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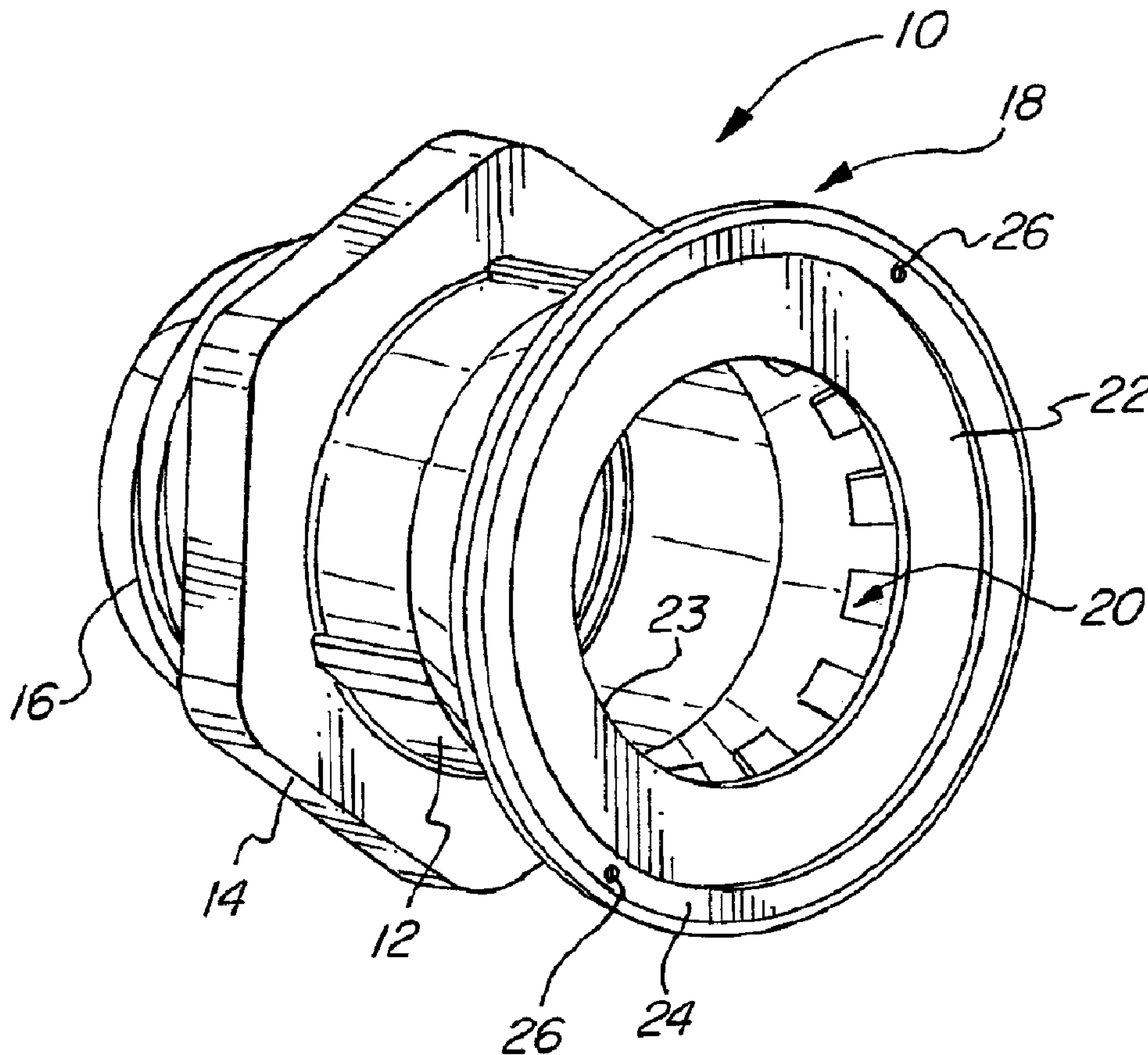
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(54) Titre : RACCORD ELECTRIQUE A POUSSOIR AMOVIBLE POUR TUBE ELECTRIQUE METALLIQUE OU TEM

(54) Title: REMOVABLE PUSH ELECTRICAL FITTING FOR ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING OR EMT



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

An electrical fitting having a gripping device with a plurality of gripping tabs forming a helix or spiral. The electrical fitting permits electrical metallic tubing or EMT to be quickly attached to and removed from the electrical fitting without disassembling the fitting or

(57) **Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):**

cutting the tubing. A body with a locking end having a plurality of gripping tabs receives an end of the tubing pushed into the fitting. The gripping tabs securely hold the tubing preventing loosening or removal. The helix or spiral formation of the gripping tabs permits easy removal of the tubing by rotating the tubing counter-clockwise.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

An electrical fitting having a gripping device with a plurality of gripping tabs forming a helix or spiral. The electrical fitting permits electrical metallic tubing or EMT to be quickly attached to and removed from the electrical fitting without disassembling the fitting or cutting the tubing. A body with a locking end having a plurality of gripping tabs receives an end of the tubing pushed into the fitting. The gripping tabs securely hold the tubing preventing loosening or removal. The helix or spiral formation of the gripping tabs permits easy removal of the tubing by rotating the tubing counter-clockwise.

REMOVABLE PUSH ELECTRICAL FITTING FOR ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING OR EMT

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates in general to an electrical fitting, and more particularly to a push fitting, connector, or coupler for attaching electrical metallic tubing or EMT that is easily removable without disassembly of the fitting.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

There are many electrical fittings and connectors that are used in construction. Pipes or tubing have been used to contain conductors or electrical wires. The pipes or tubing containing electrical wires are connected to electrical boxes through electrical fittings, such as connectors or couplers. Often electrical metallic tubing is used, much like pipe, to act as a conduit through which electrical wires or conductors are run. Due to the large number of connections typically made with electrical wires in construction, there is a need for an easy to use fitting, connector, or coupler for connecting tubing to an electrical box or coupling two tubes together. Accordingly

there are many devices that are used to connect or couple tubing, with each connector or coupler having some particular advantage.

One such connector is disclosed in United States Patent 3,312,483 entitled "Pipe Connector" and issuing to Ledbetter et al on April 4, 1960. Therein disclosed is a pipe connector using a ring provided with a series of radially and axially extending slits which define a plurality of tabs. The tabs swing inwardly, thus biting into the plastic pipe.

Another pipe fitting is disclosed in United States Patent 4,073,514 entitled "Combination Pipe Fitting and Retainer Ring" issuing to Pate on February 14, 1978. Therein disclosed is a retainer ring having tabs. The retainer ring is held into the fitting by a groove or recess and an anchor tab.

