(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

International Bureau





(10) International Publication Number WO 2012/117306 A1

- (43) International Publication Date 7 September 2012 (07.09.2012)
- (51) International Patent Classification: H04W 12/06 (2009.01)
 (21) International Application Number:

PCT/IB2012/050587

(22) International Filing Date:

9 February 2012 (09.02.2012)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

11305216.1 1 March 2011 (01.03.2011)

EP

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):

KONINKLIJKE PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N.V.

[NL/NL]; Groenewoudseweg 1, NL-5621 BA Eindhoven (NL).

- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): BERNSEN, Johannes Arnoldus Cornelis [NL/NL]; c/o PHILIPS IP&S NL, High Tech Campus 44, NL-5656 AE Eindhoven (NL). DRAAIJER, Maurice Herman Johan [NL/NL]; c/o PHILIPS IP&S NL, High Tech Campus 44, NL-5656 AE Eindhoven (NL).
- (74) Agents: KROEZE, Johannes, A. et al.; Philips Ip&s Nl, High Tech Campus 44, NL-5656 AE Eindhoven (NL).
- (81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ,

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: METHOD FOR ENABLING A WIRELESS SECURED COMMUNICATION AMONG DEVICES

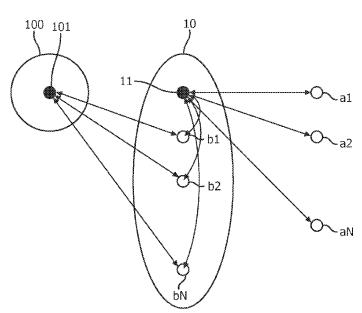


FIG. 1

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a wireless docking station (10) for enabling a wireless secured communication between at least one first slave device (a1-aN) and a first master device (101). Said wireless docking station (10) comprises: -a second master device (11) for pairing with the at least one first device (a1-aN) using a pairing protocol implemented on the at least one first device (a1-aN), -at least one relayed slave device (b1-bN) which corresponds to the at least one first device (a1-aN), and which is adapted to pair with the first master device (101) using a secured protocol, -means for sending to the first master device (101) information about the at least one relayed slave device (b1-bN).



UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, Published: GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Declarations under Rule 4.17:

as to applicant's entitlement to apply for and be granted a patent (Rule 4.17(ii))

with international search report (Art. 21(3))

10

15

20

25

30

METHOD FOR ENABLING A WIRELESS SECURED COMMUNICATION AMONG DEVICES

PCT/IB2012/050587

The present invention relates to wireless home networks and, more particularly, to methods for enabling a wireless secured communication between at least one slave device and a master device. This invention is, for example, relevant for Bluetooth wireless network.

The document WO03/053048A1 discloses a system comprising devices which are interconnected wirelessly. This system may form a docking environment adapted to communicate with portable devices, such as Personal Digital Assistants PDAs, Smartphones, laptops, etc. Suitable technologies for wireless communication between all this kinds of devices are, for instance, Wi-Fi or Bluetooth or the like. Although the communication is wireless, the devices are not able to communicate directly, and they need to be paired. Once the initial pairing between two devices has been performed, further pairing between these two devices may occur in an automatic way.

There are various possibilities for pairing devices. For instance, in conventional Bluetooth core specifications for Bluetooth versions prior to V2.1, pairing of Bluetooth devices may require the user to enter a Personal Identification Number PIN code if he wants a secure pairing between the devices.

In Bluetooth V2.1, another pairing scheme called Secure Simple Pairing is added. There are four basic variants of Secure Simple Pairing. The first two require user action ('Passkey Compare' and 'Passkey Entry'). The next one, 'Simply Works', does not require user interaction, but it does not offer protection against so-called Man-in-the-Middle-Attacks. The remaining one, 'Out of Band', may involve some user interaction, such as moving one device close to the other device in case Near Field Communication (NFC) is used.

