



- (51) International Patent Classification:
C12N 15/82 (2006.01)
- (21) International Application Number:
PCT/EP2015/057198
- (22) International Filing Date:
1 April 2015 (01.04.2015)
- (25) Filing Language: English
- (26) Publication Language: English
- (30) Priority Data:
61/974,466 3 April 2014 (03.04.2014) US
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- (81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

- without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report (Rule 48.2(g))
- with sequence listing part of description (Rule 5.2(a))



WO 2015/150465 A2

(54) Title: PLANTS HAVING INCREASED TOLERANCE TO HERBICIDES

(57) Abstract: The present invention refers to a plant or plant part comprising a polynucleotide encoding a wildtype or mutant transketolase polypeptide, the expression of said polynucleotide confers to the plant or plant part tolerance to transketolase-inhibiting herbicides.

PLANTS HAVING INCREASED TOLERANCE TO HERBICIDES

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 This application claims priority to US provisional applications number US 61/974466, filed on April 3, 2014, the content of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

The present invention relates in general to methods for conferring on plants agricultural level tolerance to herbicides. Particularly, the invention refers to plants having an increased
10 tolerance to herbicides, more specifically to herbicides which inhibit the enzyme transketolase (TK). More specifically, the present invention relates to methods and plants obtained by mutagenesis and cross-breeding and transformation that have an increased tolerance to herbicides, particularly TK-inhibiting herbicides.

15 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Transketolase (EC 2.2.1.1) is integral to both the Calvin cycle and the oxidative pentose phosphate pathway of higher-plant chloroplasts. In the Calvin cycle, it catalyses the transfer of a two-carbon ketol group from either D-fructose- 6-phosphate or D-sedoheptulose-7-
20 phosphate to D-glyceraldehyde- 3-phosphate to yield D-xylulose-5- phosphate and either D-erythrose-4-phosphate or D-ribose-5-phosphate, respectively [Flechner et al., *Plant Molecular Biology* 32: 475-484, 1996]. In the pentose phosphate pathway these reversible reactions proceed in the opposite direction. Transketolase (TK) is thiamine pyrophosphate-dependent and is a dimer of 74 kDa subunits [de la Haba et al., *J Biol Chem* 214 409-426
25 (1955); Murphy and Walker, *Planta* 155, 316-320 (1982)]. Yeast transketolase is one of several thiamin diphosphate dependent enzymes whose three-dimensional structures have been determined [Schenk et al., *The International Journal of Biochemistry & Cell Biology* 30
(1998) 1297-1318]. Together with mutational analysis these structural data have led to detailed understanding of thiamin diphosphate catalyzed reactions. In the homodimer
30 transketolase the two catalytic sites, where dihydroxyethyl groups are transferred from ketose donors to aldose acceptors, are formed at the interface between the two subunits, where the thiazole and pyrimidine rings of thiamin diphosphate are bound. Transketolase is ubiquitous and more than 30 full-length sequences are known. The encoded protein sequences contain two motifs of high homology; one common to all thiamin diphosphate-
35 dependent enzymes and the other a unique transketolase motif [Schenk et al., *The International Journal of Biochemistry & Cell Biology* 30 (1998) 1297-1318]. Higher plants in general might possess chloroplast and cytosolic TK isoenzymes, and, additionally, TK activity was observed to be localized to the chloroplast, at least in spinach leaves [Flechner et al., *Plant Molecular Biology* 32: 475-484, 1996 and references contained therein]. Since
40 products of the transketolase-catalysed reaction serve as precursors for a number of synthetic compounds this enzyme has been exploited for industrial applications.

The inventors of the present invention have now surprisingly found that over-expression of wildtype and mutant transketolase forms confers in plants tolerance/resistance to particular classes of TK-inhibiting herbicides as compared to the non-transformed and/or non-mutagenized plants or plant cells, respectively. More specifically, the inventors of the present invention have found that TK expression confers tolerance/resistance to cornexistin and/or hydrocornexistin.

Cornexistin and hydroxycornexistin are natural products derived from the fungus *Paecilomyces divaricatus*. Isolation of cornexistin from the cultures of *Paecilomyces* species was published as early as 1989 by the Sankyo research group. The Sankyo Corporation discovered cornexistin during the screening of biological extracts for herbicidal use (JP2256602). Later work from the DOW Elanco group described identification of hydroxycornexistin also produced in *Paecilomyces variotii* SANK 21086 (US00542478). Both, cornexistin and hydroxycornexistin are highly potent herbicides that have the unique quality of being harmless to corn plants. Because of this quality, both molecules have attracted research interest. Cornexistin showed good activity as a herbicide as well as relative inactivity towards corn plants. Cornexistin and hydroxycornexistin has been synthesized by chemical synthesis only as diastereomeres (Org. Biomol. Chem., 2008, 6, 4012–4025). Nine-membered carbocyclic structures in general are rare in nature and their synthesis as well as the genes involved in the synthesis is still unknown and not described.

The problem of the present invention can be seen as to the provision of novel traits by identifying target polypeptides, the manipulation of which makes plants tolerant to herbicides.

Three main strategies are available for making plants tolerant to herbicides, i.e. (1) detoxifying the herbicide with an enzyme which transforms the herbicide, or its active metabolite, into non-toxic products, such as, for example, the enzymes for tolerance to bromoxynil or to basta (EP242236, EP337899); (2) mutating the target enzyme into a functional enzyme which is less sensitive to the herbicide, or to its active metabolite, such as, for example, the enzymes for tolerance to glyphosate (EP293356, Padgett S. R. et al., J.Biol. Chem., 266, 33, 1991); or (3) overexpressing the sensitive enzyme so as to produce quantities of the target enzyme in the plant which are sufficient in relation to the herbicide, in view of the kinetic constants of this enzyme, so as to have enough of the functional enzyme available despite the presence of its inhibitor.

The problem is solved by the subject-matter of the present invention.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, in one aspect, the present invention provides a plant or plant part comprising a polynucleotide encoding a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide, the expression of said

polynucleotide confers to the plant or plant part tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In some aspects, the present invention provides a seed capable of germination into a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In one aspect, the present invention provides a plant cell of or capable of regenerating a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides, wherein the plant cell comprises the polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter.

In another aspect, the present invention provides a plant cell comprising a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in a cell, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In other aspects, the present invention provides a plant product prepared from a plant or plant part comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In some aspects, the present invention provides a progeny or descendant plant derived from a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, wherein the progeny or descendant plant comprises in at least some of its cells the recombinant polynucleotide operably linked to the promoter, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the progeny or descendant plant tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In other aspects, the present invention provides a method for controlling weeds at a locus for growth of a plant, the method comprising: (a) applying an herbicide composition comprising TK-inhibiting herbicides to the locus; and (b) planting a seed at the locus, wherein the seed is capable of producing a plant that comprises in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to

TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In some aspects, the present invention provides a method for controlling weeds at a locus for growth of a plant, the method comprising: applying an herbicidal composition comprising
5 TK-inhibiting herbicides to the locus; wherein said locus is: (a) a locus that contains: a plant or a seed capable of producing said plant; or (b) a locus that is to be after said applying is made to contain the plant or the seed; wherein the plant or the seed comprises in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the
10 polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In one aspect, step (a) occurs before, after, or concurrently with step (b).

15 In other aspects, the present invention provides a method of producing a plant having tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides, the method comprising regenerating a plant from a plant cell transformed with a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to
20 the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In one aspect, the present invention provides a method of producing a progeny plant having tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides, the method comprising: crossing a first TK-inhibiting herbicides- tolerant plant with a second plant to produce a TK-inhibiting herbicides- tolerant
25 progeny plant, wherein the first plant and the progeny plant comprise in at least some of their cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

30 In addition, the present invention refers to a method for identifying a TK-inhibiting herbicide by using a wild-type or mutated TK of the present invention encoded by a nucleic acid which comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 182 or 183, or a variant, homologue, paralogue or orthologue thereof.

35 Said method comprises the steps of:

- a) generating a transgenic cell or plant comprising a nucleic acid encoding a mutated TK of the present invention, wherein the mutated TK of the present invention is expressed;
- b) applying a TK-inhibiting herbicide to the transgenic cell or plant of a) and to a control cell or
40 plant of the same variety;
- c) determining the growth or the viability of the transgenic cell or plant and the control cell or plant after application of said test compound, and

- d) selecting test compounds which confer reduced growth to the control cell or plant as compared to the growth of the transgenic cell or plant.

Another object refers to a method of identifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a mutated TK which is resistant or tolerant to a TK-inhibiting herbicide, the method comprising:

- 5 a) generating a library of mutated TK-encoding nucleic acids,
b) screening a population of the resulting mutated TK-encoding nucleic acids by expressing each of said nucleic acids in a cell or plant and treating said cell or plant with a TK-inhibiting herbicide,
10 c) comparing the TK-inhibiting herbicide-tolerance levels provided by said population of mutated TK encoding nucleic acids with the TK-inhibiting herbicide-tolerance level provided by a control TK-encoding nucleic acid,
d) selecting at least one mutated TK-encoding nucleic acid that provides a significantly increased level of tolerance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to that provided by
15 the control TK-encoding nucleic acid.

In a preferred embodiment, the mutated TK-encoding nucleic acid selected in step d) provides at least 2-fold as much tolerance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to that provided by the control TK-encoding nucleic acid.

20

The resistance or tolerance can be determined by generating a transgenic plant comprising a nucleic acid sequence of the library of step a) and comparing said transgenic plant with a control plant.

25 Another object refers to a method of identifying a plant or algae containing a nucleic acid encoding a mutated TK which is resistant or tolerant to a TK-inhibiting herbicide, the method comprising:

- a) identifying an effective amount of a TK-inhibiting herbicide in a culture of plant cells or green algae.
30 b) treating said plant cells or green algae with a mutagenizing agent,
c) contacting said mutagenized cells population with an effective amount of TK-inhibiting herbicide, identified in a),
d) selecting at least one cell surviving these test conditions,
e) PCR-amplification and sequencing of TK genes from cells selected in d) and comparing
35 such sequences to wild-type TK gene sequences, respectively.

In a preferred embodiment, the mutagenizing agent is ethylmethanesulfonate.

Another object refers to an isolated nucleic acid encoding a mutated TK, the nucleic acid comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 182, or 183, or a variant thereof, as defined
40 hereinafter.

In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid being identifiable by a method as defined above.

Another object refers to an isolated mutated TK polypeptide, the polypeptide comprising the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181, a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue or homologue thereof, as defined hereinafter.

In still further aspects, the present invention provides a plant or plant part comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides, wherein the plant or plant part further exhibits a second or third herbicide-tolerant trait.

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a plant cell transformed by and expressing a wild-type or a mutated TK nucleic acid according to the present invention or a plant which has been mutated to obtain a plant expressing, preferably over-expressing a wild-type or a mutated TK nucleic acid according to the present invention, wherein expression of said nucleic acid in the plant cell results in increased resistance or tolerance to a TK -inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the plant cell

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a plant comprising a plant cell according to the present invention, wherein expression of the nucleic acid in the plant results in the plant's increased resistance to TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the plant.

The plants of the present invention can be transgenic or non-transgenic.

Preferably, the expression of the nucleic acid of the invention in the plant results in the plant's increased resistance to TK-inhibiting herbicides as compared to a wild type variety of the plant. In another embodiment, the invention refers to a seed produced by a transgenic plant comprising a plant cell of the present invention, wherein the seed is true breeding for an increased resistance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the seed.

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a method of producing a transgenic plant cell with an increased resistance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the plant cell comprising, transforming the plant cell with an expression cassette comprising a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the

promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide.

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a method of producing a transgenic plant comprising, (a) transforming a plant cell with an expression cassette comprising a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, and (b) generating a plant with an increased resistance to TK-inhibiting herbicide from the plant cell.

Preferably, the expression cassette further comprises a transcription initiation regulatory region and a translation initiation regulatory region that are functional in the plant.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1

A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H show a Multiple alignment using clustalw of sequences 1 to 181 depicted below in Table 1.

KEY TO SEQUENCE LISTING

Table 1

SEQ ID	Organism / Origin / Accession number
1	1 [transketolase <i>Spinacia oleracea</i>]
2	transketolase [<i>Spinacia oleracea</i>]
3	gi|2529342|gb|AAD10219.1| transketolase [<i>Spinacia oleracea</i>]
4	gi|223548870|gb|EEF50359.1| transketolase, putative [<i>Ricinus communis</i>]
5	Transketolase_1_AMATU
6	Transketolase_2_AMATU
7	Transketolase_3_AMATU
8	Transketolase_1_KOSCS
9	Transketolase_2_KOSCS
10	Transketolase_LEMPA
11	Partial_Sequence_Transketolase_ARBTH
12	gi|514760041|ref|XP_004964445.1| PREDICTED: transketolase, chloroplastic-like [<i>Setaria italica</i>]
13	gi|568875658|ref|XP_006490909.1| PREDICTED: transketolase-2, chloroplastic-like [<i>Citrus sinensis</i>]
14	gi|351735634|gb|AEQ59483.1| chloroplast transketolase [<i>Cucumis sativus</i>]
15	gi|118487947|gb|ABK95795.1| [<i>Populus trichocarpa</i>]
16	gi|470142472|ref|XP_004306931.1| PREDICTED: [<i>Fragaria vesca</i> subsp. <i>vesca</i>]
17	gi|561015858|gb|ESW14662.1| hypothetical protein PHAVU_007G006600g [<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>]
18	gi|449498919|ref|XP_004160671.1| PREDICTED: transketolase, chloroplastic-

	like [Cucumis sativus]
19	gi|356576867|ref|XP_003556551.1| transketolase, chloroplastic [Glycine max]
20	gi|469474163|gb|AGH33875.1| transketolase [Camellia sinensis]
21	gi|462416702|gb|EMJ21439.1| [Prunus persica]
22	gi|222843004|gb|EEE80551.1| transketolase family protein [Populus trichocarpa]
23	gi|460388792|ref|XP_004240048.1| transketolase, chloroplastic-like [Solanum lycopersicum]
24	gi|356536526|ref|XP_003536788.1| transketolase, chloroplastic-like [Glycine max]
25	gi|355516131|gb|AES97754.1| Transketolase [Medicago truncatula]
26	gi|330255441|gb|AEC10535.1| transketolase [Arabidopsis thaliana]
27	gi|118481093|gb|ABK92500.1| [Populus trichocarpa]
28	gi|449474170|ref|XP_004154093.1| transketolase, chloroplastic-like [Cucumis sativus]
29	gi|565357366|ref|XP_006345515.1| transketolase, chloroplastic-like [Solanum tuberosum]
30	gi|502121526|ref|XP_004497357.1| transketolase, chloroplastic-like [Cicer arietinum]
31	Nicotianatabacum
32	Arabidopsisthaliana
33	Theobromacacao
34	Capsellarubella
35	Arabidopsisthaliana
36	Vitisvinifera
37	Solanumlycopersicum
38	Zeamays
39	Arabidopsisthaliana
40	gi|3559814|emb|CAA75777.1| transketolase [Capsicum annum]
41	gi|568214657|ref|NP_001275202.1| transketolase [Solanum tuberosum]
42	gi|356506190|ref|XP_003521870.1| transketolase, chloroplastic [Glycine max]
43	gi|7329685|emb|CAB82679.1| transketolase-like protein [Arabidopsis thaliana]
44	gi|565465348|ref|XP_006290638.1| [Capsella rubella]
45	gi|28190676|gb|AAO33154.1| transketolase [Oryza sativa]
46	gi|561026815|gb|ESW25455.1| [Phaseolus vulgaris]
47	gi|115466224|ref|NP_001056711.1| Os06g0133800 [Oryza sativa]
48	gi|312282187|dbj|BAJ33959.1| [Thellungiella halophila]
49	gi|573948603|ref|XP_006656605.1| partial Transketolase [Oryza brachyantha]
50	gi|548832450|gb|ERM95246.1 [Amborella trichopoda]
51	gi|548847307|gb|ERN06491.1 [Amborella trichopoda]
52	gi|502146626|ref|XP_004506536.1| [Cicer arietinum]
53	gi|357110873|ref|XP_003557240.1| [Brachypodium distachyon]

