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KP, KR, KW, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, WS, ZA, ZM, ZW.

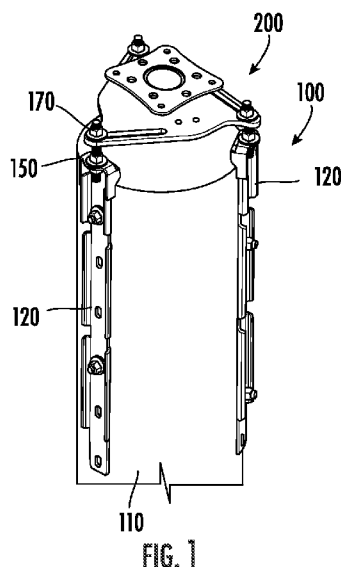
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(54) Title: ADJUSTABLE ANTENNA MOUNT



(57) Abstract: An adjustable mount for an antenna includes: a generally vertical pole; a plurality of rails mounted adjacent the pole's upper end, each of the rails including a cap with a mounting hole at its upper end; a mounting foundation having a base panel and a mounting platform positioned above the base panel, the base panel including a set of discontinuous slots extending at an oblique angle to a radius originating at a center point of the base panel; a plurality of threaded members inserted into the mounting hole of a respective one of the rails and one of the set of discontinuous slots to mount the mounting foundation above the upper end of the pole; and a plurality of nuts threaded onto a respective threaded member beneath the base panel. Rotation of the nut relative to the threaded member causes an overlying section of the base panel to move vertically.



ADJUSTABLE ANTENNA MOUNT

Related Application

[0001] The present application claims priority from and the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/977,575, filed February 17, 2020, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated herein be referenced in its entirety.

Field of the Invention

[0002] The present invention is directed generally toward communication antennas, and more particularly to mounting structures for communications antennas.

Background

[0003] As wireless data service demands have grown, a conventional response has been to increase the number and capacity of conventional cellular Base Stations (Macro-Cells). Such Macro-Cells are typically mounted on antenna towers. A conventional antenna tower has three or four legs on which antennas and supporting remote radio units (RRUs) are mounted. However, in some environments structures known as “monopoles” are used as mounting structures. Monopoles are typically employed when fewer antennas/RRUs are to be mounted, and/or when a structure of less height is required.

[0004] In addition, Macro-Cell sites are becoming less available, and available spectrum limits how much additional capacity can be derived from a given Macro-Cell. Accordingly, small cell RRU and antenna combinations have been developed to “fill in” underserved or congested areas that would otherwise be within a Macro-Cell site. Deployment of small cells, particularly in urban environments, is expected to continue to grow. Often such small cell configurations (sometimes termed “metrocells”) are mounted on monopoles.

[0005] Some small cell antenna configurations may comprise a generally cylindrical unit with three antennas deployed at 120 degree angles to one another. An exemplary cylindrical antenna unit is shown in U.S. Patent No. 9,433,034 to Hendrix, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated herein in its entirety. Such antenna units are typically mounted on the top of a monopole.

[0006] In some instances, operators are employing wooden poles (such as telephone poles or power poles) that are already present in a particular location to mount metrocells. Wooden poles tend to be somewhat variable in size and condition. As such, it may be desirable to provide mounting systems that can facilitate the mounting of metrocells on wooden poles.

Summary

[0007] As a first aspect, embodiments of the invention are directed to an adjustable mount for an antenna. The adjustable mount comprises: a generally vertical elongate pole having an upper end; a plurality of rails mounted adjacent the upper end of the pole, each of the rails including a cap with a mounting hole at an upper end thereof; a mounting foundation having a base panel and a mounting platform positioned above the base panel, the base panel including a set of discontinuous slots, each of the discontinuous slots extending at an oblique angle to a radius originating at a center point of the base panel; a plurality of threaded members, each of the threaded members inserted into the mounting hole of a respective one of the rails and one of the set of discontinuous slots to mount the mounting foundation above the upper end of the pole; and a plurality of nuts, each threaded onto a respective threaded member beneath the base panel, wherein rotation of the nut relative to the threaded member causes an overlying section of the base panel to move vertically.

[0008] As a second aspect, embodiments of the invention are directed to an adjustable mount for an antenna comprising: a generally vertical elongate pole having an upper end; a plurality of rails mounted adjacent the upper end of the pole, each of the rails including a cap with a mounting hole at an upper end thereof; a mounting foundation having a generally triangular base panel and a generally square mounting platform positioned above the base panel, the base panel including a set of discontinuous slots, each of the discontinuous slots extending at an oblique angle to a radius originating at a center point of the base panel; a plurality of threaded members, each of the threaded members inserted into the mounting hole of a respective one of the rails and one of the set of discontinuous slots to mount the mounting foundation above the upper end of the pole; and a plurality of nuts, each threaded onto a respective threaded member beneath the base panel, wherein rotation of the nut relative to the threaded member causes an overlying section of the base panel to move vertically.

[0009] As a third aspect, embodiments of the invention are directed to a method of leveling an antenna mount on a pole, comprising the steps of: providing a generally vertical elongate pole having an upper end; mounting a plurality of rails adjacent the upper end of the pole, each of the rails including a cap with a mounting hole at an upper end thereof; providing a mounting foundation having a base panel and a mounting platform positioned above the base panel, the base panel including a set of discontinuous slots, each of the discontinuous slots extending at an oblique angle to a radius originating at a center point of the base panel; mounting the mounting foundation on the rails above the upper end of the pole with a plurality of threaded members and a plurality of nuts, each of the threaded members inserted into the mounting hole of a respective one of the rails and one of the set of discontinuous; and rotating at least one of the plurality of nuts relative to the threaded rod to cause an overlying section of the base panel to move vertically.