A drawback of the existing pairing protocols is that the devices have to be able to perform a pairing protocol that is available for both of them. Another drawback is that the portable device must pair to a single device at a time and with the appropriate pairing protocol.

The aim of the invention is to solve at least one of the above-mentioned drawbacks.

It is an object of the invention to provide a method for enabling a wireless secured communication between at least one slave device and a master device.

This object is achieved in a method comprising:

- an intermediate system configuring a second master device,

10

15

20

25

30

- pairing the at least one slave device with the second master device using a pairing protocol implemented on the at least one slave device;
- the intermediate system configuring at least one relayed slave device which corresponds to the at least one slave device, the at least one relayed slave device being adapted to pair with the first master device using a secured pairing protocol;
- the intermediate system sending to the first master device information about the at least one relayed slave device.

The method has the advantage of making the first slave devices available for pairing via a secured pairing protocol to the first master device whatever the pairing protocol available for each first slave device.

According to an embodiment of the invention, the method also comprises:

- the first master device selecting at least one relayed slave device to connect to;
- performing an interaction required by the secured pairing protocol only once for the at least one selected device.

This has the advantage of simplifying the user interaction. Instead of repeating the pairing of the first master device to each relayed slave device, the user is just required to do it once for all the selected relayed slave devices. Therefore, the claimed invention enables a convenient and secured pairing between the wireless devices whatever the number of first slave devices and whatever the pairing protocols available for the first slave devices.

According to other embodiments of the invention:

- the secured protocol may include an out-of-band interaction between the first master device and the intermediate system;
- the first master device may only pair with at least one predetermined relayed slave device;
- secured pairing information may be recorded to allow automatically further pairing of the first master device:
- the secured pairing protocol may be the ones of the Bluetooth communication standard;
- the secured pairing protocol may be the "Secure Simple Pairing Out of Band" protocol of Bluetooth V2.1;
- the secured protocol may use a Near Field Communication between the first master device and the intermediate system.

10

15

20

25

30

According to another embodiment of the invention in which the wireless secured communication comprises an additional set of at least one slave devices, the method further comprises:

- an additional intermediate system configuring a third master device,
- pairing said additional set of at least one slave device with the third master device using a pairing protocol implemented on the at least one slave device of said additional set;
- the additional intermediate system configuring an additional set of at least one relayed slave device which corresponds to the additional set of at least one slave device, the additional set of at least one relayed slave device being adapted to pair with the first master device using a secured pairing protocol;
- configuring a communication channel between the intermediate systems for exchanging information about relayed slave devices;
- one of the intermediate systems sending to the first master device information about the relayed slave devices.

According to another embodiment of the invention in which the wireless secured communication also comprises an additional set of at least one slave devices, the method further comprises:

- an additional intermediate system configuring a third master device,
- pairing said additional set of at least one slave device with the third master device using a pairing protocol implemented on the at least one slave device of said additional set;
- configuring a communication channel between the intermediate systems for making available data of the additional set of slave devices to the intermediate system;
- the intermediate system configuring an additional set of at least one relayed slave device which corresponds to the additional set of at least one slave device, the additional set of at least one relayed slave device being adapted to pair with the first master device using a secured pairing protocol;
- the intermediate system sending to the first master device information about the relayed slave devices.

These and other aspects of the invention will be apparent from and will be elucidated with reference to the embodiments described hereinafter.

The present invention will now be described in more detail, by way of examples, with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein

- -figure 1 is a schematic drawing of a wireless network with slave devices, intermediate system, first relayed slave devices, and first master device;
- -figure 2 is a schematic drawing of a wireless network with two clusters of slave devices, two intermediate system, relayed devices, and first master device;
- -figure 3 is a schematic drawing of another embodiment of figure 2.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The present invention relates to a method for enabling a wireless secured communication between wireless devices.

A first wireless device is able to create a connection with at least one other wireless device, in which case the first wireless device becomes the master device of the new connection, and the other wireless devices become the slave devices.

