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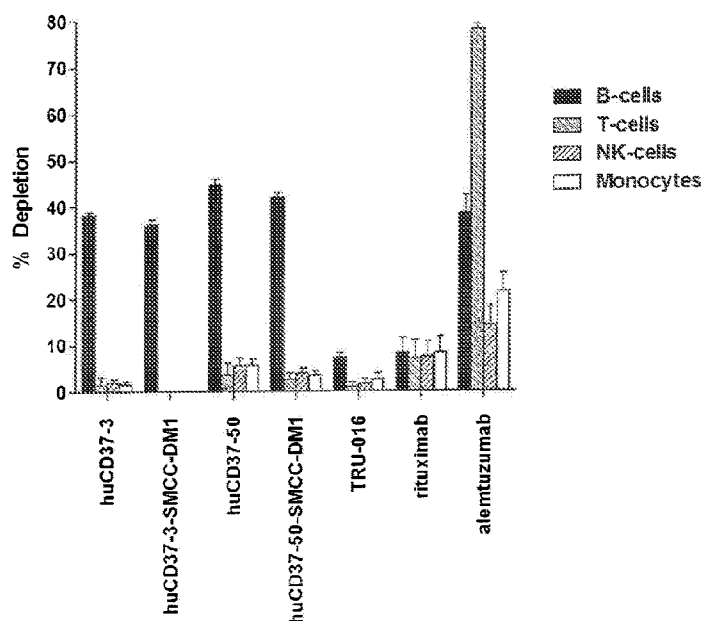
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: CD37-BINDING MOLECULES AND IMMUNOCONJUGATES THEREOF

Figure 4



(57) Abstract: Methods of using CD37 agents, including, but not limited to, antibodies and immunoconjugates, that bind to CD37 to deplete B-cells (e.g., non-cancerous B-cells) and methods of treating autoimmune and inflammatory diseases are further provided.



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CD37-BINDING MOLECULES AND IMMUNOCONJUGATES THEREOF

Field of the Invention

[0001] The field of the invention generally relates to antibodies, antigen-binding fragments thereof, polypeptides, and immunoconjugates that bind to CD37, as well as to methods of using such CD37-binding molecules for the treatment of diseases, such as autoimmune diseases and inflammatory diseases.

Background of the Invention

[0002] Leukocyte antigen CD37 ("CD37"), also known as GP52-40, tetraspanin-26, or TSPAN26, is a transmembrane protein of the tetraspanin superfamily (Maecker et al., 1997 FASEB J. 11:428-442). It is a heavily glycosylated protein with four transmembrane domains that is expressed on B cells during the pre-B to peripheral mature B-cell stages, but is reportedly absent on terminal differentiation to plasma cells. (Link et al., 1987, J Pathol. 152:12-21). The CD37 antigen is only weakly expressed on T-cells, myeloid cells, and granulocytes (Schwartz-Albiez et al. 1988, J. Immunol., 140(3):905-914). However, CD37 is also expressed on malignant B-cells such as those founding non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL) and chronic lymphoid leukemia (CLL) (Moore et al. 1986, J Immunol. 137(9):3013-8).

[0003] While the exact physiological role of CD37 is unclear, studies in CD37-deficient mice suggest an immunoregulatory function. Although mice deficient in CD37 expression have normal development (Knobeloch et al. 2000, Mol Cell Biol., 20(15):5363-9), in the C57/Bl6 background, CD37^{-/-} T cells are hyper-proliferative (van Spriel et al., J Immunol. 172, 2953 (2004)), CD37^{-/-} dendritic cells (DC) exhibit an increased antigen presentation (Sheng et al., Eur J Immunol. 39, 50 (2009)), and CD37^{-/-} macrophages show increased dectin-1-induced IL-6 production (Meyer-Wentrup et al., J Immunol. 178, 154 (2007)). CD37-deficient C57/Bl6 mice also contain significantly higher level of IgA than the wild-type mice (van Spriel et al., PLoS Pathol. 5, e1000338 (2009) and Rops et al., Am J Pathol. 176, 2188 (2010)). All of these results suggest a general regulatory role of CD37 in the immune system. Interestingly, crosslinking of CD37 antigen by antibody on human T cells inhibits T cell proliferation induced by CD3 stimulation (van Spriel et al., J Immunol. 172, 2953 (2004)).

[0004] Antibodies are emerging as a promising method to treat human diseases including autoimmune diseases. Currently, an anti-CD20 antibody called rituximab has been approved for rheumatoid arthritis (RA) treatment (Edwards JC et al. 2006, Nat Rev Immunol. 6: 119). Rituximab is used in the United States in combination with methotrexate (MTX) to reduce signs and symptoms in adult patients with moderately- to severely-active RA who have had an inadequate response to at least one TNF antagonist. Many studies address the use of rituximab in a variety of non-malignant autoimmune or inflammatory disorders, including RA, in which B-cells and autoantibodies appear to play a role in disease pathophysiology. Edwards et al., Biochem Soc. Trans. 30:824-828 (2002). Targeting of CD20

using anti-CD20 antibody has been reported to potentially relieve signs and symptoms of a number of autoimmune or inflammatory diseases including, for example, RA (Leandro et al., *Ann. Rheum. Dis.* 61:883-888 (2002); Edwards et al., *Arthritis Rheum.*, 46 (Suppl. 9): S46 (2002); Stahl et al., *Ann. Rheum. Dis.*, 62 (Suppl. 1): OP004 (2003); Emery et al., *Arthritis Rheum.* 48(9): S439 (2003)), lupus (Eisenberg, *Arthritis. Res. Ther.* 5:157-159 (2003); Leandro et al. *Arthritis Rheum.* 46: 2673-2677 (2002); Gorman et al., *Lupus*, 13: 312-316 (2004)), immune thrombocytopenic purpura (D'Arena et al., *Leuk. Lymphoma* 44:561-562 (2003); Stasi et al., *Blood*, 98: 952-957 (2001); Saleh et al., *Semin. Oncol.*, 27 (Supp 12):99-103 (2000); Zaja et al., *Haematologica*, 87:189-195 (2002); Ratanatharathorn et al., *Ann. Int. Med.*, 133:275-279 (2000)), pure red cell aplasia (Auner et al., *Br. J. Haematol.*, 116:725-728 (2002)), autoimmune anemia (Zaja et al., *supra* (erratum appears in *Haematologica* 87:336 (2002)), cold agglutinin disease (Layios et al., *Leukemia*, 15:187-8 (2001); Berentsen et al., *Blood*, 103: 2925-2928 (2004); Berentsen et al., *Br. J. Haematol.*, 115:79-83 (2001); Bauduer, *Br. J. Haematol.*, 112:1083-1090 (2001); Zaja et al., *Br. J. Haematol.*, 115:232-233 (2001)), type B syndrome of severe insulin resistance (Coll et al., *N. Engl. J. Med.*, 350:310-311 (2004), mixed cryoglobulinemia (DeVita et al., *Arthritis Rheum.* 46 Suppl. 9:S206/S469 (2002)), myasthenia gravis (Zaja et al., *Neurology*, 55:1062-1063 (2000); Wylam et al., *J. Pediatr.*, 143:674-677 (2003)), Wegener's granulomatosis (Specks et al., *Arthritis & Rheumatism* 44:2836-2840 (2001)), microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), refractory pemphigus vulgaris (Dupuy et al., *Arch Dermatol.*, 140:91-96 (2004)), dermatomyositis (Levine, *Arthritis Rheum.*, 46 (Suppl. 9):S1299 (2002)), Sjogren's syndrome (Somer et al., *Arthritis & Rheumatism*, 49:394-398 (2003)), active type-II mixed cryoglobulinemia (Zaja et al., *Blood*, 101:3827-3834 (2003)), pemphigus vulgaris (Dupay et al., *Arch. Dermatol.*, 140:91-95 (2004)), autoimmune neuropathy (Pestronk et al., *J. Neurol. Neurosurg. Psychiatry* 74:485-489 (2003)), paraneoplastic opsoclonus-myoclonus syndrome (Pranzatelli et al. *Neurology* 60 (Suppl. 1) PO5.128:A395 (2003)), and relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS). Cross et al. (abstract) "Preliminary Results from a Phase II Trial of Rituximab in MS" Eighth Annual Meeting of the Americas Committees for Research and Treatment in Multiple Sclerosis, 20-21 (2003).

[0005] In animal models, B-cell depletion using antibodies against B-cell antigens such as CD20 has been shown to inhibit or ameliorate several autoimmune diseases including systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE; mouse model of multiple sclerosis), type-1 diabetes (T1D) and rheumatoid arthritis (RA). Rituximab has been shown to deplete both malignant and normal B cells *in vivo* in animal models as well as patients (Maloney DG et al, *Blood*. 1994;84(8):2457-66; Reff ME, et al. *Blood*. 1994;83(2):435-45; Schröder C, et al. *Transpl Immunol.* 2003;12(1):19-28). It can also deplete normal B-cells from human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) in *in vitro* experiments (Vugmeyster Y, et al, *Cytometry A.* 2003;52(2):101-9; Vugmeyster Y and Howell K. *Int Immunopharmacol.* 2004;4(8):1117-24).

[0006] Campath-1H (alumtuzumab), an anti-CD52 chimeric IgG1, binds to the CD52 antigen, which is highly expressed on all lymphocytes (Ginaldi L, et al, Leuk Res. 1998 Feb;22(2):185-91; Hale G, et al, Tissue Antigens. 1990 Mar;35(3):118-27). It is used in patients to deplete malignant lymphocytes and is approved for treating chronic lymphocytic leukemia. It has also shown efficacy in treating multiple sclerosis and is currently in Phase III clinical testing (N Engl J Med 2008; 359:1786-1801; ClinicalTrials.gov NCT00530348 & NCT00548405). It has been shown to deplete normal lymphocytes *in vitro* as well (Hale G, et al. Blood. 1983 Oct;62(4):873-82; Waldmann H and Hale G Philos Trans R Soc Lond B Biol Sci. 2005 Sep 29;360(1461):1707-11).

[0007] CD37-binding agents are also being tested as potential therapeutics for B-cell malignancies. Emergent Biosolutions (formerly Trubion Pharmaceuticals) developed the CD37-binding agents SMIP-016 and TRU-016 (Zhao et al., 2007, Blood, 110:2569-2577). SMIP-016 is a single chain polypeptide that includes variable regions from a hybridoma and engineered human constant regions. TRU-016 is a humanized version of the anti-CD37 SMIP protein. See e.g. U.S. Published Application No. 2007/0059306. TRU-016 is being tested clinically for the treatment of chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL). Boehringer Ingelheim has also disclosed a CD37 binding agent in International Published Application No. WO 2009/019312. However, no CDC activity has been described for any of these binding agents and no *in vitro* pro-apoptotic activity has been described in the absence of cross-linking agents.

[0008] Radio-immunotherapy (RIT) has been attempted using a radio-labeled anti-CD37 antibody MB-1 in two separate trials. Therapeutic doses of ¹³¹I-MB-1 were administered to six relapsed NHL patients (Press et al. 1989 J Clin Oncol. 7(8):1027-38; Press et al. 1993, N Engl J Med. 329(17):1219-24). All six patients achieved a complete remission (CR) with a duration of four to thirty-one months. In another trial, ¹³¹I-MB-1 was administered to ten relapsed NHL patients (Kaminski et al. 1992 J Clin Oncol. 10(11):1696-711). A total of four patients had a response ranging in duration from two to six months, although only one CR was reported. However, not all patients could be treated due to an unfavorable biodistribution of the radio-label which raised concern for radiation exposure of vital non-target organs. Indeed, RIT related toxicities were observed in these trials including severe myelosuppression and cardiopulmonary toxicity. While these clinical data suggest that anti-CD37 radio-immunoconjugates may be effective, these therapies are cumbersome to administer, and at relapse post-RIT patients cannot be retreated with RIT due to the risks associated with high doses of radiation.

[0009] To overcome the limitations of RIT, antibody-cytotoxic agent conjugates (ACC), also called antibody-drug conjugates (ADC), have been developed. These are immunoconjugates that include a cytotoxic agent covalently linked to an antibody through a chemical linker which can allow for specific delivery of cytotoxic drugs to cells expressing a protein recognized by the antibody. However, proteins that are poorly internalized are not considered to be favorable targets for such therapeutics. CD37 is

structurally similar to CD20 as both antigens contain four transmembrane domains, although CD20 is not part of the tetraspanin family (Tedder et al. 1989, J. Immun. 142: 2560-2568). Antibodies against several B-cell antigens including CD37 and CD20 have been studied for their ability to undergo endocytosis and degradation (Press et al. 1989, Cancer Res. 49(17):4906-12, and Press et al. 1994, Blood. 83(5):1390-7). The anti-CD37 antibody MB-1 was retained on the cell surface and internalized slowly in Daudi lymphoma cells *in vitro*. The MB-1 antibody also had a low rate of endocytosis and intracellular metabolism in NHL patient cells *in vitro*. Similar results were obtained with the anti-CD20 antibody 1F5, which was also retained mainly on the lymphoma cell surface and internalized poorly. ADCs of CD20 antibodies have been studied previously but have not demonstrated significantly strong potency, especially when non-disulfide or acid stable linkers are used (see for example Polson et al., 2009, Cancer Res., 69(6):2358-2364). In light of these observations, CD37 has not been considered a favorable target for antibody-drug conjugates.

[0010] While their role in cancer treatment has been studied, the potential effect of CD37-directed therapies such as antibodies, antibody derivatives or radio-immunoconjugates on cells involved in autoimmune diseases, inflammatory diseases or other disorders of the immune system is not well understood. Furthermore, none of the compounds described above have been demonstrated to induce depletion of target cells involved in manifestation or progression of these types of diseases.

[0011] Therefore, there exists a need for CD37 binding agents including antibodies, antigen-binding fragments thereof, and antibody-drug conjugates (immunoconjugates) as a means to treat autoimmune diseases, inflammatory diseases, or other disorders of the immune system. The present invention addresses that need.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0012] In one aspect, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting B-cells or treating a disease associated with aberrant B-cell activity, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a humanized CD37 targeting antibody or immunoconjugate provided herein. In some embodiments, the B-cells are non-cancerous B-cells. In some embodiments, the B-cells do not overexpress CD37.

[0013] In certain embodiments, the disease associated with aberrant B-cell activity is a disease associated with B-cell autoantibody production, and/or a disease associated with inappropriate T-cell stimulation in connection with a B-cell pathway.

[0014] In certain embodiments, the disease characterized by autoantibody production is rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, type I diabetes mellitus, idiopathic inflammatory myopathy, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), myasthenia gravis, Grave's disease, dermatomyositis, polymyositis, or other autoimmune diseases.

[0015] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with an antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37, wherein the antibody or fragment thereof is capable of inducing apoptosis *in vitro* in the absence of a cross-linking agent. In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37, wherein the antibody or fragment thereof is capable of inducing apoptosis *in vitro* in the absence of a cross-linking agent. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is also capable of inducing complement dependent cytotoxicity (CDC). In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is also capable of inducing antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC). In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof has a long serum half-life.

In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with an antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to the same CD37 epitope as an antibody selected from the group consisting of: (a) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:55 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:72; (b) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:56 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:73; (c) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:57 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74; (d) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:58 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74; (e) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:59 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:75; (f) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:60 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:76; (g) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:61 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:77; (h) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:62 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:78; (i) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:63 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:79; (j) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:64 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:80; (k) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:65 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:81; (l) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:66 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:82; (m) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:67 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:83; (n) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:68 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:84; (o) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:69 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:85; (p) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:70 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:86; (q) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:71 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:87; and (r) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:177 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:178.

[0016] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to the same CD37 epitope as an antibody selected from the group described above. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof competitively inhibits an antibody selected from the group described above.

[0017] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37 and specifically binds to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 184. In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37 and specifically binds to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 184. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof does not bind to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 185.

[0018] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37 and does not specifically bind to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 185. In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37 and does not specifically bind to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 185.

[0019] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof produced by a hybridoma selected from the group consisting of ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10664, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10665, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10666, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10667, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10668, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10669, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, and ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10670, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010. In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof produced by a hybridoma described above.

[0020] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37, wherein the antibody comprises polypeptide sequences selected from the group consisting of: (a) SEQ ID NOs: 4, 5, and 6 and SEQ ID NOs: 28, 29, and 30; (b) SEQ ID NOs: 7, 8, and 9 and SEQ ID NOs: 31, 32, and 33; (c) SEQ ID NOs: 10, 11, and 12 and SEQ ID NOs: 34, 35, and 36; (d) SEQ ID NOs: 13, 14, and 15 and SEQ ID NOs: 37, 38, and 39; (e) SEQ ID NOs: 13, 14, and 15 and SEQ ID NOs: 37, 40, and 39; (f) SEQ ID NOs: 16, 17, and 18 and SEQ ID NOs: 41, 42, and 43; (g) SEQ ID NOs: 19, 20, and 21 and SEQ ID NOs: 44, 45, and 46; (h) SEQ ID NOs: 19, 20, and 21 and SEQ ID NOs: 44, 47, and 46; (i) SEQ ID NOs: 22, 23, and 24 and SEQ ID NOs: 48, 49, and 50; (j) SEQ ID NOs: 22, 23, and 24 and SEQ ID NOs: 48, 51, and 50; (k) SEQ ID NOs: 25, 26, and 27 and SEQ ID NOs: 52, 53, and 54; (l) SEQ ID NOs: 171, 172 or 181, and 173 and SEQ ID NOs: 174, 175, and 176; (m) variants of (a) to (l) comprising 1, 2, 3, or 4 conservative amino acid substitutions. In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof with an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37, wherein the antibody comprises polypeptide sequences selected from the group described above. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences that are at least 90% identical to polypeptide sequences described above. In some embodiments, the polypeptide sequences are at least 95% identical to the polypeptide sequences. In some embodiments, the polypeptide sequences are at least 99% identical to the polypeptide sequences. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences that are at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or identical to the polypeptide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 57 and SEQ ID NO:74. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences that are at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or identical to the polypeptide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 58 and SEQ ID NO:74. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences that are at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or identical to the polypeptide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 63 and SEQ ID NO:79. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences that are at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or identical to the polypeptide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 65 and SEQ ID NO:81.

[0021] In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof is murine, non-human, humanized, chimeric, resurfaced, or human.

[0022] In some embodiments, the antibody or antibody fragment is capable of inducing apoptosis of a cell expressing CD37 *in vitro* in the absence of cross-linking agents. In some embodiments, the antibody

or antigen binding fragment is capable of inducing complement dependent cytotoxicity (CDC). In some embodiments, the antibody is capable of inducing antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC).

[0023] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with a human or humanized antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37, wherein the antibody or fragment thereof is capable of inducing apoptosis of a cell expressing CD37 *in vitro* in the absence of cross-linking agents. In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of a human or humanized antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37, wherein the antibody or fragment thereof is capable of inducing apoptosis of a cell expressing CD37 *in vitro* in the absence of cross-linking agents. In some embodiments, the human or humanized antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof is also capable of inducing complement dependent cytotoxicity (CDC). In some embodiments, the human or humanized antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof is also capable of inducing antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC).

[0024] In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment binds to human CD37 and macaque CD37.

[0025] In some embodiments, the antibody is a full length antibody. In some embodiments, an antigen-binding fragment is used. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises a Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, Fd, single chain Fv or scFv, disulfide linked Fv, V-NAR domain, IgNar, intrabody, IgGΔCH2, minibody, F(ab')₃, tetrabody, triabody, diabody, single-domain antibody, DVD-Ig, Fcab, mAb2, (scFv)₂, or scFv-Fc.

[0026] In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is linked via a linker (L) to a cytotoxic agent (C) to form an immunoconjugate.

[0027] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with a composition comprising an immunoconjugate having the formula (A) - (L) - (C), wherein: (A) is an antibody or antigen binding fragment that specifically binds to CD37; (L) is a non-cleavable linker; and (C) is a cytotoxic agent; and wherein the linker (L) links (A) to (C). In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising an immunoconjugate having the formula (A) - (L) - (C), wherein: (A) is an antibody or antigen binding fragment that specifically binds to CD37; (L) is a non-cleavable linker; and (C) is a cytotoxic agent; and wherein the linker (L) links (A) to (C). In some embodiments, the immunoconjugate has a serum half-life that is comparable to that of the naked antibody.

[0028] In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for depleting a B-cell comprising contacting a B-cell (e.g., in a population of cells comprising a non-cancerous B-cell) with a composition comprising an immunoconjugate having the formula (A) - (L) - (C), wherein: (A) is an antibody or antigen binding fragment that specifically binds to CD37; (L) is a linker; and (C) is a maytansinoid; and wherein the linker (L) links (A) to (C). In certain embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising an immunoconjugate having the formula (A) - (L) - (C), wherein: (A) is an antibody or antigen binding fragment that specifically binds to CD37; (L) is a linker; and (C) is a maytansinoid; and wherein the linker (L) links (A) to (C).

[0029] In some embodiments, the linker is a non-cleavable linker. In some embodiments, the immunoconjugate further comprises a second (C). In some embodiments, the immunoconjugate further comprises a third (C). In some embodiments, the immunoconjugate further comprises a fourth (C). In some embodiments, the immunoconjugate comprises 2-6 (C). In some embodiments, the immunoconjugate comprises 3-4 (C).

[0030] In some embodiments, the linker is selected from the group consisting of a cleavable linker, a non-cleavable linker, a hydrophilic linker, and a dicarboxylic acid based linker. In some embodiments, the linker is selected from the group consisting of: N-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio)pentanoate (SPP); N-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio)butanoate (SPDB) or N-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio)-2-sulfobutanoate (sulfo-SPDB); N-succinimidyl 4-(maleimidomethyl) cyclohexanecarboxylate (SMCC); N-sulfosuccinimidyl 4-(maleimidomethyl) cyclohexanecarboxylate (sulfoSMCC); N-succinimidyl-4-(iodoacetyl)-aminobenzoate (SIAB); and N-succinimidyl-[(N-maleimidopropionamido)-tetraethyleneglycol] ester (NHS-PEG4-maleimide). In some embodiments, the linker is N-succinimidyl-[(N-maleimidopropionamido)-tetraethyleneglycol] ester (NHS-PEG4-maleimide).

[0031] In some embodiments, the cytotoxic agent is selected from the group consisting of a maytansinoid, maytansinoid analog, doxorubicin, a modified doxorubicin, benzodiazepine, taxoid, CC-1065, CC-1065 analog, duocarmycin, duocarmycin analog, calicheamicin, dolastatin, dolastatin analog, aristatin, tomaymycin derivative, and leptomycin derivative or a prodrug of the agent. In some embodiments, the cytotoxic agent is a maytansinoid. In some embodiments, the cytotoxic agent is N(2')-deacetyl-N(2')-(3-mercapto-1-oxopropyl)-maytansine (DM1) or N(2')-deacetyl-N2-(4-mercapto-4-methyl-1-oxopentyl)-maytansine (DM4).

[0032] In some embodiments, the composition comprising an immunoconjugate comprises multiple cytotoxic agents (C) with an average of about 3 to about 4 (C) per (A). In some embodiments, the immunoconjugates have an average of about 3.5 (C) per (A). In some embodiments, the immunoconjugates have an average of about 3.5 ± 0.5 (C) per (A).

[0033] In some embodiments, the composition comprising an immunoconjugate comprises an antibody comprising SEQ ID NO:57 and SEQ ID NO:74 or SEQ ID NO:58 and SEQ ID NO:74, an SMCC linker, and DM1. In some embodiments, the composition comprising an immunoconjugate comprises an antibody comprising SEQ ID NO:63 and SEQ ID NO:79, an SMCC linker, and DM1. In some embodiments, the composition comprising an immunoconjugate comprises an antibody comprising SEQ ID NO:65 and SEQ ID NO:81, an SMCC linker, and DM1.

[0034] In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment is capable of depleting B-cells. In some embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment is capable of inhibiting T-cell responses.

[0035] In some embodiments, the B-cell is in a composition further comprising a T-cell. In some embodiments, the B-cell is in a composition comprising peripheral blood mononuclear cells. In some embodiments, the peripheral blood mononuclear cells were obtained from a human. In some embodiments, the B-cell is in whole blood. In some embodiments, the whole blood was obtained from a human. In some embodiments, the B-cell is in an organism. In some embodiments, the B-cell is in a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease.

[0036] In some embodiments, the B-cell is an autoreactive B-cell.

[0037] In some embodiments, at least about 30% of B-cells are depleted. In some embodiments, less than about 5% of T-cells are depleted.

[0038] In some embodiments, a second therapeutic agent is administered. In some embodiments, the second therapeutic is selected from the group consisting of methotrexate, an anti-CD20 therapeutic, an anti-IL-6 receptor therapeutic, an anti-IL-12/23p40 therapeutic, a chemotherapeutic, an immunosuppressant, an anti-Interferon beta-1a therapeutic, glatiramer acetate, an anti- α 4-integrin therapeutic, fingolimod, an anti-BLys therapeutic, CTLA-Fc, or an anti-TNF therapeutic. In some embodiments, the second therapeutic is an antibody directed against an antigen selected from a group consisting of CD3, CD14, CD19, CD20, CD22, CD25, CD28, CD30, CD33, CD36, CD38, CD40, CD44, CD52, CD55, CD59, CD56, CD70, CD79, CD80, CD103, CD134, CD137, CD138, and CD152. In some embodiments, the second therapeutic is an antibody directed against an antigen selected from the group consisting of IL-2, IL-6, IL-12, IL-23, IL-12/23 p40, IL-17, IFN γ , TNF α , IFN α , IL-15, IL-21, IL-1a, IL-1b, IL-18, IL-8, IL-4, GM-CSF, IL-3, and IL-5.

[0039] In some embodiments, the autoimmune or inflammatory disease is selected from the group consisting of rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, type I diabetes mellitus, idiopathic inflammatory myopathy, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), myasthenia gravis, Grave's disease, dermatomyositis, polymyositis, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, gastritis, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, asthma, psoriasis, psoriatic arthritis, dermatitis, systemic scleroderma and sclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), respiratory distress syndrome, meningitis, encephalitis, uveitis, glomerulonephritis, eczema,

atherosclerosis, leukocyte adhesion deficiency, Raynaud's syndrome, Sjögren's syndrome, Reiter's disease, Behcet's disease, immune complex nephritis, IgA nephropathy, IgM polyneuropathies, immune-mediated thrombocytopenias, acute idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, chronic idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, hemolytic anemia, myasthenia gravis, lupus nephritis, atopic dermatitis, pemphigus vulgaris, opsoclonus-myoclonus syndrome, pure red cell aplasia, mixed cryoglobulinemia, ankylosing spondylitis, hepatitis C-associated cryoglobulinemic vasculitis, chronic focal encephalitis, bullous pemphigoid, hemophilia A, membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis, adult and juvenile dermatomyositis, adult polymyositis, chronic urticaria, primary biliary cirrhosis, neuromyelitis optica, Graves' dysthyroid disease, bullous pemphigoid, membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, juvenile onset diabetes, hemolytic anemia, atopic dermatitis, systemic sclerosis, Sjögren's syndrome and glomerulonephritis, dermatomyositis, ANCA, aplastic anemia, autoimmune hemolytic anemia (AIHA), factor VIII deficiency, hemophilia A, autoimmune neutropenia, Castleman's syndrome, Goodpasture's syndrome, solid organ transplant rejection, graft versus host disease (GVHD), autoimmune hepatitis, lymphoid interstitial pneumonitis, HIV, bronchiolitis obliterans (non-transplant), Guillain-Barre Syndrome, large vessel vasculitis, giant cell (Takayasu's) arteritis, medium vessel vasculitis, Kawasaki's Disease, polyarteritis nodosa, Wegener's granulomatosis, microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), Omenn's syndrome, chronic renal failure, acute infectious mononucleosis, HIV and herpes virus associated diseases.

[0039a] Definitions of the specific embodiments of the invention as claimed herein follow.

[0039b] According to a first embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a humanized antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37 and maintains at least the same degree of activity as its chimeric or murine parent antibody to induce apoptosis *in vitro* in the absence of a cross-linking agent.

[0039c] According to a second embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to the same CD37 epitope as an antibody selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:55 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:72;
- (b) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:56 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:73;
- (c) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:57 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74;
- (d) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:58 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74;
- (e) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:59 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:75;
- (f) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:60 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:76;
- (g) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:61 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:77;
- (h) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:62 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:78;

- (i) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:63 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:79;
 - (j) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:64 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:80;
 - (k) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:65 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:81;
 - (l) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:66 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:82;
 - (m) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:67 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:83;
 - (n) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:68 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:84;
 - (o) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:69 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:85;
 - (p) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:70 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:86;
- and

- (q) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:71 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:87.

[0039d] According to a third embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody produced by hybridoma selected from the group consisting of ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10664, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10665, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10666, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10667 deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10668, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10669, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, and ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10670, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010 or an antigen-binding fragment thereof.

[0039e] According to a fourth embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37, wherein said antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) SEQ ID NOs: 4, 5, and 6 and SEQ ID NOs: 28, 29, and 30;
- (b) SEQ ID NOs: 7, 8, and 9 and SEQ ID NOs: 31, 32, and 33;
- (c) SEQ ID NOs: 10, 11, and 12 and SEQ ID NOs: 34, 35, and 36;
- (d) SEQ ID NOs: 13, 14, and 15 and SEQ ID NOs: 37, 38, and 39;
- (e) SEQ ID NOs: 13, 14, and 15 and SEQ ID NOs: 37, 40, and 39;
- (f) SEQ ID NOs: 16, 17, and 18 and SEQ ID NOs: 41, 42, and 43;
- (g) SEQ ID NOs: 19, 20, and 21 and SEQ ID NOs: 44, 45, and 46;
- (h) SEQ ID NOs: 19, 20, and 21 and SEQ ID NOs: 44, 47, and 46;
- (i) SEQ ID NOs: 22, 23, and 24 and SEQ ID NOs: 48, 49, and 50;
- (j) SEQ ID NOs: 22, 23, and 24 and SEQ ID NOs: 48, 51, and 50;
- (k) SEQ ID NOs: 25, 26, and 27 and SEQ ID NOs: 52, 53, and 54; and
- (l) variants of (a) to (k) comprising 1, 2, 3, or 4 conservative amino acid substitutions.

[0039f] According to a fifth embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising an immunoconjugate having the formula (A) - (L) - (C), wherein:

(A) is the antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof as defined in any one of the first to fourth embodiments;

(L) is a non-cleavable linker; and

(C) is a cytotoxic agent; and

wherein said linker (L) links (A) to (C).

[0039g] According to a sixth embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising an immunoconjugate having the formula (A) - (L) - (C), wherein:

(A) is the antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof as defined in any one of the first to fourth embodiments;

(L) is a linker; and

(C) is a maytansinoid; and

wherein said linker (L) links (A) to (C).

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS/FIGURES

[0040] Figure 1 depicts an FL2-H (PE) histogram overlay for a flow cytometry experiment with human B-cells. The following conditions are shown: antibody control (dark filled), isotype control stain (light filled), anti-CD37 stain (thick black line), and anti-CD20 stain (dashed line) for CD19+ B-cells.

[0041] Figure 2 depicts the results of *in vitro* depletion experiments using purified human PBMC samples treated with 10 µg/mL of huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1, huCD37-50, huCD37-50-SMCC-DM1, rituximab, TRU-016, or alemtuzumab. Results from two different donors are shown in panel A and B.

[0042] Figure 3 depicts the results of *in vitro* depletion experiments using purified human PBMC samples treated with varying concentrations of huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1. Results from two different donors are shown in panels A and B. Figure 3 (C) shows the results using huCD37-3, huCD37-38, huCD37-50 and huCD37-56.

[0043] Figure 4 depicts the results of *in vitro* depletion experiments using unpurified whole human blood samples treated with 10 µg/mL of huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1, huCD37-50, huCD37-50-SMCC-DM1, rituximab, TRU-016, or alemtuzumab.

[0044] Figure 5 depicts the results of *in vitro* depletion experiments using unpurified whole human blood samples treated with varying concentrations of (A) huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1, and rituximab and (B) huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1, huCD37-50, and rituximab.

[0045] Figure 6 depicts release of IFN- γ (Interferon), TNF- α (Tumor Necrosis Factor) and IL-6 (Interleukin-6) measured by ELISpot as number of spots per 5×10^5 peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) from one healthy human donor incubated for 18-20 hours with compounds at a concentration of 2.5 ng/mL to 250 μ g/mL.

[0046] Figure 7 depicts release of IFN- γ (Interferon), TNF- α (Tumor Necrosis Factor) and IL-6 (Interleukin-6) measured by ELISpot as number of spots per 5×10^5 peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) from a second healthy human donor incubated for 18-20 hours with compounds at a concentration of 2.5 ng/mL to 250 μ g/mL.

[0047] Figure 8 depicts the binding curve of anti-muCD37 monoclonal antibody clone 252-3.

[0048] Figure 9 shows the activity of the 252-3 antibody in depleting peripheral blood B cells (A) and in inhibiting EAE (B) in C57Bl/6 mice. In (A), each symbol represent one mouse; to compare the B cell level in control vs. experimental mice, B cell level was normalized with T cell level and ratio of B/T cell in control mice was considered 100%. In (B), open and closed symbols represent mean of EAE score in control group (n=10) and 252-3 antibody treated group (n=10), respectively; arrow indicates day of antibody injection.

[0049] Figure 10 shows the activity of the 252-3 antibody in depleting peripheral blood B cells (A) and in inhibiting T1D (B) in NOD mice. In (A), each symbol represent one mouse; to compare the B cell level in control vs. experimental mice, B cell level was normalized with T cell level and ratio of B/T cell in control mice was considered 100%. In (B), open and closed symbols represent the diabetes incidence in control group (n=6) and 252-3 antibody treated group (n=6), respectively.

[0050] Figure 11 shows the activity of the 252-3 antibody in depleting peripheral blood B cells (A) and in inhibiting CIA (B) in DBA/1 mice. In (A), each symbol represent one mouse; to compare the B cell level in control vs. experimental mice, B cell level was normalized with T cell level and ratio of B/T cell in control mice was considered 100%. In (B), open and closed symbols represents mean of CIA score in control group (n=12) and 252-3 antibody treated group (n=12), respectively; arrow indicates day of antibody injection.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0051] The present invention provides methods of depleting B-cells and of treating diseases associated with aberrant B-cell activity and/or aberrant T-cell stimulation in connection with a B-cell pathway using CD37 binding molecules.

I. Definitions

[0052] To facilitate an understanding of the present invention, a number of terms and phrases are defined below.

[0053] The term CD37 as used herein, refers to any native CD37, unless otherwise indicated. CD37 is also referred to as GP52-40, leukocyte antigen CD37, and Tetraspanin-26. The term "CD37" encompasses "full-length," unprocessed CD37 as well as any form of CD37 that results from processing in the cell. The term also encompasses naturally occurring variants of CD37, e.g., splice variants, allelic variants, and isoforms. The CD37 polypeptides described herein can be isolated from a variety of sources, such as from human tissue types or from another source, or prepared by recombinant or synthetic methods.

[0054] The term "antibody" means an immunoglobulin molecule that recognizes and specifically binds to a target, such as a protein, polypeptide, peptide, carbohydrate, polynucleotide, lipid, or combinations of the foregoing through at least one antigen recognition site within the variable region of the immunoglobulin molecule. As used herein, the term "antibody" encompasses intact polyclonal antibodies, intact monoclonal antibodies, antibody fragments (such as Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, and Fv fragments), single chain Fv (scFv) mutants, multispecific antibodies such as bispecific antibodies generated from at least two intact antibodies, chimeric antibodies, humanized antibodies, human antibodies, fusion proteins comprising an antigen determination portion of an antibody, and any other modified immunoglobulin molecule comprising an antigen recognition site so long as the antibodies exhibit the desired biological activity. An antibody can be of any the five major classes of immunoglobulins: IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG, and IgM, or subclasses (isotypes) thereof (e.g. IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgA1 and IgA2), based on the identity of their heavy-chain constant domains referred to as alpha, delta, epsilon, gamma, and mu, respectively. The different classes of immunoglobulins have different and well known subunit structures and three-dimensional configurations. Antibodies can be naked or conjugated to other molecules such as toxins, radioisotopes, etc.

[0055] A "blocking" antibody or an "antagonist" antibody is one which inhibits or reduces biological activity of the antigen it binds, such as CD37. In some embodiments, blocking antibodies or antagonist antibodies substantially or completely inhibit the biological activity of the antigen. The biological activity can be reduced by 10%, 20%, 30%, 50%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, or even 100%.

[0056] The term "anti-CD37 antibody" or "an antibody that binds to CD37" refers to an antibody that is capable of binding CD37 with sufficient affinity such that the antibody is useful as a diagnostic and/or therapeutic agent in targeting CD37. The extent of binding of an anti-CD37 antibody to an unrelated, non-CD37 protein can be less than about 10% of the binding of the antibody to CD37 as measured, e.g., by a radioimmunoassay (RIA). In certain embodiments, an antibody that binds to CD37 has a dissociation constant (K_d) of $\leq 1 \mu\text{M}$, $\leq 100 \text{ nM}$, $\leq 10 \text{ nM}$, $\leq 1 \text{ nM}$, or $\leq 0.1 \text{ nM}$.

[0057] The term "antibody fragment" refers to a portion of an intact antibody and refers to the antigenic determining variable regions of an intact antibody. Examples of antibody fragments include, but are not limited to Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, and Fv fragments, linear antibodies, single chain antibodies, and multispecific antibodies formed from antibody fragments.

[0058] A "monoclonal antibody" refers to a homogeneous antibody population involved in the highly specific recognition and binding of a single antigenic determinant, or epitope. This is in contrast to polyclonal antibodies that typically include different antibodies directed against different antigenic determinants. The term "monoclonal antibody" encompasses both intact and full-length monoclonal antibodies as well as antibody fragments (such as Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, Fv), single chain (scFv) mutants, fusion proteins comprising an antibody portion, and any other modified immunoglobulin molecule comprising an antigen recognition site. Furthermore, "monoclonal antibody" refers to such antibodies made in any number of manners including but not limited to by hybridoma, phage selection, recombinant expression, and transgenic animals.

[0059] The term "humanized antibody" refers to forms of non-human (e.g. murine) antibodies that are specific immunoglobulin chains, chimeric immunoglobulins, or fragments thereof that contain minimal non-human (e.g., murine) sequences. Typically, humanized antibodies are human immunoglobulins in which residues from the complementary determining region (CDR) are replaced by residues from the CDR of a non-human species (e.g. mouse, rat, rabbit, hamster) that have the desired specificity, affinity, and capability (Jones et al., 1986, *Nature*, 321:522-525; Riechmann et al., 1988, *Nature*, 332:323-327; Verhoeven et al., 1988, *Science*, 239:1534-1536). In some instances, the Fv framework region (FR) residues of a human immunoglobulin are replaced with the corresponding residues in an antibody from a non-human species that has the desired specificity, affinity, and capability. The humanized antibody can be further modified by the substitution of additional residues either in the Fv framework region and/or within the replaced non-human residues to refine and optimize antibody specificity, affinity, and/or capability. In general, the humanized antibody will comprise substantially all of at least one, and typically two or three, variable domains containing all or substantially all of the CDR regions that correspond to the non-human immunoglobulin whereas all or substantially all of the FR regions are those of a human immunoglobulin consensus sequence. The humanized antibody can also comprise at least a portion of an immunoglobulin constant region or domain (Fc), typically that of a human immunoglobulin. Examples of methods used to generate humanized antibodies are described in U.S. Pat. 5,225,539.

[0060] A "variable region" of an antibody refers to the variable region of the antibody light chain or the variable region of the antibody heavy chain, either alone or in combination. The variable regions of the heavy and light chain each consist of four framework regions (FR) connected by three complementarity determining regions (CDRs) also known as hypervariable regions. The CDRs in each

chain are held together in close proximity by the FRs and, with the CDRs from the other chain, contribute to the formation of the antigen-binding site of antibodies. There are at least two techniques for determining CDRs: (1) an approach based on cross-species sequence variability (i.e., Kabat et al. *Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest*, (5th ed., 1991, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda Md.)); and (2) an approach based on crystallographic studies of antigen-antibody complexes (Al-lazikani et al (1997) *J. Molec. Biol.* 273:927-948)). In addition, combinations of these two approaches are sometimes used in the art to determine CDRs.

[0061] The Kabat numbering system is generally used when referring to a residue in the variable domain (approximately residues 1-107 of the light chain and residues 1-113 of the heavy chain) (e.g., Kabat et al., *Sequences of Immunological Interest*. 5th Ed. Public Health Service, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Md. (1991)).

[0062] The amino acid position numbering as in Kabat, refers to the numbering system used for heavy chain variable domains or light chain variable domains of the compilation of antibodies in Kabat et al., *Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest*, 5th Ed. Public Health Service, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Md. (1991). Using this numbering system, the actual linear amino acid sequence can contain fewer or additional amino acids corresponding to a shortening of, or insertion into, a FR or CDR of the variable domain. For example, a heavy chain variable domain can include a single amino acid insert (residue 52a according to Kabat) after residue 52 of H2 and inserted residues (e.g. residues 82a, 82b, and 82c, etc according to Kabat) after heavy chain FR residue 82. The Kabat numbering of residues can be determined for a given antibody by alignment at regions of homology of the sequence of the antibody with a "standard" Kabat numbered sequence. Chothia refers instead to the location of the structural loops (Chothia and Lesk *J. Mol. Biol.* 196:901-917 (1987)). The end of the Chothia CDR-H1 loop when numbered using the Kabat numbering convention varies between H32 and H34 depending on the length of the loop (this is because the Kabat numbering scheme places the insertions at H35A and H35B; if neither 35A nor 35B is present, the loop ends at 32; if only 35A is present, the loop ends at 33; if both 35A and 35B are present, the loop ends at 34). The AbM hypervariable regions represent a compromise between the Kabat CDRs and Chothia structural loops, and are used by Oxford Molecular's AbM antibody modeling software.

Loop	Kabat	AbM	Chothia
L1	L24-L34	L24-L34	L24-L34
L2	L50-L56	L50-L56	L50-L56
L3	L89-L97	L89-L97	L89-L97
H1	H31-H35B	H26-H35B (Kabat Numbering)	H26-H32..34
H1	H31-H35	H26-H35 (Chothia Numbering)	H26-H32
H2	H50-H65	H50-H58	H52-H56
H3	H95-H102	H95-H102	H95-H102

[0063] The term "human antibody" means an antibody produced by a human or an antibody having an amino acid sequence corresponding to an antibody produced by a human made using any technique known in the art. This definition of a human antibody includes intact or full-length antibodies, fragments thereof, and/or antibodies comprising at least one human heavy and/or light chain polypeptide such as, for example, an antibody comprising murine light chain and human heavy chain polypeptides.

[0064] The term "chimeric antibodies" refers to antibodies wherein the amino acid sequence of the immunoglobulin molecule is derived from two or more species. Typically, the variable region of both light and heavy chains corresponds to the variable region of antibodies derived from one species of mammals (e.g. mouse, rat, rabbit, etc) with the desired specificity, affinity, and capability while the constant regions are homologous to the sequences in antibodies derived from another (usually human) to avoid eliciting an immune response in that species.

[0065] The term "epitope" or "antigenic determinant" are used interchangeably herein and refer to that portion of an antigen capable of being recognized and specifically bound by a particular antibody. When the antigen is a polypeptide, epitopes can be formed both from contiguous amino acids and noncontiguous amino acids juxtaposed by tertiary folding of a protein. Epitopes formed from contiguous amino acids are typically retained upon protein denaturing, whereas epitopes formed by tertiary folding are typically lost upon protein denaturing. An epitope typically includes at least 3, and more usually, at least 5 or 8-10 amino acids in a unique spatial conformation.

[0066] "Binding affinity" generally refers to the strength of the sum total of noncovalent interactions between a single binding site of a molecule (e.g., an antibody) and its binding partner (e.g., an antigen). Unless indicated otherwise, as used herein, "binding affinity" refers to intrinsic binding affinity which reflects a 1:1 interaction between members of a binding pair (e.g., antibody and antigen). The affinity of a molecule X for its partner Y can generally be represented by the dissociation constant (K_d). Affinity can be measured by common methods known in the art, including those described herein. Low-affinity antibodies generally bind antigen slowly and tend to dissociate readily, whereas high-affinity antibodies

generally bind antigen faster and tend to remain bound longer. A variety of methods of measuring binding affinity are known in the art, any of which can be used for purposes of the present invention. Specific illustrative embodiments are described in the following.

[0067] "Or better" when used herein to refer to binding affinity refers to a stronger binding between a molecule and its binding partner. "Or better" when used herein refers to a stronger binding, represented by a smaller numerical K_d value. For example, an antibody which has an affinity for an antigen of "0.6 nM or better", the antibody's affinity for the antigen is <0.6 nM, i.e. 0.59 nM, 0.58 nM, 0.57 nM etc. or any value less than 0.6 nM.

[0068] By "specifically binds," it is generally meant that an antibody binds to an epitope via its antigen binding domain, and that the binding entails some complementarity between the antigen binding domain and the epitope. According to this definition, an antibody is said to "specifically bind" to an epitope when it binds to that epitope, via its antigen binding domain more readily than it would bind to a random, unrelated epitope. The term "specificity" is used herein to qualify the relative affinity by which a certain antibody binds to a certain epitope. For example, antibody "A" may be deemed to have a higher specificity for a given epitope than antibody "B," or antibody "A" may be said to bind to epitope "C" with a higher specificity than it has for related epitope "D."

[0069] By "preferentially binds," it is meant that the antibody specifically binds to an epitope more readily than it would bind to a related, similar, homologous, or analogous epitope. Thus, an antibody which "preferentially binds" to a given epitope would more likely bind to that epitope than to a related epitope, even though such an antibody may cross-react with the related epitope.

[0070] An antibody is said to "competitively inhibit" binding of a reference antibody to a given epitope if it preferentially binds to that epitope to the extent that it blocks, to some degree, binding of the reference antibody to the epitope. Competitive inhibition may be determined by any method known in the art, for example, competition ELISA assays. An antibody may be said to competitively inhibit binding of the reference antibody to a given epitope by at least 90%, at least 80%, at least 70%, at least 60%, or at least 50%.

[0071] The phrase "substantially similar," or "substantially the same", as used herein, denotes a sufficiently high degree of similarity between two numeric values (generally one associated with an antibody of the invention and the other associated with a reference/comparator antibody) such that one of skill in the art would consider the difference between the two values to be of little or no biological and/or statistical significance within the context of the biological characteristic measured by said values (e.g., K_d values). The difference between said two values can be less than about 50%, less than about 40%, less than about 30%, less than about 20%, or less than about 10% as a function of the value for the reference/comparator antibody.

[0072] A polypeptide, antibody, polynucleotide, vector, cell, or composition which is "isolated" is a polypeptide, antibody, polynucleotide, vector, cell, or composition which is in a form not found in nature. Isolated polypeptides, antibodies, polynucleotides, vectors, cell or compositions include those which have been purified to a degree that they are no longer in a form in which they are found in nature. In some embodiments, an antibody, polynucleotide, vector, cell, or composition which is isolated is substantially pure.

[0073] As used herein, "substantially pure" refers to material which is at least 50% pure (i.e., free from contaminants), at least 90% pure, at least 95% pure, at least 98% pure, or at least 99% pure.

[0074] The term "immunoconjugate" or "conjugate" as used herein refers to a compound or a derivative thereof that is linked to a cell binding agent (i.e., an anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof) and is defined by a generic formula: C-L-A, wherein C = cytotoxin, L = linker, and A = cell binding agent or anti-CD37 antibody or antibody fragment. Immunoconjugates can also be defined by the generic formula in reverse order: A-L-C.

[0075] A "linker" is any chemical moiety that is capable of linking a compound, usually a drug, such as a maytansinoid, to a cell-binding agent such as an anti CD37 antibody or a fragment thereof in a stable, covalent manner. Linkers can be susceptible to or be substantially resistant to acid-induced cleavage, light-induced cleavage, peptidase-induced cleavage, esterase-induced cleavage, and disulfide bond cleavage, at conditions under which the compound or the antibody remains active. Suitable linkers are well known in the art and include, for example, disulfide groups, thioether groups, acid labile groups, photolabile groups, peptidase labile groups and esterase labile groups. Linkers also include charged linkers, and hydrophilic forms thereof as described herein and known in the art.

[0076] The terms "cancer" and "cancerous" refer to or describe the physiological condition in mammals in which a population of cells are characterized by unregulated cell growth. Examples of cancer include, but are not limited to, carcinoma, lymphoma, blastoma, sarcoma, and leukemia. "Tumor" and "neoplasm" refer to one or more cells that result from excessive cell growth or proliferation, either benign (noncancerous) or malignant (cancerous) including pre-cancerous lesions. Examples of "cancer" or "tumorigenic" diseases which can be treated and/or prevented include B-cell lymphomas including NHL, precursor B-cell lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma and mature B-cell neoplasms, such as B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL), B-cell prolymphocytic leukemia, lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma, mantle cell lymphoma (MCL), follicular lymphoma (FL), including low-grade, intermediate-grade and high-grade FL, cutaneous follicle center lymphoma, marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (MALT type, nodal and splenic type), hairy cell leukemia, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, Burkitt's lymphoma, plasmacytoma, plasma cell myeloma, post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder, and anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL). Non-cancerous cells are cells that do not result in the

formation of tumors or neoplasms or the development of cancer. However, non-cancerous cells can contribute to disease, e.g., autoimmune diseases, and include, for example auto-reactive B-cells.

[0077] The terms "cancer cell," "tumor cell," and grammatical equivalents refer to the total population of cells derived from a tumor or a pre-cancerous lesion, including both non-tumorigenic cells, which comprise the bulk of the tumor cell population, and tumorigenic stem cells (cancer stem cells). As used herein, the term "tumor cell" will be modified by the term "non-tumorigenic" when referring solely to those tumor cells lacking the capacity to renew and differentiate to distinguish those tumor cells from cancer stem cells.

[0078] The term "autoreactive" refers to a cell, tissue, protein, antibody or other substance that produces an immune response directed against an organism's own cells, tissues, proteins, antibodies, or other substances.

[0079] The term "subject" refers to any animal (e.g., a mammal), including, but not limited to humans, non-human primates, rodents, and the like, which is to be the recipient of a particular treatment. Typically, the terms "subject" and "patient" are used interchangeably herein in reference to a human subject.

[0080] Administration "in combination with" one or more further therapeutic agents includes simultaneous (concurrent) and consecutive administration in any order.

[0081] The term "pharmaceutical formulation" refers to a preparation which is in such form as to permit the biological activity of the active ingredient to be effective, and which contains no additional components which are unacceptably toxic to a subject to which the formulation would be administered. The formulation can be sterile.

[0082] An "effective amount" of an antibody as disclosed herein is an amount sufficient to carry out a specifically stated purpose. An "effective amount" can be determined empirically and in a routine manner, in relation to the stated purpose.

[0083] The term "therapeutically effective amount" refers to an amount of an antibody or other drug effective to "treat" a disease or disorder in a subject or mammal. In some embodiments, the therapeutically effective amount of the drug can reduce the number of B-cells; reduce the number of autoreactive B-cells; decrease the symptoms of disease; or slow the progression of disease. See the definition herein of "treating". A "prophylactically effective amount" refers to an amount effective, at dosages and for periods of time necessary, to achieve the desired prophylactic result. Typically but not necessarily, since a prophylactic dose is used in subjects prior to or at an earlier stage of disease, the prophylactically effective amount will be less than the therapeutically effective amount.

[0084] The word "label" when used herein refers to a detectable compound or composition which is conjugated directly or indirectly to the antibody so as to generate a "labeled" antibody. The label can be

detectable by itself (e.g., radioisotope labels or fluorescent labels) or, in the case of an enzymatic label, can catalyze chemical alteration of a substrate compound or composition which is detectable.

