

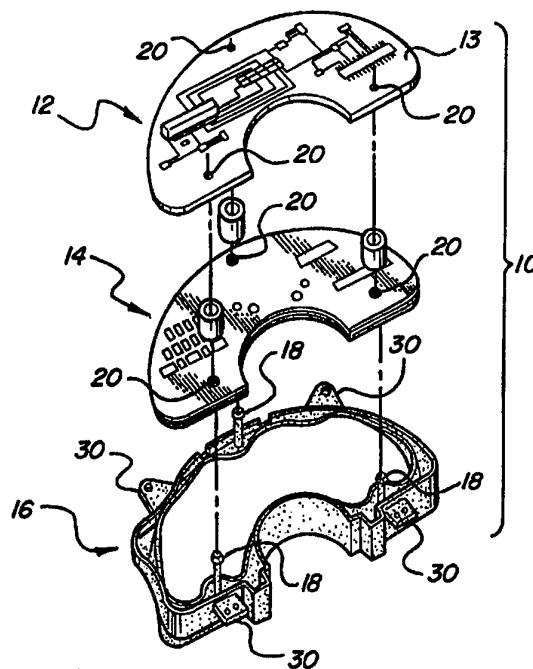


INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : G01D 11/28	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 97/05458 (43) International Publication Date: 13 February 1997 (13.02.97)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US96/12395 (22) International Filing Date: 24 July 1996 (24.07.96) (30) Priority Data: 08/506,557 25 July 1995 (25.07.95) US (71) Applicant: NU-TECH & ENGINEERING, INC. [US/US]; Suite D, 449 McCormick Drive, Lapeer, MI 48446 (US). (72) Inventors: AYRES, John, A.; 1252 Oakridge Drive, Lapeer, MI 48446 (US). SALMON, Michael, E.; 121 Anita Drive, Madison, AL 35758 (US). (74) Agent: FILDES, Christopher, J.; C.J. Fildes & Co., P.C., Suite 2, 20916 Mack Avenue, Grosse Pointe Woods, MI 48236 (US).		(81) Designated States: CN, JP, KR, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE). Published <i>With international search report.</i>

(54) Title: THREE-PIECE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER ASSEMBLY AND METHOD**(57) Abstract**

A three-piece instrument cluster assembly including a circuit board (12), a light sheet assembly (14) and a retainer (16) for retaining the circuit board and light sheet assembly. The light sheet assembly is positioned between the circuit board and retainer. The instrument cluster assembly is provided with at least one alignment element (18) and corresponding alignment receivers (20) for mating engagement with each corresponding alignment element for aligning the circuit board, the light sheet assembly and the retainer.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AM	Armenia	GB	United Kingdom	MW	Malawi
AT	Austria	GE	Georgia	MX	Mexico
AU	Australia	GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
BB	Barbados	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BE	Belgium	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BF	Burkina Faso	IE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
BG	Bulgaria	IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BJ	Benin	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
BR	Brazil	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
BY	Belarus	KG	Kyrgyzstan	RU	Russian Federation
CA	Canada	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SD	Sudan
CF	Central African Republic	KR	Republic of Korea	SE	Sweden
CG	Congo	KZ	Kazakhstan	SG	Singapore
CH	Switzerland	LI	Liechtenstein	SI	Slovenia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	LK	Sri Lanka	SK	Slovakia
CM	Cameroon	LR	Liberia	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LT	Lithuania	SZ	Swaziland
CS	Czechoslovakia	LU	Luxembourg	TD	Chad
CZ	Czech Republic	LV	Latvia	TG	Togo
DE	Germany	MC	Monaco	TJ	Tajikistan
DK	Denmark	MD	Republic of Moldova	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
EE	Estonia	MG	Madagascar	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	ML	Mali	UG	Uganda
FI	Finland	MN	Mongolia	US	United States of America
FR	France	MR	Mauritania	UZ	Uzbekistan
GA	Gabon			VN	Viet Nam

THREE-PIECE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER ASSEMBLY AND METHOD

Field of the Invention

5 This invention relates to instrument cluster assemblies for mounting in vehicles to display information and, more particularly, to a low cost instrument cluster assembly and assembling method.