In figure 1, the slave devices are depicted under the reference a1, a2, to aN. The at least one slave device may comprise devices like mouse, keyboard, television set, DVD player, loudspeakers, etc. All these slave devices may preferably use an existing version of the Bluetooth protocol for wireless communication according to one embodiment of the invention. The Bluetooth pairing protocol used by the slave devices is not necessarily convenient for a user who has to perform the pairing.

The first device, depicted under the reference 100 in the figures, may be one of the devices, portable or not, like mobile phones, tablet computers, digital video or still cameras, portable audio devices, etc. The first device 100 comprises a first master device 101, and implements a secured wireless communication protocol for pairing. According to one embodiment of the invention, the secured protocol is the "Secure Simple Pairing – Out of Band" protocol of Bluetooth V2.1; and it is implemented in the Bluetooth master 101. As an additional feature, the secured protocol may also comprise NFC for pairing.

According to the invention, an intermediate system 10 plays the role of a wireless docking station. The wireless docking station 10 may be a specific and dedicated station, or may be incorporated as an application or software in any other device, e.g. a PC, access point, media player, TV, PC monitor, etc.

The docking station 10 comprises a first radio module (not shown), for example a software-radio based system with a single transmitter/receiver section. The first radio module comprises a second master device 11, for example a Bluetooth master device, for pairing with the slave devices a1-aN, which are in this example Bluetooth slave devices. The docking station 10 preferably supports all known pairing mechanisms. For instance, the Bluetooth

master device 11 of the docking station 10 preferably comprises the existing pairing protocols of all Bluetooth versions till V4.0 for pairing with the corresponding slave devices a1-aN.

The docking station 10 and the slave devices a1-aN form a docking environment for the first device 100. In this environment, the docking station 10 makes the slave devices a1-aN available to connect to a master device in a more secured and convenient manner. To do this, in a preliminary step of the method according to the invention, the slave devices a1-aN are paired with the second master device 11 of the docking station 10 using an appropriate pairing protocol for each slave device a1-aN, for example via user interaction. In the case of Bluetooth pairing, by using the second Bluetooth master device 11, all of the N Bluetooth slave devices are paired with the docking station 10 using the Bluetooth pairing protocol that each device supports.

5

10

15

20

25

30

After this initial pairing, in a next step of the invention, the docking station 10 creates and configures virtual or relayed slave devices depicted under the reference b1, b2 to bN. These devices can be paired using a secured protocol. They have a different device address ('BD_ADDR'), may have a different name, and use a different link key, but appear otherwise functionally identical to the already paired first devices a1-aN. In one embodiment, the first radio module of the docking station 10 may implement not only the Bluetooth master 11, but also the relayed devices b1-bN, such that the relayed devices b1-bN transmit messages and react to other Bluetooth masters like the one of the first device 100. This may be done by scheduling the transmit times of the first Bluetooth radio module and the slaves a1-aN in the time slots that the second Bluetooth master and its paired slave device do not use. In another embodiment, the docking station 10 may comprise one additional Bluetooth radio module implementing the relayed devices b1-bN, or more than one additional Bluetooth radio module.

The relayed devices b1-bN have a name which may refer to the name of the corresponding slave devices a1-aN, and which may comprise additional information indicating a link with the docking station 10. For example, if the name of a slave device is "Family Keyboard", the name of the relayed device may be "Family Keyboard trough Docking Station". These virtual slave devices b1-bN are configured to pair with the first device 100 using a secured protocol, for instance the Secure Simple Pairing - Out Of Band of Bluetooth V2.1 mentioned above. This protocol advantageously simplifies the user interaction, especially when NFC is used. Both the wireless docking station 10 and the first device 100 support the secured pairing protocol.