[0085] Terms such as "treating" or "treatment" or "to treat" or "alleviating" or "to alleviate" refer to therapeutic measures that cure, slow down, lessen symptoms of, and/or halt progression of a diagnosed pathologic condition or disorder. Thus, those in need of treatment include those already diagnosed with or suspected of having the disorder. Prophylactic or preventative measures refer to therapeutic measures that prevent and/or slow the development of a targeted pathologic condition or disorder. Thus, those in need of prophylactic or preventative measures include those prone to have the disorder and those in whom the disorder is to be prevented. In certain embodiments, a subject is successfully "treated" if the patient shows one or more of the following: decreased B-cells; decreased autoreactive B-cells; decreased B-cell activity; decreased aberrant B-cell activity; decreased non-malignant B-cells, decreased non-cancerous B-cells, reduced immunoglobulin level; reduced morbidity and mortality; improvement in quality of life; or some combination of effects.

[0086] "Polynucleotide," or "nucleic acid," as used interchangeably herein, refer to polymers of nucleotides of any length, and include DNA and RNA. The nucleotides can be deoxyribonucleotides, ribonucleotides, modified nucleotides or bases, and/or their analogs, or any substrate that can be incorporated into a polymer by DNA or RNA polymerase. A polynucleotide can comprise modified nucleotides, such as methylated nucleotides and their analogs. If present, modification to the nucleotide structure can be imparted before or after assembly of the polymer. The sequence of nucleotides can be interrupted by non-nucleotide components. A polynucleotide can be further modified after polymerization, such as by conjugation with a labeling component. Other types of modifications include, for example, "caps", substitution of one or more of the naturally occurring nucleotides with an analog, internucleotide modifications such as, for example, those with uncharged linkages (e.g., methyl phosphonates, phosphotriesters, phosphoamidates, carbamates, etc.) and with charged linkages (e.g., phosphorothioates, phosphorodithioates, etc.), those containing pendant moieties, such as, for example, proteins (e.g., nucleases, toxins, antibodies, signal peptides, poly-L-lysine, etc.), those with intercalators (e.g., acridine, psoralen, etc.), those containing chelators (e.g., metals, radioactive metals, boron, oxidative metals, etc.), those containing alkylators, those with modified linkages (e.g., alpha anomeric nucleic acids, etc.), as well as unmodified forms of the polynucleotide(s). Further, any of the hydroxyl groups ordinarily present in the sugars can be replaced, for example, by phosphonate groups, phosphate groups, protected by standard protecting groups, or activated to prepare additional linkages to additional nucleotides, or can be conjugated to solid supports. The 5' and 3' terminal OH can be phosphorylated or substituted with amines or organic capping group moieties of from 1 to 20 carbon atoms. Other hydroxyls can also be derivatized to standard protecting groups. Polynucleotides can also contain analogous forms of ribose or deoxyribose sugars that are generally known in the art, including, for example, 2'-O-methyl-, 2'-O-allyl-,

2'-fluoro- or 2'-azido-ribose, carbocyclic sugar analogs, .alpha.-anomeric sugars, epimeric sugars such as arabinose, xyloses or lyxoses, pyranose sugars, furanose sugars, sedoheptuloses, acyclic analogs and abasic nucleoside analogs such as methyl riboside. One or more phosphodiester linkages can be replaced by alternative linking groups. These alternative linking groups include, but are not limited to, embodiments wherein phosphate is replaced by P(O)S ("thioate"), P(S)S ("dithioate"), "(O)NR₂" ("amidate"), P(O)R, P(O)OR', CO or CH₂ ("formacetal"), in which each R or R' is independently H or substituted or unsubstituted alkyl (1-20 C) optionally containing an ether (--O--) linkage, aryl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or araldyl. Not all linkages in a polynucleotide need be identical. The preceding description applies to all polynucleotides referred to herein, including RNA and DNA.

[0087] The term "vector" means a construct, which is capable of delivering, and optionally expressing, one or more gene(s) or sequence(s) of interest in a host cell. Examples of vectors include, but are not limited to, viral vectors, naked DNA or RNA expression vectors, plasmid, cosmid or phage vectors, DNA or RNA expression vectors associated with cationic condensing agents, DNA or RNA expression vectors encapsulated in liposomes, and certain eukaryotic cells, such as producer cells..

[0088] The terms "polypeptide," "peptide," and "protein" are used interchangeably herein to refer to polymers of amino acids of any length. The polymer can be linear or branched, it can comprise modified amino acids, and it can be interrupted by non-amino acids. The terms also encompass an amino acid polymer that has been modified naturally or by intervention; for example, disulfide bond formation, glycosylation, lipidation, acetylation, phosphorylation, or any other manipulation or modification, such as conjugation with a labeling component. Also included within the definition are, for example, polypeptides containing one or more analogs of an amino acid (including, for example, unnatural amino acids, etc.), as well as other modifications known in the art. It is understood that, because the polypeptides of this invention are based upon antibodies, in certain embodiments, the polypeptides can occur as single chains or associated chains.

[0089] The terms "identical" or percent "identity" in the context of two or more nucleic acids or polypeptides, refer to two or more sequences or subsequences that are the same or have a specified percentage of nucleotides or amino acid residues that are the same, when compared and aligned (introducing gaps, if necessary) for maximum correspondence, not considering any conservative amino acid substitutions as part of the sequence identity. The percent identity can be measured using sequence comparison software or algorithms or by visual inspection. Various algorithms and software are known in the art that can be used to obtain alignments of amino acid or nucleotide sequences. One such non-limiting example of a sequence alignment algorithm is the algorithm described in Karlin et al, 1990, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.*, 87:2264-2268, as modified in Karlin et al., 1993, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.*, 90:5873-5877, and incorporated into the NBLAST and XBLAST programs (Altschul et al., 1991, *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 25:3389-3402). In certain embodiments, Gapped BLAST can be used as described in Altschul et al.,

1997, *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402. BLAST-2, WU-BLAST-2 (Altschul et al., 1996, *Methods in Enzymology*, 266:460-480), ALIGN, ALIGN-2 (Genentech, South San Francisco, California) or Megalign (DNASTAR) are additional publicly available software programs that can be used to align sequences. In certain embodiments, the percent identity between two nucleotide sequences is determined using the GAP program in GCG software (e.g., using a NWSgapdna.CMP matrix and a gap weight of 40, 50, 60, 70, or 90 and a length weight of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6). In certain alternative embodiments, the GAP program in the GCG software package, which incorporates the algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch (*J. Mol. Biol.* (48):444-453 (1970)) can be used to determine the percent identity between two amino acid sequences (e.g., using either a Blossum 62 matrix or a PAM250 matrix, and a gap weight of 16, 14, 12, 10, 8, 6, or 4 and a length weight of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5). Alternatively, in certain embodiments, the percent identity between nucleotide or amino acid sequences is determined using the algorithm of Myers and Miller (CABIOS, 4:11-17 (1989)). For example, the percent identity can be determined using the ALIGN program (version 2.0) and using a PAM120 with residue table, a gap length penalty of 12 and a gap penalty of 4. Appropriate parameters for maximal alignment by particular alignment software can be determined by one skilled in the art. In certain embodiments, the default parameters of the alignment software are used. In certain embodiments, the percentage identity "X" of a first amino acid sequence to a second sequence amino acid is calculated as $100 \times (Y/Z)$, where Y is the number of amino acid residues scored as identical matches in the alignment of the first and second sequences (as aligned by visual inspection or a particular sequence alignment program) and Z is the total number of residues in the second sequence. If the length of a first sequence is longer than the second sequence, the percent identity of the first sequence to the second sequence will be longer than the percent identity of the second sequence to the first sequence.

[0090] As a non-limiting example, whether any particular polynucleotide has a certain percentage sequence identity (e.g., is at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, and in some embodiments, at least 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical) to a reference sequence can, in certain embodiments, be determined using the Bestfit program (Wisconsin Sequence Analysis Package, Version 8 for Unix, Genetics Computer Group, University Research Park, 575 Science Drive, Madison, WI 53711). Bestfit uses the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman, *Advances in Applied Mathematics* 2: 482-489 (1981), to find the best segment of homology between two sequences. When using Bestfit or any other sequence alignment program to determine whether a particular sequence is, for instance, 95% identical to a reference sequence according to the present invention, the parameters are set such that the percentage of identity is calculated over the full length of the reference nucleotide sequence and that gaps in homology of up to 5% of the total number of nucleotides in the reference sequence are allowed.

[0091] In some embodiments, two nucleic acids or polypeptides of the invention are substantially identical, meaning they have at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, and in some embodiments at least 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% nucleotide or amino acid residue identity, when

compared and aligned for maximum correspondence, as measured using a sequence comparison algorithm or by visual inspection. Identity can exist over a region of the sequences that is at least about 10, about 20, about 40-60 residues in length or any integral value therebetween, and can be over a longer region than 60-80 residues, for example, at least about 90-100 residues, and in some embodiments, the sequences are substantially identical over the full length of the sequences being compared, such as the coding region of a nucleotide sequence for example.

[0092] A "conservative amino acid substitution" is one in which one amino acid residue is replaced with another amino acid residue having a similar side chain. Families of amino acid residues having similar side chains have been defined in the art, including basic side chains (e.g., lysine, arginine, histidine), acidic side chains (e.g., aspartic acid, glutamic acid), uncharged polar side chains (e.g., glycine, asparagine, glutamine, serine, threonine, tyrosine, cysteine), nonpolar side chains (e.g., alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, proline, phenylalanine, methionine, tryptophan), beta-branched side chains (e.g., threonine, valine, isoleucine) and aromatic side chains (e.g., tyrosine, phenylalanine, tryptophan, histidine). For example, substitution of a phenylalanine for a tyrosine is a conservative substitution. In some embodiments, conservative substitutions in the sequences of the polypeptides and antibodies of the invention do not abrogate the binding of the polypeptide or antibody containing the amino acid sequence, to the antigen(s), i.e., the CD37 to which the polypeptide or antibody binds. Methods of identifying nucleotide and amino acid conservative substitutions which do not eliminate antigen binding are well-known in the art (see, e.g., Brummell et al., *Biochem.* 32: 1180-1 187 (1993); Kobayashi et al. *Protein Eng.* 12(10):879-884 (1999); and Burks et al. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:412-417 (1997)).

[0093] As used in the present disclosure and claims, the singular forms "a," "an," and "the" include plural forms unless the context clearly dictates otherwise.

[0094] It is understood that wherever embodiments are described herein with the language "comprising," otherwise analogous embodiments described in terms of "consisting of" and/or "consisting essentially of" are also provided.

[0095] The term "and/or" as used in a phrase such as "A and/or B" herein is intended to include both "A and B," "A or B," "A," and "B." Likewise, the term "and/or" as used in a phrase such as "A, B, and/or C" is intended to encompass each of the following embodiments: A, B, and C; A, B, or C; A or C; A or B; B or C; A and C; A and B; B and C; A (alone); B (alone); and C (alone).

II. CD37 binding agents

[0096] The present invention provides agents that specifically bind CD37. These agents are referred to herein as "CD37 binding agents." Exemplary CD37-binding agents have been described in U.S. Published Application No. 2011/0256153, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

[0097] The full-length amino acid sequences for human, macaca, and murine CD37 are known in the art and also provided herein as represented by SEQ ID NOs:1-3, respectively.

[0098] Human CD37:

[0099] MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFFFVLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKVL
AISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQRAQLERSLRDVVEKTIQ
KYGTNPEETA AEESWDYVQFQLRCCGWHYPQDWFQVLILRGNGSEAHRVPCSCYNLSATNDSTI
LDKVILPQLSRLGHLARSRHSA DICA VPAESH IYREGCAQGLQKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELG
FMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLAYR (SEQ ID NO:1)

[00100] Macaca mulatta CD37:

[00101] MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFFFVILGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV
LAISGVFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQRAQLERSLRDIVEKTI
QRYHTNPEETA AEESWDYVQFQLRCCGWHSPQDWFQVLT LRNGNGSEAHRVPCSCYNLSATNDS
TILDKVILPQLSRLGQLARSRHSTDICA VPANSH IYREGCARSLQKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLEL
GFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLRYR (SEQ ID NO:2)

[00102] Murine CD37 (NP_031671):

[00103] MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFFFVLGGLIFCFGTWILIDKTSFVSFVGLSFVPLQTWSKV
LAVSGVLTMALALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQVRRLERRVQELVLR
TIQSYRTNPDETA AEESWDYAQFQLRCCGWQSPRDWNKAQMLKANEESEPFVPCSCYNSTATN
DSTVFDKLFSSQLSRLGPRAKLRQTADICALPAKAHIYREGCAQSLQKWLHNNIISIVGICLGVGL
LELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYDRLARYR (SEQ ID NO:3)

[00104] In certain embodiments, the CD37 binding agents are antibodies, immunoconjugates or polypeptides. In some embodiments, the CD37 binding agents are humanized antibodies.

[00105] In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding agents are capable of inducing complement dependent cytotoxicity. Examples of CD37-binding agents that are capable of inducing complement dependent cytotoxicity are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Published Application No. 2011/0256153, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. For example, treatment of cells with the CD37-binding agents can result in CDC activity that reduces cell viability to less than about 80%, less than about 70%, less than about 60%, less than about 50%, less than about 40% or less than about 35% of the cell viability of untreated cells. Treatment of cells with the CD37-binding agents can also result in CDC activity that reduces cell viability to about 70-80%, about 60-70%, about 50-60%, about 40-50%, or about 30-40% of the cell viability of untreated cells. In some particular embodiments, the CD37-binding agents are capable of inducing complement dependent cytotoxicity in Ramos cells.

[00106] In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding agents are capable of inducing antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC). Examples of CD-37 binding agents that are capable of inducing antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC) are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Published Application No. 2011/0256153, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. For example, treatment of cells with the CD37-binding agents can result in ADCC activity that produces at least about

15%, at least about 20%, at least about 25%, at least about 30%, at least about 35%, at least about 40%, at least about 45%, at least about 50%, or at least about 60% cell lysis. Treatment of cells with the CD37-binding agents can result in ADCC activity that produces about 10-20%, about 20-30%, about 30-40%, or about 40-50% cell lysis. Treatment of cells with the CD37-binding agents can also result in ADCC activity that produces about 10-50%, about 20-50%, about 30-50%, or about 40-50% cell lysis. In some particular embodiments, the CD37-binding agents are capable of inducing ADCC in Daudi, Ramos, and/or Granata-519 cells.

[00107] In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents are capable of inducing apoptosis. In some embodiment, the CD37-binding agents are capable of inducing apoptosis in the absence of cross-linking agents. Examples of CD37-binding agents that are capable of inducing apoptosis *in vitro* in the absence of a cross-linking agent are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Published Application No. 2011/0256153, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. For example, treatment of cells with the CD37-binding agents can induce apoptosis in at least about 15%, at least about 20%, at least about 25%, at least about 30%, at least about 35%, at least about 40%, at least about 45%, at least about 50%, or at least about 55% of cells. In some particular embodiments, the CD37-binding agents are capable of inducing apoptosis in Ramos cells and/or Raji cells.

[00108] In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents are capable of depleting B-cells. In some embodiments, the B-cells are autoreactive B-cells. In some embodiments, the B-cells are not cancer cells. In some embodiments, the B-cells are not tumor cells. In some embodiments, the B-cells are not cancerous cells. In some embodiments, the B-cells overexpress CD37. In some embodiments, the B-cells do not overexpress CD37.

[00109] Treatment of cells with CD37-binding agents can result in depletion of at least about 25%, at least about 30%, at least about 35%, at least about 40%, at least about 45%, at least about 50%, at least about 55%, at least about 60%, at least about 65%, at least about 70%, or least about 75% of B-cells.

[00110] In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents do not deplete T-cells under the same conditions in which B-cells are depleted. For example, treatment of cells with CD37-binding agents can result in depletion of less than about 20%, less than about 15%, less than about 10%, or less than about 5% of T-cells. In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding agents deplete at least about 25% of B-cells and deplete less than about 10% of T-cells. In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding agents deplete at least about 30% of B-cells and deplete less than about 5% of T-cells.

[00111] In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents do not deplete monocytes under the same conditions in which B-cells are depleted. For example, treatment of cells with CD37-binding agents can result in depletion of less than about 20%, less than about 15%, less than about 10%, or less than about 5% of monocytes. In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding agents deplete at least about 25% of B-cells

and deplete less than about 10% of monocytes. In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding agents deplete at least about 30% of B-cells and deplete less than about 5% of monocytes.

[00112] In certain embodiments, immunoconjugates or other agents that specifically bind human CD37 trigger cell death via a cytotoxic agent. For example, in certain embodiments, an antibody to human CD37 is conjugated to a maytansinoid that is activated in cells expressing the CD37 by protein internalization. In certain alternative embodiments, the agent or antibody is not conjugated to a maytansinoid or other cytotoxic molecule.

[00113] The CD37-binding agents include CD37 antibodies such as CD37-3, CD37-12, CD37-38, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56 and CD37-57 and fragments, variants and derivatives thereof. The CD37-binding agents also include CD37-binding agents that specifically bind to the same CD37 epitope as an antibody selected from the group consisting of CD37-3, CD37-12, CD37-38, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56 and CD37-57. The CD37-binding agents also include CD37-binding agents that competitively inhibit an antibody selected from the group consisting of CD37-3, CD37-12, CD37-38, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56 and CD37-57.

[00114] In some particular embodiments, CD37-binding agents can be characterized by their ability to bind chimeric CD37 polypeptides, including murine/human and macaca/human chimeric polypeptides described in U.S. Published Application No. 2011/0256153, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety, and provided in the table below.

Chimeric Poly-peptide	Sequence
hCD37-M1	MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFFVVLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV LAISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQVRRLERRV QELVLRITQSYRTNPDETAEEESWDYVQFQLRCCGWHYPQDWFQVLILRNGNSEAH RVPCSCYNLSATNDSTILDKVILPQLSRLGHLARSRSADICAVPAESHIYREGCAQGL QKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLARYR (SEQ ID NO:184)
muCD37-R176	ISTQVRRLERRVQELVLRITQSYRTNPDETAEEESWDYAQFQLRCCGWQSPRDWNK AQMLKANEESEPRVPCSCYNSTATNDSTVFDKLFQSRLGPRAKLRQTADICALPA KAHIYREGCAQSLQ (SEQ ID NO:185)
hCD37-M45	MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFFVVLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV LAISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQRAQLERSLR DVVEKTIQKYGTNPEETAEEESWDYVQFQLRCCGWHYPQDWFQVLILRNGNSEAH RVPCSCYNLSATNDSTILDKVILPQLSRLGPRAKLRQTADICALPAKAHIYREGCAQS LQKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLARYR (SEQ ID NO:186)
hCD37m ECD-H45	MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFFVVLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV LAISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQVRRLERRV QELVLRITQSYRTNPDETAEEESWDYAQFQLRCCGWQSPRDWNKAQMLKANEESEEP RVPCSCYNSTATNDSTVFDKLFQSRLGHLARSRSADICAVPAESHIYREGCAQG LQKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLARYR (SEQ ID NO:187)
hCD37m ECD-H5	MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFFVVLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV LAISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQVRRLERRV

	QELVLRTIQSYRTNPDETAEEESWDYAQFQLRCCGWQSPRDWNKAQMLKANEESEP RVPCSCYNSTATNDSTVFDKLFSSQLSRLGPRAKLRQTADICAVPAESHIYREGCAQG LQKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLARYR (SEQ ID NO: 188)
hCD37m ECD-H4	MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFVFLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV LAISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQRVRLERRV QELVLRTIQSYRTNPDETAEEESWDYAQFQLRCCGWQSPRDWNKAQMLKANEESEP RVPCSCYNSTATNDSTVFDKLFSSQLSRLGHLARSRHSDICALPAKAHIYREGCAQS LQKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLARYR (SEQ ID NO: 189)
hCD37- Mac4	MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFVFLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV LAISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQRAQLERSLR DVVEKTIQKYGTNPEETAEEESWDYVQFQLRCCGWHYPQDWFQVLILRGNGSEAH RVPCSCYNLSATNDSTILDKVILPQLSRLGQLARSRHSTDICAVPAESHIYREGCAQGL QKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLARYR (SEQ ID NO: 190)
hCD37- Mac45	MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFVFLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV LAISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQRAQLERSLR DVVEKTIQKYGTNPEETAEEESWDYVQFQLRCCGWHYPQDWFQVLILRGNGSEAH RVPCSCYNLSATNDSTILDKVILPQLSRLGQLARSRHSTDICAVPANSHIYREGCARSL QKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLARYR (SEQ ID NO: 191)
hCD37- Mac5	MSAQESCLSLIKYFLFVFNLFVFLGSLIFCFGIWILIDKTSFVSFVGLAFVPLQIWSKV LAISGIFTMGIALLGCVGALKELRCLLGLYFGMLLLLFATQITLGILISTQRAQLERSLR DVVEKTIQKYGTNPEETAEEESWDYVQFQLRCCGWHYPQDWFQVLILRGNGSEAH RVPCSCYNLSATNDSTILDKVILPQLSRLGHLARSRHSDICAVPANSHIYREGCARSL QKWLHNNLISIVGICLGVGLLELGFMTLSIFLCRNLDHVYNRLARYR (SEQ ID NO: 192)

[00115] In some particular embodiments, the binding of the CD37-binding agents to CD37 does not require human CD37 amino acids 109-138. Thus, some CD37-binding agents bind to a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:184. In other embodiments, the binding of the CD37-binding agents to CD37 is disrupted by mutation of human CD37 amino acids 202-243. Thus, some CD37-binding agents do not bind to a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:185.

[00116] In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents bind to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:184 and to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:186, but do not bind to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:185.

[00117] In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents bind to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:187. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents bind to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:187 and a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:188. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents bind to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:187 and a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:189.

[00118] In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agent binds to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:190, but does not bind to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:191. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agent binds to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:192, but does not bind to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:191.

[00119] CD37 peptide fragments to which certain CD37-binding agents bind to include, but are not limited to, CD37 fragments comprising, consisting essentially of, or consisting of amino acids 200-243 of SEQ ID NO: 1, amino acids 202-220 or SEQ ID NO:1, or amino acids 221-243 of SEQ ID NO:1. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agent is specifically binds to a human CD37 epitope comprising amino acids 202-243 of SEQ ID NO:1. In some embodiments, the binding of the CD37-binding agent to CD37 requires amino acids 202-243 of SEQ ID NO:1. In some embodiments, the binding of the CD37-binding agent to CD37 requires amino acids 200-220 of SEQ ID NO:1. In some embodiments, the binding of the CD37-binding agent to CD37 requires amino acids 221-243 of SEQ ID NO:1.

[00120] Examples of CD37-binding agents with the aforementioned binding properties are described in U.S. Published Application No. 2011/0256153, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

[00121] The CD37-binding agents also include CD37-binding agents that comprise the heavy and light chain CDR sequences of CD37-3, CD37-12, CD37-38, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56 or CD37-57. The heavy and light chain CDRs of CD37-38, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56 and CD37-57 contain related sequences. Therefore, the CD37-binding agents can also comprise heavy and light chain CDR sequences that comprise a consensus sequence obtained by the alignment of CD37-38, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56 and CD37-57. The CDR sequences of CD37-3, CD37-12, CD37-38, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56 and CD37-57, as well as the consensus sequence of CD37-38, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56 and CD37-57 are described in Tables 1 and 2 below.

Table 1: Variable heavy chain CDR amino acid sequences

Antibody	VH-CDR1	VH-CDR2	VH-CDR3
CD37-3	TSGVS (SEQ ID NO:4)	VIWGDGSTN (SEQ ID NO:5)	GGYSLAH (SEQ ID NO:6)
CD37-12	KYGMN (SEQ ID NO:7)	WINTNTGESR (SEQ ID NO:8)	GTVVAD (SEQ ID NO:9)
CD37-38	SGFGWH (SEQ ID NO:10)	YILYSGGTD (SEQ ID NO:11)	GYGYGAWFVY (SEQ ID NO:12)
CD37-50	SGFAWH (SEQ ID NO:13)	YILYSGSTV (SEQ ID NO:14)	GYGYGAWFAY (SEQ ID NO:15)
CD37-51	SGFAWH (SEQ ID NO:16)	YIHYSGSTN (SEQ ID NO:17)	GYYGFGAWFVY (SEQ ID NO:18)
CD37-56	SGFAWH (SEQ ID NO:19)	YIHYSGGTN (SEQ ID NO:20)	GYYGFGAWFAY (SEQ ID NO:21)
CD37-57	SGFAWH (SEQ ID NO:22)	YILYSGSTV (SEQ ID NO:23)	GYGYGAWFAY (SEQ ID NO:24)
CONSENSUS	SGF[A or G]WH (SEQ ID NO:25)	YI[L or H]YSG[G or S]T[D,V, or N] (SEQ ID NO:26)	GYYG[Y or F]GAWF[V or A]Y (SEQ ID NO:27)
252-3	SYGMS (SEQ ID NO:171)	TISSGGSYTYSPDSVKG (SEQ ID NO:172)	HSYYDTSVDY (SEQ ID NO:173)
252-3	SYGMS (SEQ ID NO:171)	TISSGGSYTY (SEQ ID NO:181)	HSYYDTSVDY (SEQ ID NO:173)

Table 2: Variable light chain CDR amino acid sequences

Antibody	VL-CDR1	VL-CDR2	VL-CDR3
CD37-3	RASENIRSNLA (SEQ ID NO:28)	VATNLAD (SEQ ID NO:29)	QHYWGTTWT (SEQ ID NO:30)
CD37-12	RASQSVSTSSYSYLY (SEQ ID NO:31)	YASNLAS (SEQ ID NO:32)	QHSWEIPYT (SEQ ID NO:33)
CD37-38	SASSSVTYMH (SEQ ID NO:34)	DTSKLAS (SEQ ID NO:35)	QQWISNPPT (SEQ ID NO:36)
CD37-50	SATSSVTYMH (SEQ ID NO:37)	DTSKLPHY (SEQ ID NO:38)	QQWSDNPPT (SEQ ID NO:39)
		Humanized DTSNLPY (SEQ ID NO:40)	
CD37-51	SATSSVTYMH (SEQ ID NO:41)	DTSKLAS (SEQ ID NO:42)	QQWSSNPPT (SEQ ID NO:43)
CD37-56	SASSSVTYMH (SEQ ID NO:44)	DTSKLAS (SEQ ID NO:45)	QQWISDPPT (SEQ ID NO:46)
		Humanized DTSNLAS (SEQ ID NO:47)	
CD37-57	SATSSVTYMH (SEQ ID NO:48)	DTSKLAS (SEQ ID NO:49)	QQWSDNPPT (SEQ ID NO:50)
		Humanized DTSNLAS (SEQ ID NO:51)	
CONSENSUS	SA[T or S]SSVTYMH (SEQ ID NO:52)	DTS[K or N][L[A or P]][S or Y] (SEQ ID NO:53)	QQW[I or S][S or D][N or D]PPT (SEQ ID NO:54)
252-3	RASQDISNYLN (SEQ ID NO:174)	YTSKLHS (SEQ ID NO:175)	QQGNALPWT (SEQ ID NO:176)

[00122] The CD37 binding molecules can be antibodies or antigen binding fragments that specifically bind to CD37 that comprise the CDRs of CD37-3, CD37-12, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56, or CD37-57 with up to four (i.e., 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4) conservative amino acid substitutions per CDR.

[00123] The CD37 binding molecules can comprise one of the individual variable light chains or variable heavy chains described herein. Antibodies and polypeptides can also comprise both a variable light chain and a variable heavy chain. The variable light chain and variable heavy chain sequences of murine, chimeric, and humanized CD37-3, CD37-12, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56, and CD37-57 antibodies are provided in Tables 3 and 4 below.

Table 3: Variable heavy chain amino acid sequences

Antibody	VH Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO)
muCD37-3	QVQVKESGPGLVAPSQSLSTICTVSGFSLTTSQVSWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIWGDGSTNYHSALKSRLSIKKDHKSQVFLKLNLSLQTDATATYYCAKGGYSLA

	HWGOGTLVTVSA (SEQ ID NO:55)
chCD37-3	QVQVKESGPGLVAPSQLSITCTVSGFSLTTSQVSWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIW GDGSTNYHSALKSRLSIKKDHKSQVFLKLNLSLQTDATATYYCAKGGYSLA HWGOGTLVTVSA (SEQ ID NO:56)
huCD37-3v1.0	QVQVQESGPGLVAPSQLSITCTVSGFSLTTSQVSWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIW GDGSTNYHPSLKSRLSIKKDHKSQVFLKLNLSLTAADTATYYCAKGGYSLA HWGOGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO:57)
huCD37-3v1.1	QVQVQESGPGLVAPSQLSITCTVSGFSLTTSQVSWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIW GDGSTNYHSSLKSRLSIKKDHKSQVFLKLNLSLTAADTATYYCAKGGYSLA HWGOGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO:58)
muCD37-12	QIQLVQSGPELKKPGETVKISCKASGYTFTKYGMNWWKQAQKGKGLKWMG WINTNTGESRNAEEFKGRFAFSLETSASTAYLQINNLYEDTATYFCGRGT VADWGQGTILTVSS (SEQ ID NO:59)
chCD37-12	QIQLVQSGPELKKPGETVKISCKASGYTFTKYGMNWWKQAQKGKGLKWMG WINTNTGESRNAEEFKGRFAFSLETSASTAYLQINNLYEDTATYFCGRGT VADWGQGTILTVSS (SEQ ID NO:60)
muCD37-38	DVQLQESGPDVLPKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSTSGFGWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMAY ILYSGGTDYNPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLRLSSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFVYWGQGTILTVSA (SEQ ID NO:61)
chCD37-38	QVQLQESGPDVLPKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSTSGFGWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMAY ILYSGGTDYNPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLRLSSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFVYWGQGTILTVSA (SEQ ID NO:62)
huCD37-38	QVQLQESGPGLVKPSQSLSLTCTVSGYSTSGFGWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMAY LYSGGTDYNPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLRLSSVTAADTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFVYWGQGTILTVSS (SEQ ID NO:63)
muCD37-50	DVQLQESGPDLLKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMGY LYSGSTVYSPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNHFFLQLNSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFAYWGQGTILTVSA (SEQ ID NO:64)
huCD37-50	QVQLQESGPGLLKPSQSLSLTCTVSGYSTSGFAWHWIRQHPNGKLEWMGY ILYSGSTVYSPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNHFFLQLNSVTAADTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFAYWGQGTILTVSA (SEQ ID NO:65)
muCD37-51	DVQLQESGPDLLKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMGY HYSGSTNYSPSLKSRLSITRDSSKNQFFLQLNSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGFGA WVYWGQGTILTVSA (SEQ ID NO:66)
huCD37-51	EVQLVESGPVLPKGESLSLTCTVSGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMGY HYSGSTNYSPSLQGRISITRDSSINQFFLQLNSVTASDTATYYCARGYYGFGA WVYWGQGTILTVSA (SEQ ID NO:67)
muCD37-56	DVQLQESGPDVLPKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMGY IHYSGGTNYNPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLQLNSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGF GAWFAYWGQGTILVPVSA (SEQ ID NO:68)
huCD37-56	QVQLQESGPGLVKPSQSLSLTCTVSGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMGY HYSGGTNYNPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLQLNSVTAADTATYYCARGYYGF GAWFAYWGQGTILVPVSA (SEQ ID NO:69)
muCD37-57	DVQLQESGPDLLKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMGY LYSGSTVYSPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLQLNSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFAYWGQGTILTVSA (SEQ ID NO:70)
huCD37-57	QVQLQESGPGLLKPSQSLSLTCTVSGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPNGKLEWMGY LYSGSTVYSPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLQLNSVTAADTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFAYWGQGTILTVSA (SEQ ID NO:71)
252-3	EVQVVESGGDLVKPGGSLKLSAASGFTFSSYGMSWVRQIPDKRLEWVATI SSGGSYTYSPDSVKGRFTISRDNAAKTLYLQMSSLKSEDTAMYYCARHSYY DTSVDYWGQGTSVTVSS (SEQ ID NO:177)

Table 4: Variable light chain amino acid sequences

Antibody	VL Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO)
muCD37-3	DIQMTQSPASLSVSVGETVTITCRASENIRSNLAWYQQKQKSPQLLVNVAT NLADGVPSRFSGSGSGTQYSLKINSLSQSEDFGTYYCQHYWGTTWTFGGGK LEIKR (SEQ ID NO:72)
chCD37-3	DIQMTQSPASLSVSVGETVTITCRASENIRSNLAWYQQKQKSPQLLVNVAT NLADGVPSRFSGSGSGTQYSLKINSLSQSEDFGTYYCQHYWGTTWTFGGGK LEIKR (SEQ ID NO:73)
huCD37-3 (1.0 and 1.1)	DIQMTQSPSSLVSVGERVTITCRASENIRSNLAWYQQKPGKSPKLLNVAT NLADGVPSRFSGSGSGTDYSLKINSLSQPEDFGTYYCQHYWGTTWTFGQGTK LEIKR (SEQ ID NO:74)
muCD37-12	DIVLTQSPASLAVSLGQRATISCRASQSVSTSSYSYLYWFOQKPGQPPKLLIK YASNLASGVPARFSGSGSGTDFTLNIHPVEEEDTATYYCQHSWEIPYTFGGG TKLEIKR (SEQ ID NO:75)
chCD37-12	DIVLTQSPASLAVSLGQRATISCRASQSVSTSSYSYLYWFOQKPGQPPKLLIK YASNLASGVPARFSGSGSGTDFTLNIHPVEEEDTATYYCQHSWEIPYTFGGG TKLEIKR (SEQ ID NO:76)
muCD37-38	QIVLTQSPAIMASASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGGGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWISNPPTFGGGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:77)
chCD37-38	QIVLTQSPAIMASASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGGGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWISNPPTFGGGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:78)
huCD37-38	DIVLTQSPASMSASPGERVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKPGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWISNPPTFGGGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:79)
muCD37-50	QIVLTQSPAIMASASPGEKVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLPYGVPRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSDNPPTFGSGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:80)
huCD37-50	EIVLTQSPATMSASPGERVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKPGQSPKRWIYDTS NLPYGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSDNPPTFGQGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:81)
muCD37-51	QIVLTQSPAIMASASPGEKVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISNMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPPTFGSGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:82)
huCD37-51	EIVLTQSPATMSASPGERVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKPGQSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPPTFGQGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:83)
muCD37-56	QIVLTQSPAFMSASPGDKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGGGSGTSYSLTISTMEAEDAATYYCQQWISDPPTFGGGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:84)
huCD37-56	DIVLTQSPAFMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKPDQSPKRWIYDTS NLASGVPSRFSGSGSGTDYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWISDPPTFGQGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:85)
muCD37-57	QIVLTQSPAIMASASPGEKVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSDNPPTFGSGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:86)
huCD37-57	EIVLTQSPATMSASPGERVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKPGQSPRRWIYDTS

	NLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSDNPPTFGQGTKL EIKR (SEQ ID NO:87)
252-3	DIQMTQTTSSLSASLGDRVTISCRASQDISNYLNWYQQKPDGTVKLLIYYTS KLHSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDYSLTISNLEQEDIATYFCQQGNALPWTFGGGTKL ELKR (SEQ ID NO:178)

[00124] Also provided are polypeptides that comprise: (a) a polypeptide having at least about 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:55-71 or 177; and/or (b) a polypeptide having at least about 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:72-87 or 178. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least about 95%, at least about 96%, at least about 97%, at least about 98%, or at least about 99% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:55-87, 177, or 178. Thus, in certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises (a) a polypeptide having at least about 95% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:55-71 or 177, and/or (b) a polypeptide having at least about 95% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:72-87 or 178. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises (a) a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs:55-71 or 177; and/or (b) a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs:72-87 or 178. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide is an antibody and/or the polypeptide specifically binds CD37. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide is a murine, chimeric, or humanized antibody that specifically binds CD37. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide having a certain percentage of sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:55-87, 177, or 178 differs from SEQ ID NOs:55-87 by conservative amino acid substitutions only.

[00125] Polypeptides can comprise one of the individual light chains or heavy chains described herein. Antibodies and polypeptides can also comprise both a light chain and a heavy chain. The light chain and variable chain sequences of murine, chimeric, and humanized CD37-3, CD37-12, CD37-50, CD37-51, CD37-56, and CD37-57 antibodies are provided in Tables 5 and 6 below.

Table 5: Full-length heavy chain amino acid sequences

Antibody	Full-Length Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO)
muCD37-3	QVQVKESGPGLVAPSQSLSTCTVSGFSLTTSQVSWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIW GDGSTNYHSALKSRLSIKKDHSSQVFLKLNSLQTDDTATYYCAKGGYSLA HWGQGTLLTVSAAKTTAPSVYPLAPVCGDTTGSSVTLGCLVKGYFPEPVT L TWNSGSLSSGVHTFPAVLQSDLYTLSSSVTVTSSTWPSQSITCNVAHPASSTK VDKKIEPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFPPKIKDVLMISSLPIVTCVVV DVSEDDPDVQISWVFNNEVHTAQTQTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQHGDWM SGKEFKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISKPKGSVRAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKKQVTLT CMVTDFMPEDIYVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTEPVLDSGYSFYMSKLRVEKKN WVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFRTPGK (SEQ ID NO:88)
chCD37-3	QVQVKESGPGLVAPSQSLSTCTVSGFSLTTSQVSWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIW GDGSTNYHSALKSRLSIKKDHSSQVFLKLNSLQTDDTATYYCAKGGYSLA HWGQGTLLTVSAASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT S WNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNT KVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQ

	DWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQ VSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDK SRWQOQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO:89)
huCD37-3v1.0	QVQVQESGPGILVAPSQTLSITCTVSGFSLTTSQVSWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIW GDGSTNYHPSLKSRLSIKKDHKSQVFLKLNSLTAADTATYYCAKGGYSLA HWGQGTLLTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVS WNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNT KVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQ DWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQ VSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDK SRWQOQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG (SEQ ID NO:90)
huCD37-3v1.1	QVQVQESGPGILVAPSQTLSITCTVSGFSLTTSQVSWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIW GDGSTNYHSSLSKRLSIKKDHKSQVFLKLNSLTAADTATYYCAKGGYSLA HWGQGTLLTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVS WNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNT KVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQ DWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQ VSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDK SRWQOQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG (SEQ ID NO:91)
muCD37-12	QIQLVQSGPELKKPGETVKISKASGYTFTKYGMNWWKQAQGGKGLKWMG WINTNTGESRNAEEFKGRFAFSLETSASTAYLQINNLYEDTATYFCGRGT VADWQGQGTLLTVSSAKTTAPSVYPLAPVCGDGTGSSVTLGCLVKGYFPEPV TLTWNSGSLSSGVHTFPAVLQSDLYTLSSSVTVTSSTWPSQSITCNVAHPASS TKVDKKIEPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFPPKIKDVLMLISLPIVTCV VVDVSEDDPDVQISWFVNNVEVHTAQTQTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQHOD WMSGKEFKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISKPKGSVRAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKKQV TLCMVTDMPEDIYVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTPEVLDSDGSYFMYSKLRVE KKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK (SEQ ID NO:92)
chCD37-12	QIQLVQSGPELKKPGETVKISKASGYTFTKYGMNWWKQAQGGKGLKWMG WINTNTGESRNAEEFKGRFAFSLETSASTAYLQINNLYEDTATYFCGRGT VADWQGQGTLLTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPV VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPS NTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV CVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVL HQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTK NQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLT DKSRWQOQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO:93)
muCD37-38	DVQLQESGPDLVKPSQSLSLICTVTGYSTISGFGWHWIRQFPGNKLEWMAY ILYSGGTDYNPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLRLLSSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFVYWGQGTLLTVSAAKTTPPSVYPLAPGSAAQTNSMVTLGCLVKGYFP EPVTVTWNSGSLSSGVHTFPAVLESPLYTLSSSVTVPSMRPSETVTNVAH PASSTKVDKKIVPRDCGCKPCICTVPEVSSVFIFPPKPKDVLITLTPKVTCTV VDISKDDPEVQFSWFVDDVEVHTAQTQPREEQFNSTFRSVSELPIMHQDWL NGKEFKCRVNSAAPPAPIEKTISKTKGRPKAPQVYTIPPPKEQMAKDKVSLT CMITDFFPEDITVEWQWNGQPAENYKNTQPMNTNGSYFVYSKLVNQKSN WEAGNTFTCSVLHEGLHNHHTTEKSLSHSPGK (SEQ ID NO:94)
chCD37-38	QVQLQESGPDLVKPSQSLSLICTVTGYSTISGFGWHWIRQFPGNKLEWMAY ILYSGGTDYNPSLKSRLSITRDTSKNQFFLRLLSSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFVYWGQGTLLTVSAASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPE PVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNH KPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT

	EVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDEL KNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGOPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG (SEQ ID NO:95)
huCD37-38	QVQLQESGPGLVKPSQSLSLTCTVSGYSITSGFGWHWIRQFPGKGLEWMAYI LYSGGTDYNPSLKSRSITRDTSKNQFFLRSSVTAADTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFVYWGQGTILVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPE PVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNH KPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT EVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDEL KNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGOPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG (SEQ ID NO:96)
muCD37-50	DVQLQESGPDLLKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPGNKLEWMGYI LYSGSTVYSPSLKSRSITRDTSKNHFFLQNLNSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFAYWGQGTILVTVSAAKTTPSVYPLAPVCGDTTGSSVTLGCLVKGYFP EPVTLTWNSSLSSGVHTFPAVLQSDLYTLSSSVTVTSSTWPSQSITCNVAHP ASSTKVDKKIEPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFPPKIKDVLMSLSPIV TCVVVDVSEDDPDVQISWVFNNEVHTAQTQTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQH QDWMSEKFEKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISKPKGSVRAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKK QVTLTCMVTDFMPEDIYVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTEPVLDSGDSYFMYSKLR VEKKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK (SEQ ID NO:97)
huCD37-50	QVQLQESGPGLLKPSQSLSLTCTVSGYSITSGFAWHWIRQFPGNKLEWMGYI ILYSGSTVYSPSLKSRSITRDTSKNHFFLQNLNSVTAADTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFAYWGQGTILVTVSAASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPE PVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNH KPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT EVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDEL KNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGOPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG (SEQ ID NO:98)
muCD37-51	DVQLQESGPDLLKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSSSGFAWHWIRQFPGNKLEWMGYI HYSGSTNYSPSLKSRSITRDSSKNQFFLQNLNSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGFGA WFVYWGQGTILVTVSAAKTTPSVYPLAPVCGDTTGSSVTLGCLVKGYFPEP VTLTWNSSLSSGVHTFPAVLQSDLYTLSSSVTVTSSTWPSQSITCNVAHPAS STKVDKKIEPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFPPKIKDVLMSLSPIVTC VVVDVSEDDPDVQISWVFNNEVHTAQTQTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQH QDWMSEKFEKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISKPKGSVRAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKKQV TLTCMVTDFMPEDIYVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTEPVLDSGDSYFMYSKLRVE KKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK (SEQ ID NO:99)
huCD37-51	EVQLVESGPVELKPGESLSLTCTVSGYSISSGFAWHWIRQFPGKGLEWMGYI HYSGSTNYSPSLQGRISITRDSSINQFFLQNLNSVTASDTATYYCARGYYGFGA WFVYWGQGTILVTVSAASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEP VTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDEL KNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGOPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG (SEQ ID NO:100)
muCD37-56	DVQLQESGPDLVKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSTSGFAWHWIRQFPGNKLEWMGYI IHYSGGTNYNPSLKSRSVITRDTSKNQFFLQNLNSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGF GAWFAYWGQGTILVTVSAAKTTPSVYPLAPGSAAQTNSMVTLGCLVKGYF PEPVTVTWNSSLSSGVHTFPAVLESGLYTLSSSVTVPSMRPSETVTCNVA

	HPASSTKVDKKIVPRDCGCKPCICTVPEVSSVFIFPPKPKDVLTHITLTPKVTCV VVDISKDDPEVQFSWFVDDVEVHTAQIQPREEQFNSTFRSVSELPIMHQDW LNGKEFKCRVNSAAFPAPIEKTISKTKGRPKAPQVYTIPPPKEQMAKDQVSL TCMITDFFPEDITVEWQWNGQPAENYKNTQPIMNNTNGSYFVYSKLVNQKSN WEAGNTFTCSVLHEGLHNHHTTEKSLSHSPGK (SEQ ID NO:101)
huCD37-56	QVQLQESGPGGLVKPSQSLSLTCTVSGYSITSGFAWHWIRQFPGKGLEWMGYI HYSGGTNYNPSLKSRSVITRDTSKNQFFLQLNSVTAADTATYYCARGYYGF GAWFAYWGQGLTLPVSAASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFP EPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVN HKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHITCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDEL TKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKL TVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG (SEQ ID NO:102)
muCD37-57	DVQLQESGPDLLKPSQSLSLTCTVTGYSITSGFAWHWIRQFPGNKLWWMGYI LYSGSTVYSPSLKSRSITRDTSKNQFFLQLNSVTTEDTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFAYWGQGLTLPVSAAKTTAPSVYPLAPVCGDITGSSVTLGCLVKGYFP EPVTLTWNSGSLSSGVHTFPAVLQSDLYTLSSSVTVTSSTWPSQSITCNVAHP ASSTKVDKKIEPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFPPKIKDVLMSLSPIV TCVVVDVSEDDPDVQISWVFNVEVHTAQIQTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQH QDWMSGKEFKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISKPKGSVRAQVYVLPPEEEMTKK QVTLTCMVTDFMPEDIYVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTPEVLDSDGSYFMYSKLR VEKKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK (SEQ ID NO:103)
huCD37-57	QVQLQESGPGGLKPSQSLSLTCTVSGYSITSGFAWHWIRQFPGKGLEWMGYI LYSGSTVYSPSLKSRSITRDTSKNQFFLQLNSVTAADTATYYCARGYYGYG AWFAYWGQGLTLPVSAASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPE PVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNH KPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHITCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDEL KNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG (SEQ ID NO:104)
252-3	EVQVVESGGDLVKPGGSLKLSAASGFTFSYGMSSWRQTPDKRLEWVATI SSGGSYTYSPDSVKGRFTISRDNAAKKTLYLQMSSLKSEDTAMYYCARHSYY DTSVDYWGQGSVTVSSAKTTAPSVYPLAPVCGDITGSSVTLGCLVKGYFP EPVTLTWNSGSLSSGVHTFPAVLQSDLYTLSSSVTVTSSTWPSQSITCNVAHP ASSTKVDKKIEPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFPPKIKDVLMSLSPIV TCVVVDVSEDDPDVQISWVFNVEVHTAQIQTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQH QDWMSGKEFKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISKPKGSVRAQVYVLPPEEEMTKK QVTLTCMVTDFMPEDIYVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTPEVLDSDGSYFMYSKLR VEKKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK (SEQ ID NO:179)

Table 6: Full-length light chain amino acid sequences

Antibody	Full-length Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO)
muCD37-3	DIQMTQSPASLSVSVGETVTITCRASENIRSNLAWYQQKQKSPQLLVNVAT NLADGVPSRFSGSGSGTQYSLKINSLSQSEDFGTYYCQHYWGTTWTFGGGTK LEIKRADAAPTVSIFPPSSEQLTSGGASVVCFLNNFYPKDINVKWKIDGSEKQ NGVLNSWTDQDSKDYMSSTLTITKDEYERHNSYTCEATHKSTSPIVKS FNRNEC (SEQ ID NO:105)
chCD37-3	DIQMTQSPASLSVSVGETVTITCRASENIRSNLAWYQQKQKSPQLLVNVAT

	NLADGVPSRFSGSGSGTQYSLKINSLQSEDFGTYYCQHYWGTTWTFGGGK LEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQ SGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTK SFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:106)
huCD37-3 (1.0 and 1.1)	DIQMTQSPSSLSVSVGERVTITCRASENIRSNLAWYQQKPGKSPKLLVNVAT NLADGVPSRFSGSGSGTDYSLKINSLQPEDFGTYYCQHYWGTTWTFGGGK LEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQ SGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTK SFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:107)
muCD37-12	DIVLTQSPASLAVSLGQRATISCRASQSVSTSSYSYLYWFQQKPGQPPKLLIK YASNLASGVPARFSGSGSGTDFTLNHPVEEEDTATYYCQHSWEIPYTFGGG TKLEIKRADAAPTIVSIFPPSSEQLTSGGASVVCFLNNFYPKDINVKWKIDGSE RQNGVLNSWTDQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTK VKSFNRECE (SEQ ID NO:108)
chCD37-12	DIVLTQSPASLAVSLGQRATISCRASQSVSTSSYSYLYWFQQKPGQPPKLLIK YASNLASGVPARFSGSGSGTDFTLNHPVEEEDTATYYCQHSWEIPYTFGGG TKLEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNA LQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPV TKSFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:109)
muCD37-38	QIVLTQSPAISASPGKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWISNPPTFGGGTKL EIKRADAAPTIVSIFPPSSEQLTSGGASVVCFLNNFYPKDINVKWKIDGSE RQNGVLNSWTDQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTK VKSFNRECE (SEQ ID NO:110)
chCD37-38	QIVLTQSPAISASPGKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWISNPPTFGGGTKL EIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQ SGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS FNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:111)
huCD37-38	DIVLTQSPASMSASPGKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKPGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWISNPPTFGGGTKL EIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQ SGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS FNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:112)
muCD37-50	QIVLTQSPAISASPGKVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLPGVPGRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSDNPPTFGSGTKL EIKRADAAPTIVSIFPPSSEQLTSGGASVVCFLNNFYPKDINVKWKIDGSE RQNGVLNSWTDQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTK VKSFNRECE (SEQ ID NO:113)
huCD37-50	EIVLTQSPATMSASPGKVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKPGQSPKRWIYDTS NLPGVPGRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSDNPPTFGGQTKL EIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQ SGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS FNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:114)
muCD37-51	QIVLTQSPAISASPGKVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISNMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPPTFGSGTKL EIKRADAAPTIVSIFPPSSEQLTSGGASVVCFLNNFYPKDINVKWKIDGSE RQNGVLNSWTDQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTK VKSFNRECE (SEQ ID NO:115)
huCD37-51	EIVLTQSPATMSASPGKVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKPGQSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPPTFGGQTKL EIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQ

	GNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS FNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:116)
muCD37-56	QIVLTQSPAFMSASPGDKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGGGSGTSYSLTISTMEAEDAATYYCQQWISDPPTFGGGTKL EIKRADAAPTVSIFPPSSEQLTSGGASVVCFLNNFYPKDINVKWKIDGSRQN GVLNSWTDQDSKDYSLSSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS NRNEC (SEQ ID NO:117)
huCD37-56	DIVLTQSPAFMSASPGDKVTMTCSASSSVTYMHWYQQKPDQSPKRWIYDTS NLASGVPSRFSGGGSGTDYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWISDPPTFGQGTKL EIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQS GNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS FNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:118)
muCD37-57	QIVLTQSPAIMASASPGDKVTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTS KLASGVPARFSGGGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSDNPPTFGSGTKL EIKRADAAPTVSIFPPSSEQLTSGGASVVCFLNNFYPKDINVKWKIDGSRQN GVLNSWTDQDSKDYSLSSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS NRNEC (SEQ ID NO:119)
huCD37-57	EIVLTQSPATMSASPGERVMTMTCSATSSSVTYMHWYQQKPGQSPRRWIYDTS NLASGVPARFSGGGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSDNPPTFGQGTKL EIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDNALQS GNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS FNRGEC (SEQ ID NO:120)
252-3	DIQMTQTSSLSASLGDRVTISCRASQDISNYLNWYQQKPDGTVKLLIYYS KLHSGVPSRFSGGGSGTDYSLTISNLEQEDIATYFCQQGNALPWTFGGGTKL ELKRADAAPTVSIFPPSSEQLTSGGASVVCFLNNFYPKDINVKWKIDGSRQ NGVLNSWTDQDSKDYSLSSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKS NRNEC (SEQ ID NO:180)

[00126] Also provided are polypeptides that comprise: (a) a polypeptide having at least about 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:88-104 or 179; and/or (b) a polypeptide having at least about 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:105-120 or 180. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least about 95%, at least about 96%, at least about 97%, at least about 98%, or at least about 99% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:88-120, 179, or 180. Thus, in certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises (a) a polypeptide having at least about 95% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:88-104 or 179, and/or (b) a polypeptide having at least about 95% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:105-120 or 180. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises (a) a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs:88-104 or 179; and/or (b) a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs:105-120 or 180. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide is an antibody and/or the polypeptide specifically binds CD37. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide is a murine, chimeric, or humanized antibody that specifically binds CD37. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide having a certain percentage of sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:88-120, 179, or 180 differs from SEQ ID NOs:88-120, 179, or 180 by conservative amino acid substitutions only.

