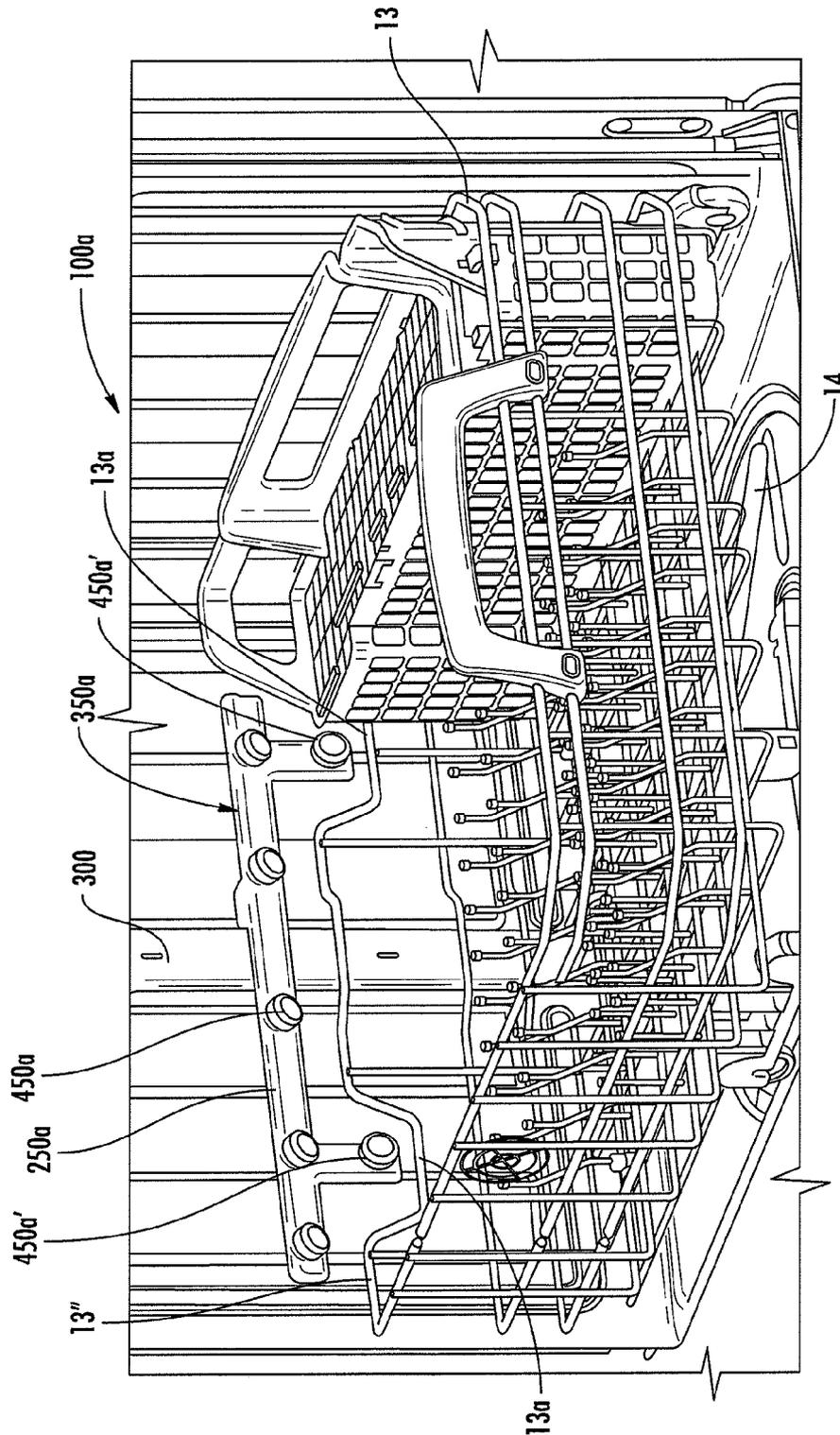


FIG. 7A

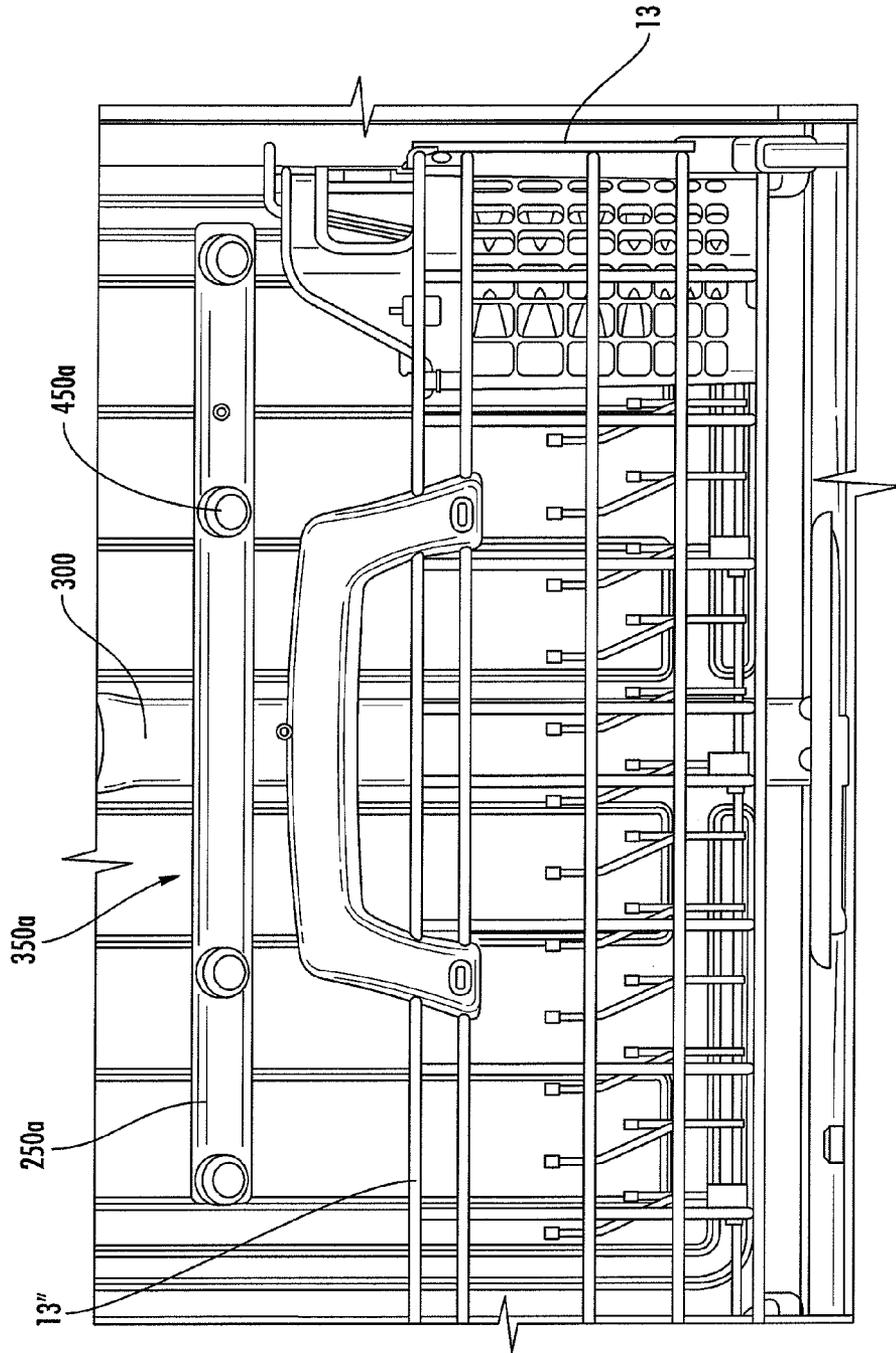


FIG. 8

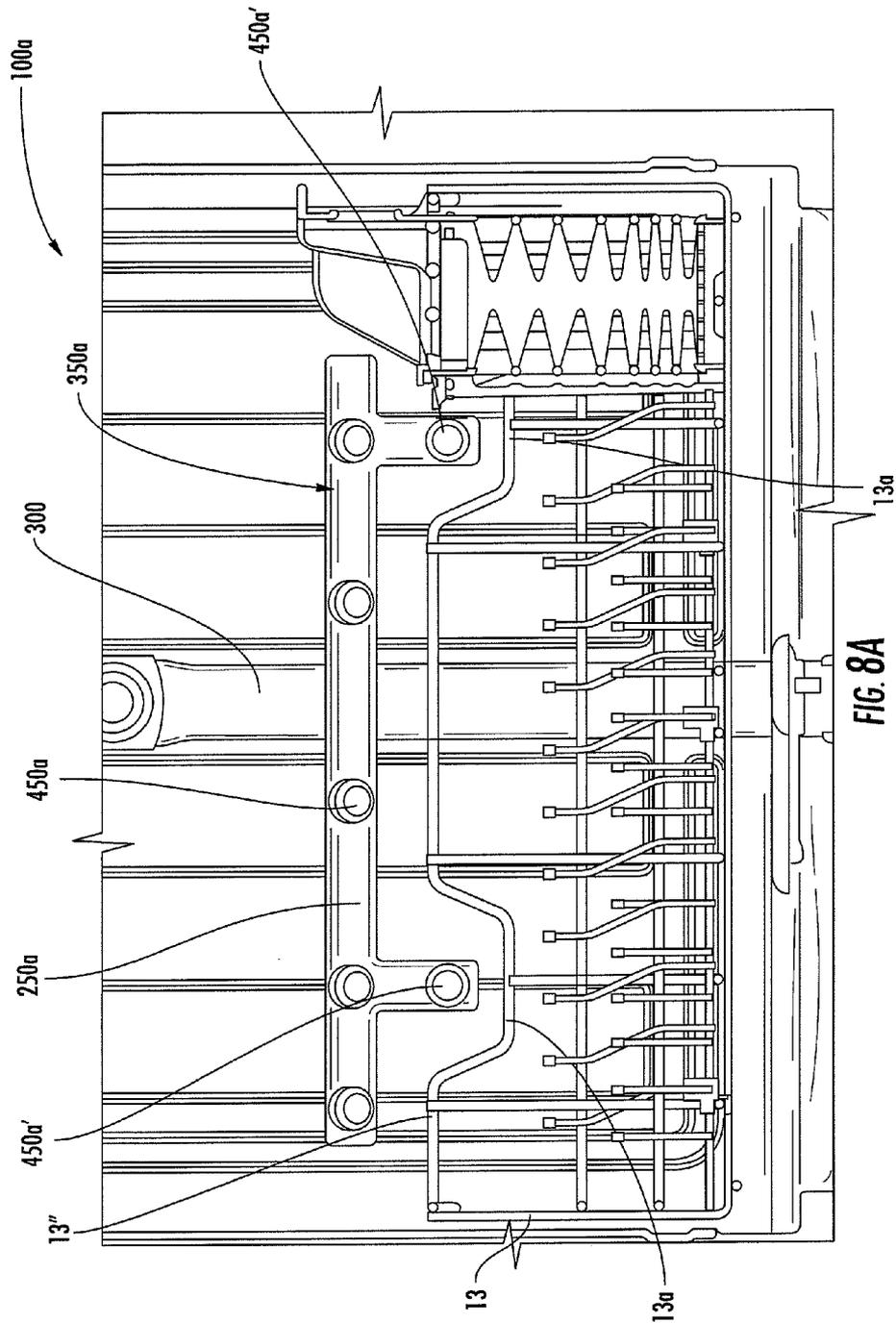
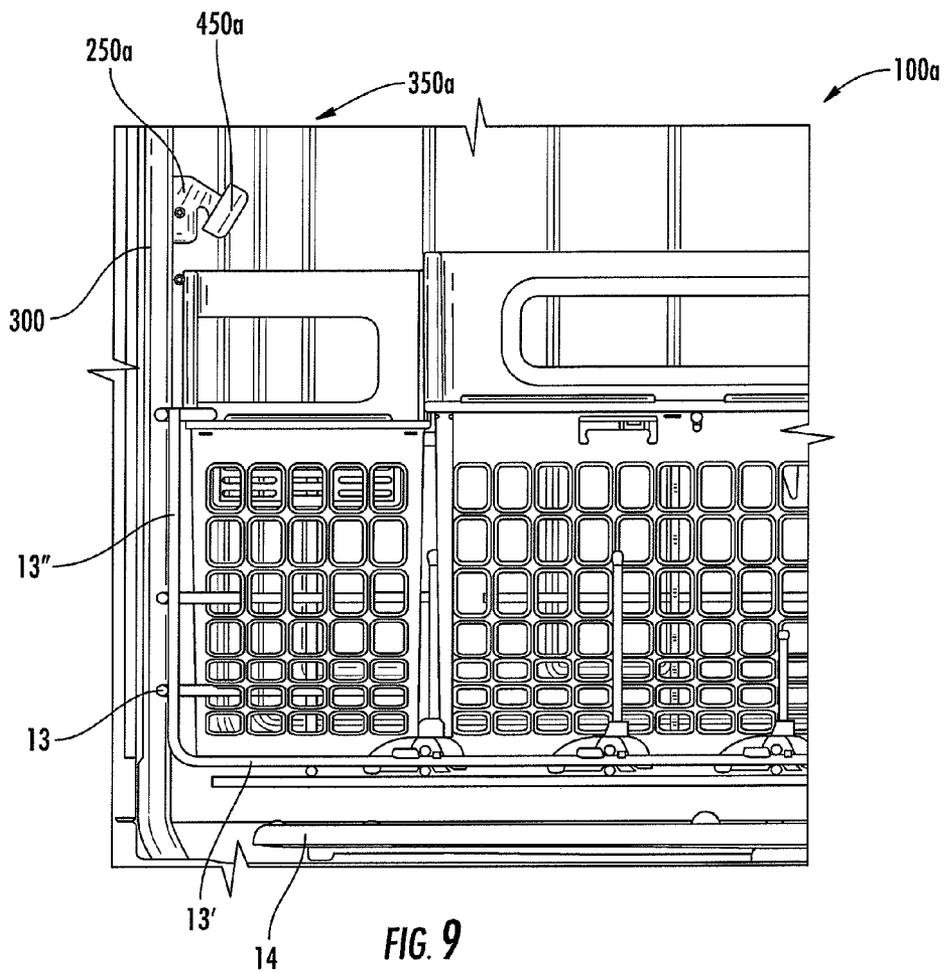