Brief Description of the Figures

[0010] **FIG. 1** is a top perspective view of an antenna mount leveling assembly according to embodiments of the invention.

[0011] **FIG. 2** is a perspective view of a rail of the assembly of **FIG. 1**.

[0012] **FIG. 3** is a top perspective view of a mounting foundation of the assembly of **FIG. 1**.

- [0013] FIG. 4 is a bottom perspective view of the assembly of FIG. 1.
- [0014] FIG. 5 is a side view of the assembly of FIG. 1.
- [0015] FIG. 6 is a top perspective view of the assembly of FIG. 1 with a bottom plate of an equipment module mounted thereon.
- [0016] FIG. 7 is a top perspective view of the assembly of FIG. 1 with a bottom plate of an antenna module mounted thereon.
- [0017] FIG. 8 is a top perspective view of an assembly of FIG. 1 using a smaller mounting foundation, with a bottom plate of an equipment module mounted thereon.
- [0018] FIG. 9 is a top perspective view of the assembly of FIG. 8 with a smaller bottom plate of an antenna module mounted thereon.
- [0019] FIG. 10 is a partial top perspective view of the assembly of FIG. 8 showing a portion of the equipment module.
- [0020] FIGS. 11 and 12 are side perspective views of the assembly of FIG. 8 mounted on different sized wooden poles and with antenna modules mounted thereon.

Detailed Description

[0021] The present invention will now be described more fully hereinafter, in which embodiments of the invention are shown. This invention may, however, be embodied in different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein. Rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art. In the drawings, like numbers refer to like elements throughout. Thicknesses and dimensions of some components may be exaggerated for clarity.

[0022] Unless otherwise defined, all terms (including technical and scientific terms) used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. It will be further understood that terms, such as those defined in commonly used dictionaries, should be interpreted as having a meaning that is consistent with their meaning in the context of the relevant art and will not be interpreted in an idealized or overly formal sense unless expressly so defined herein.

[0023] The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of the invention. As used herein, the singular forms "a", "an" and "the" are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. It will be further understood that the terms "comprises" and/or "comprising," when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof. As used herein the expression "and/or" includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items.

[0024] In addition, spatially relative terms, such as "under", "below", "lower", "over", "upper" and the like, may be used herein for ease of description to describe one element or feature's relationship to another element(s) or feature(s) as illustrated in the figures. It will be understood that the spatially relative terms are intended to encompass different orientations of the device in use or operation in addition to the orientation depicted in the figures. The device may be otherwise oriented (rotated 90 degrees or at other orientations) and the spatially relative descriptors used herein interpreted accordingly.

[0025] Well-known functions or constructions may not be described in detail for brevity and/or clarity.

[0026] Referring now to the drawings, an antenna mount leveling assembly is illustrated in **FIGS. 1-5** and designated broadly at **100**. The assembly **100** is mounted on a wooden pole **110** and includes a mounting foundation **200**, three rails **120**, three threaded rods **150** (or other threaded members), and twelve nuts **170**. These are described in greater detail below.

[0027] Referring first to **FIG. 2**, each of the three rails **120** includes an elongate main panel **122** with side flanges **124**. A overhanging cap **126** with a hole **127** covers one end of the rail **120**. Mounting slots **128** are present in the main panel **122**. In some embodiments, the slots **128** are about 4 inches apart. Recesses **130** are present in the side flanges **124**.

[0028] Referring now to **FIG. 3**, the mounting foundation **200** has a base plate **201** that is generally planar and somewhat triangular in shape. A hole **202** is present in the center of the base plate **201** to provide routing for cables. An oblong slot **210** is present in each of the "corners" of the base plate **201** and extends toward an adjacent corner. The slots **210** are

oriented such that they extend at an oblique angle to a radius originating in the center of the base plate **201**. A generally square mounting platform **220** is attached to a cylindrical tower **222**, which is in turn mounted to the base plate **201** to surround the hole **202**. The mounting platform **220** includes four mounting holes **226** in the corners and six mounting holes **228** that ring the tower **222**.

[0029] As can be seen in **FIG. 1**, the assembly **100** can be mounted to the wooden pole **110** by first attaching the rails **120** about the periphery of the pole **110** in a vertical orientation via screws inserted into the slots **128**. In some embodiments, the screws are inserted such that two slots **128** are present between screws. Each of the rails **120** is oriented so that the side flanges **124** extend radially outwardly from the pole **110**. The cap **126** rests on the top surface of the pole **110**.

[0030] It should be noted that, in some embodiments, the rails **120** may be mounted to the pole **110** via bands (e.g., a hose clamp) that encircle the pole **110** and fit within the recesses **130** of the rails **120**. (If three bands are to be used, two bands can fit within the recesses **130** in the rails **120** and one band can overlie the lower “tail” of the rail **120** below the side flanges **124**.) In such embodiments, each band may engage and secure all three of the rails **120**.

[0031] The mounting foundation **200** is then mounted to the rails **120**. As can be seen in **FIGS. 1, 4 and 5**, the threaded rods **150** are inserted into the slots **210** in the base panel **201** of the mounting foundation **200**, with nuts **170** threaded onto each threaded rod **150** both above and below the base panel **201**. The threaded rods **150** are also inserted into the holes **127** in the caps **126** of the rails **120**, with nuts **170** threaded onto the rods **150** above and below the caps **126**. The length and orientation of the slots **210** enables the mounting foundation to be mounted on poles having a wide variety of diameters.