10

15

20

25

30

Then, the docking station 10 sends information in order to advertise the relayed slave devices b1-bN in the docking environment. When the first device 100 enters the docking environment and happens to be in reach and listening, it receives the information (connection information such as presence, capability, connection details, etc) from the docking station 10 that it may pair to the relayed slave devices b1-bN. Furthermore the first device 100 may receive a description of what these relayed slave devices b1-bN are (e.g. Family Keyboard trough Docking Station), and the pairing protocols they support. It has to be noted that not all of the slave devices a1-aN may need to be relayed. The docking station 10 may identify the slave devices a1-aN which need to be duplicated via a virtual device or not. For example, the docking station 10 may comprise a predetermined list of slave devices for which it has to create and configure corresponding virtual devices, and to advertise said virtual devices in the docking environment. The sending of information for advertising may be performed in different ways. According to one embodiment, it may be performed by Bluetooth on times when the Bluetooth master 11 of the docking station 10, the slave devices a1-aN and the relayed slave devices b1-bN do not need to transmit any message. According to another embodiment, the docking station 10 may comprise another Bluetooth radio module (not shown) dedicated to virtual devices advertisement. In another embodiment, a separate communication channel may be used for the transmission of information. Wi-Fi, Wi-Fi with DNLA (for Digital Living Network Alliance), or Wi-Fi Direct (Wi-Fi peer-to-peer P2P) may be also be used.

Additionally, in order to help the first device 100 to pair with the right relayed slave devices b1-bN, the docking station 10 may also send messages informing which slave devices a1-aN present in the network should be ignored for pairing directly, because the docking station 10 provides another more secured and convenient way to connect to them through the virtual slave devices b1-bN.

Then, when the user wants to pair the first device 100 in the docking environment, he selects all or part of the relayed slave devices b1-bN. The first device 100 may also select or suggest selecting predetermined relayed slave devices that are convenient for it. For example, the predetermined devices may be listed in a memory of the first device 100. Then the first device 100 creates a connection, e.g. a Bluetooth connection in the case of the Bluetooth Simple Secure Pairing protocol, with the selected virtual slave devices b1-bN that the docking station 10 has configured. Then, by using NFC for authentication for example, the user may just have to make the first device 100 and the docking station 10 touch, so as to provide the same effect as it touches each of the selected virtual slave devices b1-bN. So the

action of the user is simpler, as he only needs to interact one time whatever the number of selected virtual slave devices b1-bN. The first device 100 becomes the master of the new connection.

In another embodiment, the docking station 10 may choose a slave device to which the first device 100 has to touch for performing the authentication via NFC and send the corresponding information to the attention of the first device 100.

5

10

15

20

25

30

After establishment of the new connections, the docking station 10 relays all communication between the slave devices a1-aN it is paired with and the corresponding virtual slave devices b1-bN it pretends to be, so that the first device 100 is communicating through the docking station 10 with the Bluetooth slave devices a1-aN that are part of the docking environment.

Once the initial pairing of the first device 100 has been done, the docking station 10 and the first device 100 may record in a memory the secured pairing information of the first device 100 to allow automatically further pairing.

Figures 2 and 3 show others embodiments in which the docking environment may comprise at least two clusters of slave devices and one intermediate system for each cluster.

As described above, the user pairs the first cluster of slave devices a1-aN with the second master device 11 of the docking station 10 using an appropriate pairing protocol for each slave device a1-aN. The user pairs also the second cluster of slave devices c1-cN with the third master device 22 of the docking station 20 using an appropriate pairing protocol for each slave device c1-cN.

In the embodiment of figure 2, after this initial pairing, in a next step, each docking station 10, 20 creates and configures virtual or relayed slave devices b1-bN, d1-dN. These relayed slave devices can be paired using a secured protocol, but are otherwise identical to the already paired slave devices. The same process as described above applies.

