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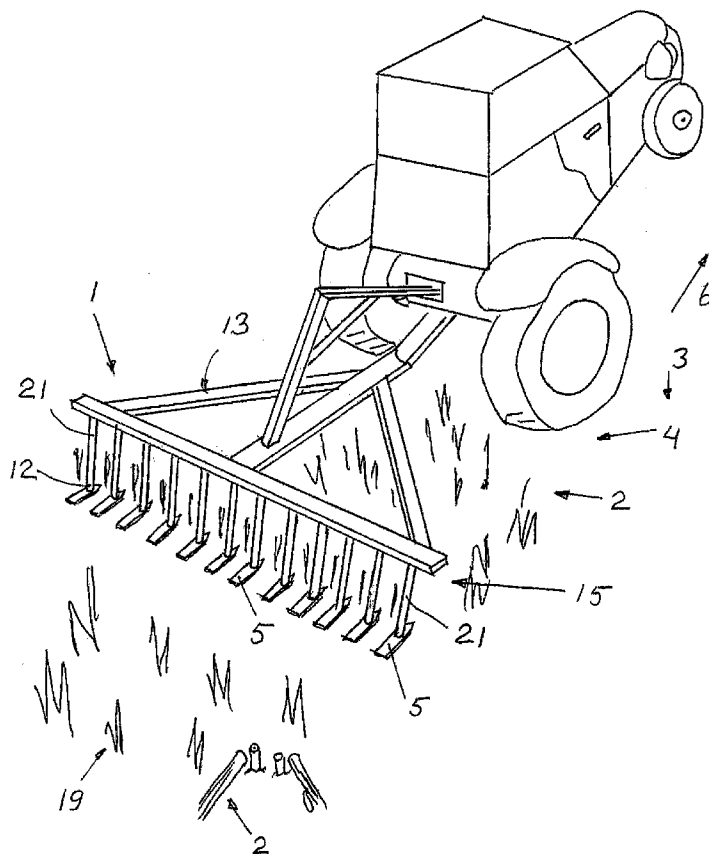
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(54) Title: Vegetation cutter



(57) Abstract: A vegetation cutter (1) intended to mechanically separate vegetation (4), such as control of e.g. control weeds (2) and/or other undesired crops or vegetation from desired crops or vegetation (19) on a land surface (3). Said vegetation cutter (1) is movable during use in a direction (6) through the vegetation (4) at the same time as it comprises a number of knife devices (5) arranged in a distance (7) from each other, each knife device (5) having at least one cutting function (22) working in or towards said distance (7), the stems (8) of said vegetation (4) in cross section have various thickness (9) or diameters, such as coarser thickness (10), mainly constituting the weed (2) and/or the undesired crops, said vegetation (4) also having narrower thickness or diameters (11) mainly constituting desired crops or vegetation (19) and said distance (7) on at least some place being shorter than the coarser thickness (10) or the diameters at least at that place, where the cutting function (22) works, so that the cutting function (22), when it is moved through the vegetation (4), cuts off or damages the coarser thickness (10), so that they fade, while the narrower thickness (11) mainly can pass the cutting function (22) without being damaged, so that they remain undamaged and can grow on further.

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## **Vegetation cutter**

The present invention refers to a vegetation cutter intended to mechanically separate vegetation, such as control of e.g. weeds and/or other undesired crops/vegetation from desired crops/vegetation on a land surface, said vegetation cutter comprises a number of knife devices arranged in a distance from each other, each of which has its own cutting function, whereupon the vegetation stems present coarser thickness, which consist of weeds and undesired crops /vegetation, said vegetation also has stems with smaller thickness, which consist of desired crops/vegetation and said distance is smaller than the coarser thickness, so that the cutting function passes through the vegetation, whereupon the weed and the undesired crops /vegetation are cut off by aid of the cutting function or being damaged and over a period of time are fading, while the desired crops/vegetation is passing the cutting function without being damaged and remains to grow on further.