54	gi|355506195|gb|AES87337.1| Transketolase [Medicago truncatula]
55	gi|147835837|emb|CAN72939.1| hypothetical protein [Vitis vinifera]
56	gi|225454009|ref|XP_002280760.1| transketolase [Vitis vinifera]
57	gi|297318807|gb|EFH49229.1| transketolase [Arabidopsis lyrata subsp. lyrata]
58	gi|241915985|gb|EER89129.1| [Sorghum bicolor]
59	gi|413953334|gb|AFW85983.1| transketolase isoform 1 [Zea mays]
60	gi|224127366|ref|XP_002320056.1| [Populus trichocarpa]
61	Hordeum vulgare subsp. vulgare
62	Picea sitchensis
63	Arabidopsis thaliana
64	Sorghum bicolor
65	Zea mays
66	Eutrema salsugineum
67	Polygonum tinctorium
68	Oryza sativa Japonica Group
69	Oryza sativa Indica Group
70	Oryza brachyantha
71	Setaria italica
72	Physcomitrella patens
73	Setaria italica
74	Physcomitrella patens
75	Oryza sativa Indica Group
76	gi|115457470|ref|NP_001052335.1| Os04g0266900 [Oryza sativa Japonica]
77	gi|475481099|gb|EMT02862.1| Transketolase [Aegilops tauschii]
78	gi|357167367|ref|XP_003581128.1| transketolase [Brachypodium distachyon]
79	gi|125547501|gb|EAY93323.1| [Oryza sativa Indica Group]
80	gi|514760053|ref|XP_004964448.1| transketolase [Setaria italica]
81	gi|242072546|ref|XP_002446209.1| [Sorghum bicolor]
82	gi|514760061|ref|XP_004964450.1| transketolase [Setaria italica]
83	gi|326515912|dbj|BAJ87979.1| [Hordeum vulgare subsp. vulgare]
84	gi|474352176|gb|EMS63024.1| Transketolase [Triticum urartu]
85	gi|664903|emb|CAA86609.1| transketolase [Craterostigma plantagineum]
86	gi|147788852|emb|CAN60522.1| [Vitis vinifera]
87	gi|300140959|gb|EFJ07676.1| [Selaginella moellendorffii]
88	gi|413953333|gb|AFW85982.1| [Zea mays]
89	gi|414587814|tpg|DAA38385.1| [Zea mays]
90	gi|162683807|gb|EDQ70214.1| [Physcomitrella patens]
91	gi|125595949|gb|EAZ35729.1| [Oryza sativa Japonica Group]
92	gi|222423758|dbj|BAH19845.1| AT3G60750 [Arabidopsis thaliana]
93	Medicago truncatula
94	Sorghum bicolor
95	Volvox carteri f. nagariensis

96	Chlamydomonas reinhardtii
97	Geitlerinema sp. PCC 7407
98	Craterostigma plantagineum
99	Pleurocapsa sp. PCC 7327
100	Moorea producens 3L
101	Fischerella muscicola
102	Leptolyngbya sp. Heron Island J
103	Cyanothece sp. PCC 7425
104	Paecilomyces divaricatus (Transketolase, scaffold001g03940)
105	SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LODEL RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
106	SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MALGO RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
107	SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCHJY RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
108	SPTREMBL|C0LQF6_PICPA RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1; Flags: Fragment;
109	SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NECH7 SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
110	SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGAME SubName: Full=Dihydroxyacetone synthase; EC=2.2.1.3;
111	SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGAME SubName: Full=DAS-like protein;
112	SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCHCM SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
113	SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BATDJ RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
114	SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRYNB SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
115	SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CANTC SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
116	SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIXOS SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
117	SPTREMBL|G8C0M6_TETPH RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
118	SPTREMBL|G9MFC9_HYPVG SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
119	SPTREMBL|H0GCH3_9SACH RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
120	SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHIO9 RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
121	SPTREMBL|I1RJN7_GIBZE SubName: Full=Dihydroxyacetone synthase; SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
122	SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEKBR RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
123	SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUSO4 SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
124	SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRYNH RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
125	SPTREMBL|L0PF66_PNEJ8 SubName: Full=I WGS project CAKM00000000 data, strain SE8, contig 242;
126	SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COLGN SubName: Full=Dihydroxyacetone synthase;
127	SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRYNJ SubName: Full=Transketolase, putative;
128	SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEBHA SubName: Full=DEHA2F00968p;
129	SPTREMBL|Q6BXS5_DEBHA SubName: Full=DEHA2B00616p;

130	Paecilomyces divaricatus (Transketolase, scaffold020g00760)
131	SPTREMBL|A1DJZ3_NEOFI SubName: Full=Transketolase;
132	SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PICGU SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
133	SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LODEL RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
134	SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MALGO RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
135	SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCHJY RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
136	SPTREMBL|B8M240_TALSN RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
137	SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TALSN SubName: Full=Transketolase, putative; EC=2.2.1.3;
138	SPTREMBL|C0LQF6_PICPA RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1; Flags: Fragment;
139	SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NECH7 SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
140	SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGAME SubName: Full=Dihydroxyacetone synthase; EC=2.2.1.3;
141	SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGAME SubName: Full=DAS-like protein;
142	SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCHCM SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
143	SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPORE SubName: Full=Probable Transketolase;
144	SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PICP7 SubName: Full=Dihydroxyacetone synthase variant 1; EC=2.2.1.3;
145	SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BATDJ RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
146	SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRYNB SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
147	SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUSOF SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
148	SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYCGM SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
149	SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOTF4 SubName: Full=Similar to transketolase;
150	SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CANTC SubName: Full=Dihydroxyacetone synthase;
151	SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CANTC SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
152	SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIXOS SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
153	SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TETPH RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
154	SPTREMBL|G8C0M6_TETPH RecName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
155	SPTREMBL|H0EPU8_GLAL7 SubName: Full=Putative Dihydroxyacetone synthase;
156	Paecilomyces divaricatus (Transketolase, scaffold025g01090)
157	SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COPC7 SubName: Full=Transketolase;
158	SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCHCM SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
159	SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUCGT SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
160	SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MELLP SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;

161	SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIXOS SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
162	SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLAL7 SubName: Full=Putative Transketolase;
163	SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WALSC SubName: Full=Thiamin diphosphate-binding protein;
164	SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WALSC SubName: Full=Thiamin diphosphate-binding protein;
165	SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MARBU SubName: Full=Transketolase;
166	SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHACS SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
167	SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRYNB SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;
168	SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI TH SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
169	SPTREMBL|A0YNC4_LYN SP SubName: Full=Uncharacterized protein;
170	SPTREMBL|A0ZLZ6_NOD SP SubName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
171	SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SYNE SubName: Full=Transketolase, C-terminal domain protein;
172	SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BACT SubName: Full=Transketolase, C-terminal domain protein;
173	SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BACT SubName: Full=Transketolase; EC=2.2.1.1;
174	SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BACT SubName: Full=Transketolase central region;
175	SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BACT SubName: Full=Transketolase, thiamine diphosphate binding domain protein;
176	SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CHLR SubName: Full=Transketolase domain protein;
177	SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DELT SubName: Full=Putative 1-deoxy-D-xylulose-5-phosphate synthase;
178	SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CYAN SubName: Full=Transketolase;
179	SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DELT SubName: Full=Transketolase, C-terminal domain protein;
180	SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GAMM SubName: Full=Transketolase domain-containing protein;
181	SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BACT SubName: Full=Putative uncharacterized protein;

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The articles "a" and "an" are used herein to refer to one or more than one (i.e., to at least one) of the grammatical object of the article. By way of example, "an element" means one or more elements.

As used herein, the word "comprising," or variations such as "comprises" or "comprising," will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated element, integer or step, or group of elements, integers or steps, but not the exclusion of any other element, integer or step, or group of elements, integers or steps.

The term “control of undesired vegetation or weeds” is to be understood as meaning the killing of weeds and/or otherwise retarding or inhibiting the normal growth of the weeds. Weeds, in the broadest sense, are understood as meaning all those plants which grow in locations where they are undesired. The weeds of the present invention include, for
5 example, dicotyledonous and monocotyledonous weeds. Dicotyledonous weeds include, but are not limited to, weeds of the genera: Sinapis, Lepidium, Galium, Stellaria, Matricaria, Anthemis, Galinsoga, Chenopodium, Urtica, Senecio, Amaranthus, Portulaca, Xanthium, Convolvulus, Ipomoea, Polygonum, Sesbania, Ambrosia, Cirsium, Carduus, Sonchus, Solanum, Rorippa, Rotala, Lindernia, Lamium, Veronica, Abutilon, Emex, Datura, Viola,
10 Galeopsis, Papaver, Centaurea, Trifolium, Ranunculus, and Taraxacum. Monocotyledonous weeds include, but are not limited to, weeds of of the genera: Echinochloa, Setaria, Panicum, Digitaria, Phleum, Poa, Festuca, Eleusine, Brachiaria, Lolium, Bromus, Avena, Cyperus, Sorghum, Agropyron, Cynodon, Monochoria, Fimbristylis, Sagittaria, Eleocharis, Scirpus, Paspalum, Ischaemum, Sphenoclea, Dactyloctenium, Agrostis, Alopecurus, and
15 Apera. In addition, the weeds of the present invention can include, for example, crop plants that are growing in an undesired location. For example, a volunteer maize plant that is in a field that predominantly comprises soybean plants can be considered a weed, if the maize plant is undesired in the field of soybean plants.

20 The term “plant” is used in its broadest sense as it pertains to organic material and is intended to encompass eukaryotic organisms that are members of the Kingdom Plantae, examples of which include but are not limited to vascular plants, vegetables, grains, flowers, trees, herbs, bushes, grasses, vines, ferns, mosses, fungi and algae, etc, as well as clones, offsets, and parts of plants used for asexual propagation (e.g. cuttings, pipings, shoots,
25 rhizomes, underground stems, clumps, crowns, bulbs, corms, tubers, rhizomes, plants/tissues produced in tissue culture, etc.). The term “plant” further encompasses whole plants, ancestors and progeny of the plants and plant parts, including seeds, shoots, stems, leaves, roots (including tubers), flowers, florets, fruits, pedicles, peduncles, stamen, anther, stigma, style, ovary, petal, sepal, carpel, root tip, root cap, root hair, leaf hair, seed hair,
30 pollen grain, microspore, cotyledon, hypocotyl, epicotyl, xylem, phloem, parenchyma, endosperm, a companion cell, a guard cell, and any other known organs, tissues, and cells of a plant, and tissues and organs, wherein each of the aforementioned comprise the gene/nucleic acid of interest. The term “plant” also encompasses plant cells, suspension
35 cultures, callus tissue, embryos, meristematic regions, gametophytes, sporophytes, pollen and microspores, again wherein each of the aforementioned comprises the gene/nucleic acid of interest.

