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(54) Titre : SYSTEME ET PROCEDE D'ALIMENTATION ENTERALE ET DE RECUEIL DE REFLUX UTILISANT UNE
SERINGUE OUVERTE

(54) Title: ENTERAL FEEDING AND REFLUX COLLECTION SYSTEM AND METHOD USING VENTED SYRINGE

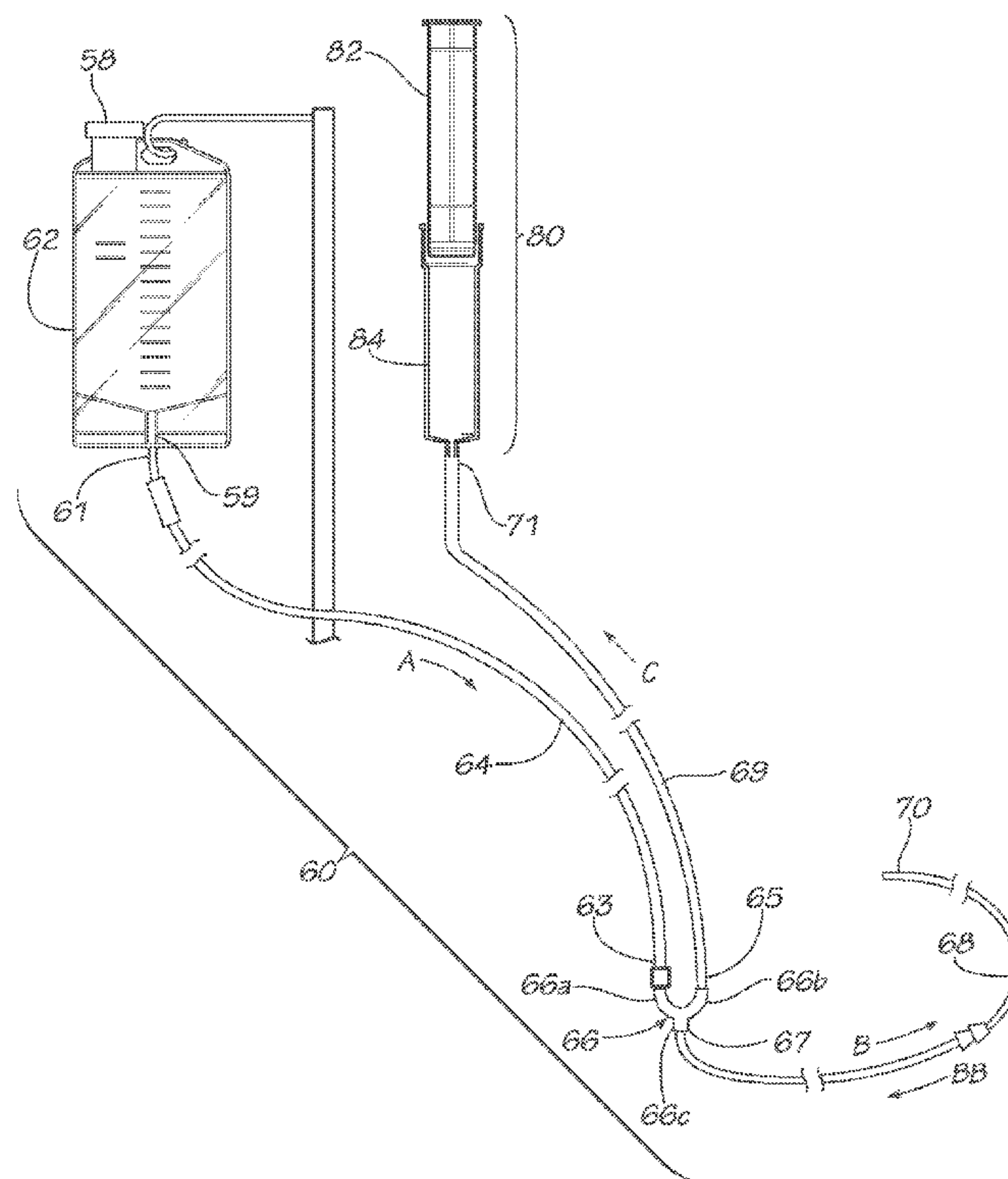


FIG. 1

(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

An enteral fluid delivery and reflux collection system and method are disclosed. A fluid nutrient source container and administration tube are joined to an enteral feeding tube, and a gastric reflux tube connects a vented reflux collection syringe to selectively permit or prevent reflux collection, and/or to aspirate or flush the associated fluid lines.



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(54) Title: ENTERAL FEEDING AND REFLUX COLLECTION SYSTEM AND METHOD USING VENTED SYRINGE