Another fitting is disclosed in United States Patent 6,670,553 entitled "Snap Engagement Electrical Fitting for EMT" issuing to Gretz on December 30, 2003. Therein disclosed is a fitting that provides a snap-in engagement with electrical metallic tubing. A plurality of locking tangs are lanced longitudinally and bent inwardly. Arcuate edges on the leading ends of the locking tangs dig into the

outer surface of the electrical metallic tubing thereby holding it fast to the trailing end of the connector.

Yet another fitting is disclosed in United States Patent 6,913,298 entitled "Mechanical Pipe Coupling Derived from a Standard Fitting", and issuing to Snyder, Sr. et al on July 5, 2005. Therein disclosed is a retainer having a plurality of radial teeth angularly oriented to engage a pipe and prevent its removal from the coupling.

While all of these fittings or connectors have performed well in permitting the inserting of a pipe or tubing that is relatively securely held, they have not permitted easy removal of the pipe or tubing should it be desired to uncouple the pipe or tubing. Generally, once these connectors have been assembled, if a change or modification is required, the pipe or tubing cannot be removed without cutting the tubing or disassembling the fitting. This is often a time consuming and difficult process which makes any subsequent modification of the configuration of the pipe or tubing difficult.

Therefore, there is the need for a simple, easy to use electrical fitting, connector, or coupler in which electrical metallic tubing may be simply pushed into the connector or coupler with the electrical metallic tubing

being securely held and yet that permits easily removable of the electrical metallic tubing from the fitting, connector, or coupler when desired.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention permits easy assembly of electrical metallic tubing used for running wire or conductors for making electrical connections that can be assembled by simply pushing the electrical metallic tubing into the fitting, connector, or coupler and yet that is easily removable without disassembling the fitting, connector, or coupler. The present invention is an electrical fitting comprising a connector body having a gripping device securely held therein. The gripping device has a plurality of gripping tabs that are arranged along a helix or spiral. The gripping tabs are of equal lengths and are equally spaced along a circle and originate from a ramp. The gripping tabs are positioned along the ramp at a different position relative to the longitudinal axis of the connector body of the fitting, connector, or coupler. The gripping tabs flex away from an opening in the fitting permitting the electrical metallic tubing to be pushed into

the fitting through the opening. The angled gripping tabs prevent the electrical metallic tubing from being pulled away from the fitting. However, the helical or spiral positioning of the gripping tabs permits the electrical metallic tubing to be removed by simply twisting or turning the electrical metallic tubing. A contact rib is placed within the connector body to contact the electrical metallic tubing which improves continuity.

Accordingly it is an object of the present invention to provide an easy to use fitting or connector for use with electrical metallic tubing that can securely hold the electrical metallic tubing and yet be readily removable without disassembling the fitting or cutting the electrical metallic tubing.

It is another object of the present invention to provide good electrical continuity and to provide a relatively low voltage drop across the electrical fitting, connector, or coupler.

It is an advantage of the present invention that the electrical metallic tubing may be simply pushed into the electrical fitting, connector, or coupler.

It is another advantage of the present invention that the electrical metallic tubing is securely held and yet is

easily removed from the electrical fitting, connector or coupler when desired.

It is yet another advantage of the present invention that the electrical metallic tubing fits tightly into the connector body despite variances in the outside diameter of the electrical metallic tubing.

It is a feature of the present invention that gripping tabs are formed along a helix or spiral.

It is another feature of the present invention that rounded corners are utilized on the highest and lowest gripping tabs.

It is yet another feature of the present invention that a contact rib is used, improving continuity between the electrical metallic tubing and the electrical fitting.

These and other objects, advantages, and features will become more readily apparent in view of the following, more detailed, description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view illustrating an embodiment of the present invention.

Fig. 2 is a perspective view illustrating an embodiment of the present invention with an electrical metallic tube placed therein.

Fig. 3 is a cross-section of an embodiment of the present invention.

Fig. 4A is a front elevational view of a gripping or locking device utilized in the present invention.

Fig. 4B is a side elevational view illustration the gripping or locking device utilized in the present invention.

Fig. 4C is a perspective view illustrating the gripping or locking device utilized in the present invention.

Fig. 4D is a perspective view taken at a different angle illustrating the gripping or locking device utilized in the present invention.

Fig. 5 illustrates a coupling embodiment of the present invention for connecting two tubes together.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Fig. 1 illustrates an embodiment of the present invention assembled. The electrical metallic tubing

connector 10 has a generally cylindrical body 12 having a flange 14 thereon. Adjacent the flange 14 is a threaded end 16. The body 12 may be made of a zinc alloy. The gripping or locking end 18 contains a gripping or locking device 20. A washer 22 is held within the electrical metallic tubing connector 10 by crimped lip 24. Pressed within the crimped lip 24 are a plurality of dimples 26 that provide pressure to prevent the washer 24 and the gripping or locking device 20 from rotating relative to the body 12 of the electrical metallic tubing connector 10. The washer 22 has a cylindrical aperture or opening 23 therein. The diameter of the cylindrical aperture or opening 23 should be substantially the same as that of the outside diameter of the electrical metallic tubing intended to be connected. The washer 22 provides a point of support for the electrical metallic tubing.

Fig. 2 illustrates the electrical metallic tubing connector 10 having the electrical metallic tubing 30 inserted therein. Locknut 28 is threaded on to the threaded end 16. The threaded end 16 is typically placed within an aperture of an electrical box, not shown, with the sides of the electrical box securely held between the locknut 28 and the flange 14.

Fig. 3 is a cross section more clearly illustrating the construction of the electrical metallic tubing connector 10 of the present invention. The body 12 has a body bore 32 with a first diameter. The threaded end 16 has a threaded end bore 34 with a second diameter. Between the body bore 32 and the threaded end bore 34 is an intermediate shoulder stop 36. Adjacent the intermediate shoulder stop 36 is at least one contact rib 38. The contact rib 38 extends radially into the body bore 32, effectively reducing the diameter of the body bore 32 within the body 12. The contact rib 38 extends radially into the body 12 by an increasing radial dimension while progressing axially or longitudinally relative to the body 12. Preferably, there are three contact ribs equally spaced one hundred and twenty degrees apart within the body bore 32. Adjacent the body 12 is conical portion 40. Near the large open end of the conical portion 40 is a shoulder 42. The shoulder 42 is adapted to receive a flat rim 44 of the gripping or locking device 20. Attached to the flat rim 44 is a tapered angled portion 46 which is attached to a flat ramp 48 on which the gripping tabs 50 are placed. One end of the flat ramp 48 is displaced approximately two degrees (2°) from the plane of the flat rim 44. Accordingly, the

flat ramp 48 has a slope or pitch of approximately two degrees (2°). The gripping tangs 50 are equally spaced and have an equal length but are displaced axially relative to the longitudinal axis of the body 12 thereby forming a helix or spiral. The equal length of the plurality of gripping tangs 50 helps to uniformly hold the electrical metallic tubing. The gripping tabs 50 flex slightly and are angled inward away from the circular aperture or opening 23.

