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(71) Applicant: **Brother Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha
Nagoya-shi, Aichi-ken 467-8561 (JP)**

(72) Inventors:
• **Nakamura, Tomiko
Nagoya-shi, Aichi-ken 467-8562 (JP)**
• **Isshiki, Manabu
Nagoya-shi, Aichi-ken 467-8562 (JP)**

(74) Representative: **Smith, Samuel Leonard
J.A. Kemp & Co.
14 South Square
Gray's Inn
London WC1R 5JJ (GB)**

(54) **Communication system**

(57) A client terminal is capable of communicating with an address server. The client terminal includes a displaying unit, a language determining unit, a language information transmitting unit, a service information acquiring unit, and a display controlling unit. The displaying unit displays a page. The language determining unit determines a language to be used for displaying the page on the displaying unit. The language information transmitting unit transmits language information to the address server. The language information indicates the language

determined by the language determining unit. The service information acquiring unit acquires service information from a data server based on address information transmitted from the address server. The display controlling unit controls the displaying unit to display, by using the language determined by the language determining unit, the page including the service information acquired by the service information acquiring unit.

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Description

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims priority from Japanese Patent Application No. 2007-088924 filed March 29, 2007. The entire content of its priority application is incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] The present invention relates to a client terminal, a communication system, a communication method, and a computer-readable recording medium that stores a data processing program.

BACKGROUND

[0003] A communication system well known in the art is configured of a device, such as a printer, scanner, facsimile device, or multifunction device; a client configured of a personal computer for controlling the device; and a Web server for providing Web pages to the client. The device, client, and Web server are connected to and capable of communicating with each other via a network.

[0004] Japanese unexamined patent application publication No. 2002-123384 describes a technology related to this communication system. In this technology, when the amount of ink falls below a prescribed amount, the printing device accesses a Web server, which is an ink purchasing site.

[0005] However, the system disclosed in Japanese unexamined patent application publication No. 2002-123384 does not consider the language in which the Web page is described (the natural language, such as Japanese, Chinese, and English, for example). Hence, if the language used in the Web page is one the user is unfamiliar with, the user cannot comprehend the content of the Web page.

[0006] One possible resolution is to provide options on the Web page for the user to select a desired language and to display the Web page in the language selected by the user. However, selecting a desired language from the enormous number of possible languages can be a troublesome step for the user.

SUMMARY

[0007] In view of the foregoing, it is an object of the invention to provide a client, communication system, and client program capable of displaying service information related to a device in a language familiar to the user, without requiring the user to perform a troublesome operation.

[0008] In order to attain the above and other objects, the invention provides a client terminal capable of communicating with an address server. The client terminal includes a displaying unit, a language determining unit,

a language information transmitting unit, a service information acquiring unit, and a display controlling unit. The displaying unit displays a page. The language determining unit determines a language to be used for displaying the page on the displaying unit. The language information transmitting unit transmits language information to the address server. The language information indicates the language determined by the language determining unit. The service information acquiring unit acquires service information from a data server based on address information transmitted from the address server. The display controlling unit controls the displaying unit to display, by using the language determined by the language determining unit, the page including the service information acquired by the service information acquiring unit.

[0009] According to another aspect, the present invention provides a communication system including a network; and a client terminal and an address server capable of communicating with each other via the network. The client terminal includes a displaying unit, a language determining unit, a language information transmitting unit, a service information acquiring unit, and a display controlling unit. The displaying unit displays a page. The language determining unit determines a language to be used for displaying the page on the displaying unit. The language information transmitting unit transmits language information to the address server, the language information indicating the language determined by the language determining unit. The service information acquiring unit acquires service information from a data server based on address information transmitted from the address server, the address information specifying the data server that stores service information to be displayed by using the language determined by the language determining unit. The display controlling unit controls the displaying unit to display, by using the language determined by the language determining unit, the page including the service information acquired by the service information acquiring unit. The address server includes a language information receiving unit, a data server determining unit, and an address information transmitting unit. The language information receiving unit receives the language information transmitted by the language information transmitting unit of the client terminal. The data server determining unit determines the data server based on the language information received by the language information receiving unit. The address information transmitting unit transmits address information to the client terminal, the address information specifying the data server determined by the data server determining unit.

[0010] According to another aspect, the present invention provides a communication method for a client terminal and which is capable of communicating with an address server. The communication method includes step of: determining a language to be used for displaying a page on a displaying unit of the client; transmitting language information to the address server, the language information indicating the language determined in the de-

termining process; acquiring service information from a data server based on address information transmitted from the address server; and controlling the displaying unit to display, by using the language determined in the determining process, the page including the service information.

[0011] According to another aspect, the present invention provides a computer-readable recording medium that stores a data processing program provided on a client terminal capable of communicating with an address server. The data processing program includes instructions for: determining a language to be used for displaying a page on a displaying unit; transmitting language information to the address server, the language information indicating the language determined in the determining process; acquiring service information from a data server based on address information transmitted from the address server, and controlling the displaying unit to display, by using the language determined in the determining process, the page including the service information.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0012] The particular features and advantages of the invention as well as other objects will become apparent from the following description taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the electrical structure of a communication system according to a first embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 2 is an explanatory diagram conceptually illustrating an address server database according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 3 is an explanatory diagram conceptually illustrating a Web server database according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 4 is a flowchart illustrating steps in an installation process according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 5 is a flowchart illustrating steps in a URL creation process according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 6 is a flowchart illustrating steps in a URL retrieval process according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 7 is a flowchart illustrating steps in a Web page transmission process according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing the electrical structure of a communication system according to a second embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 9 is an explanatory diagram conceptually illustrating an address server database according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 10 is an explanatory diagram conceptually illustrating a Web server database according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 11 is a flowchart illustrating steps in an installation process according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 12 is a flowchart illustrating steps in a URL creation process according to the second embodiment; Fig. 13 is a flowchart illustrating steps in a URL retrieval process according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 14 is a flowchart illustrating steps in a Web page transmission process according to the second embodiment; and

Fig. 15 is a flowchart illustrating steps in a URL creation process according to a third embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0013] A communication system in accordance with a first embodiment is shown in Fig. 1. In a communication system 1, a plurality of client terminal 10 (three client terminals 10 in the first embodiment), an address server 20, and a multifunctional peripheral (MFP) 30 are connected each other by a local area network (LAN) 2 so that data can be transferred therebetween. The MFP 30 is a shared device for each client terminal 10.

[0014] Each client terminal 10 is a personal computer capable of communicating with a plurality of Web servers 60 via an internet 50. Each Web server has specific language and service information described in the specific language. One of the plurality of data servers 60 is shown in Fig. 1 for simplify the description of the communication system 1. For example, the client terminal 10 can acquire the service information related to the MFP 30, such as information on ordering ink cartridges used by the MFP 30, from the Web server 60 via the internet 50 and can display this service information on a LCD 17 (described later).

[0015] The client terminal 10 includes a CPU 11, a ROM 12, a RAM 13, a flash memory 14, hard disk (HDD) 15, a keyboard 16, the LCD 17, and a LAN interface (LAN I/F) 18.

[0016] The CPU 11 is a processor that executes various programs stored in the ROM 12. The RAM 13 is a random access memory that includes a work area for temporarily storing variables and the like when the CPU 11 executes programs.

[0017] The flash memory 14 is a nonvolatile memory capable of storing various data that can be written thereto and read therefrom. The flash memory 14 can preserve data when the power to the client terminal 10 is cut off. The flash memory 14 includes an installer language memory area 14a storing language information preset for installer 15c (described later).

[0018] The HDD 15 is a rewritable memory and stores an operating system (OS) 15a, a Web browser 15b, the installer 15c, and printer driver 15d.

[0019] The OS 15a is software providing an operating environment for the user and managing the computer system and may be MS-DOS, Windows (registered trademark), or UNIX (registered trademark), for example. Regional information and language information has al-

ready been set in the OS 15a.

[0020] The Web browser 15b is software that allows the user to browse Web pages on the internet 50 and may be Netscape Navigator or Internet Explorer, for example. The installer 15c is software for installing application programs used on the client terminal 10. The printer driver 15d is software for controlling the MFP 30.

[0021] The keyboard 16 is an input device for inputting operation by user. The LCD 17 is configured of a liquid crystal display and functions to display various data such as a page including characters, figures, or icons. The LAN interface 26 establishes a connection with a plurality of devices (other client terminals 10, address server 20, MFP 30, and Web server 60) via the LAN 2.

[0022] The address server 20 includes a database. The address server 20 performs to receive a request from and send results to the client terminal 10 when the address server 20 receives a command from the client terminal 10. The address server 20 includes a CPU 21, a ROM 22, a RAM 23, a HDD 24, a flash memory 25, and LAN interface 26.

[0023] The CPU 21 is a processor that executes various programs stored in the ROM 22. The RAM 23 is a random access memory that includes a work area for temporarily storing variables and the like when the CPU 21 executes programs.

[0024] The HDD 24 is a rewritable memory and stores an URL retrieval program 24a. The URL retrieval program 24a implements an URL retrieval process shown in the flowchart of Fig. 6. The URL retrieval process will be described later.

[0025] The flash memory 25 is a nonvolatile memory capable of storing various data that can be written thereto and read therefrom. The flash memory 25 can preserve data when the power to the address server 20 is cut off. The flash memory 25 stores an address server database 25a shown in Fig. 2.

[0026] As shown in Fig. 2, the address server database 25a stores region data 25a1, language data 25a2, printer model name 25a3, and linked URL 25a4 in association with each other. The region data 25a1, the languages data 25a2, and the printer model name 25a3 are used as one of search keys (retrieving keys) for searching and extracting the linked URL 25a4 from the address server database 25a.

[0027] For example, one correlation stored in the address server database 25a has "USA" indicating the United States as the region data 25a1, "ENG" signifying English as the language data 25a2, "M-86" as the printer model name 25a3, and "http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_ink.htm" as the linked URL 25a4.

[0028] When provided region information, language information, and printer model name from the client terminal 10, the URL retrieval program 24a uses the address server database 25a to extract the linked URL of the corresponding link from the address server database 25a and transmits the extracted URL to the client terminal 10. In this way, the client terminal 10 can acquire the linked

URL corresponding to its own requested region, language, and printer model.

[0029] The MFP 30 has a plurality of functions including printer function, facsimile function, copier function, and photomedia capture function. The MFP 30 is provided with an inkjet recording device for forming images on a recording medium. The recording device receives ink supplied from an ink cartridge and ejects ink droplets onto the recording medium through a print head. Each MFP 30 has printer model such as identified data.

[0030] The Web server 60 is a computer that functions to transmit HTML files including hypertext data and image data to the client terminal 10 in response to requests from the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 10. The Web server 60 includes a CPU 61, a ROM 62, a RAM 63, a HDD 64, a flash memory 65, and LAN interface 66.