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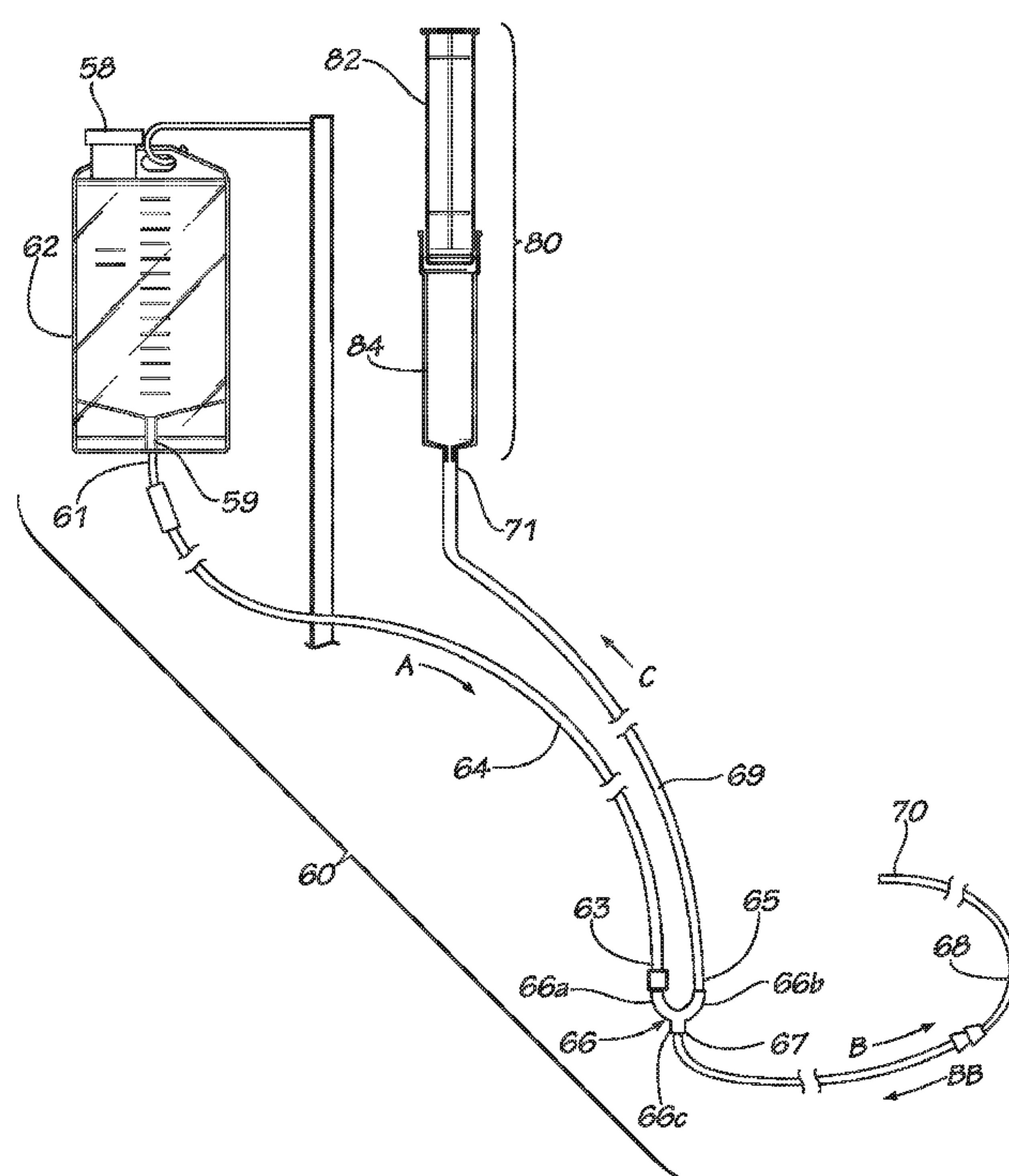


FIG. 1

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ENTERAL FEEDING AND REFLUX COLLECTION SYSTEM AND METHOD USING VENTED SYRINGE

Cross-Reference to Related Application

[0001] This application claims the priority benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 61/549,308 filed October 20, 2011, which is hereby incorporated by reference herein. U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 13/231,185 filed September 13, 2011 and U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 61/418,963 filed December 2, 2010 are also hereby incorporated by reference herein.

Technical Field

[0002] The present invention relates generally to the field of enteral nutrition, and more particularly to an improved system and method for relieving gastric pressure in a human or animal patient during enteral feeding.

Background

[0003] Enteral feeding systems are generally utilized to supply nutrition to the human gastrointestinal tract through an enteral feeding tube. For example, in the field of enteral feeding systems, optional delivery methods can include an enteral pump, syringe pump, or gravity feed delivery system. Optionally, a gastric pressure relief system can be used in conjunction with enteral feeding systems, for example when the subject is susceptible to reflux.

[0004] The gastric pressure relief system generally comprises a gastric reflux container, usually a vented disposable bag suspended above the stomach of the user, providing a reservoir for reflux gas and fluids to collect. The relief system can include an inlet/outlet port comprising a length of relief tubing that connects to the enteral feeding system. When administering nutrients to a user, the gastric reflux stomach contents

intended to collect in the relief system can obtain trapped air pockets or gas bubbles clogging the relief tube. The stomach contents prevent further reflux to flow in the relief system and require disconnecting and cleaning the relief tube. The removal of the relief system from the enteral feeding system is often seen as a drawback to enteral administration and can severely alter the users feeding regimen. Additionally, undergoing an alteration mid-feeding can potentially waste much needed nutrients.

[0005] It is to the provision of an improved system and method for enteral gastric pressure relief and collection meeting these and other needs that the present invention is primarily directed.

Summary

[0006] In example embodiments, the present invention selectively provides ventilation, vacuum and suction within the reflux collection system during use. The reflux collection system of the present invention can be utilized with the administration of various types of fluids to patients, such as medications, nutrients, food, water, etc. In particular, it has been found that the reflux collection system of the present invention greatly improves the administration of nutrients and/or medications when used in conjunction with pump, syringe pump, or gravity-fed enteral feeding systems.

[0007] In one aspect, the present invention relates to an enteral reflux collection system having a fluid container with a discharge. The system also has an enteral feeding tube for delivering fluid from the fluid container and a vented reflux collection syringe. The system also has a reflux relief tube for delivering reflux to the vented reflux syringe. The reflux relief tube is coupled with respect to the enteral feeding tube.

[0008] In another aspect, the present invention relates to an enteral reflux collection system for use with an enteral fluid container having a discharge and a feeding tube. The enteral reflux collection system includes a gastric reflux collection syringe with a confined internal cavity and a plunger. The system also includes a reflux relief tube to deliver gastric

reflux to the gastric reflux collection syringe. The reflux relief tube is coupled with respect to the feeding tube.