Figs. 4A-D illustrate different views of the gripping or locking device 20, more clearly illustrating the positioning of the plurality of gripping tabs 50. The gripping tabs 50 are positioned or placed in a helix or spiral and are equally spaced around the inside perimeter of the gripping or locking device 20. Accordingly, there is a high end gripping tab 52 and a low end gripping tab 54 that are axially displaced and separated by edge 58. The high end gripping tab 52 and the low end gripping tab 54 have rounded corners 56 that are adjacent or facing each other. The rounded corners 56 may be shaped or have a metal cutting edge so as to cut or tap metal. As seen in Fig. 4B the flat ramp 48 is displaced by angle 60 from the flat rim 44. Angle 60 is preferably two degrees. Therefore, the

helix or spiral has a pitch of approximately two degrees. The gripping or locking device 20 is preferably made of a spring metal and may be made of stainless steel, and is harder than the material of the electrical metallic tubing.

Fig. 5 illustrates another embodiment of the present invention and is a coupling utilized to connect two sections of electrical metallic tubing or EMT together. The electrical metallic tubing coupler 110 has a body 112 adapted to receive a respective end of two sections of electrical metallic tubing 30. The ends of the electrical metallic tubing 30 are positioned adjacent intermediate stop 136. Adjacent intermediate stop 136 are contact ribs 138. Preferably, there are three contact ribs 138 equally spaced one hundred and twenty degrees apart within the bore of the body 112. Placed within each end of the electrical metallic tubing coupler are gripping or locking devices 120 and washers 122. The construction of each end of the electrical metallic tubing coupler is the same as that described for the electrical metallic tubing connector 10 illustrated in Figs. 1-4D.

The operation and advantages of the present invention can readily be appreciated by referring to Figs. 1-4D. The electrical metallic tubing connector or fitting may be pre-

assembled and easily attached, in a conventional way, to an electrical box opening by inserting the threaded end 16 into an electrical box opening, not shown, and tightening locknut 28. An electrical metallic tubing 30 may then be pushed into the circular aperture 23 so that the gripping tabs 50 of the gripping or locking device 20 flex slightly inward, permitting the electrical metallic tubing to move forward, or inward, contacting the contact rib 38 and the intermediate shoulder stop 36. The contact rib 38 permits improved electrical contact or continuity between the electrical metallic tubing 30 and the body 12 of the electrical fitting or connector 10, thus reducing a voltage drop across the electrical fitting or connector 10. Additionally the contact rib 38 assures that the outer diameter of the electrical metallic tubing 30 is snugly held within the body bore 32 and adjacent the intermediate shoulder stop 36 and provides a point of contact assuring no movement or wobble of the electrical metallic tubing 30 within the body 12. The circular aperture 23 in washer 22 provides another point of contact for the electrical metallic tubing 30 that is spaced from the contact with the contact rib 38. These multiple, separated contact points assure that the electrical metallic tubing 30 does not

wobble within the electrical metallic tubing connector or fitting 10. Additionally, the gripping tabs 50 prevent the electrical metallic tubing 30 from being pulled from or withdrawn from the body 12 simply by pulling longitudinally on the electrical metallic tubing 30. Therefore, the electrical metallic tubing 30 is securely held within the electrical metallic tubing fitting or connector 10 and provides a secure connection simply by pushing in the electrical metallic tubing 30 through the circular aperture 23. Therefore, the present invention provides a secure electrical fitting for dry locations, as there are no seals for weatherproofing.

Should it be necessary to disassemble or remove the electrical metallic tubing 30 from the electrical metallic tubing fitting or connector 10, this can easily be done without having to cut the electrical metallic tubing 30 or disassemble the electrical metallic tubing fitting or connector 10. Due to the gripping tabs 50 being positioned in a helical or spiral position, the electrical metallic tubing 30 can easily be removed simply by rotating the electrical metallic tubing 30, preferably counter-clockwise, causing it to follow the helical or spiral pattern of the gripping tabs, thereby forcing the

electrical metallic tubing 30 to be backed out of the electrical metallic tubing fitting or connector 10. The gripping or locking device 20 is prevented from rotating by the dimples 26 placed in the crimped lip 24 and resulting pressure exerted on the washer 22 and the shoulder 42 of the gripping or locking device 20. The rounded corners 56 formed on the high and low end gripping tabs 52 and 54 may have a metal cutting edge and aid in cutting or tapping in to the electrical metallic tubing 30, essentially cutting or tapping threads so that the electrical metallic tubing 30 may be reversed out of the electrical metallic tubing fitting or connector 10 upon the electrical metallic tubing being rotated counter-clockwise. Therefore, the electrical metallic tubing 30 can be easily removed from the fitting or connector 10 without disassembling the fitting or connector 10. The electrical metallic tubing coupler 110 illustrated in Fig. 5 functions in an analogous way.

Therefore, the present invention provides a pre-assembled electrical fitting, connector, or coupler that is easily installed on an electrical box and permits an electrical metallic tubing or EMT to be securely connected to the electrical fitting without assembly or tools simply by pushing the end of the EMT into the fitting. The present

invention therefore saves considerable time in not requiring time consuming assembly of the electrical fitting for each of the numerous electrical connections often required in construction. Yet should a change or different connection be required or desired the electrical metallic tubing can be easily removed from the fitting without cutting the EMT or disassembling the electrical fitting. This saves considerable time in, and therefore reduces the cost of construction advancing the electrical fitting arts.

While the present invention has been described with respect to several different embodiments, it will be obvious that various modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of this invention.

What is claimed is:

1. An electrical fitting comprising:
a body having a first and second end;
a locking end placed in the first end of said body;
and
a plurality of gripping tabs forming a helix held in
said locking end,
whereby a tube can be pushed into said locking end and
held by said plurality of gripping tabs and removed by
rotating the tube.

2. An electrical fitting as in claim 1 further
comprising:
an electrical box connector formed on the second end,
whereby the electrical fitting can be connected to an
electrical box.

3. An electrical fitting as in claim 1 further
comprising:
a second locking end placed in the second end of said
body; and

a second plurality of gripping tabs forming a helix held in said second locking end,

whereby two tubes may be coupled.

4. An electrical fitting as in claim 2 wherein:

said electrical box connector comprises a threaded end placed on the second end and a locknut.

5. An electrical fitting as in claim 1 further comprising:

a contact rib formed on said body and extending radially into said body by an increasing radial dimension while progressing axially or longitudinally relative to said body.

6. An electrical connector for attaching electrical metallic tubing to an electrical box comprising:

a body;

a locking end formed on said body;

a gripping device comprising a plurality of gripping tabs forming a helix secured to said locking end;

a threaded end formed on said body; and

a locknut placed on said threaded end,

whereby an electrical metallic tubing can be pushed into said locking end and held by the plurality of gripping tabs and removed by rotating the electrical metallic tubing.