[0032] It can be seen that the arrangement illustrated and described herein can be employed to both mount and level the mounting foundation **200** onto the pole **110**. As discussed above, poles, and particularly wooden poles, can vary greatly in size, roundness, and perpendicularity of mounting, and the top surfaces of different poles can vary greatly in their degree of flatness. The assembly **100** can enable a technician to adjust the mounting foundation **200** to a desired orientation (typically level), by rotating the nuts **170** (in particular the nuts **170a**, which underlie the base plate **201**, may be rotated) on their respective threaded rods **150**; such rotation of the

nuts **170** raises or lowers the corners of the mounting foundation **200** relative to each other, which adjusts the angle of the base plate **201** and mounting platform **220** relative to the pole **110** (and, in turn, to the horizon). In some embodiments, the technician may employ a level or other angle-detecting device as an aid to confirm that the desired orientation has been attained.

[0033] In addition, the inclusion of the rails **120** on the pole **110** and the slots **210** in the base panel **201** of the mounting foundation **200** can also permit the mounting foundation **200** to be mounted on poles of varying diameters, and even varying degrees of roundness.

[0034] Once the mounting foundation **200** is mounted on the pole **110** as described above, equipment (such as an antenna, a radio, or the like) can be mounted on the mounting foundation **200**. **FIG. 6** illustrates the mounting of the bottom plate **300** of an equipment module, and **FIG. 7** illustrates the mounting of the lower end of a spool **400** employed with an antenna module (such as a so-called “5G” antenna). The bottom plate **300** and spool **400** include mounting holes that align with either or both of the holes **226**, **228** in the mounting platform **220**. It will be understood that the adjustment of the orientation of the mounting foundation **200** may be performed prior to or after the mounting of the equipment on the pole **110**.

[0035] **FIGS. 8 and 9** illustrate the use of a somewhat smaller mounting foundation **200'**, which is similar to the mounting foundation **200** but is smaller in size, and thus may be more appropriate for mounting on a smaller diameter pole **110'**. **FIG. 8** illustrates the mounting of a bottom plate **300'** on the mounting foundation **200'**, and **FIG. 9** illustrates the mounting of the bottom portion of a spool **400'**. **FIG. 10** shows the lower portion of an equipment module **350** attached to the bottom plate **300'**. It can be seen that the bottom plate **300'** includes a central hole **352** through which cables can be routed.

[0036] **FIGS. 11 and 12** illustrate the mounting of an antenna module **402** on poles of different diameters.

[0037] The mounting foundation **200** is typically formed of a metallic material, such as steel or aluminum. The base panel **201** may be of any thickness, but should be of sufficient thickness to provide a rigid mounting location for the antenna or other equipment; a thickness of between about 0.188 and 0.5 inch is typical. Similarly, the mounting platform **220** may be should be of sufficient thickness to provide a rigid mounting location for the antenna; a thickness of between about 0.188 and 0.5 inch is typical.

[0038] It should also be noted that the base plate **201**, which is shown to be generally triangular, may take another shape (e.g., circular, square, hexagonal), as may the mounting platform **220**. The holes **226**, **228** in the mounting platform **220** may be arranged in a different pattern. The hole patterns in the bottom plate **300**, **300'** (which are discussed in U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/858,564, filed June 7, 2019, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in full) may also vary. In some embodiments, the threaded rods **150** may be integrated into the rails **120**. Other variations may also be employed.

[0039] It should also be understood that the assembly **100** may be employed to mount other equipment, such as radios (particularly within a module), 4G or 5G antennas, and other types of modules (e.g., power modules); exemplary modules are discussed in U.S. Patent Publication No. No. 2018/0254545, and U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 16/655,986 (filed October 7, 2019). Both of these documents are hereby incorporated herein by reference in full.

[0040] The foregoing is illustrative of the present invention and is not to be construed as limiting thereof. Although exemplary embodiments of this invention have been described, those skilled in the art will readily appreciate that many modifications are possible in the exemplary embodiments without materially departing from the novel teachings and advantages of this invention. Accordingly, all such modifications are intended to be included within the scope of this invention as defined in the claims. The invention is defined by the following claims, with equivalents of the claims to be included therein.

That Which is Claimed is:

1. An adjustable mount for an antenna, comprising:
a generally vertical elongate pole having an upper end;
a plurality of rails mounted adjacent the upper end of the pole, each of the rails including a cap with a mounting hole at an upper end thereof;
a mounting foundation having a base panel and a mounting platform positioned above the base panel, the base panel including a set of discontinuous slots, each of the discontinuous slots extending at an oblique angle to a radius originating at a center point of the base panel;
a plurality of threaded members, each of the threaded members inserted into the mounting hole of a respective one of the rails and one of the set of discontinuous slots to mount the mounting foundation above the upper end of the pole; and
a plurality of nuts, each threaded onto a respective threaded member beneath the base panel, wherein rotation of the nut relative to the threaded member causes an overlying section of the base panel to move vertically.
2. The adjustable mount defined in Claim 1, wherein the plurality of rails comprises three rails, and wherein the set of slots comprises three slots.
3. The adjustable mount defined in Claim 2, wherein the plurality of threaded members comprises three threaded members.
4. The adjustable mount defined in any of Claims 1-3, wherein the slots are oblong slots.
5. The adjustable mount defined in any of Claims 1-4, wherein the base panel is generally triangular in shape.
6. The adjustable mount defined in any of Claims 1-5, wherein the mounting platform is generally square in shape.