[0031] The CPU 61 is a processor that executes various programs stored in the ROM 62. The RAM 63 is a random access memory that includes a work area for temporarily storing variables and the like when the CPU 61 executes programs.

[0032] The HDD 64 is a rewritable memory and stores a Web page transmission program 64a. The Web page transmission program 64a implements a Web page transmission process shown in the flowchart of Fig. 7.

[0033] The flash memory 65 is a nonvolatile memory capable of storing various data that can be written thereto and read therefrom. The flash memory 65 can preserve data when the power to the client terminal 10 is cut off. The flash memory 65 stores a Web server database 65a shown in Fig. 3.

[0034] The Web server database 65a stores correlations of printer model names 65a1 and linked URLs 65a2. One example of a correlation stored in the Web server database 65a is "M-86" as the printer model names 65a1 and "http://www.brother-usa.com/m86.htm" as the linked URL 65a2.

[0035] When data for the printer model name is provided by the client terminal 10, the CPU 61 executes the Web page transmission program 64a and extracts the linked URL corresponding to the printer model name from the Web server database 65a and transmits the extracted URL to the client terminal 10. In this way, the client terminal 10 can acquire the linked URL corresponding to its requested printer model name.

[0036] Next, an installation process will be described with reference to the flowchart in Fig. 4. In this process, the installer 15c installs the printer driver 15d on the HDD 15. The installation process is executed when a CD-ROM storing the printer driver 15d is placed in a CD-ROM drive provided in the client terminal 10 and the user issues a command to begin installation, for example.

[0037] In S401 at the beginning of the installation process, the installer 15c installs the printer driver 15d. More specifically, the CPU 11 reads the printer driver 15d from the CD-ROM and stores the printer driver 15d on the HDD 15.

[0038] In S402 the installer 15c writes a preset lan-

guage to the installer language memory area 14a. The preset language is the language that the installer 15c uses for displaying messages and the like on the LCD 17. For example, when the installer 15c in French is launched, the CPU 11 stores language information indicating French in the installer language memory area 14a using the installer 15c. The language preset in the installer 15c is unrelated to the language preset in the OS 15a or printer driver 15d. Subsequently, the installation process ends.

[0039] Next, the URL creation process will be described with reference to the flowchart in Fig. 5. The URL creation process serves to create a URL as transmission data to be transmitted to the address server 20. The URL is a hypertext data including a request for the transmission of the Web page.

[0040] The CPU 11 of the client terminal 10 executes the URL creation process with using the printer driver 15d, when the user commands execution via the keyboard 16 while the printer driver 15d is running.

[0041] In S501 at the beginning of the URL creation process, the CPU 11 acquires regional information and language information from the OS 15a. In S502 the CPU 11 determines whether the regional information and language settings in the OS 15a were acquired. If the regional information and language information was acquired (S502: YES), the CPU 11 advances to S507.

[0042] However, if the regional and language information could not be acquired (S502: NO), then in S503 the CPU 11 determines whether language information is stored in the installer language memory area 14a. If language information is stored in the installer language memory area 14a (S503: YES), then in S504 the CPU 11 acquires the language information from the installer language memory area 14a. If such information is not stored (S503: NO), then in S505 the CPU 11 acquires language information preset in the printer driver 15d. After acquiring language information in either S504 or S505, in S506 the CPU 11 sets the regional information to "Unknown" and advances to S507.

[0043] In S507 the CPU 11 acquires the printer model name preset in the printer driver 15d. In S508 the CPU 11 creates a URL by appending the printer model name and the regional information and the language information acquired in the above processes to a URL of the address server 20 preset in the printer driver 15d.

[0044] For example, if the printer model name "M-86" and the URL of the address server 20 "http://update.brother.co.jp/index?" have been integrated in the printer driver 15d and USA and English have been acquired as the regional and language information in the above processes, in S508 the CPU 11 creates the URL "http://update.brother.co.jp/index?model=M-86&country=USA&lang=ENG."

[0045] After creating the URL in S508, in S509 the CPU 11 launches the Web browser 15b and transfers the generated URL to the Web browser 15b as transmission data. Subsequently, the URL creation process ends.

[0046] Upon receiving the generated URL, the Web browser 15b transmits this URL to the address server 20 at the address specified in the URL. Subsequently, the Web browser 15b acquires from the address server 20 a URL for a link retrieved through a URL retrieval process described later.

[0047] Through the URL creation process, the CPU 11 of the client terminal 10 determines a language to be used for displaying the page on the LCD 17, and creates a URL including language information attached to the URL of the address server 20 as transmission data to be transmitted to the address server 20, thereby easily transmitting the language information to the address server 20. The language information indicates the language preset in the OS 15a or in the printer driver 15d used by the client terminal 10 and likely the language that the user is accustomed to using on a daily basis. Hence, the client terminal 10 can transmit the language information that the user works with daily to the address server 20 as language information.

[0048] Since the CPU 11 executes the URL creation process with using the printer driver 15d, it is not necessary to install a new application for performing the URL creation process. In addition, since the printer driver 15d must be installed to use the MFP 30, using the printer driver 15d executed the URL creation process is convenient for the user. Further, since the printer model name is preset in the printer driver 15d, the CPU 11 can easily acquire the printer model name by using the printer driver 15d when executing this process. Further, the client terminal 10 can transmit transmission data to the Web server 60 through a simple configuration of inputting data created by the printer driver 15d in the Web browser 15b. In other words, in addition to its original structure, the printer driver 15d has a simple structure for creating transmission data and inputting the data into the Web browser 15b.

[0049] Next, the URL retrieval process will be described with reference to the flowchart in Fig. 6. The address server 20 executes the URL retrieval process to retrieve a linked URL based on the URL transmitted from the client terminal 10 in the URL creation process of Fig. 5 and to transmit the retrieved linked URL to the client terminal 10.

[0050] The CPU 21 of the address server 20 performs the URL retrieval process according to the URL retrieval program 24a when a URL is received from the client terminal 10 in the URL creation process described in Fig. 5.

[0051] In S601 at the beginning of the URL retrieval process, the CPU 21 acquires the URL for accessing the address server 20 via the Web browser 15b from the client terminal 10. In the above example, the address server 20 acquires the URL "http://update.brother.co.jp/index?model=M-86&country=USA&lang=ENG" created in S508 of Fig. 5.

[0052] In S602 the CPU 21 extracts the regional information, the language information, and the printer model name from the acquired URL. In the above example, the

CPU 21 acquires the regional information "USA," the language information "ENG," and the printer model name "M-86."

[0053] In S603 the CPU 21 determines whether at least one of the regional information, the language information, and the printer model name could be acquired. If at least one of the data could be acquired (S603: YES), in S604 the CPU 21 determines whether the regional information could be acquired. The CPU 21 advances to S606 if regional information could be acquired (S604: YES) or first sets the regional information to "Unknown" in S605 before advancing to S606 when regional information could not be acquired (S604: NO).

[0054] In S606 the CPU 21 determines whether language information could be acquired. If language information could be acquired (S606: YES), the CPU 21 advances directly to S608. However, if language information could not be acquired (S606: NO), then in S607 the CPU 21 sets the language information to "Unknown" and subsequently advances to S608.

[0055] In S608 the CPU 21 determines whether the printer model name could be acquired. If the printer model name could be acquired (S608: YES), then the CPU 21 advances directly to S610. However, if the printer model name could not be acquired (S608: NO), then in S609 the CPU 21 sets the printer model name to "Unknown" and subsequently advances to S610.

[0056] In S610 the CPU 21 generates a searching key for retrieving a linked URL from the address server database 25a, based on combination of the regional information, language information, and printer model name.

[0057] In S611 the CPU 21 determines whether combination of the region data 25a1, language information 25a2, and printer model name 25a3 corresponding to the searching key exists in the address server database 25a. If the combination exists (S611: YES), in S612 the CPU 21 acquires the linked URL corresponding to the combination (the searching key). In this example, the CPU 21 acquires the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_ink.htm" from the address server database 25a.

[0058] However, if the combination does not exist in the address server database 25a (S611: NO) or if none of the regional information, language information, and printer model name could be extracted from the URL acquired from the client terminal 10 in S603 (S603: NO), in S613 the CPU 21 acquires a predetermined default URL from the address server database 25a as the linked URL. For example, the CPU 21 acquires the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/original.htm" from the address server database 25a.

[0059] After acquiring a linked URL from either S612 or S613, the CPU 21 determines in S614 whether the printer model name is set to "Unknown." If the printer model name is not set to "Unknown" (S614: NO), then in S615 the CPU 21 adds the printer model name to the linked URL acquired in S612 or S613 and advances to S616. For example, the CPU 21 generates the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_ink.htm&model=M-

86."

[0060] However, if the printer model name is set to "Unknown" (S614: YES), the CPU 21 skips S615 and advances directly to S616.

[0061] In S616 the CPU 21 transmits a command to the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 10 to redirect to either the URL produced by adding the printer model name to the linked URL in S615 or the linked URL without the added printer model name, and subsequently ends the URL retrieval process. Upon receiving this command, the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 10 is redirected to the specified URL.

[0062] Through the URL retrieval process, the address server 20 can acquire a linked URL corresponding to language information included in the URL received from the client terminal 10. Further, since the URL received from the client terminal 10 has the printer model name in addition to the language information, the address server 20 can acquire service information corresponding to the printer model name. Further, since the client terminal 10 includes the regional information in the URL in addition to the language information and printer model name, the address server 20 can acquire service information corresponding to the user's region.

[0063] For example, when the service information includes operating instructions for the MFP 30 and repair-related information, the address server 20 can retrieve a linked URL providing service information related to operating instructions and repairs for the MFP 30 in English when the language information specifies English. However, in some cases, the service information may include contact information, such as telephone numbers or addresses for service centers. If the data server receives a linked URL for the United States when the user is located in England in this case, the URL will not be relevant to the user. Hence, by including the regional information in the data transmitted to the address server 20, the address server 20 can provide service information corresponding to the user's location.

[0064] Next, the Web page transmission process will be described with reference to the flowchart in Fig. 7. The CPU 61 of the Web server 60 executes this Web page transmission process to transmit a Web page to the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 10 in response to a transmission request from the Web browser 15b after the Web browser 15b receives a redirect command from the address server 20 in the URL retrieval process of Fig. 6.

[0065] The CPU 61 of the Web server 60 executes the URL retrieval process according to the Web page transmission program 64a after the address server 20 issues a redirect command to the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 10 in the URL retrieval process of Fig. 6 and the CPU 11 of the client terminal 10 accesses the Web server 60 via the Web browser 15b.

[0066] In S701 at the beginning of the Web page transmission process, the CPU 61 acquires the URL accessing the Web server 60 from the client terminal 10 via the

Web browser 15b. For example, the CPU 61 acquires a URL such as "http://www.brother-usa.cm/genuine_ink.htm&model=M-86."