FIG. 8A



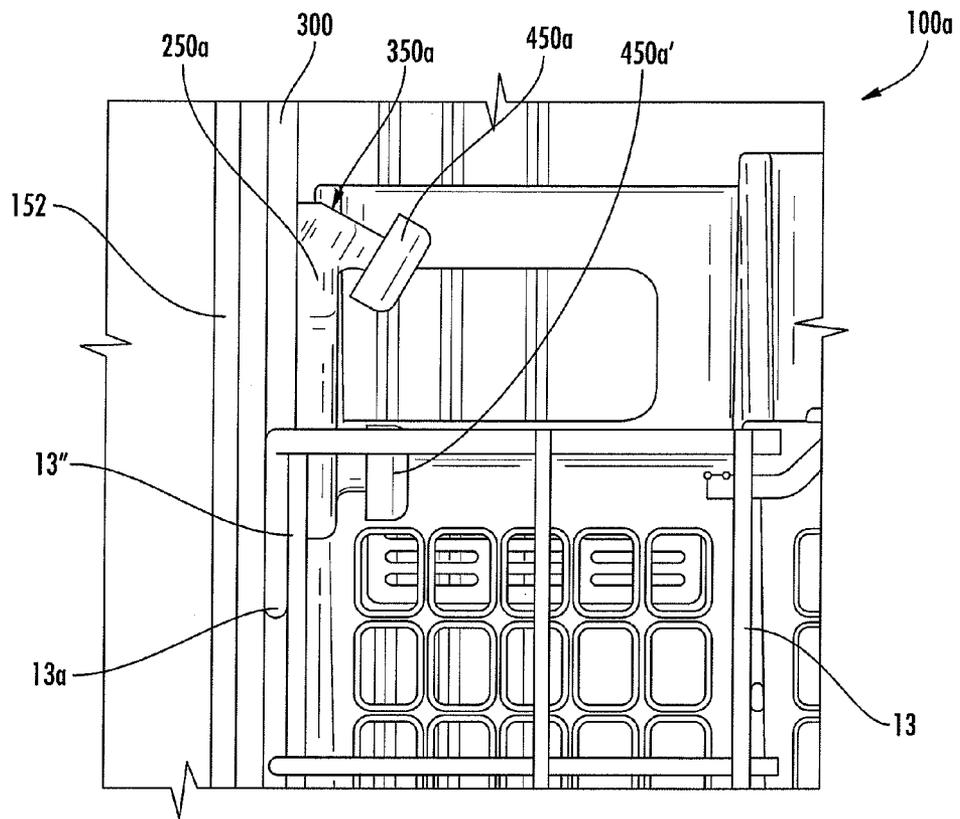


FIG. 9A

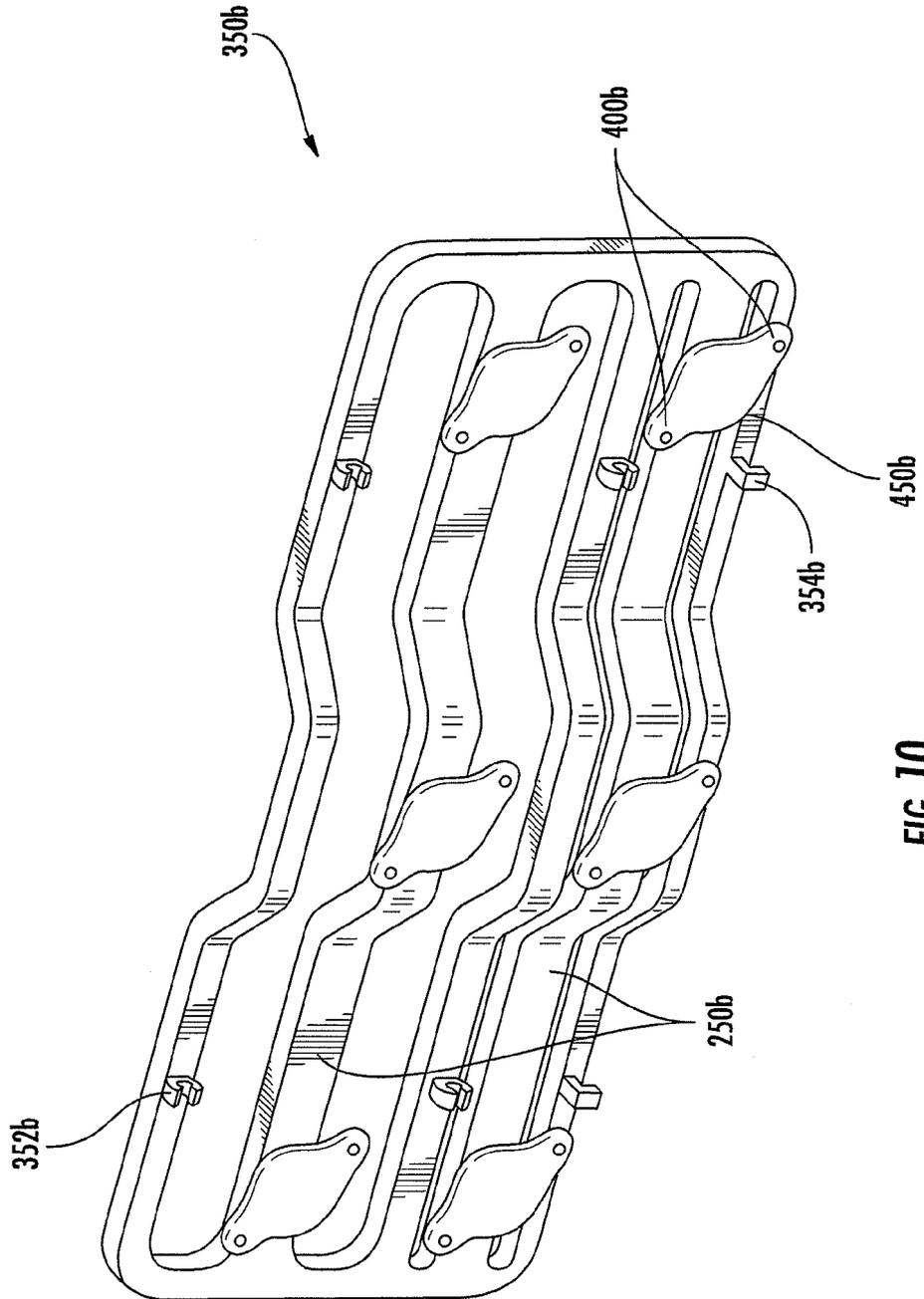


FIG. 10

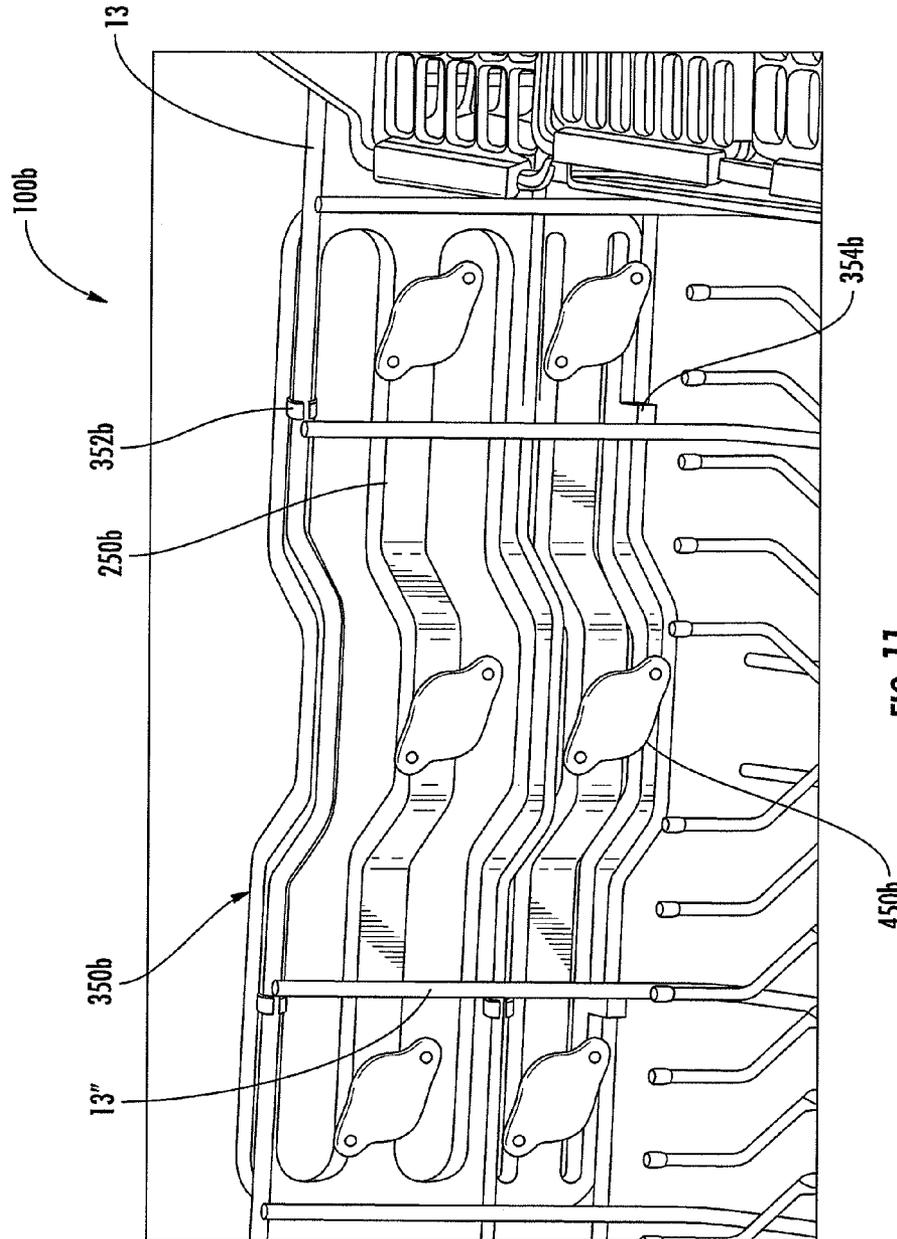


FIG. 17

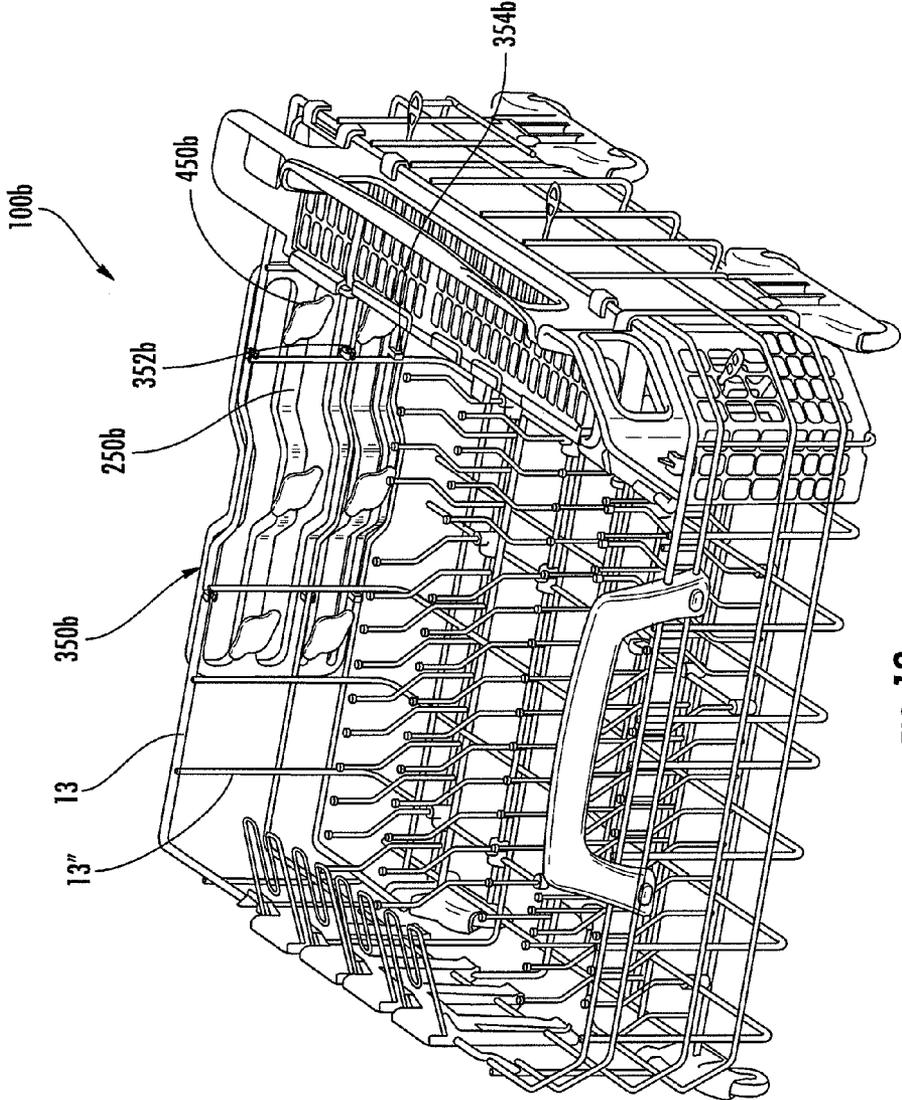


FIG. 12

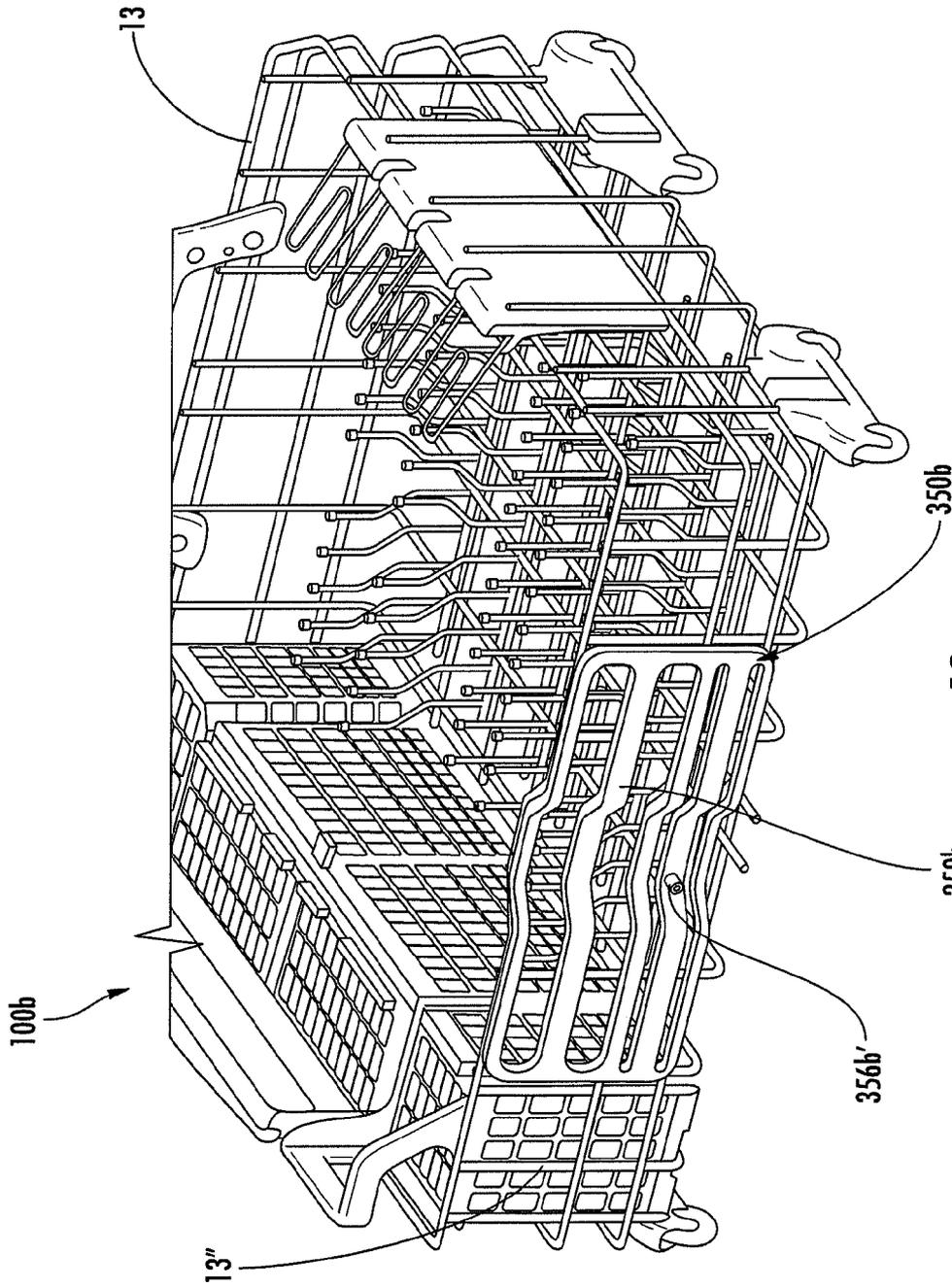


FIG. 13

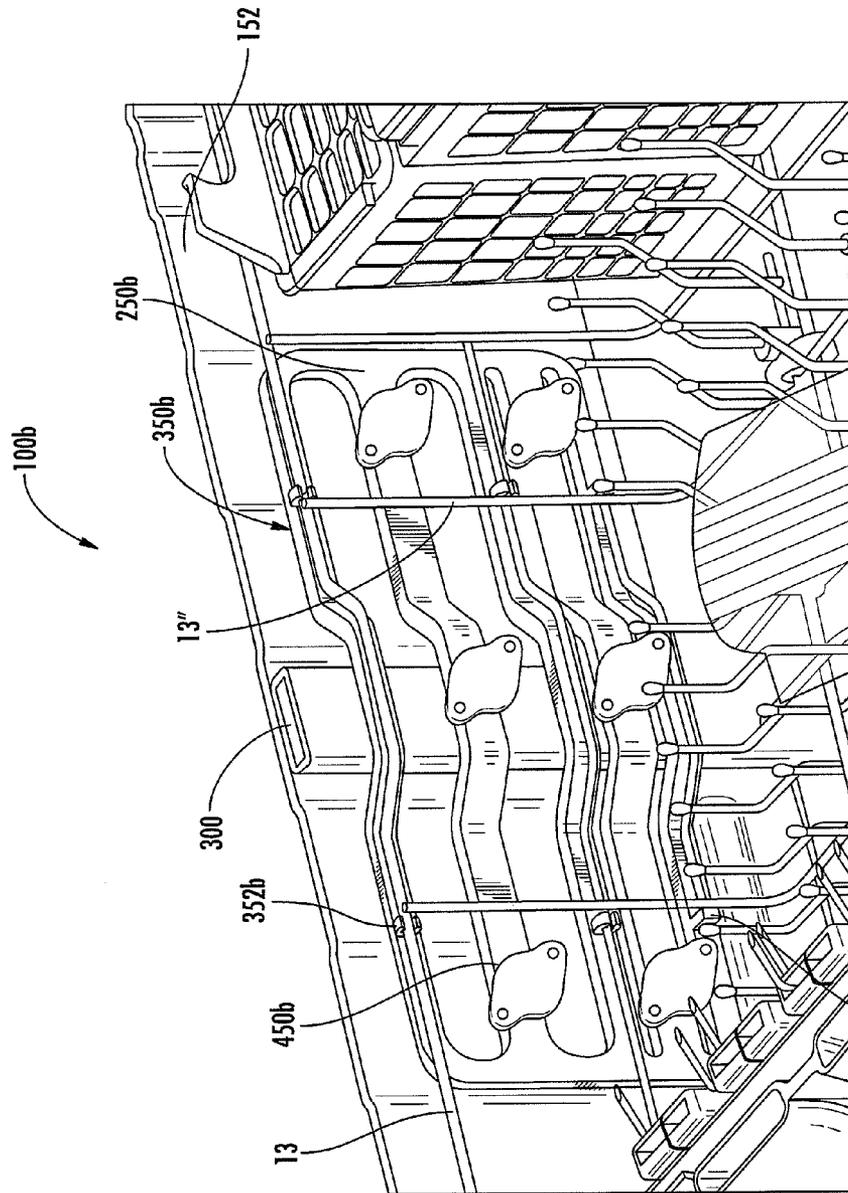
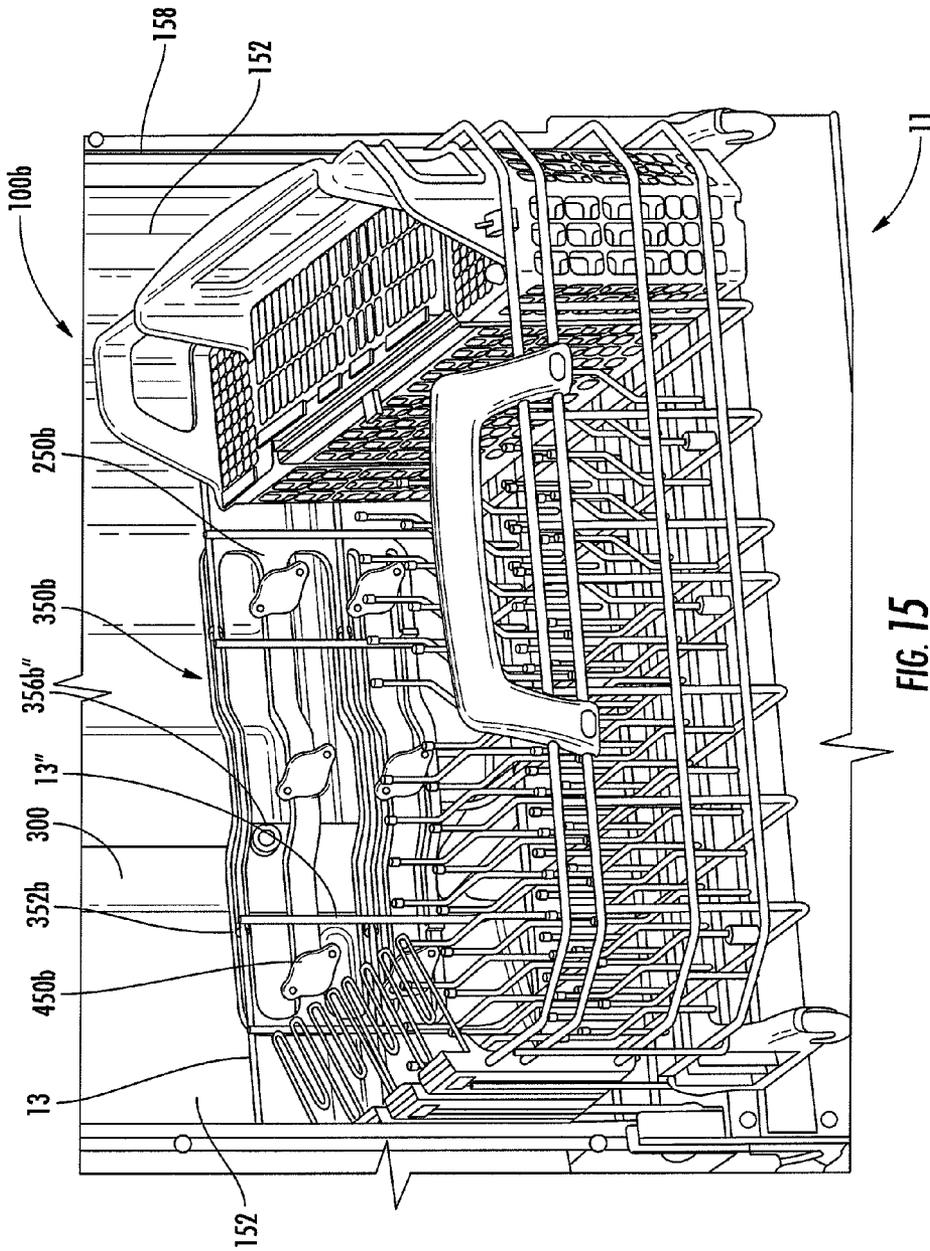