Plants that are particularly useful in the methods of the invention include all plants which belong to the superfamily Viridiplantae, in particular monocotyledonous and dicotyledonous
40 plants including fodder or forage legumes, ornamental plants, food crops, trees or shrubs selected from the list comprising Acer spp., Actinidia spp., Abelmoschus spp., Agave sisalana, Agropyron spp., Agrostis stolonifera, Allium spp., Amaranthus spp., Ammophila

arenaria, Ananas comosus, Annona spp., Apium graveolens, Arachis spp, Artocarpus spp., Asparagus officinalis, Avena spp. (e.g. Avena sativa, Avena fatua, Avena byzantina, Avena fatua var. sativa, Avena hybrida), Averrhoa carambola, Bambusa sp., Benincasa hispida, Bertholletia excelsea, Beta vulgaris, Brassica spp. (e.g. Brassica napus, Brassica rapa ssp. [canola, oilseed rape, turnip rape]), Cadaba farinosa, Camellia sinensis, Canna indica, Cannabis sativa, Capsicum spp., Carex elata, Carica papaya, Carissa macrocarpa, Carya spp., Carthamus tinctorius, Castanea spp., Ceiba pentandra, Cichorium endivia, Cinnamomum spp., Citrullus lanatus, Citrus spp., Cocos spp., Coffea spp., Colocasia esculenta, Cola spp., Corchorus sp., Coriandrum sativum, Corylus spp., Crataegus spp., Crocus sativus, Cucurbita spp., Cucumis spp., Cynara spp., Daucus carota, Desmodium spp., Dimocarpus longan, Dioscorea spp., Diospyros spp., Echinochloa spp., Elaeis (e.g. Elaeis guineensis, Elaeis oleifera), Eleusine coracana, Eragrostis tef, Erianthus sp., Eriobotrya japonica, Eucalyptus sp., Eugenia uniflora, Fagopyrum spp., Fagus spp., Festuca arundinacea, Ficus carica, Fortunella spp., Fragaria spp., Ginkgo biloba, Glycine spp. (e.g. Glycine max, Soja hispida or Soja max), Gossypium hirsutum, Helianthus spp. (e.g. Helianthus annuus), Hemerocallis fulva, Hibiscus spp., Hordeum spp. (e.g. Hordeum vulgare), Ipomoea batatas, Juglans spp., Lactuca sativa, Lathyrus spp., Lens culinaris, Linum usitatissimum, Litchi chinensis, Lotus spp., Luffa acutangula, Lupinus spp., Luzula sylvatica, Lycopersicon spp. (e.g. Lycopersicon esculentum, Lycopersicon lycopersicum, Lycopersicon pyriforme), Macrotyloma spp., Malus spp., Malpighia emarginata, Mamea americana, Mangifera indica, Manihot spp., Manilkara zapota, Medicago sativa, Melilotus spp., Mentha spp., Miscanthus sinensis, Momordica spp., Morus nigra, Musa spp., Nicotiana spp., Olea spp., Opuntia spp., Ornithopus spp., Oryza spp. (e.g. Oryza sativa, Oryza latifolia), Panicum miliaceum, Panicum virgatum, Passiflora edulis, Pastinaca sativa, Pennisetum sp., Persea spp., Petroselinum crispum, Phalaris arundinacea, Phaseolus spp., Phleum pratense, Phoenix spp., Phragmites australis, Physalis spp., Pinus spp., Pistacia vera, Pisum spp., Poa spp., Populus spp., Prosopis spp., Prunus spp., Psidium spp., Punica granatum, Pyrus communis, Quercus spp., Raphanus sativus, Rheum rhabarbarum, Ribes spp., Ricinus communis, Rubus spp., Saccharum spp., Salix sp., Sambucus spp., Secale cereale, Sesamum spp., Sinapis sp., Solanum spp. (e.g. Solanum tuberosum, Solanum integrifolium or Solanum lycopersicum), Sorghum bicolor, Spinacia spp., Syzygium spp., Tagetes spp., Tamarindus indica, Theobroma cacao, Trifolium spp., Tripsacum dactyloides, Triticosecale rimpai, Triticum spp. (e.g. Triticum aestivum, Triticum durum, Triticum turgidum, Triticum hybernum, Triticum macha, Triticum sativum, Triticum monococcum or Triticum vulgare), Tropaeolum minus, Tropaeolum majus, Vaccinium spp., Vicia spp., Vigna spp., Viola odorata, Vitis spp., Zea mays, Zizania palustris, Ziziphus spp., amaranth, artichoke, asparagus, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, canola, carrot, cauliflower, celery, collard greens, flax, kale, lentil, oilseed rape, okra, onion, potato, rice, soybean, strawberry, sugar beet, sugar cane, sunflower, tomato, squash, tea and algae, amongst others. According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the plant is a crop plant. Examples of crop plants include inter alia soybean, sunflower, canola, alfalfa, rapeseed, cotton, tomato, potato or tobacco. Further preferably, the plant is a

monocotyledonous plant, such as sugarcane. Further preferably, the plant is a cereal, such as rice, maize, wheat, barley, millet, rye, sorghum or oats.

5 Generally, the term "herbicide" is used herein to mean an active ingredient that kills, controls or otherwise adversely modifies the growth of plants. The preferred amount or concentration of the herbicide is an "effective amount" or "effective concentration." By "effective amount" and "effective concentration" is intended an amount and concentration, respectively, that is sufficient to kill or inhibit the growth of a similar, wild-type, plant, plant tissue, plant cell, or host cell, but that said amount does not kill or inhibit as severely the
10 growth of the herbicide-resistant plants, plant tissues, plant cells, and host cells of the present invention. Typically, the effective amount of a herbicide is an amount that is routinely used in agricultural production systems to kill weeds of interest. Such an amount is known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Herbicidal activity is exhibited by herbicides useful for the the present invention when they are applied directly to the plant or to the locus of the
15 plant at any stage of growth or before planting or emergence. The effect observed depends upon the plant species to be controlled, the stage of growth of the plant, the application parameters of dilution and spray drop size, the particle size of solid components, the environmental conditions at the time of use, the specific compound employed, the specific adjuvants and carriers employed, the soil type, and the like, as well as the amount of
20 chemical applied. These and other factors can be adjusted as is known in the art to promote non-selective or selective herbicidal action. Generally, it is preferred to apply the herbicide postemergence to relatively immature undesirable vegetation to achieve the maximum control of weeds.

25 By a "herbicide-tolerant" or "herbicide-resistant" plant, it is intended that a plant that is tolerant or resistant to at least one herbicide at a level that would normally kill, or inhibit the growth of, a normal or wild-type plant. By "herbicide-tolerant wildtype or mutated TK protein" or "herbicide -resistant wildtype or mutated TK protein", it is intended that such a TK protein displays higher TK activity, relative to the TK activity of a wild-type TK protein, when in the
30 presence of at least one herbicide that is known to interfere with TK activity and at a concentration or level of the herbicide that is known to inhibit the TK activity of the wild-type mutated TK protein. Furthermore, the TK activity of such a herbicide-tolerant or herbicide-resistant mutated TK protein may be referred to herein as "herbicide-tolerant" or "herbicide-resistant" TK activity.

35 Levels of herbicide that normally inhibit growth of a non-tolerant plant are known and readily determined by those skilled in the art. Examples include the amounts recommended by manufacturers for application. The maximum rate is an example of an amount of herbicide that would normally inhibit growth of a non-tolerant plant. For the present invention, the
40 terms "herbicide-tolerant" and "herbicide-resistant" are used interchangeably and are intended to have an equivalent meaning and an equivalent scope. Similarly, the terms "herbicide-tolerance" and "herbicide-resistance" are used interchangeably and are intended

to have an equivalent meaning and an equivalent scope. Similarly, the terms "tolerant" and "resistant" are used interchangeably and are intended to have an equivalent meaning and an equivalent scope. As used herein, in regard to an herbicidal composition useful in various embodiments hereof, terms such as TK-inhibiting herbicides, and the like, refer to those agronomically acceptable herbicide active ingredients (A.I.) recognized in the art. Similarly, terms such as fungicide, nematicide, pesticide, and the like, refer to other agronomically acceptable active ingredients recognized in the art.

When used in reference to a particular mutant enzyme or polypeptide, terms such as herbicide-tolerant and herbicide-tolerance refer to the ability of such enzyme or polypeptide to perform its physiological activity in the presence of an amount of an herbicide A.I. that would normally inactivate or inhibit the activity of the wild-type (non-mutant) version of said enzyme or polypeptide. For example, when used specifically in regard to a TK enzyme, it refers specifically to the ability to tolerate a TK-inhibitor. By "herbicide-tolerant wildtype or mutated TK protein" or "herbicide -resistant wildtype or mutated TK protein", it is intended that such a TK protein displays higher TK activity, relative to the TK activity of a wild-type TK protein, when in the presence of at least one herbicide that is known to interfere with TK activity and at a concentration or level of the herbicide that is known to inhibit the TK activity of the wild-type or mutated TK protein. Furthermore, the TK activity of such a herbicide-tolerant or herbicide-resistant wildtype or mutated TK protein may be referred to herein as "herbicide-tolerant" or "herbicide-resistant" TK activity.

As used herein, "recombinant," when referring to nucleic acid or polypeptide, indicates that such material has been altered as a result of human application of a recombinant technique, such as by polynucleotide restriction and ligation, by polynucleotide overlap-extension, or by genomic insertion or transformation. A gene sequence open reading frame is recombinant if that nucleotide sequence has been removed from its natural text and cloned into any type of artificial nucleic acid vector. The term recombinant also can refer to an organism having a recombinant material, e.g., a plant that comprises a recombinant nucleic acid can be considered a recombinant plant.

The term "transgenic plant" refers to a plant that comprises a heterologous polynucleotide. Preferably, the heterologous polynucleotide is stably integrated within the genome such that the polynucleotide is passed on to successive generations. The heterologous polynucleotide may be integrated into the genome alone or as part of a recombinant expression cassette. "Transgenic" is used herein to refer to any cell, cell line, callus, tissue, plant part or plant, the genotype of which has been so altered by the presence of heterologous nucleic acid including those transgenic organisms or cells initially so altered, as well as those created by crosses or asexual propagation from the initial transgenic organism or cell. In some embodiments, a "recombinant" organism is a "transgenic" organism. The term "transgenic" as used herein is not intended to encompass the alteration of the genome (chromosomal or extra-chromosomal) by conventional plant breeding

methods (e.g., crosses) or by naturally occurring events such as, e.g., self-fertilization, random cross-fertilization, non-recombinant viral infection, non-recombinant bacterial transformation, non-recombinant transposition, or spontaneous mutation.

5 As used herein, "mutagenized" refers to an organism or DNA thereof having alteration(s) in the biomolecular sequence of its native genetic material as compared to the sequence of the genetic material of a corresponding wild-type organism or DNA, wherein the alteration(s) in genetic material were induced and/or selected by human action. Examples of human action that can be used to produce a mutagenized organism or DNA include, but
10 are not limited to, as illustrated in regard to herbicide tolerance: tissue culture of plant cells (e.g., calli) and selection thereof with herbicides (e.g., TK-inhibiting herbicides), treatment of plant cells with a chemical mutagen such as EMS and subsequent selection with herbicide(s); or by treatment of plant cells with x-rays and subsequent selection with herbicide(s). Any method known in the art can be used to induce mutations. Methods of
15 inducing mutations can induce mutations in random positions in the genetic material or can induce mutations in specific locations in the genetic material (i.e., can be directed mutagenesis techniques), such as by use of a genoplasty technique.

As used herein, a "genetically modified organism" (GMO) is an organism whose genetic
20 characteristics contain alteration(s) that were produced by human effort causing transfection that results in transformation of a target organism with genetic material from another or "source" organism, or with synthetic or modified-native genetic material, or an organism that is a descendant thereof that retains the inserted genetic material. The source organism can be of a different type of organism (e.g., a GMO plant can contain bacterial
25 genetic material) or from the same type of organism (e.g., a GMO plant can contain genetic material from another plant). As used herein in regard to plants and other organisms, "recombinant," "transgenic," and "GMO" are considered synonyms and indicate the presence of genetic material from a different source; in contrast, "mutagenized" is used to refer to a plant or other organism, or the DNA thereof, in which no such transgenic material
30 is present, but in which the native genetic material has become mutated so as to differ from a corresponding wild-type organism or DNA.

As used herein, "wild-type" or "corresponding wild-type plant" means the typical form of an organism or its genetic material, as it normally occurs, as distinguished from, e.g.,
35 mutagenized and/or recombinant forms. Similarly, by "control cell" or "similar, wild-type, plant, plant tissue, plant cell or host cell" is intended a plant, plant tissue, plant cell, or host cell, respectively, that lacks the herbicide-resistance characteristics and/or particular polynucleotide of the invention that are disclosed herein. The use of the term "wild-type" is not, therefore, intended to imply that a plant, plant tissue, plant cell, or other host cell lacks
40 recombinant DNA in its genome, and/or does not possess herbicide-resistant characteristics that are different from those disclosed herein.

As used herein, "descendant" refers to any generation plant. In some embodiments, a descendant is a first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, or tenth generation plant.

5 As used herein, "progeny" refers to a first generation plant.

The term "seed" comprises seeds of all types, such as, for example, true seeds, caryopses, achenes, fruits, tubers, seedlings and similar forms. In the context of Brassica and Sinapis species, "seed" refers to true seed(s) unless otherwise specified. For example, the seed
10 can be seed of transgenic plants or plants obtained by traditional breeding methods. Examples of traditional breeding methods can include cross-breeding, selfing, back-crossing, embryo rescue, in-crossing, out-crossing, inbreeding, selection, asexual propagation, and other traditional techniques as are known in the art.

15 Although exemplified with reference to specific plants or plant varieties and their hybrids, in various embodiments, the presently described methods using TK-inhibiting herbicides can be employed with a variety of commercially valuable plants. TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant lines described as useful herein can be employed in weed control methods either directly or indirectly, i. e. either as crops for herbicide treatment or as TK-inhibiting
20 herbicides-tolerance trait donor lines for development, as by traditional plant breeding, to produce other varietal and/or hybrid crops containing such trait or traits. All such resulting variety or hybrids crops, containing the ancestral TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerance trait or traits can be referred to herein as progeny or descendant of the ancestral, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant line(s). Such resulting plants can be said to retain the "herbicide
25 tolerance characteristic(s)" of the ancestral plant, i.e. meaning that they possess and express the ancestral genetic molecular components responsible for the trait.

In one aspect, the present invention provides a plant or plant part comprising a polynucleotide encoding a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide, the expression of said
30 polynucleotide confers to the plant or plant part tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In a preferred embodiment, the plant has been previously produced by a process comprising recombinantly preparing a plant by introducing and over-expressing a wild-type or mutated TK transgene according to the present invention, as described in greater detail hereinafter.
35

In another preferred embodiment, the plant has been previously produced by a process comprising in situ mutagenizing plant cells, to obtain plant cells which express a mutated TK.

In another embodiment, the polynucleotide encoding the wildtype or mutated TK
40 polypeptide polypeptide comprises the nucleic acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 182 or 183 a variant or derivative thereof.

In other embodiments, the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide for use according to the present invention is a functional variant having, over the full-length of the variant, at least about 80%, illustratively, at least about 80%, 90%, 95%, 98%, 99% or more amino acid sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181.

In another embodiment, the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide for use according to the present invention is a functional fragment of a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181.

It is recognized that the TK polynucleotide molecules and TK polypeptides of the invention encompass polynucleotide molecules and polypeptides comprising a nucleotide or an amino acid sequence that is sufficiently identical to nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID Nos: 182 or 183, or to the amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID Nos: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181. The term "sufficiently identical" is used herein to refer to a first amino acid or nucleotide sequence that contains a sufficient or minimum number of identical or equivalent (e.g., with a similar side chain) amino acid residues or nucleotides to a second amino acid or nucleotide sequence such that the first and second amino acid or nucleotide sequences have a common structural domain and/or common functional activity.

Generally, "sequence identity" refers to the extent to which two optimally aligned DNA or amino acid sequences are invariant throughout a window of alignment of components, e.g., nucleotides or amino acids. An "identity fraction" for aligned segments of a test sequence and a reference sequence is the number of identical components that are shared by the two aligned sequences divided by the total number of components in reference sequence segment, i.e., the entire reference sequence or a smaller defined part of the reference sequence. "Percent identity" is the identity fraction times 100. Optimal alignment of sequences for aligning a comparison window are well known to those skilled in the art and may be conducted by tools such as the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman, the homology alignment algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch, the search for similarity method of Pearson and Lipman, and preferably by computerized implementations of these algorithms such as GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA, and TFASTA available as part of the GCG. Wisconsin Package. (Accelrys Inc. Burlington, Mass.)