[0009] In another aspect, the invention relates to a method for enteral fluid delivery, the method including the steps of delivering a fluid from a container to an enteral feeding tube, and selectively positioning a vented reflux collection syringe to alternatively permit or prevent gastric reflux collection within the syringe, or to aspirate fluid through one or more associated fluid delivery tubes.

[0010] These and other aspects, features and advantages of the invention will be understood with reference to the drawing figures and detailed description herein, and will be realized by means of the various elements and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims. It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following brief description of the drawings and detailed description of the invention are exemplary and explanatory of preferred embodiments of the invention, and are not restrictive of the invention, as claimed.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0011] **FIGURE 1** shows an enteral reflux collection system according to a first example embodiment of the present invention incorporated with an enteral feeding system.

[0012] **FIGURES 2A – 2F** show a vented syringe suited for use in connection with the system and method of the present invention according to an example form.

[0013] **FIGURES 3A and 3B** show cross-sectional views of the vented syringe of FIG 2.

[0014] **FIGURES 4A and 4B** show perspective views of the vented syringe of FIG 2.

Detailed Description of Example Embodiments

[0015] The present invention may be understood more readily by reference to the following detailed description of the invention taken in connection with the accompanying drawing figures, which form a part of this disclosure. It is to be understood that this invention is not limited to the specific devices, methods, conditions or parameters described and/or shown herein, and that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments by way of example only and is not intended to be limiting of the claimed invention. Any and all patents and other publications identified in this specification are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.

[0016] Also, as used in the specification including the appended claims, the singular forms “a,” “an,” and “the” include the plural, and reference to a particular numerical value includes at least that particular value, unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Ranges may be expressed herein as from “about” or “approximately” one particular value and/or to “about” or “approximately” another particular value. When such a range is expressed, another embodiment includes from the one particular value and/or to the other particular value. Similarly, when values are expressed as approximations, by use of the antecedent “about,” it will be understood that the particular value forms another embodiment.

[0017] With reference now to the drawing figures, **Figure 1** shows an enteral feeding system **60** including a vented enteral reflux collection syringe **80** according to an example form of the invention. In general, the enteral feeding system **60** comprises an enteral feeding container or bag **62**, a plurality of tubes **64**, **68**, and **69**, and a Y-connector or coupling **66**. The feeding bag **62**, intended for containing the nutrients/medications to be supplied to the patient, optionally includes a removably accessible opening **58** and an outlet port **59**. The outlet port **59** is sized to receive a proximal end **61** of an administration tube **64**. A distal end **63** of the administration tube inserts into a first arm **66a** of the connector **66**. A proximal end **65** of a gastric relief tube **69** inserts into an arm segment

66b of the connector **66**, and a proximal end **67** of an enteral feeding tube **68** inserts into an arm segment **66c** of the connector. A distal end **71** of the gastric relief tube **69** connects to the enteral reflux collection syringe **80**, which is preferably supported at a higher elevation than the connector **66** and higher than the discharge of the feeding bag **62**, for example the discharge port **59**. The enteral feeding tube **68**, connected to the arm segment **16c** of connector **66**, further comprises a distal end **70** to provide interaction with a user and is preferably at an elevation above connector **66** and below the collection system **80**.

[0018] The standard flow direction of nutrients through the feeding system is indicated by arrows **A**, **B**, **BB**, and **C**. The nutrients contained in the feeding bag **62** flow in the **A** direction through the administration tube **64**. The nutrients enter the connector **66** through connector arm **66a** and continue towards the proximal end **70** of enteral feeding tube **68** indicated by a direction arrow **B**, and are delivered to the digestive tract of the subject. In the event of gastric reflux from the subject, the nutrients may flow back through the proximal end **70** in the opposing direction **BB**, and through reflux tube **69** for collection in the reflux collection syringe **80**, as indicated by direction arrow **C**. In alternate embodiments, the enteral feeding system of the present invention can comprise an enteral syringe used in place of the feeding bag. The enteral syringe can be vented to allow gravity feed by removing the plunger from the syringe body or placement of the plunger in the vent position within the syringe barrel.

[0019] **Figures 2 - 4** show a vented reflux collection syringe **80**, according to an example form, in greater detail. U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 13/231,185 and U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 61/418,963 are incorporated herein for further details of an example form of syringe construction. The vented reflux collection syringe **80** includes an elongated syringe body **20** and a plunger **40**. The syringe body **20** defines an internal elongate cavity **22** that extends substantially along the length of the body from a proximal end **26** towards distal end **24**. The distal end **24** of the syringe body **20** comprises

a nozzle or tip **28** with a discharge lumen in fluid communication with the internal elongate cavity **22**. The tip **28** of the syringe body **20** is preferably adapted for connection to the distal end **71** of the gastric relief tube **69** (as depicted in **Figure 1**). The proximal end **26** of the syringe body **20** includes an opening **30** for receiving the plunger **40** therein. In an example embodiment, the syringe is a 100mL syringe. The syringe body **20** can have a substantially circular cross-section or can comprise a non-circular, oval, elliptical, rectangular, or asymmetric cross-section as desired.

[0020] The plunger **40** includes an elongated body **41** sized to be inserted into the opening **30** of the syringe body **20**, the body or arm having a distal end **42** and a proximal end **44**. The distal end **42** comprises a sealing head **45** for tightly engaging an inner wall of the body cavity **22**. The sealing head and/or gasket **45** substantially mirrors the cross-section and diameter of the cavity **22** to provide an appropriate seal between the head and the cavity. In example embodiments, the sealing head **45** frictionally engages the inner wall of the cavity **22**, such that the plunger **40** remains in a particular position within the syringe body **20** absent user manipulation. The plunger body **41** also comprises at least one, and preferably two or more ribs **47** that extend to fit within the cross-section and/or diameter of the cavity **22**. Thus, as the plunger **40** is selectively inserted into the cavity **22** of the syringe body **20** and travels therein during use, the ribs **47** operate to keep the plunger **40** aligned within the cavity **22** and prevent the plunger from tipping within the same. As such, the ribs **47** help maintain an adequate seal between the plunger head **45** and the wall of the cavity **22**. The proximal end **44** the plunger **40** includes a contact face **48** to permit user manipulation.