[00127] In certain embodiments, the CD37 antibody can be the antibody produced from a hybridoma selected from the group consisting of consisting of ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10664, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10665, deposited with the ATCC

on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10666, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10667 deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10668, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10669, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, and ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10670, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010 (American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) at 10801 University Boulevard, Manassas, Virginia 20110). In certain embodiments, the antibody comprises the VH-CDRs and the VL-CDRS of the antibody produced from a hybridoma selected from the group consisting of PTA-10665, PTA-10666, PTA-10667, PTA-10668, PTA-10669, and PTA-10670.

[00128] In certain embodiments, the CD37 antibody can comprise a light chain encoded by the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3LC (ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10722, deposited with the ATCC on March 18, 2010). In certain embodiments, the CD37 antibody can comprise a heavy chain encoded by the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3HCv.1.0 (ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10723, deposited with the ATCC on March 18, 2010). In certain embodiments, the CD37 antibody can comprise a light chain encoded by the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3LC (PTA-10722) and a heavy chain encoded by the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3HCv.1.0 (PTA-10723). In certain embodiments, the CD37 antibody can comprise the VL-CDRs encoded by the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3LC (PTA-10722) and the VH-CDRs encoded by the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3HCv.1.0 (PTA-10723).

[00129] Monoclonal antibodies can be prepared using hybridoma methods, such as those described by Kohler and Milstein (1975) Nature 256:495. Using the hybridoma method, a mouse, hamster, or other appropriate host animal, is immunized as described above to elicit the production by lymphocytes of antibodies that will specifically bind to an immunizing antigen. Lymphocytes can also be immunized *in vitro*. Following immunization, the lymphocytes are isolated and fused with a suitable myeloma cell line using, for example, polyethylene glycol, to form hybridoma cells that can then be selected away from unfused lymphocytes and myeloma cells. Hybridomas that produce monoclonal antibodies directed specifically against a chosen antigen as determined by immunoprecipitation, immunoblotting, or by an *in vitro* binding assay (e.g. radioimmunoassay (RIA); enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA)) can then be propagated either *in vitro* culture using standard methods (Goding, Monoclonal Antibodies: Principles and Practice, Academic Press, 1986) or *in vivo* as ascites tumors in an animal. The monoclonal antibodies can then be purified from the culture medium or ascites fluid as described for polyclonal antibodies above.

[00130] Alternatively monoclonal antibodies can also be made using recombinant DNA methods as described in U.S. Patent 4,816,567. The polynucleotides encoding a monoclonal antibody are isolated from mature B-cells or hybridoma cell, such as by RT-PCR using oligonucleotide primers that specifically

amplify the genes encoding the heavy and light chains of the antibody, and their sequence is determined using conventional procedures. The isolated polynucleotides encoding the heavy and light chains are then cloned into suitable expression vectors, which when transfected into host cells such as *E. coli* cells, simian COS cells, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, or myeloma cells that do not otherwise produce immunoglobulin protein, monoclonal antibodies are generated by the host cells. Also, recombinant monoclonal antibodies or fragments thereof of the desired species can be isolated from phage display libraries expressing CDRs of the desired species as described (McCafferty et al., 1990, *Nature*, 348:552-554; Clackson et al., 1991, *Nature*, 352:624-628; and Marks et al., 1991, *J. Mol. Biol.*, 222:581-597).

[00131] The polynucleotide(s) encoding a monoclonal antibody can further be modified in a number of different manners using recombinant DNA technology to generate alternative antibodies. In some embodiments, the constant domains of the light and heavy chains of, for example, a mouse monoclonal antibody can be substituted 1) for those regions of, for example, a human antibody to generate a chimeric antibody or 2) for a non-immunoglobulin polypeptide to generate a fusion antibody. In some embodiments, the constant regions are truncated or removed to generate the desired antibody fragment of a monoclonal antibody. Site-directed or high-density mutagenesis of the variable region can be used to optimize specificity, affinity, etc. of a monoclonal antibody.

[00132] In some embodiments, the monoclonal antibody against the human CD37 is a humanized antibody. In certain embodiments, such antibodies are used therapeutically to reduce antigenicity and HAMA (human anti-mouse antibody) responses when administered to a human subject. Humanized antibodies can be produced using various techniques known in the art. In certain alternative embodiments, the antibody to CD37 is a human antibody.

[00133] Human antibodies can be directly prepared using various techniques known in the art. Immortalized human B lymphocytes immunized *in vitro* or isolated from an immunized individual that produce an antibody directed against a target antigen can be generated (See, e.g., Cole et al., *Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy*, Alan R. Liss, p. 77 (1985); Boemer et al., 1991, *J. Immunol.*, 147 (1):86-95; and U.S. Patent 5,750,373). Also, the human antibody can be selected from a phage library, where that phage library expresses human antibodies, as described, for example, in Vaughan et al., 1996, *Nat. Biotech.*, 14:309-314, Sheets et al., 1998, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci.*, 95:6157-6162, Hoogenboom and Winter, 1991, *J. Mol. Biol.*, 227:381, and Marks et al., 1991, *J. Mol. Biol.*, 222:581). Techniques for the generation and use of antibody phage libraries are also described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,969,108, 6,172,197, 5,885,793, 6,521,404; 6,544,731; 6,555,313; 6,582,915; 6,593,081; 6,300,064; 6,653,068; 6,706,484; and 7,264,963; and Rothe et al., 2007, *J. Mol. Bio.*, 376:1182 (each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety). Affinity maturation strategies and chain shuffling strategies (Marks et al., 1992, *Bio/Technology* 10:779-783, incorporated by reference in its entirety) are known in the art and can be employed to generate high affinity human antibodies.

[00134] Humanized antibodies can also be made in transgenic mice containing human immunoglobulin loci that are capable upon immunization of producing the full repertoire of human antibodies in the absence of endogenous immunoglobulin production. This approach is described in U.S. Patents 5,545,807; 5,545,806; 5,569,825; 5,625,126; 5,633,425; and 5,661,016.

[00135] This invention also encompasses bispecific antibodies that specifically recognize a CD37. Bispecific antibodies are antibodies that are capable of specifically recognizing and binding at least two different epitopes. The different epitopes can either be within the same molecule (e.g. the same CD37) or on different molecules such that both, for example, the antibodies can specifically recognize and bind a CD37 as well as, for example, 1) an effector molecule on a leukocyte such as a T-cell receptor (e.g. CD3) or Fc receptor (e.g. CD64, CD32, or CD16) or 2) a cytotoxic agent as described in detail below.

[00136] Exemplary bispecific antibodies can bind to two different epitopes, at least one of which originates in a polypeptide of the invention. Alternatively, an anti-antigenic arm of an immunoglobulin molecule can be combined with an arm which binds to a triggering molecule on a leukocyte such as a T cell receptor molecule (e.g. CD2, CD3, CD28, or B7), or Fc receptors for IgG so as to focus cellular defense mechanisms to the cell expressing the particular antigen. Bispecific antibodies can also be used to direct cytotoxic agents to cells which express a particular antigen. These antibodies possess an antigen-binding arm and an arm which binds a cytotoxic agent or a radionuclide chelator, such as EOTUBE, DPTA, DOTA, or TETA. Techniques for making bispecific antibodies are common in the art (Millstein et al., 1983, *Nature* 305:537-539; Brennan et al., 1985, *Science* 229:81; Suresh et al., 1986, *Methods in Enzymol.* 121:120; Traunecker et al., 1991, *EMBO J.* 10:3655-3659; Shalaby et al., 1992, *J. Exp. Med.* 175:217-225; Kostelny et al., 1992, *J. Immunol.* 148:1547-1553; Gruber et al., 1994, *J. Immunol.* 152:5368; and U.S. Patent 5,731,168). Antibodies with more than two valencies are also contemplated. For example, trispecific antibodies can be prepared (Tutt et al., *J. Immunol.* 147:60 (1991)). Thus, in certain embodiments the antibodies to CD37 are multispecific.

[00137] In certain embodiments are provided an antibody fragment to, for example, increase tissue penetration. Various techniques are known for the production of antibody fragments. Traditionally, these fragments are derived via proteolytic digestion of intact antibodies (for example Morimoto et al., 1993, *Journal of Biochemical and Biophysical Methods* 24:107-117; Brennan et al., 1985, *Science*, 229:81). In certain embodiments, antibody fragments are produced recombinantly. Fab, Fv, and scFv antibody fragments can all be expressed in and secreted from *E. coli* or other host cells, thus allowing the production of large amounts of these fragments. Such antibody fragments can also be isolated from the antibody phage libraries discussed above. The antibody fragment can also be linear antibodies as described in U.S. Patent 5,641,870, for example, and can be monospecific or bispecific. Other techniques for the production of antibody fragments will be apparent to the skilled practitioner.

[00138] According to the present invention, techniques can be adapted for the production of single-chain antibodies specific to CD37 (see U.S. Pat. No. 4,946,778). In addition, methods can be adapted for the construction of Fab expression libraries (Huse, et al., Science 246:1275-1281 (1989)) to allow rapid and effective identification of monoclonal Fab fragments with the desired specificity for CD37, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof. Antibody fragments can be produced by techniques in the art including, but not limited to: (a) a F(ab')₂ fragment produced by pepsin digestion of an antibody molecule; (b) a Fab fragment generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of an F(ab')₂ fragment, (c) a Fab fragment generated by the treatment of the antibody molecule with papain and a reducing agent, and (d) Fv fragments.

[00139] It can further be desirable, especially in the case of antibody fragments, to modify an antibody in order to increase its serum half-life. This can be achieved, for example, by incorporation of a salvage receptor binding epitope into the antibody fragment by mutation of the appropriate region in the antibody fragment or by incorporating the epitope into a peptide tag that is then fused to the antibody fragment at either end or in the middle (e.g., by DNA or peptide synthesis).

[00140] Heteroconjugate antibodies are also within the scope of the present invention. Heteroconjugate antibodies are composed of two covalently joined antibodies. Such antibodies have, for example, been proposed to target immune cells to unwanted cells (U.S. Pat. No. 4,676,980). It is contemplated that the antibodies can be prepared *in vitro* using known methods in synthetic protein chemistry, including those involving crosslinking agents. For example, immunotoxins can be constructed using a disulfide exchange reaction or by forming a thioether bond. Examples of suitable reagents for this purpose include iminothiolate and methyl-4-mercaptobutyrimidate.

[00141] For the purposes of the present invention, it should be appreciated that modified antibodies can comprise any type of variable region that provides for the association of the antibody with the polypeptides of a human CD37. In this regard, the variable region can comprise or be derived from any type of mammal that can be induced to mount a humoral response and generate immunoglobulins against the desired antigen. As such, the variable region of the modified antibodies can be, for example, of human, murine, non-human primate (e.g. cynomolgus monkeys, macaques, etc.) or lupine origin. In some embodiments both the variable and constant regions of the modified immunoglobulins are human. In other embodiments the variable regions of compatible antibodies (usually derived from a non-human source) can be engineered or specifically tailored to improve the binding properties or reduce the immunogenicity of the molecule. In this respect, variable regions useful in the present invention can be humanized or otherwise altered through the inclusion of imported amino acid sequences.

[00142] In certain embodiments, the variable domains in both the heavy and light chains are altered by at least partial replacement of one or more CDRs and, if necessary, by partial framework region replacement and sequence changing. Although the CDRs can be derived from an antibody of the same

class or even subclass as the antibody from which the framework regions are derived, it is envisaged that the CDRs will be derived from an antibody of different class and possibly from an antibody from a different species. It is not always necessary to replace all of the CDRs with the complete CDRs from the donor variable region to transfer the antigen binding capacity of one variable domain to another. Rather, in some cases it is only necessary to transfer those residues that are necessary to maintain the activity of the antigen binding site. Given the explanations set forth in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,585,089, 5,693,761 and 5,693,762, it will be well within the competence of those skilled in the art, either by carrying out routine experimentation or by trial and error testing to obtain a functional antibody with reduced immunogenicity.

[00143] Alterations to the variable region notwithstanding, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the modified antibodies of this invention will comprise antibodies (e.g., full-length antibodies or immunoreactive fragments thereof) in which at least a fraction of one or more of the constant region domains has been deleted or otherwise altered so as to provide desired biochemical characteristics such as reduced serum half-life when compared with an antibody of approximately the same immunogenicity comprising a native or unaltered constant region. In some embodiments, the constant region of the modified antibodies will comprise a human constant region. Modifications to the constant region compatible with this invention comprise additions, deletions or substitutions of one or more amino acids in one or more domains. That is, the modified antibodies disclosed herein can comprise alterations or modifications to one or more of the three heavy chain constant domains (CH1, CH2 or CH3) and/or to the light chain constant domain (CL). In some embodiments, modified constant regions wherein one or more domains are partially or entirely deleted are contemplated. In some embodiments, the modified antibodies will comprise domain deleted constructs or variants wherein the entire CH2 domain has been removed (Δ CH2 constructs). In some embodiments, the omitted constant region domain will be replaced by a short amino acid spacer (e.g. 10 residues) that provides some of the molecular flexibility typically imparted by the absent constant region.

[00144] Besides their configuration, it is known in the art that the constant region mediates several effector functions. For example, binding of the C1 component of complement to antibodies activates the complement system. Activation of complement is important in the opsonisation and lysis of cell pathogens. The activation of complement also stimulates the inflammatory response and can also be involved in autoimmune hypersensitivity. Further, antibodies bind to cells via the Fc region, with a Fc receptor site on the antibody Fc region binding to a Fc receptor (FcR) on a cell. There are a number of Fc receptors which are specific for different classes of antibody, including IgG (gamma receptors), IgE (eta receptors), IgA (alpha receptors) and IgM (mu receptors). Binding of antibody to Fc receptors on cell surfaces triggers a number of important and diverse biological responses including engulfment and destruction of antibody-coated particles, clearance of immune complexes, lysis of antibody-coated target

cells by killer cells (called antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity, or ADCC), release of inflammatory mediators, placental transfer and control of immunoglobulin production.

[00145] In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding antibodies provide for altered effector functions that, in turn, affect the biological profile of the administered antibody. For example, the deletion or inactivation (through point mutations or other means) of a constant region domain can reduce Fc receptor binding of the circulating modified antibody. In other cases, it can be that constant region modifications, consistent with this invention, moderate complement binding and thus reduce the serum half life and nonspecific association of a conjugated cytotoxin. Yet other modifications of the constant region can be used to eliminate disulfide linkages or oligosaccharide moieties that allow for enhanced localization due to increased antigen specificity or antibody flexibility. Similarly, modifications to the constant region in accordance with this invention can easily be made using well known biochemical or molecular engineering techniques well within the purview of the skilled artisan.

[00146] In certain embodiments, a CD37-binding agent that is an antibody does not have one or more effector functions. For instance, in some embodiments, the antibody has no antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) activity and/or no complement-dependent cytotoxicity (CDC) activity. In certain embodiments, the antibody does not bind to an Fc receptor and/or complement factors. In certain embodiments, the antibody has no effector function.

[00147] It will be noted that in certain embodiments, the modified antibodies can be engineered to fuse the CH3 domain directly to the hinge region of the respective modified antibodies. In other constructs it can be desirable to provide a peptide spacer between the hinge region and the modified CH2 and/or CH3 domains. For example, compatible constructs could be expressed wherein the CH2 domain has been deleted and the remaining CH3 domain (modified or unmodified) is joined to the hinge region with a 5-20 amino acid spacer. Such a spacer can be added, for instance, to ensure that the regulatory elements of the constant domain remain free and accessible or that the hinge region remains flexible. However, it should be noted that amino acid spacers can, in some cases, prove to be immunogenic and elicit an unwanted immune response against the construct. Accordingly, in certain embodiments, any spacer added to the construct will be relatively non-immunogenic, or even omitted altogether, so as to maintain the desired biochemical qualities of the modified antibodies.

[00148] Besides the deletion of whole constant region domains, it will be appreciated that the antibodies of the present invention can be provided by the partial deletion or substitution of a few or even a single amino acid. For example, the mutation of a single amino acid in selected areas of the CH2 domain can be enough to substantially reduce Fc binding. Similarly, it can be desirable to simply delete that part of one or more constant region domains that control the effector function (e.g. complement CLQ binding) to be modulated. Such partial deletions of the constant regions can improve selected characteristics of the antibody (serum half-life) while leaving other desirable functions associated with the

subject constant region domain intact. Moreover, as alluded to above, the constant regions of the disclosed antibodies can be modified through the mutation or substitution of one or more amino acids that enhances the profile of the resulting construct. In this respect it can be possible to disrupt the activity provided by a conserved binding site (e.g. Fc binding) while substantially maintaining the configuration and immunogenic profile of the modified antibody. Certain embodiments can comprise the addition of one or more amino acids to the constant region to enhance desirable characteristics such as decreasing or increasing effector function or provide for more cytotoxin or carbohydrate attachment. In such embodiments it can be desirable to insert or replicate specific sequences derived from selected constant region domains.

[00149] The present invention further embraces variants and equivalents which are substantially homologous to the chimeric, humanized and human antibodies, or antibody fragments thereof, set forth herein. These can contain, for example, conservative substitution mutations, i.e. the substitution of one or more amino acids by similar amino acids. For example, conservative substitution refers to the substitution of an amino acid with another within the same general class such as, for example, one acidic amino acid with another acidic amino acid, one basic amino acid with another basic amino acid or one neutral amino acid by another neutral amino acid. What is intended by a conservative amino acid substitution is well known in the art.

[00150] The polypeptides of the present invention can be recombinant polypeptides, natural polypeptides, or synthetic polypeptides comprising an antibody, or fragment thereof, against a human CD37. It will be recognized in the art that some amino acid sequences of the invention can be varied without significant effect of the structure or function of the protein. Thus, the invention further includes variations of the polypeptides which show substantial activity or which include regions of an antibody, or fragment thereof, against CD37 protein. Such mutants include deletions, insertions, inversions, repeats, and type substitutions.

[00151] The polypeptides and analogs can be further modified to contain additional chemical moieties not normally part of the protein. Those derivatized moieties can improve the solubility, the biological half life or absorption of the protein. The moieties can also reduce or eliminate any desirable side effects of the proteins and the like. An overview for those moieties can be found in REMINGTON'S PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES, 20th ed., Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA (2000).

[00152] The isolated polypeptides described herein can be produced by any suitable method known in the art. Such methods range from direct protein synthetic methods to constructing a DNA sequence encoding isolated polypeptide sequences and expressing those sequences in a suitable transformed host. In some embodiments, a DNA sequence is constructed using recombinant technology by isolating or synthesizing a DNA sequence encoding a wild-type protein of interest. Optionally, the sequence can be

mutagenized by site-specific mutagenesis to provide functional analogs thereof. See, e.g. Zoeller et al., Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. USA 81:5662-5066 (1984) and U.S. Pat. No. 4,588,585.

[00153] In some embodiments a DNA sequence encoding a polypeptide of interest would be constructed by chemical synthesis using an oligonucleotide synthesizer. Such oligonucleotides can be designed based on the amino acid sequence of the desired polypeptide and selecting those codons that are favored in the host cell in which the recombinant polypeptide of interest will be produced. Standard methods can be applied to synthesize an isolated polynucleotide sequence encoding an isolated polypeptide of interest. For example, a complete amino acid sequence can be used to construct a back-translated gene. Further, a DNA oligomer containing a nucleotide sequence coding for the particular isolated polypeptide can be synthesized. For example, several small oligonucleotides coding for portions of the desired polypeptide can be synthesized and then ligated. The individual oligonucleotides typically contain 5' or 3' overhangs for complementary assembly.

[00154] Once assembled (by synthesis, site-directed mutagenesis or another method), the polynucleotide sequences encoding a particular isolated polypeptide of interest will be inserted into an expression vector and operatively linked to an expression control sequence appropriate for expression of the protein in a desired host. Proper assembly can be confirmed by nucleotide sequencing, restriction mapping, and expression of a biologically active polypeptide in a suitable host. As is well known in the art, in order to obtain high expression levels of a transfected gene in a host, the gene must be operatively linked to transcriptional and translational expression control sequences that are functional in the chosen expression host.

[00155] In certain embodiments, recombinant expression vectors are used to amplify and express DNA encoding antibodies, or fragments thereof, against human CD37. Recombinant expression vectors are replicable DNA constructs which have synthetic or cDNA-derived DNA fragments encoding a polypeptide chain of an anti-CD37 antibody, or fragment thereof, operatively linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements derived from mammalian, microbial, viral or insect genes. A transcriptional unit generally comprises an assembly of (1) a genetic element or elements having a regulatory role in gene expression, for example, transcriptional promoters or enhancers, (2) a structural or coding sequence which is transcribed into mRNA and translated into protein, and (3) appropriate transcription and translation initiation and termination sequences, as described in detail below. Such regulatory elements can include an operator sequence to control transcription. The ability to replicate in a host, usually conferred by an origin of replication, and a selection gene to facilitate recognition of transformants can additionally be incorporated. DNA regions are operatively linked when they are functionally related to each other. For example, DNA for a signal peptide (secretory leader) is operatively linked to DNA for a polypeptide if it is expressed as a precursor which participates in the secretion of the polypeptide; a promoter is operatively linked to a coding sequence if it controls the transcription of the

sequence; or a ribosome binding site is operatively linked to a coding sequence if it is positioned so as to permit translation. Structural elements intended for use in yeast expression systems include a leader sequence enabling extracellular secretion of translated protein by a host cell. Alternatively, where recombinant protein is expressed without a leader or transport sequence, it can include an N-terminal methionine residue. This residue can optionally be subsequently cleaved from the expressed recombinant protein to provide a final product.

[00156] The choice of expression control sequence and expression vector will depend upon the choice of host. A wide variety of expression host/vector combinations can be employed. Useful expression vectors for eukaryotic hosts, include, for example, vectors comprising expression control sequences from SV40, bovine papilloma virus, adenovirus and cytomegalovirus. Useful expression vectors for bacterial hosts include known bacterial plasmids, such as plasmids from *Escherichia coli*, including pCR 1, pBR322, pMB9 and their derivatives, wider host range plasmids, such as M13 and filamentous single-stranded DNA phages.

[00157] Suitable host cells for expression of a CD37-binding polypeptide or antibody (or a CD37 protein to use as an antigen) include prokaryotes, yeast, insect or higher eukaryotic cells under the control of appropriate promoters. Prokaryotes include gram negative or gram positive organisms, for example *E. coli* or bacilli. Higher eukaryotic cells include established cell lines of mammalian origin as described below. Cell-free translation systems could also be employed. Appropriate cloning and expression vectors for use with bacterial, fungal, yeast, and mammalian cellular hosts are described by Pouwels et al. (Cloning Vectors: A Laboratory Manual, Elsevier, N.Y., 1985), the relevant disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference. Additional information regarding methods of protein production, including antibody production, can be found, e.g., in U.S. Patent Publication No. 2008/0187954, U.S. Patent Nos. 6,413,746 and 6,660,501, and International Patent Publication No. WO 04009823, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

[00158] Various mammalian or insect cell culture systems are also advantageously employed to express recombinant protein. Expression of recombinant proteins in mammalian cells can be performed because such proteins are generally correctly folded, appropriately modified and completely functional. Examples of suitable mammalian host cell lines include the COS-7 lines of monkey kidney cells, described by Gluzman (Cell 23:175, 1981), and other cell lines capable of expressing an appropriate vector including, for example, L cells, C127, 3T3, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO), HeLa and BHK cell lines. Mammalian expression vectors can comprise nontranscribed elements such as an origin of replication, a suitable promoter and enhancer linked to the gene to be expressed, and other 5' or 3' flanking nontranscribed sequences, and 5' or 3' nontranslated sequences, such as necessary ribosome binding sites, a polyadenylation site, splice donor and acceptor sites, and transcriptional termination sequences.

Baculovirus systems for production of heterologous proteins in insect cells are reviewed by Luckow and Summers, *Bio/Technology* 6:47 (1988).

[00159] The proteins produced by a transformed host can be purified according to any suitable method. Such standard methods include chromatography (e.g., ion exchange, affinity and sizing column chromatography), centrifugation, differential solubility, or by any other standard technique for protein purification. Affinity tags such as hexahistidine, maltose binding domain, influenza coat sequence and glutathione-S-transferase can be attached to the protein to allow easy purification by passage over an appropriate affinity column. Isolated proteins can also be physically characterized using such techniques as proteolysis, nuclear magnetic resonance and x-ray crystallography.

[00160] For example, supernatants from systems which secrete recombinant protein into culture media can be first concentrated using a commercially available protein concentration filter, for example, an Amicon or Millipore Pellicon ultrafiltration unit. Following the concentration step, the concentrate can be applied to a suitable purification matrix. Alternatively, an anion exchange resin can be employed, for example, a matrix or substrate having pendant diethylaminoethyl (DEAE) groups. The matrices can be acrylamide, agarose, dextran, cellulose or other types commonly employed in protein purification. Alternatively, a cation exchange step can be employed. Suitable cation exchangers include various insoluble matrices comprising sulfopropyl or carboxymethyl groups. Finally, one or more reversed-phase high performance liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) steps employing hydrophobic RP-HPLC media, e.g., silica gel having pendant methyl or other aliphatic groups, can be employed to further purify a CD37-binding agent. Some or all of the foregoing purification steps, in various combinations, can also be employed to provide a homogeneous recombinant protein.

[00161] Recombinant protein produced in bacterial culture can be isolated, for example, by initial extraction from cell pellets, followed by one or more concentration, salting-out, aqueous ion exchange or size exclusion chromatography steps. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) can be employed for final purification steps. Microbial cells employed in expression of a recombinant protein can be disrupted by any convenient method, including freeze-thaw cycling, sonication, mechanical disruption, or use of cell lysing agents.

[00162] Methods known in the art for purifying antibodies and other proteins also include, for example, those described in U.S. Patent Publication No. 2008/0312425, 2008/0177048, and 2009/0187005, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

[00163] In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding agent is a polypeptide that is not an antibody. A variety of methods for identifying and producing non-antibody polypeptides that bind with high affinity to a protein target are known in the art. See, e.g., Skerra, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.*, 18:295-304 (2007), Hosse et al., *Protein Science*, 15:14-27 (2006), Gill et al., *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.*, 17:653-658 (2006), Nygren, *FEBS J.*, 275:2668-76 (2008), and Skerra, *FEBS J.*, 275:2677-83 (2008), each of which is incorporated by

reference herein in its entirety. In certain embodiments, phage display technology has been used to identify/produce the CD37-binding polypeptide. In certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises a protein scaffold of a type selected from the group consisting of protein A, a lipocalin, a fibronectin domain, an ankyrin consensus repeat domain, and thioredoxin.

[00164] In some embodiments, the agent is a non-protein molecule. In certain embodiments, the agent is a small molecule. Combinatorial chemistry libraries and techniques useful in the identification of non-protein CD37-binding agents are known to those skilled in the art. See, e.g., Kennedy et al., *J. Comb. Chem.*, 10:345-354 (2008), Dolle et al., *J. Comb. Chem.*, 9:855-902 (2007), and Bhattacharyya, *Curr. Med. Chem.*, 8:1383-404 (2001), each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety. In certain further embodiments, the agent is a carbohydrate, a glycosaminoglycan, a glycoprotein, or a proteoglycan.

[00165] In certain embodiments, the agent is a nucleic acid aptamer. Aptamers are polynucleotide molecules that have been selected (e.g., from random or mutagenized pools) on the basis of their ability to bind to another molecule. In some embodiments, the aptamer comprises a DNA polynucleotide. In certain alternative embodiments, the aptamer comprises an RNA polynucleotide. In certain embodiments, the aptamer comprises one or more modified nucleic acid residues. Methods of generating and screening nucleic acid aptamers for binding to proteins are well known in the art. See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,270,163, U.S. Patent No. 5,683,867, U.S. Patent No. 5,763,595, U.S. Patent No. 6,344,321, U.S. Patent No. 7,368,236, U.S. Patent No. 5,582,981, U.S. Patent No. 5,756,291, U.S. Patent No. 5,840,867, U.S. Patent No. 7,312,325, U.S. Patent No. 7,329,742, International Patent Publication No. WO 02/077262, International Patent Publication No. WO 03/070984, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2005/0239134, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2005/0124565, and U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2008/0227735, each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

III. Immunoconjugates

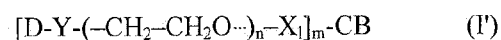
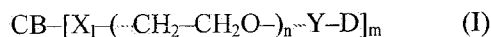
[00166] The present invention is also directed to conjugates (also referred to herein as immunoconjugates), comprising the anti-CD37 antibodies, antibody fragments, and their functional equivalents as disclosed herein, linked or conjugated to a drug or prodrug. Suitable drugs or prodrugs are known in the art. The drugs or prodrugs can be cytotoxic agents. The cytotoxic agent used in the cytotoxic conjugate of the present invention can be any compound that results in the death of a cell, or induces cell death, or in some manner decreases cell viability, and includes, for example, maytansinoids and maytansinoid analogs. Other suitable cytotoxic agents are for example benzodiazepines, taxoids, CC-1065 and CC-1065 analogs, duocarmycins and duocarmycin analogs, enediynes, such as calicheamicins, dolastatin and dolastatin analogs including auristatins, tomaymycin derivatives, leptomyacin derivatives, methotrexate, cisplatin, carboplatin, daunorubicin, doxorubicin, vincristine, vinblastine, melphalan, mitomycin C, chlorambucil and morpholino doxorubicin.

[00167] Such conjugates can be prepared by using a linking group in order to link a drug or prodrug to the antibody or functional equivalent. Suitable linking groups are well known in the art and include, for example, disulfide groups, thioether groups, acid labile groups, photolabile groups, peptidase labile groups and esterase labile groups.

[00168] The drug or prodrug can, for example, be linked to the anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof through a disulfide bond. The linker molecule or crosslinking agent comprises a reactive chemical group that can react with the anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof. The reactive chemical groups for reaction with the cell-binding agent can be *N*-succinimidyl esters and *N*-sulfosuccinimidyl esters. Additionally the linker molecule comprises a reactive chemical group, which can be a dithiopyridyl group that can react with the drug to form a disulfide bond. Linker molecules include, for example, *N*-succinimidyl 3-(2-pyridyldithio) propionate (SPDP) (see, e.g., Carlsson et al., *Biochem. J.*, 173: 723-737 (1978)), *N*-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio)butanoate (SPDB) (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,563,304), *N*-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio)2-sulfobutanoate (sulfo-SPDB) (see US Publication No. 20090274713), *N*-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio) pentanoate (SPP) (see, e.g., CAS Registry number 341498-08-6), 2-iminothiolane, or acetylsuccinic anhydride. For example, the antibody or cell binding agent can be modified with crosslinking reagents and the antibody or cell binding agent containing free or protected thiol groups thus derived is then reacted with a disulfide- or thiol-containing maytansinoid to produce conjugates. The conjugates can be purified by chromatography, including but not limited to HPLC, size-exclusion, adsorption, ion exchange and affinity capture, dialysis or tangential flow filtration.

[00169] In another aspect of the present invention, the anti-CD37 antibody is linked to cytotoxic drugs via disulfide bonds and a polyethylene glycol spacer in enhancing the potency, solubility or the efficacy of the immunoconjugate. Such cleavable hydrophilic linkers are described in WO2009/0134976. The additional benefit of this linker design is the desired high monomer ratio and the minimal aggregation of the antibody-drug conjugate. Specifically contemplated in this aspect are conjugates of cell-binding agents and drugs linked via disulfide group (-S-S-) bearing polyethylene glycol spacers ((CH₂CH₂O)_{n=1-14}) with a narrow range of drug load of 2-8 are described that show relatively high potent biological activity toward cells and have the desired biochemical properties of high conjugation yield and high monomer ratio with minimal protein aggregation.

[00170] Specifically contemplated in this aspect is an anti-CD37 antibody drug conjugate of formula (I) or a conjugate of formula (I'):



wherein:

[00171] CB represents an anti-CD37 antibody or fragment;

[00172] D represents a drug;

[00173] X represents an aliphatic, an aromatic or a heterocyclic unit attached to the cell-binding agent via a thioether bond, an amide bond, a carbamate bond, or an ether bond;

[00174] Y represents an aliphatic, an aromatic or a heterocyclic unit attached to the drug via a disulfide bond;

[00175] l is 0 or 1;

[00176] m is an integer from 2 to 8; and

[00177] n is an integer from 1 to 24.

[00178] In some embodiments, m is an integer from 2 to 6.

[00179] In some embodiments, m is an integer from 3 to 5.

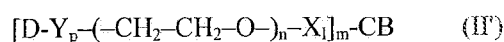
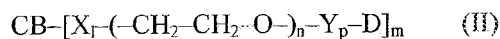
[00180] In some embodiments, n is an integer from 2 to 8. Alternatively, as disclosed in, for example, U.S. Patent No. 6,441,163 and 7,368,565, the drug can be first modified to introduce a reactive ester suitable to react with a cell-binding agent. Reaction of these drugs containing an activated linker moiety with a cell-binding agent provides another method of producing a cell-binding agent drug conjugate. Maytansinoids can also be linked to anti-CD37 antibody or fragment using PEG linking groups, as set forth for example in U.S. Patent 6,716,821. These PEG non-cleavable linking groups are soluble both in water and in non-aqueous solvents, and can be used to join one or more cytotoxic agents to a cell binding agent. Exemplary PEG linking groups include heterobifunctional PEG linkers that react with cytotoxic agents and cell binding agents at opposite ends of the linkers through a functional sulfhydryl or disulfide group at one end, and an active ester at the other end. As a general example of the synthesis of a cytotoxic conjugate using a PEG linking group, reference is again made to U.S. Patent 6,716,821 which is incorporated entirely by reference herein. Synthesis begins with the reaction of one or more cytotoxic agents bearing a reactive PEG moiety with a cell-binding agent, resulting in displacement of the terminal active ester of each reactive PEG moiety by an amino acid residue of the cell binding agent, to yield a cytotoxic conjugate comprising one or more cytotoxic agents covalently bonded to a cell binding agent through a PEG linking group. Alternatively, the cell binding can be modified with the bifunctional PEG crosslinker to introduce a reactive disulfide moiety (such as a pyridyldisulfide), which can then be treated with a thiol-containing maytansinoid to provide a conjugate. In another method, the cell binding can be modified with the bifunctional PEG crosslinker to introduce a thiol moiety which can then be treated with a reactive disulfide-containing maytansinoid (such as a pyridyldisulfide), to provide a conjugate.

[00181] Antibody-maytansinoid conjugates with non-cleavable links can also be prepared. Such crosslinkers are described in the art (see US Publication No. 20050169933) and include but are not limited to, *N*-succinimidyl 4-(maleimidomethyl) cyclohexanecarboxylate (SMCC). In some embodiments, the antibody is modified with crosslinking reagents such as succinimidyl 4-(*N*-maleimidomethyl)-cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (SMCC), sulfo-SMCC, maleimidobenzoyl-*N*-hydroxysuccinimide ester

(MBS), sulfo-MBS or succinimidyl-iodoacetate, as described in the literature, to introduce 1-10 reactive groups (Yoshitake et al, Eur. J. Biochem., 101:395-399 (1979); Hashida et al, J. Applied Biochem., 56-63 (1984); and Liu et al, Biochem., 18:690-697 (1979)). The modified antibody is then reacted with the thiol-containing maytansinoid derivative to produce a conjugate. The conjugate can be purified by gel filtration through a Sephadex G25 column or by dialysis or tangential flow filtration. The modified antibodies are treated with the thiol-containing maytansinoid (1 to 2 molar equivalent/maleimido group) and antibody-maytansinoid conjugates are purified by gel filtration through a Sephadex G-25 column, chromatography on a ceramic hydroxyapatite column, dialysis or tangential flow filtration or a combination of methods thereof. Typically, an average of 1-10 maytansinoids per antibody are linked. One method is to modify antibodies with succinimidyl 4-(N-maleimidomethyl)-cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (SMCC) to introduce maleimido groups followed by reaction of the modified antibody with a thiol-containing maytansinoid to give a thioether-linked conjugate. Again conjugates with 1 to 10 drug molecules per antibody molecule result. Maytansinoid conjugates of antibodies, antibody fragments, and other proteins are made in the same way.

[00182] In another aspect of the invention, the CD37 antibody is linked to the drug via a non-cleavable bond through the intermediacy of a PEG spacer. Suitable crosslinking reagents comprising hydrophilic PEG chains that form linkers between a drug and the anti-CD37 antibody or fragment are also well known in the art, or are commercially available (for example from Quanta Biodesign, Powell, Ohio). Suitable PEG-containing crosslinkers can also be synthesized from commercially available PEGs themselves using standard synthetic chemistry techniques known to one skilled in the art. The drugs can be reacted with bifunctional PEG-containing cross linkers to give compounds of the following formula, $Z-X_1-(CH_2-CH_2-O)_n-Y_p-D$, by methods described in detail in US Patent Publication 20090274713 and in WO2009/0134976, which can then react with the cell binding agent to provide a conjugate. Alternatively, the cell binding can be modified with the bifunctional PEG crosslinker to introduce a thiol-reactive group (such as a maleimide or haloacetamide) which can then be treated with a thiol-containing maytansinoid to provide a conjugate. In another method, the cell binding can be modified with the bifunctional PEG crosslinker to introduce a thiol moiety which can then be treated with a thiol-reactive maytansinoid (such as a maytansinoid bearing a maleimide or haloacetamide), to provide a conjugate.

[00183] Accordingly, another aspect of the present invention is an anti-CD37 antibody drug conjugate of formula (II) or of formula (II'):



wherein, CB represents an anti-CD37 antibody or fragment;

[00184] D represents a drug;

[00185] X represents an aliphatic, an aromatic or a heterocyclic unit bonded to the cell-binding agent via a thioether bond, an amide bond, a carbamate bond, or an ether bond;

[00186] Y represents an aliphatic, an aromatic, or a heterocyclic unit bonded to the drug via a covalent bond selected from the group consisting of a thioether bond, an amide bond, a carbamate bond, an ether bond, an amine bond, a carbon-carbon bond and a hydrazone bond;

[00187] l is 0 or 1;

[00188] p is 0 or 1;

[00189] m is an integer from 2 to 15; and

[00190] n is an integer from 1 to 2000.

[00191] In some embodiments, m is an integer from 2 to 8; and

[00192] In some embodiments, n is an integer from 1 to 24.

[00193] In some embodiments, m is an integer from 2 to 6.

[00194] In some embodiments, m is an integer from 3 to 5.

[00195] In some embodiments, n is an integer from 2 to 8. Examples of suitable PEG-containing linkers include linkers having an *N*-succinimidyl ester or *N*-sulfosuccinimidyl ester moiety for reaction with the anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof, as well as a maleimido- or haloacetyl-based moiety for reaction with the compound. A PEG spacer can be incorporated into any crosslinker known in the art by the methods described herein.

[00196] Many of the linkers disclosed herein are described in detail in U.S. Patent Publication Nos. 20050169933 and 20090274713, and in WO2009/0134976; the contents of which are entirely incorporated herein by reference.

[00197] The present invention includes aspects wherein about 2 to about 8 drug molecules ("drug load"), for example, maytansinoid, are linked to an anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof. "Drug load", as used herein, refers to the number of drug molecules (e.g., a maytansinoid) that can be attached to a cell binding agent (e.g., an anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof). In one aspect, the number of drug molecules that can be attached to a cell binding agent can average from about 2 to about 8 (e.g., 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 3.0, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 4.0, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.8, 4.9, 5.0, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 6.0, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, 7.0, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, 7.9, 8.0, 8.1). *N*^{2'}-deacetyl-*N*^{2'}-(3-mercapto-1-oxopropyl)-maytansine (DM1) and *N*^{2'}-deacetyl-*N*^{2'}-(4-mercapto-4-methyl-1-oxopentyl) maytansine (DM4) can be used.

[00198] Thus, in one aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises 1 maytansinoid per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises 2 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises 3 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises 4 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises 5

maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises 6 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises 7 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises 8 maytansinoids per antibody.

[00199] In one aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises about 1 to about 8 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises about 2 to about 7 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises about 2 to about 6 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises about 2 to about 5 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises about 3 to about 5 maytansinoids per antibody. In another aspect, an immunoconjugate comprises about 3 to about 4 maytansinoids per antibody.

[00200] In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 2 to about 8 (e.g., 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 3.0, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 4.0, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.8, 4.9, 5.0, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 6.0, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, 7.0, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, 7.9, 8.0, 8.1) drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) attached per antibody. In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 1 to about 8 drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) per antibody. In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 2 to about 7 drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) per antibody. In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 2 to about 6 drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) per antibody. In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 2 to about 5 drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) per antibody. In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 3 to about 5 drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) per antibody. In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 3 to about 4 drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) per antibody.

[00201] In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 2 ± 0.5 , about 3 ± 0.5 , about 4 ± 0.5 , about 5 ± 0.5 , about 6 ± 0.5 , about 7 ± 0.5 , or about 8 ± 0.5 drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) attached per antibody. In one aspect, a composition comprising immunoconjugates has an average of about 3.5 ± 0.5 drug molecules (e.g., maytansinoids) per antibody.

[00202] The anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof can be modified by reacting a bifunctional crosslinking reagent with the anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof, thereby resulting in the covalent attachment of a linker molecule to the anti-CD37 antibody or fragment thereof. As used herein, a "bifunctional crosslinking reagent" is any chemical moiety that covalently links a cell-binding agent to a drug, such as the drugs described herein. In another method, a portion of the linking moiety is provided by the drug. In this respect, the drug comprises a linking moiety that is part of a larger linker molecule that is used to join the cell-binding agent to the drug. For example, to form the maytansinoid DM1, the side chain at the C-3 hydroxyl group of maytansine is modified to have a free sulfhydryl group (SH). This

thiolated form of maytansine can react with a modified cell-binding agent to form a conjugate. Therefore, the final linker is assembled from two components, one of which is provided by the crosslinking reagent, while the other is provided by the side chain from DM1.

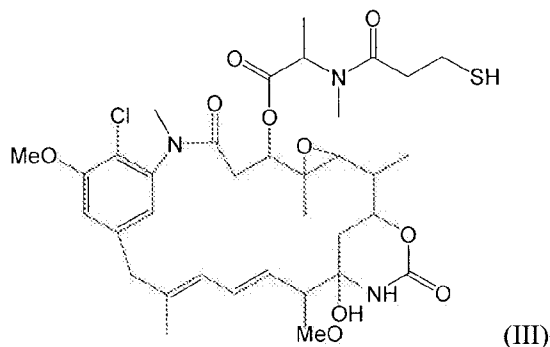
[00203] The drug molecules can also be linked to the antibody molecules through an intermediary carrier molecule such as serum albumin.

[00204] As used herein, the expression "linked to a cell-binding agent" or "linked to an anti-CD37 antibody or fragment" refers to the conjugate molecule comprising at least one drug derivative bound to a cell-binding agent anti-CD37 antibody or fragment via a suitable linking group, or a precursor thereof. One linking group is SMCC.

[00205] In certain embodiments, cytotoxic agents useful in the present invention are maytansinoids and maytansinoid analogs. Examples of suitable maytansinoids include esters of maytansinol and maytansinol analogs. Included are any drugs that inhibit microtubule formation and that are highly toxic to mammalian cells, as are maytansinol and maytansinol analogs.

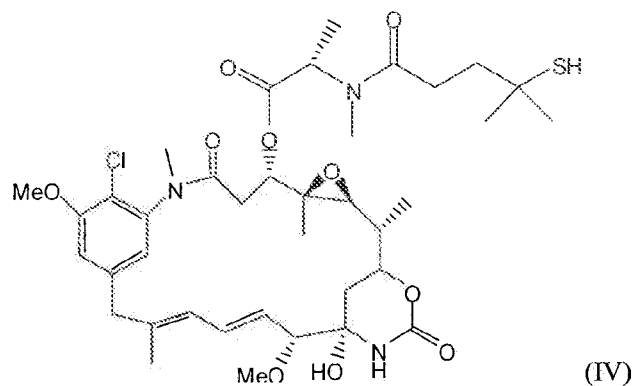
[00206] Examples of suitable maytansinol esters include those having a modified aromatic ring and those having modifications at other positions. Such suitable maytansinoids are disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,424,219; 4,256,746; 4,294,757; 4,307,016; 4,313,946; 4,315,929; 4,331,598; 4,361,650; 4,362,663; 4,364,866; 4,450,254; 4,322,348; 4,371,533; 5,208,020; 5,416,064; 5,475,092; 5,585,499; 5,846,545; 6,333,410; 7,276,497 and 7,473,796.

[00207] In a certain embodiment, the immunoconjugates of the invention utilize the thiol-containing maytansinoid (DM1), formally termed *N*^{2'}-deacetyl-*N*^{2'}-(3-mercapto-1-oxopropyl)-maytansine, as the cytotoxic agent. DM1 is represented by the following structural formula (III):

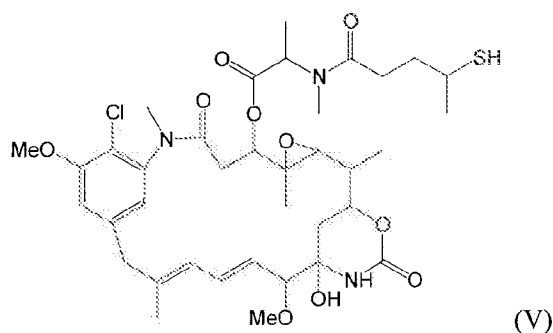


[00208] In another embodiment, the conjugates of the present invention utilize the thiol-containing maytansinoid *N*^{2'}-deacetyl-*N*^{2'}-(4-methyl-4-mercapto-1-oxopentyl)-maytansine (e.g., DM4) as the cytotoxic agent. DM4 is represented by the following structural formula (IV):

- 55 -



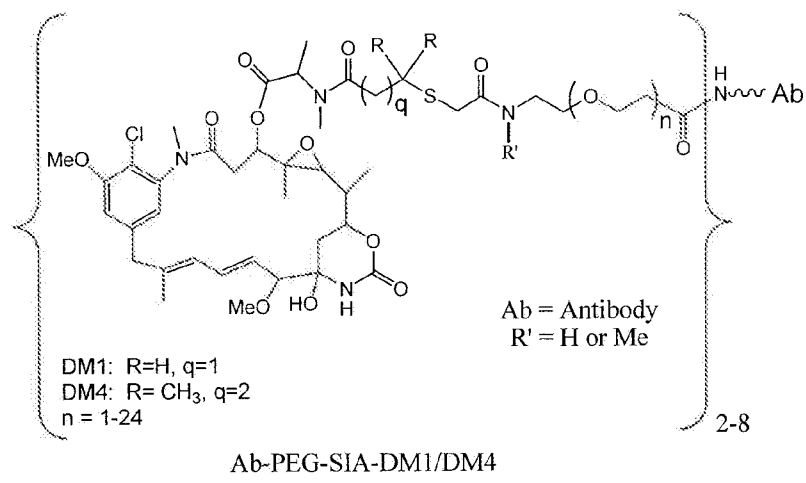
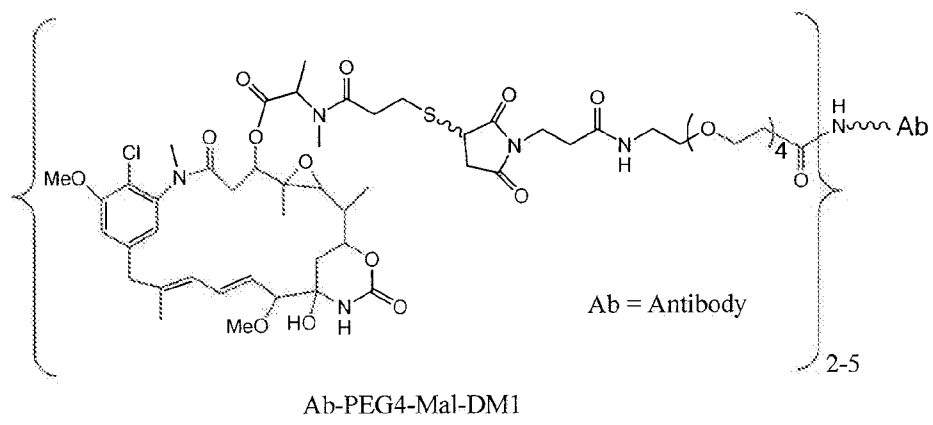
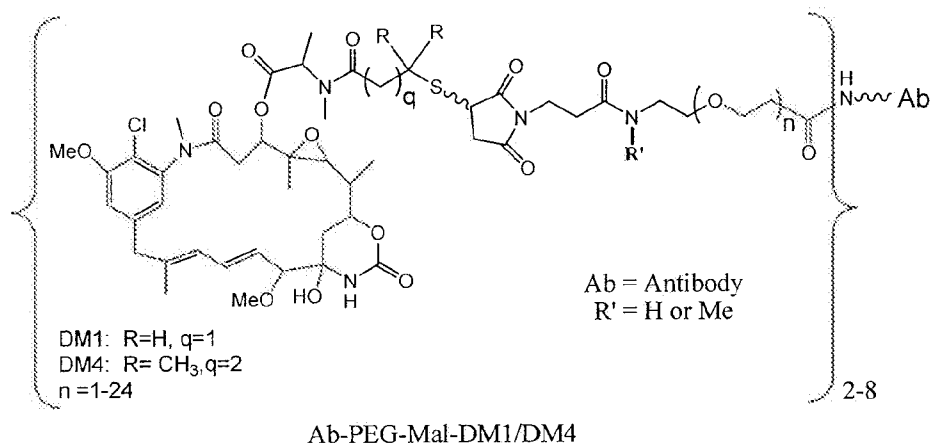
[00209] Another maytansinoid comprising a side chain that contains a sterically hindered thiol bond is *N*^{2'}-deacetyl-*N*-2'(4-mercapto-1-oxopentyl)-maytansine (termed DM3), represented by the following structural formula (V):

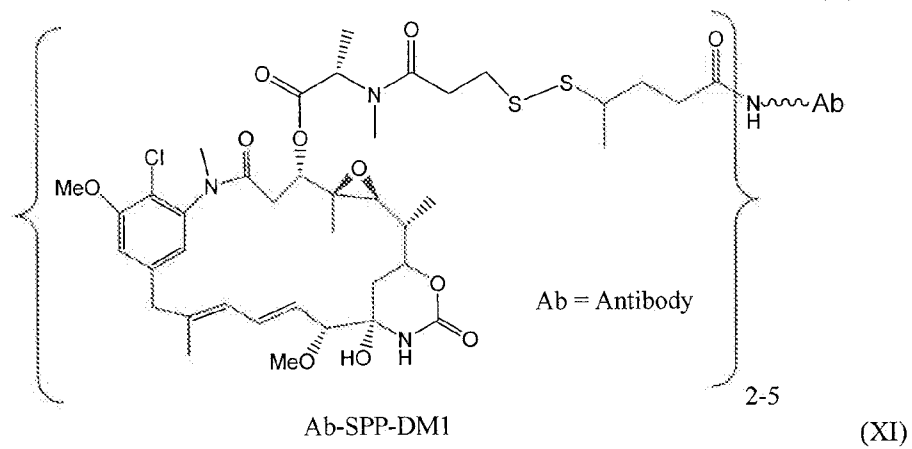
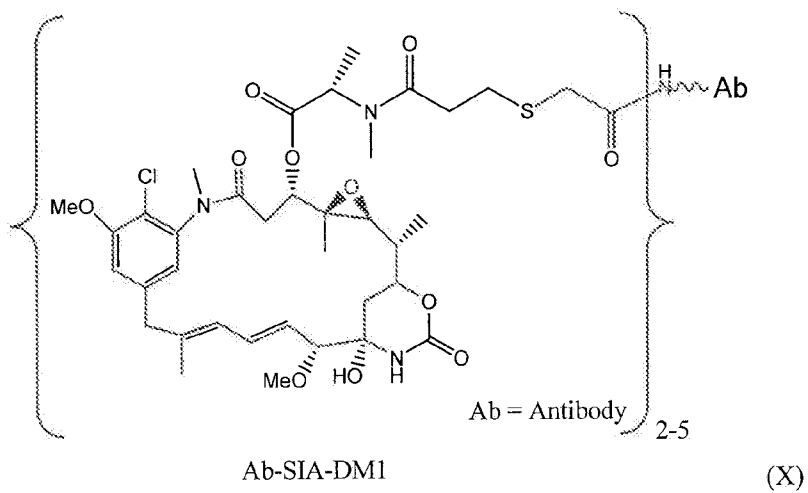
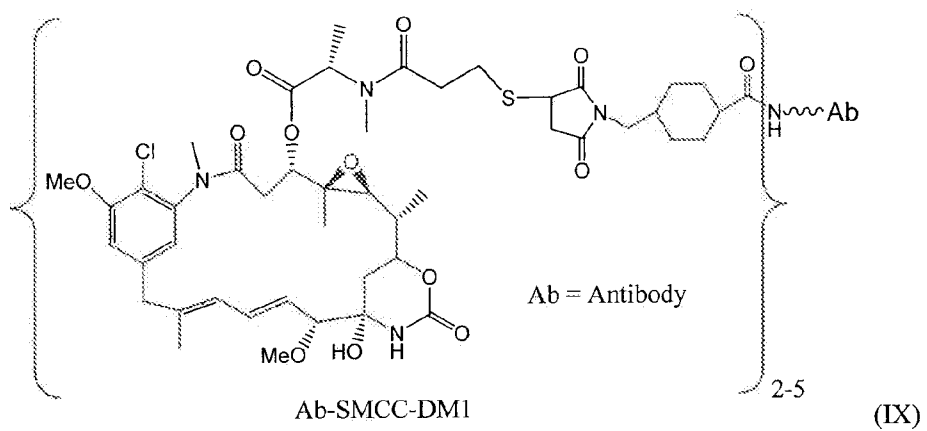


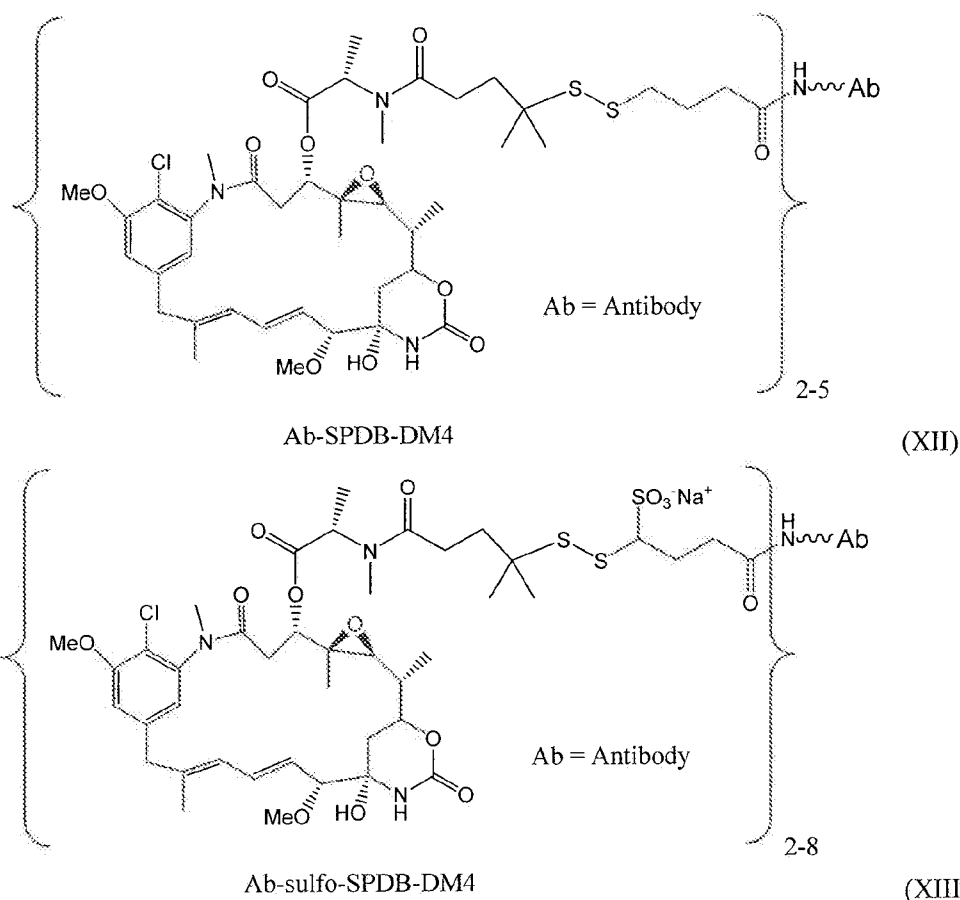
[00210] Each of the maytansinoids taught in US Patent No. 5,208,020 and 7,276,497, can also be used in the conjugate of the present invention. In this regard, the entire disclosure of 5,208,020 and 7,276,697 is incorporated herein by reference.

