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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISH	HED U	JNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION	N TREATY (PCT)
(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ :		(11) International Publication Number:	WO 98/23155
A01N 43/653, C07D 241/08, 249/08, 249/12, 275/02, 285/08, 417/04	A1	(43) International Publication Date:	4 June 1998 (04.06.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US96/18916		DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,	
(22) International Filing Date: 26 November 1996 (2	26.11.9		
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(54) Title: ARTHROPODICIDAL AND FUNGICIDAL (CYCLI	C AMIDES	
(57) Abstract			
Compounds, compositions and methods of use of Formulae (I, IA and IB), their N-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts, as arthropodicides are disclosed. Compounds of Formula (II), useful as intermediates in the preparation of fungicides and arthropodicides, are also disclosed.			

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TITLE

ARTHROPODICIDAL AND FUNGICIDAL CYCLIC AMIDES BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to certain cyclic amides, their *N*-oxides, agriculturally suitable salts and compositions, and methods of their use as fungicides and arthropodicides.

The control of plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens is extremely important in achieving high crop efficiency. Plant disease damage to ornamental, vegetable, field, cereal, and fruit crops can cause significant reduction in productivity and thereby result in increased costs to the consumers. The control of arthropod pests is also extremely important in achieving high crop efficiency. Arthropod damage to growing and stored agronomic crops can cause significant reduction in productivity and thereby result in increased costs to the consumer. The control of arthropod pests in forestry, greenhouse crops, ornamentals, nursery crops, stored food and fiber products, livestock, household, and public and animal health is also important. Many products are commercially available for these purposes; but the need continues for new compounds which are more effective, less costly, less toxic, environmentally safer or have different modes of action.

WO 95/14009 discloses cyclic amides of Formula i as fungicides:

$$R^3$$
 X
 G
 W
 $A-N$
 R^2

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wherein

A is O; S; N; NR⁵; or CR¹⁴;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, A is O, S or NR⁵ and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, A is N or CR¹⁴ and the floating double bond is attached to A;

W is O or S;

X is OR^1 ; $S(O)_mR^1$; or halogen;

 R^1 , R^2 , and R^5 are each independently, in part, H or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

 R^3 and R^4 are each independently, in part, H; halogen; cyano; nitro; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy;

Y is, in part, -O-; -CR⁶=CR⁶-; -C \equiv C-; -CHR⁶O-; -OCHR⁶-; -CHR⁶O-N=C(R⁷)-; -(R⁷)C=N-OCH(R⁶)-; -C(R⁷)=N-O-; -O-N=C(R⁷)-; or a direct bond;

5 R^6 is independently H or C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

 R^7 is, in part, H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; or C_1 - C_6 alkoxy;

Z is, in part, an optionally substituted phenyl, 3 to 14-membered nonaromatic heterocyclic ring system or 5 to 14-membered aromatic heterocyclic ring system;

10 R¹⁴ is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; and m is 0, 1 or 2.

This publication does not disclose use of the compounds as arthropodicides. Furthermore, this publication does not disclose compounds where the optional substituents on Z are themselves substituted with C₂-C₆ alkenyl, C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl, C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy, C₃-C₆ haloalkenyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆ alkenylthio, C₃-C₆ haloalkenylthio, or SF₅.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention involves compounds of Formula I including all geometric and stereoisomers, *N*-oxides, and agriculturally suitable salts thereof:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
E & Y & Z \\
X & & & & \\
X &$$

wherein

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E is selected from:

i) 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ;

ii) a naphthalene ring, provided that when G and Y are attached to the same ring, then G and Y are attached to adjacent ring members, the naphthalene ring optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴; and iii) a ring system selected from 5 to 12-membered monocyclic and fused

bicyclic aromatic heterocyclic ring systems, each heterocyclic ring system containing 1 to 6 heteroatoms independently selected from the group nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, provided that each heterocyclic ring system contains no more than 4 nitrogens, no more than 2 oxygens, and no more than 2 sulfurs, each fused bicyclic ring system optionally containing one nonaromatic ring that optionally includes one or two Q as ring members and optionally includes one or two ring members independently selected from C(=O) and $S(O)_2$, provided that G is attached to an aromatic ring, and when G and Y are attached to the same ring, then G and Y are attached to adjacent ring members, each aromatic heterocyclic ring system optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ;

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A is O; S; N; NR⁵; or CR¹⁴;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, then A is O, S or NR⁵ and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, then A is N or CR¹⁴ and the floating double bond is attached to A;

W is O; S; NH; $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$; or $NO(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$;

X is H; OR^1 ; $S(O)_mR^1$; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; cyano; NH₂; NHR¹; N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)R¹; NH(C₁-C₆ alkoxy); or $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkoxy})R^1$;

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 R^1 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₂-C₄ alkylcarbonyl; or C₂-C₄ alkoxycarbonyl;

 R^2 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6

alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₂-C₄ alkylcarbonyl; C₂-C₄ alkoxycarbonyl; hydroxy; C₁-C₂ alkoxy; or acetyloxy;

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R³ and R⁴ are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkenyloxy; C₂-C₆ $alkynyloxy; C_1\text{-}C_6 \ alkylthio; C_1\text{-}C_6 \ alkylsulfinyl; C_1\text{-}C_6 \ alkylsulfonyl; formyl; \\$ C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; $NH_2C(O)$; $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})\text{NHC}(O); (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2\text{NC}(O); \text{Si}(\mathbb{R}^{25})_3; \text{Ge}(\mathbb{R}^{25})_3;$ (R²⁵)₃Si-C≡C-; or phenyl, phenylethynyl, benzoyl, or phenylsulfonyl each

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substituted with R⁸ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰; or when E is 1,2-phenylene and R³ and R⁴ are attached to adjacent atoms, R³ and R⁴ can be taken together as C₃-C₅ alkylene, C₃-C₅ haloalkylene, C₃-C₅

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alkenylene or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> haloalkenylene each optionally substituted with 1-2
                     C_1-C_3 alkyl;
              R^5 is H; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2-C_6
                     alkynyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2-C_4 alkylcarbonyl; or C_2-C_4
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                     alkoxycarbonyl;
              Y is -O-; -S(O)<sub>n</sub>-; -NR<sup>15</sup>-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR<sup>15</sup>)-; -CHR<sup>6</sup>-; -CHR<sup>6</sup>CHR<sup>6</sup>-;
                     -CR^6 = CR^6 -; -C = C^-; -CHR^{15}O -; -OCHR^{15} -; -CHR^{15}S(O)_n -; -S(O)_nCHR^{15} -;
                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-; -(R^7)C=N-OCH(R^{15})-; -C(R^7)=N-O-; -O-N=C(R^7)-;
                     -CHR^{15}OC(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}OC(=S)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}OC(=O)O-;
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                     -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=S)O-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=O)S-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=S)S-;
                     -CHR^{15}SC(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}SC(=S)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}SC(=O)O-;
                     -CHR<sup>15</sup>SC(=S)O-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>SC(=O)S-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>SC(=S)S-;
                     -CHR^{15}SC(=NR^{15})S-: -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-:
                     -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=S)N(R^{15})-;
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                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)NR^{15}-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)OCH_2-;
                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-N=N-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=O)-;
                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=N-A^2-Z^1)-A^1-;
                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(R^7)=N-A^2-A^3-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(-C(R^7)=N-A^2-Z^1)-;
                     -CHR<sup>15</sup>O-N=C(R<sup>7</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>O-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>O-N=C(R<sup>7</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>S-;
                     -O-CH_2CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}O-C(R^{15})=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}O-C(R^7)=N-;
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                     -CHR^{15}S-C(R^7)=N-; -C(R^7)=N-NR^{15}-; -CH=N-N=C(R^7)-;
                     -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})-N=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}N(COCH_3)-N=C(R^7)-;
                     -OC(=S)NR^{15}C(=O)-; -CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-; -CHR^6CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-;
                     -CR^6 = CR^6 - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; -C = C - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; -N = CR^6 - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; or a
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                     direct bond; and the directionality of the Y linkage is defined such that the
                     moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to E and the moiety
                     on the right side of the linkage is bonded to Z;
              Z^1 is H or -A<sup>3</sup>-Z;
              W<sup>1</sup> is O or S;
              A<sup>1</sup> is O; S; NR<sup>15</sup>; or a direct bond;
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              A<sup>2</sup> is O; NR<sup>15</sup>; or a direct bond;
              A^3 is -C(=O)-; -S(O)_2-; or a direct bond;
              each R<sup>6</sup> is independently H; 1-2 CH<sub>3</sub>; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                     cycloalkyl; formylamino; C2-C4 alkylcarbonylamino; C2-C4
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                     alkoxycarbonylamino; NH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl)NHC(O)NH;
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(C₁-C₃ alkyl)₂NC(O)NH; N(C₁-C₃ alkyl)₂; piperidinyl; morpholinyl; 1-2 halogen; cyano; or nitro;

each R^7 is independently H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylsulfonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl; halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; amino; NH(C_1 - C_6 alkyl); N(C_1 - C_6 alkyl) $_2$; or morpholinyl; each Z is independently selected from:

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- i) C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl, and C_2 - C_{10} alkynyl each substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ;
- ii) C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkenyl and phenyl each substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ;
- iii) a ring system selected from 3 to 14-membered monocyclic, fused bicyclic and fused tricyclic nonaromatic heterocyclic ring systems and 5 to 14-membered monocyclic, fused bicyclic and fused tricyclic aromatic heterocyclic ring systems, each heterocyclic ring system containing 1 to 6 heteroatoms independently selected from the group nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, provided that each heterocyclic ring system contains no more than 4 nitrogens, no more than 2 oxygens, and no more than 2 sulfurs, each nonaromatic or aromatic heterocyclic ring system substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰;

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iv) a multicyclic ring system selected from 8 to 14-membered fused-bicyclic and fused-tricyclic ring systems which are an aromatic carbocyclic ring system, a nonaromatic carbocyclic ring system, or a ring system containing one or two nonaromatic rings that each include one or two Q as ring members and one or two ring members independently selected from C(=0) and $S(O)_2$, and any remaining rings as aromatic carbocyclic rings, each multicyclic ring system substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ; and

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- v) adamantyl substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ;
- each Q is independently selected from the group -CHR 13 -, -NR 13 -, -O-, and -S(O) $_p$ -;

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 R^8 is H; 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_1 - C_6

alkylthio; C₁-C₆ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy; $CO_2(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$; cyano; nitro; $SiR^{19}R^{20}R^{21}$; or $GeR^{19}R^{20}R^{21}$; R^9 is H; 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 5 haloalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₁-C₆ alkylthio; C₁-C₆ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy; $CO_2(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$; $-C(R^{18})=NOR^{17}$; cyano; nitro; SF₅; SiR²²R²³R²⁴; or GeR²²R²³R²⁴; or R⁹ is phenyl, benzyl, benzoyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl, 10 pyridinyloxy, thienyl, thienyloxy, furanyl, pyrimidinyl, or pyrimidinyloxy each optionally substituted with one of R^{11} , R^{12} , or both R^{11} and R^{12} ; each R¹⁰ is independently halogen; C₁-C₄ alkyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkyl; C₁-C₄ alkoxy; nitro; or cyano; or when R⁹ and an R¹⁰ are attached to adjacent atoms on Z, R⁹ and said adjacently attached R¹⁰ can be taken together as -OCH₂O- or -OCH₂CH₂O-; each CH₂ 15 group of said taken together R⁹ and R¹⁰ optionally substituted with 1-2 halogen; or when Y and an R¹⁰ are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is $-CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-$, $-O-N=C(R^7)-$, $-O-CH_2CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-$, $-CHR^{15}O-C(R^{15})=C(R^7)-$, $-CH=N-N=C(R^7)-$, $-CHR^{15}N(R^{15})-N=C(R^7)-$ or 20 -CHR¹⁵N(COCH₃)-N=C(R⁷)-, R⁷ and said adjacently attached R¹⁰ can be taken together as $-(CH_2)_r$ -J- such that J is attached to Z; J is $-CH_2$ -; $-CH_2CH_2$ -; $-OCH_2$ -; $-CH_2O$ -; $-SCH_2$ -; $-CH_2S$ -; $-N(R^{16})CH_2$ -; or -CH₂N(R¹⁶)-; each CH₂ group of said J optionally substituted with 1 to 2 25 CH₃; R^{11} and R^{12} are each independently 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkyl; C₃-C₆ alkoxyalkynyl; C₇-C₁₀ tetrahydropyranyloxyalkynyl; benzyloxymethyl; C₁-C₄ alkoxy; C₁-C₄ 30 haloalkoxy; C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ haloalkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ alkynyloxy; C_3 - C_6 haloalkynyloxy; C_2 - C_6 alkoxyalkoxy; C_5 - C_9 trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkylthioalkoxy; C_1 - C_4 alkylthio; C_1 - C_4 haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_4 alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfonyl; C₃-C₆ alkenylthio; C₃-C₆ haloalkenylthio; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkylthio; nitro; cyano; thiocyanato; hydroxy; N(R²⁶)₂; SF₅; 35 $Si(R^{25})_3$; $Ge(R^{25})_3$; $(R^{25})_3Si-C = C-$; $OSi(R^{25})_3$; $OGe(R^{25})_3$; $C(=O)R^{26}$;

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	$C(=S)R^{26}$; $C(=O)OR^{26}$; $C(=S)OR^{26}$; $C(=O)SR^{26}$; $C(=S)SR^{26}$;
	$C(=O)N(R^{26})_2$; $C(=S)N(R^{26})_2$; $OC(=O)R^{26}$; $OC(=S)R^{26}$; $SC(=O)R^{26}$;
	$SC(=S)R^{26}$; $N(R^{26})C(=O)R^{26}$; $N(R^{26})C(=S)R^{26}$; $OC(=O)OR^{27}$;
	$OC(=O)SR^{27}$; $OC(=O)N(R^{26})_2$; $SC(=O)OR^{27}$; $SC(=O)SR^{27}$; $S(O)_2OR^{26}$;
5	$S(O)_2N(R^{26})_2$; $OS(O)_2R^{27}$; $N(R^{26})S(O)_2R^{27}$; or phenyl, phenoxy, benzyl,
	benzyloxy, phenylsulfonyl, phenylethynyl or pyridinylethynyl, each optionally
	substituted with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4
	haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;
	each R ¹³ is independently H; C ₁ -C ₆ alkyl; C ₁ -C ₆ haloalkyl; or phenyl optionally
10	substituted with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4
	haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;
	R^{14} is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl

C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; or C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl;

each R¹⁵ is independently H; C₁-C₃ alkyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; or

when Y is $-CHR^{15}N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})$, the two R^{15} attached to nitrogen atoms on said group can be taken together as $-(CH_2)_{s-}$; or

when Y is -CHR¹⁵O-N= $C(R^7)NR^{15}$ -, R^7 and the adjacently attached R^{15} can be taken together as $-CH_2-(CH_2)_S-$; $-O-(CH_2)_S-$; $-S-(CH_2)_S-$; or -N(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-(CH_2) $_S$ -; with the directionality of said linkage defined such that the moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to the carbon and the moiety on the right side of the linkage is bonded to the nitrogen;

R¹⁶, R¹⁷, and R¹⁸ are each independently H; C₁-C₃ alkyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; or phenyl optionally substituted with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

 R^{19} , R^{20} , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , and R^{24} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C₁-C₄ alkoxy; or phenyl;

each R²⁵ is independently C₁-C₄ alkyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkyl; C₂-C₄ alkenyl; C₁-C₄ alkoxy; or phenyl;

each R²⁶ is independently H; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C2-C6 alkynyl; C2-C6 haloalkynyl; C3-C6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

each R²⁷ is independently C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

5 m, n and p are each independently 0, 1 or 2;

r is 0 or 1; and

s is 2 or 3.

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This invention provides a method for controlling arthropods comprising contacting the arthropods or their environment with an arthropodicidally effective amount of a compound of Formula I including all geometric and stereoisomers, *N*-oxides, and agriculturally suitable salts thereof, provided that:

- (i) when E is 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴; X is OR¹, S(O)_mR¹ or halogen; Y is -O-, -S(O)_n-, -NR¹5-, -C(=O)-,-CH(OR¹5)-, -CHR6-, -CHR6CHR6-, -CR6=CR6-, -C≡C-, -CHR¹5O-, -OCHR¹5-, -CHR¹5S(O)_n-, -S(O)_nCHR¹5-, -CHR¹5O-N=C(R²)-, -(R²)C=N-OCH(R¹5)-, -C(R²)=N-O-, -O-N=C(R²)-, -CHR¹5OC(=O)N(R¹5)- or a direct bond; and R⁰ is SiR²2R²3R²⁴ or GeR²2R²3R²⁴; then Z is other than phenyl or a 5 to 14-membered aromatic heterocyclic ring system each substituted with R⁰ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹0;
 - (ii) when E is a naphthalene ring optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ; R^3 or R^4 is $Si(R^{25})_3$ or $Ge(R^{25})_3$; and Y is -O-, - $S(O)_n$ -, -C(=O)-, -CHR⁶-, -CHR⁶CHR⁶-, -CR⁶=CR⁶-, -C≡C-, -OCHR¹⁵-, -S(O)_nCHR¹⁵- or a direct bond; then Z is other than C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl or C_2 - C_{10} alkynyl each substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ; and
 - (iii) when E is a naphthalene ring optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ; R^3 or R^4 is $Si(R^{25})_3$ or $Ge(R^{25})_3$; and Y is $-S(O)_n$ -, -C(=O)-, -C=C- or a direct bond; then Z is other than phenyl substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} .

This invention also provides selected compounds of Formula I which are considered particularly effective fungicides and arthropodicides. Specifically, this invention provides compounds of Formula IA including all geometric and stereoisomers, *N*-oxides, and agriculturally suitable salts thereof, and agricultural compositions containing them and their use as fungicides and arthropodicides:

$$X$$
 G
 X
 A
 R^2
 A

wherein

E is 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ; A is O or N;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, then A is O and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, then A is N and the floating double bond is attached to A;

W is O;

 $X \text{ is } OR^1;$

10 R^1 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

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 R^2 is H or C_1 - C_2 alkyl;

R³ and R⁴ are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkenyloxy; C₂-C₆ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonyl; formyl; C₂-C₆ alkylcarbonyl; C₂-C₆ alkoxycarbonyl; NH₂C(O); (C₁-C₄ alkyl)NHC(O); (C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂NC(O); Si(R²⁵)₃; Ge(R²⁵)₃; (R²⁵)₃Si-C≡C-; or phenyl, phenylethynyl, benzoyl, or phenylsulfonyl each substituted with R⁸ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰;

Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; -CH₂CH₂-; -CH=CH-; -C \equiv C-; -CH₂O-; -OCH₂-; -CH₂S(O)_n-; -S(O)_nCH₂-; or a direct bond; and the directionality of the Y linkage is defined such that the moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to E and the moiety on the right side of the linkage is bonded to Z;

Z is selected from the group 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; and pyrazinyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰;

R⁹ is H; halogen; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₁-C₆ alkylthio; C₁-C₆ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy; CO₂(C₁-C₆ alkyl); NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl); N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂;

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-C(R¹⁸)=NOR¹⁷; cyano; nitro; SF₅; SiR²²R²³R²⁴; or GeR²²R²³R²⁴; or R⁹ is phenyl, benzyl, benzyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl, pyridinyloxy, thienyl, thienyloxy, furanyl, pyrimidinyl, or pyrimidinyloxy each optionally substituted with one of R¹¹, R¹², or both R¹¹ and R¹²; provided that when Z is pyrazinyl, then R⁹ is other than H or C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl;

- each R^{10} is independently halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; nitro; or cyano; or
- when R⁹ and an R¹⁰ are attached to adjacent atoms on Z, R⁹ and said adjacently attached R¹⁰ can be taken together as -OCH₂O- or -OCH₂CH₂O-; each CH₂ group of said taken together R⁹ and R¹⁰ optionally substituted with 1-2 halogen;
- R^{11} and R^{12} are each independently 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylthioalkyl; C_3 - C_6 alkoxyalkynyl; C_7 - C_{10} tetrahydropyranyloxyalkynyl; benzyloxymethyl; C₁-C₄ alkoxy; C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy; C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ haloalkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ alkynyloxy; C₃-C₆ haloalkynyloxy; C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkoxy; C₅-C₉ trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkoxy; C₁-C₄ alkylthio; C₁-C₄ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfonyl; C₃-C₆ alkenylthio; C₃-C₆ haloalkenylthio; C₂-C₆ 20 alkylthioalkylthio; nitro; cyano; thiocyanato; hydroxy; N(R²⁶)₂; SF₅; $Si(R^{25})_3$; $Ge(R^{25})_3$; $(R^{25})_3Si-C = C-$; $OSi(R^{25})_3$; $OGe(R^{25})_3$; $C(=O)R^{26}$; $C(=S)R^{26}$; $C(=O)OR^{26}$; $C(=S)OR^{26}$; $C(=O)SR^{26}$; $C(=S)SR^{26}$; $C(=O)N(R^{26})_2$; $C(=S)N(R^{26})_2$; $OC(=O)R^{26}$; $OC(=S)R^{26}$; $SC(=O)R^{26}$; $SC(=S)R^{26}$; $N(R^{26})C(=O)R^{26}$; $N(R^{26})C(=S)R^{26}$; $OC(=O)OR^{27}$; 25 $OC(=O)SR^{27}$; $OC(=O)N(R^{26})_2$; $SC(=O)OR^{27}$; $SC(=O)SR^{27}$; $S(O)_2OR^{26}$; $S(O)_2N(R^{26})_2$; $OS(O)_2R^{27}$; $N(R^{26})S(O)_2R^{27}$; or phenyl, phenoxy, benzyl, benzyloxy, phenylsulfonyl, phenylethynyl or pyridinylethynyl, each optionally
 - haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; R^{15} is H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; or cyclopropyl;
 - R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are each independently H; C₁-C₃ alkyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; or phenyl optionally substituted with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

substituted with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄

 R^{22} , R^{23} , and R^{24} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 35 alkoxy; or phenyl;

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each R^{25} is independently C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl;

each R^{26} is independently H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4

each R^{27} is independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; and n is 0, 1 or 2.

This invention also provides certain compounds of Formula I which are useful as fungicides and arthropodicides. Specifically, this invention provides compounds of Formula IB including all geometric and stereoisomers, *N*-oxides, and agriculturally suitable salts thereof, and agricultural compositions containing them and their use as fungicides and arthropodicides:

$$X \xrightarrow{E} Y Z$$
 $X \xrightarrow{G} W$
 $X \xrightarrow{G} W$

wherein

E is selected from:

i) 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ;

ii) a naphthalene ring, provided that when G and Y are attached to the same ring, then G and Y are attached to adjacent ring members, the naphthalene ring optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴; and iii) a ring system selected from 5 to 12-membered monocyclic and fused bicyclic aromatic heterocyclic ring systems, each heterocyclic ring system containing 1 to 6 heteroatoms independently selected from the group nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, provided that each heterocyclic ring system contains no more than 4 nitrogens, no more than 2 oxygens, and no more than 2 sulfurs, each fused bicyclic ring system optionally containing one

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nonaromatic ring that optionally includes one or two Q as ring members and optionally includes one or two ring members independently selected from C(=O) and $S(O)_2$, provided that G is attached to an aromatic ring, and when G and Y are attached to the same ring, then G and Y are attached to adjacent ring members, each aromatic heterocyclic ring system optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ;

A is O; S; N; NR⁵; or CR¹⁴;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, then A is O, S or NR⁵ and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, then A is N or CR¹⁴ and the floating double bond is attached to A;

W is O; S; NH; $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$; or $NO(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$;

X is H; OR^1 ; $S(O)_mR^1$; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; cyano; NH_2 ; NHR^1 ; $N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl) R^1 ; $NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy); or $N(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy) R^1 ;

R¹ is C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₂-C₄ alkylcarbonyl; or C₂-C₄ alkoxycarbonyl;

R² is H; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₂-C₄ alkylcarbonyl; C₂-C₄ alkoxycarbonyl; hydroxy; C₁-C₂ alkoxy; or acetyloxy;

 R^3 and R^4 are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkenyloxy; C_2 - C_6 alkyloxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; formyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; $NH_2C(O)$; $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)NHC(O); $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)2NC(O); $Si(R^{25})_3$; $Ge(R^{25})_3$; $(R^{25})_3Si$ -C=C-; or phenyl, phenylethynyl, benzoyl, or phenylsulfonyl each substituted with R^8 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ; or

when E is 1,2-phenylene and R^3 and R^4 are attached to adjacent atoms, R^3 and R^4 can be taken together as C_3 - C_5 alkylene, C_3 - C_5 haloalkylene, C_3 - C_5 alkenylene or C_3 - C_5 haloalkenylene each optionally substituted with 1-2 C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

 R^5 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; or C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl;

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Y is -O-; -S(O)_{n-}; -NR^{15}-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR^{15})-; -CHR^{6}-; -CHR^{6}CHR<sup>6</sup>-;
                       -CR^6 = CR^6 - ; -C = C - ; -CHR^{15}O - ; -OCHR^{15} - ; -CHR^{15}S(O)_n - ; -S(O)_nCHR^{15} - ;
                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-; -(R^7)C=N-OCH(R^{15})-; -C(R^7)=N-O-; -O-N=C(R^7)-;
                       -CHR^{15}OC(=O)N(R^{15})-: -CHR^{15}OC(=S)N(R^{15})-: -CHR^{15}OC(=O)O-:
                       -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=S)O-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=O)S-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=S)S-;
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                       -CHR^{15}SC(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}SC(=S)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}SC(=O)O-;
                       -CHR<sup>15</sup>SC(=S)O-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>SC(=O)S-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>SC(=S)S-;
                       -CHR^{15}SC(=NR^{15})S-; -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-;
                       -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=S)N(R^{15})-;
                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)NR^{15}-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)OCH_2-;
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                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-N=N-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=O)-;
                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=N-A^2-Z^1)-A^1-:
                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(R^7)=N-A^2-A^3-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(-C(R^7)=N-A^2-Z^1)-;
                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-CH_2O-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-CH_2S-;
                       -O-CH_2CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}O-C(R^{15})=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}O-C(R^7)=N-;
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                       -CHR^{15}S-C(R^7)=N-; -C(R^7)=N-NR^{15}-; -CH=N-N=C(R^7)-;
                       -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})-N=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}N(COCH_3)-N=C(R^7)-;
                       -OC(=S)NR^{15}C(=O)-; -CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-; -CHR^6CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-;
                       -CR^6 = CR^6 - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; -C = C - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; -N = CR^6 - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; or a
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                       direct bond; and the directionality of the Y linkage is defined such that the
                       moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to E and the moiety
                       on the right side of the linkage is bonded to Z;
               Z^1 is H or -A^3-Z:
               W1 is O or S;
               A<sup>1</sup> is O; S; NR<sup>15</sup>; or a direct bond;
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               A<sup>2</sup> is O; NR<sup>15</sup>; or a direct bond;
               A^3 is -C(=O)-; -S(O)_2-; or a direct bond;
               each R<sup>6</sup> is independently H; 1-2 CH<sub>3</sub>; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                       cycloalkyl; formylamino; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonylamino; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
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                       alkoxycarbonylamino; NH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl)NHC(O)NH;
                       (C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})_2NC(O)NH; N(C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})_2; piperidinyl; morpholinyl;
                        1-2 halogen; cyano; or nitro;
               each R<sup>7</sup> is independently H; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                       haloalkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfinyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                       haloalkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkylsulfinyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkylsulfonyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
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                        alkenyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkenyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkynyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
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cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl; halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; amino; NH(C_1 - C_6 alkyl); N(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)₂; or morpholinyl; each Z is independently selected from:

- i) C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl, or C_2 - C_{10} alkynyl each substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ;
- ii) C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkenyl or phenyl each substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ;
- iii) a ring system selected from 3 to 14-membered monocyclic, fused bicyclic and fused tricyclic nonaromatic heterocyclic ring systems and 5 to 14-membered monocyclic, fused bicyclic and fused tricyclic aromatic heterocyclic ring systems, each heterocyclic ring system containing 1 to 6 heteroatoms independently selected from the group nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, provided that each heterocyclic ring system contains no more than 4 nitrogens, no more than 2 oxygens, and no more than 2 sulfurs, each nonaromatic or aromatic heterocyclic ring system substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰;
- iv) a multicyclic ring system selected from 8 to 14-membered fused-bicyclic and fused-tricyclic ring systems which are an aromatic carbocyclic ring system, a nonaromatic carbocyclic ring system, or a ring system containing one or two nonaromatic rings that each include one or two Q as ring members and one or two ring members independently selected from C(=0) and $S(O)_2$, and any remaining rings as aromatic carbocyclic rings, each multicyclic ring system substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ; and
- v) adamantyl substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} :
- each Q is independently selected from the group -CHR 13 -, -NR 13 -, -O-, and -S(O) $_p$ -;
- R⁸ is H; 1-2 halogen; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₁-C₆ alkylthio; C₁-C₆ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy; CO₂(C₁-C₆ alkyl); NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl); N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂; cyano; nitro; SiR¹⁹R²⁰R²¹; or GeR¹⁹R²⁰R²¹;
- R^9 is phenyl, benzyl, benzoyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl, pyridinyloxy, thienyl, thienyloxy, furanyl, pyrimidinyl, or pyrimidinyloxy each substituted with R^{11} and optionally substituted with R^{12} ;

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- each R^{10} is independently halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; nitro; or cyano; or
- when R^9 and an R^{10} are attached to adjacent atoms on Z, R^9 and said adjacently attached R^{10} can be taken together as -OCH₂O- or -OCH₂CH₂O-; each CH₂ group of said taken together R^9 and R^{10} optionally substituted with 1-2 halogen; or
- when Y and an R¹⁰ are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is $-CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-, -O-N=C(R^7)-, -O-CH_2CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-, \\ -CHR^{15}O-C(R^{15})=C(R^7)-, -CH=N-N=C(R^7)-, -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})-N=C(R^7)- \text{ or } \\ -CHR^{15}N(COCH_3)-N=C(R^7)-, R^7 \text{ and said adjacently attached } R^{10} \text{ can be } \\ \text{taken together as } -(CH_2)_r-J- \text{ such that } J \text{ is attached to } Z;$
- J is -CH₂-; -CH₂CH₂-; -OCH₂-; -CH₂O-; -SCH₂-; -CH₂S-; -N(R¹⁶)CH₂-; or -CH₂N(R¹⁶)-; each CH₂ group of said J optionally substituted with 1 to 2 CH₃;
- R¹¹ is C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkyl; C₃-C₆ alkoxyalkynyl; C₇-C₁₀ tetrahydropyranyloxyalkynyl; benzyloxymethyl; C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ haloalkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ alkynyloxy; C₃-C₆ haloalkynyloxy; C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkoxy; C₅-C₉ trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkoxy; C₁-C₄ alkylthio; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfonyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfonyl; C₃-C₆ haloalkenylthio; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkylthio; thiocyanato; hydroxy; N(R²⁶)₂; SF₅; (R²⁵)₃Si-C≡C-; OSi(R²⁵)₃; OGe(R²⁵)₃; C(=O)R²⁶; C(=S)R²⁶; C(=S)R²⁶; C(=O)OR²⁶; C(=S)OR²⁶; C(=O)SR²⁶; C(=O)N(R²⁶)₂; C(=S)N(R²⁶)₂; OC(=O)R²⁶; OC(=S)R²⁶; SC(=O)R²⁶; SC(=S)R²⁶; N(R²⁶)C(=O)R²⁶; N(R²⁶)C(=S)R²⁶; OC(=O)OR²⁷; OC(=O)SR²⁷;
 - $N(R^{26})C(=O)R^{26}; \ N(R^{26})C(=S)R^{26}; \ OC(=O)OR^{27}; \ OC(=O)SR^{27}; \ OC(=O)N(R^{26})_2; \ SC(=O)OR^{27}; \ SC(=O)SR^{27}; \ S(O)_2OR^{26}; \ S(O)_2N(R^{26})_2; \ OS(O)_2R^{27}; \ N(R^{26})S(O)_2R^{27}; \ or \ phenyl, \ phenoxy, \ benzyl, \ benzyloxy, \ phenylsulfonyl, \ phenylethynyl \ or \ pyridinylethynyl, \ each \ optionally \ substituted \ with \ halogen, \ C_1-C_4 \ alkyl, \ C_1-C_4 \ haloalkyl, \ C_1-C_4 \ alkoxy, \ C_1-C_4 \ haloalkoxy, \ nitro \ or \ cyano;$
 - R¹² is 1-2 halogen; C₁-C₄ alkyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆
 haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkyl; C₂-C₆
 alkylthioalkyl; C₃-C₆ alkoxyalkynyl; C₇-C₁₀ tetrahydropyranyloxyalkynyl;
 benzyloxymethyl; C₁-C₄ alkoxy; C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy; C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy;
 C₃-C₆ haloalkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ alkynyloxy; C₃-C₆ haloalkynyloxy; C₂-C₆

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alkoxyalkoxy; C₅-C₉ trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkoxy; C₁-C₄ alkylthio; C₁-C₄ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl; C₁-C₆ alkylthioalkylthio; nitro; cyano; thiocyanato; hydroxy; N(R²⁶)₂; SF₅; Si(R²⁵)₃; Ge(R²⁵)₃; (R²⁵)₃Si-C=C-; OSi(R²⁵)₃; OGe(R²⁵)₃; C(=O)R²⁶; C(=S)R²⁶; C(=O)OR²⁶; C(=S)OR²⁶; C(=O)SR²⁶; C(=S)SR²⁶; C(=O)N(R²⁶)₂; C(=S)N(R²⁶)₂; OC(=O)R²⁶; OC(=S)R²⁶; SC(=O)R²⁶; SC(=S)R²⁶; N(R²⁶)C(=O)R²⁶; N(R²⁶)C(=S)R²⁶; OC(=O)OR²⁷; OC(=O)SR²⁷; OC(=O)N(R²⁶)₂; SC(=O)OR²⁷; SC(=O)SR²⁷; S(O)₂OR²⁶; S(O)₂N(R²⁶)₂; OS(O)₂R²⁷; N(R²⁶)S(O)₂R²⁷; or phenyl, phenoxy, benzyl, benzyloxy, phenylsulfonyl, phenylethynyl or pyridinylethynyl, each optionally substituted with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

each R^{13} is independently H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; or phenyl optionally substituted with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

 R^{14} is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl;

each R^{15} is independently H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; or

when Y is -CHR¹⁵N(R¹⁵)C(=O)N(R¹⁵)-, the two R¹⁵ attached to nitrogen atoms on said group can be taken together as -(CH₂)_S-; or

when Y is -CHR¹⁵O-N=C(R⁷)NR¹⁵-, R⁷ and the adjacently attached R¹⁵ can be taken together as -CH₂-(CH₂)_S-; -O-(CH₂)_S-; -S-(CH₂)_S-; or -N(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-(CH₂)_S-; with the directionality of said linkage defined such that the moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to the carbon and the moiety on the right side of the linkage is bonded to the nitrogen;

 R^{16} is H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl optionally substituted with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

 R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl;

each R^{25} is independently C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl;

each R^{26} is independently H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4

each R^{27} is independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4

m, n and p are each independently 0, 1 or 2;

10 r is 0 or 1; and s is 2 or 3.

This invention also provides compounds of Formula II including all geometric and stereoisomers which are useful as intermediates for the preparation of the fungicides and arthropodicides of Formula I where Y is oxygen:

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$$X \longrightarrow A \longrightarrow N$$
 R^2

wherein

E is 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ; A is O; S; N; NR^5 ; or CR^{14} ;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, then A is O, S or NR⁵ and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, then A is N or CR¹⁴ and the floating double bond is attached to A;

W is O; S; NH; $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$; or $NO(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$;

X is OR^1 ; $S(O)_mR^1$; or halogen;

25 R¹ is C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₂-C₄ alkylcarbonyl; or C₂-C₄ alkoxycarbonyl;

 R^2 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl; hydroxy; C_1 - C_2 alkoxy; or acetyloxy;

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 R^3 and R^4 are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; formyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; $NH_2C(O)$; $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)NHC(O); $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl) $(C_1$ - $(C_4$ alkyl) $(C_1$

when R^3 and R^4 are attached to adjacent atoms, R^3 and R^4 can be taken together as C_3 - C_5 alkylene, C_3 - C_5 haloalkylene, C_3 - C_5 alkenylene or C_3 - C_5 haloalkenylene each optionally substituted with 1-2 C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

 R^5 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; or C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl;

15 R⁸ is H; 1-2 halogen; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₁-C₆ alkylthio; C₁-C₆ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy; CO₂(C₁-C₆ alkyl); NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl); N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂; cyano; nitro; SiR¹⁹R²⁰R²¹; or GeR¹⁹R²⁰R²¹;

each R^{10} is independently halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; nitro; or cyano;

 R^{14} is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl;

 R^{19} , R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl;

each R^{25} is independently C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl; and m is 0, 1 or 2.

DETAILS OF THE INVENTION

In the above recitations, the term "alkyl", used either alone or in compound words such as "alkylthio" or "haloalkyl" includes straight-chain or branched alkyl, such as, methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, *i*-propyl, or the different butyl, pentyl or hexyl isomers. The term "1-2 CH₃" indicates that the substituent can be methyl or, when there is a hydrogen attached to the same atom, the substituent and said hydrogen can both be methyl.

35 "Alkenyl" includes straight-chain or branched alkenes such as vinyl, 1-propenyl, 2-propenyl, and the different butenyl, pentenyl and hexenyl isomers. "Alkenyl" also

includes polyenes such as 1,2-propadienyl and 2,4-hexadienyl. "Alkynyl" includes straight-chain or branched alkynes such as ethynyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl and the different butynyl, pentynyl and hexynyl isomers. "Alkynyl" can also include moieties comprised of multiple triple bonds such as 2,5-hexadiynyl. "Alkylene" denotes a straight-chain alkanediyl. Examples of "alkylene" include CH₂CH₂CH₂, 5 alkenediyl containing one olefinic bond. Examples of "alkenylene" include CH₂CH=CH, CH₂CH₂CH=CH, CH₂CH=CHCH₂ and CH₂CH=CHCH₂CH₂. "Alkoxy" includes, for example, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propyloxy, isopropyloxy and the different butoxy, pentoxy and hexyloxy isomers. "Alkoxyalkyl" denotes alkoxy substitution on alkyl. Examples of 10 "alkoxyalkyl" include CH₃OCH₂, CH₃OCH₂CH₂, CH₃CH₂OCH₂, CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂OCH₂ and CH₃CH₂OCH₂CH₂. "Alkoxyalkoxy" denotes alkoxy substitution on alkoxy. "Alkenyloxy" includes straight-chain or branched alkenyloxy moieties. Examples of "alkenyloxy" include H₂C=CHCH₂O, (CH₃)₂C=CHCH₂O, (CH₃)CH=CHCH₂O, (CH₃)CH=C(CH₃)CH₂O and CH₂=CHCH₂CH₂O. "Alkynyloxy" 15 includes straight-chain or branched alkynyloxy moieties. Examples of "alkynyloxy" include HC≡CCH₂O, CH₃C≡CCH₂O and CH₃C≡CCH₂CH₂O. "Alkylthio" includes branched or straight-chain alkylthio moieties such as methylthio, ethylthio, and the different propylthio, butylthio, pentylthio and hexylthio isomers. "Alkylthioalkyl" denotes alkylthio substitution on alkyl. Examples of "alkylthioalkyl" include CH₃SCH₂, 20 CH₃SCH₂CH₂, CH₃CH₂SCH₂, CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂SCH₂ and CH₃CH₂SCH₂CH₂. "Alkylthioalkylthio" denotes alkylthio substitution on alkylthio. Analogously, "alkylthioalkoxy" denotes alkylthio substitution on alkoxy. "Alkylsulfinyl" includes both enantiomers of an alkylsulfinyl group. Examples of "alkylsulfinyl" include CH₃S(O). CH₃CH₂S(O), CH₃CH₂CH₂S(O), (CH₃)₂CHS(O) and the different butylsulfinyl, 25 pentylsulfinyl and hexylsulfinyl isomers. Examples of "alkylsulfonyl" include $CH_3S(O)_2$, $CH_3CH_2S(O)_2$, $CH_3CH_2CH_2S(O)_2$, $(CH_3)_2CHS(O)_2$ and the different butylsulfonyl, pentylsulfonyl and hexylsulfonyl isomers. "Alkenylthio" is defined analogously to the above examples. "Cycloalkyl" includes, for example, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, 30 cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl. "Cycloalkenyl" includes groups such as cyclopentenyl and cyclohexenyl as well as groups with more than one double bond such as 1,3- and 1,4-cyclohexadienyl. "Trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy" denotes trialkylsilylalkoxy substitution on alkoxy. Examples of "trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy" includes, for example, (CH₃)₃SiCH₂CH₂OCH₂O. The term "aromatic carbocyclic ring system" includes fully 35 aromatic carbocycles and carbocycles in which at least one ring of a polycyclic ring

system is aromatic (where aromatic indicates that the Hückel rule is satisfied). The term

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"nonaromatic carbocyclic ring system" denotes fully saturated carbocycles as well as partially or fully unsaturated carbocycles where the Hückel rule is not satisfied by any of the rings in the ring system. The term "aromatic heterocyclic ring system" includes fully aromatic heterocycles and heterocycles in which at least one ring of a polycyclic ring system is aromatic (where aromatic indicates that the Hückel rule is satisfied). The term "nonaromatic heterocyclic ring system" denotes fully saturated heterocycles as well as partially or fully unsaturated heterocycles where the Hückel rule is not satisfied by any of the rings in the ring system. The heterocyclic ring systems can be attached through any available carbon or nitrogen by replacement of a hydrogen on said carbon or nitrogen. One skilled in the art will appreciate that not all nitrogen containing heterocycles can form *N*-oxides since the nitrogen requires an available lone pair for oxidation to the oxide; one skilled in the art will recognize those nitrogen containing heterocycles which can form *N*-oxides.

The term "halogen", either alone or in compound words such as "haloalkyl", includes fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine. The term "1-2 halogen" indicates that one or two of the available positions for that substituent may be halogen which are independently selected. Further, when used in compound words such as "haloalkyl", said alkyl may be partially or fully substituted with halogen atoms which may be the same or different. Examples of "haloalkyl" include F₃C, ClCH₂, CF₃CH₂ and CF₃CCl₂. The terms "haloalkenyl", "haloalkynyl", "haloalkoxy", and the like, are defined analogously to the term "haloalkyl". Examples of "haloalkenyl" include (Cl)₂C=CHCH₂ and CF₃CH₂CH=CHCH₂. Examples of "haloalkynyl" include HC≡CCHCl, CF₃C≡C, CCl₃C≡C and FCH₂C≡CCH₂. Examples of "haloalkoxy" include CF₃O, CCl₃CH₂O, HCF₂CH₂CH₂O and CF₃CH₂O. Examples of "haloalkylthio" include CCl₃S, CF₃S, CCl₃CH₂S and ClCH₂CH₂CH₂S. Examples of "haloalkylsulfinyl" include CF₃S(O), CCl₃S(O), CF₃CH₂S(O) and CF₃CF₂S(O). Examples of "haloalkylsulfonyl" include CF₃S(O), CCl₃S(O)₂, CCl₃S(O)₂, CF₃CH₂S(O)₂ and CF₃CF₂S(O)₂.

The total number of carbon atoms in a substituent group is indicated by the " C_i - C_j " prefix where i and j are numbers from 1 to 10. For example, C_1 - C_3 alkylsulfonyl designates methylsulfonyl through propylsulfonyl. Examples of "alkylcarbonyl" include $C(O)CH_3$, $C(O)CH_2CH_2CH_3$ and $C(O)CH(CH_3)_2$. Examples of "alkoxycarbonyl" include $CH_3OC(=O)$, $CH_3CH_2OC(=O)$, $CH_3CH_2OC(=O)$, $CH_3CH_2OC(=O)$, and the different butoxy- or pentoxycarbonyl isomers. In the above recitations, when a compound of Formula I is comprised of one or more heterocyclic rings, all substituents are attached to these rings through any available carbon or nitrogen by replacement of a hydrogen on said carbon or nitrogen.

When a group contains a substituent which can be hydrogen, for example R⁹ or R¹³, then, when this substituent is taken as hydrogen, it is recognized that this is equivalent to said group being unsubstituted.

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Compounds of this invention can exist as one or more stereoisomers. The various stereoisomers include enantiomers, diastereomers, atropisomers and geometric isomers. One skilled in the art will appreciate that one stereoisomer may be more active and/or may exhibit beneficial effects when enriched relative to the other stereoisomer(s) or when separated from the other stereoisomer(s). Additionally, the skilled artisan knows how to separate, enrich, and/or to selectively prepare said stereoisomers. Accordingly, the present invention comprises compounds selected from Formula I, *N*-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts thereof. The compounds of the invention may be present as a mixture of stereoisomers, individual stereoisomers, or as an optically active form.

The salts of the compounds of the invention include acid-addition salts with inorganic or organic acids such as hydrobromic, hydrochloric, nitric, phosphoric, sulfuric, acetic, butyric, fumaric, lactic, maleic, malonic, oxalic, propionic, salicylic, tartaric, 4-toluenesulfonic or valeric acids. The salts of the compounds of the invention also include those formed with organic bases (e.g., pyridine, ammonia, or triethylamine) or inorganic bases (e.g., hydrides, hydroxides, or carbonates of sodium, potassium, lithium, calcium, magnesium or barium) when the compound contains an acidic group such as a phenol.

Preferred methods for reasons of better activity and/or ease of synthesis are: Preferred 1. Methods for controlling arthropods using compounds of Formula I above, and *N*-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts thereof, wherein:

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E is selected from the group 1,2-phenylene; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-, 2,6-,
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                            2,7-, 1,2-, and 2,3-naphthalenediyl; 1H-pyrrole-1,2-, 2,3- and
                            3,4-diyl; 2,3- and 3,4-furandiyl; 2,3- and 3,4-thiophenediyl;
                            1H-pyrazole-1,5-, 3,4- and 4,5-diyl; 1H-imidazole-1,2-, 4,5- and
                            1,5-diyl; 3,4- and 4,5-isoxazolediyl; 4,5-oxazolediyl; 3,4- and
                            4,5-isothiazolediyl; 4,5-thiazolediyl; 1H-1,2,3-triazole-1,5- and
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                            4,5-diyl; 2H-1,2,3-triazole-4,5-diyl; 1H-1,2,4-triazole-1,5-diyl;
                            4H-1,2,4-triazole-3,4-diyl; 1,2,3-oxadiazole-4,5-diyl;
                            1,2,5-oxadiazole-3,4-diyl; 1,2,3-thiadiazole-4,5-diyl;
                            1,2,5-thiadiazole-3,4-diyl; 1H-tetrazole-1,5-diyl; 2,3- and
                            3,4-pyridinediyl; 3,4- and 4,5-pyridazinediyl; 4,5-pyrimidinediyl;
                            2,3-pyrazinediyl; 1,2,3-triazine-4,5-diyl; 1,2,4-triazine-5,6-diyl;
35
                            1H-indole-1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-,
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	3,6-, 3,7-, 1,2-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; benzo[<i>b</i>]thiophene-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 2,3-,
	4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1 <i>H</i> -indazole-1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-,
5	3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1 <i>H</i> -benzimidazole-1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-,
	1,7-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl;
	1,2-benzisoxazole-3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 2,4-,
	2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzoxazolediyl;
	1,2-benzisothiazole-3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl;
10	2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzothiazolediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-,
	2,7-, 2,8-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 2,3-, 3,4-,
	5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-quinolinediyl; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-, 3,5-, 3,6-,
	3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 3,4-, 5,6-, 6,7- and
	7,8-isoquinolinediyl; 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 3,4-,
15	5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-cinnolinediyl; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and
	7,8-phthalazinediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 5,6-,
	6,7- and 7,8-quinazolinediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 2,3-, 5,6-, 6,7-
	and 7,8-quinoxalinediyl; 1,8,-naphthyridine-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,5-,
	3,6-, 4,5-, 2,3- and 3,4-diyl; 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 6,7-pteridinediyl;
20	pyrazolo[5,1-b]thiazole-2,6-, 2,7-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 2,3- and 6,7-diyl;
	thiazolo[2,3-c]-1,2,4-triazole-2,5-, 2,6-, 5,6-diyl;
	2-oxo-1,3-benzodioxole-4,5- and 5,6-diyl;
	1,3-dioxo-1 <i>H</i> -isoindole-2,4-, 2,5-, 4,5- and 5,6-diyl;
	2-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyran-3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-,
25	5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-diyl; [1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyridine-2,5-, 2,6-,
	2,7-, 2,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-diyl;
	3,4-dihydro-2,4-dioxo-2 <i>H</i> -1,3-benzoxazine-3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-,
	5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-diyl; 2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-,
	4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; thieno[3,2-d]thiazole-2,5-, 2,6-,
30	and 5,6-diyl; 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 3,5-, 3,6-,
	3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 2,3- and 3,4-quinolinediyl;
	2,3-dihydro-1,1,3-trioxo-1,2-benzisothiazole-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-,
	4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1,3-benzodioxole-2,4-, 2,5-, 4,5- and
	5,6-diyl; 2,3-dihydro-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-,
35	4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl;
	2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl;

and 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]thiophene-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, and 2,3-diyl; each aromatic ring system optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ;

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W is O:

 R^1 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl or C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl;

 R^2 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl;

 R^3 and R^4 are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; $C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ haloalkyl}; C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkoxy}; C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ haloalkoxy}; C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkylthio}; \\ C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkylsulfonyl}; C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkylcarbonyl}; C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkoxycarbonyl}; \\ (C_1\text{-}C_4 \text{ alkyl})\text{NHC(O)}; (C_1\text{-}C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2\text{NC(O)}; \text{ benzoyl}; \text{ or phenylsulfonyl}; \\$

Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; -CH₂CH₂-; -CH=CH-; -C≡C-; -CH₂O-; -OCH₂-; -CH₂S(O)_n-; -S(O)_nCH₂-; -CH₂O-N=C(R⁷)-; -(R⁷)C=N-OCH(R¹⁵)-; -C(R⁷)=N-O-; or a direct bond;

 R^7 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; halogen; or cyano; or

when Y and an R^{10} are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is $-CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-$, R^7 and said adjacently attached R^{10} can be taken together as $-(CH_2)_r$ -J- such that J is attached to Z;

Z is selected from the group C₁-C₁₀ alkyl; C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl; phenyl; naphthalenyl; anthracenyl; phenanthrenyl; 1*H*-pyrrolyl; furanyl; thienyl; 1*H*-pyrazolyl; 1*H*-imidazolyl; isoxazolyl; oxazolyl; isothiazolyl; thiazolyl; 1*H*-1,2,3-triazolyl; 2*H*-1,2,3-triazolyl; 1*H*-1,2,4-triazolyl; 4*H*-1,2,4-triazolyl; 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl; 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; 1*H*-tetrazolyl; 2*H*-tetrazolyl; pyridinyl; pyridazinyl; pyrimidinyl; pyrazinyl; 1,3,5-triazinyl; 1,2,4-triazinyl; 1,2,4,5-tetrazinyl; 1*H*-indolyl; benzofuranyl; benzo[*b*]thiophenyl; 1*H*-indazolyl; 1*H*-benzimidazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzothiazolyl; quinolinyl; isoquinolinyl; cinnolinyl; phthalazinyl; quinazolinyl; quinoxalinyl; 1,8-naphthyridinyl; pteridinyl; 2,3-dihydro-1*H*-indenyl; 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl;

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	6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5 <i>H</i> -benzocycloheptenyl;
	5,6,7,8,9,10-hexahydrobenzocyclooctenyl;
	2,3-dihydro-3-oxobenzofuranyl; 1,3-dihydro-1-oxoisobenzofuranyl;
	2,3-dihydro-2-oxobenzofuranyl;
5	3,4-dihydro-4-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyranyl;
	3,4-dihydro-1-oxo-1 <i>H</i> -2-benzopyranyl;
	3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-1 <i>H</i> -2-benzopyranyl;
	3,4-dihydro-2-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyranyl; 4-oxo-4 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyranyl;
	2-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyranyl;
10	2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-5-oxo-1-benzoxepinyl;
	2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-oxo-1-benzoxepinyl;
	2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-1 <i>H</i> -isoindolyl;
	1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,3-dioxoisoquinolinyl;
	3,4-dihydro-2,4-dioxo-2 <i>H</i> -1,3-benzoxazinyl;
15	2-oxo-1,3-benzodioxyl;
	2,3-dihydro-1,1,3-trioxo-1,2-benzisothiazolyl; 9H-fluorenyl;
	azulenyl; and thiazolo[2,3-c]-1,2,4-triazolyl; each group substituted
	with R ⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R ¹⁰ ; and
	R^{15} is H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl.
20	Preferred 2. Methods of Preferred 1 wherein:
	E is selected from the group 1,2-phenylene; 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,2-, and
	2,3-naphthalenediyl; 2,3- and 3,4-furandiyl; 2,3- and
	3,4-thiophenediyl; 2,3- and 3,4-pyridinediyl; 4,5-pyrimidinediyl;
	2,4-, 2,7-, 3,5-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; and
25	benzo[b]thiophene-2,4-, 2,7-, 3,5-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl;
	each aromatic ring system optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ;
	Z is selected from the group phenyl; naphthalenyl; 2-thiazolyl;
	1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl;
30	1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; pyridinyl; and pyrimidinyl; each group substituted
	with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ;
	R^7 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio;
	C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; cyclopropyl; halogen; or cyano; or
	when Y and an R ¹⁰ are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is
35	-CH ₂ O-N=C(\mathbb{R}^7)-, \mathbb{R}^7 and said adjacently attached \mathbb{R}^{10} can be taken
	together as - $(CH_2)_r$ -J- such that J is attached to Z;
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J is $-CH_2$ - or $-CH_2CH_2$ -; and r is 1.