7. The adjustable mount defined in any of Claims 1-6, wherein plurality of nuts comprises twelve nuts.
8. The adjustable mount defined in any of Claims 1-7, in combination with a telecommunications equipment module mounted to the mounting platform.
9. The adjustable mount defined in any of Claims 1-8, wherein the elongate pole is formed of wood.
10. An adjustable mount for an antenna, comprising:
 - a generally vertical elongate pole having an upper end;
 - a plurality of rails mounted adjacent the upper end of the pole, each of the rails including a cap with a mounting hole at an upper end thereof;
 - a mounting foundation having a generally triangular base panel and a generally square mounting platform positioned above the base panel, the base panel including a set of discontinuous slots, each of the discontinuous slots extending at an oblique angle to a radius originating at a center point of the base panel;
 - a plurality of threaded members, each of the threaded members inserted into the mounting hole of a respective one of the rails and one of the set of discontinuous slots to mount the mounting foundation above the upper end of the pole; and
 - a plurality of nuts, each threaded onto a respective threaded member beneath the base panel, wherein rotation of the nut relative to the threaded member causes an overlying section of the base panel to move vertically.
11. The adjustable mount defined in Claim 10, wherein the elongate pole is formed of wood.
12. A method of leveling an antenna mount on a pole, comprising the steps of:
 - providing a generally vertical elongate pole having an upper end;
 - mounting a plurality of rails adjacent the upper end of the pole, each of the rails including a cap with a mounting hole at an upper end thereof;

providing a mounting foundation having a base panel and a mounting platform positioned above the base panel, the base panel including a set of discontinuous slots, each of the discontinuous slots extending at an oblique angle to a radius originating at a center point of the base panel;

mounting the mounting foundation on the rails above the upper end of the pole with a plurality of threaded members and a plurality of nuts, each of the threaded members inserted into the mounting hole of a respective one of the rails and one of the set of discontinuous; and

rotating at least one of the plurality of nuts relative to the threaded rod to cause an overlying section of the base panel to move vertically.

13. The method defined in Claim 12, wherein the plurality of rails comprises three rails, and wherein the set of slots comprises three slots.
14. The method defined in Claim 13, wherein the plurality of threaded members comprises three threaded members.
15. The method defined in any of Claims 12-14, wherein the slots are oblong slots.
16. The method defined in any of Claims 12-15, wherein the base panel is generally triangular in shape.
17. The method defined in any of Claims 12-16, wherein the mounting platform is generally square in shape.
18. The method defined in any of Claims 12-17, wherein plurality of nuts comprises twelve nuts.
19. The method defined in any of Claims 12-18, further comprising the step of mounting a telecommunications equipment module to the mounting platform.