[0021] In order to permit the enteral reflux collection syringe **80** of the present invention to be vented during use (without fully removing the plunger **40** from the syringe body **20**), the syringe body includes one or more vents **50**. The vents **50** permit the passage of air into the syringe body cavity **22** when in use. In the depicted example

embodiments, each vent **50** comprises a channel **52** that extends from the proximal end **26** of the syringe barrel along a portion of the barrel's length, into the inner cavity **22** of the syringe body **20**. While example depicted embodiments depict four vents **50**, alternative embodiments can include one vent, two vents, three vents, or five or more vents as desired. The syringe plunger is selectively positionable within the barrel in one or more closed / unvented positions (**Figures. 2, 3A and 4**) where the contained volume within the syringe is sealed to prevent air passage in or out, or one or more open / vented positions (**Figure 3B**) wherein air can pass in and out of the syringe.

[0022] In example embodiments, the enteral reflux collection system **60** comprises one or more food-grade plastics (i.e. polypropylene), other polymers, glass, metals, metal alloys, resins, rubbers, rubber derivatives, elastomerics (i.e. santoprene), silicones or other materials of construction. Optionally, colorants and/or other additives may be included. The syringe can include external markings or other indicia, for example to indicate volume capacity and/or content levels.

[0023] In operation, the collection system **60** of the present invention can be used to deliver fluids to a subject, and to selectively collect, prevent collection, and/or induce aspiration of the gastric reflux fluids during enteral feeding. For preventing the collection of gastric reflux fluids, as shown in **Figure 3A**, the plunger **40** can be positioned within the syringe body **20** in a closed position. Alternately, for inducing aspiration of gastric fluids, the plunger **40** can be moved further into the syringe body **20** where as the plunger head **45** is advanced or retracted, increased pressure or suction alternatively develops to alleviate a clog within the reflux tube. Additionally, the collection of gastric fluids is enabled by positioning the syringe in its vented state as shown in **Figure 3B**. As a result, the enteral reflux collection system **80** of the present invention is multi-functional, selectively providing ventilation, vacuum, and/or suction.

[0024] While the invention has been described with reference to preferred and example embodiments, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that a variety of modifications, additions and deletions are within the scope of the invention, as defined by the following claims.

What is Claimed is:

1. An enteral reflux collection system comprising:

a fluid container comprising a discharge;

an enteral feeding tube for delivering fluid from the fluid container;

a vented reflux collection syringe; and

a reflux relief tube for delivering reflux to the vented reflux syringe, the reflux relief tube being coupled with respect to the enteral feeding tube.

2. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 1, wherein the vented reflux collection syringe is configured to be positioned at a higher elevation than the fluid container discharge.

3. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 1, further comprising a coupling to couple the reflux relief tube and the enteral feeding tube.

4. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 3, wherein the coupling comprises a Y-connector.

5. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 1, wherein the vented collection syringe comprises an internal elongate cavity and a plunger, the plunger being translatablely secured within the internal elongate cavity.

6. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 1, wherein the vented collection syringe comprises an internal elongate cavity and at least one elongated channel vent.

7. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 1, wherein the vented collection syringe comprises a plunger comprising a sealing head configured to create a vacuum within the vented collection syringe.

8. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 7, wherein the vented collection syringe comprises at least one vent configured to release the vacuum when aligned with the plunger sealing head.

9. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 1, wherein the vented collection syringe is configured to have a reflux collection state and a reflux prevention state.

10. An enteral reflux collection system for use with an enteral fluid container comprising a discharge and a feeding tube, the enteral reflux collection system comprising:

a gastric reflux collection syringe comprising a confined internal cavity and a plunger; and

a reflux relief tube to deliver gastric reflux to the gastric reflux collection syringe, the reflux relief tube coupled with respect to the feeding tube.

11. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 10, wherein the gastric reflux collection syringe plunger comprises a gasket configured to translatably manipulate a releasable vacuum within the confined internal cavity.

12. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 11, wherein the gastric reflux collection syringe is configured to achieve optimal performance when positioned at a higher elevation than the enteral fluid container discharge.

13. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 10, wherein the gastric reflux collection syringe comprises at least one vent.

14. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 13, wherein the at least one vent comprises an elongated channel extending a predetermined length along the confined internal cavity.

15. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 14, wherein the plunger comprises a sealing head, the sealing head being translatable configured to manipulate a releasable vacuum within the confined internal cavity.

16. The enteral reflux collection system of Claim 15, wherein the vacuum is configured to be released when the sealing head is aligned with the at least one vent.

17. A method for enteral fluid delivery, comprising:

delivering a fluid from a container to an enteral feeding tube; and

selectively operating a vented reflux collection syringe to alternatively permit or prevent gastric reflux collection within the syringe, and/or to aspirate fluid through one or more associated fluid delivery tubes.