FIG. 14



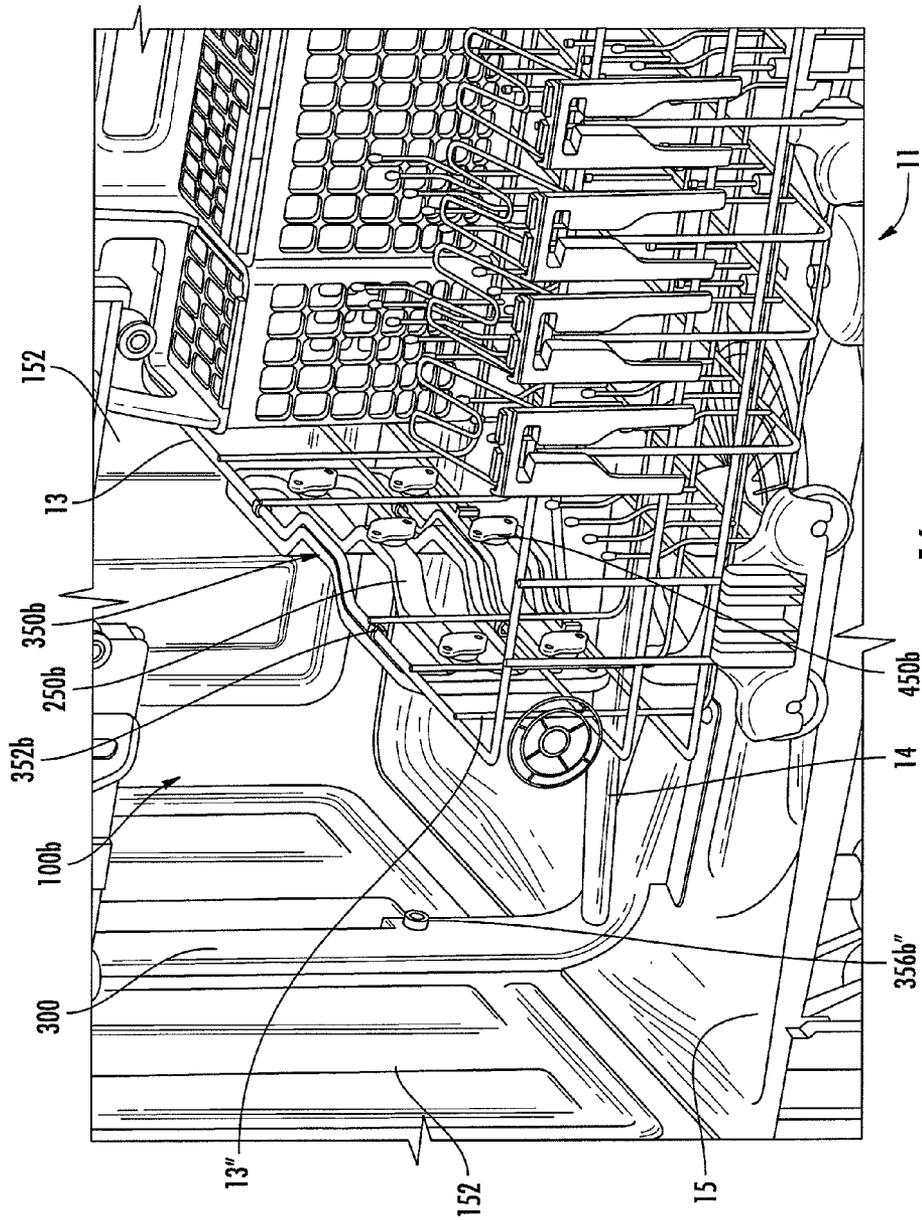


FIG. 16

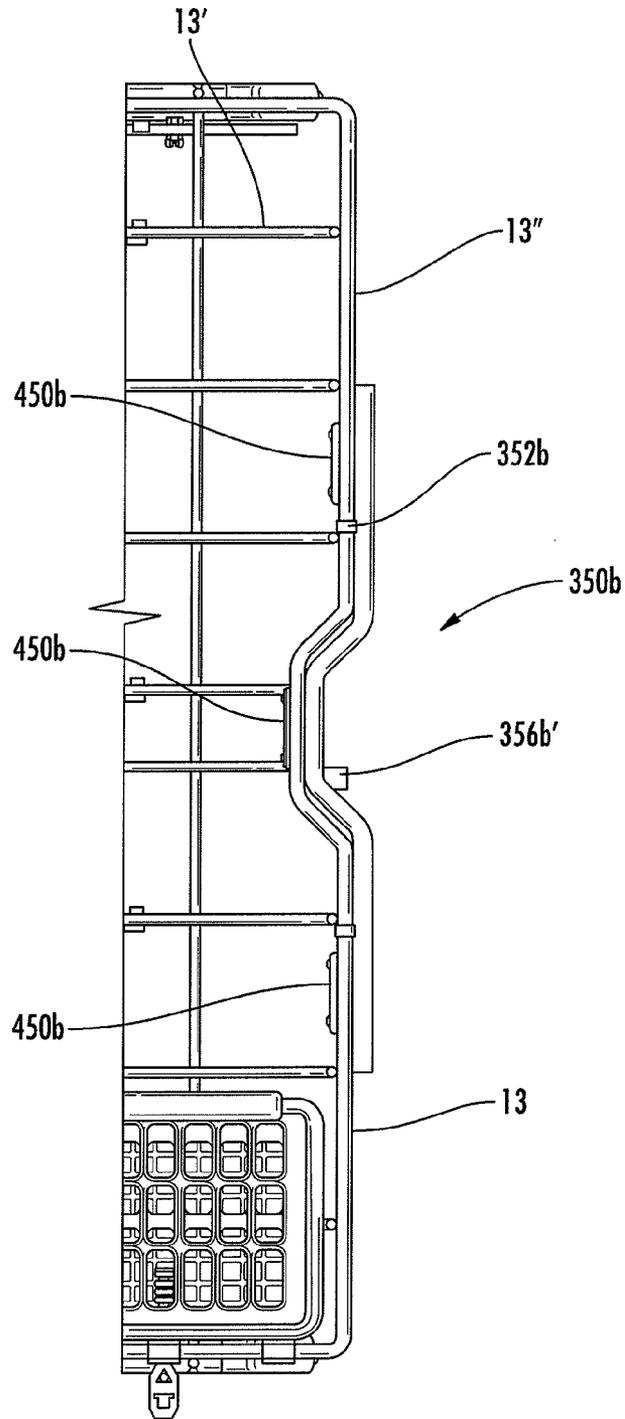


FIG. 17

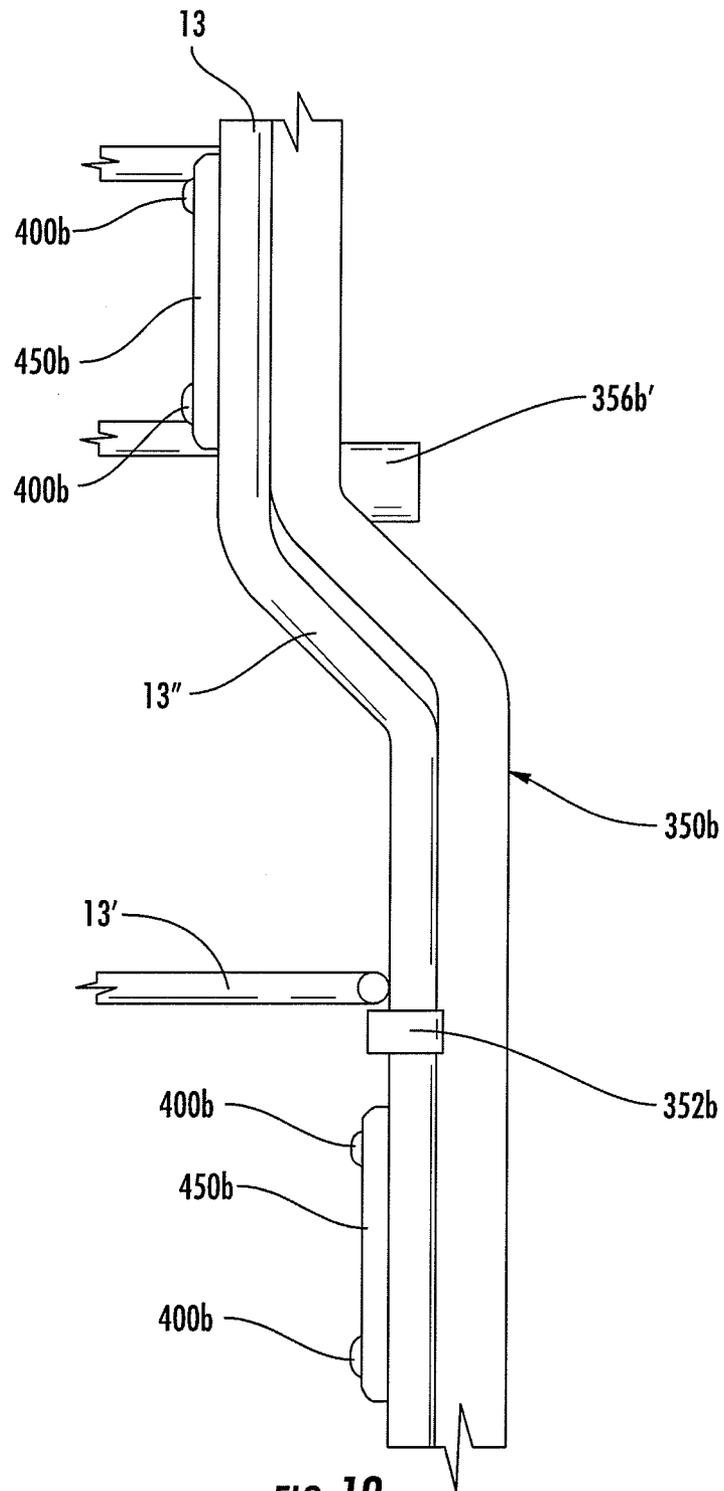


FIG. 18

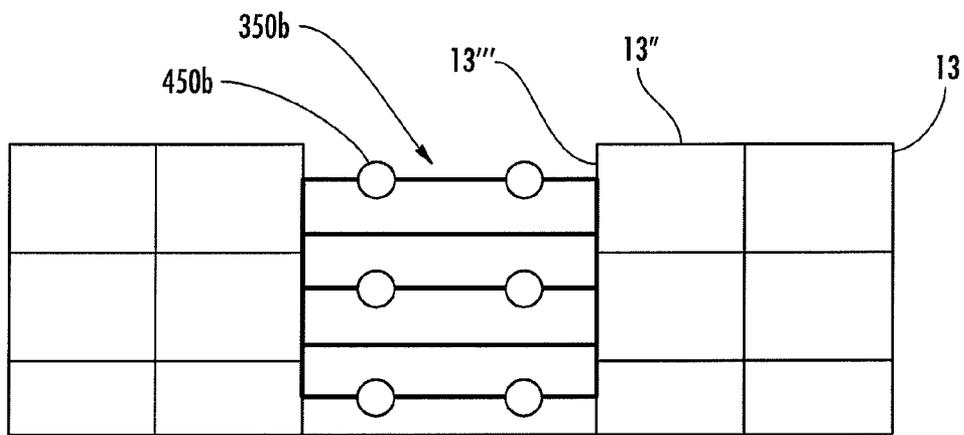


FIG. 19