Background of the Invention

10 Typical vehicle instrument cluster assemblies include four components or pieces mounted together: a circuit board, a case, a graphic display board and a styling member. The conventional circuit board includes a plurality of incandescent lamps. The case is mounted to the circuit board and includes a plurality of light
15 boxes corresponding to the plurality of incandescent lamps for housing the lamps and diffusing the light emitted thereby through the graphic display board. The styling member is adapted to mount the graphic display board to the case. The circuit board, case, graphic
20 display board and styling member each include mounting apertures. These mounting apertures must be aligned for receiving a plurality of bolts and nuts for fastening the components together. This alignment process adds to the amount of time and expense required for assembling
25 the instrument cluster assembly.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides a three-piece instrument cluster assembly wherein each piece includes either an alignment element or an alignment receiver for
30 facilitating the alignment of the pieces upon assembly.

More specifically, the present invention provides an instrument cluster assembly including a circuit board, a light sheet assembly, and a retainer for retaining the circuit board and the light sheet assembly such that the light sheet assembly is positioned between the circuit board and the retainer.

The present invention also provides an instrument cluster assembly which includes at least one alignment element for aligning the circuit board, the light sheet assembly and the retainer, and an alignment receiver for mating engagement with each alignment element to thereby align the circuit board, the light sheet assembly and the retainer.

The present invention also provides an energy saving instrument cluster assembly which employs printed circuitry and light emitting diodes requiring less current for operation, as opposed to an instrument cluster assembly utilizing incandescent lamps.

The present invention also provides a method of assembling an instrument cluster assembly. The method includes the steps of: providing a retainer, a circuit board and a light sheet assembly; providing at least one alignment element and a corresponding alignment receiver for mating engagement with each corresponding alignment element; positioning the light sheet assembly between the circuit board and the retainer; and mating the elements and the receivers to align the light sheet assembly, the circuit board and the retainer.

These and other features and advantages of the invention will be more fully understood from the following detailed description of the invention taken together with the accompanying drawings.

Brief Description of the Drawings

In the drawings:

FIG. 1 is an exploded perspective view of an instrument cluster assembly according to the invention;

5 FIG. 2 is a rear perspective view of the retainer of the FIG. 1 instrument cluster assembly;

 FIG. 3 is a fragmentary rear view of an instrument cluster assembly including an alignment element and an alignment receiver according to the
10 invention;

 FIG. 4 is a cross-sectional view from line 4-4 of FIG. 3;

 FIG. 5 is a fragmentary side view of an instrument cluster assembly employing an alternative
15 embodiment of alignment element and alignment receiver according to the invention;

 FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view from line 6-6 of FIG. 5;

 FIG. 7 is a cross-sectional view of an
20 alternative embodiment of instrument cluster assembly according to the invention;

 FIG. 8 is an exploded perspective view of another embodiment of instrument cluster assembly according to the invention; and

25 FIG. 9 is a perspective view of a light sheet assembly of an instrument cluster assembly according to the invention.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Referring now to FIGS. 1-4 of the drawings in detail, numeral 10 generally indicates a three-piece instrument cluster assembly including a circuit board assembly 12, hereinafter circuit board, a light sheet assembly 14 and a retainer 16 for retaining the circuit board 12 and the light sheet assembly 14. Light sheet assembly 14 is positioned between circuit board 12 and retainer 16. Circuit board 12 includes a substrate 13. The substrate 13 may be constructed of a light absorbing material or coated with a light absorbing material. Light sheet assembly 14 and retainer 16 can also be constructed of or coated with a light absorbing material.

Instrument cluster assembly 10 includes a plurality of alignment elements 18 for aligning circuit board 12, light sheet assembly 14 and retainer 16. Instrument cluster assembly 10 further includes alignment receivers 20 in the form of apertures for mating engagement with each alignment element 18 for aligning circuit board 12, light sheet assembly 14 and retainer 16. Preferably, and as shown in FIG. 1, alignment elements 18 are hollow posts projecting upwardly from retainer 16. Circuit board 12 and light sheet assembly 14 include a corresponding number of apertures acting as alignment receivers 20.