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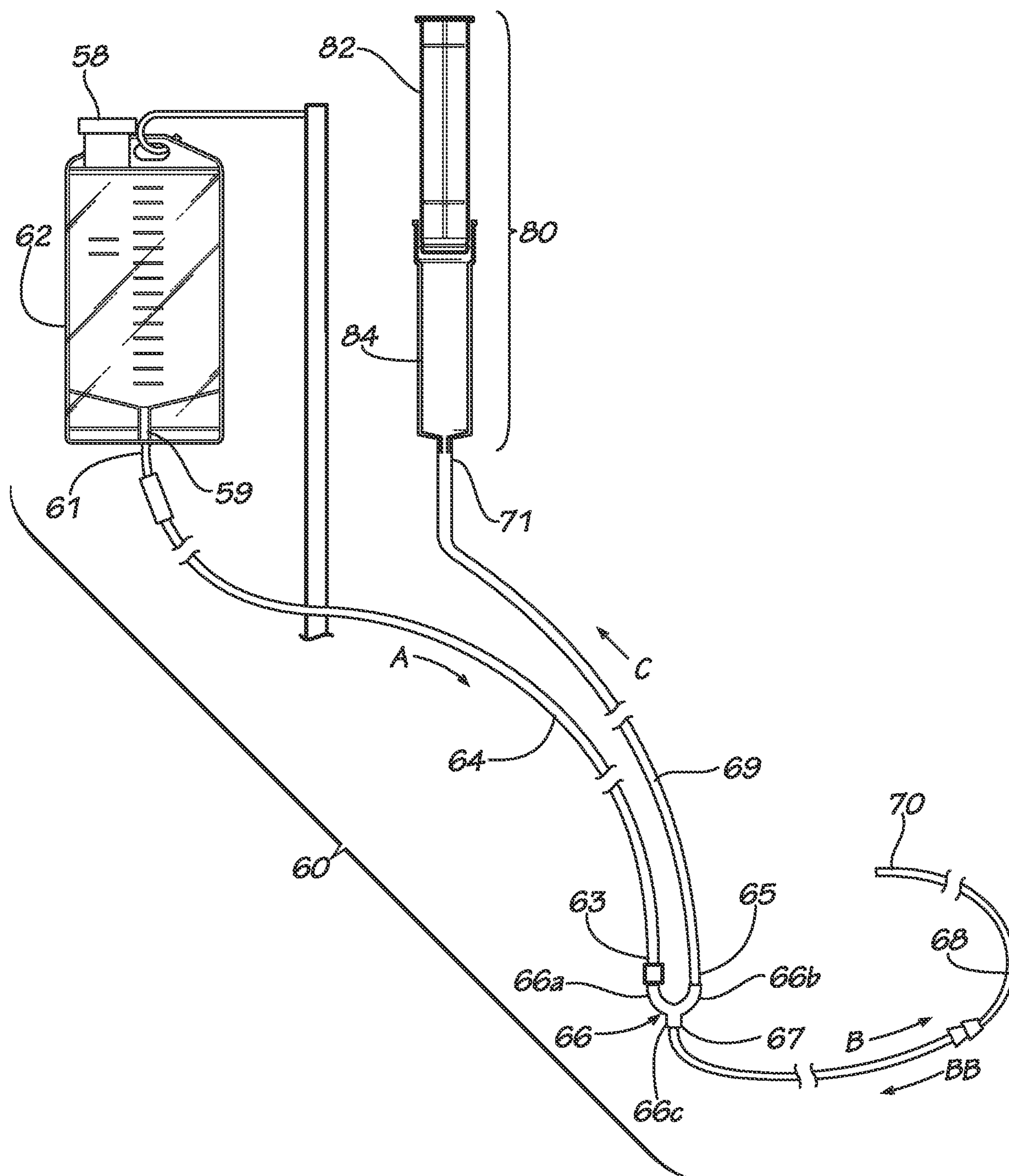
