



- (51) **International Patent Classification:**
A01N 57/28 (2006.01)
- (21) **International Application Number:**
PCT/US2015/026112
- (22) **International Filing Date:**
16 April 2015 (16.04.2015)
- (25) **Filing Language:** English
- (26) **Publication Language:** English
- (30) **Priority Data:**
14165219.8 17 April 2014 (17.04.2014) EP
- (71) **Applicant:** BASF SE [DE/DE]; 67056 Ludwigshafen (DE).
- (72) **Inventors:** NAVE, Barbara; Am Wassergraben 7, 67152 Ruppertsberg (DE). DICKHAUT, Joachim; Kleine Löbingsgasse 4/3, 69121 Heidelberg (DE). SISAY, Mihiret Tekeste; Gontardstr. 6, 68163 Mannheim (DE). WISSEMEIER, Alexander; Schustergasse 6, 67346 Speyer (DE). ZERULLA, Wolfram; Immengartenstr. 84, 67487 Maikammer (DE). PASDA, Gregor; Carl-Friedrich-Gies-Str. 6, 67434 Neustadt (DE). SCHNEIDER, Karl-Heinrich; Am Kelleracker 20, 67271 Kleinkarlbach (DE). KLODWIG, Claudia; Breslauerstr. 38, 67258 Heßheim (DE). HOWARD, Mark; 5909 Burt Road, Fuquay Varina, North Carolina 27526 (US). VANCE, Laura; 1422-M Scales St., Raleigh, North Carolina 27608 (US). WOFFORD, James A.; 5112 Beckwyck Drive, Fuquay Varina, North Carolina 27526 (US). WOODYARD, Andrew; 224 County Road 800N, Ivesdale Champaign, Illinois 61851 (US). FASSLER, Nicholas; 1304 Glenwood Ave, Raleigh
- Wake, North Carolina 27605 (US). SCHIMD, Markus; Rieslingweg 2, 67146 Deidesheim (DE).
- (74) **Agent:** SMIRK, Rebecca; Servilla Whitney, 33 Wood Avenue South, Second Floor, Suite 210, Iselin, New Jersey 08830 (US).
- (81) **Designated States** (*unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) **Designated States** (*unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available*): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).
- Published:**
- upon request of the applicant, before the expiration of the time limit referred to in Article 21(2)(a)
 - without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report (Rule 48.2(g))

(54) **Title:** COMBINATION OF NOVEL NITRIFICATION INHIBITORS AND HERBICIDES AS WELL AS COMBINATION OF (THIO)PHOSPHORIC ACID TRIAMIDES AND HERBICIDES

(57) **Abstract:** A composition comprising c) at least one (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) according to the general formula (Ia) $R^{a1}R^{a2}N_p(X)(NH_2)_2$ (Ia) wherein X is oxygen or sulfur; R^{a1} is a C_1 to C_{20} alkyl, C_3 to C_{20} cycloalkyl, C_6 to C_{20} aryl, or dialkyl- amino-carbonyl group; R^{a2} is H, or R^{a1} and R^{a2} together with the nitrogen atom linking them define a 5- or 6- membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic radical, which optionally comprises 1 or 2 further heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, and at least one specific herbicide.



Combination Of Novel Nitrification Inhibitors And Herbicides As Well As Combination Of (Thio)Phosphoric Acid Triamides And Herbicides

Description

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The present invention relates to combination of novel nitrification inhibitors of formula I and herbicides as well as to the combination of (thio)phosphoric acid triamides and herbicides. Moreover, the invention relates to the use of this combination of novel nitrification inhibitors and herbicides for increasing the health of a plant, and to the use of
10 the combination of (thio)phosphoric acid triamides and herbicides for increasing the health of a plant, as well as compositions comprising the nitrification inhibitor and a herbicide, and compositions comprising the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide and a herbicide. Further encompassed by the present invention are methods for increasing the health of a plant comprising the treatment of plants, soils and/or loci with said combination
15 of the novel nitrification inhibitor and a herbicide or with said combination of (thio)phosphoric acid triamides and a herbicide.

Nitrogen is an essential element for plant growth, plant health and reproduction. About 25% of the plant available nitrogen in soils (ammonium and nitrate) originate from decomposition processes (mineralization) of organic nitrogen compounds such as humus, plant and animal residues and organic fertilizers. Approximately 5% derive from
20 rainfall. On a global basis, the biggest part (70%), however, are supplied to the plant by inorganic nitrogen fertilizers. The mainly used nitrogen fertilizers comprise ammonium compounds or derivatives thereof, i.e. nearly 90% of the nitrogen fertilizers applied worldwide is in the NH_4^+ form (Subbarao et al., 2012, Advances in Agronomy,
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114, 249-302). This is, inter alia, due to the fact that NH_4^+ assimilation is energetically more efficient than assimilation of other nitrogen sources such as NO_3^- .

Moreover, being a cation, NH_4^+ is held electrostatically by the negatively charged clay surfaces and functional groups of soil organic matter. This binding is strong enough to limit NH_4^+ -loss by leaching to groundwater. By contrast, NO_3^- , being negatively charged, does not bind to the soil and is liable to be leached out of the plants' root zone. In addition, nitrate may be lost by denitrification which is the microbiological conversion of nitrate and nitrite (NO_2^-) to gaseous forms of nitrogen such as nitrous oxide (N_2O) and molecular nitrogen (N_2).

However, ammonium (NH_4^+) compounds are converted by soil microorganisms to nitrates (NO_3^-) in a relatively short time in a process known as nitrification. The nitrification is carried out primarily by two groups of chemolithotrophic bacteria, ammonia-oxidizing bacteria (AOB) of the genus *Nitrosomonas* and *Nitrobacter*, which are ubiquitous component of soil bacteria populations. The enzyme, which is essentially responsible for nitrification is ammonia monooxygenase (AMO), which was also found in ammonia-oxidizing archaea (Subbarao et al., 2012, *Advances in Agronomy*, 114, 249-302).

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The nitrification process typically leads to nitrogen leakage and environmental pollution. As a result of the various losses, approximately 50% of the applied nitrogen fertilizers is lost during the year following fertilizer addition (see Nelson and Huber; *Nitrification inhibitors for corn production* (2001), *National Corn Handbook*, Iowa State University).

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As countermeasures the use of nitrification inhibitors, mostly together with fertilizers, was suggested. Suitable nitrification inhibitors include biological nitrification inhibitors (BNIs) such as linoleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid, methyl p-coumarate, methyl ferulate, MHPP, Karanjin, brachialacton or the p-benzoquinone sorgoleone (Subbarao et al., 5 2012, *Advances in Agronomy*, 114, 249-302). Further suitable nitrification inhibitors are synthetic chemical inhibitors such as Nitrapyrin, dicyandiamide (DCD), 3,4-dimethyl pyrazole phosphate (DMPP), 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride (ATC), 1-amido-2-thiourea (ASU), 2-amino-4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidine (AM), 5-ethoxy-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-thiodiazole (terrazole), or 2-sulfanilamidothiazole (ST) (Slangen 10 and Kerkhoff, 1984, *Fertilizer research*, 5(1), 1-76).

EP 0 917 526 further mentions the use of polyacids to treat mineral fertilizers containing a nitrification inhibitor in order to improve the fixation of the nitrification inhibitors in the inorganic fertilizer. Moreover, the volatility of the nitrification inhibitor can be re- 15 duced.

However, many of these inhibitors only work sub-optimal or have undesirable side effects.

20 In view of this situation there is hence a continuous need for compositions that increase the health of plants. Healthier plants are desirable since they result among other in better crop yields and/or a better quality of the plants or crops. Healthier plants also better resist to biotic and abiotic stress. A better resistance to stress in turn allows reducing the quantity of pesticides, which also helps avoiding the development 25 of resistances against the respective pesticides.

One object of the present invention is to provide a composition containing a nitrification inhibitor which increases the health of plants, and/or provides better crop yields and/or a better quality of the plants or crops, and/or shows a better resistance to stress, and/or allows the reduction of the quantity of pesticides used, and/or helps
5 avoiding the development of resistances against the respective pesticides

Another object of the present invention is to provide a composition containing the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide(s) (T) which – each preferably through a synergistic action –

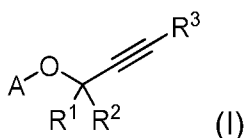
- 10 (i) enhances the stability of the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide(s), and/or
- (ii) enhances the urease inhibiting effect of the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide(s), and/or
- (iii) enhances the yield increase effect of the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide(s), and/or
- 15 (iv) has a relatively long storage life, particularly before being applied to or coated on nitrogen-containing fertilizers, and/or
- (v) reduces the emission of nitrous oxide from soils, and/or
- (vi) reduces the ammonia emission from soils, particularly when applied with urea-containing fertilizer on the same locus,
- 20 (vii) is toxicologically unobjectionable, and/or
- (viii) does not adversely affect the urease-inhibiting effect and/or activity of the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide, and/or
- (ix) can be easily and safely packaged, transported and shipped, even in large quantities, and/or
- 25 (x) can be easily and safely handled and applied for soil treatment, even in large quantities, and/or

- (xi) improves the nutrient use efficiency, and/or
 - (xii) improves the delivery of the herbicide to the plant, and/or
 - (xiii) improves the plant growth (e.g. biomass, yield, root branching and length; compact growth in case of ornamental plants), and/or
 - 5 (xiv) enables a better developed root system, a larger leaf area, greener leaves, stronger shoots and/or
 - (xv) improves the plant defense of the plants, and/or
 - (xvi) improves the plant health of the plants, and/or
 - (xvii) improves the quality of the plants, and/or
 - 10 (xviii) improves the storage or survivability of the herbicide and/or prolong the availability of herbicides to the plants, and/or
 - (xix) enhances the herbicidal effect of the herbicide, and/or
 - (xx) allows the reduction of the quantity of herbicides used, and/or
 - (xxi) increase the survivability rate of seedlings, for example transplanted seedlings,
15 and/or
 - (xxii) reduce or avoid unfavorable environmental or toxicological effects whilst still allowing effective pest control, and/or
 - (xxiii) enable earlier seed germination and/or blooming.
- 20 The objects (xiii), (xiv), (xv), (xvi), (xvii) and (xxi) particularly pertains to such plants or seedlings wherein such plants or seedlings were, or the soil in which the such plants or seedlings were placed was subject to the application of composition of the present invention.
- 25 The preferred objects of the present invention are (i), (ii), (v), (vi), (vii), (xi), (xii), (xiii), (xiv), (xv), (xvi), (xvii), (xviii), (xix), (xx), the more preferred objects of the present in-

vention are (ii), (vi), (xii), (xiii), (xv), (xvi), (xix), and/or (xx), the most preferred objects of the present invention are (ii), (vi), (xvi), and/or (xix), the particularly preferred objects of the present invention are (xvi) and/or (xix).

- 5 The term "in a synergistic way" means that the composition comprising the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) and a further compound can fulfil the one or more of the objects (i) to (xxvii) significantly better than the individual compounds – i.e. the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) or said further compound – alone can do, and preferably, this better fulfilment of the objects by said composition compared to the individual compounds is evidenced by calculations according to Colby's formula, see
10 Colby, S. R. (Calculating synergistic and antagonistic responses of herbicide Combinations", Weeds, 15, pp. 20-22, 1967).

- 15 The present invention addresses this need and relates to a combination of a novel nitrification inhibitor of formula I



- 20 or a stereoisomer, salt, tautomer or N-oxide thereof,

wherein

A is aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^A;

5 R¹ and R² are independently of each other selected from H and C₁-C₂-alkyl; and

R³ is H, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, ethynylhydroxymethyl, phenylhydroxymethyl, or aryl, wherein the aromatic ring may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^B;

10

and wherein

R^A is

15 (i) halogen, CN, NR^aR^b, OR^c, SR^c, C(=Y¹)R^c, C(=Y¹)OR^c, C(=Y¹)SR^c, C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, Y²C(=Y¹)OR^c, Y²C(=Y¹)SR^c, Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y³Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, NR^gN=C(R^d)(R^e), C(=N-OR^c)R^g, C(=N-OR^c)R^g, C(=N-SR^c)R^g, C(=N-NR^aR^b)R^g, S(=O)₂R^f, NR^gS(=O)₂R^f, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)OR^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)SR^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, NO₂, NON-

20 CN, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-cyanoalkyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyl-C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy;

(ii) C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)OR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)OR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)SR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)SR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c,

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C₁-C₄-alkylene-NR^aR^b, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-NR^aR^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-OR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-OR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-SR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-SR^c, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene or C₂-C₄-alkenylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by OR^g, CN, halogen or phenyl;

5 (iii) aryl, aryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, hetaryl or hetaryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h;

10 (iv) a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g; or

15 (v) L-B, wherein
L is -CH₂-, -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -C(=O)- or -CH=, and
B is aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents,
20 which are independently of each other selected from R^h;

or
a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or
25 may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently

of each other, are selected from R^i ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g; or

- (vi) two substituents R^A together represent a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, which is fused to A and may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1c}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from R^i ; and wherein R^{1c} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-heterocyclyl, C₃-C₆-heterocyclylmethyl or OR^g;

and wherein

R^B is NH-C(=O)-(C₁-C₄-alkyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₂-C₄-alkenyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₁-C₂-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl), NH-S(=O)₂-(C₁-C₄-alkyl), or NO₂;

and wherein

Y¹, Y² and Y³ are independently of each other selected from O, S and NR^{1a}, wherein R^{1a} is in each case independently H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, OR^g, SR^g or NR^mRⁿ;

R^a and R^b are independently of each other selected from

- (i) H, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l, C(=Y¹)NR^jR^k, C(=Y¹)C(=Y²)R^l, S(=O)₂R^f;

(ii) aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h ; or

R^a and R^b together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form

5 (iii) a hetaryl group which may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h ; or

(iv) a 3- to 10-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected
10 from NR^{1b} , O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from R^i ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g ;

15 R^c is

(i) H, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, $C(=O)OR^l$, $C(=O)SR^l$, $C(=O)NR^lR^k$;

(ii) C_1 - C_4 -alkylene- $C(=O)R^l$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylene- $C(=O)OR^l$, wherein the C_1 - C_4 -alkylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully
20 substituted by OR^g , CN, halogen, or phenyl;

(iii) aryl, aryl- C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, hetaryl, or hetaryl- C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h ; or

25 (iv) a 3- to 10-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other,

are selected from NR^{1b} , O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from R^i ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g ;

R^d and R^e are independently selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, NR^jR^k , OR^l , SR^l , CN, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{R}^l$, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{OR}^l$, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{SR}^l$, or $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{NR}^j\text{R}^k$;

R^f is C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, NR^jR^k , OR^l , SR^l , aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h ;

R^g is H or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

R^h is halogen, CN, NO_2 , NR^jR^k , OR^l , SR^l , C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{R}^l$, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{OR}^l$, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{SR}^l$, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{NR}^j\text{R}^k$, aryl, aryloxy, hetaryl and hetaryloxy;

20

R^i is

(i) halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl;

(ii) $=\text{NR}^{1d}$, wherein R^{1d} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g ;

25

(iii) $=\text{O}$, $=\text{S}$, NR^jR^k , OR^l , SR^l , $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{R}^l$, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{OR}^l$, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{SR}^l$, $\text{C}(=\text{Y}^1)\text{NR}^j\text{R}^k$;

(iv) aryl, aryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, hetaryl, or hetaryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g; or

(v) C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, or 3- to 6-membered heterocyclyl, wherein the cycloalkyl ring or the heterocyclyl ring may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, OR^g, and SR^g;

R^j and R^k are independently selected from H, OR^g, SR^g, C(=Y¹)R^g, C(=Y¹)OR^g, C(=Y¹)SR^g, C(=Y¹)NR^mRⁿ, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g;

R^l is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C(=Y¹)R^g, C(=Y¹)OR^g, C(=Y¹)SR^g, C(=Y¹)NR^mRⁿ, aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g; and

R^m and Rⁿ are independently selected from H and C₁-C₄-alkyl; and a herbicide.

The inventors surprisingly found that by applying the compound of formula I as defined herein above and of a herbicide the nitrification of ammonium to nitrate could significantly be reduced, biotic stress could be reduced and in consequence the health
5 of a plant could be increased.

The inventors surprisingly found that by applying the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) as defined herein above and of a herbicide the urease inhibiting effect of the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide(s) could be enhanced, biotic stress could be reduced
10 and in consequence the health of a plant could be increased, also the herbicidal activity of the herbicide could be enhanced, and other objects as mentioned above under the list (i) to (xxviii) could be fulfilled preferably in a synergistic way.

The present invention relates in another aspect to the composition (Q) comprising a
15 herbicide and a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide according to the general formula (Ia)



wherein

X is oxygen or sulfur;

R^{a1} is a C₁ to C₂₀ alkyl, C₃ to C₂₀ cycloalkyl, C₆ to C₂₀ aryl, or dialkylamino-
20 carbonyl group;

R^{a2} is H, or

R^{a1} and R^{a2} together with the nitrogen atom linking them define a 5- or 6-
membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic radical, which op-

tionally comprises 1 or 2 further heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur,

and the present invention preferably relates to a composition (Q) comprising a herbicide and a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide according to the general formula (Ia) and not
5 comprising any nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I.

The "(thio)phosphoric acid triamide according to the general formula (Ia)" is also referred to as "(thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T)" or "(T)" in the present patent application. "wt.%" refers to "percent by weight".

10

The composition (Q) also includes kit-of-parts comprising a herbicide and (T). Here, the term "kit-of-parts" is to be understood to denote a kit comprising at least two separate parts wherein each of the parts can be independently removed from the kit. A kit includes a box, a tool, a vessel, a container, a bag or any kit-like equipment. Also a kit
15 whose separate parts are only together in this one kit for a extremely short period of time are regarded as kit-of-parts. Kit-of-parts are useful for the combined application (of the contents) of the separate parts of the kit.

The present invention relates in another aspect to the use of a composition (Q) comprising a herbicide and a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) for increasing the health of a plant, and the present invention preferably relates to the use of a composition (Q)
20 comprising a herbicide and a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) and not comprising any nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I for increasing the health of a plant.

25

The present invention relates in another aspect to the use of a composition (Q) comprising a herbicide and a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) for increasing the herbicidal activity of the herbicide, and the present invention preferably relates to the use of a composition (Q) comprising a herbicide and a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) and
5 not comprising any nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I for increasing the herbicidal activity of the herbicide.

X in the general formula (Ia) is preferably sulfur.

R^{a1} in the general formula (Ia) is preferably C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, more preferably C₁-C₁₀-alkyl,
10 most preferably C₂-C₇ alkyl, for example C₃-C₄ alkyl. Examples of alkyl groups are methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl, tert-pentyl, hexyl, 2-methylpentyl, heptyl, octyl, 2-ethylhexyl, isooctyl, nonyl, isononyl, decyl and isodecyl. Examples of cycloalkyl groups are cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl and cyclooctyl, examples of aryl groups are phenyl or
15 naphthyl. Examples of heterocyclic radicals R^{a1}R^{a2}N- are piperazinyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl or imidazolyl groups.

According to one embodiment, the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) is preferably N-n-butylthiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT) and/or N-n-propylthiophosphoric acid triamide (NPPT), more preferably NBPT. According to another embodiment, (T) is preferably NPPT. According to another embodiment, (T) is preferably LIMUS, i.e. a mixture of NBPT and NPPT with about NBPT at 63% and NPPT at 22%, secondary compounds at 10%, further secondary compounds such as amines below 4% and dimerease derivatives below 1%.

According to another embodiment, the composition (Q) comprises a herbicide and at
25 least two different (thio)phosphoric acid triamides (T) having structures of the general

formula (Ia) and wherein said at least two different (thio)phosphoric acid triamides differ in a of radicals R^{a1} or R^{a2} , and preferably, one of said at least two different (thio)phosphoric acid triamides is N-n-butylthiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT), and more preferably, the other of said at least two different (thio)phosphoric acid triamides is selected from the group consisting of N-cyclohexyl-, N-pentyl-, N-isobutyl- and N-n-propylphosphoric acid triamide and -thiophosphoric acid triamide. More preferably, (Q) comprises a herbicide, NBPT and NPPT. Particularly preferably, (Q) comprises a herbicide, NBPT and NPPT, wherein NBPT is present in amounts of from 1 to 99.99 wt.%, more preferably from 10 to 99.9 wt.%, most preferably from 20 to 99 wt.%, particularly preferably from 30 to 98 wt.%, more particularly preferably from 40 to 95 wt.%, most particularly preferably from 50 to 90 wt.%, especially from 60 to 85 wt.%, especially preferably from 72 to 80 wt.%, for example from 74 to 77 wt.%, in each case based on the total weight of the (thio)phosphoric acid triamides (T) contained in the composition (Q).

15 Generally, the (thio)phosphoric acid triamides (T) can be contained in varying amounts in the composition (Q). Preferably, the amount of (T) is not more than 95 wt.% (wt.% stands for "percent by weight"), more preferably not more than 90 wt.%, most preferably not more than 85 wt.%, more particularly preferably not more than 75 wt.%, most particularly preferably not more than 65 wt.%, particularly not more than 55 wt.%, especially not more than 45 wt.% for example not more than 35 wt.%, based on the total weight of the composition (Q). Preferably, the amount of (T) is at least 1 wt.%, more preferably at least 4 wt.%, most preferably at least 14 wt.%, more particularly preferably at least 24 wt.%, most particularly preferably at least 34 wt.%, particularly at least 44 wt.%, especially at least 54 wt.%, for example at least 64 wt.%, based on the total weight of the composition (Q).

25

According to another embodiment, the composition (Q) preferably does not comprise any nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I.

Thus, in one aspect the present invention relates to the use of combination of a herbicide and a nitrification inhibitor for increasing the health of a plant, wherein said nitrification inhibitor is a compound of formula I as defined herein above.

In a preferred embodiment of said use, in said compound of formula I, A is phenyl or a 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^A.

In another preferred embodiment of said use, in said compound of formula I, R¹ and R² both represent hydrogen.

In yet another preferred embodiment of said use, in said compound of formula I, R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl or ethynylhydroxymethyl, and preferably R³ is hydrogen.

In still another preferred embodiment of said use, in said compound of formula I, R^A, if present, is

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(i) halogen, CN, NR^aR^b, OR^c, C(=Y¹)R^c, C(=Y¹)OR^c, C(=Y¹)SR^c, C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, NR^gN=C(R^d)(R^e), S(=O)₂R^f, NO₂, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆- C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyl-C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy;

(ii) C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene or C₂-C₄-alkenylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by CN or halogen;

(iii) aryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

(iv) a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g.

In a further preferred embodiment of said use, the herbicide is at least one herbicide selected from the group of herbicides comprising:

(i) acetamides selected from acetochlor (B.1.1), alachlor, butachlor, dimethachlor, dimethenamid (B.1.2), flufenacet (B.1.3), mefenacet (B.1.4), metolachlor (B.1.5), metazachlor (B.1.6), napropamide, naproanilide, pethoxamid, pretilachlor, propachlor, thenylchlor;

(ii) amino acid derivatives selected from bilanafos, glyphosate (B.2.1), glufosinate (B.2.2), sulfosate (B.2.3);

(iii) aryloxyphenoxypropionates selected from clodinafop (B.3.1), cyhalofop-butyl, fenoxaprop (B.3.2), fluazifop (B.3.3), haloxyfop (B.3.4), metamifop, propaquizafop (B.3.5), quizalofop, quizalofop-P-tefuryl;

(iv) bipyridyls selected from diquat, paraquat (B.4.1);

- (v) (thio)carbamates selected from asulam, butylate, carbetamide, desmedipham, dimepiperate, eptam (EPTC), esprocarb, molinate, orbencarb, phenmedipham (B.5.1), prosulfocarb, pyributicarb, thiobencarb, triallate;
- (vi) cyclohexanediones selected from butoxydim, clethodim (B.6.1), cycloxydim (B.6.2), profoxydim (B.6.3), sethoxydim (B.6.4), tepraloxym (B.6.5), tralkoxydim;
- (vii) dinitroanilines selected from benfluralin, ethalfluralin, oryzalin, pendimethalin (B.7.1), prodiamine (B.7.2), trifluralin (B.7.3);
- (viii) diphenyl ethers selected from acifluorfen (B.8.1), aclonifen, bifenoxy, diclofop, ethoxyfen, fomesafen, lactofen, oxyfluorfen;
- (ix) hydroxybenzimidazoles selected from bomoxynil (B.9.1), dichlobenil, ioxynil;
- (x) imidazolinones selected from imazamethabenz, imazamox (B.10.1), imazapic (B.10.2), imazapyr (B.10.3), imazaquin (B.10.4), imazethapyr (B.10.5);
- (xi) phenoxy acetic acids selected from clomeprop, 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1), 2,4-DB, dichlorprop, MCPA, MCPA-thioethyl, MCPB, Mecoprop;
- (xii) pyrazines selected from chloridazon (B.11.2), flufenpyr-ethyl, fluthiacet, norflurazon, pyridate;
- (xiii) pyridines selected from aminopyralid, clopyralid (B.12.1), diflufenican, dithiopyr, fluridone, fluroxypyr (B.12.2), picloram (B.12.3), picolinafen (B.12.4), thiazopyr;
- (xiv) sulfonyl ureas selected from amidosulfuron, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron (B.13.1), chlorimuron-ethyl (B.13.2), chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, cyclosulfamuron (B.13.3), ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, flucetosulfuron, flupyralsulfuron, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, iodosulfuron (B.13.4), mesosulfuron (B.13.5), metazosulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl (B.13.6), nicosulfuron

- (B.13.7), oxasulfuron, primisulfuron, prosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, rimsulfuron (B.13.8), sulfometuron, sulfosulfuron, thifensulfuron, triasulfuron, tribenuron, trifloxysulfuron, triflusulfuron (B.13.9), tritosulfuron, 1-((2-chloro-6-propyl-imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl)sulfonyl)-3-(4,6-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-2-yl)urea;
- 5 (xv) triazines selected from ametryn, atrazine (B.14.1), cyanazine, dimethametryn, ethiozin, hexazinone (B.14.2), metamitron, metribuzin, prometryn, simazine, terbuthylazine, terbutryn, triaziflam;
- (xvi) ureas selected from chlorotoluron, daimuron, diuron (B.15.1), fluometuron, isoproturon, linuron, methabenzthiazuron, tebuthiuron;
- 10 (xvii) other acetolactate synthase inhibitors selected from bispyribac-sodium, cloransulam-methyl, diclosulam, florasulam (B.16.1), flucarbazone, flumetsulam, metosulam, ortho-sulfamuron, penoxsulam, propoxycarbazone, pyribambenz-propyl, pyribenzoxim, pyriftalid, pyriminobac-methyl, pyrimisulfan, pyri-thiobac, pyroxasulfone (B.16.2), pyroxsulam; and
- 15 (xviii) amicarbazone, aminotriazole, anilofos, beflubutamid, benazolin, bencarbazone, benfluresate, benzofenap, bentazone (B.17.1), benzobicyclon, bicyclo-pyrone, bromacil, bromobutide, butafenacil, butamifos, cafenstrole, carfentrazone, cinidon-ethyl (B.17.2), chlorthal, cinmethylin (B.17.3), clomazone (B.17.4), cumyluron, cyprosulfamide, dicamba (B.17.5), difenzoquat, diflufen-zopyr (B.17.6), *Drechslera monoceras*, endothal, ethofumesate, etobenzanid, fenoxasulfone, fentrazamide, flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, flupoxam, fluo-chloridone, flurtamone, indanofan, isoxaben, isoxaflutole, lenacil, propanil, propyzamide, quinclorac (B.17.7), quinmerac (B.17.8), mesotrione (B.17.9), methyl arsonic acid, naptalam, oxadiargyl, oxadiazon, oxaziclomefone, pent-oxazone, pinoxaden, pyraclonil, pyraflufen-ethyl, pyrasulfotole, pyrazoxyfen, 20 pyrazolynate, quinclamine, saflufenacil (B.17.10), sulcotrione (B.17.11), sul-
- 25

fentrazone, terbacil, tefuryltrione, tembotrione, thiencarbazone, topramezone (B.17.12), (3-[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yloxy)-acetic acid ethyl ester, 6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester, 6-chloro-3-(2-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridazin-4-ol, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-phenyl)-5-fluoro-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester, and 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-3-dimethylamino-2-fluoro-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester.

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In a particularly preferred embodiment, said herbicide is dicamba (B.17.5), glyphosate (B.2.1), propaquizafop (B.3.5), cycloxydim (B.6.2), bomoxynil (B.9.1), imazamox (B.10.1), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), tribenuron (B.13.10), saflufenacil (B.17.10), or topramezone (B.17.2).

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In a further preferred embodiment, said combination of a nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide further comprises a fertilizer.

In a further aspect the present invention relates to a composition for increasing the health of a plant comprising at least one nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above and at least one herbicide as defined herein above.

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In a further aspect the present invention relates to a composition for increasing the health of a plant comprising a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) and at least one herbicide as defined herein above.

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In a preferred embodiment said agricultural composition additionally comprises at least one carrier.

In another aspect the present invention relates to a method for increasing the health of
5 a plant, comprising treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus
or soil or soil substituents where the plant is growing or is intended to grow with a
combination of at least one nitrification inhibitor and at least one herbicide as defined
herein above, or a composition as defined herein above.

10 In a preferred embodiment of the method the plant and/or the locus or soil or soil substituents where the plant is growing or is intended to grow is additionally provided with a fertilizer.

In a further preferred embodiment of the method, the application of said nitrification
15 inhibitor (A) and of said herbicide (B), and optionally of said fertilizer (C) is carried out
simultaneously or with a time lag.

In a further preferred embodiment of the method, the application of (thio)phosphoric
acid triamide (T) and of said herbicide (B), and optionally of said fertilizer (C) is carried
20 out simultaneously or with a time lag.

In a particularly preferred embodiment, said time lag is an interval of 1 day, 2 days, 3
days, 1 week, 2 weeks or 3 weeks.

In a further preferred embodiment of a use, composition or method of the invention as
25 mentioned herein above, said increase of the health of a plant is reflected by an in-

crease in growth of root and shoot, an overall increase in productivity and/or a faster and more efficient development of the plant.

In a further preferred embodiment of the use, composition or method of the invention as mentioned herein above, said plant is an agricultural plant such as wheat, barley, 5 oat, rye, soybean, corn, oilseed rape, canola, sunflower, cotton, sugar cane, sugar beet, rice or a vegetable such as spinach, lettuce, asparagus, or cabbages; or sorghum; a silvicultural plant; an ornamental plant; or a horticultural plant, each in its natural or in a genetically modified form.

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In addition, a process for treating the soil comprising applying the compositions of the invention into the soil in-furrow and/or as side dress and/or as broadcast was found.

The present invention relates in one aspect to the use of a herbicide and a nitrification 15 inhibitor for increasing the health of a plant, wherein said nitrification inhibitor is a compound of formula I as defined herein.

The present invention relates in another aspect to the use of a herbicide and a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) for increasing the health of a plant.

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Although the present invention will be described with respect to particular embodiments, this description is not to be construed in a limiting sense.

Before describing in detail exemplary embodiments of the present invention, defini- 25 tions important for understanding the present invention are given. As used in this specification and in the appended claims, the singular forms of "a" and "an" also in-

clude the respective plurals unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. In the context of the present invention, the terms "about" and "approximately" denote an interval of accuracy that a person skilled in the art will understand to still ensure the technical effect of the feature in question. The term typically indicates a deviation from the indicated numerical value of $\pm 20\%$, preferably $\pm 15\%$, more preferably $\pm 10\%$, and even more preferably $\pm 5\%$. It is to be understood that the term "comprising" is not limiting. For the purposes of the present invention the term "consisting of" is considered to be a preferred embodiment of the term "comprising of". If hereinafter a group is defined to comprise at least a certain number of embodiments, this is meant to also encompass a group which preferably consists of these embodiments only. Furthermore, the terms "first", "second", "third" or "(a)", "(b)", "(c)", "(d)" etc. and the like in the description and in the claims, are used for distinguishing between similar elements and not necessarily for describing a sequential or chronological order. It is to be understood that the terms so used are interchangeable under appropriate circumstances and that the embodiments of the invention described herein are capable of operation in other sequences than described or illustrated herein. In case the terms "first", "second", "third" or "(a)", "(b)", "(c)", "(d)", "i", "ii" etc. relate to steps of a method or use or assay there is no time or time interval coherence between the steps, i.e. the steps may be carried out simultaneously or there may be time intervals of seconds, minutes, hours, days, weeks, months or even years between such steps, unless otherwise indicated in the application as set forth herein above or below. It is to be understood that this invention is not limited to the particular methodology, protocols, reagents etc. described herein as these may vary. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only, and is not intended to limit the scope of the present invention that will be limited only by the appended claims. Unless

defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meanings as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art.

The term "nitrification inhibitor" is to be understood in this context as a chemical substance which slows down or stops the nitrification process. Nitrification inhibitors accordingly retard the natural transformation of ammonium into nitrate, by inhibiting the activity of bacteria such as *Nitrosomonas* spp. The term "nitrification" as used herein is to be understood as the biological oxidation of ammonia (NH_3) or ammonium (NH_4^+) with oxygen into nitrite (NO_2^-) followed by the oxidation of these nitrites into nitrates (NO_3^-) by microorganisms. Besides nitrate (NO_3^-) nitrous oxide is also produced though nitrification. Nitrification is an important step in the nitrogen cycle in soil. The inhibition of nitrification may thus also reduce NO_2 losses.

The term "compound(s) according to the invention", or "compounds of formula I" comprises the compound(s) as defined herein as well as a stereoisomer, salt, tautomer or N-oxide thereof. The term "compound(s) of the present invention" is to be understood as equivalent to the term "compound(s) according to the invention", therefore also comprising a stereoisomer, salt, tautomer or N-oxide thereof.

The compounds of formula I may be amorphous or may exist in one or more different crystalline states (polymorphs) which may have different macroscopic properties such as stability or show different biological properties such as activities. The present invention relates to amorphous and crystalline compounds of formula I, mixtures of different crystalline states of the respective compound I, as well as amorphous or crystalline salts thereof.

Salts of the compounds of the formula I are preferably agriculturally acceptable salts. They can be formed in a customary manner, e.g. by reacting the compound with an acid of the anion in question if the compound of formula I has a basic functionality. Agriculturally useful salts of the compounds of formula I encompass especially the acid addition salts of those acids whose cations and anions, respectively, have no adverse effect on the mode of action of the compounds of formula I. Anions of useful acid addition salts are primarily chloride, bromide, fluoride, hydrogensulfate, sulfate, dihydrogenphosphate, hydrogenphosphate, phosphate, nitrate, bicarbonate, carbonate, hexafluorosilicate, hexafluorophosphate, benzoate, and the anions of C₁-C₄-alkanoic acids, preferably formate, acetate, propionate and butyrate. They can be formed by reacting compounds of formula I with an acid of the corresponding anion, preferably of hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid or nitric acid.

The term "N-oxide" includes any compound of formula I which has at least one tertiary nitrogen atom that is oxidized to an N-oxide moiety.

The organic moieties mentioned in the above definitions of the variables are - like the term halogen - collective terms for individual listings of the individual group members.

The prefix C_n-C_m indicates in each case the possible number of carbon atoms in the group.

The term "halogen" denotes in each case fluorine, bromine, chlorine or iodine, in particular fluorine, chlorine or bromine.

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The term "alkyl" as used herein denotes in each case a straight-chain or branched

alkyl group having usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms, more preferably from 1 to 3 carbon atoms. Examples of an alkyl group are methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, 2-butyl, iso-butyl, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 1-ethylpropyl, n-hexyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, 1-methylpentyl, 2-methylpentyl, 3-methylpentyl, 4-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2,3-dimethylbutyl, 3,3-dimethylbutyl, 1-ethylbutyl, 2-ethylbutyl, 1,1,2-trimethylpropyl, 1,2,2-trimethylpropyl, 1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl, and 1-ethyl-2-methylpropyl.

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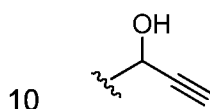
The term "haloalkyl" as used herein denotes in each case a straight-chain or branched alkyl group having usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, wherein the hydrogen atoms of this group are partially or totally replaced with halogen atoms. Preferred haloalkyl moieties are selected from C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, more preferably from C₁-C₃-haloalkyl or C₁-C₂-haloalkyl, in particular from C₁-C₂-fluoroalkyl such as fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 1-fluoroethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, and the like.

20 The term "cyanoalkyl" as used herein denotes in each case a straight-chain or branched alkyl group having usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, wherein the hydrogen atoms of this group are partially or totally replaced with cyano groups. Preferred cyanoalkyl moieties are selected from C₁-C₄-cyanoalkyl, more preferably from C₁-C₃-cyanoalkyl or C₁-C₂-cyanoalkyl.

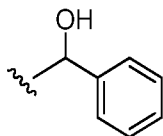
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The term "hydroxyalkyl" as used herein denotes in each case a straight-chain or branched alkyl group having usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, wherein the hydrogen atoms of this group are partially or totally replaced with hydroxy groups. Preferred hydroxyalkyl moieties are selected from C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, more preferably from C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl or C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl. Preferred hydroxyalkyl moieties are selected from hydroxymethyl, dihydroxymethyl, trihydroxymethyl, 1-hydroxyethyl and 2-hydroxyethyl.

The term "ethynylhydroxymethyl" as used herein refers to the following substituent.



The term "phenylhydroxymethyl" as used herein refers to the following substituent.



15 The term "alkoxy" as used herein denotes in each case a straight-chain or branched alkyl group which is bound via an oxygen atom and has usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms. Examples of an alkoxy group are methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, iso-propoxy, n-butyloxy, 2-butyloxy, iso-butyloxy, tert-butyloxy, and the like.

20

The term "alkoxyalkyl" as used herein refers to alkyl usually comprising 1 to 10, frequently 1 to 4, preferably 1 to 2 carbon atoms, wherein 1 carbon atom carries an alkoxy radical usually comprising 1 to 4, preferably 1 or 2 carbon atoms as defined above. Examples are CH₂OCH₃, CH₂-OC₂H₅, 2-(methoxy)ethyl, and 2-(ethoxy)ethyl.

The term "alkylene" as used herein and in the moieties of e.g. C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)OR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)SR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-NR^aR^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-OR^c, and C₁-C₄-alkylene-SR^c refers to a straight-chain or branched alkylene group having usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms, more preferably from 1 to 3 carbon atoms. Preferably, said alkenylene group connects a substituent, such as C(=Y¹)R^c, C(=Y¹)OR^c, C(=Y¹)SR^c, C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, NR^aR^b, OR^c, SR^c, with the remainder of the molecule.

The term "alkenyl" as used herein denotes in each case an at least singly unsaturated hydrocarbon radical, i.e. a hydrocarbon radical having at least one carbon-carbon double bond, having usually 2 to 10, frequently 2 to 6, preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms, e.g. vinyl, allyl (2-propen-1-yl), 1-propen-1-yl, 2-propen-2-yl, methallyl (2-methylprop-2-en-1-yl), 2-buten-1-yl, 3-buten-1-yl, 2-penten-1-yl, 3-penten-1-yl, 4-penten-1-yl, 1-methylbut-2-en-1-yl, 2-ethylprop-2-en-1-yl and the like.

The term "haloalkenyl" as used herein refers to an alkenyl group as defined above, wherein the hydrogen atoms are partially or totally replaced with halogen atoms.

The term "alkenylene" as used herein and in the moieties of e.g. C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)OR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)SR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-NR^aR^b, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-OR^c, and C₂-C₄-alkenylene-SR^c refers to a straight-chain or branched alkenylene group, which is at least singly unsaturated, and has usually from

2 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 2 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms, more preferably from 2 to 3 carbon atoms. Preferably, said alkenylene group connects a substituent, such as $C(=Y^1)R^c$, $C(=Y^1)OR^c$, $C(=Y^1)SR^c$, $C(=Y^1)NR^aNR^b$, $Y^2-C(=Y^1)R^c$, NR^aR^b , OR^c , SR^c , with the remainder of the molecule.

5

The term "alkynyl" as used herein denotes in each case a hydrocarbon radical having at least one carbon-carbon triple bond and having usually 2 to 10, frequently 2 to 6, preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms, e.g. ethynyl, propargyl (2-propyn-1-yl), 1-propyn-1-yl, 1-methylprop-2-yn-1-yl), 2-butyne-1-yl, 3-butyne-1-yl, 1-pentyne-1-yl, 3-pentyne-1-yl, 4-
10 pentyne-1-yl, 1-methylbut-2-yn-1-yl, 1-ethylprop-2-yn-1-yl and the like.

The term "haloalkynyl" as used herein refers to an alkynyl group as defined above, wherein the hydrogen atoms are partially or totally replaced with halogen atoms.

15 The term "alkynylalkyl" as used herein refers to alkyl usually comprising 1 to 10, frequently 1 to 4, preferably 1 to 2 carbon atoms, wherein 1 carbon atom carries an alkynyl radical usually comprising 2 to 4, preferably 2 or 3 carbon atoms as defined above.

20 The term "alkynylhydroxyalkyl" as used herein refers to an hydroxyalkyl as defined above usually comprising 1 to 10, frequently 1 to 4, preferably 1 to 2 carbon atoms, wherein 1 carbon atom carries an alkynyl radical usually comprising 2 to 4, preferably 2 or 3 carbon atoms as defined above. An exemplary alkynylhydroxyalkyl is ethynylhydroxymethyl.

25

The term "alkynyloxy" as used herein denotes in each case an alkynyl group which is

bound to the remainder of the molecule via an oxygen atom and has usually from 2 to 6 carbon atoms, frequently from 2 to 4 carbon atoms, preferably 2 to 3 carbon atoms.

The term "cycloalkyl" as used herein and in the cycloalkyl moieties of cycloalkoxy and cycloalkylmethyl denotes in each case a monocyclic cycloaliphatic radical having usually from 3 to 10 or from 3 to 6 carbon atoms, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, cyclononyl and cyclodecyl or cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl.