7. An electrical connector for attaching electrical metallic tubing to an electrical box as in claim 6 further comprising:

a contact rib formed on said body and extending radially into said body by an increasing radial dimension while progressing axially or longitudinally relative to said body towards said locking end.

8. An electrical connector for attaching electrical metallic tubing to an electrical box as in claim 6 wherein:
the helix has a pitch of substantially two degrees

9. An electrical connector for attaching electrical metallic tubing to an electrical box as in claim 6 wherein said gripping device comprises:

a circular shaped flat rim adapted to be securely held within said locking end;

a tapered angled portion formed onto said flat rim;

a flat ramp formed onto to said tapered angle portion;
and

wherein the plurality of gripping tabs are formed onto
said flat ramp and are angled inward towards said body.

10. An electrical connector for attaching electrical
metallic tubing to an electrical box as in claim 9 further
comprising:

a washer having a circular aperture placed adjacent
said circular shaped flat rim;

a crimp formed on said locking end holding said washer
adjacent said circular shaped flat rim and said locking
end; and

a dimple formed in said crimp,

whereby said washer is forced against said circular
shaped flat rim and said locking end formed on said body
preventing relative rotation of said gripping device and
said body.

11. An electrical connector for attaching electrical
metallic tubing to an electrical box as in claim 6 wherein:

one of said plurality of gripping tabs comprises a high end gripping tab having a rounded corner with a cutting edge.

12. An electrical connector for attaching electrical metallic tubing comprising:

a body having a threaded end with a threaded end bore having a first diameter, a body bore having a second diameter, and a conical portion forming a locking end;

an intermediate shoulder formed between the threaded end bore and the body bore;

a plurality of contact ribs formed adjacent said intermediate shoulder and extending longitudinally into said body and radially outward by increasing radial amounts progressing from said intermediate shoulder towards the locking end;

a shoulder formed on a large diameter end of the conical portion;

gripping device comprising a circular shaped flat rim abutting said shoulder, a tapered angled portion formed onto the circular shaped flat rim, a flat ramp formed onto the tapered angled portion, and a plurality of gripping

tabs formed onto the flat ramp and angled inward towards said body;

a washer having a circular aperture sized to receive the electrical metallic tubing placed within the conical portion of said body and adjacent the circular shaped flat rim of said gripping device;

a crimp formed around a circumference of the large diameter end of the conical portion, whereby said crimp holds said gripping device and said washer into the conical portion of said body;

a plurality of dimples pressed into said crimp forcing said washer and the circular shaped flat rim against said shoulder formed on the large diameter end of the conical portion, whereby said gripping device is prevented from rotating relative to said body; and

a locknut threaded on the threaded end of said body, whereby the electrical metallic tubing can be pushed into said gripping device and held by the plurality of gripping tabs and removed by rotating the electrical metallic tubing.

13. An electrical connector for attaching electrical metallic tubing as in claim 12 wherein:

the flat ramp forms a pitch of two degrees.

14. An electrical connector for attaching electrical metallic tubing as in claim 12 wherein:

one of the plurality of gripping tabs comprises a high end gripping tab having a rounded corner cutting edge.