15 Polynucleotides and Oligonucleotides

By an "isolated polynucleotide", including DNA, RNA, or a combination of these, single or double stranded, in the sense or antisense orientation or a combination of both, dsRNA or otherwise, we mean a polynucleotide which is at least partially separated from the polynucleotide sequences with which it is associated or linked in its native state. Preferably, the isolated polynucleotide is at least 60% free, preferably at least 75% free, and most preferably at least 90% free from other components with which they are naturally associated. As the skilled addressee would be aware, an isolated polynucleotide can be an exogenous polynucleotide present in, for example, a transgenic organism which does not naturally comprise the polynucleotide. Furthermore, the terms "polynucleotide(s)", "nucleic acid sequence(s)", "nucleotide sequence(s)", "nucleic acid(s)", "nucleic acid molecule" are used interchangeably herein and refer to nucleotides, either ribonucleotides or deoxyribonucleotides or a combination of both, in a polymeric unbranched form of any length.

The term "mutated TK nucleic acid" refers to a TK nucleic acid having a sequence that is mutated from a wild-type TK nucleic acid and that confers increased TK-inhibiting herbicide tolerance to a plant in which it is expressed. Furthermore, the term "mutated transketolase (mutated TK)" refers to the replacement of an amino acid of the wild-type primary sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166,

167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181, or a variant, a derivative, a homologue, an orthologue, or paralogue thereof, with another amino acid. The expression "mutated amino acid" will be used below to designate the amino acid which is replaced by another amino acid, thereby designating the site of the mutation in the primary
5 sequence of the protein.

In a preferred embodiment, the TK nucleotide sequence encoding a mutated TK comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 182, or 183, or a variant or derivative thereof

10 Furthermore, it will be understood by the person skilled in the art that the TK nucleotide sequences encompass homologues, paralogues and orthologues of SEQ ID NO: 182 or 183, as defined hereinafter.

The term "variant" with respect to a sequence (e.g., a polypeptide or nucleic acid sequence
15 such as – for example – a transcription regulating nucleotide sequence of the invention) is intended to mean substantially similar sequences. For nucleotide sequences comprising an open reading frame, variants include those sequences that, because of the degeneracy of the genetic code, encode the identical amino acid sequence of the native protein. Naturally occurring allelic variants such as these can be identified with the use of well-known
20 molecular biology techniques, as, for example, with polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and hybridization techniques. Variant nucleotide sequences also include synthetically derived nucleotide sequences, such as those generated, for example, by using site-directed mutagenesis and for open reading frames, encode the native protein comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20,
25 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130,
30 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181, as well as those that encode a polypeptide having amino acid substitutions relative to the native protein, e.g. the mutated TK according to the present invention as disclosed herein.

35 Generally, nucleotide sequence variants of the invention will have at least 30, 40, 50, 60, to 70%, e.g., preferably 71%, 72%, 73%, 74%, 75%, 76%, 77%, 78%, to 79%, generally at least 80%, e.g., 81%-84%, at least 85%, e.g., 86%, 87%, 88%, 89%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, to 98% and 99% nucleotide "sequence identity" to the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 182 or 183. The % identity of a polynucleotide is determined by
40 GAP (Needleman and Wunsch, 1970) analysis (GCG program) with a gap creation penalty=5, and a gap extension penalty=0.3. Unless stated otherwise, the query sequence is at least 45 nucleotides in length, and the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over a

region of at least 45 nucleotides. Preferably, the query sequence is at least 150 nucleotides in length, and the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over a region of at least 150 nucleotides. More preferably, the query sequence is at least 300 nucleotides in length and the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over a region of at least 300 nucleotides. Even
5 more preferably, the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over their entire length.

Polypeptides

By "substantially purified polypeptide" or "purified" a polypeptide is meant that has been
10 separated from one or more lipids, nucleic acids, other polypeptides, or other contaminating molecules with which it is associated in its native state. It is preferred that the substantially purified polypeptide is at least 60% free, more preferably at least 75% free, and more preferably at least 90% free from other components with which it is naturally associated. As the skilled addressee will appreciate, the purified polypeptide can be a recombinantly
15 produced polypeptide. The terms "polypeptide" and "protein" are generally used interchangeably and refer to a single polypeptide chain which may or may not be modified by addition of non-amino acid groups. It would be understood that such polypeptide chains may associate with other polypeptides or proteins or other molecules such as co-factors. The terms "proteins" and "polypeptides" as used herein also include variants, mutants,
20 modifications, analogous and/or derivatives of the polypeptides of the invention as described herein.

The % identity of a polypeptide is determined by GAP (Needleman and Wunsch, 1970) analysis (GCG program) with a gap creation penalty=5, and a gap extension penalty=0.3.
25 The query sequence is at least 25 amino acids in length, and the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over a region of at least 25 amino acids. More preferably, the query sequence is at least 50 amino acids in length, and the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over a region of at least 50 amino acids. More preferably, the query sequence is at least 100 amino acids in length and the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over a
30 region of at least 100 amino acids. Even more preferably, the query sequence is at least 250 amino acids in length and the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over a region of at least 250 amino acids. Even more preferably, the GAP analysis aligns the two sequences over their entire length.

35 With regard to a defined polypeptide, it will be appreciated that % identity figures higher than those provided above will encompass preferred embodiments. Thus, where applicable, in light of the minimum % identity figures, it is preferred that the TK polypeptide of the invention comprises an amino acid sequence which is at least 40%, more preferably at least 45%, more preferably at least 50%, more preferably at least 55%, more preferably at least
40 60%, more preferably at least 65%, more preferably at least 70%, more preferably at least 75%, more preferably at least 80%, more preferably at least 85%, more preferably at least 90%, more preferably at least 91%, more preferably at least 92%, more preferably at least

93%, more preferably at least 94%, more preferably at least 95%, more preferably at least 96%, more preferably at least 97%, more preferably at least 98%, more preferably at least 99%, more preferably at least 99.1%, more preferably at least 99.2%, more preferably at least 99.3%, more preferably at least 99.4%, more preferably at least 99.5%, more preferably at least 99.6%, more preferably at least 99.7%, more preferably at least 99.8%, and even more preferably at least 99.9% identical to SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181.

By "variant" polypeptide is intended a polypeptide derived from the protein of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181, by deletion (so-called truncation) or addition of one or more amino acids to the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the native protein; deletion or addition of one or more amino acids at one or more sites in the native protein; or substitution of one or more amino acids at one or more sites in the native protein. Such variants may result from, for example, genetic polymorphism or from human manipulation. Methods for such manipulations are generally known in the art.

"Derivatives" of a protein encompass peptides, oligopeptides, polypeptides, proteins and enzymes having amino acid substitutions, deletions and/or insertions relative to the unmodified protein in question and having similar biological and functional activity as the unmodified protein from which they are derived. Thus, functional variants and fragments of the TK polypeptides, and nucleic acid molecules encoding them, also are within the scope of the present invention, and unless specifically described otherwise, irrespective of the origin of said polypeptide and irrespective of whether it occurs naturally. Various assays for functionality of a TK polypeptide can be employed. For example, a functional variant or fragment of the TK polypeptide can be assayed to determine its ability to confer TK-inhibiting herbicides detoxification. By way of illustration, a TK-inhibiting herbicides

detoxification rate can be defined as a catalytic rate sufficient to provide a determinable increase in tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides in a plant or plant part comprising a recombinant polynucleotide encoding the variant or fragment of the TK polypeptide, wherein the plant or plant part expresses the variant or fragment at up to about 0.5%, illustratively,
5 about 0.05 to about 0.5%, about 0.1 to about 0.4%, and about 0.2 to about 0.3%, of the total cellular protein relative to a similarly treated control plant that does not express the variant or fragment.

In a preferred embodiment, the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide is a functional variant or
10 fragment of a transketolase having the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or 2, wherein the functional variant or fragment has at least about 80% amino acid sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:1 or 2. For the avoidance of doubts, SEQ ID NO: 2 is identical to SEQ ID NO: 1 except that SEQ ID NO: 2 lacks the N-terminal transit peptide comprising amino acids 1-73 of
15 SEQ ID NO: 1 [MAASSSLSTL SHHQTLLSHP KTHLPTTPAS SLLVPTTSSK VNGVLLKSTS SSRRLRVGSA SAVVRAAAVE ALE] (see Table 2a and 2b herein below for corresponding amino acid residues)

In other embodiments, the functional variant or fragment further has a TK-inhibiting herbicides detoxification rate defined as a catalytic rate sufficient to provide a determinable
20 increase in tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides in a plant or plant part comprising a recombinant polynucleotide encoding the variant or fragment, wherein the plant or plant part expresses the variant or fragment at up to about 0.5% of the total cellular protein to a similarly treated control plant that does not express the variant or fragment.

25 "Homologues" of a protein encompass peptides, oligopeptides, polypeptides, proteins and enzymes having amino acid substitutions, deletions and/or insertions relative to the unmodified protein in question and having similar biological and functional activity as the unmodified protein from which they are derived.

30 In addition, one of ordinary skill in the art will further appreciate that changes can be introduced by mutation into the nucleotide sequences of the invention thereby leading to changes in the amino acid sequence of the encoded proteins without altering the biological activity of the proteins. Thus, for example, an isolated polynucleotide molecule encoding a mutated TK polypeptide having an amino acid sequence that differs from that of SEQ ID
35 NO: 1 or 2 can be created by introducing one or more nucleotide substitutions, additions, or deletions into the corresponding nucleotide sequence, such that one or more amino acid substitutions, additions or deletions are introduced into the encoded protein. Mutations can be introduced by standard techniques, such as site-directed mutagenesis and PCR-mediated mutagenesis. Such variant nucleotide sequences are also encompassed by the
40 present invention. For example, preferably, conservative amino acid substitutions may be made at one or more predicted preferably nonessential amino acid residues. A "nonessential" amino acid residue is a residue that can be altered from the wild-type

sequence of a protein without altering the biological activity, whereas an "essential" amino acid residue is required for biological activity.

A deletion refers to removal of one or more amino acids from a protein.

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An insertion refers to one or more amino acid residues being introduced into a predetermined site in a protein. Insertions may comprise N-terminal and/or C-terminal fusions as well as intra-sequence insertions of single or multiple amino acids. Generally, insertions within the amino acid sequence will be smaller than N- or C-terminal fusions, of the order of about 1 to 10 residues. Examples of N- or C-terminal fusion proteins or peptides include the binding domain or activation domain of a transcriptional activator as used in the yeast two-hybrid system, phage coat proteins, (histidine)-6-tag, glutathione S-transferase-tag, protein A, maltose-binding protein, dihydrofolate reductase, Tag•100 epitope, c-myc epitope, FLAG[®]-epitope, lacZ, CMP (calmodulin-binding peptide), HA epitope, protein C epitope and VSV epitope.

A substitution refers to replacement of amino acids of the protein with other amino acids having similar properties (such as similar hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity, antigenicity, propensity to form or break α -helical structures or β -sheet structures). Amino acid substitutions are typically of single residues, but may be clustered depending upon functional constraints placed upon the polypeptide and may range from 1 to 10 amino acids; insertions will usually be of the order of about 1 to 10 amino acid residues. A conservative amino acid substitution is one in which the amino acid residue is replaced with an amino acid residue having a similar side chain. Families of amino acid residues having similar side chains have been defined in the art. These families include amino acids with basic side chains (e.g., lysine, arginine, histidine), acidic side chains (e.g., aspartic acid, glutamic acid), uncharged polar side chains (e.g., glycine, asparagine, glutamine, serine, threonine, tyrosine, cysteine), nonpolar side chains (e.g., alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, proline, phenylalanine, methionine, tryptophan), beta-branched side chains (e.g., threonine, valine, isoleucine) and aromatic side chains (e.g., tyrosine, phenylalanine, tryptophan, histidine). Such substitutions would not be made for conserved amino acid residues, or for amino acid residues residing within a conserved motif. Conservative substitution tables are well known in the art (see for example Creighton (1984) Proteins. W.H. Freeman and Company (Eds).

Amino acid substitutions, deletions and/or insertions may readily be made using peptide synthetic techniques well known in the art, such as solid phase peptide synthesis and the like, or by recombinant DNA manipulation. Methods for the manipulation of DNA sequences to produce substitution, insertion or deletion variants of a protein are well known in the art. For example, techniques for making substitution mutations at predetermined sites in DNA are well known to those skilled in the art and include M13 mutagenesis, T7-Gen in vitro mutagenesis (USB, Cleveland, OH), QuickChange Site Directed mutagenesis (Stratagene, San Diego, CA), PCR-mediated site-directed mutagenesis or other site-directed

40

mutagenesis protocols.

“Derivatives” further include peptides, oligopeptides, polypeptides which may, compared to the amino acid sequence of the naturally-occurring form of the protein, such as the protein
5 of interest, comprise substitutions of amino acids with non-naturally occurring amino acid residues, or additions of non-naturally occurring amino acid residues. “Derivatives” of a protein also encompass peptides, oligopeptides, polypeptides which comprise naturally occurring altered (glycosylated, acylated, prenylated, phosphorylated, myristoylated, sulphated etc.) or non-naturally altered amino acid residues compared to the amino acid
10 sequence of a naturally-occurring form of the polypeptide. A derivative may also comprise one or more non-amino acid substituents or additions compared to the amino acid sequence from which it is derived, for example a reporter molecule or other ligand, covalently or non-covalently bound to the amino acid sequence, such as a reporter molecule which is bound to facilitate its detection, and non-naturally occurring amino acid
15 residues relative to the amino acid sequence of a naturally-occurring protein. Furthermore, “derivatives” also include fusions of the naturally-occurring form of the protein with tagging peptides such as FLAG, HIS6 or thioredoxin (for a review of tagging peptides, see Terpe, Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 60, 523-533, 2003).

20 “Orthologues” and “paralogues” encompass evolutionary concepts used to describe the ancestral relationships of genes. Paralogues are genes within the same species that have originated through duplication of an ancestral gene; orthologues are genes from different organisms that have originated through speciation, and are also derived from a common ancestral gene. A non-limiting list of examples of such orthologues is shown in Table 1. It will
25 be understood by the person skilled in the art that the sequences of SEQ ID NOs:2-181 as listed in Table 1 represent orthologues and paralogues to SEQ ID NO:1.

It is well-known in the art that paralogues and orthologues may share distinct domains harboring suitable amino acid residues at given sites, such as binding pockets for particular
30 substrates or binding motifs for interaction with other proteins.