On the market today structures of this kind comprise different mechanical tools in order to control weeds and other undesired crops. These consist of hand tools of the type hoes and cutting tools, where you manually identifies weeds and undesired crops/vegetation, which thereafter is eliminated by the hand tool in the way that the weed/the undesirable crops is pulled up from the land surface or is cut off, which is much time wasting and laborious to do and moreover is not possible to do mechanically. Such a hand tool is shown in the patent specification US 6 213 527, which comprises an U-formed knife to embrace the weed with, so that a claw of the tool holds the weed, whereupon it is eliminated by folding the tool backwards. For mechanically eliminating weeds or undesired crops located over larger land surfaces of arable land mainly chemical pesticides are used today, which burdens the desired crops with poisons, which afterwards is transferred to and damages vegetation, people and animals. Today there are no other effective control methods, which mechanically and effectively eliminate weeds and other undesired crops/vegetation on a larger arable land area.

One object of the present invention is to eliminate the drawbacks mentioned above, by that the vegetation cutter according to the invention comprises a number of knife devices arranged in a distance from each other and having a cutting function, which acts on the coarser thickness of the vegetation, such as weeds and other undesired crops and not on the smaller thickness of the vegetation, such as desired corps. Thus, said distance is smaller than the coarser thickness, so that the desired crops/vegetation passes through the cutting function at

the same time as the weed or the undesired crops/vegetation is cut off or becomes damaged and which over a period of time is fading.

Thanks to the invention a vegetation cutter has now been obtained for mechanical control of weeds or other undesired crops, by treating the vegetation containing desired and undesired crops on a land surface by aid of said vegetation cutter. When using the vegetation cutter the same is moved in one direction through the vegetation. According to the invention the vegetation cutter has a number of knife devices arranged in a distance from each other. Each knife device has a cutting function that works towards /in said distance. The vegetation stems have in section different thickness/diameters such as coarser thickness, which mainly is constituting the weed or the undesired crops/vegetation. The narrower thickness are constituting the desired crops/vegetation. The distance between the knife devices is smaller than the coarser thickness at the cutting function, when it passes through the vegetation, so that the cutting function cuts off or damages the weed or the undesired crops/vegetation, while the desired crops mainly passes through undamaged and remains thereby to grow on further. In a preferable embodiment example of the invention the knife device is formed as a long and narrow thin body having elongated sides, which extend mainly in parallel with the moving direction. When moving through the vegetation, the long and narrow bodies extend mainly in parallel with the land surface, with a possible discrepancy on approximately  $\pm 30^\circ$  in relation to the land surface's extension. Said body then is provided with a narrower part in its front end, pointing mainly in the moving direction, so that the movement through the vegetation is facilitated, since a space between the front ends is larger than the distance, counted across the moving direction. According to the invention the knife device can be permanently or adjustable fixed to one or more fixing places. These are in turn permanently or movably provided in a part of a supporting structure, which is adjustable in highs and that has wheels provided against the land surface. The supporting structure can be fixed to a vehicle, as a tractor or other agriculture machine, so that the weed or the undesired crops/vegetation effectively and mechanically can be controlled with small numbers workers on a bigger land surface as on a cultivated arable land. The knife devices have detachable and adjustably fixed knife blades having a cutting function, so that the same when transported through the vegetation cuts off or damages the weed/the undesired crops/vegetation in a predetermined and adjustable cutting angle in relation to the moving direction. In the preferred embodiment example the fixing locations are provided via braces in the structure, so that one end of the braces is provided in the carrying structure and its other end constitutes the fixing locations.

The braces then extend mainly in a vertical direction, so that these are adjustable in height in relation to the land surface and are turnable around their own axis. The elongated sides are then provided near each other in an increased number, so that they form a comb like appearance, so that the knife devices together looks like teeth in a comb and that the distance between teeth corresponds to the distance between the knife devices. In this embodiment example the knife blade has a knife blade form of the type "carpet knife/wallpaper knife" but can also be constituted of a round rotating disc with at points located projections in its periphery area such as saw teeth. The cutting function can also be constituted of strings/threads made of steel or plastic, which are stretched in at least two points or rotary fixed in one of its ends. In the preferred embodiment example the distance and space, the cutting angle and the knife devices' distance from the land surface adjustable via an adjusting equipment of mechanical/electronic/hydraulic type which can be reached by an user. According to the invention the adjustment equipment can be controlled by the user via a processor/computer, which can be programmed with optimal values adapted to different types' of vegetation, so that the vegetation cutter can adapt the function optimally, electronically and mechanically to control various types' of weeds or other undesired crops /vegetation in various types' of vegetations. The greatest advantages with the invention are thus, that a vegetation cutter has been provided, which automatically first can mechanically separate weeds/undesired crops/vegetation from the vegetation and then mechanically remove this in a cheap, effective and simple way with a small number of workers. Moreover, the invention can in a perfect way be used to remove the weed/the undesired crops/vegetation on larger land surfaces mechanically by the aid of pulling/pushing vehicles. This is done completely without pesticides, whereupon the desired crops is not exposed for environment poison.