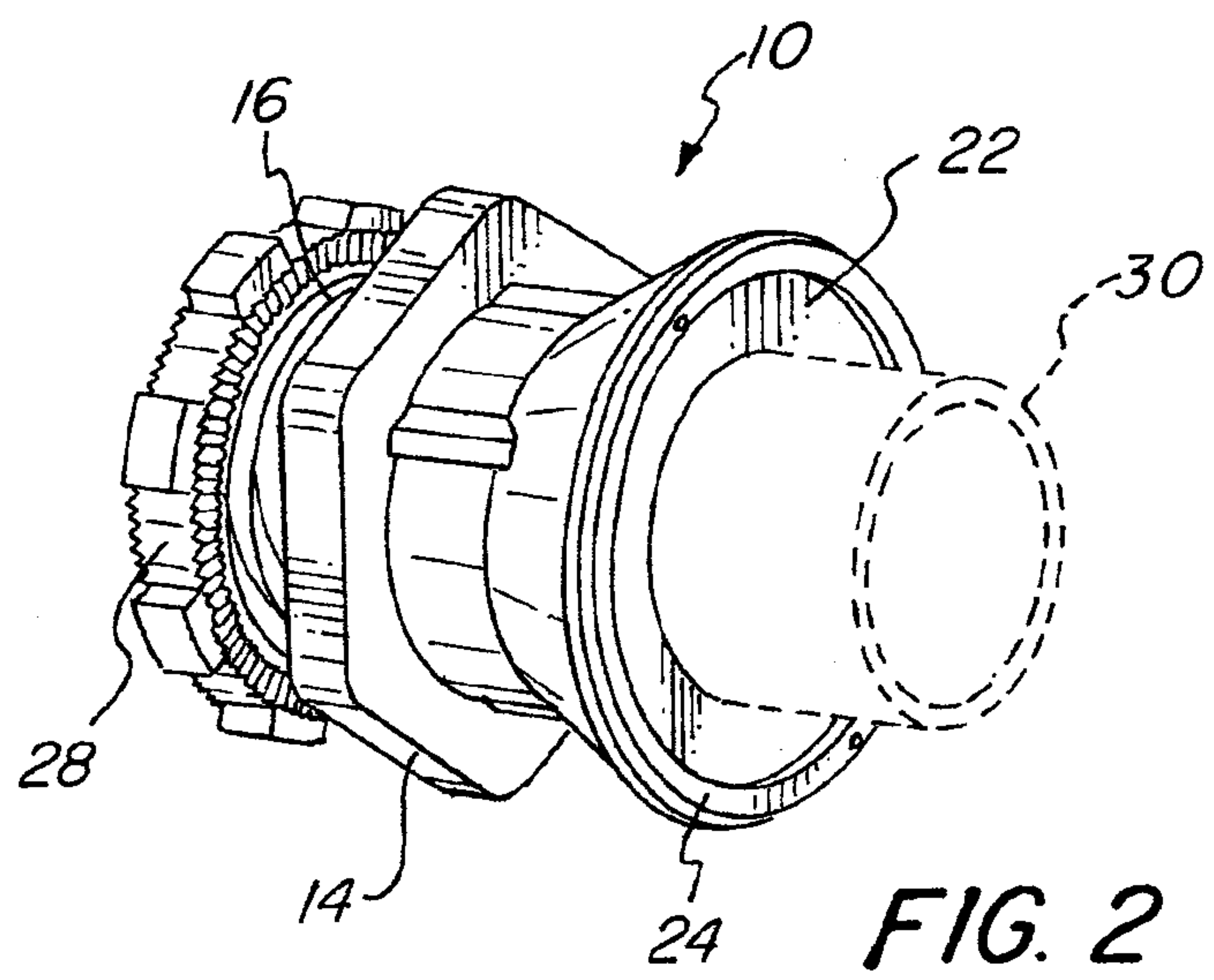
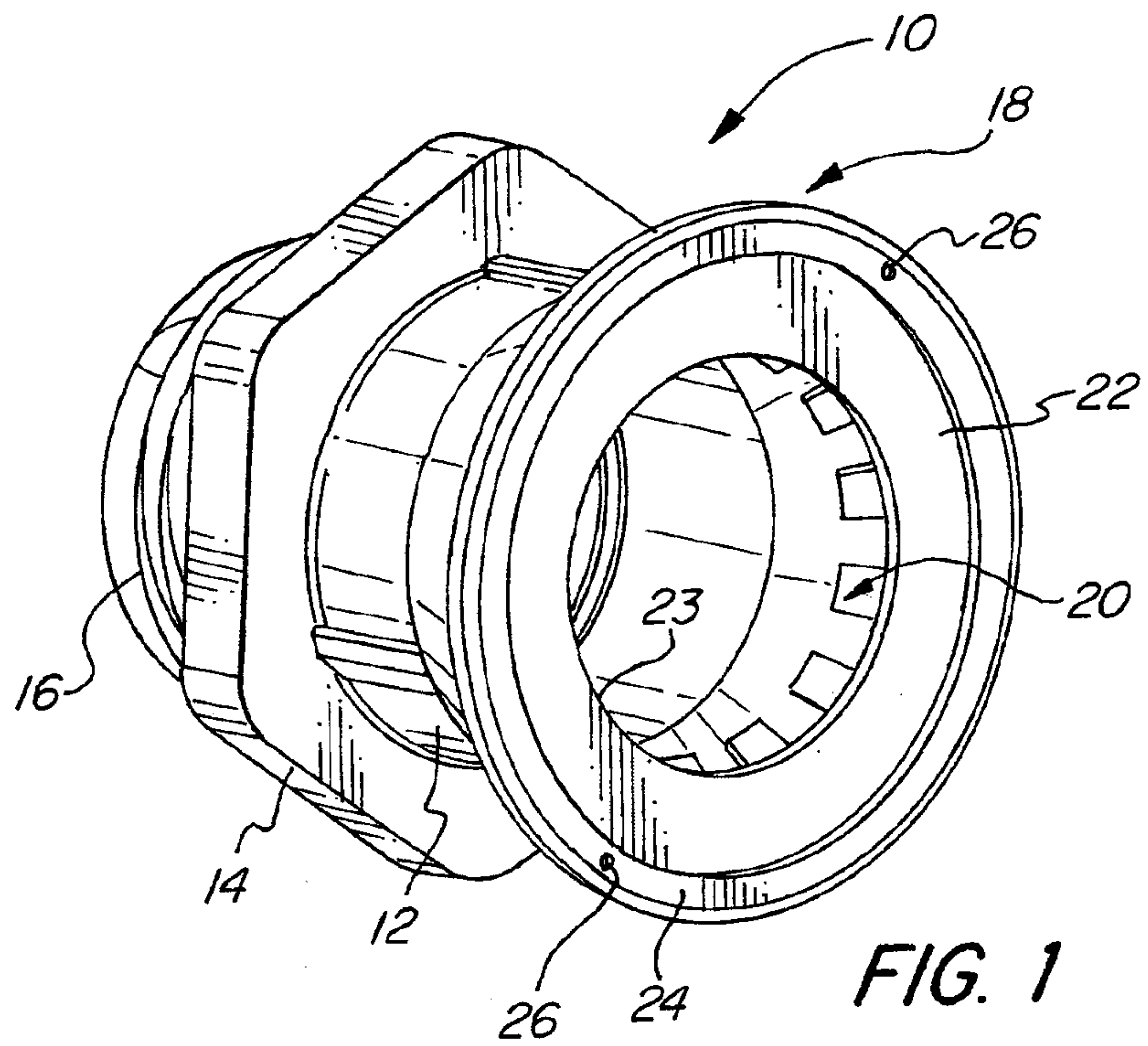
15. An electrical coupler for coupling two tubes comprising:

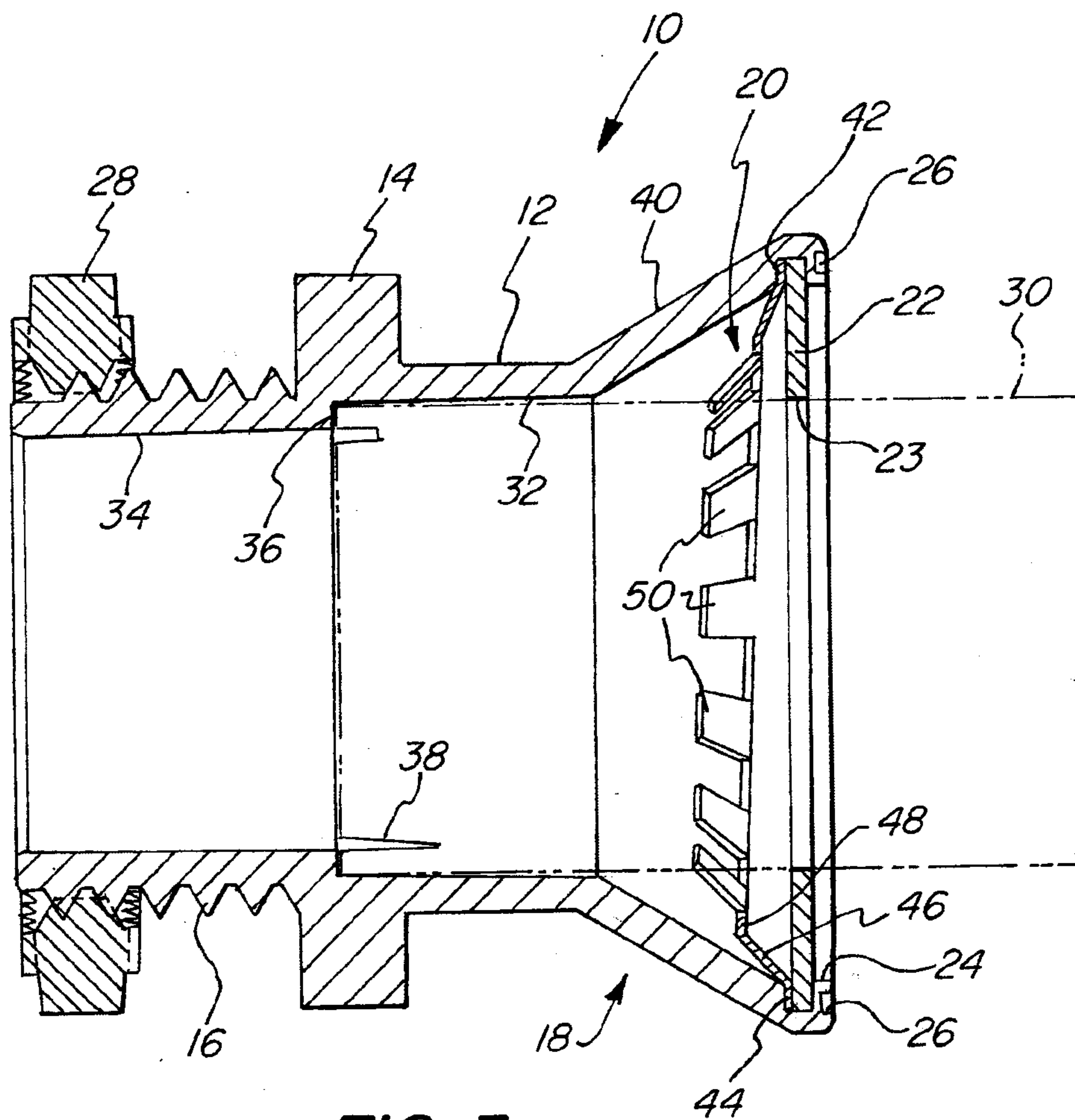
a body having a first and second end;