Preferred 3. Methods of Preferred 2 wherein:

E is 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ;

A is O or N;

 $X \text{ is } OR^1$;

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 R^1 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

 R^2 is H or C_1 - C_2 alkyl;

10 Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; -CH₂CH₂-; -CH=CH-; -C=C-; -CH₂O-; -OCH₂-; -CH₂S(O)_n-; -S(O)_nCH₂-; or a direct bond;

Z is selected from the group 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; and 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with R¹⁰; and R¹⁵ is H; C₁-C₃ alkyl; or cyclopropyl.

Preferred 4. Methods of Preferred 3 wherein:

R¹ is methyl;

R² is methyl;

Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; or a direct bond; and

 R^9 is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; $CO_2(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $-C(R^{18})$ = NOR^{17} ; cyano; nitro; SF_5 ; $SiR^{22}R^{23}R^{24}$; or $GeR^{22}R^{23}R^{24}$; or R^9 is phenyl, benzyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl, thienyl, furanyl, or pyrimidinyl each optionally substituted with one of R^{11} , R^{12} , or both R^{11} and R^{12} .

Preferred 5. Methods of Preferred 4 wherein:

Z is selected from the group 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; and 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with R¹⁰; and

Y is -O-; and

 R^9 is phenyl optionally substituted with one of R^{11} , R^{12} , or both R^{11} and R^{12} .

Most preferred are methods of Preferred 5 where the compound is selected from the group:

4-[2-[[3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; and

4-[2-[[3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl] oxy]-6-methylphenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3<math>H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one.

Preferred compounds of Formula IA for reasons of better arthropodicidal or fungicidal activity and/or ease of synthesis are:

Preferred 1A. Compounds of Formula IA above, and *N*-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts thereof, wherein:

R¹ is methyl;

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 R^2 is methyl;

Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; or a direct bond; and

 R^9 is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; $CO_2(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $-C(R^{18})$ = NOR^{17} ; cyano; nitro; SF_5 ; $SiR^{22}R^{23}R^{24}$; or $GeR^{22}R^{23}R^{24}$; or R^9 is phenyl, benzyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl, thienyl, furanyl, or pyrimidinyl each optionally substituted with one of R^{11} , R^{12} , or both R^{11} and R^{12} .

Preferred 2A. Compounds of Preferred 1A wherein:

Z is selected from the group 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; and pyrazinyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with R¹⁰; and

Y is -O-; and

 R^9 is phenyl optionally substituted with one of $R^{11},\,R^{12},\,$ or both R^{11} and R^{12}

Most preferred are compounds of Preferred 1A selected from the group:

4-[2-[[3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]-6methylphenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one;

4-[2-[[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]-6-methylphenyl]-2,4dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one;

4-[2-[[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; 4-[2-[[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[3-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1,2,4-

thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; 4-[2-[[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one;

2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[5-methyl-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-

2-thiazolylloxylphenyll-3*H*-1.2.4-triazol-3-one; and

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2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[6-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2pyrazinyl]oxy]phenyl]-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one.

This invention also relates to fungicidal compositions comprising fungicidally effective amounts of the compounds of Formula IA and at least one of a surfactant, a solid diluent or a liquid diluent. The preferred compositions of the present invention are those which comprise the above preferred compounds of Formula IA.

This invention also relates to a method for controlling plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising applying to the plant or portion thereof, or to the plant seed or seedling, a fungicidally effective amount of the compounds of Formula IA and the compositions described herein. The preferred methods of use are those involving the above preferred compounds of Formula IA.

This invention also relates to arthropodicidal compositions comprising arthropodicidally effective amounts of the compounds of Formula IA and at least one of a surfactant, a solid diluent or a liquid diluent. The preferred compositions of the present invention are those which comprise the above preferred compounds of Formula IA.

This invention also relates to a method for controlling arthropods comprising contacting the arthropods or their environment with an arthropodicidally effective amount of the compounds of Formula IA and the compositions described herein. The preferred methods of use are those involving the above preferred compounds of Formula IA.

Preferred compounds of Formula IB for reasons of better fungicidal or arthropodicidal activity and/or ease of synthesis are:

Preferred 1B. Compounds of Formula IB above, and N-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts thereof, wherein:

E is selected from the group 1,2-phenylene; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 1,2-, and 2,3-naphthalenediyl; 1*H*-pyrrole-1,2-, 2,3- and

3.4-divl: 2.3- and 3.4-furandivl: 2.3- and 3.4-thiophenedivl: 1*H*-pyrazole-1,5-, 3,4- and 4,5-diyl; 1*H*-imidazole-1,2-, 4,5- and 1,5-diyl; 3,4- and 4,5-isoxazolediyl; 4,5-oxazolediyl; 3,4- and 4,5-isothiazolediyl; 4,5-thiazolediyl; 1*H*-1,2,3-triazole-1,5- and 5 4,5-diyl; 2*H*-1,2,3-triazole-4,5-diyl; 1*H*-1,2,4-triazole-1,5-diyl; 4*H*-1,2,4-triazole-3,4-diyl; 1,2,3-oxadiazole-4,5-diyl; 1,2,5-oxadiazole-3,4-divl: 1,2,3-thiadiazole-4,5-divl: 1,2,5-thiadiazole-3,4-diyl; 1*H*-tetrazole-1,5-diyl; 2,3- and 3,4-pyridinediyl; 3,4- and 4,5-pyridazinediyl; 4,5-pyrimidinediyl; 10 2,3-pyrazinediyl; 1,2,3-triazine-4,5-diyl; 1,2,4-triazine-5,6-diyl; 1*H*-indole-1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 1,2-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; benzo[b]thiophene-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 2,3-. 15 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1*H*-indazole-1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1*H*-benzimidazole-1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1,2-benzisoxazole-3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzoxazolediyl; 20 1,2-benzisothiazole-3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzothiazolediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 2,3-, 3,4-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-quinolinediyl; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 3,4-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 25 7,8-isoquinolinediyl; 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 3,4-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-cinnolinediyl; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-phthalazinediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-quinazolinediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 2,3-, 5,6-, 6,7and 7,8-quinoxalinediyl; 1,8,-naphthyridine-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,5-, 30 3,6-, 4,5-, 2,3- and 3,4-diyl; 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 6,7-pteridinediyl: pyrazolo[5,1-*b*]thiazole-2,6-, 2,7-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 2,3- and 6,7-diyl; thiazolo[2,3-c]-1,2,4-triazole-2,5-, 2,6-, 5,6-diyl; 2-oxo-1,3-benzodioxole-4,5- and 5,6-diyl; 1,3-dioxo-1*H*-isoindole-2,4-, 2,5-, 4,5- and 5,6-diyl; 35 2-oxo-2*H*-1-benzopyran-3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 5,6, 6,7- and 7,8-diyl; [1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyridine-2,5-, 2,6-,

2,7-, 2,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-diyl; 3,4-dihydro-2,4-dioxo-2*H*-1,3-benzoxazine-3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-diyl; 2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; thieno[3,2-d]thiazole-2,5-, 2,6-, 5 and 5,6-diyl; 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 2,3- and 3,4-quinolinediyl; 2,3-dihydro-1,1,3-trioxo-1,2-benzisothiazole-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1,3-benzodioxole-2,4-, 2,5-, 4,5- and 5,6-diyl; 2,3-dihydro-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 10 4.5-, 5.6- and 6.7-benzofurandivl: 2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; and 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4*H*-cyclohepta[*b*]thiophene-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-. 2,7-, 2,8-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, and 2,3-diyl; each aromatic ring system optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ 15 and R⁴; W is O; R^1 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl or C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl; R² is H; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; or C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; R³ and R⁴ are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy; C₁-C₆ alkylthio; 20 C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})\text{NHC}(O)$; $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2\text{NC}(O)$; benzoyl; or phenylsulfonyl; Y is -O; $-S(O)_n$; $-NR^{15}$ -; -C(=O)-; $-CH(OR^{15})$ -; $-CH_2$ -; $-CH_2$ CH₂-; -CH=CH-; -C \equiv C-; -CH₂O-; -OCH₂-; -CH₂S(O)_n-; -S(O)_nCH₂-; 25 $-CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-$; $-(R^7)C=N-OCH(R^{15})-$; $-C(R^7)=N-O-$; or a direct bond; R^7 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; halogen; or cyano; 30 or when Y and an R¹⁰ are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is -CH₂O-N=C(R⁷)-, R⁷ and said adjacently attached R¹⁰ can be taken together as $-(CH_2)_r$ -J- such that J is attached to Z; Z is selected from the group C_1 - C_{10} alkyl; C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl; phenyl; 35 naphthalenyl; anthracenyl; phenanthrenyl; 1*H*-pyrrolyl; furanyl; thienyl; 1*H*-pyrazolyl; 1*H*-imidazolyl; isoxazolyl; oxazolyl;

	isothiazolyl; thiazolyl; 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl; 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl;
	1H-1,2,4-triazolyl; $4H$ -1,2,4-triazolyl; 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl;
	1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl;
	1,2,3-thiadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl;
5	1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; 1H-tetrazolyl; 2H-tetrazolyl; pyridinyl;
	pyridazinyl; pyrimidinyl; pyrazinyl; 1,3,5-triazinyl; 1,2,4-triazinyl;
	1,2,4,5-tetrazinyl; 1 <i>H</i> -indolyl; benzofuranyl; benzo[<i>b</i>]thiophenyl;
	1H-indazolyl; 1H-benzimidazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzothiazolyl;
	quinolinyl; isoquinolinyl; cinnolinyl; phthalazinyl; quinazolinyl;
10	quinoxalinyl; 1,8-naphthyridinyl; pteridinyl; 2,3-dihydro-1 <i>H</i> -indenyl;
	1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl;
	6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5 <i>H</i> -benzocycloheptenyl;
	5,6,7,8,9,10-hexahydrobenzocyclooctenyl;
	2,3-dihydro-3-oxobenzofuranyl; 1,3-dihydro-1-oxoisobenzofuranyl;
15	2,3-dihydro-2-oxobenzofuranyl;
	3,4-dihydro-4-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyranyl;
	3,4-dihydro-1-oxo-1 <i>H</i> -2-benzopyranyl;
	3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-1 <i>H</i> -2-benzopyranyl;
	3,4-dihydro-2-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyranyl; 4-oxo-4 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyranyl;
20	2-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzopyranyl;
	2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-5-oxo-1-benzoxepinyl;
	2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-oxo-1-benzoxepinyl;
	2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-1 <i>H</i> -isoindolyl;
	1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,3-dioxoisoquinolinyl;
25	3,4-dihydro-2,4-dioxo-2 <i>H</i> -1,3-benzoxazinyl;
	2-oxo-1,3-benzodioxyl;
	2,3-dihydro-1,1,3-trioxo-1,2-benzisothiazolyl; 9H-fluorenyl;
	azulenyl; and thiazolo[2,3-c]-1,2,4-triazolyl; each group substituted
	with R ⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R ¹⁰ ; and
30	R^{15} is H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl.
	Preferred 2B. Compounds of Preferred 1B wherein:
	E is selected from the group 1,2-phenylene; 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,2-, and
	2,3-naphthalenediyl; 2,3- and 3,4-furandiyl; 2,3- and
	3,4-thiophenediyl; 2,3- and 3,4-pyridinediyl; 4,5-pyrimidinediyl;
35	2,4-, 2,7-, 3,5-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; and
	benzo[b]thiophene-2,4-, 2,7-, 3,5-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl;

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each aromatic ring system optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴;

Z is selected from the group phenyl; naphthalenyl; 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl;

1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; pyridinyl; and pyrimidinyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰;

 R^7 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; cyclopropyl; halogen; or cyano; or

when Y and an R^{10} are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is $-CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-$, R^7 and said adjacently attached R^{10} can be taken together as $-(CH_2)_r$ -J- such that J is attached to Z;

J is $-CH_2$ - or $-CH_2CH_2$ -; and r is 1.

Preferred 3B. Compounds of Preferred 2B wherein:

E is 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴;

A is O or N;

 $X \text{ is } OR^1$;

 R^1 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

20 R^2 is H or C_1 - C_2 alkyl;

Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; -CH₂CH₂-; -CH=CH-; -C=C-; -CH₂O-; -OCH₂-; -CH₂S(O)_n-; -S(O)_nCH₂-; or a direct bond;

Z is selected from the group 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl;

1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; and 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; each group substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with R^{10} ; and R^{15} is H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; or cyclopropyl.

Preferred 4B. Compounds of Preferred 3B wherein:

R¹ is methyl:

 R^2 is methyl;

Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; or a direct bond: and

 R^9 is phenyl, benzyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl, thienyl, furanyl, or pyrimidinyl each substituted with R^{11} and optionally substituted with R^{12} .

Preferred 5B. Compounds of Preferred 4B wherein:

Z is selected from the group 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; and 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with R¹⁰; and

5 Y is -O-; and

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 R^9 is phenyl substituted with R^{11} and optionally substituted with R^{12} . Most preferred are compounds of Preferred 5B selected from the group: 4-[2-[[3-(3-ethynylphenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3<math>H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; and

[3-[5-[2-(1,5-dihydro-3-methoxy-1-methyl-5-oxo-4*H*-1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)phenoxy]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-3-yl]phenyl] trifluoromethanesulfonate.

This invention also relates to fungicidal compositions comprising fungicidally effective amounts of the compounds of Formula IB and at least one of a surfactant, a solid diluent or a liquid diluent. The preferred compositions of the present invention are those which comprise the above preferred compounds of Formula IB.

This invention also relates to a method for controlling plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising applying to the plant or portion thereof, or to the plant seed or seedling, a fungicidally effective amount of the compounds of Formula IB and the compositions described herein. The preferred methods of use are those involving the above preferred compounds of Formula IB.

This invention also relates to arthropodicidal compositions comprising arthropodicidally effective amounts of the compounds of Formula IB and at least one of a surfactant, a solid diluent or a liquid diluent. The preferred compositions of the present invention are those which comprise the above preferred compounds of Formula IB.

This invention also relates to a method for controlling arthropods comprising contacting the arthropods or their environment with an arthropodicidally effective amount of the compounds of Formula IB and the compositions described herein. The preferred methods of use are those involving the above preferred compounds of Formula IB.

Preferred intermediates for the preparation of the fungicides and arthropodicides of Formula I where Y is oxygen are:

Preferred 1C. Compounds of Formula II above wherein:

W is O;

 R^1 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl or C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl;

35 R^2 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; and

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R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl;
                                                              C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio;
                                                              C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylcarbonyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl;
                                                              (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})NHC(O); (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2NC(O); benzoyl; or
 5
                                                              phenylsulfonyl.
                        Preferred 2C. Compounds of Preferred 1C wherein:
                                                A is O or N;
                                                X is OR<sup>1</sup> or halogen;
                                                R^1 is C_1-C_3 alkyl;
                                                R^2 is H or C_1-C_2 alkyl; and
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                                                R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently halogen; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy; or
                                                              C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkylthio.
                        Preferred 3C. Compounds of Preferred 2C wherein:
                                                A is N:
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                                                R<sup>1</sup> is methyl;
                                                R<sup>2</sup> is methyl; and
                                                R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently halogen or methyl.
                                  Most preferred are compounds of Preferred 3C selected from the group:
                                  2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one;
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                                  2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxy-6-methylphenyl)-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3H-1,2,4-
                                  triazol-3-one;
                                  5-chloro-2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxy-6-methylphenyl)-2-methyl-3H-1,2,4-triazol-
                                  3-one; and
                                   5-chloro-2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-methyl-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one.
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                            Of note are embodiments where X is other than H; embodiments where R<sup>2</sup> is H,
              C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
              haloalkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxycarbonyl;
              embodiments where Y is -O-, -S(O)<sub>n</sub>-, -NR<sup>15</sup>-, -C(=O)-, -CH(OR<sup>15</sup>)-, -CHR<sup>6</sup>-,
              -CHR<sup>6</sup>CHR<sup>6</sup>-, -CR<sup>6</sup>=CR<sup>6</sup>-, -C=C-, -CHR<sup>15</sup>O-, -OCHR<sup>15</sup>-, -CHR<sup>15</sup>S(O)<sub>n</sub>-,
              -S(O)_nCHR^{15}-, -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-, -(R^7)C=N-OCH(R^{15})-, -C(R^7)=N-O-,
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              -O-N=C(R^7)-, -CHR^{15}OC(=O)N(R^{15})-, -CHR^{15}OC(=S)N(R^{15})-,
              -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-, -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=S)N(R^{15})-,
              -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)NR^{15}-, -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)OCH_2-, -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-N=N-,
              -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=O)-, -CHR^{15}S-C(R^7)=N-, -C(R^7)=N-NR^{15}-,
              -CH=N-N=C(R^7)-, -CHR^{15}N(COCH_3)-N=C(R^7)-, -OC(=S)NR^{15}C(=O)-,
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              -CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-, \ -CHR^6CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-, \ -CR^6=CR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-, \ -CR^6=CR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1
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- $-C = C C(=W^1) A^1 -$, $-N = CR^6 C(=W^1) A^1 -$ or a direct bond; embodiments where R^7 is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆ alkylthio, C₁-C₆ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆ haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆ haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆ haloalkylsulfonyl, C₂-C₆ alkenyl, C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆ alkynyl, C₂-C₆
- 5 haloalkynyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, C₂-C₄ alkylcarbonyl, C₂-C₄ alkoxycarbonyl, halogen, cyano or morpholinyl; embodiments where Z is other than C₃-C₈ cycloalkenyl and adamantyl each substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰; embodiments where, when Y and an R¹⁰ are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is $-CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-$, $-O-N=C(R^7)-$, $-CH=N-N=C(R^7)-$ or
- 10 -CHR¹⁵N(COCH₂)-N=C(R⁷)-, R⁷ and said adjacently attached R¹⁰ are taken together as -(CH_2)_r-J- such that J is attached to Z; embodiments where R^{11} and R^{12} are each $independently\ halogen,\ C_1\text{-}C_4\ alkyl,\ C_1\text{-}C_4\ haloalkyl,\ C_2\text{-}C_6\ alkenyl,\ C_2\text{-}C_6\ haloalkenyl,}$ C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy, C₃-C₆ haloalkenyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄
- haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆ alkenylthio, C₃-C₆ 15 haloalkenylthio, nitro, cyano, SF_5 , $Si(R^{25})_3$ or $Ge(R^{25})_3$; embodiments where R^{19} , R^{20} , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , and R^{24} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy or phenyl; embodiments where each R²⁵ is independently C₁-C₄ alkyl or phenyl; embodiments where R³ and R⁴ are each independently halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆
- 20 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl, C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)NHC(O), $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)₂NC(O), benzoyl or phenylsulfonyl; embodiments where Z is selected from the group 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl and 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, each group substituted with $R^9; \ \text{embodiments where } R^{11} \text{ is } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkenyl, } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ haloalkenyl, } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkynyl, } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkynyl$
- 25 haloalkynyl, C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy, C₃-C₆ haloalkenyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆ alkenylthio, C₃-C₆ haloalkenylthio or SF₅; embodiments where $R^{12} \text{ is halogen, } C_1\text{-}C_4 \text{ alkyl, } C_1\text{-}C_4 \text{ haloalkyl, } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkenyl, } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ haloalkenyl, } C_$ alkynyl, C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy, C₃-C₆
- 30 haloalkenyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkylsulfonyl, C_3 - C_6 alkenylthio, C_3 - C_6 haloalkenylthio, nitro, cyano, SF_5 , $Si(R^{25})_3$ or $Ge(R^{25})_3$; embodiments where Z is selected from the group phenyl, naphthalenyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, pyridinyl and pyrimidinyl, each group substituted
- 35 with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ; and embodiments where Z is

selected from the group 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl and 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, each group substituted with \mathbb{R}^9 .

The compounds of Formula I can be prepared by one or more of the following methods and variations as described in Schemes 1-33. One skilled in the art will recognize that compounds of Formula IA and IB are encompassed by Formula I and, therefore, can be prepared by these procedures. The definitions of E, A, G, W, X, R¹-R²⁷, Y, Z¹, W¹, A¹-A³, Z, Q, J, m, n, p, r and s in the compounds of Formulae 1-58 below are as defined above in the Summary of the Invention. Compounds of Formulae Ia-Im are various subsets of the compounds of Formula I, and all substituents for Formulae Ia-Im are as defined above for Formula I.

One skilled in the art will recognize that some compounds of Formula I can exist in one or more tautomeric forms. For example, a compound of Formula I wherein R² is H may exist as tautomer Ia or Ib, or both Ia and Ib. The present invention comprises all tautomeric forms of compounds of Formula I.

$$X \xrightarrow{G} W$$

Ia Ib

The compounds of Formula I can be prepared as described below in Procedures 1) to 5). Procedures 1) to 4) describe syntheses involving construction of the amide ring after the formation of the aryl moiety (E-Y-Z). Procedure 5) describes syntheses of the aryl moiety (E-Y-Z) with the amide ring already in place.

1) Alkylation Procedures

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The compounds of Formula I are prepared by treating compounds of Formula 1 with an appropriate alkyl transfer reagent in an inert solvent with or without additional acidic or basic reagents or other reagents (Scheme 1). Suitable solvents are selected from the group consisting of polar aprotic solvents such as acetonitrile,

dimethylformamide or dimethyl sulfoxide; ethers such as tetrahydrofuran, dimethoxyethane, or diethyl ether; ketones such as acetone or 2-butanone; hydrocarbons such as toluene or benzene; and halocarbons such as dichloromethane or chloroform.

$$\begin{array}{c} 36 \\ \underline{Scheme\ 1} \\ X = OH,\ SH,\ NH_2, \\ NH(C_1\text{-}C_6\ alkyl)\ or \\ NH(C_1\text{-}C_6\ alkyo) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} X = OR^1,\ SR^1,\ NHR^1, \\ N(C_1\text{-}C_6\ alkyl)R^1, \\ or\ N(C_1\text{-}C_6\ alkoxy)R^1 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} Method\ 1:\ U\text{-}CH=N_2\ (U=H\ or\ (CH_3)_3Si) \\ 2 \\ Method\ 2:\ C_{13} \\ \underline{OR}^1 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} NH \\ C_{13} \\ \underline{OR}^1 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} NH \\ \text{Method\ 4:\ } (R^1)_3O^+\ BF_4^- \\ 4 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} Method\ 4:\ (R^1)_2SO_4;\ R^1OSO_2V;\ or\ R^1\text{-hal}; \\ optional\ base \\ (hal=F,Cl,Br,or\ I) \\ \end{array}$$

For example, compounds of Formula I can be prepared by the action of diazoalkane reagents of Formula 2 such as diazomethane (U = H) or trimethylsilyldiazomethane ($U = (CH_3)_3Si$) on dicarbonyl compounds of Formula 1 (Method 1). Use of trimethylsilyldiazomethane requires a protic cosolvent such as methanol. For examples of these procedures, see *Chem. Pharm. Bull.*, (1984), 32, 3759.

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 $(V = C_1 - C_6 \text{ alkyl}, C_1 - C_6 \text{ haloalkyl}, \text{ or } 4 - CH_3 - C_6H_4)$

As indicated in Method 2, compounds of Formula I can also be prepared by contacting carbonyl compounds of Formula 1 with alkyl trichloroacetimidates of Formula 3 and a Lewis acid catalyst. Suitable Lewis acids include trimethylsilyl triflate and tetrafluoroboric acid. The alkyl trichloroacetimidates can be prepared from the appropriate alcohol and trichloroacetonitrile as described in the literature (J. Danklmaier and H. Hönig, *Synth. Commun.*, (1990), 20, 203).

Compounds of Formula I can also be prepared from compounds of Formula 1 by treatment with a trialkyloxonium tetrafluoroborate (i.e., Meerwein's salt) of Formula 4 (Method 3). The use of trialkyloxonium salts as powerful alkylating agents is well known in the art (see U. Schöllkopf, U. Groth, C. Deng, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.*, (1981), 20, 798).

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Other alkylating agents which can convert carbonyl compounds of Formula 1 to compounds of Formula I are dialkyl sulfates such as dimethyl sulfate, haloalkyl sulfonates such as methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate, and alkyl halides such as iodomethane and propargyl bromide (Method 4). These alkylations can be conducted with or without additional base. Appropriate bases include alkali metal alkoxides such as potassium *tert*-butoxide, inorganic bases such as sodium hydride and potassium carbonate, or tertiary amines such as triethylamine, pyridine, 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), and triethylenediamine. See R. E. Benson, T. L. Cairns, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, (1948), 70, 2115 for alkylation examples using agents of this type.

Compounds of Formula 1a (compounds of Formula 1 wherein G = C, W = O and X = OH) can be prepared by condensation of malonates or malonate derivatives of Formula 5 with an ambident nucleophile of Formula 6 (Scheme 2). The nucleophiles of Formula 6 are N-substituted hydroxylamines (HO-NHR²) and substituted hydrazines (HN(R⁵)-NHR²). Examples of such nucleophiles are N-methylhydroxylamine and methylhydrazine. The malonate esters of Formula 5 can be prepared by methods described hereinafter. The esters of Formula 5 can also be activated by first hydrolyzing the ester to form the corresponding carboxylic acid, and then converting the acid into the acid chloride (T = CI) using thionyl chloride or oxalyl chloride, or into the acyl imidazole (T = 1-imidazolyl) by treating with 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole.

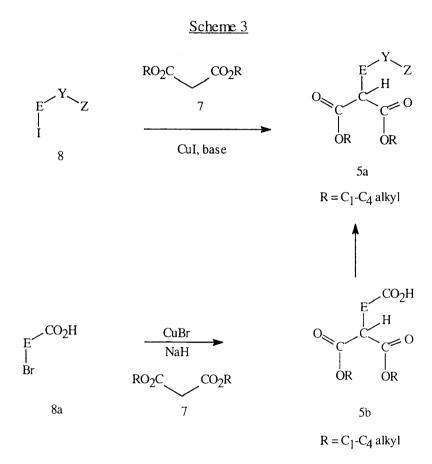
Scheme 2

 $T = O(C_1 - C_4 \text{ alkyl}), Cl, 1-imidazolyl$

Esters of Formula 5a can be prepared from copper (I)-catalyzed reaction of malonate esters of Formula 7 with substituted aryl halides of Formula 8 according to methods adapted from A. Osuka, T. Kobayashi and H. Suzuki, *Synthesis*, (1983), 67 and M. S. Malamas, T. C. Hohman, and J. Millen, *J. Med. Chem.*, 1994, 37, 2043-2058, and illustrated in Scheme 3. Procedures to prepare compounds of Formula 8 are described below (see Scheme 32).

Malonate esters of Formula 5a can also be prepared from diester carboxylic acids of Formula 5b after modification of the carboxylic acid functional group to the

appropriate Y and Z group. A copper (I)-catalyzed coupling of malonates of Formula 7 with orthobromocarboxylic acids of Formula 8a (see A. Bruggink, A. McKillop, *Tetrahedron*, (1975), 31, 2607) can be used to prepare compounds of Formula 5b as shown in Scheme 3. Methods to prepare compounds of Formula 8a are common in the art (see P. Beak, V. Snieckus, *Acc. Chem. Res.*, (1982), 15, 306 and *Org. React.*, (1979), 26, 1 and references therein).



Additionally, the malonate esters of Formula 5a can be prepared by treating aryl acetic acid esters of Formula 9 with a dialkyl carbonate or alkyl chloroformate in the presence of a suitable base such as, but not limited to, sodium metal or sodium hydride (Scheme 4). For example, see *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, (1928), 50, 2758.

39 Scheme 4

 $R = C_1 - C_4$ alkyl

Esters of Formula 9 can be prepared from acid-catalyzed alcoholysis of aryl acetonitriles of Formula 10 or esterification of aryl acetic acids of Formula 11 as illustrated in Scheme 5 (see *Org. Synth.*, Coll. Vol. I, (1941), 270).

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Additionally, esters of formula 9 can be prepared by palladium (0)-catalyzed cross coupling reaction of aryl iodides of Formula 8 with a Reformatsky reagent or an alkoxy(trialkylstannyl)acetylene followed by hydration (Scheme 5). For example, see T. Sakamoto, A. Yasuhara, Y. Kondo, H. Yamanaka, *Synlett*, (1992), 502, and J. F. Fauvarque, A. Jutard, *J. Organometal. Chem.*, (1977), 132, C17.

Scheme 5

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Aryl acetic acid esters of Formula 9a can also be prepared by copper (I)-catalyzed condensation of aryl halides of Formula 12 with compounds of Formula 13 as described in EP-A-307,103 and illustrated below in Scheme 6.

Scheme 6

 $R = C_1-C_4$ alkyl $Y^1 = O$, S, OCHR¹⁵, SCHR¹⁵, O-N=C(R⁷), NR¹⁵

Some esters of Formula 9 (Formula 9b) can also be prepared by forming the Y^2 bridge using conventional nucleophilic substitution chemistry (Scheme 7). Displacement of an appropriate leaving group (Lg) in electrophiles of Formula 15 or 16 with a nucleophilic ester of Formula 14 affords compounds of Formula 9b. A base, for example sodium hydride, is used to generate the corresponding alkoxide or thioalkoxide of the compound of Formula 14.

Scheme 7

$$\begin{array}{c} Lg - Z \text{ or} \\ \hline 15 \\ \hline Lg - CHR^{15} - Z ; \\ H_2C \\ O \\ \hline OR \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} I_6 \\ base \\ \hline OR \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} I_6 \\ \hline OR \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} I_7 \\ \hline O \\ \hline OR \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} I_7 \\ \hline O \\ \hline OR \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} I_7 \\ \hline O \\ \hline OR \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} I_8 \\ \hline OR \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} I_9 \\ \hline OR \\ \end{array}$$

Some esters of Formula 9 (Formula 9e) can also be prepared by forming the Y³ bridge from substituted hydroxylamine 9d and carbonyl compounds 14a. The

hydroxylamine 9d is in turn prepared from esters 9c. This method has been described in EP-A-600,835 and illustrated in Scheme 8.

Scheme 8

Scheme 8

$$Z \xrightarrow{C} R^7$$
 H_2C

OR

 H_2C

OR

 $R = C_1 - C_4 \text{ alkyl}$

9e

 $R = C_1 - C_4 \text{ alkyl}$

9d

 $R = C_1 - C_4 \text{ alkyl}$
 $R = C_1 - C_4 \text{ alkyl}$

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2) <u>Displacement and Conjugate Addition/Elimination Procedures</u>

Compounds of Formula I can also be prepared by reaction of Formula 17 compounds with alkali metal alkoxides (R¹O·M⁺), alkali metal thioalkoxides (R¹S·M⁺), or an amine derivative in a suitable solvent (Scheme 9). The leaving group Lg¹ in the amides of Formula 17 are any group known in the art to undergo a displacement reaction of this type. Examples of suitable leaving groups include chlorine, bromine, and sulfonyl and sulfonate groups. Examples of suitable inert solvents are dimethylformamide or dimethyl sulfoxide, dimethoxyethane methanol.

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Scheme 9

Compounds of Formula 17a can be prepared from compounds of Formula 1b (compounds of Formula 1 wherein X is OH) by reaction with halogenating agents such as thionyl chloride or phosphorus oxybromide to form the corresponding β -halo-substituted derivatives (Scheme 10). Alternatively, compounds of Formula 1b can be treated with an alkylsulfonyl halide or haloalkylsulfonyl anhydride, such as methanesulfonyl chloride, p-toluenesulfonyl chloride, and trifluoromethanesulfonyl anhydride, to form the corresponding β -alkylsulfonate of Formula 17a. The reaction with the sulfonyl halides may be performed in the presence of a suitable base (e.g., triethylamine).

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Scheme 10

$$Lg^2 = Cl$$
, Br, or $-OSO_2V$
 $V = C_1-C_6$ alkyl, C_1-C_6 haloalkyl, or $4-CH_3-C_6H_4$
hal = Br, Cl or F

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As illustrated in Scheme 11, sulfonyl compounds of Formula 17b can be prepared by oxidation of the corresponding thio compound of Formula 18 using well-known methods for the oxidation of sulfur (see Schrenk, K. In *The Chemistry of Sulphones and Sulphoxides*; Patai, S. et al., Eds.; Wiley: New York, 1988). Suitable oxidizing reagents include meta-chloro-peroxybenzoic acid, hydrogen peroxide and Oxone[®] (KHSO₅).

Scheme 11

 $V = C_1 - C_6$ alkyl, $C_1 - C_6$ haloalkyl, or $4 - CH_3 - C_6H_4$

Alternatively, halo-compounds of Formula 17c (compounds of Formula 17a wherein A = N, G = N, and W = O) can be prepared from hydrazides of Formula 19 as illustrated in Scheme 12. When $R^{27} = C(=S)S(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, the diacyl compound of Formula 19 is treated with excess thionyl halide, for example excess thionyl chloride. The product formed first is the ring-closed compound of Formula 20 which can be isolated or converted *in situ* to the compound of Formula 17c; see P. Molina, A. Tárraga, A. Espinosa, *Synthesis*, (1989), 923 for a description of this process.

Alternatively, when $R^{27} = R^2$ as defined above, the hydrazide of Formula 19 is cyclized with phosgene to form the cyclic urea of Formula 17c wherein hal = Cl. This procedure is described in detail in *J. Org. Chem.*, (1989), 54, 1048.

Scheme 12

$$R^{27} = C(=S)S(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$$
 $R^{27} = C(=S)S(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$
 $R^{27} = R^2$
 R^{27

The hydrazides of Formula 19 can be prepared as illustrated in Scheme 13.

Condensation of the isocyanate of Formula 21 with the hydrazine of

5 Formula $H_2NNR^2R^{27}$ in an inert solvent such as tetrahydrofuran affords the hydrazide.

Scheme 13

 $R^{27} = C(=S)S(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}) \text{ or } R^2$

3) Conjugate Addition/Cyclization Procedures

In addition to the methods disclosed above, compounds of Formula I wherein $X = SR^1$ and G = C (Formula Ic) can be prepared by treating a ketenedithioacetal of

Formula 22 with an ambident nucleophile of Formula 6 (Scheme 14). The nucleophiles of Formula 6 are described above.

Scheme 14

$$R^{1}S$$
 C
 W
 $R^{1}S$
 $R^{1}S$
 $R^{1}S$
 R^{2}
 $R^{2}S$
 $R^{$

Ketene dithioacetals of Formula 22a can be prepared by condensing arylacetic acid esters of Formula 9 with carbon disulfide in the presence of a suitable base, followed by reaction with two equivalents of an R¹-halide, such as iodomethane or propargyl bromide (Scheme 15).

Scheme 15

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Compounds of Formula 1d (compounds of Formula 1 wherein A = N, G = N) can be prepared by condensation of N-amino-ureas of Formula 23 with a carbonylating agent of Formula 24 (Scheme 16). The carbonylating agents of Formula 24 are carbonyl or thiocarbonyl transfer reagents such as phosgene, thiophosgene, diphosgene (ClC(=O)OCCl₃), triphosgene (Cl₃COC(=O)OCCl₃), N, N'-carbonyldiimidazole, N, N'-thiocarbonyldiimidazole, and 1,1'-carbonyldi(1,2,4-triazole). Alternatively, the compounds of Formula 24 can be alkyl chloroformates or dialkyl carbonates. Some of these carbonylating reactions may require the addition of a base to effect reaction. Appropriate bases include alkali metal alkoxides such as potassium tert-butoxide, inorganic bases such as sodium hydride and potassium carbonate, tertiary amines such as triethylamine and triethylenediamine, pyridine, or 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU). Suitable solvents include polar aprotic solvents such as acetonitrile,

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dimethylformamide, or dimethyl sulfoxide; ethers such as tetrahydrofuran, dimethoxyethane, or diethyl ether; ketones such as acetone or 2-butanone; hydrocarbons such as toluene or benzene; or halocarbons such as dichloromethane or chloroform. The reaction temperature can vary between 0°C and 150°C and the reaction time can be from 1 to 72 hours depending on the choice of base, solvent, temperature, and substrates.

Scheme 16

 $\rm T^1$ and $\rm T^2$ are independently Cl, OCCl_3, O(C_1-C_4 alkyl), 1-imidazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl X = OH or SH

 $X^1 = O \text{ or } S$

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N-Amino-ureas of Formula 23 can be prepared as illustrated in Scheme 17.
Treatment of an arylamine of Formula 25 with phosgene, thiophosgene,
N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole, or N,N'-thiocarbonyldiimidazole produces the isocyanate or isothiocyanate of Formula 26. A base can be added for reactions with phosgene or thiophosgene. Subsequent treatment of the iso(thio)cyanate with an R²-substituted hydrazine produces the N-amino-urea of Formula 23.

$$\begin{array}{c}
47 \\
\underline{\text{Scheme } 17} \\
\underline{\text{CWC l}_2, \text{ or}} \\
\underline{\text{W}} \\
\underline{\text{NH}_2} \\
25
\end{array}$$
optional base
$$\begin{array}{c}
Y \\
Z \\
N \\
26
\end{array}$$

$$R^2$$
—NH—NH₂
 H_2
 H_2
 R^2
 R^2
 R^2
 R^2

Compounds of Formula 1e (compounds of Formula 1 wherein $A = CR^5$, G = N, and X = O) can be prepared by either method illustrated in Scheme 18. Ureas of Formula 27 are reacted with activated 2-halocarboxylic acid derivatives such as 2-halocarboxylic acid chlorides, 2-halocarboxylic acid esters or 2-haloacyl imidazoles. The initial acylation on the arylamino nitrogen is followed by an intramolecular displacement of the 2-halo group to effect cyclization. Base may be added to accelerate the acylation and/or the subsequent cyclization. Suitable bases include triethylamine and sodium hydride. Alternatively, Formula 1e compounds can be prepared by reaction of Formula 26 isocyanates with Formula 28a esters. As described above, base may be added to accelerate the reaction and subsequent cyclization to Formula 1e compounds.

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T = Cl, O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or 1-imidazolyl
hal = Cl, Br, or I

R²

R²NHCHR⁵C(O)OR
28a

P
Z

optional base

The ureas of Formula 27 can be prepared by either of the methods illustrated in Scheme 19. The arylamine of Formula 25 can be contacted with an isocyanate or isothiocyanate of Formula R²N=C=W as described above. Alternatively, an isocyanate 5 or isothiocyanate of Formula 26 can be condensed with an amine of Formula R²-NH₂ to form the urea. The arylamine and iso(thio)cyanates of Formulae 25 and 26, respectively, are commercially available or prepared by well-known methods. For example, isothiocyanates can be prepared by methods described in J. Heterocycl. Chem., (1990), 10 27, 407. Isocyanates can be prepared as described in March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry; 3rd ed., John Wiley: New York, (1985), pp 944, 1166 and also in Synthetic Communications, (1993), 23(3), 335 and references therein. For methods describing the preparation of arylamines of Formula 25 that are not commercially available, see M. S. Gibson In The Chemistry of the Amino Group; Patai, S., Ed.; Interscience Publishers, 15 1968; p 37 and Tetrahedron Lett. (1982), 23(7), 699 and references therein.

 $R = C_1 - C_4$ alkyl

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4) Thionation Procedures

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Compounds of Formula Ie, compounds of Formula I wherein W = S, can be prepared by treating compounds of Formula Id (I wherein W = O) with thionating reagents such as P₂S₅ or Lawesson's reagent (2,4-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3-dithia-2,4-diphosphetane-2,4-disulfide) as illustrated in Scheme 20 (see *Bull. Soc. Chim. Belg.*, (1978), 87, 229; and *Tetrahedron Lett.*, (1983), 24, 3815).

Scheme 20

$$X \longrightarrow X$$
 $X \longrightarrow X$
 $X \longrightarrow X$

5) Aryl Moiety (E-Y-Z) Synthesis Procedures

Compounds of Formula If (compounds of Formula I wherein Y is CHR¹⁵O, CHR¹⁵S, or CHR¹⁵O-N=CR⁷) can be prepared by contacting halides of Formula 29 with various nucleophiles (Scheme 21). The appropriate alcohol or thiol is treated with a base, for example sodium hydride, to form the corresponding alkoxide or thioalkoxide which acts as the nucleophile.

PCT/US96/18916 WO 98/23155

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Scheme 21

Scheme 21

CHR¹⁵(Cl, Br, or I)

HO-Z, or

HO-N=CR⁷-Z, or

HS-Z; base

$$X = X$$
 $X = X$

HO-N=CR⁷-Z, or

HS-Z; base

 $X = X$
 $X = X$

Halogenation

CHR¹⁵OH

 $X = X$
 $X = X$

Some aryl halides of Formula 29 can be prepared by radical halogenation of the corresponding alkyl compound (i.e., H instead of halogen in Formula 29), or by acidic cleavage of the corresponding methylether (i.e., OMe instead of halogen in Formula 29). Other aryl halides of Formula 29 can be prepared from the appropriate alcohols of Formula 30 by well known halogenation methods in the art (see Carey, F. A.; Sundberg, R. J. Advanced Organic Chemistry; 3rd ed., Part B, Plenum: New York, (1990), p 122).

Compounds of Formula I wherein Y is CR⁶=CR⁶ or CHR⁶-CHR⁶ (Formula Ig and Ih, respectively) can be prepared as illustrated in Scheme 22. Treatment of the halides of Formula 29 with triphenylphosphine or a trialkylphosphite produces the corresponding phosphonium salt (Formula 31) or phosphonate (Formula 32), respectively. Condensation of the phosphorus compound with a base and a carbonyl compound of Formula Z(R⁶)C=O affords the olefin of Formula Ig.

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The olefins of Formula Ig can be converted to the saturated compounds of Formula Ih by hydrogenation over a metal catalyst such as palladium on carbon as is well-known in the art (Rylander, *Catalytic Hydrogenation in Organic Synthesis*; Academic: New York, 1979).

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Formula Ii alkynes can be prepared by halogenation/dehalogenation of Formula Ig olefins using procedures well-known in the art (March, J. *Advanced Organic Chemistry*; 3rd ed., John Wiley: New York, (1985), p 924). Additionally, Formula Ii alkynes can be prepared by well-known reaction of aryl halides with alkyne derivatives in the presence of catalysts such as nickel or palladium (see *J. Organomet. Chem.*, (1975), 93 253-257).

The olefin of Formula Ig can also be prepared by reversing the reactivity of the reactants in the Wittig or Horner-Emmons condensation. For example, 2-alkylaryl

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derivatives of Formula 33 can be converted into the corresponding dibromo-compound of Formula 34 as illustrated in Scheme 23 (see *Synthesis*, (1988), 330). The dibromo-compound can be hydrolyzed to the carbonyl compound of Formula 35, which in turn can be condensed with a phosphorus-containing nucleophile of Formula 36 or 37 to afford the olefin of Formula Ig. Additionally, compounds of Formula 35 can be prepared by oxidation of the corresponding alcohols of Formula 30.

Vinylhalides of Formula Ij can be prepared by reacting phosphorus reagents of Formulae 37a or 37b with carbonyl compounds of Formula 35 (Scheme 23). The preparations of halides of Formula 37a from the appropriate diethylphosphonoacetate are described by McKenna and Khawli in *J. Org. Chem.*, (1986), 51, 5467. The thiono esters of Formula 37b can be prepared from esters of Formula 37a by converting the carbonyl oxygen of the ester to a thiocarbonyl (see *Chem. Rev.*, (1984), 84, 17 and *Tetrahedron Lett.*, (1984), 25, 2639).

Scheme 23

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{1) Br}_2 \text{ or NBS} \\ \text{2 equiv., CCI}_4 \\ \text{light} \\ \text{2) Morpholine} \\ \text{Con. HCI, H}_2\text{O} \\ \text{NBS} = \textit{N-bromosuccinimide} \\ \text{R}^2 \\ \text{33} \\ \text{CR}^6 = \text{CR}^6 - \text{Z} \\ \text{M}^+ \begin{bmatrix} \text{(RO)}_2\text{P-C(R}^6\text{)Z} \\ \text{37} \end{bmatrix} \\ \text{Signature} \\ \text{RO}_2\text{P-CR}^6\text{-OZ} \\ \text{M}^+ \begin{bmatrix} \text{(RO)}_2\text{P-C(R}^6\text{)Z} \\ \text{37} \end{bmatrix} \\ \text{R}^2 = \text{O} \\ \text{37a: J}^2 = \text{O} \\ \text{37b: J}^2 = \text{S} \\ \text{R}^6 = \text{C}^2 \\ \text{A-N} \\ \text{R}^2 \\ \text{Ig} \\ \text{R} = \text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl} \\ \text{J}^2 = \text{O, S} \\ \text{hal} = \text{F, Cl, Br, I} \\ \text{Ij} \\ \text{CR}^6 = \text{CR}^6 - \text{Z} \\ \text{RO}_2 = \text{$$

Oximes of Formula Ik (Formula I wherein Y is $C(R^7)$ =N-O) can be prepared from carbonyl compounds of Formula 38 by condensation with hydroxylamine, followed by O-alkylation with electrophiles of Formula Z-(Cl, Br, or I) (Scheme 24). Alternatively, the O-substituted hydroxylamine can be condensed with the carbonyl compound of Formula 38 to yield oximes of Formula Ik directly.

Scheme 24

Scheme 24

1)
$$H_2N$$
-OH
2) Z -hal

or
 H_2N -OZ

A

N

R2

hal = Cl, Br or I

10 Carbamates of Formula II can be prepared by reacting aryl alcohols of Formula 30 with isocyanates of Formula 39 (Scheme 25). A base such as triethylamine can be added to catalyze the reaction. As shown, carbamates of Formula II can be further alkylated to provide the carbamates of Formula Im.

54 Scheme 25

CHR¹⁵OH

ZNCO
$$39$$
 R^{2}
 30
 R^{15-hal}
 $A=Cl$, Br or I

 R^{2}
 R^{2}

Compounds of Formula I wherein Y is -CHR¹⁵O-N=C(R⁷)-C(=N-A²-Z¹)-A¹-, -CHR¹⁵O-N=C(R⁷)-C(R⁷)=N-A²-A³- or -CHR¹⁵O-N=C(-C(R⁷)=N-A²-Z¹)- can be prepared by methods known in the art or obvious modifications (see, for example, WO 95/18789, WO 95/21153, and references therein) together with the methods disclosed herein.

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Compounds of Formula I wherein Y is -CHR¹⁵OC(=O)O-, -CHR¹⁵OC(=S)O-, -CHR¹⁵OC(=O)S-, -CHR¹⁵OC(=S)S-, -CHR¹⁵SC(=O)N(R¹⁵)-, -CHR¹⁵SC(=S)N(R¹⁵)-, -CHR¹⁵SC(=O)O-, -CHR¹⁵SC(=S)O-, -CHR¹⁵SC(=O)S-, -CHR¹⁵SC(=S)S-, -CHR¹⁵SC(=NR¹⁵)S- or -CHR¹⁵N(R¹⁵)C(=O)N(R¹⁵)- can be prepared by methods known in the art or obvious modifications (see, for example, U.S. 5,416,110, EP 656,351 and references therein) together with the methods disclosed herein.

The compounds of the present invention are prepared by combinations of reactions as illustrated in the Schemes 1-25 in which Z is a moiety as described in the summary. Preparation of the compounds containing the radical Z as described in the summary, substituted with L (defined as any group attached to Z as depicted in each of the individual schemes) can be accomplished by one skilled in the art by the appropriate combination of reagents and reaction sequences for a particular Z-L. Such reaction sequences can be developed based on known reactions available in the chemical art. For

a general reference, see March, J. *Advanced Organic Chemistry*; 3rd ed., John Wiley: New York, (1985) and references therein. See the following paragraphs for some examples of how L is defined in individual schemes, and the preparation of representative Z-L examples.

Compounds of Formula 41 in Scheme 26 can be prepared from compounds of Formula 40 by reaction with hydroxylamine or hydroxylamine salts. See Sandler and Karo, "Organic Functional Group Preparations," Vol. 3 Academic Press, New York, (1972) 372-381 for a review of methods. Compounds of Formula 41 correspond to compounds of Formula 13 in Scheme 6 when $Y^1 = O-N=C(R^7)$ and in Scheme 21, reagent HO-N=CR⁷.

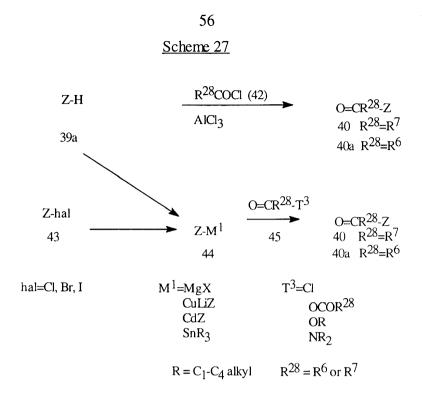
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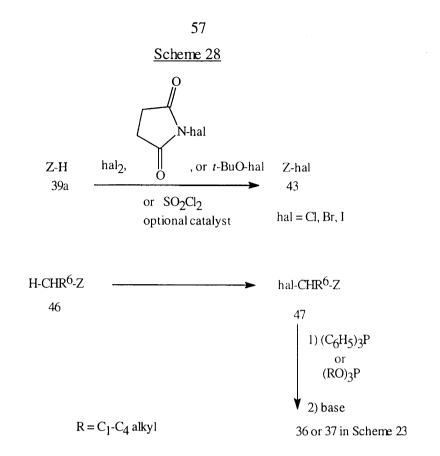
Scheme 26

O=CR⁷-Z
$$\frac{\text{H}_2\text{NOH or}}{\text{H}_2\text{NOH} \cdot \text{HCl/base}}$$
 HO-N=CR⁷-Z 40

Compounds of Formula 40 can be prepared from compounds of Formula 39a (Scheme 27) by Friedel-Crafts acylation with compounds of Formula 42. (See Olah, G. 15 "Friedel-Crafts and Related Reactions," Interscience, New York (1963-1964) for a general review). Compounds of Formula 40 may also be prepared by reaction of acyl halides, anhydrides, esters, or amides of Formula 45 with organometallic reagents of Formula 44. (See March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry; 3rd ed., John Wiley: New York, (1985), pp 433-435 and references therein.) The organometallic compounds of 20 Formula 44 may be prepared by reductive metallation or halogen-metal exchange of a halogen-containing compound of Formula 43 using, for example, magnesium or an organolithium reagent, or by deprotonation of compounds of Formula 39a using a strong base such as a lithioamide or an organolithium reagent, followed by transmetallation. Compound 40 corresponds to Compound 14a in Scheme 8, while compound 40a corresponds to $O=C(R^6)Z$ in Scheme 22. 25



Compounds of Formula 43 may be prepared by reaction of compounds of Formula 39a (Scheme 28) with, for example, bromine or chlorine, with or without 5 additional catalysts, under free-radical or aromatic electrophilic halogenation conditions, depending on the nature of Z. Alternative sources of halogen, such as Nhalosuccinimides, tert-butyl hypohalites or SO₂Cl₂, may also be used. (See March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry; 3rd ed., John Wiley: New York, (1985), pp 476-479, 620-626, and references therein.) For a review of free-radical halogenation, see Huyser, 10 in Patai," The Chemistry of the Carbon-Halogen Bond," Part 1, Wiley, New York (1973) pp 549-607. For electrophilic substitutions, see de la Mare, "Electrophilic Halogenation," Cambridge University Press, London (1976). Compounds of Formula 43 correspond to compounds of Formula 15 in Scheme 7 where Lg = Br, Cl, or I and reagent Z-hal in Scheme 24. Compounds of Formula 47 can be prepared from 15 compounds of Formula 46 by similar procedures. Compounds of Formula 47 correspond to compounds of Formula 16 in Scheme 7 where Lg = Br, Cl, or I. Compounds of Formula 36 or 37 in Scheme 23 can be prepared by reaction of compounds of Formula 47 with triphenylphosphine or trialkyl phosphites, respectively, followed by deprotonation with base. See Cadogen, "Organophosphorus Reagents in Organic 20 Synthesis," Academic Press, New York (1979) for a general treatise on these reagents.