20. The method defined in any of Claims 12-19, wherein the elongate pole is formed of wood.

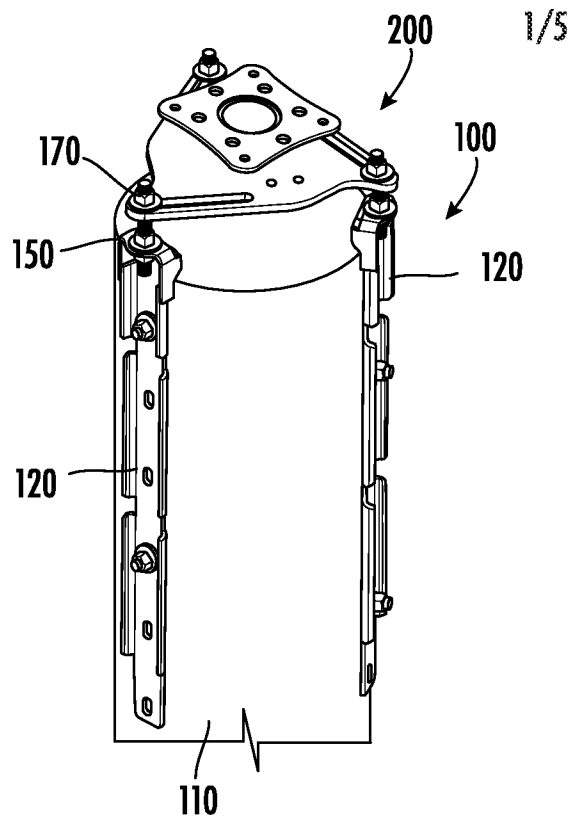


FIG. 1

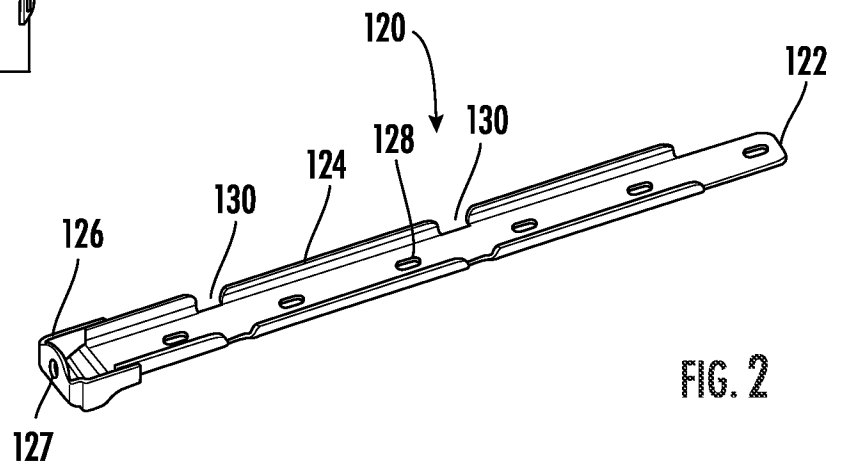


FIG. 2

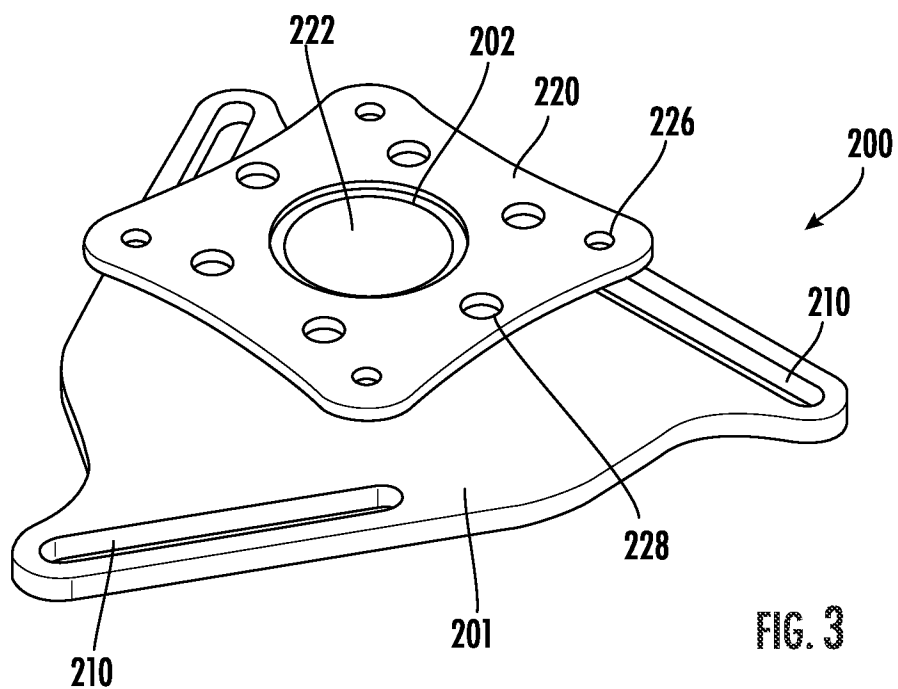
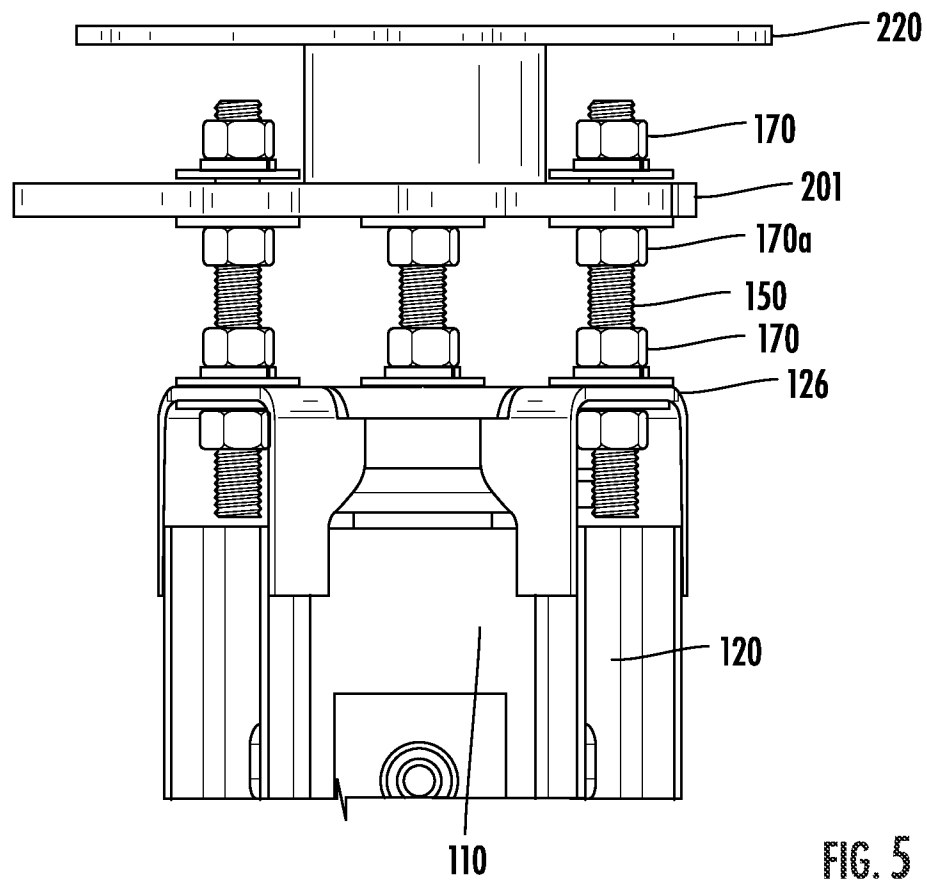
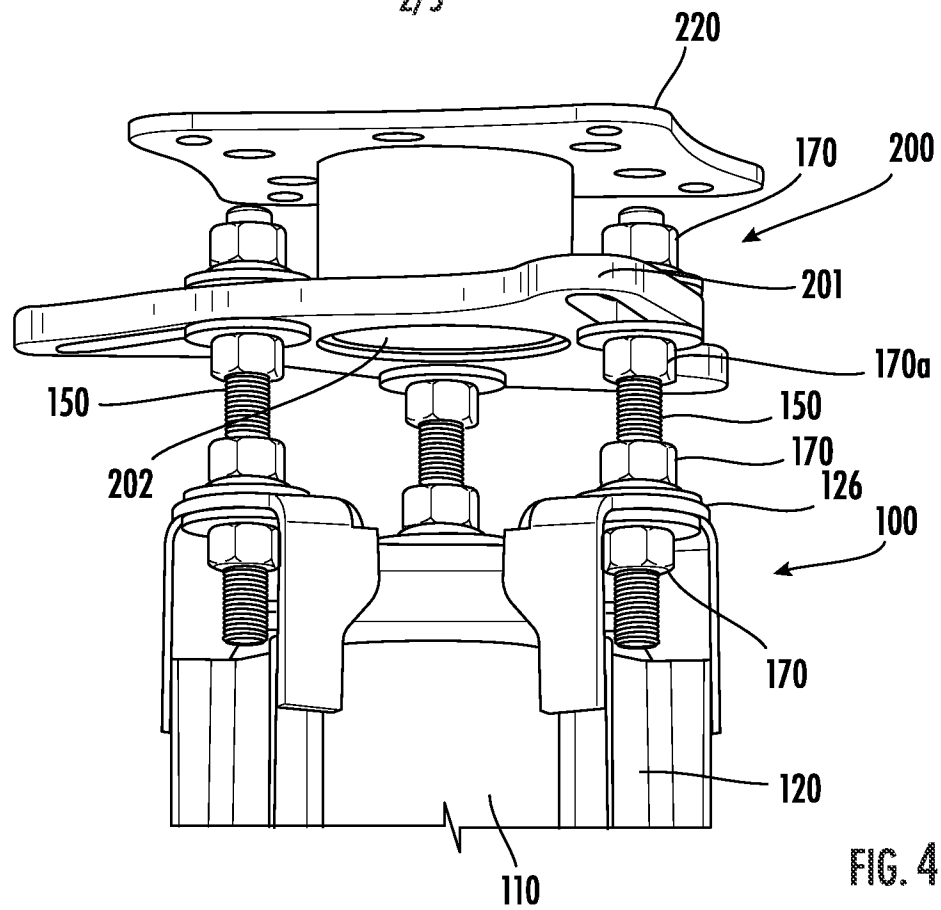