[00211] Many positions on maytansinoids can serve as the position to chemically link the linking moiety. For example, the C-3 position having a hydroxyl group, the C-14 position modified with hydroxymethyl, the C-15 position modified with hydroxy and the C-20 position having a hydroxy group are all expected to be useful. In some embodiments, the C-3 position serves as the position to chemically link the linking moiety, and in some particular embodiments, the C-3 position of maytansinol serves as the position to chemically link the linking moiety.

[00212] Structural representations of some conjugates are shown below:





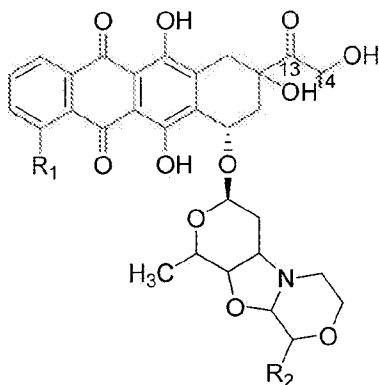


[00213] Several descriptions for producing such antibody-maytansinoid conjugates are provided in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,333,410, 6,441,163, 6,716,821, and 7,368,565, each of which is incorporated herein in its entirety.

[00214] In general, a solution of an antibody in aqueous buffer can be incubated with a molar excess of maytansinoids having a disulfide moiety that bears a reactive group. The reaction mixture can be quenched by addition of excess amine (such as ethanolamine, taurine, etc.). The maytansinoid-antibody conjugate can then be purified by gel filtration.

[00215] The number of maytansinoid molecules bound per antibody molecule can be determined by measuring spectrophotometrically the ratio of the absorbance at 252 nm and 280 nm. The average number of maytansinoid molecules/antibody can be, for example, about 1-10, 2-5, 3-4, or about 3.5. In one aspect, the average number of maytansinoid molecules/antibody is about 3.5 ± 0.5 .

[00216] Anthracycline compounds, as well as derivatives, intermediates and modified versions thereof, can also be used to prepare anti-CD37 immunoconjugates. For example, doxorubicin, doxorubicin derivatives, doxorubicin intermediates, and modified doxorubicins can be used in anti-CD37 conjugates. Exemplary compounds are described in WO 2010/009124, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Such compounds include, for example, compounds of the following formula:



wherein R_1 is a hydrogen atom, hydroxy or methoxy group and R_2 is a C_1 - C_5 alkoxy group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[00217] Conjugates of antibodies with maytansinoid or other drugs can be evaluated for their ability to suppress proliferation of various unwanted cell lines *in vitro*. For example, cell lines such as the human lymphoma cell line Daudi and the human lymphoma cell line Ramos, can easily be used for the assessment of cytotoxicity of these compounds. Cells to be evaluated can be exposed to the compounds for 4 to 5 days and the surviving fractions of cells measured in direct assays by known methods. IC_{50} values can then be calculated from the results of the assays.

[00218] The immunoconjugates can, according to some embodiments described herein, be internalized into cells. The immunoconjugate, therefore, can exert a therapeutic effect when it is taken up by, or internalized, by a CD37-expressing cell. In some particular embodiments, the immunoconjugate comprises an antibody, antibody fragment, or polypeptide, linked to a cytotoxic agent by a cleavable linker, and the cytotoxic agent is cleaved from the antibody, antibody fragment, or polypeptide, wherein it is internalized by a CD37-expressing cell.

[00219] In some embodiments, the immunoconjugates are capable of depleting B-cells, e.g. autoreactive B-cells. For example, in some embodiments, treatment with an immunoconjugate results in a depletion of at least about 25%, at least about 30%, at least about 35%, at least about 40%, at least about 45%, at least about 50%, at least about 55%, at least about 60%, at least about 65%, at least about 70%, or at least about 75% of B-cells.

[00220] In another aspect of the invention siRNA molecules can be linked to the antibodies of the present invention instead of a drug. siRNAs can be linked to the antibodies of the present invention by methods commonly used for the modification of oligonucleotides (see, for example, US Patent Publications 20050107325 and 20070213292). Thus the siRNA in its 3' or 5'-phosphoramidite form can be reacted with one end of the crosslinker bearing a hydroxyl functionality to give an ester bond between the siRNA and the crosslinker. Similarly reaction of the siRNA phosphoramidite with a crosslinker bearing a terminal amino group results in linkage of the crosslinker to the siRNA through an amine. Alternatively, the siRNA can be derivatized by standard chemical methods to introduce a thiol group.

This thiol-containing siRNA can be reacted with an antibody, that has been modified to introduce an active disulfide or maleimide moiety, to produce a cleavable or non cleavable conjugate. Between 1 - 20 siRNA molecules can be linked to an antibody by this method.

III. Polynucleotides

[00221] In certain embodiments, the invention encompasses polynucleotides comprising polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide that specifically binds CD37 or a fragment of such a polypeptide. For example, the invention provides a polynucleotide comprising a nucleic acid sequence that encodes an antibody to a human CD37 or encodes a fragment of such an antibody. The polynucleotides of the invention can be in the form of RNA or in the form of DNA. DNA includes cDNA, genomic DNA, and synthetic DNA; and can be double-stranded or single-stranded, and if single stranded can be the coding strand or non-coding (anti-sense) strand.

[00222] In certain embodiments, the polynucleotides are isolated. In certain embodiments, the polynucleotides are substantially pure.

[00223] The invention provides a polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:4-120.

[00224] The invention further provides a polynucleotide comprising a sequence selected from those shown in Tables 7-10 below.

Table 7: Variable heavy chain polynucleotide sequences

Antibody	VH Polynucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO)
muCD37-3	cagggtgcagggtgaaggagtcaggacctggcctgtggcgccctcacagagcctgtccattacatgcactg tctcagggttctcattaaccacctctggtgaagctgggttcgccagcctccaggaaagggtctggagtg gctgggagtaatatggggtgacgggagcacaaactatcattcagctctcaaatccagactgagcatcaag aaggatcactccaagagccaagttttcttaaaactgaacagctctgcaactgatgacacagccacgtact actgtgccaaaggaggctactcgttggtcactggggccaagggactctggtcacagtctctgca (SEQ ID NO:121)
chCD37-3	aagcttgccaccatgggtgtcctggcactgctcctctgctggtgacataccaagctgtgtcctatcacagggtgcagggtg aaggagtcaggacctggcctgggtggcgccctcacagagcctgtccattacatgcactgtctcagggttctcattaaccac ctctgtgtgaagctgggttcgccagcctccaggaaagggtctggagtggtgggagtaatatggggtgacgggagcac aaactatcattcagctctcaaatccagactgagcatcaagaaggatcactccaagagccaagttttcttaaaactgaacagt ctgcaaaactgatgacacagccacgtactactgtgccaaaggaggctactcgttggtcactggggccaagggactctgg tcacagtctctcagcctctacgaaggccc (SEQ ID NO:122)
huCD37-3v1.0	aagcttgccaccatgggttgagctgcattattctgtttctggtggccaccgccaccgggtgtgcactcacaagtcgaagtc caagaatctgtccagggtctgtggccccctccaaactctgagcatcacctgtaccgtttctggttttagccttaccacctc tgggtgtgagttgggtacgccaaccacccgtaagggtctcgaatggctgggtgtaatctggggtgatgttccacaatt accatccttccctcaagtcgcgcttagcatcaaaaaggatcacagcaaaagtaagtttctgaaactgaatagtctgac agcagccgatacagccactactattgcgccaagggtggttatagtcttgacactgggggtcaaggtaacctcgttaccgt ctctcagctagtaccaaaggccc (SEQ ID NO:123)
huCD37-3v1.1	aagcttgccaccatgggttgagctgtatcattctgtttctggtggcgacagctactgggttcactcccaagtcgaggtg caagagtcgggctggttggtgcaccaagccagacctctctatcactgtaccgttagcgggttctcttgacaacc aagtaagtgagttgggtgagccagccaccaggaaagggactgaagtggtgggggtgatttggggcagcgagca

	caactatcattccagtttaaatctcgtgtgtcattaaaaagaccatagtaaatctcaagtttctgaaactcaatagcct gacagccgcagacactgctacgtattactgcgcaaaaggaggatagctgtgctcactggggacaggggaccctggt gaccgtgtcatccgcatcaacaaggcccc (SEQ ID NO:124)
muCD37-12	cagatccagttgggtgcagttcggacctgagctgaagaagcctggagagacagtcagatctcctgcaagg ctctgggtataccctcacaaagtatggaaatgaactgggtgaagcaggctcaaggaaagggtttaaagtg gatgggctggataaacaccaacactggagagtcagaaatgctgaagaattcaaggggacgggttccttc tctttgaaacctctgcccagcactgctatttgcagatcaacaacctcaaatatgaggacacggctacat atttctgtggaaggggcacggtagtagcggactggggccaaggcaccactctcacagtctctca (SEQ ID NO:125)
chCD37-12	aagcttgcaccatgggggtgctcatgataatcctcttctgtgctactgctaccggtgtgcactcacagatcagctgg ttcaagtggcccagagctgaaaaagccaggggaaacagtgaataaagtgtcaaggcctccggttacacttcacaaa gtacggcaltgaactgggtcaagcaggcccaggggcaaggggctcaaatggatgggttgatcaatccaacactggcg agtctaggaatgctgaggagtgttaaaggccggtttgcttcagcctggagacaagtggcagcacagcttaactgcaaatc aacaatctgaagtatgaggatagcaaacctatttctgcgccggcggcactgtctgttgcagactggggacaaggtaacca ccttgcactgtatccagtgccagcactaaggggccc (SEQ ID NO:126)
muCD37-38	gatgtgcagcttcaggagtcaggacctgacctgttgaacctctcagtcacttcaactcacctgcaactg tcactggctactccatccacagtggttttggctggcactggatccggcagtttcagggaacacagctgga atggatggcctacatactctacagtggtggcactgactacaacctctctcaaaagtcgaatctctatc actcgagacacttccaagaaccagttcttctgctgggtgagttctgtgactactgaggacacagccacat attactgtgcaagggtactatggttacggggcctggtttgttactggggccaaggactctggtcac tgtctctgca (SEQ ID NO:127)
chCD37-38	aagcttgcaccatggggctggagttgtatcattctgttttgggtggccaccgccactggagtcctatcccaagtgaactcc aggaaatctggccctgacctggttaagccatctcagagccctctccctgacctgcaactgttacaggatcaatcacatcag gctttgctggcactggatcagacaatttcccgggaacaagttggaatggatggcttaccattctgtatagcggggtaaccg attacaatcctctcccaagagccgaatctctatcaccaggggatacaagcaagaaccaatttttctccgctcagctctgtg actaccgaagataccgctacttactattgtgccaggggctactatggatggtgcatggttctctattggggccaggga acctggtgactgtgagcgtctcctctaccaaggggccc (SEQ ID NO:128)
huCD37-38	aagcttgcaccatgggttggagctgcattcttcttctgtcgtcactgcaactggagtcactcacaggtccagctgc aagagtcggctcctgggctgtgaaaccagccagtcctcagtcacctgactgtctctggctactctattaccagtg gttctggctggcattggaataggaagttccggtaaggggctggagtgatggcatatctctgacagcgggaggaacc gattacaaccaagctggaagagcaggatcagcattaccgggacacaagcaaaaccagtttctctcggctgtctagt gttacagctgcagacaccgctacttactattgtctcgggggttactatggctatggggctgtgttgtgtaltgggacaag gcactcttggacgtgagcagcgcctcaacaaggggccc (SEQ ID NO:129)
muCD37-50	gatgtgcagcttcaggagtcaggacctgacctgttgaacctctcagtcacttcaactcacctgcaactg tcaactggctactccatccacagtggttttgcctggcactggatccggcagtttcagggaacaaaactgga atggatgggtacatactctacagtggttagcactgtctacagccatctctcaaaagtcgaatctctatc actcgagacacatccaagaaccacttctctgcaagttgaattctgtgactactgaggacacagccacat attactgtgcaagggtactatggttacggcgccctggtttgctactggggccaaggactctggtcac tgtctctgca (SEQ ID NO:130)
huCD37-50	aagcttgcaccatgggggtgctcgtatcaatcctttctgtgtgctactgctaccggagtcactcacaggtgcagctgc aggagtcggcccgccgctgtcaagccttctcagagtcgtgactgtactgtttctggctacagcataaccagcg gtttcgtgtgcaactggatcagacagcctccggcaacaactggagtgatgggatactactgactcaggctcaact gtctattccctcctgaaatccggatcagttatcccggtgacacttcaagaaccatttttctgagctgaacagcgtt accgcagctgacactgcaacctactctgtgcccggggatattatggatcaggagctgtgttctgcttactggggccaagg caccctctgaactgtgagtgctgttccaccaaggggccc (SEQ ID NO:193)
muCD37-51	gatgtgcagcttcaggagtcaggacctgacctgttgaacctctcagtcacttcaactcacctgcaactg tcaactggctactccatccagtggttttgcctggcactggatccggcagtttcagggaacaaaadgga atggatgggtacatactacagtggttagcactaactacagccatctctcaaaagtcgaatctctatc actcgagactcatccaagaaccagttctctgcaagttgaattctgtgactactgaggacacagccacat attactgtgcaaggatataatggttccggcctggtttgttactggggccaaggactctggtcac tgtctctgca (SEQ ID NO:131)
huCD37-51	Aagcttgcaccatgggttggctgtgcatcctgttctgtgtggccactgccactggcgtgcattcagaagttcagttgg tggagtcggcccgaaagtgtgaaaccggcgaaatcactgtcctgactgtaccagttcagggtatagcagcagc

	ggcttggcttggcactggattcggcagtttccaggcaagggaactggatggatgggtacatccattacagtggctcaac caattacagccctagcctgcaggccgaattcttattaccaggagatgttctattaaccagttttctgcagcttaattccgt gactgctctgacacagcaacttactattgcgccgtggctactacgggttcggagcctggttgtatactggggtcaggg caccctggtcactgtctcagccgtctaccaagggtccc (SEQ ID NO:194)
muCD37-56	gatgtgcagcttcaggagtcaggacctgacctggtgaaccttctcagtcactttcactacactgcactg tcactggctactccatcaccagtggtttgctggcactggatccggcagttccaggaaacaaactgga atggatggggtacatacactacagtggtggcactaactacaacccatctctaaaagtcgagtctctatc actcgagacacatccaagaaccagttctctcagttgaattctgtgactactgaggacacagccacatattactgtgcaa gaggctactatggttggggcctggtttgcttactggggccaagggaactctggtccc tctctctgca (SEQ ID NO:132)
huCD37-56	aagcttgccaccatgggtggagctgcattatcctgttctcgtcgcaccgcaaccggcgtccactccaggtgcagct gcaagaagcggggccagggtgtaaaccttcccagttctgtagttactgtaccgtatctggatacagtatcacatct ggcttcgctggcattggattgcagtttccggcaagggtggtgagtgatgggtatattcatttctggagggtacca actacaaccttccctgaagagtcgagtcctcaattaccaggagacactccaagaaccaattcttttgcagcttaattcagtg accgctgccgacaccgtacttactactgcgccggggctactatgggttgggtgctggttcgctactggggccaggg gacctgtgtccctgtctgctgctccacaagggtccc (SEQ ID NO:133)
muCD37-57	gatgtgcagcttcaggagtcaggacctgacctggtgaaccttctcagtcactttcactacactgcactg tcactggctactccatcaccagtggtttgctggcactggatccggcagttccaggaaacaaactgga atggatggggtacatacactacagtggtgactgtctacagccatctctaaaagtcgaattctctatc actcgagacacatccaagaaccagttctctcagttgaattctgtgactactgaggacacagccacatattactgtgcaa gagggtactatggttacggcgctggtttgcttactggggccaagggaactctggtcactgtctctgca (SEQ ID NO:134)
huCD37-57	aagcttgccaccatgggtggagctgcattatcctgttctggtggccacagcaactggcgttcacagtcaagtcacactg caggagagcggccccggactcctgaaacctctcagtcactcagttgacatgtactgtgagcggctacagcattacctc aggcttcgcttggcattggatcaggcagttccccggaaaaggtctggagtgatgggtacattctgtacagcggcagta cagttgattacccctcctgaaatctagatataatcacacgtgatacaagcaaaaatcagttcttctccagctgaactcc gtcaccgccgacacagcaacctattattgtctcgcgatactacggatattggcgcagttgctcctattggggcca ggggacactctgtaccgttccgcgcctccacaagggtccc (SEQ ID NO:135)
252-3	gagggtcaggtggtggagtcgtggggagactagtgaaagcctggagggtccctgaaactctcctgtgcagcctctggat tcacttcagtagctatggcatgtcttgggttcgccagactccagacaagggtgagtggttcgcaaccattagtagtg gtggttagttacactactctcagacagtgtgaaggggcgattaccatctccagagacaatgccaagaaaacctgtac ctgcaaatgagcagctgaagtctgaggacacagccatgtattactgtgcaagacatagttactacgatactagctgcac tactgggtcaaggaaacctcagtcaccgtctctca (SEQ ID NO:182)

Table 8: Variable light chain polynucleotide sequences

Antibody	VL Polynucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO)
muCD37-3	gacatccagatgactcagttccagcctcccttctgtatctgtgggagaaactgcaccatcacatgtc gagcaagtgagaataattcgcagtaatttagcatggtatcagcagaacagggaatctcctcagctcct gggtcaattgtgcaacaaacttagcagatggtgtgccatcaagggtcagtgccagtggtacaggcacacag tattccctcaagatcaacagcctgcagttgaagatttgggaacttattactgtcaacattattggggtg ctactgtgacgttcggtggaggcaccaaaactgaaatcaaacct (SEQ ID NO:136)
chCD37-3	gaattcgccaccatgagtggtccactcaggctcctgggttgcgtgctgtggttactacagatccagatgtgacatccag atgactcagttccagcctcccttctgtatctgtgggagaaactgtaccatcacatgtcgagcaagtgagaataattcgca gttaatttagcatggtatcagcagaacagggaatctcctcagctcctggtcaatgttgcaacaaacttagcagatggtgt gccatcaagggtcagtgccagtggtacaggcacacagtattccctcaagatcaacagcctgcagttgaagatttggga cttattactgtcaacattattgggtactacgtggacgttcggtggaggcaccaagctggaaatcaaacgtacg (SEQ ID NO:137)
huCD37-3 (1.0 and 1.1)	gaattcgccaccatgggttggctcctgcattatcttcttctgtggccacagccaccggtgttactctgatatacaaatgac tcaaagccctccagtttgagcgtgaagtgtgggtgaacgcgtaacaatcactgtagagctagtgaataatccgcagta atctcgcaggtaccaacaaaagccaggtgaagtacacaaactcctcctgaatgttctaccaacctcctcagctgtac

	cttcacgattctctgggtcaggtccggtaaccgattatcactaagatcaactcactccaaccagaagattfcggtacatatta ctgtcaacactactgggttacgacctggacattcgggtcaaggtaactaagctggaaaatcaagcgtaacg (SEQ ID NO:138)
muCD37-12	gacattgtgtcaacacagctcctgtctccttagctgtatctctggggcagagggccaccatctcatgca ggggccagccaaaagtgtagtacaatctagctatagttattgtactgggtccagcagaaccaggacagcc acccaaactctctatcaagtatgcatccaacctagcaatctgggtccctgccaggttcagttggcagtggg tctgggacagacttaccctcaacatccalcctgtggaggaggaggatcagcaacataattactgtcaac acagttgggagattcctacacgttcggaggggggaccaaactggaaataaacgg (SEQ ID NO:139)
chCD37-12	gaattcgcaccatgggttggtctgtatatactgttcttggtggccaccgctactggcgttcattgtatgtactact cagtcaccagccagctctggcagtgctccctggggcagcgtgccaccatctcctgccgggacctcacagtcctgtgagcacta gctcttattctatctctactgggttcaacagaagccaggacagcccccagctgctgatacagtcctcaccctcgc cagcggcgttcccgctagattctctgttccggtagcggaaactgatttcactttgaacatccaccctgtaggaagaggga taccgcacttactattgtcaacactcttgggagattccttacaccttggaggagggaacaaagctcgaataaagcgtaacg (SEQ ID NO:140)
muCD37-38	caaattgttctcaccagctctccagcaatcatgtctgcatctccaggggagaagggtcaccatgacctgca gtgccagctcaagtgtacttaccatgcaactgggtaccagcagaagtcaggccacctccccaaaagatggat ttatgacacatccaaactggccttctggagtcctctgctcgttcagtgggcgttgggtctgggacctcttac tctctcaaatcagcagcatggaggctgaagatgctgccacttattactgccagcagtggaattagtaacc caccacgttcggaggggggacaaagctggaataaacgg (SEQ ID NO:141)
chCD37-38	gaattcgcaccatgggtctggtcctgtatcactcctgttctcgtggccacagctacaggtgttcaatcagattgtgctgac ccaatcaccagctattatgtccgctagccccggcgagaagtgacaatgacatgtagccttagctctctgtgacttaccat gcattgggtatcaacagaagtcaggtaccagtcaccaagcgttggatctacgacacatccaaactggcctccggagtcctg ccaggttcagcggagggtgggtccggcaccagttattcactgaccatactctctatggaagctgaagatgctgctacttatta ttgtcaacaatggattctaacccccccaccttgggtggcggaacaaagctggagatcaagcgtaacg (SEQ ID NO:142)
huCD37-38	gaattcgcaccatgggatggctcctgcatlactctgttcttggtcgcactgctactggcgttcaatctgacattgtgctcaca cagctctccagcccaatgtctgctccccgggtgagcgggtgaccatgacatgctctgccagttcctcctgacatataatgc attgggtatcagcaaaaacccggtaacctctccaaaagatggatctacgacacttcaagcttgcacagcgttccctgcc gatttccgggtctgggtctggcacttatacagcttgaccattagttccatggaagctgaagatgcagccacctattactgt cagcagtggaattcaaatcctctactcttggcgggcgaaccaaactggagataaagcgtaacg (SEQ ID NO:143)
muCD37-50	caaattgttctcaccagctctccagcaatcatgtctgcatctccaggggagaagggtcaccatgacctgca gtgccacctcaagtgtgacttaccatgcaactgggtaccagcagaagtcaggccacctccccaaaagatggattatgacaca tccaaactgcttcttgagtcctctggtcgttccagtggttagtggtctgggacctcttactctctcaaatcagcagcatgg aggctgaagatgctgccacttattactgccagcagtggaagtataaaccacccacgttccggtcggggacaaagtggga aataaagcgg (SEQ ID NO:144)
huCD37-50	gaattcgcaccatgggttggtcatgcatlactctgttcttggtgctaccgcaacaggagtaactagtgagatgtcctcac ccaaagtctgctactatgtctgccagccaggagagcgtgtgacctgacttgctctgcaacctcaagtgtgacafacat gcattgggtatcagcaaaagcctggccaatccccctaaaagggtggatctacgatacttcaatctgccatagcgtgtgcccgc aagggtctcgggagtggtggcagtggtccaccagttatagctgacctcagttcaatggaagcagaggatgcagcaacctatt attgtcagcagtggtccgataatccccctacttgggtcaggggtacaaagctggagatgaagcgtaacg (SEQ ID NO:145)
muCD37-51	caaattgttctcaccagctctccagcaatcatgtctgcatctccaggggagaagggtcaccatgacctgca gtgccacctcaagtgtgacttaccatgcaactgggtaccagcagaagtcaggccacctccccaaaagatggattatgacaca tccaaactggtctcttgagtcctctgctcgttccagtggtcagtggtctgggacctcttactctctcaaatcagcaacatgg aggctgaagatgctgccacttattactgccagcagtggaagtataaaccacccacgttccggtcggggacaaagtggga aataaagcgg (SEQ ID NO:146)
huCD37-51	gaattcgcaccatgggatggagctgtattattctgttcttggtgctactgctactggcgtccattccgagatagctctcac ccagagccccgcaaccatgagtgctcctccctggggagcagtgactatgacttggtccgaccttctcagttacctat gcattgggtatcagcaaaactggacagctccaaagcgttggattacgacacctccaacctggcttcaggagttcctgc taggttcagcggatctgggtctggcacaagttattcactcaccattagttccatggaggccgaagatgccgctacttactac tgtcagcagtggtcagcagaacccccctacattcgggcagggaactaagctggagatcaaacgtacg (SEQ ID NO:147)

muCD37-56	caaattgttctcaccagtcctccagcattcatgtctgcatctccaggggataaggtcacatgacctgca gtgccagttcaagtgttacttacatgcactggatcagcagaagtcaggcacctccccaaaagatggattatgacacat ccaaactggcttctggagtcctgctcgttcagtgccggtggtctgggacctcttac tctctcacaatcagcaccatggaggctgaagatgctgccacttattactgccagcagtggtattagtgacc caccacgttcaggaggaggaacgtggaaataaaacg (SEQ ID NO:148)
huCD37-56	gaattcgccaccatgggctggtcctgtatcatcctgtttctggtggcaaccgctactggggttactctgatattgtcctgac acagagtcagccttcagtgagtgcttccggagaaaaaggtcacaatgactgttcagcttccctccgtcacatacatg cattgggtaccagcagaagcctgaccagagtcctaagagggtggatctatgatacaagaatctgggtccgggtgccctc ccgcttttcaggcggcggaagcggaactgactatagccttaccatctctcaatggagccgaggacgctgctacatatt actgccagcaatggatcagcagcctcctactttcggacagggaacaaattggaattaagcgtacg (SEQ ID NO:149)
muCD37-57	caaattgttctcaccagtcctccagcaatcatgtctgcatctccaggggagaaggtcacatgacctgca gtgccacctcaagtgtgacttacatgcactggtaccagcagaagtcaggcacctccccaaaagatggattatgacaca tccaaactggcttctggagtcctgctcgttcagtgccagtggtggtctgggaccttactctctcacaatcagcagcatgg aggctgaagatgctgccacttattactgccagcagtgaggatgataacccaccacgttcggctcggggacaaagtggga aataaaacg (SEQ ID NO:150)
huCD37-57	gaattcgccaccatggggtggtcctgtattactgttctggtcgaaccgccacaggcggttactccgagatcgtgtgga ctcagagcccagccaccatgtcgttccccggggagagagtgacaatgactgttccgccacaagtctgtaacctac atgcattgggtaccagcaaaaaccaggacagagtcctccgctgttggtatgataaccttaacctggcttcaggcggttctg ccgcttttctggtagtgatctgggacttctatagccttaccataagctctatggagccgaggacgccgtacatacta ctgccagcagtgaggatgataacccccaccttcgggcagggaacaaattggagatcaaacgtacg (SEQ ID NO:151)
252-3	gatatccagatgacacagactacatcctcctgtctgcctctctgggagacagagtcaccatcagttgcagggc aagtcaggacattagcaattatttaactggtatcagcagaaccgatggaactgttaactcctgatctactac acatcaaaattacactcaggagtcceatcaagggtcagtggcagtggtgctggaacagattattctctaccatt agcaacctggagcaagaagataatgccacttactttgccaacagggtaatgcgttccgtggacgttcgggtg aggcacaagctggaactcaaacgg (SEQ ID NO:183)

Table 9: Full-length heavy chain polynucleotide sequences

Antibody	Full-Length Heavy Chain Polynucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO)
chCD37-3	aagcttgccaccatggctgtcctggcactgtcctctgcctggtagacataccaagctgtgtctatcacagggtcaggtg aaggagtcaggacctggcctggtggcgccctcacagacctgtccattacatgcactgtctcagggttctcattaacac ctctggtgtaagctgggttcgccagcctccaggaaagggtctggagtggtgggagtaatatggggtgacgggagcac aaactatcattcagctcctcaatccagactgagcatcaagaaggatcactccaagagccaagtttcttaaaactgaacagt ctgcaaaactgatgacacagccacgtactactgtgccaaggaggctactcgttggtcactggggccaagggactctgg tcacagtcctgcagcctcaggaagggcccatcagtttcccttggctccaagttctaataccacaagcggtggaacag ctgcactgggatgcctcgttaagattattccctgagcctgtgacagtgagctggaatagcggagcattgactcaggtgt gcacacttttccgctgtgttgagtcctccgggtctgtactcactgtccagtgctgtaaccgtccctctagcagcttggga cccagacctacatctgaactgaaccataaaccatcaacacaaagggtgataagaaggtgaaaccaagagctgtga taagacacatacatgcccctcctgtcctgcaccagagctcctcggaggtccatctgtgttctgtttcccccaaaaccaag gacactcttatgatctcgtactccagaggtcacctgtgttgtgtgacgtgagccatgaagatcccgaggttaattcaa ctggtacgtggatggagtcgaggtcacatgccaagaccaagcccaggaggagcaatataattctacatacgggta gtgagcgttctgaccgtgtccaccaagattggctcaatggaaaagagtacaagtgaaggtgtccaacaaggctcttcc cgctccattgagaaaactatctccaaagccaaggggcagccaacgggaacccaggtgtatacattgccccatctaga gacgagctgaccaagaaccaggtgagtcctactgtctggtcaagggttttaccctctgacattgctgtagagtgaggag tctaacggacagccagaaaacaactacaagacaacccccaggtgctgacagcgacggagcttctcctactcca agttgactgtagacaagctagatggcagcaaggaaagcttttctcctgctcagtaatgcatgaggtctgcacaatcacta taccagaatcactgtcccttagcccagggtgactcga (SEQ ID NO:152)
huCD37-3v1.0	aagcttgccaccatgggttgagctgcattattctgtttctggtggccaccgccaccgggtgtcactcacaatccaagtc

[illegible]

chCD37-38	<p>aagcttgccaccatgggctggagttgtatcattcgttttgggtggccaccgacctggagtcattcccaagtgaactcc aggaaatctggccctgacctggtaagccatctcagagcctctccctgacctgactgttacaggatactcaatcacatcag gctttggctggcactggatcagacaatttccgggaacaagttggaatgatggcttacattctgtatagcgggggtaccg attacaatccttccctcaagagccgaatctctatcaccagggtatacaagcaagaaccaatttttccgcctcagctctgtg actaccgaagataccgctacttactattgtgccagggtactatggatatggtgcatggttcgtctattggggccaggga acctgtgactgtgagcgtgctctaccaaggggcccatcagtttcccttggtctcaagtctaaatccacaagcgtg ggaacagctgcactgggatgctcgttaagattatttccctgagcctgtgacagtgaactggaatagcggagcattgact tcagggtgtcacacttttccgctgtgtgagtcctccggtctgtactactgtccagtgtcgttaaccgtccctctagcag cttgggaacccagacctacatctgtaacgtcaaccataaaccatccaacacaaaggtggataagaaggtgaaaccaag agctgtgataagacacatacatgccctcctgtcctgcaccagagctcctcgagggtccatctgtgttctgtttccccc aaccgaaggacactcttatgatctctgtactccagaggtcacctgtgtgtgtgacgtgagccatgaagatcccgagg ttaaattcaactgttacgtggatggagtcgaggttcacaatgccaaagaccaagcccaggaggagcaatataattctaca tatcgggtagtggagctgtgacctgtctccaccaagattggctcaatgaaaagagtacaagtgaaggtgtccaacaa ggctcttcccgctccattgagaaaactatctccaaagccaaggggcagccacgggaacccaggtgtatacattgcc ccatctagagacgagctgaccaagaaccaggtgagtcctadgtctgtgtaaggggtttacccttctgacattgtgtgag agtgggagttaacggacagccagaaaactacaagacaactccccagtgctggacagcgacgggagcttctcc tctactccaagttgactgtagacaagctagatggcagcaaggaacgttttctcctgctcagtaatgcatgaggctctgca caatcactataccagaaatcactgttcccttagccagggtgactcgag (SEQ ID NO:156)</p>
huCD37-38	<p>aagcttgccaccatgggtggagctgcattcttcttctgctgctactgcaactggagtcactcacaggtccagctgc aagagtcggctcctgggtgtgaaacccagccagtcctcagctcactgtactgtctctggtactctattaccagtg gttcggctggcattggattagggcagtttccggtaagggctggagtggtggcatatctcttacagcggagggaacc gattacaaccaagtctgaagagcaggatcagcattaccgggacacaagcaaaaaccagtttttcttccgctgtctagt gttacagctgcagacaccgctacttactattgtctcgggttactatggctatgggctgtgtttgtgtattggggacaag gcactctgtgacctgagcagcgcctcaaaaaggggcccatcagtttcccttggtctcaagtctaaatccacaagcg gtggaacagctgcactgggatgctcgttaagattatttccctgagcctgtgacagtgaactggaatagcggagcattg acttcagggtgtgcacacttttccgctgtgtgagtcctccggtctgtactactgtccagtgtcgttaaccgtccctctagc agcttgggaacccagacctacatctgtaacgtcaaccataaaccatccaacacaaaggtggataagaaggtgaacca agagctgtgataagacacatacatgccctcctgtcctgcaccagagctcctcgagggtccatctgtgttctgtttcccc caaaccaaggacactcttatgatctctgtactccagaggtcacctgtgtgtgtgtgacgtgagccatgaagatcccg ggtaaatcaactgtgtacgtggatggagtcgaggttcacaatgccaaagaccaagcccaggaggagcaatataattcta catatcgggtagtggagcttctgacctgtctccaccaagattggctcaatgaaaagagtacaagtgaaggtgtccaac aaggctcttcccgctccattgagaaaactatctccaaagccaaggggcagccacgggaacccaggtgtatacattgc ccccatctagagacgagctgaccaagaaccaggtgagtcctactgtctgtcaggggtttacccttctgacattgtgtg agagtgggagttaacggacagccagaaaactacaagacaactccccagtgctggacagcgacgggagcttctt ccttactccaagttgactgtagacaagctagatggcagcaaggaacgttttctcctgctcagtaatgcatgaggctctg cacaatcactatacccaaaatcactgttcccttagccagggtgactcgag (SEQ ID NO:157)</p>
huCD37-50	<p>aagcttgccaccatgggtggctcgtacataatcttcttctggtgctactgtactcggagtcactcacaggtgcagctgc aggagtcggcccgccctgctcaagccttctcagagctgagctgactgtactgtttctggtcagacataaccagcg gtttcgttggcactggatcagacagcattccggcaacaaactggagtggtggatggatacactgtactcaggctcaact gtctattccccctcctgaaatcccgatcagattaccctgtacacttctaagaaccatttttctgcagctgaacagcgtt accgcagctgacactgcaacctactactgtgcccgggatattatggatagggagcttggctcgttactggggccaagg caccctcgtactgtgagtgctgttccaccaaggggcccatcagtttcccttggtctcaagtctaaatccacaagcgtg ggaacagctgcactgggatgctcgttaagattatttccctgagcctgtgacagtgaactggaatagcggagcattgact tcagggtgtcacacttttccgctgtgtgagtcctccggtctgtactactgtccagtgtcgttaaccgtccctctagcag cttgggaacccagacctacatctgtaacgtcaaccataaaccatccaacacaaaggtggataagaaggtgaaaccaag agctgtgataagacacatacatgccctcctgtcctgcaccagagctcctcgagggtccatctgtgttctgtttccccc aaccgaaggacactcttatgatctctgtactccagaggtcacctgtgtgtgtgacgtgagccatgaagatcccgagg ttaaattcaactgtgtacgtggatggagtcgaggttcacaatgccaaagaccaagcccaggaggagcaatataattctaca tatcgggtagtggagcttctgacctgtctccaccaagattggctcaatgaaaagagtacaagtgaaggtgtccaacaa ggctcttcccgctccattgagaaaactatctccaaagccaaggggcagccacgggaacccaggtgtatacattgcc ccatctagagacgagctgaccaagaaccaggtgagtcctadgtctgtgtaaggggtttacccttctgacattgtgtgag agtgggagttaacggacagccagaaaactacaagacaactccccagtgctggacagcgacgggagcttcttcc tctactccaagttgactgtatcaaaactatggtgcagcaaggaacgttttctcctgctcagtaatgcatgaggctctgca</p>

huCD37-51	<p>caatcactataccagaaatcactgtcccttagccagggtgactcgag (SEQ ID NO:158)</p> <p>aagcttgcaccatgggttggcttgcatactctgttccgttgggccaactgccactggcgtgcaatcagaagttcagttgttggagtcggcccgaggaagtgtgaancccgccgaatcactgtccctgactgtacgtgtcaggttatagcatcagcagcggcttgccttggcactgggttgcagttccaggccaggacttgaatggatgggtctacatcattacagtggctcaaccaattacagccctagccgtagggccgaalctattaccagggtatgtctatataaccagttttcctgcagcttaattccgtgactgcctctgacacagcaacttactattgcgccgtgggtactacgggttcggagccgtgtttgtatactgggtcaggccacccctgggactgtctcagccgctctaccaggcccatcagtttcccttggctccaagtcttaaatccacaaggcgtggaaacagctgcacttgggtgctcgttaagatttattccctgagccctgtgacagttagctggaatagcggagcattgacttcaggtgtgacacattttccgctgtgttgcagttccgggtctgtactactgtccagtgtctgaaccgtccctctagcagcttgggaacccagacctacatctgttaacgtcaaccataaaccatccaacacaaagggtggataagaaggttgaaccaaggagctgtgataagacacatacatgtccctctgttccgtgcaccagagctctcggagggtccatctgtgttctgtttcccccanaecccaggacactcttatgatctctgtactccagagggtaccctgtgttgtgtgcacgtgagccatgaagatcccgagggttaattcaactgttgcgttggatggagtcgaggttcacaatgccaaagaccaggccaggaggagcaatataattctacatatcgggtagtgtgagcgttgcagccgtctccaccaagattggctcaatggaaaagagtacaagtgcagggtgtccacaaaggctcttccgctccattgagaaaaactatctccaaagccaaggggcagccacgggaaccccagggtgtatacattgcccctcatctagagacgagctgaccaagaaccagggtgagctcactgtctgtgcaanggggtttaccctctgacattgctgttaggtgggagcttaacggacagccagaaaaaactacaagacaactccccagtgctggacagcgacgggagcttcttctactccaagttgactgtgacaaagtctagatggcagcaagggaanctgttctctgtcagtaatgcatgaggtcttgcacaatcactataccagaaatcactgtcccttagcccaagggtgactcgag (SEQ ID NO:159)</p>
huCD37-56	<p>aagcttgcaccatgggttggagctgcattatcctgttccctgtgcaccgcacccggcgtccactccagggtgcagctgcaagaaagcggggccaggttgglaaacccttccagctctgagcttactgtaccgtatctggatcacagtatcacatctggcttgccttggcattggattgcacgttccggcgaaggggcttggatggatgggttatattcatttctggagggtaccaactacaaccccttccgtgaagagtcgagctcaattaccaggggacacttccaaagaccaaatcttttgcagcttaattcagtgaccgtgtccgacaccgclacttactactgcgccgggggtactatgggttgggtcctgggttcgctacttggggccagggggacctctgtgtccctgtgtctgtgcctccacaaagggcccatcagtttcccttggctccaaagtctaaatccacaagcgttggaaacagctgcactgggtgcttgaagattatttccctgagccctgtgacagttagctggaatagcggagcattgacttcagggtgtgcacactttcccgctgtgttgcagttccgggtctgtactactgtccagtgtcgttaaccgtccctctagcagcttgggaacccagacctacatctgttaacgtcaaccataaaccatccaacacaaagggtggataagaaggttgaaccaaggagctgtgataagacacatacatgtccctctgttccgtgcaccagagctctcggagggtccatctgtgttctgtttcccccanaecccaggacactcttatgatctctgtactccagagggtaccctgtgttgtgtgcacgtgagccatgaagatcccgagggttaattcaactgttgcgttggatggagtcgaggttcacaatgccaaagaccaggccaggaggagcaatataattctacatatcgggtagtgtgagcgttctgaccgtctccaccaagattggctcaatggaaaagagtacaagtgcagggtgtccacaaaggctcttccgctccattgagaaaaactatctccaaagccaaggggcagccacgggaaccccagggtgtatacattgcccctcatctagagacgagctgaccaagaaccagggtgagctcactgtctgtgcaanggggtttaccctctgacattgctgttaggtgggagcttaacggacagccagaaaaaactacaagacaactccccagtgctggacagcgacgggagcttcttctactccaagttgactgtgacaaagtctagatggcagcaagggaanctgttctctgtcagtaatgcatgaggtcttgcacaatcactataccagaaatcactgtcccttagcccaagggtgactcgag (SEQ ID NO:160)</p>
huCD37-57	<p>aagcttgcaccatgggttggagctgcattatcctgttcttgggtggccacagcaactggcgttcacagtcaagttcaactgcaggagagcgggccccggactcctgaaaccatctcagtcactcagctgtgacatgtactgtgagcgggtacagcattacctaggcttgccttggcattggatcaggcagttccccggaaaaggcttggatggatgggtgtacattctgtacagcggcagtaacgtgtattcaacctctctgaaatctaggtatcaatcacacgtgtacacagcaaaaatcaggttctctccagctgaactccgtcaaccgcgcagacacagcaacctatttattgtgtctcgggtactacaggtatggcgcaggttgcctatttggggccaaggggacactgtgacccgttcccgccgtcccaaaaggcccatcagtttcccttggctccaaagtcttaaatccacaagcgggtggaacagcgttgcacttgggtgcttgaagatttattccctgagccctgtgacagttagctggaatagcggagcattgacttgggaacccagacctacatctgttaacgtcaaccataaaccatccaacacaaagggtggataagaaggttgaaccnaagagctgtgataagacacatacatgtccctctgttccgtgcaccagagctcctcggagggtccatctgttctctgttcccccacaaaccagagacacttattgatctctgtactccagagggtaccctgtgttgttgcacgtgagccatgaagatcccagggttaattcaactgggtacgttggatggagtcgaggttcacaatgccaaagaccaggccaggaggagcaatataattctacatctcgggtagtgtgagcgttctgaccgtgtctccaccaagattggctcaatggaaaagagtacaagtgcagggtgtccnaaaggctcttccgctccattgagaaaaactatctccaaagccaaggggcagccacgggaaccccagggtgtatacattgccccatctagagacgagctgaccaagaaccagggtgagctcactgtctgttgcacgggtttaccctctgacattgtctgtaggttggagcttaacggacagccagaaaaaactacaagacaactccccagtgctggacagcgacggggagc</p>

	ttctctctactccaagttagctgtagacaagctagatggcagcaaggaaacgtttctcctgctcagtaatgcatgagggc ctgcacaatcactataccagaaatcactgtcccttagccagggtgactcag (SEQ ID NO:161)
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Table 10: Full-length light chain polynucleotide sequences

Antibody	Full-length Light Chain Polynucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO)
chCD37-3	gaattcgccaccatgagtggtgcccactcagggtcctgggtgtgctgctgctggtgtacagatgccagatgtgacatccag atgactcagctccagcctcccttctgctatctgtgggagaaactgtaccatcacatgtcgagcaagtgagaataatcgca gtaatttagcatggtatcagcagaaacagggaatactcctcagctcctggcctcaatgttgcaacaaacttagcagatgggtg gcccataagggttcagtggtgagtgatcaggcacacagttatccctcaagaatcaacagcctgagctcgaagatttggga cttattactgtcaacattatgggtactacgtggacgttcgggtggaggcaccagctggaaatcaaacgtacgggtgctg caccatctgtcttcatcttcccgccatctgatgagcagttgaaatctggaactgctctgttggtgctgctgaataacttcta tcccagagaggccaaagtacagtggaagtggtgataacgcccctcaatcgggtaactccaggagagtgctacagagc aggacagcaggacagcaccctacagcctcagcagcaccctgacgtgagcgaagcagactacgagaacacaaagt ctacgctgcaagtcaccatcagggtgctgagctcggcgtcacaaagagctcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:162)
huCD37-3 (1.0 and 1.1)	gaattcgccaccatgggttggtgctgcatcatctgtttctcgtggccacagccaccgggtgttcactctgatatacaaatgac tcaaaagccctccagttgagcgttaagtgtgggtgaacgcgtacaatcacctgtgagctagtgaataacatccgcagta atctcgcagtgttaccacaaaaggccaggttaagtacctaagctcctcgtgaatgtgtacacacctcgtgatgggtgctg cttcacgattctctggttcaggttccgggtacgattattcacttaagaatcaactcctcaaccagaagatttgggtacatatta ctgtcaacactactgggttacgacctggacattcgtcaagggtactaagctggaaatcaagcgtacgggtggtgctgacccat ctgtcttcatcttccgcccactctgatgagcagttgaaatctggaactgctctgtgtgtgctgctgaataacttctatccca gagaggccaaagtacagtggaaggtggataaacgcccctcaatcgggtaactccaggagagtgctacagagcaggac agcaaggacagcaccctacagcctcagcagcaccctgacgtgagcgaagcagactacgagaacacaaagtctacgc ctggaagtacccatcagggtgctgagctcggcgtcacaaagagctcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:163)
chCD37-12	gaattcgccaccatgggttggtgctgtataatcctgttcttggtggccaccgctactggcgttcactagtgatattgtactcact cagtcaccagccagctcgtgcaagtgtccctggggccagcgtgcccactcctcctggggcctcacagtcctgtgagcacta gctcttattctatctctactggttcaacagaagccaggacagcccccctaaagctgtgctgacaaagtcgctccaaacctgc cagcggcgttccgctagattctctggttccgggtagcggaaactgatttcacttgaacatccaccccgttgaggaaaggga taccgccacttactattgtcaacactctgggagattccttacaccttggaggagggaacaaagctcgaatlaagcgtacg gtggctgcaccatctgttctatcttccgcccactctgatgagcagttgaaatctggaactgctctgtgtgtgctgctgaat aacttctatccagagaggccaaagtacagtggaaggtggataaacgcccctcaatcgggtaactccaggagagtgctca cagagcaggacagcgaaggacagcaccctacagcctcagcagcaccctgacgtgagcgaagcagactacgagaacaca caaagtctacgctgcgaagtcaccatcagggtgctgagctcggcgtcacaaagagctcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:164)
chCD37-38	gaattcgccaccatgggttggtgctgtatcactcgtttctcgtggccacagctacagggtgttcactcagattgtgctgac ccaateaccagctattatgtccgttagccccggcgagaaagtgaatgacatgtagcgttagctcttctgtgacttactat gcattggtatcaacagaagtcaggtaaccagtcaccaagcgttgatctacgacacatccaaactggcctcggagtcctg ccagggtcagcggaggtgggtcggcaccagttatcactgaccatctctatggaagctgaagatgctgctacttatta ttgtcaacaatggatttctaaccceccaccttgggtggcgggaacaaagctggagatcaagcgtacgggtgctgacccat ctgttctatcttccgcccactctgatgagcagttgaaatctggaactgctctgtgtgtgctgctgaataacttctatccca gagaggccaaagtacagtggaaggtggataaacgcccctcaatcgggtaactccaggagagtgctacagagcaggac agcaaggacagcaccctacagcctcagcagcaccctgacgtgagcgaagcagactacgagaacacaaagtctacgc ctggaagtacccatcagggtgctgagctcggcgtcacaaagagctcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:165)
huCD37-38	gaattcgccaccatgggttggtgctgtatcactcgtttctcgtggccacagctacagggtgttcactcagattgtgctgac cagctccagcctcaatgtctgttccccgggtgagcgggtgacatgacatgctgtccagttcctcgtgacatattatgc attggtatcagcaaaaacccgggtacctctcacaagaatggtatctacgacactcaaaagctgtcactcaggcgttctgcca gatttccgggtcgtggtgtggtgctcacttatacagctgtgaccattagttccatggaagctgaagatgcagccaccttactgt cagcagtggaattcaaatcctcactccttggcggcgaacaaactggagataaagcgtacgggtggtgacccatctgt

	cttcattcttccgccatctgatgagcagtgaaatctggaactgcctctgttgtgtgcctgctgaataacttctatcccagaga ggccaaagtacagtggaagggtggaataacgccctccaatcggttaactcccaggagagtgacacagcaggacagca aggacagcacctacagccctcagcagcacccctgacgctgagcaaacgagactacgagaacacaaagtctacgctgc gaagtcacccatcaggggcctgagctcgcccgtcacaaagagcttcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:166)
huCD37-50	gaattcgccaccatgggttggtcatgcaattatctgttccctggttgcctaccgcaacaggaglacatagtgagatagtcctcac ccaaagtcctgctactatgtctgccagcccaggagagcgtgtgaccatgacttgcctgcaacctcaagtgtagacatacat gcattgggtatcagcaaaagccctggccaatcccctaaaagggtggatctacgatacttctaatctgccatagcgtgtgcccgc aagggtctccgggagtggtgagtgccaccagttatagctctgacatcagttcaatggaagcagaggatgcagcaacctatt attgtcagcagtggttcgataatccccctacttttggtagggtagaaagctggagattaaagcgtacggtgtggtgcacat ctgtcttcatcttccgccatctgatgagcagtgaaatctggaactgcctctgttgtgtgcctgctgaataacttctatccc gagaggccaaagtacagtggaagggtggataacgccctccaatcgggtaactcccaggagagtgtagacagagcaggac agcaaggacagcacctacagcctcagcagcacccctgacgctgagcaaacgagactacgagaacacaaagtctacgc ctgcgaagtcacccatcaggggcctgagctcgcccgtcacaaagagcttcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:167)
huCD37-51	gaattcgccaccatgggttggtgatgtattatctgttccctggttgcctactgctactgggtccattccgagatagtcctcac ccagagcccccgaacctagtggtcctccccctggggagcagtgactatgacttgcctccgcaacttctcagttacctatat gcattgggtatcagcagaacctggacagctctccaaagcgttggattacgacacctccaacctggcttcaggagttctgc taggttcagcggatctgggtctggcacaagttattcactcaccattagttccatggaggccgaagatgcctactactac tgtcagcagtggtgagcagcaacccccctacattcgggcagggaactaagctggagatcaaacgtacggtgtgtgcacca tctgtcttcatcttccgccatctgatgagcagtgaaatctggaactgcctctgttgtgtgcctgctgaataacttctatccc gagaggccaaagtacagtggaagggtggataacgccctccaatcgggtaactcccaggagagtgtagacagagcaggac agcaaggacagcacctacagcctcagcagcacccctgacgctgagcaaacgagactacgagaacacaaagtctacgc ctgcgaagtcacccatcaggggcctgagctcgcccgtcacaaagagcttcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:168)
huCD37-56	gaattcgccaccatgggttggtctgtatcatctgttctgttgggaaccgctactgggttcaactctgatattgtcctgac acagagtcacagccctcatgagtgcttctccggagaaaaaggtcacaaatgacttgttcagcttctcctccgtcacatacatg cattgggtaccagcagaagcctgaecagagtcctaagaggtggatctatgatacaagcaatctggcttccggtgtccctc ccgcttttcaggcggcgggaagcggaaactgactatagccttaccatctcctcaatggaagccaggagacgctgctacatatt actgccagcaatggatcagcagccctcctacttccgacaggggaacaaaattggaattaaagcgtacggtgtgtgcacc atctgtcttcatcttccgccatctgatgagcagtgaaatctggaactgcctctgttgtgtgcctgctgaataacttctatccc agagaggccaaagtacagtggaagggtggataacgccctccaatcgggtaactcccaggagagtgtagacagagcaggac cagcaaggacagcacctacagcctcagcagcacccctgacgctgagcaaacgagactacgagaacacaaagtctacgc cctgcgaagtcacccatcaggggcctgagctcgcccgtcacaaagagcttcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:169)
huCD37-57	gaattcgccaccatgggttggtctgtatcatctgttctgttgggaaccgccacaggcgttcaactccgagatcgtgtga ctcagagcccagccaccatgtccgttcccccggggagagagtgacaatgacttgttccgccacaagttctgtaacctac atgcattggtaaccagcaaaaaccaggacagagtcctccgtcgttggattatgatacctetaacctggcttcaggcgttctg cccgttttctggtagtggatctgggaacttctatagccttaccataagctctatggaagccaggagacgccgtacatacta ctgccagcagtggtgagtgataacccccccacttccgggcagggaaccaaattggagatcaaacgtacgggtgtgtgcacc atctgtcttcatcttccgccatctgatgagcagtgaaatctggaactgcctctgttgtgtgcctgctgaataacttctatccc agagaggccaaagtacagtggaagggtggataacgccctccaatcgggtaactcccaggagagtgtagacagagcaggac cagcaaggacagcacctacagcctcagcagcacccctgacgctgagcaaacgagactacgagaacacaaagtctacgc cctgcgaagtcacccatcaggggcctgagctcgcccgtcacaaagagcttcaacaggggagagtgtag (SEQ ID NO:170)

[00225] Also provided is a polynucleotide having at least about 95%, at least about 96%, at least about 97%, at least about 98%, or at least about 99% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:121-170, 182, or 183. Thus, in certain embodiments, the polynucleotide comprises (a) a polynucleotide having at least about 95% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:121-135, 152-161, or 182, and/or (b) a polynucleotide having at least about 95% sequence identity to SEQ ID NOs:136-151, 162-170, or 183. In certain embodiments, the

polynucleotide comprises (a) a polynucleotide having the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 121-135, 152-161 or 182; and/or (b) a polynucleotide having the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 136-151, 162-170, or 183.