Compounds of Formula 48 can be prepared from compounds of Formula 40b by treatment with peracids such as perbenzoic or peracetic acid, or with other peroxy compounds in the presence of an acid catalysts, followed by hydrolysis of the resultant ester. For a review, see Plesnicar, in Trahanovsky, "Oxidation in Organic Chemistry, pt. C, Academic Press, New York (1978) pp 254-267. Formula 48 corresponds to Formula 13 in Scheme 6 when Y¹ = O and reagent HO-Z in Scheme 21. Compounds of Formula 52 can be prepared from compounds of Formula 48 by conversion to the dialkylthiocarbamates of Formula 50 followed by rearrangement to Formula 51 and subsequent hydrolysis. See M. S. Newman and H. A. Karnes, *J. Org. Chem.* (1966), 31, 3980-4. Formula 52 corresponds to Formula 13 in Scheme 6 when Y¹ = S and reagent HS-Z in Scheme 21.

58 Scheme 29 1) [O] $O=C(CH_3)-Z$ HO-Z 40b 2) hydrolysis 48 CICSN(R)2 Z-O-CSN(R)2 HO-Z Z-S-CON(R)₂ HS-Z 49 50 52 $R = C_1 - C_4$ alkyl

Compounds of Formula 53 can be converted to compounds of Formulae 43, 48 or 52 via the diazonium compounds 54, by treatment with nitrous acid followed by subsequent reaction (Scheme 30). See reviews by Hegarty, pt. 2, pp 511-91 and Schank, pt. 2, pp 645-657, in Patai, "The Chemistry of Diazonium and Diazo Groups," Wiley, New York (1978). Treatment of Formula 54 compounds with cuprous halides or iodide ions yield compounds of Formula 43. Treatment of Formula 54 compounds with cuprous oxide in the presence of excess cupric nitrate provides compounds of Formula 48. (Cohen, Dietz, and Miser, *J. Org. Chem.*, (1977), 42, 2053). Treatment of Formula 54 compounds with (S₂)-2 yields compounds of Formula 52.

Scheme 30

15 Compounds of Formula 53 can be prepared from compounds of Formula 39a by nitration, followed by reduction (Scheme 31). A wide variety of nitrating agents is available (see Schofield, "Aromatic Nitration," Cambridge University Press, Cambridge (1980)). Reduction of nitro compounds can be accomplished in a number of ways (see March, J. *Advanced Organic Chemistry*; 3rd ed., John Wiley: New York, (1985),

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pp 1103-4 and references therein). Formula 53 corresponds to Formula 13 in Scheme 6 when $Y^1 = NR^{15}$ and $R^{15} = H$.

Scheme 31

$$Z-H$$
 \longrightarrow $Z-NO_2$ \longrightarrow $Z-NH_2$ 39a 55 53

Iodides of Formula 8 can be prepared from compounds of Formula 58 by the methods described above in Schemes 21-25 for various Y-Z combinations. Compounds of Formula 58 can in turn be prepared from compounds of Formula 57 by functional group interconversions which are well known to one skilled in the art. The compounds of Formula 57 can be prepared by treating compounds of Formula 56 with an organolithium reagent such as *n*-BuLi or LDA followed by trapping the intermediate with iodine (Beak, P., Snieckus, V. *Acc. Chem. Res.*, (1982), 15, 306). Additionally, lithiation via halogen metal exchange of compounds of Formula 56, where H is replaced by Br, will produce an intermediate which can be trapped with iodine to prepare compounds of Formula 57 (Parham, W. E., Bradsher, C. K. *Acc. Chem. Res.*, (1982), 15, 300 (Scheme 32).

Scheme 32

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Compounds of Formula In (Formula IA where Y is $(CH_2)_XO$, where x = 0 or 1) can be prepared by contacting hydroxy compounds of Formula 59 with appropriate heterocycles or activated aromatic hydrocarbons Lg-Z (where Lg is an appropriate leaving group, for example, halogen or alkylsulfonyl) in the presence of suitable bases (for example, K_2CO_3 , KO-t-Bu or NaH) in suitable solvents (for example, acetone, dimethylformamide, dimethyl sulfoxide or tetrahydrofuran) (see Scheme 33).

Scheme 33

Compounds of Formula Lg-Z may be prepared according to literature procedures, for example, *Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry*, Pergamon Press, vol. 6, 1984, pp 463-511 or *J. Org. Chem.* (1973), 38, 469 or *J. Het. Chem.* (1979), 961 for the preparation of 1,2,4-thiadiazoles, U.S. 5,166,165 or *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1* (1983), 967 for the preparation of 1,3,4-oxadiazoles and 1,3,4-thiadiazoles, EP 446,010 or *J. Med. Chem.* (1992), 35, 3691 for the preparation of 1,2,4-oxadiazoles.

Additionally, when Z is substituted with iodine or Lg^2 from Scheme 10, R^9 may be introduced via a palladium(0)-catalyzed cross coupling reaction with the appropriate nucleophile containing R^9 , such as arylboronic acids, aryl or alkyl zinc reagents, and substituted acetylenes.

It is recognized that some reagents and reaction conditions described above for preparing compounds of Formula I may not be compatible with certain functionalities present in the intermediates. In these instances, the incorporation of protection/deprotection sequences or functional group interconversions into the synthesis will aid in obtaining the desired products. The use and choice of the protecting groups will be apparent to one skilled in chemical synthesis (see, for example, Greene, T. W.; Wuts, P. G. M. *Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis*, 2nd ed.; Wiley: New York, 1991). One skilled in the art will recognize that, in some cases, after the introduction of a given reagent as it is depicted in any individual scheme, it may be necessary to perform

additional routine synthetic steps not described in detail to complete the synthesis of compounds of Formula I. One skilled in the art will also recognize that it may be necessary to perform a combination of the steps illustrated in the above schemes in an order other than that implied by the particular sequence presented to prepare the compounds of Formula I.

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One skilled in the art will also recognize that compounds of Formula I and the intermediates described herein can be subjected to various electrophilic, nucleophilic, radical, organometallic, oxidation, and reduction reactions to add substituents or modify existing substituents.

Without further elaboration, it is believed that one skilled in the art using the preceding description can utilize the present invention to its fullest extent. The following Examples are, therefore, to be construed as merely illustrative, and not limiting of the disclosure in any way whatsoever. Percentages are by weight except for chromatographic solvent mixtures or where otherwise indicated. Parts and percentages for chromatographic solvent mixtures are by volume unless otherwise indicated.

¹H NMR spectra are reported in ppm downfield from tetramethylsilane; s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, dd = doublet of doublets, br = broad, br s = broad singlet.

EXAMPLE 1

Step A: Preparation of N-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2,2-dimethylhydrazinecarboxamide

To a stirred solution of 15.0 g of 2-methoxyphenyl isocyanate in 100 mL of
toluene at 5 °C under nitrogen was slowly added 7.65 mL of 1,1-dimethylhydrazine in
10 mL toluene. The cooling bath was then removed and the reaction was allowed to stir
for an additional 10 min, and was then concentrated under reduced pressure. The
resulting material was dissolved in diethyl ether and concentrated again. A solid was
obtained which was triturated with hexanes to afford 21 g of the title compound of
Step A as a white solid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.6 (br s,1H), 8.24 (m,1H), 6.95 (m,2H),
6.85 (m,1H), 5.35 (br s,1H), 3.89 (s,3H), 2.60 (s,6H).

Step B: Preparation of 5-chloro-2,4-dihydro-4-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a stirred solution of 21 g of the title compound of Step A in 800 mL of dichloromethane under nitrogen was added 29.85 g of triphosgene. The reaction was heated to reflux and allowed to reflux overnight, cooled, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with distilled water, and then with saturated aqueous sodium chloride solution. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The solid

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was recrystallized from dichloromethane and the resulting solid was triturated with diethyl ether to afford 10 g of the title compound of Step B as a white solid melting at 152-154 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (t,1H),7.25 (d,1H), 7.05 (m,2H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.53 (s,3H).

5 Step C: Preparation of 5-chloro-2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

The title compound of Step B (7.7 g) was dissolved in 65 mL of dichloromethane under nitrogen, cooled to -78 °C, and 34 mL of a 1.0 M boron tribromide solution in dichloromethane was then added over 0.5 h with stirring. After the addition, the cooling bath (dry ice/acetone) was kept in place for an additional 0.5 h and then the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature. Ice was added to the reaction mixture which was then diluted with diethyl ether and the product was extracted using 1N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution. The aqueous layer was acidified with 6N aqueous hydrochloric acid solution and extracted with dichloromethane and then with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was triturated with diethyl ether to afford 5.54 g of the title compound of Step C as a white solid. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (s,1H), 7.11 (t,2H), 6.91 (t,1H), 6.76 (d,1H), 3.56 (s,3H).

Step D: Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a stirred solution of 5.54 g of the title compound of Step C in 50 mL of methanol and 25 mL of 1,2-dimethoxyethane under nitrogen was added 18.6 mL of 30% sodium methoxide solution in methanol. The reaction was heated at reflux for 5.5 h and then cooled to room temperature. The mixture was diluted with diethyl ether and the product was extracted using 1N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution. The aqueous layer was acidified with 6N aqueous hydrochloric acid solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was triturated with diethyl ether to afford 3.85 g of the title compound of Step D as a white solid (85% pure). 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (br s,1H), 7.20 (m,2H), 7.03 (d,1H), 6.94 (t,1H), 4.00 (s,3H), 3.48 (s,3H). Step E: Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-[3.5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-

Step E: Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of 5-chloro-3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazole (0.8 g, 2.4 mmol, available from Maybridge, Catalog No. RDR03892) in DMF (8 mL) was added the title compound of Step D (0.44 g, 2.4 mmol) at room temperature. The solution was cooled to 5 °C and potassium carbonate (0.33 g, 2.4 mmol) was added

followed by a catalytic amount of cuprous chloride (about 3-5 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The reaction was partitioned between water (30 mL) and ether (30 mL), and the aqueous layer was extracted twice with ether (25 mL). The combined ether layers were washed with water (30 mL), dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then concentrated to give 1.14 g of crude product. Flash column chromatography (gradient elution with 30-50% ethyl acetate in hexane) gave the title compound of Step E, a compound of the invention, as a white solid (0.62 g) melting at 139.5-141.5 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (s,2H), 7.94 (s,1H), 7.60 (m,2H), 7.50 (d,2H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).

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EXAMPLE 2

Step A: Preparation of ethyl 3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzenecarboximidate hydrochloride

To a solution of 3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzonitrile (10 g. 53.4 mmol) in ethyl ether (55 mL) is added absolute ethanol (3.3 mL). The solution is cooled to 0 °C and saturated with dry HCl gas. The reaction mixture is then left to stand at ambient temperature for 7 days after which time it is filtered under a stream of dry nitrogen to give the title compound of Step A (10.99 g) as a white solid. 1 H NMR (Me₂SO- d_6) δ 8.2 (m,1H), 7.95 (d,1H), 7.83 (s,1H), 7.59 (m,1H), 4.66 (q,2H), 1.52 (t,3H).

Step B: Preparation of 3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzenecarboximidamide hydrochloride

To a solution of the title compound of Step A (10.99 grams, 40.76 mmol) in methanol (15 mL) is added ammonia (8.2 mL, 7N solution in methanol). This mixture was stirred for 5 days before being concentrated to give the title compound of Step B (10.36 g). 1 H NMR (Me₂SO- d_6) δ 9.4-8.8 (br,4H), 8.01 (m,1H), 7.97 (m,1H), 7.81 (m,2H).

Step C: Preparation of 5-chloro-3-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazole

To a solution of the title compound of Step B (10.36 g, 43.06 mmol) in water
(100 mL) is added methylene chloride (200 mL), benzyltriethylammonium chloride
(0.8 g) and perchloromethyl mercaptan (4.7 mL, 32.6 mmol) and the mixture is cooled in an ice bath. With efficient stirring, sodium hydroxide (6.89 g) in water (100 mL) is then added dropwise such that the internal temperature does not exceed 10 °C. After the addition is complete, the cooling bath is removed and the reaction mixture stirred for a further 1.5 h. The organic layer is then separated, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The yellow/brown tar is extracted with boiling hexane and the hot solution is filtered through a pad of silica gel. The silica gel is washed with hexane and the solution is then concentrated to a give the title compound of Step C as a yellow oil which

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is used without further purification. ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (d,1H), 8.11 (s,1H), 7.49 (t,1H), 7.34 (m,1H).

Step D: Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[3-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

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To a solution of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (71.44 g, 323.3 mmol) in DMF (680 mL) is added freshly ground potassium carbonate (93.9 g) and the title compound of Step C (95.5 g, 340 mmol). The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 days before being diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The aqueous phase was re-extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic layers were washed with water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The material was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 40%, then 60%, and then 80% ethyl ether in petroleum ether) followed by crystallization of the material from the concentrated fractions to yield 65g of the title compound of Step D, a compound of the invention, as an off white solid melting at 112-113 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.10 (d,1H), 8.05 (s,1H), 7.6-7.4 (m,5H), 7.27 (m,1H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 3

Step A: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(methylthio)-1,3,4-oxadiazole

To a solution of 4-chlorobenzoic hydrazide (15.0 g, 87.92 mmol) in ethanol
(133 mL) and water (10 mL) is added potassium hydroxide (5.18 g, 92.3 mmol) and
carbon disulfide (5.82 mL) in a dropwise fashion. The mixture was further diluted with
ethanol (88 mL) and the mixture is heated at reflux overnight. Methyl iodide (6.02 mL)
is then added and the mixture is cooled in an ice bath and stirred for a further 0.5 h. The
solution is concentrated and redissolved in methylene chloride. The solution is filtered
through a pad of silica gel and concentrated to give the title compound of Step A
(17.69 g) as a white solid.

Step B: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(methylsulfonyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazole

To a solution of the title compound from Step A (17.69 g, 78.1 mmol) in acetic acid (156 mL) was added a solution of potassium permanganate (25.92 g, 164.01 mmol) in water (547 mL) in a dropwise fashion. A slight exotherm was controlled with an ice bath. On complete addition, sodium hydrosulfite (80 mL, 40% aqueous solution) was added and the resultant precipitate was filtered to give the title compound of Step B.

1H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.70 (m,2H), 7.57 (m,2H), 3.53 (s,3H).

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Step C: Preparation of 4-[2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (0.5 g, 2.26 mmol) in acetone (5 mL) was added potassium carbonate (406 mg) and the title compound of Step B (585 mg). The mixture was stirred overnight before being diluted with methylene chloride and washed with water. The aqueous phase was re-extracted with methylene chloride and the combined organic phases were dried over magnesium sulfate and the solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting solid was triturated with ethyl ether to give the title compound of Step C (719 mg, 80 %), a compound of the invention, as a solid melting at 130-132 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d,2H), 7.85 (d,1H), 7.6-7.4 (m,5H), 3.88 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 4

<u>Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-4-[2-[(3-iodo-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl)oxy]phenyl]-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one</u>

To a solution of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (3.0 g, 13.6 mmol) in acetone (27 mL) was added potassium carbonate (2.44 g) and 3-iodo-5-(methylsulfonyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazole (*J. Org Chem.* (1973), 38, 469) (4.33 g). The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 36 h before being diluted with water. The resulting mixture was extracted twice with methylene chloride and the combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solution was concentrated to a solid which was triturated with hot ethanol to give the title compound of Example 4 (2.8 g, 48%), a compound of the invention. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (m,2H), 7.46 (m,2H), 3.86 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 5

Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-(3,3-dimethyl-1-butynyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of the title compound of Example 4 (307 mg, 0.71 mmol) in DMF (4 mL) was added copper(I) iodide (14 mg), triethylamine (0.347 mL), 3,3-dimethyl-1-butyne (0.219 mL) and bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) chloride (25 mg). The mixture was stirred for 40 h at ambient temperature before being diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N HCl and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solution was concentrated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 80 % ethyl ether in petroleum ether) to give the title compound of Example 5, a compound of the invention. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (m,2H), 7.45 (m,2H), 3.83 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 1.32 (s,9H).

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EXAMPLE 6

Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[3-[3-[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl]phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one To a solution of 2,4-dihydro-4-[2-[[3-(3-iodophenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-

yl]oxy]phenyl]-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one (prepared from 3-iodobenzonitrile according to the procedure described in Example 2) (1.0 g, 1.97 mmol) in DMF (4 mL) was added copper(I) iodide (38 mg), triethylamine (0.96 mL), (trimethylsilyl)acetylene (0.70 mL) and bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) chloride (35 mg). The mixture was stirred overnight at ambient temperature before being diluted with ethyl ether. The resulting mixture was washed with a saturated aqueous solution of ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃, and a saturated aqueous solution of NaCl and then was dried over magnesium sulfate. The solution was concentrated and the material was crystallized from ethanol to give the title compound of Example 6 (315 mg), a compound of the invention, as a solid melting at 133-134 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.27 (s,1H), 8.05 (d,1H), 7.65-7.5 (m,5H). 7.4 (t,1H), 3.77 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H), 0.26 (s,9H).

EXAMPLE 7

<u>Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-(3-ethynylphenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxylphenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one</u>

To a solution of the title compound of Example 6 (300 mg, 0.629 mmol) in methanol (3 mL) was added potassium carbonate (87 mg). The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 10 min before being diluted with water and extracted three times with methylene chloride. The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. Recrystallization from ethanol afforded the title compound of Example 7 (153 mg), a compound of the invention, as a white solid melting at 177-178 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (s,1H), 8.15 (d,1H), 7.62 (m,1H), 7.57 (m,2H), 7.49 (m,2H), 7.4 (t,1H), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 8

Step A: Preparation of 3-(5-chloro-1,2,4-thiadiazol-3-yl)phenol

To a solution of 3-chloro-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazole (prepared from 3-methoxybenzonitrile according to the procedure described in Step C in Example 2) (11.4 g, 50.4 mmol) in methylene chloride (150 mL) was added boron tribromide (5.25 mL) with ice bath cooling. The reaction was allowed to warm slowly to ambient temperature. After 20 h, a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO $_3$ was added and the mixture was extracted with ethyl ether and the extract was dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 20% and then 40% ethyl ether in

petroleum ether) gives the title compound of Step A. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (d,1H), 7.73 (s,1H), 7.36 (t,1H), 6.95 (d,1H), 5.42 (s,1H).

Step B: Preparation of [3-[5-[2-(1,5-dihydro-3-methoxy-1-methyl-5-oxo-4*H*-1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)phenoxyl-1,2,4-thiadiazol-3-yl]phenyl] benzoate

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To a solution of the title compound of Step A (7.15 g, 33.6 mmol) in methylene chloride (112 mL) was added triethylamine (6.1 mL), 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (206 mg) and benzoyl chloride (4.5 mL) with ice bath cooling. The ice bath was removed and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 15 min. HCl (1 N aqueous solution) was then added and the mixture was extracted with ethyl ether then with methylene chloride. The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated to give a solid. To this solid was added the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (7.44 g), potassium carbonate (6.04 g) and acetone (150 mL). The mixture was stirred for 5 days before being diluted with water. The resulting mixture was extracted with methylene chloride and the extract was dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 1% and then 2% methanol in methylene chloride) gave the title compound of Step B (10.1g), a compound of the invention. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.21 (d,2H), 8.1 (d,2H), 7.7-7.4 (m,9H), 3.77 (s,3H). 3.37 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 9

Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-4-[2-[[3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of the title compound of Step B in Example 8 (10.1 g, 20 mmol) in methanol (50 mL) was added sodium methoxide (1.306g). Ethanol (50 mL) and methylene chloride (25 mL) were then added and the mixture was stirred overnight. The mixture was acidified with HCl (1 N aqueous solution) and was extracted twice with methylene chloride. The combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 30% and then 40% ethyl acetate in benzene) gave the title compound of Example 9 (4.8 g), a compound of the invention. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.7 (d,1H), 7.6-7.4 (m,5H), 7.25 (m,1H), 6.9 (dd,1H), 6.75 (s,1H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.34 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 10

Preparation of [3-[5-[2-(1,5-dihydro-3-methoxy-1-methyl-5-oxo-4*H*-1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)phenoxy]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-3-yl]phenyl] trifluoromethanesulfonate

To a solution of the title compound of Example 9 (0.2 g, 0.5 mmol) in methylene chloride (2.5 mL) was added pyridine (0.061 mL), trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride

(0.102 mL) and a catalytic amount of 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine. The reaction mixture

was stirred for 3 days before being diluted with methylene chloride and washed with HCl (1 N aqueous solution). The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate. Concentration yielded the title compound of Example 10, a compound of the invention, as an off white solid. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.2 (d,1H), 8.1 (s,1H), 7.65-7.45 (m,5H), 7.35 (dd,1H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 11

Step A: Preparation of 2-furancarboximidamide

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(See *Tetr. Lett.* (1990), 31, 1969). To a solution of trimethylaluminum (18 mL, 2 M in hexanes) in toluene (40 mL) at 0 °C was added ammonium chloride (1.926 g) in small portions. Upon complete addition, the cooling bath was removed and the mixture was stirred for a further 1.5 h. 2-furonitrile (3.15 mL, 36.0 mmol) was added and the mixture was heated at 85 °C overnight. The mixture was then cooled and poured onto a slurry of silica gel (600 g) in chloroform (300 mL). The mixture was stirred for 5 min, filtered and washed with methanol (800 mL). Concentration yielded the title compound of Step A (4.01 g). 1 H NMR (Me₂SO- d_6) δ 9.6 (br s, 2H), 9.3 (br s, 2H), 8.2 (m,1H), 7.98 (m,1H), 6.88 (m,1H).

Step B: Preparation of 5-chloro-3-(2-furanyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazole

To a solution of the title compound of Step A (4.01 g, 36 mmol) in water (89 mL) and methylene chloride (177 mL) was added benzyltriethylammonium chloride (675 mg) and perchloromethyl mercaptan (4.0 mL) and the mixture was cooled in an ice bath. A solution of sodium hydroxide (4.36 g) in water (89 mL) was then added such that the internal temperature did not exceed 10 °C. Upon complete addition, the cooling bath was removed and the mixture was stirred for 3 h. The layers were separated and the organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification by column

25 chromatography (petroleum ether and then 1-chlorobutane) gave the title compound of Step B. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.6 (m,1H), 7.19 (m,1H), 6.57 (m,1H).

Step C: Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-(2-furanyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (355 mg,

1.61 mmol) in acetone (3 mL) was added potassium carbonate (289 mg) and the title
compound of Step B. The mixture was stirred overnight at ambient temperature before
being diluted with water. The resulting mixture was extracted with methylene chloride
three times and the combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solution
was concentrated to a solid which was recrystallized from ethanol to give the title

compound of Step C (213 mg), a compound of the invention, as a solid melting at

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107-108 °C. ${}^{1}H$ NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (m,3H), 7.49 (m,2H), 7.07 (m,1H), 6.5 (m,1H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 12

Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-(5-bromo-2-thienyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

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(s, 3H).

To a solution of 5-chloro-3-(2-thienyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazole (prepared from 2-thiophenecarbonitrile according to the procedure described in Step C in Example 2) (1.0 g, 4.94 mmol) in methylene chloride was added bromine (0.253 mL). After 1 h, the mixture was concentrated and redissolved in acetone (8 mL). The title compound of Step D in Example 1 (850 mg) and potassium carbonate (1.33 g) were added and the mixture was stirred overnight before being diluted with water and twice extracted with methylene chloride. The organic phases were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, ethyl ether) to give the title compound of Example 12, a compound of the invention.

14 NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.65-7.55 (m,2H), 7.5-7.45 (m,3H), 7.04 (d,1H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.38

EXAMPLE 13

Step A: Preparation of 5-chloro-3-(2,5-dichloro-3-thienyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazole
A solution of 5-chloro-3-(3-thienyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazole (prepared from 3thiophenecarbonitrile according to the procedure described in Step C in Example 2)
(2.0 g, 9.88 mmol) in sulfuryl chloride (10 mL) was stirred at ambient temperature for
1.5 h before being poured into water and extracted with ethyl ether. The ether layer was washed with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ and dried over magnesium sulfate.
Concentration yielded the title compound of Step A (1.87 g). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.45
(s,1H).

Step B: Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-(2,5-dichloro-3-thienyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (1.83 g, 6.74 mmol) in acetone (13 mL) was added potassium carbonate (1.21 g) and the title compound of Step A. The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 30 h at which point extra potassium carbonate (0.6 g) was added. When the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC analysis, it was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed twice with water, with saturated aqueous NaCl and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried over magnesium sulfate, concentrated and the residue was purified by crystallization from ethanol. The mother liquor was concentrated and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 60% and then 80%

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ethyl ether in petroleum ether) to give the title compound of Step B (2.5 g), a compound of the invention, as a solid melting at 144-147 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (d,1H), 7.6-7.5 (m,1H), 7.5-7.4 (m,2H), 7.37 (s,1H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 14

5 Step A: Preparation of 2,2-dimethylpropanimidic acid hydrochloride

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To a solution of trimethylacetonitrile (100 g, 1.203 mol) in ethyl ether (600 mL) is added absolute ethanol (74.1 mL). The solution is cooled to 0 °C and then is saturated with dry HCl gas. The reaction mixture is then left to stand at ambient temperature for 6 days after which time it is concentrated to give the title compound of Step A (54.37 g) as a white solid. 1 H NMR (Me₂SO- d_6) δ 11.4 (br s, 2H), 4.4 (q,2H), 1.22 (s,9H), 1.05 (t,3H).

Step B: Preparation of 2,2-dimethylpropanimidamide hydrochloride

To a solution of the title compound of Step A (54.37 g, 328.2 mmol) in methanol (20 mL) is added ammonia (65.7 mL, 7N solution in methanol). This mixture was stirred for 3 days before being concentrated to give the title compound of Step B (33.15 g) as an off white solid. 1 H NMR (Me₂SO- d_{6}) δ 1.25 (s,9H).

Step C: Preparation of 5-chloro-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazole

To a solution of the title compound of Step B (5.0 g, 36.61 mmol) in water (23 mL) and methylene chloride (45 mL) is added perchloromethyl mercaptan (4.0 mL, 36.61 mmol) and the mixture is cooled in an ice bath. With efficient stirring, a solution of sodium hydroxide (5.86 g) in water (23 mL) is then added dropwise such that the internal temperature does not exceed 10 °C. After the addition is complete, the cooling bath is removed and the reaction mixture is stirred for a further 1.5 h. The organic layer is then separated, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The yellow/brown tar is extracted with boiling hexane and the hot solution is filtered through a pad of silica gel. The silica gel is washed with hexane and the solution is concentrated to a give the title compound of Step C (5.88 g) as a yellow oil which is used without further purification. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.42 (s,9H).

Step D: Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (500 mg, 2.26 mmol) in DMF (4.5 mL) is added freshly ground potassium carbonate (406 mg) and the title compound of Step C (399 mg). The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 2 days before being diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 40%, then 60%, and then 80% ethyl ether in petroleum

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ether) yields the title compound of Step D (0.19 g), a compound of invention, as an off white solid melting at 110-111 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d,1H), 7.50 (m,1H), 7.47 (m,1H), 7.44 (m,1H), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H), 1.36 (s,9H).

EXAMPLE 15

5 Preparation of 4-[2-[(6-chloro-2-pyrazinyl)oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

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To a solution of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (2.2 g, 10.0 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was added sodium hydride (0.47g, 60% oil dispersion) in small portions. The resulting slurry was stirred for 5 min and then 2,6-dichloropyrazine (1.5 g, 10.1 mmol) was added all at once. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h at 70-75 °C, and then the DMF was removed by vacuum distillation. The residue was partitioned between 125 mL of ethyl acetate and 50 mL of water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated to give a brown solid which was triturated with diethyl ether to afford 1.65 g of the title compound of Example 15, a compound of invention, as a white solid melting at 135-137 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (m,2H), 7.50 (m,1H), 7.40 (m,3H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.33 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 16

<u>Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[6-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-pyrazinyl]oxy]phenyl]-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one</u>

20 A slurry made up of the title compound of Example 15 (3.0g, 9.12 mmol) and palladium acetate (76 mg) in dimethoxyethane (18.5 mL) was stirred for 0.5 h. To this mixture was added a solution of 4-trifluoromethylbenzene boronic acid (2.5 g, 13.1 mmol, available from Lancaster Synthesis Inc.) and sodium carbonate (3.1 g) in 46 mL of water. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 5 h. The 25 dimethoxyethane was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting mixture was partitioned between 150 mL of ethyl acetate and 50 mL of water. The aqueous layer was extracted with 50 mL of ethyl acetate and the combined organic layers were filtered through Celite[®], dried over anhydrous potassium carbonate, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crude product. Flash column chromatography (gradient 30 elution with 60-75% ethyl acetate in hexane) gave the title compound of Example 16, a compound of the invention, as a white solid (3.3 g) melting at 145-148 °C. ¹H NMR $(CDCl_3)$ δ 8.79 (s,1H), 8.39 (s,1H), 7.98 (d,2H), 7.67 (d,2H), 7.51 (m,1H), 7.41 (m,3H), 3.65 (s,3H), 3.31 (s,3H).

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EXAMPLE 17

Preparation of 4-[6-[2-(1,5-dihydro-3-methoxy-1-methyl-5-oxo-4*H*-1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)phenoxyl-2-pyrazinyl]benzonitrile

To a solution of the title compound of Example 15 (333 mg, 1.0 mmol) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (60 mg) in nitrogen-purged tetrahydrofuran (2.8 mL) was added a solution of bromo(4-cyanophenyl)zinc (2.8 mL, 0.5M in tetrahydrofuran, available from Rieke Metals, Inc.). The resulting dark solution was stirred for 22 h at room temperature and an additional 1.5 mL of the organozinc reagent was then added to complete the reaction. After stirring for another 6 h, the reaction mixture was partitioned between 100 mL of ethyl acetate and 50 mL of diluted aqueous hydrochloric acid. The aqueous layer was extracted with 50 mL of ethyl acetate and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crude product. Flash column chromatography (gradient elution with 50-70% ethyl acetate in hexane) gave the title compound of Example 17, a compound of invention, as a white solid (230 mg) melting at 195-199 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.79 (s,1H), 8.40 (s,1H), 8.00 (d,2H), 7.72 (d,2H), 7.53 (m,1H), 7.41 (m,3H), 3.68 (s,3H), 3.30 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 18

Step A: Preparation of 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-amine

The title compound was prepared according to Zubets, I. V.; Boikov, Yu. A.; Viktorovskii, I. V.; V'yunov, K. A.; *Chem. Het. Comp.* 1148 (1986). Starting from 4-chlorobenzaldehyde thiosemicarbazone (8.6g, 50.1 mmol), the reaction afforded 6.3 g of the title compound of Step A as an off white solid. ¹H NMR (Me₂SO-*d*₆) δ 7.82-7.54 (AA'BB', 4H), 7.48 (s, 2H). Elemental analysis: (Calculated) C: 44.97, H: 3.77,

25 N: 19.66, S:15.00. (Found) C: 45.10, H: 3.92, N: 19.67, S: 14.65.

Step B: Preparation of 2-chloro-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole

The title compound was prepared according to Zubets, I. V.; Boikov, Yu. A.; Viktorovskii, I. V.; V'yunov, K. A.; *Chem. Het. Comp.* 1148 (1986). Starting from the title compound of Step A (0.6g, 3 mmol), the reaction afforded 0.4 g of a yellow oil which was used without further purification. 1 H NMR (Me₂SO- d_6) δ 8.02-7.67 (AA'BB', 4H).

Step C: Preparation of 4-[2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2 methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

The title compound of Step B (0.46 g, 2 mmol), the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (0.44 g, 2 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.8 g, 5.8 mmol) were combined in 30 mL of 4-methyl-pentane-2-one. The mixture was heated at reflux temperature for

5 h and was then allowed to cool to ambient temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between 50 mL of ethyl acetate and 50 mL of water. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (2x30 mL). The combined organic layers were extracted with 1N sodium hydroxide (2x20 mL) and saturated aqueous NaCl (2x20 mL), respectively. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. Preparative TLC (eluent: ethyl acetate/hexane=2/1) afforded the title compound of Step C, a compound of invention, as a white solid. ¹H NMR (Me₂SO- d_6) δ 7.92-7.45 (m,8H), 3.79 (s,3H). 3.25 (s,3H).

10 <u>EXAMPLE 19</u>

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Step A: Preparation of 4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-thiazolamine

To a stirring solution of 10 g of 3'-(trifluoromethyl)acetophenone in 100 mL of dichloromethane was added dropwise 8.5 g of bromine. The bromine color dissipated immediately during the dropwise addition. The reaction mixture was then concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting oil was dissolved in 80 mL of ethanol. To this oil was added 4.0 g of thiourea and the resulting mixture was heated at reflux for 8 h. Upon cooling, a solid precipitated. Approximately 100 mL of diethyl ether was added to enhance precipitation. The solid was collected and washed with diethyl ether followed by neutralization with excess aqueous sodium bicarbonate. The free base was extracted into ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with water and saturated aqueous NaCl. The ethyl acetate solution was then dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 11.5 g of the title compound of Step A as a white (yellow tinted) solid melting at 87-88 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (s,1H), 7.95 (d,1H), 7.5 (m,2H), 6.8 (s,1H), 5.15 (br s,2H).

Step B: Preparation of 5-bromo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-thiazolamine

To a stirring solution of 8.5 g of the title compound of Step A in 100 mL of dichloromethane was added dropwise 6 g of bromine. The bromine color dissipated immediately during the dropwise addition. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 minutes after the addition and then was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was partitioned between 150 mL of ethyl acetate and 100 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the mixture was stirred for 0.5 h. The organic layer was separated, washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to give an oil which soon crystallized. The solid was suspended in hexanes, then collected by filtration to give 10.5 g of the title compound of Step B as a white solid melting at 96-98 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.15 (s,1H), 8.05 (d,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.55 (t,1H), 5.75 (br s,2H).

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Step C: Preparation of 5-bromo-2-chloro-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thiazole

The title compound of Step B (3 g) was dissolved in 50 mL of acetonitrile and to
this solution was added with stirring 2.5 g of copper(II) chloride followed by 2 mL of
tert-butylnitrite (dropwise). Nitrogen evolution was evident and the reaction
exothermically warmed to approximately 30 °C. The dark reaction mixture was stirred
for 45 min and was then partitioned between 200 mL of ethyl acetate and 200 mL of
distilled water. The organic layer was separated, washed with 1N aqueous HCl, water,
and then saturated aqueous NaCl. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and then
was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a dark oil/solid residue. The main
component was isolated by flash chromatography on silica gel using 5-10% ethyl acetate
in hexanes as eluant to give 2.4 g of the title compound of Step C as a red tinted solid
melting at 52-55 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.2 (s,1H), 8.15 (d,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.6
(t,1H).

Step D: Preparation of 4-[2-[[5-bromo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-thiazolyl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a stirring solution of 2.2 g of the title compound of Step C in 50 mL of acetonitrile was added 1.4 g of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 and 1.8 g of potassium carbonate. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 14 h and then was allowed to cool. The reaction mixture was partitioned between 100 mL of ethyl acetate and 100 mL of distilled water. The organic layer was separated, washed with distilled water, dried over MgSO₄, and then concentrated under reduced pressure to give a dark oil. The main component was isolated by flash chromatography on silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes as eluant to give 2.1 g of the title compound of Step D, a compound of the invention, as a gum. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.2 (s,1H), 8.1 (d,1H), 7.6 (d,1H), 7.35-7.55 (m,5H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 20

Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-thiazolyl]oxy]phenyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

A mixture of 0.8 g of the title compound of Step D in Example 19, 2.0 g of ammonium formate and 0.3 g of 10% palladium on carbon in 20 mL methanol was stirred at room temperature for 2 days. The reaction mixture was then filtered through Celite[®] rinsing thoroughly with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was partitioned between 100 mL of ethyl acetate and 50 mL of distilled water. The organic layer was separated, washed with distilled water and then with saturated aqueous NaCl. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and then was concentrated under reduced pressure to give an oil.

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The main component was isolated by flash chromatography on silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes as eluant to give a white foam which crystallized to a white solid upon the addition of a small amount of diethyl ether. The solid was filtered to give 0.52 g of the title compound of Example 20, a compound of the invention, as a white solid melting at 116-118 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (s,1H), 7.95 (d,1H), 7.35-7.6 (m,6H), 7.1 (s,1H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 21

Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[5-methyl-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-thiazolylloxylphenyl]-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a stirring solution of 0.75 g of the title compound of Example 19 in Step D in 7 mL of tetrahydrofuran at -78 °C under N₂ was added dropwise 0.70 mL of *n*-butyllithium (2.5 M in hexanes). The reaction was allowed to stir at -78 °C for 0.5 h, and then 0.12 mL of iodomethane was slowly added. After stirring at -78 °C for another 2 min, the cooling bath was removed and the reaction mixture was stirred an additional 2 h at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether and washed with distilled water and saturated aqueous NaCl. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and then was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography on silica gel using 50-60% ethyl acetate in hexanes as eluant gave 0.40 g of the title compound of Example 21, a compound of the invention, as an oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.8 (d,1H), 7.3-7.6 (m,6H), 3.85 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H), 2.49 (s,3H).

EXAMPLE 22

Preparation of N-(2-methoxy-6-methylphenyl)-2,2-Step A: dimethylhydrazinecarboxamide

To a stirred solution of phosgene (108 g, 1.09 moles) in ethyl acetate (750 mL) at 0 °C was added dropwise 2-methoxy-6-methylaniline (125.0 g, 911 mmol) dissolved in ethyl acetate (250 mL) over 20 min. The reaction mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature and was then heated at reflux for 1 h. The solution was cooled to room temperature and was concentrated under reduced pressure to provide the crude isocyanate as a dark red liquid which was redissolved in ethyl acetate (1 L) and cooled to 0 °C. 1,1-Dimethylhydrazine (55.0 g, 911 mmol) was added dropwise over 30 min and then the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stir overnight. The mixture was cooled, filtered, and the solid was washed with ethyl acetate and dried to provide 200.0 g of the title compound of Step A as a white solid melting at 151-153 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (br s,1H), 7.10 (t,1H), 6.84 (d,1H), 6.74 (d,1H), 5.22 (br s,1H), 3.80 (s,3H), 2.63 (s,6H), 2.31 (s,3H).

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Preparation of 5-chloro-2,4-dihydro-4-(2-methoxy-6-methylphenyl)-2-Step B: methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

The title compound of Step A (100.0 g, 447.9 mmol) was suspended in ethyl acetate (1 L) and added dropwise, via mechanical pump, over 3.5 h to a stirring solution of phosgene (177 g, 1.79 moles) in ethyl acetate (1.5 L) which was heated at reflux. After the addition was complete, the mixture was heated at reflux for a further 3 h, cooled to room temperature and stirred overnight. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and water and extracted four times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated to afford 111.4 g of the title compound of Step B as a pale yellow solid melting at 132-134 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (t,1H), 6.93 (d,1H), 6.85 (d,1H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.54 (s,3H), 2.20 (s,3H). Step C: Preparation of 5-chloro-2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxy-6-methylphenyl)-2-

methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

15 To a stirring solution of the title compound of Step B (15.0 g, 59.3 mmol) in benzene (200 mL) at 0 °C was added aluminum chloride (23.7 g, 178 mmol) in small portions. The mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 days. The mixture was poured over ice and water and then extracted four times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried 20 (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated to an oil that was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to provide 13.6 g of the title compound of Step C as a pale orange solid melting at 175-178 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (s,1H), 6.92 (t,1H), 6.71 (d,1H), 6.41 (d,1H), 3.56 (s,3H), 2.12 (s,3H).

Step D: Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxy-6-methylphenyl)-5-methoxy-2methyl-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a stirred solution of the title compound of Step C (133.5 g, 557.0 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (1.5 L) was added dropwise sodium methoxide (25% by weight in methanol, 382 mL, 1.67 moles). The mixture was heated at reflux for 3 h, cooled to room temperature and then diluted with aqueous ammonium chloride and ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was acidified (pH 4-5) with 1N HCl and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated to a dark brown solid which was triturated with ethyl acetate to afford 75.0 g of the title compound of Step D as a white solid melting at 194-196 °C. ¹H NMR (Me₂SO- d_6) δ 9.91 (s,1H), 7.17 (t,1H), 6.78 (m,2H),

35 3.84 (s,3H), 3.30 (s,3H), 2.03 (s,3H).

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Step E: Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]-6-methylphenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of 5-chloro-3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazole (1.50 g, 4.51 mmol, available from Maybridge, Catalog No. RDR03892) in DMF (10 mL) was added the title compound of Step D (1.06 g, 4.51 mmol) at room temperature. Potassium carbonate (1.25 g, 9.02 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred for 18 h. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to provide 2.20 g of the title compound of Step E, a compound of the invention, as a white solid melting at 95-98 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.64 (s,2H), 7.95(s,1H), 7.50 (t,1H), 7.42 (d,1H), 7.37 (d,1H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 2.33 (s,3H).

15 EXAMPLE 23

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Step A: Preparation of 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]phenyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

To a solution of the title compound of Step D in Example 1 (10.54 g, 47.65 mmol) and imidazole (6.50 g, 95.3 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) was added dropwise triisopropylsilyl chloride (13.3 mL, 61.9 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred for 3 h. Then mixture was then diluted with aqueous sodium bicarbonate and water and was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated to an oil which was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give 16.8 g of the title compound of Step A as a light tan solid melting at 107-109 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.27 (m,2H), 6.98 (m,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H), 1.25 (m,3H), 1.04 (m,18H).

Step B: Preparation of 4-[2-ethyl-6-[[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

A solution of the title compound of Step A (2.16 g, 5.72 mmol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran was cooled to -78 °C and *tert*-butyllithium (4.0 mL, 1.7 M solution in pentane, 6.8 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting dark yellow solution was stirred for 1 h at -78 °C and ethyl iodide (4.6 mL, 57.2 mmol) was then added dropwise and the mixture was slowly warmed to 0 °C and stirred for 20 min. The mixture was diluted with aqueous ammonium chloride and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried (MgSO₄),

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filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to afford 1.64 g of the title compound of Step B as a white solid melting at 90-92 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.23 (t,1H), 6.90 (d,1H), 6.77 (d,1H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.53 (q,2H), 1.24 (m, 3H), 1.15 (t,3H), 1.04 (m,18H).

Step C: Preparation of 4-[2-[[3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]-6-ethylphenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one

The title compound of Step B (0.244 g, 0.60 mmol) and 5-chloro-3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazole (0.200 g, 0.60 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (10 mL). A solution of tetrabutylammonium fluoride (0.70 mL, 1.0M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 0.70 mmol) was added dropwise and the solution was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to afford 0.32 g of the title compound of Step C, a compound of the invention, as a white solid melting at 136-138 °C. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.64 (s,2H), 7.94 (s,1H), 7.56 (t, 1H), 7.42 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H), 2.63 (m,2H), 1.23 (t,3H).

By the procedures described herein together with methods known in the art, the following compounds of Tables 1 to 14 can be prepared. The following abbreviations are used in the Tables which follow: t = tertiary, Me = methyl, Et = ethyl, Bu = butyl, Ph = phenyl, MeO = methoxy, EtO = ethoxy, CN = cyano, and NO₂ = nitro.

TABLE 1

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & O & N \\ \hline & O & N \\ \hline & N & N \\ \hline & N & N \\ \hline & Me \\ & & Me \\ \end{array}$$

<u>R</u> 9	$\underline{\mathbf{R}}^{9}$	\underline{R}^9	$\underline{\mathbf{R}}^{9}$,
2-Br-Ph	2-Me-Ph	2-Et-Ph	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	
2-CN-Ph	2-F-Ph	2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	
2-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl	

2-I-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
4-NO ₂ -Ph	2-MeO-Ph	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-Me-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
4-Cl-Ph	4-Br-Ph	5-Me-2-furanyl	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3-Me-Ph	3-Et-Ph	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-MeO-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-CN-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
3-F-Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-EtO-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
4-F-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	Ph	(2-CN-Ph)CH ₂
3-Cl-Ph	3-Br-Ph	3-I-Ph	4-I-Ph
t-Bu			

$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	\underline{R}^9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph

	i I	
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

TABLE 3

$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl

4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

,	\underline{R}^9	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$
	2-Br-Ph	2-Me-Ph	2-Et-Ph	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl
	2-CN-Ph	2-F-Ph	2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl
	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	4,6-di Me- 2-pyrimidinyl
	2-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
	2-I-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
	4-NO ₂ -Ph	2-MeO-Ph	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
	4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
	4-Me-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
	4-Cl-Ph	4-Br-Ph	5-Me-2-furanyl	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
	3-Me-Ph	3-Et-Ph	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
	3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-MeO-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
	3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl

3- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-CN-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl	
3-F-Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl	
4-CF ₃ -Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl	
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl	
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-EtO-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl	
4-F-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	Ph	(2-CN-Ph)CH ₂	
3-Cl-Ph	3-Br-Ph	3-I-Ph	4-I-Ph	
<i>t</i> -Bu				

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<u>R</u> 9	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^9$
2-Br-Ph	2-Me-Ph	2-Et-Ph	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl
2-CN-Ph	2-F-Ph	2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl
2-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
4-NO ₂ -Ph	2-MeO-Ph	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-Me-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
4-Cl-Ph	4-Br-Ph	5-Me-2-furanyl	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3-Me-Ph	3-Et-Ph	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-MeO-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-CN-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
3-F-Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-EtO-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl

4-F-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	Ph	(2-CN-Ph)CH ₂	
3-Cl-Ph	3-Br-Ph	3-I-Ph	4-I-Ph	
t-Bu				

TABLE 6

	IVIE	IVIC		
<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9		
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl		
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl		
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl		
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl		
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl		
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl		
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl		
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl		
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph		
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph		
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph		
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph		
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph		
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph		
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph		
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph		
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph		
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph		
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph		
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl		
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl		
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl		

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3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

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<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	\underline{R}^9	
2-Br-Ph	2-Me-Ph	2-Et-Ph	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	l
2-CN-Ph	2-F-Ph	2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	l
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	l
2-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl	
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	
4-NO ₂ -Ph	2-MeO-Ph	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl	
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl	

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4-Me-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
4-Cl-Ph	4-Br-Ph	5-Me-2-furanyl	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3-Me-Ph	3-Et-Ph	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-MeO-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-CN-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
3-F-Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-EtO-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
4-F-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	Ph	(2-CN-Ph)CH ₂
3-Cl-Ph	3-Br-Ph	3-I-Ph	4-I-Ph
t-Bu			

<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^9$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$
2-Br-Ph	2-Me-Ph	2-Et-Ph	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl
2-CN-Ph	2-F-Ph	2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl
2-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
4-NO ₂ -Ph	2-MeO-Ph	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-Me-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
4-Cl-Ph	4-Br-Ph	5-Me-2-furanyl	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3-Me-Ph	3-Et-Ph	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-MeO-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl

3-t-Bu-Ph	4-CN-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
3-F-Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
	2	3	3
4-CF ₃ -Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-EtO-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
4-F-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	Ph	(2-CN-Ph)CH ₂
3-Cl-Ph	3-Br-Ph	3-I-Ph	4-I-Ph
<i>t</i> -Bu			

TABLE 9

$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph

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4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

TABLE 10

$$R^{10a}$$
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$R^{10a} = H$ and			
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	\underline{R}^9	\underline{R}^9	
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl	
$C(CH_3)_3$	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph	
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph	
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph	
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph	
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph	
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl	
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl	

2,4-diCl-Ph

2-CF₃-Ph

4-NO₂-Ph

4-CF₃O-Ph

4-Me-Ph

2-I-Ph

90			
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl	
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl	
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl	
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph	
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl	
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl	
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl	
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl	
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl	
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl	
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph	
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph	
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph	
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph	
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl		
$R^{10a} = Me$ and	1	1	
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	\underline{R}^9	<u>R</u> 9	
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl	
$C(CH_3)_3$	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	
	I .	1	

2-F-Ph

2-Me-4-Cl-Ph

3,5-diCl-Ph

3,5-diCF₃-Ph

2,6-diMeO-Ph

2-MeO-Ph

4-Me₃Si-Ph

3-Me₃Ge-Ph

4-Me₃Ge-Ph

4-CO₂Me-Ph

3-CN-Ph

Ph

,	1	
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = Br$ and

N Di and			
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl	
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	

	1	T
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = Cl$ and

\underline{R}^9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl

	1	
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = CN$ and		
\underline{R}^9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl

3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = F$ and	$R^{10a} = I$ and	$R^{10a} = n$ -propyl and	R^{10a} = isopropyl and
\underline{R}^9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph
3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph
3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph
$C(CH_3)_3$	C(CH ₃) ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃

$R^{10a} = n$ -butyl and	$R^{10a} = tert$ -butyl and	$R^{10a} = CF_3 \text{ and}$	$R^{10a} = MeO $ and
$\underline{R^9}$	<u>R</u> ⁹	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R⁹</u>
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph
3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph
3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph
$C(CH_3)_3$	C(CH ₃) ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃

TABLE 11

$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	<u>R</u> 9	\underline{R}^9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl

4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

Me			
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl	
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph	

2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

TABLE 13

$R^{10a} = H \text{ and}$			
\underline{R}^9	\underline{R}^9	\underline{R}^9	
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl	
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl	
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl	
$C(CH_3)_3$	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl	
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph	
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph	
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph	
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph	
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph	
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph	
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph 4-CO ₂ Et-Ph		
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl	
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl	
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl	

	1		1
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph		3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-F	Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-F	Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃	-Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃	-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzy	·I	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzy	'l	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benz	zyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-	C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-6	C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -	-benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF	F ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridin	ıyl 4-OSO ₂ CF	F ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-p	yrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO	0-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2	2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = Me$ and

<u>R</u> 9	\underline{R}^9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
$C(CH_3)_3$	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph

	1	1
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = Br \text{ and}$

<u>R</u> 9	\underline{R}^9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph

2 CM DI	2.14 Di	2 M. C. D.
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	_
$R^{10a} = Cl$ and		
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathbb{R}}^9$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
	•	

3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
$C(CH_3)_3$	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≌CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = CN$ and		
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	$\underline{\mathbb{R}}^9$	\underline{R}^9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph

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4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = F$ and	$R^{10a} = I$ and	$R^{10a} = n$ -propyl and	R^{10a} = isopropyl and
$\underline{\mathbf{R}^9}$	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph
3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph
3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph
$C(CH_3)_3$	$C(CH_3)_3$	C(CH ₃) ₃	$C(CH_3)_3$
$R^{10a} = n$ -butyl and	$R^{10a} = tert$ -butyl and	$\frac{R^{10a} = CF_3 \text{ and}}{R^{10a}}$	$R^{10a} = MeO$ and

$R^{10a} = n$ -butyl and	$R^{10a} = tert$ -butyl and	$\frac{R^{10a} = CF_3 \text{ and}}{R^{10a} = CF_3 \text{ and}}$	$R^{10a} = MeO $ and
$\underline{R^9}$	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	$\underline{R^9}$
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph
3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph
3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph
$C(CH_3)_3$	C(CH ₃) ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃

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TABLE 14

$R^{10a} = H \text{ and}$		
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^9$	$\underline{\mathbf{R}}^{9}$	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
$C(CH_3)_3$	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl

4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = Me$ and

$\underline{\mathtt{R}^9}$	$\underline{\mathbb{R}}^9$	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidi n yl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph

1		
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = Br$ and

	•	•
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃ .	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph

2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
·	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph		4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph 2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph		
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	
$R^{10a} = Cl$ and		
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$	\underline{R}^9	<u>R</u> 9
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl

	1	1
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
$C(CH_3)_3$	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4-t-Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl
3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = CN$ and		
$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^9$	<u>R</u> 9	$\underline{\mathtt{R}}^{9}$
3,4-diF-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	6-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph	4-Br-3-Me-Ph	2-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-4-Me-Ph	3-Br-4-MeO-Ph	4-pyrimidinyl
3,5-diF-Ph	5-F-2-thienyl	4-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-4-Cl-Ph	5-Br-2-thienyl	4-Me-2-pyrimidinyl
3-MeO-Ph	5-Cl-2-thienyl	6-MeO-4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-3-thienyl	5-Me-2-furanyl
C(CH ₃) ₃	2,5-diCl-3-thienyl	2,5-diMe-3-thienyl
3-Br-Ph	2,5-diBr-3-thienyl	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-Br-Ph	4-SCF ₂ H-Ph	4-OCF ₂ H-Ph
2-CN-Ph	2-Me-Ph	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2,4-diCl-Ph	2-F-Ph	4-Me ₃ Si-Ph
2-CF ₃ -Ph	2-Me-4-Cl-Ph	3-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
2-I-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	4-Me ₃ Ge-Ph
4-NO ₂ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	Ph
4-CF ₃ O-Ph	2-MeO-Ph	3-CN-Ph
4-Me-Ph	2,6-diMeO-Ph	4-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	4-CO ₂ -t-Bu-Ph
3-Me-Ph	4-Br-Ph	4-CO ₂ Et-Ph
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-Et-Ph	6-CF ₃ -4-pyrimidinyl
3-Cl-2-Me-Ph	4-MeO-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl
3-t-Bu-Ph	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
3-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph	5-CF ₃ -3-pyridinyl
4-CF ₃ -Ph	4-NO ₂ -Ph	3-MeO-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diMe-Ph	5-CN-2-pyridinyl
3,4-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diMe-Ph	6-Me-2-pyridinyl
4-F-Ph	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diBr-Ph
3-I-Ph	5-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl
2-Br-5-pyridinyl	3-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Si-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diBr-2-thienyl	2-Cl-benzyl	4-Me ₃ Ge-2-pyridinyl
4,5-diCl-2-thienyl	2-CN-benzyl	4,6-diCF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl
4,5-diF-2-thienyl	3-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-furanyl
3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl	4-(Me ₃ Si-C≡C)-Ph	5-CF ₃ -2-thienyl

3-(C≡CH)-Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -benzyl	3-EtO-Ph
4-(C≡CH)-Ph	3-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	4-I-Ph
2-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-5-pyridinyl	4-OSO ₂ CF ₃ -Ph	3-CO ₂ Me-Ph
4-Cl-benzyl	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph
2-Et-Ph	4,6-diMeO-2-pyrimidinyl	3-CO ₂ Et-Ph
2-Cl-Ph	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	

$R^{10a} = F$ and	$R^{10a} = I$ and	$R^{10a} = n$ -propyl and	R^{10a} = isopropyl and
\underline{R}^{9}	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph
3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph
3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph
C(CH ₃) ₃			

$R^{10a} = n$ -butyl and	$R^{10a} = tert$ -butyl and	$R^{10a} = CF_3 \text{ and}$	$R^{10a} = MeO $ and
$\underline{R^9}$	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R⁹</u>
3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph	3-CF ₃ -Ph
3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	3-CF ₃ O-Ph
3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph	3-OCF ₂ H-Ph
3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph
$C(CH_3)_3$	C(CH ₃) ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃

Formulation/Utility

5 Compounds of this invention will generally be used as a formulation or composition with an agriculturally suitable carrier comprising at least one of a liquid diluent, a solid diluent or a surfactant. The formulation or composition ingredients are selected to be consistent with the physical properties of the active ingredient, mode of application and environmental factors such as soil type, moisture and temperature. 10 Useful formulations include liquids such as solutions (including emulsifiable

concentrates), suspensions, emulsions (including microemulsions and/or suspoemulsions) and the like which optionally can be thickened into gels. Useful formulations further

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include solids such as dusts, powders, granules, pellets, tablets, films, and the like which can be water-dispersible ("wettable") or water-soluble. Active ingredient can be (micro)encapsulated and further formed into a suspension or solid formulation; alternatively the entire formulation of active ingredient can be encapsulated (or "overcoated"). Encapsulation can control or delay release of the active ingredient. Sprayable formulations can be extended in suitable media and used at spray volumes from about one to several hundred liters per hectare. High-strength compositions are primarily used as intermediates for further formulation.