FIG. 3

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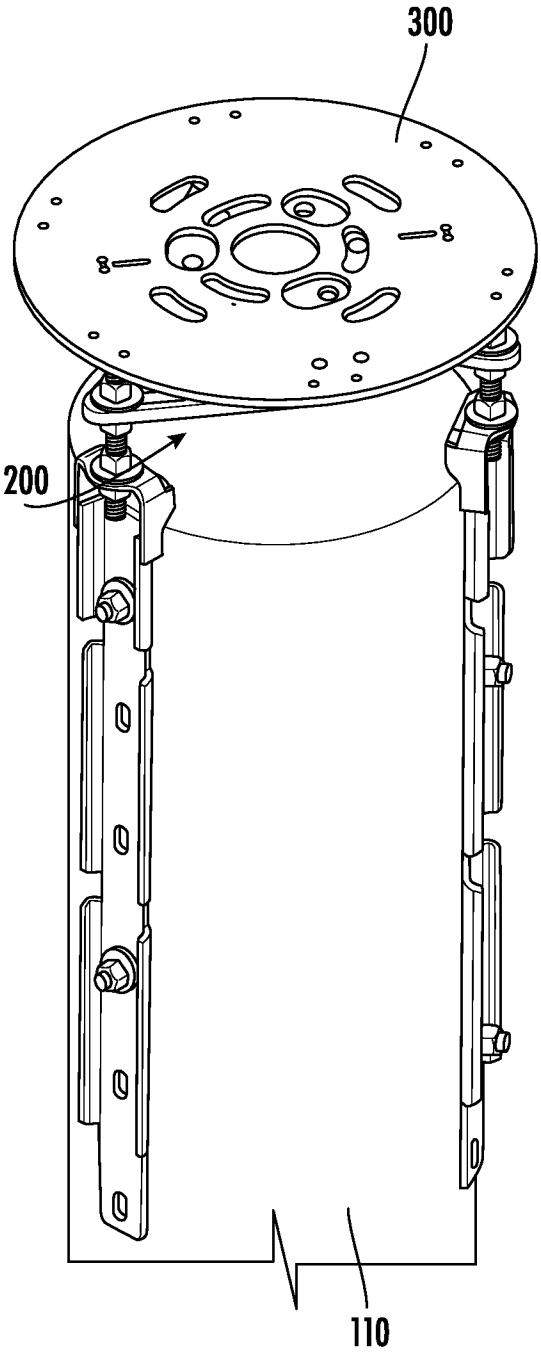