The term "cycloalkylalkyl" refers to a cycloalkyl group as defined above which is bound via an alkyl group, such as a C₁-C₅-alkyl group or a C₁-C₄-alkyl group, in particular a methyl group (= cycloalkylmethyl), to the remainder of the molecule.

The term "cycloalkenyl" as used herein denotes in each case a monocyclic singly unsaturated non-aromatic radical having usually from 5 to 10 or from 3 to 8 carbon atoms, including e.g. cycloheptenyl or cyclooctenyl.

The term "heterocyclyl" or "heterocycle" includes in general 3- to 14-membered, preferably 3- to 10-membered, more preferably 5-, or 6-membered non-aromatic radicals with at least one heteroatom. The term "heterocyclyl" or "heterocycle" refers to monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic heterocyclic non-aromatic radicals. The term "heterocyclyl" or "heterocycle" also includes bicyclic or tricyclic radicals, which comprise a non-aromatic ring and a fused aryl or hetaryl ring. Particularly preferred are 5- and 6-membered monocyclic heterocyclic non-aromatic radicals. The heterocyclic radicals usually comprise 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, preferably 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S as ring members, where S-atoms as ring members may be present as S, SO or

SO₂. Examples of 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic radicals comprise saturated or unsaturated, non-aromatic heterocyclic rings, such as oxiranyl, oxetanyl, thietanyl, thietanyl-S-oxid (S-oxothietanyl), thietanyl-S-dioxid (S-dioxothiethanyl), pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrazolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, dihydrofuranyl, 1,3-dioxolanyl, thiolanyl, S-oxothiolanyl, S-dioxothiolanyl, dihydrothienyl, S-oxodihydrothienyl, S-dioxodihydrothienyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolinyl, thiazolinyl, oxathiolanyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyranyl, dihydropyranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, 1,3- and 1,4-dioxanyl, thiopyranyl, S.oxothiopyranyl, S-dioxothiopyranyl, dihydrothiopyranyl, S-oxodihydrothiopyranyl, S-dioxodihydrothiopyranyl, tetrahydrothiopyranyl, S-oxotetrahydrothiopyranyl, S-dioxotetrahydrothiopyranyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, S-oxothiomorpholinyl, S-dioxothiomorpholinyl, thiazinyl and the like. Examples for heterocyclic rings also comprising 1 or 2 carbonyl groups as ring members comprise pyrrolidin-2-onyl, pyrrolidin-2,5-dionyl, imidazolidin-2-onyl, oxazolidin-2-onyl, thiazolidin-2-onyl and the like. Particularly preferred are also bicyclic 8- to 10-membered heterocyclic radicals comprising as ring members 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, preferably 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S members, where S-atoms as ring members may be present as S, SO or SO₂. Preferably, said bicyclic 8- to 10-membered heterocyclic radicals comprise a 5- or 6-membered non-aromatic ring as defined above, which is fused to an aryl or hetaryl ring or to another heterocyclic ring. These fused heterocyclyl radicals may be bound to the remainder of the molecule via any ring atom of the 5- or 6-membered ring or the fused ring.

The term "heterocyclylalkyl" refers to heterocyclyl as defined above, which is bound via a C₁-C₅-alkyl group or a C₁-C₄-alkyl group, in particular a methyl group (= heterocyclylmethyl), to the remainder of the molecule.

The term "carbocyclyl" or "carbocycle" includes in general 3- to 14-membered, preferably 3- to 10-membered, more preferably 5- or 6-membered non-aromatic radicals. The term "carbocyclyl" or "carbocycle" may refer to monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic carbocyclic non-aromatic radicals. Preferred carbocycles are cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups having from 3 to 10, preferably 5 or 6 carbon atoms.

Particularly preferred are also bicyclic 8- to 10-membered carbocyclic radicals, wherein a 5- or 6-membered non-aromatic ring is fused to an aryl ring or another carbocyclic ring. These fused carbocyclyl radicals may be bonded to the remainder of the molecule via any ring atom of the 5- or 6-membered ring or the fused ring.

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The term "carbocyclylalkyl" refers to carbocyclyl as defined above which is bound via a C₁-C₅-alkyl group or a C₁-C₄-alkyl group, in particular a methyl group (= carbocyclymethyl), to the remainder of the molecule.

15 The term "hetaryl" includes monocyclic 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic radicals comprising as ring members 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S. Examples of 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic radicals include pyridyl, i.e. 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, i.e. 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, i.e. 3- or 4-pyridazinyl, thienyl, i.e. 2- or 3-thienyl, furyl, i.e. 2- or 3-furyl, pyrrolyl, i.e. 2- or 3-pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, i.e. 2-, 3- or 5-oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, i.e. 3-, 4- or 5-isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, i.e. 2-, 3- or 5-thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, i.e. 3-, 4- or 5-isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, i.e. 1-, 3-, 4- or 5-pyrazolyl, i.e. 1-, 2-, 4- or 5-imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, e.g. 2- or 5-[1,3,4]oxadiazolyl, 4- or 5-(1,2,3-oxadiazolyl), 3- or 5-(1,2,4-oxadiazolyl), 2- or 5-(1,3,4-thiadiazolyl), thiadiazolyl, e.g. 2- or 5-(1,3,4-thiadiazolyl), 4- or 25 5-(1,2,3-thiadiazolyl), 3- or 5-(1,2,4-thiadiazolyl), triazolyl, e.g. 1H-, 2H- or 3H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl, 2H-triazol-3-yl, 1H-, 2H-, or 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl and tetrazolyl, i.e.

1H- or 2H-tetrazolyl. The term "hetaryl" also includes bicyclic 8 to 13-membered, preferably 8- to 10 membered heteroaromatic radicals comprising as ring members 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, wherein a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring is fused to a phenyl ring or to a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic radical. Examples of a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring fused to a phenyl ring or to a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic radical include benzofuranyl, benzothieryl, indolyl, indazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxathiazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, benzoxazinyl, chinolinyl, isochinolinyl, purinyl, 1,8-naphthyridyl, pteridyl, pyrido[3,2-d]pyrimidyl or pyridoimidazolyl and the like. These fused hetaryl radicals may be bonded to the remainder of the molecule via any ring atom of 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring or via a carbon atom of the fused phenyl moiety.

The term "hetarylalkyl" refers to hetaryl as defined above which is bound via a C₁-C₅-alkyl group or a C₁-C₄-alkyl group, in particular a methyl group (= hetarylmethyl), to the remainder of the molecule.

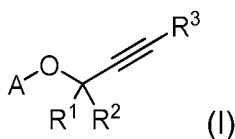
The term "heteraryloxy" refers to heteraryl as defined above, which is bound via an oxygen atom to the remainder of the molecule.

The term "aryl" includes monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aromatic radicals comprising 6 to 14 carbon atoms, preferably 6 or 10 carbon atoms, more preferably 6 carbon atoms. Exemplary aryl radicals include anthracenyl, naphthalenyl and phenyl. A preferred aryl radical is phenyl.

The term "arylalkyl" refers to aryl as defined above which is bound via a C₁-C₅-alkyl group or a C₁-C₄-alkyl group, in particular a methyl group (=arylmethyl), to the remainder of the molecule. A preferred arylalkyl group is phenylmethyl, i.e. benzyl.

- 5 The term "aryloxy" refers to aryl as defined above, which is bound via an oxygen atom to the remainder of the molecule. A preferred aryloxy group is e.g. benzyloxy.

As has been set out above, the present invention concerns in one aspect the use of a nitrification inhibitor for reducing nitrification, wherein said nitrification inhibitor is a
 10 compound of formula I



or a stereoisomer, salt, tautomer or N-oxide thereof,

15

wherein

A is aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently
 20 of each other selected from R^A;

R¹ and R² are independently of each other selected from H and C₁-C₂-alkyl; and

R³ is H, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, ethynylhydroxymethyl, phenylhydroxymethyl, or aryl, wherein the aromatic ring may be unsubstituted or may be

partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^B;

and wherein

5

R^A is

- (i) halogen, CN, NR^aR^b, OR^c, SR^c, C(=Y¹)R^c, C(=Y¹)OR^c, C(=Y¹)SR^c, C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, Y²C(=Y¹)OR^c, Y²C(=Y¹)SR^c, Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y³Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, NR^gN=C(R^d)(R^e), C(=N-OR^c)R^g, C(=N-OR^c)R^g, C(=N-SR^c)R^g, C(=N-NR^aR^b)R^g, S(=O)₂R^f, NR^gS(=O)₂R^f, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)OR^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)SR^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, NO₂, NON-CN, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-cyanoalkyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyl-C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy;
- 10
- (ii) C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)OR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)OR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)SR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)SR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-NR^aR^b, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-NR^aR^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-OR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-OR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-SR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-SR^c, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene or C₂-C₄-alkenylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by OR^g, CN, halogen or phenyl;
- 15
- (iii) aryl, aryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, hetaryl or hetaryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h;
- 20
- 25

(iv) a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b} , O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from R^i ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g ; or

(v) L-B, wherein

L is $-\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$, $-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})-$ or $-\text{CH}=\text{}$, and

B is aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h ;

or

a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b} , O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from R^i ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g ; or

(vi) two substituents R^A together represent a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, which is fused to A and may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1c} , O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from R^i ; and wherein R^{1c} is H, C_1 -

C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-heterocyclyl, C₃-C₆-heterocyclylmethyl or OR^g;

and wherein

5

R^B is NH-C(=O)-(C₁-C₄-alkyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₂-C₄-alkenyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₁-C₂-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl), NH-S(=O)₂-(C₁-C₄-alkyl), or NO₂;

and wherein

10

Y¹, Y² and Y³ are independently of each other selected from O, S and NR^{1a}, wherein R^{1a} is in each case independently H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, OR^g, SR^g or NR^mRⁿ;

15 R^a and R^b are independently of each other selected from

(i) H, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l, C(=Y¹)NR^jR^k, C(=Y¹)C(=Y²)R^l, S(=O)₂R^f;

(ii) aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

20

R^a and R^b together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form

(iii) a hetaryl group which may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

25

(iv) a 3- to 10-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g;

R^c is

(i) H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C(=O)OR^l, C(=O)SR^l, C(=O)NRⁱR^k;

(ii) C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=O)R^l, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=O)OR^l, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by OR^g, CN, halogen, or phenyl;

(iii) aryl, aryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, hetaryl, or hetaryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

(iv) a 3- to 10-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g;

R^d and R^e are independently selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, CN, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l, or C(=Y¹)NR^jR^k;

5 R^f is C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h;

10 R^g is H or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

R^h is halogen, CN, NO₂, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l, C(=Y¹)NR^jR^k, aryl, aryloxy, hetaryl and hetaryloxy;

15 Rⁱ is

(i) halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl;

(ii) =NR^{1d}, wherein R^{1d} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g;

20 (iii) =O, =S, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l, C(=Y¹)NR^jR^k;

(iv) aryl, aryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, hetaryl, or hetaryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g; or

25

(v) C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, or 3- to 6-membered heterocyclyl, wherein the cycloalkyl ring or the heterocyclyl ring may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, OR^g, and SR^g;

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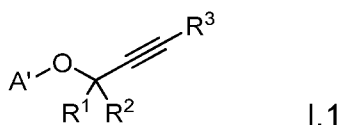
R^j and R^k are independently selected from H, OR^g, SR^g, C(=Y¹)R^g, C(=Y¹)OR^g, C(=Y¹)SR^g, C(=Y¹)NR^mRⁿ, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents,
10 which are independently selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g;

R^l is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C(=Y¹)R^g, C(=Y¹)OR^g, C(=Y¹)SR^g, C(=Y¹)NR^mRⁿ, aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic
15 ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g; and

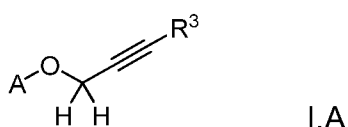
20 R^m and Rⁿ are independently selected from H and C₁-C₄-alkyl.

In a preferred embodiment of said compound of formula I, A is phenyl or a 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each
25 other selected from R^A. These compounds correspond to compounds of formula I.1, wherein A' represents phenyl or a 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, wherein the aromatic

ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^A.



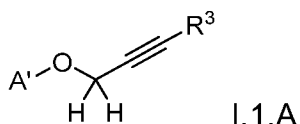
In a further preferred embodiment of said compound of formula I, R¹ and R² both represent hydrogen. These compounds correspond to compounds of formula I.A.



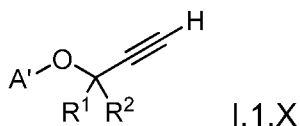
In another preferred embodiment of said compound of formula I, R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl or ethynylhydroxymethyl. It is even more preferred that R³ is hydrogen. These compounds correspond to compounds of formula I.X.



In a particularly preferred embodiment of said compound of formula I, A is A', i.e. phenyl or a 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^A, and R¹ and R² are both hydrogen. These compounds correspond to compounds of formula I.1.A.



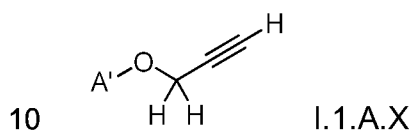
In another more preferred embodiment of said compound of formula I, A is A', i.e. phenyl or a 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^A, and R³ is hydrogen. These compounds correspond to compounds of formula I.1.X.



In another more preferred embodiment of said compound of formula I, R¹ and R² are both hydrogen, and R³ is hydrogen. These compounds correspond to compounds of formula I.A.X.



In the most preferred embodiment of said compound of formula I, A is A', i.e. phenyl or a 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^A, R¹ and R² are both hydrogen, and R³ is hydrogen.



Further preferred embodiments of said compound of formula I relate to the substituents R^A, with which A may be partially or fully substituted.

15 In a preferred embodiment of the compound of formula I, R^A, if present, is

- (i) halogen, CN, NR^aR^b, OR^c, C(=Y¹)R^c, C(=Y¹)OR^c, C(=Y¹)SR^c, C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, NR^gN=C(R^d)(R^e), S(=O)₂R^f, NO₂, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆- C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyl-C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy;
- 20

(ii) C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene or C₂-C₄-alkenylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by CN or halogen;

(iii) aryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

(iv) a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g.

In a particularly preferred embodiment of the present invention, the compound of formula I, is a compound of formula I.1, I.A, I.X, I.1.A, I.1.X, I.A.X or I.1.A.X, wherein R^A, if present, is

(i) halogen, CN, NR^aR^b, OR^c, C(=Y¹)R^c, C(=Y¹)OR^c, C(=Y¹)SR^c, C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, NR^gN=C(R^d)(R^e), S(=O)₂R^f, NO₂, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyl-C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy;

(ii) C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene or C₂-C₄-alkenylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by CN or halogen;

(iii) aryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

(iv) a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g.

If R^A is present in the compounds of formula I or a compound of any one of formulae I.1, I.A, I.X, I.1.A, I.1.X, I.A.X or I.1.A.X, and preferably if R^A is selected as indicated above, the following substituent definitions are particularly preferred according to the present invention.

Preferably, Y¹, Y² and Y³ are independently of each other selected from O, S and NR^{1a}, wherein preferably R^{1a} is in each case independently H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, OR^g, or NR^mRⁿ.

Preferably, R^a and R^b are independently of each other selected from

(i) H, NR^jR^k, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, C(=Y¹)Rⁱ; or

R^a and R^b together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form

(iv) a 3- to 10-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is preferably H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, or OR^g.

Preferably, R^c is

(i) H, C₁-C₄-alkyl; or

(iv) a 3- to 10-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is preferably H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, or OR^g.

10 Preferably, R^d and R^e are independently selected from NR^jR^k and C(=Y¹)OR^l;

Preferably, R^f is C₁-C₄-alkyl.

Preferably, R^g is H.

15

Preferably, R^h is halogen or C₁-C₄-alkoxy.

Preferably, Rⁱ is

(i) C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl; or

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(iii) =O.

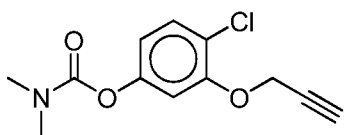
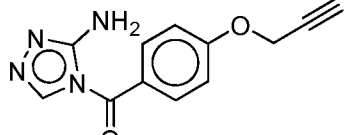
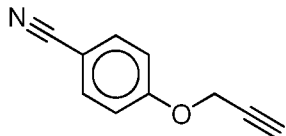
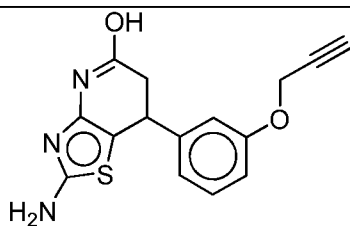
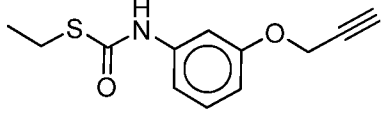
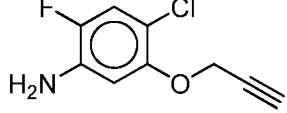
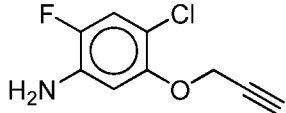
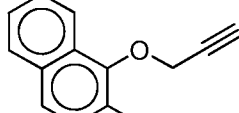
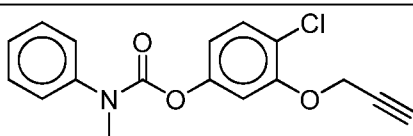
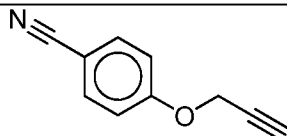
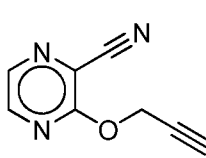
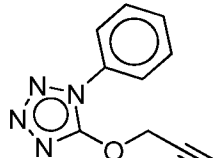
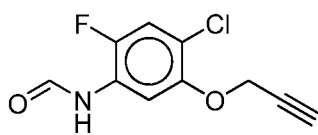
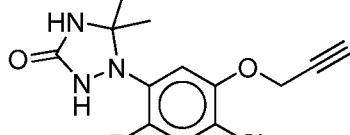
Preferably, R^j and R^k are both H.

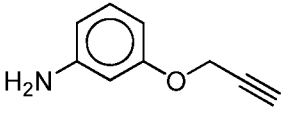
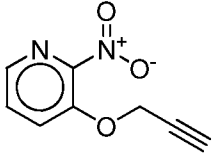
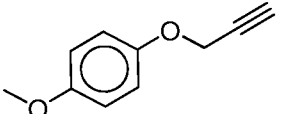
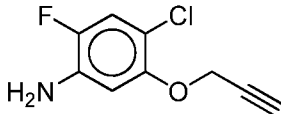
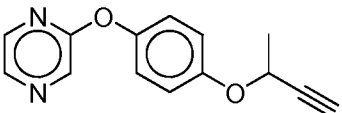
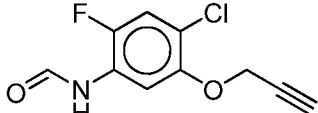
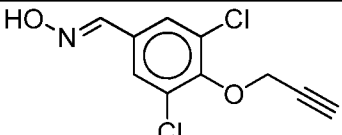
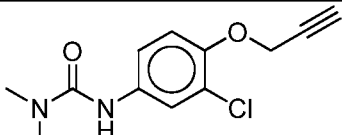
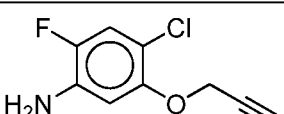
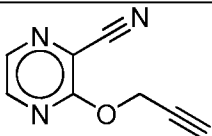
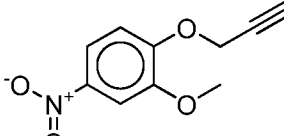
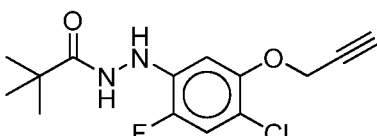
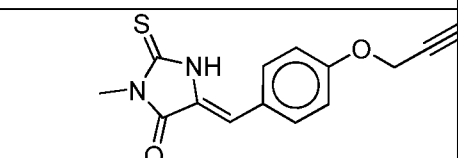
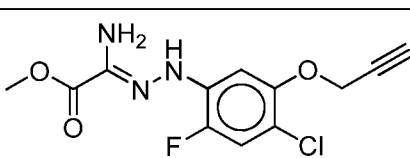
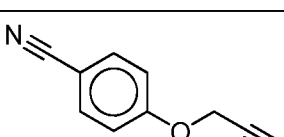
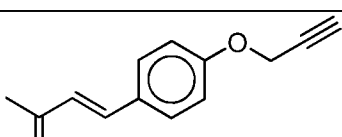
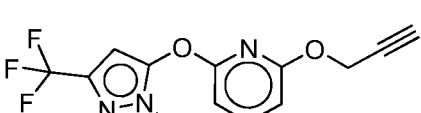
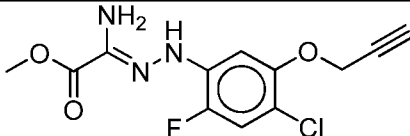
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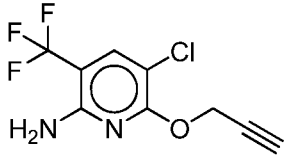
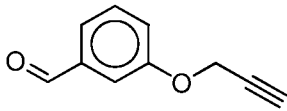
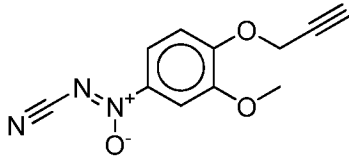
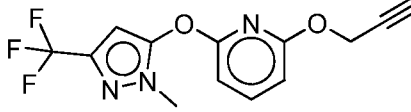
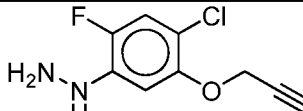
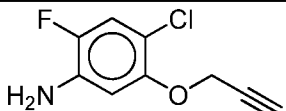
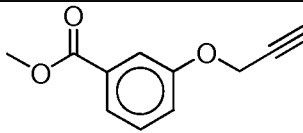
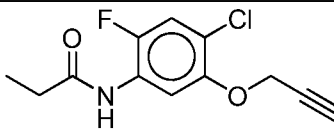
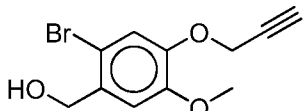
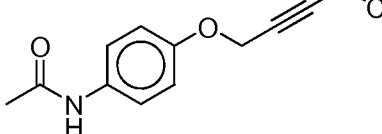
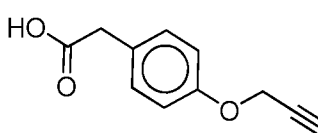
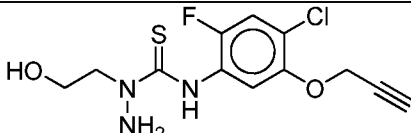
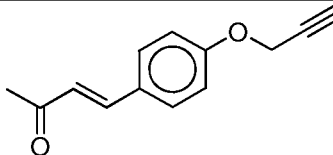
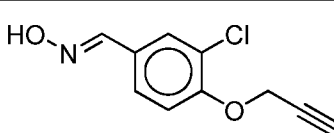
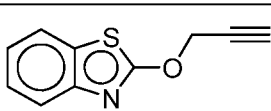
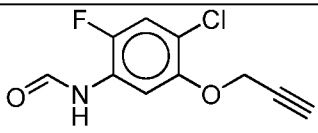
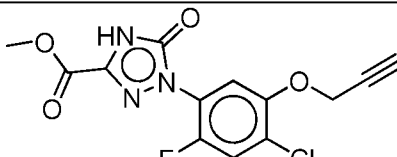
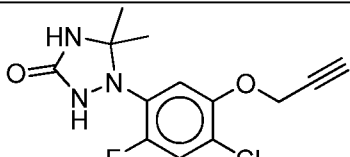
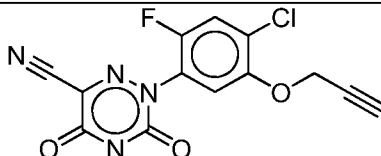
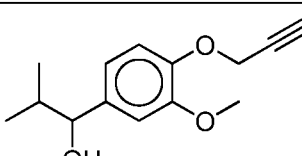
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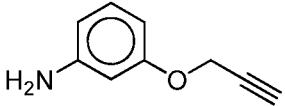
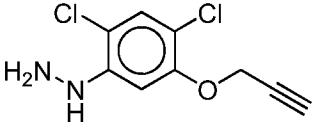
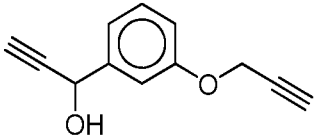
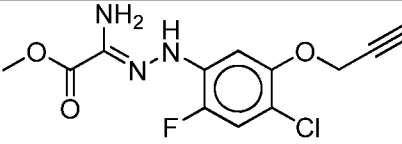
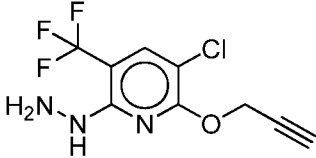
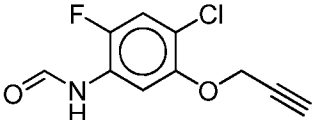
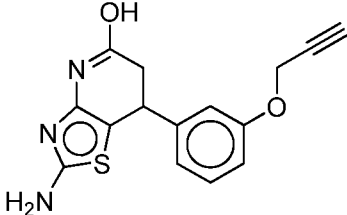
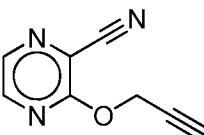
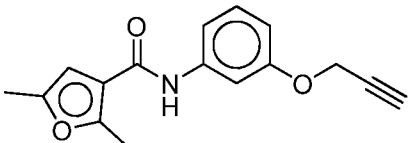
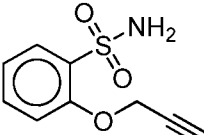
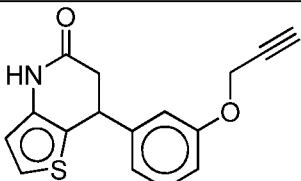
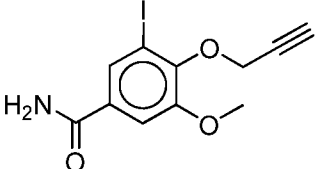
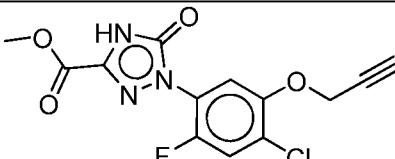
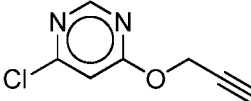
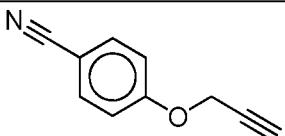
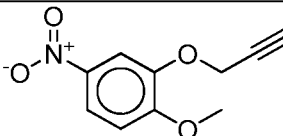
Preferably, R^m and Rⁿ are both H.

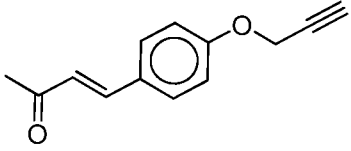
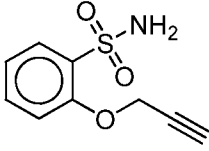
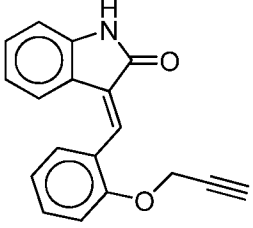
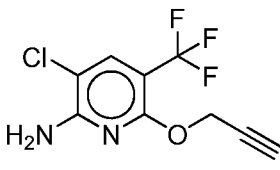
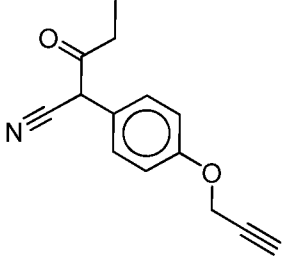
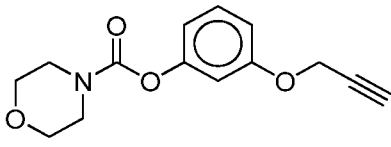
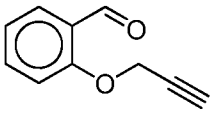
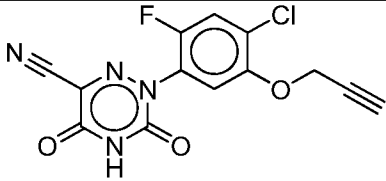
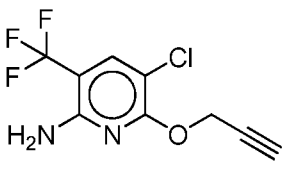
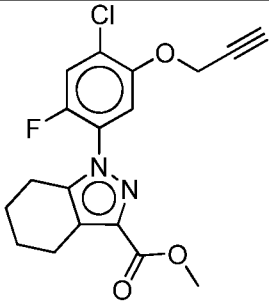
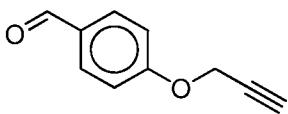
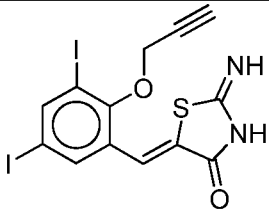
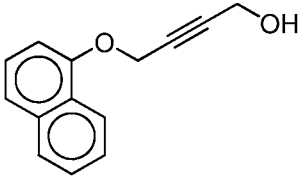
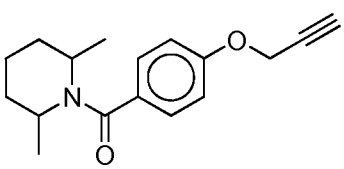
Preferred compounds of the present invention are listed in the following Table 1:

Entry (No. comp . A)	Compound structure	Entry (No. comp . A)	Compound structure
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3		111	
4		112	
5		113	
6		114	
7		115	

8		116	
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4		122	
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16		124	

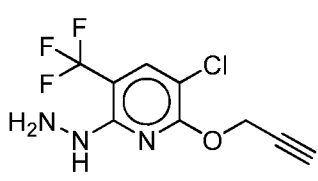
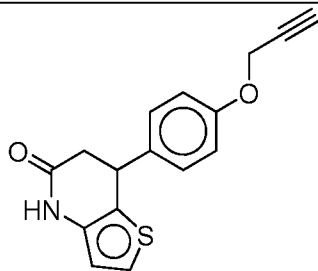
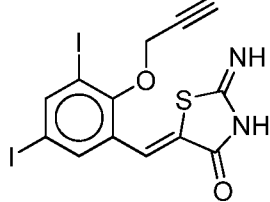
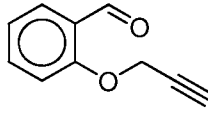
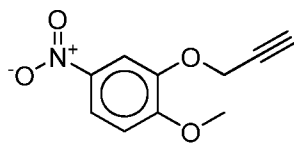
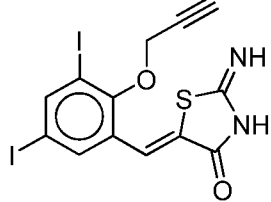
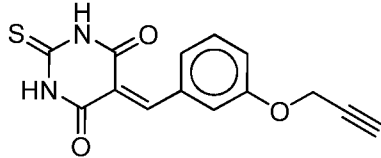
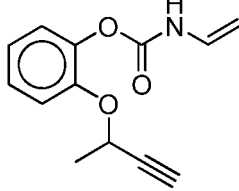
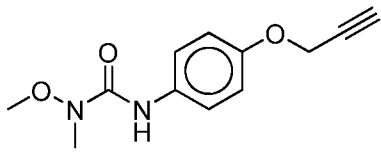
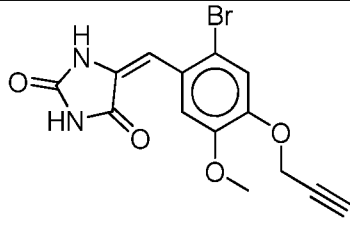
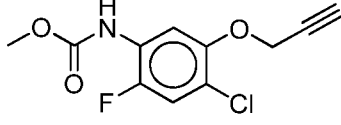
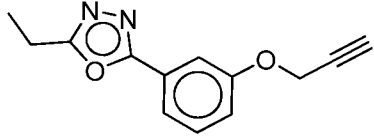
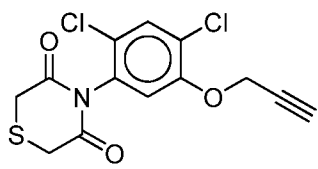
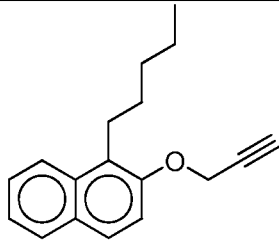
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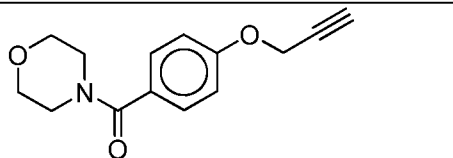
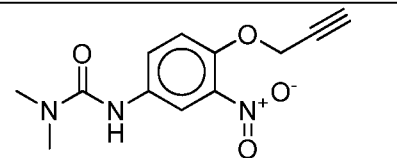
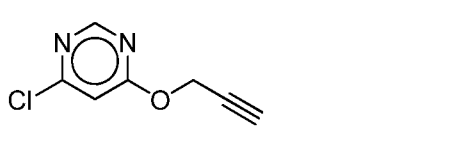
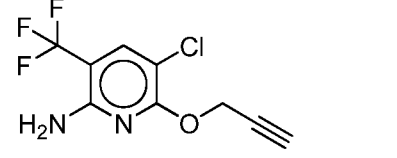
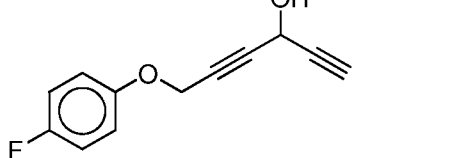
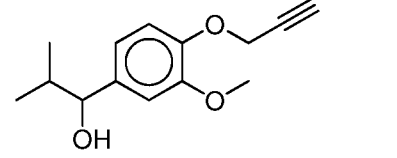
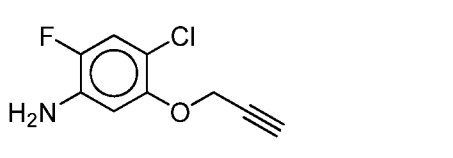
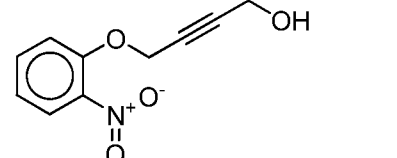
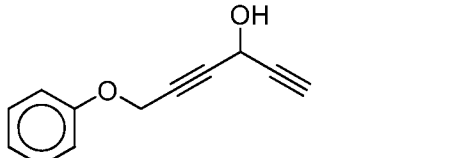
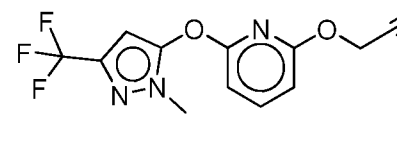
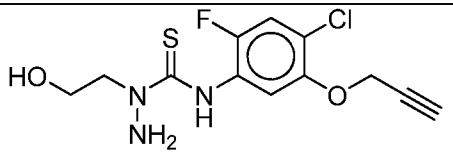
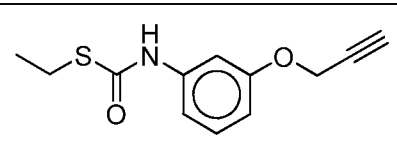
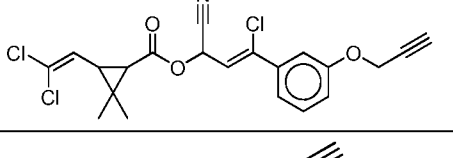
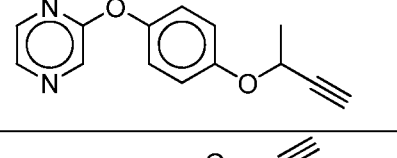
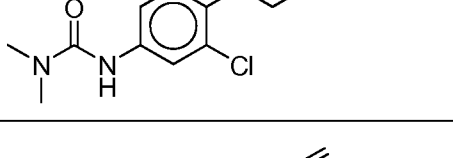
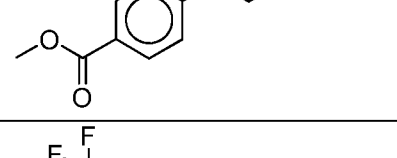
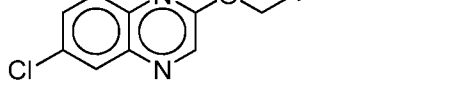
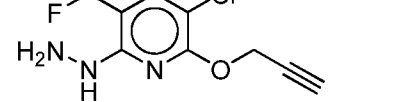
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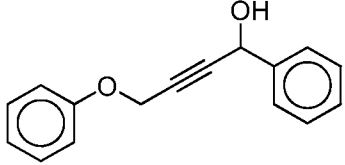
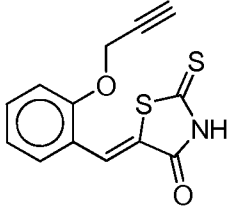
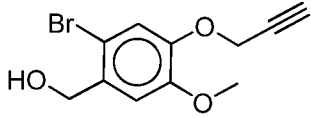
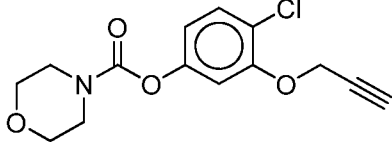
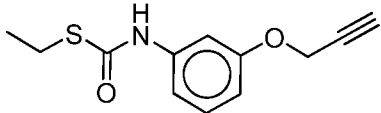
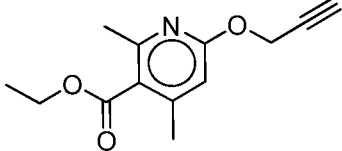
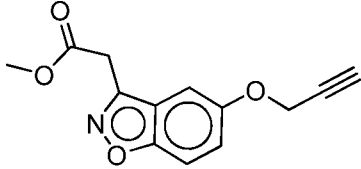
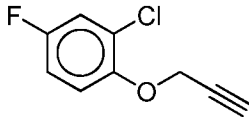
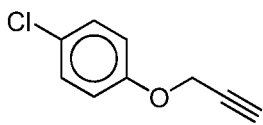
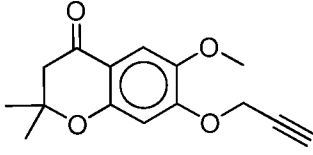
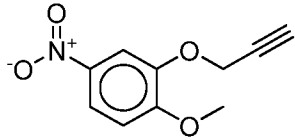
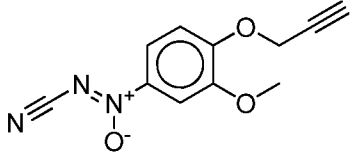
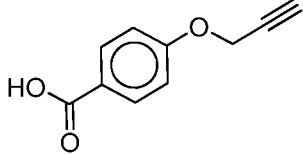
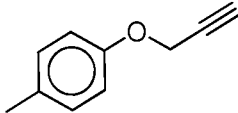
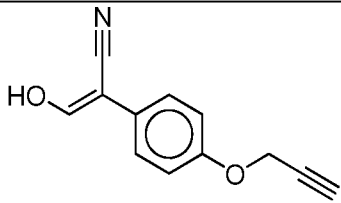
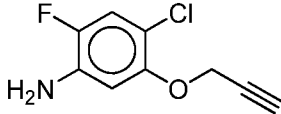
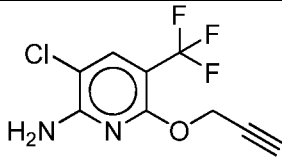
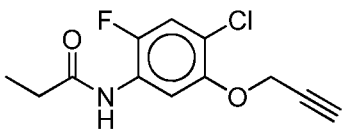
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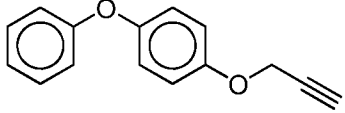
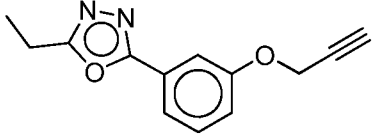
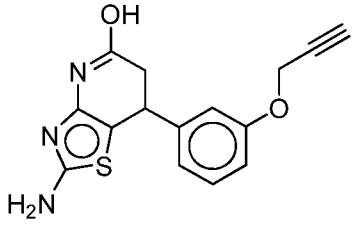
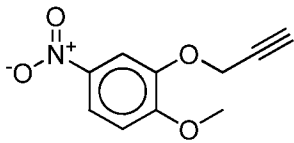
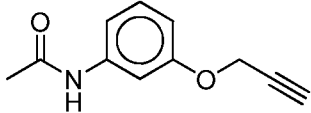
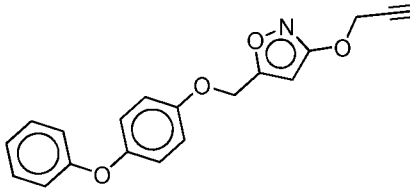
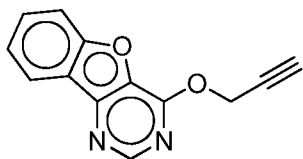
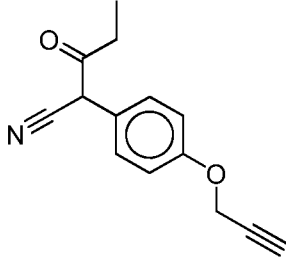
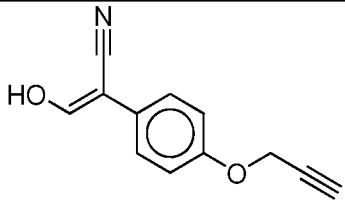
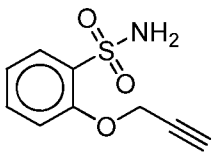
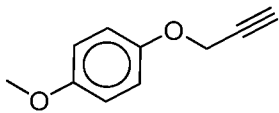
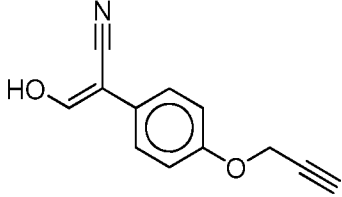
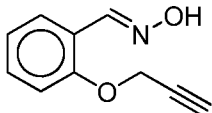
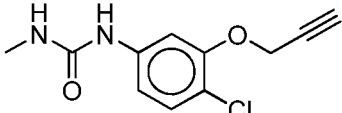
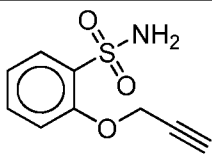
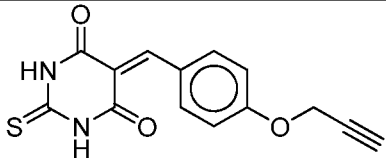
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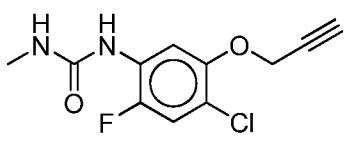
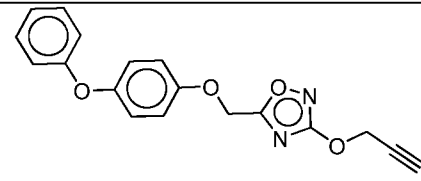
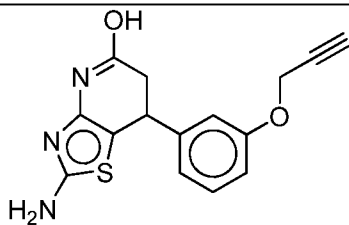
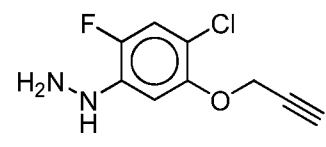
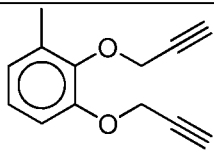
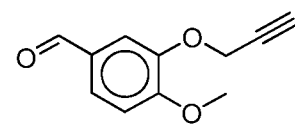
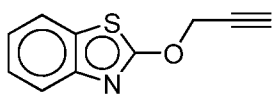
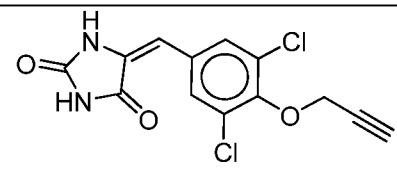
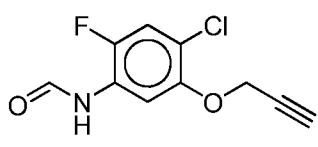
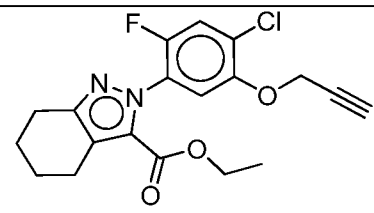
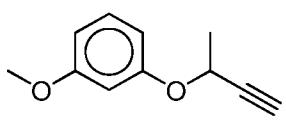
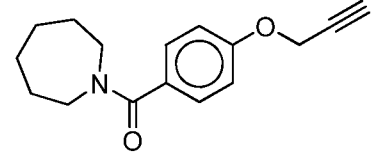
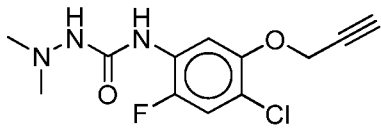
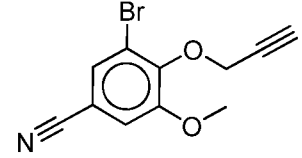
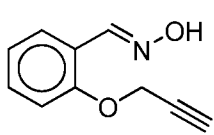
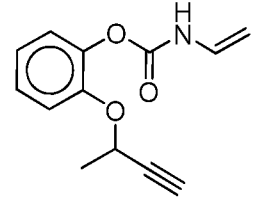
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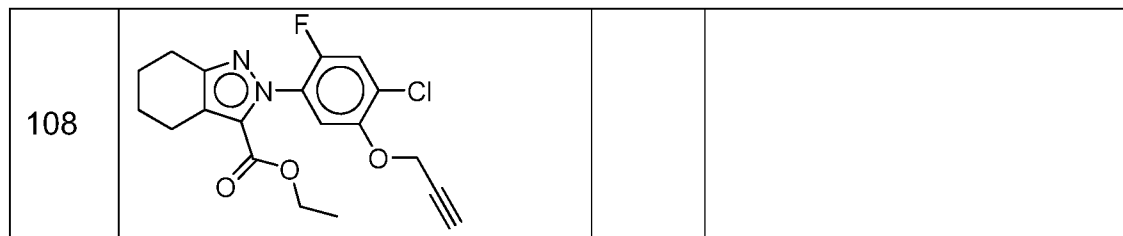
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In a central aspect the present invention thus relates to the use of a combination of a nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide as defined herein above, or of a composition comprising said combination of a nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide as defined herein for increasing the health of a plant. The nitrification inhibitor or derivatives or salts thereof as defined herein above in combination with a herbicide, in particular compounds of formula I and/or salts or suitable derivatives thereof in combination with a herbicide, as well as compositions comprising said nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide as defined herein may be used for increasing the health of a plant.