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The formulations will typically contain effective amounts of active ingredient, diluent and surfactant within the following approximate ranges which add up to 100 percent by weight.

	Weight Percent		
	Active Ingredient	<u>Diluent</u>	Surfactant
Water-Dispersible and Water-soluble Granules, Tablets and Powders.	590	0–94	1–15
Suspensions, Emulsions, Solutions (including Emulsifiable Concentrates)	5–50	40–95	0–15
Dusts	1–25	70–99	0–5
Granules and Pellets	0.01–99	5–99.99	0–15
High Strength Compositions	90–99	0–10	0–2

Typical solid diluents are described in Watkins, et al., *Handbook of Insecticide Dust Diluents and Carriers*, 2nd Ed., Dorland Books, Caldwell, New Jersey. Typical liquid diluents are described in Marsden, *Solvents Guide*, 2nd Ed., Interscience, New York, 1950. *McCutcheon's Detergents and Emulsifiers Annual*, Allured Publ. Corp., Ridgewood, New Jersey, as well as Sisely and Wood, *Encyclopedia of Surface Active Agents*, Chemical Publ. Co., Inc., New York, 1964, list surfactants and recommended uses. All formulations can contain minor amounts of additives to reduce foam, caking, corrosion, microbiological growth and the like, or thickeners to increase viscosity.

Surfactants include, for example, polyethoxylated alcohols, polyethoxylated alkylphenols, polyethoxylated sorbitan fatty acid esters, dialkyl sulfosuccinates, alkyl sulfates, alkylbenzene sulfonates, organosilicones, *N*,*N*-dialkyltaurates, lignin sulfonates, naphthalene sulfonate formaldehyde condensates, polycarboxylates, and polyoxyethylene/polyoxypropylene block copolymers. Solid diluents include, for example, clays such as bentonite, montmorillonite, attapulgite and kaolin, starch, sugar, silica, talc, diatomaceous earth, urea, calcium carbonate, sodium carbonate and

bicarbonate, and sodium sulfate. Liquid diluents include, for example, water, N,N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, N-alkylpyrrolidone, ethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol, paraffins, alkylbenzenes, alkylnaphthalenes, oils of olive, castor, linseed, tung, sesame, corn, peanut, cotton-seed, soybean, rape-seed and coconut, fatty acid esters, ketones such as cyclohexanone, 2-heptanone, isophorone and 4-hydroxy-4methyl-2-pentanone, and alcohols such as methanol, cyclohexanol, decanol and tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol.

Solutions, including emulsifiable concentrates, can be prepared by simply mixing the ingredients. Dusts and powders can be prepared by blending and, usually, grinding as 10 in a hammer mill or fluid-energy mill. Suspensions are usually prepared by wet-milling; see, for example, U.S. 3,060,084. Granules and pellets can be prepared by spraying the active material upon preformed granular carriers or by agglomeration techniques. See Browning, "Agglomeration", Chemical Engineering, December 4, 1967, pp 147-48, Perry's Chemical Engineer's Handbook, 4th Ed., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1963, pages 15 8-57 and following, and WO 91/13546. Pellets can be prepared as described in U.S. 4,172,714. Water-dispersible and water-soluble granules can be prepared as taught in U.S. 4,144,050, U.S. 3,920,442 and DE 3,246,493. Tablets can be prepared as taught in U.S. 5,180,587, U.S. 5,232,701 and U.S. 5,208,030. Films can be prepared as taught in GB 2,095,558 and U.S. 3,299,566.

20 For further information regarding the art of formulation, see U.S. 3,235,361, Col. 6, line 16 through Col. 7, line 19 and Examples 10-41; U.S. 3,309,192, Col. 5, line 43 through Col. 7, line 62 and Examples 8, 12, 15, 39, 41, 52, 53, 58, 132, 138-140. 162-164, 166, 167 and 169-182; U.S. 2,891,855, Col. 3, line 66 through Col. 5, line 17 and Examples 1-4; Klingman, Weed Control as a Science, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.,

25 New York, 1961, pp 81-96; and Hance et al., Weed Control Handbook, 8th Ed., Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, 1989.

In the following Examples, all percentages are by weight and all formulations are prepared in conventional ways. Compound numbers refer to compounds in Index Tables A-M.

30	Evample A
30	Example A

Wettable Powder

	Trettuere Towder	
	Compound 345	65.0%
	dodecylphenol polyethylene glycol ether	2.0%
	sodium ligninsulfonate	4.0%
35	sodium silicoaluminate	6.0%
	montmorillonite (calcined)	23.0%

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	Example B	
	Granule	
	Compound 515	10.0%
	attapulgite granules (low volatile matter,	
5	0.71/0.30 mm; U.S.S. No. 25-50 sieves)	90.0%.
	Example C	
	Extruded Pellet	
	Compound 680	25.0%
	anhydrous sodium sulfate	10.0%
10	crude calcium ligninsulfonate	5.0%
	sodium alkylnaphthalenesulfonate	1.0%
	calcium/magnesium bentonite	59.0%.
	Example D	
	Emulsifiable Concentrate	
15	Compound 699	20.0%
	blend of oil soluble sulfonates	
	and polyoxyethylene ethers	10.0%
	isophorone	70.0%.
	The compounds of this invention are useful as plant of	disease control agents
20	present invention therefore further comprises a method for	controlling plant dise
	agused by fungel plant notherans comprising applying to t	ha plant or partian the

s. The 2 eases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising applying to the plant or portion thereof to be protected, or to the plant seed or seedling to be protected, an effective amount of a compound of the invention or a fungicidal composition containing said compound. The compounds and compositions of this invention provide control of diseases caused by a 25 broad spectrum of fungal plant pathogens in the Basidiomycete, Ascomycete, Oomycete and Deuteromycete classes. They are effective in controlling a broad spectrum of plant diseases, particularly foliar pathogens of ornamental, vegetable, field, cereal, and fruit crops. These pathogens include *Plasmopara viticola*, *Phytophthora infestans*, Peronospora tabacina, Pseudoperonospora cubensis, Pythium aphanidermatum, 30 Alternaria brassicae, Septoria nodorum, Septoria tritici, Cercosporidium personatum, Cercospora arachidicola, Pseudocercosporella herpotrichoides, Cercospora beticola, Botrytis cinerea, Monilinia fructicola, Pyricularia oryzae, Podosphaera leucotricha, Venturia inaequalis, Erysiphe graminis, Uncinula necatur, Puccinia recondita, Puccinia graminis, Hemileia vastatrix, Puccinia striiformis, Puccinia arachidis, 35 Rhizoctonia solani, Sphaerotheca fuliginea, Fusarium oxysporum, Verticillium dahliae, Pythium aphanidermatum, Phytophthora megasperma, Sclerotinia sclerotiorum,

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Sclerotium rolfsii, Erysiphe polygoni, Pyrenophora teres, Gaeumannomyces graminis, Rynchosporium secalis, Fusarium roseum, Bremia lactucae and other generea and species closely related to these pathogens.

The compounds of this invention also exhibit activity against a wide spectrum of 5 foliar-feeding, fruit-feeding, stem or root feeding, seed-feeding, aquatic and soil-inhabiting arthropods (term "arthropods" includes insects, mites and nematodes) which are pests of growing and stored agronomic crops, forestry, greenhouse crops, ornamentals, nursery crops, stored food and fiber products, livestock, household, and public and animal health. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that not all compounds 10 are equally effective against all growth stages of all pests. Nevertheless, all of the compounds of this invention display activity against pests that include: eggs, larvae and adults of the Order Lepidoptera; eggs, foliar-feeding, fruit-feeding, root-feeding, seed-feeding larvae and adults of the Order Coleoptera; eggs, immatures and adults of the Orders Hemiptera and Homoptera; eggs, larvae, nymphs and adults of the Order 15 Acari; eggs, immatures and adults of the Orders Thysanoptera, Orthoptera and Dermaptera; eggs, immatures and adults of the Order Diptera; and eggs, juveniles and adults of the Phylum Nematoda. The compounds of this invention are also active against pests of the Orders Hymenoptera, Isoptera, Siphonaptera, Blattaria, Thysanura and Psocoptera; pests belonging to the Class Arachnida and Phylum Platyhelminthes. 20 Specifically, the compounds are active against southern corn rootworm (Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi), aster leafhopper (Mascrosteles fascifrons), boll weevil (Anthonomus grandis), two-spotted spider mite (Tetranychus urticae), fall armyworm (Spodoptera frugiperda), black bean aphid (Aphis fabae), green peach aphid (Myzus persica), cotton aphid (Aphis gossypii), Russian wheat aphid (Diuraphis noxia), English 25 grain aphid (Sitobion avenae), tobacco budworm (Heliothis virescens), rice water weevil (Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus), rice leaf beetle (Oulema oryzae), whitebacked planthopper (Sogatella furcifera), green leafhopper (Nephotettix cincticeps), brown planthopper (Nilaparvata lugens), small brown planthopper (Laodelphax striatellus), rice stem borer (Chilo suppressalis), rice leafroller (Cnaphalocrocis medinalis), black rice stink bug 30 (Scotinophara lurida), rice stink bug (Oebalus pugnax), rice bug (Leptocorisa chinensis), slender rice bug (Cletus puntiger), and southern green stink bug (Nezara viridula). The compounds are active on mites, demonstrating ovicidal, larvicidal and chemosterilant activity against such families as Tetranychidae including Tetranychus urticae, Tetranychus cinnabarinus, Tetranychus mcdanieli, Tetranychus pacificus,

Tetranychus turkestani, Byrobia rubrioculus, Panonychus ulmi, Panonychus citri,

Eotetranychus carpini borealis, Eotetranychus, hicoriae, Eotetranychus sexmaculatus,

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Eotetranychus yumensis, Eotetranychus banksi and Oligonychus pratensis; Tenuipalpidae including Brevipalpus lewisi, Brevipalpus phoenicis, Brevipalpus californicus and Brevipalpus obovatus; Eriophyidae including Phyllocoptruta oleivora, Eriophyes sheldoni, Aculus cornutus, Epitrimerus pyri and Eriophyes mangiferae. See WO 90/10623 and WO 92/00673 for more detailed pest descriptions.

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Compounds of this invention can also be mixed with one or more other insecticides, fungicides, nematocides, bactericides, acaricides, growth regulators, chemosterilants, semiochemicals, repellents, attractants, pheromones, feeding stimulants or other biologically active compounds to form a multi-component pesticide giving an even broader spectrum of agricultural protection. Examples of such agricultural 10 protectants with which compounds of this invention can be formulated are: insecticides such as abamectin, acephate, azinphos-methyl, bifenthrin, buprofezin, carbofuran, chlorpyrifos, chlorpyrifos-methyl, cyfluthrin, beta-cyfluthrin, deltamethrin, diafenthiuron, diazinon, diflubenzuron, dimethoate, esfenvalerate, fenpropathrin, fenvalerate, fipronil, 15 flucythrinate, tau-fluvalinate, fonophos, imidacloprid, isofenphos, malathion, metaldehyde, methamidophos, methidathion, methomyl, methoprene, methoxychlor, monocrotophos, oxamyl, parathion, parathion-methyl, permethrin, phorate, phosalone, phosmet, phosphamidon, pirimicarb, profenofos, rotenone, sulprofos, tebufenozide, tefluthrin, terbufos, tetrachlorvinphos, thiodicarb, tralomethrin, trichlorfon and 20 triflumuron; fungicides such as azoxystrobin (ICIA5504), benomyl, blasticidin-S, Bordeaux mixture (tribasic copper sulfate), bromuconazole, captafol, captan, carbendazim, chloroneb, chlorothalonil, copper oxychloride, copper salts, cymoxanil, cyproconazole, cyprodinil (CGA 219417), diclomezine, dicloran, difenoconazole, dimethomorph, diniconazole, diniconazole-M, dodine, edifenphos, epoxyconazole 25 (BAS 480F), fenarimol, fenbuconazole, fenpiclonil, fenpropidin, fenpropimorph, fluquinconazole, flusilazole, flutolanil, flutriafol, folpet, fosetyl-aluminum, furalaxyl, hexaconazole, ipconazole, iprobenfos, iprodione, isoprothiolane, kasugamycin, kresoxim-methyl (BAS 490F), mancozeb, maneb, mepronil, metalaxyl, metconazole, myclobutanil, neo-asozin (ferric methanearsonate), oxadixyl, penconazole, pencycuron, probenazole, prochloraz, propiconazole, pyrifenox, pyroquilon, sulfur, tebuconazole, 30 tetraconazole, thiabendazole, thiophanate-methyl, thiram, triadimefon, triadimenol, tricyclazole, triticonazole, uniconazole, validamycin and vinclozolin; nematocides such as aldoxycarb and fenamiphos; bactericides such as streptomycin; acaricides such as amitraz, chinomethionat, chlorobenzilate, cyhexatin, dicofol, dienochlor, fenazaquin, 35 fenbutatin oxide, fenpropathrin, fenpyroximate, hexythiazox, propargite, pyridaben and

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tebufenpyrad; and biological agents such as *Bacillus thuringiensis*, *Bacillus thuringiensis* delta endotoxin, baculovirus, and entomopathogenic bacteria, virus and fungi.

In certain instances, combinations with other fungicides or arthropodicides having a similar spectrum of control but a different mode of action will be particularly advantageous for resistance management.

5 Preferred for better control of plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens (e.g., lower use rate or broader spectrum of plant pathogens controlled) or resistance management are mixtures of a compound of this invention with a fungicide selected from the group cyproconazole, cyprodinil (CGA 219417), epoxyconazole (BAS 480F), 10 fenpropidin, fenpropimorph, flusilazole and tebuconazole. Specifically preferred mixtures (compound numbers refer to compounds in Index Tables A-M) are selected from the group: compound 290 and cyproconazole; compound 290 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 290 and epoxyconazole (BAS 480F); compound 290 and fenpropidin; compound 290 and fenpropimorph; compound 290 and flusilazole; 15 compound 290 and tebuconazole; compound 295 and cyproconazole; compound 295 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 295 and epoxyconazole (BAS 480F); compound 295 and fenpropidin; compound 295 and fenpropimorph; compound 295 and flusilazole; compound 295 and tebuconazole; compound 343 and cyproconazole; compound 343 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 343 and epoxyconazole 20 (BAS 480F); compound 343 and fenpropidin; compound 343 and fenpropimorph; compound 343 and flusilazole; compound 343 and tebuconazole; compound 345 and cyproconazole; compound 345 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 345 and epoxyconazole (BAS 480F); compound 345 and fenpropidin; compound 345 and fenpropimorph; compound 345 and flusilazole; compound 345 and tebuconazole; 25 compound 358 and cyproconazole; compound 358 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 358 and epoxyconazole (BAS 480F); compound 358 and fenpropidin; compound 358 and fenpropimorph; compound 358 and flusilazole; compound 358 and tebuconazole; compound 507 and cyproconazole; compound 507 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 507 and epoxyconazole (BAS 480F); compound 507 and 30 fenpropidin; compound 507 and fenpropimorph; compound 507 and flusilazole; compound 507 and tebuconazole; compound 515 and cyproconazole; compound 515 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 515 and epoxyconazole (BAS 480F); compound 515 and fenpropidin; compound 515 and fenpropimorph; compound 515 and flusilazole; compound 515 and tebuconazole; compound 538 and cyproconazole; 35 compound 538 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 538 and epoxyconazole

(BAS 480F); compound 538 and fenpropidin; compound 538 and fenpropimorph;

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compound 538 and flusilazole; compound 538 and tebuconazole; compound 699 and cyproconazole; compound 699 and cyprodinil (CGA 219417); compound 699 and epoxyconazole (BAS 480F); compound 699 and fenpropidin; compound 699 and fenpropimorph; compound 699 and flusilazole; and compound 699 and tebuconazole.

Plant disease control is ordinarily accomplished by applying an effective amount of a compound of this invention either pre- or post-infection, to the portion of the plant to be protected such as the roots, stems, foliage, fruit, seeds, tubers or bulbs, or to the media (soil or sand) in which the plants to be protected are growing. The compounds can also be applied to the seed to protect the seed and seedling.

For plant disease control, rates of application for these compounds can be influenced by many factors of the environment and should be determined under actual use conditions. Foliage can normally be protected when treated at a rate of from less than 1 g/ha to 5,000 g/ha of active ingredient. Seed and seedlings can normally be protected when seed is treated at a rate of from 0.1 to 10 g per kilogram of seed.

Arthropod pests are controlled and protection of agronomic, horticultural and specialty crops, animal and human health is achieved by applying one or more of the compounds of this invention, in an effective amount, to the environment of the pests including the agronomic and/or nonagronomic locus of infestation, to the area to be protected, or directly on the pests to be controlled. Thus, the present invention further comprises a method for the control of foliar and soil inhabiting arthropods and nematode pests and protection of agronomic and/or nonagronomic crops, comprising applying one or more of the compounds of the invention, or compositions containing at least one such compound, in an effective amount, to the environment of the pests including the agronomic and/or nonagronomic locus of infestation, to the area to be protected, or directly on the pests to be controlled. A preferred method of application is by spraying. Alternatively, granular formulations of these compounds can be applied to the plant foliage or the soil. Other methods of application include direct and residual sprays, aerial sprays, seed coats, microencapsulations, systemic uptake, baits, eartags, boluses, foggers, fumigants, aerosols, dusts and many others. The compounds can be incorporated into baits that are consumed by the arthropods or in devices such as traps and the like.

For the control arthropod pests, the compounds of this invention can be applied in their pure state, but most often application will be of a formulation comprising one or more compounds with suitable carriers, diluents, and surfactants and possibly in combination with a food depending on the contemplated end use. A preferred method of application involves spraying a water dispersion or refined oil solution of the compounds.

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Combinations with spray oils, spray oil concentrations, spreader stickers, adjuvants, other solvents, and synergists such as piperonyl butoxide often enhance compound efficacy.

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The rate of application required for effective control will depend on such factors as the species of arthropod to be controlled, the pest's life cycle, life stage, its size, location, time of year, host crop or animal, feeding behavior, mating behavior, ambient moisture, temperature, and the like. Under normal circumstances, application rates of about 0.01 to 2 kg of active ingredient per hectare are sufficient to control pests in agronomic ecosystems, but as little as 0.001 kg/hectare may be sufficient or as much as 8 kg hectare may be required. For nonagronomic applications, effective use rates will range from about 1.0 to 50 mg/square meter but as little as 0.1 mg/square meter may be sufficient or as much as 150 mg/square meter may be required.

The following TESTS demonstrate the control efficacy of compounds of this invention on specific pathogens and arthropod pests. For the tests on arthropod pests, "control efficacy" represents inhibition of arthropod development (including mortality) that causes significantly reduced feeding. The pathogen and arthropod pest control protection afforded by the compounds is not limited, however, to these species. See Index Tables A-M for compound descriptions. The following abbreviations are used in the Index Tables which follow: t = tertiary, n = normal, i = iso, c = cyclo, m = methyl,

- 20 Et = ethyl, Pr = propyl, *i*-Pr = isopropyl, Bu = butyl, Ph = phenyl,
 MeO and OMe = methoxy, EtO = ethoxy, PhO = phenoxy, MeS = methylthio,
 CHO = formyl, CN = cyano, CO₂Me = methoxycarbonyl, CO₂Et = ethoxycarbonyl,
 NO₂ = nitro, Me₃Si = trimethylsilyl, Et₃Si = triethylsilyl, MeNH = methylamino,
 Me₂N = dimethylamino, MeS(O) = methylsulfinyl, and
- MeSO₂ and SO₂Me = methylsulfonyl. The abbreviation "Ex." stands for "Example" and is followed by a number indicating in which example the compound is prepared.

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INDEX TABLE A

m. p. (°C) Structure Cmpd No. 140-142 осн3 OCH₃ CH_3 oil* 237 ÇH3 CH₃O СН2СН3 oil* 238 .CH₃ MeO-Мe 85-88 732 СН3 CH₃O CH₂CH₃

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981 160-163 ÇН3 CH₃O ĊF3 982 ÇH3 ĊH3 ≥O CH₃O 983 a 83-85 CH₃ ÇH3 CH₃O CH₃ 984 166-168 СН3 CH₃O СН3

^a Compound contains 33% by weight of 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[[1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethylidene]amino]oxy]methyl]-3-thienyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one.

*See Index Table M for ¹H NMR data.

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INDEX TABLE B

$$CH_3O$$
 O
 CH_3
 CH_3

Cmpd No.	<u>Y</u>	Z	<u>m.p. (°C)</u>
2	O	2-MeO-Ph	oil*
3	O	CH ₂ -Ph	oil*
4	-	Me	oil*
5	CH ₂ O	2-Me-Ph	oil*
122	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	59-61
123	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
124	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	Me	71-73
125	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Cl-Ph	oil*
126	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Br-Ph	oil*
127	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-Cl-Ph	oil*
128	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-Br-Ph	oil*
129	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-F-Ph	oil*
130	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-MeO-Ph	%lio
131	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CN-Ph	oil*
132	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CN-Ph	%lio
133	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-Me-Ph	oil*
134	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-Cl-3-Me-Ph	oil*
135	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,4-(-OCH ₂ O-)-Ph	oil*
136	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,4-di M e-Ph	oil*
137	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,4-diCl-Ph	oil*
138	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-Ph-Ph	oil*
139	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-t-Bu-Ph	oil*
140	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	oil*
141	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-MeO-Ph	oil*
142	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-Ph-Ph	oil*
	· ·		

143	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-PhO-Ph	oil*
144	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-pyridinyl	oil*
145	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Me ₂ N-Ph	oil*
146	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	oil*
147	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-(4-MeO-PhO)-Ph	oil*
148	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	94-96
149	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	5-Cl-2-thienyl	123-125
150	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-Me-2-thienyl	130-132
151	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	2-thienyl	124-126
152	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-thienyl	129-131
153	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-PhO-Ph	oil*
154	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-i-PrO-Ph	oil*
155	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	oil*
156	$CH_2ON=C(Et)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
157	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	c-hexyl	oil*
158	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-t-Bu- c -hexyl	oil*
159	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-Ph	oil*
160	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-(3-CF ₃ -PhO)-Ph	oil*
161	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-F-5-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
162	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diMe-Ph	oil*
163	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-benzofuranyl	101-104
164	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	5-Me-2-furanyl	Oi]*
165	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4,6-diMe-2-pyridinyl	Oil*:
166	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-c-hexyl-Ph	oil*
167	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	2-quinolinyl	134-136
168	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Me-2-Ph-5-pyrimidinyl	oil*
169	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl	oil*
170	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	5-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-thienyl	135-138
171	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diBr-Ph	oil*
172	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
173	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-Cl-6-MeO-4-pyridinyl	oil*
174	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4,5-diMe-2-thiazolyl	76-78
175	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	1-Me-3-indolyl	114-116
176	CH ₂ ON=C(OMe)	3,5-diCl-Ph	oil*
177	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-Et-Ph	oil*
178	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	6-MeO-2-pyrimidinyl	oil*

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179	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-naphthalenyl	oil*
180	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	6-Me-2-naphthalenyl	oil*
181	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	6-MeO-2-naphthalenyl	oil*
182	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	6-Br-2-naphthalenyl	oil*
183	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthalenyl	oil*
239	O	3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-	94-97
		phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	
240	OCH ₂	4-MeO-Ph	solid*

^{*}See Index Table M for ¹H NMR data.

INDEX TABLE C

$$X$$
 N
 N
 N
 CH_3

<u>Cmpd</u>	$\underline{\mathbf{W}}$	<u>X</u>	<u>Y</u>		<u>Z</u>	m.p. (°C)
6	О	MeS	O	Ph		129-130
7	O	MeO	O	Me		123-126
8	О	MeO	-	Me		95-97
9	O	MeS	-	Me		95-97
10	О	Cl	-	Me		99-100
11	Ο	MeO	O	Ph		88-91
12	Ο	Cl	CH ₂ O	2-Me-Ph		88-96
13	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ O	2-Me-Ph		110-113
14	O	EtO	CH ₂ O	2-Me-Ph		oil*
15	Ο	MeS	CH ₂ O	2-Me-Ph		80-88
16	O	OCH ₂ C≡CH	CH ₂ O	2-Me-Ph		122-130
17	O	Cl	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-Me-Ph		oil*
18	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Me-Ph		116-118
19	О	MeS	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-Me-Ph		oil*

20	Ο	Cl	СН ₂ О-	-N	oil*
21	S	MeS MeO	O Ph CH ₂ O-		oil* 126-130
22	O	MeO	Ciryo		120-130
23	О	Cl	CH ₂ ON=C(H) Ph		oil*
24	Ο	MeS	CH ₂ O-	-N	oil*
25	Ο	Cl	CH ₂ O	3-(PhO)-Ph	oil*
26	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-(PhO)-Ph	oil*
27	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(H)$	Ph	101-104
28	Ο	MeS	CH ₂ O	3-(PhO)-Ph	95-100
29	Ο	Cl	CH ₂ S	2-Me-Ph	106-109
30	О	MeO	CH ₂ S	2-Me-Ph	115-118
31	Ο	MeS	CH ₂ S	2-Me-Ph	82-86
32	O	Cl	CH ₂ S	2-benzothiazolyl	95-97
33	Ο	MeO	C≡C	Ph	164-166
34	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Br-Ph	115-120
35	Ο	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Br-Ph	gum*
36	Ο	Cl	CH ₂ O	3-(benzoyl)-Ph	oil*
37	Ο	MeS	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Br-Ph	117-122
38	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-(benzoyl)-Ph	oil*
39	Ο	Cl	CH=NOCH ₂	4-Cl-Ph	oil»
40	О	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl	oit*
41	O	MeO	CH=NOCH ₂	4-Cl-Ph	oil*
42	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl	oil*
43	Ο	Cl	O	6-PhO-4-pyrimidinyl	oil*
44	O	MeO	CH ₂ S	2-benzothiazolyl	95-97
45	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-Me-Ph	oil*
46	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -Ph	138-144
47	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(CF_3)$	Ph	oil*

48	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	Ph	oil*
49	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Me-Ph	oil*
50	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-MeO-Ph	oil*
51	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Cl-Ph	oil*
52	O	MeO	CH=NOCH(Me)	Ph	oil*
53	O	MeO	CH=NOCH ₂	2-Me-Ph	oil*
54	O	Cl	O	Ph	solid*
55	O	Cl	-	CH ₂ Cl:CH ₂ Br(60:40)	solid*
56	O	MeO	-	CH ₂ Br	solid*
57	O	Cl	0	Me	152-154
58	О	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -Ph	111-118
59	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	103.5-
					105.5
60	О	MeS	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
61	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(CF_3)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
62	О	MeO	О	6-(2-CN-PhO)-4-	solid/gum*
				pyrimidinyl	
63	О	MeO	O	6-Cl-4-pyrimidinyl	133-136
64	O	MeO	O	6-(2-Me-PhO)-4-	solid/gum*
				pyrimidinyl	
65	O	MeO	O	6-PhO-4-pyrimidinyl	gum*
66	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-pyridinyl	122-124
67	O	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-pyridinyl	153-155
68	O	MeO	CH ₂ O	2,5-diMe-Ph	130-135
69	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-t-Bu-Ph	gum*
7 0	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,4-diMe-Ph	gum*
71	O	MeO	OCH ₂	2,5-diMe-Ph	119-122
72	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,4-diCl-Ph	128-129
73	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-pyridinyl	90-109
					dec.
74	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-pyridinyl	140-142
75	O	Cl	0	6-Cl-4-pyrimidinyl	solid*
76	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Ph-Ph	about 55*
77	O	Cl	CH ₂ O	2,5-diMe-Ph	solid*
78	Ο	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	1-Me-3-pyrrolyl	124-131
7 9	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	1-Me-3-pyrrolyl	135-137.5

80	O	Cl	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	2-pyrazinyl	108-111
81	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	2-pyrazinyl	119-121
82	О	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	oil*
83	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	147-149
84	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(c-Pr)$	4-Cl-Ph	oil*
85	O	MeSO ₂	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -Ph	50-55
86	Ο	MeS(O)	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -Ph	oil/gum*
87	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	6-Me-3-pyridinyl	134-136
88	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	oil*
89	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Ph-Ph	oil*
90	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-i-PrO-Ph	oil*
91	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4,6-diMe-2-pyrimidinyl	119-121
92	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	90-92
93	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-Me ₂ N-Ph	106-110
94	О	Cl	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3.4-diCl-Ph	solid*
95	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	144-145
96	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3- <i>n</i> -C ₄ F ₉ -Ph	oil*
97	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CN-2-pyridinyl	120-125
98	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-PhO-Ph	oit**
99	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Et)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
100	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-NO ₂ -Ph	gum*
101	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Ph-2-pyridinyl	115-117.5
102	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-thienyl	100-105
103	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-t-Bu-2-pyridinyl	103-105.5
104	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-benzofuranyl	149-154
105	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	5-Cl-3-Me-	167-169
				benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl	
106	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	149-153
107	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2,4-diMe-5-thiazolyl	123-124
108	Ο	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-quinoxalinyl	173-174
109	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-quinoxalinyl	225-227
110	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diMe-Ph	oil*
111	О	Cl	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
112	O	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(c-Pr)$	4-Cl-Ph	gum*
113	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-CN-Ph	gum*

114	0	Cl	CH ₂ O	5-Me-2-(2-pyridinyl)-4- thiazolyl	oil*
115	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-F-5-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
116	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(CN)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	138-141
117	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	6-Me-2-CF ₃ -thiazolo[2,3-	157-160
				c]-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl	
118	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diF-Ph	103-106
119	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diBr-Ph	139-141
120	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-quinolinyl	168-171
121	O	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	oil*
184	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-EtO-2-pyrimidinyl	75-78
185	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(c-Pr)$	2-thienyl	137-139
186	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-Ph-4-thiazolyl	112-113
187	O	MeO	0	3-[3,5-	139.5-
Ex. 1				bis(trifluoromethyl)-	141.5
				phenyl]-1,2,4-	
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
188	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	6-Br-2-pyridinyl	151-153
189	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(OMe)	Ph	oil*
190	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Br-Ph	oil*
191	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CO ₂ Et-2-pyridinyl	133-134
192	O	MeO	CH=NOCH(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
193	O	Cl	0	3-PhO-Ph	oil*
194	O	MeO	0	3-PhO-Ph	oil*
195	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CO ₂ Me-2-pyridinyl	150-151.5
196	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	5-Me-1-Ph-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-4-	45-49
				yl	
197	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -2-pyrimidinyl	103-105
198	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-I-Ph	oil*
199	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(OMe)$	2,6-diCl-4-pyridinyl	oil*
200	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(OMe)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
201	О	F ₂ CHO	direct bond	Me	solid*
202	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	2-Cl-4-pyrimidinyl	195-200
203	O	Cl	CH ₂ ON=C(OMe)	2,6-diCl-4-pyridinyl	oil*
204 ^a	O	F ₂ CHO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
205	O	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	gum*

206	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	2-naphthalenyl	91-94
207	0	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,5,8,8- tetramethyl-2-	50*
208	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	naphthalenyl 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2- naphthalenyl	106-109
209	O	MeO	$CH_2SC(Et)=N$	4-Cl-Ph	gum*
210 ^b	О	MeO	CH=C(Cl)C(=O)O	t-Bu	semi- solid*
211	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(CN)C(=O)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	gum*
212	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(SMe)	3,4-diCl-Ph	solid*
213	Ο	MeO	C(=O)	Ph	126-134
214	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(SO ₂ Me)	3,4-diCl-Ph	semi- solid*
215	O	MeO	$CH_2SC(Me)=N$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
216	Ο	MeNH	CH ₂ O	2,5-diMe-Ph	131-136
217	Ο	MeNH	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,5,8,8- tetramethyl-2- naphthalenyl	about 50*
218	S	CF ₃	direct bond	Me	79-83
219	О	CF ₃	direct bond	Me	73-77
220	0	CF ₃	0	3-PhO-Ph	oil*
221	S	CF ₃	CH ₂ O	2,5-diMe-Ph	gum*
241	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	2-CN-2-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)ethenyl	115-118
242	0	МеО	CH ₂ O—N CF ₃)	136-138
243	O	MeO	CH ₂ O-N=C(CH ₃)CH ₂ O	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
244	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)CH_2S$	1-CH ₃ -1 <i>H</i> -tetrazol-5-yl	oil*
245	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2,6-diCl-4-pyridinyl	144-146
246	O	MeO	CH ₂ O-N=C(CH ₃)CH ₂ S	2-benzoxazolyl	oil*
247	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(SCH_3)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	oil*
249	0	MeO	CH ₂ O-N=C(CH ₃)CH ₂ O	3,5-diCl-Ph	oil*

250	Ο	MeO	$CH_2S-C(CH_2CH_3)=N$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
251	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(H)$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	115-118
252	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2,6-diCl-4-pyridinyl	oil*
253	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	$4-(CO_2-t-Bu)-2$ -pyridinyl	174-175
254	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(OCH_3)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	oil*
255	O	Cl	0	3-MeO-Ph	oil*
256	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2,6-diCl-4-pyrimidinyl	139-140
257	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	5,6-diCl-3-pyridinyl	130-132
258 ^c	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	5,6-diCl-3-pyridinyl	112-13()
259	О	Cl	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	CH ₃	oil*
260 ^d	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2,6-diCl-4-pyrimidinyl	93-123
261	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -4-MeO-Ph	112-121
262	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -4-F-Ph	oil*
263	О	MeO	0	5-Ph-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl	130-132
264	О	MeO	O	5-(4-Me-Ph)-1,3,4-	150-151
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
265	О	MeO	O	5-(4-Br-Ph)-1,3,4-	solid*
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
266	О	MeO	0	5-(4-Cl-Ph)-1,3,4-	130-132
Ex. 3				oxadiazol-2-yl	
267	О	MeO	0	5-(3-MeO-Ph)-1,3,4-	108-111
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
268	О	MeO	0	5-(3-Me-Ph)-1,3,4-	119-121
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
269	О	MeO	0	5-(4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph)-1,3,4-	159-161
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
270	О	MeO	O	5-(3-F-Ph)-1,3,4-	105-108
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
271	О	MeO	O	5-(4-F-Ph)-1,3,4-	124-125
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
272	О	MeO	0	5-(3-Cl-Ph)-1,3,4-	130-135
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
273	О	MeO	0	5-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,3,4-	solid*
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
				•	

274	О	MeO	CH ₂ O—N		101-105
				CF ₃	
275	О	MeO	O	3-(2-CN-PhO)-Ph	oil*
276	0	MeO	O	3-(2-NO ₂ -PhO)-Ph	oil*
277	O	MeO	0	3-(3-NO ₂ -2-pyridinyl-O)-	oil*
				Ph	
278	O	Cl	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	85-86
279	Ο	MeO	0	5-(3-Br-Ph)-1,3,4-	147-157
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
280	О	MeO	0	3-(3-NO ₂ -Ph)-1,2,4-	169-170
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
281	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(OCH_3)$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	oil*
282	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)CH_2S$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	oil*
283	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)CH_2O$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	oil*
284 ^e	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2,8-diCF ₃ -quinolin-4-yl	149-151
285 ^f	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2,8-diCF ₃ -quinolin-4-yl	150-155
286	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	5-Br-3-pyridinyl	120-122
287	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3-C1-Ph)-1,2,4-	121-122
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
288	Ο	MeO	O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	135-136
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
289	Ο	MeO	0	3-(4-Me-Ph)-1,2,4-	139-142
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
29 0	Ο	MeO	0	3-(4-Br-Ph)-1,2,4-	137
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
291	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-Me-Ph)-1,2,4-	125-126
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
292	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3,4-diF-Ph)-1,2,4-	140-141
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
293	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-Cl-4-Me-Ph)-1,2,4-	113-115
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
294	O	MeO	0	3-(3,5-diBr-4-MeO-Ph)-	178-179
				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	

295	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3,4-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	156-158
296	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3,5-diF-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	142-144
297	O	MeO	0	3-(4-NO ₂ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	192-193
298g	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(SCH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil®
299	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)CH_2S$	2-benzothiazolyl	oil*
300	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(OCH_3)$	2-naphthalenyl	oil*
301	O	MeO	0	3-(4-CN-PhO)-Ph	oil*
302	О	MeO	0	3-(4-NO ₂ -PhO)-Ph	oil*
303	O	MeO	0	3-F-2-NO ₂ -Ph	118-120
304	О	MeO	0	6-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-pyrimidin-	123-126
				4-yl	
305	О	MeO	0	4-CF ₃ O-Ph	oil*
306	О	Cl	O	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	48-51
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
307	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	6-MeO-pyridin-3-yl	oil*
308	О	MeO	CH ₂ O-N=C(CH ₃)CH ₂ S	3,5-diCl-Ph	oil*
309	О	MeO	0	3-(4-Cl-3-F-Ph)-1,2,4-	137-138
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
310	О	MeO	O	3-(3-MeO-Ph)-1,2,4-	97-98
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
311	О	MeO	O	3-(4-F-Ph)-1,2,4-	a:
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
312	О	MeO	O	5-(3,4-diCl-Ph)-1,3,4-	152-155
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
313	О	MeO	O	6-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-	168-170
				pyrimidin-4-yl	
314	О	MeO	0	3-(2-pyridinyl-O)-Ph	oil*
315	О	MeO	O	3-(2-pyrimidinyl-O)-Ph	oil*
316	O	MeO	0	6-(4-Me-PhO)-pyrimidin-	oil*
				4-yl	
317	О	MeO	О	6-Cl-pyrazin-2-yl	135-137
Ex. 15					

318	Ο	Cl	CH ₂ S	5,7-diMe-6-Ph- [1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- a]pyrimidin-2-yl	121-124
319	O	MeO	CH ₂ S	5,7-diMe-6-Ph- [1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- a]pyrimidin-2-yl	155-160
320	О	MeO	О	3-(4-Ph-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	159-161
321	О	MeO	0	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	122-123
322	О	MeO	O	3-(4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	174-175
323	О	MeO	0	3-(3-Br-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	137-139
324	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3-Br-4-MeO-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	161-162
325	Ο	MeO	O	3-(4-F-3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	164-165
326	Ο	MeO	O	3-(4-Br-3-Me-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	160-162
327	Ο	MeO	O	5-(4-MeO-Ph)-1,3,4- oxadiazol-2-yl	180-181
328	Ο	MeO	O	5-(4-Ph-Ph)-1,3,4- oxadiazol-2-yl	179-180
329	О	MeO	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	159-160
330	Ο	MeO	O	5-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,3,4- oxadiazol-2-yl	175-176
331	О	MeO	O	5-(2-F-Ph)-1,3,4- oxadiazol-2-yl	139-140
332	O	MeO	O	5-(2-Cl-Ph)-1,3,4- oxadiazol-2-yl	139-140
333	О	MeO	O	5-(2,4-diCl-Ph)-1,3,4- oxadiazol-2-yl	181-182
334	O	MeO	O	3-(4-MeS-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*

335	0	MeO	0	3-(3-F-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	116-118
336	О	MeO	O	3-CF ₃ -Ph	solid*
337	O	MeO	O	5-(4-Cl-Ph)-1,3,4-	solid*
Ex. 18				thiadiazol-2-yl	
338	O	MeO	0	6-F-pyridin-2-yl	175-178
339	О	MeO	O	6-(3-Me-PhO)-pyrimidin-	oil*
				4-yl	
340	О	MeO	CH ₂	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-	159-163
				yl	
341	О	MeO	O	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-1,2,4-	126-127
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
342	О	MeO	0	3-(4-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1,2,4-	solid*
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
343	O	MeO	O	3-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1,2,4-	112-113
Ex. 2				thiadiazol-5-yl	
344	О	MeO	O	3-(4-HCF ₂ O-Ph)-1,2,4-	solid*
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
345	O	MeO	O	3- <i>t</i> -Bu-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-	110-111
Ex. 14				yl	
346	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-(CF ₃ CH ₂ O)-3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
347	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(OCH_3)$	3-Br-Ph	oil*
348	Ο	MeO	0	6-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-pyrimidin-	163-165
				4-yl	
349	Ο	MeO	O	3-(2-CHO-PhO)-Ph	106-108
350	O	MeO	0	3-(2-Me-PhO)-2-NO ₂ -Ph	131-133
351	Ο	MeO	0	5-NO ₂ -6-PhO-pyridin-2-	127-130
				yl	
352	O	MeO	0	3-(2-Me-PhO)-Ph	oil*
353	O	MeO	0	3- <i>c</i> -Pr-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-	*
				yl	
354	О	MeO	O	3- <i>c</i> -pentyl-1,2,4-	*
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
355	Ο	Cl	CH ₂	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-	*
				yl	

356	О	MeO	0	4-(4-Cl-Ph)-1,2,5- thiadiazol-3-yl	*
357	О	MeO	OCH ₂	2-Cl-5-thiazolyl	*
358	0	MeO	0	6-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-pyrazinyl	145-148
Ex. 16					
359	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	5-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	128-130
360	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-[t-BuOC(=O)]-Ph	gum*
361	О	MeO	0	6-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-2- pyrazinyl	173-174
362	0	MeO	O	6-(2,4-diCl-Ph)-4- pyrimidinyl	170-175
363	Ο	Cl	0	3-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
364	О	Cl	0	3-(3,4-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	ж
365	О	Cl	0	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	149-150
366	0	Cl	0	3-(4-Br-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	158-159
367	0	Cl	0	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
368	0	Cl	0	3-(4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
369	Ο	Cl	O	3- <i>t</i> -Bu-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
370	О	MeO	O	6-PhO-2-pyridinyl	oil*
371	О	MeO	0	3-(4-Me-PhO)-2-NO ₂ -Ph	150-152
372	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2-CO ₂ Me-6-NO ₂ - PhO)-Ph	oil*
373	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(SCH_3)$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	solid*
374	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-Me ₃ Si-benzyl	oil*
375	Ο	Cl	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-Me ₃ Si-benzyl	oil*
376	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3-CN-2-pyridinyl-O)-	132-134
				Ph	
377	О	MeO	0	6-Cl-3-NO ₂ -2-pyridinyl	146-151
378	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-Ph	52-57

379	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-(CO ₂ - <i>n</i> -Bu)-2-pyridinyl	106-108
380	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-(CO ₂ - <i>i</i> -Bu)-2-pyridinyl	147-149
381	О	MeO	0	5-(3-Br-Ph)-1,3,4-	oil*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
382	O	MeO	0	3-(6-Cl-5-NO ₂ -4-	70-74
				pyrimidinyl-O)-Ph	
383	О	Cl	0	2-naphthalenyl	147-150
384	О	MeO	0	2-naphthalenyl	oil*
385	О	MeO	0	3-I-Ph	126-128
386	O	MeO	0	3-(4-Me-Ph-O)-Ph	oil*
387	0	MeO	0	3-(2-CO ₂ Me-Ph-O)-Ph	oil*
388	O	MeO	0	3-(2,6-diCN-Ph-O)-Ph	65-68
389	O	MeO	0	3-(3-Me-Ph-O)-Ph	oil*
390	О	MeO	O	4-(3-Cl-Ph)-1,2,5-	Są¢
				thiadiazol-3-yl	
391	О	MeO	CH ₂	3-(3-Cl-Ph)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-	ж
			2	yl	
392	О	MeO	0	6-Cl-2-benzothiazolyl	solid*
393	О	MeO	0	5-MeSO ₂ -1,3,4-	*
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
394	О	Cl	0	5-MeSO ₂ -1,3,4-	*
				oxadiazol-2-yl	
395	О	Cl	0	3-(4-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1,2,4-	*
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
396	О	MeO	0	5-(2-Br-Ph)-1,3,4-	*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
397	О	MeO	0	5-(2-Cl-Ph)-1,3,4-	ж
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
398	О	MeO	CH ₂ S	5-Ph-2-benzoxazolyl	55
399	О	MeO	OCH ₂	5,7-diCl-2-benzoxazolyl	173-175
400	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(OCH_3)$	3-Br-5-I-Ph	oil*
401	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(OCH_3)$	3-F-5-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
402	О	MeO	CH ₂ S	5-Cl-2-benzothiazolyl	solid*
403	О	MeO	0	4-Cl-2-benzothiazolyl	178-181
404	О	MeO	O	4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-	50
				pyrimidinyl	
				3 -	

405	Ο	MeO	OCH ₂	5-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-3-yl	148-150
406	О	MeO	OCH ₂	2-(4-Cl-Ph)-4-thiazolyl	*:
407	О	MeO	0	6-Cl-2-pyridinyl	161-163
408	О	MeO	O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-Ph	149-152
409	О	MeO	0	6-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-2-	176-178
				pyridinyl	
410	Ο	MeO	0	5-(2-F-Ph)-1,3,4-	oil*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
411	Ο	MeO	0	5-(4-Br-Ph)-1,3,4-	solid*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
412	О	MeO	0	5-(4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph)-1,3,4-	solid*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
413	Ο	MeO	0	5-Br-4-(3,4-diF-Ph)-2-	155-157
				thiazolyl	
414	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-Ph	145-147
415	О	MeO	O	3-(4-F-PhO)-Ph	oil*
416	Ο	MeO	О	3-(4-F-PhO)-2-NO ₂ -Ph	105-108
417	О	MeO	O	6-(2-Me-PhO)-2-pyridinyl	oil*
418	Ο	MeO	O	3-(2-F-PhO)-Ph	oil*
419	Ο	MeO	0	3-(4-NO ₂ -2-CF ₃ -PhO)-Ph	oil*
420	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2-MeO-PhO)-Ph	*lio
421	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2-MeO-PhO)-2-NO ₂ -	*lio
				Ph	
422	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-NO ₂ -2-thienyl-O)-Ph	oil*
423	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2-CF ₃ -PhO)-Ph	oil*
424	Ο	MeO	O	3-(2,6-diMe-PhO)-Ph	oil*
425	Ο	MeO	0	5-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,3,4-	*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
426	Ο	MeO	0	2-Cl-4-pyrimidinyl	156-158
427	Ο	Cl	0	3-(4-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1.2,4-	36
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
428	Ο	MeO	О	5-(3-Cl-Ph)-1,3,4-	*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
429	O	MeO	O	2-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-4-	107-113
				pyrimidinyl	

430	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-Ph-Ph	gum*
431	О	MeO	0	5-Cl-2-pyrimidinyl	171-173
432	О	MeO	OCH ₂	5-Ph-2-oxazolyl	150-152
433	Ο	MeO	$CH=N-N(CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	185-187
434	О	MeO	$CH=N-N(CH_3)$	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	169-171
435	Ο	Cl	CH ₂ S	4,5-dihydro-3-Ph-1,2,4-	79-95
				triazin-6-yl	
436	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ S	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-4,5-	174-179
				dihydro-1,2,4-triazin-6-	
				yl	
437	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ S	4,5-dihydro-3-(3-CF ₃ -	63-72
				Ph)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl	
438	Ο	MeO	O	6-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-pyridinyl	75-85
439	O	MeO	0	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-Ph	43-45
440	O	MeO	O	3-(4-CN-Ph)-Ph	170-171
441	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-Br-2-pyridinyl	96-99
442	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(OCH_3)$	3-CHCl ₂ -Ph	oil*
443	O	MeO	0	4-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-2-	157-159
				pyrimidinyl	
444	O	MeO	CH ₂ O	2-Me-5-i-Pr-Ph	84-86
445	O	MeO	O	5-Br-2-thiazolyl	153-156
446	O	MeO	0	5-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-thiazolyl	124-127
447	O	MeO	0	3-(2-Br-PhO)-Ph	oil*
448	О	MeO	0	3-(2-Et-PhO)-Ph	oil*
449	O	MeO	0	3-Br-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
450	O	MeO	CH ₂ O	2-Cl-5-CF ₃ -Ph	143-149
451	O	MeO	0	5-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-	145-147
				pyrimidinyl	
452	O	MeO	0	3-(3-thienyl)-1,2,4-	solid*
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
453	О	MeO	0	3-(2-thienyl)-1,2,4-	solid*
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
454	О	MeO	O	5-(2,4-diCl-Ph)-1,3,4-	*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
455	О	MeO	O	5-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,3,4-	*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
				•	