[00226] In some embodiments, the polynucleotide encodes the light chain encoded by the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3LC (ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10722, deposited with the ATCC on March 18, 2010) or a light chain that is at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, or at least about 99% to the light chain encoded by phuCD37-3LC (PTA-10722). In some embodiments, the polynucleotide encodes the heavy chain encoded by the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3HCv.1.0 (ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10723, deposited with the ATCC on March 18, 2010) or a heavy chain that is at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, or at least about 99% identical to the heavy chain encoded by phuCD37-3HCv.1.0 (PTA-10723). In certain embodiments the polynucleotide is the recombinant plasmid DNA phuCD37-3LC (PTA-10722) or the recombinant plasmid phuCD37-3HCv.1.0 (PTA-10723).

[00227] In certain embodiments the polynucleotides comprise the coding sequence for the mature polypeptide fused in the same reading frame to a polynucleotide which aids, for example, in expression and secretion of a polypeptide from a host cell (e.g. a leader sequence which functions as a secretory sequence for controlling transport of a polypeptide from the cell). The polypeptide having a leader sequence is a preprotein and can have the leader sequence cleaved by the host cell to form the mature form of the polypeptide. The polynucleotides can also encode for a proprotein which is the mature protein plus additional 5' amino acid residues. A mature protein having a prosequence is a proprotein and is an inactive form of the protein. Once the prosequence is cleaved an active mature protein remains.

[00228] In certain embodiments the polynucleotides comprise the coding sequence for the mature polypeptide fused in the same reading frame to a marker sequence that allows, for example, for purification of the encoded polypeptide. For example, the marker sequence can be a hexa-histidine tag supplied by a pQE-9 vector to provide for purification of the mature polypeptide fused to the marker in the case of a bacterial host, or the marker sequence can be a hemagglutinin (HA) tag derived from the influenza hemagglutinin protein when a mammalian host (e.g. COS-7 cells) is used.

[00229] The present invention further relates to variants of the hereinabove described polynucleotides encoding, for example, fragments, analogs, and derivatives.

[00230] The polynucleotide variants can contain alterations in the coding regions, non-coding regions, or both. In some embodiments the polynucleotide variants contain alterations which produce silent substitutions, additions, or deletions, but do not alter the properties or activities of the encoded polypeptide. In some embodiments, nucleotide variants are produced by silent substitutions due to the degeneracy of the genetic code. Polynucleotide variants can be produced for a variety of reasons, e.g., to

optimize codon expression for a particular host (change codons in the human mRNA to those preferred by a bacterial host such as *E. coli*).

[00231] Vectors and cells comprising the polynucleotides described herein are also provided.

IV. Methods of use and pharmaceutical compositions

[00232] The CD37-binding agents (including antibodies, immunoconjugates, and polypeptides) of the invention are useful in a variety of applications including, but not limited to, therapeutic treatment methods, such as the treatment of cancer, such as B-cell malignancies, autoimmune diseases, and inflammatory diseases. In certain embodiments, the agents are useful for depleting B-cells. In certain embodiments, the agents are useful for depleting autoreactive B-cells. In certain embodiments, the agents are useful for depleting peripheral B-cells. In certain embodiments, the agents are useful for preventing inappropriate T-cell stimulation. The T-cell stimulation can be in connection with a B-cell pathway. The methods of use can be *in vitro*, *ex vivo*, or *in vivo* methods. In certain embodiments, the CD37-binding agent or antibody or immunoconjugate, or polypeptide is an antagonist of the human CD37 to which it binds.

[00233] In one aspect, anti-CD37 antibodies and immunoconjugates of the invention are useful for detecting the presence of CD37 in a biological sample. The term "detecting" as used herein encompasses quantitative or qualitative detection. In certain embodiments, a biological sample comprises a cell or tissue. In certain embodiments, such tissues include tissues that express CD37 at higher levels relative to other tissues, for example, B-cells and/or B-cell associated tissues.

[00234] In one aspect, the invention provides a method of detecting the presence of CD37 in a biological sample. In certain embodiments, the method comprises contacting the biological sample with an anti-CD37 antibody under conditions permissive for binding of the anti-CD37 antibody to CD37, and detecting whether a complex is formed between the anti-CD37 antibody and CD37.

[00235] In one aspect, the invention provides a method of diagnosing a disorder associated with increased expression of CD37. In certain embodiments, the method comprises contacting a test cell with an anti-CD37 antibody; determining the level of expression (either quantitatively or qualitatively) of CD37 by the test cell by detecting binding of the anti-CD37 antibody to CD37; and comparing the level of expression of CD37 by the test cell with the level of expression of CD37 by a control cell (e.g., a normal cell of the same tissue origin as the test cell or a cell that expresses CD37 at levels comparable to such a normal cell), wherein a higher level of expression of CD37 by the test cell as compared to the control cell indicates the presence of a disorder associated with increased expression of CD37. In certain embodiments, the test cell is obtained from an individual suspected of having an autoimmune disorder or inflammatory disorder. In some embodiments, the disorder is associated with increased expression of CD37. In some embodiments, the disorder is associated with increased number of B-cells. In some embodiments, the disorder is associated with increased activity of B-cells.

[00236] In certain embodiments, a method of diagnosis or detection, such as those described above, comprises detecting binding of an anti-CD37 antibody to CD37 expressed on the surface of a cell or in a membrane preparation obtained from a cell expressing CD37 on its surface. In certain embodiments, the method comprises contacting a cell with an anti-CD37 antibody under conditions permissive for binding of the anti-CD37 antibody to CD37, and detecting whether a complex is formed between the anti-CD37 antibody and CD37 on the cell surface. An exemplary assay for detecting binding of an anti-CD37 antibody to CD37 expressed on the surface of a cell is a "FACS" assay.

[00237] Certain other methods can be used to detect binding of anti-CD37 antibodies to CD37. Such methods include, but are not limited to, antigen-binding assays that are well known in the art, such as western blots, radioimmunoassays, ELISA (enzyme linked immunosorbent assay), "sandwich" immunoassays, immunoprecipitation assays, fluorescent immunoassays, protein A immunoassays, and immunohistochemistry (IHC).

[00238] In certain embodiments, anti-CD37 antibodies are labeled. Labels include, but are not limited to, labels or moieties that are detected directly (such as fluorescent, chromophoric, electron-dense, chemiluminescent, and radioactive labels), as well as moieties, such as enzymes or ligands, that are detected indirectly, e.g., through an enzymatic reaction or molecular interaction.

[00239] In certain embodiments, anti-CD37 antibodies are immobilized on an insoluble matrix. Immobilization entails separating the anti-CD37 antibody from any CD37 that remains free in solution. This conventionally is accomplished by either insolubilizing the anti-CD37 antibody before the assay procedure, as by adsorption to a water-insoluble matrix or surface (Bennich et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,720,760), or by covalent coupling (for example, using glutaraldehyde cross-linking), or by insolubilizing the anti-CD37 antibody after formation of a complex between the anti-CD37 antibody and CD37, e.g., by immunoprecipitation.

[00240] Any of the above embodiments of diagnosis or detection can be carried out using an immunoconjugate of the invention in place of or in addition to an anti-CD37 antibody.

[00241] In certain embodiments, the disease treated with the CD37-binding agent is an autoimmune or inflammatory disease. In certain embodiments, the autoimmune or inflammatory disease is selected from the group consisting of psoriasis, dermatitis, systemic scleroderma and sclerosis, responses associated with inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, respiratory distress syndrome, adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), dermatitis, meningitis, encephalitis, uveitis, colitis, glomerulonephritis, allergic conditions, eczema, asthma, conditions involving infiltration of T cells and chronic inflammatory responses, atherosclerosis, leukocyte adhesion deficiency, rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), diabetes mellitus, multiple sclerosis, Reynaud's syndrome, autoimmune thyroiditis, allergic encephalomyelitis, Sjorgen's syndrome, juvenile onset diabetes, immune responses associated with acute and delayed hypersensitivity mediated by cytokines and T-lymphocytes,

tuberculosis, sarcoidosis, polymyositis, granulomatosis, vasculitis, pernicious anemia (Addison's disease), diseases involving leukocyte diapedesis, central nervous system (CNS) inflammatory disorder, multiple organ injury syndrome, hemolytic anemia, myasthenia gravis, antigen-antibody complex mediated diseases, anti-glomerular basement membrane disease, antiphospholipid syndrome, allergic neuritis, Graves' disease, Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome, pemphigoid bullous, pemphigus, autoimmune polyendocrinopathies, Reiter's disease, stiff-man syndrome, Behcet disease, giant cell arteritis, immune complex nephritis, IgA nephropathy, IgM polyneuropathies, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) and autoimmune thrombocytopenia.

[00242] In some embodiments, the autoimmune or inflammatory disease is selected from the group consisting of: RA, lupus, immune thrombocytopenic purpura, pure red cell aplasia, autoimmune anemia, cold agglutinin disease, type B syndrome of severe insulin resistance, mixed cryoglobulinemia, myasthenia gravis, Wegener's granulomatosis, microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), refractory pemphigus vulgaris, dermatomyositis, Sjogren's syndrome, active type-II mixed cryoglobulinemia, pemphigus vulgaris, autoimmune neuropathy, paraneoplastic opsoclonus-myoclonus syndrome, and relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

[00243] In certain embodiments, the autoimmune disease or inflammatory disease is characterized by CD37 expressing cells to which the CD37-binding agent (e.g., antibody) binds.

[00244] The present invention provides for methods of treating autoimmune and inflammatory diseases comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a CD37-binding agent to a subject (e.g., a subject in need of treatment). In certain embodiments, the subject is a human.

[00245] The present invention further provides methods for depleting B-cells, e.g., autoreactive B-cells, using the antibodies or other agents described herein. In certain embodiments, the method of depleting B-cells comprises contacting a B-cell with a CD37-binding agent (e.g., antibody) *in vitro*. For example, a cell line that expresses CD37 is cultured in medium to which is added the antibody or other agent to deplete the cells. In some embodiments, the cells are isolated from a patient sample such as, for example, a tissue biopsy, pleural effusion, or blood sample and cultured in medium to which is added an CD37-binding agent to deplete the cells.

[00246] In some embodiments, the method of depleting B-cells, e.g. autoreactive B-cells, comprises contacting the cells with the CD37-binding agent (e.g., antibody) *in vivo*. In certain embodiments, contacting a cell with a CD37-binding agent is undertaken in an animal model. For example, CD37-binding agents can be administered to xenografts expressing one or more CD37s that have been grown in immunocompromised mice (e.g. NOD/SCID mice). In some embodiments, cells are isolated from a patient sample such as, for example, a tissue biopsy, pleural effusion, or blood sample and injected into immunocompromised mice that are then administered a CD37-binding agent to deplete B-cells. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agent is administered at the same time or shortly after introduction of

cells into the animal. In further examples, CD37 binding agents can be administered *in vivo* to mice expressing one or more CD37 antigens. In some embodiments, these mice can be engineered to express human CD37 in addition to, or instead of, murine CD37. In some embodiments, these mice are disease models, e.g. models for autoimmune disease. In some embodiments, administering a CD37 binding agent depletes B-cells *in vivo*. In some embodiments, a CD37 binding agent prevents T-cell stimulation. In some embodiments, administering a CD37 binding agent prevents or alleviates an autoimmune disease.

[00247] In certain embodiments, the B-cells overexpress CD37. In other embodiments, the B-cells do not overexpress CD37. In some embodiments, the B-cells are not cancer cells. In some embodiments, the B-cells are not tumor cells. In some embodiments, the B-cells are not cancerous cells.

[00248] The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising one or more of the CD37-binding agents described herein. In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical compositions further comprise a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle. These pharmaceutical compositions find use in treating autoimmune and inflammatory disease in human patients.

[00249] In certain embodiments, formulations are prepared for storage and use by combining a purified antibody or agent of the present invention with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle (e.g. carrier, excipient) (Remington, The Science and Practice of Pharmacy 20th Edition Mack Publishing, 2000). Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable vehicles include, but are not limited to, nontoxic buffers such as phosphate, citrate, and other organic acids; salts such as sodium chloride; antioxidants including ascorbic acid and methionine; preservatives (e.g. octadecyldimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride; hexamethonium chloride; benzalkonium chloride; benzethonium chloride; phenol, butyl or benzyl alcohol; alkyl parabens, such as methyl or propyl paraben; catechol; resorcinol; cyclohexanol; 3-pentanol; and m-cresol); low molecular weight polypeptides (e.g. less than about 10 amino acid residues); proteins such as serum albumin, gelatin, or immunoglobulins; hydrophilic polymers such as polyvinylpyrrolidone; amino acids such as glycine, glutamine, asparagine, histidine, arginine, or lysine; carbohydrates such as monosaccharides, disaccharides, glucose, mannose, or dextrans; chelating agents such as EDTA; sugars such as sucrose, mannitol, trehalose or sorbitol; salt-forming counter-ions such as sodium; metal complexes (e.g. Zn-protein complexes); and non-ionic surfactants such as TWEEN or polyethylene glycol (PEG).

[00250] The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention can be administered in any number of ways for either local or systemic treatment. Administration can be topical (such as to mucous membranes including vaginal and rectal delivery) such as transdermal patches, ointments, lotions, creams, gels, drops, suppositories, sprays, liquids and powders; pulmonary (e.g., by inhalation or insufflation of powders or aerosols, including by nebulizer; intratracheal, intranasal, epidermal and transdermal); oral; or parenteral including intravenous, intraarterial, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal or intramuscular injection or infusion; or intracranial (e.g., intrathecal or intraventricular) administration.

[00251] An antibody or immunoconjugate of the invention can be combined in a pharmaceutical combination formulation, or dosing regimen as combination therapy, with a second compound having anti-autoimmune or inflammatory properties. The second compound of the pharmaceutical combination formulation or dosing regimen can have complementary activities to CD37-binding agent of the combination such that they do not adversely affect each other. Pharmaceutical compositions comprising the CD37-binding agent and the second agent are also provided. For example, CD37-binding agents can be administered in combination with CD20-binding agents, such as Rituximab. In other embodiments, CD37-binding agents can be administered in combination with salicylate; nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs such as indomethacin, phenylbutazone, phenylacetic acid derivatives (e.g., ibuprofen and fenoprofen), naphthalene acetic acids (naproxen), pyrrolealkanoic acid (tometin), indoleacetic acids (sulindac), halogenated anthranilic acid (meclofenamate sodium), piroxicam, zomepirac and diflunisal; antimalarials such as chloroquine; gold salts; penicillamine; or immunosuppressive agents such as methotrexate or corticosteroids. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agent is administered in combination with a second therapeutic selected from the group consisting of methotrexate, an anti-CD20 therapeutic, an anti-IL-6 receptor therapeutic, an anti-IL-12/23p40 therapeutic, a chemotherapeutic, an immunosuppressant, an anti-interferon beta-1a therapeutic, glatiramer acetate, an anti- α 4-integrin therapeutic, fingolimod, an anti-BLys therapeutic, CTLA-Fc, or an anti-TNF therapeutic. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agent is administered in combination with a second therapeutic that is an antibody directed against an antigen selected from a group consisting of CD3, CD14, CD19, CD20, CD22, CD25, CD28, CD30, CD33, CD36, CD38, CD40, CD44, CD52, CD55, CD59, CD56, CD70, CD79, CD80, CD103, CD134, CD137, CD138, and CD152. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agent is administered in combination with a second therapeutic that is an antibody directed against a target selected from the group consisting of IL-2, IL-6, IL-12, IL-23, IL-12/23 p40, IL-17, IFN γ , TNF α , IFN α , IL-15, IL-21, IL-1a, IL-1b, IL-18, IL-8, IL-4, GM-CSF, IL-3, and IL-5. In some embodiments, the CD37-binding agents are administered in combination with methotrexate.

[00252] For the treatment of the disease, the appropriate dosage of an antibody or agent of the present invention depends on the type of disease to be treated, the severity and course of the disease, the responsiveness of the disease, whether the antibody or agent is administered for therapeutic or preventative purposes, previous therapy, patient's clinical history, and so on all at the discretion of the treating physician. The antibody or agent can be administered one time or over a series of treatments lasting from several days to several months, or until a cure is affected or a diminution of the disease state is achieved. Optimal dosing schedules can be calculated from measurements of drug accumulation in the body of the patient and will vary depending on the relative potency of an individual antibody or agent. The administering physician can easily determine optimum dosages, dosing methodologies and repetition rates. In certain embodiments, dosage is from 0.01 μ g to 100 mg per kg of body weight, and can be given

once or more daily, weekly, monthly or yearly. In certain embodiments, the antibody or other CD37-binding agent is given once every two weeks or once every three weeks. In certain embodiments, the dosage of the antibody or other CD37-binding agent is from about 0.1 mg to about 20 mg per kg of body weight. The treating physician can estimate repetition rates for dosing based on measured residence times and concentrations of the drug in bodily fluids or tissues.

[00253] The combination therapy can provide "synergy" and prove "synergistic", i.e. the effect achieved when the active ingredients used together is greater than the sum of the effects that results from using the compounds separately. A synergistic effect can be attained when the active ingredients are: (1) co-formulated and administered or delivered simultaneously in a combined, unit dosage formulation; (2) delivered by alternation or in parallel as separate formulations; or (3) by some other regimen. When delivered in alternation therapy, a synergistic effect can be attained when the compounds are administered or delivered sequentially, e.g. by different injections in separate syringes. In general, during alternation therapy, an effective dosage of each active ingredient is administered sequentially, i.e. serially, whereas in combination therapy, effective dosages of two or more active ingredients are administered together.

VI. Kits comprising CD37-binding agents

[00254] The present invention provides kits that comprise the antibodies, immunoconjugates or other agents described herein and that can be used to perform the methods described herein. In certain embodiments, a kit comprises at least one purified antibody against CD37 in one or more containers. In some embodiments, the kits contain all of the components necessary and/or sufficient to perform a detection assay, including all controls, directions for performing assays, and any necessary software for analysis and presentation of results. A label or indicator describing, or a set of instructions for use of, kit components in a ligand detection method of the present invention, can also be included. The instructions may be associated with a package insert and/or the packaging of the kit or the components thereof. One skilled in the art will readily recognize that the disclosed antibodies, immunoconjugates or other agents of the present invention can be readily incorporated into one of the established kit formats which are well known in the art. Such kits can also include, for example, other compounds and/or compositions, a device(s) for administering the compounds and/or compositions, and written instructions in a form prescribed by a governmental agency regulating the manufacture, use or sale of pharmaceuticals or biological products.

[00255] Further provided are kits comprising a CD37-binding agent (e.g., a CD37-binding antibody), as well as a second agent. In certain embodiments, the second agent is rituximab. In certain embodiments, the second agent is methotrexate.

* * *

[00256] Embodiments of the present disclosure can be further defined by reference to the following non-limiting examples, which describe in detail preparation of certain antibodies of the present disclosure

and methods for using antibodies of the present disclosure. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that many modifications, both to materials and methods, can be practiced without departing from the scope of the present disclosure.

Examples

[00257] It is understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application.

[00258] All publications, patents, patent applications, internet sites, and accession numbers/database sequences (including both polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences) cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes to the same extent as if each individual publication, patent, patent application, internet site, or accession number/database sequence were specifically and individually indicated to be so incorporated by reference.

Example 1

CD37 expression in normal human PBMCs

[00259] The CD37 antigen was reported to be expressed on B-cells from the pre-B stage to the peripheral mature B-cell stage, while being absent on B-cell progenitors and terminally differentiated plasma cells. (Link et al., 1987, J Pathol. 152:12-21). In addition, the CD37 antigen is only weakly expressed on T-cells, myeloid cells and granulocytes (Schwartz-Albiez et al. 1988, J. Immunol., 140(3)905-914).

[00260] The ability of antibodies (including certain CD37 antibodies and immunoconjugates previously described in U.S. Published Application No. 2011/0256153, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety) to bind to normal human B-cells was measured using flow cytometry assays with fluorescently labeled antibodies. In addition, the commercially available QuantiBRITE system from BD Biosciences was used to estimate antigen density based on the number of antibodies bound to the cells (ABC). The QuantiBRITE system from BD Biosciences utilizes the following reagents: anti-CD20-PE supplied at 100 µg/mL and QuantiBRITE PE supplied as lyophilized PE-labeled beads. In addition, the huCD37-3 antibody was labeled with PE to obtain an antibody-PE conjugate with an Ab:PE ratio of approximately 1:1.

[00261] Fresh buffy coats from healthy donors were obtained from Research Blood Components (Brighton, MA, US) as a source of normal blood cells. Buffy coats were prepared by centrifugation of a unit of whole blood and collecting the interface between the plasma and the red blood cells. This unpurified buffy coat contains PBMCs, neutrophils, platelets, red blood cells, and plasma and was used

for experiments on the same day it was drawn. Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) were prepared from buffy coats by standard density gradient centrifugation using Ficoll-Paque as follows. Blood was diluted 1:3 with 1x HBSS containing 5mM EDTA and up to 30 mL were added to a 50 mL conical tube. Ten mL of Ficoll-Paque (GE Healthcare) were slowly added to the bottom of each tube. Samples were centrifuged at 500 x g with no brake at RT for 30 minutes to obtain a layer of PBMCs below the plasma and to remove red blood cells and most granulocytes. The PBMCs were transferred to new tubes and washed twice with 1x HBSS containing 5mM EDTA by centrifugation at 400 x g for 10 minutes at RT. Staining buffer (1x HBSS, 1% BSA, 0.1% sodium azide) was then used to resuspend the PBMC pellets at 6.25×10^6 cells/mL. Eighty μ L of cells were transferred to a round-bottom 96-well plate to achieve 5×10^5 cells/assay and 20 μ L of human serum (Sigma H4522) were added to block Fc receptor-mediated binding and incubated with cells on ice for 20 min in the dark. Fluorescently labeled antibodies obtained from Miltenyi were used to identify PBMC populations: anti-CD3-allophycocyanin (APC) was used to identify T-cells, anti-CD19-APC for B-cells, anti-CD56-APC for natural killer (NK) cells and anti-CD14-APC for monocytes.

[00262] Cells were co-stained for CD37 expression using 20 μ L of huCD37-3-PE for a final concentration of approximately 10 μ g/mL. Likewise, cells were co-stained for CD20 expression using 20 μ L of anti-CD20-PE. As a control a non-binding PE-labeled hulgG1 isotype control antibody was used at 10 μ g/mL. Staining was carried out for 1 hour on ice in the dark. Samples were washed twice with staining buffer and fixed in 200 μ L of 1% formaldehyde in 1x PBS. Samples were stored at 4°C in the dark until acquisition, which was performed within 4 days of sample preparation.

[00263] A fresh tube of QuantiBRITE beads was reconstituted in the supplied tube with 0.5 mL of staining buffer just prior to sample acquisition. Samples were acquired on a FACSCalibur flow cytometer (BD Biosciences). Compensation controls were run with each assay to select appropriate instrument settings and at least 10,000 events were collected for each sample. Instrument settings for fluorescence and compensation were kept the same for both cell sample and bead sample acquisition to allow for an accurate comparison. CellQuest (version 5.2.1, BD Biosciences) was used for acquisition control and analysis.

[00264] The QuantiBRITE analysis utilizes on a bead standard with 4 bead populations conjugated with a known number of PE molecules. For data analysis, a G1 gate was drawn around the bead singlets on an FSC-H/SSC-H scatter plot. This gated bead population was subsequently analyzed using a histogram plot of FL2-H to evaluate the level of PE staining. Separate markers were drawn around the peaks of the four bead populations (M1-M4) and the geometric mean for FL2 of each bead population was determined. The FL2 geometric mean of each bead was plotted against the lot specific PE/bead values in a log-log plot. Linear regression was performed to obtain a standard curve using the following equation: $y = mx + c$, with "m" equal to the slope and "c" equal to the y-intercept.

[00265] For PBMC sample analysis, a G1 gate was drawn around the positive fluorescent cell population of interest on an SSC-H/FL4-H dot plot. This gated cell population was subsequently analyzed using a histogram plot of FL2-H to evaluate the level of PE-labeled antibody staining. The FL2 geometric mean was determined for each blood cell sample stained with anti-CD37-PE or anti-CD20-PE, as well as unstained control samples. All geometric mean values for FL2 were plotted against the bead standard curve and values for PE per cell were extrapolated. Since both antibody-PE conjugates were at a PE:Ab ratio of approximately 1:1, the values for PE per cell correspond to the number of antibodies bound per cell (ABC) value. Experiments were performed with duplicate samples for each assay. The mean and standard deviation was determined from several assays for each blood cell population.

[00266] CD37 expression was evaluated in normal blood cells from 4 independent donors. Results were compared to CD20 staining, unstained cells and a non-binding huIgG-PE conjugate as controls. An example of a typical staining profile of normal B-cells is given in a histograms in Figure 1. The average ABC values of 4 different experiments for CD37 and CD20 were calculated and listed in Table 1.

[00267] Table 1: ABC values for CD37 and CD20 expression on human PBMC samples

	CD37 ABC	CD20 ABC	No Ab control	huIgG-PE control
CD19+ B-cells	77,440	94,598	80	76
CD3+ T cells	2,016	336	74	68
CD56+ NK cells	3,090	264	85	88
CD14+ monocytes	5,244	794	180	215

[00268] The highest overall CD37 staining level was found in CD19+ B-cells at approximately 77,000 ABC. In addition, CD37 staining was seen at low levels in other PBMC populations examined, with CD14+ monocytes showing CD37 staining at approximately 5,000 ABC, CD56+ NK cells at 3,000 ABC, and CD3+ T cells at 2,000 ABC. Staining with the non-binding huIgG-PE control resulted in ABC values of approximately 70 – 90 for B, T and NK cells and approximately 200 for monocytes. In the same 4 donors CD20 expression was evaluated in comparison to CD37. In accordance with published findings, the CD20 staining was restricted mainly to CD19+ B-cells with an ABC value of approximately 95,000 ABC. The CD20 expression level was just slightly higher than the CD37 expression level. Only minimal CD20 staining was observed in other PBMC populations examined, with CD14+ monocytes showing CD20 staining at 794 ABC, CD56+ NK cells at 264 ABC and CD3+ T cells at 336 ABC.

[00269] This result demonstrates that high CD37 expression is mainly restricted to B-cells in peripheral blood samples with only minor expression on peripheral T cells, NK cells and monocytes. This is consistent with published findings ((Moore et al. 1986, J Immunol. 137(9):3013-8; Schwartz-Albiez et al. 1988, J. Immunol., 140(3)905-914). In addition, we found that the CD37 expression levels on

peripheral B-cells is similar to the level of CD20 expression. This expression pattern strongly suggest that CD37 directed therapies may be a suitable for targeting B-cells in diseases such as B-cell malignancies, autoimmune diseases, inflammatory diseases or other disorders of the immune system analogous to the use of CD20 directed therapies.

Example 2A

In vitro B-cell depletion using purified PBMCs

[00270] The ability of humanized antibodies to deplete B-cells was measured using *in vitro* assays with human PBMCs according to published studies performed with rituximab (Vugmeyster et al. Cytometry A. 2003;52(2):101-9 and Vugmeyster et al. Int Immunopharmacol. 2004;4(8):1117-24). Alemtuzumab (Campath) was used as appositive control, since it has been reported to efficiently deplete lymphocytes *in vivo* and *in vitro* (Hale, Blood. 1983 Oct;62(4):873-82 and Waldmann, Philos Trans R Soc Lond B Biol Sci. 2005 Sep 29;360(1461):1707-11).

[00271] Fresh buffy coats from healthy donors were obtained from Research Blood Components (Brighton, MA, US) as a source of normal blood cells for all experiments within this study. Buffy coats were prepared by centrifugation of a unit of whole blood and collecting the interface between the plasma and the red blood cells. This unpurified buffy coat contains PBMCs, neutrophils, platelets, red blood cells, and plasma and was used for experiments on the same day it was drawn. Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) were prepared from buffy coats by standard density gradient centrifugation using Ficoll-Paque as follows. Blood was diluted 1:3 with 1x HBSS containing 5mM EDTA and up to 30 mL were added to a 50 mL conical tube. Ten mL of Ficoll-Paque (GE Healthcare) were slowly added to the bottom of each tube. Samples were centrifuged at 500 x g with no brake at RT for 30 minutes to obtain a layer of PBMCs below the plasma and to remove red blood cells and most granulocytes. The PBMCs were transferred to new tubes and washed twice with 1x HBSS containing 5mM EDTA by centrifugation at 400 x g for 10 minutes at RT. Staining buffer (1x HBSS, 1% BSA, 0.1% sodium azide) was then used to resuspend the PBMC pellets in the initial blood volume to achieve the original cell density.

[00272] To assess the effect of huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1, huCD37-50, huCD37-50-SMCC-DM1, rituximab, alemtuzumab (Campath), and TRU-016 on PBMC depletion, 90 μ L of purified cells were added to 12 x 75 mm polystyrene tubes and incubated with 10 μ L of a 100 μ g/mL solution of each sample or a huIgG isotype control antibody for 1 hr at 37°C in a humidified 5% CO₂ incubator. The final antibody (Ab) concentration was 10 μ g/mL in a final volume of 100 μ L in staining buffer. Three independent samples were prepared for each treatment.

[00273] To identify populations of PBMCs, all samples were co-stained immediately after Ab incubation with 10-20 μ L of fluorescently labeled Abs obtained from, for example, BD Biosciences or

Miltenyi. Anti-CD3-PerCP-Cy5.5 was used to identify T cells, anti-CD19-APC for B-cells, and anti-CD14-FITC for monocytes. Staining was carried out in a total of 150 μ L for 30 min in the dark at RT. CountBright Absolute Counting Beads (Invitrogen) were vortexed and added to each sample at 50 μ L per tube. For PBMC prep samples, cells were washed once with 1 mL staining buffer and centrifuged at 400 x g for 3-5 min. Supernatant was removed with a 1 mL pipette and cells were resuspended in 500 μ L of 1% formaldehyde in 1x PBS. Samples were stored at 4°C in the dark until acquisition, which was performed within 4 days of sample preparation.

[00274] TreeStar FlowJo software (version PC 7.5) was used for data analysis. A gate was drawn around the CountBright bead population on an FSC-H vs SSC-H dot plot to determine a total bead count for the sample. To determine the total count for each PBMC population of interest, a separate gate was drawn around the positive fluorescent population on an SSC-H vs FL(x)-H dot plot, where x is the channel of interest. Specifically, a total count for T cells in a sample was found by gating the positive population on an SSC-H vs FL3-H dot plot; for B-cells, the positive population was found on an SSC-H vs FL4-H dot plot; for NK cells, an SSC-H vs FL2-H dot plot was used; for monocytes, an SSC-H vs FL1-H dot plot was used. The ratio of CD19+ cells for B-cells (CD3+ cells for T cells, CD56+ cells for NK cells, or CD14+ cells for monocytes) relative to beads was determined and multiplied by 100. Percent depletion was then calculated by taking the ratio of the cell to bead ratio in treated samples relative to the cell to bead ratio in isotype control treated samples, subtracting this from 1 and multiplying by 100. This corresponds to the following formula: Percent Depletion = $100 \times (1 - \text{cell to bead ratio of treated sample} / \text{cell to bead ratio of control sample})$. Data for all cell types was analyzed in the same manner.

[00275] For two donors tested, treatment of purified PBMC samples with huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1, huCD37-50 or huCD37-50-SMCC-DM1 resulted in approximately 55-70% depletion of B-cells (see Figure 2). There was less than 10% depletion of T cells or monocytes. The B-cell restricted depletion effect indicates that this activity is linked to the high CD37 expression on B-cells. In comparison, treatment with the anti-CD20 antibody rituximab resulted in approximately 30-40% depletion of B-cells. Treatment with the anti-CD37 SMIP™ TRU-016 resulted in only 20-30% depletion of B-cells. Alemtuzumab treatment resulted in depletion of 60-70% of B-cells, 55-65% of T cells and 40-65% of monocytes.

Example 2B

Dose response for *in vitro* B-cell depletion using purified PBMCs

[00276] To evaluate the dose-response of the antibodies and conjugates, purified PBMCs from 2 donors were incubated with a 5-fold sample dilution series. Each sample dilution was added at 10 μ L per tube to 90 μ L of purified cells in triplicate and incubated for 1 hour at 37°C in a humidified 5% CO₂ incubator. The final concentration ranged from 10 μ g/mL to 0.13 ng/mL. The same amount of a non-binding huIgG Ab was used as an isotype control.

[00277] For two donors tested, treatment of purified PBMC samples with huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1 resulted in a clear dose-response for the B-cell depletion activity (see Figure 3A and B). Incubation with huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1 caused *in vitro* depletion of approximately 60% of B-cells with an EC₅₀ of 40-75 ng/mL. For an additional donor tested, treatment of purified PBMC samples with huCD37-3, huCD37-38, huCD37-50, and huCD37-56 antibodies also resulted in a clear dose-response for the B-cell depletion activity (see Figure 3C). Incubation with these antibodies caused *in vitro* depletion of approximately 60-70% of B-cells with an EC₅₀ of 20-30 ng/mL.

Example 2C

In vitro B-cell depletion using whole blood

[00278] The ability of humanized antibodies to deplete B-cells was measured using *in vitro* assays with whole blood according to published studies performed with rituximab (Vugmeyster et al. Cytometry A. 2003;52(2):101-9 and Vugmeyster et al. Int Immunopharmacol. 2004;4(8):1117-24).

[00279] Fresh buffy coats from healthy donors were obtained from Research Blood Components (Brighton, MA, US) as a source of normal blood cells for all experiments within this study. To assess the effect of huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1, rituximab, alemtuzumab (Campath), and TRU-016 on peripheral blood cells (PBCs) in a whole blood matrix, 90 μ L of whole blood from a buffy coat were incubated with Abs or isotype control as detailed above in a total volume of 100 μ L. Three independent samples were prepared for each Ab treatment.

[00280] To identify populations of blood cells, all samples were co-stained immediately after Ab incubation with 10 - 20 μ L of fluorescently labeled Abs obtained from, for example, BD Biosciences or Miltenyi. Anti-CD3-PerCP-Cy5.5 was used to identify T cells, anti-CD19-APC for B-cells, anti-CD56-PE for NK cells, and anti-CD14-FITC for monocytes. Staining was carried out in a total of 150 μ L for 30 min in the dark at RT. CountBright Absolute Counting Beads (Invitrogen #C36950) were vortexed and added to each sample at 50 μ L per tube to allow standardization of cell counts.

[00281] Following cell staining, 2 mL of BD FACS Lysing Solution (BD Biosciences, diluted 1:10 in dH₂O according to the manufacturer's instructions) were added to each sample in order to lyse the RBCs present. Samples were incubated at RT for 15-20 min in the dark, centrifuged at 400 x g for 3-5 min, and resuspended in 500 μ L of 1% formaldehyde in 1x PBS. Samples were stored at 4°C in the dark until acquisition, which was performed within 4 days of sample preparation. Samples were acquired on a BD FACSCalibur. Compensation controls were run with each assay to confirm instrument settings. A total of 160,000 ungated events were acquired for each sample using BD CellQuest software (version 5.2). TreeStar FlowJo software (version PC 7.5) was used for data analysis as described above.

[00282] For one donors tested, treatment of purified PBMC samples with huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1, huCD37-50 or huCD37-50-SMCC-DM1 resulted in approximately 40% depletion of B-

cells (see Figure 4). There was less than 10% depletion of T cells, NK cells or monocytes. As seen for purified PBMCs, the *in vitro* depletion is restricted to B-cells indicating that the activity is linked to the high CD37 expression on B-cells. In comparison, treatment with the anti-CD20 antibody rituximab or the anti-CD37 SMIP™ TRU-016 resulted in a less than 10% depletion of B-cells. Alemtuzumab treatment resulted in depletion of 40% of B-cells, 80% of T cells, 15% of NK cells and 20% of monocytes.

Example 2D

Dose response for *in vitro* B-cell depletion using whole blood

[00283] To evaluate the dose-response of the antibodies and conjugates, whole blood from 2 donors was incubated with a 10-fold sample dilution series. Each sample dilution was added at 10 μ L per tube to 90 μ L of purified cells in triplicate and incubated for 1 hr at 37°C in a humidified 5% CO₂ incubator. The final concentration ranged from 10 μ g/mL to 0.1 ng/mL. The same amount of a non-binding huIgG Ab was used as an isotype control.

[00284] For two donors tested, treatment of whole blood samples with huCD37-3 or huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1 resulted in a clear dose response for the B-cell depletion activity (see Figure 5A and B). In addition, huCD37-50 was tested for one donor and also showed a similar dose response for the B-cell depletion activity (see Figure 5B). Incubation with huCD37-3, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1 or huCD37-50 caused a maximum response of *in vitro* depletion of approximately 30-45% of B-cells with an EC₅₀ of 40-120 ng/mL.

[00285] In addition to the *in vitro* experiment described above, the capacity of CD37 antibodies to deplete B cells *in vivo* can be tested in huCD37 expressing mice (described in Example 3) and, for antibodies that crossreact with macaque CD37, in monkey.

Example 2E

In vitro cytokine release studies using human PBMCs

[00286] *In vitro* cytokine release was measured by ELISpot for IFN- γ (Interferon), TNF- α (Tumor Necrosis Factor) and IL-6 (Interleukin-6) using peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) from healthy human donors incubated for 18-20 hours with compounds at a concentration of 2.5 ng/mL to 250 μ g/mL. The ELISpot method is designed to measure the number of cells secreting cytokine by capturing the cytokine onto the assay plate during the entire length of the incubation. In all assays the positive control anti-CD3 antibody CD3-2, as well as a negative non-binding isotype huIgG control antibody was included. Alemtuzumab (Campath®) and rituximab (Rituxan®) were used in comparison, since both have been reported to induce cytokine release in patients (Wing. *J Clin Invest.* 98:2819-26 (1996) and Winkler, *Blood* 94:2217-2224 (1999)). The assay conditions were chosen to reflect conditions that are relevant for antibody therapeutics. The highest concentration of 250 μ g/mL tested corresponds to the maximum

serum concentration of an antibody, such as for example the CD20-directed rituximab, in patient plasma after an infusion of 10 mg/kg of antibody.

[00287] As can be seen in Figures 6 and 7, the positive control anti-CD3 antibody induced release of very high levels of IFN- γ , TNF- α and IL-6 with PBMCs from two different donors. In the same assays, alemtuzumab caused intermediate cytokine release, while rituximab caused moderate cytokine release with PBMCs from two different donors. In contrast, huCD37-3, huCD37-50, huCD37-3-SMCC-DM1 or huCD37-50-SMCC-DM1 did not cause significant cytokine release in our assays.

[00288] This underscores the utility of the described CD37-targeting antibodies or conjugates as therapeutics as they combine potent activity, such as B-cell depletion, with a favorable safety profile with respect to cytokine release.

Example 3

In vivo models to evaluate the activity of CD37 directed antibodies or conjugates

[00289] B-cell depletion is known to ameliorate autoimmune diseases. In fact, rituximab has been approved for rheumatoid arthritis treatment (Edwards JC et al. Nat Rev Immunol. 6: 119 (2006)). In animal models, B-cell depletion using antibodies against B-cell antigens such as CD20, CD19 and CD79 has been shown to inhibit or ameliorate several autoimmune diseases including systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE; mouse model of multiple sclerosis), type-1 diabetes (T1D) and rheumatoid arthritis (RA). The CD37 antigen is expressed at high levels in human B-cells. Therefore, antibodies or immunoconjugates directed against the CD37 antigen could potentially deplete B-cells and be therefore useful to treat multiple autoimmune diseases.

[00290] To test the utility of CD37 targeting antibodies and immunoconjugates to treat human autoimmune diseases, the activity of such CD37 targeting antibodies and immunoconjugates can be studied in mice using several murine autoimmune disease models.

[00291] For example, anti-murine CD37 antibodies can be generated using CD37-knock-out mice or other species such as rat and hamster, and antibodies that deplete B-cell *in vivo* effectively can be selected. The therapeutic potential of anti-CD37 antibodies can be tested in mouse models representing human autoimmune diseases, for example, a spontaneous T1D model in NOD mice, a myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein (MOG) peptide induced EAE model in wild type C57/Bl6 mice, a collagen induced rheumatoid arthritis model in DBA/1 mice or a spontaneous systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) model in MRL/lpr mice. Examples of murine CD37 antibodies and their therapeutic efficacy in various animal models of autoimmune disease are provided below.

[00292] Alternatively, the therapeutic potential of anti-human CD37 antibodies and immunoconjugates can also be tested in murine autoimmune disease models that have been engineered to

express the human CD37 antigen. Such human CD37 (huCD37) expressing mice can be generated using standard knock in (KI) or transgenic (Tg) approaches. For example, to generate huCD37 KI mice, human CD37 cDNA can be inserted into the murine CD37 locus in the C57/Bl6 embryonic stem (ES) cells. The homozygous huCD37 KI mice will express human CD37 cDNA under the regulation of the endogenous murine CD37 promoter, thus the expression pattern of the huCD37 would mimic that of the endogenous muCD37. The different approach utilizes bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC) containing the human CD37 gene that can be randomly inserted into the mouse genome. This transgenic approach has been used successfully to generate huCD20 Tg mice resulting in B-cell specific high level expression of the antigen.

[00293] The resulting huCD37 expressing mice based on the C57/Bl6 background can be used to further develop several autoimmune disease model. For examples, MOG peptide immunization in the C57/Bl6 strain background can induces severe EAE in two weeks. In addition, introducing a FcγRIIB knock out phenotype by breeding huCD37 expressing mice with C57/Bl6 FcγRIIB knock out mice should yield a mouse model that spontaneously develop SLE and develop RA upon immunization with collagen II antigen. Alternatively, backcrossing of the huCD37 expressing C57/Bl6 mice into the NOD or MRL/lpr background for 10 generations can provide spontaneous T1D and SLE models, respectively.

Example 4A

Generation of anti-muCD37 monoclonal antibody clone 252-3

[00294] To develop proof of concept that CD37 targeting antibody and immunoconjugate can inhibit autoimmune disease, anti-murine CD37 (muCD37) monoclonal antibodies were generated by immunizing CD37-knock-out C57Bl/6 mice with 300-19, a murine pre-B cell line that endogenously expresses the muCD37 antigen. The immunogen was injected subcutaneously at the dose of 5×10^6 cells per mouse every 2 weeks for 5 times. Three days before being sacrificed for hybridoma generation, the immunized mice received intraperitoneal injection of another dose of antigen. The spleen cells were fused with murine myeloma P3X63Ag8.653 cells (P3 cells) (J. F. Kearney et al. 1979, *J Immunol*, 123: 1548-1550) at ratio of 1 P3 cells: 3 spleen cells according to standard procedure. The fused cells were cultured in RPMI-1640 selection medium containing hypoxanthine-aminopterin-thymidine (HAT) (Sigma Aldrich) in 5% CO₂ incubator at 37°C until hybridoma clones were ready for antibody screening.

[00295] Screening was done using flow cytometric binding assay with spleen cells from wild type mice and CD37-knock-out mice. The spleen cells were counterstained with anti-CD45R (B220) antibody to identify B cells that constitutively express CD37 antigen. The hybridomas producing antibody that bound the wild type, but not CD37-knock-out, B cells were subcloned by limiting dilution. One stable subclone (clone 252-3) was obtained. The 252-3 hybridoma was expanded in low IgG serum containing media and the antibody was purified using standard methods with protein A/G chromatography.

Example 4B

Characterization of anti-muCD37 monoclonal antibody clone 252-3

[00296] The purified 252-3 monoclonal antibody was identified as a mouse IgG2a with IsoStrip mouse monoclonal antibody isotyping kit (Roche Diagnostics Corporation, Indianapolis, IN). To determine the binding affinity to the muCD37 antigen, various concentrations of 252-3 antibody were incubated with 300-19 cells, a murine pre-B cell line that expresses the muCD37 antigen, for 30 minutes at 4°C. Cells were then washed and counterstained with anti muIgG-PE conjugate (Jackson Immunoresearch, West Grove, PA) for 30 minutes at 4°C. The cells were finally washed, fixed in formalin and analyzed by flow cytometry using a FACSarray (BD Bioscience, San Jose, CA). The flow cytometry data were analyzed using FlowJo (Tree Star Inc., Ashland, OR) and the geometric mean fluorescence intensity was plotted against the antibody concentration in a semi-log plot (Figure 8). A dose-response curve was generated by non-linear regression and the EC50 value of the curve, which corresponds to the apparent dissociation constant (Kd) of the antibody, was calculated using GraphPad Prism (GraphPad Software Inc., La Jolla, CA). It was found that the Kd of the 252-3 antibody was 14 nM. In contrast, the 252-3 antibody did not bind to human tumor cells expressing the human CD37 antigen. The 252-3 antibody was then used as a surrogate antibody in murine autoimmune disease models to demonstrate the therapeutic potential of a CD37-targeting antibody for the treatment of autoimmune diseases (Examples 5-7).

Example 5

Anti-muCD37 monoclonal antibody inhibits experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis

[00297] Experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE) is an animal model of inflammatory demyelinating disease of the central nervous system (CNS), including multiple sclerosis in human. Murine EAE is commonly induced by immunization of spinal cord homogenates, brain extracts, or CNS protein such as myelin protein or peptide, followed by injection of pertussis toxin to break down the blood-brain barrier and allow immune cells access to the CNS tissue. This immunization leads to multiple small disseminated lesions of demyelination in the brain and spinal cord, causing tail paralysis followed by limb paralysis.

[00298] To test the activity of anti-muCD37 antibody in the EAE model, we first studied the capacity of the 252-3 antibody to deplete B cells *in vivo*. C57Bl/6 mice were injected intraperitoneally with 25 mg/kg of 252-3 antibody or polyclonal murine IgG (Jackson Immunoresearch, West Grove, PA) as a control. Peripheral blood was collected at different time points and analyzed for B and T cell levels by flow cytometry. Allophycocyanin (APC)-conjugated anti-mouse CD45R (B220) antibody (ebioscience,

San Diego, CA) and fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC)-conjugated anti CD3 ϵ antibody (ebioscience, San Diego, CA) were used to stain B and T cell populations, respectively. B cell depletion was assessed by calculating the ratio of B to T cells for each sample and the B/T ratio was normalized by setting the average B/T ratio of murine IgG-treated samples to 100%. The normalized B/T cell ratio was plotted for muIgG control mice and 252-3 antibody treated mice (Figure 9A). The result show that the B cell level of the mice treated with 252-3 antibody was rapidly reduced within a few hours after the antibody injection. The B cell depletion reached ~70% at 3h and peaked at day 3 (> 95%). After day 3, the B cell level slowly increased and reached ~60% of the normal level at day 14. This data suggests that the 252-3 antibody can rapidly and efficiently deplete peripheral blood B cells, and this effect was sustained for at least 7 days after the antibody injection.