The term “domain” refers to a set of amino acids conserved at specific positions along an alignment of sequences of evolutionarily related proteins. While amino acids at other positions can vary between homologues, amino acids that are highly conserved at specific
35 positions indicate amino acids that are likely essential in the structure, stability or function of a protein. Identified by their high degree of conservation in aligned sequences of a family of protein homologues, they can be used as identifiers to determine if any polypeptide in question belongs to a previously identified polypeptide family.

40 The term “motif” or “consensus sequence” refers to a short conserved region in the sequence of evolutionarily related proteins. Motifs are frequently highly conserved parts of domains, but may also include only part of the domain, or be located outside of conserved

domain (if all of the amino acids of the motif fall outside of a defined domain).

Specialist databases exist for the identification of domains, for example, SMART (Schultz et al. (1998) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95, 5857-5864; Letunic et al. (2002) Nucleic Acids Res 30, 242-244), InterPro (Mulder et al., (2003) Nucl. Acids. Res. 31, 315-318), Prosite (Bucher and Bairoch (1994), A generalized profile syntax for biomolecular sequences motifs and its function in automatic sequence interpretation. (In) ISMB-94; Proceedings 2nd International Conference on Intelligent Systems for Molecular Biology. Altman R., Brutlag D., Karp P., Lathrop R., Searls D., Eds., pp53-61, AAAI Press, Menlo Park; Hulo et al., Nucl. Acids. Res. 32:D134-D137, (2004)), or Pfam (Bateman et al., Nucleic Acids Research 30(1): 276-280 (2002)). A set of tools for in silico analysis of protein sequences is available on the ExPASy proteomics server (Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics (Gasteiger et al., ExPASy: the proteomics server for in-depth protein knowledge and analysis, Nucleic Acids Res. 31:3784-3788(2003)). Domains or motifs may also be identified using routine techniques, such as by sequence alignment.

Methods for the alignment of sequences for comparison are well known in the art, such methods include GAP, BESTFIT, BLAST, FASTA and TFASTA. GAP uses the algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch ((1970) J Mol Biol 48: 443-453) to find the global (i.e. spanning the complete sequences) alignment of two sequences that maximizes the number of matches and minimizes the number of gaps. The BLAST algorithm (Altschul et al. (1990) J Mol Biol 215: 403-10) calculates percent sequence identity and performs a statistical analysis of the similarity between the two sequences. The software for performing BLAST analysis is publicly available through the National Centre for Biotechnology Information (NCBI). Homologues may readily be identified using, for example, the ClustalW multiple sequence alignment algorithm (version 1.83), with the default pairwise alignment parameters, and a scoring method in percentage (See Figure 1). Global percentages of similarity and identity may also be determined using one of the methods available in the MatGAT software package (Campanella et al., BMC Bioinformatics. 2003 Jul 10;4:29. MatGAT: an application that generates similarity/identity matrices using protein or DNA sequences.). Minor manual editing may be performed to optimise alignment between conserved motifs, as would be apparent to a person skilled in the art. Furthermore, instead of using full-length sequences for the identification of homologues, specific domains may also be used. The sequence identity values may be determined over the entire nucleic acid or amino acid sequence or over selected domains or conserved motif(s), using the programs mentioned above using the default parameters. For local alignments, the Smith-Waterman algorithm is particularly useful (Smith TF, Waterman MS (1981) J. Mol. Biol 147(1);195-7).

The proteins of the invention may be altered in various ways including amino acid substitutions, deletions, truncations, and insertions. Methods for such manipulations are generally known in the art. For example, amino acid sequence variants can be prepared by mutations in the DNA. Methods for mutagenesis and nucleotide sequence alterations are

well known in the art. See, for example, Kunkel (1985) PNAS, 82:488-492; Kunkel et al. (1987) Methods in Enzymol. 154:367-382; U.S. Patent No. 4,873,192; Walker and Gaastra, eds. (1983) Techniques in Molecular Biology (MacMillan Publishing Company, New York) and the references cited therein. Guidance as to appropriate amino acid substitutions that do not affect biological activity of the protein of interest may be found in the model of Dayhoff et al. (1978) Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure (Natl. Biomed. Res. Found., Washington, D. C), herein incorporated by reference. Conservative substitutions, such as exchanging one amino acid with another having similar properties, may be preferable.

Alternatively, variant nucleotide sequences can be made by introducing mutations randomly along all or part of a coding sequence, such as by saturation mutagenesis, and the resultant mutants can be screened to identify mutants that encode proteins that retain activity. For example, following mutagenesis, the encoded protein can be expressed recombinantly, and the activity of the protein can be determined using standard assay techniques.

The inventors of the present invention have found that by substituting one or more of the key amino acid residues of the TK enzyme of SEQ ID NO: 1 or 2, e.g. by employing one of the above described methods to mutate the TK encoding nucleic acids, the tolerance or resistance to particular TK-inhibiting herbicides could be remarkably increased Preferred substitutions of mutated TK are those that increase the herbicide tolerance of the plant, but leave the biological activity of the oxidase activity substantially unaffected.

Accordingly, in another object of the present invention refers to a TK polypeptide, comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181, a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue or homologue thereof, the key amino acid residues of which is substituted by any other amino acid.

It will be understood by the person skilled in the art that amino acids located in a close proximity to the positions of amino acids mentioned below may also be substituted. Thus, in another embodiment the variant of SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109,

110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or
5 181, a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue or homologue thereof comprises a mutated TK, wherein an amino acid ± 3 , ± 2 or ± 1 amino acid positions from a key amino acid is substituted by any other amino acid.

Based on techniques well-known in the art, a highly characteristic sequence pattern can be
10 developed, by means of which further of mutated TK candidates with the desired activity may be searched.

Searching for further mutated TK candidates by applying a suitable sequence pattern would also be encompassed by the present invention. It will be understood by a skilled reader that the
15 present sequence pattern is not limited by the exact distances between two adjacent amino acid residues of said pattern. Each of the distances between two neighbours in the above patterns may, for example, vary independently of each other by up to ± 10 , ± 5 , ± 3 , ± 2 or ± 1 amino acid positions without substantially affecting the desired activity.

20 Furthermore, by applying the method of site directed mutagenesis, in particular saturation mutagenesis (see e.g. Schenk et al., Biospektrum 03/2006, pages 277-279), the inventors of the present invention have identified and generated specific amino acid substitutions and combinations thereof, which - when introduced into a plant by transforming and expressing the respective mutated TK encoding nucleic acid - confer increased herbicide resistance or
25 tolerance to a TK inhibiting herbicide to said plant.

Thus, in a particularly preferred embodiment, the variant or derivative of the mutated TK refers to a TK polypeptide comprising SEQ ID NO: 1, an orthologue, paralogue, or
30 homologue thereof, wherein the amino acid sequence differs from the wildtype amino acid sequence of a TK polypeptide at one or more positions corresponding to the following positions of SEQ ID NO:1: 265, 267, 337, 342, 343, 458, 459, 460, 461, 463, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 544.

Examples of differences at these amino acid positions include, but are not limited to, one or
35 more of the following:

the amino acid at or corresponding to position 265 is other than isoleucine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 267 is other than isoleucine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 337 is other than tyrosine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is other than serine;
40 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is other than alanine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 458 is other than leucine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 459 is other than alanine;

the amino acid at or corresponding to position 460 is other than serine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 461 is other than serine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is other than methionine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is other than Threonine;
5 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 512 is other than phenylalanine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 513 is other than phenylalanine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is other than valine;
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 515 is other than phenylalanine
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is other than leucine;

10

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of
SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 265 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn,
15 Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.

15

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of
SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 267 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn,
20 Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.

20

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of
SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 337 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn,
25 Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Phe, or Trp.

25

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of
SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Thr, Asn, Gln,
30 Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.

30

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of
SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn,
35 Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.

35

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of
SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
the amino acid at or corresponding to position 458 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn,
40 Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.

40

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of

SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 459 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.

- 5 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 460 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.
- 10 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 461 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.
- 15 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.
- 20 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Phe, Met, Tyr, or Trp.
- 25 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 512 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Tyr, or Trp.
- 30 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 513 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Tyr, or Trp.
- 35 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Leu, Ile, Phe, Met, Tyr, or Trp.
- 40 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 515 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn,

Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Tyr, or Trp.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
5 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Ser, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
10 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
15 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Arg, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
20 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is His, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
25 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Lys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
30 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Asp, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
35 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Glu, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
40 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Thr, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

5

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Gln, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

10

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

15

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

20

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Pro, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

25

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Ala, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

30

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Val, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

35

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Leu, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

40

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:

the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Ile, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

5 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Met, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

10 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Phe, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

15 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Tyr, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

20 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Trp, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Pro.

25 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Arg, His, Lys, Asp, Glu, Thr, Asn, Gln, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Met, Phe, Tyr, or Trp, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

30 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Arg, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

35 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is His, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

40 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Lys, and the amino acid at or

corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
5 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Asp, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
10 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Glu, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
15 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Thr, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
20 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
25 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Gln, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
30 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
35 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:
40 the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Pro, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Ala, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

5

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Val, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

10

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Leu, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

15

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Ile, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

20

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Met, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

25

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Phe, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

30

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Tyr, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

35

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 342 is Trp, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 343 is Gly.

40

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:

the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Val, Cys, Ala, Ser, Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr, Ala, Ser, Cys, Val.

5 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Val, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

10 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Val, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ala.

15 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Val, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

20 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Val, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

25 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Val, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

30 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

35 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ala.

40 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

5

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

10

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ala, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

15

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ala, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ala.

20

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ala, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

25

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ala, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

30

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ala, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

35

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

40

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:

the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ala.

5 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

10 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

15 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

20 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

25 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ala.

30 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

35 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

40 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

5

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

10

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr, Cys, Ser, Val.

15

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

20

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

25

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

30

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

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In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:

the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

5 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

10

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

15

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

20

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr, Cys, Ser.

25

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

30

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

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40

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which:

the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Gly, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

5 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Thr.

10 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Cys.

In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 463 is Cys, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Ser.

20 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

30 In another preferred embodiment, the mutated TK polypeptide comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 a variant, derivative, orthologue, paralogue of homologue thereof, in which: the amino acid at or corresponding to position 511 is Ser, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 514 is Asn, and the amino acid at or corresponding to position 544 is Val.

35 It will be within the knowledge of the skilled artisan to identify conserved regions and motifs shared between the homologues, orthologues and paralogues encoded by SEQ ID NO: 182 or 183, such as those depicted in Table 1. Having identified such conserved regions that may represent suitable binding motifs, amino acids corresponding to the amino acids listed below in Table 2a and 2b, can be chosen to be substituted by any other amino acid, for example by conserved amino acids, preferably by the amino acid substitutions described SUPRA using SEQ ID NO:1 as reference.

40

Table 2a and 2b provides an overview of positions in the orthologues and homologues to SEQ ID NO:1, i.e. the corresponding positions in SEQ ID NOs: 1 to 181.

Table2a

ID	Pos 1	Pos 2	Pos 3	Pos 4	Pos 5	Pos 6	Pos 7	Pos 8
1	I265	I267	Y337	S342	A343	L458	A459	S460
2	I195	I197	Y267	S272	A273	L388	A389	S390
3	I265	I267	Y337	S342	A343	L458	A459	S460
4	I276	I278	Y347	S352	A353	L468	A469	S470
5	I264	I266	Y336	S341	A342	L457	A458	S459
6	I263	I265	Y335	S340	A341	L456	A457	S458
7	I235	I237	H307	A312	P313	L428	A429	P430
8	I264	I266	Y336	A341	A342	L457	A458	S459
9	I266	I268	Y338	S343	A344	L459	A460	S461
10	I273	I275	Y345	S350	A351	L466	A467	S468
11	I247	I249	Y319	A324	A325	L440	A441	S442
12	I268	I270	Y340	S345	A346	L461	A462	S463
13	I272	I274	Y344	S349	A350	L465	A466	S467
14	I266	I268	Y338	S343	A344	L459	A460	S461
15	I268	I270	Y340	S345	A346	L461	A462	S463
16	I267	I269	Y339	A344	A345	L460	A461	S462
17	I264	I266	Y336	S341	A342	L457	A458	S459
18	I269	I271	Y341	S346	A347	L462	A463	S464
19	I263	I265	Y335	S340	A341	L456	A457	S458
20	I271	I273	Y343	S348	A349	L464	A465	S466
21	I276	I278	Y348	A353	A354	L469	A470	S471
22	I268	I270	Y340	S345	A346	L461	A462	S463
23	I270	I272	Y342	S347	A348	L463	A464	S465
24	I266	I268	Y338	S343	A344	L459	A460	S461
25	I259	I261	Y331	A336	A337	L452	A453	S454
26	I265	I267	Y337	A342	A343	L458	A459	S460
27	I268	I270	Y340	S345	A346	L461	A462	S463
28	I269	I271	Y341	S346	A347	L462	A463	S464
29	I270	I272	Y342	S347	A348	L463	A464	S465
30	I263	I265	Y335	A340	A341	L456	A457	S458
31	I268	I270	Y340	S345	A346	L461	A462	S463
32	I264	I267	Y337	A342	A343	L458	A459	S460
33	I269	I271	Y341	S346	A347	L462	A463	S464
34	I263	I265	Y335	A340	A341	L456	A457	S458
35	I264	I267	Y337	A342	A343	L458	A459	S460