[0067] In S702 the CPU 61 determines whether the acquired URL includes the printer model name. If the URL includes the printer model name (S702: YES), then in S703 the CPU 61 acquires the printer model name. In this example, the CPU 61 acquires the printer model name "M-86".

[0068] In S704 the CPU 61 removes the portion of the URL acquired in S701 related to the printer model name and acquires a Web page based on the remaining URL. Specifically, the CPU 61 removes the "&model=M-86" portion from "http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_ink.htm&model=M-86" to obtain "http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine-ink.htm" and acquires the Web page at this URL.

[0069] In S705 the CPU 61 sets the printer model as searching key to retrieve a corresponding linked URL from the Web server database 65a.

[0070] In S706 the CPU 61 determines whether the printer model exists in the Web server database 65a. If the printer model exists (S706: YES), then in S707 the CPU 61 acquires linked URLs corresponding to the printer model. In this example, the CPU 61 acquires three URLs from the Web server database 65a, including "http://www.brother-usa.com/m86..htm," "http://www.brother-usa.com/m86.inkcartridge.htm," and "http://www.brother-usa.com/m86.result_for_paperjam."

[0071] In S708 the CPU 61 adds buttons linked to the acquired URLs in the Web page acquired in S704 and advances to S710 described later. Since the CPU 61 acquired three URLs in S707, three buttons linked to these URLs are added to the Web page.

[0072] However, if the URL acquired in S701 does not include the printer model (S702: NO), in S709 the CPU 61 acquires a Web page at the URL the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 10 is accessing and subsequently advances to S710 described below.

[0073] In addition, if the corresponding printer model does not exist in the Web server database 65a (S706: NO), then the CPU 61 jumps to S710 described below without performing the processes in S707 and S708.

[0074] After acquiring the Web page with or without the additional link data corresponding to the printer model, in S710 the CPU 61 transmits this Web page to the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 10 and subsequently ends the Web page transmission process.

[0075] When the client terminal 10 receives the Web page from the Web server 60 via the Web browser 15b, the CPU 11 of the client terminal 10 controls the LCD 17 to display the Web page thereon. In other words, the CPU 11 controls the LCD 17 to display the page including service information, by using the language determined by CPU 11. Specifically, if the Web page includes buttons linking to other URLs and the user selects one of these buttons, the CPU 11 controls to display the Web page corresponding to the linked URL on the LCD 17 using

the Web browser 15b.

[0076] Through the Web page transmission process, the client terminal 10 can conveniently display service information on the MFP 30 written in the desired language used by the user of the client terminal 10 and also relevant to the printer model used by the user and the location of the user.

[0077] Further, the installation process not only installs the printer driver 15d, but also enables the language information preset in the installer 15c to be acquired as language information in the URL creation process shown in Fig. 5, even when it is not possible to acquire the regional and language information set in the OS 15a.

[0078] With this communication system 1, the client terminals 10 can display service information related to the MFP 30 in a language familiar to the user.

[0079] Next, a communication system in accordance with a second embodiment is shown in Figs. 8 through 14. Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing the electrical structure of a communication system 100 according to the second embodiment, wherein like parts and components are designated with the same reference numerals to avoid duplicating description.

[0080] In the communication system 100, a plurality of clients 110, a data server 120, and the MFP 30 are connected each other by the local area network (LAN) 2 so that data can be transferred therebetween.

[0081] As with the client terminal 10 of the first embodiment, the client terminal 110 according to the second embodiment has the CPU 11, the ROM 12, the RAM 13, the keyboard 16, the LCD 17, and the LAN interface 18. In addition, the client terminal 110 includes a flash memory 114 in place of the flash memory 14 and a HDD 115 in place of the HDD 15. The flash memory 114 includes the installer language memory area 14a, and a printer driver name memory area 114b. The printer driver name memory area 114b stores the name of the printer driver 15d.

[0082] As with the HDD 15 of the first embodiment, the HDD 115 includes the OS 15a, the Web browser 15b, the installer 15c, and the printer driver 15d. In addition, the HDD 115 stores a status monitor 115e. The status monitor 115e is an application program for monitoring the status of the MFP 30, such as the amount of remaining ink, the presence of a recording medium, malfunctions, and the like.. With the status monitor, the CPU 11 executes a URL creation process shown in Fig. 12 (described later).

[0083] As with the address server 20 of the first embodiment, the data server 120 according to the second embodiment has the CPU 21, the ROM 22, the RAM 23, and the HDD 24. In addition, the data server 120 includes a flash memory 125 in place of the flash memory 25.

[0084] The flash memory 125 has a data server database 125a for storing data such as that shown in Fig. 9. Fig. 9 is an explanatory diagram conceptually illustrating the data server database 125a. As with the address server database 25a, the data server database 125a stores

correlations of the region data 25a1, the language data 25a2, and the printer model name 25a3, and the linked URL 25a4. In addition, the data server database 125a stores correlations of status data 125a5 and the linked URL 25a4.

[0085] Values stored as the status data 125a5 include "Ready" indicating that the amount of remaining ink is normal, "Ink Empty" indicating that there is no remaining ink, and "Ink Near Empty" indicating that there is a small amount of ink remaining.

[0086] As with the Web server 60 of the first embodiment, the Web server 160 according to the second embodiment has the CPU 61, the ROM 62, the RAM 63, and the HDD 64. In addition, the Web server 160 includes a flash memory 165 in place of the flash memory 65. The flash memory 165 stores a Web server database 165a storing the data shown in Fig. 10. Fig. 10 is an explanatory diagram conceptually illustrating the content of the Web server database 165a according to the second embodiment. As shown in Fig. 10, the Web server database 165a stores correlations of status data 165a3 and the linked URLs 165a2.

[0087] Data stored as the status data 165a3 in the example of Fig. 10 include "Ready" indicating that the amount of remaining ink is normal, "Ink Empty" indicating that there is no ink remaining, and "Paper Jam" indicating that recording media is jammed in the conveying path.

[0088] Fig. 11 is a flowchart illustrating steps in an installation process according to the second embodiment. The CPU 11 executes the installation process according to the second embodiment to install the printer driver 15d and the status monitor 115e using the installer 15c in the HDD 115.

[0089] In S1101 at the beginning of the installation process, the CPU 11 installs the printer driver 15d and the status monitor 115e using the installer 15c. In S402 the CPU 11 writes the language preset in the installer 15c to the installer language memory area 14a using the installer 15c. In S1103 the CPU 11 writes the name of the installed printer driver 15d to the printer driver name memory area 114b and subsequently ends the installation process.

[0090] Using the installer 15c for writing the name of the installed printer driver 15d to the printer driver name memory area 114b in this way enables the status monitor 115e to acquire the printer model name from the printer driver name stored in the printer driver name memory area 114b when executing the URL creation process, as will be described below.

[0091] Fig. 12 is a flowchart illustrating steps in the URL creation process according to the second embodiment. The URL creation process according to the second embodiment is performed to create a URL as data to be transmitted to the data server 120.

[0092] The CPU 11 of the client terminal 110 executes URL creation process using the status monitor 115e, while the status monitor 115e is running and the user issues a command to execute the URL creation process

via the keyboard 16. With this configuration, the client terminal 110 can determine whether the user intends to acquire service information and can execute this process at the desired timing.

[0093] In S1201 at the beginning of the URL creation process, the CPU 11 determines whether a printer driver name is stored in the printer driver name memory area 114b using the status monitor 115e. If a printer driver name is stored in the printer driver name memory area 114b (S1201: YES), then in S1202 the CPU 11 acquires the printer driver name using the status monitor 115e and subsequently advances to S1207.

[0094] However, if a printer driver name is not stored in the printer driver name memory area 114b (S1201: NO), in S1203 the CPU 11 acquires a list of names for all installed printer drivers from the OS 15a using the status monitor 115e. In S1204 the CPU 11 determines whether a list of all printer driver names was acquired using the status monitor 115e.

[0095] If a list of all printer driver names was acquired (S1204: YES), in S1205 the status monitor 115e determines whether any of the printer driver names in the acquired list includes "Brother" in the name.

[0096] If any of the printer driver names includes "Brother" in the name (S1205: YES), then in S1206 the CPU 11 acquires the printer driver name including "Brother" using the status monitor 115e and advances to S1207.

[0097] In S1207 the status monitor 115e extracts the printer model name from the printer driver name acquired in S1202 or S1206. In S1208 the CPU 11 acquires status information from the MFP 30 corresponding to the acquired printer driver name, and in S1209 determines whether status information was acquired from the MFP 30, using the status monitor 115e. If status information was acquired (S1209: YES), the status monitor 115e advances to S501.

[0098] However, if the status information cannot be acquired from the MFP 30 (S1209: NO), in S1211 the CPU 11 sets the status information to "Unknown" using the status monitor 115e and advances to S501. The CPU 11 also sets the status information to "Unknown" if a list of all printer driver names could not be acquired in S1204 (S1204: NO) and when the list of acquired printer drivers does not include a printer driver with "Brother" in the name (S1205: NO). In either case, the CPU 11 sets the printer model to "Unknown" in S1212, sets the status information to "Unknown" in S1211, and advances to S501.

[0099] Next, the CPU 11 performs the processes in S501-S506 to acquire or set regional and language information. The processes in S501-S506 are identical to those described in the first embodiment except that the CPU 11 executes the processes using the status monitor 115e in place of the printer driver 15d. So, a description of these processes will not be repeated here. Subsequently the CPU 11 advances to S1219.

[0100] In S1219 the CPU 11 creates a URL by adding the printer model name, the region information, and the

language information acquired in the above processes, as well as the acquired status information, to the URL preset for the data server 120.

[0101] For example, if the URL preset for the data server 120 is "http://update.brother.co.jp/index?" and the CPU 11 acquired "USA" as the regional information and "ENG" as the language information in the above processes, in S1219 the CPU 11 creates the URL "http://update.brother.co.jp/index? model=M- 86&country=USA&lang=ENG&status=ink_empty" using the status monitor 115e.

[0102] After creating the URL in S1219, in S509 the CPU 11 launches the Web browser 15b using the status monitor 115e while transferring the created URL to the Web browser 15b as transmission data. Subsequently, the URL creation process ends.

[0103] Through the URL creation process of the second embodiment, the client terminal 110 can add the data to the URL of the data server 120 that includes status information, as well as the regional information, the language information, and the printer model name, and can transmit this data as transmission data. Therefore, the client terminal 110 can easily transmit the status information to the data server 120.

[0104] Fig. 13 is a flowchart illustrating steps in the URL retrieval process according to the second embodiment. The URL retrieval program 24a of the data server 120 executes this process when the data server 120 receives the URL transmitted from the client terminal 110 in the URL creation process of Fig. 12.

[0105] In S601 at the beginning of the URL retrieval process, the CPU 21 of the data server 120 acquires the URL used by the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 110 accessing the data server 120. In this example, the CPU 21 acquires the URL "http://update.brother.co.jp/index? model=M- 86&country=USA&lang=ENG&status=ink_empty" created in S1219 of Fig. 12.