5 The use may be based on an application of the combination of the nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide, the or the composition as defined herein to a plant growing on soil and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow, or the application of the combination of the nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide, or the composition as defined herein to soil where a plant is growing or is intended to grow or to soil substituents. In specific embodiments, the combination of the nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide may be used in the absence of plants, e.g. as preparatory activity for subsequent agricultural activity.

The use may further include the application of a combination of a herbicide and (T) or the nitrification inhibitor or derivatives or salts thereof as defined herein above, in particular compounds of formula I and/or salts or suitable derivatives thereof, as well as compositions comprising said combination of a herbicide and (T) or the nitrification

inhibitor, or agrochemical mixtures comprising said nitrification inhibitor as defined herein to environments, areas or zones, where nitrification takes place or is assumed or expected to take place. Such environments, areas or zones may, in specific embodiments, not comprise plants or soil, but be planned for subsequent growth of plants. Examples of such environments are laboratory environments or green houses or similar indoor facilities.

The term "plant health" as used herein is intended to mean a condition of the plant which is determined by several aspects alone or in combination with each other. One indicator (indicator 1) for the condition of the plant is the crop yield. "Crop" and "fruit" are to be understood as any plant product which is further utilized after harvesting, e.g. fruits in the proper sense, vegetables, nuts, grains, seeds, wood (e.g. in the case of silviculture plants), flowers (e.g. in the case of gardening plants, ornamentals) etc., that is anything of economic value that is produced by the plant. Another indicator (indicator 2) for the condition of the plant is the plant vigor. The plant vigor becomes manifest in several aspects, too, some of which are visual appearance, e.g. leaf color, fruit color and aspect, amount of dead basal leaves and/or extent of leaf blades, plant weight, plant height, extent of plant verse (lodging), number, strong ness and productivity of tillers, panicles' length, extent of root system, strongness of roots, extent of nodulation, in particular of rhizobial nodulation, point of time of germination, emergence, flowering, grain maturity and/or senescence, protein content, sugar content and the like. Another indicator (indicator 3) for an increase of a plant's health is the reduction of biotic or abiotic stress factors.

The three above mentioned indicators for the health condition of a plant may be interdependent and may result from each other. For example, a reduction of biotic or

stress may lead to a better plant vigor, e.g. to better and bigger crops, and thus to an increased yield.

Biotic stress, especially over longer terms, can have harmful effects on plants. The term "biotic stress" as used in the context of the present invention refers in particular to stress caused by living organisms, such as competing plants, especially weeds. As a result, the quantity and the quality of the stressed plants, their crops and fruits decrease. As far as quality is concerned, reproductive development is usually severely affected with consequences on the crops which are important for fruits or seeds. Growth may be slowed by the stresses; polysaccharide synthesis, both structural and storage, may be reduced or modified: these effects may lead to a decrease in biomass and to changes in the nutritional value of the product. A reduction of biotic stress factors may, for example, be due to a herbicidal effect to competing plants such as weeds of a herbicide as defined herein.

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Abiotic stress includes drought, cold, increased UV, increased heat, or other changes in the environment of the plant, that leads to sub-optimal growth conditions. A reduction of abiotic stress factors may, for example, be due to a reduction of nitrification and a corresponding improvement of uptake of nitrogen nutrients.

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The term "increased yield" of a plant as used herein means that the yield of a product of the respective plant is increased by a measurable amount over the yield of the same product of the plant produced under the same conditions, but without the application of the composition of the invention. According to the present invention, it is preferred that the yield be increased by at least 0,5 %, more preferred at least 1 %, even more preferred at least 2 %, still more preferred at least 4 %. An increased yield may,

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for example, be due to a reduction of nitrification and a corresponding improvement of uptake of nitrogen nutrients, as well as a herbicidal effect to competing plants such as weeds of a herbicide as defined herein.

- 5 The term "improved plant vigor" as used herein means that certain crop characteristics are increased or improved by a measurable or noticeable amount over the same factor of the plant produced under the same conditions, but without the application of the composition of the present invention. Improved plant vigor can be characterized, among others, by following improved properties of a plant:
- 10 (a) improved vitality of the plant,
(b) improved quality of the plant and/or of the plant products, e.g.
(b) enhanced protein content,
(c) improved visual appearance,
(d) delay of senescence,
- 15 (e) enhanced root growth and/or more developed root system (e.g. determined by the dry mass of the root),
(f) enhanced nodulation, in particular rhizobial nodulation,
(g) longer panicles,
(h) bigger leaf blade,
- 20 (i) less dead basal leaves,
(j) increased chlorophyll content
(k) prolonged photosynthetically active period

The improvement of the plant vigor according to the present invention particularly means that the improvement of anyone or several or all of the above mentioned plant
25 characteristics are improved. It further means that if not all of the above characteristics are improved, those which are not improved are not worsened as compared to plants

which were not treated according to the invention or are at least not worsened to such an extent that the negative effect exceeds the positive effect of the improved characteristic (i.e. there is always an overall positive effect which preferably results in an improved crop yield). An improved plant vigor may, for example, be due to a reduction of nitrification and a corresponding improvement of uptake of nitrogen nutrients, as well as a herbicidal effect to competing plants such as weeds of a herbicide as defined herein.

It is particularly preferred that said increase of the health of a plant is reflected by an increase in growth of root and shoot and/or an overall increase in productivity and/or a faster and more efficient development of the plant.

The term "reducing nitrification" or "reduction of nitrification" as used herein refers to a slowing down or stopping of nitrification processes, e.g. by retarding or eliminating the natural transformation of ammonium into nitrate. Such reduction may be a complete or partial elimination of nitrification at the plant or locus where the inhibitor or composition comprising said inhibitor is applied. For example, a partial elimination may result in a residual nitrification on or in the plant, or in or on the soil or soil substituents where a plant grows or is intended to grow of about 90% to 1%, e.g. 90%, 85%, 80%, 70%, 60%, 50%, 40%, 30%, 20%, 10% or less than 10%, e.g. 5% or less than 5% in comparison to a control situation where the nitrification inhibitor is not used. In certain embodiments, a partial elimination may result in a residual nitrification on or in the plant or in or on the soil or soil substituents where a plant grows or is intended to grow of below 1%, e.g. at 0.5%, 0.1% or less in comparison to a control situation where the nitrification inhibitor is not used.

A "herbicide" as mentioned herein above may be any herbicide known to the skilled person.

In one embodiment, the herbicide is an acetamide (B.1.0). Suitable examples of acetamide herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are acetochlor (B.1.1), alachlor (B.1.7), butachlor (B.1.8), dimethachlor (B.1.9), dimethenamid (B.1.2), flufenacet (B.1.3), mefenacet (B.1.4), metolachlor (B.1.5), metazachlor (B.1.6), napropamide (B.1.10), naproanilide (B.1.11), pethoxamid (B.1.12), pretilachlor (B.1.13), propachlor (B.1.14), and thenylchlor (B.1.15).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is an amino acid derivative (B.2.0). Suitable examples of amino acid derivative herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are bilanafos (B.2.4), glyphosate (B.2.1), glufosinate (B.2.2), and sulfosate (B.2.3).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is an aryloxyphenoxypropionate (B.3.0). Suitable examples of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are clodinafop (B.3.1), cyhalofop-butyl (B.3.6), fenoxaprop (B.3.2), fluazifop (B.3.3), haloxyfop (B.3.4), metamifop (B.3.7), propaquizafop (B.3.5), quizalofop (B.3.8), and quizalofop-P-tefuryl (B.3.9).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a bipyridyl (B.4.0). Suitable examples of bipyridyl herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are diquat (B.4.2), and paraquat (B.4.1).

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In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a (thio)carbamate (B.5.0). Suitable examples of (thio)carbamate herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are asulam (B.5.2), butylate (B.5.3), carbetamide (B.5.4), desmedipham (B.5.5), dimepiperate (B.5.6), eptam (EPTC) (B.5.7), esprocarb (B.5.8), molinate (B.5.9), orbencarb (B.5.10), phenmedipham (B.5.1), prosulfocarb (B.5.11), pyributicarb (B.5.12), thiobencarb (B.5.13), and triallate (B.5.14).

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In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a cyclohexanedione (B.6.0). Suitable examples of cyclohexanedione herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are butroxydim (B.6.6), clethodim (B.6.1), cycloxydim (B.6.2), profoxydim (B.6.3), sethoxydim (B.6.4), tepraloxym (B.6.5), and tralkoxydim (B.6.7).

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In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a dinitroaniline (B.7.0). Suitable examples of dinitroaniline herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are benfluralin (B.7.4), ethalfluralin (B.7.5), oryzalin (B.7.6), pendimethalin (B.7.1), prodiamine (B.7.2), and trifluralin (B.7.3).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a diphenyl ether (B.8.0). Suitable examples of diphenyl ether herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with
5 (T) – according to the present invention are acifluorfen (B.8.1), aclonifen (B.8.2), bifenox (B.8.3), diclofop (B.8.4), ethoxyfen (B.8.5), fomesafen (B.8.6), lactofen (B.8.7), and oxyfluorfen (B.8.8).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a hydroxybenzotrile (B.9.0). Suitable ex-
10 amples of hydroxybenzotrile herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are bomoxynil (B.9.1), dichlobenil (B.9.2), and ioxynil (B.9.3).

15 In a further embodiment, the herbicide is an imidazolinone (B.10.0). Suitable examples of imidazolinon herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are imazamethabenz (B.10.6), imazamox (B.10.1), imazapic (B.10.2), imazapyr (B.10.3), imazaquin (B.10.4), and imazethapyr
20 (B.10.5).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a phenoxy acetic acid (B.11.0). Suitable examples of phenoxy acetic acid herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combina-
25 tion with (T) – according to the present invention are clomeprop (B.11.3), 2,4-

dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1), 2,4-DB (B.11.4), dichlorprop (B.11.5), MCPA (B.11.6), MCPA-thioethyl (B.11.7), MCPB (B.11.8), and Mecoprop (B.11.9).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a pyrazine (B.11.10). Suitable examples of pyrazine herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are chloridazon (B.11.2), flufenpyr-ethyl (B.11.11), fluthi-
acet (B.11.12), norflurazon (B.11.13), and pyridate (B.11.14).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a pyridine (B.12.0). Suitable examples of pyridine herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are aminopyralid (B.12.5), clopyralid (B.12.1), diflufenican (B.12.6), dithiopyr (B.12.7), fluridone (B.12.8), fluroxypyr (B.12.2), picloram (B.12.3),
picolinafen (B.12.4), and thiazopyr (B.12.9).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a sulfonyl urea (B.13.0). Suitable examples of sulfonyl urea herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are amidosulfuron (B.13.11), azimsulfuron (B.13.12), bensulfuron (B.13.1), chlorimuron-ethyl (B.13.2), chlorsulfuron (B.13.13), cinosulfuron (B.13.14), cyclosulfamuron (B.13.3), ethoxysulfuron (B.13.15), flazasulfuron (B.13.16), flucetosulfuron (B.13.17), flupyrsulfuron (B.13.18), foramsulfuron (B.13.19), halosulfuron (B.13.20), imazosulfuron (B.13.21), iodosulfuron (B.13.4),
mesosulfuron (B.13.5), metazosulfuron (B.13.22), metsulfuron-methyl (B.13.6), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), oxasulfuron (B.13.23), primisulfuron (B.13.24), prosulfuron

(B.13.25), pyrazosulfuron (B.13.26), rimsulfuron (B.13.8), sulfometuron (B.13.27), sulfosulfuron (B.13.28), thifensulfuron (B.13.29), triasulfuron (B.13.30), tribenuron (B.13.10), trifloxysulfuron (B.13.31), triflusulfuron (B.13.9), tritosulfuron (B.13.32), and 1-((2-chloro-6-propyl-imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl)sulfonyl)-3-(4,6-dimethoxy-
5 pyrimidin-2-yl)urea (B.13.33).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a triazine (B.14.0). Suitable examples of triazine herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are ametryn (B.14.3), atrazine (B.14.1), cyanazine
10 (B.14.4), dimethametryn (B.14.5), ethiozin (B.14.6), hexazinone (B.14.2), metamitron (B.14.7), metribuzin (B.14.8), prometryn (B.14.9), simazine (B.14.10), terbutylazine (B.14.11), terbutryn (B.14.12), and triaziflam (B.14.13).

15 In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a urea (B.15.0). Suitable examples of urea herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are chlorotoluron (B.15.2), daimuron (B.15.3), diuron (B.15.1), fluometuron (B.15.4), isoproturon (B.15.5), linuron (B.15.6),
20 methabenzthiazuron (B.15.7), and tebuthiuron (B.15.8).

In a further embodiment, the herbicide is a acetolactate synthase inhibitor (B.16.0). Suitable examples of acetolactate synthase inhibitor herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are
25 bispyribac-sodium (B.16.3), cloransulam-methyl (B.16.4), diclosulam (B.16.5), florasu-

lam (B.16.1), flucarbazone (B.16.6), flumetsulam (B.16.7), metosulam (B.16.8), ortho-sulfamuron (B.16.9), penoxsulam (B.16.10), propoxycarbazone (B.16.11), pyribambenz-propyl (B.16.12), pyribenzoxim (B.16.13), pyriftalid (B.16.14), pyriminobacmethyl (B.16.15), pyrimisulfan (B.16.16), pyrithiobac (B.16.17), pyroxasulfone
5 (B.16.2), and pyroxsulam (B.16.18).

Further envisaged herbicides to be used in combination with a nitrification inhibitor and/or with a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) – preferably used in combination with (T) – according to the present invention are amicarbazone (B.17.13), aminotriazole
10 (B.17.14), anilofos (B.17.15), beflubutamid (B.17.16), benazolin (B.17.17), bencarbazone (B.17.18), benfluresate (B.17.19), benzofenap (B.17.20), bentazone (B.17.1), benzobicyclon (B.17.21), bicyclopyrone (B.17.22), bromacil (B.17.23), bromobutide (B.17.24), butafenacil (B.17.25), butamifos (B.17.26), cafenstrole (B.17.27), carfentrazone (B.17.28), cinidon-ethyl (B.17.2), chlorthal (B.17.29), cinmethylin (B.17.3),
15 clomazone (B.17.4), cumyluron (B.17.30), cyprosulfamide (B.17.31), dicamba (B.17.5), difenzoquat (B.17.32), diflufenzopyr (B.17.6), *Drechslera monoceras* (B.17.33), endothal (B.17.34), ethofumesate (B.17.35), etobenzanid (B.17.36), fenoxasulfone (B.17.37), fentrazamide (B.17.38), flumiclorac-pentyl (B.17.39), flumioxazin (B.17.40), flupoxam (B.17.41), flurochloridone (B.17.42), flurtamone
20 (B.17.43), indanofan (B.17.44), isoxaben (B.17.45), isoxaflutole (B.17.46), lenacil (B.17.47), propanil (B.17.48), propyzamide (B.17.49), quinclorac (B.17.7), quinmerac (B.17.8), mesotrione (B.17.9), methyl arsonic acid (B.17.50), naptalam (B.17.51), oxadiargyl (B.17.52), oxadiazon (B.17.53), oxaziclomefone (B.17.54), pentoxazone (B.17.55), pinoxaden (B.17.56), pyraclonil (B.17.57), pyraflufen-ethyl (B.17.58), pyrasulfotole (B.17.59), pyrazoxyfen (B.17.60), pyrazolynate (B.17.61), quinochloramine
25 (B.17.62), saflufenacil (B.17.10), sulcotrione (B.17.11), sulfentrazone (B.17.63), terba-

cil (B.17.64), tefuryltrione (B.17.65), tembotrione (B.17.66), thiencarbazone (B.17.67), topramezone (B.17.12), (3-[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yloxy)-acetic acid ethyl ester (B.17.68), 6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester (B.17.69), 6-chloro-3-(2-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridazin-4-ol (B.17.70), 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-phenyl)-5-fluoro-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (B.17.71), 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (B.17.72), and 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-3-dimethylamino-2-fluorophenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (B.17.73).

10

In a particularly preferred embodiment, the herbicide is dicamba (B.17.5), glyphosate (B.2.1), propaquizafop (B.3.5), cycloxydim (B.6.2), bomoxynil (B.9.1), imazamox (B.10.1), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), tribenuron (B.13.10), saflufenacil (B.17.10), or topramezone (B.17.2).

15

Accordingly, the present invention furthermore relates to compositions comprising as compound I (component A) a nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above and as compound I (component B) a herbicide as defined herein, i.e. a combination of component A and B. In preferred embodiments, such compositions may be selected from the component A of Table 2 in column 2 (Com. A) and from component B of Table 2 in column 3 (Com. B). The number of component A of Table 2 corresponds to the number of component A as shown in Table 1, supra ("Entry"). Preferred embodiments thus include the specified combinations or compositions comprising component A and B as defined in Cb-1 to Cb-2150 of Table 2:

25

<u>Comb.</u>	<u>Com.</u> <u>A</u>	<u>Com. B</u>	<u>Comb.</u>	<u>Com.</u> <u>A</u>	<u>Com. B</u>	<u>Comb.</u>	<u>Com.</u> <u>A</u>	<u>Com. B</u>
Cb-1	1	B.2.1	Cb-216	1	B.3.5	Cb-431	1	B.6.2
Cb-2	2	B.2.1	Cb-217	2	B.3.5	Cb-432	2	B.6.2
Cb-3	3	B.2.1	Cb-218	3	B.3.5	Cb-433	3	B.6.2
Cb-4	4	B.2.1	Cb-219	4	B.3.5	Cb-434	4	B.6.2
Cb-5	5	B.2.1	Cb-220	5	B.3.5	Cb-435	5	B.6.2
Cb-6	6	B.2.1	Cb-221	6	B.3.5	Cb-436	6	B.6.2
Cb-7	7	B.2.1	Cb-222	7	B.3.5	Cb-437	7	B.6.2
Cb-8	8	B.2.1	Cb-223	8	B.3.5	Cb-438	8	B.6.2
Cb-9	9	B.2.1	Cb-224	9	B.3.5	Cb-439	9	B.6.2
Cb-10	10	B.2.1	Cb-225	10	B.3.5	Cb-440	10	B.6.2
Cb-11	11	B.2.1	Cb-226	11	B.3.5	Cb-441	11	B.6.2
Cb-12	12	B.2.1	Cb-227	12	B.3.5	Cb-442	12	B.6.2
Cb-13	13	B.2.1	Cb-228	13	B.3.5	Cb-443	13	B.6.2
Cb-14	14	B.2.1	Cb-229	14	B.3.5	Cb-444	14	B.6.2
Cb-15	15	B.2.1	Cb-230	15	B.3.5	Cb-445	15	B.6.2
Cb-16	16	B.2.1	Cb-231	16	B.3.5	Cb-446	16	B.6.2
Cb-17	17	B.2.1	Cb-232	17	B.3.5	Cb-447	17	B.6.2
Cb-18	18	B.2.1	Cb-233	18	B.3.5	Cb-448	18	B.6.2
Cb-19	19	B.2.1	Cb-234	19	B.3.5	Cb-449	19	B.6.2
Cb-20	20	B.2.1	Cb-235	20	B.3.5	Cb-450	20	B.6.2
Cb-21	21	B.2.1	Cb-236	21	B.3.5	Cb-451	21	B.6.2
Cb-22	22	B.2.1	Cb-237	22	B.3.5	Cb-452	22	B.6.2
Cb-23	23	B.2.1	Cb-238	23	B.3.5	Cb-453	23	B.6.2

Cb-24	24	B.2.1	Cb-239	24	B.3.5	Cb-454	24	B.6.2
Cb-25	25	B.2.1	Cb-240	25	B.3.5	Cb-455	25	B.6.2
Cb-26	26	B.2.1	Cb-241	26	B.3.5	Cb-456	26	B.6.2
Cb-27	27	B.2.1	Cb-242	27	B.3.5	Cb-457	27	B.6.2
Cb-28	28	B.2.1	Cb-243	28	B.3.5	Cb-458	28	B.6.2
Cb-29	29	B.2.1	Cb-244	29	B.3.5	Cb-459	29	B.6.2
Cb-30	30	B.2.1	Cb-245	30	B.3.5	Cb-460	30	B.6.2
Cb-31	31	B.2.1	Cb-246	31	B.3.5	Cb-461	31	B.6.2
Cb-32	32	B.2.1	Cb-247	32	B.3.5	Cb-462	32	B.6.2
Cb-33	33	B.2.1	Cb-248	33	B.3.5	Cb-463	33	B.6.2
Cb-34	34	B.2.1	Cb-249	34	B.3.5	Cb-464	34	B.6.2
Cb-35	35	B.2.1	Cb-250	35	B.3.5	Cb-465	35	B.6.2
Cb-36	36	B.2.1	Cb-251	36	B.3.5	Cb-466	36	B.6.2
Cb-37	37	B.2.1	Cb-252	37	B.3.5	Cb-467	37	B.6.2
Cb-38	38	B.2.1	Cb-253	38	B.3.5	Cb-468	38	B.6.2
Cb-39	39	B.2.1	Cb-254	39	B.3.5	Cb-469	39	B.6.2
Cb-40	40	B.2.1	Cb-255	40	B.3.5	Cb-470	40	B.6.2
Cb-41	41	B.2.1	Cb-256	41	B.3.5	Cb-471	41	B.6.2
Cb-42	42	B.2.1	Cb-257	42	B.3.5	Cb-472	42	B.6.2
Cb-43	43	B.2.1	Cb-258	43	B.3.5	Cb-473	43	B.6.2
Cb-44	44	B.2.1	Cb-259	44	B.3.5	Cb-474	44	B.6.2
Cb-45	45	B.2.1	Cb-260	45	B.3.5	Cb-475	45	B.6.2
Cb-46	46	B.2.1	Cb-261	46	B.3.5	Cb-476	46	B.6.2
Cb-47	47	B.2.1	Cb-262	47	B.3.5	Cb-477	47	B.6.2
Cb-48	48	B.2.1	Cb-263	48	B.3.5	Cb-478	48	B.6.2

Cb-49	49	B.2.1	Cb-264	49	B.3.5	Cb-479	49	B.6.2
Cb-50	50	B.2.1	Cb-265	50	B.3.5	Cb-480	50	B.6.2
Cb-51	51	B.2.1	Cb-266	51	B.3.5	Cb-481	51	B.6.2
Cb-52	52	B.2.1	Cb-267	52	B.3.5	Cb-482	52	B.6.2
Cb-53	53	B.2.1	Cb-268	53	B.3.5	Cb-483	53	B.6.2
Cb-54	54	B.2.1	Cb-269	54	B.3.5	Cb-484	54	B.6.2
Cb-55	55	B.2.1	Cb-270	55	B.3.5	Cb-485	55	B.6.2
Cb-56	56	B.2.1	Cb-271	56	B.3.5	Cb-486	56	B.6.2
Cb-57	57	B.2.1	Cb-272	57	B.3.5	Cb-487	57	B.6.2
Cb-58	58	B.2.1	Cb-273	58	B.3.5	Cb-488	58	B.6.2
Cb-59	59	B.2.1	Cb-274	59	B.3.5	Cb-489	59	B.6.2
Cb-60	60	B.2.1	Cb-275	60	B.3.5	Cb-490	60	B.6.2
Cb-61	61	B.2.1	Cb-276	61	B.3.5	Cb-491	61	B.6.2
Cb-62	62	B.2.1	Cb-277	62	B.3.5	Cb-492	62	B.6.2
Cb-63	63	B.2.1	Cb-278	63	B.3.5	Cb-493	63	B.6.2
Cb-64	64	B.2.1	Cb-279	64	B.3.5	Cb-494	64	B.6.2
Cb-65	65	B.2.1	Cb-280	65	B.3.5	Cb-495	65	B.6.2
Cb-66	66	B.2.1	Cb-281	66	B.3.5	Cb-496	66	B.6.2
Cb-67	67	B.2.1	Cb-282	67	B.3.5	Cb-497	67	B.6.2
Cb-68	68	B.2.1	Cb-283	68	B.3.5	Cb-498	68	B.6.2
Cb-69	69	B.2.1	Cb-284	69	B.3.5	Cb-499	69	B.6.2
Cb-70	70	B.2.1	Cb-285	70	B.3.5	Cb-500	70	B.6.2
Cb-71	71	B.2.1	Cb-286	71	B.3.5	Cb-501	71	B.6.2
Cb-72	72	B.2.1	Cb-287	72	B.3.5	Cb-502	72	B.6.2
Cb-73	73	B.2.1	Cb-288	73	B.3.5	Cb-503	73	B.6.2

Cb-74	74	B.2.1	Cb-289	74	B.3.5	Cb-504	74	B.6.2
Cb-75	75	B.2.1	Cb-290	75	B.3.5	Cb-505	75	B.6.2
Cb-76	76	B.2.1	Cb-291	76	B.3.5	Cb-506	76	B.6.2
Cb-77	77	B.2.1	Cb-292	77	B.3.5	Cb-507	77	B.6.2
Cb-78	78	B.2.1	Cb-293	78	B.3.5	Cb-508	78	B.6.2
Cb-79	79	B.2.1	Cb-294	79	B.3.5	Cb-509	79	B.6.2
Cb-80	80	B.2.1	Cb-295	80	B.3.5	Cb-510	80	B.6.2
Cb-81	81	B.2.1	Cb-296	81	B.3.5	Cb-511	81	B.6.2
Cb-82	82	B.2.1	Cb-297	82	B.3.5	Cb-512	82	B.6.2
Cb-83	83	B.2.1	Cb-298	83	B.3.5	Cb-513	83	B.6.2
Cb-84	84	B.2.1	Cb-299	84	B.3.5	Cb-514	84	B.6.2
Cb-85	85	B.2.1	Cb-300	85	B.3.5	Cb-515	85	B.6.2
Cb-86	86	B.2.1	Cb-301	86	B.3.5	Cb-516	86	B.6.2
Cb-87	87	B.2.1	Cb-302	87	B.3.5	Cb-517	87	B.6.2
Cb-88	88	B.2.1	Cb-303	88	B.3.5	Cb-518	88	B.6.2
Cb-89	89	B.2.1	Cb-304	89	B.3.5	Cb-519	89	B.6.2
Cb-90	90	B.2.1	Cb-305	90	B.3.5	Cb-520	90	B.6.2
Cb-91	91	B.2.1	Cb-306	91	B.3.5	Cb-521	91	B.6.2
Cb-92	92	B.2.1	Cb-307	92	B.3.5	Cb-522	92	B.6.2
Cb-93	93	B.2.1	Cb-308	93	B.3.5	Cb-523	93	B.6.2
Cb-94	94	B.2.1	Cb-309	94	B.3.5	Cb-524	94	B.6.2
Cb-95	95	B.2.1	Cb-310	95	B.3.5	Cb-525	95	B.6.2
Cb-96	96	B.2.1	Cb-311	96	B.3.5	Cb-526	96	B.6.2
Cb-97	97	B.2.1	Cb-312	97	B.3.5	Cb-527	97	B.6.2
Cb-98	98	B.2.1	Cb-313	98	B.3.5	Cb-528	98	B.6.2

Cb-99	99	B.2.1	Cb-314	99	B.3.5	Cb-529	99	B.6.2
Cb-100	100	B.2.1	Cb-315	100	B.3.5	Cb-530	100	B.6.2
Cb-101	101	B.2.1	Cb-316	101	B.3.5	Cb-531	101	B.6.2
Cb-102	102	B.2.1	Cb-317	102	B.3.5	Cb-532	102	B.6.2
Cb-103	103	B.2.1	Cb-318	103	B.3.5	Cb-533	103	B.6.2
Cb-104	104	B.2.1	Cb-319	104	B.3.5	Cb-534	104	B.6.2
Cb-105	105	B.2.1	Cb-320	105	B.3.5	Cb-535	105	B.6.2
Cb-106	106	B.2.1	Cb-321	106	B.3.5	Cb-536	106	B.6.2
Cb-107	107	B.2.1	Cb-322	107	B.3.5	Cb-537	107	B.6.2
Cb-108	108	B.2.1	Cb-323	108	B.3.5	Cb-538	108	B.6.2
Cb-109	109	B.2.1	Cb-324	109	B.3.5	Cb-539	109	B.6.2
Cb-110	110	B.2.1	Cb-325	110	B.3.5	Cb-540	110	B.6.2
Cb-111	111	B.2.1	Cb-326	111	B.3.5	Cb-541	111	B.6.2
Cb-112	112	B.2.1	Cb-327	112	B.3.5	Cb-542	112	B.6.2
Cb-113	113	B.2.1	Cb-328	113	B.3.5	Cb-543	113	B.6.2
Cb-114	114	B.2.1	Cb-329	114	B.3.5	Cb-544	114	B.6.2
Cb-115	115	B.2.1	Cb-330	115	B.3.5	Cb-545	115	B.6.2
Cb-116	116	B.2.1	Cb-331	116	B.3.5	Cb-546	116	B.6.2
Cb-117	117	B.2.1	Cb-332	117	B.3.5	Cb-547	117	B.6.2
Cb-118	118	B.2.1	Cb-333	118	B.3.5	Cb-548	118	B.6.2
Cb-119	119	B.2.1	Cb-334	119	B.3.5	Cb-549	119	B.6.2
Cb-120	120	B.2.1	Cb-335	120	B.3.5	Cb-550	120	B.6.2
Cb-121	121	B.2.1	Cb-336	121	B.3.5	Cb-551	121	B.6.2
Cb-122	122	B.2.1	Cb-337	122	B.3.5	Cb-552	122	B.6.2
Cb-123	123	B.2.1	Cb-338	123	B.3.5	Cb-553	123	B.6.2

Cb-124	124	B.2.1	Cb-339	124	B.3.5	Cb-554	124	B.6.2
Cb-125	125	B.2.1	Cb-340	125	B.3.5	Cb-555	125	B.6.2
Cb-126	126	B.2.1	Cb-341	126	B.3.5	Cb-556	126	B.6.2
Cb-127	127	B.2.1	Cb-342	127	B.3.5	Cb-557	127	B.6.2
Cb-128	128	B.2.1	Cb-343	128	B.3.5	Cb-558	128	B.6.2
Cb-129	129	B.2.1	Cb-344	129	B.3.5	Cb-559	129	B.6.2
Cb-130	130	B.2.1	Cb-345	130	B.3.5	Cb-560	130	B.6.2
Cb-131	131	B.2.1	Cb-346	131	B.3.5	Cb-561	131	B.6.2
Cb-132	132	B.2.1	Cb-347	132	B.3.5	Cb-562	132	B.6.2
Cb-133	133	B.2.1	Cb-348	133	B.3.5	Cb-563	133	B.6.2
Cb-134	134	B.2.1	Cb-349	134	B.3.5	Cb-564	134	B.6.2
Cb-135	135	B.2.1	Cb-350	135	B.3.5	Cb-565	135	B.6.2
Cb-136	136	B.2.1	Cb-351	136	B.3.5	Cb-566	136	B.6.2
Cb-137	137	B.2.1	Cb-352	137	B.3.5	Cb-567	137	B.6.2
Cb-138	138	B.2.1	Cb-353	138	B.3.5	Cb-568	138	B.6.2
Cb-139	139	B.2.1	Cb-354	139	B.3.5	Cb-569	139	B.6.2
Cb-140	140	B.2.1	Cb-355	140	B.3.5	Cb-570	140	B.6.2
Cb-141	141	B.2.1	Cb-356	141	B.3.5	Cb-571	141	B.6.2
Cb-142	142	B.2.1	Cb-357	142	B.3.5	Cb-572	142	B.6.2
Cb-143	143	B.2.1	Cb-358	143	B.3.5	Cb-573	143	B.6.2
Cb-144	144	B.2.1	Cb-359	144	B.3.5	Cb-574	144	B.6.2
Cb-145	145	B.2.1	Cb-360	145	B.3.5	Cb-575	145	B.6.2
Cb-146	146	B.2.1	Cb-361	146	B.3.5	Cb-576	146	B.6.2
Cb-147	147	B.2.1	Cb-362	147	B.3.5	Cb-577	147	B.6.2
Cb-148	148	B.2.1	Cb-363	148	B.3.5	Cb-578	148	B.6.2

Cb-149	149	B.2.1	Cb-364	149	B.3.5	Cb-579	149	B.6.2
Cb-150	150	B.2.1	Cb-365	150	B.3.5	Cb-580	150	B.6.2
Cb-151	151	B.2.1	Cb-366	151	B.3.5	Cb-581	151	B.6.2
Cb-152	152	B.2.1	Cb-367	152	B.3.5	Cb-582	152	B.6.2
Cb-153	153	B.2.1	Cb-368	153	B.3.5	Cb-583	153	B.6.2
Cb-154	154	B.2.1	Cb-369	154	B.3.5	Cb-584	154	B.6.2
Cb-155	155	B.2.1	Cb-370	155	B.3.5	Cb-585	155	B.6.2
Cb-156	156	B.2.1	Cb-371	156	B.3.5	Cb-586	156	B.6.2
Cb-157	157	B.2.1	Cb-372	157	B.3.5	Cb-587	157	B.6.2
Cb-158	158	B.2.1	Cb-373	158	B.3.5	Cb-588	158	B.6.2
Cb-159	159	B.2.1	Cb-374	159	B.3.5	Cb-589	159	B.6.2
Cb-160	160	B.2.1	Cb-375	160	B.3.5	Cb-590	160	B.6.2
Cb-161	161	B.2.1	Cb-376	161	B.3.5	Cb-591	161	B.6.2
Cb-162	162	B.2.1	Cb-377	162	B.3.5	Cb-592	162	B.6.2
Cb-163	163	B.2.1	Cb-378	163	B.3.5	Cb-593	163	B.6.2
Cb-164	164	B.2.1	Cb-379	164	B.3.5	Cb-594	164	B.6.2
Cb-165	165	B.2.1	Cb-380	165	B.3.5	Cb-595	165	B.6.2
Cb-166	166	B.2.1	Cb-381	166	B.3.5	Cb-596	166	B.6.2
Cb-167	167	B.2.1	Cb-382	167	B.3.5	Cb-597	167	B.6.2
Cb-168	168	B.2.1	Cb-383	168	B.3.5	Cb-598	168	B.6.2
Cb-169	169	B.2.1	Cb-384	169	B.3.5	Cb-599	169	B.6.2
Cb-170	170	B.2.1	Cb-385	170	B.3.5	Cb-600	170	B.6.2
Cb-171	171	B.2.1	Cb-386	171	B.3.5	Cb-601	171	B.6.2
Cb-172	172	B.2.1	Cb-387	172	B.3.5	Cb-602	172	B.6.2
Cb-173	173	B.2.1	Cb-388	173	B.3.5	Cb-603	173	B.6.2

Cb-174	174	B.2.1	Cb-389	174	B.3.5	Cb-604	174	B.6.2
Cb-175	175	B.2.1	Cb-390	175	B.3.5	Cb-605	175	B.6.2
Cb-176	176	B.2.1	Cb-391	176	B.3.5	Cb-606	176	B.6.2
Cb-177	177	B.2.1	Cb-392	177	B.3.5	Cb-607	177	B.6.2
Cb-178	178	B.2.1	Cb-393	178	B.3.5	Cb-608	178	B.6.2
Cb-179	179	B.2.1	Cb-394	179	B.3.5	Cb-609	179	B.6.2
Cb-180	180	B.2.1	Cb-395	180	B.3.5	Cb-610	180	B.6.2
Cb-181	181	B.2.1	Cb-396	181	B.3.5	Cb-611	181	B.6.2
Cb-182	182	B.2.1	Cb-397	182	B.3.5	Cb-612	182	B.6.2
Cb-183	183	B.2.1	Cb-398	183	B.3.5	Cb-613	183	B.6.2
Cb-184	184	B.2.1	Cb-399	184	B.3.5	Cb-614	184	B.6.2
Cb-185	185	B.2.1	Cb-400	185	B.3.5	Cb-615	185	B.6.2
Cb-186	186	B.2.1	Cb-401	186	B.3.5	Cb-616	186	B.6.2
Cb-187	187	B.2.1	Cb-402	187	B.3.5	Cb-617	187	B.6.2
Cb-188	188	B.2.1	Cb-403	188	B.3.5	Cb-618	188	B.6.2
Cb-189	189	B.2.1	Cb-404	189	B.3.5	Cb-619	189	B.6.2
Cb-190	190	B.2.1	Cb-405	190	B.3.5	Cb-620	190	B.6.2
Cb-191	191	B.2.1	Cb-406	191	B.3.5	Cb-621	191	B.6.2
Cb-192	192	B.2.1	Cb-407	192	B.3.5	Cb-622	192	B.6.2
Cb-193	193	B.2.1	Cb-408	193	B.3.5	Cb-623	193	B.6.2
Cb-194	194	B.2.1	Cb-409	194	B.3.5	Cb-624	194	B.6.2
Cb-195	195	B.2.1	Cb-410	195	B.3.5	Cb-625	195	B.6.2
Cb-196	196	B.2.1	Cb-411	196	B.3.5	Cb-626	196	B.6.2
Cb-197	197	B.2.1	Cb-412	197	B.3.5	Cb-627	197	B.6.2
Cb-198	198	B.2.1	Cb-413	198	B.3.5	Cb-628	198	B.6.2