[00299] The second study tested the capacity of 252-3 antibody to inhibit EAE. In this study, EAE was induced in C57Bl/6 mice by subcutaneous immunization of MOG₃₅₋₅₅ peptide emulsified in complete Freund's adjuvant (EAE kit from Hooke Laboratories, Lawrence, MA) into the upper and lower back at day 0 and two intraperitoneal injections of pertussis toxin at 2h and 24h after antigen immunization. Mice were checked for EAE signs daily starting on day 7 after immunization. The disease severity was scored on a scale of 0 to 5 using the following criteria:

Score	Clinical Observations
0	No obvious changes in motor functions of the mouse in comparison to non-immunized mice. When picked up by the tail, the tail has tension and is erect. Hind legs are usually spread apart. When the mouse is walking, there is no gait or head tilting.
1	Limp tail. When the mouse is picked up by tail, instead of being erect, the whole tail drapes over your finger.
2	Limp tail and weakness of hind legs. When the mouse is picked up by tail, legs are not spread apart, but held closer together. When the mouse is observed when walking, it has clearly apparent wobbly walk.
3	Limp tail and complete paralysis of hind legs (most common) OR, Limb tail with paralysis of one front and one hind leg. OR, ALL of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Severe head tilting * Walking only along the edges of the cage * Pushing against the cage wall * Spinning when picked up by the tail

4	<p>Limp tail, complete hind leg and partial front leg paralysis.</p> <p>Mouse is minimally moving around the cage but appears alert and feeding. Usually, euthanasia is recommended after the mouse scores level 4 for 2 days. When the mouse is euthanized because of severe paralysis, a score of 5 is entered for that mouse for the rest of the experiment.</p>
5	<p>Complete hind and front leg paralysis, no movement around the cage.</p> <p>OR,</p> <p>Mouse is spontaneously rolling in the cage.</p> <p>OR,</p> <p>Mouse is found dead due to paralysis.</p> <p>If mouse is alive, euthanize the mouse immediately if it scores 5. Once mouse scored 5, the same score is entered for all the days for the rest of the experiment.</p>

[00300] All mice started to show signs of EAE between 12 to 18 days after antigen immunization. At the disease onset, mice were randomized and the 252-3 antibody or polyclonal muIgG was injected once intraperitoneally at a 25 mg/kg dose. A total of 10 mice were enrolled for each group. At the end of the study (18 days after the disease onset), the data were synchronized based on the day of disease onset for each mouse. The disease progression plot (Figure 9B) shows that mice from both groups had relapsing-remitting form of EAE. During the first wave of clinical symptoms, the control mice reached the mean of 3 while the mice treated with 252-3 antibody had a mean of 2. The difference in disease severity between these two groups was sustained for more than 2 weeks after the disease onset. Taken together, this data suggests that the 252-2 antibody treatment rapidly depletes the B cell population and alleviates EAE.

Example 6

Anti-muCD37 monoclonal antibody inhibits type-1 diabetes in NOD mice

[00301] Type-1 diabetes (T1D) or juvenile diabetes or insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (IDDM) is caused by auto-immune reaction against insulin-producing pancreatic beta cells. Destruction of beta cells reduces insulin production and increases glucose level that produces various clinical symptoms. T1D incidence in Northern Europe and the US is between 8 and 17/100,000. Insulin supplement is the most common treatment of the disease.

[00302] Non-obese diabetic (NOD) mice spontaneously develop T1D and have been widely used to model the human disease. In NOD mice, the disease starts with leukocytic infiltration of the pancreatic islets (called insulinitis) as early as 4 weeks of age. The insulinitis progresses rapidly, leading to destruction of pancreatic islets and diabetes starting at 12-15 weeks of age. B cell depletion using anti-CD20 antibody in the early stage of insulinitis has been reported to delay the disease onset (Hu et al., J Clin Invest. 117, 3857 (2007)), suggesting that B cells play a critical role in the disease pathogenesis in NOD mice.

[00303] To test the activity of anti-muCD37 antibody, the 252-3 antibody was injected into six female NOD mice intraperitoneally at 25 mg/kg every 10 days for a total of 4 injections starting at 5 weeks of age (n=6). The control mice (n=6) were injected with polyclonal murine IgG (Jackson ImmunoResearch, West Grove, PA). Three days after the last injection, the B and T cell levels in peripheral blood were examined by flow cytometry. Allophycocyanin (APC)-conjugated anti-mouse CD45R (B220) antibody (ebioscience, San Diego, CA) and fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC)-conjugated anti CD3 ϵ antibody (ebioscience, San Diego, CA) were used to stain B and T cell populations, respectively. The B/T cell ratio was normalized to murine IgG control treated samples as described above and the normalized B/T cell ratio was plotted for muIgG control mice and 252-3 antibody treated mice (Figure 10A). The results show that the B cell level of the mice treated with 252-3 antibody was significantly reduced as compared to the control mice, suggesting that the 252-3 antibody efficiently depletes peripheral blood B cells in NOD mice. To examine the effect of B cell depletion by anti-muCD37 antibody, blood glucose level was measured weekly starting at 12 weeks of age. Mice with blood glucose level \geq 250 mg/dL in two consecutive weeks are considered diabetic. The data in Figure 10B shows that the control mice started to develop diabetes on week 15 and 83% of the mice had diabetes on week 22. In contrast, the mice treated with 252-3 antibody started to develop diabetes on week 17 and only 50% of the mice were diabetic on week 27. This data shows that treatment of 252-3 antibody efficiently depletes B cells in NOD mice, delays the onset of diabetes and significantly reduces the disease incidence.

Example 7

Anti-muCD37 monoclonal antibody inhibits collagen-induced arthritis

[00304] Collagen-induced arthritis (CIA) is an animal model of rheumatoid arthritis (RA) that is widely used to investigate disease pathogenesis and to validate therapeutic targets. Arthritis is normally induced in mice or rats by immunization with autologous or heterologous type II collagen in adjuvant. This immunization elicits a robust T- and B- cell response to the antigen leading to proliferative synovitis with infiltration of polymorphonuclear and mononuclear cells, pannus formation, cartilage degradation, bone erosion and fibrosis.

[00305] Since different mouse strains have different susceptibility to antibody-mediated B cell depletion (Ahuja et al., *J. Immunol.*, 179: 3351-3361 (2007)), to test the activity of anti-muCD37 antibody in CIA model, we first studied the capacity of the 252-3 antibody to deplete B cells in DBA/1 mice. Mice were injected intraperitoneally with 25 mg/kg of 252-3 antibody or polyclonal murine IgG (Jackson ImmunoResearch, West Grove, PA) as control. Peripheral blood was collected at different time points and analyzed for B and T cell levels by flow cytometry. Allophycocyanin (APC)-conjugated anti-mouse CD45R (B220) antibody (ebioscience, San Diego, CA) and fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC)-conjugated anti CD3 ϵ antibody (ebioscience, San Diego, CA) were used to stain B and T cell populations,

respectively. The normalized B/T cell ratio was calculated as described above and compared between the muIgG control mice and 252-3 antibody treated mice (Figure 11A). The result show that the 252-3 antibody significantly reduced the peripheral blood B cell level to ~20% and ~8% in 1 and 3 days after the antibody injection, and this low B cell level was maintained at 7 days after the antibody injection. This data suggests that the 252-3 antibody can rapidly and efficiently deplete peripheral blood B cells, and this effect was sustained for at least 7 days after the antibody injection.

[00306] The second study tests the capacity of 252-3 antibody to inhibit CIA. In this study, CIA was induced in DBA/1 mice by subcutaneous immunization of chicken collagen/CFA (complete Freund's adjuvant) on day 0 and chicken collagen/IFA (incomplete Freund's adjuvant) on day 21 (Hooke Laboratories, Lawrence, MA). Mice were checked for CIA signs daily starting on day 21 after immunization. The CIA severity was scored on a scale of 0 to 16 (based on a score of 0 to 4 for each paw) using the following criteria:

Paw Score	Clinical Observations
0	Normal paw.
1	One toe inflamed and swollen.
2	More than one toe, but not entire paw, inflamed and swollen, OR Mild swelling of entire paw.
3	Entire paw inflamed and swollen.
4	Very inflamed and swollen paw or ankylosed paw. If the paw is ankylosed, the mouse cannot grip the wire top of the cage.

[00307] At the onset of arthritis symptoms, mice were randomized into two groups and injected with the 252-3 antibody or polyclonal muIgG intraperitoneally at 10 mg/kg dose at three consecutive days. A total of 12 mice were enrolled for each group. At the end of the study (21 days after the disease onset), the data were synchronized based on the day of disease onset for each mouse. The disease progression plot (Figure 11B) shows that the disease severity in control mice increased rapidly from mean score of 2 at day 1 to 9.5 at day 7. In contrast, the disease in mice treated with the 252-3 antibody progressed significantly slower with mean score of 4.4 at day 7. Altogether, this data suggests that the 252-2 antibody treatment significantly depletes the B cell population and alleviates CIA.

[00308] In conclusion, the above experiments using a surrogate anti-muCD37 antibody provide evidence that a CD37-targeting antibody, or an immunoconjugate that includes a CD37 antibody, can inhibit autoimmune diseases in animal models.

[00309] It is to be appreciated that the Detailed Description section, and not the Abstract section, is intended to be used to interpret the claims. The Abstract may set forth one or more but not all

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exemplary embodiments of the present invention as contemplated by the inventors, and thus, is not intended to limit the present invention and the appended claims in any way.

[00310] The present invention has been described above with the aid of functional building blocks illustrating the implementation of specified functions and relationships thereof. The boundaries of these functional building blocks have been arbitrarily defined herein for the convenience of the description. Alternate boundaries can be defined so long as the specified functions and relationships thereof are appropriately performed.

[00311] The foregoing description of the specific embodiments will so fully reveal the general nature of the invention that others can, by applying knowledge within the skill of the art, readily modify and/or adapt for various applications such specific embodiments, without undue experimentation, without departing from the general concept of the present invention. Therefore, such adaptations and modifications are intended to be within the meaning and range of equivalents of the disclosed embodiments, based on the teaching and guidance presented herein. It is to be understood that the phraseology or terminology herein is for the purpose of description and not of limitation, such that the terminology or phraseology of the present specification is to be interpreted by the skilled artisan in light of the teachings and guidance.

[00312] The breadth and scope of the present invention should not be limited by any of the above-described exemplary embodiments, but should be defined only in accordance with the following claims and their equivalents.

[00313] All publications, patents, and patent applications mentioned in this specification are herein incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each independent publication, patent, or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

[00314] The term “comprise” and variants of the term such as “comprises” or “comprising” are used herein to denote the inclusion of a stated integer or stated integers but not to exclude any other integer or any other integers, unless in the context or usage an exclusive interpretation of the term is required.

[00315] Any reference to publications cited in this specification is not an admission that the disclosures constitute common general knowledge in Australia.

CLAIMS

1. A method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a humanized antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37 and maintains at least the same degree of activity as its chimeric or murine parent antibody to induce apoptosis *in vitro* in the absence of a cross-linking agent.

2. A method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to the same CD37 epitope as an antibody selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:55 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:72;
 - (b) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:56 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:73;
 - (c) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:57 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74;
 - (d) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:58 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74;
 - (e) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:59 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:75;
 - (f) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:60 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:76;
 - (g) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:61 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:77;
 - (h) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:62 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:78;
 - (i) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:63 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:79;
 - (j) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:64 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:80;
 - (k) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:65 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:81;
 - (l) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:66 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:82;
 - (m) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:67 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:83;
 - (n) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:68 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:84;
 - (o) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:69 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:85;
 - (p) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:70 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:86;
- and
- (q) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:71 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:87.

3. The method of claim 2, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof competitively inhibits an antibody selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:55 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:72;
- (b) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:56 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:73;
- (c) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:57 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74;
- (d) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:58 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74;
- (e) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:59 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:75;

- (f) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:60 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:76;
- (g) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:61 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:77;
- (h) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:62 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:78;
- (i) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:63 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:79;
- (j) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:64 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:80;
- (k) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:65 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:81;
- (l) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:66 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:82;
- (m) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:67 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:83;
- (n) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:68 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:84;
- (o) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:69 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:85;
- (p) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:70 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:86;
- and
- (q) an antibody comprising the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:71 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:87.

4. A method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody produced by a hybridoma selected from the group consisting of ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10664, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10665, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10666, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10667 deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10668, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10669, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010, and ATCC Deposit Designation PTA-10670, deposited with the ATCC on February 18, 2010 or an antigen-binding fragment thereof.

5. A method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to CD37, wherein said antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) SEQ ID NOs: 4, 5, and 6 and SEQ ID NOs: 28, 29, and 30;
- (b) SEQ ID NOs: 7, 8, and 9 and SEQ ID NOs: 31, 32, and 33;
- (c) SEQ ID NOs: 10, 11, and 12 and SEQ ID NOs: 34, 35, and 36;
- (d) SEQ ID NOs: 13, 14, and 15 and SEQ ID NOs: 37, 38, and 39;
- (e) SEQ ID NOs: 13, 14, and 15 and SEQ ID NOs: 37, 40, and 39;
- (f) SEQ ID NOs: 16, 17, and 18 and SEQ ID NOs: 41, 42, and 43;
- (g) SEQ ID NOs: 19, 20, and 21 and SEQ ID NOs: 44, 45, and 46;
- (h) SEQ ID NOs: 19, 20, and 21 and SEQ ID NOs: 44, 47, and 46;
- (i) SEQ ID NOs: 22, 23, and 24 and SEQ ID NOs: 48, 49, and 50;

- (j) SEQ ID NOs: 22, 23, and 24 and SEQ ID NOs: 48, 51, and 50;
- (k) SEQ ID NOs: 25, 26, and 27 and SEQ ID NOs: 52, 53, and 54; and
- (l) variants of (a) to (k) comprising 1, 2, 3, or 4 conservative amino acid substitutions.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences that are at least 90% identical to polypeptide sequences selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) SEQ ID NO:55 and SEQ ID NO:72;
- (b) SEQ ID NO:56 and SEQ ID NO:73;
- (c) SEQ ID NO:57 and SEQ ID NO:74;
- (d) SEQ ID NO:58 and SEQ ID NO:74;
- (e) SEQ ID NO:59 and SEQ ID NO:75;
- (f) SEQ ID NO:60 and SEQ ID NO:76;
- (g) SEQ ID NO:61 and SEQ ID NO:77;
- (h) SEQ ID NO:62 and SEQ ID NO:78;
- (i) SEQ ID NO:63 and SEQ ID NO:79;
- (j) SEQ ID NO:64 and SEQ ID NO:80;
- (k) SEQ ID NO:65 and SEQ ID NO:81;
- (l) SEQ ID NO:66 and SEQ ID NO:82;
- (m) SEQ ID NO:67 and SEQ ID NO:83;
- (n) SEQ ID NO:68 and SEQ ID NO:84;
- (o) SEQ ID NO:69 and SEQ ID NO:85;
- (p) SEQ ID NO:70 and SEQ ID NO:86; and
- (q) SEQ ID NO:71 and SEQ ID NO:87.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises polypeptide sequences selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) SEQ ID NO:55 and SEQ ID NO:72;
- (b) SEQ ID NO:56 and SEQ ID NO:73;
- (c) SEQ ID NO:57 and SEQ ID NO:74;
- (d) SEQ ID NO:58 and SEQ ID NO:74;
- (e) SEQ ID NO:59 and SEQ ID NO:75;
- (f) SEQ ID NO:60 and SEQ ID NO:76;
- (g) SEQ ID NO:61 and SEQ ID NO:77;
- (h) SEQ ID NO:62 and SEQ ID NO:78;
- (i) SEQ ID NO:63 and SEQ ID NO:79;
- (j) SEQ ID NO:64 and SEQ ID NO:80;

- (k) SEQ ID NO:65 and SEQ ID NO:81;
- (l) SEQ ID NO:66 and SEQ ID NO:82;
- (m) SEQ ID NO:67 and SEQ ID NO:83;
- (n) SEQ ID NO:68 and SEQ ID NO:84;
- (o) SEQ ID NO:69 and SEQ ID NO:85;
- (p) SEQ ID NO:70 and SEQ ID NO:86; and
- (q) SEQ ID NO:71 and SEQ ID NO:87.

8. The method of any one of claims 1-7, wherein said antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof is resurfaced.

9. The method of any one of claims 1-8, wherein said antibody is capable of inducing antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC).

10. The method of any one of claims 1-9, wherein said antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises a Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, Fd, single chain Fv or scFv, disulfide linked Fv, V-NAR domain, IgNar, intrabody, IgGACH2, minibody, F(ab')₃, tetrabody, triabody, diabody, single-domain antibody, DVD-Ig, Fcab, mAb², (scFv)₂, or scFv-Fc.

11. The method of any one of claims 1-10, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is linked via a linker (L) to a cytotoxic agent (C) to form an immunoconjugate.

12. A method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising an immunoconjugate having the formula (A) - (L) - (C), wherein:

(A) is the antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof as defined in any one of claims 1-10;

(L) is a non-cleavable linker; and

(C) is a cytotoxic agent; and

wherein said linker (L) links (A) to (C).

13. A method for treating a patient having an autoimmune or inflammatory disease comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising an immunoconjugate having the formula (A) - (L) - (C), wherein:

(A) is the antibody or antigen binding fragment thereof as defined in any one of claims 1-10;

(L) is a linker; and

(C) is a maytansinoid; and

wherein said linker (L) links (A) to (C).

14. The method of claim 11 or 13, wherein said linker is selected from the group consisting of a cleavable linker, a non-cleavable linker, a hydrophilic linker, and a dicarboxylic acid based linker.

15. The method of any one of claims 11-14, wherein said linker is selected from the group consisting of: N-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio)pentanoate (SPP); N-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio)butanoate (SPDB) or N-succinimidyl 4-(2-pyridyldithio)-2-sulfobutanoate (sulfo-SPDB); N-succinimidyl 4-(maleimidomethyl) cyclohexanecarboxylate (SMCC); N-sulfosuccinimidyl 4-(maleimidomethyl) cyclohexanecarboxylate (sulfoSMCC); N-succinimidyl-4-(iodoacetyl)-aminobenzoate (SIAB); and N-succinimidyl-[(N-maleimidopropionamido)-tetraethyleneglycol] ester (NHS-PEG4-maleimide).

16. The method of claim 15, wherein said linker is SMCC.

17. The method of any one of claims 11, 12 and 14-16, wherein said cytotoxic agent (C) is selected from the group consisting of a maytansinoid, maytansinoid analog, doxorubicin, a modified doxorubicin, benzodiazepine, taxoid, CC-1065, CC-1065 analog, duocarmycin, duocarmycin analog, calicheamicin, dolastatin, dolastatin analog, auristatin, tomaymycin derivative, and leptomyacin derivative or a prodrug of the cytotoxic agent.

18. The method of claim 17, wherein said cytotoxic agent (C) is a maytansinoid.

19. The method of any one of claims 12, 13 and 18, wherein said cytotoxic agent (C) is N(2')-deacetyl-N(2')-(3-mercapto-1-oxopropyl)-maytansine (DM1) or N(2')-deacetyl-N(2')-(4-mercapto-4-methyl-1-oxopentyl)-maytansine (DM4).

20. The method of any one of claims 11-19, wherein the composition comprising an immunoconjugate comprises multiple cytotoxic agents (C) with an average of about 3 to about 4 (C) per (A).

21. The method of any one of claims 11-20, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment comprises the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:57 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:74, wherein (L) is SMCC, and wherein (C) is DM1.

22. The method of any one of claims 11-20, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment comprises the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:65 and the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:81, wherein (L) is SMCC, and wherein (C) is DM1.

23. The method of any one of claims 1-22, wherein said autoimmune or inflammatory disease is selected from the group consisting of rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, type I diabetes mellitus, idiopathic inflammatory myopathy, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), myasthenia gravis, Grave's

disease, dermatomyositis, polymyositis, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, gastritis, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, asthma, psoriasis, psoriatic arthritis, dermatitis, systemic scleroderma and sclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), respiratory distress syndrome, meningitis, encephalitis, uveitis, glomerulonephritis, eczema, atherosclerosis, leukocyte adhesion deficiency, Raynaud's syndrome, Sjögren's syndrome, Reiter's disease, Beheet's disease, immune complex nephritis, IgA nephropathy, IgM polyneuropathies, immune-mediated thrombocytopenias, acute idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, chronic idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, hemolytic anemia, myasthenia gravis, lupus nephritis, atopic dermatitis, pemphigus vulgaris, opsoclonus-myoclonus syndrome, pure red cell aplasia, mixed cryoglobulinemia, ankylosing spondylitis, hepatitis C-associated cryoglobulinemic vasculitis, chronic focal encephalitis, bullous pemphigoid, hemophilia A, membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis, adult and juvenile dermatomyositis, adult polymyositis, chronic urticaria, primary biliary cirrhosis, neuromyelitis optica, Graves' dysthyroid disease, bullous pemphigoid, membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, juvenile onset diabetes, hemolytic anemia, atopic dermatitis, systemic sclerosis, Sjögren's syndrome and glomerulonephritis, dermatomyositis, anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibody (ANCA), aplastic anemia, autoimmune hemolytic anemia (AIHA), factor VIII deficiency, hemophilia A, autoimmune neutropenia, Castleman's syndrome, Goodpasture's syndrome, solid organ transplant rejection, graft versus host disease (GVHD), autoimmune hepatitis, lymphoid interstitial pneumonitis, HIV, bronchiolitis obliterans (non-transplant), Guillain-Barre Syndrome, large vessel vasculitis, giant cell (Takayasu's) arteritis, medium vessel vasculitis, Kawasaki's Disease, polyarteritis nodosa, Wegener's granulomatosis, Osler's syndrome, chronic renal failure, acute infectious mononucleosis, HIV and herpes virus associated diseases.

24. The method of any one of claims 1-22, wherein said autoimmune or inflammatory disease is selected from the group consisting of multiple sclerosis, diabetes mellitus, and rheumatoid arthritis.

Date: 30 December 2015

Figure 1

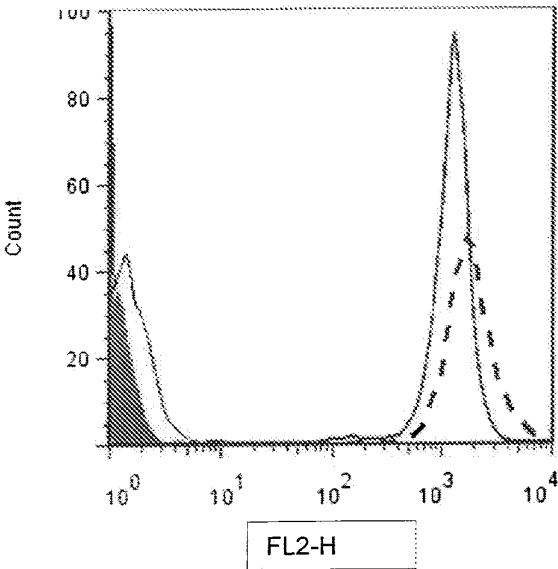


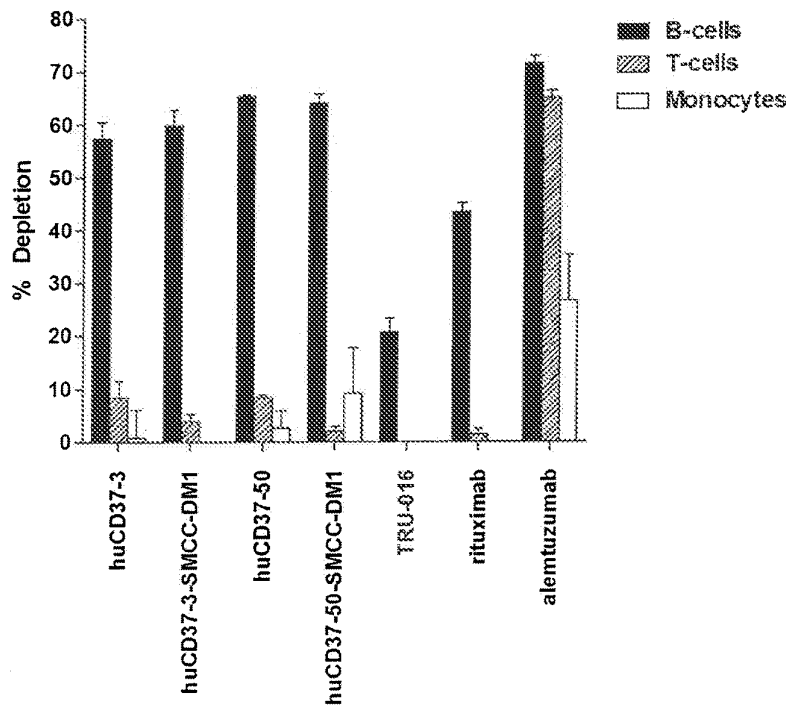
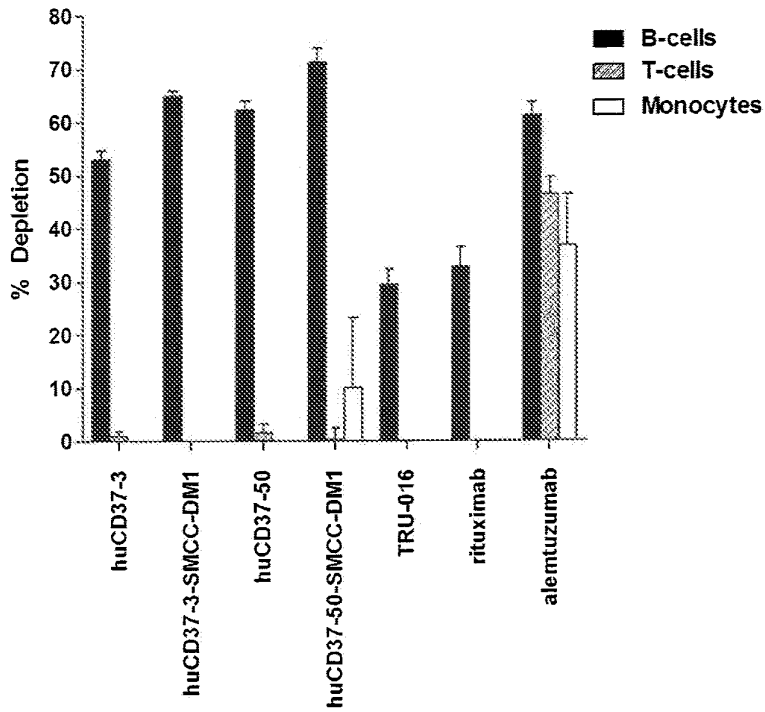
Figure 2**A****B**

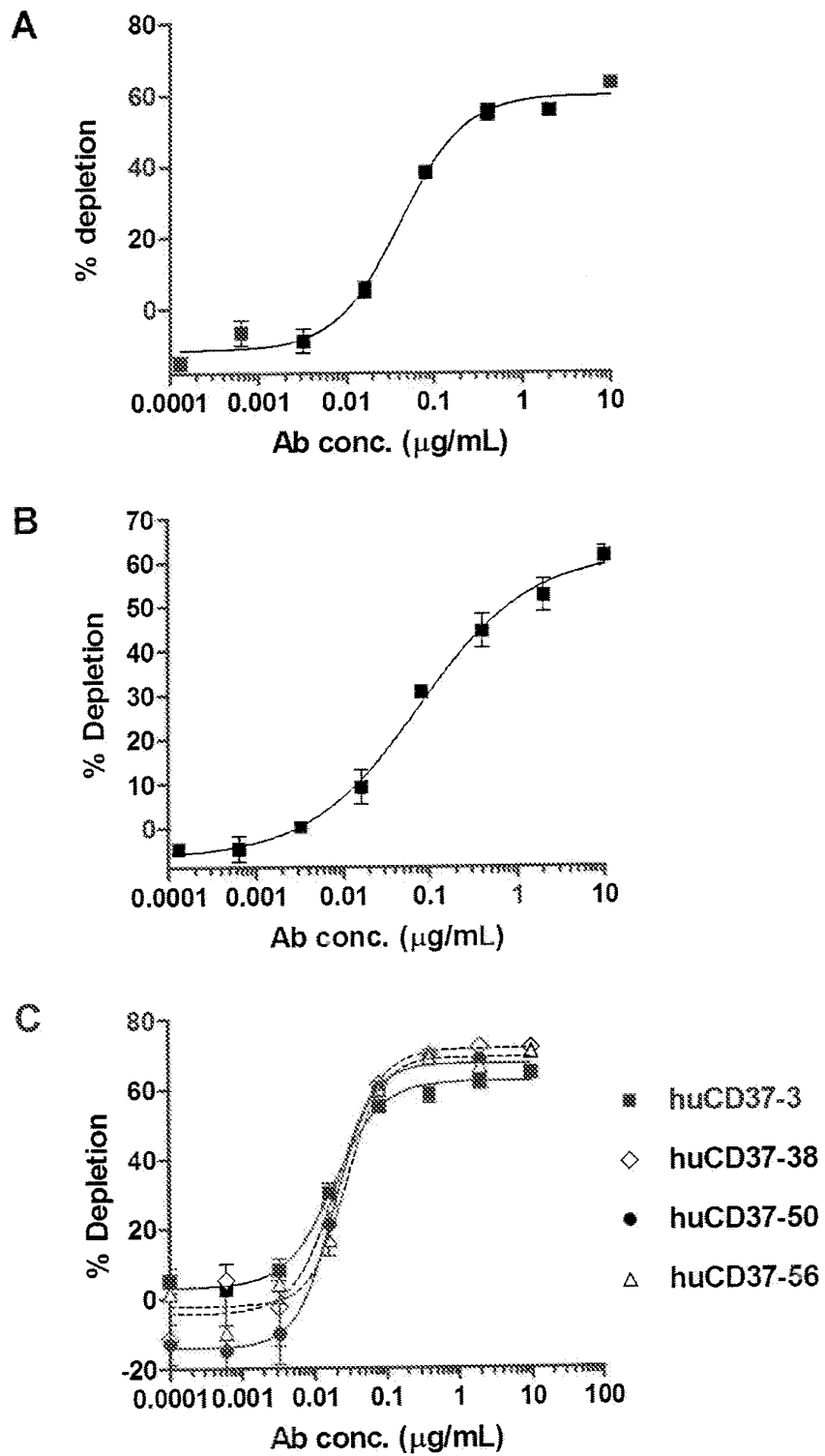
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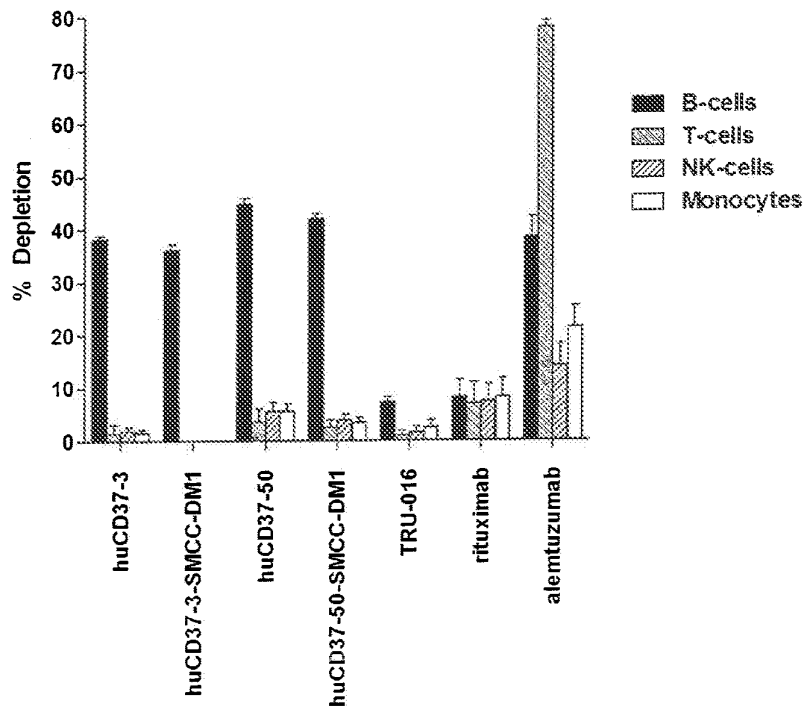
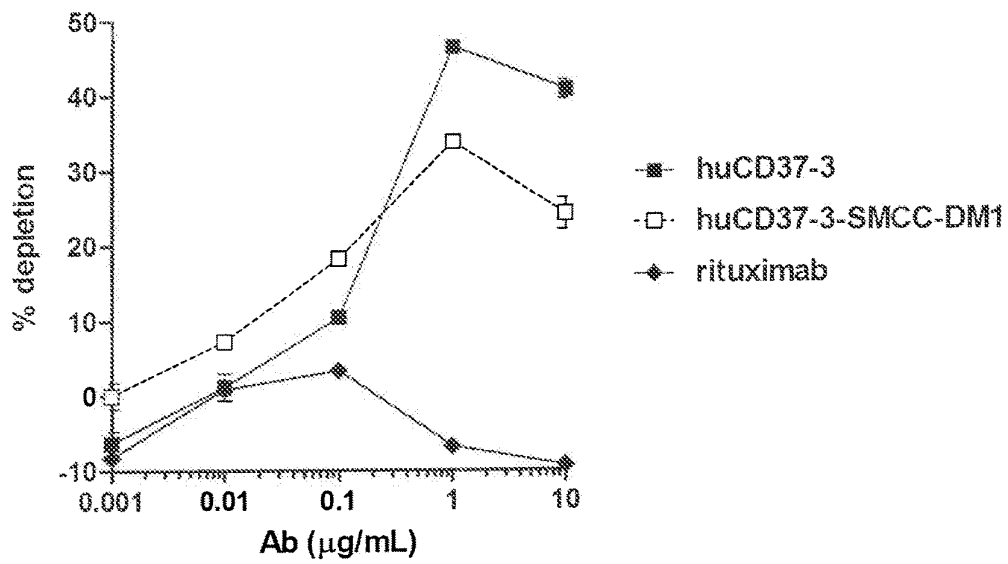
Figure 4

Figure 5

A



B

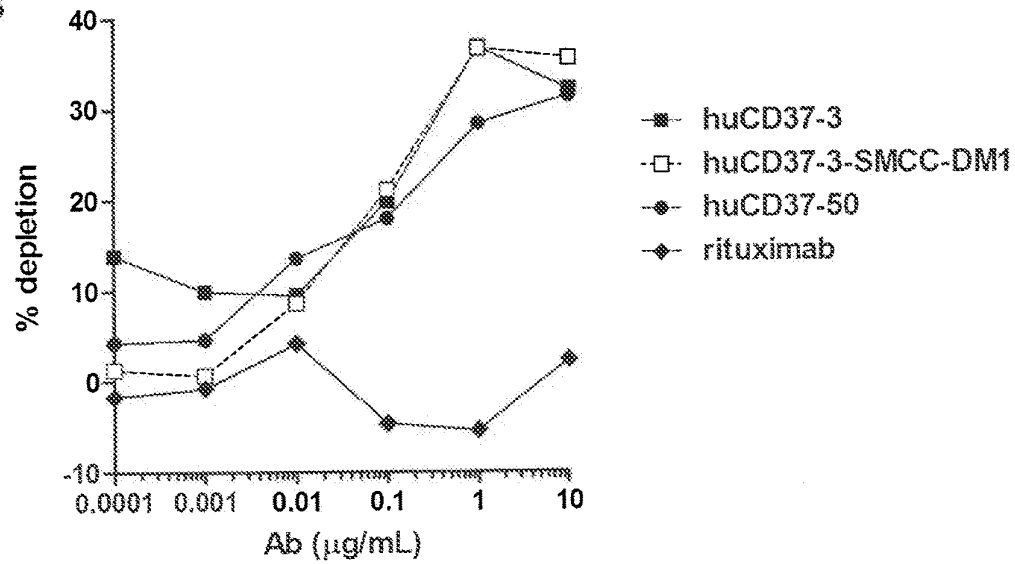


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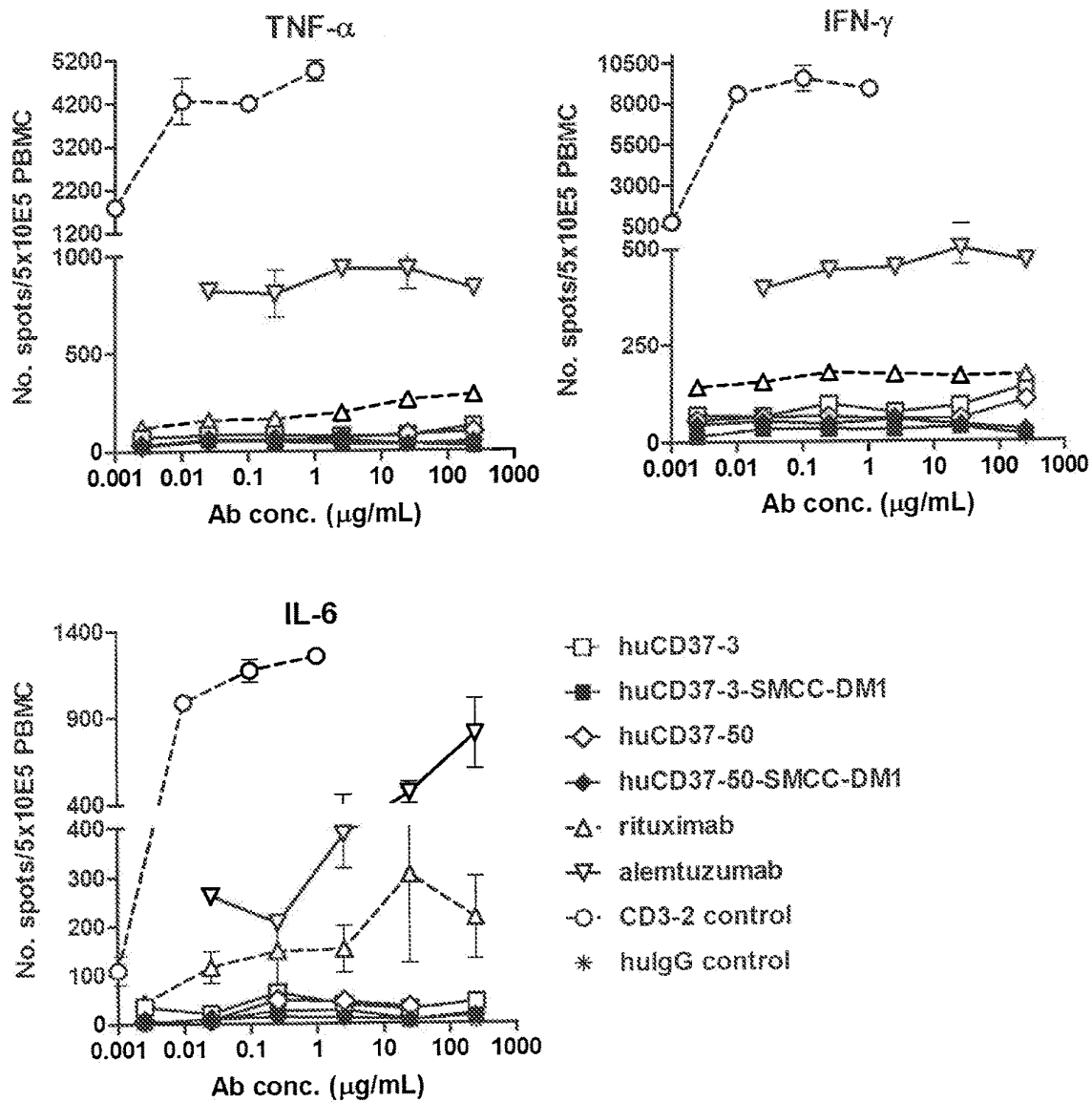


Figure 7

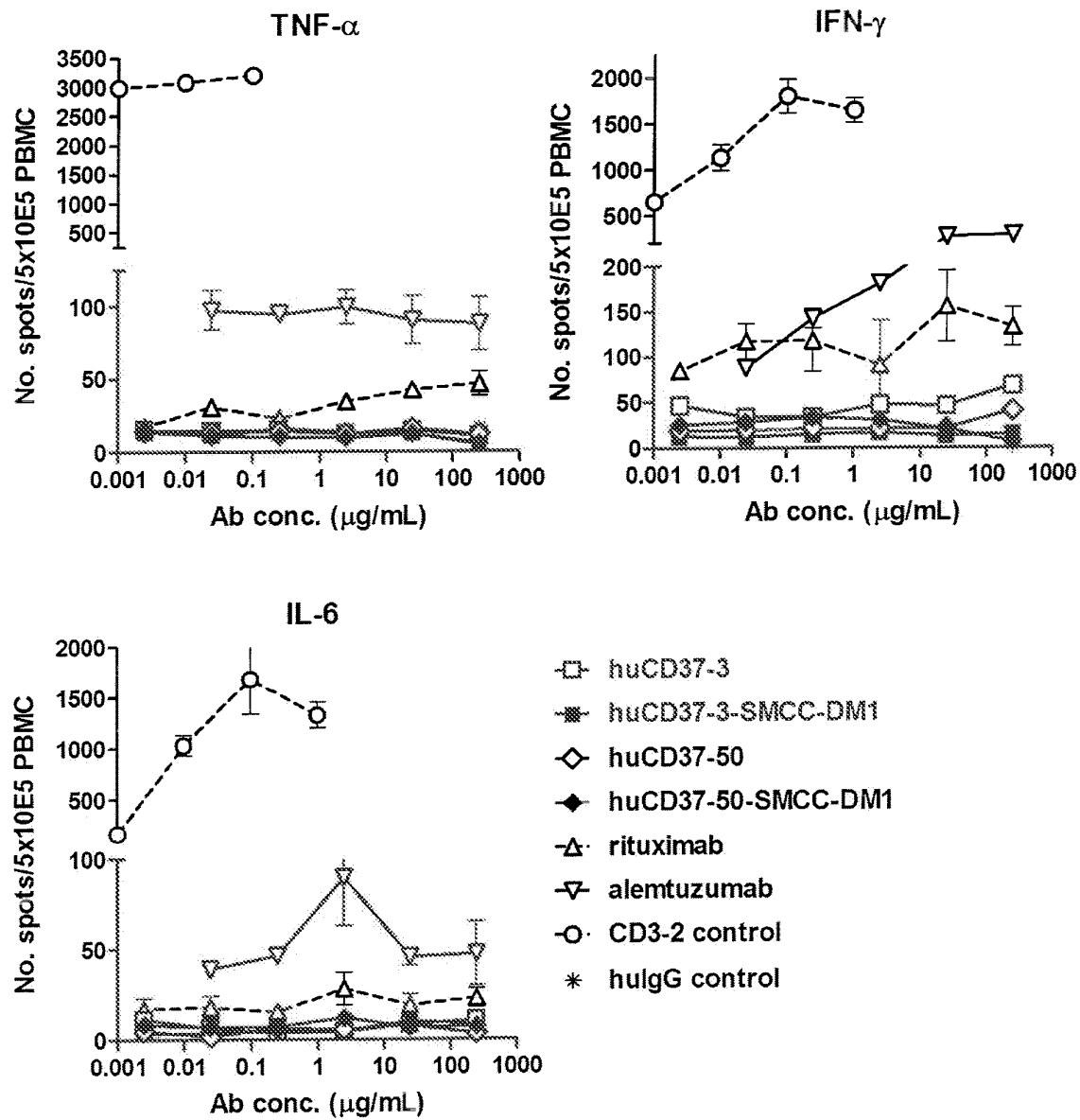


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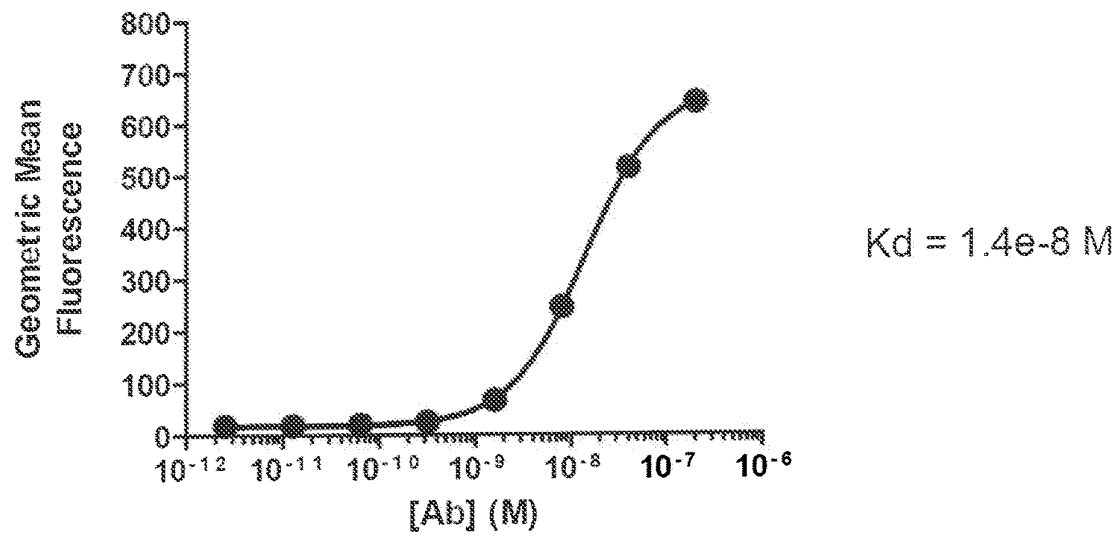
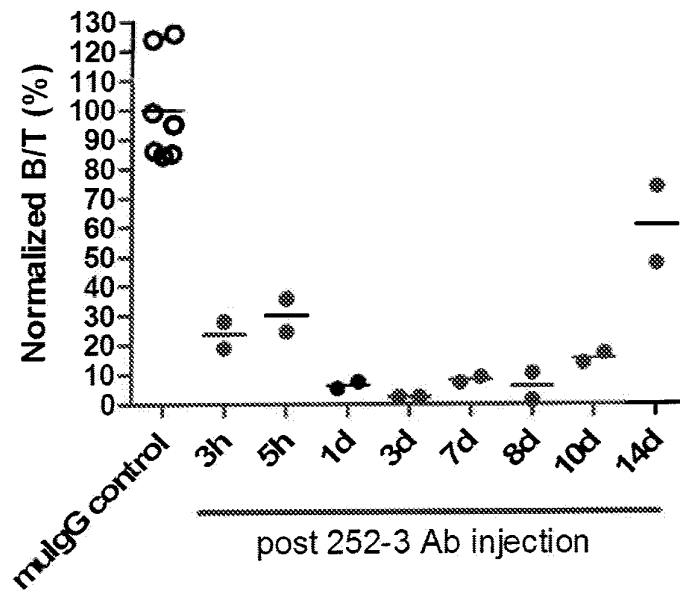


Figure 9

A



B

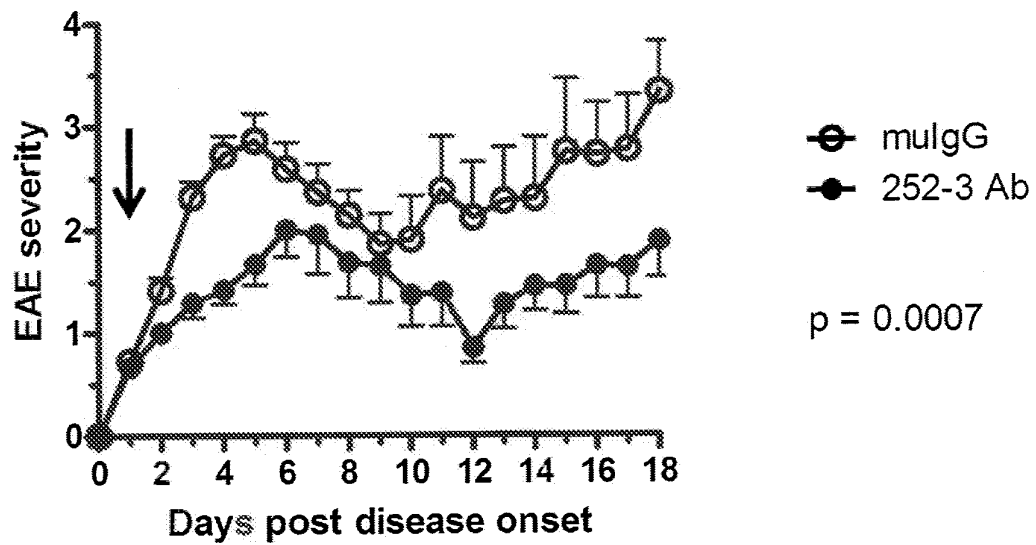
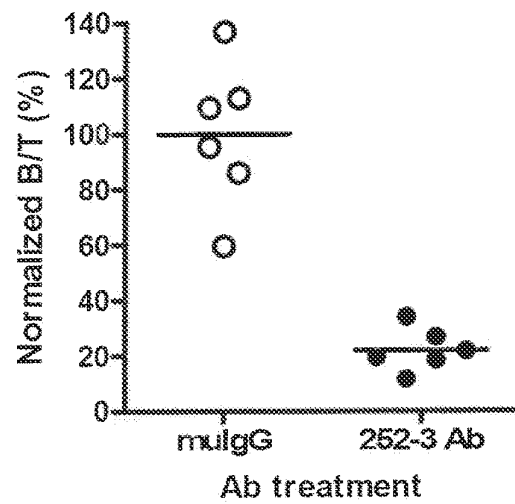


Figure 10

A



B

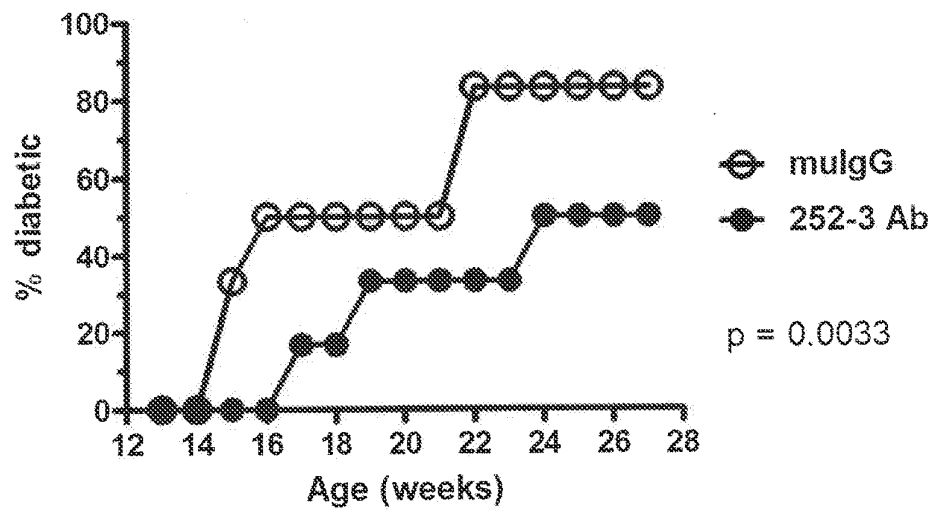
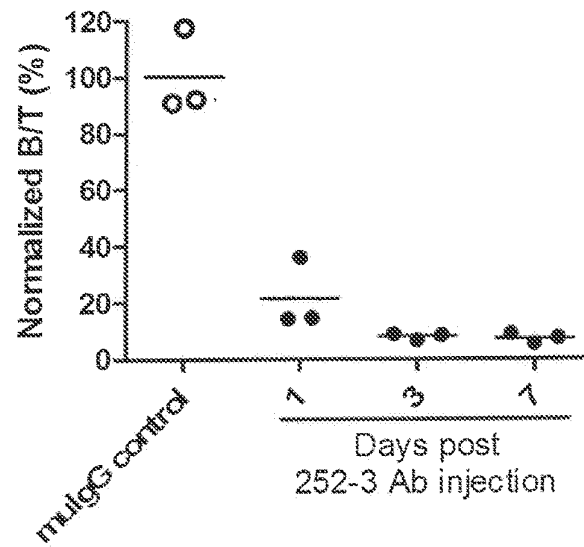
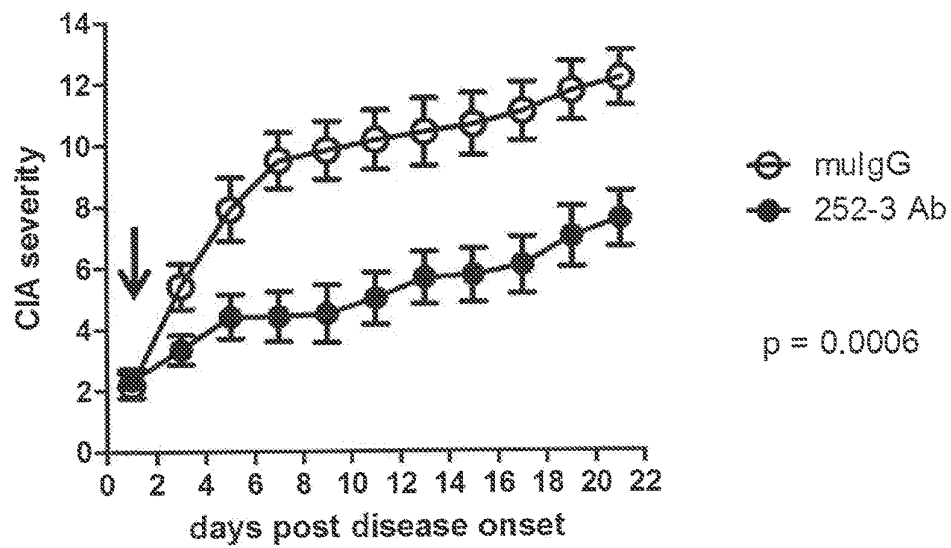