[0106] In S1302 the CPU 21 extracts the regional information, the language information, the printer model name, and the status information from the acquired URL. In this example, the CPU 21 acquires "USA" as the regional information, "ENG" as the language information, "M-86" as the printer model name, and "ink_empty" as the status information.

[0107] In S1303 the CPU 21 determines whether at least one of the regional information, the language information, the printer model name, and the status information was acquired. If at least one of these data could be acquired (S1303: YES), the CPU 21 advances to S604, executes the process in S604-S609, and advances to S1310. However, since the process in S604-S609 was described in the first embodiment, a description of this process will not be repeated. Through the process in S604-S609, the CPU 21 sets the regional information, the language information, and the printer model name to "Unknown" when the CPU 21 could not acquire these information or name.

[0108] In S1310 the CPU 21 determines whether sta-

tus information was acquired. The CPU 21 advances to S1312 if status information was acquired (S1310: YES), or sets the status information to "Unknown" before advancing to S1312 if status information could not be acquired (S1310: NO).

[0109] Using the regional information, the language information, the printer model name, and the status information, in S1312 the CPU 21 retrieves a URL for a link corresponding to a combination of the regional information, the language information, the printer model name, and the status information, as searching key from the data server database 125a.

[0110] In S1313 the CPU 21 determines whether a combination of the region data 25a1, the language data 25a2, the printer model name 25a3, and the status data 125a4 corresponding to the searching key exists in the data server database 125a. If the combination corresponding to the searching key exists (S1313: YES), in S1314 the CPU 21 acquires the linked URL corresponding to the above combination. In this example, the CPU 21 acquires the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink.htm" from the data server database 125a.

[0111] However, if the combination does not exist (S1313: NO) or if the CPU 21 could not extract even one of the regional information, the language information, the printer model name, and the status information from the URL acquired from the client terminal 110 in S1303 (S1303: NO), in S613 the CPU 21 acquires a preset default URL from the data server database 125a as the link. In this example, the CPU 21 acquires the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/original.htm."

[0112] After acquiring the linked URL in S1314 or S613, in S614 the CPU 21 determines whether the printer model name is set to "Unknown." If the printer model name is not set to "Unknown" (S614: NO), then in S615 the CPU 21 adds the printer model name to the link acquired in S1314 or S613 and subsequently advances to S1318. In this example, the CPU 21 generates the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink.htm&model=M-86."

[0113] However, if the printer model name is set to "Unknown" (S614: YES), the CPU 21 skips S615 and advances directly to S1318.

[0114] In S1318 the CPU 21 determines whether the status information is set to "Unknown." If the status information is not set to "Unknown" (S1318: NO), in S1319 the CPU 21 adds the status information to the URL generated in S615 and advances to S616. In this example, the CPU 21 generates the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink.htm&model=M- 86&status=ink_empty."

[0115] However, if the status information is set to "Unknown" (S1318: YES), the CPU 21 skips S1319 and advances directly to S616.

[0116] In S616 the CPU 21 transmits a command to the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 110 for redirecting to the URL created in S1314, S613, S615, or S1319 described above. Subsequently, the URL retrieval

process ends.

[0117] Through the URL retrieval process of the second embodiment, in addition to link data for the MFP 30 obtained in the URL retrieval process of the first embodiment, the client terminal 110 can obtain link data providing service information corresponding to the status of the MFP 30.

[0118] Next, a Web page transmission process of the second embodiment will be described with reference to the flowchart in Fig. 14. The CPU 61 of the Web server 160 executes Web process according to the Web page transmission program 64a. After the data server 120 issues a redirect command to the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 110 in the URL retrieval process of the second embodiment described in Fig. 13 and the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 110 accesses the Web server 160.

[0119] In S701 at the beginning of this process, the CPU 61 acquires the URL with which the Web browser 15b used to access the Web server 160. In this example, the CPU 61 acquires the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/ supplies_ ink.htm&model=M- 86&status=ink_ empty."

[0120] In S702 the CPU 21 determines whether the acquired URL includes a printer model name. If the URL includes a printer model name (S702: YES), in S703 the CPU 21 extracts the printer model name. In this example, the CPU 21 extracts "M-86" as the printer model name.

[0121] In S1404 the CPU 61 determines whether the acquired URL includes status information. If the URL includes status information (S1404: YES), then in S1405 the CPU 61 extracts the status information from the URL and subsequently advances to S1407. In this example, the CPU 61 extracts "ink_ empty" as the status information. However, if the URL does not include status information (S1404: NO), then in S1406 the CPU 61 sets the status information to "Unknown" and advances to S1407.

[0122] In S1407 the CPU 61 extracts a URL excluding portions related to the printer model name and the status information from the URL acquired in S701 to acquire a Web page. In this example, the CPU 61 removes "&model=M-86&status=ink_ empty" from "http://www.brother-usa.com/ supplies_ ink.htm&model=M- 86&status=ink_ empty" to produce "http://www.brother-usa.com/ supplies_ ink.htm" and acquires the corresponding Web page.

[0123] In S1408 the CPU 61 uses a combination of the printer model name and the status information as a searching key to retrieve the URL for a link corresponding to the printer model name and status information from the Web server database 165a.

[0124] In S1409 the CPU 61 determines whether a combination of the printer model name 65a1 and the status data 165a3 corresponding to the searching key exists in the Web server database 165a. If this combination corresponding to the searching key exists (S1409: YES), then in S707 the CPU 61 acquires the URL for the link corresponding to the printer model name and the status

information.

[0125] In this example, the CPU 61 acquires the URL "http://www.brother-usa.com/ supplies_ ink/m86_inkcartridge.htm" from the Web server database 165a.

[0126] In S708 the CPU 61 adds buttons containing links to the acquired URL to the Web page acquired in S1407 and subsequently advances to S710.

[0127] In addition, if the CPU 61 determines in S702 that the URL acquired in S701 does not include a printer model name (S702: NO), then in S709 the CPU 61 acquires the Web page used by the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 110 when accessing the Web server 160 and subsequently advances to S710.

[0128] Further, if the CPU 61 determines in S1409 that the combination of the printer model name and the status information does not exist in the Web server database 165a (S1409: NO), the CPU 61 skips the processes in S707 and S708 and advances directly to S710.

[0129] After acquiring the Web page with or without the additional link information corresponding to the combination of the printer model name and the status information, in S710 the CPU 61 transmits this Web page to the Web browser 15b of the client terminal 110. Subsequently, the Web page transmission process ends.

[0130] When the client terminal 110 receives the web page from the Web server 160, the CPU 11 of the client terminal 110 controls the LCD 17 to display this Web page thereon, using the Web browser 15b. If the Web page includes buttons as links and the user selects one of these buttons, the CPU controls the LCD 17 to display the Web page indicated by the corresponding link with using the web browser 15b.

[0131] Through the Web page transmission process described above, the client terminal 10 can display, with no trouble to the user, service information on the MFP 30 in the user's preferred language. Further, the service information is relevant to the model of the MFP 30 used by the user and the location of the user, and is also relevant to the status of the MFP 30.

[0132] Next, a URL creation process according to a third embodiment of the present invention will be described with reference to Fig. 15. Fig. 15 is a flowchart illustrating steps in this process, with steps identical to those in the second embodiment described above labeled with the same step numbers to avoid duplicating description.

[0133] In the URL creation process according to the third embodiment, after acquiring the printer driver name from the printer driver name memory area 114b in S1202, in S1501 the status monitor 115e acquires the printer model name from the MFP 30 corresponding to the printer driver name acquired in S1202. In S1502 the CPU 11 determines whether the printer model name was acquired, with using the status monitor 115e. If the printer model name was acquired (S1502: YES), then the CPU 11 advances to S1208, as described in the second embodiment. However, if the printer driver name could not

be acquired (S1502: NO), then in S1503 the CPU 11 sets the printer model name to "Unknown." The remainder of the process is identical to the second embodiment.

[0134] Hence, while the CPU 11 acquires the printer model name from the printer driver name with using the status monitor 15d in the URL creation process according to the second embodiment, the CPU 11 acquires the printer model name from the device specified in the printer driver name stored in the printer driver name memory area 14b in the URL creation process according to the third embodiment.

[0135] With the URL creation process according to the third embodiment, the client terminal 110 can reliably acquire a printer model from the MFP 30 specified in the printer driver, even if the printer model name cannot be acquired from the printer driver name.

[0136] While the invention has been described in detail with reference to the embodiments thereof, it would be apparent to those skilled in the art that various changes and modifications may be made therein without departing from the spirit of the invention.

[0137] While the URL retrieval process shown in Figs. 6 and 13 is executed by the address server 20 in the first and second embodiments described above, this process may be executed within the client terminal 10 or 110 instead.

[0138] The MFP 30 has the same configuration as the client terminal 10 or 110 in addition to the configuration described above. In this case, while the client terminal 10 or 110 in embodiments executes the URL retrieval processes shown in Figs. 5, 12 and 15, these processes may be executed within the MFP 30 instead of the client terminal 10 or 110.

[0139] Further, the examples in the embodiments are implemented on a wired LAN, but the present invention is not limited to this configuration. It should be apparent that the present invention may be applied to a network other than a wired LAN through which a plurality of MFP 30 can be connected. For example, the present invention may be applied to a wireless LAN network, a network combining a wired LAN and wireless LAN, a Bluetooth network, and the like.

Claims

1. A client terminal capable of communicating with an address server, the client terminal comprising:

a displaying unit for displaying a page;
 a language determining unit for determining a language to be used for displaying the page on the displaying unit;
 a language information transmitting unit for transmitting language information to the address server, the language information indicating the language determined by the language determining unit;

a service information acquiring unit for acquiring service information from a data server based on address information transmitted from the address server; and

a display controlling unit for controlling the displaying unit to display, by using the language determined by the language determining unit, the page including the service information acquired by the service information acquiring unit.

2. The client terminal according to claim 1, further comprising:

an address information acquiring unit for acquiring the address information from the address server; and

a request transmitting unit for transmitting a service information request for the transmission of the service information to the data server.

3. The client terminal according to claim 2, further comprising a creating unit that is arranged to create transmitting data, the transmitting data including the language information and an address request for transmission of the address information to the address server; and

wherein the language information transmitting unit is arranged to transmit the transmitting data to the address server.

4. The client terminal according to claim 3, wherein the address request is a request for transmission of address hypertext data to the address server, the address hypertext data including the address information;

wherein the address information acquiring unit is arranged to acquire address hypertext data from the address server;

wherein the request transmitting unit is arranged to transmit a request for the transmission of one of first hypertext data and second hypertext data to the data server, the first hypertext data being a hypertext data capable of displaying a page of the service information on the displaying unit, the second hypertext data being a hypertext data capable of displaying a page including a hyperlink for the service information;

wherein the service information acquiring unit is arranged to acquire the first hypertext data or the second hypertext data; and

wherein the display controlling unit is arranged to control the displaying unit in such a manner the displaying unit displays the page based on the first hypertext data when the service information acquiring unit has acquired the first hypertext data, and the displaying unit is arranged to display the page based on the second hypertext data when the service information acquiring unit has acquired the second hypertext data.