As seen in FIG. 2, retainer 16 includes a housing 22 having a side wall 24 and a flange 26 extending inwardly from the side wall 24 and defining a display opening 28. Side wall 24 and light sheet assembly 14 are adapted for nesting engagement so that light sheet assembly 14 nests within the side wall 24 and in engagement with flange 26 when instrument cluster assembly 10 is assembled. In this manner, side wall 24 may be used as an additional or alternative alignment element 18 for aligning light sheet assembly 14 and

retainer 16. Circuit board 12 is adapted to mount upon and follow the outer contour of side wall 24.

Retainer 16 further includes a plurality of vehicle mounting tabs 30 for mounting retainer 16 to an instrument panel in a vehicle (not shown). Vehicle mounting tabs 30 extend outwardly from side wall 24. Instrument cluster assembly 10 further includes instrument pointers and covering lens, not shown, which are applied after assembly of the circuit board, light sheet assembly and retainer members.

Referring now to FIGS. 3 and 4, alignment elements or cylindrically-shaped retainer posts 18 are integrally formed with retainer 16 at a first end 38 and project outwardly from retainer 16 to an outer end 40. End 40 is slotted at 42 and includes dual oppositely extending lateral flanged portions 44 for snap-fit engagement with circular alignment receiver apertures 20. Tubular spacers 46 are positioned on the posts 18 between circuit board 12 and light sheet assembly 14 for maintaining a spacing between them. Preferably, spacers 46 are constructed of a rigid material. In this manner, the flanged portion 44 of each post 18 is retained in engagement with the assembled circuit board 12.

FIGS. 5 and 6 illustrate another embodiment of instrument cluster assembly according to the invention and generally indicated by numeral 110. Instrument cluster assembly 110 is generally similar to cluster assembly 10 except for the configuration and construction of alignment elements and alignment receivers. Each alignment element 118 is formed by a planar retainer post having a single lateral flange portion instead of a cylindrically-shaped retainer post with dual flange portions as in FIGS. 1-4. Each alignment receiver 120 is a rectangularly-shaped slot instead of a circular aperture. Each flanged portion

144 snaps into engagement with a circuit board 112 through its corresponding slot 120.

FIG. 7 illustrates another embodiment of instrument cluster assembly according to the invention and generally indicated by numeral 210. Cluster assembly 210 is generally similar to the previously described embodiments but differs in that spacers 246 are formed integrally with a light sheet assembly 214. FIG. 7 also shows a circuit board 212 which includes at least one light source 248 for providing illumination. Light source 248 is preferably a light emitting diode (LED). This light source arrangement is applicable to any of the instrument cluster embodiments herein described.

Referring now to FIG. 8, there is shown another alternative embodiment of an instrument cluster assembly according to the invention and generally indicated by the numeral 310. Assembly 310 is, again, generally similar to the previously described instrument cluster assemblies 10, 110, 210. However, the alignment elements 318 are located on light sheet assembly 314 and alignment receivers 320 are located on retainer 316 and circuit board 312.

In FIG. 9, the component parts of light sheet assembly 314 are shown to include a graphic display 350, a light sheet 352 and a light absorbing gasket 354. Alignment elements 318 are positioned on light sheet 352. Graphic display 350 and light absorbing gasket 354 include alignment receivers 320 for mating engagement with alignment elements 318 of light sheet 352 to align the three parts. In assembly, light sheet 352 is positioned between graphic display 350 and light absorbing gasket 354.

The present invention also includes a method of assembling an instrument cluster assembly 310 including a retainer 316, a circuit board 312 and a light sheet assembly 314 comprised of a graphic display 350, a light sheet 352 and a light absorbing gasket 354. The method of assembly includes the steps of providing at least one alignment element 318 and corresponding alignment receiver 320 for mating engagement with each corresponding alignment element 318 for aligning light sheet assembly 314, circuit board 312 and retainer 316. The light sheet assembly 314 is assembled by mating elements 318 and receivers 320 to align a graphic display 350, light sheet 352 and light absorbing gasket 354 such that the light sheet 352 is positioned between the graphic display 350 and the light absorbing gasket 354. After assembly, light sheet assembly 314 is positioned between circuit board 312 and retainer 316 with elements 318 and receivers 320 mated to align light sheet assembly 318, circuit board 312 and retainer 316. Circuit board 312 is then mounted to retainer 316 with light sheet assembly 318 sandwiched therebetween.