Figure 11

A



B



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Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val
 1 5

<210> 15
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-50 VH-CDR3

<400> 15

Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr
 1 5 10

<210> 16
 <211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-51 VH-CDR1

<400> 16

Ser Gly Phe Ala Trp His
 1 5

<210> 17
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-51 VH-CDR2

<400> 17

Tyr Ile His Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Asn

1 5

<210> 18
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-51 VH-CDR3

<400> 18

Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr
 1 5 10

<210> 19
 <211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-56 VH-CDR1

<400> 19

Ser Gly Phe Ala Trp His
 1 5

<210> 20
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-56 VH-CDR2

<400> 20

Tyr Ile His Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn
 1 5

<210> 21
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-56 VH-CDR3

<400> 21

Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr

1 5 10

<210> 22
 <211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-57 VH-CDR1

<400> 22

Ser Gly Phe Ala Trp His
 1 5

<210> 23
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-57 VH-CDR2

<400> 23

Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val
 1 5

<210> 24
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CD37-57 VH-CDR3

<400> 24

Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr
 1 5 10

<210> 25
 <211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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<220>
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<222> (4)..(4)
 <223> X is A or G

<400> 25

Ser Gly Phe Xaa Trp His
 1 5

<210> 26
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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<220>
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 <222> (3)..(3)
 <223> X is L or H

<220>
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 <222> (7)..(7)
 <223> X is G or S

<220>
 <221> MISC_FEATURE
 <222> (9)..(9)
 <223> X is D, V or N

<400> 26

Tyr Ile Xaa Tyr Ser Gly Xaa Thr Xaa
 1 5

<210> 27
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CONSENSUS VH-CDR3

<220>
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 <222> (5)..(5)
 <223> X is Y or F

<220>
 <221> MISC_FEATURE
 <222> (10)..(10)

<223> X is V or A

<400> 27

Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Xaa	Gly	Ala	Trp	Phe	Xaa	Tyr
1				5					10	

<210> 28

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-3 VL-CDR1

<400> 28

Arg	Ala	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ile	Arg	Ser	Asn	Leu	Ala
1				5					10	

<210> 29

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-3 VL-CDR2

<400> 29

Val	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Asp
1				5		

<210> 30

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-3 VL-CDR3

<400> 30

Gln	His	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Thr	Thr	Trp	Thr
1				5				

<210> 31

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-12 VL-CDR1

<400> 31

Arg	Ala	Ser	Gln	Ser	Val	Ser	Thr	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Tyr
1				5					10					15

<210> 32

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-12 VL-CDR2

<400> 32

Tyr	Ala	Ser	Asn	Leu	Ala	Ser
1				5		

<210> 33

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-12 VL-CDR3

<400> 33

Gln	His	Ser	Trp	Glu	Ile	Pro	Tyr	Thr
1				5				

<210> 34

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-38 VL-CDR1

<400> 34

Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Tyr	Met	His
1				5					10

<210> 35

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-38 VL-CDR2

<400> 35

Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ser
1				5		

<210> 36

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-38 VL-CDR3

<400> 36

Gln	Gln	Trp	Ile	Ser	Asn	Pro	Pro	Thr
1				5				

<210> 37

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-50 VL-CDR1

<400> 37

Ser	Ala	Thr	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Tyr	Met	His
1				5					10

<210> 38

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-50 VL-CDR2

<400> 38

Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Pro	Tyr
1				5		

<210> 39

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-50 VL-CDR3

<400> 39

Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
1 5

<210> 40

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Humanized CD37-50 VL-CDR2

<400> 40

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Pro Tyr
1 5

<210> 41

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-51 VL-CDR1

<400> 41

Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met His
1 5 10

<210> 42

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-51 VL-CDR2

<400> 42

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser
1 5

<210> 43

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-51 VL-CDR3

<400> 43

Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
1 5

<210> 44

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-56 VL-CDR1

<400> 44

Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met His
1 5 10

<210> 45

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-56 VL-CDR2

<400> 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser
1 5

<210> 46

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-56 VL-CDR3

<400> 46

Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asp Pro Pro Thr
1 5

<210> 47

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Humanized CD37-56 VL-CDR2

<400> 47

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser
1 5

<210> 48

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-57 VL-CDR1

<400> 48

Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met His
1 5 10

<210> 49

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-57 VL-CDR2

<400> 49

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser
1 5

<210> 50

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CD37-57 VL-CDR3

<400> 50

Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
1 5

<210> 51

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Humanized CD37-57 VL-CDR2

<400> 51

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser
1 5

<210> 52

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CONSENSUS VL-CDR1

<220>

<221> MISC_FEATURE

<222> (3)..(3)

<223> X is T or S

<400> 52

Ser Ala Xaa Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met His
1 5 10

<210> 53

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> CONSENSUS VL-CDR2

<220>

<221> MISC_FEATURE

<222> (4)..(4)

<223> X is K or N

<220>

<221> MISC_FEATURE

<222> (6)..(6)

<223> X is A or P

<220>

<221> MISC_FEATURE

<222> (7)..(7)

<223> X is S or Y

<400> 53

Asp Thr Ser Xaa Leu Xaa Xaa
1 5

<210> 54
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> CONSENSUS VL-CDR3

<220>
 <221> MISC_FEATURE
 <222> (4)..(4)
 <223> X is I or S

<220>
 <221> MISC_FEATURE
 <222> (5)..(5)
 <223> X is S or D

<220>
 <221> MISC_FEATURE
 <222> (6)..(6)
 <223> X is N or D

<400> 54

Gln Gln Trp Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Thr
 1 5

<210> 55
 <211> 115
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-3

<400> 55

Gln Val Gln Val Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Gly Val Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu
 35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Gly Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr His Ser Ala Leu Lys
 50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Lys Asp His Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Leu
65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Gln Thr Asp Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Ala
85 90 95

Lys Gly Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ala His Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr
100 105 110

Val Ser Ala
115

<210> 56
<211> 115
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-3

<400> 56

Gln Val Gln Val Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser
20 25 30

Gly Val Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu
35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Gly Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr His Ser Ala Leu Lys
50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Lys Asp His Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Leu
65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Gln Thr Asp Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Ala
85 90 95

Lys Gly Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ala His Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr
100 105 110

Val Ser Ala
115

<210> 57
<211> 115
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD37-3v1.0

<400> 57

Gln Val Gln Val Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser
20 25 30

Gly Val Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu
35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Gly Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr His Pro Ser Leu Lys
50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Lys Asp His Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Leu
65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Ala
85 90 95

Lys Gly Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ala His Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr
100 105 110

Val Ser Ser
115

<210> 58
<211> 115
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD37-3v1.1

<400> 58

Gln Val Gln Val Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser
20 25 30

Gly Val Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu
35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Gly Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr His Ser Ser Leu Lys
50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Lys Asp His Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Leu
65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Ala
85 90 95

Lys Gly Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ala His Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr
100 105 110

Val Ser Ser
115

<210> 59
<211> 115
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-12

<400> 59

Gln Ile Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Pro Glu Leu Lys Lys Pro Gly Glu
1 5 10 15

Thr Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Lys Tyr
20 25 30

Gly Met Asn Trp Val Lys Gln Ala Gln Gly Lys Gly Leu Lys Trp Met
35 40 45

Gly Trp Ile Asn Thr Asn Thr Gly Glu Ser Arg Asn Ala Glu Glu Phe
50 55 60

Lys Gly Arg Phe Ala Phe Ser Leu Glu Thr Ser Ala Ser Thr Ala Tyr
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Ile Asn Asn Leu Lys Tyr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Phe Cys
85 90 95

Gly Arg Gly Thr Val Val Ala Asp Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr
100 105 110

Val Ser Ser
115

<210> 60
<211> 115
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-12

<400> 60

Gln Ile Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Pro Glu Leu Lys Lys Pro Gly Glu
1 5 10 15

Thr Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Lys Tyr
20 25 30

Gly Met Asn Trp Val Lys Gln Ala Gln Gly Lys Gly Leu Lys Trp Met
35 40 45

Gly Trp Ile Asn Thr Asn Thr Gly Glu Ser Arg Asn Ala Glu Glu Phe
50 55 60

Lys Gly Arg Phe Ala Phe Ser Leu Glu Thr Ser Ala Ser Thr Ala Tyr
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Ile Asn Asn Leu Lys Tyr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Phe Cys
85 90 95

Gly Arg Gly Thr Val Val Ala Asp Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr
100 105 110

Val Ser Ser
115

<210> 61
<211> 120
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-38

<400> 61

Asp Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Gly Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Ala Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asp Tyr Asn Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Arg Leu Ser Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala
115 120

<210> 62
<211> 120
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-38

<400> 62

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
 20 25 30

Phe Gly Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
 35 40 45

Met Ala Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asp Tyr Asn Pro Ser Leu
 50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
 65 70 75 80

Leu Arg Leu Ser Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
 85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala
 115 120

<210> 63
 <211> 120
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-38

<400> 63

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
 20 25 30

Phe Gly Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp
 35 40 45

Met Ala Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asp Tyr Asn Pro Ser Leu
 50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Arg Leu Ser Ser Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser
115 120

<210> 64
<211> 120
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-50

<400> 64

Asp Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn His Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala
 115 120

<210> 65
 <211> 120
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-50

<400> 65

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
 20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln His Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
 35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
 50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn His Phe Phe
 65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
 85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala
 115 120

<210> 66
 <211> 120
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-51

<400> 66

Asp Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Ser Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile His Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Ser Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala
115 120

<210> 67
<211> 120
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD37-51

<400> 67

Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Pro Glu Val Leu Lys Pro Gly Glu
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Ser Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile His Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Gln Gly Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Ser Ser Ile Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Ala Ser Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala
115 120

<210> 68
<211> 120
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-56

<400> 68

Asp Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile His Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Asn Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Val Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Pro Val Ser Ala
 115 120

<210> 69
 <211> 120
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-56

<400> 69

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
 20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp
 35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile His Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Asn Pro Ser Leu
 50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Val Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
 65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
 85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Pro Val Ser Ala
 115 120

<210> 70
 <211> 120
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-57

<400> 70

Asp Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala
115 120

<210> 71
<211> 120
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD37-57

<400> 71

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala
115 120

<210> 72
<211> 108
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-3

<400> 72

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Val Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Thr Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Glu Asn Ile Arg Ser Asn
20 25 30

Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Gln Gly Lys Ser Pro Gln Leu Leu Val
35 40 45

Asn Val Ala Thr Asn Leu Ala Asp Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly
50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Gln Tyr Ser Leu Lys Ile Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser
65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Phe Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Tyr Trp Gly Thr Thr Trp
85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
100 105

<210> 73
 <211> 108
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> chCD37-3

<400> 73

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Val Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Thr Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Glu Asn Ile Arg Ser Asn
 20 25 30

Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Gln Gly Lys Ser Pro Gln Leu Leu Val
 35 40 45

Asn Val Ala Thr Asn Leu Ala Asp Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Gln Tyr Ser Leu Lys Ile Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser
 65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Phe Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Tyr Trp Gly Thr Thr Trp
 85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 74
 <211> 108
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-3 (1.0 and 1.1)

<400> 74

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Val Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Glu Asn Ile Arg Ser Asn
 20 25 30

Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Val
 35 40 45

Asn Val Ala Thr Asn Leu Ala Asp Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Tyr Ser Leu Lys Ile Asn Ser Leu Gln Pro
 65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Phe Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Tyr Trp Gly Thr Thr Trp
 85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 75
 <211> 112
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-12

<400> 75

Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Val Ser Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15

Gln Arg Ala Thr Ile Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Ser Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Leu Tyr Trp Phe Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro
 35 40 45

Lys Leu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Ala Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala
 50 55 60

Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile His
 65 70 75 80

Pro Val Glu Glu Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Ser Trp
 85 90 95

Glu Ile Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105 110

<210> 76
 <211> 112
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> chCD37-12

<400> 76

Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Val Ser Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15

Gln Arg Ala Thr Ile Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Ser Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Leu Tyr Trp Phe Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro
 35 40 45

Lys Leu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Ala Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala
 50 55 60

Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile His
 65 70 75 80

Pro Val Glu Glu Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Ser Trp
 85 90 95

Glu Ile Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105 110

<210> 77
 <211> 107
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-38

<400> 77

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 78

<211> 107

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> chCD37-38

<400> 78

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 79
 <211> 107
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-38

<400> 79

Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 80
 <211> 107
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-50

<400> 80

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Pro Tyr Gly Val Pro Gly Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
100 105

<210> 81
<211> 107
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD37-50

<400> 81

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Pro Tyr Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 82
 <211> 107
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-51

<400> 82

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Asn Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 83
 <211> 107
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-51

<400> 83

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
100 105

<210> 84
<211> 107
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-56

<400> 84

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Phe Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Asp Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Thr Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asp Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 85
 <211> 107
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-56

<400> 85

Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Phe Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Asp Gln Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asp Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 86
 <211> 107
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-57

<400> 86

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 87
 <211> 107
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-57

<400> 87

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Arg Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 88
 <211> 445
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-3

<400> 88

Gln Val Gln Val Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Gly Val Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu
 35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Gly Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr His Ser Ala Leu Lys
 50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Lys Asp His Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Leu
 65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Gln Thr Asp Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Ala
 85 90 95

Lys Gly Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ala His Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr
 100 105 110

Val Ser Ala Ala Lys Thr Thr Ala Pro Ser Val Tyr Pro Leu Ala Pro
 115 120 125

Val Cys Gly Asp Thr Thr Gly Ser Ser Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val
 130 135 140

Lys Gly Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Leu Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ser
145 150 155 160

Leu Ser Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Asp Leu
165 170 175

Tyr Thr Leu Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Val Thr Ser Ser Thr Trp Pro Ser
180 185 190

Gln Ser Ile Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val
195 200 205

Asp Lys Lys Ile Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro
210 215 220

Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile
225 230 235 240

Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile
245 250 255

Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln
260 265 270

Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln
275 280 285

Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu
290 295 300

Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys
305 310 315 320

Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys
325 330 335

Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro
340 345 350

Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr
355 360 365

Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys
 370 375 380

Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly
 385 390 395 400

Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val
 405 410 415

Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn
 420 425 430

His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys
 435 440 445

<210> 89
 <211> 445
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> chCD37-3

<400> 89

Gln Val Gln Val Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Gly Val Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu
 35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Gly Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr His Ser Ala Leu Lys
 50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Lys Asp His Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Leu
 65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Gln Thr Asp Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Ala
 85 90 95

Lys Gly Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ala His Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr
 100 105 110

Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro
 115 120 125

Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val
 130 135 140

Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala
 145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly
 165 170 175

Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly
 180 185 190

Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys
 195 200 205

Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys
 210 215 220

Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu
 225 230 235 240

Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 245 250 255

Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys
 260 265 270

Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys
 275 280 285

Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu
 290 295 300

Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys
 305 310 315 320

Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys
 325 330 335

Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser
340 345 350

Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys
355 360 365

Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln
370 375 380

Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly
385 390 395 400

Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln
405 410 415

Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn
420 425 430

His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
435 440 445

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<210> 90
<211> 444
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> huCD37-3v1.0

 $\langle 400 \rangle$ 90

Gln Val Gln Val Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser
20 25 30

Gly Val Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu
35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Gly Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr His Pro Ser Leu Lys
50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Lys Asp His Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Leu
65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Ala
85 90 95

Lys Gly Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ala His Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr
100 105 110

Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro
115 120 125

Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val
130 135 140

Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala
145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly
165 170 175

Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly
180 185 190

Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys
195 200 205

Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys
210 215 220

Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu
225 230 235 240

Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
245 250 255

Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys
260 265 270

Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys
275 280 285

Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu
 290 295 300

Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys
 305 310 315 320

Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys
 325 330 335

Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser
 340 345 350

Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys
 355 360 365

Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln
 370 375 380

Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly
 385 390 395 400

Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln
 405 410 415

Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn
 420 425 430

His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly
 435 440

<210> 91
 <211> 444
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-3v1.1

<400> 91

Gln Val Gln Val Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Gly Val Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu
 35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Gly Asp Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr His Ser Ser Leu Lys
 50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Lys Asp His Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Leu
 65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Ala
 85 90 95

Lys Gly Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ala His Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr
 100 105 110

Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro
 115 120 125

Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val
 130 135 140

Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala
 145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly
 165 170 175

Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly
 180 185 190

Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys
 195 200 205

Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys
 210 215 220

Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu
 225 230 235 240

Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 245 250 255

Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys
 260 265 270

Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys
 275 280 285

Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu
 290 295 300

Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys
 305 310 315 320

Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys
 325 330 335

Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser
 340 345 350

Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys
 355 360 365

Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln
 370 375 380

Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly
 385 390 395 400

Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln
 405 410 415

Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn
 420 425 430

His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly
 435 440

<210> 92

<211> 445

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD37-12

<400> 92

Gln	Ile	Gln	Leu	Val	Gln	Ser	Gly	Pro	Glu	Leu	Lys	Lys	Pro	Gly	Glu
1				5					10					15	

Thr	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Thr	Lys	Tyr
			20					25					30		

Gly	Met	Asn	Trp	Val	Lys	Gln	Ala	Gln	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Lys	Trp	Met
		35					40					45			

Gly	Trp	Ile	Asn	Thr	Asn	Thr	Gly	Glu	Ser	Arg	Asn	Ala	Glu	Glu	Phe
	50					55					60				

Lys	Gly	Arg	Phe	Ala	Phe	Ser	Leu	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Ala	Tyr
65					70					75					80

Leu	Gln	Ile	Asn	Asn	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Cys
			85						90					95	

Gly	Arg	Gly	Thr	Val	Val	Ala	Asp	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Thr	Leu	Thr
			100					105					110		

Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Lys	Thr	Thr	Ala	Pro	Ser	Val	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro
		115					120					125			

Val	Cys	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val
	130					135					140				

Lys	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser
145					150					155					160

Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Asp	Leu
				165					170					175	

Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr	Trp	Pro	Ser
			180					185					190		

Gln	Ser	Ile	Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Ala	His	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Lys	Val
		195					200					205			

Asp Lys Lys Ile Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro
 210 215 220

Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile
 225 230 235 240

Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile
 245 250 255

Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln
 260 265 270

Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln
 275 280 285

Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu
 290 295 300

Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys
 305 310 315 320

Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys
 325 330 335

Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro
 340 345 350

Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr
 355 360 365

Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys
 370 375 380

Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly
 385 390 395 400

Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val
 405 410 415

Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn
 420 425 430

His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys
435 440 445

<210>	93
<211>	445
<212>	PRT
<213>	Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-12

<400> 93

Gln Ile Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Pro Glu Leu Lys Lys Pro Gly Glu
1 5 10 15

Thr Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Lys Tyr
20 25 30

Gly Met Asn Trp Val Lys Gln Ala Gln Gly Lys Gly Leu Lys Trp Met
35 40 45

Gly Trp Ile Asn Thr Asn Thr Gly Glu Ser Arg Asn Ala Glu Glu Phe
50 55 60

Lys Gly Arg Phe Ala Phe Ser Leu Glu Thr Ser Ala Ser Thr Ala Tyr
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Ile Asn Asn Leu Lys Tyr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Phe Cys
85 90 95

Gly Arg Gly Thr Val Val Ala Asp Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr
100 105 110

Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro
		115					120					125			

Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val
130 135 140

Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala
145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly
165 170 175

Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly
180 185 190

Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys
195 200 205

Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys
210 215 220

Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu
225 230 235 240

Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
245 250 255

Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys
260 265 270

Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys
275 280 285

Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu
290 295 300

Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys
305 310 315 320

Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys
325 330 335

Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser
340 345 350

Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys
355 360 365

Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln
370 375 380

Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly
385 390 395 400

Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln
405 410 415

Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn
420 425 430

His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
435 440 445

<210>	94
<211>	444
<212>	PRT
<213>	Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-38

<400> 94

Asp Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Gly Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Ala Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asp Tyr Asn Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Arg Leu Ser Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Val
115 120 125

Tyr	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asn	Ser	Met	Val	Thr
	130					135					140				
Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Thr
145					150					155					160
Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val
				165					170					175	
Leu	Glu	Ser	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser
			180					185					190		
Ser	Met	Arg	Pro	Ser	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Ala	His	Pro	Ala
		195					200					205			
Ser	Ser	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ile	Val	Pro	Arg	Asp	Cys	Gly	Cys
	210					215					220				
Lys	Pro	Cys	Ile	Cys	Thr	Val	Pro	Glu	Val	Ser	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe
225					230					235					240
Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Thr	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Lys	Val
				245					250					255	
Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Ile	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe
			260					265					270		
Ser	Trp	Phe	Val	Asp	Asp	Val	Glu	Val	His	Thr	Ala	Gln	Thr	Gln	Pro
		275					280					285			
Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr	Phe	Arg	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Leu	Pro
	290					295					300				
Ile	Met	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Lys	Cys	Arg	Val
305					310					315					320
Asn	Ser	Ala	Ala	Phe	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Thr
				325					330					335	
Lys	Gly	Arg	Pro	Lys	Ala	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Pro	Pro	Pro	Lys
			340					345					350		

Glu Gln Met Ala Lys Asp Lys Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Ile Thr Asp
355 360 365

Phe Phe Pro Glu Asp Ile Thr Val Glu Trp Gln Trp Asn Gly Gln Pro
370 375 380

Ala Glu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Gln Pro Ile Met Asn Thr Asn Gly Ser
385 390 395 400

Tyr Phe Val Tyr Ser Lys Leu Asn Val Gln Lys Ser Asn Trp Glu Ala
405 410 415

Gly Asn Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Val Leu His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His
420 425 430

His Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser His Ser Pro Gly Lys
435 440

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<210> 95
<211> 449
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> chCD37-38

<400> 95

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Gly Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Ala Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asp Tyr Asn Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Arg Leu Ser Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
 115 120 125

Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
 130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
 145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
 165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
 180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
 195 200 205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
 210 215 220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
 225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
 245 250 255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
 260 265 270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
 290 295 300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
325 330 335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
355 360 365

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
435 440 445

Gly

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<210> 96
<211> 449
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> huCD37-38

<400> 96

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe	Gly	Trp	His	Trp	Ile	Arg	Gln	Phe	Pro	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp	35	40	45	
Met	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Pro	Ser	Leu	50	55	60	
Lys	Ser	Arg	Ile	Ser	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys	Asn	Gln	Phe	Phe	65	70	75	80
Leu	Arg	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Thr	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	85	90	95	
Ala	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Trp	Phe	Val	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	100	105	110	
Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	115	120	125	
Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	130	135	140	
Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	145	150	155	160
Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	165	170	175	
Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	180	185	190	
Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val	Asn	His	Lys	195	200	205	
Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Lys	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp	210	215	220	
Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	225	230	235	240
Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	245	250	255	

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
 260 265 270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
 290 295 300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
 325 330 335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
 340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
 355 360 365

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
 370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
 385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
 405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
 420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
 435 440 445

Gly

<210> 97
 <211> 450
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD37-50

<400> 97

Asp	Val	Gln	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ser	Gly	Pro	Asp	Leu	Leu	Lys	Pro	Ser	Gln
1				5					10					15	

Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Thr	Val	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Thr	Ser	Gly
			20					25					30		

Phe	Ala	Trp	His	Trp	Ile	Arg	Gln	Phe	Pro	Gly	Asn	Lys	Leu	Glu	Trp
		35					40					45			

Met	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Thr	Val	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Ser	Leu
	50					55					60				

Lys	Ser	Arg	Ile	Ser	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys	Asn	His	Phe	Phe
65					70					75					80

Leu	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ser	Val	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys
			85						90					95	

Ala	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Trp	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln
			100					105					110		

Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala	Lys	Thr	Thr	Ala	Pro	Ser	Val
		115					120					125			

Tyr	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Val	Cys	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr
	130					135					140				

Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr
145					150					155					160

Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val
				165					170					175	

Leu	Gln	Ser	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser
			180					185					190		

Ser	Thr	Trp	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ile	Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Ala	His	Pro	Ala
		195					200					205			

Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Ile Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile
 210 215 220

Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly
 225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile
 245 250 255

Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp
 260 265 270

Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285

Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg
 290 295 300

Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
 325 330 335

Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr
 340 345 350

Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu
 355 360 365

Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp
 370 375 380

Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val
 385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu
 405 410 415

Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His
 420 425 430

Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro
435 440 445

Gly Lys
450

<210>	98
<211>	449
<212>	PRT
<213>	Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD37-50

<400> 98

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln His Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn His Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
115 120 125

Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
195 200 205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
210 215 220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
245 250 255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
260 265 270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
275 280 285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
290 295 300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
305 310 315 320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
325 330 335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
355 360 365

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
 370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
 385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
 405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
 420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
 435 440 445

Gly

<210> 99
 <211> 450
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-51

<400> 99

Asp Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Ser Ser Gly
 20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
 35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile His Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Asn Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
 50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Ser Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
 65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
 85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Gly Ala Trp Phe Val Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Lys Thr Thr Ala Pro Ser Val
 115 120 125

Tyr Pro Leu Ala Pro Val Cys Gly Asp Thr Thr Gly Ser Ser Val Thr
 130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Leu Thr
 145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ser Leu Ser Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
 165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Asp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Val Thr Ser
 180 185 190

Ser Thr Trp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ile Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala
 195 200 205

Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Ile Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile
 210 215 220

Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly
 225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile
 245 250 255

Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp
 260 265 270

Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285

Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg
 290 295 300

Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
325 330 335

Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr
340 345 350

Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu
355 360 365

Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp
370 375 380

Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val
385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu
405 410 415

Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His
420 425 430

Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro
435 440 445

Gly Lys
450

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<210> 100
<211> 449
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> huCD37-51

 $\langle 400 \rangle$ 100

Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Pro Glu Val Leu Lys Pro Gly Glu
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Ser Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe	Ala	Trp	His	Trp	Ile	Arg	Gln	Phe	Pro	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp
	35						40					45			
Met	Gly	Tyr	Ile	His	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Ser	Leu
	50					55					60				
Gln	Gly	Arg	Ile	Ser	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ile	Asn	Gln	Phe	Phe
65					70					75					80
Leu	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ser	Val	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys
				85					90					95	
Ala	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Gly	Ala	Trp	Phe	Val	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln
			100					105					110		
Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val
		115					120					125			
Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala
	130					135					140				
Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser
145					150					155					160
Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val
				165					170					175	
Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro
			180					185					190		
Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val	Asn	His	Lys
		195					200					205			
Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Lys	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp
	210					215					220				
Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly
225					230					235					240
Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile
				245					250					255	

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
 260 265 270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
 290 295 300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
 325 330 335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
 340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
 355 360 365

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
 370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
 385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
 405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
 420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
 435 440 445

Gly

<210> 101
 <211> 444
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD37-56

<400> 101

Asp	Val	Gln	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ser	Gly	Pro	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	Pro	Ser	Gln
1				5					10					15	

Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Thr	Val	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Thr	Ser	Gly
			20					25					30		

Phe	Ala	Trp	His	Trp	Ile	Arg	Gln	Phe	Pro	Gly	Asn	Lys	Leu	Glu	Trp
		35					40					45			

Met	Gly	Tyr	Ile	His	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Pro	Ser	Leu
	50					55						60			

Lys	Ser	Arg	Val	Ser	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys	Asn	Gln	Phe	Phe
65					70					75					80

Leu	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ser	Val	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys
			85						90					95	

Ala	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Gly	Ala	Trp	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln
			100					105					110		

Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Pro	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Ser	Val
		115					120					125			

Tyr	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asn	Ser	Met	Val	Thr
	130					135					140				

Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Thr
145					150					155					160

Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val
				165					170					175	

Leu	Glu	Ser	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser
			180					185					190		

Ser	Met	Arg	Pro	Ser	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Ala	His	Pro	Ala
		195					200					205			

Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Ile Val Pro Arg Asp Cys Gly Cys
 210 215 220

Lys Pro Cys Ile Cys Thr Val Pro Glu Val Ser Ser Val Phe Ile Phe
 225 230 235 240

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Val Leu Thr Ile Thr Leu Thr Pro Lys Val
 245 250 255

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Ile Ser Lys Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe
 260 265 270

Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Pro
 275 280 285

Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Ser Val Ser Glu Leu Pro
 290 295 300

Ile Met His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Arg Val
 305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Ala Ala Phe Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr
 325 330 335

Lys Gly Arg Pro Lys Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Ile Pro Pro Pro Lys
 340 345 350

Glu Gln Met Ala Lys Asp Lys Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Ile Thr Asp
 355 360 365

Phe Phe Pro Glu Asp Ile Thr Val Glu Trp Gln Trp Asn Gly Gln Pro
 370 375 380

Ala Glu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Gln Pro Ile Met Asn Thr Asn Gly Ser
 385 390 395 400

Tyr Phe Val Tyr Ser Lys Leu Asn Val Gln Lys Ser Asn Trp Glu Ala
 405 410 415

Gly Asn Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Val Leu His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His
 420 425 430

His Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser His Ser Pro Gly Lys
 435 440

<210> 102
 <211> 449
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-56

<400> 102

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
 20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp
 35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile His Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Tyr Asn Pro Ser Leu
 50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Val Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
 65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
 85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Pro Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
 115 120 125

Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
 130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
 145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
195 200 205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
210 215 220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
245 250 255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
260 265 270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
275 280 285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
290 295 300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
305 310 315 320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
325 330 335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
355 360 365

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
 385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
 405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
 420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
 435 440 445

Gly

<210> 103
 <211> 450
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-57

<400> 103

Asp Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
 20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Asn Lys Leu Glu Trp
 35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
 50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
 65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
 85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Lys Thr Thr Ala Pro Ser Val
 115 120 125

Tyr Pro Leu Ala Pro Val Cys Gly Asp Thr Thr Gly Ser Ser Val Thr
 130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Leu Thr
 145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ser Leu Ser Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
 165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Asp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Val Thr Ser
 180 185 190

Ser Thr Trp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ile Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala
 195 200 205

Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Ile Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile
 210 215 220

Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly
 225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile
 245 250 255

Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp
 260 265 270

Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285

Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg
 290 295 300

Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
 325 330 335

Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr
340 345 350

Val	Leu	Pro	Pro	Pro	Glu	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Lys	Gln	Val	Thr	Leu
		355					360					365			

Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp
370 375 380

Thr	Asn	Asn	Gly	Lys	Thr	Glu	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Thr	Glu	Pro	Val
385					390					395					400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu
405 410 415

Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His
420 425 430

Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro
435 440 445

Gly Lys
450

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<210> 104
<211> 449
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> huCD37-57

$\langle 400 \rangle$ 104

Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Ser Gly
20 25 30

Phe Ala Trp His Trp Ile Arg Gln Phe Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp
35 40 45

Met Gly Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Ser Pro Ser Leu
50 55 60

Lys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ile Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Phe Phe
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ala Trp Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
115 120 125

Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
195 200 205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
210 215 220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
245 250 255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
260 265 270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
 290 295 300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
 325 330 335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
 340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
 355 360 365

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
 370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
 385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
 405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
 420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
 435 440 445

Gly

<210> 105
 <211> 214
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-3

<400> 105

Asp	Ile	Gln	Met	Thr	Gln	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Val	Ser	Val	Gly
1				5					10					15	

Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Ile	Thr	Cys	Arg	Ala	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ile	Arg	Ser	Asn
			20					25					30		

Leu	Ala	Trp	Tyr	Gln	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gly	Lys	Ser	Pro	Gln	Leu	Leu	Val
		35					40					45			

Asn	Val	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Asp	Gly	Val	Pro	Ser	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly
	50					55					60				

Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ile	Asn	Ser	Leu	Gln	Ser
65					70					75				80	

Glu	Asp	Phe	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Gln	His	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Thr	Thr	Trp
				85					90					95	

Thr	Phe	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ile	Lys	Arg	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ala
			100					105					110		

Pro	Thr	Val	Ser	Ile	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Ser	Glu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly
		115					120					125			

Gly	Ala	Ser	Val	Val	Cys	Phe	Leu	Asn	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Lys	Asp	Ile
	130					135					140				

Asn	Val	Lys	Trp	Lys	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gln	Asn	Gly	Val	Leu
145					150					155					160

Asn	Ser	Trp	Thr	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Met	Ser
				165					170					175	

Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Thr	Lys	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Arg	His	Asn	Ser	Tyr
			180					185					190		

Thr	Cys	Glu	Ala	Thr	His	Lys	Thr	Ser	Thr	Ser	Pro	Ile	Val	Lys	Ser
		195					200					205			

Phe	Asn	Arg	Asn	Glu	Cys
	210				

<210> 106
 <211> 214
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> chCD37-3

<400> 106

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Val Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Thr Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Glu Asn Ile Arg Ser Asn
 20 25 30

Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Gln Gly Lys Ser Pro Gln Leu Leu Val
 35 40 45

Asn Val Ala Thr Asn Leu Ala Asp Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Gln Tyr Ser Leu Lys Ile Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser
 65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Phe Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Tyr Trp Gly Thr Thr Trp
 85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala
 100 105 110

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly
 115 120 125

Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala
 130 135 140

Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln
 145 150 155 160

Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser
 165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr
 180 185 190

Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser
 195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
 210

<210> 107
 <211> 214
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-3 (1.0 and 1.1)

<400> 107

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Val Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Glu Asn Ile Arg Ser Asn
 20 25 30

Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Val
 35 40 45

Asn Val Ala Thr Asn Leu Ala Asp Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Tyr Ser Leu Lys Ile Asn Ser Leu Gln Pro
 65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Phe Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Tyr Trp Gly Thr Thr Trp
 85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala
 100 105 110

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly
 115 120 125

Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala
 130 135 140

Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln
 145 150 155 160

Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser
 165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr
 180 185 190

Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser
 195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
 210

<210> 108

<211> 218

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD37-12

<400> 108

Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Val Ser Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15

Gln Arg Ala Thr Ile Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Ser Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Leu Tyr Trp Phe Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro
 35 40 45

Lys Leu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Ala Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala
 50 55 60

Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile His
 65 70 75 80

Pro Val Glu Glu Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Ser Trp
 85 90 95

Glu Ile Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
100 105 110

Ala Asp Ala Ala Pro Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln
115 120 125

Leu Thr Ser Gly Gly Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr
130 135 140

Pro	Lys	Asp	Ile	Asn	Val	Lys	Trp	Lys	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gln
145					150					155					160

Asn Gly Val Leu Asn Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr
165 170 175

Tyr Ser Met Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg
180 185 190

His Asn Ser Tyr Thr Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro
195 200 205

Ile Val Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
210 215

<210>	109
<211>	218
<212>	PRT
<213>	Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-12

<400> 109

Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Val Ser Leu Gly
1 5 10 15

Gln Arg Ala Thr Ile Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Ser Thr Ser
20 25 30

Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Leu Tyr Trp Phe Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro
35 40 45

Lys Leu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Ala Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala
50 55 60

Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile His
65 70 75 80

Pro Val Glu Glu Glu Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Ser Trp
85 90 95

Glu Ile Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg
100 105 110

Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln
115 120 125

Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr
130 135 140

Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser
145 150 155 160

Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr
165 170 175

Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys
180 185 190

His Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro
195 200 205

Val Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210 215

<210> 110

<211> 213

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD37-38

<400> 110

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala Pro
100 105 110

Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Gly Gly
115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile Asn
130 135 140

Val Lys Trp Lys Ile Asp Gly Ser Glu Arg Gln Asn Gly Val Leu Asn
145 150 155 160

Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Met Ser Ser
165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg His Asn Ser Tyr Thr
180 185 190

Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ile Val Lys Ser Phe
195 200 205

Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
210

<210> 111

<211> 213

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> chCD37-38

<400> 111

Gln	Ile	Val	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ile	Met	Ser	Ala	Ser	Pro	Gly
1				5					10					15	

Glu	Lys	Val	Thr	Met	Thr	Cys	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Tyr	Met
			20					25					30		

His	Trp	Tyr	Gln	Gln	Lys	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ser	Pro	Lys	Arg	Trp	Ile	Tyr
		35					40					45			

Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly	Val	Pro	Ala	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly	Gly
	50					55					60				

Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser	Met	Glu	Ala	Glu
65					70					75					80

Asp	Ala	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Gln	Gln	Trp	Ile	Ser	Asn	Pro	Pro	Thr
				85					90					95	

Phe	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ile	Lys	Arg	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala	Pro
			100					105						110	

Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ser	Gly	Thr
		115					120					125			

Ala	Ser	Val	Val	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Arg	Glu	Ala	Lys
	130					135					140				

Val	Gln	Trp	Lys	Val	Asp	Asn	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu
145					150					155					160

Ser	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	Asp	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser
				165					170					175	

Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Lys	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Lys	His	Lys	Val	Tyr	Ala
			180					185					190		

Cys	Glu	Val	Thr	His	Gln	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Val	Thr	Lys	Ser	Phe
		195					200					205			

Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

<210> 112
<211> 213
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD37-38

<400> 112

Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro
100 105 110

Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr
115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys
130 135 140

Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu
145 150 155 160

Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser
165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala
180 185 190

Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe
195 200 205

Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

<210>	113
<211>	213
<212>	PRT
<213>	Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-50

<400> 113

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Pro Tyr Gly Val Pro Gly Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala Pro
100 105 110

Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Gly Gly
115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile Asn
 130 135 140

Val Lys Trp Lys Ile Asp Gly Ser Glu Arg Gln Asn Gly Val Leu Asn
 145 150 155 160

Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Met Ser Ser
 165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg His Asn Ser Tyr Thr
 180 185 190

Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ile Val Lys Ser Phe
 195 200 205

Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
 210

<210> 114
 <211> 213
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-50

<400> 114

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Pro Tyr Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro
100 105 110

Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr
115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys
130 135 140

Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu
145 150 155 160

Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser
165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala
180 185 190

Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe
195 200 205

Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

<210> 115
<211> 213
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-51

<400> 115

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Asn Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala Pro
 100 105 110

Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Gly Gly
 115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile Asn
 130 135 140

Val Lys Trp Lys Ile Asp Gly Ser Glu Arg Gln Asn Gly Val Leu Asn
 145 150 155 160

Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Met Ser Ser
 165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg His Asn Ser Tyr Thr
 180 185 190

Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ile Val Lys Ser Phe
 195 200 205

Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
 210

<210> 116
 <211> 213
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-51

<400> 116

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro
100 105 110

Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr
115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys
130 135 140

Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu
145 150 155 160

Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser
165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala
180 185 190

Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe
195 200 205

Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

<210> 117
 <211> 213
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-56

<400> 117

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Phe Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Asp Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Thr Met Glu Ala Glu
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asp Pro Pro Thr
 85 90 95

Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala Pro
 100 105 110

Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Gly Gly
 115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile Asn
 130 135 140

Val Lys Trp Lys Ile Asp Gly Ser Glu Arg Gln Asn Gly Val Leu Asn
 145 150 155 160

Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Met Ser Ser
 165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg His Asn Ser Tyr Thr
 180 185 190

Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ile Val Lys Ser Phe
195 200 205

Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
210

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<210> 118
<211> 213
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> huCD37-56

<400> 118

Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Phe Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Asp Gln Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ile Ser Asp Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro
100 105 110

Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr
115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys
130 135 140

Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu
145 150 155 160

Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser
165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala
180 185 190

Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe
195 200 205

Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

<210> 119
<211> 213
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-57

<400> 119

Gln Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr
35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala Pro
100 105 110

Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Gly Gly
 115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile Asn
 130 135 140

Val Lys Trp Lys Ile Asp Gly Ser Glu Arg Gln Asn Gly Val Leu Asn
 145 150 155 160

Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Met Ser Ser
 165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg His Asn Ser Tyr Thr
 180 185 190

Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ile Val Lys Ser Phe
 195 200 205

Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
 210

<210> 120
 <211> 213
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-57

<400> 120

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Met
 20 25 30

His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Arg Arg Trp Ile Tyr
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr
85 90 95

Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Pro
100 105 110

Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr
115 120 125

Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys
130 135 140

Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu
145 150 155 160

Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser
165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr Ala
180 185 190

Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe
195 200 205

Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

<210> 121
<211> 345
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-3

<400> 121
caggtgcagg tgaaggagtc aggacctggc ctggtggcgc cctcacagag cctgtccatt
60

acatgcactg tctcagggtt ctcatataacc acctctggtg taagctgggt tcgccagcct
120

ccaggaaagg gtctggagtg gctgggagta atatggggtg acgggagcac aaactatcat
180

tcagctctca aatccagact gagcatcaag aaggatcact ccaagagcca agttttctta
240

aaactgaaca gtctgcaaac tgatgacaca gccacgtact actgtgccaa aggaggctac
300

tcgttggtc actggggcca agggactctg gtcacagtct ctgca
345

<210> 122

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> chCD37-3

<400> 122

aagcttgcca ccatggctgt cctggcactg ctctctgcc tggtagacata cccaagctgt
60

gtcctatcac aggtgcaggt gaaggagtca ggacctggcc tggtagcgcc ctacagagc
120

ctgtccatta catgcactgt ctcagggttc tcattaacca cctctggtgt aagctgggtt
180

cgccagcctc caggaaagg tctggagtgg ctgggagtaa tatggggtga cgggagcaca
240

aaactatcatt cagctctcaa atccagactg agcatcaaga aggatcactc caagagccaa
300

gttttcttaa aactgaacag tctgcaaact gatgacacag ccacgtacta ctgtgccaaa
360

ggaggctact cgttggctca ctggggccaa gggactctgg tcacagtctc tgcagcctct
420

acgaagggcc c
431

<210> 123

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-3v1.0

<400> 123

aagcttgcca ccatggggtg gagctgcatt attctgtttc tggtagggcac cgccaccggt
60

gtgcactcac aagtccaagt ccaagaatct ggtccaggtc tggtagggccc ttcccaaact
120

ctgagcatca cctgtaccgt ttctgggtttt agccttacca cctctggtgt gagttgggta
180

cgccaaccac ccggttaaggg tctcgaatgg ctgggtgtaa tctgggggtga tggttccaca
240

aattaccatc cttccctcaa gtcccgctt agcatcaaaa aggatcacag caaaagtcaa
300

gttttcctga aactgaatag tctgacagca gccgatacag ccacctacta ttgcgccaag
360

ggtggttata gtcttgacac ctgggggtcaa ggtaccctcg ttaccgtctc ctgagctagt
420

accaagggcc c
431

<210> 124

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-3v1.1

<400> 124

aagcttgcca ccatgggctg gagctgtatc attctgtttc tggtagggcac agctactggg
60

gtccactccc aagtgcaggc acaagagtcc gggcctggat tggtaggcacc aagccagacc
120

ctctctatca cttgtaccgt tagcgggttc tctctgacaa ccagtggagt gagttgggtg
180

aggcagccac caggaaaggg actggagtgg ctgggggtga tttggggcga cggcagcaca
240

aactatcatt ccagtcttaa atctcggttg tccattaaaa aagaccatag taaatctcaa
300

gttttcctga aactcaatag cctgacagcc gcagacactg ctacgtatta ctgcgcaaaa
360

ggaggatata gtctggctca ctggggacag gggaccctgg tgaccgtgtc atccgcatca
420

acaaagggcc c
431

<210> 125
<211> 345
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-12

<400> 125
cagatccagt tggatgcagtc tggacctgag ctgaagaagc ctggagagac agtcaagatc
60

tcctgcaagg cttctgggta taccttcaca aagtatggaa tgaactgggt gaagcaggct
120

caaggaaagg gtttaaagtg gatgggctgg ataaacacca aactggaga gtcaagaaat
180

gctgaagaat tcaagggacg gttgccttc tctttggaaa cctctgccag cactgcctat
240

ttgcagatca acaacctcaa atatgaggac acggctacat atttctgtgg aaggggcacg
300

gtagtagcgg actggggcca aggcaccact ctcacagtct cctca
345

<210> 126
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-12

<400> 126
aagcttgcca ccatggggtg gtcatgcata atcctctttc tggtcgctac tgctaccggt
60

gtgcactcac agattcagct ggttcaaagt ggcccagagc tgaaaaagcc aggggaaaca
120

gtgaaaataa gttgcaaggc atccggttac actttcacia agtacggcat gaactgggtc
180

aagcaggccc agggcaaggg gctcaaatgg atgggttga tcaataccaa cactggcgag
240

tctaggaatg ctgaggagtt taagggccgg tttgccttca gcctggagac aagtgccagc
300

acagcttacc tgcaaataca caatctgaag tatgaggata cagcaaccta tttctgcggc
360

cgcggcactg tcgttgcaga ctggggacaa ggtaccacct tgactgtatc cagtgccagc
420

actaagggcc c
431

<210> 127
<211> 360
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-38

<400> 127
gatgtgcagc ttcaggagtc aggacctgac ctggtgaaac cttctcagtc actttcactc
60

acctgcactg tcactggcta ctccatcacc agtggttttg gctggcactg gatccggcag
120

tttccaggaa acaagctgga atggatggcc tacatactct acagtgggtgg cactgactac
180

aacccatctc tcaaaagtcg aatctctatc actcgagaca cttccaagaa ccagttcttc
240

ctgcggttga gttctgtgac tactgaggac acagccacat attactgtgc aagaggctac
300

tatggttacg gggcctgggt tgtttactgg ggccaaggga ctctgggtcac tgtctctgca
360

<210> 128
<211> 446
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-38

<400> 128
aagcttgcca ccatgggctg gagttgtatc attctgtttt tgggtggccac cgccactgga
60

gtccattccc aagtgcaact ccaggaatct ggccctgacc tggttaagcc atctcagagc
120

ctctccctga cctgcactgt tacaggatac tcaatcacat caggcttttg ctggcactgg
180

atcagacaat ttcccgggaa caagttggaa tggatggctt acattctgta tagcgggggt
240

accgattaca atccttccct caagagccga atctctatca ccagggatac aagcaagaac
300

caattttttc tccgcctcag ctctgtgact accgaagata ccgctactta ctattgtgcc
360

aggggctact atggatatgg tgcattggctt gtctattggg gccaggggaac cctgggtgact
420

gtgagcgctg cctctaccaa gggccc
446

<210> 129

<211> 446

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-38

<400> 129

aagcttgcca ccatgggttg gagctgcatc attcttttcc tggtcgctac tgcaactgga
60

gtccactcac aggtccagct gcaagagtcc ggtcctgggc ttgtgaaacc cagccagtcc
120

ctcagtctca cctgtactgt ctctggctac tctattacca gtgggttcgg ctggcattgg
180

attaggcagt ttcccggtaa ggggctggag tggatggcat atatcctgta cagcggagga
240

accgattaca acccaagtct gaagagcagg atcagcatta cccgggacac aagcaaaaac
300

cagtttttcc ttcggtctgtc tagtggttaca gctgcagaca ccgctactta ctattgtgct
360

cgggggttact atggctatgg ggcttggttt gtgtattggg gacaaggcac tcttgtgacc
420

gtgagcagcg cctcaacaaa gggccc
446

<210> 130

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD37-50

<400> 130

gatgtgcagc ttcaggagtc aggacctgac ctgttgaaac cttctcagtc actttcactc
60

acctgcactg tcactggcta ctccatcacc agtggttttg cctggcactg gatccggcag
120

tttccaggaa acaaactgga atggatgggc tacatactct acagtggtag cactgtctac
180

agcccatctc tcaaaagtcg aatctctatc actcgagaca catccaagaa ccacttcttc
240

ctgcagttga attctgtgac tactgaggac acagccacat attactgtgc aagagggtac
300

tatggttacg gcgcctgggt tgcttactgg ggccaaggga ctctgggtcac tgtctctgca
360

<210> 131

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD37-51

<400> 131

gatgtgcagc ttcaggagtc aggacctgac ctgttgaaac cttctcagtc actttcactc
60

acctgcactg tcactggcta ctccatctcc agtggttttg cctggcactg gatccggcag
120

tttccaggaa acaaactgga atggatgggc tacatacact acagtggtag cactaactac
180

agcccatctc tcaaaagtcg aatctctatc actcgagact catccaagaa ccagttcttc
240

ctgcagttga attctgtgac tactgaggac acagccacat attactgtgc aagaggatac
300

tatggtttcg gcgcctgggt tgtttactgg ggccaaggga ctctgggtcac tgtctctgca
360

<210> 132

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> muCD37-56

<400> 132

gatgtgcagc ttcaggagtc aggacctgac ctggtgaaac cttctcagtc actttcactc
60

acctgcactg tcactggcta ctccatcacc agtggttttg cctggcactg gatccggcag
120

tttccaggaa acaaactgga atggatgggc tacatacact acagtgggtg cactaactac
180

aacccatctc tcaaaagtcg agtctctatc actcgagaca catccaagaa ccagttcttc
240

ctgcagttga attctgtgac tactgaggac acagccacat attactgtgc aagaggctac
300

tatggtttcg gggcctggtt tgcttactgg ggccaaggga ctctgggtccc tgtctctgca
360

<210> 133

<211> 446

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-56

<400> 133

aagcttgcca ccatggggtg gagctgcatt atcctgttcc tcgtcgccac cgcaaccggc
60

gtccactccc aggtgcagct gcaagaaagc gggccaggat tggtaaaacc ttcccagtct
120

ctgagtctta cttgtaccgt atctggatac agtatcacat ctggcttcgc ctggcattgg
180

attcgccagt ttcccggcaa ggggcttgag tggatggggt atattcatta ttctggaggt
240

accaactaca acccttccct gaagagtcga gtctcaatta ccagggacac ttccaagaac
300

caattctttt tgcagcttaa ttcagtgacc gctgccgaca ccgctactta ctactgcgcc
360

cggggctact atgggttttg tgcttggttc gcctactggg gccaggggac cctggtgccc
420

gtgtctgctg cctccacaaa gggccc
446

<210> 134
 <211> 360
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-57

<400> 134
 gatgtgcagc ttcaggagtc aggacctgac ctgttgaaac cttctcagtc actttcactc
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 acctgcactg tcactggcta ctccatcacc agtggttttg cctggcactg gatccggcag
 120
 tttccaggaa acaaactgga atggatgggc tacatactct acagtggtag cactgtctac
 180
 agcccatctc tcaaaagtcg aatctctatc actcgagaca catccaagaa ccagttcttc
 240
 ctgcagttga attctgtgac tactgaggac acagccacat attactgtgc aagagggtag
 300
 tatggttacg gcgcctgggt tgcttactgg ggccaaggga ctctgggtcac tgtctctgca
 360

<210> 135
 <211> 446
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-57

<400> 135
 aagcttgcca ccatgggctg gagctgcac attctgtttc tgggtggccac agcaactggc
 60
 gttcacagtc aagtccaact gcaggagagc ggccccggac tcctgaaacc atctcagtca
 120
 ctcagtctga catgtactgt gagcggctac agcattacct caggcttcgc ttggcattgg
 180
 atcaggcagt tccccggaaa aggtctggag tggatggggt acattctgta cagcggcagt
 240
 acagtgtatt caccctcctt gaaatctagg atatcaatca cacgtgatac aagcaaaaat
 300
 cagttcttcc tccagctgaa ctccgtcacc gccgcagaca cagcaaccta ttattgtgct
 360

cgcggtact acggatatgg cgcatgggtc gcctattggg gccaggggac actcgtgacc
420

gtttccgccg cctccacaaa gggccc
446

<210> 136
<211> 324
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-3

<400> 136
gacatccaga tgactcagtc tccagcctcc ctttctgtat ctgtgggaga aactgtcacc
60

atcacatgtc gagcaagtga gaatattcgc agtaatttag catggtatca gcagaaacag
120

ggaaaatctc ctgagctcct ggtcaatggt gcaacaaact tagcagatgg tgtgccatca
180

aggttcagtg gcagtggatc aggcacacag tattccctca agatcaacag cctgcagtct
240

gaagattttg ggacttatta ctgtcaacat tattggggta ctacgtggac gttcggtgga
300

ggcaccaagc tggaaatcaa acgt
324

<210> 137
<211> 399
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-3

<400> 137
gaattcgcca ccatgagtggt gccactcag gtcctgggggt tgctgctgct gtggcttaca
60

gatgccagat gtgacatcca gatgactcag tctccagcct ccctttctgt atctgtggga
120

gaaactgtca ccatcacatg tcgagcaagt gagaatattc gcagtaattt agcatgggtat
180

cagcagaaac agggaaaatc tcctcagctc ctgggtcaatg ttgcaacaaa cttagcagat
240

gggtgtgcat caagggttcag tggcagtgga tcaggcacac agtattccct caagatcaac
300

agcctgcagt ctgaagattt tgggacttat tactgtcaac attattgggg tactacgtgg
360

acgttcggtg gaggcaccaa gctggaaatc aaacgtacg
399

<210> 138
<211> 396
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> huCD37-3 (1.0 and 1.1)