5. The client terminal according to claim 4, wherein the client further comprises:

a communication unit capable of communicating with a device having identified data; and
a device information acquiring unit for acquiring the identified data of the device;

wherein the creating unit is arranged to create transmitting data including the identified data, the language information, and the address request for transmitting the address hypertext data, the address hypertext data identifying the data server storing information about device as the service information.

6. The client terminal according to claim 5, further comprising:

a device driver memory for storing a device driver that enables the device and the device information acquiring unit to operate;
a Web browser memory for storing an Web browser that enables the address information acquiring unit, the request transmitting unit, and the service information acquiring unit to operate; and
an inputting unit including the device information acquiring unit and the creating unit, and for inputting the transmitting data to the Web browser.

7. The client terminal according to claim 6, further comprising an accepting unit for accepting instructions from a user to implement the inputting unit.

8. The client terminal according to claim 5, further comprising a monitoring unit that is arranged to monitor the status of the device.

9. The client terminal according to claim 8, further comprising:

a device monitor memory for storing a device monitor that enables the monitoring unit to operate;
a Web browser memory for storing an Web browser that enable the address information acquiring unit, the request transmitting unit, and the service information acquiring unit to operate; and
an inputting unit including the status information acquiring unit and the creating unit, and for inputting the transmitting data to the Web browser.

10. The client terminal according to claim 9, wherein the device monitor further comprises an accepting unit is arranged to accept instructions from a user to implement the inputting unit.

11. The client terminal according to claim 9, wherein the communication unit is capable of communication with a plurality of devices;
wherein the client terminal further comprises a device driver memory for storing a device driver that enables at least one of the plurality of devices and the device information acquiring unit to operate; and
wherein the device monitor is arranged to monitor the status of at least one of the plurality of devices.

12. The client terminal according to claim 5, wherein the device information acquiring unit is arranged to acquire status information, the status information indicating status of the device; and
wherein the creating unit is arranged to create transmitting data including the status information, the language information, and the request for transmitting the address hypertext data, the data server identified according to the address hypertext data, the data server storing information corresponding the status of the device as the service information.

13. The client terminal according to claim 12, wherein the status information indicates status of consumables in the device; and
wherein the service information acquiring unit is arranged to acquire the service information that is information about the consumables.

14. The client terminal according to claim 13, wherein the device information acquiring unit is arranged to acquire status information indicating necessity for replacement of the consumables.

15. The client terminal according to claim 13, wherein the device is an image-forming device, and the consumables is a developer cartridge storing therein developer; and
wherein the device information acquiring unit is arranged to acquire status information indicating that amount of developer stored in the developer cartridge has reached a predetermined amount.

16. The client terminal according to any preceding claim, further comprising a language information memory that is arranged to store the language information.

17. The client terminal according to any preceding claim, further comprising an operation system memory for storing an operation system, the operation system using a preset language for displaying the page on the displaying unit; and
wherein the language determining unit is arranged to determine that the language to be used is the preset language of the operation system.

18. The client terminal according to any preceding claim, further comprising a device driver memory for storing

a device driver that enables the device controlling unit to operate; the device driver using a preset language for displaying the page on the displaying unit; and wherein the language determining unit is arranged to determine that the language to be used is the preset language of the device driver.

19. A communication system comprising:

a network; and
a client terminal according to any preceding claim and an address server capable of communicating with each other via the network;

wherein the address information specifies the data server that stores service information to be displayed by using the language determined by the language determining unit; and wherein the address server comprises:

a language information receiving unit for receiving the language information transmitted by the language information transmitting unit of the client terminal;
a data server determining unit for determining the data server based on the language information received by the language information receiving unit; and
an address information transmitting unit for transmitting address information to the client terminal, the address information specifying the data server determined by the data server determining unit.

20. A communication method for a client terminal and which is capable of communicating with an address server, the communication method comprising step of:

determining a language to be used for displaying a page on a displaying unit of the client;
transmitting language information to the address server, the language information indicating the language determined in the determining process;
acquiring service information from a data server based on address information transmitted from the address server; and
controlling the displaying unit to display, by using the language determined in the determining process, the page including the service information.

21. A computer-readable recording medium that stores a data processing program provided on a client terminal capable of communicating with an address server, the data processing program comprising in-

structions for:

determining a language to be used for displaying a page on a displaying unit;
transmitting language information to the address server, the language information indicating the language determined in the determining process;
acquiring service information from a data server based on address information transmitted from the address server, and
controlling the displaying unit to display, by using the language determined in the determining process, the page including the service information.

FIG. 1

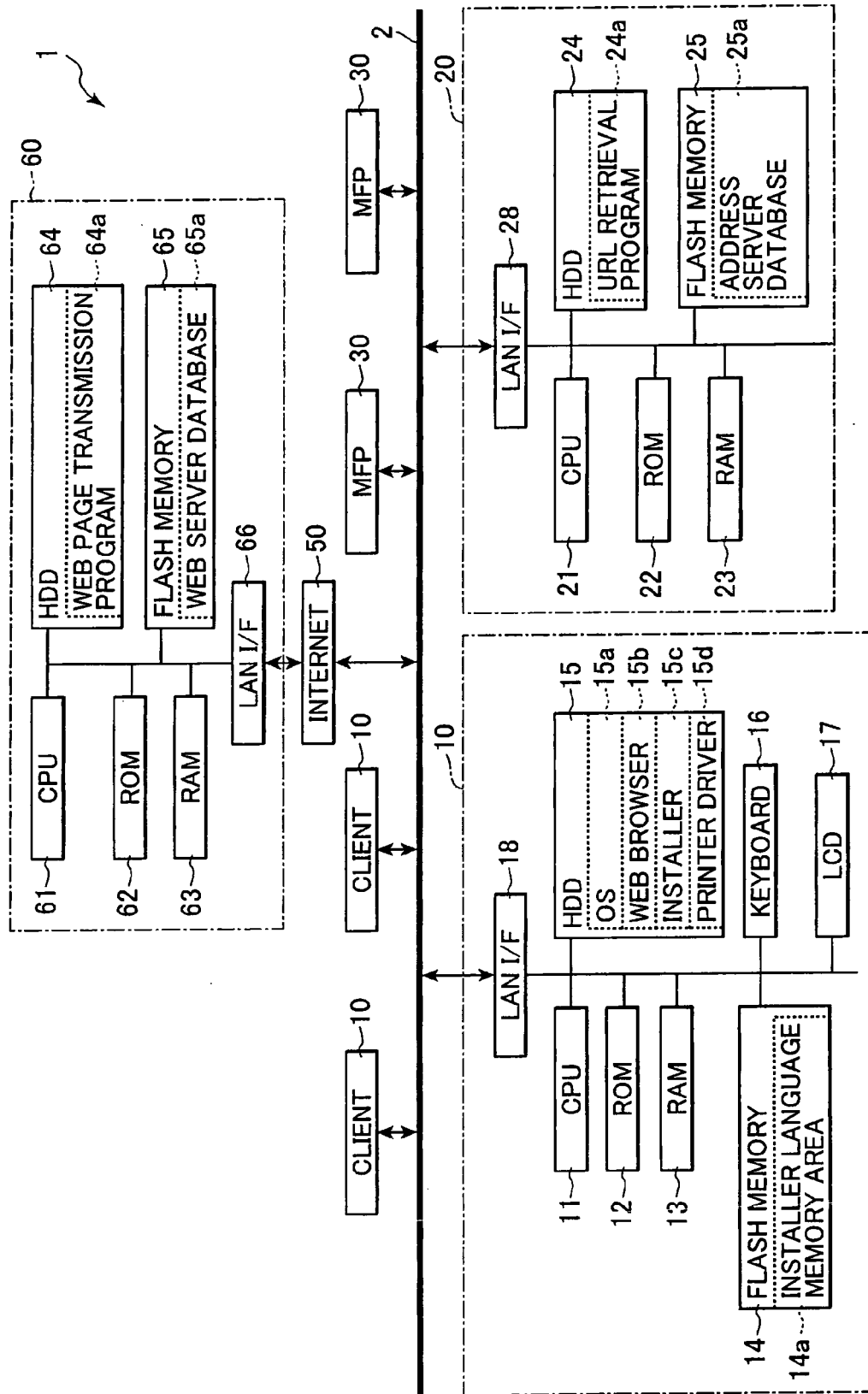


FIG.2

ADDRESS SERVER DATABASE

REGION	LANGUAGE	PRINTER MODEL	LINK (URL)
USA	ENG	M-86	http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_ink.htm
USA	ENG	M-85	http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_ink.htm
USA	ENG	M-46	http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_ink.htm
USA	ENG	M-924	http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_laser.htm
...	...	...	...
USA	Unknown	Unknown	http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine.htm
...	...	...	...
JPN	JPN	ANY	http://www.brother.co.jp/genuine_supplies.htm
...	...	...	...
CAN	ENG	...	...
CAN	FRE	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
-	-	-	http://www.brother.com/original.htm

FIG.3

WEB SERVER DATABASE

[illegible]