456	О	MeO	0	6-(4-CN-Ph)-4- pyrimidinyl	149-151
457	О	MeO	0	6-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-pyrazinyl	118-121
458	0	MeO	0	6-(4-CN-Ph)-2-pyrazinyl	195-199
Ex. 17					
459	О	MeO	0	6-(3-Cl-4-F-Ph)-2-	147-149
				pyrazinyl	
460	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-(C≡CH)-2-pyridinyl	99-102
461	О	MeO	0	5-Br-2-pyrimidinyl	172-174
462	О	MeO	0	3-(5-Br-2-thienyl)-1,2,4-	545
Ex. 12				thiadiazol-5-yl	
463	О	MeO	CH ₂ S	3-(3-Cl-Ph)-4,5-dihydro-	65-78
				5-Me-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl	
464	O	Cl	CH ₂ S	3-(3-Cl-Ph)-4,5-dihydro-	171-172
				5-Me-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl	
465	O	Cl	CH ₂ S	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4-	108-111
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
466	O	MeO	O	5-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,3,4-	*
				thiadiazol-2-yl	
467	O	MeO	O	5-Br-4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-	gum*
Ex. 19				thiazolyl	
468	O	MeO	O	7-MeO-2-naphthalenyl	oil*
469	O	MeO	O	3-(2-CN-3-F-PhO)-Ph	oil*
470	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2-CN-6-F-PhO)-Ph	oil*
471	О	MeO	0	3-(2,6-diNO ₂ -PhO)-Ph	oil*
472	О	MeO	0	3-(2,5-diF-PhO)-Ph	oil*
473	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2,5-diMe-PhO)-Ph	oil*
474	O	MeO	0	3-(2,5-diCl-3-thienyl)-	144-147
Ex. 13				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	
475	O	MeO	0	3-(4-I-Ph)-1,2,4-	167-168
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
476	O	MeO	0	3-(6-Cl-3-pyridinyl)-	169-170
				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	
477	O	MeO	O	3-(3-I-Ph)-1,2,4-	171-172
				thiadiazol-5-yl	

478 Ex. 20	Ο	MeO	0	4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-thiazolyl	116-118
479	O	MeO	CH ₂ O-N=C(CH ₃)	3,4-dihydro-4,4-diMe-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzothiopyran-6-yl	oil*
480	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,4-dihydro-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzothiopyran-7-yl	oil*
481	Ο	Cl	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,4-dihydro-4,4-diMe-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzothiopyran-6-yl	oil*
482	O	Cl	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,4-dihydro-2 <i>H</i> -1-benzothiopyran-7-yl	oil*
483	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-(CF ₃ CH ₂ O)-Ph	gum*
484	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(NH_2)$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	177-178
485	Ο	MeO	0	3-(4,5-diCl-2-thienyl)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
486	O	MeO	CH ₂ S	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	193-195
487	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ S	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	139-140
488	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3,4,5-triCl-2-thienyl)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	175-177
489	Ο	MeO	0	3-(5-Cl-2-thienyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	130-131
490	O	MeO	0	3-[3-(PhC≡C)-Ph]-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
491 Ex. 6	О	MeO	0	$3-[3-(Me_3SiC\equiv C)-Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl$	133-134
492	О	MeO	0	3-[3-(EtOC≡C)-Ph]-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
493	О	MeO	O	3-[3-(4-F-PhC≡C)-Ph]- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
494	O	MeO	0	3-[3-(2-pyridinyl-C≡C)-Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
495	O	MeO	0	3-[3-(tetrahydropyran-2- yl-OCH ₂ -C≡C)-Ph]- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*

496	О	MeO	O	3-[3-(<i>t</i> -Bu-C≡C)-Ph]-	130-131
407	0	MaO		1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
497	О	MeO	O	3-(3-CHO-Ph)-1,2,4-	
400	^	M:O	0	thiadiazol-5-yl	110 112
498	0	MeO	0	3-(2,5-diCl-PhO)-Ph	110-112
499	0	MeO	0	3-(3,5-diCl-PhO)-Ph	oil*
500	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	107-111
501	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	132-136
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
502	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	2-(3-Cl-4-MeO-Ph)-5-Me-	172-175
				4-thiazolyl	
503	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-CF ₃ -PhO)-Ph	oil*
504	O	MeO	0	3-(3-F-PhO)-Ph	oil*
505	O	MeO	0	3-(2,3-diF-PhO)-Ph	oil*
506	Ο	MeO	O	3-(2,4-diF-PhO)-Ph	oil*
507	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3-HC≡C-Ph)-1,2,4-	177-178
Ex. 7				thiadiazol-5-yl	
508	O	MeO	O	3-(6-CF ₃ CH ₂ O-3-	solid*
				pyridinyl)-1,2,4-	
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
509	0	MeO	0	6-(4-Cl-Ph)-2-pyrazinyl	156-158
510	O	MeO	0	6-(4-F-Ph)-2-pyrazinyl	151-153
511	О	MeO	0	6-Ph-2-pyrazinyl	135-136
512	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-Et-Ph	81-85
513	O	MeO	CH ₂ S	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	157-159
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
514	O	MeO	0	6-(4-Cl-Ph)-4-pyrimidinyl	115-120
515	O	MeO	0	5-Me-4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-	oil*
Ex. 21				thiazolyl	
516	О	MeO	O	6-(4-CO ₂ Et-Ph)-2-	119-127
				pyrazinyl	
517	О	MeO	0	3-(5-Br-3-pyridinyl)-	188-189
				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	
518	O	MeO	0	3-(2,6-diCl-4-pyridinyl)-	148-149
				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	

519	О	MeO	0	4-Cl-5-CN-2-thiazolyl	119-122
520	O	MeO	O	3-(2-furanyl)-1,2,4-	107-108
Ex. 11				thiadiazol-5-yl	
521	O	Cl	-CH ₂ N N- (CH ₂) ₃	2-thiazolyl	95-100
522	Ο	Cl	-CH ₂ N N- (CH ₂) ₂	3-CF ₃ -Ph	125-130
523	O	MeO	-CH ₂ N N- (CH ₂) ₃	2-thiazolyl	166-170
524	Ο	MeO	-CH ₂ N N- (CH ₂) ₂	3-CF ₃ -Ph	130-135
525	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	1,6-diBr-2-naphthalenyl	189-191
526	Ο	MeO	0	3-(5-Br-2-furanyl)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
527	О	MeO	O	3-[3-PhC(=O)O-Ph]-	*
Ex. 8				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	
528	Ο	MeO	О	3-(3-HO-Ph)-1,2,4-	solid*
Ex. 9				thiadiazol-5-yl	
529	О	MeO	O	6-Ph-4-pyrimidinyl	123-125
530	О	MeO	О	3-(<i>t</i> -Bu-C≡C)-1,2,4-	*
Ex. 5				thiadiazol-5-yl	
531	О	MeO	0	3-(3-Et ₃ SiO-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
532	Ο	MeO	O	3-[3-(<i>t</i> -BuMe ₂ SiO)-Ph]- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	ж
533	0	MeO	O	3-[3-Cl ₃ CCH ₂ OC(=O)O-Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*

534	О	MeO	O	3-[3-MeCHClOC(=O)O-Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-	*
535	Ο	MeO	O	yl 3-[3- [CH ₂ =CHOC(=O)O]- Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-	*
536	O	MeO	O	yl 3-[3-[<i>t</i> -BuC(=O)O]-Ph]-	*
				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	
537	0	MeO	O	3-[3- [Me ₃ Si(CH ₂) ₂ OCH ₂ O] -Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5- yl	*
538	O	MeO	0	3-[3-CF ₃ S(O) ₂ O-Ph]-	solid*
Ex. 10				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	
539	О	MeO	O	3-(2,5-diBr-3-thienyl)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
540	O	MeO	O	3-(3-Cl-benzyl)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
541	Ο	MeO	O	3-(4-Cl-benzyl)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
542	О	MeO	0	6-(4-F-Ph)-4-pyrimidinyl	65-70
543	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ S	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-5-Me- 1,2,4-triazin-6-yl	196-198
544	О	MeO	CH ₂ S	4,5-dihydro-5-Me-3-Ph- 1,2,4-triazin-6-yl	66-68
545	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ S	5-Me-3-Ph-1,2,4-triazin- 6-yl	168-171
546	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ S	5-Me-3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- triazin-6-yl	64-66
547	О	MeO	0	3-(3-Me ₃ SiO-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
548	Ο	MeO	O	3-[3-(CH ₂ =CHCH ₂ O)-Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*

549	Ο	MeO	O	3-[3-(CH ₂ =CBrCH ₂ O)-Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
550	Ο	MeO	0	5-Br-4-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-2- thiazolyl	153-155
551	0	MeO	CH ₂ S	3-(3-Cl-Ph)-5-Me-1,2,4- triazin-6-yl	117-119
552	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	<i>t-</i> Bu	96-98
553	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	CF ₃ CH ₂	oil*
554	O	MeO	0	4-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-2- thiazolyl	solid*
555	0	MeO	O	4-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-5-Me-2- thiazolyl	60
556	0	MeO	0	3-[3-(CH ₂ =CH)-Ph]- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
557	О	MeO	O	3-[4-(4-F-PhC≡C)-Ph]- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	154-157
55 8	Ο	MeO	O	5-CN-2-Ph-4-thiazolyl	144-147
559	Ο	MeO	0	3-Et-7-CF ₃ -2- quinoxalinyl	138-141
5 60	Ο	MeO	СH ₂ O	3-Et-7-CF ₃ -2- quinoxalinyl	155-157
561	О	MeO	O	6-(4-CO ₂ Et-Ph)-4- pyrimidinyl	147-149
562	O	MeO	O	5-Cl-4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2- thiazolyl	gum*
5 63	О	MeO	O	5-CN-4-Et ₂ N-2-thiazolyl	solid*
564	О	MeO	O	5-Et-4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2- thiazolyl	gum*
565 ^h	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	84-87
566	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(OCH_3)$	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	solid*
567	Ο	MeO	0	3-[4-(HC≡C)-Ph]-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	ik
568	O	MeO	O	$3-[4-(Me_3SiC\equiv C)-Ph]-$ 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*

569	O	MeO	О	3-I-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	solid*
Ex. 4					
570	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-MeS-Ph	oil*
571	O	MeO	$CH_2S-C(SCH_3)=N$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
572	Ο	MeO	0	$3-[3-(Br_2C=CH)-Ph]-$	*
				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	
573	O	MeO	0	3-[3,5-bis-	*
				$[Me_3Si(CH_2)_2OCH_2O]$	
				-Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-	
				yl	
574	Ο	MeO	direct bond	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	114-115
				oxadiazol-5-yl	
575	Ο	MeO	direct bond	5-t-Bu-1,3-benzodioxol-2-	oil*
				yl	
576	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	1-(2,4-diCl-Ph)-3-Me-1 <i>H</i> -	glass*
				pyrazol-4-yl	
577	Ο	MeO	0	3-[3,5-bis-[CF ₃ CH ₂ O]-	*
				Ph]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-	
				yl	
578	O	MeO	CH ₂ O	8-Br-3-Me-6-CF ₃ -2-	180-184
				quinoxalinyl	
579	Ο	MeO	O	8-Br-3-Me-6-CF ₃ -2-	157-159
				quinoxalinyl	
580	О	MeO	$CH_2S-C(SCH_3)=N$	4-Br-Ph	oil*
581	Ο	MeO	$CH_2S-C(SCH_3)=N$	3,5-diCl-Ph	oil*
582	Ο	Cl	CH ₂	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	94-103
				oxadiazol-5-yl	
645	Ο	MeNH	$CH_2ON=C(CH_3)$	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	gum*
646	O	MeNH	$CH_2ON=C(CH_3)$	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	140-143
647	S	CF ₃	$CH_2ON=C(CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	128-131
648	Ο	CF ₃	CH ₂ O	2,5-diCH ₃ -Ph	162-165
649	Ο	Н	$CH_2ON=C(CH_3)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	gum*
650	O	MeNH	$CH_2ON=C(CH_3)$	3,5-bis(Me ₃ Si)-Ph	gum*
651	O	Et	$CH_2ON=C(CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	102-106
652	O	Me ₂ N	$CH_2ON=C(CH_3)$	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	oil*
653	O	Me	$CH_2ON=C(CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*

654	O	Н	direct bond	CH ₃	solid*
655	O	Et	direct bond	CH ₃	oil*
739	Ο	CH ₂ =C=CH-O	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	oil*
74 0	O	MeO	O	3-(4-Br-Ph)-Ph	60-65
741	O	MeO	CH ₂ OC(SMe)=N	3-CF ₃ -Ph	49-5()
742	0	MeO	CH ₂ OC(SMe)=N	3,5-diCl-Ph	123-125
743	O	Cl	$CH_2ON=C(Me)C(Me)=NO$	Me	*
744	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)C(Me)=NO$	Me	*
745	O	MeO	0	3-(4-CO ₂ Et-Ph)-Ph	108-109
746	O	MeO	0	3-(4-CO ₂ H-Ph)-Ph	172-174
7 47	O	MeO	$CH_2SC(SMe)=N$	$(CH_3)_3CCH_2CH_2$	ж
748	O	MeO	O	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-5-Br-2-thiazolyl	101-105
749	Ο	MeO	О	4-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-5-Br-2- thiazolyl	116-118
750	О	MeO	O	4-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-2- thiazolyl	127-128
751	О	MeO	CH ₂ OC(SMe)=N	4-Cl-Ph	49-50
752	0	MeO	$CH_2OC(SMe)=N$	3-Cl-Ph	82-84
753	О	MeO	O	4-t-Bu-2-thiazolyl	96-98
754	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ O	Me	71-73
755	O	MeO	CH_2O-N		49-59
			F ₃ C N		
756	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ O—N	\ \o	53-63
757 ^f	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Ph-3-furazanyl N-oxide	145-147
758 ^e	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Ph-3-furazanyl N-oxide	*
759	О	MeO	0	3-(4-CONH ₂ -Ph)-Ph	*
760	0	Cl	CH ₂ S	5-Ph-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl	*
761	O	MeO	CH ₂ SC(SMe)=N	2-Me-Ph	*

762	0	MeO	$CH_2SC(SMe)=N$	3-Me-Ph	*
763	O	MeO	$CH_2SC(SMe)=N$	3-Br-Ph	ąs
764	O	MeO	CH ₂ OC(=O)NMe	4-CI-Ph	115-117
765	Ο	MeO	O	3-(4-CONMe ₂ -Ph)-Ph	52-56
766	Ο	MeO	O	3-(4-CONHMe-Ph)-Ph	87-92
767	О	MeO	O	4-(CF ₃ CH ₂ O)-2-	*
				pyrimidinyl	
768	O	MeO	$CH_2SC(SMe)=N$	2-Cl-Ph	*
769	O	MeO	$CH_2SC(SMe)=N$	4-OMe-Ph	*
770	O	MeO	CH(Me)ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	149-152
771	O	MeO	direct bond	5-Ph-1,3-benzodioxol-2-yl	oil*
772	O	MeO	OCH ₂	4-t-Bu-Ph	glass*
773	O	Cl	S	4,6-diCl-2-benzothiazolyl	foam*
774	0	MeO	CH ₂ OC(SMe)=N	t-Bu	*
775	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-MeS-Ph	*
776	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(CH_2CI)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	*
777	O	MeO	O	2-Cl-4-pyrimidinyl	148-150
778	0	MeO	0	6-(CF ₃ CH ₂ O)-4-	*
				pyrimidinyl	
779	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-MeS(=O)-Ph	*
780	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-MeSO ₂ -Ph	*
781	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Ph-5-isoxazolyl	47-51
782 ⁱ	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-Ph-5-isoxazolyl	141-144
783	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-5-isoxazolyl	47-51
784 ^j	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-5-isoxazolyl	131-133
785	O	MeO	O	3-(3-CN-Ph)-1,2,4-	128-132
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
786	O	MeO	O	3-(4-CN-Ph)-1,2,4-	155-157
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
787	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3-CO ₂ Me-Ph)-1,2,4-	133-136
				thiadiazol-5-yl	
788	Ο	MeO	O	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-5-Me-2-thiazolyl	101-103
789	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-(4-F-Ph)-5-isoxazolyl	122-140
790 ^k	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-(4-F-Ph)-5-isoxazolyl	147-148
791	О	MeO	O	3-(3-CO ₂ - <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph)-1,2,4-	*
				thiadiazol-5-yl	

792	O	MeO	CH ₂ O	1-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-3-Me-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-4-yl	ж
793	О	MeO	0	4-t-Bu-5-Cl-2-thiazolyl	115-117
794	O	MeO	0	3- <i>t</i> -BuO-1,2,4-thiadiazol- 5-yl	ж
795	O	MeO	O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	131-132
796	O	MeO	O	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	119-120
797	O	MeO	0	4-(CF ₃ CH ₂ O)-2- pyrimidinyl	*
798	O	MeO	0	6-(CF ₃ CH ₂ O)-2-pyrazinyl	96-98
799	Ο	MeO	0	6-(2-Cl-PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	oil*
800	Ο	MeO	0	6-(2-Et-PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	oil*
801	Ο	MeO	0	6-Me-4-(CF ₃ CH ₂ O)-2- pyrimidinyl	æ
802	Ο	MeO	0	3-CO ₂ Me-6-CF ₃ -2- pyridinyl	140-143
803	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-Cl-Ph)-4-CN-5- isothiazolyl	181-182
804	Ο	MeO	0	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-4-CN-5- isothiazolyl	144-147
805	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2,4-diCl-PhCH ₂)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
806	О	MeO	0	3-(3,4-diCl-PhCH ₂)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
807	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-Br-PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
808	Ο	MeO	0	$3-(2-Br-PhCH_2)-1,2,4-$ thiadiazol-5-yl	138-139
809	Ο	MeO	0	3-(4-Br-PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	93-95
810	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-Me-PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	105-107

811	0	MeO	O	3-(2-Me-PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	109-111
812	O	MeO	O	3-(4-CF ₃ -PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
813	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2-CF ₃ -PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	121-124
814	O	MeO	O	3-(3-F-PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	100-101
815	O	MeO	0	3-(2-F-PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	128-131
816	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3-CF ₃ -PhCH ₂)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
817	О	MeO	O	3-t-Bu-4-CN-5- isothiazolyl	150-152
818	Ο	MeO	0	6-(2-NO ₂ -PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	66-7()
819	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -PhCH ₂)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	站
820	Ο	MeO	O	3-(CH ₂ =CHC(Me) ₂)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	96-100
821	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-CF ₃ C(=O)NH-Ph)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	ajs
822	О	MeO	O	3-(3-CICH ₂ C(=O)NH-Ph)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-	ж
				yl	
823	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-CF ₃ SO ₂ NH-Ph)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
824	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-CCl ₃ C(=O)NH-Ph)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	*
825	O	MeO	O	3-(3-NMe ₂ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
826	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-F ₂ HCO-Ph	*
827	О	MeO	0	4-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-5-Br-2- thiazolyl	77-78
828	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-Br-5-isoxazolyl	124-148

829	O	MeO	O	3-(3-CF ₃ C(=O)NMe-Ph)-	*
220				1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	.ie
830	О	MeO	0	3-(3-CCl ₃ C(=O)NMe-	*
				Ph)-1,2.4-thiadiazol-5-	
001				yl	
831	0	MeO	O	4-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-2- thiazolyl	96-98
832	О	MeO	0	4-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-5-Me-2-	88-90
				thiazolyl	
833	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-Me-2-quinoxalinyl	149-153
834	О	MeO	O	3-Me-2-quinoxalinyl	168-170
835	Ο	MeO	0	5-Ph-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl	63-69
836	Ο	MeO	O	5-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- triazin-3-yl	64-68
837	Ο	MeO	0	5-(3-Cl-Ph)-1,2,4-triazin-	65-71
				3-yl	
838	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=CH	2-Cl-1-PhCH ₂ -1 <i>H</i> -indol-	oil*
				3-yl	
839	О	MeO	0	5-(4-Cl-Ph)-1,2,4-triazin-	174-181
				3-yl	
840	О	MeO	0	3-(3-CN-Ph)-Ph	161-162
841	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-(4-pyridinyl)-5-	149-167
				isoxazolyl	
842	О	MeO	CH_2O-N		51-57
			$Br \sim N^{O}$		
843	O	MeO	CH2O—N		132-141
0.15	Ü	14160	S.1.20 A		132 111
			C)	
			N		
844	О	MeO	direct bond	Ph	oil*
845	O	MeO	direct bond	4-PhO-Ph	oil*
846	О	MeO	O	3-(3-CF ₂ HCO-Ph)-1,2,4-	ж
				thiadiazol-5-yl	

847	Ο	MeO	O	5-(4-F-Ph)-1,2,4-triazin- 3-yl	oil*
848	Ο	MeO	0	5-(4-OMe-Ph)-1,2,4-	55-60
849	O	MeO	O	triazin-3-yl 3-(3-BrCH=CH-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
850	О	Cl	CH ₂ ON=CH	1 <i>H</i> -indol-3-yl	91-94 dec.
851	О	MeO	0	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	141-144
852	О	MeO	O	3-(3-Br-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	143-145
853	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3-Cl-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	121-124
854	О	MeO	direct bond	6-Cl-4-pyrimidinyl	tacky solid*
855	O	MeO	direct bond	4-Me-2-quinolinyl	tacky solid*
856	О	MeO	O	4-(3-CF ₃ -PhO)-6-MeO-2- triazinyl	oil*
857	Ο	MeO	0	3-(2-MeS-Ph)-Ph	58-62
858	Ο	MeO	O	5-(2-Me-Ph)-1,2,4-triazin- 3-yl	oil*
859	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-(4-PhO-Ph)-5- isoxazolyl	55-72
860	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-5-isoxazolyl	103-125
861	0	MeO	CH ₂ O—N	CI	175-179
862	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ O—N		157-160
			'O'	Ме	
863	О	MeO	O	3-(3-ClCH=CH-Ph)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	137-139

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864	О	MeO	CH ₂ S	5-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- triazin-3-yl	138-141
865	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	181-184
866	Ο	MeO	О	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	164-167
867	O	MeO	CH ₂ O—N MeO		158-160
868	О	MeO	O	4-Cl-Ph	110-112
869	О	MeO	0	4-F-Ph	97-99
870	О	MeO	0	3-CN-4-cinnolinyl	192-194
871	О	MeO	0	4-PhO-6-MeO-2-triazinyl	154-157
872	Ο	MeO	O	4-(4-Me-PhO)-6-MeO-2- triazinyl	158-160
873	0	MeO	O	4-(3-Me-PhO)-6-MeO-2- triazinyl	140-143
874	Ο	MeO	O	3-CF ₃ -1,2,4-triadiazol-5- yl	118-120
875	Ο	MeO	O	5-Cl-6-Et-4-pyrimidinyl	122-124
876	Ο	MeO	0	3,5-diCl-Ph	150-152
877	Ο	MeO	O	5-Et-4-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-2- thiazolyl	*
878	Ο	MeO	O	5-SiMe ₃ -4-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)- 2-thiazolyl	*
879	O	MeO	O	4-(4-Cl-PhO)-6-MeO-2- triazinyl	166-169
880	Ο	MeO	O	4-(3-NO ₂ -PhO)-6-MeO- 2-triazinyl	96-100
881	Ο	MeO	O	4-(3-OMe-PhO)-6-MeO- 2-triazinyl	135-139
882	О	MeO	O	4-(4-F-PhO)-6-MeO-2- triazinyl	174-177

883	Ο	MeO	0	3-(3-CF ₃ S-Ph)-1,2.4- thiadiazol-5-yl	75-83
884	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-(<i>t</i> -Bu(Ph) ₂ SiO)-Ph	tacky solid*
885 ^l	O	MeO	0	4-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-5-Me- 2-thiazolyl	solid*
886	О	MeO	direct bond	CHCl ₂	oil*
887	О	MeO	0	3-CF ₃ -PhOCH ₂	100
888	O	MeO	O	4-CF ₃ -Ph	109-110
889	O	MeO	0	3-CN-Ph	112-114
890	O	MeO	0	4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-triazinyl	160-162
891	Ο	Cl	CH ₂	3-(2-NH ₂ -Ph)-1- <i>H</i> -1,2,4- triazol-1-yl	197-202
985	Ο	Cl	CH ₂	3-(2-NH ₂ -4-Cl-Ph)-1- <i>H</i> -1,2.4-triazol-1-yl	180-193
986	О	Cl	CH ₂	3-(2-NH ₂ -5-Cl-Ph)-1- <i>H</i> -1,2,4-triazol-1-yl	80-85
987	O	MeO	CH ₂	3-(2-NH ₂ -Ph)-1- <i>H</i> -1,2,4- triazol-1-yl	178-181
988	O	MeO	CH ₂	3-(2-NH ₂ -4-Cl-Ph)-1- <i>H</i> -1,2,4-triazol-1-yl	80-85
989	O	MeO	CH ₂	3-(2-NH ₂ -5-Cl-Ph)-1- <i>H</i> -1,2,4-triazol-1-yl	160-165
990	Ο	MeO	O	3-CN-6,7-diF-4- cinnolinyl	*
991	О	MeO	0	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-5-Et-2-thiazolyl	95-96
992	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-4-isoxazolyl	45-52
993	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	2,3-dihydro-2-Me-5- benzofuranyl	oil*
994	O	Cl	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	2,3-dihydro-2-Me-5- benzofuranyl	oil*
995	О	MeO	O	4-(2-F-PhO)-2-triazinyl	54-59
996	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-CF ₃ -PhOCH ₂	oil*
997	О	MeO	0	t-BuOCH(Me)	89
998	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	CH ₃	*
999	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-Ph-4-isoxazolyl	*

1000	0	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-4- isoxazolyl	यं -
1001	О	MeO	O	3-(3-Me-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	1()()-1()4
1002	Ο	MeO	O	3-(4-Br-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	180-182
1003	Ο	MeO	O	3-(3-CN-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	135-138
1004	Ο	MeO	О	3-(4-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	115-118
1005	Ο	MeO	0	3-(4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadiazol-5-yl	150-152
1006	Ο	MeO	O	3-(4-CN-Ph)-1,2,4- oxadizol-5-yl	175-176
1007	О	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-(4-PhOPh)-4-isoxazolyl	50-56
1008	0	MeO	CH ₂ O—N		157-164
1009	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Br-4-isoxazolyl	120-139
1010	0	MeO	CH ₂ O—N≤	Me F	*
1011	Ο	MeO	O	3-Cl ₂ HC-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	ik
1012	Ο	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,4,5-triMeO-Ph	শ
1013	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ S	5-(3-Cl-Ph)-1,2,4-triazin- 3-yl	167-169

1014 O MeO CH₂ON=C(Me) 3-(4-Cl-Ph)-4-isoxazolyl 45-52 1015 O MeO CH₂O-N

- ^a Compound contains 15% by weight of 4-[2-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-5-(difluoromethoxy)-2,4-dihydro-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4,-triazol-3-one.
- ^b Compound isolated in a 1:1 ratio of Z and E isomers.
- ^c Compound isolated in a 2:1 ratio of *Z* and *E* isomers.
- ^d Compound isolated in a 2:3 ratio of Z and E isomers.
- ^e Compound isolated as the *Z* isomer.
- f Compound isolated as the E isomer.
- g Compound isolated in a 1:2 ratio of geometric isomers.
- h Compound isolated as the Z isomer.
- ⁱ Isomer of Compound 781.
- j Isomer of Compound 783.
- k Isomer of Compound 789.
- ¹ Compound contains 15% by weight of 4-[2-[[4-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-thiazolyl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one.
- *See Index Table M for ¹H NMR data.

INDEX TABLE D

$$X \xrightarrow{N} W$$
 CH_3

Cmpd No.	$\underline{\mathbf{W}}$	<u>X</u>	$\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$	<u>Z</u>	<u>m.p. (°C)</u>
222	О	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	oil/gum*
223	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	2,5-diMe-Ph	151-153

224	0	MeO	direct bond	CH ₂ Br	117-118
225	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	91-93
226 ^a	О	MeO	CH=C(Cl)C(=O)O	t-Bu	105-115
227 ^b	О	MeO	CH=C(CI)C(=O)O	t-Bu	104
228	0	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	101-103.5
583	O	MeO	direct bond	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	158
584	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,4-diCl-Ph	132-134
585	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(NH_2)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	123-124
586	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,5-diBr-Ph	150.5-151
587	0	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	159-160
588	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2-naphthalenyl	124-125
589 ^c	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_2CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
590	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	184-185
591	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	185-186
592	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	138-139

^{*}See Index Table M for ¹H NMR data.

2-[[[1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethylidene]amino]oxy]methyl]-3-thienyl]-3*H*-

1,2,4-triazol-3-one which is also a compound of this invention.

INDEX TABLE E

$$X$$
 N
 N
 N
 CH_3

<u>Cmpd</u>	$\underline{\mathbf{W}}$	$\underline{\mathbf{X}}$	$\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$	<u>Z</u>	<u>m.p. (°C)</u>
229	O	MeO	direct bond	CH ₂ Br	132-133
230	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,4-diCl-Ph	143-144
231	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	oil*

^a Compound isolated in a 7:3 ratio of Z and E isomers, respectively.

^b Compound isolated in a 5:1 ratio of Z and E isomers, respectively.

^c Compound contains 28% by weight of 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[5-methyl-

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232	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	123-125
233	O	MeO	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	87-89

*See Index Table M for ¹H NMR data.

INDEX TABLE F

Cmpd No.	$\underline{\mathbf{W}}$	$\underline{\mathbf{X}}$	<u>Y</u>	<u>Z</u>	<u>m.p. (°C)</u>
234	O	Cl	direct bond	Me	99-101
235	Ο	MeO	direct bond	Me	123-125
236	O	MeO	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
593	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-CF ₃ -pyridin-2-yl	106-107
594	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,4-diCl-Ph	102-104
595	O	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	135-137
596	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	135-137
597	О	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,5-diBr-Ph	145-147
598	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(NH_2)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	147-148
599	O	MeO	CH ₂ S	5-CF ₃ -4 <i>H</i> -1,2,4-triazol-3-yl	178-179
600	Ο	MeO	direct bond	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	165-166
601	Ο	MeO	CH ₂	3-CF ₃ -1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl	99-100
602	Ο	MeO	CH ₂ O	2-Cl-5-CF ₃ -Ph	106-108
603	О	MeO	CH ₂ O	2,5-diCH ₃ -Ph	91-93
604	Ο	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2-naphthalenyl	semisolid*
605	Ο	MeO	О	3-PhO-Ph	113-114
606	O	Cl	O	3-PhO-Ph	72-75

^{*}See Index Table M for ¹H NMR data.

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INDEX TABLE G

Cmpd No.	<u>X</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>Z</u>	<u>m.p. (C)</u>
607	MeO	direct bond	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	149-150
608	MeO	direct bond	CH ₂ Br	147-149
609	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	2-naphthalenyl	134-136
610	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,4-diCl-Ph	118-119
611	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	4-CF ₃ -pyridin-2-yl	125-127
612	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,5-diCl-Ph	148.5-150.5
613	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-Me ₃ Si-Ph	*lio
614	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(NH_2)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	semisolid*
615	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	81-83
616	MeO	$CH_2O-N=C(CH_3)$	3,5-diBr-Ph	126.5-127.5

^{*}See Index Table M for ¹H NMR data.

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INDEX TABLE H

Cmpd No.	X	<u>Y</u>	<u>Z</u>	<u>m.p. (°C)</u>
617	Cl	O	Me	142-143
618	MeO	O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	216-217
619	MeO	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	222-223
621	MeO	O	3-(4-Cl-Ph)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	226-227
621	MeO	O	Me	180-181
1016	MeO	direct bond	4-Cl-Ph	195-197
1017	MeO	direct bond	4-CF ₃ -Ph	213-214
1018	MeO	direct bond	3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph	222-224
1019	MeO	direct bond	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	150-151
1020	MeO	direct bond	3-Cl-4-F-Ph	203-204
1021	MeO	direct bond	3-CF ₃ -Ph	144-145
1022	MeO	C≡C	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph	199-200
1023	MeO	C≡C	<i>t</i> -Bu	196-198
1024	MeO	C≡C	(EtO) ₂ CH	glue*

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INDEX TABLE I

 Cmpd No.
 X
 Y
 Z
 m.p. (°C)

 622
 MeO
 CH2O-N=C(CH3)
 3-CF3-Ph
 153-155

INDEX TABLE J

$$\begin{array}{c|c} X & & 5 & R^9 \\ X & & & 5 & R^9 \\ N & & & 6 & 7 \\ N & & & & 8 & R^{10a} \\ N & & & & & & \\ Me & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

Cmpd No.	<u>X</u>	<u>R</u> 9	<u>R¹⁰a</u>	<u>Y</u>	m.p. (°C)
623	Cl	Н	Н	CH ₂ O	159-162
624	Cl	5-Me	7-Me	CH ₂ O	204-209
625	Cl	6-Cl	Н	CH ₂ O	175-181
626	MeO	5-Me	7-Me	CH ₂ O	187-197
627	MeO	7-MeO	Н	CH ₂ O	207-210
628	MeO	6-Br	7-Me	CH ₂ O	205-209
629	MeO	5- M e	Н	CH ₂ O	205-208
630	MeO	5-Me	6-Me	CH ₂ O	210-214
631	MeO	5-Me	7-Me	O	210-216
632	MeO	7-MeO	Н	O	191-192
633	MeO	7-Cl	Н	CH ₂ O	225-229
634	MeO	6-Me	7-Me	O	218-219

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635	MeO	5-Me	Н	0	195-199
636	MeO	6-Br	7 -M e	O	187-189
637	MeO	7-F	Н	O	221-226
638	MeO	7-F	Н	CH ₂ O	181-184
639	MeO	Н	Н	O	230-233
640	MeO	Н	Н	CH ₂ O	190-195

INDEX TABLE K

Cmpd No.	<u>X</u>	<u>R13</u>	$\underline{R^9}$	<u>R10a</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>m.p. (°C)</u>
641	MeO	n-Bu	6-I	8-I	CH ₂ O	166-169
642	MeO	n-Pr	6-Br	8-Br	CH ₂ O	160-163
643	MeO	Me	6-1	Н	CH ₂ O	200-204
644	MeO	n-Bu	6-I	8-I	O	165-167

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INDEX TABLE L

Cmpd No.	X	$\underline{R^3}$	R^{4a}	$\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$	\underline{Z}	<u>m.p. (°C)</u>
656	MeO	5-Cl	Н	O	3-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1,2,4-	ж
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
657	MeO	5-Cl	H	O	3-(3,4-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4-	154-155
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
658	MeO	5-Cl	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4-	*
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
659	MeO	5-Cl	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	*
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
660	MeO	5-Cl	Н	O	3-(4-Br-Ph)-1,2,4-	166-168
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
661	MeO	5-Cl	Н	O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	*
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
662	MeO	5-Cl	Н	O	3-(4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph)-1,2,4-	159-160
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
663	MeO	5-Cl	Н	O	3-t-Bu-1,2,4-thiadiazol-	*
					5-yl	
664	MeO	3-Cl	Н	O	3-(4-Br-Ph)-1,2,4-	*
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
665	MeO	3-Cl	Н	O	3-(3,4-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4-	*
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
666	MeO	3-Cl	Н	O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4-	120-124
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
667	MeO	3-C1	Н	O	3-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1,2.4-	*
					thiadiazol-5-yl	
668	MeO	3-Cl	Н	O	3- <i>t</i> -Bu-1,2,4-thiadiazol-	*
					5-yl	

669	MeO	3-Cl	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	130-135
670	MeO	3-Cl	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
671	MeO	3-Cl	Н	O	3-(4- <i>t</i> -Bu-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	*
672	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	152-158
673	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	3-(3,4-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	162-164
674	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	119-12()
675	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	3-(3,5-diF-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	124-126
676	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	3-(3-CH ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	109-111
677	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	3-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	91-93
678	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	3-(4-CH ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	123-125
679	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	109-111
680 Ex. 22	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	95-98
681	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-(2-CH ₃ -PhO)-Ph	oil®
682	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-PhO-Ph	oil*
683	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-(2-Cl-PhO)-Ph	oil*
684	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-(2-F-PhO)-Ph	oil*
685	Cl	6-CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	130-132
686	Cl	6-CH ₃	Н	bond	CH ₂ Br	120-121
687	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	0	6-(2-CH ₃ -PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	135-136
688	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-(4-F-PhO)-Ph	oil*
689	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-(2,6-diF-PhO)-Ph	oil*

690	MeO	4-CH ₃ O	Н	O	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	110-112
691	MeO	4-CH ₃ O	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	107-110
692	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-(2,6-diCl-4-pyridinyl)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	oil/solid*
693	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-(2,6-diCl-benzyl)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	128-129
694	MeO	4-CH ₃ O	Н	O	3-(2,6-diCl-4-pyridinyl)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	150-156
695	MeO	4-CH ₃ O	Н	O	3-(2,6-diCl-benzyl)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	113-119
696	Cl	6-CH ₃	Н	O	CH ₃	132-134
697	Cl	4-CH ₃ O	Н	О	CH ₃	144-146
698	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	6-Cl-4-pyrimidinyl	108-110
699	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3- <i>t</i> -Bu-1,2,4-thiadiazol- 5-yl	146-147
700	MeO	4-CH ₃ O	Н	O	3- <i>t</i> -Bu-1,2,4-thiadiazol- 5-yl	oil*
701	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	О	6-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-4- pyrimidinyl	195-198
702	MeO	4-CH ₃	Н	CH ₂	3-CF ₃ -1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl	368**
703	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	О	6-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-4- pyrimidiny!	148-150
704	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	О	6-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-2- pyrazinyl	128-131
705	MeO	4-CH ₃ O	Н	О	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	173-176
706	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	О	6-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2- pyrazinyl	118-120
707	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	3-F-2-NO ₂ -Ph	oil*
708	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	6-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-2- pyrazinyl	185-187
709	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	Ο	6-Cl-2-pyrazinyl	122-124
710	Cl	6-CO ₂ Me	Н	bond	CH ₂ Br	168-170
711	Cl	6-CO ₂ Me	Н	bond	CHBr ₂	129-131

712	MeO	4-CH ₃ O	Н	O	3-(3,5-diF-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	149-153
713	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	6-(4-CO ₂ Et-Ph)-4- pyrimidinyl	97-103
714	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	6-(4-CO ₂ Et-Ph)-2- pyrazinyl	158-161
715	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	6-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-4- pyrimidinyl	125-127
716	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	6-Ph-2-pyrazinyl	137-139
717	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	6-(4-Cl-Ph)-2-pyrazinyl	166-171
718	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	O	6-(2-Br-PhO)-4- pyrimidiny!	127-129
719 Ex. 23	MeO	6-Et	Н	О	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2.4- thiadiazol-5-yl	136-138
720	MeO	6-CH ₃ S	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	154-156
721	MeO	6-CH ₃ S	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	204-208
722	MeO	6-CH ₃ S	Н	O	3-(3,5-diF-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	164-166
723	MeO	6-Et	Н	О	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	139-142
724	MeO	6-Et	Н	O	3-(3,5-diF-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	115-119
725	MeO	6-СНО	Н	O	3-(3,5-diF-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	125-128
726	MeO	6-CH ₃	Н	О	3-(2-Br-PhO)-Ph	oil*
727	MeO	6-Et	Н	O	3-(4-CH ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	43-55
728	MeO	6-CH ₃ S	Н	0	3-(4-CH ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	138-140
729	MeO	6-СНО	Н	0	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	180-185
730	MeO	6-СНО	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	144-146

731 MeO 6-CHO H O 3-(4-CH ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4	- 118-123
thiadiazol-5-yl 892 MeO 4-Br H direct bond 2-CF_3 -thiazolo[3,2-1] b][1,2,4]triazol-5	
893 MeO 4-Me H direct bond 2-CF ₃ -thiazolo[3,2-b][1,2,4]triazol-5	- 180-182
894 MeO 6-OH H O 3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2 thiadiazol-5-yl	
895 MeO 6-CH ₃ S H O 3- <i>t</i> -Bu-1,2,4-thiadia 5-yl	azol- 146-147
896 MeO 6-Me H O 3-(4-I-PhO)-Ph	oil®
897 MeO 6-CHO H O 3-t-Bu-1,2,4-thiadia	azol- 105-110
5-yl	
898 MeO 6-Et H O 3-t-Bu-1,2,4-thiadia	azol- 132-134
5-yl	
899 MeO 6-Me H O 6-(2-F-PhO)-4-	149-152
pyrimidinyl	
900 MeO 6-Me H O 4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-2-thi	azolyl 134-136
901 MeO 4-Br H CH ₂ ON=C(Me) 3,5-diCl-Ph	*
902 MeO 6-Me H O 2-(2-F-PhO)-4-	oil*
pyrimidinyl	
903 MeO 6-Me H O 4-(2-F-PhO)-2-	oil*
pyrimidinyl	
904 MeO 3-Me H O 3-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-1 thiadiazol-5-yl	,2,4- 122-124
905 MeO 6-Me H OCH ₂ 4-(2,5-diF-Ph)-3-	oil*
furazanyl N-oxid	e
906 MeO 3-Me H O 3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2	2,4- 62-65
thiadiazol-5-yl	
907 MeO 6-Me H O 6-(2-CN-PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	168-172
908 MeO 6-Br H O 4-(3,5-diCF ₃ -Ph)-5	5-Me- 114-117
2-thiazolyl	114-11/
909 MeO 3-Me H CH ₂ ON=C(Me) 3-Me-Ph	119-122
910 MeO 3-Me H O 3-t-Bu-1,2,4-thiadi	azol- 151-153

911	MeO	3-Me	Н	0	3-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	97-98
912	MeO	3-Me	Н	O	3-(4-Br-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	133-135
913	MeO	3-Me	Н	O	3-(3-OCF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	88-90
914	MeO	6-Me	Н	0	4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-5-Me-2- thiazolyl	gum*
915	MeO	5-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	84-86
916	MeO	5-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCl-Ph	100-102
917	MeO	3-Me	Н	0	6-(2-Br-PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	138-141
918	MeO	3-Me	Н	O	6-(2-F-PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	153-155
919	Cl	5-NO ₂	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF3-Ph	н:
920	MeO	5-Me	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5yl	152-154
921	MeO	5-Me	Н	O	3- <i>t</i> -Bu-1.2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	104-105
922	MeO	6-CH ₂ =CH	Н	O	3-(3,5-diCl-Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5yl	171-172
923	MeO	6-Br	Н	O	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-5-Me-2-thiazolyl	128-131
924	MeO	5-NO ₂	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	*
925	MeO	5-NO ₂	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCl-Ph	*
926	MeO	6-Me	Н	O	6-(2-Cl-PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	147-149
927	MeO	6-Me	Н	0	6-(2-Et-PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	127-128
928	MeO	6-Me	Н	O	6-PhO-4-pyrimidinyl	135-137
929	Cl	6-CO ₂ Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	116-117
930	MeO	6-Me	Н	0	6-(2-OMe-PhO)-4-	107-109
					pyrimidinyl	
931	MeO	6-Me	3-Me	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCI-Ph	255
932	MeO	6-Me	Н	0	6-(2-NO ₂ -PhO)-4-	70-73
					pyrimidinyl	

933	MeO	6-Me	Н	O	6-(2-NH ₂ -PhO)-4- pyrimidinyl	140-145
934	MeO	6-Me	Н	O	3-CO ₂ Me-6-CF ₃ -2- pyridinyl	146-147
935	MeO	6-Br	Н	O	4-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)-5-Me-2- thiazolyl	108-112
936	MeO	6-BrCH ₂	Н	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	oil*
937	MeO	6-Me	Н	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	4-Me-Ph	oil*
938	MeO	6-СНО	Н	0	3-(4-CF ₃ -Ph)-1,2,4- thiadiazol-5-yl	112-114
939	MeO	6-СНО	Н	O	3-(2,6-Cl-4-pyridinyl)- 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl	155-157
940	MeO	6-Me	Н	O	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-5-Br-2-thiazolyl	184-187
941	MeO	6-Me	Н	O	4-t-Bu-2-thiazolyl	79-81
942	MeO	6-Me	Н	O	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-5-Me-2-thiazolyl	157-160
943	MeO	6-SiMe ₃	Н	O	4-(3-CF ₃ O-Ph)- 5-SiMe ₃ -2-thiazolyl	*
944	MeO	6-Me	Н	0	4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-5-Br-2- thiazolyl	100-101
945	MeO	6- <i>n</i> -C ₅ H ₁₁	Н	О	4- <i>t</i> -Bu-5-Me-2-thiazolyl	oil*
946	MeO	6- <i>n</i> -C ₅ H ₁₁	Н	O	4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-5-Me-2- thiazolyl	oil*
947	Cl	5-Cl	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oits
948	MeO	5-C1	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	121-123
949	Cl	6-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
950	MeO	6-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
951	Cl	4-OMe	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
952	MeO	4-OMe	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	115-117
953	MeO	4-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
954	MeO	3-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
955	MeO	6-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCl-Ph	*
956	MeO	6-OMe	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCl-Ph	foam*
957	MeO	6-OMe	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	ťoam*
958	MeO	3-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCl-Ph	159-161
959	MeO	6-F	Н	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
960	MeO	6-F	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCl-Ph	120-121

961	MeO	6-Me	Н	$CH_2ON=C(Me)$	3,5-diBr-Ph	163-164
962	MeO	6-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ O-Ph	oil*
963	MeO	6-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,4-diCl-Ph	109-110
964	MeO	6-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	4-CF ₃ -2-pyridinyl	oil*
965	MeO	6-Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	2-naphthalenyl	glue*
966	MeO	3-F	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	solid*
967	MeO	4-Me	6-Me	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
968	Cl	6-CO ₂ Me	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	109-111
969	MeO	4-Me	6-Me	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3,5-diCl-Ph	116-119
970	MeO	4-Br	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	126-128
971	MeO	4-Me ₃ SiC≡C	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	oil*
972	MeO	4-HC≡C	Н	CH ₂ ON=C(Me)	3-CF ₃ -Ph	gum*
973 a	MeO	6-Br	Н	O	4-(3-CF ₃ -Ph)-5-Me-2-	125-130
					thiazolyl	
974	MeO	6-CHO	Н	O	CH ₃ OCH ₂	116-117
975	MeO	6-CH ₂ Br	Н	O	CH ₃ OCH ₂	144-145
976	MeO	6-Me	Н	O ·	3-CF ₃ -PhOCH ₂	oil*
977	MeO	6-Me	Н	O	3-CF ₃ -Ph	95-96
978	MeO	6- M e	Н	O	4-Cl-Ph	87-89

^a Compound contains 20% by weight of 4-[2-chloro-6-[[5-methyl-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-thiazolyl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one.

^{*} See Index Table M for ¹H NMR data.

^{**} Protonated parent molecular ion (m/e) measured by mass spectrometry using atmospheric pressure chemical ionization in the positive ion mode (APCI+). The ion shown corresponds to the M+H+ ion calculated from the integral values of the atomic weights of the most abundant isotope of each element present.

INDEX TABLE M

	INDEX TABLE W
Cmpd No.	¹ H NMR Data (CDCl ₃ solution unless indicated otherwise) ^a
2	δ 7.51(dd,1H), 7.27(dt,1H), 7.17(m,2H), 6.97(dd,1H), 6.6(m,3H),
	3.92(s,3H), 3.74 (s,3H), 3.33 (s,3H).
3	δ 7.32(m,7H), 6.99(m,2H), 5.08(s,2H), 3.84(s,3H), 3.42(s,3H).
4	δ 7.25(m,4H), 3.98(s,3H), 3.45(s,3H), 2.30(s,3H).
5	δ 7.61(d,1H), 7.35(m,3H), 7.11(m,2H), 6.84(t,2H), 5.12(s,2H),
	3.96(s,3H), 3.415(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H).
14	δ 7.65(d,1H), 7.45(m,2H), 7.23(m,1H), 7.10(m,2H), 6.82(t,1H),
	6.78(d,1H), 5.08(s,2H), 4.29(m,2H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H), 1.31(t,3H).
17	$\delta7.6\text{-}7.45(\text{m},5\text{H}),7.20(\text{m},1\text{H}),7.14(\text{d},2\text{H}),5.27(\text{d},1\text{H}),5.16(\text{d},1\text{H}),$
	3.46(s,3H), 2.34(s,3H), 2.16(s,3H).
19	δ 7.6(d,1H), 7.5(m,3H), 7.4(t,1H), 7.25(m,1H), 7.15(d,2H), 5.26(d.1H).
	5.20(d,1H), 3.48(s,3H), 2.41(s,3H), 2.43(s,3H), 2.18(s,3H).
20	δ 7.62(m,2H), 7.5(m,2H), 7.35-7.2(m,4H), 5.25(d,1H), 5.15(d,1H),
	3.48(s,3H), 3.02(m,2H), 2.85(m,2H).
21	δ 7.42(m,2H), 7.10(m,1H), 7.06(m,3H), 6.99(t,1H), 6.68(d,2H),
	3.37(s,3H), 2.51(s,3H).
23	δ 8.01(s,1H), 7.61(d,1H), 7.52(m,4H), 7.35(m,3H), 7.25(d,1H),
	5.23(d,1H), 5.15(d,1H), 3.49(s,3H).
24	δ 7.6(m,2H), 7.5-7.4(m,3H), 7.3-7.2(m,3H), 5.24(d,1H), 5.20(d,1H),
	3.48(s,3H), 2.40(s,3H).
25	δ 7.6-7.4(m,4H), 7.35(m,2H), 7.2(m,2H), 7.0(d,2H), 6.6(m,3H),
	5.04(d,1H), 5.00(d,1H), 3.45(s,3H).
26	δ 7.6(d,1H), 7.45(m,2H), 7.33(t,2H), 7.19(m,2H), 7.10(t,1H), 7.01(d,2H).
	6.6(m,3H), 5.03(m,2H), 3.87(s,3H), 3.39(s,3H).
35	δ 7.6-7.4(m,7H), 7.23(d,1H), 5.28(d,1H), 5.17(d,1H), 3.46(s.3H),
	2.14(s,3H).
36	δ 7.80(d,2H), 7.65-7.45(m,6H), 7.36(d,2H), 7.30(m,1H), 7.25(m,1H).
	7.10(t,1H), $5.15(d,1H)$, $5.10(d,1H)$, $3.45(s,2H)$.
38	δ 7.77(d,2H), 7.6(m,2H), 7.47(m,4H), 7.35(m,3H), 7.25(m,1H),
	7.10(m,1H), 5.13(d,1H), 5.12(d,1H), 3.89(s,3H), 3.38(s,3H).
39	δ 8.03(s,1H), 7.70(d,1H), 7.53(m,2H), 7.35-7.25(m,5H), 5.06(s,2H),
	3.46(s,3H).

40	δ 7.6-7.5(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.13(s,1H), 7.02(d,1H), 6.78(d,1H),
	5.96(s,2H), 5.26(d,1H), 5.14(d,1H), 3.48(s,3H), 2.13(s,3H).
41	δ 8.04(s,1H), 7.8(m,1H), 7.45(m,2H)7.35-7.25(m,5H), 5.10(s,2H),
	3.86(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H).
42	δ 7.58(m,1H), 7.43(m,2H), 7.25(m,1H), 7.15(m,1H), 7.02(d,1H),
	6.76(d,1H), 5.96(s,2H), 5.22(d,1H), 5.18(d,1H)3.89(s,3H), 3.42(s,3H),
	2.15(s,3H).
43	δ 8.40(s,1H), 7.6(m,1H), 7.5-7.4(m,5H), 7.3(d,1H), 7.18(m,2H),
	6.38(s,1H), 3.45(s,3H).
45	δ 7.55(d,1H), 7.40(m,3H), 7.20(m,4H), 5.21(d,1H), 3.87(s,3H),
	3.42(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H).
47	$\delta7.6\text{-}7.2(m,9H),5.4\text{-}5.2(m,2H),3.87,3.83(s,3H),3.41,3.40(s,3H).$
48	δ 7.6(m,3H), 7.44(m,2H), 7.35(m,3H), 7.25(m,1H), 5.26(d,1H),
	5.22(d,1H), 3.88(s,3H), 3.49(s,3H), 2.20(s,3H).
49	$\delta7.5(\text{d,1H}),7.40(\text{m,4H}),7.23(\text{m,2H}),7.18(\text{d,1H}),5.26(\text{d,1H}),$
	5.21(d,1H), 3.88(s,3H)3.41(s,3H), 2.36(s,3H), 2.19(s,3H).
50	δ 7.56(m,3H), 7.45(m,2H), 7.25(m,1H), 6.86(d,2H), 5.24(d,1H),
	5.19(d,1H), 3.88(s,3H), 3.81(s,3H), 3,41(s,3H), 2.17(s,3H).
51	δ 7.5(m,2H), 7.45(m,3H), 7.3(m,3H), 5.27(d,1H), 5.22(d,1H), 3.89(s,3H).
52	δ 8.02,8.01(s,1H), 7.8,7.7(m,1H), 7.45(m,2H), 7.35(m,4H), 7.25(m,2H),
	5.25(m,1H), 3.88,3.74(s,3H), 3.45,3.39(s,3H), 1.62-1.56(m,3H).
53	δ 8.04(s,1H), 7.81(m,1H), 7.45(m,2H), 7.38-7.18(m,5H), 5.18(s,2H),
	3.86(s,3H), 3.42(s,3H), 2.38(s,3H).
54	δ 7.35(m,4H), 7.20(m,2H), 7.05(d,2H), 6.95(d,1H), 3.46(s,3H).
55	δ 7.6-7.45(m,3H), 7.2(m,1H), 4.67(d,1H), 4.48(d,1H), 3.56(s,3H).
56	δ 7.5(m,1H), 7.44(m,2H), 7.22(m,1H), 4.60(d,1H), 4.36(d,1H),
	3.96(s,3H), 3.47(s,3H).
60	δ 7.72(d,2H), 7.58(d,3H), 7.50(m,2H), 7.26(m,1H), 5.30(d,1H),
	5.24(d,1H), 3.48(s,3H), 2.42(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H).
61	δ 7.70(m,2H), 7.60(m,2H), 7.43(m,3H), 7.23(m,1H), 5.30(d,1H),
	5.25(d,1H), 3.85(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H).
62	δ 8.40(s,1H), 7.70(m,2H), 7.6-7.3(m,6H), 6.59(s,1H), 3.80(s,3H),
	339(s,3H).
64	δ 8.40(s,1H), 7.5-7.2(m,7H), 7.02(,1H), 6.33(s,1H)3.78(s,3H), 3.36(s,3H),
	2.18(s,3H).