FIG. 6

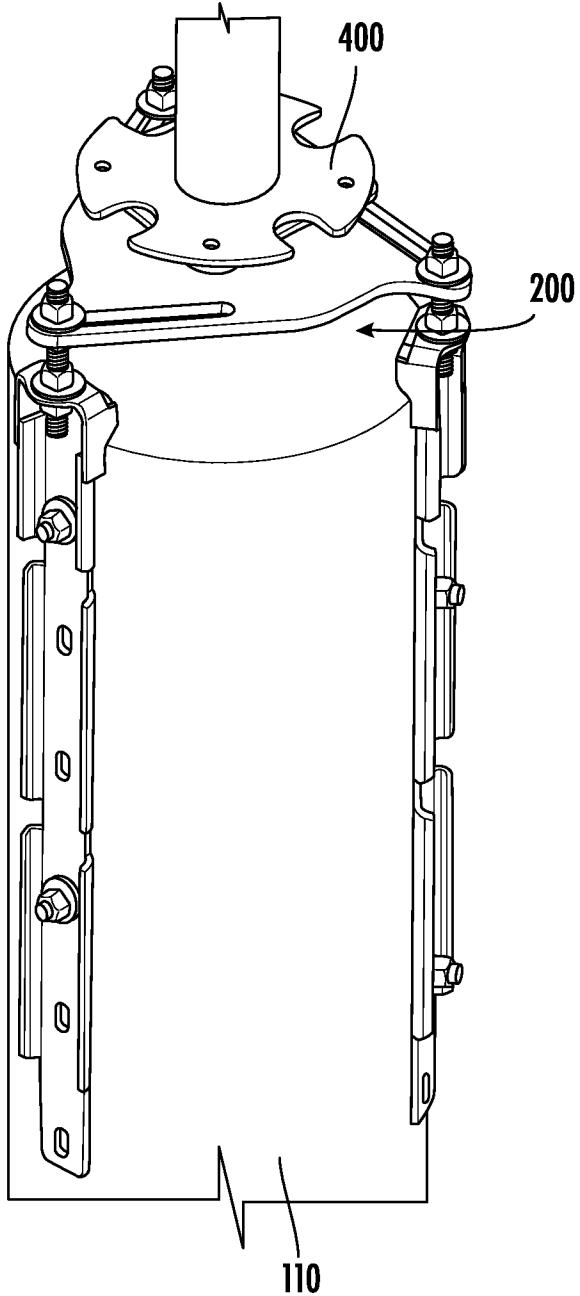
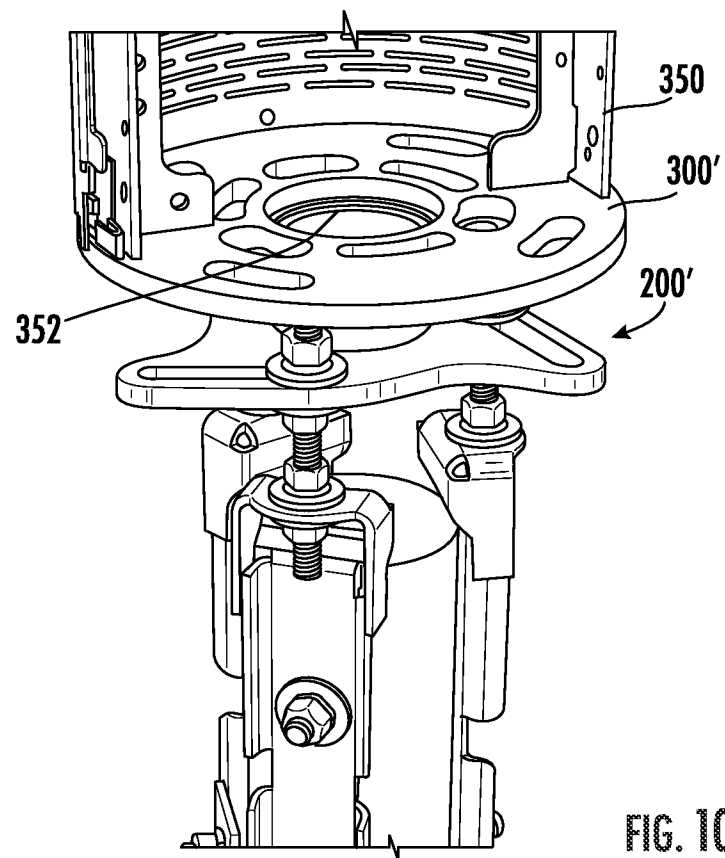
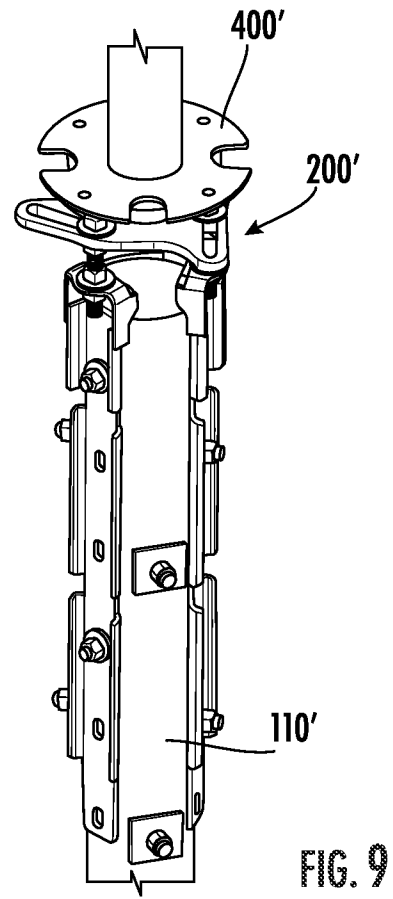
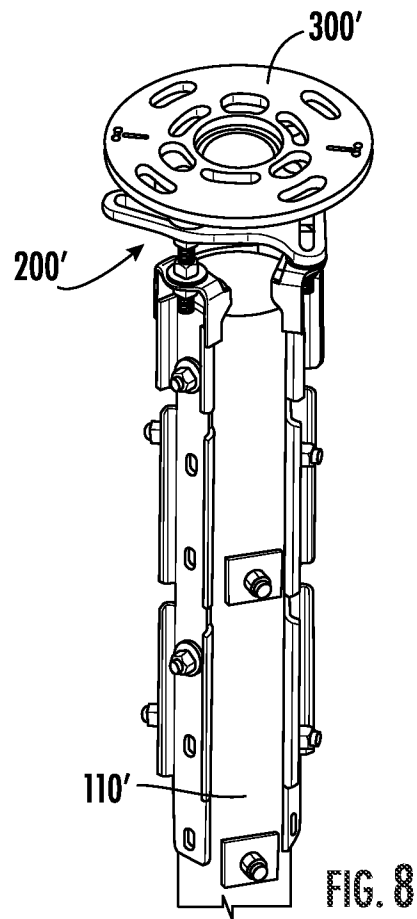