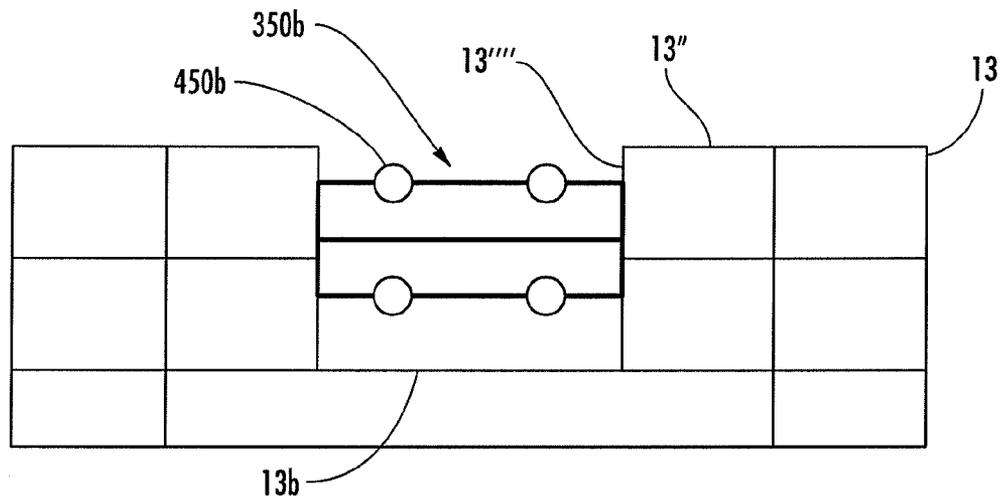


FIG. 20

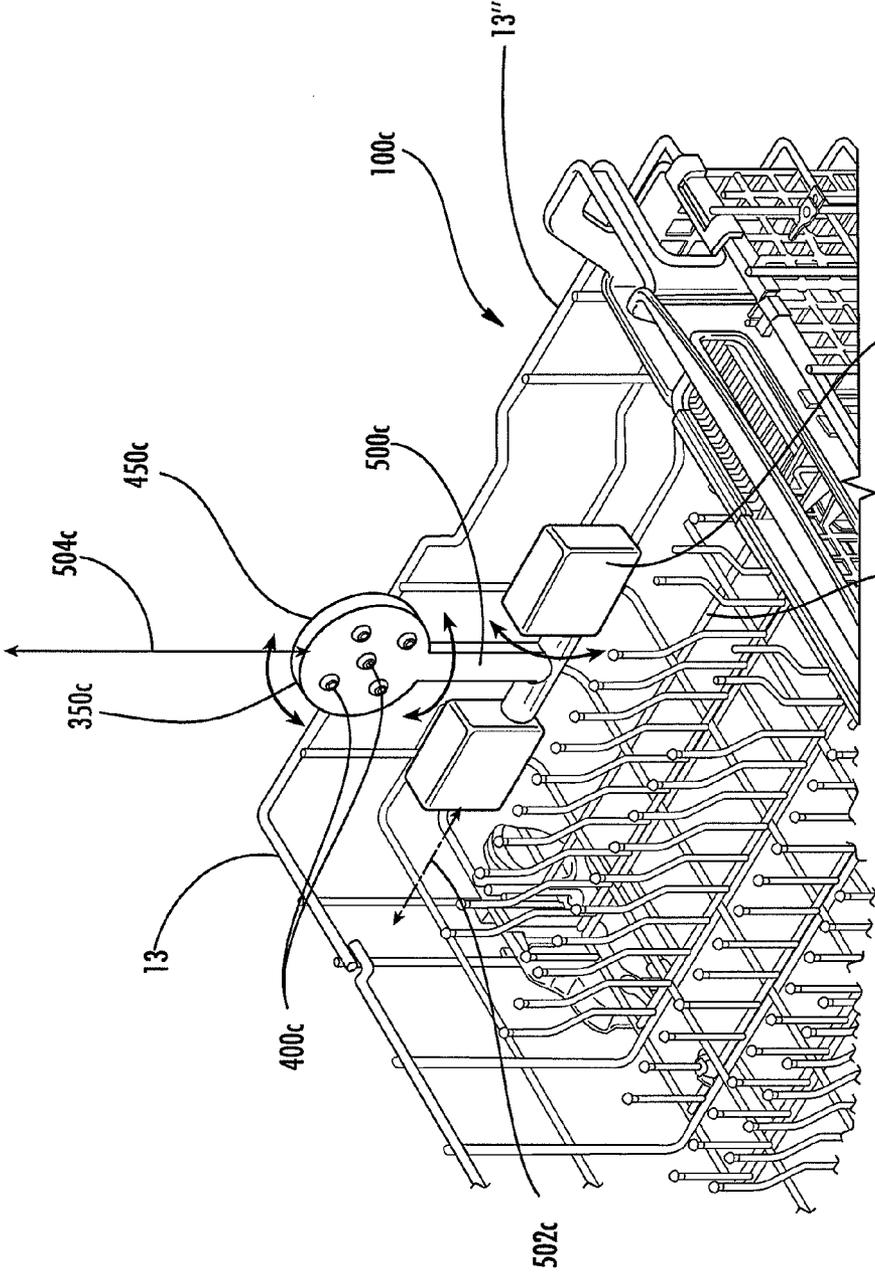
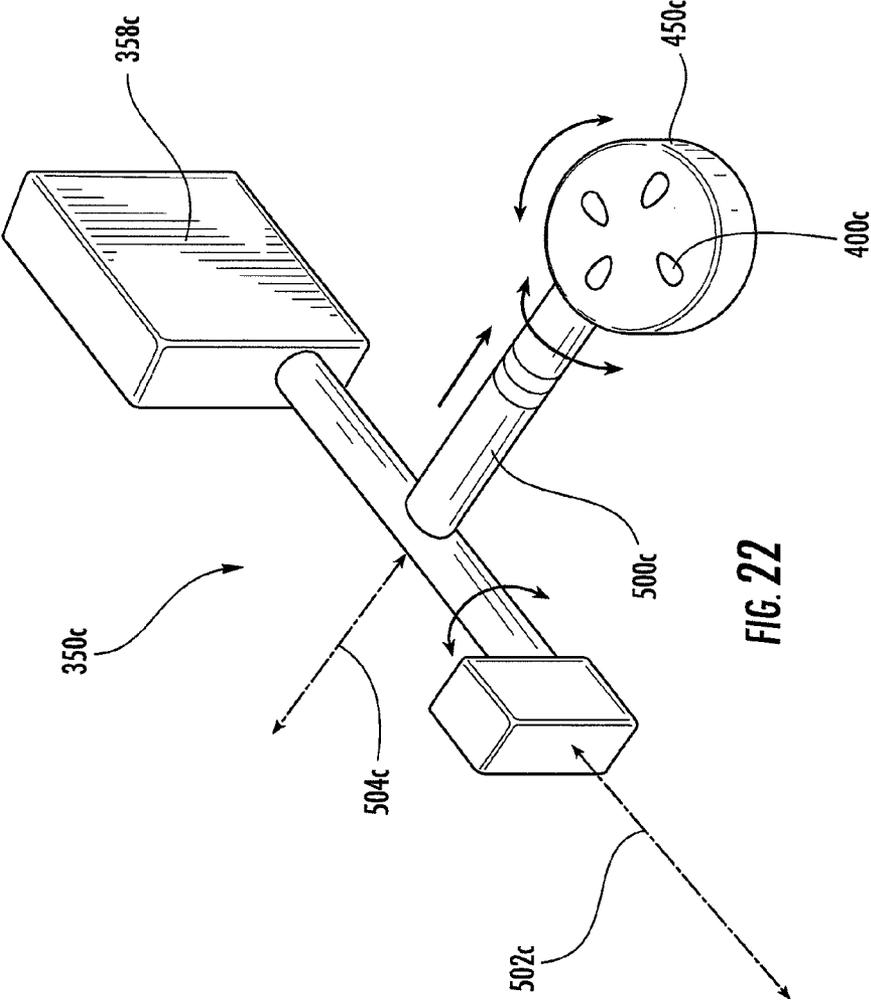
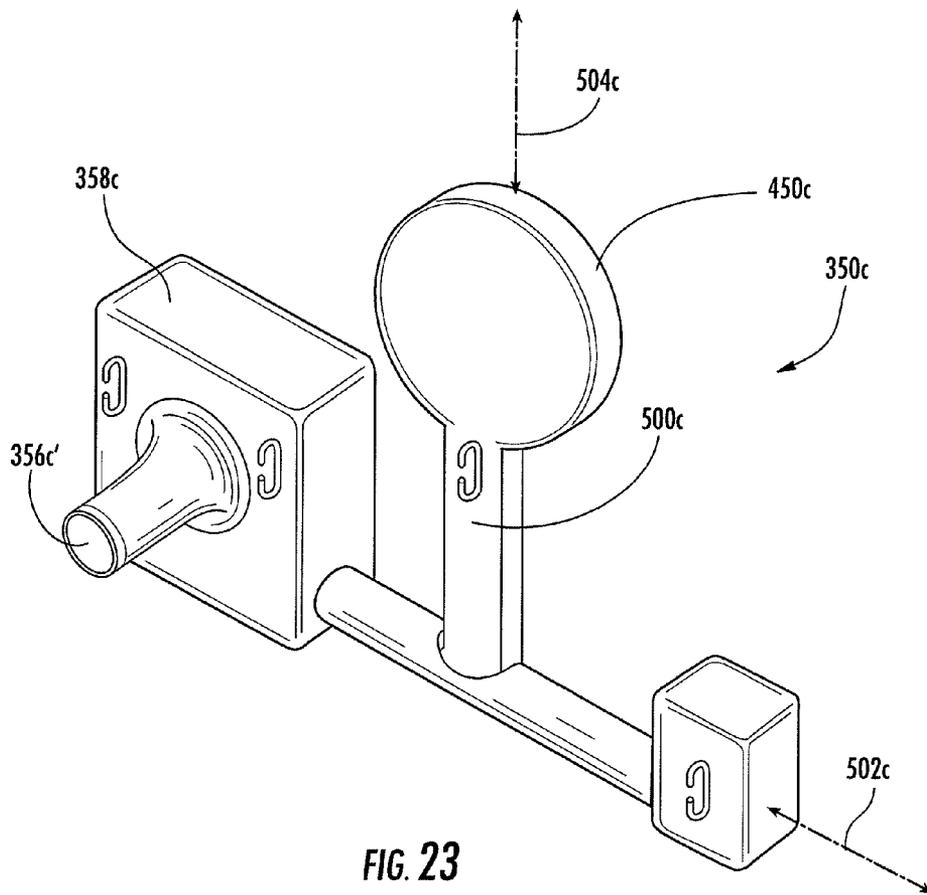
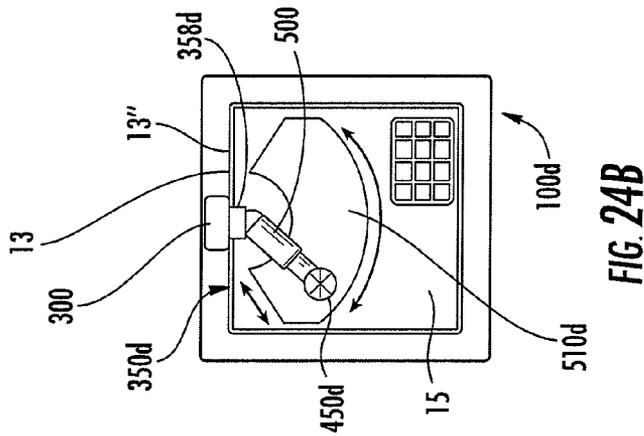
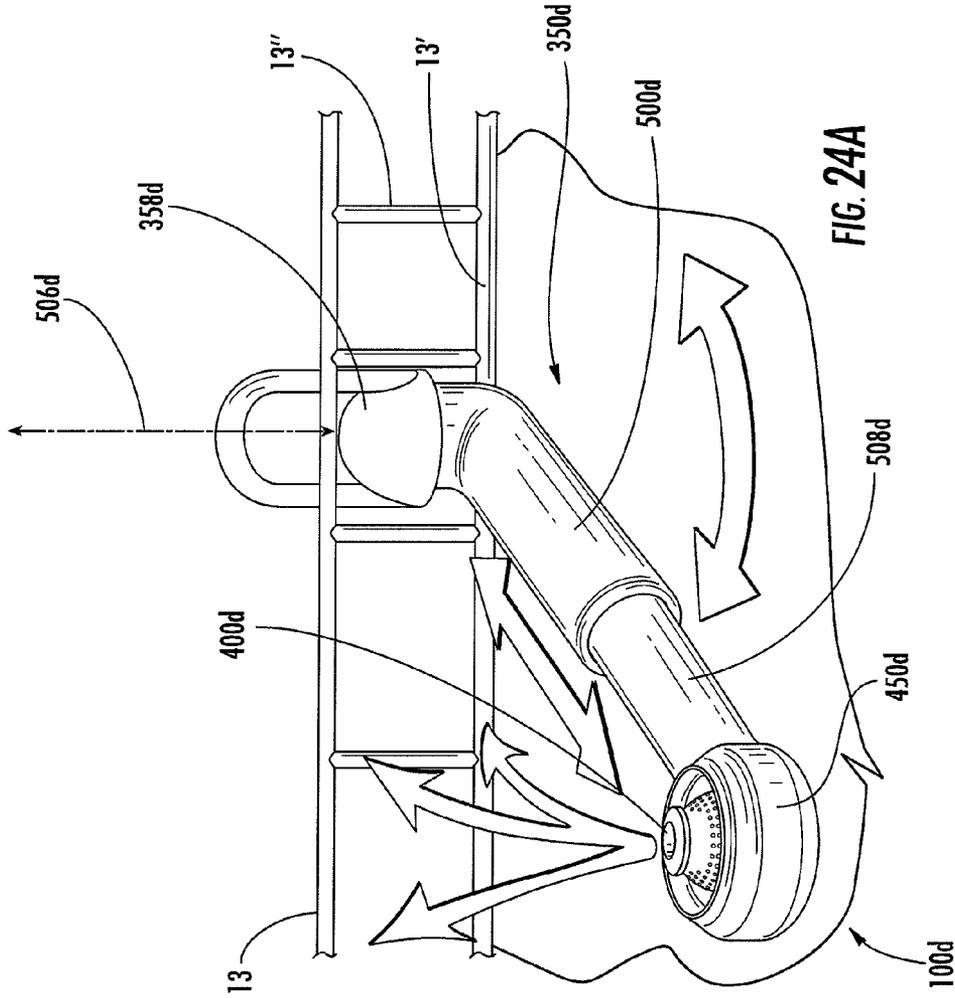