Cb-199	199	B.2.1	Cb-414	199	B.3.5	Cb-629	199	B.6.2
Cb-200	200	B.2.1	Cb-415	200	B.3.5	Cb-630	200	B.6.2
Cb-201	201	B.2.1	Cb-416	201	B.3.5	Cb-631	201	B.6.2
Cb-202	202	B.2.1	Cb-417	202	B.3.5	Cb-632	202	B.6.2
Cb-203	203	B.2.1	Cb-418	203	B.3.5	Cb-633	203	B.6.2
Cb-204	204	B.2.1	Cb-419	204	B.3.5	Cb-634	204	B.6.2
Cb-205	205	B.2.1	Cb-420	205	B.3.5	Cb-635	205	B.6.2
Cb-206	206	B.2.1	Cb-421	206	B.3.5	Cb-636	206	B.6.2
Cb-207	207	B.2.1	Cb-422	207	B.3.5	Cb-637	207	B.6.2
Cb-208	208	B.2.1	Cb-423	208	B.3.5	Cb-638	208	B.6.2
Cb-209	209	B.2.1	Cb-424	209	B.3.5	Cb-639	209	B.6.2
Cb-210	210	B.2.1	Cb-425	210	B.3.5	Cb-640	210	B.6.2
Cb-211	211	B.2.1	Cb-426	211	B.3.5	Cb-641	211	B.6.2
Cb-212	212	B.2.1	Cb-427	212	B.3.5	Cb-642	212	B.6.2
Cb-213	213	B.2.1	Cb-428	213	B.3.5	Cb-643	213	B.6.2
Cb-214	214	B.2.1	Cb-429	214	B.3.5	Cb-644	214	B.6.2
Cb-215	215	B.2.1	Cb-430	215	B.3.5	Cb-645	215	B.6.2
Cb-646	1	B.9.1	Cb-861	1	B.10.1	Cb-1076	1	B.13.7
Cb-647	2	B.9.1	Cb-862	2	B.10.1	Cb-1077	2	B.13.7
Cb-648	3	B.9.1	Cb-863	3	B.10.1	Cb-1078	3	B.13.7
Cb-649	4	B.9.1	Cb-864	4	B.10.1	Cb-1079	4	B.13.7

Cb-650	5	B.9.1	Cb-865	5	B.10.1	Cb-1080	5	B.13.7
Cb-651	6	B.9.1	Cb-866	6	B.10.1	Cb-1081	6	B.13.7
Cb-652	7	B.9.1	Cb-867	7	B.10.1	Cb-1082	7	B.13.7
Cb-653	8	B.9.1	Cb-868	8	B.10.1	Cb-1083	8	B.13.7
Cb-654	9	B.9.1	Cb-869	9	B.10.1	Cb-1084	9	B.13.7
Cb-655	10	B.9.1	Cb-870	10	B.10.1	Cb-1085	10	B.13.7
Cb-656	11	B.9.1	Cb-871	11	B.10.1	Cb-1086	11	B.13.7
Cb-657	12	B.9.1	Cb-872	12	B.10.1	Cb-1087	12	B.13.7
Cb-658	13	B.9.1	Cb-873	13	B.10.1	Cb-1088	13	B.13.7
Cb-659	14	B.9.1	Cb-874	14	B.10.1	Cb-1089	14	B.13.7
Cb-660	15	B.9.1	Cb-875	15	B.10.1	Cb-1090	15	B.13.7
Cb-661	16	B.9.1	Cb-876	16	B.10.1	Cb-1091	16	B.13.7
Cb-662	17	B.9.1	Cb-877	17	B.10.1	Cb-1092	17	B.13.7

Cb-663	18	B.9.1	Cb-878	18	B.10.1	Cb-1093	18	B.13.7
Cb-664	19	B.9.1	Cb-879	19	B.10.1	Cb-1094	19	B.13.7
Cb-665	20	B.9.1	Cb-880	20	B.10.1	Cb-1095	20	B.13.7
Cb-666	21	B.9.1	Cb-881	21	B.10.1	Cb-1096	21	B.13.7
Cb-667	22	B.9.1	Cb-882	22	B.10.1	Cb-1097	22	B.13.7
Cb-668	23	B.9.1	Cb-883	23	B.10.1	Cb-1098	23	B.13.7
Cb-669	24	B.9.1	Cb-884	24	B.10.1	Cb-1099	24	B.13.7
Cb-670	25	B.9.1	Cb-885	25	B.10.1	Cb-1100	25	B.13.7
Cb-671	26	B.9.1	Cb-886	26	B.10.1	Cb-1101	26	B.13.7
Cb-672	27	B.9.1	Cb-887	27	B.10.1	Cb-1102	27	B.13.7
Cb-673	28	B.9.1	Cb-888	28	B.10.1	Cb-1103	28	B.13.7
Cb-674	29	B.9.1	Cb-889	29	B.10.1	Cb-1104	29	B.13.7
Cb-675	30	B.9.1	Cb-890	30	B.10.1	Cb-1105	30	B.13.7

Cb-676	31	B.9.1	Cb-891	31	B.10.1	Cb-1106	31	B.13.7
Cb-677	32	B.9.1	Cb-892	32	B.10.1	Cb-1107	32	B.13.7
Cb-678	33	B.9.1	Cb-893	33	B.10.1	Cb-1108	33	B.13.7
Cb-679	34	B.9.1	Cb-894	34	B.10.1	Cb-1109	34	B.13.7
Cb-680	35	B.9.1	Cb-895	35	B.10.1	Cb-1110	35	B.13.7
Cb-681	36	B.9.1	Cb-896	36	B.10.1	Cb-1111	36	B.13.7
Cb-682	37	B.9.1	Cb-897	37	B.10.1	Cb-1112	37	B.13.7
Cb-683	38	B.9.1	Cb-898	38	B.10.1	Cb-1113	38	B.13.7
Cb-684	39	B.9.1	Cb-899	39	B.10.1	Cb-1114	39	B.13.7
Cb-685	40	B.9.1	Cb-900	40	B.10.1	Cb-1115	40	B.13.7
Cb-686	41	B.9.1	Cb-901	41	B.10.1	Cb-1116	41	B.13.7
Cb-687	42	B.9.1	Cb-902	42	B.10.1	Cb-1117	42	B.13.7
Cb-688	43	B.9.1	Cb-903	43	B.10.1	Cb-1118	43	B.13.7

Cb-689	44	B.9.1	Cb-904	44	B.10.1	Cb-1119	44	B.13.7
Cb-690	45	B.9.1	Cb-905	45	B.10.1	Cb-1120	45	B.13.7
Cb-691	46	B.9.1	Cb-906	46	B.10.1	Cb-1121	46	B.13.7
Cb-692	47	B.9.1	Cb-907	47	B.10.1	Cb-1122	47	B.13.7
Cb-693	48	B.9.1	Cb-908	48	B.10.1	Cb-1123	48	B.13.7
Cb-694	49	B.9.1	Cb-909	49	B.10.1	Cb-1124	49	B.13.7
Cb-695	50	B.9.1	Cb-910	50	B.10.1	Cb-1125	50	B.13.7
Cb-696	51	B.9.1	Cb-911	51	B.10.1	Cb-1126	51	B.13.7
Cb-697	52	B.9.1	Cb-912	52	B.10.1	Cb-1127	52	B.13.7
Cb-698	53	B.9.1	Cb-913	53	B.10.1	Cb-1128	53	B.13.7
Cb-699	54	B.9.1	Cb-914	54	B.10.1	Cb-1129	54	B.13.7
Cb-700	55	B.9.1	Cb-915	55	B.10.1	Cb-1130	55	B.13.7
Cb-701	56	B.9.1	Cb-916	56	B.10.1	Cb-1131	56	B.13.7

Cb-702	57	B.9.1	Cb-917	57	B.10.1	Cb-1132	57	B.13.7
Cb-703	58	B.9.1	Cb-918	58	B.10.1	Cb-1133	58	B.13.7
Cb-704	59	B.9.1	Cb-919	59	B.10.1	Cb-1134	59	B.13.7
Cb-705	60	B.9.1	Cb-920	60	B.10.1	Cb-1135	60	B.13.7
Cb-706	61	B.9.1	Cb-921	61	B.10.1	Cb-1136	61	B.13.7
Cb-707	62	B.9.1	Cb-922	62	B.10.1	Cb-1137	62	B.13.7
Cb-708	63	B.9.1	Cb-923	63	B.10.1	Cb-1138	63	B.13.7
Cb-709	64	B.9.1	Cb-924	64	B.10.1	Cb-1139	64	B.13.7
Cb-710	65	B.9.1	Cb-925	65	B.10.1	Cb-1140	65	B.13.7
Cb-711	66	B.9.1	Cb-926	66	B.10.1	Cb-1141	66	B.13.7
Cb-712	67	B.9.1	Cb-927	67	B.10.1	Cb-1142	67	B.13.7
Cb-713	68	B.9.1	Cb-928	68	B.10.1	Cb-1143	68	B.13.7
Cb-714	69	B.9.1	Cb-929	69	B.10.1	Cb-1144	69	B.13.7

Cb-715	70	B.9.1	Cb-930	70	B.10.1	Cb-1145	70	B.13.7
Cb-716	71	B.9.1	Cb-931	71	B.10.1	Cb-1146	71	B.13.7
Cb-717	72	B.9.1	Cb-932	72	B.10.1	Cb-1147	72	B.13.7
Cb-718	73	B.9.1	Cb-933	73	B.10.1	Cb-1148	73	B.13.7
Cb-719	74	B.9.1	Cb-934	74	B.10.1	Cb-1149	74	B.13.7
Cb-720	75	B.9.1	Cb-935	75	B.10.1	Cb-1150	75	B.13.7
Cb-721	76	B.9.1	Cb-936	76	B.10.1	Cb-1151	76	B.13.7
Cb-722	77	B.9.1	Cb-937	77	B.10.1	Cb-1152	77	B.13.7
Cb-723	78	B.9.1	Cb-938	78	B.10.1	Cb-1153	78	B.13.7
Cb-724	79	B.9.1	Cb-939	79	B.10.1	Cb-1154	79	B.13.7
Cb-725	80	B.9.1	Cb-940	80	B.10.1	Cb-1155	80	B.13.7
Cb-726	81	B.9.1	Cb-941	81	B.10.1	Cb-1156	81	B.13.7
Cb-727	82	B.9.1	Cb-942	82	B.10.1	Cb-1157	82	B.13.7

Cb-728	83	B.9.1	Cb-943	83	B.10.1	Cb-1158	83	B.13.7
Cb-729	84	B.9.1	Cb-944	84	B.10.1	Cb-1159	84	B.13.7
Cb-730	85	B.9.1	Cb-945	85	B.10.1	Cb-1160	85	B.13.7
Cb-731	86	B.9.1	Cb-946	86	B.10.1	Cb-1161	86	B.13.7
Cb-732	87	B.9.1	Cb-947	87	B.10.1	Cb-1162	87	B.13.7
Cb-733	88	B.9.1	Cb-948	88	B.10.1	Cb-1163	88	B.13.7
Cb-734	89	B.9.1	Cb-949	89	B.10.1	Cb-1164	89	B.13.7
Cb-735	90	B.9.1	Cb-950	90	B.10.1	Cb-1165	90	B.13.7
Cb-736	91	B.9.1	Cb-951	91	B.10.1	Cb-1166	91	B.13.7
Cb-737	92	B.9.1	Cb-952	92	B.10.1	Cb-1167	92	B.13.7
Cb-738	93	B.9.1	Cb-953	93	B.10.1	Cb-1168	93	B.13.7
Cb-739	94	B.9.1	Cb-954	94	B.10.1	Cb-1169	94	B.13.7
Cb-740	95	B.9.1	Cb-955	95	B.10.1	Cb-1170	95	B.13.7

Cb-741	96	B.9.1	Cb-956	96	B.10.1	Cb-1171	96	B.13.7
Cb-742	97	B.9.1	Cb-957	97	B.10.1	Cb-1172	97	B.13.7
Cb-743	98	B.9.1	Cb-958	98	B.10.1	Cb-1173	98	B.13.7
Cb-744	99	B.9.1	Cb-959	99	B.10.1	Cb-1174	99	B.13.7
Cb-745	100	B.9.1	Cb-960	100	B.10.1	Cb-1175	100	B.13.7
Cb-746	101	B.9.1	Cb-961	101	B.10.1	Cb-1176	101	B.13.7
Cb-747	102	B.9.1	Cb-962	102	B.10.1	Cb-1177	102	B.13.7
Cb-748	103	B.9.1	Cb-963	103	B.10.1	Cb-1178	103	B.13.7
Cb-749	104	B.9.1	Cb-964	104	B.10.1	Cb-1179	104	B.13.7
Cb-750	105	B.9.1	Cb-965	105	B.10.1	Cb-1180	105	B.13.7
Cb-751	106	B.9.1	Cb-966	106	B.10.1	Cb-1181	106	B.13.7
Cb-752	107	B.9.1	Cb-967	107	B.10.1	Cb-1182	107	B.13.7
Cb-753	108	B.9.1	Cb-968	108	B.10.1	Cb-1183	108	B.13.7

Cb-754	109	B.9.1	Cb-969	109	B.10.1	Cb-1184	109	B.13.7
Cb-755	110	B.9.1	Cb-970	110	B.10.1	Cb-1185	110	B.13.7
Cb-756	111	B.9.1	Cb-971	111	B.10.1	Cb-1186	111	B.13.7
Cb-757	112	B.9.1	Cb-972	112	B.10.1	Cb-1187	112	B.13.7
Cb-758	113	B.9.1	Cb-973	113	B.10.1	Cb-1188	113	B.13.7
Cb-759	114	B.9.1	Cb-974	114	B.10.1	Cb-1189	114	B.13.7
Cb-760	115	B.9.1	Cb-975	115	B.10.1	Cb-1190	115	B.13.7
Cb-761	116	B.9.1	Cb-976	116	B.10.1	Cb-1191	116	B.13.7
Cb-762	117	B.9.1	Cb-977	117	B.10.1	Cb-1192	117	B.13.7
Cb-763	118	B.9.1	Cb-978	118	B.10.1	Cb-1193	118	B.13.7
Cb-764	119	B.9.1	Cb-979	119	B.10.1	Cb-1194	119	B.13.7
Cb-765	120	B.9.1	Cb-980	120	B.10.1	Cb-1195	120	B.13.7
Cb-766	121	B.9.1	Cb-981	121	B.10.1	Cb-1196	121	B.13.7

Cb-767	122	B.9.1	Cb-982	122	B.10.1	Cb-1197	122	B.13.7
Cb-768	123	B.9.1	Cb-983	123	B.10.1	Cb-1198	123	B.13.7
Cb-769	124	B.9.1	Cb-984	124	B.10.1	Cb-1199	124	B.13.7
Cb-770	125	B.9.1	Cb-985	125	B.10.1	Cb-1200	125	B.13.7
Cb-771	126	B.9.1	Cb-986	126	B.10.1	Cb-1201	126	B.13.7
Cb-772	127	B.9.1	Cb-987	127	B.10.1	Cb-1202	127	B.13.7
Cb-773	128	B.9.1	Cb-988	128	B.10.1	Cb-1203	128	B.13.7
Cb-774	129	B.9.1	Cb-989	129	B.10.1	Cb-1204	129	B.13.7
Cb-775	130	B.9.1	Cb-990	130	B.10.1	Cb-1205	130	B.13.7
Cb-776	131	B.9.1	Cb-991	131	B.10.1	Cb-1206	131	B.13.7
Cb-777	132	B.9.1	Cb-992	132	B.10.1	Cb-1207	132	B.13.7
Cb-778	133	B.9.1	Cb-993	133	B.10.1	Cb-1208	133	B.13.7
Cb-779	134	B.9.1	Cb-994	134	B.10.1	Cb-1209	134	B.13.7

Cb-780	135	B.9.1	Cb-995	135	B.10.1	Cb-1210	135	B.13.7
Cb-781	136	B.9.1	Cb-996	136	B.10.1	Cb-1211	136	B.13.7
Cb-782	137	B.9.1	Cb-997	137	B.10.1	Cb-1212	137	B.13.7
Cb-783	138	B.9.1	Cb-998	138	B.10.1	Cb-1213	138	B.13.7
Cb-784	139	B.9.1	Cb-999	139	B.10.1	Cb-1214	139	B.13.7
Cb-785	140	B.9.1	Cb-1000	140	B.10.1	Cb-1215	140	B.13.7
Cb-786	141	B.9.1	Cb-1001	141	B.10.1	Cb-1216	141	B.13.7
Cb-787	142	B.9.1	Cb-1002	142	B.10.1	Cb-1217	142	B.13.7
Cb-788	143	B.9.1	Cb-1003	143	B.10.1	Cb-1218	143	B.13.7
Cb-789	144	B.9.1	Cb-1004	144	B.10.1	Cb-1219	144	B.13.7
Cb-790	145	B.9.1	Cb-1005	145	B.10.1	Cb-1220	145	B.13.7
Cb-791	146	B.9.1	Cb-1006	146	B.10.1	Cb-1221	146	B.13.7
Cb-792	147	B.9.1	Cb-1007	147	B.10.1	Cb-1222	147	B.13.7

Cb-793	148	B.9.1	Cb-1008	148	B.10.1	Cb-1223	148	B.13.7
Cb-794	149	B.9.1	Cb-1009	149	B.10.1	Cb-1224	149	B.13.7
Cb-795	150	B.9.1	Cb-1010	150	B.10.1	Cb-1225	150	B.13.7
Cb-796	151	B.9.1	Cb-1011	151	B.10.1	Cb-1226	151	B.13.7
Cb-797	152	B.9.1	Cb-1012	152	B.10.1	Cb-1227	152	B.13.7
Cb-798	153	B.9.1	Cb-1013	153	B.10.1	Cb-1228	153	B.13.7
Cb-799	154	B.9.1	Cb-1014	154	B.10.1	Cb-1229	154	B.13.7
Cb-800	155	B.9.1	Cb-1015	155	B.10.1	Cb-1230	155	B.13.7
Cb-801	156	B.9.1	Cb-1016	156	B.10.1	Cb-1231	156	B.13.7
Cb-802	157	B.9.1	Cb-1017	157	B.10.1	Cb-1232	157	B.13.7
Cb-803	158	B.9.1	Cb-1018	158	B.10.1	Cb-1233	158	B.13.7
Cb-804	159	B.9.1	Cb-1019	159	B.10.1	Cb-1234	159	B.13.7
Cb-805	160	B.9.1	Cb-1020	160	B.10.1	Cb-1235	160	B.13.7

Cb-806	161	B.9.1	Cb-1021	161	B.10.1	Cb-1236	161	B.13.7
Cb-807	162	B.9.1	Cb-1022	162	B.10.1	Cb-1237	162	B.13.7
Cb-808	163	B.9.1	Cb-1023	163	B.10.1	Cb-1238	163	B.13.7
Cb-809	164	B.9.1	Cb-1024	164	B.10.1	Cb-1239	164	B.13.7
Cb-810	165	B.9.1	Cb-1025	165	B.10.1	Cb-1240	165	B.13.7
Cb-811	166	B.9.1	Cb-1026	166	B.10.1	Cb-1241	166	B.13.7
Cb-812	167	B.9.1	Cb-1027	167	B.10.1	Cb-1242	167	B.13.7
Cb-813	168	B.9.1	Cb-1028	168	B.10.1	Cb-1243	168	B.13.7
Cb-814	169	B.9.1	Cb-1029	169	B.10.1	Cb-1244	169	B.13.7
Cb-815	170	B.9.1	Cb-1030	170	B.10.1	Cb-1245	170	B.13.7
Cb-816	171	B.9.1	Cb-1031	171	B.10.1	Cb-1246	171	B.13.7
Cb-817	172	B.9.1	Cb-1032	172	B.10.1	Cb-1247	172	B.13.7
Cb-818	173	B.9.1	Cb-1033	173	B.10.1	Cb-1248	173	B.13.7

Cb-819	174	B.9.1	Cb-1034	174	B.10.1	Cb-1249	174	B.13.7
Cb-820	175	B.9.1	Cb-1035	175	B.10.1	Cb-1250	175	B.13.7
Cb-821	176	B.9.1	Cb-1036	176	B.10.1	Cb-1251	176	B.13.7
Cb-822	177	B.9.1	Cb-1037	177	B.10.1	Cb-1252	177	B.13.7
Cb-823	178	B.9.1	Cb-1038	178	B.10.1	Cb-1253	178	B.13.7
Cb-824	179	B.9.1	Cb-1039	179	B.10.1	Cb-1254	179	B.13.7
Cb-825	180	B.9.1	Cb-1040	180	B.10.1	Cb-1255	180	B.13.7
Cb-826	181	B.9.1	Cb-1041	181	B.10.1	Cb-1256	181	B.13.7
Cb-827	182	B.9.1	Cb-1042	182	B.10.1	Cb-1257	182	B.13.7
Cb-828	183	B.9.1	Cb-1043	183	B.10.1	Cb-1258	183	B.13.7
Cb-829	184	B.9.1	Cb-1044	184	B.10.1	Cb-1259	184	B.13.7
Cb-830	185	B.9.1	Cb-1045	185	B.10.1	Cb-1260	185	B.13.7
Cb-831	186	B.9.1	Cb-1046	186	B.10.1	Cb-1261	186	B.13.7

Cb-832	187	B.9.1	Cb-1047	187	B.10.1	Cb-1262	187	B.13.7
Cb-833	188	B.9.1	Cb-1048	188	B.10.1	Cb-1263	188	B.13.7
Cb-834	189	B.9.1	Cb-1049	189	B.10.1	Cb-1264	189	B.13.7
Cb-835	190	B.9.1	Cb-1050	190	B.10.1	Cb-1265	190	B.13.7
Cb-836	191	B.9.1	Cb-1051	191	B.10.1	Cb-1266	191	B.13.7
Cb-837	192	B.9.1	Cb-1052	192	B.10.1	Cb-1267	192	B.13.7
Cb-838	193	B.9.1	Cb-1053	193	B.10.1	Cb-1268	193	B.13.7
Cb-839	194	B.9.1	Cb-1054	194	B.10.1	Cb-1269	194	B.13.7
Cb-840	195	B.9.1	Cb-1055	195	B.10.1	Cb-1270	195	B.13.7
Cb-841	196	B.9.1	Cb-1056	196	B.10.1	Cb-1271	196	B.13.7
Cb-842	197	B.9.1	Cb-1057	197	B.10.1	Cb-1272	197	B.13.7
Cb-843	198	B.9.1	Cb-1058	198	B.10.1	Cb-1273	198	B.13.7
Cb-844	199	B.9.1	Cb-1059	199	B.10.1	Cb-1274	199	B.13.7

Cb-845	200	B.9.1	Cb-1060	200	B.10.1	Cb-1275	200	B.13.7
Cb-846	201	B.9.1	Cb-1061	201	B.10.1	Cb-1276	201	B.13.7
Cb-847	202	B.9.1	Cb-1062	202	B.10.1	Cb-1277	202	B.13.7
Cb-848	203	B.9.1	Cb-1063	203	B.10.1	Cb-1278	203	B.13.7
Cb-849	204	B.9.1	Cb-1064	204	B.10.1	Cb-1279	204	B.13.7
Cb-850	205	B.9.1	Cb-1065	205	B.10.1	Cb-1280	205	B.13.7
Cb-851	206	B.9.1	Cb-1066	206	B.10.1	Cb-1281	206	B.13.7
Cb-852	207	B.9.1	Cb-1067	207	B.10.1	Cb-1282	207	B.13.7
Cb-853	208	B.9.1	Cb-1068	208	B.10.1	Cb-1283	208	B.13.7
Cb-854	209	B.9.1	Cb-1069	209	B.10.1	Cb-1284	209	B.13.7
Cb-855	210	B.9.1	Cb-1070	210	B.10.1	Cb-1285	210	B.13.7
Cb-856	211	B.9.1	Cb-1071	211	B.10.1	Cb-1286	211	B.13.7
Cb-857	212	B.9.1	Cb-1072	212	B.10.1	Cb-1287	212	B.13.7

Cb-858	213	B.9.1	Cb-1073	213	B.10.1	Cb-1288	213	B.13.7
Cb-859	214	B.9.1	Cb-1074	214	B.10.1	Cb-1289	214	B.13.7
Cb-860	215	B.9.1	Cb-1075	215	B.10.1	Cb-1290	215	B.13.7
Cb-1291	1	B.13.10	Cb-1506	1	B.17.2	Cb-1721	1	B.17.5
Cb-1292	2	B.13.10	Cb-1507	2	B.17.2	Cb-1722	2	B.17.5
Cb-1293	3	B.13.10	Cb-1508	3	B.17.2	Cb-1723	3	B.17.5
Cb-1294	4	B.13.10	Cb-1509	4	B.17.2	Cb-1724	4	B.17.5
Cb-1295	5	B.13.10	Cb-1510	5	B.17.2	Cb-1725	5	B.17.5
Cb-1296	6	B.13.10	Cb-1511	6	B.17.2	Cb-1726	6	B.17.5
Cb-1297	7	B.13.10	Cb-1512	7	B.17.2	Cb-1727	7	B.17.5
Cb-1298	8	B.13.10	Cb-1513	8	B.17.2	Cb-1728	8	B.17.5
Cb-1299	9	B.13.10	Cb-1514	9	B.17.2	Cb-1729	9	B.17.5
Cb-1300	10	B.13.10	Cb-1515	10	B.17.2	Cb-1730	10	B.17.5

Cb-1301	11	B.13.10	Cb-1516	11	B.17.2	Cb-1731	11	B.17.5
Cb-1302	12	B.13.10	Cb-1517	12	B.17.2	Cb-1732	12	B.17.5
Cb-1303	13	B.13.10	Cb-1518	13	B.17.2	Cb-1733	13	B.17.5
Cb-1304	14	B.13.10	Cb-1519	14	B.17.2	Cb-1734	14	B.17.5
Cb-1305	15	B.13.10	Cb-1520	15	B.17.2	Cb-1735	15	B.17.5
Cb-1306	16	B.13.10	Cb-1521	16	B.17.2	Cb-1736	16	B.17.5
Cb-1307	17	B.13.10	Cb-1522	17	B.17.2	Cb-1737	17	B.17.5
Cb-1308	18	B.13.10	Cb-1523	18	B.17.2	Cb-1738	18	B.17.5
Cb-1309	19	B.13.10	Cb-1524	19	B.17.2	Cb-1739	19	B.17.5
Cb-1310	20	B.13.10	Cb-1525	20	B.17.2	Cb-1740	20	B.17.5
Cb-1311	21	B.13.10	Cb-1526	21	B.17.2	Cb-1741	21	B.17.5
Cb-1312	22	B.13.10	Cb-1527	22	B.17.2	Cb-1742	22	B.17.5
Cb-1313	23	B.13.10	Cb-1528	23	B.17.2	Cb-1743	23	B.17.5

Cb-1314	24	B.13.10	Cb-1529	24	B.17.2	Cb-1744	24	B.17.5
Cb-1315	25	B.13.10	Cb-1530	25	B.17.2	Cb-1745	25	B.17.5
Cb-1316	26	B.13.10	Cb-1531	26	B.17.2	Cb-1746	26	B.17.5
Cb-1317	27	B.13.10	Cb-1532	27	B.17.2	Cb-1747	27	B.17.5
Cb-1318	28	B.13.10	Cb-1533	28	B.17.2	Cb-1748	28	B.17.5
Cb-1319	29	B.13.10	Cb-1534	29	B.17.2	Cb-1749	29	B.17.5
Cb-1320	30	B.13.10	Cb-1535	30	B.17.2	Cb-1750	30	B.17.5
Cb-1321	31	B.13.10	Cb-1536	31	B.17.2	Cb-1751	31	B.17.5
Cb-1322	32	B.13.10	Cb-1537	32	B.17.2	Cb-1752	32	B.17.5
Cb-1323	33	B.13.10	Cb-1538	33	B.17.2	Cb-1753	33	B.17.5
Cb-1324	34	B.13.10	Cb-1539	34	B.17.2	Cb-1754	34	B.17.5
Cb-1325	35	B.13.10	Cb-1540	35	B.17.2	Cb-1755	35	B.17.5
Cb-1326	36	B.13.10	Cb-1541	36	B.17.2	Cb-1756	36	B.17.5

Cb-1327	37	B.13.10	Cb-1542	37	B.17.2	Cb-1757	37	B.17.5
Cb-1328	38	B.13.10	Cb-1543	38	B.17.2	Cb-1758	38	B.17.5
Cb-1329	39	B.13.10	Cb-1544	39	B.17.2	Cb-1759	39	B.17.5
Cb-1330	40	B.13.10	Cb-1545	40	B.17.2	Cb-1760	40	B.17.5
Cb-1331	41	B.13.10	Cb-1546	41	B.17.2	Cb-1761	41	B.17.5
Cb-1332	42	B.13.10	Cb-1547	42	B.17.2	Cb-1762	42	B.17.5
Cb-1333	43	B.13.10	Cb-1548	43	B.17.2	Cb-1763	43	B.17.5
Cb-1334	44	B.13.10	Cb-1549	44	B.17.2	Cb-1764	44	B.17.5
Cb-1335	45	B.13.10	Cb-1550	45	B.17.2	Cb-1765	45	B.17.5
Cb-1336	46	B.13.10	Cb-1551	46	B.17.2	Cb-1766	46	B.17.5
Cb-1337	47	B.13.10	Cb-1552	47	B.17.2	Cb-1767	47	B.17.5
Cb-1338	48	B.13.10	Cb-1553	48	B.17.2	Cb-1768	48	B.17.5
Cb-1339	49	B.13.10	Cb-1554	49	B.17.2	Cb-1769	49	B.17.5

Cb-1340	50	B.13.10	Cb-1555	50	B.17.2	Cb-1770	50	B.17.5
Cb-1341	51	B.13.10	Cb-1556	51	B.17.2	Cb-1771	51	B.17.5
Cb-1342	52	B.13.10	Cb-1557	52	B.17.2	Cb-1772	52	B.17.5
Cb-1343	53	B.13.10	Cb-1558	53	B.17.2	Cb-1773	53	B.17.5
Cb-1344	54	B.13.10	Cb-1559	54	B.17.2	Cb-1774	54	B.17.5
Cb-1345	55	B.13.10	Cb-1560	55	B.17.2	Cb-1775	55	B.17.5
Cb-1346	56	B.13.10	Cb-1561	56	B.17.2	Cb-1776	56	B.17.5
Cb-1347	57	B.13.10	Cb-1562	57	B.17.2	Cb-1777	57	B.17.5
Cb-1348	58	B.13.10	Cb-1563	58	B.17.2	Cb-1778	58	B.17.5
Cb-1349	59	B.13.10	Cb-1564	59	B.17.2	Cb-1779	59	B.17.5
Cb-1350	60	B.13.10	Cb-1565	60	B.17.2	Cb-1780	60	B.17.5
Cb-1351	61	B.13.10	Cb-1566	61	B.17.2	Cb-1781	61	B.17.5
Cb-1352	62	B.13.10	Cb-1567	62	B.17.2	Cb-1782	62	B.17.5

Cb-1353	63	B.13.10	Cb-1568	63	B.17.2	Cb-1783	63	B.17.5
Cb-1354	64	B.13.10	Cb-1569	64	B.17.2	Cb-1784	64	B.17.5
Cb-1355	65	B.13.10	Cb-1570	65	B.17.2	Cb-1785	65	B.17.5
Cb-1356	66	B.13.10	Cb-1571	66	B.17.2	Cb-1786	66	B.17.5
Cb-1357	67	B.13.10	Cb-1572	67	B.17.2	Cb-1787	67	B.17.5
Cb-1358	68	B.13.10	Cb-1573	68	B.17.2	Cb-1788	68	B.17.5
Cb-1359	69	B.13.10	Cb-1574	69	B.17.2	Cb-1789	69	B.17.5
Cb-1360	70	B.13.10	Cb-1575	70	B.17.2	Cb-1790	70	B.17.5
Cb-1361	71	B.13.10	Cb-1576	71	B.17.2	Cb-1791	71	B.17.5
Cb-1362	72	B.13.10	Cb-1577	72	B.17.2	Cb-1792	72	B.17.5
Cb-1363	73	B.13.10	Cb-1578	73	B.17.2	Cb-1793	73	B.17.5
Cb-1364	74	B.13.10	Cb-1579	74	B.17.2	Cb-1794	74	B.17.5
Cb-1365	75	B.13.10	Cb-1580	75	B.17.2	Cb-1795	75	B.17.5

Cb- 1366	76	B.13.10	Cb- 1581	76	B.17.2	Cb- 1796	76	B.17.5
Cb- 1367	77	B.13.10	Cb- 1582	77	B.17.2	Cb- 1797	77	B.17.5
Cb- 1368	78	B.13.10	Cb- 1583	78	B.17.2	Cb- 1798	78	B.17.5
Cb- 1369	79	B.13.10	Cb- 1584	79	B.17.2	Cb- 1799	79	B.17.5
Cb- 1370	80	B.13.10	Cb- 1585	80	B.17.2	Cb- 1800	80	B.17.5
Cb- 1371	81	B.13.10	Cb- 1586	81	B.17.2	Cb- 1801	81	B.17.5
Cb- 1372	82	B.13.10	Cb- 1587	82	B.17.2	Cb- 1802	82	B.17.5
Cb- 1373	83	B.13.10	Cb- 1588	83	B.17.2	Cb- 1803	83	B.17.5
Cb- 1374	84	B.13.10	Cb- 1589	84	B.17.2	Cb- 1804	84	B.17.5
Cb- 1375	85	B.13.10	Cb- 1590	85	B.17.2	Cb- 1805	85	B.17.5
Cb- 1376	86	B.13.10	Cb- 1591	86	B.17.2	Cb- 1806	86	B.17.5
Cb- 1377	87	B.13.10	Cb- 1592	87	B.17.2	Cb- 1807	87	B.17.5
Cb- 1378	88	B.13.10	Cb- 1593	88	B.17.2	Cb- 1808	88	B.17.5

Cb-1379	89	B.13.10	Cb-1594	89	B.17.2	Cb-1809	89	B.17.5
Cb-1380	90	B.13.10	Cb-1595	90	B.17.2	Cb-1810	90	B.17.5
Cb-1381	91	B.13.10	Cb-1596	91	B.17.2	Cb-1811	91	B.17.5
Cb-1382	92	B.13.10	Cb-1597	92	B.17.2	Cb-1812	92	B.17.5
Cb-1383	93	B.13.10	Cb-1598	93	B.17.2	Cb-1813	93	B.17.5
Cb-1384	94	B.13.10	Cb-1599	94	B.17.2	Cb-1814	94	B.17.5
Cb-1385	95	B.13.10	Cb-1600	95	B.17.2	Cb-1815	95	B.17.5
Cb-1386	96	B.13.10	Cb-1601	96	B.17.2	Cb-1816	96	B.17.5
Cb-1387	97	B.13.10	Cb-1602	97	B.17.2	Cb-1817	97	B.17.5
Cb-1388	98	B.13.10	Cb-1603	98	B.17.2	Cb-1818	98	B.17.5
Cb-1389	99	B.13.10	Cb-1604	99	B.17.2	Cb-1819	99	B.17.5
Cb-1390	100	B.13.10	Cb-1605	100	B.17.2	Cb-1820	100	B.17.5
Cb-1391	101	B.13.10	Cb-1606	101	B.17.2	Cb-1821	101	B.17.5

Cb-1392	102	B.13.10	Cb-1607	102	B.17.2	Cb-1822	102	B.17.5
Cb-1393	103	B.13.10	Cb-1608	103	B.17.2	Cb-1823	103	B.17.5
Cb-1394	104	B.13.10	Cb-1609	104	B.17.2	Cb-1824	104	B.17.5
Cb-1395	105	B.13.10	Cb-1610	105	B.17.2	Cb-1825	105	B.17.5
Cb-1396	106	B.13.10	Cb-1611	106	B.17.2	Cb-1826	106	B.17.5
Cb-1397	107	B.13.10	Cb-1612	107	B.17.2	Cb-1827	107	B.17.5
Cb-1398	108	B.13.10	Cb-1613	108	B.17.2	Cb-1828	108	B.17.5
Cb-1399	109	B.13.10	Cb-1614	109	B.17.2	Cb-1829	109	B.17.5
Cb-1400	110	B.13.10	Cb-1615	110	B.17.2	Cb-1830	110	B.17.5
Cb-1401	111	B.13.10	Cb-1616	111	B.17.2	Cb-1831	111	B.17.5
Cb-1402	112	B.13.10	Cb-1617	112	B.17.2	Cb-1832	112	B.17.5
Cb-1403	113	B.13.10	Cb-1618	113	B.17.2	Cb-1833	113	B.17.5
Cb-1404	114	B.13.10	Cb-1619	114	B.17.2	Cb-1834	114	B.17.5

Cb-1405	115	B.13.10	Cb-1620	115	B.17.2	Cb-1835	115	B.17.5
Cb-1406	116	B.13.10	Cb-1621	116	B.17.2	Cb-1836	116	B.17.5
Cb-1407	117	B.13.10	Cb-1622	117	B.17.2	Cb-1837	117	B.17.5
Cb-1408	118	B.13.10	Cb-1623	118	B.17.2	Cb-1838	118	B.17.5
Cb-1409	119	B.13.10	Cb-1624	119	B.17.2	Cb-1839	119	B.17.5
Cb-1410	120	B.13.10	Cb-1625	120	B.17.2	Cb-1840	120	B.17.5
Cb-1411	121	B.13.10	Cb-1626	121	B.17.2	Cb-1841	121	B.17.5
Cb-1412	122	B.13.10	Cb-1627	122	B.17.2	Cb-1842	122	B.17.5
Cb-1413	123	B.13.10	Cb-1628	123	B.17.2	Cb-1843	123	B.17.5
Cb-1414	124	B.13.10	Cb-1629	124	B.17.2	Cb-1844	124	B.17.5
Cb-1415	125	B.13.10	Cb-1630	125	B.17.2	Cb-1845	125	B.17.5
Cb-1416	126	B.13.10	Cb-1631	126	B.17.2	Cb-1846	126	B.17.5
Cb-1417	127	B.13.10	Cb-1632	127	B.17.2	Cb-1847	127	B.17.5

Cb-1418	128	B.13.10	Cb-1633	128	B.17.2	Cb-1848	128	B.17.5
Cb-1419	129	B.13.10	Cb-1634	129	B.17.2	Cb-1849	129	B.17.5
Cb-1420	130	B.13.10	Cb-1635	130	B.17.2	Cb-1850	130	B.17.5
Cb-1421	131	B.13.10	Cb-1636	131	B.17.2	Cb-1851	131	B.17.5
Cb-1422	132	B.13.10	Cb-1637	132	B.17.2	Cb-1852	132	B.17.5
Cb-1423	133	B.13.10	Cb-1638	133	B.17.2	Cb-1853	133	B.17.5
Cb-1424	134	B.13.10	Cb-1639	134	B.17.2	Cb-1854	134	B.17.5
Cb-1425	135	B.13.10	Cb-1640	135	B.17.2	Cb-1855	135	B.17.5
Cb-1426	136	B.13.10	Cb-1641	136	B.17.2	Cb-1856	136	B.17.5
Cb-1427	137	B.13.10	Cb-1642	137	B.17.2	Cb-1857	137	B.17.5
Cb-1428	138	B.13.10	Cb-1643	138	B.17.2	Cb-1858	138	B.17.5
Cb-1429	139	B.13.10	Cb-1644	139	B.17.2	Cb-1859	139	B.17.5
Cb-1430	140	B.13.10	Cb-1645	140	B.17.2	Cb-1860	140	B.17.5

Cb-1431	141	B.13.10	Cb-1646	141	B.17.2	Cb-1861	141	B.17.5
Cb-1432	142	B.13.10	Cb-1647	142	B.17.2	Cb-1862	142	B.17.5
Cb-1433	143	B.13.10	Cb-1648	143	B.17.2	Cb-1863	143	B.17.5
Cb-1434	144	B.13.10	Cb-1649	144	B.17.2	Cb-1864	144	B.17.5
Cb-1435	145	B.13.10	Cb-1650	145	B.17.2	Cb-1865	145	B.17.5
Cb-1436	146	B.13.10	Cb-1651	146	B.17.2	Cb-1866	146	B.17.5
Cb-1437	147	B.13.10	Cb-1652	147	B.17.2	Cb-1867	147	B.17.5
Cb-1438	148	B.13.10	Cb-1653	148	B.17.2	Cb-1868	148	B.17.5
Cb-1439	149	B.13.10	Cb-1654	149	B.17.2	Cb-1869	149	B.17.5
Cb-1440	150	B.13.10	Cb-1655	150	B.17.2	Cb-1870	150	B.17.5
Cb-1441	151	B.13.10	Cb-1656	151	B.17.2	Cb-1871	151	B.17.5
Cb-1442	152	B.13.10	Cb-1657	152	B.17.2	Cb-1872	152	B.17.5
Cb-1443	153	B.13.10	Cb-1658	153	B.17.2	Cb-1873	153	B.17.5

Cb-1444	154	B.13.10	Cb-1659	154	B.17.2	Cb-1874	154	B.17.5
Cb-1445	155	B.13.10	Cb-1660	155	B.17.2	Cb-1875	155	B.17.5
Cb-1446	156	B.13.10	Cb-1661	156	B.17.2	Cb-1876	156	B.17.5
Cb-1447	157	B.13.10	Cb-1662	157	B.17.2	Cb-1877	157	B.17.5
Cb-1448	158	B.13.10	Cb-1663	158	B.17.2	Cb-1878	158	B.17.5
Cb-1449	159	B.13.10	Cb-1664	159	B.17.2	Cb-1879	159	B.17.5
Cb-1450	160	B.13.10	Cb-1665	160	B.17.2	Cb-1880	160	B.17.5
Cb-1451	161	B.13.10	Cb-1666	161	B.17.2	Cb-1881	161	B.17.5
Cb-1452	162	B.13.10	Cb-1667	162	B.17.2	Cb-1882	162	B.17.5
Cb-1453	163	B.13.10	Cb-1668	163	B.17.2	Cb-1883	163	B.17.5
Cb-1454	164	B.13.10	Cb-1669	164	B.17.2	Cb-1884	164	B.17.5
Cb-1455	165	B.13.10	Cb-1670	165	B.17.2	Cb-1885	165	B.17.5
Cb-1456	166	B.13.10	Cb-1671	166	B.17.2	Cb-1886	166	B.17.5