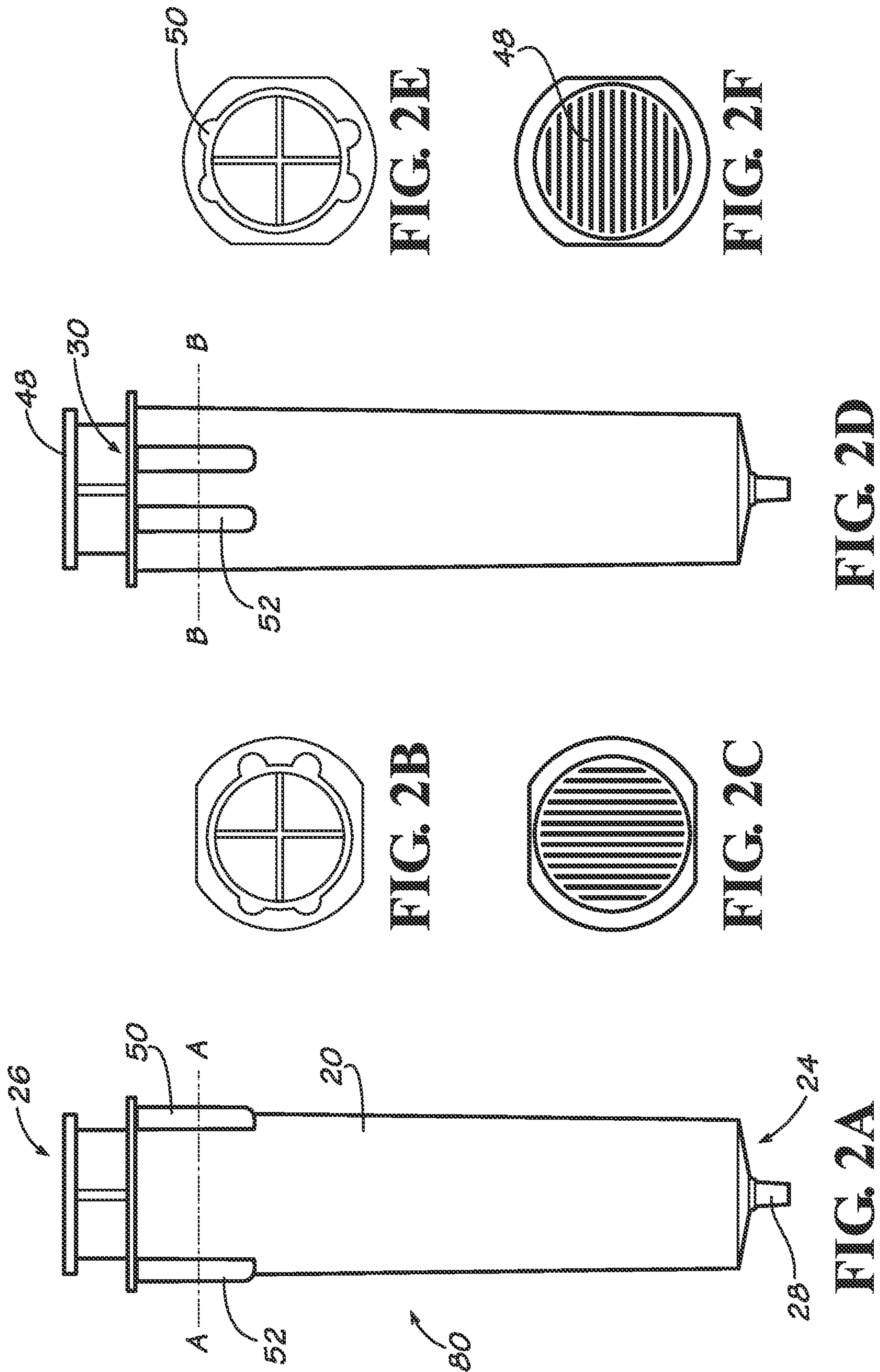
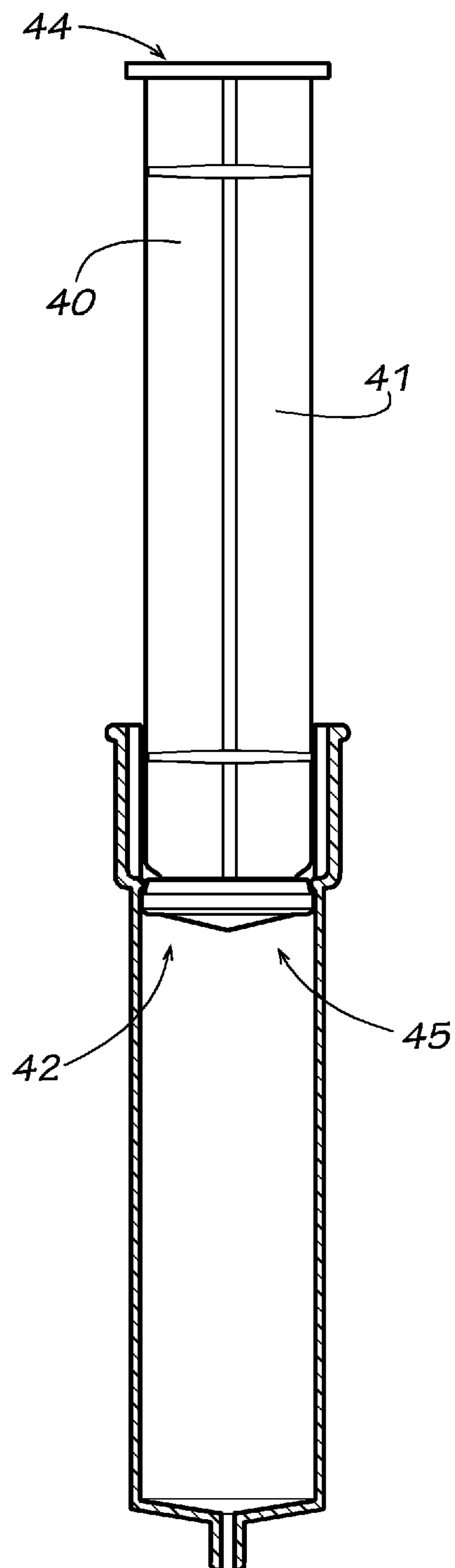
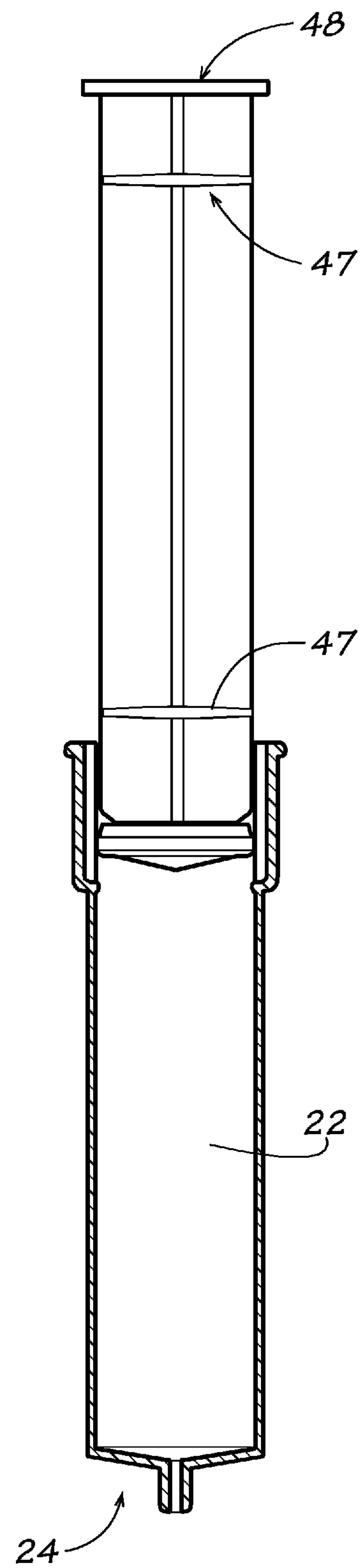