FIG. 21







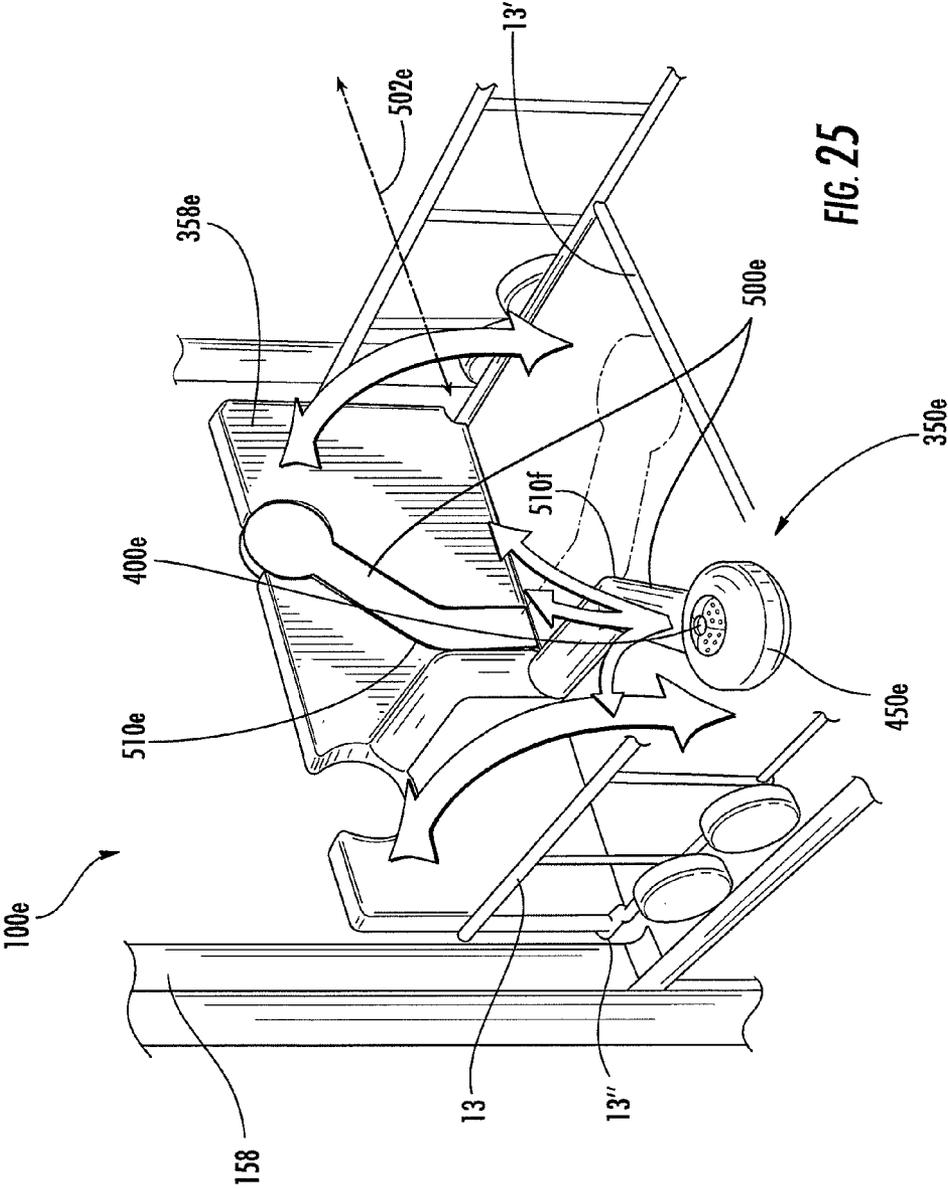


FIG. 25

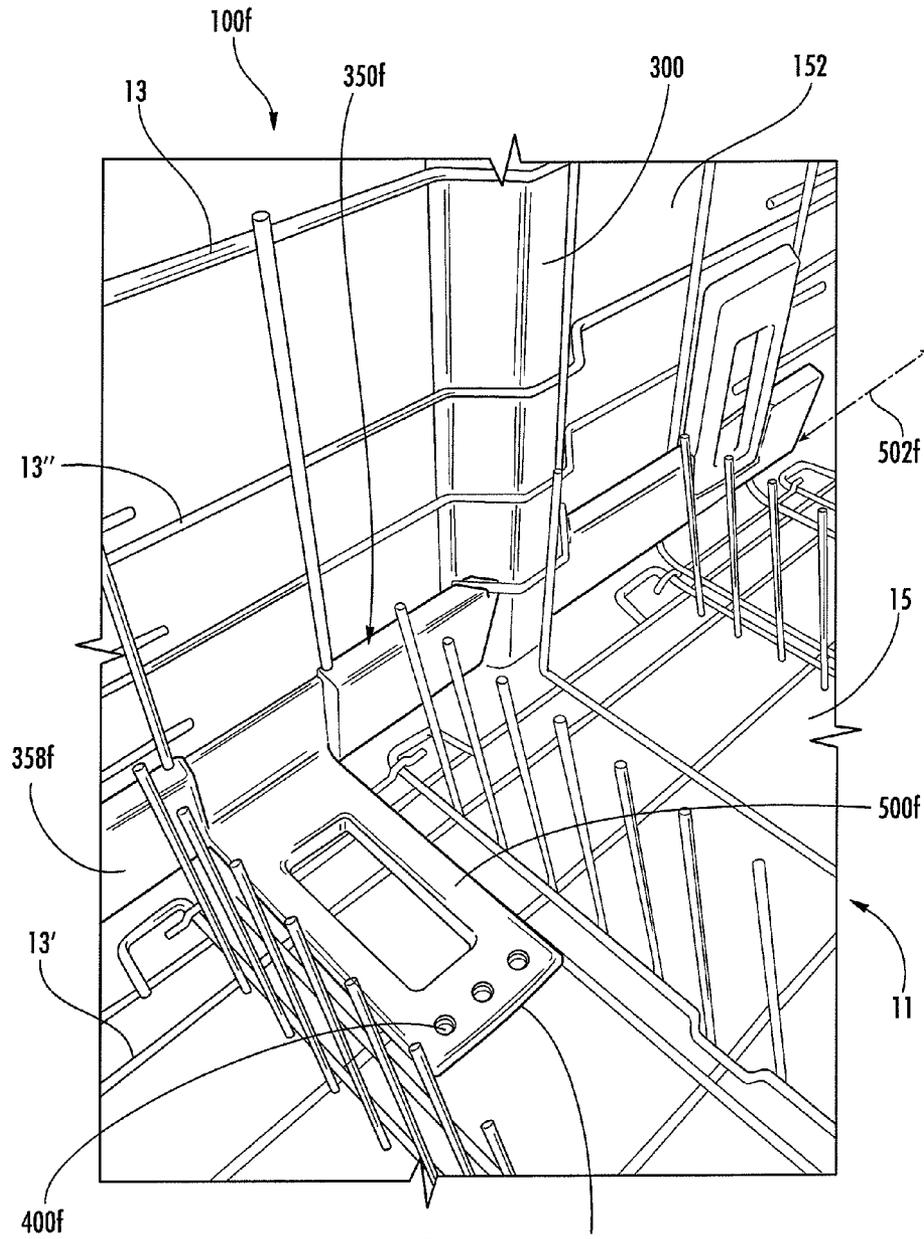
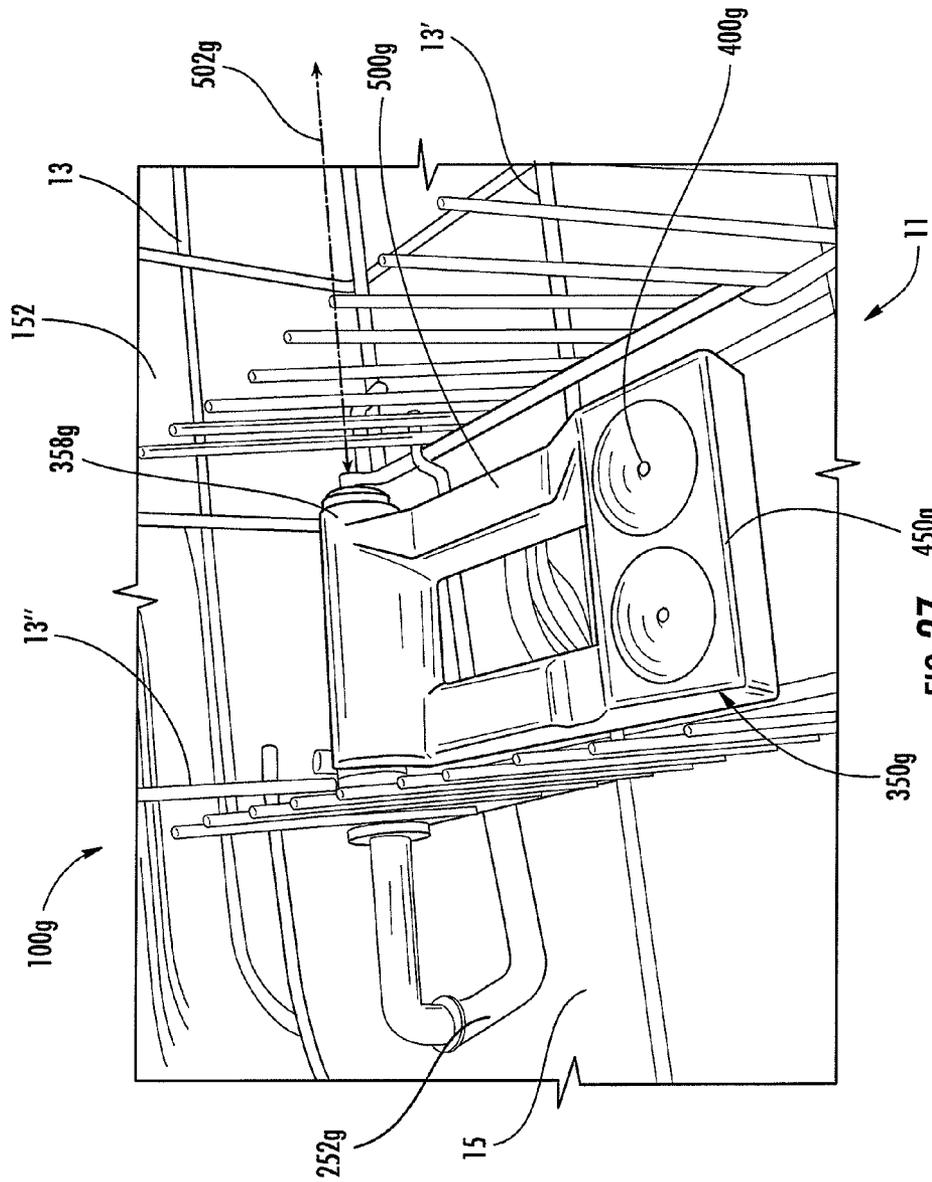