Cb-1457	167	B.13.10	Cb-1672	167	B.17.2	Cb-1887	167	B.17.5
Cb-1458	168	B.13.10	Cb-1673	168	B.17.2	Cb-1888	168	B.17.5
Cb-1459	169	B.13.10	Cb-1674	169	B.17.2	Cb-1889	169	B.17.5
Cb-1460	170	B.13.10	Cb-1675	170	B.17.2	Cb-1890	170	B.17.5
Cb-1461	171	B.13.10	Cb-1676	171	B.17.2	Cb-1891	171	B.17.5
Cb-1462	172	B.13.10	Cb-1677	172	B.17.2	Cb-1892	172	B.17.5
Cb-1463	173	B.13.10	Cb-1678	173	B.17.2	Cb-1893	173	B.17.5
Cb-1464	174	B.13.10	Cb-1679	174	B.17.2	Cb-1894	174	B.17.5
Cb-1465	175	B.13.10	Cb-1680	175	B.17.2	Cb-1895	175	B.17.5
Cb-1466	176	B.13.10	Cb-1681	176	B.17.2	Cb-1896	176	B.17.5
Cb-1467	177	B.13.10	Cb-1682	177	B.17.2	Cb-1897	177	B.17.5
Cb-1468	178	B.13.10	Cb-1683	178	B.17.2	Cb-1898	178	B.17.5
Cb-1469	179	B.13.10	Cb-1684	179	B.17.2	Cb-1899	179	B.17.5

Cb-1470	180	B.13.10	Cb-1685	180	B.17.2	Cb-1900	180	B.17.5
Cb-1471	181	B.13.10	Cb-1686	181	B.17.2	Cb-1901	181	B.17.5
Cb-1472	182	B.13.10	Cb-1687	182	B.17.2	Cb-1902	182	B.17.5
Cb-1473	183	B.13.10	Cb-1688	183	B.17.2	Cb-1903	183	B.17.5
Cb-1474	184	B.13.10	Cb-1689	184	B.17.2	Cb-1904	184	B.17.5
Cb-1475	185	B.13.10	Cb-1690	185	B.17.2	Cb-1905	185	B.17.5
Cb-1476	186	B.13.10	Cb-1691	186	B.17.2	Cb-1906	186	B.17.5
Cb-1477	187	B.13.10	Cb-1692	187	B.17.2	Cb-1907	187	B.17.5
Cb-1478	188	B.13.10	Cb-1693	188	B.17.2	Cb-1908	188	B.17.5
Cb-1479	189	B.13.10	Cb-1694	189	B.17.2	Cb-1909	189	B.17.5
Cb-1480	190	B.13.10	Cb-1695	190	B.17.2	Cb-1910	190	B.17.5
Cb-1481	191	B.13.10	Cb-1696	191	B.17.2	Cb-1911	191	B.17.5
Cb-1482	192	B.13.10	Cb-1697	192	B.17.2	Cb-1912	192	B.17.5

Cb-1483	193	B.13.10	Cb-1698	193	B.17.2	Cb-1913	193	B.17.5
Cb-1484	194	B.13.10	Cb-1699	194	B.17.2	Cb-1914	194	B.17.5
Cb-1485	195	B.13.10	Cb-1700	195	B.17.2	Cb-1915	195	B.17.5
Cb-1486	196	B.13.10	Cb-1701	196	B.17.2	Cb-1916	196	B.17.5
Cb-1487	197	B.13.10	Cb-1702	197	B.17.2	Cb-1917	197	B.17.5
Cb-1488	198	B.13.10	Cb-1703	198	B.17.2	Cb-1918	198	B.17.5
Cb-1489	199	B.13.10	Cb-1704	199	B.17.2	Cb-1919	199	B.17.5
Cb-1490	200	B.13.10	Cb-1705	200	B.17.2	Cb-1920	200	B.17.5
Cb-1491	201	B.13.10	Cb-1706	201	B.17.2	Cb-1921	201	B.17.5
Cb-1492	202	B.13.10	Cb-1707	202	B.17.2	Cb-1922	202	B.17.5
Cb-1493	203	B.13.10	Cb-1708	203	B.17.2	Cb-1923	203	B.17.5
Cb-1494	204	B.13.10	Cb-1709	204	B.17.2	Cb-1924	204	B.17.5
Cb-1495	205	B.13.10	Cb-1710	205	B.17.2	Cb-1925	205	B.17.5

Cb-1496	206	B.13.10	Cb-1711	206	B.17.2	Cb-1926	206	B.17.5
Cb-1497	207	B.13.10	Cb-1712	207	B.17.2	Cb-1927	207	B.17.5
Cb-1498	208	B.13.10	Cb-1713	208	B.17.2	Cb-1928	208	B.17.5
Cb-1499	209	B.13.10	Cb-1714	209	B.17.2	Cb-1929	209	B.17.5
Cb-1500	210	B.13.10	Cb-1715	210	B.17.2	Cb-1930	210	B.17.5
Cb-1501	211	B.13.10	Cb-1716	211	B.17.2	Cb-1931	211	B.17.5
Cb-1502	212	B.13.10	Cb-1717	212	B.17.2	Cb-1932	212	B.17.5
Cb-1503	213	B.13.10	Cb-1718	213	B.17.2	Cb-1933	213	B.17.5
Cb-1504	214	B.13.10	Cb-1719	214	B.17.2	Cb-1934	214	B.17.5
Cb-1505	215	B.13.10	Cb-1720	215	B.17.2	Cb-1935	215	B.17.5
Cb-1936	1	B.17.10	Cb-2008	73	B.17.10	Cb-2080	145	B.17.10
Cb-1937	2	B.17.10	Cb-2009	74	B.17.10	Cb-2081	146	B.17.10
Cb-1938	3	B.17.10	Cb-2010	75	B.17.10	Cb-2082	147	B.17.10

Cb-1939	4	B.17.10	Cb-2011	76	B.17.10	Cb-2083	148	B.17.10
Cb-1940	5	B.17.10	Cb-2012	77	B.17.10	Cb-2084	149	B.17.10
Cb-1941	6	B.17.10	Cb-2013	78	B.17.10	Cb-2085	150	B.17.10
Cb-1942	7	B.17.10	Cb-2014	79	B.17.10	Cb-2086	151	B.17.10
Cb-1943	8	B.17.10	Cb-2015	80	B.17.10	Cb-2087	152	B.17.10
Cb-1944	9	B.17.10	Cb-2016	81	B.17.10	Cb-2088	153	B.17.10
Cb-1945	10	B.17.10	Cb-2017	82	B.17.10	Cb-2089	154	B.17.10
Cb-1946	11	B.17.10	Cb-2018	83	B.17.10	Cb-2090	155	B.17.10
Cb-1947	12	B.17.10	Cb-2019	84	B.17.10	Cb-2091	156	B.17.10
Cb-1948	13	B.17.10	Cb-2020	85	B.17.10	Cb-2092	157	B.17.10
Cb-1949	14	B.17.10	Cb-2021	86	B.17.10	Cb-2093	158	B.17.10
Cb-1950	15	B.17.10	Cb-2022	87	B.17.10	Cb-2094	159	B.17.10
Cb-1951	16	B.17.10	Cb-2023	88	B.17.10	Cb-2095	160	B.17.10

Cb-1952	17	B.17.10	Cb-2024	89	B.17.10	Cb-2096	161	B.17.10
Cb-1953	18	B.17.10	Cb-2025	90	B.17.10	Cb-2097	162	B.17.10
Cb-1954	19	B.17.10	Cb-2026	91	B.17.10	Cb-2098	163	B.17.10
Cb-1955	20	B.17.10	Cb-2027	92	B.17.10	Cb-2099	164	B.17.10
Cb-1956	21	B.17.10	Cb-2028	93	B.17.10	Cb-2100	165	B.17.10
Cb-1957	22	B.17.10	Cb-2029	94	B.17.10	Cb-2101	166	B.17.10
Cb-1958	23	B.17.10	Cb-2030	95	B.17.10	Cb-2102	167	B.17.10
Cb-1959	24	B.17.10	Cb-2031	96	B.17.10	Cb-2103	168	B.17.10
Cb-1960	25	B.17.10	Cb-2032	97	B.17.10	Cb-2104	169	B.17.10
Cb-1961	26	B.17.10	Cb-2033	98	B.17.10	Cb-2105	170	B.17.10
Cb-1962	27	B.17.10	Cb-2034	99	B.17.10	Cb-2106	171	B.17.10
Cb-1963	28	B.17.10	Cb-2035	100	B.17.10	Cb-2107	172	B.17.10
Cb-1964	29	B.17.10	Cb-2036	101	B.17.10	Cb-2108	173	B.17.10

Cb-1965	30	B.17.10	Cb-2037	102	B.17.10	Cb-2109	174	B.17.10
Cb-1966	31	B.17.10	Cb-2038	103	B.17.10	Cb-2110	175	B.17.10
Cb-1967	32	B.17.10	Cb-2039	104	B.17.10	Cb-2111	176	B.17.10
Cb-1968	33	B.17.10	Cb-2040	105	B.17.10	Cb-2112	177	B.17.10
Cb-1969	34	B.17.10	Cb-2041	106	B.17.10	Cb-2113	178	B.17.10
Cb-1970	35	B.17.10	Cb-2042	107	B.17.10	Cb-2114	179	B.17.10
Cb-1971	36	B.17.10	Cb-2043	108	B.17.10	Cb-2115	180	B.17.10
Cb-1972	37	B.17.10	Cb-2044	109	B.17.10	Cb-2116	181	B.17.10
Cb-1973	38	B.17.10	Cb-2045	110	B.17.10	Cb-2117	182	B.17.10
Cb-1974	39	B.17.10	Cb-2046	111	B.17.10	Cb-2118	183	B.17.10
Cb-1975	40	B.17.10	Cb-2047	112	B.17.10	Cb-2119	184	B.17.10
Cb-1976	41	B.17.10	Cb-2048	113	B.17.10	Cb-2120	185	B.17.10
Cb-1977	42	B.17.10	Cb-2049	114	B.17.10	Cb-2121	186	B.17.10

Cb-1978	43	B.17.10	Cb-2050	115	B.17.10	Cb-2122	187	B.17.10
Cb-1979	44	B.17.10	Cb-2051	116	B.17.10	Cb-2123	188	B.17.10
Cb-1980	45	B.17.10	Cb-2052	117	B.17.10	Cb-2124	189	B.17.10
Cb-1981	46	B.17.10	Cb-2053	118	B.17.10	Cb-2125	190	B.17.10
Cb-1982	47	B.17.10	Cb-2054	119	B.17.10	Cb-2126	191	B.17.10
Cb-1983	48	B.17.10	Cb-2055	120	B.17.10	Cb-2127	192	B.17.10
Cb-1984	49	B.17.10	Cb-2056	121	B.17.10	Cb-2128	193	B.17.10
Cb-1985	50	B.17.10	Cb-2057	122	B.17.10	Cb-2129	194	B.17.10
Cb-1986	51	B.17.10	Cb-2058	123	B.17.10	Cb-2130	195	B.17.10
Cb-1987	52	B.17.10	Cb-2059	124	B.17.10	Cb-2131	196	B.17.10
Cb-1988	53	B.17.10	Cb-2060	125	B.17.10	Cb-2132	197	B.17.10
Cb-1989	54	B.17.10	Cb-2061	126	B.17.10	Cb-2133	198	B.17.10
Cb-1990	55	B.17.10	Cb-2062	127	B.17.10	Cb-2134	199	B.17.10

Cb- 1991	56	B.17.10	Cb- 2063	128	B.17.10	Cb- 2135	200	B.17.10
Cb- 1992	57	B.17.10	Cb- 2064	129	B.17.10	Cb- 2136	201	B.17.10
Cb- 1993	58	B.17.10	Cb- 2065	130	B.17.10	Cb- 2137	202	B.17.10
Cb- 1994	59	B.17.10	Cb- 2066	131	B.17.10	Cb- 2138	203	B.17.10
Cb- 1995	60	B.17.10	Cb- 2067	132	B.17.10	Cb- 2139	204	B.17.10
Cb- 1996	61	B.17.10	Cb- 2068	133	B.17.10	Cb- 2140	205	B.17.10
Cb- 1997	62	B.17.10	Cb- 2069	134	B.17.10	Cb- 2141	206	B.17.10
Cb- 1998	63	B.17.10	Cb- 2070	135	B.17.10	Cb- 2142	207	B.17.10
Cb- 1999	64	B.17.10	Cb- 2071	136	B.17.10	Cb- 2143	208	B.17.10
Cb- 2000	65	B.17.10	Cb- 2072	137	B.17.10	Cb- 2144	209	B.17.10
Cb- 2001	66	B.17.10	Cb- 2073	138	B.17.10	Cb- 2145	210	B.17.10
Cb- 2002	67	B.17.10	Cb- 2074	139	B.17.10	Cb- 2146	211	B.17.10
Cb- 2003	68	B.17.10	Cb- 2075	140	B.17.10	Cb- 2147	212	B.17.10

Cb-2004	69	B.17.10	Cb-2076	141	B.17.10	Cb-2148	213	B.17.10
Cb-2005	70	B.17.10	Cb-2077	142	B.17.10	Cb-2149	214	B.17.10
Cb-2006	71	B.17.10	Cb-2078	143	B.17.10	Cb-2150	215	B.17.10
Cb-2007	72	B.17.10	Cb-2079	144	B.17.10			

Accordingly, the present invention furthermore relates to compositions comprising as compound I (component 1, referred to as "Co. 1") a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) as defined herein above and as compound II (component 2, referred to as "Co. 2") a herbicide as defined herein, i.e. a combination of component 1 and 2. In preferred 5 embodiments, such compositions may be selected from the component 1 of Table 3 in the column titled "Co. 1" and from component 2 of Table 3 in the column titled "Co. 2". N-n-butylthiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT) is referred to as "(W)". N-(n-propyl) thiophosphoric acid triamide (NPPT) or any mixtures comprising NBPT and NPPT, 10 wherein NBPT is present in amounts of from 1 to 99.99 wt.%, more preferably from 10 to 99.9 wt.%, most preferably from 20 to 99 wt.%, particularly preferably from 30 to 98 wt.%, more particularly preferably from 40 to 95 wt.%, most particularly preferably from 50 to 90 wt.%, especially from 60 to 85 wt.%, especially preferably from 72 to 80 wt.%, for example from 74 to 77 wt.%, in each case based on the total weight of the 15 (thio)phosphoric acid triamides (T) contained in the composition (Q), is referred to as "(Y)". N-n-butylthiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT) but not comprising any nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I is referred to as "(Z)", thus, all compositions or mixtures i517 to i774 do not comprise any nitrification inhibitor of the compound of

formula I. NBPT and/or NPPT and additionally comprising a urea-containing fertilizer is referred to as “(U)”, wherein such urea-containing fertilizer is preferably urea, formaldehyde urea, UAN, urea sulfur, stabilized urea, urea based NPK-fertilizers, or urea ammonium sulfate and is most preferably UAN. The application of the compositions or mixtures i1 to i1032 can be carried out in a way that its individual components (for example Co. 1 and Co. 2, in case of i775 to i1032 NBPT/NPPT and the urea-containing fertilizer and Co. 2) are applied either simultaneously or with a time lag as further specified below. Preferred embodiments thus include the specified combinations or compositions comprising component 1 and 2 as defined in the compositions or mixtures i1 to i1032 of the following Table 3:

Mixt.	Co.1	Co. 2	Mixt.	Co.1	Co. 2	Mixt.	Co.1	Co. 2	Mixt.	Co.1	Co. 2
i1	(W)	B.1.0	i259	(Y)	B.1.0	i517	(Z)	B.1.0	i775	(U)	B.1.0
i2	(W)	B.1.1	i260	(Y)	B.1.1	i518	(Z)	B.1.1	i776	(U)	B.1.1
i3	(W)	B.1.2	i261	(Y)	B.1.2	i519	(Z)	B.1.2	i777	(U)	B.1.2
i4	(W)	B.1.3	i262	(Y)	B.1.3	i520	(Z)	B.1.3	i778	(U)	B.1.3
i5	(W)	B.1.4	i263	(Y)	B.1.4	i521	(Z)	B.1.4	i779	(U)	B.1.4
i6	(W)	B.1.5	i264	(Y)	B.1.5	i522	(Z)	B.1.5	i780	(U)	B.1.5
i7	(W)	B.1.6	i265	(Y)	B.1.6	i523	(Z)	B.1.6	i781	(U)	B.1.6
i8	(W)	B.1.7	i266	(Y)	B.1.7	i524	(Z)	B.1.7	i782	(U)	B.1.7
i9	(W)	B.1.8	i267	(Y)	B.1.8	i525	(Z)	B.1.8	i783	(U)	B.1.8
i10	(W)	B.1.9	i268	(Y)	B.1.9	i526	(Z)	B.1.9	i784	(U)	B.1.9
i11	(W)	B.1.10	i269	(Y)	B.1.10	i527	(Z)	B.1.10	i785	(U)	B.1.10
i12	(W)	B.1.11	i270	(Y)	B.1.11	i528	(Z)	B.1.11	i786	(U)	B.1.11
i13	(W)	B.1.12	i271	(Y)	B.1.12	i529	(Z)	B.1.12	i787	(U)	B.1.12

i14	(W)	B.1.13	i272	(Y)	B.1.13	i530	(Z)	B.1.13	i788	(U)	B.1.13
i15	(W)	B.1.14	i273	(Y)	B.1.14	i531	(Z)	B.1.14	i789	(U)	B.1.14
i16	(W)	B.1.15	i274	(Y)	B.1.15	i532	(Z)	B.1.15	i790	(U)	B.1.15
i17	(W)	B.2.0	i275	(Y)	B.2.0	i533	(Z)	B.2.0	i791	(U)	B.2.0
i18	(W)	B.2.1	i276	(Y)	B.2.1	i534	(Z)	B.2.1	i792	(U)	B.2.1
i19	(W)	B.2.2	i277	(Y)	B.2.2	i535	(Z)	B.2.2	i793	(U)	B.2.2
i20	(W)	B.2.3	i278	(Y)	B.2.3	i536	(Z)	B.2.3	i794	(U)	B.2.3
i21	(W)	B.2.4	i279	(Y)	B.2.4	i537	(Z)	B.2.4	i795	(U)	B.2.4
i22	(W)	B.3.0	i280	(Y)	B.3.0	i538	(Z)	B.3.0	i796	(U)	B.3.0
i23	(W)	B.3.1	i281	(Y)	B.3.1	i539	(Z)	B.3.1	i797	(U)	B.3.1
i24	(W)	B.3.2	i282	(Y)	B.3.2	i540	(Z)	B.3.2	i798	(U)	B.3.2
i25	(W)	B.3.3	i283	(Y)	B.3.3	i541	(Z)	B.3.3	i799	(U)	B.3.3
i26	(W)	B.3.4	i284	(Y)	B.3.4	i542	(Z)	B.3.4	i800	(U)	B.3.4
i27	(W)	B.3.5	i285	(Y)	B.3.5	i543	(Z)	B.3.5	i801	(U)	B.3.5
i28	(W)	B.3.6	i286	(Y)	B.3.6	i544	(Z)	B.3.6	i802	(U)	B.3.6
i29	(W)	B.3.7	i287	(Y)	B.3.7	i545	(Z)	B.3.7	i803	(U)	B.3.7
i30	(W)	B.3.8	i288	(Y)	B.3.8	i546	(Z)	B.3.8	i804	(U)	B.3.8
i31	(W)	B.3.9	i289	(Y)	B.3.9	i547	(Z)	B.3.9	i805	(U)	B.3.9
i32	(W)	B.4.0	i290	(Y)	B.4.0	i548	(Z)	B.4.0	i806	(U)	B.4.0
i33	(W)	B.4.1	i291	(Y)	B.4.1	i549	(Z)	B.4.1	i807	(U)	B.4.1
i34	(W)	B.4.2	i292	(Y)	B.4.2	i550	(Z)	B.4.2	i808	(U)	B.4.2
i35	(W)	B.5.0	i293	(Y)	B.5.0	i551	(Z)	B.5.0	i809	(U)	B.5.0
i36	(W)	B.5.1	i294	(Y)	B.5.1	i552	(Z)	B.5.1	i810	(U)	B.5.1
i37	(W)	B.5.2	i295	(Y)	B.5.2	i553	(Z)	B.5.2	i811	(U)	B.5.2
i38	(W)	B.5.3	i296	(Y)	B.5.3	i554	(Z)	B.5.3	i812	(U)	B.5.3

i39	(W)	B.5.4	i297	(Y)	B.5.4	i555	(Z)	B.5.4	i813	(U)	B.5.4
i40	(W)	B.5.5	i298	(Y)	B.5.5	i556	(Z)	B.5.5	i814	(U)	B.5.5
i41	(W)	B.5.6	i299	(Y)	B.5.6	i557	(Z)	B.5.6	i815	(U)	B.5.6
i42	(W)	B.5.7	i300	(Y)	B.5.7	i558	(Z)	B.5.7	i816	(U)	B.5.7
i43	(W)	B.5.8	i301	(Y)	B.5.8	i559	(Z)	B.5.8	i817	(U)	B.5.8
i44	(W)	B.5.9	i302	(Y)	B.5.9	i560	(Z)	B.5.9	i818	(U)	B.5.9
i45	(W)	B.5.10	i303	(Y)	B.5.10	i561	(Z)	B.5.10	i819	(U)	B.5.10
i46	(W)	B.5.11	i304	(Y)	B.5.11	i562	(Z)	B.5.11	i820	(U)	B.5.11
i47	(W)	B.5.12	i305	(Y)	B.5.12	i563	(Z)	B.5.12	i821	(U)	B.5.12
i48	(W)	B.5.13	i306	(Y)	B.5.13	i564	(Z)	B.5.13	i822	(U)	B.5.13
i49	(W)	B.5.14	i307	(Y)	B.5.14	i565	(Z)	B.5.14	i823	(U)	B.5.14
i50	(W)	B.6.0	i308	(Y)	B.6.0	i566	(Z)	B.6.0	i824	(U)	B.6.0
i51	(W)	B.6.1	i309	(Y)	B.6.1	i567	(Z)	B.6.1	i825	(U)	B.6.1
i52	(W)	B.6.2	i310	(Y)	B.6.2	i568	(Z)	B.6.2	i826	(U)	B.6.2
i53	(W)	B.6.3	i311	(Y)	B.6.3	i569	(Z)	B.6.3	i827	(U)	B.6.3
i54	(W)	B.6.4	i312	(Y)	B.6.4	i570	(Z)	B.6.4	i828	(U)	B.6.4
i55	(W)	B.6.5	i313	(Y)	B.6.5	i571	(Z)	B.6.5	i829	(U)	B.6.5
i56	(W)	B.6.6	i314	(Y)	B.6.6	i572	(Z)	B.6.6	i830	(U)	B.6.6
i57	(W)	B.6.7	i315	(Y)	B.6.7	i573	(Z)	B.6.7	i831	(U)	B.6.7
i58	(W)	B.7.0	i316	(Y)	B.7.0	i574	(Z)	B.7.0	i832	(U)	B.7.0
i59	(W)	B.7.1	i317	(Y)	B.7.1	i575	(Z)	B.7.1	i833	(U)	B.7.1
i60	(W)	B.7.2	i318	(Y)	B.7.2	i576	(Z)	B.7.2	i834	(U)	B.7.2
i61	(W)	B.7.3	i319	(Y)	B.7.3	i577	(Z)	B.7.3	i835	(U)	B.7.3
i62	(W)	B.7.4	i320	(Y)	B.7.4	i578	(Z)	B.7.4	i836	(U)	B.7.4
i63	(W)	B.7.5	i321	(Y)	B.7.5	i579	(Z)	B.7.5	i837	(U)	B.7.5

i64	(W)	B.7.6	i322	(Y)	B.7.6	i580	(Z)	B.7.6	i838	(U)	B.7.6
i65	(W)	B.8.0	i323	(Y)	B.8.0	i581	(Z)	B.8.0	i839	(U)	B.8.0
i66	(W)	B.8.1	i324	(Y)	B.8.1	i582	(Z)	B.8.1	i840	(U)	B.8.1
i67	(W)	B.8.2	i325	(Y)	B.8.2	i583	(Z)	B.8.2	i841	(U)	B.8.2
i68	(W)	B.8.3	i326	(Y)	B.8.3	i584	(Z)	B.8.3	i842	(U)	B.8.3
i69	(W)	B.8.4	i327	(Y)	B.8.4	i585	(Z)	B.8.4	i843	(U)	B.8.4
i70	(W)	B.8.5	i328	(Y)	B.8.5	i586	(Z)	B.8.5	i844	(U)	B.8.5
i71	(W)	B.8.6	i329	(Y)	B.8.6	i587	(Z)	B.8.6	i845	(U)	B.8.6
i72	(W)	B.8.7	i330	(Y)	B.8.7	i588	(Z)	B.8.7	i846	(U)	B.8.7
i73	(W)	B.8.8	i331	(Y)	B.8.8	i589	(Z)	B.8.8	i847	(U)	B.8.8
i74	(W)	B.9.0	i332	(Y)	B.9.0	i590	(Z)	B.9.0	i848	(U)	B.9.0
i75	(W)	B.9.1	i333	(Y)	B.9.1	i591	(Z)	B.9.1	i849	(U)	B.9.1
i76	(W)	B.9.2	i334	(Y)	B.9.2	i592	(Z)	B.9.2	i850	(U)	B.9.2
i77	(W)	B.9.3	i335	(Y)	B.9.3	i593	(Z)	B.9.3	i851	(U)	B.9.3
i78	(W)	B.10.0	i336	(Y)	B.10.0	i594	(Z)	B.10.0	i852	(U)	B.10.0
i79	(W)	B.10.1	i337	(Y)	B.10.1	i595	(Z)	B.10.1	i853	(U)	B.10.1
i80	(W)	B.10.2	i338	(Y)	B.10.2	i596	(Z)	B.10.2	i854	(U)	B.10.2
i81	(W)	B.10.3	i339	(Y)	B.10.3	i597	(Z)	B.10.3	i855	(U)	B.10.3
i82	(W)	B.10.4	i340	(Y)	B.10.4	i598	(Z)	B.10.4	i856	(U)	B.10.4
i83	(W)	B.10.5	i341	(Y)	B.10.5	i599	(Z)	B.10.5	i857	(U)	B.10.5
i84	(W)	B.10.6	i342	(Y)	B.10.6	i600	(Z)	B.10.6	i858	(U)	B.10.6
i85	(W)	B.11.0	i343	(Y)	B.11.0	i601	(Z)	B.11.0	i859	(U)	B.11.0
i86	(W)	B.11.1	i344	(Y)	B.11.1	i602	(Z)	B.11.1	i860	(U)	B.11.1
i87	(W)	B.11.2	i345	(Y)	B.11.2	i603	(Z)	B.11.2	i861	(U)	B.11.2
i88	(W)	B.11.3	i346	(Y)	B.11.3	i604	(Z)	B.11.3	i862	(U)	B.11.3

i89	(W)	B.11.4	i347	(Y)	B.11.4	i605	(Z)	B.11.4	i863	(U)	B.11.4
i90	(W)	B.11.5	i348	(Y)	B.11.5	i606	(Z)	B.11.5	i864	(U)	B.11.5
i91	(W)	B.11.6	i349	(Y)	B.11.6	i607	(Z)	B.11.6	i865	(U)	B.11.6
i92	(W)	B.11.7	i350	(Y)	B.11.7	i608	(Z)	B.11.7	i866	(U)	B.11.7
i93	(W)	B.11.8	i351	(Y)	B.11.8	i609	(Z)	B.11.8	i867	(U)	B.11.8
i94	(W)	B.11.9	i352	(Y)	B.11.9	i610	(Z)	B.11.9	i868	(U)	B.11.9
i95	(W)	B.11.10	i353	(Y)	B.11.10	i611	(Z)	B.11.10	i869	(U)	B.11.10
i96	(W)	B.11.11	i354	(Y)	B.11.11	i612	(Z)	B.11.11	i870	(U)	B.11.11
i97	(W)	B.11.12	i355	(Y)	B.11.12	i613	(Z)	B.11.12	i871	(U)	B.11.12
i98	(W)	B.11.13	i356	(Y)	B.11.13	i614	(Z)	B.11.13	i872	(U)	B.11.13
i99	(W)	B.11.14	i357	(Y)	B.11.14	i615	(Z)	B.11.14	i873	(U)	B.11.14
i100	(W)	B.12.0	i358	(Y)	B.12.0	i616	(Z)	B.12.0	i874	(U)	B.12.0
i101	(W)	B.12.1	i359	(Y)	B.12.1	i617	(Z)	B.12.1	i875	(U)	B.12.1
i102	(W)	B.12.2	i360	(Y)	B.12.2	i618	(Z)	B.12.2	i876	(U)	B.12.2
i103	(W)	B.12.3	i361	(Y)	B.12.3	i619	(Z)	B.12.3	i877	(U)	B.12.3
i104	(W)	B.12.4	i362	(Y)	B.12.4	i620	(Z)	B.12.4	i878	(U)	B.12.4
i105	(W)	B.12.5	i363	(Y)	B.12.5	i621	(Z)	B.12.5	i879	(U)	B.12.5
i106	(W)	B.12.6	i364	(Y)	B.12.6	i622	(Z)	B.12.6	i880	(U)	B.12.6
i107	(W)	B.12.7	i365	(Y)	B.12.7	i623	(Z)	B.12.7	i881	(U)	B.12.7
i108	(W)	B.12.8	i366	(Y)	B.12.8	i624	(Z)	B.12.8	i882	(U)	B.12.8
i109	(W)	B.12.9	i367	(Y)	B.12.9	i625	(Z)	B.12.9	i883	(U)	B.12.9
i110	(W)	B.13.0	i368	(Y)	B.13.0	i626	(Z)	B.13.0	i884	(U)	B.13.0
i111	(W)	B.13.1	i369	(Y)	B.13.1	i627	(Z)	B.13.1	i885	(U)	B.13.1
i112	(W)	B.13.2	i370	(Y)	B.13.2	i628	(Z)	B.13.2	i886	(U)	B.13.2
i113	(W)	B.13.3	i371	(Y)	B.13.3	i629	(Z)	B.13.3	i887	(U)	B.13.3

i114	(W)	B.13.4	i372	(Y)	B.13.4	i630	(Z)	B.13.4	i888	(U)	B.13.4
i115	(W)	B.13.5	i373	(Y)	B.13.5	i631	(Z)	B.13.5	i889	(U)	B.13.5
i116	(W)	B.13.6	i374	(Y)	B.13.6	i632	(Z)	B.13.6	i890	(U)	B.13.6
i117	(W)	B.13.7	i375	(Y)	B.13.7	i633	(Z)	B.13.7	i891	(U)	B.13.7
i118	(W)	B.13.8	i376	(Y)	B.13.8	i634	(Z)	B.13.8	i892	(U)	B.13.8
i119	(W)	B.13.9	i377	(Y)	B.13.9	i635	(Z)	B.13.9	i893	(U)	B.13.9
i120	(W)	B.13.10	i378	(Y)	B.13.10	i636	(Z)	B.13.10	i894	(U)	B.13.10
i121	(W)	B.13.11	i379	(Y)	B.13.11	i637	(Z)	B.13.11	i895	(U)	B.13.11
i122	(W)	B.13.12	i380	(Y)	B.13.12	i638	(Z)	B.13.12	i896	(U)	B.13.12
i123	(W)	B.13.13	i381	(Y)	B.13.13	i639	(Z)	B.13.13	i897	(U)	B.13.13
i124	(W)	B.13.14	i382	(Y)	B.13.14	i640	(Z)	B.13.14	i898	(U)	B.13.14
i125	(W)	B.13.15	i383	(Y)	B.13.15	i641	(Z)	B.13.15	i899	(U)	B.13.15
i126	(W)	B.13.16	i384	(Y)	B.13.16	i642	(Z)	B.13.16	i900	(U)	B.13.16
i127	(W)	B.13.17	i385	(Y)	B.13.17	i643	(Z)	B.13.17	i901	(U)	B.13.17
i128	(W)	B.13.18	i386	(Y)	B.13.18	i644	(Z)	B.13.18	i902	(U)	B.13.18
i129	(W)	B.13.19	i387	(Y)	B.13.19	i645	(Z)	B.13.19	i903	(U)	B.13.19
i130	(W)	B.13.20	i388	(Y)	B.13.20	i646	(Z)	B.13.20	i904	(U)	B.13.20
i131	(W)	B.13.21	i389	(Y)	B.13.21	i647	(Z)	B.13.21	i905	(U)	B.13.21
i132	(W)	B.13.22	i390	(Y)	B.13.22	i648	(Z)	B.13.22	i906	(U)	B.13.22
i133	(W)	B.13.23	i391	(Y)	B.13.23	i649	(Z)	B.13.23	i907	(U)	B.13.23
i134	(W)	B.13.24	i392	(Y)	B.13.24	i650	(Z)	B.13.24	i908	(U)	B.13.24
i135	(W)	B.13.25	i393	(Y)	B.13.25	i651	(Z)	B.13.25	i909	(U)	B.13.25
i136	(W)	B.13.26	i394	(Y)	B.13.26	i652	(Z)	B.13.26	i910	(U)	B.13.26
i137	(W)	B.13.27	i395	(Y)	B.13.27	i653	(Z)	B.13.27	i911	(U)	B.13.27
i138	(W)	B.13.28	i396	(Y)	B.13.28	i654	(Z)	B.13.28	i912	(U)	B.13.28

i139	(W)	B.13.29	i397	(Y)	B.13.29	i655	(Z)	B.13.29	i913	(U)	B.13.29
i140	(W)	B.13.30	i398	(Y)	B.13.30	i656	(Z)	B.13.30	i914	(U)	B.13.30
i141	(W)	B.13.31	i399	(Y)	B.13.31	i657	(Z)	B.13.31	i915	(U)	B.13.31
i142	(W)	B.13.32	i400	(Y)	B.13.32	i658	(Z)	B.13.32	i916	(U)	B.13.32
i143	(W)	B.13.33	i401	(Y)	B.13.33	i659	(Z)	B.13.33	i917	(U)	B.13.33
i144	(W)	B.14.0	i402	(Y)	B.14.0	i660	(Z)	B.14.0	i918	(U)	B.14.0
i145	(W)	B.14.1	i403	(Y)	B.14.1	i661	(Z)	B.14.1	i919	(U)	B.14.1
i146	(W)	B.14.2	i404	(Y)	B.14.2	i662	(Z)	B.14.2	i920	(U)	B.14.2
i147	(W)	B.14.3	i405	(Y)	B.14.3	i663	(Z)	B.14.3	i921	(U)	B.14.3
i148	(W)	B.14.4	i406	(Y)	B.14.4	i664	(Z)	B.14.4	i922	(U)	B.14.4
i149	(W)	B.14.5	i407	(Y)	B.14.5	i665	(Z)	B.14.5	i923	(U)	B.14.5
i150	(W)	B.14.6	i408	(Y)	B.14.6	i666	(Z)	B.14.6	i924	(U)	B.14.6
i151	(W)	B.14.7	i409	(Y)	B.14.7	i667	(Z)	B.14.7	i925	(U)	B.14.7
i152	(W)	B.14.8	i410	(Y)	B.14.8	i668	(Z)	B.14.8	i926	(U)	B.14.8
i153	(W)	B.14.9	i411	(Y)	B.14.9	i669	(Z)	B.14.9	i927	(U)	B.14.9
i154	(W)	B.14.10	i412	(Y)	B.14.10	i670	(Z)	B.14.10	i928	(U)	B.14.10
i155	(W)	B.14.11	i413	(Y)	B.14.11	i671	(Z)	B.14.11	i929	(U)	B.14.11
i156	(W)	B.14.12	i414	(Y)	B.14.12	i672	(Z)	B.14.12	i930	(U)	B.14.12
i157	(W)	B.14.13	i415	(Y)	B.14.13	i673	(Z)	B.14.13	i931	(U)	B.14.13
i158	(W)	B.15.0	i416	(Y)	B.15.0	i674	(Z)	B.15.0	i932	(U)	B.15.0
i159	(W)	B.15.1	i417	(Y)	B.15.1	i675	(Z)	B.15.1	i933	(U)	B.15.1
i160	(W)	B.15.2	i418	(Y)	B.15.2	i676	(Z)	B.15.2	i934	(U)	B.15.2
i161	(W)	B.15.3	i419	(Y)	B.15.3	i677	(Z)	B.15.3	i935	(U)	B.15.3
i162	(W)	B.15.4	i420	(Y)	B.15.4	i678	(Z)	B.15.4	i936	(U)	B.15.4
i163	(W)	B.15.5	i421	(Y)	B.15.5	i679	(Z)	B.15.5	i937	(U)	B.15.5

i164	(W)	B.15.6	i422	(Y)	B.15.6	i680	(Z)	B.15.6	i938	(U)	B.15.6
i165	(W)	B.15.7	i423	(Y)	B.15.7	i681	(Z)	B.15.7	i939	(U)	B.15.7
i166	(W)	B.15.8	i424	(Y)	B.15.8	i682	(Z)	B.15.8	i940	(U)	B.15.8
i167	(W)	B.16.0	i425	(Y)	B.16.0	i683	(Z)	B.16.0	i941	(U)	B.16.0
i168	(W)	B.16.1	i426	(Y)	B.16.1	i684	(Z)	B.16.1	i942	(U)	B.16.1
i169	(W)	B.16.2	i427	(Y)	B.16.2	i685	(Z)	B.16.2	i943	(U)	B.16.2
i170	(W)	B.16.3	i428	(Y)	B.16.3	i686	(Z)	B.16.3	i944	(U)	B.16.3
i171	(W)	B.16.4	i429	(Y)	B.16.4	i687	(Z)	B.16.4	i945	(U)	B.16.4
i172	(W)	B.16.5	i430	(Y)	B.16.5	i688	(Z)	B.16.5	i946	(U)	B.16.5
i173	(W)	B.16.6	i431	(Y)	B.16.6	i689	(Z)	B.16.6	i947	(U)	B.16.6
i174	(W)	B.16.7	i432	(Y)	B.16.7	i690	(Z)	B.16.7	i948	(U)	B.16.7
i175	(W)	B.16.8	i433	(Y)	B.16.8	i691	(Z)	B.16.8	i949	(U)	B.16.8
i176	(W)	B.16.9	i434	(Y)	B.16.9	i692	(Z)	B.16.9	i950	(U)	B.16.9
i177	(W)	B.16.10	i435	(Y)	B.16.10	i693	(Z)	B.16.10	i951	(U)	B.16.10
i178	(W)	B.16.11	i436	(Y)	B.16.11	i694	(Z)	B.16.11	i952	(U)	B.16.11
i179	(W)	B.16.12	i437	(Y)	B.16.12	i695	(Z)	B.16.12	i953	(U)	B.16.12
i180	(W)	B.16.13	i438	(Y)	B.16.13	i696	(Z)	B.16.13	i954	(U)	B.16.13
i181	(W)	B.16.14	i439	(Y)	B.16.14	i697	(Z)	B.16.14	i955	(U)	B.16.14
i182	(W)	B.16.15	i440	(Y)	B.16.15	i698	(Z)	B.16.15	i956	(U)	B.16.15
i183	(W)	B.16.16	i441	(Y)	B.16.16	i699	(Z)	B.16.16	i957	(U)	B.16.16
i184	(W)	B.16.17	i442	(Y)	B.16.17	i700	(Z)	B.16.17	i958	(U)	B.16.17
i185	(W)	B.16.18	i443	(Y)	B.16.18	i701	(Z)	B.16.18	i959	(U)	B.16.18
i186	(W)	B.17.1	i444	(Y)	B.17.1	i702	(Z)	B.17.1	i960	(U)	B.17.1
i187	(W)	B.17.2	i445	(Y)	B.17.2	i703	(Z)	B.17.2	i961	(U)	B.17.2
i188	(W)	B.17.3	i446	(Y)	B.17.3	i704	(Z)	B.17.3	i962	(U)	B.17.3

i189	(W)	B.17.4	i447	(Y)	B.17.4	i705	(Z)	B.17.4	i963	(U)	B.17.4
i190	(W)	B.17.5	i448	(Y)	B.17.5	i706	(Z)	B.17.5	i964	(U)	B.17.5
i191	(W)	B.17.6	i449	(Y)	B.17.6	i707	(Z)	B.17.6	i965	(U)	B.17.6
i192	(W)	B.17.7	i450	(Y)	B.17.7	i708	(Z)	B.17.7	i966	(U)	B.17.7
i193	(W)	B.17.8	i451	(Y)	B.17.8	i709	(Z)	B.17.8	i967	(U)	B.17.8
i194	(W)	B.17.9	i452	(Y)	B.17.9	i710	(Z)	B.17.9	i968	(U)	B.17.9
i195	(W)	B.17.10	i453	(Y)	B.17.10	i711	(Z)	B.17.10	i969	(U)	B.17.10
i196	(W)	B.17.11	i454	(Y)	B.17.11	i712	(Z)	B.17.11	i970	(U)	B.17.11
i197	(W)	B.17.12	i455	(Y)	B.17.12	i713	(Z)	B.17.12	i971	(U)	B.17.12
i198	(W)	B.17.13	i456	(Y)	B.17.13	i714	(Z)	B.17.13	i972	(U)	B.17.13
i199	(W)	B.17.14	i457	(Y)	B.17.14	i715	(Z)	B.17.14	i973	(U)	B.17.14
i200	(W)	B.17.15	i458	(Y)	B.17.15	i716	(Z)	B.17.15	i974	(U)	B.17.15
i201	(W)	B.17.16	i459	(Y)	B.17.16	i717	(Z)	B.17.16	i975	(U)	B.17.16
i202	(W)	B.17.17	i460	(Y)	B.17.17	i718	(Z)	B.17.17	i976	(U)	B.17.17
i203	(W)	B.17.18	i461	(Y)	B.17.18	i719	(Z)	B.17.18	i977	(U)	B.17.18
i204	(W)	B.17.19	i462	(Y)	B.17.19	i720	(Z)	B.17.19	i978	(U)	B.17.19
i205	(W)	B.17.20	i463	(Y)	B.17.20	i721	(Z)	B.17.20	i979	(U)	B.17.20
i206	(W)	B.17.21	i464	(Y)	B.17.21	i722	(Z)	B.17.21	i980	(U)	B.17.21
i207	(W)	B.17.22	i465	(Y)	B.17.22	i723	(Z)	B.17.22	i981	(U)	B.17.22
i208	(W)	B.17.23	i466	(Y)	B.17.23	i724	(Z)	B.17.23	i982	(U)	B.17.23
i209	(W)	B.17.24	i467	(Y)	B.17.24	i725	(Z)	B.17.24	i983	(U)	B.17.24
i210	(W)	B.17.25	i468	(Y)	B.17.25	i726	(Z)	B.17.25	i984	(U)	B.17.25
i211	(W)	B.17.26	i469	(Y)	B.17.26	i727	(Z)	B.17.26	i985	(U)	B.17.26
i212	(W)	B.17.27	i470	(Y)	B.17.27	i728	(Z)	B.17.27	i986	(U)	B.17.27
i213	(W)	B.17.28	i471	(Y)	B.17.28	i729	(Z)	B.17.28	i987	(U)	B.17.28