36	I253	I255	Y325	S330	A331	L446	A447	S448
37	I265	I267	Y337	S342	A343	L458	A459	S460
38	I200	I202	Y272	S277	A278	L393	A394	S395
39	I264	I266	Y336	A341	A342	L457	A458	S459
40	I268	I270	Y340	S345	A346	L461	A462	S463
41	I265	I267	Y337	S342	G343	L458	A459	S460
42	I255	I257	Y327	S332	A333	L448	A449	S450
43	I265	I267	Y337	A342	A343	L471	A472	S473
44	I265	I267	Y337	A342	A343	L458	A459	S460
45	I268	I270	Y340	S345	A346	L461	A462	S463
46	I254	I256	Y326	S331	A332	L447	A448	S449
47	I203	I205	Y275	S280	A281	L396	A397	S398
48	I260	I262	Y332	A337	A338	L453	A454	S455
49	I199	I201	Y271	S276	A277	L392	A393	S394
50	I276	I278	Y348	S353	A354	L469	A470	S471
51	I225	I227	Y297	S302	A303	L418	A419	S420
52	I259	I261	Y331	S336	A337	L452	A453	S454
53	I266	I268	Y338	A343	A344	L459	A460	S461
54	I259	I261	Y331	S336	A337	L452	A453	S454
55	I269	I271	Y341	S346	A347	L462	A463	S464
56	I269	I271	Y341	S346	A347	L462	A463	S464
57	I258	I260	Y330	S335	A336	L451	A452	S453
58	I158	I160	Y230	S235	A236	L351	A352	S353
59	I158	I160	Y230	S235	A236	L351	A352	S353
60	I158	I160	Y230	S235	A236	L351	A352	S353
61	I204	I206	Y276	A281	A282	L397	A398	S399
62	I274	I276	Y346	S351	A352	L467	A468	S469
63	I158	I160	Y230	A235	A236	L351	A352	S353
64	I158	I160	Y230	S235	A236	L351	A352	S353
65	I153	I155	Y225	S230	A231	L346	A347	S348
66	I260	I262	Y332	A337	A338	L453	A454	S455
67	I144	I146	Y216	A221	A222	L337	A338	S339
68	I158	I160	Y230	S235	A236	L351	A352	S353
69	I239	I155	Y225	S230	A231	L346	A347	S348
70	I236	I238	Y308	S313	A314	L429	A430	T431
71	I244	V311	Y381	G386	P387	L502	A503	P504
72	I215	I240	Y310	A315	A316	L431	A432	S433
73	I244	I246	Y316	S321	A322	L437	A438	T439
74	I215	I217	Y287	A292	A293	L408	A409	S410
75	I239	I241	Y311	S316	A317	L432	A433	T434

76	I239	I241	Y311	S316	A317	L432	A433	T434
77	I158	I160	Y230	A235	A236	L351	A352	S353
78	I246	I248	H318	S323	A324	L439	A440	S441
79	I239	I241	Y311	S316	A317	L432	A433	T434
80	I343	V345	Y415	G420	P421	L536	A537	P538
81	I251	I253	Y323	T328	A329	L444	A445	T446
82	I299	V301	Y371	G376	P377	L492	A493	P494
83	I232	I234	H304	S309	A310	L425	A426	S427
84	I153	I155	Y225	A230	A231	L346	A347	S348
85	I198	I200	Y270	N275	A276	L391	T392	L393
86	I253	I255	Y325	S330	A331	L446	A447	S448
87	I158	I160	Y230	S235	A236	L351	A352	S353
88	I146	I148	Y218	S223	A224	L339	A340	S341
89	I158	I160	Y230	N235	A236	L351	A352	T353
90	I158	I160	Y230	A235	A236	L351	A352	S353
91	I114	I116	Y186	S191	A192	L307	A308	S309
92	I94	I96	Y166	A171	A172	L287	A288	S289
93	I105	I107	Y177	S182	A183	L298	A299	S300
94	I123	V125	Y195	G200	A201	V316	A317	S318
95	I240	I242	H312	A317	P318	L433	A434	P435
96	I240	I242	H312	A317	P318	L433	A434	P435
97	I193	I195	A265	A270	A271	L386	T387	H388
98	I43	I45	Y115	S120	A121	L236	A237	S238
99	I193	I195	A265	A270	A271	L386	T387	H388
100	I193	I195	H265	A270	A271	L386	A387	P388
101	I193	I195	A265	A270	A271	L386	T387	H388
102	I193	I195	A265	A270	A271	L386	A387	K388
103	I194	I196	A266	A271	A272	L387	T388	H389
104	I190	I192	G261	N266	P267	L383	T384	G385
105	I188	I190	G259	A264	P265	L381	T382	G383
106	V192	I194	A263	S268	P269	L385	T386	G387
107	I193	I195	H264	S269	P270	L386	T387	G388
108	I185	I187	H255	S260	P261	L377	T378	G379
109	-	-	A264	G269	T270	L381	W382	N383
110	V199	A201	H270	N275	S276	L391	S392	V393
111	I205	C207	A275	A280	D281	L396	S397	P398
112	V214	V216	G285	A290	A291	L408	M409	E410
113	I190	I192	E261	S266	P267	L383	T384	G385
114	V219	V221	G290	A295	A296	L413	C414	E415
115	I188	I190	A259	A264	P265	L381	T382	P383

116	I227	I229	H298	N303	P304	L420	T421	G422
117	I190	I192	Y261	S266	P267	L384	T385	P386
118	I206	C208	A277	A282	A283	L400	S401	P402
119	I189	I191	A260	S265	A266	L383	T384	P385
120	I189	I191	E260	A265	P266	L382	T383	G384
121	I217	C219	A288	V293	A294	L411	S412	P413
122	V187	I189	A258	S263	P264	L380	T381	P382
123	I225	C227	A295	A300	A301	L418	T419	P420
124	I191	I193	H262	A267	P268	L384	T385	G386
125	I190	I192	C260	A265	P266	L382	T383	A384
126	V247	C249	F318	G323	A324	L441	V442	N443
127	V215	V217	G286	Q291	A292	L410	L411	E412
128	I189	C191	A260	A265	A266	L385	S386	P387
129	I201	C203	A272	A277	A278	L393	S394	P395
130	I209	C211	A280	V285	A286	L401	S402	P403
131	V199	C201	A270	G275	A276	L394	V395	T396
132	I191	C193	A261	A266	A267	L378	S379	P380
133	I188	I190	G259	A264	P265	L381	T382	G383
134	V192	I194	A263	S268	P269	L385	T386	G387
135	I193	I195	H264	S269	P270	L386	T387	G388
136	I190	I192	G261	N266	P267	L383	T384	S385
137	I225	C227	A296	S301	L302	L419	V420	N421
138	I185	I187	H255	S260	P261	L377	T378	G379
139	-	-	A264	G269	T270	L381	W382	N383
140	V199	A201	H270	N275	S276	L391	S392	V393
141	I205	C207	A275	A280	D281	L396	S397	P398
142	V214	V216	G285	A290	A291	L408	M409	E410
143	I193	I195	A264	A269	P270	L386	T387	G388
144	V200	C202	H271	S276	A277	L392	S393	V394
145	I190	I192	E261	S266	P267	L383	T384	G385
146	V219	V221	G290	A295	A296	L413	C414	E415
147	I226	I228	H297	N302	P303	L419	T420	P421
148	I192	C194	A263	A268	D269	L386	T387	P388
149	V224	C226	A295	A300	A301	L418	S419	P420
150	I199	C201	A270	A275	A276	L391	S392	P393
151	I188	I190	A259	A264	P265	L381	T382	P383
152	I227	I229	H298	N303	P304	L420	T421	G422
153	I190	I192	H260	S265	P266	L383	T384	P385
154	I190	I192	Y261	S266	P267	L384	T385	P386
155	V238	C240	A309	G314	G315	-	-	-

156	V199	I201	E263	E268	T269	L350	A351	G352
157	V201	I203	P265	S270	T271	L351	E352	G353
158	V201	I203	D265	T270	P271	L351	E352	G353
159	V202	I204	Q266	S271	N272	L353	E354	G355
160	V221	I223	E253	C258	N259	L272	K273	G274
161	V203	I205	D267	S272	T273	L354	E355	G356
162	V202	I204	K266	T271	T272	L352	E353	G354
163	V201	I203	E265	E270	S271	L352	E353	G354
164	V204	I206	E268	E273	S274	L355	E356	G357
165	V165	I167	K229	S234	T235	L315	A316	G317
166	V200	I202	A264	T269	P270	L352	E353	G354
167	V237	I239	K301	S306	P307	L386	E387	G388
168	V199	I201	E263	T268	C269	L354	E355	G356
169	V201	I203	E265	S270	E271	L351	E352	G353
170	L182	Q184	G253	K258	A259	V338	S339	N340
171	V205	I207	E269	S274	T275	L355	E356	G357
172	I197	I199	P266	K271	A272	L359	A360	G361
173	I196	I198	P265	K270	A271	L361	A362	G363
174	I185	I187	P254	K259	A260	L350	A351	G352
175	I195	I197	P264	K269	A270	L362	A363	S364
176	L185	Q187	D256	K261	P262	V341	S342	N343
177	V197	S199	S262	P267	L268	L375	A376	A377
178	I195	S197	S260	T265	A266	L353	M354	L355
179	I198	S200	A263	A268	A269	L358	K359	K360
180	V197	I199	I261	S266	T267	L347	E348	G349
181	I194	I196	P263	K268	P269	L360	A361	G362

Table 2b

ID	Pos 9	Pos 10	Pos 11	Pos 12	Pos 13	Pos 14	Pos 15	Pos 16
1	S461	M463	T511	F512	F513	V514	F515	L544
2	S391	M393	T441	F442	F443	V444	F445	L474
3	S461	M463	T511	F512	F513	V514	F515	L544
4	S471	M473	T521	F522	F523	V524	F525	L554
5	S460	M462	T510	F511	F512	V513	F514	L543
6	S459	M461	T509	F510	F511	V512	F513	L542
7	S431	M433	T481	F482	F483	I484	F485	L514
8	S460	M462	T510	F511	F512	V513	F514	L543
9	S462	M464	T512	F513	F514	V515	F516	L545
10	S469	M471	T519	F520	F521	V522	F523	L552
11	S443	M445	T493	F494	F495	V496	F497	L526
12	S464	M466	T514	F515	F516	V517	F518	L547

13	S468	M470	T518	F519	F520	V521	F522	L551
14	S462	M464	T512	F513	F514	V515	F516	L545
15	S464	M466	T514	F515	F516	V517	F518	L547
16	S463	M465	T513	F514	F515	V516	F517	L546
17	S460	M462	T510	F511	F512	V513	F514	L543
18	S465	M467	T515	F516	F517	V518	F519	L548
19	S459	M461	T509	F510	F511	V512	F513	L542
20	S467	M469	T517	F518	F519	V520	F521	L550
21	S472	M474	T522	F523	F524	V525	F526	L555
22	S464	M466	T514	F515	F516	V517	F518	L547
23	S466	M468	T516	F517	F518	V519	F520	L549
24	S462	M464	T512	F513	F514	V515	F516	L545
25	S455	M457	T505	F506	F507	V508	F509	L538
26	S461	M463	T511	F512	F513	V514	F515	L544
27	S464	M466	T514	F515	F516	V517	F518	L547
28	S465	M467	T515	F516	F517	V518	F519	L548
29	S466	M468	T516	F517	F518	V519	F520	L549
30	S459	M461	T509	F510	F511	V512	F513	L542
31	S464	M466	T514	F515	F516	V517	F518	L547
32	S461	M463	T511	F512	F513	V514	F515	L544
33	S465	M467	T515	F516	F517	V518	F519	L548
34	S459	M461	T509	F510	F511	V512	F513	L542
35	S461	M463	T511	F512	F513	V514	F515	L544
36	S449	M451	T499	F500	F501	V502	F503	L532
37	S461	M463	T511	F512	F513	V514	F515	L544
38	S396	M398	T446	F447	F448	V449	F450	L479
39	S460	M462	T510	F511	F512	V513	F514	L543
40	S464	M466	T514	F515	F516	V517	F518	L547
41	S461	M463	T511	F512	F513	V514	F515	L544
42	S451	M453	T501	F502	F503	V504	F505	L534
43	S474	M476	T524	F525	F526	V527	F528	L557
44	S461	M463	T511	F512	F513	V514	F515	L544
45	S464	M466	T514	F515	F516	V517	F518	L547
46	S450	M452	T500	F501	F502	V503	F504	L533
47	S399	M401	T449	F450	F451	V452	F453	L482
48	S456	M458	T506	F507	F508	V509	F510	L539
49	S395	M397	T445	F446	F447	V448	F449	L478
50	S472	M474	T521	F522	F523	V524	F525	L554
51	S421	M423	T471	F472	F473	V474	F475	L504
52	S455	M457	T505	F506	F507	V508	F509	L538

53	S462	M464	T512	F513	F514	V515	F516	L545
54	S455	M457	T505	F506	F507	V508	F509	L538
55	S465	L467	T515	F516	F517	V518	F519	L548
56	S465	L467	T515	F516	F517	V518	F519	L548
57	S454	M456	T504	F505	F506	V507	F508	L537
58	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
59	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
60	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
61	S400	M402	T450	F451	F452	V453	F454	L483
62	S470	M472	T520	F521	F522	V523	F524	L553
63	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
64	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
65	S349	M351	T399	F400	F401	V402	F403	L432
66	S456	M458	T506	F507	F508	V509	F510	L539
67	S340	M342	T390	F391	F392	V393	F394	L423
68	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
69	S349	M351	T399	F400	F401	V402	F403	L432
70	S432	M434	T482	F483	F484	V485	F486	L515
71	S505	M507	T555	Y556	F557	A558	F559	V588
72	S434	M436	T484	F485	F486	I487	F488	L517
73	S440	M442	T490	F491	F492	V493	F494	L523
74	S411	M413	T461	F462	F463	I464	F465	L494
75	S435	M437	T485	F486	F487	V488	F489	L518
76	S435	M437	T485	F486	F487	V488	F489	L518
77	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
78	S442	M444	T492	F493	F494	V495	F496	L525
79	S435	M437	T485	F486	F487	V488	F489	L518
80	S539	M541	T589	Y590	F591	A592	F593	V622
81	S447	M449	T497	F498	F499	V500	F501	L530
82	S495	M497	T545	Y546	F547	A548	F549	V578
83	S428	M430	T478	F479	F480	V481	F482	L511
84	S349	M351	T399	F400	F401	V402	F403	L432
85	S394	M396	T444	Y445	F446	V447	F448	L477
86	S449	M451	T499	F500	F501	V502	F503	-
87	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
88	S342	M344	T392	F393	F394	V395	F396	L425
89	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	V407	F408	L437
90	S354	M356	T404	F405	F406	I407	F408	L437
91	S310	M312	T360	F361	F362	V363	F364	L393
92	S290	M292	T340	F341	F342	V343	F344	L373