<400> 138
gaattcgcca ccatggggtg gtcttgcac atcttgtttc tcgtggccac agccaccggt
60

gttcactctg atatacaaat gactcaaagc ccttccagtt tgagcgtaag tgtgggtgaa
120

cgcgtaacaa tcacctgtag agctagttaa aacatccgca gtaatctcgc atggtaccaa
180

caaaagccag gtaagtcacc taagctcctc gtgaatgttg ctaccaacct cgctgatggg
240

gtgccttcac gattctctgg ttcagggttc ggtaccgatt attcacttaa gatcaactca
300

ctccaaccag aagatttcgg tacatattac tgtcaaacact actgggggtac gacctggaca
360

ttcgggtcaag gtactaagct ggaaatcaag cgtacg
396

<210> 139
<211> 336
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-12

<400> 139
gacattgtgc taacacagtc tcctgcttcc ttagctgtat ctctggggca gagggccacc
60

atctcatgca gggccagcca aagtgtcagt acatctagct atagttatct gtactgggtc
120

cagcagaaac caggacagcc acccaaactc ctcatcaagt atgcatccaa cctagcatct
180

gggggtccctg ccagggttcag tggcagtggg tctgggacag acttcaccct caacatccat
240

cctgtggagg aggaggatac tgcaacatat tactgtcaac acagttggga gattccgtac
300

acgttcggag gggggaccaa actggaaata aaacgg
336

<210> 140
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> chCD37-12

<400> 140
gaattcgcca ccatggggtg gtcctgtata atcctgttct tgggtggccac cgctactggc
60

gttcatagtg atattgtact cactcagtca ccagccagtc tggcagtgtc cctggggccag
120

cgtgccacca tctcctgccg ggcctcacag tccgtgagca ctagctctta ttcctatctc
180

tactggtttc aacagaagcc aggacagccc cctaagctgc tgatcaagta cgctccaac
240

ctcgccagcg gcgttcccg tagattctct gggtccggta gcggaactga tttcactttg
300

aacatccacc ccgttgagga agaggatacc gccacttact attgtcaaca ctcttgggag
360

attccttaca cctttggagg aggaacaaag ctcgaaatta agcgtacg
408

<210> 141
<211> 321
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> muCD37-38

<400> 141
caaattgttc tcaccagtc tccagcaatc atgtctgcat ctccagggga gaaggtcacc
60

atgacctgca gtgccagctc aagtgttaact tacatgcact ggtaccagca gaagtcaggc
120

acctcccca aaagatggat ttatgacaca tccaaactgg cttctggagt cctgctcgc
180

ttcagtggcg gtgggtcttg gacctcttac tctctcacia tcagcagcat ggaggctgaa
240

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321

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<223> chCD37-38

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120

aaagtgacaa tgacatgtag cgctagctct tctgtgactt acatgcattg gtatcaacag
180

aagtcaggta ccagtcccaa gcgttgatc tacgacacat ccaaactggc ctccggagtc
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cctgccaggc tcagcggagg tgggtccggc accagttatt cactgaccat atcctctatg
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ggtggcggaa caaagctgga gatcaagcgt acg
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<223> huCD37-38

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120

cgggtgacca tgacatgctc tgccagttcc tccgtgacat atatgcattg gtatcagcaa
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cctgccagat tttccgggtc tgggtctggc acttcataca gtctgaccat tagttccatg
300

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<210> 144

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<223> muCD37-50

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120

acctcccca aaagatggat ttatgacaca tccaaactgc cttatggagt ccttggtcgt
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ttcagtggta gtgggtctgg gacctcttac tctctcacia tcagcagcat ggaggctgaa
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gatgctgcca cttattactg ccagcagtgg agtgataacc caccacggtt cggctcgggg
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<223> huCD37-50

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120

cgtgtgacca tgacttgctc tgcaacctca agtgtgacat acatgcattg gtatcagcaa
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aagcctggcc aatcccctaa aagggtggatc tacgatactt ctaatctgcc atacggtgtg
240

cccgcaaggt tctccgggag tggcagtggc accagttata gtctgaccat cagttcaatg
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<223> muCD37-51

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acctccccca aaagatggat ttatgacaca tccaaactgg cttctggagt cctgctcgc
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<223> huCD37-51

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120

cgagtgacta tgacttgttc cgccatttct tcagttacct atatgcattg gtatcagcag
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cctgctaggt tcagcggatc tgggtctggc acaagttatt cactcaccat tagttccatg
300

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<223> muCD37-56

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120

acctcccca aaagatggat ttatgacaca tccaaactgg cttctggagt ccctgctcgc
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ttcagtggcg gtgggtctgg gacctcttac tctctcacia tcagcaccat ggaggctgaa
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accaagctgg aaataaaaacg g
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 aagcctgacc agagtcctaa gaggtggatc tatgatacaa gcaatctggc ttccgggtgc
 240
 ccctcccgct tttcaggcgg cggaagcgga actgactata gccttaccat ctctcaatg
 300
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 180
 ttcagtggca gtgggtctgg gacctcttac tctctcacia tcagcagcat ggaggctgaa
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acaaagttgg aaataaagcg g
321

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120

agagtgacaa tgacttggtc cgccacaagt tctgtaacct acatgcattg gtaccagcaa
180

aaaccaggac agagtccccg tcgttggatt tatgatacct ctaacctggc ttcaggcggt
240

cctgcccgtt tttctggtag tggatctggg acttcctata gccttaccat aagctctatg
300

gaagccgagg acgcccgtac atactactgc cagcagtgga gtgataacct cccaccttc
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120

ctgtccatta catgcactgt ctcagggttc tcattaacca cctctggtgt aagctgggtt
180

cgccagcctc caggaaaggg tctggagtgg ctgggagtaa tatggggtga cgggagcaca
240

aactatcatt cagctctcaa atccagactg agcatcaaga aggatcactc caagagccaa
300

gttttcttaa aactgaacag tctgcaaact gatgacacag ccacgtacta ctgtgccaaa
360

ggaggctact cgttggctca ctggggccaa gggactctgg tcacagtctc tgcagcctct
420

acgaagggcc catcagtttt ccccttggct ccaagttcta aatccacaag cgggtgaaca
480

gctgactgg gatgcctcgt taaagattat ttccctgagc ctgtgacagt gagctggaat
540

agcggagcat tgacttcagg tgtgcacact tttcccgtg tggtgcagtc ctccggtctg
600

tactcactgt ccagtgtcgt aaccgtccct tctagcagct tgggaacca gacctacatc
660

tgtaacgtca accataaacc atccaacaca aagggtgata agaagggtga accaaagagc
720

tgtgataaga cacatacatg ccctccttgt cctgcaccag agctcctcgg aggtccatct
780

gtgttcctgt ttccccccaa acccaaggac actccttatga tctctcgtac tccagaggtc
840

acctgtgttg ttgtcgacgt gagccatgaa gatcccaggg ttaaattcaa ctggtacgtg
900

gatggagtcg aggttcacaa tgccaagacc aagcccaggg aggagcaata taattctaca
960

tatcgggtag tgagcgttct gaccgtgctc caccaagatt ggctcaatgg aaaagagtac
1020

aagtgcaagg tgtccaacaa ggctcttccc gctcccattg agaaaactat ctccaaagcc
1080

aaggggcagc cacgggaacc ccaggtgtat acattgcccc catctagaga cgagctgacc
1140

aagaaccagg tgagtctcac ttgtctggtc aaggggtttt acccttctga cattgctgta
1200

gagtgggagt ctaacggaca gccagaaaac aactacaaga caactcccc agtgctggac
1260

agcgacggga gcttcttcct ctactccaag ttgactgtag acaagtctag atggcagcaa
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120

ctgagcatca cctgtaccgt ttctgggtttt agccttacca cctctggtgt gagttgggta
180

cgccaaccac ccggttaagg tctcgaatgg ctgggtgtaa tctgggggtga tggttcaca
240

aattaccatc cttccctcaa gtcccgctt agcatcaaaa aggatcacag caaaagtcaa
300

gttttcctga aactgaatag tctgacagca gccgatacag ccacctacta ttgcgccaag
360

ggtgggtata gtcttgcaca ctgggggtcaa ggtaccctcg ttaccgtctc ctgagctagt
420

accaagggcc catcagtttt ccccttgggt ccaagttcta aatccacaag cggtggaaca
480

gctgcactgg gatgcctcgt taaagattat ttccctgagc ctgtgacagt gagctggaat
540

agcggagcat tgacttcagg tgtgcacact tttcccgctg tgttgcagtc ctccggtctg
600

tactcactgt ccagtgtcgt aaccgtccct tctagcagct tgggaacca gacctacatc
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tgtaacgtca accataaacc atccaacaca aagggtgata agaaggttga accaaagagc
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tgtgataaga cacatacatg ccctccttgt cctgcaccag agctcctcgg aggtccatct
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960

tatcgggtag tgagcgttct gaccgtgctc caccaagatt ggctcaatgg aaaagagtac
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1080

aaggggcagc cacgggaacc ccaggtgtat acattgcccc catctagaga cgagctgacc
1140

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gagtgggagt ctaacggaca gccagaaaac aactacaaga caactcccc agtgctggac
1260

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1320

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120

ctctctatca cttgtaccgt tagcgggttc tctctgacaa ccagtggagt gagttgggtg
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aggcagccac caggaaaggg actggagtgg ctgggggtga tttggggcga cggcagcaca
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aactatcatt ccagtccttaa atctcggttg tccattaaaa aagaccatag taaatctcaa
300

gttttcctga aactcaatag cctgacagcc gcagacactg ctacgtatta ctgcgcaaa
360

ggaggataca gtctggctca ctggggacag gggaccctgg tgaccgtgtc atccgcatca
420

acaaagggcc catcagtttt ccccttggct ccaagttcta aatccacaag cggtggaaca
480

gctgcactgg gatgcctcgt taaagattat ttccctgagc ctgtgacagt gagctggaat
540

agcggagcat tgacttcagg tgtgcacact tttcccgtg tgttgcagtc ctccggtctg
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420

actaagggcc catcagtttt ccccttggct ccaagttcta aatccacaag cggtggaaca
480

gctgcactgg gatgcctcgt taaagattat ttccctgagc ctgtgacagt gagctggaat
540

agcggagcat tgacttcagg tgtgcacact tttcccgtg tgttgacagtc ctccggtctg
600

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1080

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agagacgagc tgaccaagaa ccaggtgagt ctcaattgtc tggtaagggt gttttaccct
1200

tctgacattg ctgtagagtg ggagtctaac ggacagccag aaaacaacta caagacaact
1260

ccccagtgctc tggacagcga cgggagcttc ttctctact ccaagttgac tntagacaag
1320

tctagatggc agcaaggaaa cgttttctcc tgctcagtaa tgcattgaggc tctgcacaat
1380

cactataccc agaaatcact gtcccttagc ccagggtgac tcgag
1425

<210> 158

<211> 1425

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-50

<400> 158

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60

gtccattcac aggtgcagct gcaggagtcc ggccccggcc tgctcaagcc ttctcagagt
120

ctgagtctga cttgtactgt ttctggctac agcataacca gcggtttcgc ttggcactgg
180

atcagacagc atcccggcaa caaactggag tggatgggat acatactgta ctcaggctca
240

actgtctatt cccctccct gaaatcccg atcagtatta cccgtgacac ttctaagaac
300

catttttttc tgcagctgaa cagcgttacc gcagctgaca ctgcaacctt ctactgtgcc
360

cggggatatt atggatacgg agcttggttc gcttactggg gccaaaggcac cctcgttaact
420

gtgagtgctg cttccaccaa gggcccatca gttttcccct tggctccaag ttctaaatcc
480

acaagcgggtg gaacagctgc actgggatgc ctcgttaaag attattttccc tgagcctgtg
540

acagtgagct ggaatagcgg agcattgact tcaggtgtgc acacttttcc cgctgtgttg
600

cagtcctccg gtctgtactc actgtccagt gtcgtaaccg tcccttctag cagcttgggg
660

accagacct acatctgtaa cgtcaacat aaaccatcca acacaaaggt ggataagaag
720

gttgaaccaa agagctgtga taagacacat acatgccctc cttgtcctgc accagagctc
780

ctcggaggtc catctgtgtt cctgtttccc cccaaaccca aggacactct tatgatctct
840

cgtactccag aggtcacctg tgttggtgtc gacgtgagcc atgaagatcc cgagggtaaa
900

ttcaactggg acgtggatgg agtcgaggtt cacaatgcca agaccaagcc cagggaggag
960

caatataatt ctacatatcg ggtagtgagc gttctgaccg tgctccacca agattggctc
1020

aatggaaaag agtacaagtg caaggtgtcc aacaaggctc ttcccgtcc cattgagaaa
1080

actatctcca aagccaaggg gcagccacgg gaaccccagg tgtatacatt gccccatct
1140

agagacgagc tgaccaagaa ccaggtgagt ctcaactgtc tgggtcaaggg gttttaccct
1200

tctgacattg ctgtagagtg ggagtctaac ggacagccag aaaacaacta caagacaact
1260

ccccagtg c tggacagcga cgggagcttc ttcctctact ccaagttgac tntagacaag
1320

tctagatggc agcaaggaaa cgttttctcc tgctcagtaa tgcattgaggc tctgcacaat
1380

cactataccc agaaatcact gtcccttagc ccagggtgac tcgag
1425

<210> 159

<211> 1425

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-51

<400> 159

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120

ctgtccctga cttgtaccgt gtcaggttat agcatcagca gcggccttgc ttggcactgg
180

attcggcagt ttccaggcaa gggactggaa tggatgggct acatccatta cagtggctca
240

accaattaca gccctagcct gcagggccga atctctatta ccagggatag ttctattaac
300

cagtttttcc tgcagcttaa ttccgtgact gcctctgaca cagcaactta ctattgcgcc
360

cgtggctact acgggttcgg agcctggttt gtatactggg gtcagggcac cctggtcact
420

gtctcagccg cctctaccaa gggcccatca gttttcccct tggctccaag ttctaaatcc
480

acaagcggtg gaacagctgc actgggatgc ctcgttaaag attatttccc tgagcctgtg
540

acagtgagct ggaatagcgg agcattgact tcagggtgtgc acacttttcc cgctgtgttg
600

cagtcctccg gtctgtactc actgtccagt gtcgtaaccg tcccttctag cagcttgga
660

accagacct acatctgtaa cgtcaaccat aaaccatcca acacaaagggt ggataagaag
720

gttgaaccaa agagctgtga taagacacat acatgccctc cttgtcctgc accagagctc
780

ctcggaggtc catctgtgtt cctgtttccc cccaaacca aggacactct tatgatctct
840

cgtactccag aggtcacctg tgttggtgtc gacgtgagcc atgaagatcc cgagggtaaa
900

ttcaactggg acgtggatgg agtcgagggt cacaatgcc aagaccaagcc cagggaggag
960

caatataatt ctacatatcg ggtagtgagc gttctgaccg tgctccacca agattggctc
1020

aatgaaaaag agtacaagtg caaggtgtcc aacaaggctc ttcccgtcc cattgagaaa
1080

actatctcca aagccaaggg gcagccacgg gaaccccagg tgtatacatt gccccatct
1140

agagacgagc tgaccaagaa ccaggtgagt ctcaattgtc tggtaagggt gttttaccct
1200

tctgacattg ctgtagagtg ggagtctaac ggacagccag aaaacaacta caagacaact
1260

ccccagtgct tggacagcga cgggagcttc ttctctact ccaagttgac tntagacaag
1320

tctagatggc agcaaggaaa cgttttctcc tgctcagtaa tgcattgaggc tctgcacaat
1380

cactataccc agaatcact gtcccttagc ccagggtgac tcgag
1425

<210> 160

<211> 1425

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-56

<400> 160

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120

ctgagtctta cttgtaccgt atctggatac agtatcacat ctggcttcgc ctggcattgg
180

attcgccagt ttcccggcaa ggggcttgag tggatgggggt atattcatta ttctggagggt
240

accaactaca acccttccct gaagagtcga gtctcaatta ccagggacac ttccaagaac
300

caattctttt tgcagcttaa ttcagtgacc gctgccgaca ccgctactta ctactgcgcc
360

cggggctact atgggttttg tgcttggttc gcctactggg gccaggggac cctggtgccc
420

gtgtctgctg cctccacaaa gggcccatca gttttcccct tggctccaag ttctaaatcc
480

acaagcggtg gaacagctgc actgggatgc ctcgttaaag attatttccc tgagcctgtg
540

acagtgagct ggaatagcgg agcattgact tcaggtgtgc acacttttcc cgctgtgttg
600

cagtcctccg gtctgtactc actgtccagt gtcgtaaccg tcccttctag cagcttggga
660

accgagacct acatctgtaa cgtcaaccat aaaccatcca acacaaaggt ggataagaag
720

gttgaaccaa agagctgtga taagacacat acatgccctc cttgtcctgc accagagctc
780

ctcggaggtc catctgtgtt cctgtttccc cccaaaccca aggacactct tatgatctct
840

cgtactccag aggtcacctg tgttggtgtc gacgtgagcc atgaagatcc cgagggtaaa
900

ttcaactggg acgtggatgg agtcgaggtt cacaatgcca agaccaagcc cagggaggag
960

caatataatt ctacatatcg ggtagtgagc gttctgaccg tgctccacca agattggctc
1020

aatggaaaag agtacaagtg caaggtgtcc aacaaggctc ttcccgtccc cattgagaaa
1080

actatctcca aagccaaggg gcagccacgg gaaccccagg tgtatacatt gccccatct
1140

agagacgagc tgaccaagaa ccaggtgagt ctcaactgtc tgggtcaaggg gttttaccct
1200

tctgacattg ctgtagagtg ggagtctaac ggacagccag aaaacaacta caagacaact
1260

ccccagtg caggacagcga cgggagcttc ttcctctact ccaagttgac ttagagacaag
1320

tctagatggc agcaaggaaa cgttttctcc tgctcagtaa tgcattgaggc tctgcacaat
1380

cactataccc agaaatcact gtcccttagc ccagggtgac tcgag
1425

<210> 161

<211> 1425

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-57

<400> 161

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gttcacagtc aagtccaact gcaggagagc ggccccggac tcctgaaacc atctcagtca
120

ctcagtctga catgtactgt gagcggctac agcattacct caggcttcgc ttggcattgg
180

atcaggcagt tccccgaaa aggtctggag tggatggggg acattctgta cagcggcagt
240

acagtgtatt caccctcctt gaaatctagg atatcaatca cacgtgatac aagcaaaaat
300

cagttcttcc tccagctgaa ctccgtcacc gccgcagaca cagcaaccta ttattgtgct
360

cgcgataact acggatatgg cgcattggtc gcctattggg gccaggggac actcgtgacc
420

gtttccgccc cctccacaaa gggcccatca gttttcccct tggctccaag ttctaaatcc
480

acaagcggtg gaacagctgc actgggatgc ctcgtaaag attatttccc tgagcctgtg
540

acagtgagct ggaatagcgg agcattgact tcagggtgtg acacttttcc cgctgtgttg
600

cagtcctccg gtctgtactc actgtccagt gtcgtaaccg tcccttctag cagcttgga
660

accagacct acatctgtaa cgtcaaccat aaaccatcca acacaaagggt ggataagaag
720

gttgaaccaa agagctgtga taagacacat acatgccctc cttgtcctgc accagagctc
780

ctcggaggtc catctgtgtt cctgtttccc cccaaacca aggacactct tatgatctct
840

cgtactccag aggtcacctg tgttggtgtc gacgtgagcc atgaagatcc cgaggttaaa
900

ttcaactggg acgtggatgg agtcgagggt cacaatgcca agaccaagcc cagggaggag
960

caatataatt ctacatatcg gtagtgagc gttctgaccg tgctccacca agattggctc
1020

aatggaaaag agtacaagtg caagggtgtc aacaaggctc ttcccgtccc cattgagaaa
1080

actatctcca aagccaaggg gcagccacgg gaaccccagg tgtatacatt gcccccatct
1140

agagacgagc tgaccaagaa ccaggtgagt ctcaactgtc tggtaagggt gttttaccct
1200

tctgacattg ctgtagagtg ggagtctaac ggacagccag aaaacaacta caagacaact
1260

ccccagtgct tggacagcga cgggagcttc ttcctctact ccaagttgac ttagagacaag
1320

tctagatggc agcaaggaaa cgttttctcc tgctcagtaa tgcattgaggc tctgcacaat
1380

cactataccc agaaatcact gtcccttagc ccagggtgac tcgag
1425

<210> 162

<211> 717

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> chCD37-3

<400> 162

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gatgccagat gtgacatcca gatgactcag tctccagcct ccctttctgt atctgtggga
120

gaaactgtca ccatcacatg tcgagcaagt gagaatattc gcagtaattt agcatgggat
180

cagcagaaac agggaaaatc tcctcagctc ctgggtcaatg ttgcaacaaa ctagcagat
240

ggtgtgccat caaggttcag tggcagtggg tcaggcacac agtattccct caagatcaac
300

agcctgcagt ctgaagattt tgggacttat tactgtcaac attattgggg tactacgtgg
360

acgttcggtg gaggcaccaa gctggaaatc aaacgtacgg tggctgcacc atctgtcttc
420

atcttccccg catctgatga gcagttgaaa tctggaactg cctctgttgt gtgcctgctg
480

aataacttct atcccagaga ggccaaagta cagtgggaagg tggataacgc cctccaatcg
540

ggtaactccc aggagagtgt cacagagcag gacagcaagg acagcaccta cagcctcagc
600

agcaccctga cgctgagcaa agcagactac gagaaacaca aagtctacgc ctgcgaagtc
660

acccatcagg gcctgagctc gcccgtcaca aagagcttca acaggggaga gtgttag
717

<210> 163

<211> 714

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-3 (1.0 and 1.1)

<400> 163

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60

gttcactctg atatacaaat gactcaaagc ccttccagtt tgagcgtaag tgtgggtgaa
120

cgcgtaacaa tcacctgtag agctagtga aacatccgca gtaatctcgc atggtaccaa
180

caaaagccag gtaagtcacc taagctcctc gtgaatgttg ctaccaacct cgctgatggt
240

gtgccttcac gattctctgg ttcaggttcc ggtaccgatt attcacttaa gatcaactca
300

ctccaaccag aagatttcgg tacatattac tgtcaacact actgggggtac gacctggaca
360

ttcgggtcaag gtactaagct ggaaatcaag cgtacggtgg ctgcaccatc tgtcttcac
420

ttcccgccat ctgatgagca gttgaaatct ggaactgcct ctgttggtg cctgctgaat
480

aacttctatc ccagagaggc caaagtacag tggaaggtgg ataacgccct ccaatcgggt
540

aactcccagg agagtgtcac agagcaggac agcaaggaca gcacctacag cctcagcagc
600

accctgacgc tgagcaaagc agactacgag aaacacaaag tctacgcctg cgaagtcacc
660

catcagggcc tgagctcgcc cgtcacaaag agcttcaaca ggggagagtg ttag
714

<210> 164
 <211> 726
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> chCD37-12

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 120
 cgtgccacca tctcctgccg ggcctcacag tccgtgagca ctagctctta ttcctatctc
 180
 tactggtttc aacagaagcc aggacagccc cctaagctgc tgatcaagta cgcctccaac
 240
 ctgccagcg gcgttcccgc tagattctct gggtccggtg gcggaactga tttcactttg
 300
 aacatccacc ccgttgagga agaggatacc gccacttact attgtcaaca ctcttgggag
 360
 attccttaca cctttggagg aggaacaaag ctcgaaatta agcgtacggt ggctgcacca
 420
 tctgtcttca tcttcccgcc atctgatgag cagttgaaat ctggaactgc ctctgttgtg
 480
 tgcctgctga ataacttcta tcccagagag gccaaagtac agtggaaggt ggataacgcc
 540
 ctccaatcgg gtaactccca ggagagtgtc acagagcagg acagcaagga cagcacctac
 600
 agcctcagca gcacctgac gctgagcaaa gcagactacg agaaacacaa agtctacgcc
 660
 tgcgaagtca cccatcaggg cctgagctcg cccgtcacia agagcttcaa caggggagag
 720
 tggttag
 726

<210> 165
 <211> 711
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> chCD37-38

<400> 165

gaattcgcca ccatgggctg gtctgtatc atcctgtttc tcgtggccac agctacaggt
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gttcattctc agattgtgct gacccaatca ccagctatta tgtccgctag ccccggcgag
120

aaagtgacaa tgacatgtag cgctagctct tctgtgactt acatgcattg gtatcaacag
180

aagtcaggta ccagtcccaa gcgttggtac tacgacacat ccaaactggc ctccggagtc
240

cctgccaggt tcagcggagg tgggtccggc accagttatt cactgaccat atcctctatg
300

gaagctgaag atgctgctac ttattattgt caacaatgga tttctaacc cccaccttt
360

ggtggcgga caaagctgga gatcaagcgt acggtggctg caccatctgt cttcatcttc
420

ccgccatctg atgagcagtt gaaatctgga actgcctctg ttgtgtgcct gctgaataac
480

ttctatccca gagaggccaa agtacagtgg aagggtgata acgccctcca atcgggtaac
540

tcccaggaga gtgtcacaga gcaggacagc aaggacagca cctacagcct cagcagcacc
600

ctgacgctga gcaaagcaga ctacgagaaa cacaaagtct acgcctgcga agtcacccat
660

cagggcctga gctcgcccggt cacaaagagc ttcaacaggg gagagtgtta g
711

<210> 166

<211> 711

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-38

<400> 166

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60

gttcactctg acattgtgct cacacagtct ccagcctcaa tgtctgcttc ccccggtgag
120

cgggtgacca tgacatgctc tgccagttcc tccgtgacat atatgcattg gtatcagcaa
180

aaacccggta cctctccaaa aagatggatc tacgacactt caaagcttgc atcaggcggt
240

cctgccagat tttccgggtc tgggtctggc acttcataca gtctgaccat tagttccatg
300

gaagctgaag atgcagccac ctattactgt cagcagtgga tttcaaattcc tcctaccttc
360

ggcggcgga ccaaactgga gataaagcgt acggtggctg caccatctgt cttcatcttc
420

ccgccatctg atgagcagtt gaaatctgga actgcctctg ttgtgtgcct gctgaataac
480

ttctatccca gagaggccaa agtacagtgg aagggtggata acgccctcca atcgggtaac
540

tcccaggaga gtgtcacaga gcaggacagc aaggacagca cctacagcct cagcagcacc
600

ctgacgctga gcaaagcaga ctacgagaaa cacaaagtct acgcctgcga agtcacccat
660

cagggcctga gctcgcccggt cacaaagagc ttcaacaggg gagagtgtta g
711

<210> 167

<211> 711

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-50

<400> 167

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120

cgtgtgacca tgacttgctc tgcaacctca agtgtgacat acatgcattg gtatcagcaa
180

aagcctggcc aatcccctaa aagggtggatc tacgatactt ctaatctgcc atacggtgtg
240

cccgaaggt tctccgggag tggcagtggc accagttata gtctgaccat cagttcaatg
300

gaagcagagg atgcagcaac ctattattgt cagcagtggc ccgataatcc ccctactttt
360

ggtcagggtg caaagctgga gattaagcgt acggtggctg caccatctgt cttcatcttc
420

ccgccatctg atgagcagtt gaaatctgga actgcctctg ttgtgtgcct gctgaataac
480

ttctatccca gagaggccaa agtacagtgg aagggtggata acgccctcca atcgggtaac
540

tcccaggaga gtgtcacaga gcaggacagc aaggacagca cctacagcct cagcagcacc
600

ctgacgctga gcaaagcaga ctacgagaaa cacaaagtct acgcctgcga agtcacccat
660

cagggcctga gctcgcccgt cacaaagagc ttcaacaggg gagagtgtta g
711

<210> 168

<211> 711

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-51

<400> 168

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120

cgagtgacta tgacttggtc cgccacttct tcagttacct atatgcattg gtatcagcag
180

aaacctggac agtctccaaa gcgttggttatt tacgacacct ccaacctggc ttcaggagtt
240

cctgctaggt tcagcggatc tgggtctggc acaagttatt cactcaccat tagttccatg
300

gaggccgaag atgccgctac ttactactgt cagcagtgga gcagcaaccc cctacattc
360

gggcagggaa ctaagctgga gatcaaacgt acggtggctg caccatctgt cttcatcttc
420

ccgccatctg atgagcagtt gaaatctgga actgcctctg ttgtgtgcct gctgaataac
480

ttctatccca gagaggccaa agtacagtgg aagggtggata acgccctcca atcgggtaac
540

tcccaggaga gtgtcacaga gcaggacagc aaggacagca cctacagcct cagcagcacc
600

ctgacgctga gcaaagcaga ctacgagaaa cacaaagtct acgcctgcga agtcacccat
660

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711

<210> 169

<211> 711

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> huCD37-56

<400> 169

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gttcactctg atattgtcct gacacagagt ccagccttca tgagtgcctc tcccggagaa
120

aaggtcacaa tgacttgctc agcttcctcc tccgtcacat acatgcattg gtaccagcag
180

aagcctgacc agagtcctaa gaggtggatc tatgatacaa gcaatctggc ttccggtgtc
240

ccctcccgct tttcaggcgg cggaagcgga actgactata gccttaccat ctctcaatg
300

gaagccgagg acgctgctac atattactgc cagcaatgga tcagcgaccc tcctactttc
360

ggacagggaa caaaattgga aattaagcgt acggtggctg caccatctgt cttcatcttc
420

ccgccatctg atgagcagtt gaaatctgga actgcctctg ttgtgtgcct gctgaataac
480

ttctatccca gagaggccaa agtacagtgg aaggtggata acgccctcca atcgggtaac
540

tcccaggaga gtgtcacaga gcaggacagc aaggacagca cctacagcct cagcagcacc
600

ctgacgctga gcaaagcaga ctacgagaaa cacaaagtct acgcctgcga agtcacccat
660

cagggcctga gctcgcccgt cacaaagagc ttcaacaggg gagagtgtta g
711

<210> 170
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 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> huCD37-57

<400> 170
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 agagtgacaa tgacttggtc cgccacaagt tctgtaacct acatgcattg gtaccagcaa
 180
 aaaccaggac agagtccccg tcgttggtt tatgatacct ctaacctggc ttcaggcggt
 240
 cctgcccgtt tttctggtag tggatctggg acttcctata gccttaccat aagctctatg
 300
 gaagccgagg acgccgctac atactactgc cagcagtgga gtgataacct cccaccttc
 360
 gggcaggga ccaaattgga gatcaaact acggtggctg caccatctgt cttcatcttc
 420
 ccgccatctg atgagcagtt gaaatctgga actgcctctg ttgtgtgcct gctgaataac
 480
 ttctatccca gagaggccaa agtacagtgg aagggtgata acgccctcca atcgggtaac
 540
 tcccaggaga gtgtcacaga gcaggacagc aaggacagca cctacagcct cagcagcacc
 600
 ctgacgctga gcaaagcaga ctacgagaaa cacaaagtct acgcctgcga agtcacccat
 660
 cagggcctga gctcgcccggt cacaaagagc ttcaacaggg gagagtgtta g
 711

<210> 171
 <211> 5
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> 252-3 VH-CDR1

<400> 171

Ser Tyr Gly Met Ser
1 5

<210> 172
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> 252-3 VH-CDR2

<400> 172

Thr Ile Ser Ser Gly Gly Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Ser Pro Asp Ser Val Lys
1 5 10 15

Gly

<210> 173
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> 252-3 VH-CDR3

<400> 173

His Ser Tyr Tyr Asp Thr Ser Val Asp Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 174
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> 252-3 VL-CDR1

<400> 174

Arg Ala Ser Gln Asp Ile Ser Asn Tyr Leu Asn
1 5 10

<210> 175
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 252-3 VL-CDR2

<400> 175

Tyr Thr Ser Lys Leu His Ser
1 5

<210> 176

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 252-3 VL-CDR3

<400> 176

Gln Gln Gly Asn Ala Leu Pro Trp Thr
1 5

<210> 177

<211> 119

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 252-3 VH

<400> 177

Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Asp Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Lys Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Tyr
20 25 30

Gly Met Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Thr Pro Asp Lys Arg Leu Glu Trp Val
35 40 45

Ala Thr Ile Ser Ser Gly Gly Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Ser Pro Asp Ser Val
50 55 60

Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys Lys Thr Leu Tyr
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Met Ser Ser Leu Lys Ser Glu Asp Thr Ala Met Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg His Ser Tyr Tyr Asp Thr Ser Val Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
 100 105 110

Thr Ser Val Thr Val Ser Ser
 115

<210> 178
 <211> 108
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> 252-3 VL

<400> 178

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Thr Thr Ser Ser Leu Ser Ala Ser Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Asp Ile Ser Asn Tyr
 20 25 30

Leu Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Asp Gly Thr Val Lys Leu Leu Ile
 35 40 45

Tyr Tyr Thr Ser Lys Leu His Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Asn Leu Glu Gln
 65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Ile Ala Thr Tyr Phe Cys Gln Gln Gly Asn Ala Leu Pro Trp
 85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys Arg
 100 105

<210> 179
 <211> 449
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> 252-3 Full-Length Heavy Chain

<400> 179

Glu	Val	Gln	Leu	Val	Glu	Ser	Gly	Gly	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	Pro	Gly	Gly	1	5	10	15
Ser	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ser	Cys	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Phe	Thr	Phe	Ser	Ser	Tyr	20	25	30	
Gly	Met	Ser	Trp	Val	Arg	Gln	Thr	Pro	Asp	Lys	Arg	Leu	Glu	Trp	Val	35	40	45	
Ala	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gly	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Asp	Ser	Val	50	55	60	
Lys	Gly	Arg	Phe	Thr	Ile	Ser	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ala	Lys	Lys	Thr	Leu	Tyr	65	70	75	80
Leu	Gln	Met	Ser	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ser	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Met	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	85	90	95	
Ala	Arg	His	Ser	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Ser	Val	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly	100	105	110	
Thr	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Lys	Thr	Thr	Ala	Pro	Ser	Val	Tyr	115	120	125	
Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Val	Cys	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Leu	130	135	140	
Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	145	150	155	160
Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	165	170	175	
Gln	Ser	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Ser	180	185	190	
Thr	Trp	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ile	Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Ala	His	Pro	Ala	Ser	195	200	205	
Ser	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ile	Glu	Pro	Arg	Gly	Pro	Thr	Ile	Lys	210	215	220	

Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro
225 230 235 240

Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser
245 250 255

Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp
260 265 270

Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr
275 280 285

Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val
290 295 300

Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu
305 310 315 320

Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg
325 330 335

Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val
340 345 350

Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr
355 360 365

Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr
370 375 380

Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu
385 390 395 400

Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys
405 410 415

Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu
420 425 430

Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly
435 440 445

Lys

<210> 180
 <211> 214
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> 252-3 Full-length Light Chain

<400> 180

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Thr Thr Ser Ser Leu Ser Ala Ser Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Asp Ile Ser Asn Tyr
 20 25 30

Leu Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Asp Gly Thr Val Lys Leu Leu Ile
 35 40 45

Tyr Tyr Thr Ser Lys Leu His Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Asn Leu Glu Gln
 65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Ile Ala Thr Tyr Phe Cys Gln Gln Gly Asn Ala Leu Pro Trp
 85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala
 100 105 110

Pro Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Gly
 115 120 125

Gly Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile
 130 135 140

Asn Val Lys Trp Lys Ile Asp Gly Ser Glu Arg Gln Asn Gly Val Leu
 145 150 155 160

Asn Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Met Ser
 165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg His Asn Ser Tyr
 180 185 190

Thr Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ile Val Lys Ser
 195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
 210

<210> 181
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> 252-3 VH-CDR2

<400> 181

Thr Ile Ser Ser Gly Gly Ser Tyr Thr Tyr
 1 5 10

<210> 182
 <211> 357
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> VH 252-3

<400> 182
 gaggtgcagg tgggtggagtc tgggggagac ttagtgaagc ctggaggggtc cctgaaactc
 60

tcctgtgcag cctctggatt cactttcagt agctatggca tgtcttgggt tcgccagact
 120

ccagacaaga ggctggagtg ggtcgcaacc attagtagtg gtggtagtta cacctactct
 180

ccagacagtg tgaaggggcg attcaccatc tccagagaca atgccaagaa aaccctgtac
 240

ctgcaaatga gcagtctgaa gtctgaggac acagccatgt attactgtgc aagacatagt
 300

tactacgata ctagcgtcga ctactgggggt caaggaacct cagtcaccgt ctcctca
 357

<210> 183
 <211> 324
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> VL 252-3

<400> 183
 gatatccaga tgacacagac tacatcctcc ctgtctgcct ctctgggaga cagagtcacc
 60
 atcagttgca gggcaagtca ggacattagc aattatttaa actggtatca gcagaaaccc
 120
 gatggaactg ttaaactcct gatctactac acatcaaaat tacactcagg agtcccatca
 180
 aggttcagtg gcagtgggtc tggaacagat tattctctca ccattagcaa cctggagcaa
 240
 gaagatattg ccacttactt ttgccaacag ggtaatgcgc ttccgtggac gttcgggtgga
 300
 ggcaccaagc tggaactcaa acgg
 324

<210> 184
 <211> 281
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> hCD37-M1

<400> 184

Met	Ser	Ala	Gln	Glu	Ser	Cys	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Leu	Phe
1				5					10					15	

Val	Phe	Asn	Leu	Phe	Phe	Phe	Val	Leu	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ile	Phe	Cys	Phe
		20						25					30		

Gly	Ile	Trp	Ile	Leu	Ile	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ser	Phe	Val	Ser	Phe	Val	Gly
		35					40					45			

Leu	Ala	Phe	Val	Pro	Leu	Gln	Ile	Trp	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	Ala	Ile	Ser
	50					55					60				

Gly	Ile	Phe	Thr	Met	Gly	Ile	Ala	Leu	Leu	Gly	Cys	Val	Gly	Ala	Leu
65					70					75				80	

Lys Glu Leu Arg Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Gly Met Leu Leu Leu
85 90 95

Leu Phe Ala Thr Gln Ile Thr Leu Gly Ile Leu Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg
100 105 110

Val Arg Leu Glu Arg Arg Val Gln Glu Leu Val Leu Arg Thr Ile Gln
115 120 125

Ser Tyr Arg Thr Asn Pro Asp Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp
130 135 140

Tyr Val Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp His Tyr Pro Gln Asp
145 150 155 160

Trp Phe Gln Val Leu Ile Leu Arg Gly Asn Gly Ser Glu Ala His Arg
165 170 175

Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Leu Ser Ala Thr Asn Asp Ser Thr Ile
180 185 190

Leu Asp Lys Val Ile Leu Pro Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly His Leu Ala
195 200 205

Arg Ser Arg His Ser Ala Asp Ile Cys Ala Val Pro Ala Glu Ser His
210 215 220

Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Gln Gly Leu Gln Lys Trp Leu His Asn
225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Glu
245 250 255

Leu Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Ser Ile Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Leu Asp His
260 265 270

Val Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ala Arg Tyr Arg
275 280

<210> 185

<211> 128

<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> muCD37-R176

<400> 185

Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg Val Arg Leu Glu Arg Arg Val Gln Glu Leu Val
 1 5 10 15

Leu Arg Thr Ile Gln Ser Tyr Arg Thr Asn Pro Asp Glu Thr Ala Ala
 20 25 30

Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp Tyr Ala Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp
 35 40 45

Gln Ser Pro Arg Asp Trp Asn Lys Ala Gln Met Leu Lys Ala Asn Glu
 50 55 60

Ser Glu Glu Pro Arg Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Ser Thr Ala Thr
 65 70 75 80

Asn Asp Ser Thr Val Phe Asp Lys Leu Phe Phe Ser Gln Leu Ser Arg
 85 90 95

Leu Gly Pro Arg Ala Lys Leu Arg Gln Thr Ala Asp Ile Cys Ala Leu
 100 105 110

Pro Ala Lys Ala His Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Gln Ser Leu Gln
 115 120 125

<210> 186
 <211> 281
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> hCD37-M45

<400> 186

Met Ser Ala Gln Glu Ser Cys Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Tyr Phe Leu Phe
 1 5 10 15

Val Phe Asn Leu Phe Phe Phe Val Leu Gly Ser Leu Ile Phe Cys Phe
 20 25 30

Gly Ile Trp Ile Leu Ile Asp Lys Thr Ser Phe Val Ser Phe Val Gly
 35 40 45

Leu Ala Phe Val Pro Leu Gln Ile Trp Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Ile Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ile Phe Thr Met Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Gly Ala Leu
 65 70 75 80

Lys Glu Leu Arg Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Gly Met Leu Leu Leu
 85 90 95

Leu Phe Ala Thr Gln Ile Thr Leu Gly Ile Leu Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg
 100 105 110

Ala Gln Leu Glu Arg Ser Leu Arg Asp Val Val Glu Lys Thr Ile Gln
 115 120 125

Lys Tyr Gly Thr Asn Pro Glu Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp
 130 135 140

Tyr Val Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp His Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 145 150 155 160

Trp Phe Gln Val Leu Ile Leu Arg Gly Asn Gly Ser Glu Ala His Arg
 165 170 175

Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Leu Ser Ala Thr Asn Asp Ser Thr Ile
 180 185 190

Leu Asp Lys Val Ile Leu Pro Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly Pro Arg Ala
 195 200 205

Lys Leu Arg Gln Thr Ala Asp Ile Cys Ala Leu Pro Ala Lys Ala His
 210 215 220

Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Gln Ser Leu Gln Lys Trp Leu His Asn
 225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Glu
 245 250 255

Leu Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Ser Ile Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Leu Asp His
 260 265 270

Val Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ala Arg Tyr Arg
 275 280

<210> 187
 <211> 281
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> hCD37m ECD-H45

<400> 187

Met Ser Ala Gln Glu Ser Cys Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Tyr Phe Leu Phe
 1 5 10 15

Val Phe Asn Leu Phe Phe Phe Val Leu Gly Ser Leu Ile Phe Cys Phe
 20 25 30

Gly Ile Trp Ile Leu Ile Asp Lys Thr Ser Phe Val Ser Phe Val Gly
 35 40 45

Leu Ala Phe Val Pro Leu Gln Ile Trp Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Ile Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ile Phe Thr Met Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Gly Ala Leu
 65 70 75 80

Lys Glu Leu Arg Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Gly Met Leu Leu Leu
 85 90 95

Leu Phe Ala Thr Gln Ile Thr Leu Gly Ile Leu Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg
 100 105 110

Val Arg Leu Glu Arg Arg Val Gln Glu Leu Val Leu Arg Thr Ile Gln
 115 120 125

Ser Tyr Arg Thr Asn Pro Asp Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp
 130 135 140

Tyr Ala Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp Gln Ser Pro Arg Asp
145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Lys Ala Gln Met Leu Lys Ala Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Pro Arg
165 170 175

Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Ser Thr Ala Thr Asn Asp Ser Thr Val
180 185 190

Phe Asp Lys Leu Phe Phe Ser Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly His Leu Ala
195 200 205

Arg Ser Arg His Ser Ala Asp Ile Cys Ala Val Pro Ala Glu Ser His
210 215 220

Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Gln Gly Leu Gln Lys Trp Leu His Asn
225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Glu
245 250 255

Leu Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Ser Ile Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Leu Asp His
260 265 270

Val Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ala Arg Tyr Arg
275 280

<210> 188

<211> 281

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> hCD37m ECD-H5

<400> 188

Met Ser Ala Gln Glu Ser Cys Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Tyr Phe Leu Phe
1 5 10 15

Val Phe Asn Leu Phe Phe Phe Val Leu Gly Ser Leu Ile Phe Cys Phe
20 25 30

Gly Ile Trp Ile Leu Ile Asp Lys Thr Ser Phe Val Ser Phe Val Gly
35 40 45

Leu Ala Phe Val Pro Leu Gln Ile Trp Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Ile Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ile Phe Thr Met Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Gly Ala Leu
 65 70 75 80

Lys Glu Leu Arg Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Gly Met Leu Leu Leu
 85 90 95

Leu Phe Ala Thr Gln Ile Thr Leu Gly Ile Leu Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg
 100 105 110

Val Arg Leu Glu Arg Arg Val Gln Glu Leu Val Leu Arg Thr Ile Gln
 115 120 125

Ser Tyr Arg Thr Asn Pro Asp Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp
 130 135 140

Tyr Ala Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp Gln Ser Pro Arg Asp
 145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Lys Ala Gln Met Leu Lys Ala Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Pro Arg
 165 170 175

Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Ser Thr Ala Thr Asn Asp Ser Thr Val
 180 185 190

Phe Asp Lys Leu Phe Phe Ser Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly Pro Arg Ala
 195 200 205

Lys Leu Arg Gln Thr Ala Asp Ile Cys Ala Val Pro Ala Glu Ser His
 210 215 220

Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Gln Gly Leu Gln Lys Trp Leu His Asn
 225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Glu
 245 250 255

Leu Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Ser Ile Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Leu Asp His
 260 265 270

Val Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ala Arg Tyr Arg
 275 280

<210> 189
 <211> 281
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> hCD37m ECD-H4

<400> 189

Met Ser Ala Gln Glu Ser Cys Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Tyr Phe Leu Phe
 1 5 10 15

Val Phe Asn Leu Phe Phe Phe Val Leu Gly Ser Leu Ile Phe Cys Phe
 20 25 30

Gly Ile Trp Ile Leu Ile Asp Lys Thr Ser Phe Val Ser Phe Val Gly
 35 40 45

Leu Ala Phe Val Pro Leu Gln Ile Trp Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Ile Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ile Phe Thr Met Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Gly Ala Leu
 65 70 75 80

Lys Glu Leu Arg Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Gly Met Leu Leu Leu
 85 90 95

Leu Phe Ala Thr Gln Ile Thr Leu Gly Ile Leu Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg
 100 105 110

Val Arg Leu Glu Arg Arg Val Gln Glu Leu Val Leu Arg Thr Ile Gln
 115 120 125

Ser Tyr Arg Thr Asn Pro Asp Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp
 130 135 140

Tyr Ala Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp Gln Ser Pro Arg Asp
 145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Lys Ala Gln Met Leu Lys Ala Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Pro Arg
 165 170 175

Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Ser Thr Ala Thr Asn Asp Ser Thr Val
 180 185 190

Phe Asp Lys Leu Phe Phe Ser Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly His Leu Ala
 195 200 205

Arg Ser Arg His Ser Ala Asp Ile Cys Ala Leu Pro Ala Lys Ala His
 210 215 220

Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Gln Ser Leu Gln Lys Trp Leu His Asn
 225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Glu
 245 250 255

Leu Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Ser Ile Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Leu Asp His
 260 265 270

Val Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ala Arg Tyr Arg
 275 280

<210> 190
 <211> 281
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> hCD37-Mac4

<400> 190

Met Ser Ala Gln Glu Ser Cys Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Tyr Phe Leu Phe
 1 5 10 15

Val Phe Asn Leu Phe Phe Phe Val Leu Gly Ser Leu Ile Phe Cys Phe
 20 25 30

Gly Ile Trp Ile Leu Ile Asp Lys Thr Ser Phe Val Ser Phe Val Gly
 35 40 45

Leu Ala Phe Val Pro Leu Gln Ile Trp Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Ile Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ile Phe Thr Met Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Gly Ala Leu
65 70 75 80

Lys Glu Leu Arg Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Gly Met Leu Leu Leu
85 90 95

Leu Phe Ala Thr Gln Ile Thr Leu Gly Ile Leu Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg
100 105 110

Ala Gln Leu Glu Arg Ser Leu Arg Asp Val Val Glu Lys Thr Ile Gln
115 120 125

Lys Tyr Gly Thr Asn Pro Glu Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp
130 135 140

Tyr Val Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp His Tyr Pro Gln Asp
145 150 155 160

Trp Phe Gln Val Leu Ile Leu Arg Gly Asn Gly Ser Glu Ala His Arg
165 170 175

Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Leu Ser Ala Thr Asn Asp Ser Thr Ile
180 185 190

Leu Asp Lys Val Ile Leu Pro Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly Gln Leu Ala
195 200 205

Arg Ser Arg His Ser Thr Asp Ile Cys Ala Val Pro Ala Glu Ser His
210 215 220

Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Gln Gly Leu Gln Lys Trp Leu His Asn
225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Glu
245 250 255

Leu Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Ser Ile Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Leu Asp His
260 265 270

Val Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ala Arg Tyr Arg
275 280

<210> 191
 <211> 280
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> hCD37-Mac45

<400> 191

Met Ser Ala Gln Glu Ser Cys Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Tyr Phe Leu Phe
 1 5 10 15

Val Phe Asn Leu Phe Phe Phe Val Leu Gly Ser Leu Ile Phe Cys Phe
 20 25 30

Gly Ile Trp Ile Leu Ile Asp Lys Thr Ser Phe Val Ser Phe Val Gly
 35 40 45

Leu Ala Phe Val Pro Leu Gln Ile Trp Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Ile Ser
 50 55 60

Gly Ile Phe Thr Met Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Gly Ala Leu
 65 70 75 80

Lys Glu Leu Arg Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Gly Met Leu Leu Leu
 85 90 95

Leu Phe Ala Thr Gln Ile Thr Leu Gly Ile Leu Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg
 100 105 110

Ala Gln Leu Glu Arg Ser Leu Arg Asp Val Val Glu Lys Thr Ile Gln
 115 120 125

Lys Tyr Gly Thr Asn Pro Glu Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp
 130 135 140

Tyr Val Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp His Tyr Pro Gln Asp
 145 150 155 160

Trp Phe Gln Val Leu Ile Leu Arg Gly Asn Gly Ser Glu Ala His Arg
 165 170 175

Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Leu Ser Ala Thr Asn Asp Ser Thr Ile
180 185 190

Leu Asp Lys Val Ile Leu Pro Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly Gln Leu Ala
195 200 205

Arg Ser Arg His Ser Thr Asp Ile Cys Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Ser His
210 215 220

Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Arg Ser Leu Gln Lys Trp Leu His Asn
225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Glu
245 250 255

Leu Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Ser Ile Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Leu Asp His
260 265 270

Val Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ala Arg Tyr
275 280

<210>	192
<211>	281
<212>	PRT
<213>	Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> hCD37-Mac5

<400> 192

Met Ser Ala Gln Glu Ser Cys Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Tyr Phe Leu Phe
1 5 10 15

Val Phe Asn Leu Phe Phe Phe Val Leu Gly Ser Leu Ile Phe Cys Phe
20 25 30

Gly Ile Trp Ile Leu Ile Asp Lys Thr Ser Phe Val Ser Phe Val Gly
35 40 45

Leu Ala Phe Val Pro Leu Gln Ile Trp Ser Lys Val Leu Ala Ile Ser
50 55 60

Gly Ile Phe Thr Met Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Gly Ala Leu
65 70 75 80

Lys Glu Leu Arg Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Gly Met Leu Leu Leu
85 90 95

Leu Phe Ala Thr Gln Ile Thr Leu Gly Ile Leu Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg
100 105 110

Ala Gln Leu Glu Arg Ser Leu Arg Asp Val Val Glu Lys Thr Ile Gln
115 120 125

Lys Tyr Gly Thr Asn Pro Glu Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Trp Asp
130 135 140

Tyr Val Gln Phe Gln Leu Arg Cys Cys Gly Trp His Tyr Pro Gln Asp
145 150 155 160

Trp Phe Gln Val Leu Ile Leu Arg Gly Asn Gly Ser Glu Ala His Arg
165 170 175

Val Pro Cys Ser Cys Tyr Asn Leu Ser Ala Thr Asn Asp Ser Thr Ile
180 185 190

Leu Asp Lys Val Ile Leu Pro Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly His Leu Ala
195 200 205

Arg Ser Arg His Ser Ala Asp Ile Cys Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Ser His
210 215 220

Ile Tyr Arg Glu Gly Cys Ala Arg Ser Leu Gln Lys Trp Leu His Asn
225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Glu
245 250 255

Leu Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Ser Ile Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Leu Asp His
260 265 270

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