i214	(W)	B.17.29	i472	(Y)	B.17.29	i730	(Z)	B.17.29	i988	(U)	B.17.29
i215	(W)	B.17.30	i473	(Y)	B.17.30	i731	(Z)	B.17.30	i989	(U)	B.17.30
i216	(W)	B.17.31	i474	(Y)	B.17.31	i732	(Z)	B.17.31	i990	(U)	B.17.31
i217	(W)	B.17.32	i475	(Y)	B.17.32	i733	(Z)	B.17.32	i991	(U)	B.17.32
i218	(W)	B.17.33	i476	(Y)	B.17.33	i734	(Z)	B.17.33	i992	(U)	B.17.33
i219	(W)	B.17.34	i477	(Y)	B.17.34	i735	(Z)	B.17.34	i993	(U)	B.17.34
i220	(W)	B.17.35	i478	(Y)	B.17.35	i736	(Z)	B.17.35	i994	(U)	B.17.35
i221	(W)	B.17.36	i479	(Y)	B.17.36	i737	(Z)	B.17.36	i995	(U)	B.17.36
i222	(W)	B.17.37	i480	(Y)	B.17.37	i738	(Z)	B.17.37	i996	(U)	B.17.37
i223	(W)	B.17.38	i481	(Y)	B.17.38	i739	(Z)	B.17.38	i997	(U)	B.17.38
i224	(W)	B.17.39	i482	(Y)	B.17.39	i740	(Z)	B.17.39	i998	(U)	B.17.39
i225	(W)	B.17.40	i483	(Y)	B.17.40	i741	(Z)	B.17.40	i999	(U)	B.17.40
i226	(W)	B.17.41	i484	(Y)	B.17.41	i742	(Z)	B.17.41	i1000	(U)	B.17.41
i227	(W)	B.17.42	i485	(Y)	B.17.42	i743	(Z)	B.17.42	i1001	(U)	B.17.42
i228	(W)	B.17.43	i486	(Y)	B.17.43	i744	(Z)	B.17.43	i1002	(U)	B.17.43
i229	(W)	B.17.44	i487	(Y)	B.17.44	i745	(Z)	B.17.44	i1003	(U)	B.17.44
i230	(W)	B.17.45	i488	(Y)	B.17.45	i746	(Z)	B.17.45	i1004	(U)	B.17.45
i231	(W)	B.17.46	i489	(Y)	B.17.46	i747	(Z)	B.17.46	i1005	(U)	B.17.46
i232	(W)	B.17.47	i490	(Y)	B.17.47	i748	(Z)	B.17.47	i1006	(U)	B.17.47
i233	(W)	B.17.48	i491	(Y)	B.17.48	i749	(Z)	B.17.48	i1007	(U)	B.17.48
i234	(W)	B.17.49	i492	(Y)	B.17.49	i750	(Z)	B.17.49	i1008	(U)	B.17.49
i235	(W)	B.17.50	i493	(Y)	B.17.50	i751	(Z)	B.17.50	i1009	(U)	B.17.50
i236	(W)	B.17.51	i494	(Y)	B.17.51	i752	(Z)	B.17.51	i1010	(U)	B.17.51
i237	(W)	B.17.52	i495	(Y)	B.17.52	i753	(Z)	B.17.52	i1011	(U)	B.17.52
i238	(W)	B.17.53	i496	(Y)	B.17.53	i754	(Z)	B.17.53	i1012	(U)	B.17.53

i239	(W)	B.17.54	i497	(Y)	B.17.54	i755	(Z)	B.17.54	i1013	(U)	B.17.54
i240	(W)	B.17.55	i498	(Y)	B.17.55	i756	(Z)	B.17.55	i1014	(U)	B.17.55
i241	(W)	B.17.56	i499	(Y)	B.17.56	i757	(Z)	B.17.56	i1015	(U)	B.17.56
i242	(W)	B.17.57	i500	(Y)	B.17.57	i758	(Z)	B.17.57	i1016	(U)	B.17.57
i243	(W)	B.17.58	i501	(Y)	B.17.58	i759	(Z)	B.17.58	i1017	(U)	B.17.58
i244	(W)	B.17.59	i502	(Y)	B.17.59	i760	(Z)	B.17.59	i1018	(U)	B.17.59
i245	(W)	B.17.60	i503	(Y)	B.17.60	i761	(Z)	B.17.60	i1019	(U)	B.17.60
i246	(W)	B.17.61	i504	(Y)	B.17.61	i762	(Z)	B.17.61	i1020	(U)	B.17.61
i247	(W)	B.17.62	i505	(Y)	B.17.62	i763	(Z)	B.17.62	i1021	(U)	B.17.62
i248	(W)	B.17.63	i506	(Y)	B.17.63	i764	(Z)	B.17.63	i1022	(U)	B.17.63
i249	(W)	B.17.64	i507	(Y)	B.17.64	i765	(Z)	B.17.64	i1023	(U)	B.17.64
i250	(W)	B.17.65	i508	(Y)	B.17.65	i766	(Z)	B.17.65	i1024	(U)	B.17.65
i251	(W)	B.17.66	i509	(Y)	B.17.66	i767	(Z)	B.17.66	i1025	(U)	B.17.66
i252	(W)	B.17.67	i510	(Y)	B.17.67	i768	(Z)	B.17.67	i1026	(U)	B.17.67
i253	(W)	B.17.68	i511	(Y)	B.17.68	i769	(Z)	B.17.68	i1027	(U)	B.17.68
i254	(W)	B.17.69	i512	(Y)	B.17.69	i770	(Z)	B.17.69	i1028	(U)	B.17.69
i255	(W)	B.17.70	i513	(Y)	B.17.70	i771	(Z)	B.17.70	i1029	(U)	B.17.70
i256	(W)	B.17.71	i514	(Y)	B.17.71	i772	(Z)	B.17.71	i1030	(U)	B.17.71
i257	(W)	B.17.72	i515	(Y)	B.17.72	i773	(Z)	B.17.72	i1031	(U)	B.17.72
i258	(W)	B.17.73	i516	(Y)	B.17.73	i774	(Z)	B.17.73	i1032	(U)	B.17.73

In further specific embodiments, the present invention relates to compositions comprising as compound I (component A) at least one nitrification inhibitor as defined in Table 1, i.e. at least one of compound A #1 to #215 and as compound II (component

5 B) at least one herbicide selected from B.1.1, B.1.2, B.1.3, B.1.4, B.1.5, B.1.6, B.2.2,

B.2.3, B.3.1, B.3.2, B.3.3, B.3.4, B.4.1, B.5.1, B.6.1, B.6.3, B.6.4, B.6.5, B.7.1, B.7.2, B.7.3, B.8.1, B.10.2, B.10.3, B.10.4, B.10.5, B.11.1, B.11.2, B.12.1, B.12.2, B.12.3, B.12.4, B.13.1, B.13.2, B.13.3, B.13.4, B.13.5, B.13.6, B.13.8, B.13.9, B.14.1, B.14.2, B.15.1, B.16.1, B.16.2, B.17.1, B.17.3, B.17.4, B.17.6, B.17.7, B.17.8, B.17.9, B.17.11, 5 and B.17.12, as defined herein above.

In further specific embodiments, the present invention relates to compositions comprising

- as compound I N-n-butylthiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT), or N-(n-propyl) 10 thiophosphoric acid triamide (NPPT), or any mixtures comprising NBPT and NPPT and

- as compound II at least one herbicide selected from B.1.1, B.1.2, B.1.3, B.1.4, B.1.5, B.1.6, B.2.2, B.2.3, B.3.1, B.3.2, B.3.3, B.3.4, B.4.1, B.5.1, B.6.1, B.6.3, B.6.4, B.6.5, B.7.1, B.7.2, B.7.3, B.8.1, B.10.2, B.10.3, B.10.4, B.10.5, B.11.1, B.11.2, 15 B.12.1, B.12.2, B.12.3, B.12.4, B.13.1, B.13.2, B.13.3, B.13.4, B.13.5, B.13.6, B.13.8, B.13.9, B.14.1, B.14.2, B.15.1, B.16.1, B.16.2, B.17.1, B.17.3, B.17.4, B.17.6, B.17.7, B.17.8, B.17.9, B.17.11, and B.17.12, as defined herein above, more preferably as compound II at least one herbicide selected from dicamba (B.17.5), glyphosate (B.2.1), propaquizafop (B.3.5), cycloxydim (B.6.2), bomoxylin (B.9.1), imazamox 20 (B.10.1), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), tribenuron (B.13.10), saflufenacil (B.17.10), topramezone (B.17.2), dimethenamid (B.1.2), and 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1), most preferably as compound II at least one herbicide selected from dicamba (B.17.5), glyphosate (B.2.1), saflufenacil (B.17.10), dimethenamid (B.1.2), and 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1).

In further specific embodiments, the present invention relates to the use of compositions for increasing the health of a plant, which comprise the combination of a herbicide and (T) or a nitrification inhibitor as defined herein and additionally a fertilizer. Such compositions may be used and provided as agrochemical mixtures.

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The use of a combination as defined herein above, in particular of a combination of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above and a herbicide as defined herein above, or of a composition as defined herein for increasing the health of a plant may be a single use, or it may be a repeated use. As single use, the combination or corresponding compositions may be provided to their target sites, e.g. soil or loci, or objects, e.g. plants, only once in a physiologically relevant time interval, e.g. once a year, or once every 2 to 5 years, or once during the lifetime of a plant.

In other embodiments, the use may be repeated at least once per time period, e.g. the combination as defined herein above, or a composition as defined herein may be used for increasing the health of a plant two times within a time interval of days, weeks or months. The term "at least once" as used in the context of a use of the combination means that the combination may be used two times, or several times, i.e. that a repetition or multiple repetitions of an application or treatment with the combination may be envisaged. Such a repetition may be 2 times, 3 times, 4 times, 5 times, 6 times, 7 times, 8 times, 9 times, 10 times or more frequent repetition of the use.

The combination according to the present invention or its components may be used in any suitable form. For example, it may be used as coated or uncoated granule, in liquid or semi-liquid form, as sprayable entity, or in irrigation approaches etc. In further embodiments, the components may be used in different forms. In specific embodi-

ments, the components may be applied or used as such, i.e. without formulations, fertilizer, additional water, coatings, or any further ingredient.

The term "irrigation" as used herein refers to the watering of plants or loci or soils or soil substituents where a plant grows or is intended to grow, wherein said watering includes the provision of the combination or a corresponding composition according to the present invention together with water.

In a further aspect the invention relates to a composition for increasing the health of a plant comprising (T) or at least one nitrification inhibitor wherein said nitrification inhibitor is a compound of formula I or a derivative as defined herein above; and at least one herbicide as defined herein above. In a preferred embodiment, the composition comprises the combination of nitrification inhibitor and herbicide as defined in Table 2, supra. In another preferred embodiment, the composition comprises the combination of a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) and herbicide as defined in Table 3, supra. In another preferred embodiment, the composition for increasing the health of a plant comprises the combination of a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) and herbicide as defined in Table 3, supra. In another preferred embodiment, the composition for increasing the herbicidal activity of a herbicide comprises the combination of a (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) and herbicide as defined in Table 3, supra.

In further specific embodiments, the agricultural composition further comprises a carrier.

The term "composition for increasing the health of a plant" as used herein refers to a composition which is suitable, e.g. comprises effective concentrations and amounts of

ingredients such as (T) or nitrification inhibitors, in particular compounds of formula I or derivatives as defined herein, and herbicides for. This includes the reduction of nitrification in any context or environment in which nitrification may occur and the reduction of biotic stress factors due to a herbicidal effect to competing plants such as weeds. In one embodiment, the nitrification and biotic stress may be reduced in or on or at the locus of a plant. Typically, the nitrification may be reduced in the root zone of a plant. In specific embodiments, the composition may be an agricultural composition, i.e. a composition adapted to the use in the agricultural field. "Effective amounts" or "effective concentrations" of (T) or nitrification inhibitors and herbicides as defined herein may be determined according to suitable in vitro and in vivo testings known to the skilled person. These amounts and concentrations may be adjusted to the locus, plant, soil, climate conditions or any other suitable parameter which may have an influence on nitrification processes, and/or on competitive plant growth.

15 An "carrier" as used herein is a substance or composition which facilitates the delivery and/or release of the ingredients to the place or locus of destination. The term includes, for instance, agrochemical carriers which facilitate the delivery and/or release of agrochemicals in their field of use, in particular on or into plants.

20 Examples of suitable carriers include solid carriers such as phytogels, or hydrogels, or mineral earths e.g. silicates, silica gels, talc, kaolins, limestone, lime, chalk, bole, loess, clays, dolomite, diatomaceous earth, calcium sulfate, magnesium sulfate, magnesium oxide, ground synthetic materials, fertilizers, such as, e.g., urea, urea based NPK, UAN, ammonium sulfate, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate, ureas, and
25 products of vegetable origin, such as cereal meal, tree bark meal, wood meal and nut-shell meal, cellulose powders and other solid carriers. Further suitable examples of

carriers include fumed silica or precipitated silica, which may, for instance, be used in solid formulations as flow aid, anti-caking aid, milling aid and as carrier for liquid active ingredients. Additional examples of suitable carriers are microparticles, for instance microparticles which stick to plant leaves and release their content over a certain period of time. In specific embodiments, agrochemical carriers such as composite gel microparticles that can be used to deliver plant-protection active principles, e.g. as described in US 6,180,141; or compositions comprising at least one phytoactive compound and an encapsulating adjuvant, wherein the adjuvant comprises a fungal cell or a fragment thereof, e.g. as described in WO 2005/102045; or carrier granules, coated with a lipophilic tackifier on the surface, wherein the carrier granule adheres to the surface of plants, grasses and weeds, e.g. as disclosed in US 2007/0280981 may be used. In further specific embodiments, such carriers may include specific, strongly binding molecule which assure that the carrier sticks to the plant till its content is completely delivered. For instance, the carrier may be or comprise cellulose binding domains (CBDs) have been described as useful agents for attachment of molecular species to cellulose (see US 6,124,117); or direct fusions between a CBD and an enzyme; or a multifunctional fusion protein which may be used for delivery of encapsulated agents, wherein the multifunctional fusion proteins may consist of a first binding domain which is a carbohydrate binding domain and a second binding domain, wherein either the first binding domain or the second binding domain can bind to a microparticle (see also WO 03/031477). Further suitable examples of carriers include bifunctional fusion proteins consisting of a CBD and an anti-RR6 antibody fragment binding to a microparticle, which complex may be deposited onto treads or cut grass (see also WO 03/031477). In another specific embodiment the carrier may be active ingredient carrier granules that adhere to the surface of plants, grasses and weeds etc. using a moisture-active coating, for instance including gum arabic, guar gum, gum karaya,

gum tragacanth and locust bean gum. Upon application of the inventive granule onto a plant surface, water from precipitation, irrigation, dew, co-application with the granules from special application equipment, or guttation water from the plant itself may provide sufficient moisture for adherence of the granule to the plant surface (see also US
5 2007/0280981).

In another specific embodiment the carrier, e.g. an agrochemical carrier may be or comprise polyaminoacids. Polyaminoacids may be obtained according to any suitable process, e.g. by polymerization of single or multiple amino acids such as glycine, ala-
10 nine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, phenylalanine, proline, tryptophan, serine, tyrosine, cysteine, methionine, asparagine, glutamine, threonine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, lysine, arginine, histidine and/or ornithine. Polyaminoacids may be combined with a combination of a nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide according to the present invention and, in certain embodiments, also with further carriers as mentioned herein
15 above, or other (thio)phosphoric acid triamide(s) (T) or nitrification inhibitors as mentioned herein in any suitable ratio. For example, polyaminoacids may be combined with a nitrification inhibitor according to the present invention in a ratio of 1 to 10 (polyaminoacids) vs. 0.5 to 2 (combination according to the present invention, or (T) or nitrification inhibitor according to the present invention).

20

For compositions according to the invention comprising nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above and a herbicide, the weight ratio of the nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above and the herbicide generally depends from the properties of the active substances used, usually it is in the range of from 1:1000 to 1000:1, regularly in the
25 range of from 1:500 to 500:1, preferably in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1, more preferably in the range of from 1:100 to 100:1, most preferably in the range of from

1:70 to 70:1, particularly preferably in the range of from 1:50 to 50:1, particularly more preferably in the range of from 1:30 to 30:1, particularly most preferably in the range from 1:20 to 20:1, particularly in the range of from 1:15 to 15:1, especially preferably in the range of from 1:10 to 10:1, especially more preferably in the range of from 1:8 to 8:1, especially most preferably in the range of from 1:6.5 to 6.5:1, especially in the range of from 1:5 to 5:1, in particular preferably in the range of 1:4 to 4:1, in particular more preferably in the range of from 1:3 to 3:1, in particular most preferably in the range of from 2.5:1 to 1:2.5, in particular in the range of from 1:2 to 2:1, for example in the range of from 1:1.5 to 1.5:1. For compositions according to the invention, the weight ratio of the nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above and the herbicide generally depends from the properties of the active substances used, usually it is not more than 1000:1, regularly not more than 250:1, preferably not more than 100:1, more preferably not more than 50:1, most preferably not more than 30:1, particularly preferably not more than 15:1, particularly more preferably not more than 8:1, particularly most preferably not more than 4:1, particularly not more than 2:1, especially preferably not more than 1:1, especially more preferably not more than 1:2, especially most preferably not more than 1:4, especially not more than 1:8, in particular preferably not more than 1:15, in particular more preferably not more than 1:30, in particular most preferably not more than 1:50, in particular not more than 1:100, for example preferably not more than 1:250, for example not more than 1:1000. For compositions according to the invention, the weight ratio of the nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above and the herbicide generally depends from the properties of the active substances used, usually it is at least 1000:1, regularly at least 250:1, preferably at least 100:1, more preferably at least 50:1, most preferably at least 30:1, particularly preferably at least 15:1, particularly more preferably at least 8:1, particularly most preferably at least 4:1, particularly at least 2:1, especially preferably at least 1:1, especially more

preferably at least 1:2, especially most preferably at least 1:4, especially at least 1:8, in particular preferably at least 1:15, in particular more preferably at least 1:30, in particular most preferably at least 1:50, in particular at least 1:100, for example preferably at least 1:250, for example at least 1:1000.

5

For compositions according to the invention comprising (T) and a herbicide, the weight ratio of (T) and the herbicide generally depends from the properties of the active substances used, usually it is in the range of from 1:1000 to 1000:1, regularly in the range of from 1:500 to 500:1, preferably in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1, more preferably
10 in the range of from 1:100 to 100:1, most preferably in the range of from 1:70 to 70:1, particularly preferably in the range of from 1:50 to 50:1, particularly more preferably in the range of from 1:30 to 30:1, particularly most preferably in the range from 1:20 to 20:1, particularly in the range of from 1:15 to 15:1, especially preferably in the range of from 1:10 to 10:1, especially more preferably in the range of from 1:8 to 8:1, especially
15 most preferably in the range of from 1:6.5 to 6.5:1, especially in the range of from 1:5 to 5:1, in particular preferably in the range of 1:4 to 4:1, in particular more preferably in the range of from 1:3 to 3:1, in particular most preferably in the range of from 2.5:1 to 1:2.5, in particular in the range of from 1:2 to 2:1, for example in the range of from 1:1.5 to 1.5:1. For compositions according to the invention, the weight ratio of (T) and
20 the herbicide generally depends from the properties of the active substances used, usually it is not more than 1000:1, regularly not more than 250:1, preferably not more than 100:1, more preferably not more than 50:1, most preferably not more than 30:1, particularly preferably not more than 15:1, particularly more preferably not more than 8:1, particularly most preferably not more than 4:1, particularly not more than 2:1, especially preferably not more than 1:1, especially more preferably not more than 1:2,
25 especially most preferably not more than 1:4, especially not more than 1:8, in particu-

lar preferably not more than 1:15, in particular more preferably not more than 1:30, in particular most preferably not more than 1:50, in particular not more than 1:100, for example preferably not more than 1:250, for example not more than 1:1000. For compositions according to the invention, the weight ratio of (T) and the herbicide generally depends from the properties of the active substances used, usually it is at least 5 1000:1, regularly at least 250:1, preferably at least 100:1, more preferably at least 50:1, most preferably at least 30:1, particularly preferably at least 15:1, particularly more preferably at least 8:1, particularly most preferably at least 4:1, particularly at least 2:1, especially preferably at least 1:1, especially more preferably at least 1:2, 10 especially most preferably at least 1:4, especially at least 1:8, in particular preferably at least 1:15, in particular more preferably at least 1:30, in particular most preferably at least 1:50, in particular at least 1:100, for example preferably at least 1:250, for example at least 1:1000.

15 The composition for increasing the health of a plant comprising (T) or at least one nitrification inhibitor as defined herein and at least one herbicide may further comprise additional ingredients, for example at least one additional pesticidal compound. For example, the composition may additionally comprise at least one fungicidal compound and/or at least one insecticidal compound and/or at least one nematicide compound 20 and/or at least one biopesticide compound and/or at least one biostimulant.

In further embodiments, the composition may, in addition to the above indicated ingredients, in particular in addition to (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I, further comprise one or more alternative or additional nitrification inhibitors. 25 Examples of envisaged alternative or additional nitrification inhibitors are linoleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid, methyl p-coumarate, methyl ferulate, methyl 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)

propionate (MHPP), Karanjin, brachialacton, p-benzoquinone sorgoleone, 2-chloro-6-(trichloromethyl)-pyridine (nitrapyrin or N-serve), dicyandiamide (DCD, DIDIN), 3,4-dimethyl pyrazole phosphate (DMPP, ENTEC), 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride (ATC), 1-amido-2-thiourea (ASU), 2-amino-4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidine (AM), 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MBT), 5-ethoxy-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-thiodiazole (terra-
zole, etridiazole), 2-sulfanilamidothiazole (ST), ammoniumthiosulfate (ATU), 3-methylpyrazol (3-MP), 3,5-dimethylpyrazole (DMP), 1,2,4-triazole, thiourea (TU), N-(1H-pyrazolyl-methyl)acetamides such as N-((3(5)-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-yl)methyl)acetamide, and N-(1H-pyrazolyl-methyl)formamides such as N-((3(5)-
methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-yl)methyl formamide, N-(4-chloro-3(5)-methyl-pyrazole-1-ylmethyl)-formamide, N-(3(5),4-dimethyl-pyrazole-1-ylmethyl)-formamide, mixtures of
3,4-dimethylpyrazole phosphate succinic acid and 4,5-dimethylpyrazole phosphate succinic acid, neem, products based on ingredients of neem, cyan amide, melamine, zeolite powder, catechol, benzoquinone, sodium tetra borate, and zinc sulfate.

15

In a preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 2-chloro-6-(trichloromethyl)-pyridine (nitrapyrin or N-serve).

20

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 5-ethoxy-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-thiodiazole (terrazole, etridiazole).

25

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and dicyandiamide (DCD, DIDIN).

5 In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 3,4-dimethyl pyrazole phosphate (DMPP, ENTEC).

10 In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 2-amino-4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidine (AM).

15 In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MBT).

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention
20 may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 2-sulfanilamidothiazole (ST).

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention
25 may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 3-methylpyrazol (3-MP).

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 3,5-dimethylpyrazole (DMP).

- 5 In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 1,2,4-triazol.

- 10 In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and thiourea (TU).

- 15 In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and linoleic acid.

- 20 In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and alpha-linolenic acid.

- In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and methyl p-coumarate.

- 25 In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the

nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and methyl 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate (MHPP).

In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the
5 nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and methyl ferulate.

In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the
10 nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and Karanjin.

In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the
nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and brachialacton.
15

In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the
nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and p-benzoquinone sorgoleone.

20 In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the
nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride (ATC).

In yet another preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 1-amido-2-thiourea (ASU).

5 In further embodiments, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and two entities selected from the group comprising: linoleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid, methyl p-coumarate, methyl ferulate, methyl
10 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate (MHPP), Karanjin, brachialacton, p-benzoquinone sorgoleone, 2-chloro-6-(trichloromethyl)-pyridine (nitrapyrin or N-serve), dicyandiamide (DCD, DIDIN), 3,4-dimethyl pyrazole phosphate (DMPP, ENTEC), 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride (ATC), 1-amido-2-thiourea (ASU), 2-amino-4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidine (AM), 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MBT), 5-ethoxy-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-thiodiazole (terrazole, etridiazole), 2-sulfanilamidothiazole (ST), ammoniumthio-
15 sulfate (ATU), 3-methylpyrazol (3-MP), 3,5-dimethylpyrazole (DMP), 1,2,4-triazol and thiourea (TU).

In yet another group of embodiments, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of a herbicide as defined herein above, of (T) or the
20 nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and three, four or more entities selected from the group comprising: linoleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid, methyl p-coumarate, methyl ferulate, methyl 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate (MHPP), Karanjin, brachialacton, p-benzoquinone sorgoleone, 2-chloro-6-(trichloromethyl)-pyridine (nitrapyrin or N-serve), dicyandiamide (DCD, DIDIN), 3,4-dimethyl pyrazole phosphate
25 (DMPP, ENTEC), 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride (ATC), 1-amido-2-thiourea (ASU), 2-amino-4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidine (AM), 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MBT),

5-ethoxy-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-thiodiazole (terrazole, etridiazole), 2-sulfanilamidothiazole (ST), ammoniumthiosulfate (ATU), 3-methylpyrazol (3-MP), 3,5-dimethylpyrazole (DMP), 1,2,4-triazol and thiourea (TU).

5 In further specific embodiments, the composition may comprise the combination of nitrification inhibitor and herbicide as defined in Table 2 and at least one element selected from the group comprising: linoleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid, methyl p-coumarate, methyl ferulate, methyl 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate (MHPP), Karanjin, brachialacton, p-benzoquinone sorgoleone, 2-chloro-6-(trichloromethyl)-pyridine (ni-
10 trapyrin or N-serve), dicyandiamide (DCD, DIDIN), 3,4-dimethyl pyrazole phosphate (DMPP, ENTEC), 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride (ATC), 1-amido-2-thiourea (ASU), 2-amino-4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidine (AM), 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MBT), 5-ethoxy-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-thiodiazole (terrazole, etridiazole), 2-sulfanilamidothiazole (ST), thiourea (TU), N-(1H-pyrazolyl-methyl)acetamides such as
15 N-((3(5)-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-yl)methyl)acetamide, and N-(1H-pyrazolyl-methyl)formamides such as N-((3(5)-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-yl)methyl formamide, N-(4-chloro-3(5)-methyl-pyrazole-1-ylmethyl)-formamide, N-(3(5),4-dimethyl-pyrazole-1-ylmethyl)-formamide, mixtures of 3,4-dimethylpyrazole phosphate succinic acid and 4,5-dimethylpyrazole phosphate succinic acid, neem, products based on ingredients
20 of neem, cyan amide, melamine, zeolite powder, catechol, benzoquinone, sodium tetra borate, and zinc sulfate.

In further specific embodiments, the composition may comprise the combination of (thio)phosporic acid triamide (T) and herbicide as defined in Table 3 and at least one
25 element selected from the group comprising: linoleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid, methyl p-coumarate, methyl ferulate, methyl 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate (MHPP), Karan-

jin, brachialacton, p-benzoquinone sorgoleone, 2-chloro-6-(trichloromethyl)-pyridine (nitrapyrin or N-serve), dicyandiamide (DCD, DIDIN), 3,4-dimethyl pyrazole phosphate (DMPP, ENTEC), 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride (ATC), 1-amido-2-thiourea (ASU), 2-amino-4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidine (AM), 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MBT),
5 5-ethoxy-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-thiodiazole (terrazole, etridiazole), 2-sulfanilamidothiazole (ST), thiourea (TU), N-(1H-pyrazolyl-methyl)acetamides such as N-((3(5)-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-yl)methyl)acetamide, and N-(1H-pyrazolyl-methyl)formamides such as N-((3(5)-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-yl)methyl formamide, N-(4-chloro-3(5)-methyl-pyrazole-1-ylmethyl)-formamide, N-(3(5),4-dimethyl-pyrazole-1-ylmethyl)-formamide, mixtures of 3,4-dimethylpyrazole phosphate succinic acid and
10 4,5-dimethylpyrazole phosphate succinic acid, neem, products based on ingredients of neem, cyan amide, melamine, zeolite powder, catechol, benzoquinone, sodium tetra borate, and zinc sulfate.

15 In further embodiments, the composition may, in addition to the above indicated ingredients, in particular in addition to a herbicide as defined herein above, and to the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I, further comprise one or more urease inhibitors. Examples of envisaged urease inhibitors include N-(n-butyl) thiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT, Agrotain), N-(n-propyl) thiophosphoric acid triamide
20 (NPPT), 2-nitrophenyl phosphoric triamide (2-NPT), further NXPTs known to the skilled person, phenylphosphorodiamidate (PPD/PPDA), hydroquinone, ammonium thiosulfate, and LIMUS, i.e. a mixture of NBPT and NPPT with about NBTP at 63% and NPPT at 22%, secondary compounds at 10%, further secondary compounds such as amines below 4% and dimerease derivatives below 1%.

In a preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a herbicide as defined herein above and a combination of the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and N-(n-butyl) thiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT, Agrotain).

5

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a herbicide as defined herein above and a combination of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and phenylphosphorodiamidate (PPD/PPDA).

10

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a herbicide as defined herein above and a combination of the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and N-(n-propyl) thiophosphoric acid triamide (NPPT).

15

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a herbicide as defined herein above and a combination of the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and 2-nitrophenyl phosphoric triamide (2-NPT).

20

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a herbicide as defined herein above and a combination of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and hydroquinone.

In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a herbicide as defined herein above and a combination of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and ammonium thiosulfate.

- 5 In a further preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a herbicide as defined herein above and a combination of the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and LIMUS.

In further embodiments, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a herbicide as defined herein above and a combination of the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and two or more entities selected from the group comprising: N-(n-butyl) thiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT, Agrotain), N-(n-propyl) thiophosphoric acid triamide (NPPT), 2-nitrophenyl phosphoric triamide (2-NPT), further NXPTs known to the skilled person, phenylphosphorodiamidate (PPD/PPDA),
10 hydroquinone, ammonium thiosulfate, and LIMUS.
15

In further specific embodiments, the agricultural composition as defined herein above may additionally comprises an fertilizer. In case the combination of herbicides and (T) or nitrification inhibitors is used together with a fertilizer, or when a composition is provided in combination with a fertilizer, such mixtures may be provided or used as agro-chemical mixtures.
20

In further embodiments, the composition may, in addition to one, more or all of the above indicated ingredients, in particular in addition to (T) or the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and a herbicide, further comprise one or more plant growth regulators. Examples of envisaged plant growth regulators are antiauxins, auxins, cy-
25

tokinins, defoliants, ethylene modulators, ethylene releasers, gibberellins, growth inhibitors, morphactins, growth retardants, growth stimulators, and further unclassified plant growth regulators.

In a preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may
5 comprise a combination of the nitrification inhibitor of the compound of formula I and a herbicide and at least one compound selected from the group comprising: abscisic acid, amidochlor, ancymidol, 6-benzylaminopurine (= N-6 benzyladenine), brassinolide, butralin, chlormequat (chlormequat chloride), choline chloride, cyclanilide, daminozide, diflufenzopyr, dikegulac, dimethipin, 2,6-dimethylpyridine, ethephon, flume-
10 tralin, flurprimidol, fluthiacet, forchlorfenuron, gibberellic acid, inabenfide, indole-3-acetic acid, maleic hydrazide, mefluidide, mepiquat (mepiquat chloride), 1-methylcyclopropene (1-MCP), naphthaleneacetic acid, N-6 benzyladenine, paclobutrazol, prohexadione (prohexadione calcium), prohydrojasmon, thidiazuron, triapenthenol, tributyl phosphorotrithioate, 2,3,5-tri-iodobenzoic acid, trinexapac-ethyl, and
15 uniconazole.

In a preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) and a herbicide and at least one compound selected from the group comprising: abscisic acid, amidochlor, ancymidol, 6-benzylaminopurine (= N-6 benzyladenine), brassinolide, butralin,
20 chlormequat (chlormequat chloride), choline chloride, cyclanilide, daminozide, diflufenzopyr, dikegulac, dimethipin, 2,6-dimethylpyridine, ethephon, flumetralin, flurprimidol, fluthiacet, forchlorfenuron, gibberellic acid, inabenfide, indole-3-acetic acid, maleic hydrazide, mefluidide, mepiquat (mepiquat chloride), 1-methylcyclopropene (1-MCP), naphthaleneacetic acid, N-6 benzyladenine, paclobutrazol, prohexadione (pro-
25 hexadione calcium), prohydrojasmon, thidiazuron, triapenthenol, tributyl phosphorotrithioate, 2,3,5-tri-iodobenzoic acid, trinexapac-ethyl, and uniconazole.

In a preferred embodiment, the composition according to the present invention may comprise a combination of (T) and a herbicide as defined herein above and at least one compound selected from the group comprising: abscisic acid, amidochlor, an-
5 cymidol, 6-benzylaminopurine (= N-6 benzyladenine), brassinolide, butralin, chlormequat (chlormequat chloride), choline chloride, cyclanilide, daminozide, diflufenzopyr, dikegulac, dimethipin, 2,6-dimethylpyridine, ethephon, flumetralin, flur-primidol, fluthiacet, forchlorfenuron, gibberellic acid, inabenfide, indole-3-acetic acid, maleic hydrazide, mefluidide, mepiquat (mepiquat chloride), 1-methylcyclopropene (1-
10 MCP), naphthaleneacetic acid, N-6 benzyladenine, paclobutrazol, prohexadione (prohexadione calcium), prohydrojasmon, thidiazuron, triapenthenol, tributyl phosphorotri-thioate, 2,3,5-tri-iodobenzoic acid, trinexapac-ethyl, and uniconazole.

In the terms of the present invention "agrochemical mixture" means a combination of
15 at three or more compounds. The term is, however, not restricted to a physical mixture comprising three or more compounds, but refers to any preparation form of said compounds, the use of which may be time- and/or locus-related.

The agrochemical mixtures may, for example, be formulated separately but applied in
20 a temporal relationship, i.e. simultaneously or subsequently, the subsequent application having a time interval which allows a combined action of the compounds.

Furthermore, the individual compounds of the agrochemical mixtures according to the invention such as parts of a kit or parts of the mixture may be mixed by the user him-
25 self in a suitable mixing device. In specific embodiments further auxiliaries may be added, if appropriate.

The term "fertilizers" is to be understood as chemical compounds applied to promote plant and fruit growth. Fertilizers are typically applied either through the soil (for uptake by plant roots), through soil substituents (also for uptake by plant roots), or by
5 foliar feeding (for uptake through leaves). The term also includes mixtures of one or more different types of fertilizers as mentioned below.

The term "fertilizers" can be subdivided into several categories including: a) organic fertilizers (composed of decayed plant/animal matter), b) inorganic fertilizers (com-
10 posed of chemicals and minerals) and c) urea-containing fertilizers.

Organic fertilizers include manure, e.g. liquid manure, semi-liquid manure, biogas ma-
nure, stable manure or straw manure, slurry, liquid dungwater, sewage sludge, worm
castings, peat, seaweed, compost, sewage, and guano. Green manure crops are also
15 regularly grown to add nutrients (especially nitrogen) to the soil. Manufactured organic
fertilizers include compost, blood meal, bone meal and seaweed extracts. Further ex-
amples are enzyme digested proteins, fish meal, and feather meal. The decomposing
crop residue from prior years is another source of fertility.

20 Inorganic fertilizers are usually manufactured through chemical processes (such as
the Haber-Bosch process), also using naturally occurring deposits, while chemically
altering them (e.g. concentrated triple superphosphate). Naturally occurring inorganic
fertilizers include Chilean sodium nitrate, mine rock phosphate, limestone, sulfate of
potash, muriate of potash, and raw potash fertilizers.

Typical solid fertilizers are in a crystalline, prilled or granulated form. Typical nitrogen containing inorganic fertilizers are ammonium nitrate, calcium ammonium nitrate, ammonium sulfate, ammonium sulfate nitrate, calcium nitrate, diammonium phosphate, monoammonium phosphate, ammonium thio sulfate and calcium cyanamide.

5

The inorganic fertilizer may be an NPK fertilizer. "NPK fertilizers" are inorganic fertilizers formulated in appropriate concentrations and combinations comprising the three main nutrients nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P) and potassium (K) as well as typically S, Mg, Ca, and trace elements. "NK fertilizers" comprise the two main nutrients nitrogen
10 (N) and potassium (K) as well as typically S, Mg, Ca, and trace elements. "NP fertilizers" comprise the two main nutrients nitrogen (N) and phosphorus (P) as well as typically S, Mg, Ca, and trace elements.

The inorganic fertilizer may, in a specific embodiment, be a NPK fertilizer. "NPK fertilizers" are inorganic fertilizers formulated in appropriate concentrations and combinations comprising the three main nutrients nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P) and potassium
15 (K).

The inorganic fertilizer may, in a specific embodiment, be a NPK fertilizer. "NPK fertilizers" are inorganic fertilizers formulated in appropriate concentrations and combinations comprising the three main nutrients nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P) and potassium
20 (K).

Urea-containing fertilizer may, in specific embodiments, be formaldehyde urea, UAN, urea sulfur, stabilized urea, urea based NPK-fertilizers, or urea ammonium sulfate.
25 Also envisaged is the use of urea as fertilizer. In case urea-containing fertilizers or

urea are used or provided, it is particularly preferred that urease inhibitors as defined herein above may be added or additionally be present, or be used at the same time or in connection with the urea-containing fertilizers.

- 5 Fertilizers may be provided in any suitable form, e.g. as coated or uncoated granules, in liquid or semi-liquid form, as sprayable fertilizer, or via fertigation etc.

Coated fertilizers may be provided with a wide range of materials. Coatings may, for example, be applied to granular or prilled nitrogen (N) fertilizer or to multi-nutrient fertilizers. Typically, urea is used as base material for most coated fertilizers. The present invention, however, also relates to the use of other base materials for coated fertilizers, any one of the fertilizer materials defined herein. In certain embodiments, elemental sulfur may be used as fertilizer coating. The coating may be performed by spraying molten S over urea granules, followed by an application of sealant wax to close fissures in the coating. In a further embodiment, the S layer may be covered with a layer of organic polymers, preferably a thin layer of organic polymers. In another embodiment, the coated fertilizers are preferably physical mixtures of coated and non-coated fertilizers.

20 Further envisaged coated fertilizers may be provided by reacting resin-based polymers on the surface of the fertilizer granule. A further example of providing coated fertilizers includes the use of low permeability polyethylene polymers in combination with high permeability coatings.

25 In specific embodiments the composition and/or thickness of the fertilizer coating may be adjusted to control, for example, the nutrient release rate for specific applications.

The duration of nutrient release from specific fertilizers may vary, e.g. from several weeks to many months. The presence of (T) or nitrification inhibitors and herbicides in a mixture with coated fertilizers may accordingly be adapted. It is, in particular, envisaged that the nutrient release involves or is accompanied by the release of (T) or an nitrification inhibitor and herbicide according to the present invention.

Coated fertilizers may be provided as controlled release fertilizers (CRFs). In specific embodiments these controlled release fertilizers are fully coated N-P-K fertilizers, which are homogeneous and which typically show a pre-defined longevity of release. In further embodiments, the CRFs may be provided as blended controlled release fertilizer products which may contain coated, uncoated and/or slow release components. In certain embodiments, these coated fertilizers may additionally comprise micronutrients. In specific embodiments these fertilizers may show a pre-defined longevity, e.g. in case of N-P-K fertilizers.

15

Additionally envisaged examples of CRFs include patterned release fertilizers. These fertilizers typically show a pre-defined release patterns (e.g. hi/standard/lo) and a pre-defined longevity. In exemplary embodiments fully coated N-P-K, Mg and micronutrients may be delivered in a patterned release manner.

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Also envisaged are double coating approaches or coated fertilizers based on a programmed release.

In further embodiments the fertilizer mixture may be provided as, or may comprise or contain a slow release fertilizer. The fertilizer may, for example, be released over any suitable period of time, e.g. over a period of 1 to 5 months, preferably up to 3 months. Typical examples of ingredients of slow release fertilizers are IBDU (isobutyridenedi-

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urea), e.g. containing about 31-32 % nitrogen, of which 90% is water insoluble; or UF, i.e. an urea-formaldehyde product which contains about 38 % nitrogen of which about 70 % may be provided as water insoluble nitrogen; or CDU (crotonylidene diurea) containing about 32 % nitrogen; or MU (methylene urea) containing about 38 to 40% nitrogen, of which 25-60 % is typically cold water insoluble nitrogen; or MDU (methylene diurea) containing about 40% nitrogen, of which less than 25 % is cold water insoluble nitrogen; or MO (methylol urea) containing about 30% nitrogen, which may typically be used in solutions; or DMTU (diimethylene triurea) containing about 40% nitrogen, of which less than 25% is cold water insoluble nitrogen; or TMTU (tri methylene tetraurea), which may be provided as component of UF products; or TMPU (tri methylene pentaurea), which may also be provided as component of UF products; or UT (urea triazone solution) which typically contains about 28 % nitrogen.