The invention is described more in detail with help of some preferred embodiment examples during reference to the attached drawings, on which

fig. 1 shows a perspective view of a vehicle, which is transporting the vegetation cutter over a land surface with vegetation,

fig. 2 shows a larger view in perspective of a part of a vegetation cutter, which separates vegetation on a land surface and is cutting off or damages the weeds and undesired crops,

fig. 3 shows a side view of a part of a brace with a knife device fixed in a supporting structure, which is cutting in a weed/an undesired crops, seen the movement direction.

A vegetation cutter 1 is illustrated in fig. 1 and partially also in fig. 2 and 3, which is intended to mechanically separate vegetation 4, such as weeds 2 or other undesired crops/vegetation from desired crops 19 on a land surface 3. The vegetation cutter 1 is moved in a moving direction 6 through the vegetation 4. The vegetation cutter 1 comprises a number of knife devices 5, arranged in a distance 7 from each other.

As can be seen in fig.2 and partially in fig. 3 each knife device 5 comprises a cutting function 22. The stems 8 of said vegetation 4 have in section different thickness 9 or diameters, such as coarser thickness 10 or diameters, which mainly form the weed 2 and/or the undesired crops /vegetation, said vegetation 4 also has smaller thickness 11 or diameters constituting desired crops 19. Each knife device 5 is formed as a long and narrow body 16 with elongated sides 24. The elongated sides 24 are provided next to each other in a greater number, more than 10 pieces, so that they form a comb-like arrangement 15 according to fig. 1. The long and narrow body 16 has a narrower part 17 in its front end 20. A space 18 between the front ends 20 are larger than said distance 7. The cutting function 22 is constituted by knife blades 14, which, when moved through the vegetation 4, cut in a predetermined cutting angle 23 in relation to the moving direction 6.

As illustrated in fig.3 the knife devices 5 are arranged at fixing points 12 via braces 21, so that one end 26 of the braces 21 is provided in the supporting structure 13 and that its other end 27 constitutes fixing point 12 for the knife devices 5. Here the braces 21 are turnable only around their own axes 25.

**Claims**

1. A vegetation cutter (1) intended to mechanically separate vegetation (4), such as control of e.g. control weeds (2) and/or other undesired crops or vegetation from desired crops or vegetation (19) on a land surface (3), **characterized in** that the vegetation cutter (1) during use is movable in a direction (6) through the vegetation (4) at the same time as it comprises a number of knife devices (5) arranged in a distance (7) from each other, each knife device (5) having at least one cutting function (22) working in or towards said distance (7), the stems (8) of said vegetation (4) in cross section have various thickness (9) or diameters, such as coarser thickness (10), mainly constituting the weed (2) and/or the undesired crops, said vegetation (4) also having narrower thickness or diameters (11) mainly constituting desired crops or vegetation (19) and said distance (7) on at least some place being shorter than the coarser thickness (10) or the diameters at least at that place, where the cutting function (22) works, so that the cutting function (22), when it is moved through the vegetation (4), cuts off or damages the coarser thickness (10), so that they fade, while the narrower thickness (11) mainly can pass the cutting function (22) without being damaged, so that they remain undamaged and can grow on further.
2. A vegetation cutter (1) according to claim 1, **characterized in** that the knife devices (5) is formed as a long and narrow body (16) with elongated sides (24), which extend mainly in parallel to the moving direction (6), which during the transport through the vegetation (4) extend mainly in parallel to the land surface (3), said long and narrow body (16) comprising a narrower part (17) in its front end (20) pointing mainly in the moving direction (6) in making the transportation through the vegetation (4) easier, since a space (18) between the front ends (20) is larger than the distance (7) counted mainly across the moving direction (6).
3. A vegetation cutter (1) according to claim 1, **characterized in** that the knife device (5) is fixed and/or adjustable arranged to least one fixing point (12), which in turn is fixed or movable arranged to at least one part of a supporting structure (13).
4. A vegetation cutter (1) according to claim 1, **characterized in** that the cutting function (22) comprises detachable and/or adjustably fixed knife blades (14), whereby these during the transportation through the vegetation (4) cut off or damage the weed (2) or the undesired