a first gripping device comprising a plurality of gripping tabs forming a helix secured to the first end of said body; and

a second gripping device comprising a plurality of gripping tabs forming a helix secured to the second end of said body,

whereby a respective electrical metallic tubing can be pushed into said first and second gripping devices and effectively joined, and removed by rotating the respective electrical metallic tubing.





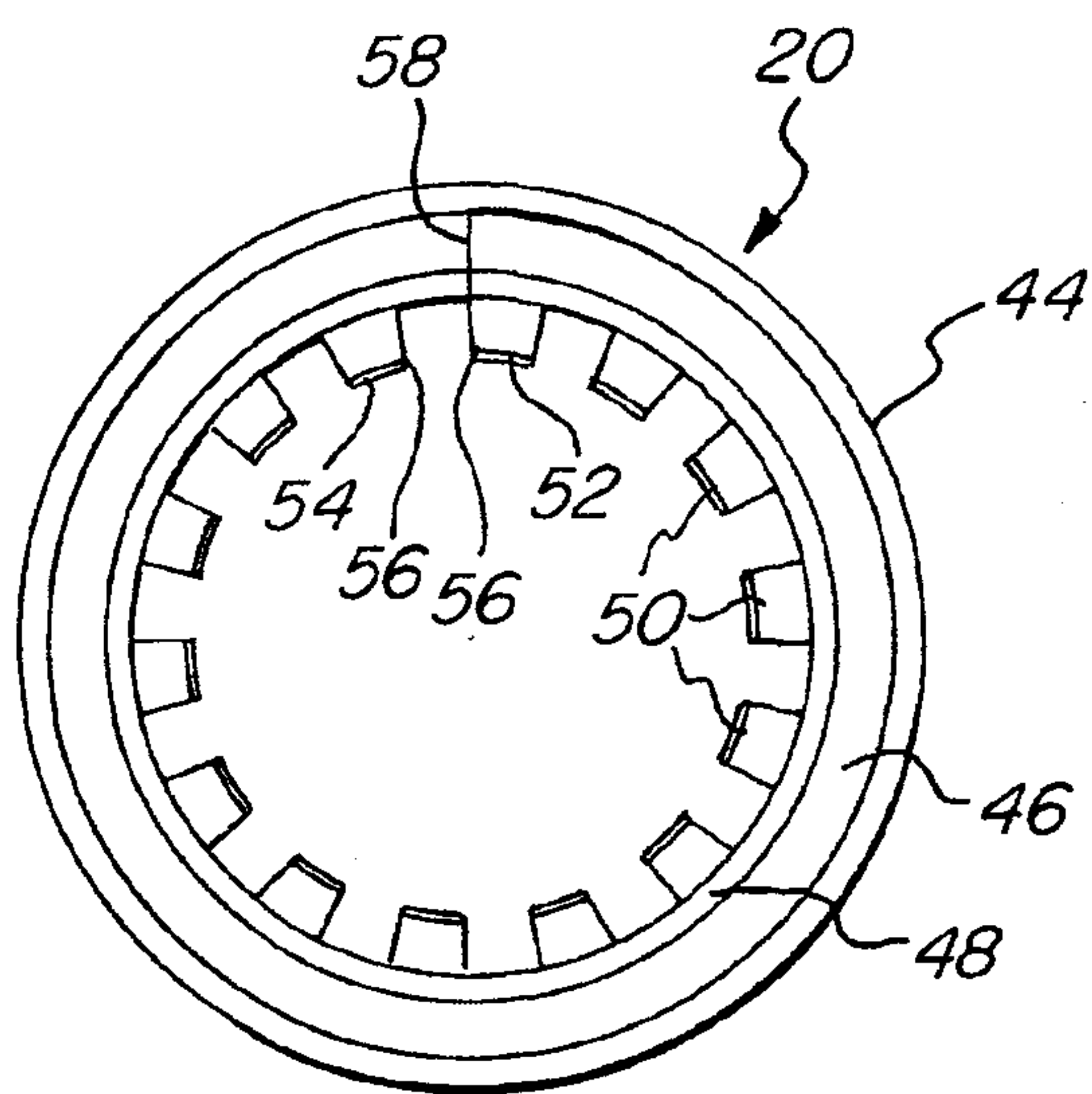