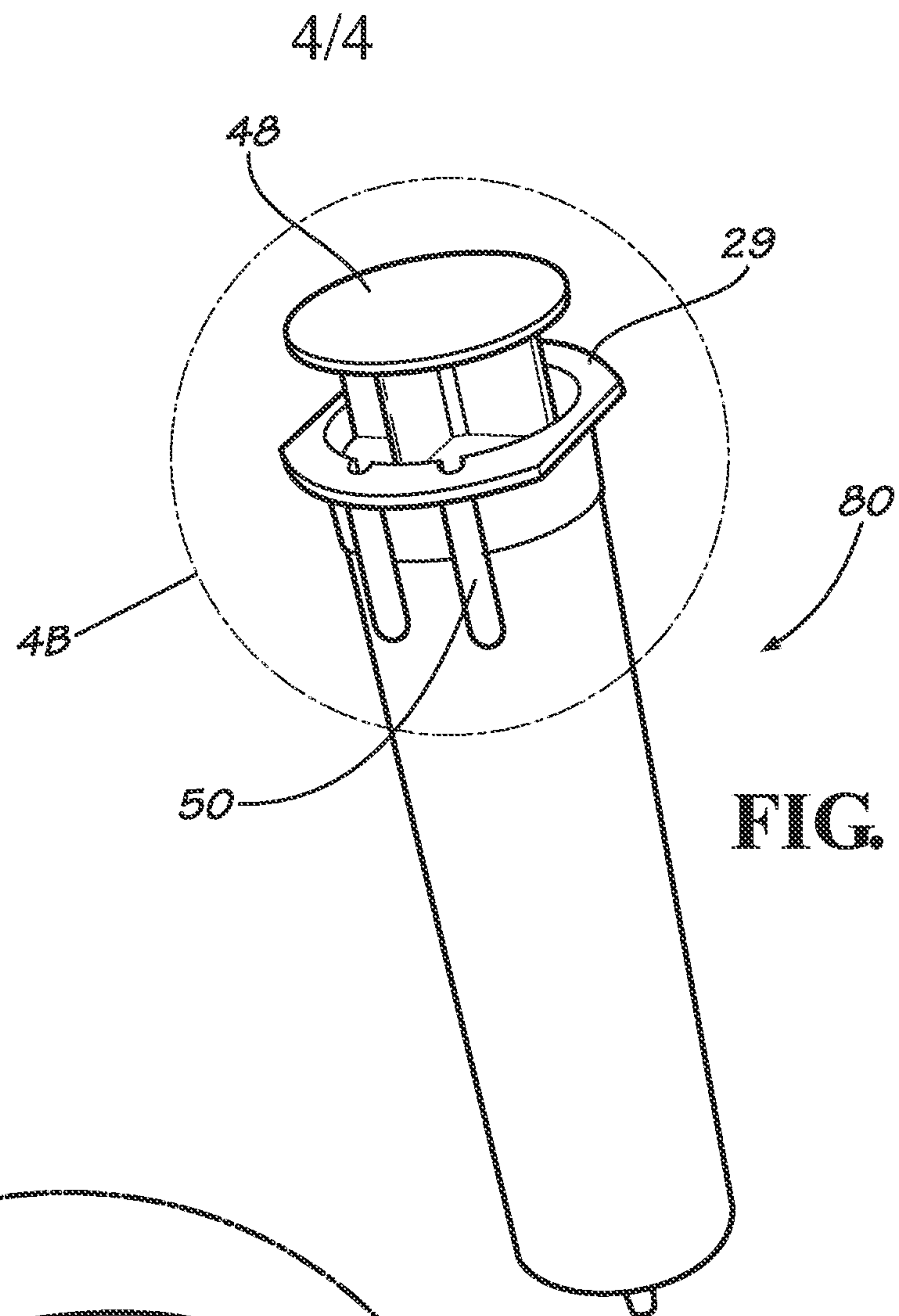
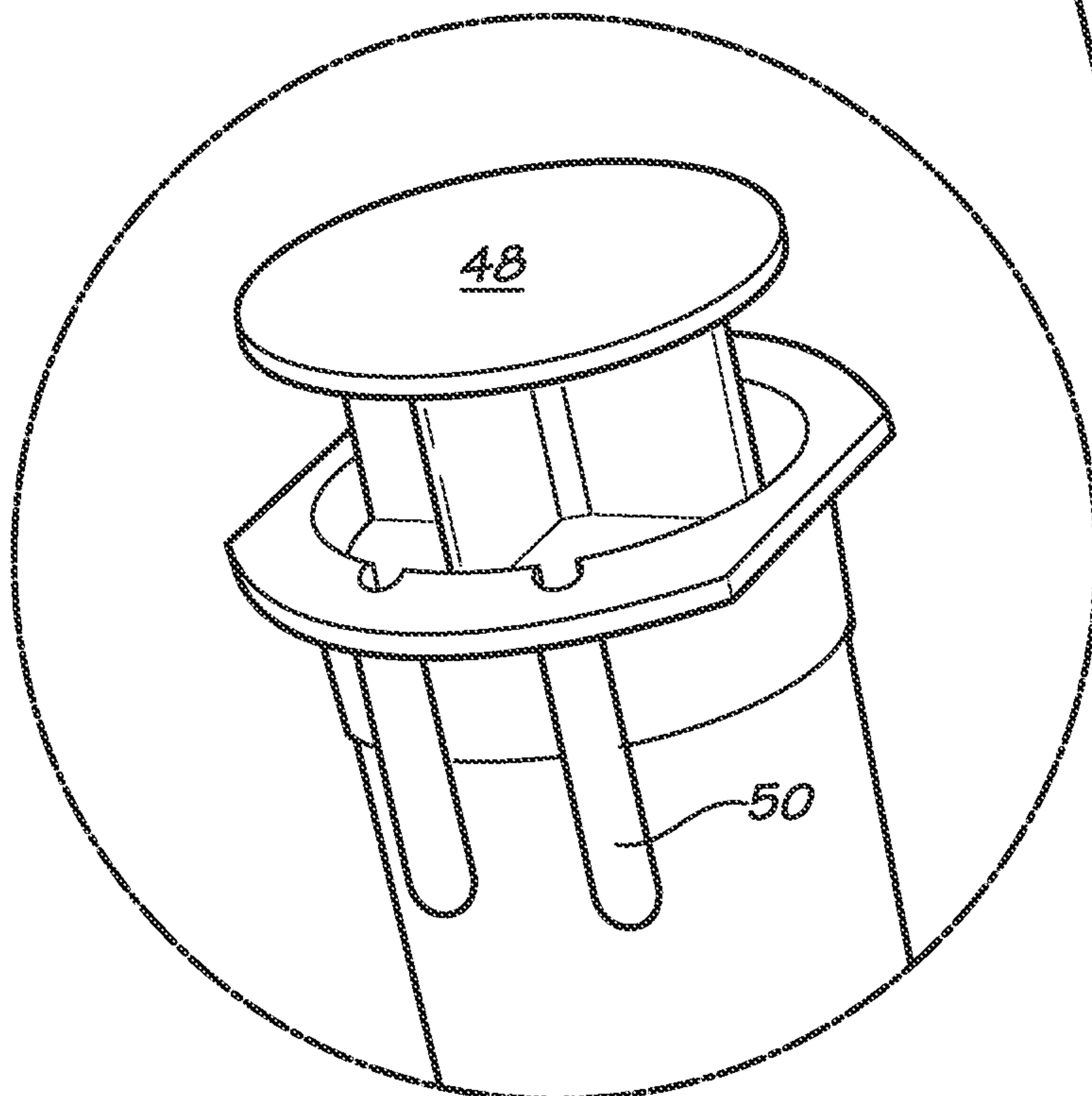
FIG. 1