crops (2) or the undesired vegetation in a predetermined and adjustable cutting angle (23) in relation to the moving direction (6) and mainly in parallel to the land surface (3).

5. A vegetation cutter (1) according to claim 1 or 3, **characterized in** that the fixing points (12) are provided at least at some place directly in the structure (13) or via braces (21) indirectly in the structure (13), one end (26) of the braces being arranged in the supporting structure (13) and that their other end (27) constitute the fixing points (12), so that the elongated sides (24) are arranged next to each other in a greater numbers, more than 10 pieces and are forming a comb-like arrangement (15), whereby the knife devices (5) together look like teeth in a comb and that the space between the teeth corresponds mainly the distance (7).

6. A vegetation cutter (1) according to claim 4, **characterized in** that the knife blade (14) has a knife blade form of the type "carpet knife/wallpaper knife" or is constituted of a round rotating disc with the cutting function (22) in its periphery area and that the cutting function (22) is elongated and/or is constituted of at points located projections, such as e.g. one or more edges, saw teeth, strings stretched between at least two points and/or is rotary fixed in one of its end in the periphery area.

7. A vegetation cutter (1) according to claim 5, **characterized in** that the braces (21) extend mainly in a vertical direction, whereby at least some of these are adjustable in highs in relation to the land surface (3) and/or is turnable around its own axis (25).

8. A vegetation cutter (1) according to claim 1 or 3, **characterized in** that the supporting structure (13) to at least some extent is adjustable in highs and that it is directly and/or indirectly fixed to a vehicle, such as a tractor or another agriculture machine with or without wheels provided towards the land surface (3), whereby the control of the weed (2) or the undesired crops or vegetation can be done mechanically on larger land surfaces (3) or arable lands.

9. A vegetation cutter (1) according to any of the preceding claims, **characterized in** that at least one of the following things as the distance (7), the space (18), the cutting angle (23), the distance of the knife device (5) from the land surface (3) are adjustable, preferably via at least one adjusting equipment of mechanical/electronic/hydraulic type, which can be reached by an user.

10. A vegetation cutter (1) according to claim 9, **characterized in** that the adjusting equipment can be controlled by the user via at least one processor/computer, which can be programmed with optimal values, adapted to different vegetation (4), whereby the vegetation cutter (1) can be electronically and/or mechanically adapted to function optimally to control various types of weeds (2) or other undesired crops or vegetation in various types of vegetation (4).