The method of the present invention also includes a step of providing each alignment element 318 with a longitudinal extending aperture for receiving an assembly screw. Optionally, the method of the present invention further includes the step of providing a spacer formed integrally with light sheet assembly 314 for spacing circuit board 312 and light sheet assembly 314.

Although the invention has been described by reference to a specific embodiment, it should be understood that numerous changes may be made within the spirit and scope of the inventive concepts described. Accordingly, it is intended that the invention not be limited to the described embodiment, but that it have the full scope defined by the language of the following claims.

Claims

What is claimed is:

1. An instrument cluster assembly characterized by:
 - 5 a circuit board;
 - a light sheet assembly; and
 - a retainer for retaining said circuit board and said light sheet assembly such that said light sheet assembly is positioned between said circuit board and
 - 10 said retainer.
2. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 1 characterized by at least one alignment element for aligning said circuit board, said light sheet assembly, and said retainer.
- 15 3. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 2 characterized by an alignment receiver for mating engagement with each said alignment element to thereby align said circuit board, said light sheet assembly, and said retainer.
- 20 4. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 3 characterized in that:
 - each said alignment element is a hollow post;
 - and
 - said alignment receiver is an aperture.
- 25 5. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 2 characterized in that said retainer includes:
 - a housing including a sidewall, and
 - a flange extending inwardly from said sidewall and defining a display opening.
- 30 6. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 5 characterized in that said alignment element is said sidewall.

7. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 1 characterized in that said light sheet assembly comprises:

- 5 a graphic display;
 a light absorbing gasket; and
 a light sheet positioned between said graphic display and said light absorbing gasket.

8. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 7 characterized in that said circuit board
10 includes a substrate of a light absorbing construction.

9. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 8 characterized by at least one alignment element for aligning said circuit board, said light sheet assembly, and said retainer.

15 10. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 9 characterized by an alignment receiver for mating engagement with each said alignment element to thereby align said circuit board, said light sheet assembly, and said retainer.

20 11. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 10 characterized in that:

- each said alignment element is a hollow post;
and
 said alignment receiver is an aperture.

25 12. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 8 characterized in that said retainer includes:

- a housing including a sidewall, and
 a flange extending inwardly from said sidewall and defining a display opening.

30 13. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 12 characterized in that said alignment element is said sidewall.

14. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 12 characterized in that said light sheet assembly is nested within said sidewall on said flange when assembled.

5 15. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 12 characterized in that said retainer further includes a plurality of vehicle mounting tabs for mounting said instrument cluster assembly in a vehicle.

10 16. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 15 characterized in that said vehicle mounting tabs extend outwardly from said sidewall.

17. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 8 characterized by a spacer for spacing said circuit board and said light sheet assembly.

15 18. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 17 characterized in that said spacer is formed integrally with said light sheet assembly.

19. The instrument cluster assembly as in claim 8 characterized in that said retainer is of a light absorbing construction.

20 20. A method of assembling an instrument cluster assembly, said method characterized by the steps of:

25 providing a retainer, a circuit board and a light sheet assembly;

 providing at least one alignment element and a corresponding alignment receiver for mating engagement with each corresponding alignment element;

30 positioning the light sheet assembly between the circuit board and the retainer; and

 mating the elements and the receivers to align the light sheet assembly, the circuit board and the retainer.

21. The method as in claim 20 characterized in that the step of providing a light sheet assembly includes assembling a graphic display, a light sheet, and a light absorbing gasket.

5 22. The method as in claim 20 further characterized by providing each alignment element with a longitudinally extending aperture for receiving an assembly screw.

10 23. The method as in claim 20 further characterized by providing a spacer for spacing the circuit board and the light sheet assembly.