65	δ 8.42(s,1H), 7.55-7.26(m,7H), 7.16(d,2H), 6.36(s,1H),
	3.79(s,3H)3.36(s,3H).
69	δ 7.6-7.3(m,7H), 7.25(m,1H), 5.24(d,1H), 5.21(d,1H)3.89(s,3H),
	3.41(s,3H), 2.18(s,3H), 1.31(s,9H).
70	$\delta7.60(d,1H),7.45-7.38(m,3H),7.35-7.20(m,2H),7.11(d,1H),5.74(d,1H).$
	5.21(d,1H), 3.88(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H), 2.26(s,3H), 2.18(s,3H).
75	δ 8.56(s,1H), 7.58(m,1H), 7.40(m,3H), 6.99(s,1H), 3.43(s,3H).
76	$\delta7.66(d,\!2H),7.58(m,\!5H),7.5\text{-}7.3(m,\!5H),7.25(m,\!1H),5.28(d,\!1H),$
	5.24(d,1H), 3.90(s,3H), 3.47(s,3H), 2.23(s,3H).
77	δ7.68(d,1H), 7.6-7.5(m,2H), 7.25(m,1H), 7.00(d,1H), 6.68(d,1H),
	6.61(s,1H), 5.05(d,1H), 5.00(d,1H), 3.49(s,3H), 2.29(s,3H), 2.16(s,3H).
82	δ 8.02(s,2H), 7.82(s,1H), 7.6-7.45(m,3H), 7.25(m,1H), 5.33(d,1H),
	5.21(d,1H), 3.50(s,3H), 2.23(s,3H).
84	δ 7.6(d,1H), 7.5-7.4(m,2H), 7.4-7.2(m,5H) ,5.20(d,2H), 3.89(s,3H).
	3.40(s,3H), 2.18(m,1H), 0.90(m,2H), 0.60(m,2H).
86	Two isomers: δ 7.75-7.40(m,8H), [5.29(s) and 5.22(m)](2H), [3.58(s)
	and $3.55(s)$](3H), [2.88(s) and 2.83(s)](3H), [2.23(s) and 2.17(s)](3H).
88	δ 7.60(m,2H), 7.40(m,4H), 7.26(m,2H), 5.25(d,1H), 5.22(d,1H),
	3.88(s,3H), 3.40(s,3H), 2.20(s,3H), 1.33(s,9H).
89	δ 7.80(s,1H), 7.58(m,5H), 7.40(m,6H), 7.25(m,1H), 5.25(m,2H),
	3.87(s,3H), 3.39(s,3H), 2.25(s,3H).
90	δ 7.58(d,1H), 7.42(m,2H), 7.24(m,2H), 7.17(m,2H), 6.85(d,1H),
	5.22(m,2H), 4.58(m,1H), 3.89(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.17(s,3H),
	1.33(d,6H).
94	δ 7.67(s,1H), 7.60-7.45(m,3H), 7.41(s,2H), 7.22(m,1H), 5.30(d,1H),
	5.16(d,1H), 3.49(s,3H), 2.14(s,3H).
96	δ 7.80(m,2H), 7.58(m,2H), 7.50(m,3H), 7.25(m,1H), 5.28(d,1H),
	5.25(d,1H), 3.89(s,3H), 3.40(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
99	δ 7.82(s,1H), 7.79(d,1H), 7.58(m,2H), 7.45(m,3H), 7.25(m,1H),
	5.22(m,2H), 3.89(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.77(q,2H), 1.10(t,3H).
100	$\delta~8.45(s,1H),~8.20(m,1H),~7.95(d,1H),~7.6-7.4(m,4H),~7.25(m,1H).$
	5.30(d,1H), 5.26(d,1H), 3.90(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H).
110	δ 7.60(d,1H), 7.45(m,2H), 7.25(m,1H), 7.20(s,2H), 7.00(s,1H),
	5.25(d,1H), 5.21(d,1H), 3.88(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.32(s,6H), 2.18(s,3H).
111	δ 7.8(m,1H), 7.75(m,1H), 7.6-7.4(m,5H), 7.2(m,1H), 5.33(d,1H),
	5.17(d,1H), 3.45(s,3H), 2.18(s,3H).

112	Major Isomer: δ 7.6-7.4(m,3H), 7.34-7.20(m,5H), 5.24(d,1H),
	5.14(d,1H), 3.46(s,3H), 2.10(m,1H), 0.90(m,2H), 0.55(m,2H).
113	δ 7.89(s,1H), 7.80(d,1H), 7.60(m,2H), 7.43(m,3H), 7.25(m,1H),
	5.28(d,1H), 5.24(d,1H), 3.90(s,3H), 3.42(s,3H), 2.19(s,3H).
114	δ 8.6(d,1H), 8.0(d,1H), 7.6(m,2H), 7.5(m,3H), 7.2(m,1H), 5.48(d,1H).
	4.6(d,1H), 3.56(s,3H), 3.4(s,3H).
115	$\delta~7.64(s,1H),~7.58-7.42(m,4H),~7.30(m,1H),~7.25(m,1H),~5.29(d,1H).$
	5.24(d,1H), 3.90(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.19(s,3H).
121	δ 7.6-7.4(m,5H), 7.36(t,1H), 7.20(m,2H), 5.30(d,1H), 5.18(d,1H),
	3.47(s,3H), 2.17(s,3H).
123	δ 7.72(d,2H), 7.58(d,2H), 7.51(m,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 5.31(s,2H),
	3.94(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H).
125	δ 7.62(m,1H), 7.49(m,2H), 7.32(m,5H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.95(s,3H),
	3.44(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H).
126	δ 7.77(t,1H), 7.49(m,3H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.22(m,1H), 5.28(s,2H),
	3.94(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.2(s,3H).
127	δ 7.53(m,3H), 7.32(m,5H), 5.27(s,2H), 3.93(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H),
	2.20(s,3H).
128	$\delta \ 7.48 (m,5H), \ 7.33 (m,3H), \ 5.27 (s,2H), \ 3.93 (s,3H), \ 3.42 (s,3H), \ 2.2 (s,3H).$
129	δ 7.59(m,2H), 7.52(m,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.02(m,2H), 5.27(s,2H).
	3.94(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
130	δ 7.56(m,3H), 7.33(m,3H), 6.86(m,2H), 5.25(s,2H), 3.93(s,3H),
	3.81(s,3H), 2.43(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H).
131	δ 7.92(m,1H), 7.84(d,1H), 7.6(m,1H), 7.47(m,2H), 7.33(m,3H),
	5.30(s,2H), 3.98(s,3H), 3.45(s,3H), 2.23(s,3H).
132	δ 7.73(d,2H), 7.62(d,2H), 7.50(m,1H), 7.35(m,3H), 5.31(s,2H),
	3.96(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.23(s,3H).
133	δ 7.5(m,3H), 7.33(m,3H), 7.14(d,2H), 5.26(s,2H), 3.92(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H),
	2.34(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H).
134	δ 7.51(m,2H), 7.34(m,5H), 5.27(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H),
	2.37(s,3H), 2.2(s,3H).
135	δ 7.51(m,1H), 7.33(m,3H), 7.18(d,1H), 7.06(m,1H), 6.76(d,1H),
	5.95(s,2H), 5.24(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.18(s,3H).
136	δ 7.53(m,1H), 7.40(s,1H), 7.34(m,4H), 7.1(d,1H), 5.26(s,2H), 3.93(s,3H),
	3.43(s,3H), 2.26(s,3H), 2.25(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H).

3.44(s,3H), 2.19(s,3H). 8 7.71(m,2H), 7.58(m,5H), 7.44(m,2H), 7.34(m,4H), 5.3(s,2H), 3.93(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.26(s,3H). 7.63(m,1H), 7.54(m,1H), 7.37(m,3H), 7.3(m,3H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.92(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H), 1.33(s,9H). 8 8.07(s,2H), 7.83(s,1H), 7.51(m,1H), 7.35(m,3H), 5.35(s,2H), 3.96(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H). 8 7.53(d,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.18(m,2H), 6.89(m,1H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H). 8 7.83(t,1H), 7.58(m,5H), 7.43(m,3H), 7.34(m,4H), 5.3(s,2H), 3.91(s,3H),
3.93(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.26(s,3H). 7.63(m,1H), 7.54(m,1H), 7.37(m,3H), 7.3(m,3H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.92(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H), 1.33(s,9H). δ 8.07(s,2H), 7.83(s,1H), 7.51(m,1H), 7.35(m,3H), 5.35(s,2H), 3.96(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H). δ 7.53(d,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.18(m,2H), 6.89(m,1H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
7.63(m,1H), 7.54(m,1H), 7.37(m,3H), 7.3(m,3H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.92(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H), 1.33(s,9H). δ 8.07(s,2H), 7.83(s,1H), 7.51(m,1H), 7.35(m,3H), 5.35(s,2H), 3.96(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H). δ 7.53(d,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.18(m,2H), 6.89(m,1H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
3.43(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H), 1.33(s,9H). 8 8.07(s,2H), 7.83(s,1H), 7.51(m,1H), 7.35(m,3H), 5.35(s,2H), 3.96(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H). 8 7.53(d,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.18(m,2H), 6.89(m,1H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
140 δ 8.07(s,2H), 7.83(s,1H), 7.51(m,1H), 7.35(m,3H), 5.35(s,2H), 3.96(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H). 141 δ 7.53(d,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.18(m,2H), 6.89(m,1H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
3.96(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H). δ 7.53(d,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.18(m,2H), 6.89(m,1H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
δ 7.53(d,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.18(m,2H), 6.89(m,1H), 5.28(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
5.28(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
142 δ 7.83(t,1H), 7.58(m,5H), 7.43(m,3H), 7.34(m,4H), 5.3(s,2H), 3.91(s,3H),
3.42(s,3H), 2.28(s,3H).
143 δ 7.56(m,3H), 7.33(m,5H), 7.13(m,1H), 6.99(m,4H), 5.26(s,2H),
3.94(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
144 δ 8.57(d,1H), 7.85(d,1H), 7.65(t,1H), 7.53(d,1H), 7.3-7.4(m,3H),
7.22(t,1H), 5.32(s,2H), 3.95(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.3(s,3H).
145 δ 7.54(m,1H), 7.32(m,3H), 7.2(t,1H), 6.95(m,2H), 6.73(m,1H),
5.27(s,2H), 3.91(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.95(s,6H), 2.22(s,3H).
146 δ 7.52(m,3H), 7.34(m,4H), 7.18(m,1H), 5.29(s,2H), 3.94(s,3H),
3.43(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
147 δ 7.54(m,3H), 7.33(m,3H), 6.96(m,2H), 6.88(m,4H), 5.25(s,2H),
3.93(s,3H), 3.8(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H).
153 δ 7.5(m,1H), 7.34(m,7H), 7.26(m,1H), 7.11(m,1H), 6.97(m,2H),
5.25(s,2H), 3.92(s,3H), 3.42(s,3H), 2.2(s,3H).
154 δ 7.53(m,1H), 7.33(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H), 7.15(m,2H), 6.86(m,1H),
5.27(s,2H), 4,57(m,1H), 3.92(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H), 1.33(d,6H).
155 δ 7.49(m,3H), 7.34(m,4H), 5.29(s,2H), 3.95(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H),
2.18(s,3H).
156 δ 7.87(d,1H), 7.78(d,1H), 7.6(m,1H), 7.5(m,2H), 7.33(m,3H), 5.3(s,2H),
3.95(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.77(q,2H), 1.12(t,3H).
157 δ 7.47-7.45(m,1H), 7.39-7.27(m,3H), 5.09(s,2H), 3.95(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H),
1.79-1.68(m,9H), 1.31-1.20(m,5H).
158 δ 7.48-7.28(m,4H), 5.10 and 5.08(2s,2H total), 3.95 and
3.81(2s,2H total), 3.44 and 3.35(2s,3H total), 1.85-1.79(m,8H),
1.26-0.84(m,14H).

159	δ 7.82(d,2H), 7.77(d,1H), 7.58(m,5H), 7.45(t,1H), 7.34(m,3H),
	5.31(s,2H), 3.92(s,3H), 3.42(s,3H)2.29(s,3H).
160	δ 7.48(m,3H), 7.33(m,6H), 7.23(m,1H), 7.14(d,1H), 7.00(d,1H),
	5.26(s,2H), 3.93(s,3H), 3.42(s,3H), 2.2(s,3H).
161	δ 7.66(s,1H), 7.51(m,2H), 7.33(m,4H), 5.32(s,2H), 3.96(s,3H),
	3.44(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
162	δ 7.53(d,1H), 7.35(m,3H), 7.24(m,2H), 6.98(s,1H), 5.27(s,2H),
	3.92(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.31(s,6H), 2.21(s,3H).
164	$\delta7.45\text{-}7.55(\text{d},1\text{H}),7.30\text{-}7.35(\text{m},3\text{H}),6.45(\text{d},1\text{H}),6.05(\text{d},1\text{H}),5.26(\text{s},2\text{H}).$
	3.96(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.33(s,3H), 2.13(s,3H).
165	δ 7.52(d,1H), 7.45(s,1H), 7.37-7.31(m,3H), 6.92(s,1H), 5.30(s,2H).
	3.95(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.50(s,3H), 2.32(s,3H), 2.30(s,3H).
166	δ 7.53(m,3H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.18(d,2H), 5.26(s,2H), 3.93(s,3H),
	3.43(s,3H), 2.5(br,1H), 2.22(s,3H), 1.78(m,6H), 1.41(m,4H).
168	$\delta~8.57 (s,1H),~8.40 - 8.50 (m,2H),~7.43 - 7.50 (m,4H),~7.35 - 7.40 (m,3H),$
	5.30(s,2H), 3.96(s,3H), 3.44(m,3H), 2.55(s,3H), 2.24(s,3H).
169	δ 8.45(t,1H), 7.80(t,1H), 7.57(s,1H), 7.33-7.50(m,6H), 5.35(s,2H),
	3.89(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 2.33(s,3H).
171	δ 7.69(d,2H), 7.62(m,1H), 7.49(m,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 5.29(s,2H),
	3.96(s,3H), 3.45(s,3H), 2.17(s,3H).
172	δ 7.86(m,2H), 7.5(m,1H), 7.33(m,3H), 7.18(m,1H), 5.29(s,2H),
	3.96(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 2.23(s,3H).
173	$\delta 7.47 (\text{d,1H}), 7.30\text{-}7.39 (\text{m,3H}), 7.19 (\text{s,1H}), 6.79 (\text{s,1H}), 5.30 (\text{s,2H}).$
	3.97(s,3H), 3.91(s,3H), 3.45(s,3H), 2.15(s,3H).
176	Major isomer: δ 7.69(t,1H), 7.57(d,2H), 7.35(m,4H), 5.17(s,2H),
	4.03(s,3H), 3.97(s,3H), 3,45(s,3H). Minor isomer: δ 7.7(t,1H).
	7.6(d,2H), 7.50(m,4H), 5.11(s,2H), 3.88(s,3H), 3.73(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H).
177	δ 7.53(m,1H), 7.45(m1H), 7.42(m,1H), 7.34(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H),
	7.17(m1H), $5.28(s,2H)$, $3.91(s,3H)$, $3.42(s,3H)$, $2.65(q,2H)$, $2.23(s,3H)$,
	1.23(t,3H).
178	δ 7.60-7.30(m,7H), 5.29(s,2H), 3.95(s,3H), 3.94(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H),
	2.30(s,3H).
179	δ 2.34(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 3.93(s,3H), 5.33(s,2H), 7.35(m,3H),
	7.47(m,2H), 7.56(t,1H), 7.83(m,4H), 7.97(d,1H).
180	δ 2.34(s,3H), 2.51(s,3H), 3.44(d,3H), 3.94(d,3H), 5.32(s,2H), 7.35(m,4H),
	7.565(m,2H), 7.71(m,2H), 7.83(m,1H), 7.93(s,1H).

181	δ 2.33(s,3H), 3.43(s,3H), 3.91(s,3H), 3.93(s,3H), 5.32(s,2H), 7.13(m,2H),
	7.35(m,3H), 7.56(m,1H), 7.70(m,1H), 7.75(m,1H), 7.83(m,1H),
	7.905(s,1H).
182	δ 2.33(s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 3.95(s,3H), 5.33(s,2H), 7.35(m,3H),
	7.55(m,2H), 7.70(t,2H), 7.925(m,3H).
183	δ 1.78(m,4H), 2.21(s,3H), 2.75(d,4H), 3.43(s,3H), 3.92(s,3H), 5.26(s,2H),
	7.01(m,1H), 7.20(m,1H), 7.32(m,5H), 7.52(m,1H).
189	δ 7.63(m,3H), 7.40(m,5H), 7.20(m,1H), 5.12(AB q, 2H), 3.94(d,3H),
	3.875(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H).
190	δ 7.75(m,1H), 7.48(m,5H), 7.22(m,2H), 5.24(q,2H), 3.89(s,3H),
	3.41(s,3H), 2.16(s,3H).
192	$\delta~8.05(d,1H),~7.6-7.9(m,1H),~7.6(s,1H),~7.4-7.6(m,5H),~7.2-7.3(1H),\\$
	5.3(m,1H), 3.7-3.9(d,3H), 3.45(m,3H), 1.6(m,3H).
193	δ 3.47(s,3H), 6.7-6.8(m,3H), 7.0(m,3H), 7.12(t,3H), 7.2-7.3(m,2H),
	7.3-7.5(m,4H).
194	δ 3.38(s,3H), 3.83(s,3H), 6.7-6.8(m,3H), 7.0-7.1(m,3H), 7.1-7.2(m,3H),
	7.3-7.4(m,4H).
198	δ 7.94(t,1H), 7.66(m,1H), 7.54(m,2H), 7.43(m,2H), 7.23(d,1H),
	7.06(t,1H), 5.24(q,2H), 3.88(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.14(s,3H).
199	δ 7.55(m,1H), 7.51(m,2H), 7.46(m,2H), 7.25(m,1H), 5.14(q,2H),
	4.08(s,3H), 3.915(s,3H), 3.435(s,3H).
200	δ 7.92(s,1H), 7.85(d,1H), 7.60(m,2H), 7.45(m,3H), 7.24(m,1H),
	5.14(q,2H), 4.03(s,3H), 3.88(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H).
201	δ 7.2-7.5(m,4H), 6.9-7.3(t,1H), 3.42(s,3H), 2.22(s,3H).
203	δ 7.55(m,5H), 7.25(d,1H), 5.12(q,2H), 4.07(s,3H), 3.53(s,3H).
204	δ 7.85(s,1H), 7.75(d,1H), 7.4-7.7(m,5H), 7.3(d,1H), 7.05(t,1H),
	5.23(m,2H), 3.34(s,3H), 2.19(s,3H).
205	δ 7.45-7.65(m,5H), 7.33(s,1H), 7.26(d,1H), 5.1-5.4(m,2H), 3.5(s,3H),
	2.13(s,3H).
207	87.60(d,1H), 7.50-7.30(m,4H), 7.25(m,2H), 5.23(d,1H), 5.20(d,1H),
	3.89(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.18(s,3H), 1.68(s,4H), 1.26(m,12H).
209	δ 7.58(m,1H), 7.37(m,2H), 7.23(m,3H), 6.60(d,2H), 4.23(s,2H),
	3.86(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H).
210	(for the E/Z mixture) δ 7.66 and 7.21 (2s,1H total),
	7.25-7.54 (m,4H total), 3.93 and 3.91 (2s,3H total), 3.44 (s,3H),
	1.54 and 1.25 (2s,9H total).

211	δ 8.18(s,1H), 7.98(m,1H), 7.82(m,1H), 7.50(m,4H), 7.30(d,1H),
	5.59(d,1H), 5.46(d,1H), 3.39(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H).
212	δ 7.56(m,2H), 7.44(m,3H), 7.25(m,2H), 5.26(AB q, 2H), 3.9(s,3H),
	3.41(s,3H), 2.1(s,3H).
214	δ 7.68(d,1H), 7.6(m,1H), 7.48(m,4H), 7.28(m,1H), 5.41(AB q,2H),
	3.91(s,3H), 3.38(s,3H), 3.20(s,3H).
215	$\delta7.6(d,1H),7.3-7.5(m,4H),7.2(d,1H),6.95(s,1H),6.9(d,1H),4.27(s,2H),$
	3.86(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 1.95(s,3H).
217	δ 7.65(d,1H), 7.6-7.1(m,6H), 5.15(m,2H), 3.95(m,1H), 3.45(s,3H),
	2.6(d,3H), 2.2(s,3H), 1.65(s,4H), 1.25(s,12H).
220	δ 3.6(s,3H), 6.8(m,3H), 7.0-7.1(m,3H), 7.1-7.2(m,2H), 7.3(m,1H),
	7.35(m,3H), 7.45(m,1H).
221	[in Me ₂ SO- d_6]: δ 1.95(s,3H), 2.0(s,3H), 3.75(d,2H), 3.85(s,3H).
	6.55(m,2H), 7.05(m,1H), 7.4-7.5(m,3H), 9.05(s,1H).
222	δ 7.76(s,1H), 7.60(m,1H), 7.54(m,1H), 7.36(d,1H), 7.32(d,1H),
	6.94(d,1H), 5.29(s,2H), 3.89(s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H), 0.28(s,9H).
231	δ 7.67(m,1H), 7.52(m,3H), 7.36(m,4H), 5.35(s,2H), 3.77(s,3H),
	3.44(s,3H), 2.20(s,3H), 0.27(s,9H).
236	δ 8.68(d,1H), 7.80(s,1H), 7.75(d,1H), 7.60(m,2H), 7.43(m,2H),
	5.54(d,1H), 5.40(d,1H), 3.82(s,3H), 3.35(s,3H), 2.17(s,3H).
237	δ 7.84(s,1H), 7.77(d,J=8Hz, 1H), 7.58(m,2H), 7.45(m,3H), 7.26(m,1H),
	5.31(d,J=13Hz, 1H), 5.22(d,J=13Hz, 1H), 3.89(s,3H), 3.81(m,2H),
	2.21 (s,3H), 1.33(t,J=7Hz, 3H).
238	δ 1.6-1.8 (m,13H), 2.0-2.1 (m,5H), 3.44 (s,3H), 3.94 (s,3H), 5.09 (s,2H),
	7.32 (m,3H), 7.48 (m,1H).
240	δ 7.39 (m,1H), 7.33 (d,2H), 7.26 (m,1H), 6.99 (m,2H), 6.88 (m,2H).
	5.01 (s,2H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H).
243	δ 7.43 (m,3H), 7.28 (m,1H), 7.22 (m,2H), 7.15 (m,1H), 7.04 (m,1H).
	5.12 (q,2H) 4.51 (s,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 1.91 (s,3H).
244	δ 7.45 (m,3H), 7.23 (m,1H), 5.06 (q,2H), 4.05 (s,2H), 3.93 (s,3H),
	3.895 (s,3H), 3.44(s,3H), 1.94 (s,3H).
246	δ 7.58 (m,1H), 7.41 (m,4H), 7.26 (m,3H), 5.12 (q,2H), 4.08 (d,2H),
	3.92 (s,3H), 3.44 (s,3H), 1.96 (s,3H).
247	δ 7.57 (m,1H), 7.44 (m,3H), 7.32 (d,2H), 7.24 (m,1H), 5.27 (q,2H),
	3.9 (s,3H), 3.415 (s,3H), 2.12 (s,3H).

249	δ 7.44 (m,3H), 7.23 (m,1H), 6.96 (m,1H), 6.81 (m,2H), 5.12 (q,2H).
	4.44 (s,2H), 3.9 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 1.89 (s,3H).
250	δ 7.6 (d,1H), 7.15-7.5 (m,5H), 6.95 (s,1H), 6.85 (d,1H), 4.24 (s,2H),
	3.85 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 2.3 (m,2H), 1.05 (t,3H).
252	δ 7.45 (m,4H), 7.25 (m,2H), 5.30 and 5.10 (2m,2H total), 3.91 and
	3.88 (2s,3H total), 3.42 and 3.41 (2s,3H total), 2.14 and 2.11 (2s,3H total).
254	δ 7.56 (m,3H), 7.45 (m,2H), 7.35 (t,1H), 7.25 (m,1H), 5.12 (q,2H),
	4.01 (s,3H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H).
255	δ 3.47 (s,3H), 3.77 (s,3H), 6.61 (m,2H), 6.70 (m,1H),
	7.01 (dd,1H,J=1.2,8.2), 7.2-7.3 (m,2H), 7.34-7.42 (m,2H).
259	δ 1.80 (d,6H), 3.52 (s,3H), 5.01 (q,2H), 7.26 (m,1H), 7.52 (m,3H).
262	δ 7.85 (d,1H), 7.8 (m,1H), 7.55 (d,1H), 7.45 (m,2H), 7.25 (1H),
	7.2 (t,1H), 5.25 (m,2H), 3.9 (s,3H), 3.4 (s,3H), 2.19 (s,3H).
265	δ 7.84 (m,3H), 7.64 (d,2H), 7.6-7.55 (m,1H), 7.5-7.4 (m,2H), 3.88 (s,3H),
	3.43 (s,3H).
273	$\delta~8.11~(\text{d,2H}),~7.85~(\text{d,1H}),~7.77~(\text{d,2H}),~7.6\text{-}7.5~(\text{m,1H}),~7.5\text{-}7.4~(\text{m,2H}),$
	3.89 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H).
275	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.85 (s,3H), 6.7-6.9 (m,3H), 6.95 (m,1H), 7.1 (m,1H),
	7.2-7.4 (m,5H), 7.5 (m,1H), 7.6 (m,1H).
276	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 6.71-6.78 (m,3H), 7.0-7.1 (m,2H),
	7.2-7.4 (m,5H), 7.54 (m,1H), 7.95 (dd,1H,J=1.7,8.0).
277	δ 3.39 (s,3H), 3.85 (s,3H), 6.87 (t,1H), J=2.2), 6.92-6.96 (m,2H),
	7.08 (d,1H, J=8.2), 7.17-7.26 (m,2H), 7.3-7.4 (m,3H), 8.3-8.4 (m,2H).
281	δ 8.13 (s,2H), 7.86 (s,1H), 7.58 (m,1H), 7.46 (m,2H), 7.24 (m,1H),
	5.15 (q,2H), 4.11 (s,3H), 3.9 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H).
282	δ 7.78 (s,2H), 7.625 (s,1H), 7.42 (m,3H), 7.23 (m,1H), 5.03 (q,2H),
	3.92 (d,3H), 3.67 (s,2H), 3.42 (s,3H), 1.905 (s,3H).
283	δ 7.45 (m,4H), 7.33 (s,2H), 7.24 (m,1H), 5.12 (q,2H), 4.57 (s,2H),
	3.91 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 1.925 (s,3H).
298	δ 8.0 (m,1H), 7.88 (m,1H), 7.625 (m,1H), 7.48 (m,4H), 7.25 (m,1H),
	5.09 (m,2H), 4.046 (s,3H), 3.75 (s,3H), 3.49 (s,3H), 2.41 (s,3H), 2.32
	(s,3H). Compound is a 1:2 mixture of geometric isomers.
299	δ 7.85 (m,1H), 7.75 (m,1H), 7.38 (m,6H), 5.10 (q,2H), 4.10 (s,2H),
	3.91 (s,3H), 3.44 (s,3H), 1.95 (s,3H).

300	δ 3.41 (s,3H), 3.88 (s,3H), 4.02 (s,3H), 5.17 (AB q,2H), 7.25 (m,1H),
	7.46 (m,4H), 7.64 (m,1H), 7.8 (m,4H), 8.12 (s,1H).
301	δ 3.37 (s,3H), 3.86 (s,3H), 6.7-6.9 (m,3H), 7.0-7.1 (m,3H), 7.2-7.5
	(m,4H), 7.61 (d,2H,J=9.0).
302	3.37 (s,3H), 3.86 (s,3H), 6.8-6.9 (m,3H), 7.03 (dd,2H,J=2.3,7.1),
	7.1 (m,1H), 7.25 (m,1H), 7.3-7.5 (m,3H), 8.21 (dd,1H,J=2.3,7.1).
305	δ 7.37 (m,2H), 7.26 (m,3H), 7.02 (m,3H), 3.86 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).
307	δ 8.30 (d,1H), 7.85 (dd,1H), 7.60-7.40 (m,3H), 7.20 (d,1H), 6.70 (d,1H),
	5.21 (AB q,2H), 3.94 (s,3H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.41(s,3H), 2.17 (s,3H).
308	δ 7.41 (m,3H), 7.21 (m,3H), 7.14 (m,1H), 5.06 (q,2H), 3.9 (s,3H),
	3.58 (s,2H), 3.43 (s,3H), 1.89 (s,3H).
311	δ 8.18 (m,2H), 7.65 (m,1H), 7.55 (t,1H), 7.49 (s,2H), 7.13 (t,2H),
	3.78 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
314	δ 3.39 (s,3H), 3.85 (s,3H), 6.8-7.0 (m,4H), 7.0-7.1 (m,2H), 7.2 (m.1H).
	7.3-7.4 (m,3H), 7.69 (m,1H), 8.19 (dd,1H,J=1.8,5.0).
315	δ 3.40 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 6.9-7.0 (m,3H), 7.0-7.1 (m,2H),
	7.2-7.3 (m,1H), 7.35-7.40 (m,3H), 8.55 (d,2H,J=4.7).
316	δ 2.38 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H), 3.79 (s,3H), 6.35 (d,1H,J=0.7), 7.0 (m,2H),
	7.2-7.25 (m,2H), 7.3-7.6 (m,4H), 8.41 (d,1H,J=0.7).
334	$\delta8.08(\text{d,2H}),7.65(\text{d,1H}),7.55(\text{m,1H}),7.49(\text{m,2H}),7.28(\text{d,2H}),$
	3.77 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H), 2.52 (s,3H).
336	δ 7.41 (m,4H), 7.26 (m,2H), 7.21 (m,1H), 7.02 (d,1H), 3.81 (s,3H),
	3.357 (s,3H).
337	[in Me ₂ SO- d_6]: δ 7.92-7.45 (m,8H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.25 (s,3H).
339	δ 2.88 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H), 3.79 (s,3H), 6.35 (d,1H,J=0.7), 6.9 (m,2H),
	7.10 (d,1H,J=7.5), 7.3-7.5 (m,5H), 8.43 (d,1H,J=0.7).
342	δ 8.22 (d,2H), 7.61-7.48 (m,4H), 7.28 (m,2H), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
344	δ 8.19 (d,2H), 7.65-7.50 (m,2H), 7.49 (s,2H), 7.17 (d,2H), 6.57 (t,1H),
	3.78 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
346	δ 7.86 (d,1H), 7.77 (m,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.44 (m,2H), 7.23 (d,1H).
	6.95 (d,1H), 5.24 (q,2H), 4.44 (q,2H), 3.9 (s,3H), 3.4 (s,3H), 2.18
	(s,3H).
347	δ 7.79 (t,1H), 7.57 (d,2H), 7.5 (m,3H), 7.23 (m,2H), 5.12 (AB q,2H),
	3.98 (s,3H), 3.88 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H).
352	δ 2.22 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H), 6.60-6.66 (m,3H), 6.97 (m,1H),
	7.0-7.1 (m,2H), 7.1-7.3 (m,4H), 7.4-7.5 (m,2H).

353	δ 7.53 (m,2H), 7.45 (m,2H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H), 2.15 (m,1H). 1.0 (m,4H).
354	δ 7.56 (m,1H), 7.50 (m,1H), 7.46 (m,2H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H),
	3.23 (t,1H), 2.05 (br m,2H), 1.90 (br m,2H), 1.80 (br m,2H), 1.70
	(br m,2H).
355	[in C_6D_6]: δ 7.7 (d,2H), 7.2 (d,2H), 6.85 (m,4H), 6.6 (d,1H), 6.2 (d,1H),
	5.35 (d,1H), 4.75 (d,1H), 3.10 (s, 3H).
356	δ 8.09 (d,2H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.5-7.35 (m,4H), 3.70 (s,3H),
	3.24 (s,3H).
357	δ 7.49 (s,1H), 7.4 (m,1H), 7.3 (d,1H), 7.1 (m,2H), 5.19 (dd,2H),
	3.90 (s,3H), 3.44 (s,3H).
360	δ 8.2 (s,1H), 7.95 (d,1H), 7.8 (d,1H), 7.6 (d,1H), 7.45 (m,3H), 7.25 (1H),
	5.25 (m,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 2.22 (s,3H), 1.6 (s,9H).
363	δ 8.1 (d,1H), 8.0 (s,1H), 7.75-7.6 (m,2H), 7.55-7.4 (m,3H), 7.3 (m,1H),
	3.45 (s,3H).
364	δ 8.24 (s,1H), 8.0 (d,1H), 7.65 (m,2H), 7.5 (m,3H), 3.45 (s,3H).
367	δ 8.26 (d,2H), 7.75-7.6 (m,4H), 7.55-7.45 (m,2H), 3.45 (s,3H).
368	δ 8.06 (d,2H), 7.75 (d,1H), 7.7-7.6 (m,1H), 7.5-7.4 (m, 4H), 3.46 (s,3H).
	1.34 (s,9H).
369	δ 7.71 (d,1H), 7.65-7.55 (m,1H), 7.5-7.4 (m,2H), 3.49 (s,3H), 1.35 (s.9H).
370	δ 3.34 (s,3H), 3.76 (s,3H), 6.49 (d,1H,J=7.9), 6.53 (d,1H,J=7.9).
	7.1-7.2 (m,3H), 7.2-7.4 (m,6H), 7.64 (t,1H,J=8.0).
372	δ 3.40 (s,3H), 3.74 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 6.5-6.6 (m,2H), 6.7 (m,1H),
	6.95 (m,1H), 7.2-7.3 (m,2H), 7.3-7.4 (m,2H), 7.6-7.7 (m,1H),
	8.07 (dd,1H,J=1.8, 8.1), 8.15 (dd,1H,J=1.7,7.8).
373	δ 7.93 (m,3H), 7.56 (m,1H), 7.43 (m,2H), 7.25 (m,1H), 5.3 (q,2H),
	3.89 (s,3H), 3.4 (s,3H), 2.15 (s,3H).
374	δ 7.5 (d,1H), 7.4 (m,4H), 7.2 (d,1H), 7.1 (d,2H), 5.1 (q,2H), 3.89 (s,3H),
	3.4 (m,5H), 1.715 (s,3H), 0.252 (s,10H).
375	δ 7.4-7.6 (m,5H), 7.2 (d,2H), 7.1 (d,2H), 5.0-5.2 (q,2H), 3.5 (s, 4H),
	3.382 (s,2H), 1.695 (s,3H), 0.250 (s,10H).
381	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.8 (s,3H), 7.2-7.6 (m,6H), 7.8 (d,1H), 8.0 (s,1H).
384	δ 3.34 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H), 7.05 (m,1H), 7.21 (m,2H), 7.36-7.50 (m,5H),
	7.71 (d,1H), 7.81 (d,2H).

386	δ 2.33 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.65-6.75 (m,3H),
	6.95 (d,2H,J=8.5), 7.01 (dd,1H,J=1.3,8.3), 7.14 (d,2H,J=8.2),
	7.2-7.3(m,2H), 7.3-7.4 (m,2H).
387	δ 3.39 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.65-6.72 (m,3H),
	6.99-7.04 (m,2H), 7.2-7.3 (m,3H), 7.3-7.4 (m,2H), 7.5 (m,1H),
	7.91 (dd,1H,J=1.8,7.8)
389	δ 2.05 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.7-6.8 (m,3H), 6.8-6.9 (m,2H),
	6.95 (m,1H), 7.0 (m,1H), 7.2-7.3 (m,3H), 7.3-7.4 (m,2H).
390	δ 8.15 (s,1H), 8.05 (m,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.55 (t,1H), 7.46 (m,4H),
	3.70 (s,3H), 3.24 (s,3H).
391	$\delta7.80(s,1H),7.65(d,1H),7.45(m,2H),7.35(m,2H),7.30\text{-}7.20(m,3H),$
	6.53 (s,1H), 5.50 (d,1H), 5.35 (d,1H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H).
392	δ 7.67 (d,2H), 7.62 (d,1H), 7.60-7.35 (m,4H), 3.77 (s,3H), 3.35 (s,3H).
393	δ 7.55 (m,2H), 7.45 (m,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H).
394	δ 7.63 (d,2H), 7.5 (m,1H), 7.43 (m,1H), 3.5 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H).
395	δ 8.18 (d,2H), 7.75-7.6 (m,2H), 7.55-7.45 (m,2H), 7.25 (m,2H),
	3.45 (s,3H).
396	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.9 (s,3H), 7.3-7.6 (m,8H), 8.1 (d,1H).
397	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.9 (s,3H), 7.38-7.5 (m,7H), 8.2 (1H), 7.61 (d,1H).
400	δ 7.93 (t,1H), 7.845 (t,1H), 7.77 (t,1H), 7.57 (m,1H), 7.45 (m,2H),
	7.25 (m,1H), 5.12 (q,2H), .40 (s,3H), 3.9 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H).
401	δ 7.74 (s,1H), 7.6 (m,2H), 7.45 (m,2H), 7.31 (d,1H), 7.2 (m,1H),
	5.13 (AB q,2H), 4.06 (s,3H), 3.90 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H).
402	δ 7.85 (1H), 7.65 (m,2H), 7.4 (m,2H), 7.25 (m,2H), 4.6 (m,2H),
	3.94 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H).
406	δ 7.87 (d,2H), 7.45-7.35 (m,3H), 7.3 (m,2H), 7.07 (t,2H), 5.33 (s,2H),
	3.92 (s,3H), 3.46 (s,3H).
410	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.89 (s,3H), 7.4-7.73 (m,8H).
411	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.87 (s,3H), 7.3-7.6 (m,12H).
412	δ 2.3 (s,9H), 3.4 (s,3H), 3.87 (s,3H), 7.5 (m,6H), 7.7 (d,2H).
415	δ 3.40 (s,3H), 3.80 (s,3H), 6.6-6.8 (m,3H), 6.9-7.1 (m,4H), 7.2 (m,2H),
	7.4 (m,3H).
417	δ 2.14 (s,3H), 3.35 (s,3H), 3.75 (s,3H), 6.40 (d,1H,J=8.0),
	6.48 (d,1H,J=8.0), 7.03 (m,1H), 7.1-7.3 (m,5H), 7.3-7.4 (m,2H).
	7.59 (m,1H).

418	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H), 6.65-6.75 (m,3H), 7.0-7.3 (m,7H),
	7.3-7.4 (m,2H).
419	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.86 (s,3H), 6.8-6.9 (m,2H), 7.0-7.1 (m,2H), 7.15 (m,1H),
	7.2-7.3 (m,1H), 7.4-7.5 (m,3H), 8.35 (m,1H), 8.6 (m,1H).
420	$\delta3.39\ (\text{s,3H}),3.82\ (\text{s,3H}),3.83\ (\text{s,3H}),6.6\text{-}6.7\ (\text{m,3H}),6.9\text{-}7.0\ (\text{m,1H}),$
	7.0 (m,3H), 7.1-7.2 (m,3H), 7.3-7.4 (m,2H).
421	δ 3.39 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H), 3.93 (s,3H), 6.46 (d,1H,J=7.8),
	6.66 (d,1H,J=7.7), 6.9-7.0 (m,3H), 7.1-7.3 (m,4H), 7.4 (m,2H).
422	δ 3.39 (s,3H), 3.85 (s,3H), 6.68 (d,1H,J=6.5), 6.85-6.95 (m,3H),
	7.04 (dd,1H,J=1.2,8.3), 7.25 (m,1H), 7.30-7.45 (m,4H).
423	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.7-6.8 (m,3H), 7.0-7.1 (m,2H),
	7.2-7.3 (m,3H), 7.4 (m,2H), 7.5 (m,1H), 7.66 (m,1H).
424	δ 2.13 (s,6H), 3.38 (s,3H), 3.81 (s,3H), 6.5 (m,2H), 6.6 (m,1H),
	7.0-7.2 (m,6H), 7.35 (m,2H).
425	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.89 (s,3H), 7.4 (m,5H), 7.7 (s,2H).
427	δ 8.18 (s,1H), 8.05 (d,1H), 7.75 (m,2H), 7.55 (m,2H), 7.4 (m,2H),
	3.45 (s,3H).
428	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.89 (s,3H), 7.3-7.6 (m,6H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.8 (3,1H).
430	δ 7.65 (d,1H), 7.05-7.6 (m,11H), 6.9 (d,1H), 5.15 (m,2H), 3.89 (s,3H),
	3.38 (s,3H).
442	δ 7.82 (t,1H), 7.64 (m,3H), 7.44 (m,3H), 7.25 (m,1H), 6.71 (s,1H),
	5.13 (q,2H), 4.0 (s,3H), 3.88 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H).
447	δ 3.39 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.60-6.75 (m,3H), 7.00-7.10 (m,3H),
	7.2-7.4 (m,5H), 7.62 (dd,1H,J=1.6,7.8).
448	δ 1.19 (t,3H), 2.62 (q,2H,J=7.5), 3.39 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H),
	6.60-6.70 (m,3H), 6.95 (m,1H), 7.05 (m,1H), 7.1-7.3 (m,5H),
	7.38 (m,2H).
449	δ 7.55 (m,2H), 7.47 (m,2H), 3.86 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H).
452	δ 8.05 (s,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.60 (m,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.45 (m,2H),
	7.35 (m,1H), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
453	δ 7.75 (s,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.45 (m,2H), 7.40 (d,1H),
	7.10 (m,1H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H).
454	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.87 (s,3H), 7.3-7.6 (m,13H).
455	δ 3.4 (s,3H), 3.9 (s,3H), 7.4-7.6 (m,4H), 8.0 (s,1H), 8.3 (s,2H).
462	δ 7.65-7.55 (m,2H), 7.5-7.45 (m,3H), 7.04 (d,1H). 3.80 (s,3H),
	3.38 (s,3H).

466	δ 3.408 (s,3H), 3.89 (s,3H), 7.4-7.6 (m,3H), 7.7 (d,1H), 7.9 (d,1H).
467	δ 8.2 (s,1H), 8.1 (d,1H), 7.6 (d,1H), 7.35-7.55 (m,5H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H).
468	δ 3.35 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.88 (s,3H), 7.0 (m,4H), 7.2 (m,2H),
	7.4 (m,2H), 7.71 (dd,2H), 8.03 (s,1H).
469	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.86 (s,3H), 6.68 (d,1H,J=8.5), 6.80 (m,1H),
	6.82-6.91 (m,3H), 7.07 (dd,1H,J=1.0,8.2), 7.2(m,1H), 7.3-7.5 (m,4H).
470	δ 3.40 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.66 (m,2H), 6.76 (m,1H), 7.04 (d,1H,J=8.2),
	7.2-7.5 (m,7H).
471	δ 3.40 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.6 (m,1H), 6.65 (m,1H), 6.80 (m,1H),
	7.00 (m,1H), 7.2-7.3 (m,2H),7.35-7.40 (m,2H), 7.55-7.60 (m,1H),
	8.19 (d,2H,J=8.2).
472	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 6.7-6.9 (m,5H), 7.0-7.5 (m,6H).
473	δ 2.16 (s,3H), 2.29 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.6-6.7 (m,3H),
	6.76 (m,1H), 6.89 (d,1H,J=7.8), 7.02 (m,1H, 7.1 (m,1H),
	7.2-7.3 (m,2H), 7.3-7.4 (m,2H).
479	δ 7.57 (m,2H), 7.44 (m,2H), 7.24 (m,2H), 7.05 (d,1H), 5.21 (q,2H),
	3.89 (s,3H), 3.4 (s,3H), 3.02 (m,2H), 2.15 (s,3H), 1.95 (m,2H),
	1.33 (s,6H).
480	δ 7.48 (m,4H), 7.27 (m,3H), 5.23 (q,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.66 (t,2H),
	3.4 (s,3H), 3.09 (t,2H), 2.17 (s,3H), 2.06 (m,2H).
481	δ 7.5 (m,4H), 7.2(m,2H), 7.03 (d,1H), 5.26 (AB q,2H), 3.46 (s,3H).
	3.01 (m,2H), 2.14 (s,3H), 1.9 (m,2H), 1.32 (s,6H).
482	δ 7.51 (m,4H), 7.26 (m,3H), 5.22 (dd,2H), 3.65 (t,2H), 3.46 (s,3H),
	3.08 (t,2H), 2.15 (s,3H), 2.08 (m,2H).
483	δ 7.55 (d,1H), 7.45 (m,2H), 7.2-7.35 (m,4H), 6.95 (d,1H), 5.25 (m,2H),
	4.4 (m,2H), 3.88 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H), 2.18 (s,3H).
485	δ 7.6-7.45 (m,5H), 3.82 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H).
490	δ 8.35 (s,1H), 8.15 (d,1H), 7.7-7.4 (m,8H), 7.36 (m,3H), 3.78 (s,3H),
400	3.37 (s,3H).
492	δ 8.15 (s,1H), 8.00 (d,1H), 7.65-7.30 (m,6H), 4.24 (q,2H), 3.76 (s,3H),
402	3.37 (s,3H), 1.48 (t,3H).
493	δ 8.35 (s,1H), 8.15 (d,1H), 7.7-7.4 (m,7H), 7.09 (m,3H), 3.79 (s,3H),
40.4	3.38 (s,3H).
494	δ 8.65 (d,1H), 8.40 (s,1H), 8.20 (d,1H), 7.75-7.4 (m,9H), 3.78 (s,3H),
	3.38 (s,3H).

495	δ 8.25 (s,1H), 8.10 (d,1H), 7.65-7.45 (m,5H), 7.40 (t,1H), 4.9 (m,1H),
	4.51 (m,2H), 3.90 (m,1H), 3.77 (s,3H), 3.60 (m,1H), 3.37 (s,3H),
	1.90-1.55 (m,6H).
497	δ 10.09 (s,1H), 8.66 (s,1H), 8.45 (d,1H), 8.0 (d,1H), 7.7-7.55 (m,3H),
	7.5 (m,2H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
499	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.86 (s,3H), 6.75 (s,1H), 6.75-6.83 (m,2H),
	6.88 (d,2H,J=1.7), 7.05 (m,2H), 7.09 (t,1H,J=1.7), 7.2-7.4 (m,3H).
503	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 6.7-6.8 (m,3H), 7.04 (dd,1H,J=1.1. 8.2).
	7.19-7.45 (m,9H).
504	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 6.70 (m,2H), 6.75-6.83 (m,4H),
	7.04 (dd,1H,J=1.0,8.2), 7.2-7.3 (m,3H), 7.35-7.40 (m,2H).
505	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 6.7-6.8 (m,3H), 6.8-6.9 (m,1H),
	6.9-7.1 (m,3H), 7.2-7.3 (m,2H), 7.35-7.40 (m,2H).
506	δ 3.38 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.6-6.7 (m,3H), 6.80-7.00 (m,4H),
	7.20-7.25 (m,2H), 7.30-7.40 (m,2H).
508	δ 8.9 (s,1H), 8.4 (d,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.49 (m,2H),
	6.9 (d,1H), 4.82 (q,2H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).
515	δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.8 (d,1H), 7.3-7.6 (m,6H), 3.85 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H),
	2.49 (s,3H).
526	δ 7.57 (m,2H), 7.49 (m,2H), 7.02 (d,1H), 6.45 (d,1H), 3.80 (s,3H),
	3.37 (s,3H)
527	δ 8.21 (d,2H), 8.1 (d,2H), 7.7-7.4 (m,9H), 3.77 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H)
528	δ 7.7 (d,1H), 7.6-7.4 (m,5H), 7.25 (m,1H), 6.9 (dd.1H), 6.75 (s,1H),
	3.80 (s,3H), 3.34 (s.3H).
530	δ 7.55 (m,2H), 7.45 (m,2H), 3.83 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 1.32 (s,9H).
531	δ 7.75 (d,1H), 7.7-7.4 (m,5H), 7.3 (m,1H), 6.95 (dd,1H), 3.77 (s,3H).
	3.38 (s,3H), 1.00 (t,9H), 0.76 (q,6H).
532	δ 7.75 (d,1H), 7.65 (m,2H), 7.6-7.45 (m,3H), 7.3 (m,1H), 6.9 (m,1H),
	3.77 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 1.00 (s,9H), 0.22 (s,6H).
533	δ 8.1 (d,1H), 8.05 (s,1H), 7.65-7.55 (m,2H), 7.5-7.45 (m,3H),
	7.3 (dd,1H), 4.88 (s,2H), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).
534	δ 8.1 (d,1H), 8.0 (s,1H), 7.65-7.45 (m,5H), 7.3 (m,1H), 6.5 (q,1H),
	3.78 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H), 1.92 (d,3H).
535	$\delta~8.1~(d,1H),~8.0~(s,1H),~7.65\text{-}7.55~(m,2H),~7.5\text{-}7.45~(m,3H),~7.3~(m,1H),\\$
	7.15 (dd,1H), 5.05 (dd,1H), 4.7 (dd,1H), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).

536	δ 8.05 (d,1H), 7.95 (s,1H), 7.65-7.4 (m,5H), 7.15 (dd,1H), 3.77 (s,3H),
527	3.37 (s,3H), 1.37 (s,9H).
537	δ 7.95 (d,1H), 7.7-7.3 (m,6H), 7.15 (dd,1H), 5.28 (s,2H), 3.8 (s,2H),
72 0	3.77 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 0.95 (m,2H), 0.0 (s,9H).
538	δ 8.2 (d,1H), 8.1 (s,1H), 7.65-7.45 (m,5H), 7.35 (dd,1H), 3.80 (s,3H),
	3.37 (s,3H).
539	8 7.64 (d,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.47 (m,3H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H).
540	δ 7.54 (m,2H), 7.46 (m,2H), 7.33 (s,1H), 7.24 (m,3H), 4.09 (s,2H).
	3.73 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H).
541	δ 7.53 (m,2H), 7.46 (m,2H), 7.27 (s,4H), 4.08 (s,2H), 3.73 (s,3H).
	3.38 (s,3H).
547	[in C_6D_6]: δ 8.15 (s,1H), 8.1 (d,1H), 7.15 (m,1H), 7.1 (t,1H),
	7.05 (m,1H), 6.9 (dd,1H), 6.8 (m,2H), 3.25 (s,3H), 3.0 (s,3H),
	0.15 (s,9H).
548	δ 7.75 (d,1H), 7.7 (s,1H), 7.65 (s,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.5 (m,2H),
	7.35 (t,1H), 7.0 (d,1H), 6.15-6.0 (m,1H), 5.45 (d,1H), 5.3 (d,1H),
	4.6 (d,2H), 3.77 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).
549	δ 7.8 (d,1H), 7.75 (s,1H), 7.65 (s,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.5 (m,2H),
	7.35 (t,1H), 7.05 (dd,1H), 6.05 (s,1H), 5. 7 (s,1H), 4.7 (s,2H), 3.78
	(s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).
553	δ 7.3-7.5 (m,3H), 7.2 (s,1H), 4.4-4.7 (q,2H), 3.861 (s,3H), 3.6 (q,2H),
	3.384 (s,3H).
554	δ 7.65 (s,2H), 7.35-7.6 (m,4H), 7.3 (1H), 7.1 (1H), 3.8 (s,3H), 3.4 (s,3H).
556	δ 8.21 (s,1H), 8.05 (d,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.5 (m,3H),
	7.4 (m,1H), 6.8 (dd,1H), 5. 85 (d,1H), 5.3 (d,1H), 3.77 (s,3H),
r	3.37 (s,3H).
562	δ 8.2 (s,1H), 8.1 (d,1H), 7.35-7.65 (m,6H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H).
563	[in Me ₂ SO- d_6]: δ 7.75 (d,1H), 7.65 (m,2H), 7.55 (t,1H), 3.80 (s,3H),
	3.5 (m,4H), 3.27 (s,3H), 1.15 (m,6H).
564	δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.75 (d,1H), 7.3-7.6 (m,6H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H),
	2.9 (m,2H), 1.3 (t,3H).
566	δ 8.82 (d,J=5Hz,1H), 7.95 (s,1H), 7.61 (m,1H), 7.47 (m,3H),
	7.25 (m,1H), 5.19 (m,2H), 4.11 (s,3H), 3.90 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H).
567	δ 8.14 (d,2H), 7.6 (d,2H), 7.56 (m,2H), 7.49 (m,2H), 3.78 (s,3H),
	3.36 (s,3H), 3.19 (s,1H).