In order to enable a convenient pairing between all the relayed slave device b1-bN, d1-dN and the first device 100, the docking stations 10 and 20 configure a communication channel 30 between them for exchanging information (connection information such as presence, capability, connection details, etc) of the relayed slave devices b1-bN, d1-dN, and the docking station 10 sends to the first master device 101 information (connection information such as presence, capability, connection details, etc) about the relayed slave devices b1-bN, d1-dN. To configure such a communication channel, each docking station 10, 20 comprises a transmitter/receiver radio module (not shown), preferably adapted to implement Wi-Fi communication. A software module is also implemented in the docking

stations 10, 20 to control the transmitter/receiver. Other communication channels may be used, such as a wired communication channel for example.

5

10

15

20

In the embodiment of figure 3, the docking stations 10 and 20 also configure at least a communication channel 30, for example a Wi-Fi or wired communication channel, for making available data of the second cluster of slave the devices c1–cN to the docking station 10 and for relaying the messages between the docking station 10 and c1-cN on the one hand, and between the docking station 20 and d1-dN on the other. After the initial pairing of the slave devices a1-aN, c1-cN, the docking station 20 sends all the necessary data to enable the docking station 10 to configure all the relayed slave devices b1-bN, d1-dN which correspond to the slave devices a1-aN, c1-cN. The relayed slave b1-bN, d1-dN devices are adapted to pair with the first master device 101 using a secured pairing protocol as described above. And then docking station 10 sends to the first master device 101 connection information about the relayed slave devices b1-bN, d1-dN.

An advantage of the embodiment of figure 2 and 3 is that the number of slave devices is not limited to the capacity of the intermediate system 10. A further advantage is that each intermediate system 10, 20 may have a different specialization and can pair with appropriated Bluetooth devices. For instance, one intermediate system may be a display that can pair with a Bluetooth keyboard and mouse, but not with a Bluetooth headset, whereas another intermediate system may be an audio system that can be paired with a Bluetooth headset, but not a mouse or keyboard.

CLAIMS

5

10

1. A method for enabling a wireless secured communication between at least one slave device (a1-aN) and a first master device (101), the method comprising:

an intermediate system (10) configuring a second master device (11),

pairing the at least one slave device (a1-aN) with the second master device (11) using a pairing protocol implemented on the at least one slave device (a1-aN);

the intermediate system (10) configuring at least one relayed slave device (b1-bN) which corresponds to the at least one slave device (a1-aN), the at least one relayed slave device (b1-bN) being adapted to pair with the first master device (101) using a secured pairing protocol;

the intermediate system (10) sending to the first master device (101) information about the at least one relayed slave device (b1-bN).

15 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

the first master device (101) selecting at least one relayed slave device (b1-bN) to connect to;

performing an interaction required by the secured protocol only once for the at least one selected device (b1-bN).

20

- 3. The method of claim 2, in which the secured protocol includes an out-of-band interaction between the first master device (101) and the intermediate system (10).
- 4. The method of claim 2, in which the first master device (101) only pairs with at least one predetermined relayed slave device (b1-bN).
 - 5. The method of claim 2, further comprising recording secured pairing information to allow automatically further pairing of the first master device (101).
- 30 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the secured pairing protocol is one of the Bluetooth communication standards.
 - 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the secured pairing protocol is the "Secure Simple Pairing Out of Band" protocol of Bluetooth V2.1.

15

25

30

- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the secured protocol uses a Near Field Communication between the first master device (101) and the intermediate system (10).
- 5 9. The method of claim 1, the wireless secured communication comprising an additional set of at least one slave devices (c1-cN), said method further comprising:

an additional intermediate system (20) configuring a third master device (22),

pairing said additional set of at least one slave device (c1-cN) with the third master device (22) using a pairing protocol implemented on the at least one slave device (c1-cN) of said additional set;

the additional intermediate system (20) configuring an additional set of at least one relayed slave device (d1-dN) which corresponds to the additional set of at least one slave device (c1-cN), the additional set of at least one relayed slave device (d1-dN) being adapted to pair with the first master device (101) using a secured pairing protocol;

configuring a communication channel (30) between the intermediate systems (10, 20) for exchanging information about relayed slave devices (b1-bN, d1-dN);

one of the intermediate systems (10;20) sending to the first master device (101) information about the relayed slave devices (b1-bN, d1-dN).