Any of the above mentioned fertilizers or fertilizer forms may suitably be combined. For instance, slow release fertilizers may be provided as coated fertilizers. They may also be combined with other fertilizers or fertilizer types. The same applies to the presence of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor or herbicide according to the present invention, which may be adapted to the form and chemical nature of the fertilizer and accordingly be provided such that its release accompanies the release of the fertilizer, e.g. is released at the same time or with the same frequency. The present invention further relates to fertilizer or fertilizer forms as defined herein above in combination with nitrification inhibitors as defined herein above and herbicides and further in combination with urease inhibitors as defined herein above. Such combinations may be provided as coated or uncoated forms and/or as slow or fast release forms. Preferred are combinations with slow release fertilizers including a coating. In further embodi-

ments, also different release schemes are envisaged, e.g. a slower or a faster release.

The term "fertigation" as used herein refers to the application of fertilizers, optionally
5 soil amendments, and optionally other water-soluble products together with water
through an irrigation system to a plant or to the locus where a plant is growing or is
intended to grow, or to a soil substituent as defined herein below. For example, liquid
fertilizers or dissolved fertilizers may be provided via fertigation directly to a plant or a
locus where a plant is growing or is intended to grow. Likewise, (T) or nitrification in-
10 hibitors according to the present invention, or in combination with additional nitrifica-
tion inhibitors, may be provided via fertigation to plants or to a locus where a plant is
growing or is intended to grow. Fertilizers and (T) or nitrification inhibitors according to
the present invention, or in combination with additional nitrification inhibitors, may be
provided together, e.g. dissolved in the same charge or load of material (typically wa-
15 ter) to be irrigated. In further embodiments, fertilizers and (T) or nitrification inhibitors
may be provided at different points in time. For example, the fertilizer may be fertigat-
ed first, followed by (T) or the nitrification inhibitor, or preferably, (T) or the nitrification
inhibitor may be fertigated first, followed by the fertilizer. The time intervals for these
activities follow the herein above outlined time intervals for the application of fertilizers
20 and (T) or nitrification inhibitors. Also envisaged is a repeated fertigation of fertilizers
and (T) or nitrification inhibitors according to the present invention, either together or
intermittently, e.g. every 2 hours, 6 hours, 12 hours, 24 hours, 2 days, 3 days, 4 days,
5 days, 6 days or more.

In particularly preferred embodiments, the fertilizer is an ammonium-containing ferti-
25 lizer.

The agrochemical mixture according to the present invention may comprise one fertilizer as defined herein above and (T) or one nitrification inhibitor of formula I as defined herein above and one herbicide as defined herein above. In further embodiments, the agrochemical mixture according to the present invention may comprise at
5 least one or more than one fertilizer as defined herein above, e.g. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or more different fertilizers (including inorganic, organic and urea-containing fertilizers) and (T) or at least one nitrification inhibitor of formula I and at least one herbicide as defined herein above, preferably a combination as defined in Table 2 or Table 3.

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In another group of embodiments the agrochemical mixture according to the present invention may comprise at least one or more than one (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) or at least one or more than one nitrification inhibitor of formula I as defined herein above, preferably more than one nitrification inhibitor of formula I selected from Table
15 1, e.g. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or more different nitrification inhibitors as defined herein above or as provided in Table 1 and at least one fertilizer as defined herein above and at least one herbicide as defined herein above.

The term "at least one" is to be understood as 1, 2, 3 or more of the respective compound selected from the group consisting of fertilizers as defined herein above (also
20 designated as compound C), and (thio)phosphoric acid triamide(s) (T) or nitrification inhibitors of formula I as defined herein above (also designated as compound A), and herbicides (also designated as compound B).

25 In addition to at least one fertilizer and (T) or at least one nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above and at least one herbicide, an agrochemical mixture may comprise

further ingredients, compounds, active compounds or compositions or the like. For example, the agrochemical mixture may additionally comprise or composed with or on the basis of a carrier, e.g. an agrochemical carrier, preferably as defined herein. In further embodiments, the agrochemical mixture may further comprise at least one additional pesticidal compound. For example, the agrochemical mixture may additionally
5 comprise at least one fungicidal compound and/or at least one insecticidal compound.

In further embodiments, the agrochemical mixture may, in addition to the above indicated ingredients further comprise alternative or additional nitrification inhibitors such
10 as linoleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid, methyl p-coumarate, methyl ferulate, MHPP, Karanjin, brachialacton, p-benzoquinone sorgoleone, nitrapyrin, dicyandiamide (DCD), 3,4-dimethyl pyrazole phosphate (DMPP), 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride (ATC), 1-amido-2-thiourea (ASU), 2-amino-4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidine (AM), 5-ethoxy-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-thiodiazole (terrazole), ammoniumthiosulfate (ATU), 3-
15 methylpyrazol (3-MP), 3,5-dimethylpyrazole (DMP), 1,2,4-triazol and thiourea (TU) and/or sulfathiazole (ST).

Furthermore, the invention relates to a method for increasing the health of a plant, comprising treating a plant growing on soil and/or the locus where the plant is growing
20 or is intended to grow with a combination of (T) or at least one nitrification inhibitor and at least one herbicide as defined herein above, preferably with a combination as defined in Table 2 or Table 3, or a composition comprising said combination.

Furthermore, the invention relates to a method for increasing the herbicidal activity of
25 a herbicide, comprising treating a plant growing on soil and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow with a combination of (T) or at least one nitrifi-

cation inhibitor and at least one herbicide as defined herein above, preferably with a combination as defined in Table 2 or Table 3, or a composition comprising said combination.

5

The term "plant" is to be understood as a plant of economic importance and/or men-grown plant. In certain embodiments, the term may also be understood as plants which have no or no significant economic importance. The plant is preferably selected from agricultural, silvicultural and horticultural (including ornamental) plants. The term
10 also relates to genetically modified plants.

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The term "plant" as used herein further includes all parts of a plant such as germinating seeds, emerging seedlings, plant propagules, herbaceous vegetation as well as established woody plants including all belowground portions (such as the roots) and
aboveground portions.

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Within the context of the method for increasing the health of plant it is assumed that the plant is growing on soil. In specific embodiments, the plant may also grow differently, e.g. in synthetic laboratory environments or on soil substituents, or be supplemented with nutrients, water etc. by artificial or technical means. In such scenarios,
the invention relates to a treatment of the zone or area where the nutrients, water etc. are provided to the plant. Also envisaged is that the plant grows in green houses or similar indoor facilities.

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The term "locus" is to be understood as any type of environment, soil, soil substituents area or material where the plant is growing or intended to grow. Preferably, the term relates to soil or soil substituent on which a plant is growing.

In one embodiment, the plant to be treated according to the method of the invention is an agricultural plant. "Agricultural plants" are plants of which a part (e.g. seeds) or all is harvested or cultivated on a commercial scale or which serve as an important source of feed, food, fibres (e.g. cotton, linen), combustibles (e.g. wood, bioethanol, biodiesel, biomass) or other chemical compounds. Preferred agricultural plants are for example cereals, e.g. wheat, rye, barley, triticale, oats, sorghum or rice, beet, e.g. sugar beet or fodder beet; fruits, such as pomes, stone fruits or soft fruits, e.g. apples, pears, plums, peaches, almonds, cherries, strawberries, raspberries, blackberries or gooseberries; leguminous plants, such as lentils, peas, alfalfa or soybeans; oil plants, such as rape, oil-seed rape, canola, linseed, mustard, olives, sunflowers, coconut, cocoa beans, castor oil plants, oil palms, ground nuts or soybeans; cucurbits, such as squashes, cucumber or melons; fiber plants, such as cotton, flax, hemp or jute; citrus fruit, such as oranges, lemons, grapefruits or mandarins; vegetables, such as spinach, lettuce, asparagus, cabbages, carrots, onions, tomatoes, potatoes, cucurbits or paprika; lauraceous plants, such as avocados, cinnamon or camphor; energy and raw material plants, such as corn, soybean, rape, canola, sugar cane or oil palm; tobacco; nuts; coffee; tea; bananas; vines (table grapes and grape juice grape vines); hop; turf; natural rubber plants.

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In a further embodiment, the plant to be treated according to the method of the invention is a horticultural plant. The term "horticultural plants" are to be understood as plants which are commonly used in horticulture, e.g. the cultivation of ornamentals, vegetables and/or fruits. Examples for ornamentals are turf, geranium, pelargonium, petunia, begonia and fuchsia. Examples for vegetables are potatoes, tomatoes, peppers, cucurbits, cucumbers, melons, watermelons, garlic, onions, carrots, cabbage,

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beans, peas and lettuce and more preferably from tomatoes, onions, peas and lettuce. Examples for fruits are apples, pears, cherries, strawberry, citrus, peaches, apricots and blueberries.

5 In a further embodiment, the plant to be treated according to the method of the invention is an ornamental plants. "Ornamental plants" are plants which are commonly used in gardening, e.g. in parks, gardens and on balconies. Examples are turf, geranium, pelargonium, petunia, begonia and fuchsia.

10 In another embodiment of the present invention, the plant to be treated according to the method of the invention is a silvicultural plants. The term "silvicultural plant" is to be understood as trees, more specifically trees used in reforestation or industrial plantations. Industrial plantations generally serve for the commercial production of forest products, such as wood, pulp, paper, rubber tree, Christmas trees, or young trees for
15 gardening purposes. Examples for silvicultural plants are conifers, like pines, in particular *Pinus spec.*, fir and spruce, eucalyptus, tropical trees like teak, rubber tree, oil palm, willow (*Salix*), in particular *Salix spec.*, poplar (cottonwood), in particular *Populus spec.*, beech, in particular *Fagus spec.*, birch, oil palm, and oak.

The term "plant propagation material" is to be understood to denote all the generative
20 parts of the plant such as seeds and vegetative plant material such as cuttings and tubers (e.g. potatoes), which can be used for the multiplication of the plant. This includes seeds, grains, roots, fruits, tubers, bulbs, rhizomes, cuttings, spores, offshoots, shoots, sprouts and other parts of plants, including seedlings and young plants, which are to be transplanted after germination or after emergence from soil, meristem tissues,
25 single and multiple plant cells and any other plant tissue from which a complete plant can be obtained.

The term "genetically modified plants" is to be understood as plants, which genetic material has been modified by the use of recombinant DNA techniques in a way that under natural circumstances it cannot readily be obtained by cross breeding, mutations or natural recombination. Typically, one or more genes have been integrated into the genetic material of a genetically modified plant in order to improve certain properties of the plant. Such genetic modifications also include but are not limited to targeted post-translational modification of protein(s), oligo- or polypeptides e. g. by glycosylation or polymer additions such as prenylated, acetylated or farnesylated moieties or PEG moieties.

Plants that have been modified by breeding, mutagenesis or genetic engineering, e. g. have been rendered tolerant to applications of specific classes of herbicides, such as auxin herbicides such as dicamba or 2,4-D; bleacher herbicides such as hydroxyl-phenylpyruvate dioxygenase (HPPD) inhibitors or phytoene desaturase (PDS) inhibitors; acetolactate synthase (ALS) inhibitors such as sulfonyl ureas or imidazolinones; enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase (EPSPS) inhibitors, such as glyphosate; glutamine synthetase (GS) inhibitors such as glufosinate; protoporphyrinogen-IX oxidase inhibitors; lipid biosynthesis inhibitors such as acetyl CoA carboxylase (ACCase) inhibitors; or oxynil (i. e. bromoxynil or ioxynil) herbicides as a result of conventional methods of breeding or genetic engineering. Furthermore, plants have been made resistant to multiple classes of herbicides through multiple genetic modifications, such as resistance to both glyphosate and glufosinate or to both glyphosate and a herbicide from another class such as ALS inhibitors, HPPD inhibitors, auxin herbicides, or ACCase inhibitors. These herbicide resistance technologies are e. g. described in Pest Managem. Sci. 61, 2005, 246; 61, 2005, 258; 61, 2005, 277; 61, 2005, 269; 61, 2005,

286; 64, 2008, 326; 64, 2008, 332; Weed Sci. 57, 2009, 108; Austral. J. Agricult. Res. 58, 2007, 708; Science 316, 2007, 1185; and references quoted therein. Several cultivated plants have been rendered tolerant to herbicides by conventional methods of breeding (mutagenesis), e. g. Clearfield® summer rape (Canola, BASF SE, Germany) being tolerant to imidazolinones, e. g. imazamox, or ExpressSun® sunflowers (DuPont, USA) being tolerant to sulfonyl ureas, e. g. tribenuron. Genetic engineering methods have been used to render cultivated plants such as soybean, cotton, corn, beets and rape, tolerant to herbicides such as glyphosate and glufosinate, some of which are commercially available under the trade names RoundupReady® (glypho-
5 sate-tolerant, Monsanto, U.S.A.), Cultivance® (imidazolinone tolerant, BASF SE, Germany) and LibertyLink® (glufosinate-tolerant, Bayer CropScience, Germany).

Furthermore, plants are also covered that are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more insecticidal proteins, especially those
15 known from the bacterial genus *Bacillus*, particularly from *Bacillus thuringiensis*, such as δ -endotoxins, e. g. CryIA(b), CryIA(c), CryIF, CryIF(a2), CryIIA(b), CryIIIA, CryIIIB(b1) or Cry9c; vegetative insecticidal proteins (VIP), e. g. VIP1, VIP2, VIP3 or VIP3A; insecticidal proteins of bacteria colonizing nematodes, e. g. *Photorhabdus* spp. or *Xenorhabdus* spp.; toxins produced by animals, such as scorpion toxins, arachnid
20 toxins, wasp toxins, or other insect-specific neurotoxins; toxins produced by fungi, such Streptomyces toxins, plant lectins, such as pea or barley lectins; agglutinins; proteinase inhibitors, such as trypsin inhibitors, serine protease inhibitors, patatin, cystatin or papain inhibitors; ribosome-inactivating proteins (RIP), such as ricin, maize-RIP, abrin, luffin, saporin or bryodin; steroid metabolism enzymes, such as 3-hydroxy-
25 steroid oxidase, ecdysteroid-IDP-glycosyl-transferase, cholesterol oxidases, ecdysone inhibitors or HMG-CoA-reductase; ion channel blockers, such as blockers of sodium

or calcium channels; juvenile hormone esterase; diuretic hormone receptors (helico-kinin receptors); stilbene synthase, bibenzyl synthase, chitinases or glucanases. In the context of the present invention these insecticidal proteins or toxins are to be understood expressly also as pre-toxins, hybrid proteins, truncated or otherwise modified
5 proteins. Hybrid proteins are characterized by a new combination of protein domains, (see, e. g. WO 02/015701). Further examples of such toxins or genetically modified plants capable of synthesizing such toxins are disclosed, e. g., in EP-A 374 753, WO 93/007278, WO 95/34656, EP-A 427 529, EP-A 451 878, WO 03/18810 und WO 03/52073.

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The methods for producing such genetically modified plants are generally known to the person skilled in the art and are described, e. g. in the publications mentioned above. These insecticidal proteins contained in the genetically modified plants impart to the plants producing these proteins tolerance to harmful pests from all taxonomic
15 groups of arthropods, especially to beetles (Coeloptera), two-winged insects (Diptera), and moths (Lepidoptera) and to nematodes (Nematoda). Genetically modified plants capable to synthesize one or more insecticidal proteins are, e. g., described in the publications mentioned above, and some of which are commercially available such as YieldGard® (corn cultivars producing the Cry1Ab toxin), YieldGard® Plus (corn culti-
20 vars producing Cry1Ab and Cry3Bb1 toxins), Starlink® (corn cultivars producing the Cry9c toxin), Herculex® RW (corn cultivars producing Cry34Ab1, Cry35Ab1 and the enzyme phosphinothricin-N-acetyltransferase [PAT]); NuCOTN® 33B (cotton cultivars producing the Cry1Ac toxin), Bollgard® I (cotton cultivars producing the Cry1Ac toxin), Bollgard® II (cotton cultivars producing Cry1Ac and Cry2Ab2 toxins); VIPCOT® (cotton
25 cultivars producing a VIP-toxin); NewLeaf® (potato cultivars producing the Cry3A toxin); Bt-Xtra®, NatureGard®, KnockOut®, BiteGard®, Protecta®, Bt11 (e. g. Agrisure®

CB) and Bt176 from Syngenta Seeds SAS, France, (corn cultivars producing the Cry1Ab toxin and PAT enzyme), MIR604 from Syngenta Seeds SAS, France (corn cultivars producing a modified version of the Cry3A toxin, c.f. WO 03/018810), MON 863 from Monsanto Europe S.A., Belgium (corn cultivars producing the Cry3Bb1 toxin), IPC 531 from Monsanto Europe S.A., Belgium (cotton cultivars producing a modified version of the Cry1Ac toxin) and 1507 from Pioneer Overseas Corporation, Belgium (corn cultivars producing the Cry1F toxin and PAT enzyme).

Furthermore, plants are also covered that are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more proteins to increase the resistance or tolerance of those plants to bacterial, viral or fungal pathogens. Examples of such proteins are the so-called "pathogenesis-related proteins" (PR proteins, see, e.g. EP-A 392 225), plant disease resistance genes (e. g. potato cultivars, which express resistance genes acting against *Phytophthora infestans* derived from the Mexican wild potato *Solanum bulbocastanum*) or T4-lysozym (e. g. potato cultivars capable of synthesizing these proteins with increased resistance against bacteria such as *Erwinia amylovora*). The methods for producing such genetically modified plants are generally known to the person skilled in the art and are described, e. g. in the publications mentioned above.

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Furthermore, plants are also covered that are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more proteins to increase the productivity (e. g. bio mass production, grain yield, starch content, oil content or protein content), tolerance to drought, salinity or other growth-limiting environmental factors or tolerance to pests and fungal, bacterial or viral pathogens of those plants.

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Furthermore, plants are also covered that contain by the use of recombinant DNA techniques a modified amount of substances of content or new substances of content, specifically to improve human or animal nutrition, e. g. oil crops that produce health-promoting long-chain omega-3 fatty acids or unsaturated omega-9 fatty acids (e. g. Nexera® rape, DOW Agro Sciences, Canada).

Furthermore, plants are also covered that contain by the use of recombinant DNA techniques a modified amount of substances of content or new substances of content, specifically to improve raw material production, e. g. potatoes that produce increased amounts of amylopectin (e. g. Amflora® potato, BASF SE, Germany).

The term "soil substituent" as used herein refers to a substrate which is able to allow the growth of a plant and does not comprise usual soil ingredients. This substrate is typically an anorganic substrate which may have the function of an inert medium. It may, in certain embodiments, also comprise organic elements or portions. Soil substituents may, for example, be used in hydroculture or hydroponic approaches, i.e. wherein plants are grown in soilless medium and/or aquatic based environments. Examples of suitable soil substituents, which may be used in the context of the present invention, are perlite, gravel, biochar, mineral wool, coconut husk, phyllosilicates, i.e. sheet silicate minerals, typically formed by parallel sheets of silicate tetrahedra with Si_2O_5 or a 2:5 ratio, or clay aggregates, in particular expanded clay aggregates with a diameter of about 10 to 40 mm. Particularly preferred is the employment of vermiculite, i.e. a phyllosilicate with 2 tetrahedral sheets for every one octahedral sheet present.

The use of soil substituents may, in specific embodiments, be combined with fertigation or irrigation as defined herein.

In specific embodiments, the treatment may be carried out during all suitable growth stages of a plant as defined herein. For example, the treatment may be carried out
5 during the BBCH principle growth stages.

The term "BBCH principal growth stage" refers to the extended BBCH-scale which is a system for a uniform coding of phenologically similar growth stages of all mono- and dicotyledonous plant species in which the entire developmental cycle of the plants is
10 subdivided into clearly recognizable and distinguishable longer-lasting developmental phases. The BBCH-scale uses a decimal code system, which is divided into principal and secondary growth stages. The abbreviation BBCH derives from the Federal Biological Research Centre for Agriculture and Forestry (Germany), the Bundessortenamt (Germany) and the chemical industry.

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In one embodiment the invention relates to a method for increasing the health of a plant comprising treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing with a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above at a growth
20 stage (GS) between GS 00 and GS 65 BBCH of the plant.

In one embodiment the invention relates to a method for increasing the health of a plant comprising treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing with a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above at a growth
25 stage (GS) between GS 00 to GS 33 BBCH of the plant.

In a preferred embodiment the invention relates to a method for increasing the health of a plant comprising treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing with a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above at an early growth stage (GS), in particular a GS 00 to GS 05, or GS 00 to GS 10, or GS 00 to GS 15, or GS 00 to GS 20, or GS 00 to GS 25 or GS 00 to GS 33 BBCH of the plant. In particularly preferred embodiments, the method comprises treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing with a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above during growth stages including GS 00.

In a further, specific embodiment of the invention a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above is applied to a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow at a growth stage between GS 00 and GS 55 BBCH, or of the plant.

In a further embodiment of the invention a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above is applied to a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow at the growth stage between GS 00 and GS 47 BBCH of the plant.

In one embodiment of the invention a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above is applied to a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is grow-

ing or is intended to grow before and at sowing, before emergence, and until harvest (GS 00 to GS 89 BBCH), or at a growth stage (GS) between GS 00 and GS 65 BBCH of the plant.

5 In a preferred embodiment the invention relates to a method increasing the health of a plant comprising treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing with a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above wherein the plant and/or the locus where plant is growing or is intended to grow is additionally provided with at least one fertilizer. The fertilizer may be any suitable fertilizer, preferably a fertilizer as defined herein above. Also envisaged is the application of more than one fertilizer, e.g. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 fertilizers, or of different fertilizer classes or categories.

15 In specific embodiments of the invention, a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above and at least one fertilizer is applied to a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow at a growth stage between GS 00 and GS 33 BBCH of the plant.

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In specific embodiments of the invention a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above is applied to a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow at a growth stage between GS 00 and GS 55 BBCH

25 of the plant.

In further specific embodiments of the invention a combination as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above and at least one fertilizer is applied to a plant growing on soil or soil substitu-
5 ents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow at sowing, before emergence, or at a growth stage (GS) between GS 00 and GS 65 BBCH of the plant.

According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention the application of (T) or
10 said nitrification inhibitor as defined herein (component A) and of said herbicide (component B) is carried out simultaneously or with a time lag. The term "time lag" as used herein means that either (T) or the nitrification inhibitor is applied before the herbicide to the plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow; or the herbicide is applied before (T) or the nitrification
15 inhibitor to the plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow. Such time lag may be any suitable period of time which still allows to provide a nitrification inhibiting effect in the context of herbicide usage, or which provides for a reduction in growth of competing weeds in the context of the usage of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor. For example, the time lag may be
20 a time period of 1 day, 2 days, 3 days, 4 days, 5 days, 6 days, 7 days, 8 days, 9 days, 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, 14 days, 3 weeks 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks , 9 weeks, 10 weeks, 11 weeks, 12 weeks, 4 months, 5 months, 6 months, 7 months, 8 months, 9 months, 10 months or more or any time period in between the mentioned time periods. Preferably, the time lag is an interval of 1 day, 2
25 days, 3 days, 1 week, 2 weeks or 3 weeks. The time lag preferably refers to situations in which (T) or the nitrification inhibitor as defined above is provided 1 day, 2 days, 3

days, 4 days, 5 days, 6 days, 7 days, 8 days, 9 days, 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, 14 days, 3 weeks 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks , 9 weeks, 10 weeks, 11 weeks, 12 weeks, 4 months, 5 months, 6 months, 7 months, 8 months, 9 months, 10 months or more or any time period in between the mentioned time periods
5 before the application of a herbicide as defined herein above.

According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention the application of said combination of a nitrification inhibitor or (T) and a herbicide as defined herein above, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above
10 and of said fertilizer (component C) as defined herein above is carried out simultaneously or with a time lag. The term "time lag" as used herein means that either (T) or the nitrification inhibitor and/or herbicide is applied before the fertilizer to the plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow; or the fertilizer is applied before (T) or the nitrification inhibitor
15 and/or herbicide to the plant growing on soil and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow. Such time lag may be any suitable period of time which still allows to provide a nitrification inhibiting effect in the context of fertilizer usage, or which provides for a reduction in growth of competing weeds in the context of the usage of (T) or nitrification inhibitor. For example, the time lag may be a time period of 1
20 day, 2 days, 3 days, 4 days, 5 days, 6 days, 7 days, 8 days, 9 days, 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, 14 days, 3 weeks 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks , 9 weeks, 10 weeks, 11 weeks, 12 weeks, 4 months, 5 months, 6 months, 7 months, 8 months, 9 months, 10 months or more or any time period in between the mentioned time periods. Preferably, the time lag is an interval of 1 day, 2 days, 3 days, 1 week, 2
25 weeks or 3 weeks. The time lag preferably refers to situations in which (T) or the nitrification inhibitor as defined above is provided 1 day, 2 days, 3 days, 4 days, 5 days, 6

days, 7 days, 8 days, 9 days, 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, 14 days, 3 weeks 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks , 9 weeks, 10 weeks, 11 weeks, 12 weeks, 4 months, 5 months, 6 months, 7 months, 8 months, 9 months, 10 months or more or any time period in between the mentioned time periods before the application
5 of a fertilizer as defined herein above.

In another specific embodiment of the invention one component of a combination as defined herein above, or of a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above is applied between GS 00 to GS 33 BBCH of the plant, or
10 between GS 00 and GS 65 BBCH of the plant, provided that the application of the other component of said combination as defined herein above, or a of corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above is carried out with a time lag of at least 1 day, e.g. a time lag of 1 day, 2 days, 3 days, 4 days, 5 days, 6 days, 7 days, 8 days, 9 days, 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, 14 days, 3 weeks 4
15 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks , 9 weeks, 10 weeks, or more or any time period in between the mentioned time periods. It is preferred that one component of the combination as defined herein above, or of a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above, which is applied between GS 00 to GS 33 BBCH of the plant, is provided 1 day, 2 days, 3 days, 4 days, 5 days, 6 days, 7
20 days, 8 days, 9 days, 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, 14 days, 3 weeks 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks , 9 weeks, 10 weeks, 11 weeks, or 12 weeks before the application of the other component.

In another specific embodiment of the invention, at least one fertilizer as defined herein above is applied between GS 00 to GS 33 BBCH of the plant or between GS 00
25 and GS 65 BBCH of the plant, provided that the application of a combination as de-

defined herein above, or of at least one component of said combination, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above, is carried out with a time lag of at least 1 day, e.g. a time lag of 1 day, 2 days, 3 days, 4 days, 5 days, 6 days, 7 days, 8 days, 9 days, 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, 14 days, 3 weeks, 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks, 9 weeks, 10 weeks or more or any time period in between the mentioned time periods.

According to a specific embodiment of the present invention a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow is treated at least once with at least one component of a combination as defined herein above or of a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above, or with said combination. In a further specific embodiment of the present invention a plant growing on soil and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow is treated at least once with a combination as defined herein above, or one of its components, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above, and at least once with a fertilizer as defined herein above.

The term "at least once" means that the application may be performed one time, or several times, i.e. that a repetition of the treatment with (T) or a nitrification inhibitor and/or a fertilizer may be envisaged. Such a repetition may be 2 times, 3 times, 4 times, 5 times, 6 times, 7 times, 8 times, 9 times, 10 times or more frequent repetition of the treatment with a combination as defined herein above, or one of its components, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above and/or a fertilizer. The repetition of treatment with a combination as defined herein above, or one of its components, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above and a fertilizer may further be different. For ex-

ample, while the fertilizer may be applied only once, the a combination as defined herein above, or one of its components, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above may be applied 2 times, 3 times, 4 times etc. Alternatively, while (T) or the nitrification inhibitor may be applied only once, the fertilizer may be applied 2 times, 3 times, 4 times etc. Further envisaged are all combinations of numerical different numbers of repetitions for the application of a combination as defined herein above, or one of its components, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above and optionally a fertilizer as defined herein above.

10 Such a repeated treatment may further be combined with a time lag between the treatment of the combination as defined herein above, or one of its components, or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above and optionally a fertilizer as described above.

15 The time interval between a first application and second or subsequent application of a combination as defined herein above, or one of its components or a corresponding composition or agricultural composition as defined herein above and/or a fertilizer may be any suitable interval. This interval may range from a few seconds up to 3 months, e.g. from a few seconds up to 1 month, or from a few seconds up to 2 weeks. In further embodiments, the time interval may range from a few seconds up to 3 days or
20 from 1 second up to 24 hours.

In further specific embodiments, a method for increasing the health of a plant as described above is carried out by treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus where the plant is growing or is intended to grow with at least one
25 agrochemical mixture as defined herein above.

In another embodiment of the invention, an agrochemical mixture comprising an ammonium or urea-containing fertilizer and (T) or at least one nitrification inhibitor as defined herein above is applied before and at sowing, before emergence, and until shooting/shoot development (GS 00 to GS 33 BBCH) of the plant. In case the agrochemical mixture is provided as kit of parts or as non-physical mixture, it may be applied with a time lag between the application of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor and the fertilizer or between the application of (T) or the nitrification inhibitor a secondary or further ingredient, e.g. a pesticidal compound as mentioned herein above.

10

In a further embodiment plant propagules are preferably treated simultaneously (together or separately) or subsequently.

The term "propagules" or "plant propagules" is to be understood to denote any structure with the capacity to give rise to a new plant, e.g. a seed, a spore, or a part of the vegetative body capable of independent growth if detached from the parent. In a preferred embodiment, the term "propagules" or "plant propagules" denotes for seed.

For a method as described above, or for a use according to the invention, the application rates of (T) or nitrification inhibitors, i.e. of the compound of formula I are between 0,01 g and 5 kg of active ingredient per hectare, preferably between 1 g and 1 kg of active ingredient per hectare, especially preferred between 50 g and 300 g of active ingredient per hectare depending on different parameters such as the specific active ingredient applied and the plant species treated. In the treatment of seed, amounts of from 0.001 g to 20 g per kg of seed, preferably from 0.01 g to 10 g per kg of seed,

25

more preferably from 0.05 to 2 g per kg of seed of (T) or nitrification inhibitors may be generally required.

As a matter of course, if (T) or nitrification inhibitors and fertilizers (or other ingredi-
5 ents), or if mixtures thereof are employed, the compounds may be used in an effective and non-phytotoxic amount. This means that they are used in a quantity which allows to obtain the desired effect but which does not give rise to any phytotoxic symptoms on the treated plant or on the plant raised from the treated propagule or treated soil. For the use according to the invention, the application rates of fertilizers may be be-
10 tween 10 kg and 300 kg per hectare, preferably between 50 kg and 250 kg per hectare.

(T) or the nitrification inhibitor compounds according to the invention, e.g. compound I as defined herein above, or derivative thereof as defined herein above can be present
15 in different structural or chemical modifications whose biological activity may differ. They are likewise subject matter of the present invention.

(T) or the nitrification inhibitor compounds according to the invention, their N-oxides and/or salts etc. may be converted into customary types of compositions, e.g. agro-
20 chemical or agricultural compositions such as solutions, emulsions, suspensions, dusts, powders, pastes and granules.

The composition type depends on the particular intended purpose; in each case, it should ensure a fine and uniform distribution of the compound according to the inven-
25 tion. Examples for composition types are suspensions (SC, 00, FS), emulsifiable concentrates (EC), emulsions (EW, EO, ES), microemulsions (ME), pastes, pastilles, wet-

table powders or dusts (WP, SP, SS, WS, OP, OS) or granules (GR, FG, GG, MG), which can be watersoluble or wettable, as well as gel formulations for the treatment of plant propagation materials such as seeds (GF). Usually the composition types (e.g. SC, 00, FS, EC, WG, SG, WP, SP, SS, WS, GF) are employed diluted. Composition
5 types such as OP, OS, GR, FG, GG and MG are usually used undiluted.

The compositions are prepared in a known manner (see, for example, US 3,060,084, EP 707 445 (for liquid concentrates), Browning: "Agglomeration", Chemical Engineer-
ing, Dec. 4, 1967, 147- 48, Perry's Chemical Engineer's Handbook, 4th Ed., McGraw-
10 Hili, New York, 1963, S. 8-57 und ff. WO 91/13546, US 4,172,714, US 4,144,050, US 3,920,442, US 5,180,587, US 5,232,701, US 5,208,030, GB 2,095,558, US 3,299,566, Klingman: Weed Control as a Science (J. Wiley & Sons, New York, 1961), Hance et al.: Weed Control Handbook (8th Ed., Blackwell Scientific, Oxford, 1989) and Mollet, H. and Grubemann, A.: Formulation technology (Wiley VCH Verlag, Weinheim, 2001).
15 Agrochemical compositions or mixtures may also comprise auxiliaries which are customary in agrochemical compositions. The auxiliaries used depend on the particular application form and active substance, respectively.

Examples for suitable auxiliaries are solvents, solid carriers, dispersants or emulsifiers
20 (such as further solubilizers, protective colloids, surfactants and adhesion agents), organic and anorganic thickeners, bactericides, anti-freezing agents, anti-foaming agents, if appropriate colorants and tackifiers or binders (e.g. for seed treatment formulations). Suitable solvents are water, organic solvents such as mineral oil fractions of medium to high boiling point, such as kerosene or diesel oil, furthermore coal tar
25 oils and oils of vegetable or animal origin, aliphatic, cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, e.g. toluene, xylene, paraffin, tetrahydronaphthalene, alkylated naphthalenes or their

derivatives, alcohols such as methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol and cyclohexanol, glycols, ketones such as cyclohexanone and gamma-butyrolactone, fatty acid dimethylamides, fatty acids and fatty acid esters and strongly polar solvents, e.g. amines such as N-methylpyrrolidone.

5

Suitable surfactants (adjuvants, wetters, tackifiers, dispersants or emulsifiers) are alkali metal, alkaline earth metal and ammonium salts of aromatic sulfonic acids, such as ligninsulfonic acid (Borresperse® types, Borregard, Norway) phenolsulfonic acid, naphthalenesulfonic acid (Morwet® types, Akzo Nobel, U.S.A.), dibutyl-naphthalene-sulfonic acid (Nekal® types, BASF, Germany), and fatty acids, alkylsulfonates, alkylarylsulfonates, alkyl sulfates, lauryl ether sulfates, fatty alcohol sulfates, and sulfated hexa-, hepta- and octadecanates, sulfated fatty alcohol glycol ethers, furthermore condensates of naphthalene or of naphthalenesulfonic acid with phenol and formaldehyde, polyoxy-ethylene octylphenyl ether, ethoxylated isooctylphenol, octylphenol, nonylphenol, alkylphenyl polyglycol ethers, tributylphenyl polyglycol ether, tri-
15 stearylphenyl polyglycol ether, alkylaryl polyether alcohols, alcohol and fatty alcohol/ethylene oxide condensates, ethoxylated castor oil, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers, ethoxylated polyoxypropylene, lauryl alcohol polyglycol ether acetal, sorbitol esters, lignin-sulfite waste liquors and proteins, denatured proteins, polysaccharides (e. g. methylcellulose), hydrophobically modified starches, polyvinyl alcohols (Mowiol®
20 types, Clariant, Switzerland), polycarboxylates (Sokolan® types, BASF, Germany), polyalkoxylates, polyvinylamines (Lupasol® types, BASF, Germany), polyvinylpyrrolidone and the copolymers thereof. Examples of suitable thickeners (i.e. compounds that impart a modified flowability to compositions, i.e. high viscosity under static conditions and low viscosity during agitation) are polysaccharides and organic and anor-
25 ganic clays such as Xanthan gum (Kelzan®, CP Kelco, U.S.A.), Rhodopol® 23 (Rho-

dia, France), Veegum® (R.T. Vanderbilt, U.S.A.) or Attaclay® (Engelhard Corp., NJ, USA).

In specific embodiments, bactericides may be added for preservation and stabilization of the composition. Examples for suitable bactericides are those based on dichlorophene and benzyl alcohol hemi formal (Proxel® from ICI or Acticide® RS from Thor Chemie and Kathon® MK from Rohm & Haas) and isothiazolinone derivatives such as alkylisothiazolinones and benzisothiazolinones (Acticide® MBS from Thor Chemie).

10 Examples for suitable anti-freezing agents are ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, urea and glycerin. Examples for anti-foaming agents are silicone emulsions (such as e.g. Silikon® SRE, Wacker, Germany or Rhodorsil®, Rhodia, France), long chain alcohols, fatty acids, salts of fatty acids, fluoroorganic compounds and mixtures thereof.

15 Suitable colorants are pigments of low water solubility and water-soluble dyes, e.g. rhodamin B, C. I. pigment red 112, C. I. solvent red 1, pigment blue 15:4, pigment blue 15:3, pigment blue 15:2, pigment blue 15: 1, pigment blue 80, pigment yellow 1, pigment yellow 13, pigment red 112, pigment red 48:2, pigment red 48:1, pigment red 57:1, pigment red 53:1, pigment orange 43, pigment orange 34, pigment orange 5,
20 pigment green 36, pigment green 7, pigment white 6, pigment brown 25, basic violet 10, basic violet 49, acid red 51, acid red 52, acid red 14, acid blue 9, acid yellow 23, basic red 10, basic red 108.

Examples for tackifiers or binders are polyvinylpyrrolidons, polyvinylacetates, polyvinyl
25 alcohols and cellulose ethers (Tylose®, Shin-Etsu, Japan).

Powders, materials for spreading and dusts can be prepared by mixing or concomitantly grinding compound of formula I and, if appropriate, further active substances, with at least one solid carrier. Granules, e.g. coated granules, impregnated granules and homogeneous granules, can be prepared by binding the active substances to solid carriers. Examples of such suitable solid carriers are mineral earths such as silica gels, silicates, talc, kaolin, attaclay, limestone, lime, chalk, bole, loess, clay, dolomite, diatomaceous earth, calcium sulfate, magnesium sulfate, magnesium oxide, ground synthetic materials, fertilizers, such as, e.g. ammonium sulfate, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate, ureas, and products of vegetable origin, such as cereal meal, tree bark meal, wood meal and nutshell meal, cellulose powders and other solid carriers.

Examples for composition types are:

i) Water-soluble concentrates (SL, LS) 10 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are dissolved in 90 parts by weight of water or in a water-soluble solvent. As an alternative, wetting agents or other auxiliaries are added. The active substance dissolves upon dilution with water. In this way, a composition having a content of 10% by weight of active substance is obtained.

ii) Dispersible concentrates (DC) 20 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are dissolved in 70 parts by weight of cyclohexanone with addition of 10 parts by weight of a dispersant, e.g. polyvinylpyrrolidone. Dilution with water gives a dispersion. The active substance content is 20% by weight.

iii) Emulsifiable concentrates (EC) 15 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are dissolved in 75 parts by weight of xylene with addition of calcium dodecylbenzenesulfonate and castor oil ethoxylate (in each case 5 parts by weight). Dilution with water gives an emulsion. The composition has an active substance content of 15% by weight.

iv) Emulsions (EW, EO, ES) 25 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are dissolved in 35 parts by weight of xylene with addition of calcium dodecylbenzenesulfonate and castor oil ethoxylate (in each case 5 parts by weight). This mixture is introduced into 30 parts by weight of water by means of an emulsifying machine (Ultraturrax) and made into a homogeneous emulsion. Dilution with water gives an emulsion. The composition has an active substance content of 25% by weight.

v) Suspensions (SC, OO, FS) In an agitated ball mill, 20 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are comminuted with addition of 10 parts by weight of dispersants and wetting agents and 70 parts by weight of water or an organic solvent to give a fine active substance suspension. Dilution with water gives a stable suspension of the active substance. The active substance content in the composition is 20% by weight.

vi) Water-dispersible granules and water-soluble granules (WG, SG) 50 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are ground finely with addition of 50 parts by weight of dispersants and wetting agents and prepared as water-dispersible or water-soluble granules by means

of technical appliances (e.g. extrusion, spray tower, fluidized bed). Dilution with water gives a stable dispersion or solution of the active substance. The composition has an active substance content of 50% by weight.

- 5 vii) Water-dispersible powders and water-soluble powders (WP, SP, SS, WS) 75 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are ground in a rotor-stator mill with addition of 25 parts by weight of dispersants, wetting agents and silica gel. Dilution with water gives a stable dispersion or solution of the active substance. The active substance content of the composition is
- 10 75% by weight.

- viii) Gel (GF) In an agitated ball mill, 20 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are comminuted with addition of 10 parts by weight of dispersants, 1 part by weight of a gelling agent wetters
- 15 and 70 parts by weight of water or of an organic solvent to give a fine suspension of the active substance. Dilution with water gives a stable suspension of the active substance, whereby a composition with 20% (w/w) of active substance is obtained. 2. Composition types to be applied undiluted

- 20 ix) Oustable powders (OP, OS) 5 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are ground finely and mixed intimately with 95 parts by weight of finely divided kaolin. This gives a dustable composition having an active substance content of 5% by weight.

- 25 x) Granules (GR, FG, GG, MG) 0.5 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention is ground finely and asso-

ciated with 99.5 parts by weight of carriers. Current methods are extrusion, spray-drying or the fluidized bed. This gives granules to be applied undiluted having an active substance content of 0.5% by weight.

5 xi) ULV solutions (UL) 10 parts by weight of (T) or a nitrification inhibitor such as a compound of formula I according to the invention are dissolved in 90 parts by weight of an organic solvent, e.g. xylene. This gives a composition to be applied undiluted having an active substance content of 10% by weight.

10 The agrochemical compositions generally comprise between 0.01 and 95%, preferably between 0.1 and 90%, most preferably between 0.5 and 90%, by weight of active substance. The active substances are employed in a purity offrom 90% to 100%, preferably from 95% to 100% (according to NMR spectrum).

15 Water-soluble concentrates (LS), flowable concentrates (FS), powders for dry treatment (OS), water-dispersible powders for slurry treatment (WS), water-soluble powders (SS), emulsions (ES) emulsifiable concentrates (EC) and gels (GF) are usually employed for the purposes of treatment of plant propagation materials, particularly seeds.

20

These compositions can be applied to plant propagation materials, particularly seeds, diluted or undiluted.