93	S301	M303	T351	F352	F353	V354	F355	L384
94	S319	M321	T369	Y370	L371	A372	F373	V402
95	S436	L438	T486	F487	Y488	I489	F490	L519
96	S436	L438	T486	F487	Y488	I489	F490	L519
97	S389	L391	T439	F440	L441	V442	F443	L472
98	S239	M241	T289	F290	F291	V292	F293	L322
99	S389	N391	T439	F440	L441	V442	F443	L472
100	S389	L391	T439	F440	L441	I442	F443	L472
101	S389	L391	T439	F440	L441	V442	F443	L472
102	S389	N391	T439	F440	L441	V442	F443	L472
103	S390	Y392	T440	F441	L442	V443	F444	L473
104	S386	N388	T440	F441	L442	N443	F444	L473
105	S384	L386	T439	F440	L441	N442	F443	L472
106	S388	L390	T442	F443	L444	N445	F446	L475
107	S389	L391	T443	F444	L445	N446	F447	L476
108	S380	L382	T435	F436	L437	N438	F439	L468
109	S384	Q386	T435	F436	F437	M438	F439	E468
110	S394	N396	T455	F456	F457	M458	F459	E488
111	S399	N401	T460	F461	F462	M463	F464	T493
112	S411	F413	S467	Y468	L469	A470	F471	V500
113	S386	L388	T440	F441	F442	N443	F444	L473
114	S416	F418	S472	Y473	F474	I475	F476	V505
115	S384	L386	T439	F440	L441	N442	F443	L472
116	S423	L425	T479	F480	A481	N482	F483	L512
117	S387	L389	T442	F443	L444	N445	F446	L475
118	S403	H405	S464	F465	F466	M467	F468	M497
119	S386	L388	T441	F442	L443	N444	F445	L474
120	S385	L387	T439	F440	L441	N442	F443	L472
121	S414	N416	S475	F476	F477	M478	F479	T508
122	S383	N385	T438	F439	L440	N441	F442	L471
123	S421	H423	S482	F483	F484	M485	F486	T515
124	S387	L389	T441	F442	L443	N444	F445	L474
125	S385	L387	T439	F440	L441	N442	F443	L472
126	S444	K446	T496	F497	F498	M499	F500	E529
127	S413	F415	T469	F470	F471	M472	F473	I502
128	S388	N390	S449	F450	F451	M452	F453	T482
129	S396	N398	S457	F458	F459	M460	F461	T490
130	S404	N406	S465	F466	F467	M468	F469	M498
131	S397	K399	T451	F452	L453	M454	F455	E484
132	S381	N383	S442	F443	F444	M445	F446	L475

133	S384	L386	T439	F440	L441	N442	F443	L472
134	S388	L390	T442	F443	L444	N445	F446	L475
135	S389	L391	T443	F444	L445	N446	F447	L476
136	S386	N388	T440	F441	F442	N443	F444	L473
137	S422	K424	T474	F475	F476	M477	F478	E507
138	S380	L382	T435	F436	L437	N438	F439	L468
139	S384	Q386	T435	F436	F437	M438	F439	E468
140	S394	N396	T455	F456	F457	M458	F459	E488
141	S399	N401	T460	F461	F462	M463	F464	T493
142	S411	F413	S467	Y468	L469	A470	F471	V500
143	S389	L391	T443	F444	L445	N446	F447	L476
144	S395	L397	T456	F457	Y458	M459	F460	A489
145	S386	L388	T440	F441	F442	N443	F444	L473
146	S416	F418	S472	Y473	F474	I475	F476	V505
147	S422	L424	T478	F479	L480	N481	F482	L511
148	S389	N391	S450	F451	F452	M453	F454	T483
149	S421	N423	S482	F483	F484	M485	F486	T515
150	S394	N396	S455	F456	F457	M458	F459	I488
151	S384	L386	T439	F440	L441	N442	F443	L472
152	S423	L425	T479	F480	A481	N482	F483	L512
153	S386	L388	T441	F442	L443	N444	F445	V474
154	S387	L389	T442	F443	L444	N445	F446	L475
155	-	-	T434	F435	F436	M437	F438	E467
156	S353	G355	T398	F399	S400	A401	F402	E431
157	S354	G356	T397	F398	S399	A400	F401	E430
158	S354	G356	T397	F398	A399	A400	F401	E430
159	S356	G358	T399	F400	S401	A402	F403	E432
160	S275	G277	-	-	-	-	-	-
161	S357	G359	T402	F403	T404	A405	F406	E435
162	S355	G357	T398	F399	S400	A401	F402	E431
163	S355	G357	T400	F401	S402	A403	F404	E433
164	S358	G360	T403	F404	S405	A406	F407	E436
165	S318	G320	T361	F362	S363	A364	F365	E394
166	S355	G357	T398	F399	G400	A401	F402	E431
167	S389	G391	T433	F434	S435	A436	F437	E466
168	S357	G359	T400	F401	A402	A403	F404	D433
169	S354	G356	T397	F398	S399	A400	F401	D430
170	S341	Y343	T383	F384	A385	A386	F387	I416
171	S358	G360	T401	F402	S403	A404	F405	D434
172	S362	K364	G404	F405	G406	M407	F408	V438

173	S364	K366	D406	F407	G408	V409	F410	V440
174	S353	K355	D395	F396	G397	V398	F399	V429
175	S365	K367	D407	F408	G409	V410	F411	V441
176	S344	Y346	T386	F387	A388	A389	F390	I419
177	D378	K380	S420	F421	A422	S423	F424	P454
178	D356	G358	S398	F399	A400	C401	F402	P432
179	D361	G363	S403	F404	A405	C406	F407	P437
180	S350	G352	T393	F394	S395	A396	F397	D426
181	S363	K365	D405	F406	G407	V408	F409	V439

Another object refers to a method of identifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a mutated TK which is resistant or tolerant to a TK-inhibiting herbicide, the method comprising:

- a) generating a library of mutated TK-encoding nucleic acids,
- 5 b) screening a population of the resulting mutated TK-encoding nucleic acids by expressing each of said nucleic acids in a cell or plant and treating said cell or plant with a TK-inhibiting herbicide,
- c) comparing the TK-inhibiting herbicide-tolerance levels provided by said population of mutated TK encoding nucleic acids with the TK-inhibiting herbicide-tolerance level provided by a control TK-encoding nucleic acid,
- 10 d) selecting at least one mutated TK-encoding nucleic acid that provides a significantly increased level of tolerance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to that provided by the control TK-encoding nucleic acid.

- 15 In a preferred embodiment, the mutated TK-encoding nucleic acid selected in step d) provides at least 2-fold as much resistance or tolerance of a cell or plant to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to that provided by the control TK-encoding nucleic acid.

- 20 In a further preferred embodiment, the mutated TK-encoding nucleic acid selected in step d) provides at least 2-fold, at least 5-fold, at least 10-fold, at least 20-fold, at least 50-fold, at least 100-fold, at least 500-fold, as much resistance or tolerance of a cell or plant to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to that provided by the control TK-encoding nucleic acid.

- 25 The resistance or tolerance can be determined by generating a transgenic plant or host cell, preferably a plant cell, comprising a nucleic acid sequence of the library of step a) and comparing said transgenic plant with a control plant or host cell, preferably a plant cell.

- 30 Another object refers to a method of identifying a plant or algae containing a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a wild-type or mutated TK which is resistant or tolerant to a TK-inhibiting herbicide, the method comprising:

- a) identifying an effective amount of a TK-inhibiting herbicide in a culture of plant cells or green algae that leads to death of said cells.
- b) treating said plant cells or green algae with a mutagenizing agent,
- c) contacting said mutagenized cells population with an effective amount of TK-inhibiting

- herbicide, identified in a),
- d) selecting at least one cell surviving these test conditions,
 - e) PCR-amplification and sequencing of TK genes from cells selected in d) and comparing such sequences to wild-type TK gene sequences, respectively.

5

In a preferred embodiment, said mutagenizing agent is ethylmethanesulfonate (EMS).

Many methods well known to the skilled artisan are available for obtaining suitable candidate nucleic acids for identifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a mutated TK from a variety of
10 different potential source organisms including microbes, plants, fungi, algae, mixed cultures etc. as well as environmental sources of DNA such as soil. These methods include inter alia the preparation of cDNA or genomic DNA libraries, the use of suitably degenerate oligonucleotide primers, the use of probes based upon known sequences or complementation assays (for example, for growth upon tyrosine) as well as the use of mutagenesis and shuffling in order to
15 provide recombined or shuffled mutated TK-encoding sequences.

Nucleic acids comprising candidate and control TK encoding sequences can be expressed in yeast, in a bacterial host strain, in an alga or in a higher plant such as tobacco or Arabidopsis and the relative levels of inherent tolerance of the TK encoding sequences screened according
20 to a visible indicator phenotype of the transformed strain or plant in the presence of different concentrations of the selected TK-inhibiting herbicide. Dose responses and relative shifts in dose responses associated with these indicator phenotypes (formation of brown color, growth inhibition, herbicidal effect etc) are conveniently expressed in terms, for example, of GR50 (concentration for 50% reduction of growth) or MIC (minimum inhibitory concentration) values
25 where increases in values correspond to increases in inherent tolerance of the expressed TK. For example, in a relatively rapid assay system based upon transformation of a bacterium such as E. coli, each mutated TK encoding sequence may be expressed, for example, as a DNA sequence under expression control of a controllable promoter such as the lacZ promoter and taking suitable account, for example by the use of synthetic DNA, of such issues as codon
30 usage in order to obtain as comparable a level of expression as possible of different TK sequences. Such strains expressing nucleic acids comprising alternative candidate TK sequences may be plated out on different concentrations of the selected TK-inhibiting herbicide in, optionally, a tyrosine supplemented medium and the relative levels of inherent tolerance of the expressed TK enzymes estimated on the basis of the extent and MIC for inhibition of the
35 formation of the brown, ochronotic pigment.

In another embodiment, candidate nucleic acids are transformed into plant material to generate a transgenic plant, regenerated into morphologically normal fertile plants which are then measured for differential tolerance to selected TK-inhibiting herbicides as described in the
40 Example section hereinafter. Many suitable methods for transformation using suitable selection markers such as kanamycin, binary vectors such as from Agrobacterium and plant regeneration as, for example, from tobacco leaf discs are well known in the art. Optionally, a control population of plants is likewise transformed with a nucleic acid expressing the control TK.

Alternatively, an untransformed dicot plant such as Arabidopsis or Tobacco can be used as a control since this, in any case, expresses its own endogenous TK. The average, and distribution, of herbicide tolerance levels of a range of primary plant transformation events or their progeny to TK-inhibiting herbicides described supra are evaluated in the normal manner based upon plant damage, meristematic bleaching symptoms etc. at a range of different concentrations of herbicides. These data can be expressed in terms of, for example, GR50 values derived from dose/response curves having "dose" plotted on the x-axis and "percentage kill", "herbicidal effect", "numbers of emerging green plants" etc. plotted on the y-axis where increased GR50 values correspond to increased levels of inherent tolerance of the expressed TK. Herbicides can suitably be applied pre-emergence or post-emergence.

Another object of the present invention refers to an isolated nucleic acid encoding a mutated TK as disclosed SUPRA, wherein the nucleic acid comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 182, or 183, or a variant or derivative thereof.

In one embodiment, the nucleic acid is identifiable by a method as defined above.

In a preferred embodiment, the encoded mutated TK is a variant of SEQ ID NO: 1, which includes one or more of the following:

- the amino acid corresponding to position 265 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp;
- the amino acid corresponding to position 267 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp;
- the amino acid corresponding to position 337 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Phe, or Trp;
- the amino acid corresponding to position 342 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp;
- the amino acid corresponding to position 343 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp,
- the amino acid corresponding to position 458 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Ile,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp,
- the amino acid corresponding to position 459 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp
- the amino acid corresponding to position 460 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp,
- the amino acid corresponding to position 461 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp.
- the amino acid corresponding to position 463 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Phe,Tyr, or Trp.
- the amino acid corresponding to position 511 of SEQ ID NO:1 is Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Phe,Met,Tyr, or Trp.
- the amino acid corresponding to position 512 of SEQ ID NO:1 is

Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Tyr, or Trp.

the amino acid corresponding to position 513 of SEQ ID NO:1 is

Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Tyr, or Trp.

the amino acid corresponding to position 514 of SEQ ID NO:1 is

5 Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Leu,Ile,Phe,Met,Tyr, or Trp.

the amino acid corresponding to position 515 of SEQ ID NO:1 is

Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Leu,Ile,Met,Tyr, or Trp.

the amino acid corresponding to position 544 of SEQ ID NO:1 is

Arg,His,Lys,Asp,Glu,Ser,Thr,Asn,Gln,Cys,Gly,Pro,Ala,Val,Ile,Met,Phe,Tyr, or Trp

10

In other aspects, the present invention encompasses a progeny or a descendant of a TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant of the present invention as well as seeds derived from the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the invention and cells derived from the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the invention.

15

In some embodiments, the present invention provides a progeny or descendant plant derived from a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, wherein the progeny or descendant

20 plant comprises in at least some of its cells the recombinant polynucleotide operably linked to the promoter, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the progeny or descendant plant tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides.

25

In one embodiment, seeds of the present invention preferably comprise the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerance characteristics of the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant. In other

embodiments, a seed is capable of germination into a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the progeny or

30 descendant plant tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides.

35

In some embodiments, plant cells of the present invention are capable of regenerating a plant or plant part. In other embodiments, plant cells are not capable of regenerating a plant or plant part. Examples of cells not capable of regenerating a plant include, but are not limited to, endosperm, seed coat (testa & pericarp), and root cap.

40

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a plant cell of or capable of regenerating a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides, wherein the plant cell comprises the recombinant polynucleotide operably linked to a

promoter.

In other embodiments, the present invention provides a plant cell comprising a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the cell tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a plant cell transformed by a nucleic acid encoding a mutated TK polypeptide according to the present invention or to a plant cell which has been mutated to obtain a plant expressing a nucleic acid encoding a mutated TK polypeptide according to the present invention, wherein expression of the nucleic acid in the plant cell results in increased resistance or tolerance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the plant cell. Preferably, the mutated TK polypeptide encoding nucleic acid comprises a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: a) a polynucleotide as shown in SEQ ID NO: 182, or 183, or a variant or derivative thereof; b) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181, or a variant or derivative thereof; c) a polynucleotide comprising at least 60 consecutive nucleotides of any of a) or b); and d) a polynucleotide complementary to the polynucleotide of any of a) through c).

In some aspects, the present invention provides a plant product prepared from the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants hereof. In some embodiments, examples of plant products include, without limitation, grain, oil, and meal. In one embodiment, a plant product is plant grain (e.g., grain suitable for use as feed or for processing), plant oil (e.g., oil suitable for use as food or biodiesel), or plant meal (e.g., meal suitable for use as feed).

In one embodiment, a plant product prepared from a plant or plant part is provided, wherein the plant or plant part comprises in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the a plant or plant part tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a method of producing a transgenic plant cell with an increased resistance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the plant cell comprising, transforming the plant cell with an expression cassette comprising a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable
5 of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide.

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a method of producing a transgenic plant comprising, (a) transforming a plant cell with an expression cassette comprising a a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable
10 of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, and (b) generating a plant with an increased resistance to TK-inhibiting herbicide from the plant cell.