20 10. The method of claim 1, the wireless secured communication comprising an additional set of at least one slave devices (c1-cN), said method further comprising:

an additional intermediate system (20) configuring a third master device (22),

pairing said additional set of at least one slave device (c1-cN) with the third master device (22) using a pairing protocol implemented on the at least one slave device (c1-cN) of said additional set;

configuring a communication channel (30) between the intermediate systems (10, 20) for making available data of the additional set of slave devices (c1–cN) to the intermediate system (10);

the intermediate system (10) configuring an additional set of at least one relayed slave device (d1-dN) which corresponds to the additional set of at least one slave device (c1-cN), the additional set of at least one relayed slave device (d1-dN) being adapted to pair with the first master device (101) using a secured pairing protocol;

the intermediate system (10) sending to the first master device (101) information about the relayed slave devices (b1-bN, d1-dN).

11. A wireless docking station (10) for enabling a wireless secured communication between at least one slave device (a1-aN) and a first master device (101), said wireless docking station (10) comprising:

a second master device (11) for pairing with the at least one slave device (a1-aN) using a pairing protocol implemented on the at least one slave device (a1-aN),

5

at least one relayed slave device (b1-bN) which corresponds to the at least one slave device (a1-aN), and which is adapted to pair with the first master device (101) using a secured protocol,

means for sending to the first master device (101) information about the at least one relayed slave device (b1-bN).