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**FIG. 3A****FIG. 3B**

**FIG. 4A****FIG. 4B**

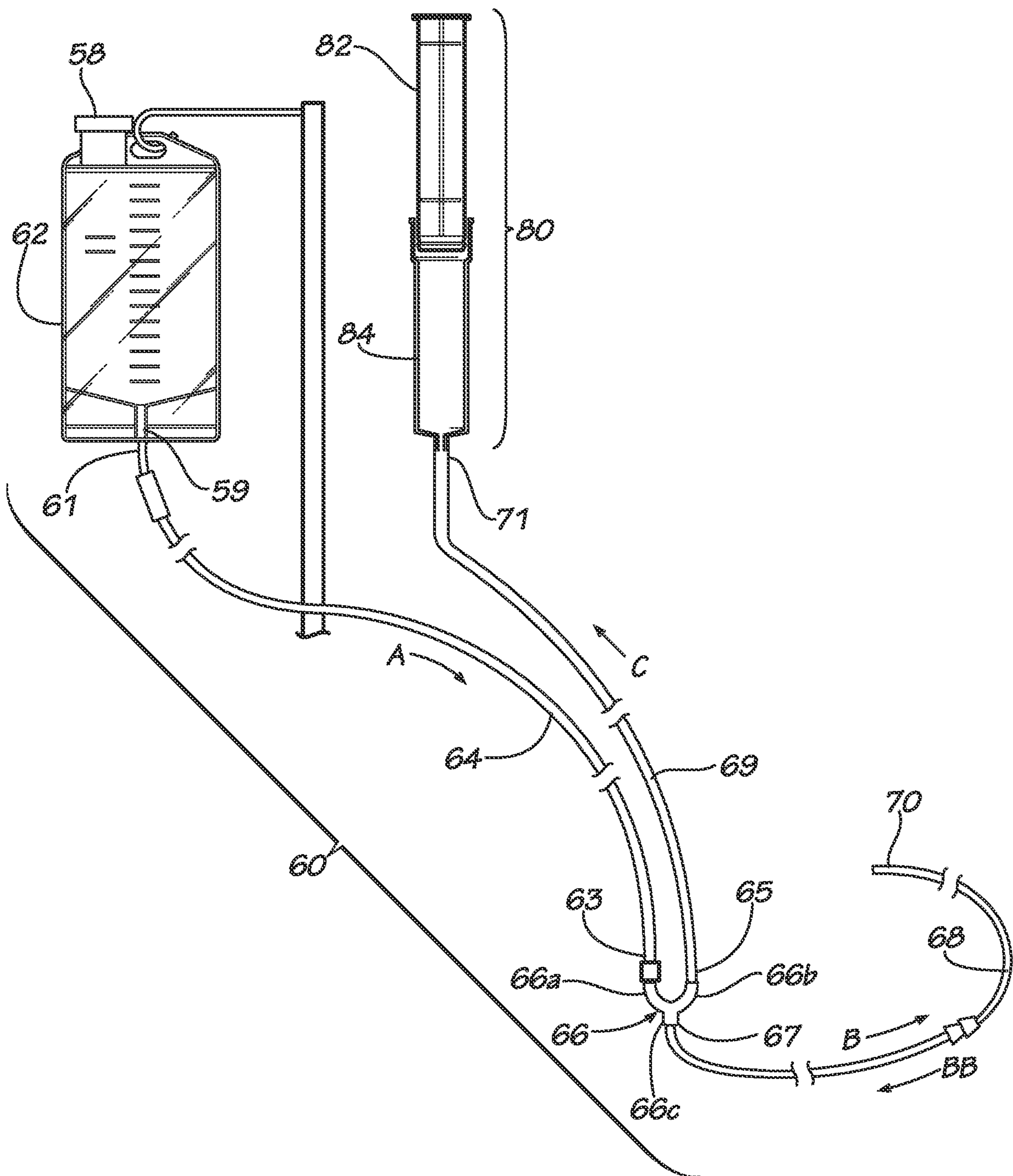


FIG. 1