FIG. 4A

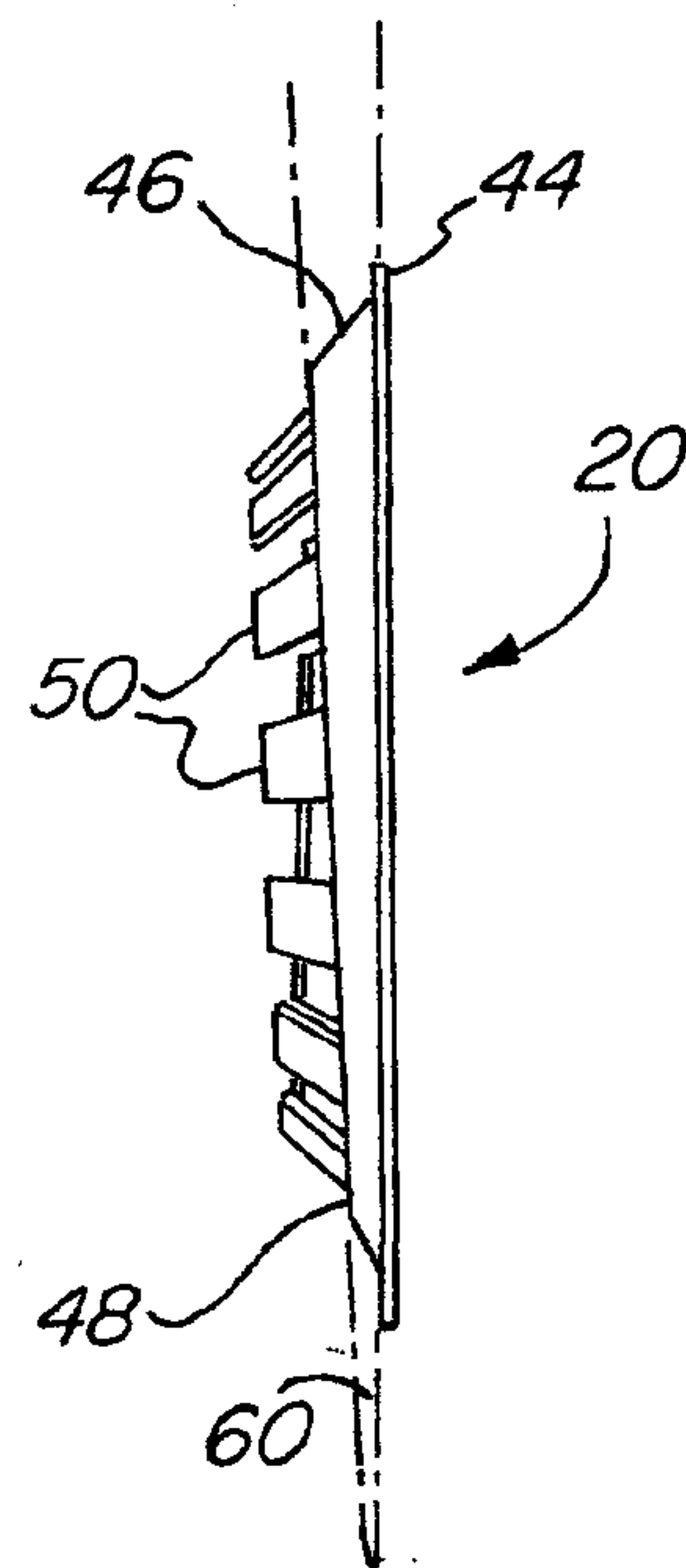


FIG. 4B

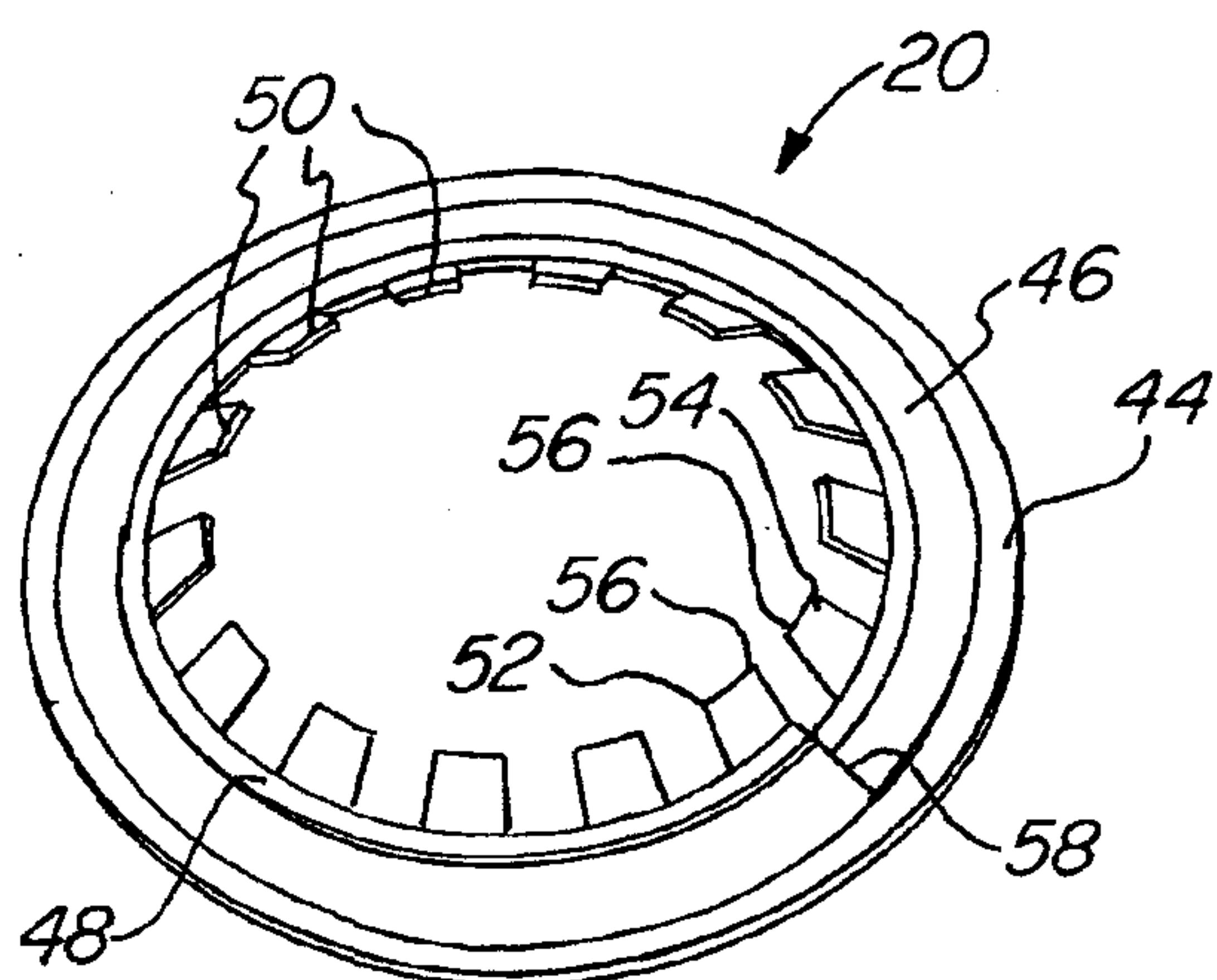


FIG. 4C

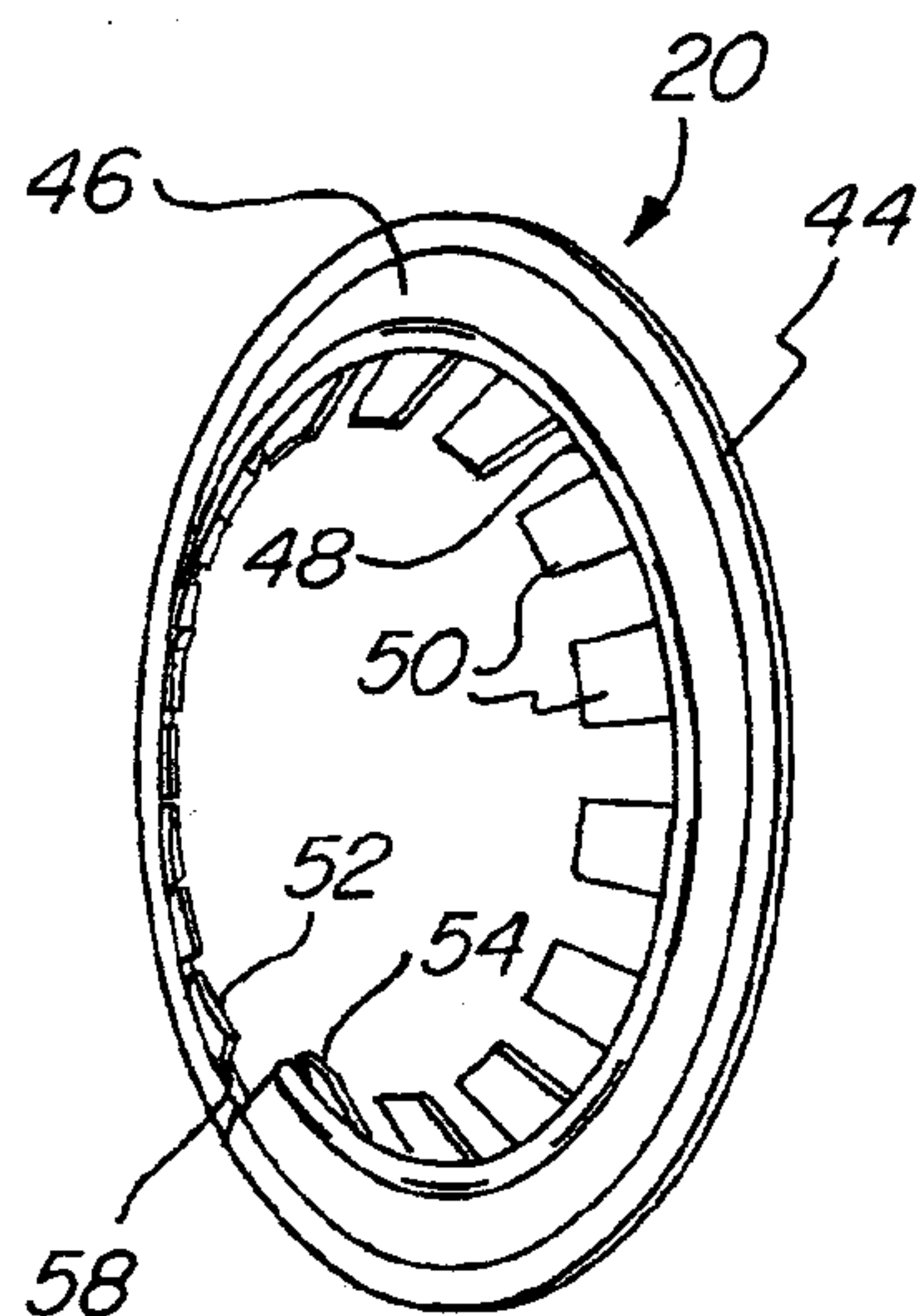


FIG. 4D

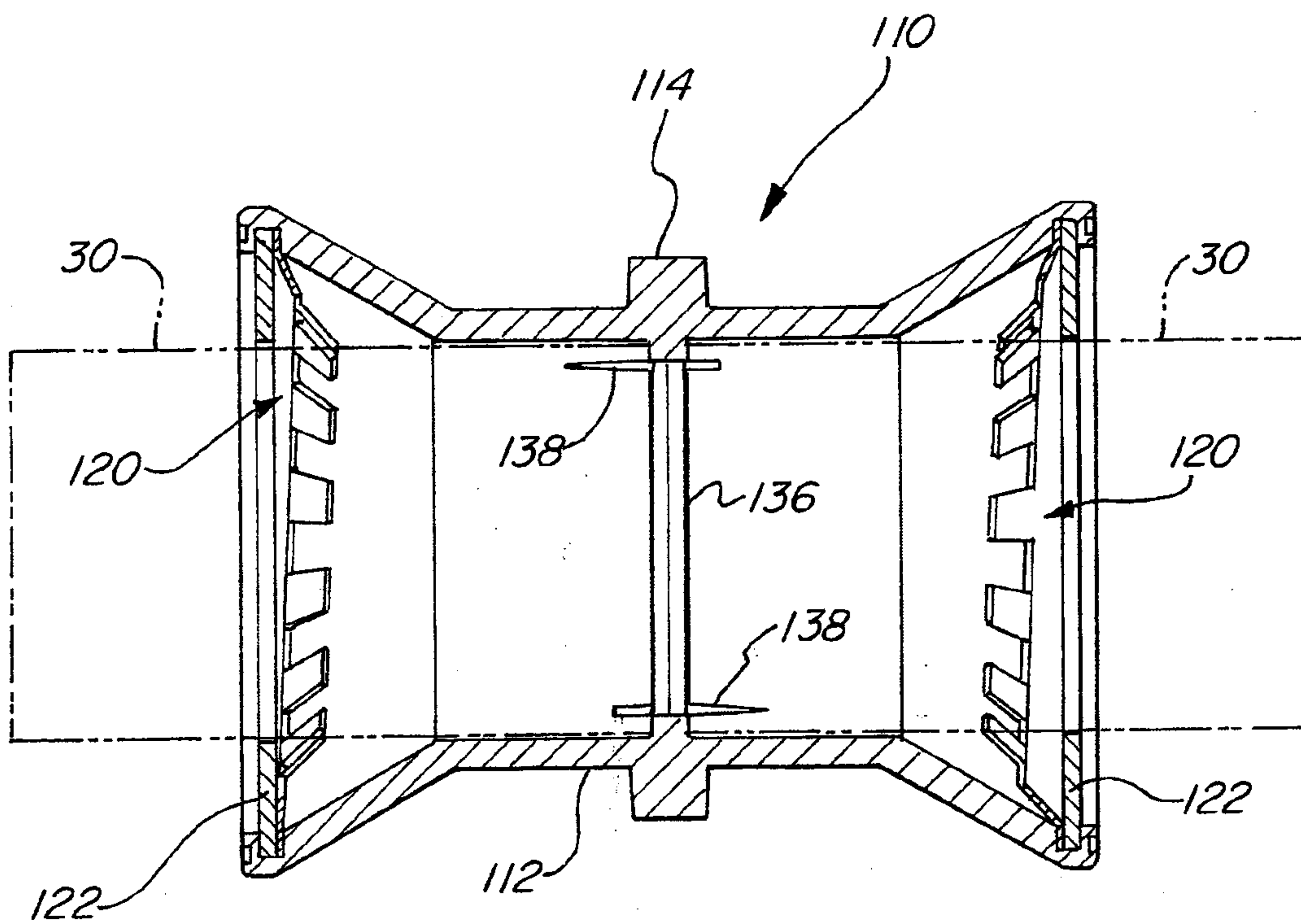


FIG. 5