1/3

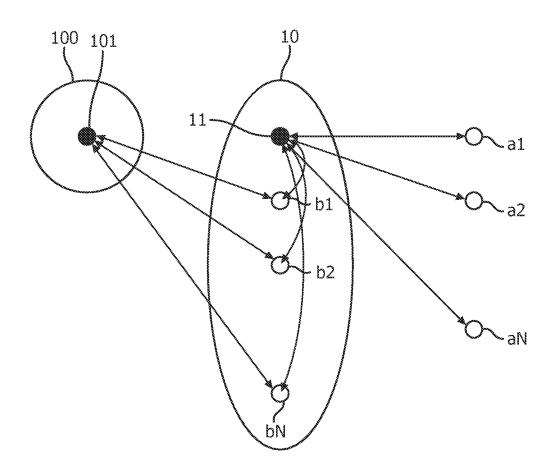


FIG. 1

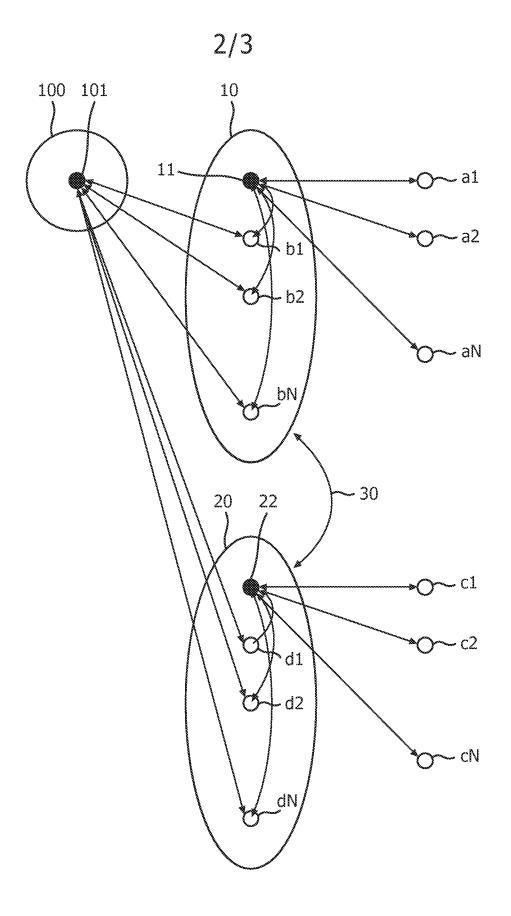


FIG. 2

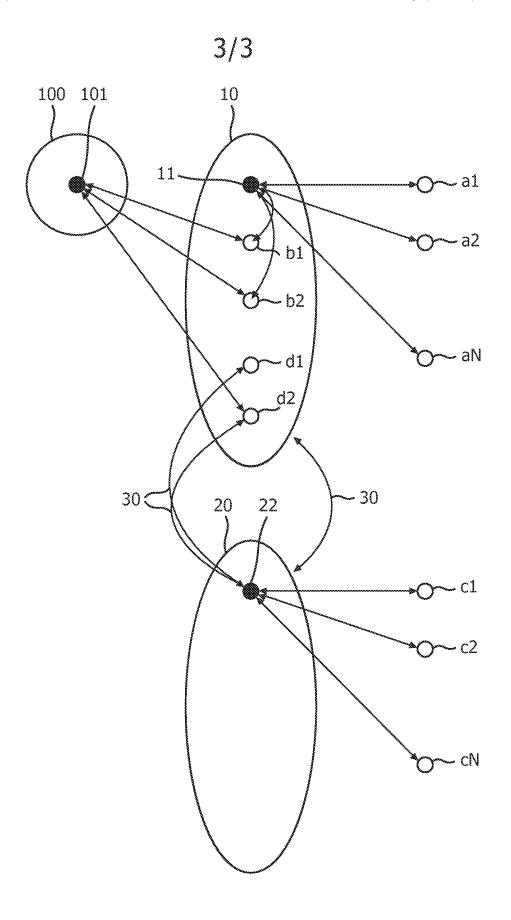


FIG. 3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No PCT/IB2012/050587

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER INV. H04W12/06

ADD.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) H04L - H04W

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, COMPENDEX, INSPEC, WPI Data

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
х	US 2004/122649 A1 (BARTEK DAVID J [US] ET AL) 24 June 2004 (2004-06-24) paragraphs [0024] - [0029] paragraphs [0033] - [0039] paragraphs [0050] - [0053] figures 1-7	1-11	
x	US 2009/058635 A1 (LALONDE JOHN [US] ET AL) 5 March 2009 (2009-03-05) paragraphs [0159] - [0162], [0235] - [0236], [0244] paragraphs [0331] - [0332] figures 1A-14	1-11	

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	X See patent family annex.
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search 16 April 2012	Date of mailing of the international search report 25/04/2012
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Ghomrasseni, Z

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/IB2012/050587

		PC1/1B2012/05058/			
C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.			
A	US 2011/021140 A1 (BINIER RICHARD [FR]) 27 January 2011 (2011-01-27) paragraphs [0027], [0028], [0033], [0036], [0043], [0053], [0054]; figure	1-11			
A	US 2010/312849 A1 (MIYABAYASHI NAOKI [JP] ET AL) 9 December 2010 (2010-12-09) paragraphs [0082] - [0085], [0087] - [0089], [0103], [0105], [0108] - [0111], [0119], [0125] - [0127], [0134] - [0142]; figures 1-3D				

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No
PCT/IB2012/050587

Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
24-06-2004	AU 2003299855 A1 US 2004122649 A1 US 2005027910 A1 US 2005027918 A1 WO 2004059497 A2	22-07-2004 24-06-2004 03-02-2005 03-02-2005 15-07-2004
05-03-2009	US 2009058635 A1 US 2009058636 A1 US 2009062887 A1 US 2009063193 A1 US 2011273287 A1	05-03-2009 05-03-2009 05-03-2009 05-03-2009 10-11-2011
27-01-2011	NONE	
09-12-2010	CN 101925197 A JP 2010287964 A US 2010312849 A1	22-12-2010 24-12-2010 09-12-2010
	date 24-06-2004 05-03-2009	Cate Member(s) Cate Ca