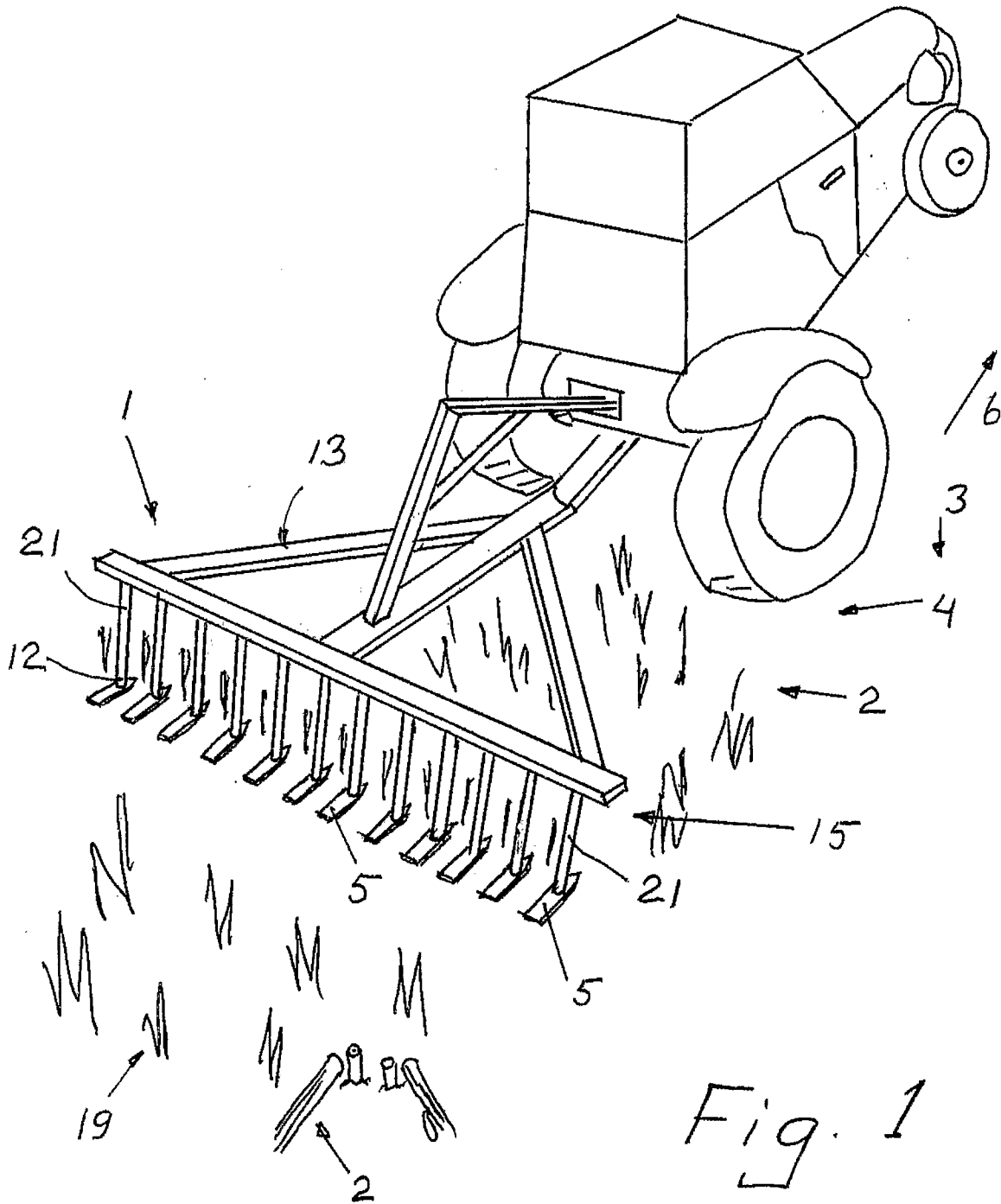


Fig. 1

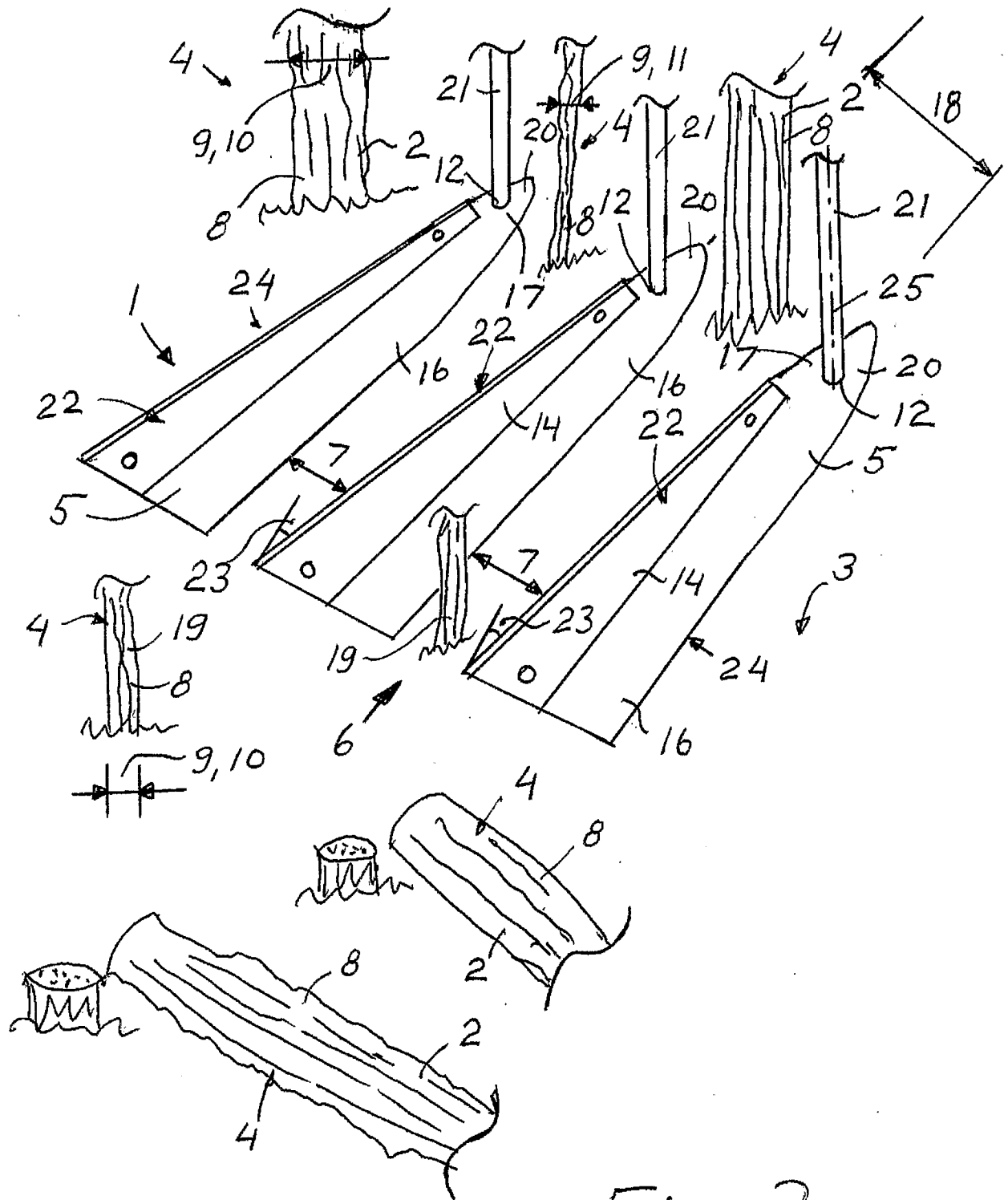


Fig. 2



## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE2006/000888

<b>A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b>		
IPC: see extra sheet According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
<b>B. FIELDS SEARCHED</b>		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)		
IPC: A01B, A01D		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)		
EPO-INTERNAL, WPI DATA, PAJ		
<b>C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT</b>		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 3717984 A (WRIGHT), 27 February 1973 (27.02.1973), the whole document --	1-8
A	US 2371718 A (W C SPECK), 20 March 1945 (20.03.1945), the whole document --	1-8
A	US 1635098 A (O R SAUNDERS), 5 July 1927 (05.07.1927), the whole document --	1-8
A	US 1583063 A (C J MANKEL), 4 May 1926 (04.05.1926), the whole document --	1-8
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex.		
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Date of the actual completion of the international search		Date of mailing of the international search report
17 October 2006		18-10-2006
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Swedish Patent Office Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86		Authorized officer  Magnus Thorén/EK Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00

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International application No.

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C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 2514338 A (J W ROBERTS), 4 July 1950 (04.07.1950), the whole document  --	1-8
A	US 1521503 A (P BRUINEKOOL), 30 December 1924 (30.12.1924), the whole document  --	1-8
A	GB 613764 A (EDGAR J WOODMAN), 2 December 1948 (02.12.1948), the whole document  --	1-8
A	US 2770090 A (R L BORDEN), 13 November 1956 (13.11.1956), column 1, line 15 - line 62  -- -----	1-8

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Cited literature, if any, will be enclosed in paper form.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

04/03/2006

International application No.

PCT/SE2006/000888

US	3717984	A	27/02/1973	NONE
US	2371718	A	20/03/1945	NONE
US	1635098	A	05/07/1927	NONE
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