FIG. 26

450f



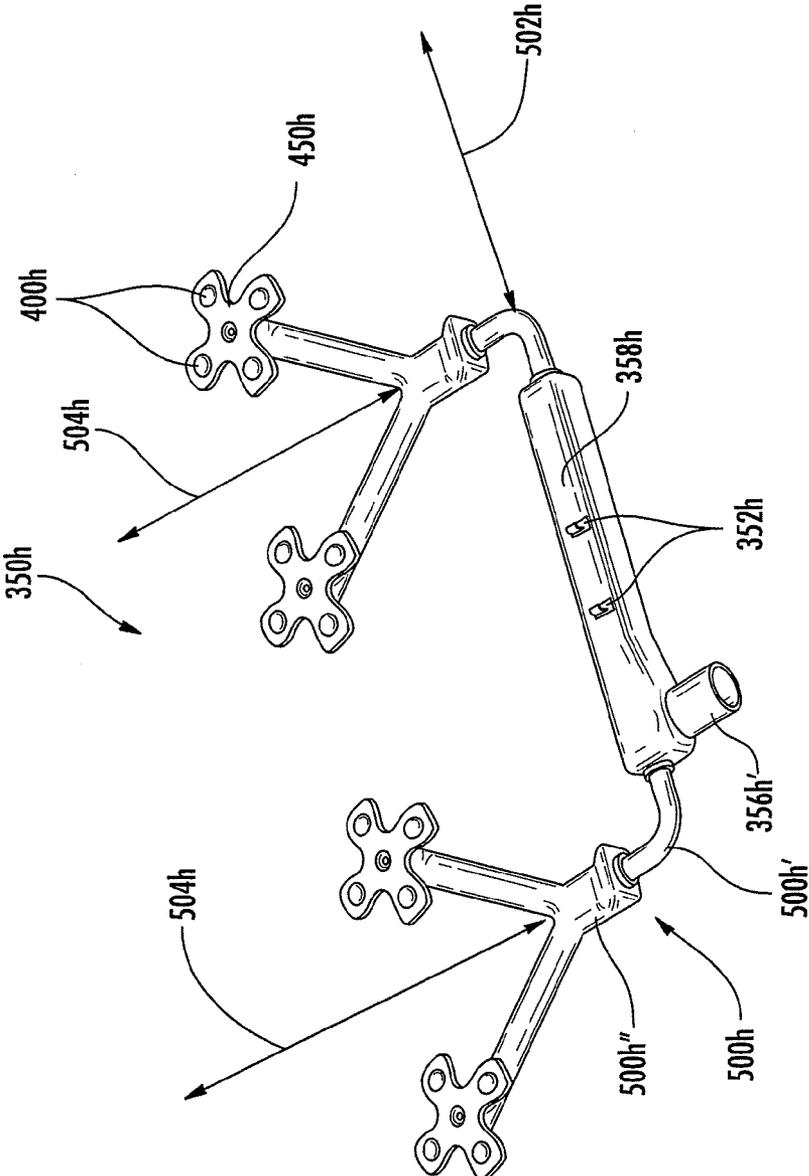


FIG. 28

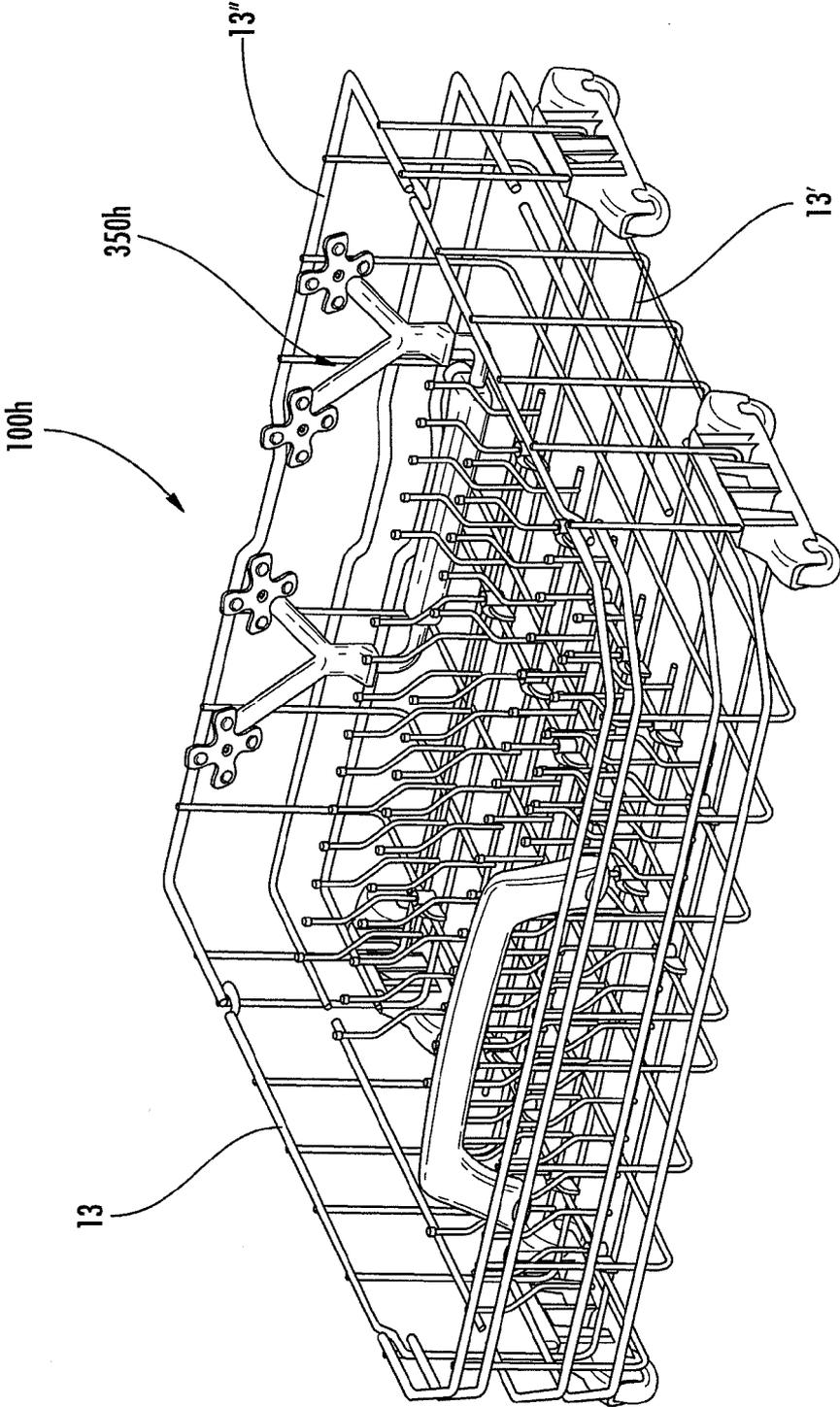


FIG. 29

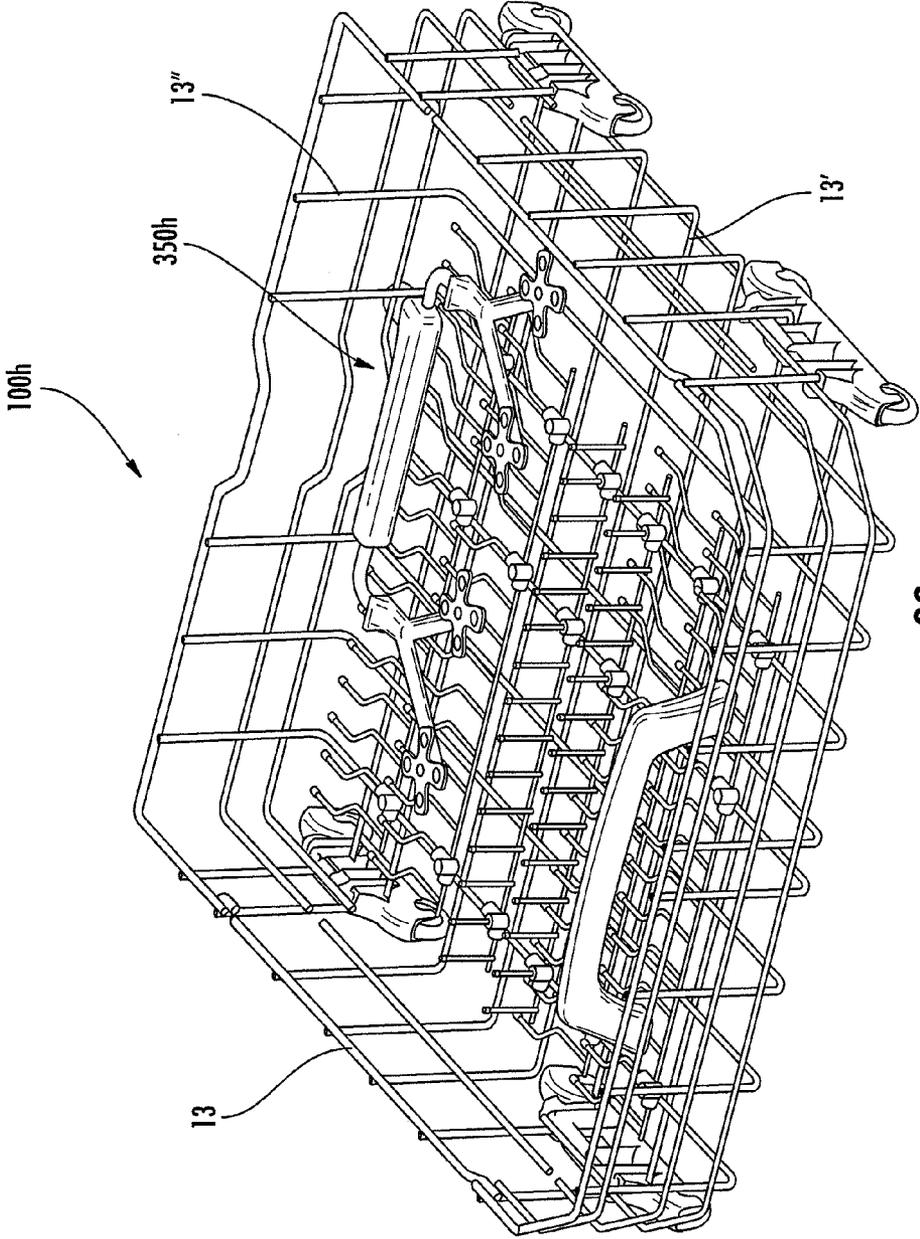


FIG. 30

**FLUID CIRCULATION ARRANGEMENT FOR  
PROVIDING AN INTENSIFIED WASH  
EFFECT IN A DISHWASHER AND AN  
ASSOCIATED METHOD**

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED  
APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/232,539, filed Aug. 10, 2009, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

Embodiments of the present invention are generally related to fluid circulation arrangements in a dishwashing appliance and, more particularly, to fluid circulation arrangements and methods for providing a concentrated and/or intensified wash effect in a dishwasher.

2. Description of Related Art

A dishwasher typically includes a tub portion for receiving dishware to be washed, wherein the tub portion defines a front or forward opening having a door member pivotably engaged therewith for sealing the opening. Often, the tub portion defines an interior space substantially in the form of a cube or elongate cube. However, dishwashing fluid, such as water, is normally sprayed or otherwise distributed over the contents of the tub portion by centrally (and horizontally) disposed rotating spray arms. As such, the dishwashing fluid is generally distributed in a substantially cylindrical configuration within the tub portion to achieve broad coverage and impingement of the dishwashing fluid on the dishware therein.

However, in some testing regimens serving bowls that include/represent baked on food soils may receive low scores since, in many areas of the dishwasher rack (within the tub portion) the jet intensity and dishwashing fluid coverage from the spray arms may not be sufficient to break up and remove heavy or baked-on food soils. In this regard, there may be generally three impediments to effective removal of heavy or baked-on soils: 1) there are baked-on or heavy food soils that are very difficult, in any event, to remove using conventional spray jets from the spray arms during a typical or extended dish washing cycle. To be able to remove these soils, an increase in pressure, time, coverage, and/or temperature may be beneficial. However, combinations of these parameters spread throughout the entire dishwasher and wash cycle may require a disproportional amount of energy to be consumed to clean the few dishware items with baked-on or heavy soils, versus the remainder of the dishware items wherein the majority of the soils may typically range from light to moderate in magnitude and/or cleaning difficulty; 2) a typical dishwasher spray arm may be designed to cover and clean all types of dishware that is dispersed within the dishwasher rack(s). To maximize the spray jet impingement on the soiled surface of such dishware, the dishware may be placed in the rack(s) in a horizontal orientation to maximize exposure to the dishwashing fluid dispensed from the typical horizontally-disposed rotating spray arm configuration. Such dishware, which may be large in usable surface area, would severely limit the amount of dishware items that could be loaded in the rack, if such items are placed in a horizontal orientation; and 3) due to the nature of baked-on or heavy soils, such soiled dishware may require specialized provisions for more concentrated and intensified exposure to the dishwashing fluid to enable such soils to be removed therefrom.

As such, there exists a need for an apparatus and associated method for concentrating and/or intensifying the distribution of dishwashing fluid in a dishwasher, whether selectively or on-demand, to achieve “focused” cleaning power on a particular area within the tub portion, in addition to or in the alternative to conventional spray arm technology, and possibly in the alternative to some “zone cleaning” schemes.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The above and other needs are met by embodiments of the present invention which, in one aspect, provides a fluid circulation arrangement for circulating dishwashing fluid within a tub portion of a dishwasher, wherein the tub portion including a plurality of walls defining a forward opening. Such a fluid circulation arrangement comprises a rack disposed about a lower end of the tub portion and adapted to receive dishware therein. A dishwashing fluid supply conduit is disposed about and is configured to extend laterally across the lower end of the tub portion. A spray device is operably engaged with one of the rack and the laterally-extending dishwashing fluid supply conduit so as to be supported thereby. The spray device is adapted to receive the dishwashing fluid from the laterally-extending dishwashing fluid supply conduit and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom through at least one nozzle member, so as to provide at least one of a concentrated wash effect and an intensified wash effect at a selected disposition within the tub portion.

The spray device is configured to provide an intensified and/or concentrated wash effect via one or more fixed, moving, rotating, pulsing, gyrating, oscillating, vortex, or random spray pattern fluid jets for removing soils from the dishware placed in a selected disposition within a dish rack within the tub portion. By directing such particular, dedicated spray devices and associated nozzle members toward a dedicated area of the rack, one or more selectable wash cycles can be configured to particularly include parameters for effectuating the disclosed fluid circulation arrangement so as to effectively clean heavy and/or baked-on soils from certain dishware placed in the tub portion, while minimizing or eliminating the direction of such capabilities to other areas within the tub portion of the dishwasher having dishware with light or moderate soil levels, thereby reducing or minimizing dishwashing fluid pressure requirements, operational noise levels, and energy consumption. Further, implementation of a movable or fixed arm for supporting the spray device, in conjunction with a particularly configured support member (nozzle head) and one or more particularly configured nozzle members, further allows the discharged/distributed dishwashing fluid to be concentrated/intensified, as necessary, to the dedicated area within the tub portion from different directions/orientations.

In a further embodiment a dishwasher is provided wherein the dishwasher comprises a rack defining a bottom and at least one sidewall, wherein the rack is adapted to receive dishware therein. The dishwasher also includes a dishwashing fluid supply channel configured to supply a dishwashing fluid, and a spray assembly coupled to the sidewall of the rack. The spray assembly includes at least one nozzle member adapted to receive the dishwashing fluid from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom.

In one aspect, the spray assembly is coupled to the sidewall so as to be supported thereby. The spray assembly may further comprise at least one attachment member configured to couple the spray assembly to the sidewall of the rack. Further, the spray assembly may comprise a fluid connector config-

3

ured to couple the spray assembly to the dishwashing fluid supply channel so as to provide fluid communication therebetween. Additionally, the rack may be moveable between a loading position at which the spray assembly is decoupled from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and an operating position at which the spray assembly is coupled to the dishwashing fluid supply channel. Also, the dishwasher may further comprise a valve configured to control supply of the dishwashing fluid to the nozzle member.

The spray assembly may further comprise an arm coupled to the nozzle member. The arm may be moveable with respect to the rack and can be various shapes and configurations (e.g., Y-shaped). Further, the arm may be configured to rotate about a first axis between a first position wherein the nozzle member is directed substantially horizontally and a second position wherein the nozzle member is directed substantially vertically. In one aspect, the spray assembly comprises a plurality of arms each rotatable with respect to the rack about the first axis and each comprising at least one respective nozzle member. The arm may comprise a bend configured to direct the nozzle member away from a center of the bottom of the rack in the second position. The dishwasher may further comprise a valve configured to control the supply of dishwashing fluid to the nozzle member, wherein the valve is configured to be closed when the arm is in the first position and open when the arm is in the second position. Also, the arm may be further configured to rotate about a second axis which is substantially perpendicular to the first axis such that the nozzle member may be directed towards or away from the rack in the first position and/or the second position. The arm may comprise a first section configured to rotate about the first axis and a second section configured to rotate about the second axis. Additionally, the spray assembly may comprise a manifold coupled to the sidewall to which a plurality of nozzle members are coupled. The manifold may be positioned adjacent to the sidewall such that the nozzle members extend at least partially through the sidewall. Further, a spray arm may be positioned adjacent the bottom of the rack, wherein the spray arm is configured to receive the dishwashing fluid and to dispense the dishwashing fluid in a first wash zone, and wherein the spray assembly is configured to dispense the dishwashing fluid in a second wash zone, wherein the second wash zone differs from the first wash zone in position and/or intensity.

In a further embodiment a dishwasher comprises a rack defining a bottom and at least one sidewall, wherein the rack is adapted to receive dishware therein. The dishwasher further includes a dishwashing fluid supply channel configured to supply a dishwashing fluid, and a spray assembly adapted to receive the dishwashing fluid from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom through at least one nozzle member. In addition, the spray assembly includes an arm coupled to the nozzle member and moveable between at least a first position wherein the arm is adjacent the sidewall of the rack and a second position wherein the arm is adjacent the bottom of the rack. The spray assembly may be coupled to the dishwashing fluid supply channel so as to be supported thereby, and/or the spray assembly may be coupled to the rack so as to be supported thereby. The nozzle member may be directed substantially horizontally in the first position and wherein the nozzle member is directed substantially vertically in the second position. Further, the arm may be configured to releasably engage a base member in the first position. Also, the arm and the base member may define a substantially planar surface in the first position.

4

In a further embodiment a method of assembling a dishwasher is provided. The method may comprise providing a dishwasher, wherein the dishwasher includes a rack defining at least one sidewall and a bottom that is adapted to receive dishware therein. The dishwasher also includes a dishwashing fluid supply channel configured to supply a dishwashing fluid. The method further includes coupling a spray assembly to the sidewall of the rack, wherein the spray assembly includes at least one nozzle member adapted to receive the dishwashing fluid from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom.

In an additional embodiment a method of assembling a dishwasher comprises providing a dishwasher, wherein the dishwasher includes a rack defining a bottom and at least one sidewall that is adapted to receive dishware therein. The dishwasher also includes a dishwashing fluid supply channel configured to supply a dishwashing fluid, a spray assembly adapted to receive the dishwashing fluid from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom through at least one nozzle member, and an arm coupled to the nozzle member. The method further includes operably engaging the arm with the dishwasher such that the arm is moveable between at least a first position wherein the arm is adjacent the sidewall of the rack and a second position wherein the arm is adjacent the bottom of the rack.

As such, aspects of the present invention provide significant advantages as otherwise detailed herein.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S)

Having thus described the invention in general terms, reference will now be made to the accompanying drawings, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, and wherein:

FIG. 1 illustrates a dishwasher according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIGS. 2-9 illustrate various views of a fluid circulation arrangement according to a first embodiment of the present invention, wherein a spray assembly is supported by a dishwashing fluid supply channel;

FIGS. 10-18 illustrate various views of a fluid circulation arrangement according to a second embodiment of the present invention, wherein a spray assembly is supported by a sidewall of a rack;

FIG. 19 illustrates a view of the sidewall of a rack according to one embodiment of the present invention wherein the rack defines a cutout portion;

FIG. 20 illustrates a view of the sidewall of a rack according to one embodiment of the present invention wherein the rack defines a removed section;

FIGS. 21-23 illustrate various views of a fluid circulation arrangement according to a third embodiment of the present invention, wherein the spray assembly comprises an arm which is rotatable about an axis and a second axis;

FIGS. 24A-B illustrate views of a fluid circulation arrangement according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention, wherein the spray assembly comprises an arm which is rotatable and extensible;

FIG. 25 illustrates a fluid circulation arrangement according to a fifth embodiment of the present invention, wherein the spray assembly comprises an arm configured to rotate with respect to the rack;

FIG. 26 illustrates a fluid circulation arrangement according to a sixth embodiment of the present invention, wherein the arm is configured to releasably engage a base member;

5

FIG. 27 illustrates a fluid circulation arrangement according to a sixth embodiment of the present invention, wherein the spray assembly is supplied dishwashing fluid by a flexible hose; and

FIGS. 28-30 illustrate a fluid circulation arrangement according to a seventh embodiment of the present invention, wherein the spray assembly comprises two arms configured to rotate with respect to the rack.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention now will be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which some, but not all embodiments of the inventions are shown. Indeed, these inventions may be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein; rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will satisfy applicable legal requirements. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

FIG. 1 shows an example embodiment of a dishwasher 10. The dishwasher 10 may be provided with a tub portion 11 in which dishware is inserted on an upper 12 and a lower 13 dish rack. In the tub portion 11 there may be one or more upper rotating spray arms (not shown) and a lower rotating spray arm 14 that direct the circulating dishwashing fluid through spray nozzles towards the dishware which is placed on the racks 12, 13. The circulating dishwashing fluid may fall down on the bottom wall 15 of the tub portion 11 and be directed towards a filter arrangement 16 which may comprise a filter plate 18 and a pump for redistribution of the dishwashing fluid to the spray arms. As explained in further detail below, the dishwasher 10 includes a fluid circulation arrangement 50 comprising a spray assembly configured to provide an intensified and/or concentrated wash effect. Thus, the fluid circulation arrangement may be configured to provide a focused spray zone in addition to, or alternatively of, the spray zones provided by the spray arms 14.

FIGS. 2-9 illustrate a first embodiment of a fluid circulation arrangement for a dishwasher according to one aspect of the present invention, indicated generally by the numeral 100a. The fluid circulation arrangement 100a is configured to circulate dishwashing fluid within the tub portion 11 of the dishwasher, wherein the tub portion 11 generally includes a plurality of walls (e.g., sides 152, top 154 and bottom 15) cooperating to define a forward opening 158. Disposed within a lower end of the tub portion 11 is a rack 13 adapted to receive dishware therein. The rack 13 may comprise a bottom 13' and one or more sidewalls 13" which may be formed from interconnected horizontal and vertical wires. A dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a may also be disposed about the lower end of the tub portion 11, wherein the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a may be further configured to extend laterally across the lower end of the tub portion 11, adjacent to the bottom wall and/or one of the side walls thereof. Various other configurations may be employed in positioning the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a as may be understood by one having skill in the art.

In some instances, the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a may be configured to operably engage a dishwashing supply channel such as a main dishwashing fluid supply channel 300, which may extend vertically along a rear wall of the tub portion 11, so as to receive the dishwashing fluid therefrom and/or be supported thereby. In such instances, the dishwashing fluid may be directed to the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a by a main circulation pump (not shown) of the dishwasher configured to supply the dishwashing fluid to the

6

main dishwashing supply channel 300. A valve such as a diverter valve (not shown) may also be implemented, as necessary or desirable, between the main circulation pump and the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250 or within a spray assembly 350a, which will be described below, to allow the dishwashing fluid to be selectively directed to the spray assembly 350a or the nozzle member 400a, respectively. In one embodiment, the valve is configured to divert water to the spray assembly 350a and upper spray arms independently of the lower spray arm 14, although water could be supplied to the spray assembly 350a, upper spray arm(s), and/or lower spray arm 14 in additional embodiments. In other instances, however, the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250 may be operably engaged with a dedicated supply pump (not shown), separate and distinct with respect to the main circulation pump, so as to receive the supply of dishwashing fluid therefrom.

In one embodiment, a spray assembly, generally indicated as element 350a, may comprise the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250, wherein the spray assembly 350 is further configured to receive the dishwashing fluid through the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250 and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom through at least one nozzle member 400 associated therewith, so as to provide at least one of a concentrated wash effect and an intensified wash effect at a selected disposition within rack 13. The spray assembly 350 may be configured to dispense the dishwashing fluid in a second wash zone, wherein the second wash zone differs from a first wash zone, at which the spray arm 14 dispenses the dishwashing fluid, in position and/or intensity. In some embodiments the fluid supply conduit 250 may be supported by a dishwashing supply channel such as the main dishwashing supply channel 300 such that the spray assembly is ultimately supported by the dishwashing supply channel.