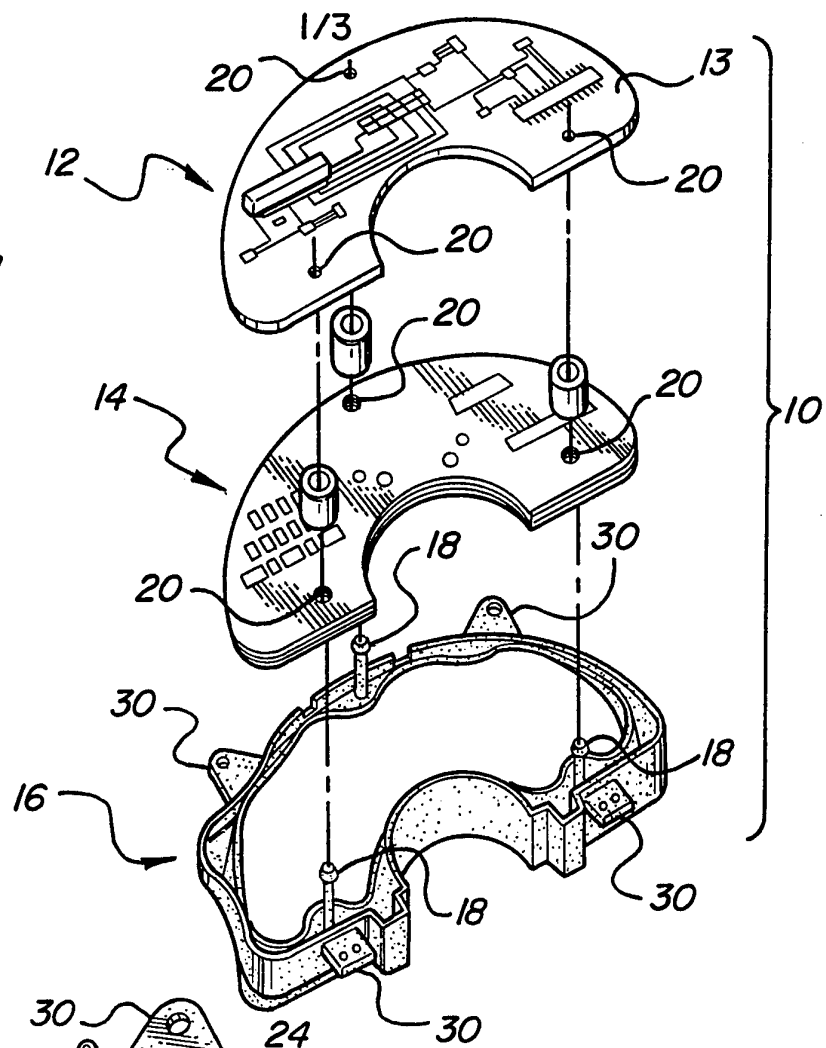
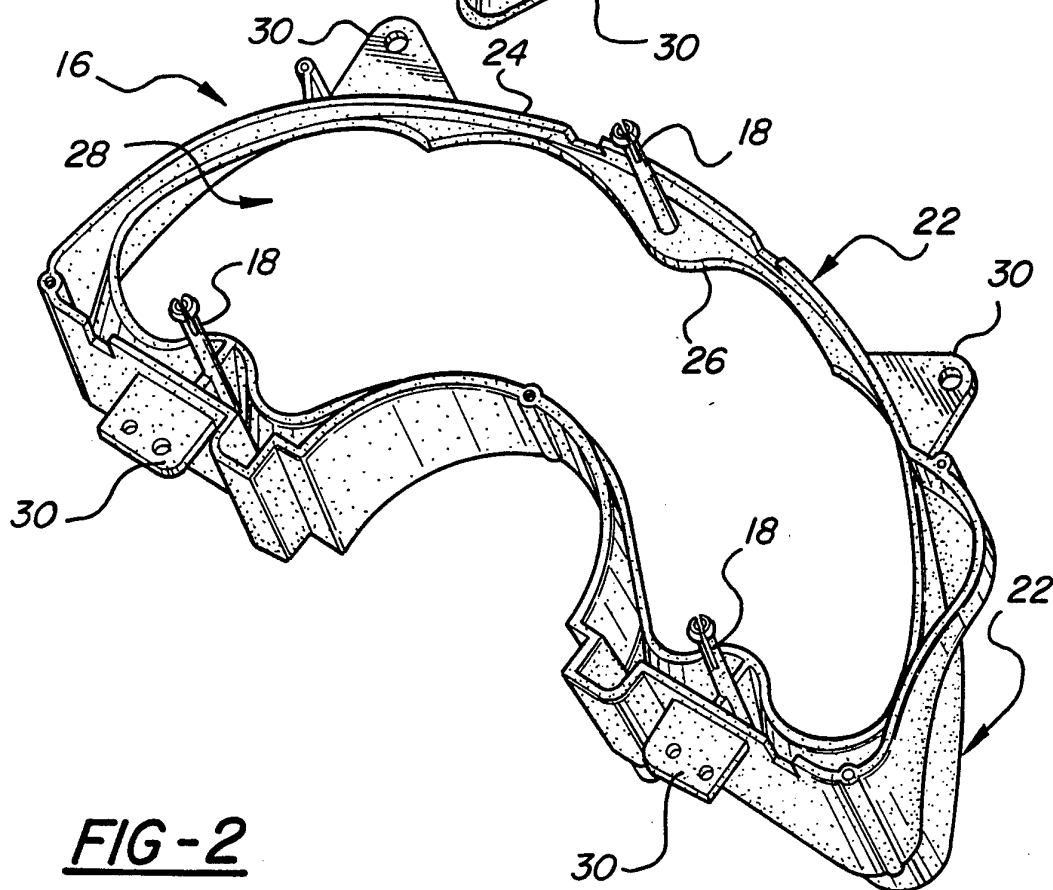
24. The method as in claim 23 further characterized by forming the spacer integrally with the light sheet assembly.