FIG.4

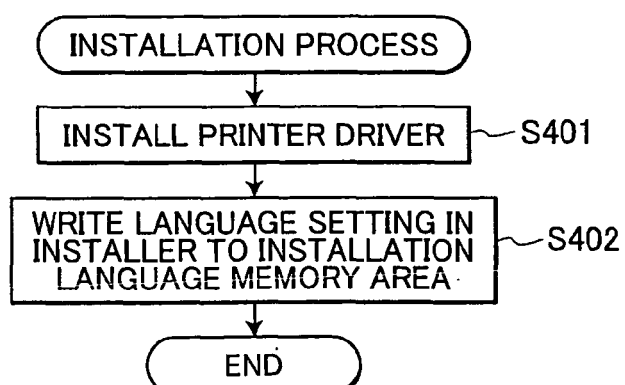


FIG.5

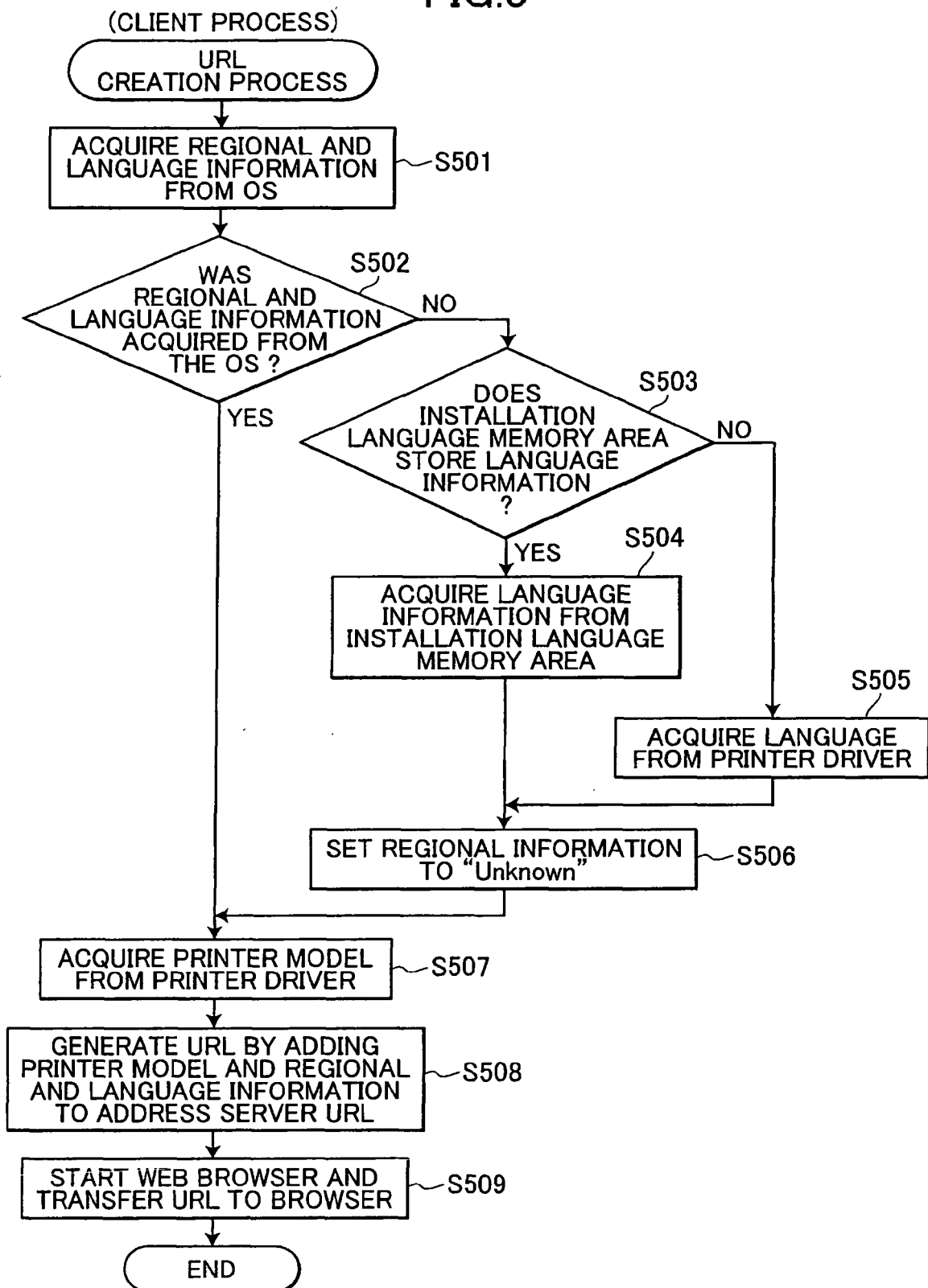


FIG.6

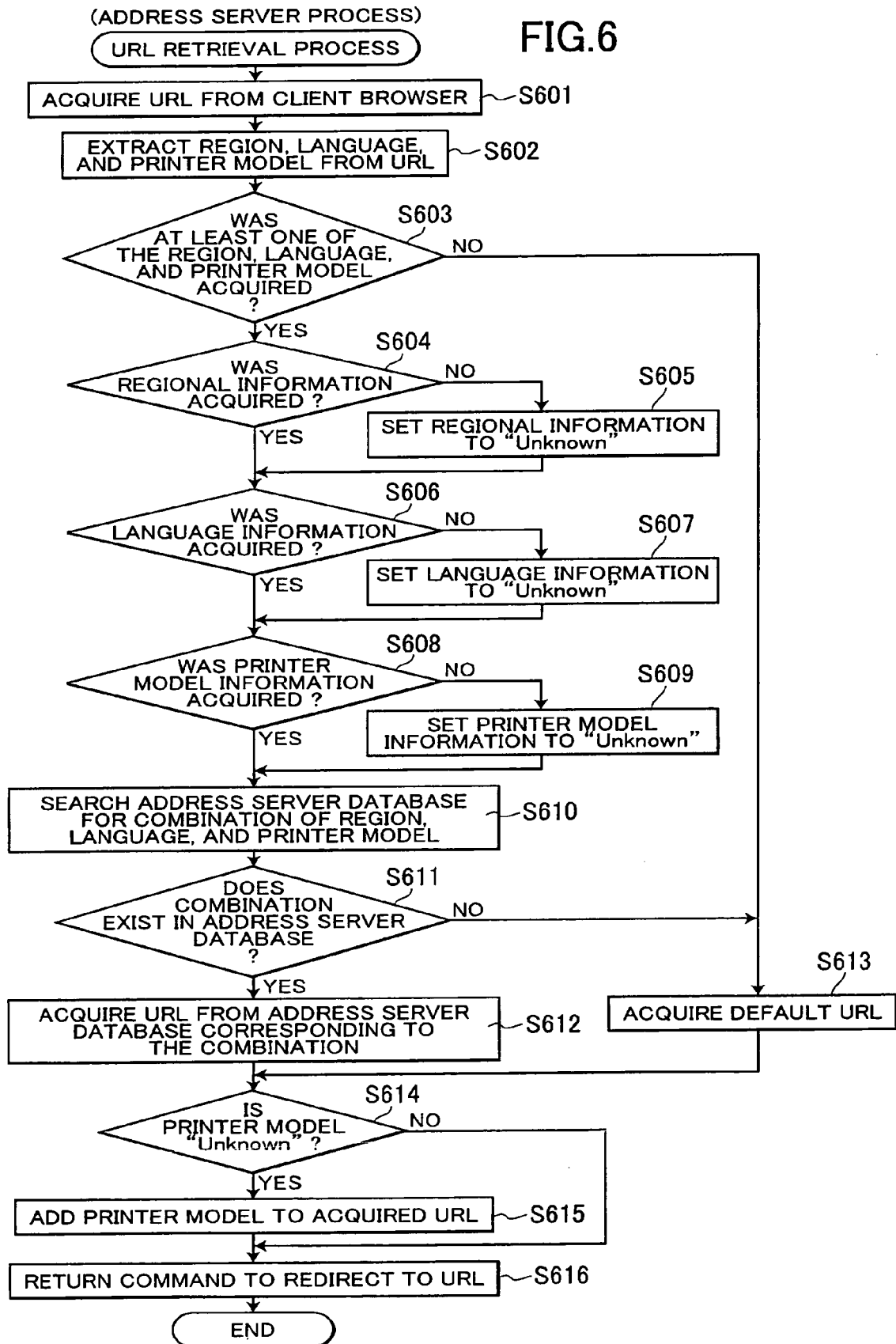


FIG.7

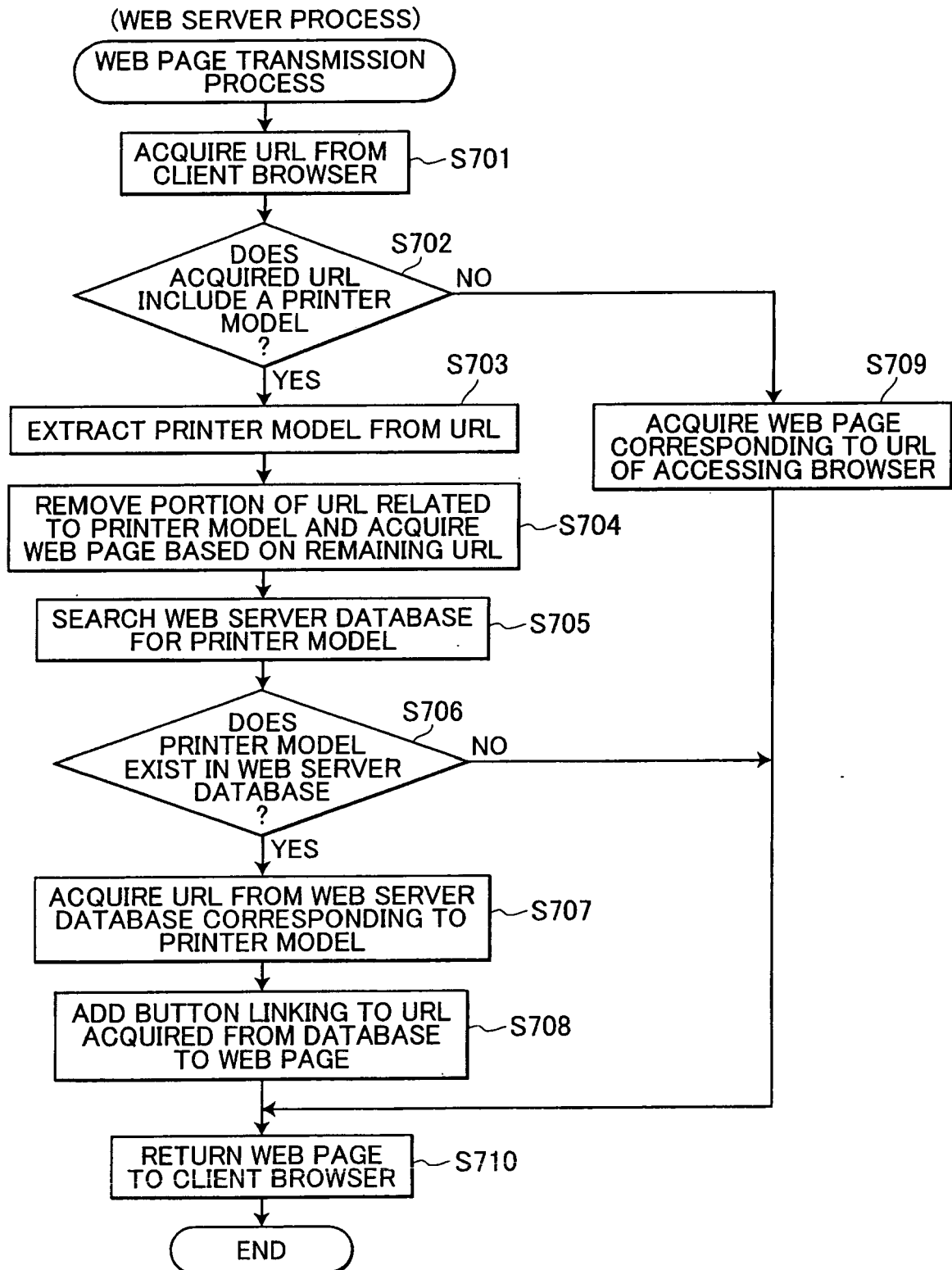


FIG.8

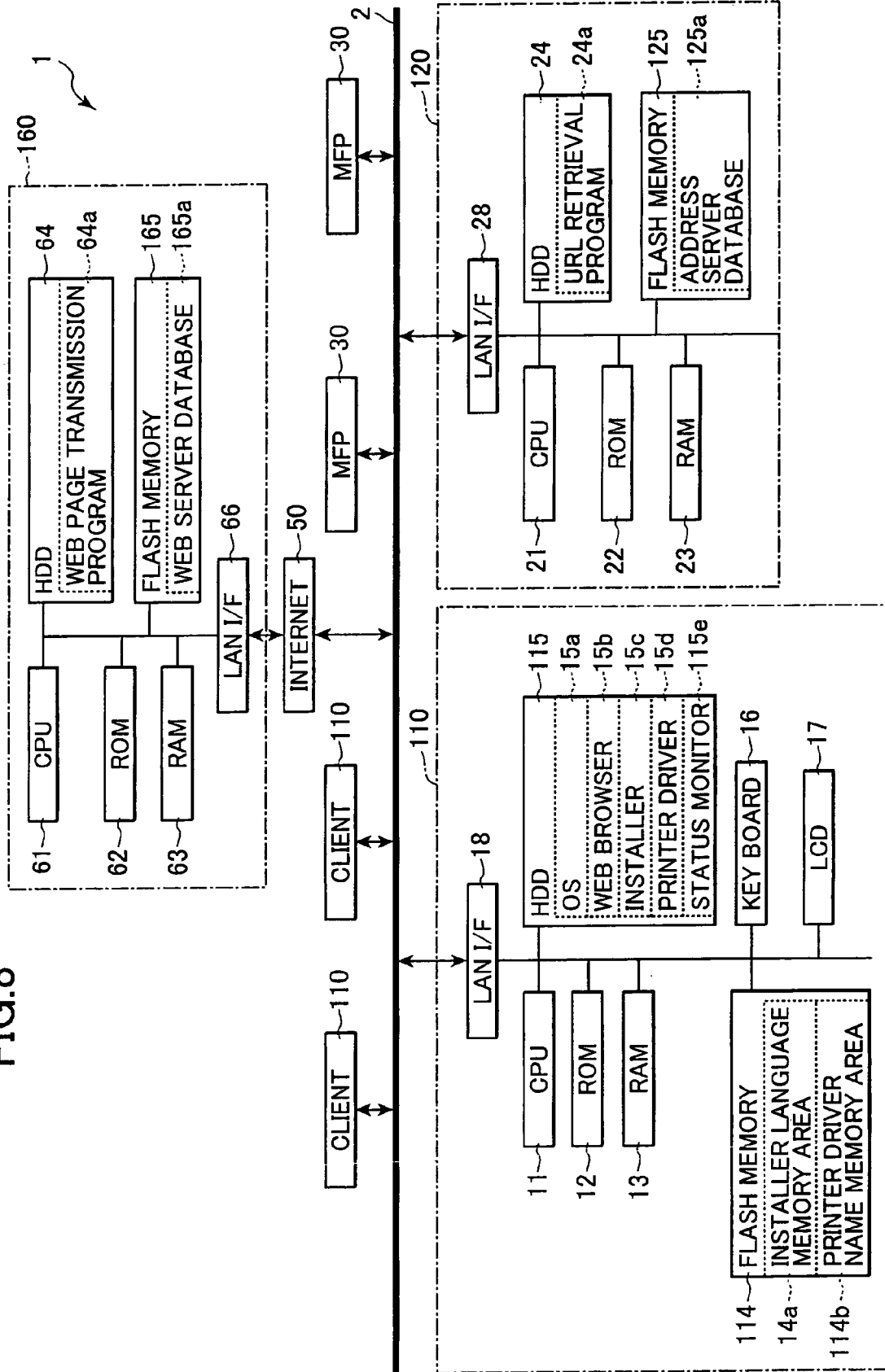


FIG.9

ADDRESS SERVER DATABASE

25a1 REGION	25a2 LANGUAGE	25a3 PRINTER MODEL	125a5 STATUS	25a4 LINK (URL)
USA	ENG	M-86	Ready	http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_ink.htm
USA	ENG	M-86	Ink Empty	http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink.htm
USA	ENG	M-86	Ink Near Empty	http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink.htm
USA	ENG	M-85	Ready	http://www.brother-usa.com/genuine_laser.htm
USA	ENG	M-85	Ink Empty	http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink.htm
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
-	-	-	-	http://www.brother.com/original.htm

125a

FIG.10

WEB SERVER DATABASE

PRINTER MODEL	STATUS	LINK (URL)
M-86	Ready	http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink/m86.htm
M-86	Ink Empty	http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink/m86_inkcartridge.htm
M-86	Paper Jam	http://www.brother-usa.com/troubles/m86_result_for_paperjam.htm
...	...	...
M-85	Ready	http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink/m85.htm
...	...	...
M-46	Ready	http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_ink/m46.htm
...	...	...
M-924	Ready	http://www.brother-usa.com/supplies_laser/m924.htm
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...