In the embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement 100a illustrated in FIGS. 2-9, the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a is positioned such that each spray assembly 350a directs fluid up through a bottom 13' of the rack 13 at the dishware. By positioning the fluid supply conduit 250a and spray assemblies 350a in this manner, the rack 13 may be generally positioned above the fluid supply conduit 250a and spray assemblies 350a such that the spray assemblies 350a may come into close proximity with the dishes to provide improved washing functionality. Some embodiments may implement a single nozzle member 400a, while other embodiments may implement a plurality of nozzle members 400a. As such, for brevity and without intending to be limiting, the "at least one nozzle member 400a" may also be referred to herein as "nozzle member 400a" for indicating one or more of such nozzle members 400a, as will be appreciated by one skilled in the art.

The at least one nozzle member 400a may be directly engaged with and supported by the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a, or may have a support member 450a (otherwise referred to herein as a "nozzle head 450a") disposed therebetween. As illustrated in FIG. 2, for example, in some embodiments the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a may define a manifold to which one or more nozzle heads 450a are coupled. The nozzle head 450a, where implemented, may be configured to be fixed with respect to the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a. In some instances, however, the nozzle head 450a may be movable with respect to the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250. For example, the nozzle head 450a, in some instances, may be rotatable with respect to the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a. Further, whether operably engaged directly with the dishwashing fluid supply conduit 250a, or with the nozzle head 450a, the nozzle member 400a

may be further configured to form one of a fixed fluid jet, a moving fluid jet, a pulsating fluid jet, a vortex fluid jet, a rotating fluid jet, an oscillating fluid jet, a random fluid jet, combinations thereof, and other embodiments of fluid jets and emissions. In doing so, one skilled in the art will appreciate that the nozzle member **400a** may be fixed or movable with respect to the dishwashing fluid supply conduit **250a** or the nozzle head **450a**, as necessary or desirable, to form the corresponding fluid jet.

In one aspect of the present invention, the nozzle member **400a** is configured to direct dishwashing fluid jet(s) toward a designated area or disposition of the rack **13** for concentrated and/or intensified cleaning of particular dishware placed in that location within the rack **13**. To assist the user in making use of the disclosed fluid circulation arrangement **100a**, the designated area of the rack **13** may be indicated or otherwise denoted in different manners such as, for example, by unique coloration, distinctive tines or tine arrangements, and/or any other suitable indicia. One skilled in the art will appreciate, however, that such indication of the designated area of the rack **13** may vary considerably, and the examples presented herein are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to be limiting in this respect. In some instances, the designated area of the rack **13** may be particularly configured such that the dishware is placed therein in a vertical or near vertical orientation for minimizing the footprint thereof in the rack **13**. However, in other instances, the dishware may be placed in a horizontal or near horizontal orientation, as necessary or desirable.

In light of the designated area of the rack **13**, the nozzle member(s) **400a** may further be operably engaged with the dishwashing fluid supply conduit **250a** or the nozzle head **450a** so as to provide an optimal or otherwise effective dishwashing fluid emission pattern focusing on the designated area. In doing so, particularly in instances where multiple nozzle members **400a** are implemented, the nozzle members **400a** may be appropriately spaced apart and/or oriented to provide the desired fluid emission pattern, wherein the particularly configured nozzle members **400a**, or combinations thereof, cooperate to provide the intensified and/or concentrated wash effect for breaking down and removing heavy or baked-on food soils from the dishware in the designated area. For example, in one instance, the nozzle member(s) **400a** may be mounted to the dishwashing fluid supply conduit **250a** and disposed at an angle of between about 30 degrees and about 45 degrees with respect to the designated area so as to provide the desired fluid flow and fluid emission pattern to the designated area.

FIGS. 7-9 illustrate a variation of the embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100a** illustrated in FIGS. 2-6. In the variation illustrated in FIGS. 7-9, the spray assembly **450a** is positioned above the rack **13** and may direct the fluid downwardly towards the dishware in the rack **13**. In this regard, the spray assembly **350a** may mount to the main fluid supply channel **300** above the rack **13** at any desired position therealong. The nozzle heads **450a** may in some embodiments additionally or alternatively be directed toward the upper rack **12**. For example, the angle of the nozzle heads **450a** may be adjustable in some embodiments. Furthermore, the spray assembly **450a** may be coupled to the sidewall of the rack **13** in one embodiment such that the nozzle heads **450a** are configured to direct water above the upper edge of the sidewall and into the interior of the rack.

FIGS. 7A, 8A, and 9A illustrate a further variation of the fluid circulation arrangement **100a**. The variation illustrated in FIG. 7A, FIG. 8A, and FIG. 9A is similar to the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. 7-9, except the sidewall **13"** of the

rack **13** includes two portions with lower sidewalls **13a** above which are positioned additional nozzle heads **450a'**. Thereby, the spray assembly **350a** may direct dishwashing fluid above the lower sidewalls **13a** with the additional nozzle heads **450a'** to clean dishware within the rack **13** at other positions. As illustrated in FIG. 9A, in some embodiments the nozzle heads **450a** (including the additional nozzle heads **450a'**) may extend away from the sidewall **152** above the rack **13**. However, in other embodiments the nozzle heads **450a** may not necessarily extend away from the sidewall over the rack **13**. For example, the nozzle heads **450a** may in other embodiments be recessed from the rack **13** in the horizontal direction. In such embodiments the lower sidewalls **13a** may assist the additional nozzle heads **450a'** in spraying over the top edge of the sidewall. Spraying over the top edge of the sidewall may avoid issues with the rack **13** blocking the spray of dishwashing fluid, though in other embodiments the nozzle heads **450a** may spray the dishwashing fluid through the rack **13**. It is understood that various rack configurations may be employed, such as an undulating top edge of the sidewall, such that each nozzle corresponds to an associated lower sidewall **13a**. Moreover, as discussed above, although the spray assembly **350a** is shown as being coupled to the tub, the spray assembly may be coupled to the sidewall of the rack **13** so as to be carried by the rack or otherwise supported thereby.

In further non-limiting examples, particularly configured nozzle heads **450a** may be combined with particularly configured nozzle members **400a**, as follows: (1) Fixed nozzle head with nozzle member(s) providing oscillating fluid jet(s); (2) Fixed nozzle head with nozzle member(s) providing vortex fluid jet(s); (3) Fixed nozzle head with nozzle member(s) providing rotating fluid jet(s); (4) Rotating nozzle head with nozzle member(s) providing fixed and rotating fluid jets; (5) Rotating nozzle head with nozzle member(s) providing vortex and rotational fluid jets; and (6) Rotating nozzle head with nozzle member(s) providing oscillating and rotating fluid jets.

Thus, as described above with respect to the embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100a** illustrated in FIGS. 2-9, in some embodiments the spray assembly may be coupled to a dishwashing fluid supply channel, such as the main dishwashing supply channel, for example through the dishwashing fluid supply conduit so as to be supported thereby. However, the spray assembly may be supported in various other manners and other locations on the rack in other embodiments.

For example, FIGS. 10-18 illustrate an alternate embodiment of a fluid circulation arrangement **100b**. In this embodiment the spray assembly **350b** is coupled to the rack **13** so as to be supported thereby, wherein the spray assembly includes a manifold and a plurality of nozzle members coupled thereto. In particular, in the illustrated embodiment the spray assembly **350b** is coupled to a sidewall **13"** of the rack **13**. By coupling the spray assembly **350b** to the sidewall **13"** of the rack **13**, the fluid circulation arrangement **100b** may advantageously direct the dishwashing fluid at the dishware from close proximity, among other advantages. The fluid circulation arrangement **100b** may comprise at least one attachment member configured to couple the spray assembly **350b** to the sidewall **13"** of the rack **13**. For example, the attachment member may comprise a plurality of clips **352b** and tabs **354b** in the illustrated embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100b** which grasp the sidewall **13"** of the rack **13** (e.g., the horizontal and/or vertical wires of the rack). As illustrated, in some embodiments the attachment assemblies may engage the sidewall **13"** of the rack **13** so as to position the spray assembly **350b** adjacent to the rack. In one embodiment, the

spray device **350b** is positioned outside of the interior of the rack **13**. In such embodiments, the nozzle heads **450b** may extend at least partially through the sidewall **13"** and into the interior of the rack **13**. The nozzle heads **450b** may be coplanar with the sidewall **13"** of the rack **13**, or extend such that the nozzle heads **450b** do not extend to or through the sidewall **13"** of the rack **13**.

FIGS. **17-18** illustrate an embodiment in which the nozzle heads **450b** extend partially through the sidewall **13"** and into the rack **13** such that the dishwashing fluid need not travel through the rack **13** to reach the dishware. In other embodiments the attachment assemblies may couple the spray assembly **350b** to the inside of the rack **13** with various nozzle head **450b** configurations as described above. Further, in some embodiments the sidewall **13"** may comprise a removed or lower portion whereby the spray assembly **350b** is coupled to the sidewall **13"** such that the nozzle members **400b** do not direct the dishwashing fluid through the sidewall **13"** of the rack **13**, but rather direct the fluid between the portions which are removed or above the lower portion. For example, FIG. **19** illustrates an embodiment of the rack **13** comprising a removed portion **13'''** from the sidewall **13"** wherein the spray assembly **350b**, which may comprise a plurality of spray heads **450b**, is inserted therein. By way of further example, FIG. **20** illustrates an embodiment of the rack **13** comprising a cutout portion **13''''**. In this embodiment the spray assembly **350b** may be coupled to the sidewall **13"** of the rack **13** such that the spray assembly **350b** is positioned in the cutout portion **13''''** above a lower sidewall **13b**. However, various other configurations may be employed as may be understood by one having skill in the art. For example, the sidewall of the upper edge of the sidewall **13"** may include an undulated surface, as described above, wherein each spray head **450b** is positioned within an undulation and configured to direct water into the interior of the rack.

In some embodiments the spray assembly **350b** comprises one or more dishwashing fluid supply conduits **250b**, as illustrated, thereby defining a manifold. As shown in FIG. **17**, for example, the fluid supply conduits **250b** may be contoured to conform to the shape of the sidewall **13"**. The spray assembly **350b** may be configured to receive the dishwashing fluid through the dishwashing fluid supply conduit **250b** from a dishwashing fluid supply channel, such as the main dishwashing fluid supply channel **300**, and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom through at least one nozzle member **400b** associated therewith, so as to provide at least one of a concentrated wash effect and an intensified wash effect at a selected disposition within rack **13**. As described above, various nozzle members **400b** may be employed in order to direct water towards the dishware. For example, the nozzles members **400b** may be fixed, rotating, or pivotable so as to be able to direct water at a fixed or variable angles.

In order for the dishwashing fluid supply conduit **250b** to receive the dishwashing fluid from a dishwashing fluid supply channel, the fluid circulation arrangement **100b** may comprise a fluid connector which provides for fluid communication. In the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. **10-20**, the fluid connector comprises a releasable fluid connector **356b** comprising a first connector **356b'** extending from, or otherwise coupled to, the spray assembly **350b** (see, e.g. FIG. **13**) and a second connector **356b''** extending from, or otherwise coupled to, the main dishwashing fluid supply channel **300** (see, e.g. FIGS. **15** and **16**). In such embodiments the rack **13** may be moveable between a loading position (see, e.g. FIG. **16**) wherein the rack **13** extends from the tub portion **11** and an operating position (see, e.g. FIG. **14**) wherein the rack is fully inserted into the tub portion **11** such that the first con-

connector **356b'** and the second connector **356b''** engage one another such that the spray assembly **350b** is coupled to the main fluid supply channel **300**. However, various other configurations for providing dishwashing fluid to the spray assembly **350b** may be possible as understood by one having skill in the art.

Since, as previously disclosed, the designated area of the rack **13** may, in some instances, be configured to receive the dishware in both substantially vertical and substantially horizontal orientations (i.e., the soiled surface is oriented substantially vertically or horizontally), there may be instances in which the disclosed fluid circulation arrangement **100** may not be optimized for a particular orientation of the dishware. Accordingly, in some aspects, the fluid circulation arrangement may further comprise an arm **500c-h** to which the nozzle member is attached, as shown in FIGS. **21-30**. In some instances, the arm **500c-h** may be configured to receive the dishwashing fluid and to channel the dishwashing fluid there-through to the nozzle member, and thus the dishwashing fluid supply conduit may extend through the arm **500c-h** in some embodiments. However, in other instances, the arm may be supported by a particular conduit or manifold, and in fluid communication therewith, for supplying the dishwashing fluid to the nozzle assembly.

In light of the varying orientation of the dishware, the arm may be fixed with respect to the rack **13** or dishwashing fluid supply channel (e.g. main dishwashing fluid supply channel **300**), for supporting a nozzle head and one or more nozzle members, for example, at a selected distance therefrom, at a selected orientation with respect to the designated area, and/or at a selected distance from the designated area. In one embodiment, the arm is coupled to the sidewall and/or bottom of the rack **13** such that the arm is carried by the rack. Moreover, the arm may be configured to extend substantially parallel to one of the side walls **152** of the tub portion **11** (i.e., to raise or lower the spray assembly with respect to the designated area) or substantially parallel to the bottom wall **15** of the tub portion **11** (i.e., to support the spray assembly inwardly with respect to the bottom wall, possibly closer to the designated area). Such varying configurations of the arm may further allow the fluid jets to be directed vertically (to address horizontally oriented dishware) or horizontally (to address horizontally oriented dishware). In instances where differently configured arms are provided, the spray assemblies associated with such arms may be user-selectable or automatically-selectable based on a discerned orientation of the dishware (i.e., only vertically directed fluid jets are selected when the dishware is horizontally oriented in the designated area).

In other aspects, the arm **500c-h** may be configured to be movable with respect to the rack **13** or dishwashing fluid supply channel so as to, for example, reduce the number of fixed arms, or to promote storage of the arms and associated nozzle members when such are not being used in a particular wash cycle. For example, the arm may be pivotable with respect to the rack **13** or dishwashing fluid supply channel so as to be movable between a first position extending substantially parallel to one of the side walls **152** of the tub portion **11** (e.g. vertically) and a second position extending substantially parallel to the bottom wall **15** of the tub portion **11** (e.g. horizontally). In some instances, the spray assembly may also be capable of re-orientation upon movement (pivoting) of the arm. For example, a nozzle head **450**/nozzle member **400** may extend from opposing surfaces of the arm **500**, wherein the appropriate nozzle head/nozzle member may be selected, whether by a diverter valve or otherwise, depending on the disposition of the arm. In another example, the nozzle head/

nozzle member **400** may be mounted in a “ball and socket” arrangement with respect to the arm, such that the nozzle head and/or nozzle member may be rotated toward the desired direction appropriate for the disposition of the arm. For further versatility, the arm **500** in some instances may be configured to be, for example, rotatable about an axis defined thereby, extendable along the axis, and or articulating, as necessary or desirable.

One or more such arms may be implemented in conjunction with a plurality of spray assemblies, as precisely disclosed. In such instances, the versatility promoted by the arms may allow the fluid jets to be more optimally directed toward the designated area of the rack **13**, in response to the user placing the soiled dishware in either of a substantially horizontal or substantially vertical orientation based upon, for example, user preference or the size of the dishware item.

Further non-limiting examples of particularly configured nozzle members which may be combined with particularly configured arms, in some instances with particularly configured nozzle heads, are as follows: (1) Fixed vertically-oriented arm with nozzle member(s) providing oscillating fluid jet(s); (2) Fixed horizontally-oriented arm with nozzle member(s) providing oscillating fluid jet(s); (3) Movable arm with nozzle member(s) providing oscillating fluid jet(s); (4) Fixed vertically-oriented arm with nozzle member(s) providing vortex fluid jet(s); (5) Fixed horizontally-oriented arm with nozzle member(s) providing vortex fluid jet(s); (6) Movable arm with nozzle member(s) providing vortex fluid jet(s); (7) Fixed vertically-oriented arm with nozzle member(s) providing rotating fluid jet(s); (8) Fixed horizontally-oriented arm with nozzle member(s) providing rotating fluid jet(s); (9) Movable arm with nozzle member(s) providing rotating fluid jet(s); (10) Fixed vertically-oriented arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing oscillating fluid jet(s); (11); Fixed horizontally-oriented arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing oscillating fluid jet(s); (12) Movable arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing oscillating fluid jet(s); (13); Fixed vertically-oriented arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing rotating fluid jet(s); (14) Fixed horizontally-oriented arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing rotating fluid jet(s); (15) Movable arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing rotating fluid jet(s); (16) Fixed vertically-oriented arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing vortex fluid jet(s); (17) Fixed horizontally-oriented arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing vortex fluid jet(s); (18) Movable arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle member(s) providing vortex fluid jet(s); and (19) Movable arm with rotating nozzle head and nozzle members providing vortex and rotating fluid jets.