15 25. The method as in claim 20 characterized in that the step of providing a retainer includes providing the retainer with a side wall and an inwardly extending flange.

20 26. The method as in claim 25 characterized in that the step of providing at least one alignment element includes using the sidewall as the alignment element.

25 27. The method as in claim 25 characterized by nesting the light sheet assembly within the sidewall on said flange.

28. The method as in claim 20 characterized by mounting the circuit board to the retainer.

FIG-1**FIG-2**

2/3

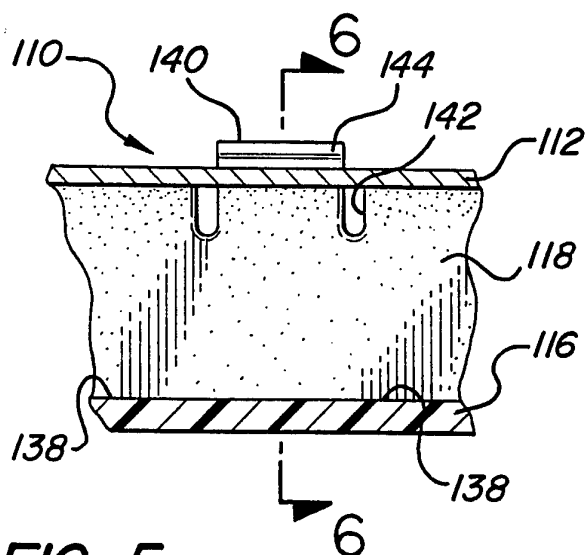
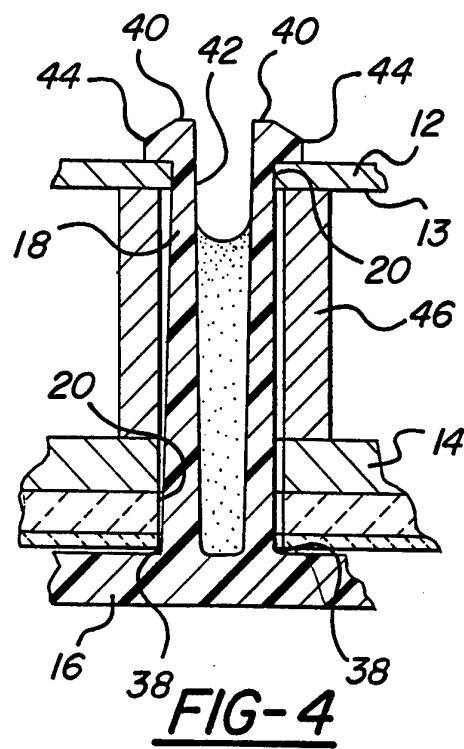
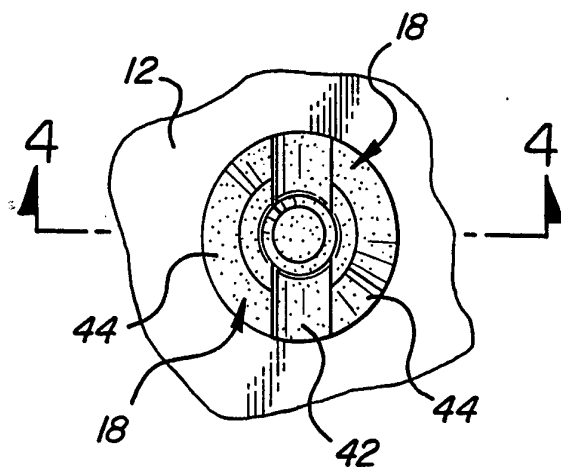
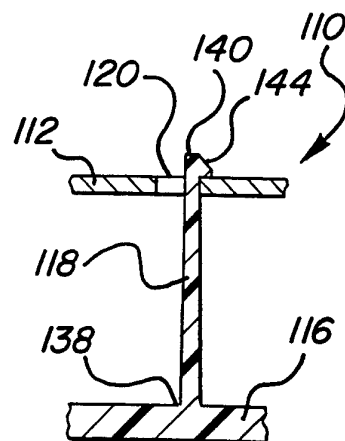
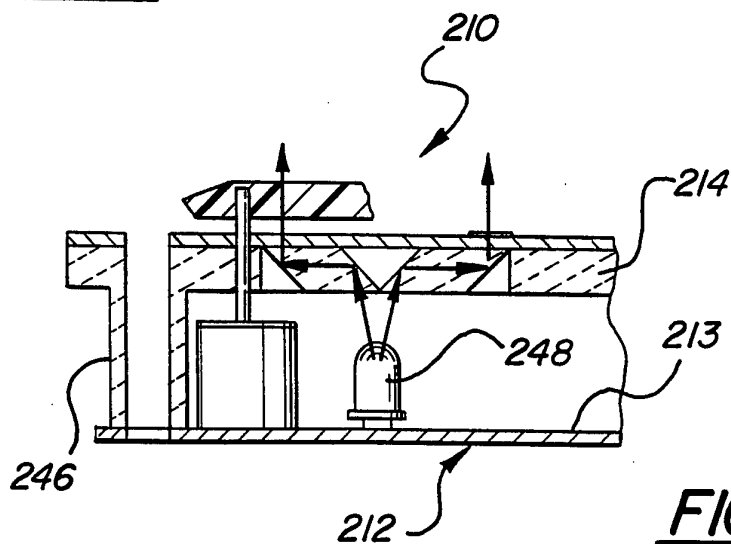
FIG-3FIG-5FIG-6FIG-7