165a

65a2

165a3

65a1

FIG.11

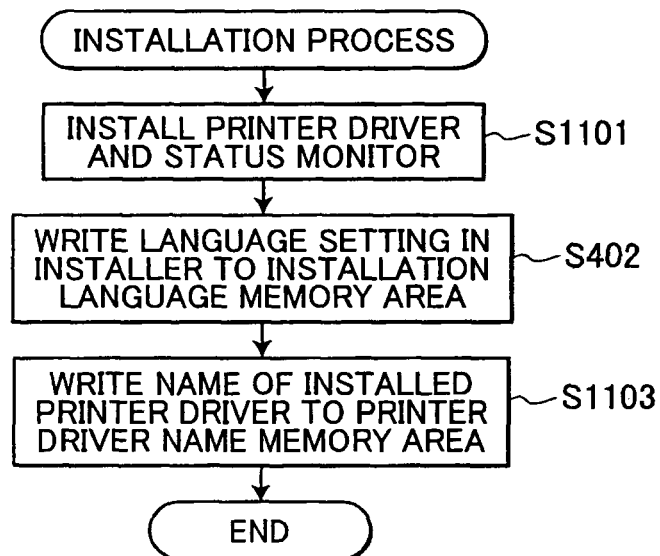


FIG.12

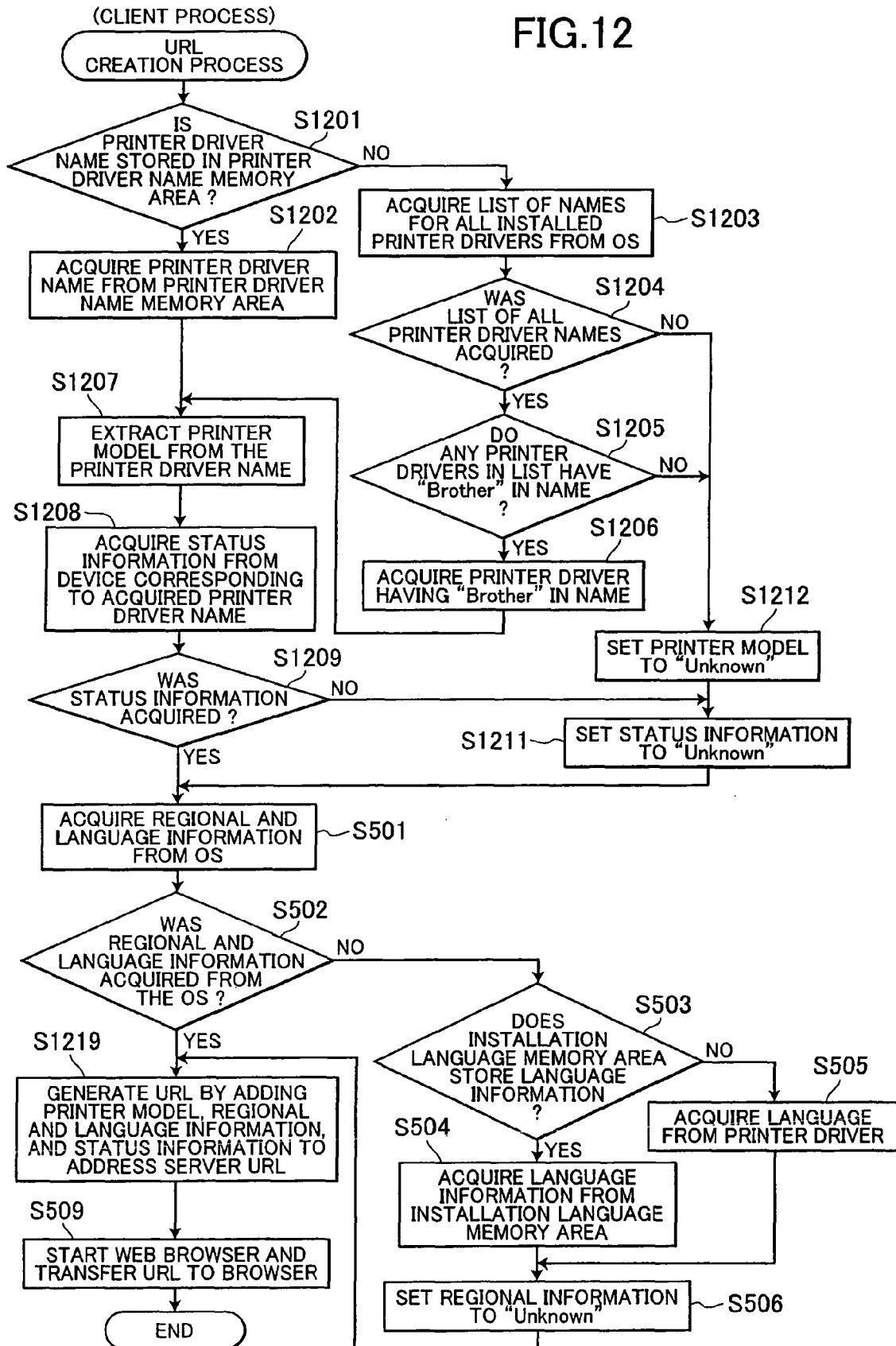


FIG.13

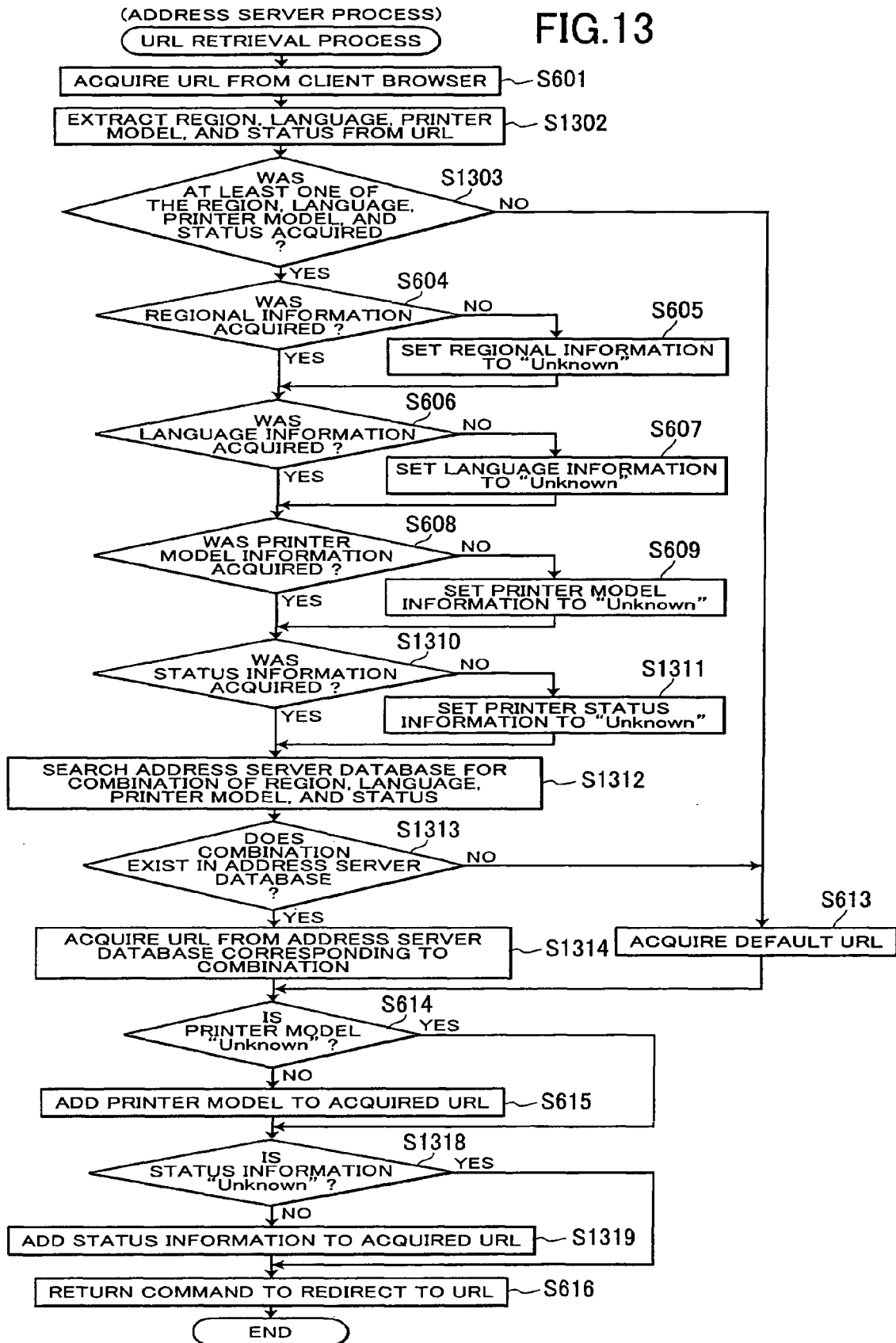


FIG.14

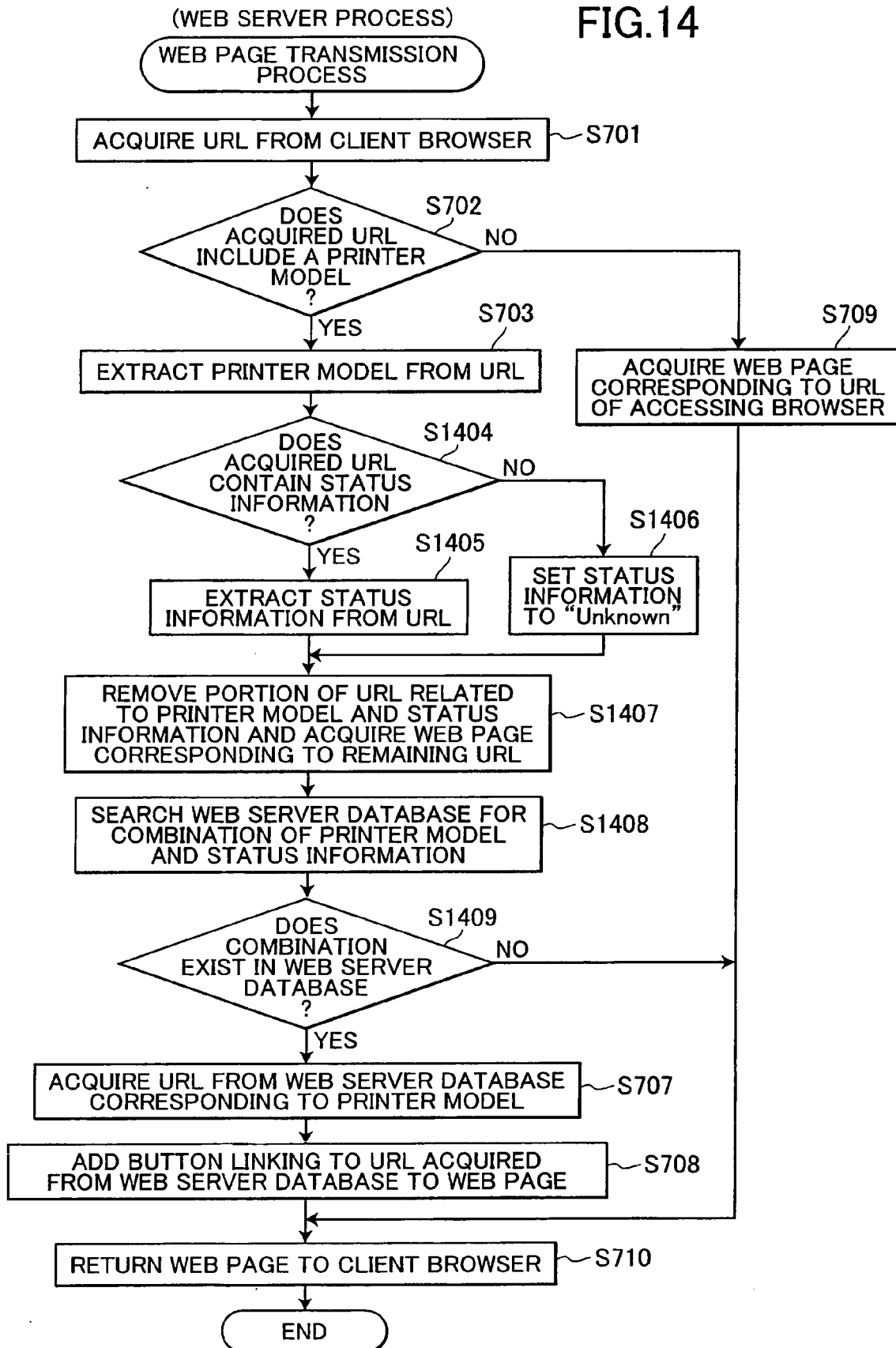
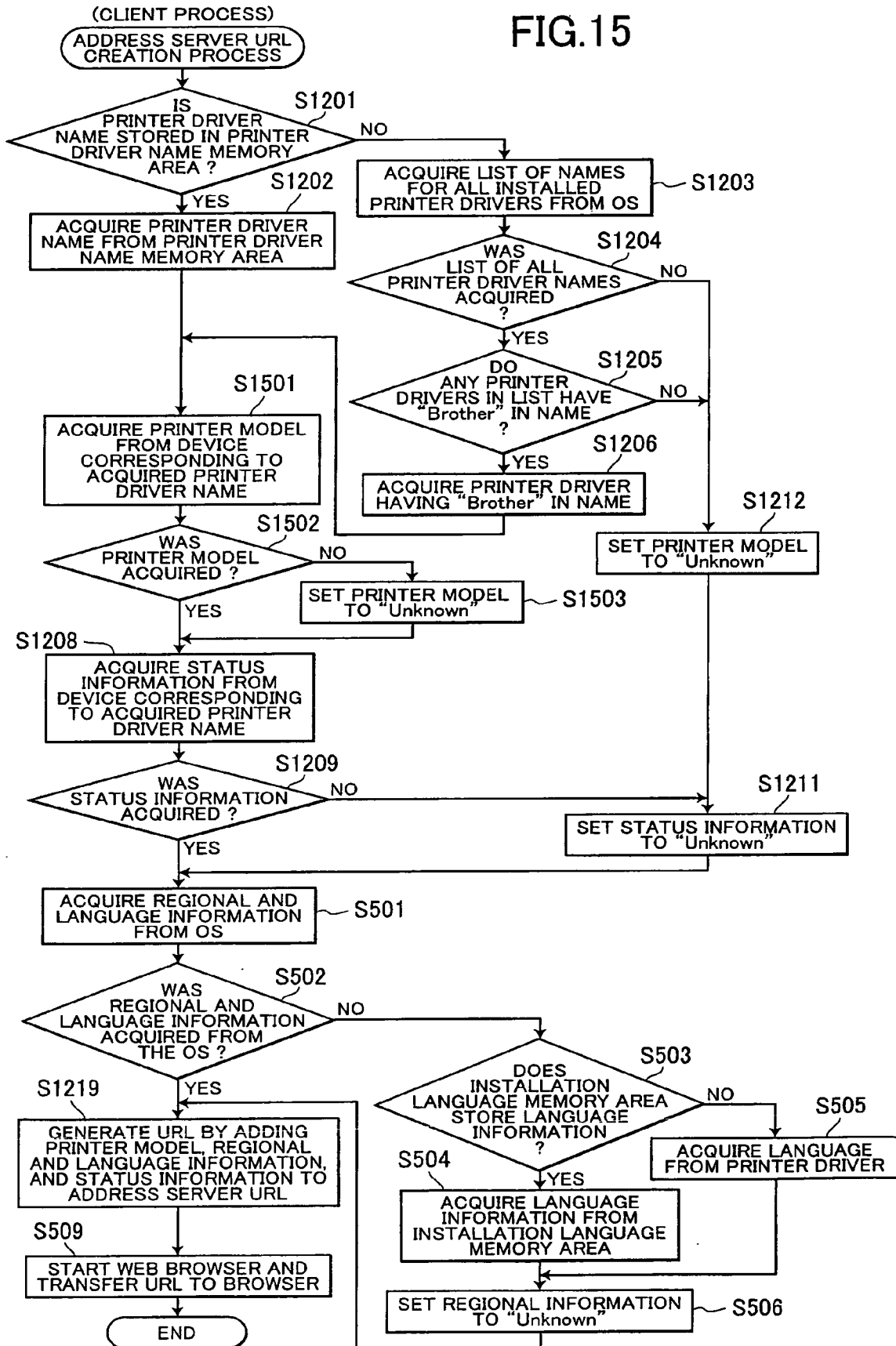


FIG.15



REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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