However, particular embodiments of arms and other features which may be associated with various embodiments of the fluid circulation arrangement will now be discussed. In this regard, FIGS. **21-23** illustrate a third embodiment of a fluid circulation arrangement **100c** comprising an arm **500c**. In the illustrated embodiment the spray assembly **350c** is coupled to the rack **13** so as to be supported thereby. For example, the spray assembly **350c** may be coupled to the sidewall **13''** and/or the bottom **13'** of the rack **13**. In this regard, a base member **358c** of the spray assembly **350c** may be coupled to the rack **13**, for example using the above-described attachment assemblies. The fluid circulation arrangement **100c** may include a fluid connector such as the releasable fluid connector described above. In this regard a releasable first connector **356c'** is illustrated extending from the base member **358c** in FIG. **23** which may engage a second

connector coupled to a dishwashing fluid supply channel to provide fluid communication with the spray assembly **350c**. In other embodiments the spray assembly may be coupled to a dishwashing fluid supply channel such as the main dishwashing fluid supply channel **300** so as to be supported thereby. Regardless, however, the arm **500c** may be moveable with respect to the rack **13**.

In particular, in the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. **21-23**, the arm **500c** is moveable between a first position wherein the arm **500c** is adjacent the sidewall **13''** of the rack **13** (see, e.g. FIG. **21**) and a second position wherein the arm **500c** is adjacent the bottom **13'** of the rack **13** (see the rotated position of the arm **500c** illustrated in FIG. **22**). In the first position, as illustrated in FIG. **21**, the nozzle members **400c** may be directed substantially horizontally, whereas in the second position the nozzle members **400c** may be directed substantially vertically, as illustrated in FIG. **22**. Thus, the arm **500c** may be configured to rotate about an axis **502c** between the first and second positions. However, the arm **500c** may also be configured to rotate about a second axis **504c**, which may be substantially perpendicular to the axis **502c** (i.e. the first axis), such that the nozzle member **400c** may be directed towards or away from the rack **13** in at least one of the first position and the second position.

Various other embodiments of arms which may be used in fluid circulation arrangements are illustrated in FIGS. **24-30**. The arms may comprise many of the features described above, and hence not all features of the arms will be described in detail for purposes of brevity. For example, FIGS. **24A-B** illustrate a fourth embodiment of a fluid circulation arrangement **100d**. In this embodiment the arm **500d** may be configured to rotate about an axis **506d** whereby the arm **500d** and nozzle head **450d** remain adjacent to the bottom **13'** of the rack **13**. Further, the arm **500d** may comprise an extendible section **508d** which is configured to extend or retract the length of the arm **500d**. Thereby, as illustrated in FIG. **24B**, the arm **500d** may position the nozzle head **450d** and thus the nozzle member **400d** in a variety of positions within an intensified wash area **510d** to provide an intensified wash effect at a desired location. Further, when an intensified wash effect is not needed, the arm **500d** may be positioned proximate the side wall **13''** so as to not be in the way of dishware in the rack **13**.

A fifth embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100e** is illustrated in FIG. **25**. The fluid circulation arrangement **100e** in this embodiment comprises two arms **500e** which are rotatable about an axis **502e** between a first position adjacent the sidewall **13''** of the rack and a second position adjacent the bottom **13'** of the rack. This embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100e** differs from the above-described embodiments at least in that the arm **500e** is configured to releasably engage the base member **358e** in the first position. For example, the arm **500e** which is to the right as illustrated in FIG. **25** is engaged with the base member **358e**. Specifically, the nozzle head **450e** and/or the arm **500e** may form an interference fit with the base member **358e**. Thereby, the arm **500e** may be coupled to the base member **358e** adjacent to the sidewall **13''** of the rack **13** and, in one embodiment, the base member **358e** may define a substantially planar surface in the first position. By defining a planar surface proximate the sidewall **13''** of the rack **13**, the spray assembly **350e** may substantially avoid intruding into the space in the rack **13** where the dishware is placed. In some embodiments the base member **358e** may define the sidewall of the rack **13** when coupled thereto, or the sidewall may be configured such that the arm **500e** directly engages the sidewall (or is otherwise positioned adjacent thereto) and the base member is

13

therefore unnecessary. Thereby, in other embodiments the arm **500e** may additionally or alternatively engage the sidewall **13''** of the rack **13**.

Additionally, the arm **500e** may define a bend **510e**. The bend **510e** may be configured to direct the nozzle member **400e** away from a center of the bottom **13'** of the rack **13** in the second position. Thereby, for example, the two arms **500e** may be directed by respective opposite bends **510e** to position the nozzle heads **450e** such that they dispense dishwashing fluid in two different intensified wash zones. It is understood that the arm **500e** may be other sizes and configurations in additional embodiments, such as arms that are straight, curved, or extending at various bend angles.

Further, the fluid circulation arrangement **100e** may comprise a valve configured to control the supply of dishwashing fluid to the nozzle member **400e**. In one embodiment the valve may be configured to be closed when the arm **500e** is in the first position (i.e. the arm **500e** to the right in FIG. **25**) and open when the arm **500e** is in the second position (i.e. the arm **500e** to the left in FIG. **25**). Thereby the nozzle member **400e** may automatically receive dishwashing fluid when in the second position wherein the nozzle member **400e** is directed vertically or in other directions which point toward the dishware. Various types and embodiments of valves may be employed for this purpose as may be understood by one having skill in the art, and hence the valve will not be discussed in detail.

A sixth embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100f** is illustrated in FIG. **26**. The fluid circulation arrangement **100f** may comprise an arm **500f** which rotates about an axis **502f** between a first position adjacent the sidewall **13''** of the rack **13** and a second position adjacent the bottom **13'** of the rack **13**. As with the fifth embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100e**, the spray assembly **350f** may be configured to releasably engage the base member **358f** in the first position and define a planar surface, as the arm **500f** is illustrated to the right in FIG. **26**, and a valve may be configured to be closed in the first position such that the nozzle member **400f** does not receive dishwashing fluid in the first position. Thus, the sixth embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100f** is similar to the fifth embodiment of the fluid circulation system with the exception that the arm **500f** is substantially straight and the arm **500f** extends above the base member **358f** in the first position. However, various other embodiments of arms may be used in other embodiments.

A seventh embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100g** is illustrated in FIG. **27**, which may be similar to the fluid circulation arrangement **100f** illustrated in FIG. **26**. However, the fluid circulation arrangement **100g** illustrated in FIG. **27** employs a flexible hose **252g** or similar conduit to supply the dishwashing fluid to the spray assembly **350g**. As described above, the flexible hose **252g** may be used in place of a releasable connector in embodiments in which the spray assembly **350g** is coupled to the rack **13**.

An eighth embodiment of the fluid circulation arrangement **100h** is illustrated in FIGS. **28-30**. The fluid circulation arrangement includes a spray assembly **350h**. The spray assembly includes a base member **358h** which may include attachment members such as the illustrated clips **352h** which may attach the spray assembly **350h** to the sidewall **13''** of the rack **13** and/or other portion of the rack **13** such as the base portion **13'**. A first releasable connector **356h'** may extend from the base member **358h** and be configured to engage a dishwashing fluid supply channel such as the main dishwashing fluid supply channel **300**, as described above.

A plurality of nozzle heads **450h** are mounted on arms **500h** which extend from the base member **358** and which are rotat-

14

able about an axis **502h** between a first position adjacent the sidewall **13''** of the rack **13** and a second position adjacent the bottom **13'** of the rack **13**. The arms **500h** are further rotatable about a second axis **504h**, which may be substantially perpendicular to the axis **502h** (i.e. the first axis), such that the nozzle members **400h** may be directed towards or away from the rack **13** in the first position and/or the second position. Thus, the nozzle members **400h** may be directed toward the dishware if so desired in both the first and second positions in some embodiments as illustrated in FIGS. **29** and **30**, respectively. In one embodiment, the nozzle members **400h** could also or alternatively be configured to pivot or rotate to orient itself with respect to the rack and direct water toward the dishware. In some embodiments the fluid circulation arrangement **100h** may include a valve which is configured to be open when the nozzle members **400h** are directed toward the dishware and configured to be closed when the nozzle members **400h** are directed away from the dishware.

The arms **500h** may respectively comprise a first section **500h'** configured to rotate about the first axis **502h** and a second section **500h''** configured to rotate about the second axis **504h**. Thereby, the first section **500h'** of the arm **500h** may connect the second section **500h''** of the arm **500h** to the base member **358h** which may comprise the dishwashing fluid supply conduit **250h** and hence act as a manifold which supplies the dishwashing fluid to the arms **500h**. In some embodiments the first section **500h'** of the arm **500h** may comprise a right-angle member, and the second section **500h''** of the arm **500h** may comprise a Y-shaped member which distributes the washing fluid to two nozzle heads **450h** per arm, so as to provided an intensified washing effect at multiple areas within the dishwasher. However, various other embodiments of the spray assembly may be provided in other embodiments as may be understood by one having skill in the art.

Many modifications and other embodiments of the inventions set forth herein will come to mind to one skilled in the art to which these inventions pertain having the benefit of the teachings presented in the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings. Therefore, it is to be understood that the inventions are not to be limited to the specific embodiments disclosed and that modifications and other embodiments are intended to be included within the scope of the appended claims. Although specific terms are employed herein, they are used in a generic and descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation.

That which is claimed:

1. A dishwasher comprising:

- a tub;
- a rack configured to be positioned within the tub, wherein the rack defines a bottom of the rack and at least one sidewall that extends upwardly from the bottom of the rack, the rack adapted to receive dishware therein;
- a dishwashing fluid supply channel configured to supply a dishwashing fluid;
- a spray arm positioned below the rack, wherein the spray arm is configured to receive the dishwashing fluid and to dispense the dishwashing fluid; and
- a spray assembly directly coupled to the sidewall of the rack, the spray assembly comprising at least one nozzle member adapted to receive the dishwashing fluid from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom into an intensified wash zone, the spray assembly comprising a manifold coupled to the sidewall and a plurality of nozzle members coupled thereto, wherein the manifold is positioned

15

adjacent to the sidewall such that the nozzle members extend at least partially through the sidewall; and wherein the dishwashing fluid dispensed from the spray arm is incident on the intensified wash zone from a different direction than the dishwashing fluid dispensed from the spray assembly. 5

2. The dishwasher of claim 1, wherein the spray assembly further comprises at least one attachment member configured to couple the spray assembly to the sidewall of the rack.

3. The dishwasher of claim 1, wherein the spray assembly further comprises a fluid connector configured to couple the spray assembly to the dishwashing fluid supply channel so as to provide fluid communication therebetween. 10

4. The dishwasher of claim 3, wherein the rack is moveable between a loading position at which the spray assembly is decoupled from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and an operating position at which the spray assembly is coupled to the dishwashing fluid supply channel. 15

5. The dishwasher of claim 1, further comprising a valve configured to control supply of the dishwashing fluid to the nozzle member. 20

6. The dishwasher of claim 1, wherein the spray assembly further comprises a second arm coupled to the nozzle member.

7. The dishwasher of claim 6, wherein the second arm is moveable with respect to the rack. 25

8. The dishwasher of claim 7, wherein the second arm is configured to rotate about a first axis between a first position wherein the nozzle member is directed substantially horizontally and a second position wherein the nozzle member is directed substantially vertically. 30

9. The dishwasher of claim 8, wherein the second arm comprises a bend configured to direct the nozzle member away from a center of the bottom of the rack in the second position. 35

10. The dishwasher of claim 8, further comprising a valve configured to control the supply of dishwashing fluid to the nozzle member, wherein the valve is configured to be closed when the second arm is in the first position and open when the second arm is in the second position. 40

11. The dishwasher of claim 8, wherein the second arm is further configured to rotate about a second axis which is substantially perpendicular to the first axis such that the nozzle member may be directed towards or away from the rack in at least one of the first position or the second position. 45

12. The dishwasher of claim 11, wherein the second arm comprises a first section configured to rotate about the first axis and a second section configured to rotate about the second axis.

13. The dishwasher of claim 8, wherein the spray assembly comprises a plurality of second arms each rotatable with respect to the rack about the first axis and each comprising at least one respective nozzle member. 50

14. The dishwasher of claim 6, wherein the second arm is Y-shaped. 55

15. The dishwasher of claim 1, wherein the spray arm is configured to receive the dishwashing fluid and to dispense the dishwashing fluid in a first wash zone, and

wherein the spray assembly is configured to dispense the dishwashing fluid in a second wash zone, wherein the second wash zone differs from the first wash zone in at least one of position or intensity. 60

16. The dishwasher of claim 1, wherein the spray assembly is coupled to the sidewall of the rack so as to be supported thereby. 65

17. The dishwasher of claim 15, wherein the second wash zone corresponds to a designated area of the rack, and

16

wherein at least a portion of the rack is configured to indicate the location of the designated area.

18. A method of assembling a dishwasher comprising: providing a dishwasher, the dishwasher comprising:

a tub;

a rack configured to be positioned within the tub, wherein the rack defines a bottom of the rack and at least one sidewall that extends upwardly from the bottom of the rack, the rack adapted to receive dishware therein;

a dishwashing fluid supply channel configured to supply a dishwashing fluid; and

a spray arm positioned below the rack, wherein the spray arm is configured to receive the dishwashing fluid and to dispense the dishwashing fluid; and

directly coupling a spray assembly to the sidewall of the rack so as to be supported thereby, the spray assembly comprising at least one nozzle member adapted to receive the dishwashing fluid from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom into an intensified wash zone, the spray assembly comprising a manifold coupled to the sidewall and a plurality of nozzle members coupled thereto, wherein the manifold is positioned adjacent to the sidewall such that the nozzle members extend at least partially through the sidewall; and

wherein the dishwashing fluid dispensed from the spray arm is incident on the intensified wash zone from a different direction than the dishwashing fluid dispensed from the spray assembly.

19. The method of claim 18, wherein the at least one spray arm defines a spray arm fluid connector configured to couple the at least one spray arm to the dishwashing fluid supply channel to provide fluid communication therebetween, wherein the at least one spray arm is configured to direct dishwashing fluid into the tub, wherein the spray assembly further comprises a spray assembly fluid connector configured to couple the spray assembly to the dishwashing fluid supply channel so as to provide fluid communication therebetween, and wherein the spray assembly fluid connector is spaced apart from the spray arm fluid connector such that there is no direct fluid communication between the at least one spray arm and the spray assembly. 50

20. The method of claim 18, wherein the spray arm is configured to receive the dishwashing fluid and to dispense the dishwashing fluid in a first wash zone, and wherein the spray assembly is configured to dispense the dishwashing fluid in a second wash zone, wherein the second wash zone differs from the first wash zone in at least one of position or intensity. 55

21. The method of claim 20, wherein the second wash zone corresponds to a designated area of the rack, and wherein at least a portion of the rack is configured to indicate the location of the designated area.

22. A dishwasher comprising:

a tub;

a rack configured to be positioned within the tub, wherein the rack defines a bottom of the rack and at least one sidewall that extends upwardly from the bottom of the rack, the rack adapted to receive dishware therein;

a dishwashing fluid supply channel configured to supply a dishwashing fluid;

a spray arm positioned below the rack, wherein the spray arm is configured to receive the dishwashing fluid and to dispense the dishwashing fluid; and

a spray assembly directly coupled to the sidewall of the rack, the spray assembly comprising at least one nozzle

member adapted to receive dishwashing fluid from the dishwashing fluid supply channel and to dispense the dishwashing fluid therefrom into an intensified wash zone,

wherein the at least one spray arm defines a spray arm fluid 5  
connector configured to couple the at least one spray arm  
to the dishwashing fluid supply channel to provide fluid  
communication therebetween, wherein the at least one  
spray arm is configured to direct dishwashing fluid into 10  
the tub, wherein the spray assembly further comprises a  
spray assembly fluid connector configured to couple the  
spray assembly to the dishwashing fluid supply channel  
so as to provide fluid communication therebetween, and  
wherein the spray assembly fluid connector is spaced 15  
apart from the spray arm fluid connector such that there  
is no direct fluid communication between the at least one  
spray arm and the spray assembly and wherein the dish-  
washing fluid dispensed from the spray arm is incident  
on the intensified wash zone from a different direction 20  
than the dishwashing fluid dispensed from the spray  
assembly.

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