568	δ 8.11 (d,2H), 7.6 (m,2H), 7.53 (d,2H), 7.48 (m,2H), 3.77 (s,3H),
	3.36 (s,3H), 0.26 (s,9H).
569	δ 7.55 (m,2H), 7.46 (m,2H), 3.86 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H).
570	δ 7.51 (m,5H), 7.26 (m,3H), 5.23 (q,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H),
	2.48 (s,3H), 2.17 (s,3H).
571	δ 7.55 (d,1H), 7.39 (m,4H), 7.2 (m,1H), 7.08 (1H), 6.99 (d,1H),
	4.34 (m,2H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H), 2.46 (s,3H).
572	δ 8.25 (m,1H), 8.15 (d,1H), 7.65-7.45 (m,6H), 7.39 (t,1H), 3.78 (s,3H),
	3.37 (s,3H).
573	δ 7.65 (d,1H), 7.55 (m,1H), 7.49 (m,4H), 6.85 (m,1H), 5.26 (s,4H),
	3.77 (m,7H), 3.39 (s,3H), 1.0 (m,4H), 0.00 (s,18H).
575	δ 7.78 (distorted d,1H), 7.57-7.50 (m,2H), 7.45-7.40 (m,2H),
	7.30-7.28 (m,1H), 7.04 (s,1H), 6.83-6.80 (m,1H),
	3.95 (apparent d, 3H), 1.28 (s,9H).
576	δ 7.6 (d,1H), 7.45 (m,4H), 7.4 (s,1H), 7.25 (m,2H), 5.0 (m,2H),
	3.91 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 2.24 (s,3H).
577	δ 7.55 (m,2H), 7.5 (m,2H), 7.45 (d,2H), 6.67 (t,1H), 4.43 (q,4H),
	3.81 (s,3H), 3.33 (s,3H).
580	δ 7.55 (s,1H), 7.4 (m,4H), 7.2 (m,1H), 6.7 (m,2H), 4.33 (m,2H),
	3.86†(s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.44 (s,3H).
581	δ 7.53 (d,1H), 7.4 (m,2H), 7.2 (m,1H), 7.06 (m,1H), 6.71 (d,2H),
	4.32 (q,2H), 3.875 (s,3H), 3.44 (s,3H), 2.46 (s,3H).
589	major component: δ 7.33 (d,1H), 6.95 (d,1H), 5.31 (d,2H), 3.904 (s,3H),
	3.42 (s,3H), 2.74 (q,2H), 1.11 (t,3H) plus peaks overlapping with minor
	component at 7.88 (d), 7.79 (m), 7.61 (d), 7.49 (t);
	minor component: δ 6.62 (s,1H), 5.22 (d,2H), 3.899 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H).
	2.45 (s,3H), 2.22 (d,3H) plus peaks overlapping with major component
	at 7.88 (d), 7.79 (m), 7.61 (d), 7.49 (t).
604	δ 8.69 (m,1H), 7.94 (s,1H), 7.85-7.73 (m,4H), 7.61 (d,1H),
	7.59-7.45 (m,2H), 7.38 (dd,1H), 5.50 (AB pattern, 2H), 3.78 (s,3H).
	3.35 (s,3H), 2.25 (s,3H).
613	δ 7.70 (s,1H), 7.54 (m,4H), 7.34 (t,1H), 5.11 (s,2H), 3.86 (s,3H),
	3.32 (s,3H), 2.14 (s,3H), 0.28 (s,9H).
614	δ 7.86 (s,1H), 7.76 (d,1H), 7.64 (d,1H), 7.59 (d,1H), 7.54 (d,1H),
	7.53-7.47 (m,1H), 5.01 (br s,2H), 4.96 (s,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.33 (s,3H).

645	δ 7.65 (d,1H), 7.6 (s,1H), 7.4-7.55 (m,4H), 7.35 (t,1H), 7.25 (d,1H),
	5.2 (m,2H), 4.0 (m,1H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.6 (d,3H), 2.23 (s,3H),
	0.24 (s,9H).
649	δ 7.6 (d,1H), 7.4-7.55 (m,5H), 7.35 (m,2H), 5.24 (s,2H), 3.54 (s,3H),
	2.15 (s,3H).
650	δ 7.65 (m,2H), 7.55 (s,2H), 7.5 (m,2H), 7.25 (1H), 5.2 (m,2H),
	4.1 (m,1H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.55 (d,3H), 2.24. (s,3H), 0.25 (s,18H).
652	δ 7.2-7.7 (m,8H), 5.3 (d,2H), 3.4 (s,3H), 2.6 (s,6H), 2.2 (s,3H),
	0.3 (s,9H).
653	δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.75 (d,1H), 7.6 (m,2H), 7.45 (m,3H), 7.2 (d,1H),
	5.2 (m,2H), 3.5 (s,3H), 2.2 (s,3H), 2.0 (s,3H).
654	δ 7.45 (s,1H), 7.25-7.4 (m,3H), 7.2 (d,1H), 3.55 (s,3H), 2.28 (s,3H).
655	δ 7.25-7.4 (m,3H), 7.15 (d,1H), 3.5 (s,3H), 2.3 (m,2H), 2.2 (s,3H),
	1.1 (t,3H).
656	δ 8.1 (d,1H), 8.0 (s,1H), 7.65-7.4 (m,4H), 7.3 (m,1H), 3.79 (s,3H),
	3.36 (s,3H).
658	δ 8.03 (s,2H), 7.55 (s,2H), 7.5 (s,1H), 7.45 (s,1H), 3.81 (s,3H),
	3.35 (s,3H).
659	δ 8.61 (s,2H), 7.95 (s,1H), 7.56 (m,2H), 7.5 (m,1H), 3.82 (s,3H),
	3.35 (s,3H).
661	δ 8.25 (d,2H), 7.69 (d,2H), 7.59 (d,1H), 7.55-7.5 (m,2H), 3.79 (s,3H),
	3.35 (s,3H).
663	δ 7.55 (d,1H), 7.5 (m,2H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H), 1.35 (s,9H).
664	δ 7.98 (d,2H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.53 (d,2H), 7.5-7.35 (m,2H), 3.77 (s,3H),
	3.30 (s,3H).
665	δ 8.2 (s,1H), 7.95 (d,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.5-7.35 (m,3H), 3.79 (s,3H),
	3.31 (s,3H).
667	$\delta8.05\;(d,1H),7.95\;(s,1H),7.65\;(d,1H),7.5\text{-}7.35\;(m,3H),7.3\;(d,1H),$
	3.77 (s,3H), 3.45 (s,3H).
668	δ 7.6 (dd,1H), 7.5 (m,2H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H), 1.30 (s,9H).
670	δ 8.58 (s,2H), 7.95 (s,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.5-7.35 (m,2H), 3.80 (s,3H),
	3.31 (s,3H).
671	δ 8.04 (d,2H), 7.6 (dd,1H), 7.43 (d,4H), 3.75 (s,3H), 3.31 (s,3H),
	1.32 (s,9H).

681 δ 2.22 (s,3H), 2.25 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H), 6.80-6.90 (m,3H), 6.82 (d,1H,J=8.2), 6.93 (d,1H,J=7.7), 7.05-7.10 (m,2H), 7.15-7.30 (m,4H). 682 δ 2.26 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H), 6.65 (m,1H), 6.70 (m,2H), 6.84 (d,1H,J=7.5), 7.0-7.1 (m,4H), 7.2-7.4 (m,4H). 683 δ 2.26 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.6-6.7 (m,3H), 6.84 (d,1H,J=7.4), 7.0-7.15 (m,3H), 7.2-7.3 (m,3H), 7.49 (dd,1H,J=1.7,7.9). 684 δ 2.26 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 3.82 (s,3H), 6.6-6.7 (m,3H), 6.84 (d,1H,J=7.7), 7.0-7.2 (m,5H), 7.25 (m,1H), 7.28 (m,1H). 688 δ 2.26 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 6.63 (t,1H,J=2.2), 6.68 (m,2H), 6.83 (d,1H,J=8.0), 6.95-7.10 (m,5H), 7.2 (m,1H), 7.26 (m,1H). 689 δ 2.26 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 3.81 (s,3H), 6.6-6.7 (m,3H), 6.82 (m,1H). 6.95-7.05 (m,3H), 7.1-7.2 (m,2H), 7.28 (m,1H). 692 δ 7.99 (s,2H), 7.50 (m,1H), 7.38 (m,2H), 3.82 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H). 2.32 (s,3H). 700 δ 7.35 (d,J=9.0Hz,1H), 7.15 (d,J=2.7Hz,1H), 6.93 (dd,J=9.0, 2.7 Hz,1H). 3.85 (s,3H), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 1.37 s,9H). 707 δ 2.28 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H), 3.91 (s,3H), 6.85 (m,1H), 6.9-7.0 (m,2H), 7.25 (m,1H), 7.3-7.4 (m,2H). 726 δ 2.26 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 3.83 (s,3H), 6.6-6.7 (m,3H), 6.80-6.85 (m,1H), 7.0-7.1 (m,3H), 7.2-7.4 (m,3H), 7.61 (dd,1H,J=1.4,7.8). 739 δ 8.0 (s,2H), 7.85 (s,1H), 7.55 (d,1H), 7.45 (m,2H), 7.3 (1H), 7.2 (t,1H), 5.45 (m,2H), 5.3 (m,2H), 3.42 (s,3H), 2.22 (s,3H). 743 δ 7.5 (m,3H), 7.2 (d,1H), 5.8 (ABq,2H), 3.93 (s,3H), 3.52 (s,3H), 1.97 (s,3H), 1.92 (s,3H). 744 δ 7.4-7.6 (m,2H), 7.2 (m,2H), 5.18 (ABq, 2H), 3.93 (s,3H), 3.91 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 1.98 (s,3H), 1.94 (s,3H). 747 δ 7.57 (m,1H), 7.38 (m,2H), 7.2 (m,1H), 4.22 (m,2H), 4.12 (q,2H), 3.92 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 3.2 (m,2H), 2.05 (s,3H), 0.9 (m,9H). 758 δ 7.00-7.53 (m,9H), 4.87 (ABq,2H), 3.87 (s,3H, OCH₃), 3.41 (s,3H, NCH₃), 2.2 (s,3H, N=CCH₃). 759 [in Me₂SO- d_6]: δ 8.02 (bs,1H), 7.94 (d,2H), 7.73 (d,2H), 7.50 (m,4H), 7.39 (bs,1H), 7.30 (m,2H), 7.15 (d,1H), 6.98 (d,1H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.21 (s,3H). 760 δ 9.38 (s,1H), 8.12 (d,2H), 7.73 (m,1H), 7.35-7.65 (m,5H), 7.21 (m,1H), 4.61 (ABq,2H), 3.48 (s,3H).

761	δ 7.58 (s,1H), 7.37 (m,2H), 7.14 (m,3H), 6.98 (t,1H), 6.67 (d,1H),
762	4.32 (q,2H), 3.76 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.43 (s,3H), 1.97 (s,3H). δ 7.56 (s,1H), 7.38 (m,2H), 7.2 (m,2H), 6.89 (d,1H), 6.63 (m,2H).
702	4.2 (m,2H), 3.86 (s,3H), 3.4 (s,3H), 2.43 (s,3H), 2.32 (s,3H).
763	δ 7.55 (d,1H), 7.4 (m,2H), 7.17 (m,3H), 6.98 (m,1H), 6.75 (m,1H),
	4.35 (m,2H), 3.86 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.45 (s,3H).
767	δ 8.30 (d,1H), 7.3-7.5 (m,4H), 6.59 (d,1H), 4.68 (q,2H), 3.8 (s,3H),
	3.3 (s,3H).
768	δ 7.61 (d,1H), 7.38 (m,3H), 7.18 (m,2H), 7.01 (m,1H), 6.81 (m,1H),
	4.38 (m,2H), 3.83 (s,3H), 3.44 (s,3H).
769	δ 7.57 (m,1H), 7.38 (m,2H), 7.19 (d,1H), 6.81 (m,4H), 4.3 (m,2H),
	3.86 (s,3H), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H), 2.42 (s,3H).
771	δ 7.8 (m,1H), 7.55-7.47 (m,4H), 7.4 (m,2H), 7.3 (m,2H), 7.14 (s,1H),
	7.1-7.0 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s,3H), 3.39 (d, 3H).
772	δ 7.4-7.35 (m,3H), 7.3-7.2 (m,3H), 7.1-7.0 (m,2H), 5.08 (s,2H),
	3.88 (s,3H), 3.44 (s,3H).
773	$\delta~8.02~(dd,1H),~7.68~(m,2H),~7.52~(t,1H),~7.44~(s,1H)~7.26~(s,1H),\\$
	3.49 (s,3H).
774	δ 7.5 (m,1H), 7.41 (m,2H), 7.24 (m,1H), 5.08 (d,2H), 3.94 (s,3H),
	3.45 (s,3H), 2.33 (s,3H), 1.23 (s,9H).
775	δ 7.45 (m,5H), 7.24 (m,3H), 5.24 (q,2H), 3.9 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H),
	2.49 (s,3H), 2.17 (s,3H).
776	δ 7.92 (s,1H), 7.83 (d,1H), 7.52 (m,5H), 7.25 (m,1H), 5.33 (q,2H),
	4.54 (q,2H), 3.91 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H).
778	δ 8.43 (d,1H), 7.5 (m,1H), 7.38 (m,3H), 6.36 (d,1H), 4.81 (q,2H),
	3.79 (s,3H), 3.34 (s,3H).
779	δ 7.88 (m,1H), 7.74 (d,1H), 7.50 (m,5H), 7.24 (m,1H), 5.25 (q,2H),
7 00	3.9 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 2.75 (s,3H), 2.23 (s,3H).
780	δ 8.17 (s,1H), 7.9 (m,2H), 7.53 (m,2H), 7.43 (m,2H), 7.22 (m,1H),
701	5.26 (q,2H), 3.9 (s,3H), 3.4 (s,3H), 3.08 (s,3H), 2.22 (s,3H).
791	δ 8.74 (m,1H), 8.3 (d,1H), 8.1 (d,1H), 7.7-7.4 (m,3H), 7.4-7.2 (m,1H),
702	7.2-7.1 (m,1H), 3.77 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 1.61 (s,9H).
792	δ 7.9 (s,1H), 7.75 (d,1H), 7.65 (d,1H), 7.35-7.55 (m,5H), 7.25 (1H),
704	4.9-5.1 (m,2H), 3.94 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.27 (S,3H).
794	δ 7.6-7.4 (m,4H), 3.83 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H), 1.58 (s,9H).

797	δ 8.3 (d,1H), 7.3-7.5 (m,4H), 6.55 (d,1H), 4.68 (q,2H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.31 (s,3H).
799	δ 8.39 (s,1H), 7.21-7.51 (m,7H), 6.46 (d,1H, J=0.4), 3.77 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).
800	δ 8.41 (d,1H, J=0.8), 7.24-7.51 (m,6H), 7.03-7.06 (m.1H),
	6.33 (d,1H, J=0.8), 3.78 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H), 2.55 (q,2H, J=7.5),
	1.19 (t,3H, J=7.6).
801	δ 7.42 (m,4H), 6.42 (s,1H), 4.61 (q,2H), 3.83 (s,3H), 3.3 (s,3H),
	2.4 (s,3H).
805	δ 7.54 (m,2H), 7.46 (m,2H), 7.41 (m,1H), 7.24 (m,2H), 4.22 (s,2H),
	3.78 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H).
806	δ 7.53 (m,2H), 7.46 (m,3H), 7.37 (d,1H), 7.20 (d,2H), 4.06 (s,2H),
	3.76 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H).
807	δ 7.54 (m,2H), 7.49 (s,1H), 7.46 (m,2H), 7.40 (m,1H), 7.18 (m,2H),
	4.08 (s,2H), 3.73 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H).
812	δ 7.56-7.51 (m,4H), 7.46 (m,4H), 4.17 (s,2H), 3.74 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).
816	δ 7.60 (s,1H), 7.54-7.51 (m,4H), 7.46 (m,3H), 4.17 (s,2H), 3.72 (s,3H).
•	3.38 (s,3H).
819	δ 7.82 (s,2H), 7.78 (s,1H), 7.53 (m,2H), 7.46 (m,2H), 4.23 (s,2H),
	3.77 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H).
821	δ 8.25 (s,1H), 8.15 (s,1H), 8.00 (d,1H), 7.90 (d,1H), 7.80 (m,2H),
	7.49 (m,3H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.34 (s,3H).
822	δ 8.40 (s,1H), 8.10 (s,1H), 7.95 (m,2H), 7.60-7.40 (m,5H), 4.20 (s,2H),
	3.79 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
823	δ 8.40 (d,1H), 8.20 (s,1H), 7.59 (m,3H), 7.50 (m,4H), 3.82 (s,3H),
	3.37 (s,3H).
824	δ 8.50 (s,1H), 8.15 (s,1H), 8.05 (d,1H), 7.95 (d,1H), 7.59-7.40 (m,5H),
	3.80 (s,3H), 3.35 (s,3H).
825	δ 7.65-7.40 (m,7H), 6.80 (d,1H), 3.76 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H), 3.01 (s,6H).
826	δ 7.6 (m,1H), 7.46 (m,3H), 7.25 (m,4H), 6.96 (m,1H), 3.92 (s,3H),
	3.39 (s,3H), 2.3 (s,3H).
829	δ 8.2 (d,1H), 8.1 (s,1H), 7.7-7.4 (m,5H), 7.3 (d,1H), 3.81 (s,3H),
	3.40 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
830	δ 8.2 (m,2H), 7.7-7.4 (m,6H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.55 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).

838	δ 8.31 (s,1H), 8.0 (m,1H), 7.7 (d,1H), 7.5 (t,1H), 7.4 (t,1H), 7.2-
	7.3 (m,9H, including CHCl ₃), 7.0 (d,2H), 5.37 (s,2H),
	5.1-5.3 (ABq,2H), 3.47 (s,3H).
844	δ 7.55-7.42 (m,3H), 7.4-7.3 (m,4H), 7.25-7.20 (m,2H), 3.54 (s,3H),
	3.36 (s,3H).
845	δ 7.55-7.40 (m,4H), 7.40-7.30 (m,3H), 7.22 (d,2H), 7.13 (t,1H).
	7.04-6.95 (m,3H), 3.63 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
846	δ 8.00 (d,1H), 7.90 (s,1H), 7.61 (d,1H), 7.55 (t,1H), 7.49 (m,2H), 7.45
	(t,1H), 7.20 (d,1H), 6.80-6.40 (t,1H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
847	δ 9.46 (s,1H), 8.15 (m,2H), 7.46 (m,4H), 7.21 (m,2H), 3.78 (s,3H),
	3.29 (s,3H).
849	δ 8.12 (m,2H); 7.61 (m,2H); 7.50 (m,2H); 7.38 (m,2H); 7.13 (d,1H);
	6.93 (d,1H); 3.78 (s,3H); 3.37 (s, 3H).
854	δ 8.93 (s,1H), 7.75-7.42 (m,5H), 3.79 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H).
855 ^b	δ 3.69 (s,3H), 3.25 (s,3H), 2.72 (s,3H).
856	δ 7.3 (m,7H), 3.94 (s,3H), 3.86 (s,3H), 3.36 (s,3H).
858	δ 9.26 (s,1H), 7.40 (m,8H), 3.73 (s,3H), 3.31 (s,3H), 2.40 (s,3H).
877	δ 7.55 (d,1H), 7.32-7.51 (m, 6H), 7.18 (d,1H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H),
	2.90 (q,2H), 1.31 (t,3H).
878	δ 7.59 (d,1H), 7.45-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.43 (m, 4H), 7.21 (d,1H).
	3.81 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 0.21 (s,9H).
884	δ 7.72-7.65 (m,4H), 7.48-7.30 (m,10H), 7.2 (m,1H), 6.40 (m,1H).
	6.28 (m,1H), 4.85 (ABq,2H), 3.80 (s,3H), 3.37 (s,3H), 1.08 (s,9H).
885	δ 8.05 (s,2H), 7.8 (s,1H), 7.3-7.6 (m,4H), 3.87 (s.3H), 3.40 (s,3H),
	2.51 (s,3H).
886	δ 8.07 (dd,1H), 7.58 (dd,1H), 7.50 (dd,1H), 7.20 (dd,1H), 6.84 (s,1H),
	3.95 (s,3H), 3.48 (s,3H).
896	δ 7.62 (dd,2H,J=2.2, 6.8), 7.22-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.07 (d,1H,J=7.5),
	6.84 (d,1H,J=8.0), 6.78 (dd,2H,J=2.1, 6.9), 6.70-6.74 (m,2H),
	6.67 (m,1H), 3.38 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 2.26 (s,3H).
901	δ 7.68 (s,1H), 7.55 (d,1H), 7.47 (s,2H), 7.35 (s,1H), 7.15 (d,1H),
	5.13 (ABq, 2H ArCH ₂ O) 3.89 (s,3H, OCH ₃), 3.42 (s,3H, NCH ₃),
	2.17 (s,3H, N=CCH ₃).
902	δ 8.31 (d,1H,J=5.5), 7.35 (t,1H,J=8.0), 7.1-7.3 (m,6H), 6.58 (d,1H,J=5.5),
	3.79 (s,3H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s,3H).

002	\$0.05 (1.11)
903	δ 8.35 (d,1H, J=5.7), 7.26 (m,1H), 7.1-7.3 (m,6H), 6.66 (d,1H, J=5.5),
005	3.73 (s,3H), 3.33 (s,3H), 2.26 (s,3H).
905	δ 6.95-7.38 (m,6H), 5.09 (s,2H, PhOCH ₂), 3.81 (s,3H, OCH ₃),
	3.55 (s,3H, NCH ₃), 2.14 (s,3H, PhCH ₃).
914	δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.8 (d,1H), 7.5-7.6 (m,2H), 7.3-7.45 (m,2H), 7.2 (d,1H),
	3.85 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 2.48 (s,3H), 2.29 (s,3H).
919	δ 8.40 (dt, 1H), 8.145 (d,1H), 7.82 (d,2H), 7.75 (d,1H), 7.62 (d,1H).
	7.48 (t,1H), 5.32 (ABq, 2H) 3.51 (s,3H), 2.24 (s,3H).
924	δ 7.83 (s,1H), 7.78 (d,1H), 7.58 (d,1H), 7.50 (m,2H), 7.04 (dt, 1H),
	6.76 (d,1H), 5.15 (ABq,2H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.46 (s,3H), 2.18 (s,3H).
925	δ 7.46 (m,3H), 7.33 (s,1H), 7.03 (dt, 1H), 6.77 (d,1H), 5.14 (ABq,2H),
	3.84 (s,3H), 3.49 (s,3H), 2.11 (s,3H).
931	δ 7.48 (d,2H), 7.32 (d,1H), 7.21 (d,2H), 5.16 (d,2H), 3.86 (s,3H),
	3.46 (d,3H), 2.47 (d,3H), 2.10 (d,6H).
936	δ 8.74 (d,1H), 8.10 (s,1H), 7.48 (m,4H), 5.23 (s,2H), 4.46 (d,1H),
	4.35 (d,1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.33 (s, 3H).
937	δ 7.48 (d,1H), 7.46 (s,1H), 7.41 (dd,2H), 7.35 (d,1H), 7.16 (d,2H),
	5.15 (ABq, 2H), 3.46 (s,3H), 2.34 (s,3H), 2.18 (s,6H), 1.95 (s,3H).
943	δ 7.52-7.56 (m,1H), 7.47-7.51 (m,3H), 7.36-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.21 (d,1H),
	3.80 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 0.22 (s,9H), 0.20 (s,9H).
945	δ 7.25-7.7 (m,2H), 7.15 (d,1H), 3.85 (s,3H), 3.4 (s,3H), 2.55 (t,2H).
	2.4 (s,3H), 1.55 (m,2H), 1.35 (s,9H), 1.3 (m,4H), 0.9 (t,3H).
946	δ 7.9 (s,1H), 7.8 (d,1H), 7.55 (m,2H), 7.4 (m,2H), 7.2 (d,1H), 3.85 (s,3H).
	3.4 (s,3H), 2.6 (t,2H), 2.5 (s,3H), 1.6 (m,2H), 1.3 (m,4H), 0.9 (t,3H).
947	δ 7.82 (s,1H), 7.75 (d,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.58-7.45 (m,4H), 5.18 (dd,2H),
	3.47 (s,3H, NCH ₃), 2.19 (s,3H, CH ₃).
949	δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.78 (d,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.50-7.30 (m,4H),
	5.15 (ABq,2H), 3.48 (s,3H, NCH ₃), 2.22 (s,3H, ArCH ₃),
	2.19 (s,3H, CH ₃).
950	δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.80 (d,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.45 (t,1H), 7.40-7.25 (m,3H),
	5.18 (ABq,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 2.22 (s,3H), 2.18 (s,3H).
951	δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.78 (d,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.45 (t,1H), 7.15 (d,1H),
	7.10 (d,1H), 6.95 (dd,1H), 5.18 ABq,2H), 3.87 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H),
	2.21 (s,3H).

953	δ 7.86 (s,1H), 7.80 (d,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.50 (t,1H), 7.40 (s,1H),
	7.25 (d,1H), 7.14 (s,1H), 5.24 (ABq,2H), 3.88 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H),
	2.41 (s,3H), 2.21 (s,3H).
954	δ 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.50 (t,1H), 7.33 (m,2H),
	7.10-7.05 (m,1H), 5.23 (s,2H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.53 (s,3H),
	2.17 (s,3H).
955	δ 7.49 (d,2H), 7.37-7.26 (m,4H), 5.15 (ABq,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H),
	2.18 (s,3H), 2.15 (s,3H).
956	δ 7.48 (d,2H), 7.42 (t,1H), 7.32 (d,1H), 7.15 (d,1H), 6.95 (d,1H),
	5.20 (ABq,2H), 3.88 (s,3H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.11 (s,3H).
957	δ 7.86 (s,1H), 7.80 (d,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.50-7.40 (m,2H), 7.15 (d,1H).
	6.99 (d,1H), 5.22 (ABq,2H), 3.87 (s,3H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.42 (s,3H).
	2.23 (s,3H).
959	δ 7.84 (s,1H), 7.78 (d,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.47-7.40 (m,2H), 7.34 (d,1H),
	7.18 (t,1H), 5.27 (ABq,2H), 3.88 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 2.22 (s,3H).
962	δ 7.50 (m,2H), 7.34 (m,4H), 7.20 (m,1H), 5.18 (dd,2H), 3.87 (s,3H),
	3.40 (s,3H), 2.18 (s,6H).
964	δ 8.74 (d,1H), 8.10 (s,1H), 7.38 (m,4H), 5.27 (d,1H), 5.19 (d,1H),
	3.89 (s,3H), 3.43 (s,3H), 2.31 (s,3H), 2.18 (s,3H).
965	δ 7.97 (s,1H), 7.82 (m,4H), 7.42 (m,5H), 5.25 (d,1H), 5.17 (d,1H),
	3.89 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 2.32 (s,3H), 2.19 (s,3H).
966	δ 7.82 (s,1H), 7.78 (d,1H), 7.59 (d,1H), 7.52-7.38 (m,2H), 7.22 (d,1H),
	7.08 (d,1H), 5.33 (s,2H), 3.82 (s,3H), 3.38 (s,3H), 2.14 (s,3H).
967	δ 7.87 (s,1H), 7.79 (d,1H), 7.59 (d,1H), 7.45 (t,1H), 7.20 (s,1H),
	7.12 (s,1H), 5.16 (d,1H), 5.11 (d,1H), 3.88 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H),
	2.37 (s,3H), 2.22 (s,3H), 2.14 (s,3H).
971	δ 7.87 (s,1H), 7.78 (d,1H), 7.64 (s,1H), 7.60 (d, 1H), 7.30-7.20 (m,2H).
	7.17 (s,1H), 5.21 (ABq,2H), 3.87 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 2.21 (s,3H).
	0.25 (s,9H).
972	δ 7.85 (s,1H), 7.80 (d,1H), 7.68 (s,1H), 7.60 (d,1H), 7.52 (d,1H), 7.50-
	7.42 (m,1H), 7.22 (s,1H), 5.23 (ABq,2H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H),
	3.15 (s,1H), 2.22 (s,3H).
976	δ 7.28 (m,6H), 7.02 (m,1H), 5.71 (m,2H), 3.75 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H),
	2.19 (s, 3H).
982	δ 7.83 (br d,1H), 7.75 (d,1H), 7,57 (m,2H), 7.43 (m,3H), 7.17 (d,1H),
	5.37 (q,1H), 3.9 (d,3H), 3.42 (d,3H), 2.23 (d,3H), 1.63 (d,3H).

990	[in Me ₂ SO- d_6]: δ 8.88-8.95 (m,1H), 8.20-8.29, (m,1H), 7.40-
	7.67 (m,4H), 3.82 (s,3H), 3.12 (s,3H).
993	δ 7.6 (d,1H), 7.4-7.5 (m,3H), 7.3 (d,1H), 7.2 (d,1H), 6.7 (d,1H),
	5.2 (q,2H), 4.9-5.0 (m,1H), 3.89 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 3.3 (m,1H),
	2.8 (m,1H), 2.16 (s,3H), 1.4 (d,3H).
994	δ 7.6 (d,1H), 7.4-7.5 (m,3H), 7.3 (d,1H), 7.2 (d,1H), 6.7 (d,1H),
	5.2 (d,1H), 5.1 (d,1H), 4.9 (m,1H), 3.47 (s,3H), 3.2-3.3 (m,1H),
	2.8 (m,1H), 2.14 (s,3H), 1.4 (d, 3H).
996	δ 7.54 (m,1H), 7.41 (m,3H), 7.23 (m,4H), 5.22 (s,2H), 4.69 (m,2H).
	3.90 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H).
998	δ 7.60 (d,1H), 7.50-7.38 (m,2H), 7.20 (d,1H), 4.40 (AB q,2H), 3.92
	(s,3H), 3.44 (s,3H), 3.31 (s,3H).
999c	δ 8.8 (s,1H), 8.52 (s,1H), 7.2-7.7 (m,18H), 5.2 (dd,2H), 5.0 (dd,2H).
	3.87 (s,3H), 3.84 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 3.39 (s,3H), 1.92 (s,3H),
	1.84 (s,3H).
1000 ^c	δ 8.8 (s,1H), 8.58 (s,1H), 7.2-8.0 (m,16H), 4.95-5.15 (m,4), 3,88 (s,3H),
	3.85 (s,3H), 3.41 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H), 2.02 (s,3H), 1.90 (s,3H).
1010 ^c	δ 7.5-7.7 (m,2H), 7.4-7.5 (m,2H), 7.2-7.3 (m,1H), 6.9-7.0 (m,2H),
	5.15-5.31 (m,2H), 3.77-3.91 (m,3H), 3.0-3.5 (m,5H), 2.52-2.65 (m,1H),
	1.24 (m,3H).
1011	δ 7.59 (m,2H), 7.50 (m,2H), 6.64 (s,1H), 3.81 (s,3H), 3.40 (s,3H).
1012	δ 7.53 (m,1H), 7.34 (m,3H), 6.85 (s,2H), 5.28 (s,2H), 3.94 (s,3H),
	3.88 (s,6H), 3.85 (s,3H), 3.44 (s,3H), 2.22 (s,3H).
1024	δ 7.44-7.92 (m,6H), 5.53 (s,1H), 3.91 (s,3H), 3.85 (m,2H), 3.69 (m,2H).
	3.53 (s,3H), 1.29 (m,6H).

- a ¹H NMR data are in ppm downfield from tetramethylsilane. Couplings are designated by (s)-singlet, (d)-doublet, (t)-triplet, (q)-quartet, (m)-multiplet, (dd)-doublet of doublets, (dt)-doublet of triplets, (br)-broad, (br s)-broad singlet, (br d)-broad doublet, (br m)-broad multiplet, (AB q)-AB pattern quartet. Coupling constants (indicated by J) are in Hertz.
- ^b Partial NMR.

^c Mixture of E and Z isomers.

BIOLOGICAL EXAMPLES OF THE INVENTION

Test compounds were first dissolved in acetone in an amount equal to 3% of the final volume and then suspended at a concentration of 200 ppm in purified water

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containing 250 ppm of the surfactant Trem[®] 014 (polyhydric alcohol esters). The resulting test suspensions were then used in Tests A-F. Spraying these 200 ppm test suspensions to the point of run-off on the test plants is the equivalent of a rate of 500 g/ha.

5 <u>TEST A</u>

The test suspension was sprayed to the point of run-off on wheat seedlings. The following day the seedlings were inoculated with a spore dust of *Erysiphe graminis* f. sp. tritici, (the causal agent of wheat powdery mildew) and incubated in a growth chamber at 20°C for 7 days, after which disease ratings were made.

10 <u>TEST B</u>

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The test suspension was sprayed to the point of run-off on wheat seedlings. The following day the seedlings were inoculated with a spore suspension of *Puccinia recondita* (the causal agent of wheat leaf rust) and incubated in a saturated atmosphere at 20°C for 24 h, and then moved to a growth chamber at 20°C for 6 days, after which disease ratings were made.

TEST C

The test suspension was sprayed to the point of run-off on rice seedlings. The following day the seedlings were inoculated with a spore suspension of *Pyricularia* oryzae (the causal agent of rice blast) and incubated in a saturated atmosphere at 27°C for 24 h, and then moved to a growth chamber at 30°C for 5 days, after which disease ratings were made.

TEST D

The test suspension was sprayed to the point of run-off on tomato seedlings. The following day the seedlings were inoculated with a spore suspension of *Phytophthora infestans* (the causal agent of potato and tomato late blight) and incubated in a saturated atmosphere at 20°C for 24 h, and then moved to a growth chamber at 20°C for 5 days. after which disease ratings were made.

TEST E

The test suspension was sprayed to the point of run-off on grape seedlings. The following day the seedlings were inoculated with a spore suspension of *Plasmopara viticola* (the causal agent of grape downy mildew) and incubated in a saturated atmosphere at 20°C for 24 h, moved to a growth chamber at 20°C for 6 days, and then incubated in a saturated atmosphere at 20°C for 24 h, after which disease ratings were made.

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TEST F

The test suspension was sprayed to the point of run-off on cucumber seedlings. The following day the seedlings were inoculated with a spore suspension of *Botrytis cinerea* (the causal agent of gray mold on many crops) and incubated in a saturated atmosphere at 20°C for 48 h, and moved to a growth chamber at 20°C for 5 days, after which disease ratings were made.

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Results for fungicide Tests A-F are given in Table A for compounds of Formulae IA and IB. In the table, a rating of 100 indicates 100% disease control and a rating of 0 indicates no disease control (relative to the controls). A dash (-) indicates no test results. ND indicates disease control not determined due to phytotoxicity.

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<u>Table A</u>

Cmpd No.	Test A	Test B	Test C	Test D	Test E	Test F
187	100	96	74	75	100 ^a	88
239	99	97	90	73	5 ^a	0
263	35	99	32	77	43 ^a	44
264	91	97	0	86	94 ^a	44
265	35	93	0	0	96 ^a	3
266	0	93	0	86	46 ^a	3
267	0	97	0	77	30 ^a	44
268	35	97	32	77	48 ^a	3
269	100	99	53	93	68 ^a	44
270	61	97	0	77	69 ^a	0
271	61	97	0	64	41 ^a	3
272	61	93	0	93	82 ^a	3
273	77	85	0	77	79 ^a	3
279	60	84	32	63	70 ^a	92
280	100 ^a	99a	39 ^a	31b	94 ^a	-
287	100	100	86	86	94 ^a	44
288	99	100	74	76	99a	32
289	99	100	53	63	100 ^a	0
290	99	100	53	86	100 ^a	0
291	99	100	97	25	87 ^a	0
292	100	100	53	86	63 ^a	5
293	100	100	86	93	100 ^a	68
294	99	99	91	76	100 ^a	45
295	99	100	74	46	99a	82
296	100	100	86	93	100 ^a	5
297	55	65	53	0	96 ^a	45
306	99	85	32	0	5a	()
309	100	100	97	25	99a	0
310	99	99	74	63 ^b	96 ^a	0
311	-	-	-	-	-	-
312	73	85	53	25	99a	45
317	86	85	0	91	2^a	0
320	99	97	86	100	91 ^a	0

321	100	99	100	96	97 ^a	()
322	99	93	53	91	78 ^a	()
323	99	100	53	96	99a	42
324	99	99	53	91	86 ^a	42
325	100	99	86	ND	100 ^a	42
326	99	100	86	72 ^b	97 ^a	0
327	36	93	0	91	36 ^a	0
328	61	93	0	91	57 ^c	0
329	99	99	86	96	100 ^a	66
330	0	93	32	96	94a	0
331	0	85	32	83	5 ^a	0
332	61	93	32	91	57 ^a	0
333	95	93	53	96	942	66
334	100	97	91	83	61 ^a	94
335	100	99	86	96	948	3
337	99	97	0	96	100a	68
341	100	100	94	100	99a	94
342	100	100	100	36	1()() ^a	98
343	100	99	97	91	100 ^a	68
344	100	99	100	96	94 ^a	94
345	100	99	53	ND	100 ^a	68
349	58	93	0	44	61 ^a	39
353	98q	97 ^d	0^{d}	75 ^d	36 ^a	65 ^d
354	99	100	0	ND	90 ^a	0
358	99	100	94	92	100 ^a	0
361	100	97	53	22	48 ^a	0
363	100	100	74	70	30 ^a	0
364	99	97	74	53	23 ^a	88
365	98	97	53	53	43 ^a	0
366	99	97	53	82	15 ^a	38
367	99	97	53	85	5 ^a	81
368	99	93	53	3	10 ^a	88
369	97	100	53	ND	100p	()
372	57	94	0	26	5 ^a	0
381	74	94	0	61	15 ^a	69
387	96	97	53	72	85 ^a	0

393	0	86	0	20	-	()
394	0	86	0	20	-	()
395	100	100	91	20	-	7
396	99	99	0	97	67 ^a	()
397	99	100	0	77	58 ^a	()
405	89	86	0	57	26 ^a	()
410	50	94	0	57	21 ^a	()
411	50	99	0	91	118	0
412	93	94	53	0	19 ^a	7
413	100	100	94	72	100 ^b	0
425	61	94	0	60	11 ^a	0
427	95	97	53	74	45 ^a	0
428	36	94	74	74	2^{a}	0
445	99	86	0	96	100 ^b	1
446	100	100	53	84	45 ^a	81
449	0	68	74	15	-	()
452	99	100	85	75	5a	31
453	99	99	85	75	16 ^a	31
454	38	67	50	99	76 ^a	()
455	0	0	0	54	18 ^a	92
457	100	93	73	91	89a	()
458	63	85	73	91	55 ^a	()
459	100	93	93	91	100a	()
462	99	93	73	91	87 ^a	0
465	0	85	0	0	23 ^a	()
466	0	26	0	82	6 ^a	0
467	100	100	90	ND^{b}	100 ^a	0
474	99	97	85	99	100 ^a	0
475	100	99	85	91	100 ^a	0
476	77	26	50	91	24 ^a	77
477	99	93	50 ^a	91	100 ^a	()
478	98	100	97	92	82 ^a	22
485	99	97	60	95	94 ^a	97
486	73 ^a	48 ^a	₁₄ b	13 ^b	67 ^a	-
487	73 ^a	70 ^c	81 ^b	32 ^b	74 ^a	-
488	98	99	74	62	63 ^a	77

489	99	99	74	95	56 ^a	0
490	99	99	74	28	72 ^a	0
491	98	99	93	62	2 ^a	87
492	91	99	74	99	28 ^a	97
493	95	99	74	0	-	77
494	91	94	28	83	32 ^a	92
495	97	99	83	95	57 ^a	32
496	98	99	0	0	10 ^a	99
497	86	97	28	95	17 ^a	87
500	100	100	94	92	100 ^a	0
501	100	100	85	16	70 ^a	0
507	99	99	74	100	100 ^a	92
508	100	100	74	95	88 ^a	92
509	100	100	90	99	100 ^a	0
510	99	100	85	92	79 ^a	55
511	99	100	90	73	34 ^a	22
513	91	67	30	16	21 ^a	85
515	100	100	97	99	100 ^a	0
516	91	100	73	84	60 ^a	85
517	99	100	90	92	44 ^a	22
518	100	100	90	100	91 ^a	85
519	60	93	51	16	-	0
520	100	100	90	92	7 ^a	55
526	84	97	32	65	62 ^a	96
527	84	93	0	22	70 ^a	0
528	56	99	53	89	-	81
530	99	100	51	40	11 ^a	22
531	94d	97 ^d	32 ^d	65 ^d	-	99d
532	98	99	86	79	12 ^a	99
533	56	93	0	95	42 ^a	98
534	26	93	32	89	16 ^a	9 9
535	84	99	0	89	40 ^a	98
536	84	97	32	89	59 ^a	99
537	100	100	53	79	-	98
538	100	100	91	95	100 ^a	99
539	100	99	53	79	97 ^a	94

540	96	99	53	ND	100 ^a	0
541	94	99	32	ND	95 ^a	0
547	86	86	31	94	5 ^a	0
548	91	94	94	100	58 ^a	42
549	98	99	90	87	47 ^e	42
550	100 ^a	99a	59b	-	100 ^a	-
554	100 ^a	99a	87 ^b	-	98 ^a	-
555	100 ^a	99a	88p	-	100a	-
556	99	97	74	100	72 ^a	42
557	95	97	52	94	88 ^a	81
561	90	94	53	84	11 ^a	98
562	100	100	99	91	100e	()
563	99	100	86	91	-	()
564	100	100	86	58	-	0
567	100	100	90	29	67 ^a	0
568	98	94	86	81	3 ^a	47
569	0	68	0	29	14 ^a	0
572	99	100	74	65	97a	0
573	94	94	0	0	13 ^a	0
574	100	94	74	25	-	0
577	97	97	0	0	16 ^a	()
582	57	-	0	0	-	-
656	95	97	32	82	10 ^a	79
657	62	85	0	70	44 ^a	38
658	86	93	0	31	44 ^a	38
659	37	85	0	31	10 ^a	38
660	77	93	32	70	29 ^a	79
661	77	93	32	3	26 ^a	38
662	86	85	32	3	37 ^a	79
663	95	97	0	ND	66 ^b	0
664	94	97	53	61	35 ^a	46
665	98	94	53	43	-	7
666	99	99	53	20	-	7
667	99	100	53	20	99 ^a	0
668	-	-	-	-	-	-
669	91	94	0	20	100 ^a	82

670	100	86	53	20	-	7
671	86	94	53	60	39 ^a	67
672	100	100	96	85	94 ^a	0
673	99	99	90	ND	97 ^a	0
674	99	100	90	20	75 ^a	60
675	100	100	98	ND	100 ^a	0
676	100	100	94	-	100 ^a	0
677	91 ^a	99	100	91	100 ^a	()
678	100	100	90	ND	100 ^a	()
679	100	100	93	91	10021	()
680	100	99	97	62	86 ^a	()
685	95	86	74	0	19 ^a	61
690	99	99	74	0	10 ^a	7 7
691	99	94	60	95	59 ^a	87
692	99	99	74	100	96 ^a	61
693	91	99	83	100	100 ^a	0
694	86	94	83	83	63 ^a	92
695	86	94	74	100	41 ^a	0
699	100	100	93	ND	100 ^a	0
700	98	99	0	ND	100 ^a	0
704	100	100	100	-	100 ^a	0
705	99a	99a	71 ^b	-	62 ^a	-
706	100	100	94	ND	100 ^a	()
708	91	93	52	16	79 ^a	()
709	98	97	0	63	-	0
712	91	97	31	78	97 ^a	48
713	91	86	90	100	24 ^a	94
714	84	86	94	14	24 ^a	0
716	99	99	91	-	100 ^a	0
717	100	99	91	ND	100 ^a	0
719	100	100	90	1	39 ^a	0
720	99	94	53	25	0^{a}	47
721	99	94	32	25	94 ^a	82
722	100	99	74	76	73 ^a	47
723	100	100	91	76	84 ^a	0
724	100	100	94	-	100 ^a	0

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725	100	99	91	76	100 ^a	47
727	99	99	90	23	86 ^a	83
728	99	100	90	23	91 ^a	0
729	99	100	90	86	100 ^a	0
730	100	99	90	0	50 ^a	70
731	100	100	90	63	100 ^a	0

^a Compound was tested at 10 ppm (equivalent to 25 g/ha).

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Results for arthropodicide Tests G-L are given below for compounds of Formulae I, IA and IB.

TEST G

Fall Armyworm

Test units, each consisting of a H.I.S. (high impact styrene) tray with 16 cells were prepared. Wet filter paper and approximately 8 cm² of lima bean leaf was placed into twelve of the cells. A 0.5-cm layer of wheat germ diet was placed into the four remaining cells. Fifteen to twenty third-instar larvae of fall armyworm (*Spodoptera frugiperda*) were placed into a 230-mL (8-ounce) plastic cup. Solutions of each of the test compounds in 75:25 acetone-distilled water solvent were sprayed into the tray and cup. Spraying was accomplished by passing the tray and cup on a conveyer belt directly beneath a flat fan hydraulic nozzle which discharged the spray at a rate of 0.138 kilograms of active ingredient per hectare (about 0.13 pounds per acre) at 207 kPa (30 p.s.i.). The insects were transferred from the 230-mL cup to the H.I.S. tray (one insect per cell). The trays were covered and held at 27°C and 50% relative humidity for 48 hours, after which time readings were taken on the twelve cells with lima bean leaves. The four remaining cells were read at 6-8 days for delayed toxicity. Of the compounds tested, the following gave control efficacy levels of 80% or greater: 313, 329, 404, 493, 538, 543, 546, 672, 673, 674, 677, 678, 679, 680, 688, 699, 701, and 703.

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TEST H

Southern Corn Rootworm

Test units, each consisting of a 230-mL (8-ounce) plastic cup containing a 6.5-cm² (1-square-inch) plug of a wheatgerm diet, were prepared. The test units were sprayed as described in TEST G with individual solutions of the test compounds. After the spray on the cups had dried, five second-instar larvae of the southern corn rootworm (*Diabrotica*)

b Compound was tested at 40 ppm (equivalent to 100 g/ha).

^c Compound was tested at 2 ppm (equivalent to 5 g/ha).

d Compound was tested at 100 ppm (equivalent to 250 g/ha).

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undecimpunctata howardi) were placed into each cup. The cups were held at 27°C and 50% relative humidity for 48 hours, after which time mortality readings were taken. The same units were read again at 6-8 days for delayed toxicity. Of the compounds tested, the following gave control efficacy levels of 80% or greater: 11*, 207, 304, 313, 341, 345, 403, 404, 413, 442, 443, 445, 451, 479, 500, 506, 514, 515, 537, 542, 546, 550, 675, 677, 679, 680, 682, 683, 684, 687, 688, 689, 699, 700, 701, 703, 704, 705, 706, 715, and 717.

* Tested at 0.55 kg/ha.

TEST I

10 Aster Leafhopper

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Test units were prepared from a series of 350-mL (12-ounce) cups, each containing oat (*Avena sativa*) seedlings in a 2.5-cm (1-inch) layer of sterilized soil. The test units were sprayed as described in TEST G with individual solutions of the test compounds. After the oats had dried from the spraying, 10 to 15 adult aster leafhoppers (*Mascrosteles fascifrons*) were aspirated into each of the cups. The cups were covered with vented lids and held at 27°C and 50% relative humidity for 48 hours, after which time mortality readings were taken. Of the compounds tested, the following gave mortality levels of 80% or higher: 345, 672, 679, and 715.

TEST J

20 Contact Test Against Black Bean Aphid

Individual nasturtium leaves were infested with 10 to 15 aphids (all morphs and growth stages of *Aphis fabae*) and sprayed with their undersides facing up as described in TEST G. The leaves were then set in 0.94-cm (3/8-inch) diameter vials containing 4 mL of sugar solution (approximately 1.4 g per liter) and covered with a clear plastic 29-mL (1-ounce) cup to prevent escape of the aphids that drop from the leaves. The test units were held at 27°C and 50% relative humidity for 48 hours, after which time mortality readings were taken. Of the compounds tested, the following gave mortality levels of 80% or higher: 187, 272, 288, 304, 321, 325, 329, 342, 343, 348, 400, 413. 515, 538, 550, 554, 674, 679, and 688.

30 TEST K

Two-Spotted Spider Mite

Pieces of kidney bean leaves, each approximately 6.5 cm² (1 square inch) in area, that had been infested on the undersides with 25 to 30 adult mites (*Tetranychus urticae*), were sprayed with their undersides facing up on a hydraulic sprayer with a solution of the test compound in 75:25 acetone-distilled water solvent. Spraying was accomplished by passing the leaves, on a conveyor belt, directly beneath a flat fan hydraulic nozzle which

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discharged the spray at a rate of 0.138 kilograms of active ingredient per hectare (about 0.13 pounds per acre) at 207 kPa (30 p.s.i.). The leaf squares were then placed underside-up on a square of wet cotton in a petri dish and the perimeter of the leaf square was tamped down onto the cotton with forceps so that the mites could not escape onto the untreated leaf surface. The test units were held at 27°C and 50% relative humidity for 48 hours, after which time mortality readings were taken. Of the compounds tested, the following gave mortality levels of 80% or higher: 146, 162, 187, 239, 247, 296, 306, 321, 325, 329, 343, 345, 373, 378, 467, 490, 493, 500, 515, 531, 532, 537, 538, 550, 670, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 679, 680, 681, 683, 690, 693, 699, 701, 715, and 717.

The same units were held an additional 5 days and read for larvicide/ovicide mortality and/or developmental effects. Of the compounds tested, the following gave activity levels of 80% or higher: 15*, 187, 343, 420, 466, 520, 534, 535, 536, 540, 541, 548, 550, 554, 682, 689, and 693.

* Tested at 0.55 kg/ha.

TEST L

Larval two-Spotted Spider Mites (Tetranychus urticae)

Solutions of the test compounds were prepared by dissolving in a minimum of acetone and then adding water containing a wetting agent until the concentration of the compound was 50 ppm. Two-week old red kidney bean plants infested with two-spotted spider mites eggs were sprayed to run-off (equivalent to 28 g/ha) with the test solution using a turntable sprayer. Plants were held in a chamber at 25°C and 50% relative humidity. Of the compounds tested, the following gave larvicide/ovicide activity of 80% or higher seven days after spraying: 187, 466, 670, 674, 675, and 677.

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Specific compounds of Formula II which are useful as intermediates for the preparation of the fungicides and arthropodicides of Formula I where Y is oxygen are described in Index Tables N and O. The abbreviation "Ex." stands for "Example" and is followed by a number and step indicating in which example step the intermediate is prepared.