FIG-8

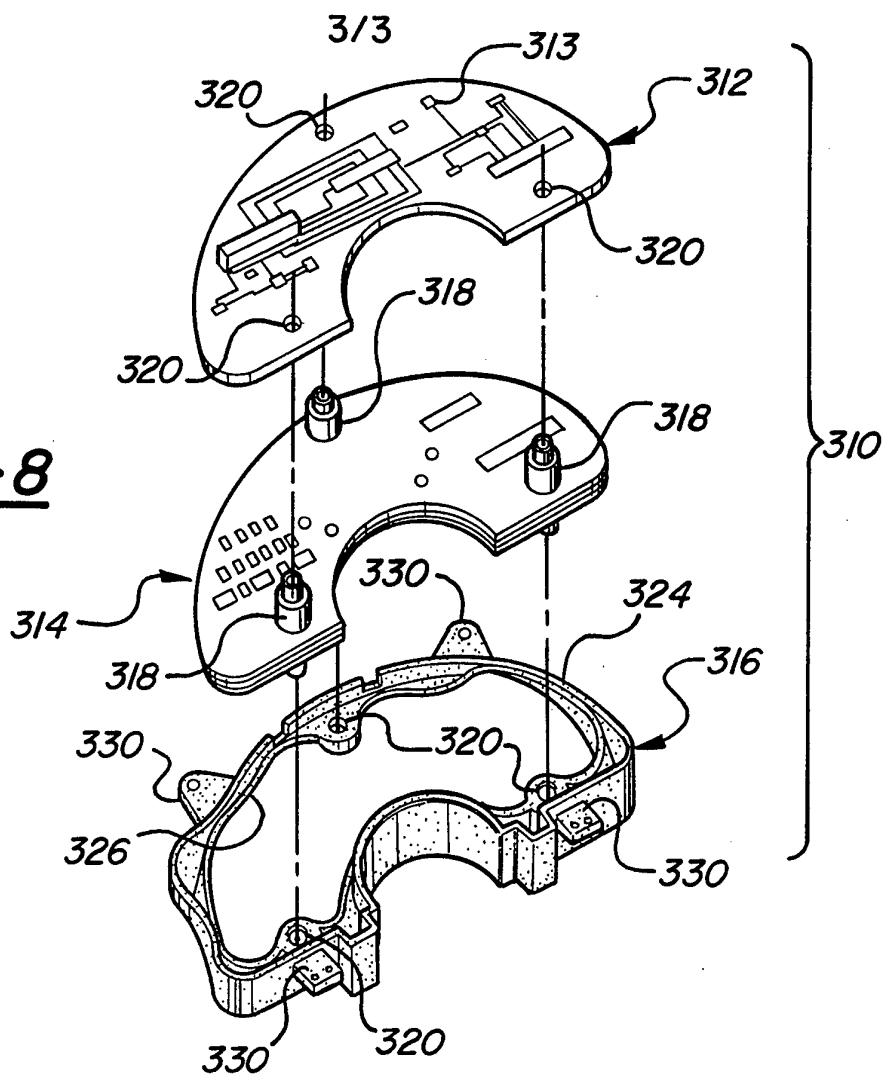
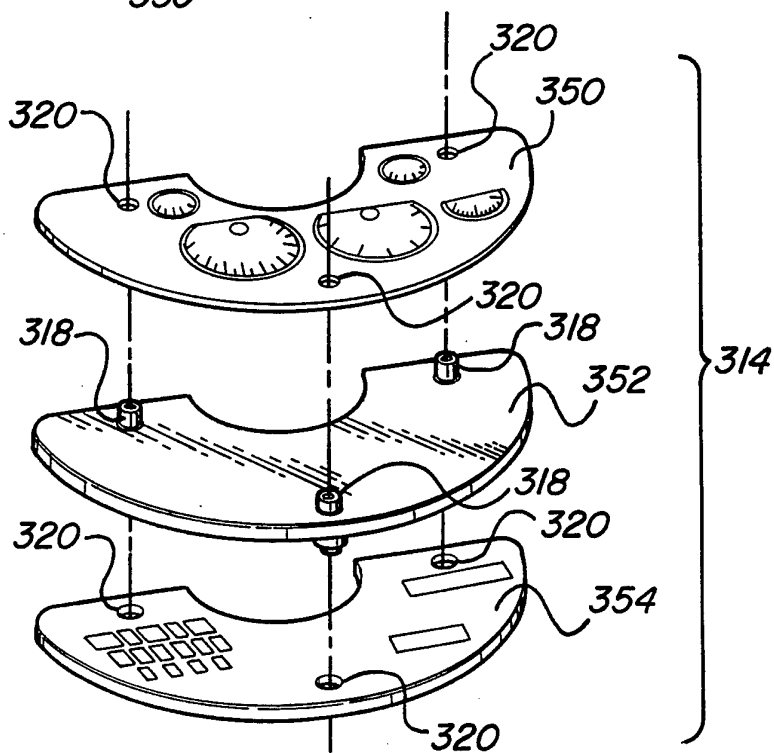


FIG-9



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US96/12395

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		
IPC(6) : G01D 11/28 US CL : 362/23, 26, 30 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S. : 362/23, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31; 248/27.1, 27.3		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US, A, 5,406,303 (SALMON ET AL) 11 April 1995, see entire document.	1-3, 5-10, 12-16, 19-22, 25-28
X	US, A, 3,053,337 (PROHASKA ET AL.) 11 September 1962, see entire document.	1-3, 5, 6, 20, 22, 25-28
A	US, A, 4,447,860 (STONE ET AL) 08 May 1984, see entire document.	1-28
A	US, A, 5,257,167 (CLEM) 26 October 1993, see entire document.	1-28
A	US, A, 5,272,463 (FURUYA ET AL) 21 December 1993, see entire document.	1-28
☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.		
A	Special categories of cited documents: document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	*T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
E	earlier document published on or after the international filing date	*X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
L	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	*Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
O	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	*&*
P	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search 24 SEPTEMBER 1996		Date of mailing of the international search report 15 OCT 1996
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230		Authorized officer <i>Stacia Simuit</i> ALFRED BASICHAS Telephone No. (703) 308-2620 <i>for</i>