The compositions in question give, after two-to-tenfold dilution, active substance concentrations of from 0.01 to 60% by weight, preferably from 0.1 to 40% by weight, in
25 the ready-to-use preparations. Application can be carried out before or during sowing.

- Methods for applying or treating agrochemical or agricultural compounds or mixtures, or compositions as defined herein, respectively, on to plant propagation material, especially seeds, are known in the art, and include dressing, coating, pelleting, dusting, soaking and in-furrow application methods of the propagation material. In a preferred embodiment, the compounds or the compositions thereof, respectively, are applied on to the plant propagation material by a method such that germination is not induced, e.g. by seed dressing, pelleting, coating and dusting.
- 5
- 10 In a preferred embodiment, a suspension-type (FS) composition may be used. Typically, a FS composition may comprise 1-800 g/l of active substance, 1-200 g/l surfactant, 0 to 200 g/l antifreezing agent, 0 to 400 g/l of binder, 0 to 200 g/l of a pigment and up to 1 liter of a solvent, preferably water.
- 15 The active substances can be used as such or in the form of their compositions, e.g. in the form of directly sprayable solutions, powders, suspensions, dispersions, emulsions, oil dispersions, pastes, dustable products, materials for spreading, or granules, by means of spraying, atomizing, dusting, spreading, brushing, immersing or pouring.
- 20 The application forms depend entirely on the intended purposes; it is intended to ensure in each case the finest possible distribution of the active substances according to the invention. Aqueous application forms can be prepared from emulsion concentrates, pastes or wettable powders (sprayable powders, oil dispersions) by adding water.

To prepare emulsions, pastes or oil dispersions, the substances, as such or dissolved in an oil or solvent, can be homogenized in water by means of a wetter, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier. Alternatively, it is possible to prepare concentrates composed of active substance, wetter, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier and, if appropriate, solvent or oil, and such concentrates are suitable for dilution with water.

The active substance concentrations in the ready-to-use preparations can be varied within relatively wide ranges. In general, they are from 0.0001 to 10%, preferably from 0.001 to 1 % by weight of active substance. The active substances may also be used successfully in the ultra-low-volume process (ULV), it being possible to apply compositions comprising over 95% by weight of active substance, or even to apply the active substance without additives.

Various types of oils, wetters, adjuvants, bactericides, fungicides and/or pesticides may be added to the active substances or the compositions comprising them, if appropriate not until immediately prior to use (tank mix). These agents can be admixed with the compositions according to the invention in a weight ratio of 1 : 100 to 100 : 1, preferably 1 : 10 to 10 : 1.

Adjuvants which can be used are in particular organic modified polysiloxanes such as Break Thru S 240®; alcohol alkoxylates such as Atplus 245®, Atplus MBA 1303®, Plurafac LF 300® and Lutensol ON 30®; EO/PO block polymers, e.g. Pluronic RPE 2035® and Genapol B®; alcohol ethoxylates such as Lutensol XP 80®; and dioctyl sulfosuccinate sodium such as Leophen RA®.

The following example is provided for illustrative purposes. It is thus understood that the example is not to be construed as limiting. The skilled person in the art will clearly be able to envisage further modifications of the principles laid out herein.

5

Example 1

Soil was sampled fresh from a field (e.g. Limburgerhof), dried and sieved through a 500µm sieve. Approximately 200 mg of soil were placed into each well of a 48 well
10 plate. Compounds, or DMSO alone, were added at a concentration of 10ppm, dissolved in 1% DMSO. 6 µmol ammonium sulfate was added per well as well as 4.8 mg NaClO₃.

Subsequently, the samples were incubated at room temperature for up to 72 hrs. After
15 the incubation period 64mg KCl were added and mixed. 25 µl of the supernatant were placed into a fresh plate and 260µl of a color reaction solution (from Merck Nr 1.11799.0100) were added.

Measurements were taken with a Tecan plate Reader at 540nm wavelength.

20

The results of the measurements (with a dose of 10 ppm) were that all compounds #1 to #215 as shown in Table 1, supra demonstrated an inhibition of ≥ 10% compared to a control (DMSO only).

25 **Example 2**

Roundup Powermax (also referred to as „Roundup“) is a SL formulation containing approx. 540 g/L glyphosate (as potassium salt) as active ingredient. Verdict is an EC formulation containing approx. 6 wt.% saflufenacil and approx. 55 wt.% dimethenamid-P as active ingredients. Weedone is an EC formulation containing approx. 640 g/L 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, isooctyl ester as active ingredient. UAN is a solution of urea and ammonium nitrate in water. MSO is methylated seed oil. Limus is a mixture of NBPT and NPPT with about NBTP at 63% and NPPT at 22%, secondary compounds at 10%, further secondary compounds such as amines below 4% and dimerease derivatives below 1%. “DAT” stands for “days after treatment”. The Latin names for the weeds used in Example 2 are shown below:

Giant foxtail = *Setaria faberi*

Velvetleaf = *Abutilon theophrasti*

Waterhemp = *Amaranthus rudis*

Lambsquarters = *Chenopodium album*

Pigweed = *Amaranthus palmeri*

Morningglory = *Ipomoea L. sp.*

Cutleaf Evening Primrose = *Oenothera laciniata*

Marestail = *Conyza canadensis*

20 **Greenhouse Burndown**

This experiment conducted in the BASF greenhouses in RTP, North Carolina, USA. Herbicides and adjuvants were mixed with 28% UAN (UAN = a solution of urea and ammonium nitrate in water) or 32% UAN as a carrier, using a mixing order of UAN ->Limus -> MSO (if applicable) ->herbicide. Solutions were agitated before spraying.

Weeds were grown in greenhouse flats to an average height of giant foxtail= 6", velvetleaf= 5.25", waterhemp= 6", and lambsquarters= 7.5" before solution was applied. Plants were sprayed in a spray chamber with a 20" boom height and 8003E nozzles at a rate of 47 gal solution/acre.

5

Treatments were rated for % control over a 25 day period.

Limus: 9.6 fl oz/acre

Roundup Powermax (high rate:): 32 fl oz/acre

10 Roundup Powermax (low rate): 8 fl oz/acre

Weedone: 16 fl oz/acre

Verdict: 14 fl oz/acre

w/ MSO concentrate w/ Leci-Tech: 16 fl oz/acre

15 The weed control rate (in %) achieved with the different treatments are shown in Table 4.

Table 4 (all values in %) (weed control in greenhouse burndown):

		Chec k	UA N 28	UAN 28 Limu s	UAN 28 Roundu p (low rate)	UAN 28 Roundu p (low rate) Limus	UAN 28 Weedon e	UAN 28 Weedon e Limus
3DAT	giant foxtail	0.0	7.5	–	10.0	12.5	10.0	10.0
	velvetleaf	0.0	8.8	7.5	10.0	11.3	28.8	30.0
	waterhemp	0.0	20.0	–	28.8	30.0	42.5	55.0
	lambsquarter s	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	10.0	45.0	45.0
7 DAT	giant foxtail	0.0	5.0	5.0	12.5	12.5	5.0	5.0
	velvetleaf	0.0	7.5	7.5	17.5	17.5	40.0	40.0
	waterhemp	0.0	17.5	16.3	35.0	33.8	60.0	58.8
	lambsquarter s	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	15.0	52.5	55.0
12 DAT	giant foxtail	0.0	0.0	–	13.8	12.5	5.0	6.3
	velvetleaf	0.0	1.3	–	18.8	20.0	48.8	46.3
	waterhemp	0.0	32.5	–	42.5	38.8	70.0	72.5
	lambsquarter s	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.8	13.8	57.5	57.5
25 DAT	giant foxtail	0.0	0.0	–	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
	velvetleaf	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0	81.3	80.0
	waterhemp	0.0	11.3	–	67.5	75.0	75.0	96.3

	lambsquarter s	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	11.3	77.5	78.8
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Table 4 (continued):

		UAN 32	UAN 32 Limus	UAN 32 Round- up (high rate)	UAN 32 Roundup (high rate) Limus	UAN 32 Verdict	UAN 32 Verdict Limus	UAN 32 Wee- done	UAN 32 Weedone Limus
3DAT	giant foxtail	7.5	-	21.3	25.0	40.0	36.3	13.8	17.5
	velvetleaf	11.3	10.0	12.5	15.0	55.0	57.5	28.8	30.0
	waterhemp	27.5	21.3	31.3	31.3	70.0	75.0	47.5	48.8
	lambsquarters	0.0	-	13.8	17.5	52.5	52.5	40.0	50.0
7 DAT	giant foxtail	5.0	5.0	28.8	28.8	35.0	36.3	5.0	5.0
	velvetleaf	10.0	-	23.8	25.0	72.5	75.0	40.0	40.0
	waterhemp	18.8	17.5	28.8	27.5	87.5	87.5	52.5	57.5
	lambsquarters	0.0	0.0	23.8	23.8	72.5	73.8	50.0	50.0
12 DAT	giant foxtail	5.0	5.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	41.3	5.0	5.0
	velvetleaf	5.0	5.0	31.3	32.5	95.0	92.5	47.5	47.5
	waterhemp	42.5	42.5	38.8	38.8	100.0	97.5	53.8	62.5
	lambsquarters	0.0	0.0	37.5	35.0	85.0	90.0	50.0	50.0
25 DAT	giant foxtail	0.0	0.0	97.5	96.3	78.8	78.8	0.0	0.0
	velvetleaf	0.0	0.0	66.3	68.8	95.0	95.0	81.3	80.0
	waterhemp	55.0	25.0	70.0	75.0	98.8	97.5	90.0	92.5
	lambsquarters	0.0	0.0	63.8	65.0	90.0	88.8	80.0	80.0

Field Pre-emergence

This experiment took place at the BASF Research Farm in Pine Level, North Carolina, USA. Solutions were mixed as described above and sprayed at 47 gal/acre using a 2 row boom, 18" high, with 11004DG nozzles.

Weed control was rated periodically over 35 days following initial application.

Limus: 9.6 fl oz/acre

10 Verdict (med rate): 7 fl oz/acre

Verdict (high rate): 14 fl oz/acre

The weed control rate (in %) achieved with the different treatments are shown in Table 5.

Table 5 (all values in %) (weed control in field pre-emergence):

		Check	UAN 28	UAN 28 Limus	UAN 28 Verdict (high rate)	UAN 28 Verdict (high rate) Limus	UAN 28 Verdict (medium rate)	UAN 28 Verdict (medium rate) Limus
7DAT	Pigweed	0.0	50.0	50.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0
15DAT	Pigweed	0.0	30.0	30.0	100.0	100.0	98.3	100.0

	Morning glory	0.0	0.0	0.0	86.7	93.3	85.0	86.7
22DAT	Pigweed	0.0	0.0	0.0	98.3	98.3	90.0	95.0
	Morning glory	0.0	0.0	0.0	95.0	96.7	85.0	90.0
35DAT	Pigweed	0.0	0.0	0.0	98.3	98.3	86.7	93.3
	Morning glory	0.0	0.0	0.0	93.3	95.0	85.0	90.0

Field Burndown

This experiment took place at the BASF Research Farm in Pine Level, NC, USA. Solutions were mixed as described above and sprayed at 47 gal/acre using a 2 row boom, 18" high, with 11004DG nozzles.

The weeds evaluated were cutleaf evening primrose and mare's tail. Primrose averaged 10-18" in height and mare's tail averaged 3-6" at 8 DAT.

10

Treatments were rated for % control over a 25 day period.

Limus: 9.6 fl oz/acre

Roundup Powermax (high rate):32 fl oz/acre

Roundup Powermax (med rate): 16 fl oz/acre

15 Weedone: 16 fl oz/acre

The weed control rate (in %) achieved with the different treatments are shown in Table 6.

Table 6 (all values in %) (weed control in field burndown):

5

		Check	UAN 28	UAN 28 Limus	UAN 28 Roundup Power- max (high rate)	UAN 28 Roundup Power- max (high rate) Limus	UAN 28 Roundup Power- max (medium rate)	UAN 28 Roundup Power- max (medium rate) Limus
8 DAT	Cutleaf Evening Primrose	0.0	21.7	21.7	35.0	33.3	36.7	40.0
	Marestail	0.0	10.0	10.0	35.0	35.0	38.3	40.0
18 DAT	Cutleaf Evening Primrose	0.0	5.0	5.0	61.7	63.3	65.0	68.3
	Marestail	0.0	5.0	5.0	68.3	68.3	65.0	65.0
25 DAT	Cutleaf Evening Primrose	0.0	5.0	5.0	66.7	68.3	70.0	71.7
	Marestail	0.0	5.0	5.0	71.7	81.7	71.7	71.7

Table 6 (continued):

		UAN 28 Roundup Power- max (low rate)	UAN 28 Roundup Power- max (low rate) Limus	UAN 28 Weedone LV 6	UAN 28 Weedone LV 6 Limus
8 DAT	Cutleaf Evening Primrose	31.7	33.3	53.3	53.3
	Marestail	33.3	35.0	51.7	51.7
18 DAT	Cutleaf Evening Primrose	55.0	55.0	66.7	68.3
	Marestail	53.3	51.7	63.3	65.0
25 DAT	Cutleaf Evening Primrose	61.7	68.3	81.7	83.3
	Marestail	61.7	60.0	78.3	73.3

Claims:

1. A composition comprising

5 a) at least one (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) according to the general formula (Ia)



wherein

X is oxygen or sulfur;

10 R^{a1} is a C₁ to C₂₀ alkyl, C₃ to C₂₀ cycloalkyl, C₆ to C₂₀ aryl, or dialkylaminocarbonyl group;

R^{a2} is H, or

R^{a1} and R^{a2} together with the nitrogen atom linking them define a 5- or 6-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic radical, which optionally comprises 1
15 or 2 further heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur,

and

b) at least one herbicide selected from the group of herbicides comprising:

(i) amino acid derivatives selected from glyphosate (B.2.1), glufosinate
20 (B.2.2), sulfosate (B.2.3), bilanafos;

(ii) acetamides selected from acetochlor (B.1.1), alachlor, butachlor, dimethachlor, dimethenamid (B.1.2), flufenacet (B.1.3), mefenacet (B.1.4), metolachlor

(B.1.5), metazachlor (B.1.6), napropamide, naproanilide, pethoxamid, pretilachlor, propachlor, thenylchlor;

(iii) aryloxyphenoxypropionates selected from clodinafop (B.3.1), cyhalofop-butyl, fenoxaprop (B.3.2), fluazifop (B.3.3), haloxyfop (B.3.4), metamifop, 5 propaquizafop (B.3.5), quizalofop, quizalofop-P-tefuryl;

(iv) bipyridyls selected from diquat, paraquat (B.4.1);

(v) (thio)carbamates selected from asulam, butylate, carbetamide, desmedipham, dimepiperate, eptam (EPTC), esprocarb, molinate, orbencarb, phenmedipham (B.5.1), prosulfocarb, pyributicarb, thiobencarb, triallate;

10 (vi) cyclohexanediones selected from butroxydim, clethodim (B.6.1), cycloxydim (B.6.2), profoxydim (B.6.3), sethoxydim (B.6.4), tepraloxym (B.6.5), tralkoxydim;

(vii) dinitroanilines selected from benfluralin, ethalfluralin, oryzalin, pendimethalin (B.7.1), prodiamine (B.7.2), trifluralin (B.7.3);

15 (viii) diphenyl ethers selected from acifluorfen (B.8.1), aclonifen, bifenox, diclofop, ethoxyfen, fomesafen, lactofen, oxyfluorfen;

(ix) hydroxybenzoxynitriles selected from bomoxynil (B.9.1), dichlobenil, ioxynil;

(x) imidazolinones selected from imazamethabenz, imazamox (B.10.1), imazapic (B.10.2), imazapyr (B.10.3), imazaquin (B.10.4), imazethapyr (B.10.5);

20 (xi) phenoxy acetic acids selected from clomeprop, 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1), 2,4-DB, dichlorprop, MCPA, MCPA-thioethyl, MCPB, Mecoprop;

(xii) pyrazines selected from chloridazon (B.11.2), flufenpyr-ethyl, fluthiacet, norflurazon, pyridate;

(xiii) pyridines selected from aminopyralid, clopyralid (B.12.1), diflufenican, di- 25 thiopyr, fluridone, fluroxypyr (B.12.2), picloram (B.12.3), picolinafen (B.12.4), thiazopyr;

- (xiv) sulfonyl ureas selected from amidosulfuron, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron (B.13.1), chlorimuron-ethyl (B.13.2), chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, cyclosulfamuron (B.13.3), ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, flucetosulfuron, flupyrsulfuron, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, iodosulfuron (B.13.4), mesosulfuron (B.13.5), metazosulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl (B.13.6), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), oxasulfuron, primisulfuron, prosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, rimsulfuron (B.13.8), sulfometuron, sulfosulfuron, thifensulfuron, triasulfuron, tribenuron (B.13.10), trifloxysulfuron, triflusulfuron (B.13.9), tritosulfuron, 1-((2-chloro-6-propyl-imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl)sulfonyl)-3-(4,6-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-2-yl)urea;
- 5 (xv) triazines selected from ametryn, atrazine (B.14.1), cyanazine, dimethametryn, ethiozin, hexazinone (B.14.2), metamitron, metribuzin, prometryn, simazine, terbuthylazine, terbutryn, triaziflam;
- (xvi) ureas selected from chlorotoluron, daimuron, diuron (B.15.1), fluometuron, isoproturon, linuron, methabenzthiazuron, tebuthiuron;
- 15 (xvii) other acetolactate synthase inhibitors selected from bispyribac-sodium, cloransulam-methyl, diclosulam, florasulam (B.16.1), flucarbazone, flumetsulam, metosulam, ortho-sulfamuron, penoxsulam, propoxycarbazone, pyribambenz-propyl, pyribenzoxim, pyriftalid, pyriminobac-methyl, pyrimisulfan, pyriothiobac, pyroxasulfone (B.16.2), pyroxsulam; and
- 20 (xviii) amicarbazone, aminotriazole, anilofos, beflubutamid, benazolin, ben-carbazone, benfluresate, benzofenap, bentazone (B.17.1), benzobicyclon, bicyclopyrone, bromacil, bromobutide, butafenacil, butamifos, cafenstrole, carfentrazone, cinidon-ethyl (B.17.2), chlorthal, cinmethylin (B.17.3), clomazone (B.17.4), cumyluron, cyprosulfamide, dicamba (B.17.5), difenzoquat, diflufenzopyr (B.17.6), *Drechslera*
- 25 *monoceras*, endothal, ethofumesate, etobenzanid, fenoxasulfone, fentrazamide, flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, flupoxam, flurochloridone, flurtamone, indanofan, isox-

aben, isoxaflutole, lenacil, propanil, propyzamide, quinclorac (B.17.7), quinmerac (B.17.8), mesotrione (B.17.9), methyl arsonic acid, naptalam, oxadiargyl, oxadiazon, oxaziclomefone, pentoxazone, pinoxaden, pyraclonil, pyraflufen-ethyl, pyrasulfotole, pyrazoxyfen, pyrazolynate, quinoclamine, saflufenacil (B.17.10), sulcotrione (B.17.11),
5 sulfentrazone, terbacil, tefuryltrione, tembotrione, thiencarbazon, topramezone (B.17.12), (3-[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yloxy)-acetic acid ethyl ester, 6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester, 6-chloro-3-(2-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridazin-4-ol, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-phenyl)-5-fluoro-
10 pyridine-2-carboxylic acid, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester, and 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-3-dimethylamino-2-fluoro-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester.

2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein in the general formula (Ia)
15 of (T) X is sulfur.

3. The composition according to claim 1 or 2, wherein in the general formula (Ia) of (T) R^{a1} is C₁-C₂₀ alkyl and R^{a2} is H.

20 4. The composition according to anyone of the claims 1 to 3, wherein the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) is N-n-butylthiophosphoric acid triamide (NBPT) and/or N-n-propylthiophosphoric acid triamide (NPPT).

5. The composition according to anyone of the claims 1 to 4, wherein the
25 herbicide is a herbicide selected from dicamba (B.17.5), glyphosate (B.2.1), propaquizafop (B.3.5), cycloxydim (B.6.2), bomoxynil (B.9.1), imazamox (B.10.1), nic-

osulfuron (B.13.7), tribenuron (B.13.10), saflufenacil (B.17.10), topramezone (B.17.2), dimethenamid (B.1.2), and 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1).

6. A method for increasing the health of a plant and/or for increasing the
 5 herbicidal activity of a herbicide, comprising treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus or soil or soil substituents where the plant is growing or is intended to grow with

a) at least one (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T) according to the general formula
 10 (Ia)



wherein

X is oxygen or sulfur;

R^{a1} is a C₁ to C₂₀ alkyl, C₃ to C₂₀ cycloalkyl, C₆ to C₂₀ aryl, or dialkylaminocar-
 15 bonyl group;

R^{a2} is H, or

R^{a1} and R^{a2} together with the nitrogen atom linking them define a 5- or 6-
 membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic radical, which optionally comprises 1
 or 2 further heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and
 20 sulfur,

and

b) at least one herbicide selected from the group of herbicides comprising

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- (i) amino acid derivatives selected from glyphosate (B.2.1), glufosinate (B.2.2), sulfosate (B.2.3), bilanafos;
- (ii) acetamides selected from acetochlor (B.1.1), alachlor, butachlor, dimethachlor, dimethenamid (B.1.2), flufenacet (B.1.3), mefenacet (B.1.4), metolachlor
5 (B.1.5), metazachlor (B.1.6), napropamide, naproanilide, pethoxamid, pretilachlor, propachlor, thenylchlor;
- (iii) aryloxyphenoxypropionates selected from clodinafop (B.3.1), cyhalofop-butyl, fenoxaprop (B.3.2), fluazifop (B.3.3), haloxyfop (B.3.4), metamifop, propaquizafop (B.3.5), quizalofop, quizalofop-P-tefuryl;
- 10 (iv) bipyridyls selected from diquat, paraquat (B.4.1);
- (v) (thio)carbamates selected from asulam, butylate, carbetamide, desmedipham, dimepiperate, eptam (EPTC), esprocarb, molinate, orbencarb, phenmedipham (B.5.1), prosulfocarb, pyributicarb, thiobencarb, triallate;
- (vi) cyclohexanediones selected from butroxydim, clethodim (B.6.1), cycloxydim (B.6.2), profoxydim (B.6.3), sethoxydim (B.6.4), tepraloxydim (B.6.5),
15 tralkoxydim;
- (vii) dinitroanilines selected from benfluralin, ethalfluralin, oryzalin, pendimethalin (B.7.1), prodiamine (B.7.2), trifluralin (B.7.3);
- (viii) diphenyl ethers selected from acifluorfen (B.8.1), aclonifen, bifenoxy, diclo-
20 fop, ethoxyfen, fomesafen, lactofen, oxyfluorfen;
- (ix) hydroxybenzonnitriles selected from bomoxynil (B.9.1), dichlobenil, ioxynil;
- (x) imidazolinones selected from imazamethabenz, imazamox (B.10.1), imazapic (B.10.2), imazapyr (B.10.3), imazaquin (B.10.4), imazethapyr (B.10.5);
- (xi) phenoxy acetic acids selected from clomeprop, 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic
25 acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1), 2,4-DB, dichlorprop, MCPA, MCPA-thioethyl, MCPB, Mecoprop;

- (xii) pyrazines selected from chloridazon (B.11.2), flufenpyr-ethyl, fluthiacet, norflurazon, pyridate;
- (xiii) pyridines selected from aminopyralid, clopyralid (B.12.1), diflufenican, dithiopyr, fluridone, fluroxypyr (B.12.2), picloram (B.12.3), picolinafen (B.12.4), thiazopyr;
- 5 (xiv) sulfonyl ureas selected from amidosulfuron, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron (B.13.1), chlorimuron-ethyl (B.13.2), chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, cyclosulfamuron (B.13.3), ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, flucetosulfuron, flupyralsulfuron, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, iodosulfuron (B.13.4), mesosulfuron (B.13.5), metazosulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl (B.13.6), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), oxasulfuron, primisulfuron, prosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, rimsulfuron (B.13.8), sulfometuron, sulfosulfuron, thifensulfuron, triasulfuron, tribenuron (B.13.10), trifloxysulfuron, triflusulfuron (B.13.9), tritosulfuron, 1-((2-chloro-6-propyl-imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl)sulfonyl)-3-(4,6-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-2-yl)urea;
- 10 (xv) triazines selected from ametryn, atrazine (B.14.1), cyanazine, dimethametryn, ethiozin, hexazinone (B.14.2), metamitron, metribuzin, prometryn, simazine, terbuthylazine, terbutryn, triaziflam;
- (xvi) ureas selected from chlorotoluron, daimuron, diuron (B.15.1), fluometuron, isoproturon, linuron, methabenzthiazuron, tebuthiuron;
- 20 (xvii) other acetolactate synthase inhibitors selected from bispyribac-sodium, cloransulam-methyl, diclosulam, florasulam (B.16.1), flucarbazone, flumetsulam, metosulam, ortho-sulfamuron, penoxsulam, propoxycarbazone, pyribambenz-propyl, pyribenzoxim, pyriftalid, pyriminobac-methyl, pyrimisulfan, pyriothiobac, pyroxasulfone (B.16.2), pyroxsulam; and
- 25 (xviii) amicarbazone, aminotriazole, anilofos, beflubutamid, benazolin, benicarbazone, benfluresate, benzofenap, bentazone (B.17.1), benzobicyclon, bicyclop-

rone, bromacil, bromobutide, butafenacil, butamifos, cafenstrole, carfentrazone, cinidon-ethyl (B.17.2), chlorthal, cinmethylin (B.17.3), clomazone (B.17.4), cumyluron, cyprosulfamide, dicamba (B.17.5), difenzoquat, diflufenzopyr (B.17.6), *Drechslera monoceras*, endothal, ethofumesate, etobenzanid, fenoxasulfone, fentrazamide, 5 flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, flupoxam, flurochloridone, flurtamone, indanofan, isoxaben, isoxaflutole, lenacil, propanil, propyzamide, quinclorac (B.17.7), quinmerac (B.17.8), mesotrione (B.17.9), methyl arsonic acid, naptalam, oxadiargyl, oxadiazon, oxaziclomefone, pentoxazone, pinoxaden, pyraclonil, pyraflufen-ethyl, pyrasulfotole, pyrazoxyfen, pyrazolynate, quinoclamine, saflufenacil (B.17.10), sulcotrione (B.17.11), 10 sulfentrazone, terbacil, tefuryltrione, tembotrione, thiencarbazon, topramezone (B.17.12), (3-[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yloxy)-acetic acid ethyl ester, 6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester, 6-chloro-3-(2-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridazin-4-ol, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-phenyl)-5-fluoro- 15 pyridine-2-carboxylic acid, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester, and 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-3-dimethylamino-2-fluoro-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester.

7. The method according to claim 6, wherein the plant is additionally provided with a urea-containing fertilizer selected from the group consisting of urea, formaldehyde urea, UAN, urea sulfur, stabilized urea, urea based NPK-fertilizers, and urea ammonium sulfate. 20

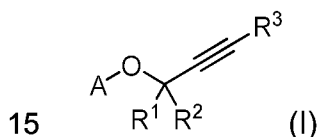
8. The method according to claim 6 or 7, wherein the herbicide is dicamba 25 (B.17.5), glyphosate (B.2.1), propaquizafop (B.3.5), cycloxydim (B.6.2), bomoxynil (B.9.1), imazamox (B.10.1), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), tribenuron (B.13.10), saflufenacil

(B.17.10), topramezone (B.17.2), dimethenamid (B.1.2), or 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1).

9. The method according to anyone of the claims 6 to 8, wherein the application of the (thio)phosphoric acid triamide (T), of the herbicide, and optionally of the urea-containing fertilizer is carried out simultaneously or with a time lag, preferably an interval of 1 day, 2 days, 3 days, 1 week, 2 weeks or 3 weeks.

10. Use of the compositions as defined in claims 1 to 5 for increasing the health of a plant or for increasing the herbicidal activity of the herbicide.

11. Use of a nitrification inhibitor wherein said nitrification inhibitor is a compound of formula I



or a stereoisomer, salt, tautomer or N-oxide thereof,

wherein

20

A is aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^A;

25 R¹ and R² are independently of each other selected from H and C₁-C₂-alkyl; and

R³ is H, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, ethynylhydroxymethyl, phenylhydroxymethyl, or aryl, wherein the aromatic ring may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^B;

and wherein

R^A is

- (i) halogen, CN, NR^aR^b, OR^c, SR^c, C(=Y¹)R^c, C(=Y¹)OR^c, C(=Y¹)SR^c, C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, Y²C(=Y¹)OR^c, Y²C(=Y¹)SR^c, Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y³Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, NR^gN=C(R^d)(R^e), C(=N-OR^c)R^g, C(=N-OR^c)R^g, C(=N-SR^c)R^g, C(=N-NR^aR^b)R^g, S(=O)₂R^f, NR^gS(=O)₂R^f, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)OR^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)SR^c, S(=O)₂Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, NO₂, NON-CN, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-cyanoalkyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyl-C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy;
- (ii) C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)OR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)OR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)SR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)SR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)NR^aNR^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-NR^aR^b, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-NR^aR^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-OR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-OR^c, C₁-C₄-alkylene-SR^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-SR^c, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene or C₂-C₄-alkenylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by OR^g, CN, halogen or phenyl;

(iii) aryl, aryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, hetaryl or hetaryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h;

(iv) a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle,
5 which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g; or

10 (v) L-B, wherein

L is -CH₂-, -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -C(=O)- or -CH=, and

B is aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h;

15 or

a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g; or

20 (vi) two substituents R^A together represent a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, which is fused to A and may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1c}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein
25 the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and

wherein R^{1c} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-heterocyclyl, C₃-C₆-heterocyclymethyl or OR^g;

and wherein

5

R^B is NH-C(=O)-(C₁-C₄-alkyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₂-C₄-alkenyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₁-C₂-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl), NH-C(=O)-(C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl), NH-S(=O)₂-(C₁-C₄-alkyl), or NO₂;

and wherein

10

Y¹, Y² and Y³ are independently of each other selected from O, S and NR^{1a}, wherein R^{1a} is in each case independently H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, OR^g, SR^g or NR^mRⁿ;

15 R^a and R^b are independently of each other selected from

(i) H, NRⁱR^k, OR^l, SR^l, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-hydroxyalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l, C(=Y¹)NRⁱR^k, C(=Y¹)C(=Y²)R^l, S(=O)₂R^f;

(ii) aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may
20 be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

R^a and R^b together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form

(iii) a hetaryl group which may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h;

25 or

(iv) a 3- to 10-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g;

R^c is

(i) H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C(=O)OR^l, C(=O)SR^l, C(=O)NR^jR^k;

(ii) C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=O)R^l, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(=O)OR^l, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by OR^g, CN, halogen, or phenyl;

(iii) aryl, aryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, hetaryl, or hetaryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

(iv) a 3- to 10-membered saturated or unsaturated carbocycle or heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the carbocycle or heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g;

R^d and R^e are independently selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, CN, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l, or C(=Y¹)NR^jR^k;

R^f is C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h;

5

R^g is H or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

R^h is halogen, CN, NO₂, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l,
 10 C(=Y¹)NR^jR^k, aryl, aryloxy, hetaryl and hetaryloxy;

Rⁱ is

(i) halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl;

15

(ii) =NR^{1d}, wherein R^{1d} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g;

(iii) =O, =S, NR^jR^k, OR^l, SR^l, C(=Y¹)R^l, C(=Y¹)OR^l, C(=Y¹)SR^l, C(=Y¹)NR^jR^k;

(iv) aryl, aryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, hetaryl, or hetaryl-C₁-C₂-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g; or

20

(v) C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, or 3- to 6-membered heterocyclyl, wherein the cycloalkyl ring or the heterocyclyl ring may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from halogen, CN,

25

C₁-C₄-alkyl, OR^g, and SR^g;

R^j and R^k are independently selected from H, OR^g, SR^g, C(=Y¹)R^g, C(=Y¹)OR^g, C(=Y¹)SR^g, C(=Y¹)NR^mRⁿ, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently
5 selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g;

R^l is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C(=Y¹)R^g, C(=Y¹)OR^g, C(=Y¹)SR^g, C(=Y¹)NR^mRⁿ, aryl or hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the
10 aryl or hetaryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently selected from halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy, OR^g, and SR^g; and

R^m and Rⁿ are independently selected from H and C₁-C₄-alkyl;
15 and a herbicide for increasing the health of a plant.

12. The use of claim 11, wherein in said compound of formula I, A is phenyl or a 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, wherein the aromatic ring may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independent-
20 ly of each other selected from R^A.

13. The use of claim 11 or 12, wherein in said compound of formula I, R¹ and R² both represent hydrogen.

14. The use of any one of claims 11 to 13, wherein in said compound of formula I, R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl or ethynylhydroxymethyl, and preferably R³ is hydrogen.

5 15. The use of any one of claims 11 to 13, wherein in said compound of formula I, R^A, if present, is

(i) halogen, CN, NR^aR^b, OR^c, C(=Y¹)R^c, C(=Y¹)OR^c, C(=Y¹)SR^c, C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, Y²C(=Y¹)R^c, Y²C(=Y¹)NR^aR^b, NR^gN=C(R^d)(R^e), S(=O)₂R^f, NO₂, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆- C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₂-C₄-alkynyl-C₁-C₂-hydroxyalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyloxy;

(ii) C₂-C₄-alkenylene-C(=Y¹)R^c, C₂-C₄-alkenylene-Y²-C(=Y¹)R^c, wherein the C₁-C₄-alkylene or C₂-C₄-alkenylene chain may in each case be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by CN or halogen;

15 (iii) aryl, wherein the aromatic ring of the aryl group may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents, which are independently of each other selected from R^h; or

(iv) a 3- to 14-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may contain 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms which, independently of each other, are selected from NR^{1b}, O, and S, wherein S may be oxidized and/or wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may be partially or fully substituted by substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from Rⁱ; and wherein R^{1b} is H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, or OR^g.

25 16. The use of any one of claims 11 to 15, wherein said herbicide is at least one herbicide selected from the group of herbicides comprising:

- (i) acetamides selected from acetochlor (B.1.1), alachlor, butachlor, dimethachlor, dimethenamid (B.1.2), flufenacet (B.1.3), mefenacet (B.1.4), metolachlor (B.1.5), metazachlor (B.1.6), napropamide, naproanilide, pethoxamid, pretilachlor, propachlor, thenylchlor;
- 5 (ii) amino acid derivatives selected from bilanafos, glyphosate (B.2.1), glufosinate (B.2.2), sulfosate (B.2.3);
- (iii) aryloxyphenoxypropionates selected from clodinafop (B.3.1), cyhalofop-butyl, fenoxaprop (B.3.2), fluazifop (B.3.3), haloxyfop (B.3.4), metamifop, propaquizafop (B.3.5), quizalofop, quizalofop-P-tefuryl;
- 10 (iv) bipyridyls selected from diquat, paraquat (B.4.1);
- (v) (thio)carbamates selected from asulam, butylate, carbetamide, desmedipham, dimepiperate, eptam (EPTC), esprocarb, molinate, orbencarb, phenmedipham (B.5.1), prosulfocarb, pyributicarb, thiobencarb, triallate;
- (vi) cyclohexanediones selected from butroxydim, clethodim (B.6.1), cycloxydim (B.6.2), profoxydim (B.6.3), sethoxydim (B.6.4), tepraloxym (B.6.5), tralkoxydim;
- 15 (vii) dinitroanilines selected from benfluralin, ethalfluralin, oryzalin, pendimethalin (B.7.1), prodiamine (B.7.2), trifluralin (B.7.3);
- (viii) diphenyl ethers selected from acifluorfen (B.8.1), aclonifen, bifenox, diclo-
- 20 fop, ethoxyfen, fomesafen, lactofen, oxyfluorfen;
- (ix) hydroxybenzotriazoles selected from bomoxynil (B.9.1), dichlobenil, ioxynil;
- (x) imidazolinones selected from imazamethabenz, imazamox (B.10.1), imazapic (B.10.2), imazapyr (B.10.3), imazaquin (B.10.4), imazethapyr (B.10.5);
- (xi) phenoxy acetic acids selected from clomeprop, 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic
- 25 acid (2,4-D) (B.11.1), 2,4-DB, dichlorprop, MCPA, MCPA-thioethyl, MCPB, Mecoprop;

- (xii) pyrazines selected from chloridazon (B.11.2), flufenpyr-ethyl, fluthiacet, norflurazon, pyridate;
- (xiii) pyridines selected from aminopyralid, clopyralid (B.12.1), diflufenican, dithiopyr, fluridone, fluroxypyr (B.12.2), picloram (B.12.3), picolinafen (B.12.4), thiazopyr;
- (xiv) sulfonyl ureas selected from amidosulfuron, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron (B.13.1), chlorimuron-ethyl (B.13.2), chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, cyclosulfamuron (B.13.3), ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, flucetosulfuron, flupyrsulfuron, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, iodosulfuron (B.13.4), mesosulfuron (B.13.5), metazosulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl (B.13.6), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), oxasulfuron, primisulfuron, prosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, rimsulfuron (B.13.8), sulfometuron, sulfosulfuron, thifensulfuron, triasulfuron, tribenuron (B.13.10), trifloxysulfuron, triflusulfuron (B.13.9), tritosulfuron, 1-((2-chloro-6-propyl-imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl)sulfonyl)-3-(4,6-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-2-yl)urea;
- (xv) triazines selected from ametryn, atrazine (B.14.1), cyanazine, dimethametryn, ethiozin, hexazinone (B.14.2), metamitron, metribuzin, prometryn, simazine, terbuthylazine, terbutryn, triaziflam;
- (xvi) ureas selected from chlorotoluron, daimuron, diuron (B.15.1), fluometuron, isoproturon, linuron, methabenzthiazuron, tebuthiuron;
- (xvii) other acetolactate synthase inhibitors selected from bispyribac-sodium, cloransulam-methyl, diclosulam, florasulam (B.16.1), flucarbazone, flumetsulam, metosulam, ortho-sulfamuron, penoxsulam, propoxycarbazone, pyribambenz-propyl, pyribenzoxim, pyriftalid, pyriminobac-methyl, pyrimisulfan, pyriothiobac, pyroxasulfone (B.16.2), pyroxsulam; and
- (xviii) amicarbazone, aminotriazole, anilofos, beflubutamid, benazolin, benicarbazone, benfluresate, benzofenap, bentazone (B.17.1), benzobicyclon, bicyclop-

rone, bromacil, bromobutide, butafenacil, butamifos, cafenstrole, carfentrazone, cinidon-ethyl (B.17.2), chlorthal, cinmethylin (B.17.3), clomazone (B.17.4), cumyluron, cyprosulfamide, dicamba (B.17.5), difenzoquat, diflufenzopyr (B.17.6), *Drechslera monoceras*, endothal, ethofumesate, etobenzanid, fenoxasulfone, fentrazamide, 5 flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, flupoxam, flurochloridone, flurtamone, indanofan, isoxaben, isoxaflutole, lenacil, propanil, propyzamide, quinclorac (B.17.7), quinmerac (B.17.8), mesotrione (B.17.9), methyl arsonic acid, naptalam, oxadiargyl, oxadiazon, oxaziclomefone, pentoxazone, pinoxaden, pyraclonil, pyraflufen-ethyl, pyrasulfotole, pyrazoxyfen, pyrazolynate, quinoclamine, saflufenacil (B.17.10), sulcotrione (B.17.11), 10 sulfentrazone, terbacil, tefuryltrione, tembotrione, thiencarbazon, topramezone (B.17.12), (3-[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yloxy)-acetic acid ethyl ester, 6-amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopropyl-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester, 6-chloro-3-(2-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridazin-4-ol, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-phenyl)-5-fluoro-15 pyridine-2-carboxylic acid, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester, and 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-3-dimethylamino-2-fluoro-phenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester.

17. The use of claim 16, wherein said herbicide is dicamba (B.17.5), glypho- 20 sate (B.2.1), propaquizafop (B.3.5), cycloxydim (B.6.2), bomoxynil (B.9.1), imazamox (B.10.1), nicosulfuron (B.13.7), tribenuron (B.13.10), saflufenacil (B.17.10), or topramezone (B.17.2).

18. The use of any one of claims 11 to 18, wherein said combination of a 25 nitrification inhibitor and a herbicide further comprises a fertilizer.

19. A composition for increasing the health of a plant comprising at least one nitrification inhibitor as defined in any one of claims 11 to 15 and at least one herbicide as defined in claim 16 or 17.

5 20. The composition of claim 19, which additionally comprises at least one carrier.

21. A method for increasing the health of a plant, comprising treating a plant growing on soil or soil substituents and/or the locus or soil or soil substituents where
10 the plant is growing or is intended to grow with a combination of at least one nitrification inhibitor and at least one herbicide as defined in any one of claims 11 to 17, or a composition as defined in claim 19 or 20.

22. The method of claim 21, wherein the plant and/or the locus or soil or soil
15 substituents where the plant is growing or is intended to grow is additionally provided with a fertilizer.

23. The method of claim 21 or 22, wherein the application of said nitrification inhibitor (A) and of said herbicide (B), and optionally of said fertilizer (C) is carried out
20 simultaneously or with a time lag, preferably an interval of 1 day, 2 days, 3 days, 1 week, 2 weeks or 3 weeks.

24. The use of any one claims 11 to 17, the composition of claim 19 or 20, or the method of any one claims 21 to 23, wherein said increase of the health of a plant
25 is reflected by an increase in growth of root and shoot, an overall increase in productivity and/or a faster and more efficient development of the plant.

25. The use of any one claims 11 to 17 or 24, the composition of claim 19, 20 or 24, or the method of any one claims 21 to 24, wherein said plant is an agricultural plant such as wheat, barley, oat, rye, soybean, corn, oilseed rape, canola, sun-
5 flower, cotton, sugar cane, sugar beet, rice, or a vegetable such as spinach, lettuce, asparagus, or cabbages; or sorghum; a silvicultural plant; an ornamental plant; or a horticultural plant, each in its natural or in a genetically modified form.