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INDEX TABLE N

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{3a} \xrightarrow{5} \xrightarrow{4} \\ OH \\ X \xrightarrow{N} \\ N \xrightarrow{N} \\ CH_{3} \end{array} \text{ wherein } R^{3a} \text{ is } H \text{ or } R^{3}$$

Cmpd No.	<u>X</u>	R^{3a}	<u>m.p. (°C)</u>
733 Ex. 1 Step C	Cl	Н	*solid
734 Ex. 1 Step D	CH ₃ O	Н	solid*
735 Ex. 22 Step D	CH ₃ O	6-CH ₃	194-196
736 Ex. 22 Step C	Cl	6-CH ₃	175-178
737	CH ₃ O	4-CH ₃ O	163-165
738	Cl	4-CH ₃ O	192-194
979	MeO	6-CH ₃ S	185-190
980	MeO	3-CH ₃	195-197

^{*}See Index Table O for ¹H NMR data.

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INDEX TABLE O

_	Cmpd No.	¹ H NMR Data (CDCl ₃ solution unless indicated otherwise) ^a
	733	δ 8.18 (s,1H), 7.11 (t,2H), 6.91 (t,1H), 6.76 (d,1H), 3.56 (s,3H).
	734	δ 8.40 (br s,1H), 7.20 (m,2H), 7.03 (d,1H), 6.94 (t,1H), 4.00 (s,3H), 3.48
		(s 3H).

^a ¹H NMR data are in ppm downfield from tetramethylsilane. Couplings are designated by (s)-singlet, (d)-doublet, (t)-triplet, (m)-multiplet, (br s)-broad singlet.

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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for controlling arthropods comprising contacting the arthropods or their environment with an arthropodicidally effective amount of a compound selected from Formula I, *N*-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts thereof,

$$X \xrightarrow{G} V$$

$$A \xrightarrow{R^2}$$

wherein

E is selected from:

10 i) 1,2-pheny

i) 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ;

ii) a naphthalene ring, provided that when G and Y are attached to the same ring, then G and Y are attached to adjacent ring members, the naphthalene ring optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴; and iii) a ring system selected from 5 to 12-membered monocyclic and fused bicyclic aromatic heterocyclic ring systems, each heterocyclic ring system containing 1 to 6 heteroatoms independently selected from the group nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, provided that each heterocyclic ring system contains no more than 4 nitrogens, no more than 2 oxygens, and no more than 2 sulfurs, each fused bicyclic ring system optionally containing one nonaromatic ring that optionally includes one or two Q as ring members and optionally includes one or two ring members independently selected from C(=O) and S(O)₂, provided that G is attached to an aromatic ring, and when G and Y are attached to the same ring, then G and Y are attached to adjacent ring members, each aromatic heterocyclic ring system optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴;

A is O; S; N; NR⁵; or CR¹⁴;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, then A is O, S or NR⁵ and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, then A is N or CR¹⁴ and the floating double bond is attached to A;

W is O; S; NH; $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$; or $NO(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$;

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X is H; OR^1; S(O)_mR^1; halogen; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl:
                      cyano; NH_2; NHR^1; N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})R^1; NH(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkoxy}); or
                      N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkoxy})R^1;
              R^1 is C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2-C_6
                      alkynyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2-C_4 alkylcarbonyl; or C_2-C_4
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                      alkoxycarbonyl;
               R^2 is H; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2-C_6
                      alkynyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkynyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
                      alkoxycarbonyl; hydroxy; C_1-C_2 alkoxy; or acetyloxy;
               R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl;
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                      C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2-C_6 alkynyl; C_2-C_6
                      haloalkynyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkoxy; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyloxy; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                       alkynyloxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfinyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl; formyl;
                      C_2-C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2-C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; NH_2C(O);
                       (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})\text{NHC}(O); (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2\text{NC}(O); \text{Si}(R^{25})_3; \text{Ge}(R^{25})_3;
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                      (R<sup>25</sup>)<sub>3</sub>Si-C≡C-; or phenyl, phenylethynyl, benzoyl, or phenylsulfonyl each
                       substituted with R<sup>8</sup> and optionally substituted with one or more R<sup>10</sup>; or
               when E is 1,2-phenylene and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are attached to adjacent atoms, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>
                       can be taken together as C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylene, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> haloalkylene, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>
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                       alkenylene or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> haloalkenylene each optionally substituted with 1-2
                       C_1-C_3 alkyl;
               R^5 is H; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2-C_6
                       alkynyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2-C_4 alkylcarbonyl; or C_2-C_4
                       alkoxycarbonyl;
               Y is -O-; -S(O)_{n-}; -NR^{15}-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR^{15})-; -CHR^6-; -CHR^6CHR^6-;
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                       -CR^6 = CR^6; -C = C; -CHR^{15}O; -OCHR^{15}; -CHR^{15}S(O)_n; -S(O)_nCHR^{15};
                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-; -(R^7)C=N-OCH(R^{15})-; -C(R^7)=N-O-; -O-N=C(R^7)-;
                       -CHR^{15}OC(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}OC(=S)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}OC(=O)O-;
                       -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=S)O-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=O)S-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>OC(=S)S-;
                       -CHR^{15}SC(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}SC(=S)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}SC(=O)O-;
30
                       -CHR^{15}SC(=S)O-; -CHR^{15}SC(=O)S-; -CHR^{15}SC(=S)S-;
                       -CHR^{15}SC(=NR^{15})S-; -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-;
                       -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=S)N(R^{15})-;
                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)NR^{15}-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)OCH_2-;
                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-N=N-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=O)-;
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                       -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=N-A^2-Z^1)-A^1-;
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-CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(R^7)=N-A^2-A^3-:-CHR^{15}O-N=C(-C(R^7)=N-A^2-Z^1)-:
                       -CHR<sup>15</sup>O-N=C(\mathbb{R}^7)-CH<sub>2</sub>O-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>O-N=C(\mathbb{R}^7)-CH<sub>2</sub>S-;
                       -O-CH_2CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}O-C(R^{15})=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}O-C(R^7)=N-;
                       -CHR^{15}S-C(R^7)=N-; -C(R^7)=N-NR^{15}-; -CH=N-N=C(R^7)-;
                       -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})-N=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}N(COCH_3)-N=C(R^7)-;
 5
                       -OC(=S)NR^{15}C(=O)-; -CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-; -CHR^6CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-;
                       -CR^6 = CR^6 - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; -C = C - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; -N = CR^6 - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; or a
                       direct bond; and the directionality of the Y linkage is defined such that the
                       moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to E and the moiety
10
                       on the right side of the linkage is bonded to Z;
               Z^1 is H or -A^3-Z:
               W<sup>1</sup> is O or S:
               A<sup>1</sup> is O; S; NR<sup>15</sup>; or a direct bond;
                A<sup>2</sup> is O; NR<sup>15</sup>; or a direct bond;
               A^3 is -C(=O)-; -S(O)_2-; or a direct bond;
15
               each R<sup>6</sup> is independently H; 1-2 CH<sub>3</sub>; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                       cycloalkyl; formylamino; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonylamino; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
                       alkoxycarbonylamino; NH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl)NHC(O)NH;
                       (C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})_2NC(O)NH; N(C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})_2; piperidinyl; morpholinyl;
20
                        1-2 halogen; cyano; or nitro;
               each R^7 is independently H; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_1-C_6 alkoxy; C_1-C_6
                       haloalkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfinyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                        haloalkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkylsulfinyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkylsulfonyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                        alkenyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkenyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkynyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
25
                        cycloalkyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxycarbonyl; halogen; cyano;
                        nitro; hydroxy; amino; NH(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}); N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2; or morpholinyl;
                each Z is independently selected from:
                        i) C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_2-C_{10} alkenyl, and C_2-C_{10} alkynyl each substituted with R^9
                        and optionally substituted with one or more R<sup>10</sup>;
                        ii) C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkenyl and phenyl each substituted with R<sup>9</sup>
30
                        and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10};
                        iii) a ring system selected from 3 to 14-membered monocyclic, fused bicyclic
                        and fused tricyclic nonaromatic heterocyclic ring systems and 5 to
                        14-membered monocyclic, fused bicyclic and fused tricyclic aromatic
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                        heterocyclic ring systems, each heterocyclic ring system containing 1 to 6
                        heteroatoms independently selected from the group nitrogen, oxygen, and
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	sulfur, provided that each heterocyclic ring system contains no more than 4 nitrogens, no more than 2 oxygens, and no more than 2 sulfurs, each nonaromatic or aromatic heterocyclic ring system substituted with R ⁹ and
	optionally substituted with one or more R ¹⁰ ;
5	iv) a multicyclic ring system selected from 8 to 14-membered fused-bicyclic
	and fused-tricyclic ring systems which are an aromatic carbocyclic ring
	system, a nonaromatic carbocyclic ring system, or a ring system containing
	one or two nonaromatic rings that each include one or two Q as ring
	members and one or two ring members independently selected from $C(=O)$
10	and S(O)2, and any remaining rings as aromatic carbocyclic rings, each
	multicyclic ring system substituted with R9 and optionally substituted with
	one or more R^{10} ; and
	v) adamantyl substituted with R9 and optionally substituted with one or more
	R^{10} ;
15	each Q is independently selected from the group -CHR ¹³ -, -NR ¹³ -, -O-, and
	-S(O) _p -;
	R^8 is H; 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6
	haloalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_1 - C_6
	alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl;
20	C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy; $CO_2(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl):
	$N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$; cyano; nitro; $SiR^{19}R^{20}R^{21}$; or $GeR^{19}R^{20}R^{21}$;
	R^9 is H; 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6
	haloalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_1 - C_6
	alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl;
25	C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy; $CO_2(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl);
	$N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$; $-C(R^{18})=NOR^{17}$; cyano; nitro; SF_5 ; $SiR^{22}R^{23}R^{24}$; or
	$GeR^{22}R^{23}R^{24}$; or R^9 is phenyl, benzyl, benzoyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl,
	pyridinyloxy, thienyl, thienyloxy, furanyl, pyrimidinyl, or pyrimidinyloxy each
	optionally substituted with one of R^{11} , R^{12} , or both R^{11} and R^{12} ;
30	each R^{10} is independently halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy;
	nitro; or cyano; or
	when R^9 and an R^{10} are attached to adjacent atoms on Z, R^9 and said adjacently
	attached R^{10} can be taken together as -OCH ₂ O- or -OCH ₂ CH ₂ O-; each CH ₂
	group of said taken together R ⁹ and R ¹⁰ optionally substituted with 1-2
35	halogen; or

when Y and an R¹⁰ are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is

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-CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-, -O-N=C(R^7)-, -O-CH_2CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-,
                          -CHR^{15}O-C(R^{15})=C(R^7)-, -CH=N-N=C(R^7)-, -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})-N=C(R^7)- or
                          -CHR<sup>15</sup>N(COCH<sub>3</sub>)-N=C(R<sup>7</sup>)-, R<sup>7</sup> and said adjacently attached R<sup>10</sup> can be
                          taken together as -(CH_2)_r-J- such that J is attached to Z;
 5
                 J is -CH<sub>2</sub>-; -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-; -OCH<sub>2</sub>-; -CH<sub>2</sub>O-; -SCH<sub>2</sub>-; -CH<sub>2</sub>S-; -N(R<sup>16</sup>)CH<sub>2</sub>-; or
                          -CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>16</sup>)-; each CH<sub>2</sub> group of said J optionally substituted with 1 to 2
                          CH_3;
                 R^{11} and R^{12} are each independently 1-2 halogen; C_1-C_4 alkyl; C_1-C_4 haloalkyl:
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                          C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2-C_6 alkynyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkynyl; C_2-C_6
                          alkoxyalkyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthioalkyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyalkynyl; C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>
                          tetrahydropyranyloxyalkynyl; benzyloxymethyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
                          haloalkoxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyloxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkenyloxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyloxy;
                          C_3-C_6 haloalkynyloxy; C_2-C_6 alkoxyalkoxy; C_5-C_9 trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy;
15
                          C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthioalkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
                          alkylsulfinyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylsulfinyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
                          haloalkylsulfonyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenylthio; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkenylthio; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                          alkylthioalkylthio; nitro; cyano; thiocyanato; hydroxy; N(R<sup>26</sup>)<sub>2</sub>; SF<sub>5</sub>;
                          Si(R^{25})_3; Ge(R^{25})_3; (R^{25})_3Si-C = C-; OSi(R^{25})_3; OGe(R^{25})_3; C(=O)R^{26};
                          C(=S)R^{26}; C(=O)OR^{26}; C(=S)OR^{26}; C(=O)SR^{26}; C(=S)SR^{26};
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                          C(=O)N(R^{26})_2; C(=S)N(R^{26})_2; OC(=O)R^{26}; OC(=S)R^{26}; SC(=O)R^{26};
                          SC(=S)R^{26}; N(R^{26})C(=O)R^{26}; N(R^{26})C(=S)R^{26}; OC(=O)OR^{27};
                          OC(=O)SR^{27}; OC(=O)N(R^{26})_2; SC(=O)OR^{27}; SC(=O)SR^{27}; S(O)_2OR^{26}:
                          S(O)_2N(R^{26})_2; OS(O)_2R^{27}; N(R^{26})S(O)_2R^{27}; or phenyl, phenoxy, benzyl.
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                          benzyloxy, phenylsulfonyl, phenylethynyl or pyridinylethynyl, each optionally
                          substituted with halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
                           haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;
                  each R<sup>13</sup> is independently H; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl; or phenyl optionally
                          substituted with halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
30
                           haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;
                 R^{14} is H; halogen; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl;
                           C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkynyl; or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl;
                  each R<sup>15</sup> is independently H; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl.
                          each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,
35
                           C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; or
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when Y is $-CHR^{15}N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})$, the two R^{15} attached to nitrogen atoms on said group can be taken together as $-(CH_2)_{s-}$; or when Y is -CHR¹⁵O-N= $C(R^7)NR^{15}$ -, R^7 and the adjacently attached R^{15} can be taken together as $-CH_2-(CH_2)_s$ -; $-O-(CH_2)_s$ -; $-S-(CH_2)_s$ -; or 5 $-N(C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})-(CH_2)_s$; with the directionality of said linkage defined such that the moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to the carbon and the moiety on the right side of the linkage is bonded to the nitrogen; R¹⁶, R¹⁷, and R¹⁸ are each independently H; C₁-C₃ alkyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; or 10 phenyl optionally substituted with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; R^{19} , R^{20} , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , and R^{24} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl; each R^{25} is independently C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 15 alkoxy; or phenyl; each R²⁶ is independently H; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; each R²⁷ is independently C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ 20 haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano: m, n and p are each independently 0, 1 or 2; 25 r is 0 or 1; and s is 2 or 3; provided that (i) when E is 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R^4 ; X is OR^1 , $S(O)_mR^1$ or halogen; Y is -O-, -S(O)_n-, -NR¹⁵-, -C(=O)-,- $CH(OR^{15})$ -, $-CHR^6$ -, $-CHR^6CHR^6$ -, $-CR^6=CR^6$ -, $-C\equiv C$ -, 30 -CHR¹⁵O-, -OCHR¹⁵-, -CHR¹⁵S(O)_n-, -S(O)_nCHR¹⁵-, $-CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-$, $-(R^7)C=N-OCH(R^{15})-$, $-C(R^7)=N-O-$, $-O-N=C(R^7)-$, -CHR¹⁵OC(=O)N(R¹⁵)- or a direct bond; and R^9 is $SiR^{22}R^{23}R^{24}$ or GeR²²R²³R²⁴; then Z is other than phenyl or a 5 to 14-membered aromatic heterocyclic ring system each substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted 35

with one or more R^{10} ;

- (ii) when E is a naphthalene ring optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ; R^3 or R^4 is $Si(R^{25})_3$ or $Ge(R^{25})_3$; and Y is -O-, -S(O)_n-, -C(=O)-, -CHR⁶-, -CHR⁶CHR⁶-, -CR⁶=CR⁶-, -C=C-, -OCHR¹⁵-, -S(O)_nCHR¹⁵- or a direct bond; then Z is other than C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl or C_2 - C_{10} alkynyl each substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ; and
 - (iii) when E is a naphthalene ring optionally substituted with one of R^3 , R^4 , or both R^3 and R^4 ; R^3 or R^4 is $Si(R^{25})_3$ or $Ge(R^{25})_3$; and Y is $-S(O)_{n^-}$, -C(=O)-. -C=C- or a direct bond; then Z is other than phenyl substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} .
 - 2. A compound selected from Formula 1A, *N*-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts thereof,

$$X \longrightarrow X \longrightarrow X$$
 $X \longrightarrow X$
 $X \longrightarrow X$

15 wherein

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E is 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of \mathbb{R}^3 , \mathbb{R}^4 , or both \mathbb{R}^3 and \mathbb{R}^4 :

A is O or N;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, then A is O and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, then A is N and the floating double bond is attached to A;

W is O;

X is OR^1 ;

 R^1 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

 R^2 is H or C_1 - C_2 alkyl;

- R³ and R⁴ are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkenyloxy; C_2 - C_6 alkylyloxy; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; formyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; C_1 - C_1 - C_2 - C_2 - C_3 - C_4 - C_4 - C_5 - C_5 - C_5 - C_6 - C_5 - C_6 -
- 30 $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})\text{NHC}(O); (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2\text{NC}(O); \text{Si}(R^{25})_3; \text{Ge}(R^{25})_3;$

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- $(R^{25})_3$ Si-C=C-; or phenyl, phenylethynyl, benzoyl, or phenylsulfonyl each substituted with R^8 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ;
- Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; -CH₂CH₂-; -CH=CH-; -C=C-; -CH₂O-; -OCH₂-; -CH₂S(O)_n-; -S(O)_nCH₂-; or a direct bond; and the directionality of the Y linkage is defined such that the moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to E and the moiety on the right side of the linkage is bonded to Z;
- Z is selected from the group 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; and pyrazinyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰;
- R^9 is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy; $CO_2(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); C_1 - C_1 - C_2 alkyl); C_1 - C_2 alkyl); C_1 - C_2 alkyl); C_1 - C_2 alkyl); C_1 - C_3 alkyl); C_1 - C_6 alkyl); C_1 - C_6 alkyl); C_1 - C_6 alkyl); C_1 - C_6 alkyl); C_1 - C_1 - C_2 alkyl); C_1 - C_2 alkyl
- each R^{10} is independently halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; nitro; or cyano; or
 - when R^9 and an R^{10} are attached to adjacent atoms on Z, R^9 and said adjacently attached R^{10} can be taken together as -OCH₂O- or -OCH₂CH₂O-; each CH₂ group of said taken together R^9 and R^{10} optionally substituted with 1-2 halogen;
- R¹¹ and R¹² are each independently 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxyalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylthioalkyl; C_3 - C_6 alkoxyalkynyl; C_7 - C_{10} tetrahydropyranyloxyalkynyl; benzyloxymethyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy; C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy; C_3 - C_6 haloalkenyloxy; C_3 - C_6 alkynyloxy; C_3 - C_6 haloalkynyloxy; C_2 - C_6 alkoxyalkoxy; C_5 - C_9 trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkylthioalkoxy; C_1 - C_4 alkylthio; C_1 - C_4 haloalkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkylsulfonyl; C_3 - C_6 alkenylthio; C_3 - C_6 haloalkenylthio; C_2 - C_6 alkylthioalkylthio; nitro; cyano; thiocyanato; hydroxy; $N(R^{26})_2$; SF_5 ; $Si(R^{25})_3$; $Ge(R^{25})_3$; $(R^{25})_3$ Si-C=C-; $OSi(R^{25})_3$; $OGe(R^{25})_3$; C(= $O)R^{26}$;

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 $C(=S)R^{26}; C(=O)OR^{26}; C(=S)OR^{26}; C(=O)SR^{26}; C(=S)SR^{26}; \\ C(=O)N(R^{26})_2; C(=S)N(R^{26})_2; OC(=O)R^{26}; OC(=S)R^{26}; SC(=O)R^{26}; \\ SC(=S)R^{26}; N(R^{26})C(=O)R^{26}; N(R^{26})C(=S)R^{26}; OC(=O)OR^{27}; \\ OC(=O)SR^{27}; OC(=O)N(R^{26})_2; SC(=O)OR^{27}; SC(=O)SR^{27}; S(O)_2OR^{26}; \\ S(O)_2N(R^{26})_2; OS(O)_2R^{27}; N(R^{26})S(O)_2R^{27}; or phenyl, phenoxy, benzyl, \\ benzyloxy, phenylsulfonyl, phenylethynyl or pyridinylethynyl, each optionally substituted with halogen, <math>C_1$ - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

 R^{15} is H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; or cyclopropyl;

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- 10 R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are each independently H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl optionally substituted with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;
 - R^{22} , R^{23} , and R^{24} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl;
- each R^{25} is independently C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl;
 - each R^{26} is independently H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4
 - each R^{27} is independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_2 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4
 - 3. A compound of Claim 2 wherein:

R¹ is methyl;

R² is methyl;

Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR¹⁵-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR¹⁵)-; -CH₂-; or a direct bond; and R⁹ is H; halogen; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy; C₁-C₆ alkylthio; C₁-C₆ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; CO₂(C₁-C₆ alkyl); -C(R¹⁸)=NOR¹⁷; cyano; nitro; SF₅; SiR²²R²³R²⁴; or GeR²²R²³R²⁴; or R⁹ is phenyl, benzyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl, thienyl, furanyl, or pyrimidinyl each optionally substituted with one of R¹¹, R¹², or both R¹¹ and R¹².

4. A compound of Claim 3 wherein:

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Z is selected from the group 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; and pyrazinyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with R¹⁰; and

Y is -O-; and

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 R^9 is phenyl optionally substituted with one of R^{11} , R^{12} , or both R^{11} and R^{12} .

- 5. The compound of Claim 3 which is selected from the group: 4-[2-[[3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; 4-[2-[[3-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]-6-methylphenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; 4-[2-[[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]-6-methylphenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; 4-[2-[[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one;
- 4-[2-[[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[3-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one;

4-[2-[[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one;

- 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[5-methyl-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-thiazolyl]oxy]phenyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; and 2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-[2-[[6-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-
- pyrazinyl]oxy]phenyl]-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one.
- 25 6. A compound selected from Formula IB, *N*-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts thereof,

$$X$$
 G
 X
 A
 R^2
 R^2

wherein

30 E is selected from:

i) 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of \mathbb{R}^3 , \mathbb{R}^4 , or both \mathbb{R}^3 and

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R⁴;

ii) a naphthalene ring, provided that when G and Y are attached to the same ring, then G and Y are attached to adjacent ring members, the naphthalene ring optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴; and iii) a ring system selected from 5 to 12-membered monocyclic and fused bicyclic aromatic heterocyclic ring systems, each heterocyclic ring system containing 1 to 6 heteroatoms independently selected from the group nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, provided that each heterocyclic ring system contains no more than 4 nitrogens, no more than 2 oxygens, and no more than 2 sulfurs, each fused bicyclic ring system optionally containing one nonaromatic ring that optionally includes one or two Q as ring members and optionally includes one or two ring members independently selected from C(=O) and S(O)₂, provided that G is attached to an aromatic ring, and when G and Y are attached to the same ring, then G and Y are attached to adjacent ring members, each aromatic heterocyclic ring system optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴;

A is O; S; N; NR⁵; or CR¹⁴;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, then A is O, S or NR⁵ and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, then A is N or CR¹⁴ and the floating double bond is attached to A;

W is O; S; NH; $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$; or $NO(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$;

X is H; OR^1 ; $S(O)_mR^1$; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; cyano; NH_2 ; NHR^1 ; $N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl) R^1 ; $NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy); or $N(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy) R^1 ;

R¹ is C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; or C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl;

R² is H; C₁-C₆ alkyl; C₁-C₆ haloalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; C₂-C₄ alkylcarbonyl; C₂-C₄ alkoxycarbonyl; hydroxy; C₁-C₂ alkoxy; or acetyloxy;

R³ and R⁴ are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; C_1 - C_6 alkyl: C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C_2 - C_6 alkenyloxy; C_2 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; formyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; NH₂C(O); $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)NHC(O); $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)₂NC(O); Si(R²5)₃; Ge(R²5)₃;

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(R<sup>25</sup>)<sub>3</sub>Si-C≡C-; or phenyl, phenylethynyl, benzoyl, or phenylsulfonyl each
                     substituted with R<sup>8</sup> and optionally substituted with one or more R<sup>10</sup>; or
              when E is 1,2-phenylene and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are attached to adjacent atoms, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>
                     can be taken together as C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylene, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> haloalkylene, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>
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                     alkenylene or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> haloalkenylene each optionally substituted with 1-2
                     C_1-C_3 alkyl;
              R^5 is H; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2-C_6
                     alkynyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkynyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl; or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
                     alkoxycarbonyl;
              Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR^15-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR^15)-; -CHR^6-; -CHR^6CHR^6-;
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                     -CR^6=CR^6-; -C=C-; -CHR^{15}O-; -OCHR^{15}-; -CHR^{15}S(O)_n-; -S(O)_nCHR^{15}-;
                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-; -(R^7)C=N-OCH(R^{15})-; -C(R^7)=N-O-; -O-N=C(R^7)-;
                     -CHR^{15}OC(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}OC(=S)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}OC(=O)O-:
                     -CHR^{15}OC(=S)O-; -CHR^{15}OC(=O)S-; -CHR^{15}OC(=S)S-;
                     -CHR^{15}SC(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}SC(=S)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}SC(=O)O-:
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                     -CHR^{15}SC(=S)O-; -CHR^{15}SC(=O)S-; -CHR^{15}SC(=S)S-;
                     -CHR^{15}SC(=NR^{15})S-: -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-:
                     -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=O)N(R^{15})-; -CHR^{15}O-N(R^{15})C(=S)N(R^{15})-;
                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)NR^{15}-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)OCH_{2}-;
                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-N=N-: -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=O)-:
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                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(=N-A^2-Z^1)-A^1-;
                     -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-C(R^7)=N-A^2-A^3-; -CHR^{15}O-N=C(-C(R^7)=N-A^2-Z^1)-;
                     -CHR<sup>15</sup>O-N=C(R<sup>7</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>O-; -CHR<sup>15</sup>O-N=C(R<sup>7</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>S-;
                     -O-CH_2CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}O-C(R^{15})=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}O-C(R^7)=N-;
                     -CHR^{15}S-C(R^7)=N-; -C(R^7)=N-NR^{15}-; -CH=N-N=C(R^7)-;
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                     -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})-N=C(R^7)-; -CHR^{15}N(COCH_2)-N=C(R^7)-;
                     -OC(=S)NR^{15}C(=O)-; -CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-; -CHR^6CHR^6-C(=W^1)-A^1-;
                     -CR^6 = CR^6 - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; -C = C - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; -N = CR^6 - C(=W^1) - A^1 - ; or a
                     direct bond; and the directionality of the Y linkage is defined such that the
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                     moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to E and the moiety
                     on the right side of the linkage is bonded to Z;
              Z^1 is H or -A<sup>3</sup>-Z;
              W<sup>1</sup> is O or S;
              A<sup>1</sup> is O; S; NR<sup>15</sup>; or a direct bond;
              A<sup>2</sup> is O; NR<sup>15</sup>; or a direct bond;
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              A^3 is -C(=O)-; -S(O)_2-; or a direct bond;
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	each R^6 is independently H; 1-2 CH ₃ ; C_2 - C_3 alkyl; C_1 - C_3 alkoxy; C_3 - C_6
	cycloalkyl; formylamino; C ₂ -C ₄ alkylcarbonylamino; C ₂ -C ₄
	alkoxycarbonylamino; NH ₂ C(O)NH; (C ₁ -C ₃ alkyl)NHC(O)NH;
	$(C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})_2NC(O)NH; N(C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})_2; piperidinyl; morpholinyl;$
5	1-2 halogen; cyano; or nitro;
	each R^7 is independently H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6
	$haloalkoxy; C_1-C_6 \ alkylthio; C_1-C_6 \ alkylsulfinyl; C_1-C_6 \ alkylsulfonyl; C_1-C_6 \ a$
	haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylsulfonyl; C_2 - C_6
	alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6
10	cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl; halogen; cyano;
	nitro; hydroxy; amino; $NH(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$; $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$; or morpholinyl;
	each Z is independently selected from:
	i) C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl, or C_2 - C_{10} alkynyl each substituted with R^9
	and optionally substituted with one or more R ¹⁰ ;
15	ii) C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkenyl or phenyl each substituted with R^9
	and optionally substituted with one or more R ¹⁰ ;
	iii) a ring system selected from 3 to 14-membered monocyclic, fused bicyclic
	and fused tricyclic nonaromatic heterocyclic ring systems and 5 to
	14-membered monocyclic, fused bicyclic and fused tricyclic aromatic
20	heterocyclic ring systems, each heterocyclic ring system containing 1 to 6
	heteroatoms independently selected from the group nitrogen, oxygen, and
	sulfur, provided that each heterocyclic ring system contains no more than 4
	nitrogens, no more than 2 oxygens, and no more than 2 sulfurs, each
	nonaromatic or aromatic heterocyclic ring system substituted with R ⁹ and
25	optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ;
	iv) a multicyclic ring system selected from 8 to 14-membered fused-bicyclic
	and fused-tricyclic ring systems which are an aromatic carbocyclic ring
	system, a nonaromatic carbocyclic ring system, or a ring system containing
•	one or two nonaromatic rings that each include one or two Q as ring
30	members and one or two ring members independently selected from C(=O)
	and S(O) ₂ , and any remaining rings as aromatic carbocyclic rings, each
	multicyclic ring system substituted with R ⁹ and optionally substituted with
	one or more R ¹⁰ ; and
25	v) adamantyl substituted with R ⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more
35	R ¹⁰ ;

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each Q is independently selected from the group -CHR<sup>13</sup>-, -NR<sup>13</sup>-, -O-, and
                        -S(O)_{p}-;
                R^8 is H; 1-2 halogen; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_1-C_6 alkoxy; C_1-C_6
                        haloalkoxy; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkenyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                        alkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfinyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl;
 5
                        C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl; C_3-C_6 alkenyloxy; CO_2(C_1-C_6 alkyl); NH(C_1-C_6 alkyl);
                        N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2; cyano; nitro; SiR^{19}R^{20}R^{21}; or GeR^{19}R^{20}R^{21};
                R<sup>9</sup> is phenyl, benzyl, benzoyl, phenoxy, pyridinyl, pyridinyloxy, thienyl, thienyloxy,
                        furanyl, pyrimidinyl, or pyrimidinyloxy each substituted with R11 and
                        optionally substituted with R<sup>12</sup>;
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                each R<sup>10</sup> is independently halogen; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy;
                        nitro; or cyano; or
                when R<sup>9</sup> and an R<sup>10</sup> are attached to adjacent atoms on Z, R<sup>9</sup> and said adjacently
                         attached R<sup>10</sup> can be taken together as -OCH<sub>2</sub>O- or -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-; each CH<sub>2</sub>
                         group of said taken together R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> optionally substituted with 1-2
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                         halogen; or
                 when Y and an R<sup>10</sup> are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is
                         -CHR^{15}O-N=C(R^7)-, -O-N=C(R^7)-, -O-CH_2CH_2O-N=C(R^7)-,
                         -CHR^{15}O-C(R^{15})=C(R^7)-, -CH=N-N=C(R^7)-, -CHR^{15}N(R^{15})-N=C(R^7)- or
                         -CHR<sup>15</sup>N(COCH<sub>3</sub>)-N=C(\mathbb{R}^7)-, \mathbb{R}^7 and said adjacently attached \mathbb{R}^{10} can be
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                         taken together as -(CH_2)_r-J- such that J is attached to Z;
                 J is -CH<sub>2</sub>-; -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-; -OCH<sub>2</sub>-; -CH<sub>2</sub>O-; -SCH<sub>2</sub>-; -CH<sub>2</sub>S-; -N(R<sup>16</sup>)CH<sub>2</sub>-; or
                         -CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>16</sup>)-; each CH<sub>2</sub> group of said J optionally substituted with 1 to 2
                         CH<sub>3</sub>;
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                 R^{11} is C_2-C_6 alkenyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2-C_6 alkynyl; C_2-C_6 haloalkynyl; C_2-C_6
                         alkoxyalkyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthioalkyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyalkynyl; C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>
                         tetrahydropyranyloxyalkynyl; benzyloxymethyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyloxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                         haloalkenyloxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyloxy; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkynyloxy; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                         alkoxyalkoxy; C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthioalkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
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                         alkylthio; C_1-C_4 haloalkylthio; C_1-C_4 alkylsulfinyl; C_1-C_4 haloalkylsulfinyl;
                         C_1-C_4 alkylsulfonyl; C_1-C_4 haloalkylsulfonyl; C_3-C_6 alkenylthio; C_3-C_6
                         haloalkenylthio; C_2-C_6 alkylthioalkylthio; thiocyanato; hydroxy; N(R^{26})_2:
                         SF_5; (R^{25})_3Si-C \equiv C-; OSi(R^{25})_3; OGe(R^{25})_3; C(=O)R^{26}; C(=S)R^{26}:
                         C(=O)OR^{26}; C(=S)OR^{26}; C(=O)SR^{26}; C(=S)SR^{26}; C(=O)N(R^{26})_2;
                         C(=S)N(R^{26})_2; OC(=O)R^{26}; OC(=S)R^{26}; SC(=O)R^{26}; SC(=S)R^{26};
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                         N(R^{26})C(=O)R^{26}; N(R^{26})C(=S)R^{26}; OC(=O)OR^{27}; OC(=O)SR^{27};
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$$\begin{split} & OC(=O)N(R^{26})_2;\ SC(=O)OR^{27};\ SC(=O)SR^{27};\ S(O)_2OR^{26};\ S(O)_2N(R^{26})_2;\\ & OS(O)_2R^{27};\ N(R^{26})S(O)_2R^{27};\ or\ phenyl,\ phenoxy,\ benzyl,\ benzyloxy,\\ & phenylsulfonyl,\ phenylethynyl\ or\ pyridinylethynyl,\ each\ optionally\ substituted\\ & with\ halogen,\ C_1-C_4\ alkyl,\ C_1-C_4\ haloalkyl,\ C_1-C_4\ alkoxy,\ C_1-C_4\\ & haloalkoxy,\ nitro\ or\ cyano; \end{split}$$

 R^{12} is 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkyl; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkyl; C₃-C₆ alkoxyalkynyl; C₇-C₁₀ tetrahydropyranyloxyalkynyl; benzyloxymethyl; C₁-C₄ alkoxy; C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy; C₃-C₆ alkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ haloalkenyloxy; C₃-C₆ alkynyloxy; C₃-C₆ haloalkynyloxy; C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkoxy; C₅-C₉ trialkylsilylalkoxyalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkoxy; C₁-C₄ alkylthio; C₁-C₄ haloalkylthio; C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_4 alkylsulfonyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkylsulfonyl; C_3 - C_6 alkenylthio; C_3 - C_6 haloalkenylthio; C₂-C₆ alkylthioalkylthio; nitro; cyano; thiocyanato; hydroxy; $N(R^{26})_2$; SF₅; Si(R²⁵)₃; Ge(R²⁵)₃; (R²⁵)₃Si-C=C-; OSi(R²⁵)₃; OGe(R²⁵)₃; $C(=O)R^{26}$; $C(=S)R^{26}$; $C(=O)OR^{26}$; $C(=S)OR^{26}$; $C(=O)SR^{26}$; $C(=S)SR^{26}$; $C(=O)N(R^{26})_2$; $C(=S)N(R^{26})_2$; $OC(=O)R^{26}$; $OC(=S)R^{26}$; $SC(=O)R^{26}$; $SC(=S)R^{26}$; $N(R^{26})C(=O)R^{26}$; $N(R^{26})C(=S)R^{26}$; $OC(=O)OR^{27}$; $OC(=O)SR^{27}$; $OC(=O)N(R^{26})_2$; $SC(=O)OR^{27}$; $SC(=O)SR^{27}$; $S(O)_2OR^{26}$; $S(O)_2N(R^{26})_2$; $OS(O)_2R^{27}$; $N(R^{26})S(O)_2R^{27}$; or phenyl, phenoxy, benzyl. benzyloxy, phenylsulfonyl, phenylethynyl or pyridinylethynyl, each optionally substituted with halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄

each R^{13} is independently H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; or phenyl optionally substituted with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;

 R^{14} is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl;

each R^{15} is independently H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; or

when Y is -CHR¹⁵N(R¹⁵)C(=O)N(R¹⁵)-, the two R¹⁵ attached to nitrogen atoms on said group can be taken together as -(CH₂)_S-; or

when Y is -CHR¹⁵O-N=C(R⁷)NR¹⁵-, R⁷ and the adjacently attached R¹⁵ can be taken together as -CH₂-(CH₂)_S-; -O-(CH₂)_S-; -S-(CH₂)_S-; or -N(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-(CH₂)_S-; with the directionality of said linkage defined such

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that the moiety depicted on the left side of the linkage is bonded to the carbon and the moiety on the right side of the linkage is bonded to the nitrogen;

- R^{16} is H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl optionally substituted with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano;
- R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl;
- each R^{25} is independently C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl;
- each R^{26} is independently H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4
- each R^{27} is independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; or phenyl or benzyl, each optionally substituted on the phenyl ring with halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano; m, n and p are each independently 0, 1 or 2;
- 20 r is 0 or 1; and s is 2 or 3.

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- 7. A compound of Claim 6 wherein:
- E is selected from the group 1,2-phenylene; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 1,2-, and 2,3-naphthalenediyl; 1*H*-pyrrole-1,2-, 2,3- and 3,4-diyl; 2,3- and 3,4-furandiyl; 2,3- and 3,4-thiophenediyl; 1*H*-pyrazole-1,5-, 3,4- and 4,5-diyl; 1*H*-imidazole-1,2-, 4,5- and 1,5-diyl; 3,4- and 4,5-isoxazolediyl; 4,5-thiazolediyl; 4,5-thiazolediyl; 1*H*-1,2,3-triazole-1,5- and 4,5-diyl; 2*H*-1,2,3-triazole-4,5-diyl; 1*H*-1,2,4-triazole-1,5-diyl; 4*H*-1,2,4-triazole-3,4-diyl;
- 1*H*-1,2,4-triazole-1,5-diyl; 4*H*-1,2,4-triazole-3,4-diyl;
 1,2,3-oxadiazole-4,5-diyl; 1,2,5-oxadiazole-3,4-diyl; 1,2,3-thiadiazole-4,5-diyl; 1,2,5-thiadiazole-3,4-diyl; 1*H*-tetrazole-1,5-diyl; 2,3- and 3,4-pyridinediyl; 3,4- and 4,5-pyridazinediyl; 4,5-pyrimidinediyl; 2,3-pyrazinediyl; 1,2,3-triazine-4,5-diyl; 1,2,4-triazine-5,6-diyl; 1*H*-indole-1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-.
- 35 1,2-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-. 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; benzo[*b*]thiophene-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-,

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2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1*H*-indazole-1,4-. 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1*H*-benzimidazole-1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 1,2-benzisoxazole-3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 2.4-. 5 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzoxazolediyl; 1,2-benzisothiazole-3.4-. 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzothiazolediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4.6-. 4,7-, 4,8-, 2,3-, 3,4-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-quinolinediyl; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-. 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 3,4-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-isoquinolinediyl; 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 3,4-, 5,6-, 10 6,7- and 7,8-cinnolinediyl; 1,5-, 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-phthalazinediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-quinazolinediyl; 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 2,3-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-quinoxalinediyl; 1,8,-naphthyridine-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 4,5-, 2,3-15 and 3,4-diyl; 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 6,7-pteridinediyl; pyrazolo[5,1-*b*]thiazole-2,6-, 2,7-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 2,3- and 6,7-diyl; thiazolo[2,3-*c*]-1,2,4-triazole-2,5-, 2,6-, 5,6-diyl; 2-oxo-1,3-benzodioxole-4,5- and 5,6-diyl; 1,3-dioxo-1*H*-isoindole-2,4-, 2,5-, 4,5- and 5,6-diyl; 2-oxo-2*H*-1-benzopyran-3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4.6-. 4,7-, 4,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-diyl; [1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyridine-2,5-, 2,6-. 20 2,7-, 2,8-, 5,6-, 6,7- and 7,8-diyl; 3,4-dihydro-2,4-dioxo-2*H*-1,3-benzoxazine-3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 5,6-, 6.7and 7,8-diyl; 2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; thieno[3,2-*d*]thiazole-2,5-, 2,6-, and 5,6-diyl; 25 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, 4,5-, 4,6-, 4,7-, 4,8-, 2,3- and 3,4-quinolinediyl; 2,3-dihydro-1,1,3-trioxo-1,2-benzisothiazole-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 4,5-, 5,6and 6,7-diyl; 1,3-benzodioxole-2,4-, 2,5-, 4,5- and 5,6-diyl; 2,3-dihydro-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; 30 2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; and 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4*H*-cyclohepta[*b*]thiophene-2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 2,7-, 2,8-, 3,4-, 3,5-, 3,6-, 3,7-, 3,8-, and 2,3-divl; each aromatic ring system optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴; W is O: R^1 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl or C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl; 35 R^2 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl;

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R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                    haloalkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
                    alkylsulfonyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylcarbonyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl;
                    (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})\text{NHC}(O); (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2\text{NC}(O); benzoyl; or phenylsulfonyl;
             Y is -O-; -S(O)_n-; -NR^{15}-; -C(=O)-; -CH(OR^{15})-; -CH_2-; -CH_2CH<sub>2</sub>-; -CH=CH-;
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                    -C = C^{-}; -CH_{2}O^{-}; -CH_{2}S(O)_{n}^{-}; -S(O)_{n}CH_{2}^{-}; -CH_{2}O^{-}N = C(R^{7})^{-}:
                    -(R^7)C=N-OCH(R^{15})-; -C(R^7)=N-O-; or a direct bond;
             R^7 is H; C_1-C_6 alkyl; C_1-C_6 haloalkyl; C_1-C_6 alkoxy; C_1-C_6 alkylthio; C_2-C_6
                    alkenyl; C2-C6 alkynyl; C3-C6 cycloalkyl; halogen; or cyano; or
             when Y and an R<sup>10</sup> are attached to adjacent atoms on Z and Y is
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                    -CH<sub>2</sub>O-N=C(\mathbb{R}^7)-, \mathbb{R}^7 and said adjacently attached \mathbb{R}^{10} can be taken
                    together as -(CH_2)_r-J- such that J is attached to Z;
             Z is selected from the group C_1-C_{10} alkyl; C_3-C_8 cycloalkyl; phenyl; naphthalenyl;
                    anthracenyl; phenanthrenyl; 1H-pyrrolyl; furanyl; thienyl; 1H-pyrazolyl;
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                    1H-imidazolyl; isoxazolyl; oxazolyl; isothiazolyl; thiazolyl;
                    1H-1,2,3-triazolyl; 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl; 1H-1,2,4-triazolyl; 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl;
                    1,2,3-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl;
                    1,2,3-thiadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl; 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl;
                    1H-tetrazolyl; 2H-tetrazolyl; pyridinyl; pyridazinyl; pyrimidinyl; pyrazinyl;
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                    1,3,5-triazinyl; 1,2,4-triazinyl; 1,2,4,5-tetrazinyl; 1H-indolyl; benzofuranyl;
                    benzo[b]thiophenyl; 1H-indazolyl; 1H-benzimidazolyl; benzoxazolyl;
                    benzothiazolyl; quinolinyl; isoquinolinyl; cinnolinyl; phthalazinyl;
                    quinazolinyl; quinoxalinyl; 1,8-naphthyridinyl; pteridinyl;
                    2,3-dihydro-1H-indenyl; 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl;
                    6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5H-benzocycloheptenyl;
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                    5,6,7,8,9,10-hexahydrobenzocyclooctenyl; 2,3-dihydro-3-oxobenzofuranyl;
                     1,3-dihydro-1-oxoisobenzofuranyl; 2,3-dihydro-2-oxobenzofuranyl;
                    3,4-dihydro-4-oxo-2H-1-benzopyranyl;
                    3,4-dihydro-1-oxo-1H-2-benzopyranyl;
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                    3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-1H-2-benzopyranyl;
                    3,4-dihydro-2-oxo-2H-1-benzopyranyl; 4-oxo-4H-1-benzopyranyl;
                    2-oxo-2H-1-benzopyranyl; 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-5-oxo-1-benzoxepinyl;
                    2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-oxo-1-benzoxepinyl;
                    2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-1H-isoindolyl;
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                     1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,3-dioxoisoquinolinyl;
                     3,4-dihydro-2,4-dioxo-2H-1,3-benzoxazinyl; 2-oxo-1,3-benzodioxyl;
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2,3-dihydro-1,1,3-trioxo-1,2-benzisothiazolyl; 9H-fluorenyl; azulenyl; and thiazolo[2,3-c]-1,2,4-triazolyl; each group substituted with R^9 and optionally substituted with one or more R^{10} ; and

 R^{15} is H; C_1 - C_3 alkyl; or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl.

8. A compound of Claim 7 wherein:

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E is selected from the group 1,2-phenylene; 1,6-, 1,7-, 1,2-, and 2,3-naphthalenediyl; 2,3- and 3,4-furandiyl; 2,3- and 3,4-thiophenediyl; 2,3- and 3,4-pyridinediyl; 4,5-pyrimidinediyl; 2,4-, 2,7-, 3,5-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-benzofurandiyl; and benzo[*b*]thiophene-2,4-, 2,7-, 3,5-, 2,3-, 4,5-, 5,6- and 6,7-diyl; each aromatic ring system optionally substituted with one of R³. R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴:

Z is selected from the group phenyl; naphthalenyl; 2-thiazolyl; 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl; 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl; pyridinyl; and pyrimidinyl; each group substituted with R⁹ and optionally substituted with one or more R¹⁰;

$$\label{eq:R7} \begin{split} R^7 \text{ is } H; C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkyl}; C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ haloalkyl}; C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkoxy}; C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkylthio}; C_2\text{-}C_6 \\ \text{ alkenyl}; C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkynyl}; \text{ cyclopropyl}; \text{ halogen}; \text{ or cyano}; \text{ or} \\ \text{when } Y \text{ and an } R^{10} \text{ are attached to adjacent atoms on } Z \text{ and } Y \text{ is} \\ \text{-}CH_2O\text{-}N\text{=}C(R^7)\text{-}, R^7 \text{ and said adjacently attached } R^{10} \text{ can be taken} \\ \text{together as -}(CH_2)_r\text{-}J\text{-} \text{ such that } J \text{ is attached to } Z; \end{split}$$

J is $-CH_2$ - or $-CH_2CH_2$ -; and r is 1.

- 9. The compound of Claim 8 which is selected from the group: 4-[2-[[3-(3-ethynylphenyl)-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl]oxy]phenyl]-2,4-dihydro-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; and [3-[5-[2-(1,5-dihydro-3-methoxy-1-methyl-5-oxo-4*H*-1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)phenoxy]-1,2,4-thiadiazol-3-yl]phenyl] trifluoromethanesulfonate.
- 10. A fungicidal composition comprising a fungicidally effective amount of a compound of any of Claims 2-9 and at least one of a surfactant, a solid diluent or a liquid diluent.
- 11. An arthropodicidal composition comprising an arthropodicidally effective amount of a compound of any of Claims 2-9 and at least one of a surfactant, a solid diluent or a liquid diluent.
- 12. A method for controlling plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising applying to the plant or portion thereof, or to the plant seed or seedling, a fungicidally effective amount of a compound of any of Claims 2-9.

13. A compound selected from Formula II,

$$X$$
 G
 G
 W
 A
 R^2

wherein

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E is 1,2-phenylene optionally substituted with one of R³, R⁴, or both R³ and R⁴; A is O; S; N; NR⁵; or CR¹⁴;

G is C or N; provided that when G is C, then A is O, S or NR⁵ and the floating double bond is attached to G; and when G is N, then A is N or CR¹⁴ and the floating double bond is attached to A;

10 W is O; S; NH; $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$; or $NO(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$;

X is OR^1 ; $S(O)_mR^1$; or halogen;

 R^1 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; or C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl;

 $R^2 \text{ is H; } C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkyl; } C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ haloalkyl; } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkenyl; } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ haloalkenyl; } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkynyl; } C_2\text{-}C_6 \text{ haloalkynyl; } C_3\text{-}C_6 \text{ cycloalkyl; } C_2\text{-}C_4 \text{ alkylcarbonyl; } C_2\text{-}C_4 \text{ alkoxycarbonyl; hydroxy; } C_1\text{-}C_2 \text{ alkoxy; or acetyloxy; }$

 R^3 and R^4 are each independently halogen; cyano; nitro; hydroxy; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 alkynyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; formyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; formyl; C_2 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl; C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; C_1 - C_1 - C_1 - C_2 alkylsulfonyl; C_1 - C_2 - C_3 - C_1 - C_2 - C_3 -C

when R^3 and R^4 are attached to adjacent atoms, R^3 and R^4 can be taken together as C_3 - C_5 alkylene, C_3 - C_5 haloalkylene, C_3 - C_5 alkenylene or C_3 - C_5 haloalkenylene each optionally substituted with 1-2 C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

 R^5 is H; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkynyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl; or C_2 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl;

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 R^8 is H; 1-2 halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy; C₂-C₆ alkenyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₁-C₆ alkylthio; C_1 - C_6 haloalkylthio; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl; C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl; C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy; $CO_2(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl); $N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$; cyano; nitro; $SiR^{19}R^{20}R^{21}$; or $GeR^{19}R^{20}R^{21}$; 5 each R¹⁰ is independently halogen; C₁-C₄ alkyl; C₁-C₄ haloalkyl; C₁-C₄ alkoxy; nitro; or cyano; R^{14} is H; halogen; C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_2 - C_6 haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆ alkynyl; C₂-C₆ haloalkynyl; or C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl; R^{19} , R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently C_1 - C_6 alkyl; C_2 - C_6 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 10 alkoxy; or phenyl; each R^{25} is independently C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkenyl; C_1 - C_4 alkoxy; or phenyl; and m is 0, 1 or 2. 15 The compound of Claim 13 which is selected from the group: 2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; 2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxy-6-methylphenyl)-5-methoxy-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4triazol-3-one; 5-chloro-2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxy-6-methylphenyl)-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-20 3-one: and

5-chloro-2,4-dihydro-4-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-methyl-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)(July 1992)*

International application No.
PCT/US96/18916

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(6) :A01N 43/653; C07D 241/08, 249/08, 249/12, 275/02, 285/08, 417/04 US CL :514/249, 384; 544/336; 548/128, 263.2, 263.4, 263.6, 264 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC						
B. FIEL	B. FIELDS SEARCHED					
Minimum d	ocumentation searched (classification system followed	d by classification symbols)				
U.S. : 514/249, 384; 544/336; 548/128, 263.2, 263.4, 263.6, 264						
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched						
Electronic d	ata base consulted during the international search (na	ame of data base and, where practicable,	search terms used)			
STN, CAS ONLINE search terms: triazol?, thiadiazol?, 1,2,4-triazol-3-one						
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	opropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.			
X	WO 96/36615 A1 (E. I. DU PO COMPANY) 21 November 1996 document, especially abstract.		5, 9-12 and 14			
x	WO 96/26191 A1 (E. I. DU PO COMPANY) 29 August 1996 document, especially abstract.		5, 9-12 and 14			
A	US 5,108,486 A (KONDO ET AL) (28.04.92), page 1, abstract.	28 April 1992	5, 9-12 and 14			
Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	See patent family annex.				
• Sp	ecial categories of cited decuments:	"T" later document published after the inte				
"A" do	cument defining the general state of the art which is not considered be of particular relevance	principle or theory underlying the inve				
	lier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the considered novel or cannot be considered.				
	cument which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is not to establish the publication date of another citation or other	when the document is taken alone				
spe	cial reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the considered to involve an inventive	step when the document is			
me	nument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	combined with one or more other such being obvious to a person skilled in th	e art			
the	nument published prior to the international filing date but later than priority date claimed	*&* document member of the same patent				
Date of the actual completion of the international search 28 JANUARY 1997 Date of mailing of the international search 2 7 FEB 1997						
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Authorized officer						
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US96/18916

BOX I. OBSERVATIONS WHERE CLAIMS WERE FOUND UNSEARCHABLE 2. Where no meaningful search could be carried out, specifically:					
The claims were found unsearchable because the multitude of variables (e.g., G, W, X, Y, Z, R-1 to R-26, etc.) and their permutations and combinations result in claims so broad in scope that they are virtually incomprehensible, and so no meaningful search can be made. Therefore, the first discernable inventions as found in claims 5, 9-12 and 14 (i.e., where G, A, N and W represent 1,2,4-triazol-3-ones or 1,2-oxazol-3-ones with optional substitutions) were searched.					