FIG. 7

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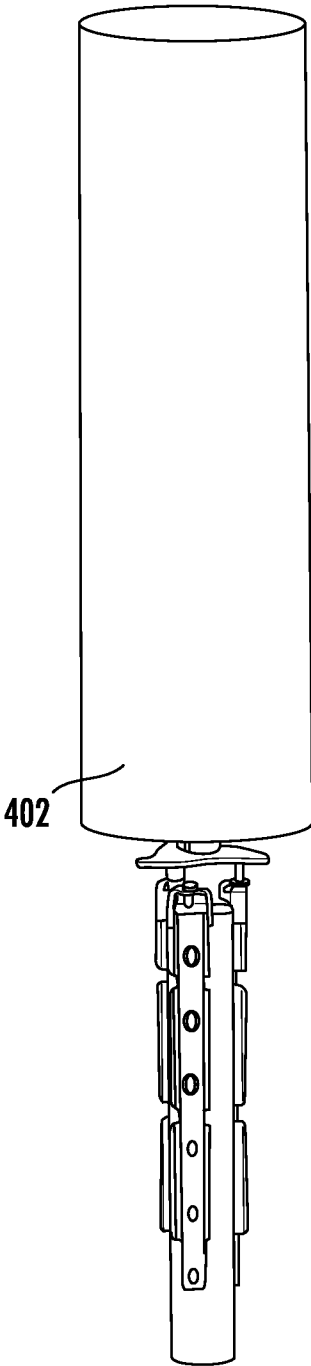


FIG. 11

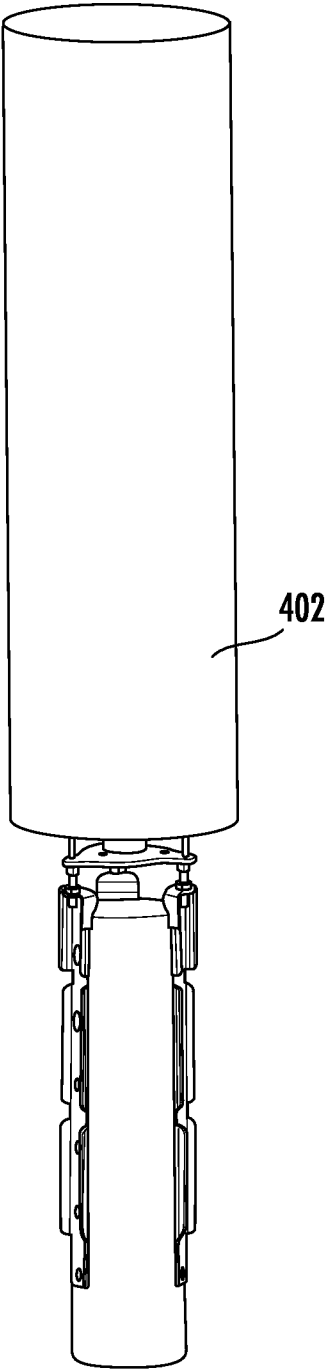


FIG. 12

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US2020/067249

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER H01Q 1/12(2006.01)i; E04H 12/34(2006.01)i According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) H01Q 1/12(2006.01); H01Q 1/22(2006.01); H01Q 3/08(2006.01) Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Korean utility models and applications for utility models Japanese utility models and applications for utility models Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) eKOMPASS(KIPO internal) & keywords: antenna, mount, pole, rail, nut, slot		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	CN 106207370 A (XI'AN INSTITUTE OF SPACE RADIO TECHNOLOGY) 07 December 2016 (2016-12-07) claim 1 and figures 1-5	1-20
A	KR 10-2016-0033568 A (AMPLUS CO., LTD.) 28 March 2016 (2016-03-28) paragraphs [0019]-[0034] and figures 1-3	1-20
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A	US 6111553 A (WENDEL F. STEENBUCK) 29 August 2000 (2000-08-29) claims 1-13 and figures 1-7	1-20
A	CN 110571509 A (COMBA TELECOM TECHNOLOGY (GUANGZHOU) CO., LTD. et al.) 13 December 2019 (2019-12-13) claims 1-10 and figures 1-6	1-20
☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☒ See patent family annex.		
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "D" document cited by the applicant in the international application "E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art "&" document member of the same patent family		
Date of the actual completion of the international search 27 April 2021		Date of mailing of the international search report 27 April 2021
Name and mailing address of the ISA/KR Korean Intellectual Property Office 189 Cheongsa-ro, Seo-gu, Daejeon 35208, Republic of Korea Facsimile No. +82-42-481-8578		Authorized officer PARK, Hye Lyun Telephone No. +82-42-481-3463

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

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