In some aspects, the present invention provides a method for producing a TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant. In one embodiment, the method comprises: regenerating a plant
15 from a plant cell transformed with a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides.

The term “expression/expressing” or “gene expression” means the transcription of a specific gene or specific genes or specific genetic construct. The term “expression” or “gene
20 expression” in particular means the transcription of a gene or genes or genetic construct into structural RNA (rRNA, tRNA) or mRNA with or without subsequent translation of the latter into a protein. The process includes transcription of DNA and processing of the
25 resulting mRNA product.

To obtain the desired effect, i.e. plants that are tolerant or resistant to the TK-inhibiting herbicide derivative herbicide of the present invention, it will be understood that the at least
30 one nucleic acid is “over-expressed” by methods and means known to the person skilled in the art.

The term “increased expression” or “overexpression” as used herein means any form of expression that is additional to the original wild-type expression level. Methods for
35 increasing expression of genes or gene products are well documented in the art and include, for example, overexpression driven by appropriate promoters, the use of transcription enhancers or translation enhancers. Isolated nucleic acids which serve as promoter or enhancer elements may be introduced in an appropriate position (typically
40 upstream) of a non-heterologous form of a polynucleotide so as to upregulate expression of a nucleic acid encoding the polypeptide of interest. For example, endogenous promoters may be altered in vivo by mutation, deletion, and/or substitution (see, Kmiec, US 5,565,350; Zarling et al., WO9322443), or isolated promoters may be introduced into a plant cell in the
proper orientation and distance from a gene of the present invention so as to control the

expression of the gene. If polypeptide expression is desired, it is generally desirable to include a polyadenylation region at the 3'-end of a polynucleotide coding region. The polyadenylation region can be derived from the natural gene, from a variety of other plant genes, or from T-DNA. The 3' end sequence to be added may be derived from, for example, the nopaline synthase or octopine synthase genes, or alternatively from another plant gene, or less preferably from any other eukaryotic gene. An intron sequence may also be added to the 5' untranslated region (UTR) or the coding sequence of the partial coding sequence to increase the amount of the mature message that accumulates in the cytosol. Inclusion of a spliceable intron in the transcription unit in both plant and animal expression constructs has been shown to increase gene expression at both the mRNA and protein levels up to 1000-fold (Buchman and Berg (1988) *Mol. Cell Biol.* 8: 4395-4405; Callis et al. (1987) *Genes Dev* 1:1183-1200). Such intron enhancement of gene expression is typically greatest when placed near the 5' end of the transcription unit. Use of the maize introns Adh1-S intron 1, 2, and 6, the Bronze-1 intron are known in the art. For general information see: *The Maize Handbook*, Chapter 116, Freeling and Walbot, Eds., Springer, N.Y. (1994).

Where appropriate, nucleic acid sequences may be optimized for increased expression in a transformed plant. For example, coding sequences that comprise plant-preferred codons for improved expression in a plant can be provided. See, for example, Campbell and Gowri (1990) *Plant Physiol.*, 92: 1-11 for a discussion of host-preferred codon usage. Methods also are known in the art for preparing plant-preferred genes. See, for example, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,380,831, and 5,436,391, and Murray et al. (1989) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 17:477-498, herein incorporated by reference.

Consequently, wildtype/mutated TK nucleic acids of the invention are provided in expression cassettes for expression in the plant of interest. The cassette will include regulatory sequences operably linked to a mutated TK nucleic acid sequence of the invention. The term "regulatory element" as used herein refers to a polynucleotide that is capable of regulating the transcription of an operably linked polynucleotide. It includes, but not limited to, promoters, enhancers, introns, 5' UTRs, and 3' UTRs. By "operably linked" is intended a functional linkage between a promoter and a second sequence, wherein the promoter sequence initiates and mediates transcription of the DNA sequence corresponding to the second sequence. Generally, operably linked means that the nucleic acid sequences being linked are contiguous and, where necessary to join two protein coding regions, contiguous and in the same reading frame. The cassette may additionally contain at least one additional gene to be cotransformed into the organism. Alternatively, the additional gene(s) can be provided on multiple expression cassettes.

Such an expression cassette is provided with a plurality of restriction sites for insertion of the wildtype/mutated TK nucleic acid sequence to be under the transcriptional regulation of the regulatory regions. The expression cassette may additionally contain selectable marker genes. The expression cassette of the present invention will include in the 5'-3' direction of

transcription, a transcriptional and translational initiation region (i.e., a promoter), a wildtype/mutated TK encoding nucleic acid sequence of the invention, and a transcriptional and translational termination region (i.e., termination region) functional in plants. The promoter may be native or analogous, or foreign or heterologous, to the plant host and/or to the wildtype/mutated TK nucleic acid sequence of the invention. Additionally, the promoter may be the natural sequence or alternatively a synthetic sequence. Where the promoter is "foreign" or "heterologous" to the plant host, it is intended that the promoter is not found in the native plant into which the promoter is introduced. Where the promoter is "foreign" or "heterologous" to the wildtype/mutated TK nucleic acid sequence of the invention, it is intended that the promoter is not the native or naturally occurring promoter for the operably linked wildtype/mutated TK nucleic acid sequence of the invention. As used herein, a chimeric gene comprises a coding sequence operably linked to a transcription initiation region that is heterologous to the coding sequence. While it may be preferable to express the wildtype/mutated TK nucleic acids of the invention using heterologous promoters, the native promoter sequences may be used. Such constructs would change expression levels of the wildtype/mutated TK protein in the plant or plant cell. Thus, the phenotype of the plant or plant cell is altered.

The termination region may be native with the transcriptional initiation region, may be native with the operably linked wildtype/mutated TK sequence of interest, may be native with the plant host, or may be derived from another source (i.e., foreign or heterologous to the promoter, the wildtype/mutated TK nucleic acid sequence of interest, the plant host, or any combination thereof). Convenient termination regions are available from the Ti-plasmid of *A. tumefaciens*, such as the octopine synthase and nopaline synthase termination regions. See also Guerineau et al. (1991) *Mol. Gen. Genet.* 262: 141-144; Proudfoot (1991) *Cell* 64:671-674; Sanfacon et al. (1991) *Genes Dev.* 5: 141-149; Mogen et al. (1990) *Plant Cell* 2: 1261-1272; Munroe et al. (1990) *Gene* 91: 151-158; Ballas et al. (1989) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 17:7891-7903; and Joshi et al. (1987) *Nucleic Acid Res.* 15:9627-9639. Where appropriate, the gene(s) may be optimized for increased expression in the transformed plant. That is, the genes can be synthesized using plant-preferred codons for improved expression. See, for example, Campbell and Gowri (1990) *Plant Physiol.* 92: 1-11 for a discussion of host-preferred codon usage. Methods are available in the art for synthesizing plant-preferred genes. See, for example, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,380,831, and 5,436,391, and Murray et al. (1989) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 17:477-498, herein incorporated by reference.

While the polynucleotides of the invention may find use as selectable marker genes for plant transformation, the expression cassettes of the invention can include another selectable marker gene for the selection of transformed cells. Selectable marker genes, including those of the present invention, are utilized for the selection of transformed cells or tissues. Marker genes include, but are not limited to, genes encoding antibiotic resistance, such as those encoding neomycin phosphotransferase II (NEO) and hygromycin phosphotransferase (HPT), as well as genes conferring resistance to herbicidal

compounds, such as glufosinate ammonium, bromoxynil, imidazolinones, and 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate (2,4-D). See generally, Yarranton (1992) *Curr. Opin. Biotech.* 3 :506-511 ; Christophers et al (1992) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA* 89:6314-6318; Yao et al. (1992) *Cell* 71:63-72; Reznikoff (1992) *Mol Microbiol* 6:2419-2422; Barkley et al (1980) in
5 The Operon, pp. 177-220; Hu et al (1987) *Cell* 48:555-566; Brown et al (1987) *Cell* 49:603-612; Figge et al (1988) *Cell* 52:713-722; Deuschle et al (1989) *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci USA* 86:5400-5404; Fuerst et al (1989) *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci USA* 86:2549-2553; Deuschle et al (1990) *Science* 248:480-483; Gossen (1993) Ph.D. Thesis, University of Heidelberg; Reines et al (1993) *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci USA* 90: 1917-1921; Labow et al (1990) *Mol Cell Biol*
10 10:3343-3356; Zambretti et al (1992) *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci USA* 89:3952-3956; Bairn et al (1991) *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci USA* 88:5072-5076; Wyborski et al (1991) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 19:4647-4653; Hillenand-Wissman (1989) *Topics Mol Struc. Biol* 10: 143- 162; Degenkolb et al (1991) *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* 35: 1591-1595; Kleinschmidt et al (1988) *Biochemistry* 27: 1094-1104; Bonin (1993) Ph.D. Thesis, University of Heidelberg; Gossen et al (1992) *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci USA* 89:5547- 5551; Oliva et al (1992) *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* 36:913-919; Hlavka et al (1985) *Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology*, Vol. 78 (Springer-Verlag, Berlin); Gill et al (1988) *Nature* 334:721-724. Such disclosures are herein incorporated by reference. The above list of selectable marker genes is not meant to be limiting. Any selectable marker gene can be used in the present invention.

Further, additional sequence modifications are known to enhance gene expression in a cellular host. These include elimination of sequences encoding spurious polyadenylation signals, exon-intron splice site signals, transposon-like repeats, and other such well - characterized sequences that may be deleterious to gene expression. The G-C content of
25 the sequence may be adjusted to levels average for a given cellular host, as calculated by reference to known genes expressed in the host cell. Also, if desired, sequences can be readily modified to avoid predicted hairpin secondary mRNA structures. Nucleotide sequences for enhancing gene expression can also be used in the plant expression vectors. These include, for example, introns of the maize Adh gene Adh1-S intron 1, 2, and
30 6 (Callis et al. *Genes and Development* 1 : 1183-1200, 1987), and leader sequences, (W-sequence) from the Tobacco Mosaic virus (TMV), Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus and Alfalfa Mosaic Virus (Gallie et al. *Nucleic Acid Res.* 15:8693-8711 , 1987 and Skuzeski et al. *Plant Mol. Biol.* 15:65-79, 1990). The first intron from the shrunken-1 locus of maize has been shown to increase expression of genes in chimeric gene constructs. U.S. Pat. Nos.
35 5,424,412 and 5,593,874 disclose the use of specific introns in gene expression constructs, and Gallie et al. (*Plant Physiol.* 106:929-939, 1994) also have shown that introns are useful for regulating gene expression on a tissue specific basis. To further enhance or to optimize gene expression, the plant expression vectors of the invention also may contain DNA sequences containing matrix attachment regions (MARs). Plant cells transformed with such
40 modified expression systems, then, may exhibit overexpression or constitutive expression of a nucleotide sequence of the invention.

The invention further provides an isolated recombinant expression vector comprising the expression cassette containing a wildtype/mutated TK nucleic acid nucleic acid as described above, wherein expression of the vector in a host cell results in increased tolerance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the host cell. As used herein, the term "vector" refers to a nucleic acid molecule capable of transporting another nucleic acid to which it has been linked. One type of vector is a "plasmid," which refers to a circular double stranded DNA loop into which additional DNA segments can be ligated. Another type of vector is a viral vector, wherein additional DNA segments can be ligated into the viral genome. Certain vectors are capable of autonomous replication in a host cell into which they are introduced (e.g., bacterial vectors having a bacterial origin of replication and episomal mammalian vectors). Other vectors (e.g., non-episomal mammalian vectors) are integrated into the genome of a host cell upon introduction into the host cell, and thereby are replicated along with the host genome. Moreover, certain vectors are capable of directing the expression of genes to which they are operatively linked. Such vectors are referred to herein as "expression vectors." In general, expression vectors of utility in recombinant DNA techniques are often in the form of plasmids. In the present specification, "plasmid" and "vector" can be used interchangeably as the plasmid is the most commonly used form of vector. However, the invention is intended to include such other forms of expression vectors, such as viral vectors (e.g., replication defective retroviruses, adenoviruses, and adeno-associated viruses), which serve equivalent functions.

The recombinant expression vectors of the invention comprise a nucleic acid of the invention in a form suitable for expression of the nucleic acid in a host cell, which means that the recombinant expression vectors include one or more regulatory sequences, selected on the basis of the host cells to be used for expression, which is operably linked to the nucleic acid sequence to be expressed. Regulatory sequences include those that direct constitutive expression of a nucleotide sequence in many types of host cells and those that direct expression of the nucleotide sequence only in certain host cells or under certain conditions. It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the design of the expression vector can depend on such factors as the choice of the host cell to be transformed, the level of expression of polypeptide desired, etc. The expression vectors of the invention can be introduced into host cells to thereby produce polypeptides or peptides, including fusion polypeptides or peptides, encoded by nucleic acids as described herein (e.g., mutated TK polypeptides, fusion polypeptides, etc.)

Expression vectors may additionally contain 5' leader sequences in the expression construct. Such leader sequences can act to enhance translation. Translation leaders are known in the art and include: picornavirus leaders, for example, EMCV leader (Encephalomyo carditis 5' noncoding region) (Elroy-Stein et al. (1989) PNAS, 86:6126-6130); potyvirus leaders, for example, TEV leader (Tobacco Etch Virus) (Gallie et al. (1995) Gene 165(2):233-238), MDMV leader (Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus) (Virology 154:9-20), and

human immunoglobulin heavy-chain binding protein (BiP) (Macejak et al. (1991) *Nature* 353:90-94); untranslated leader from the coat protein mRNA of alfalfa mosaic virus (AMV RNA 4) (Jobling et al. (1987) *Nature* 325:622-625); tobacco mosaic virus leader (TMV) (Gallie et al. (1989) in *Molecular Biology of RNA*, ed. Cech (Liss, New York), pp. 237-256);
5 and maize chlorotic mottle virus leader (MCMV) (Lommel et al. (1991) *Virology* 81 :382-385). See also, Della-Cioppa et al. (1987) *Plant Physiol.* 84:965-968.

Other methods known to enhance translation also can be utilized, for example, introns, and the like. In preparing an expression vector, the various nucleic acid fragments may be
10 manipulated, so as to provide for the nucleic acid sequences in the proper orientation and, as appropriate, in the proper reading frame. Toward this end, adapters or linkers may be employed to join the nucleic acid fragments or other manipulations may be involved to provide for convenient restriction sites, removal of superfluous nucleic acid, removal of restriction sites, or the like. For this purpose, in vitro mutagenesis, primer repair, restriction,
15 annealing, resubstitutions, e.g., transitions and transversions, may be involved.

A number of promoters can be used in the practice of the invention. The promoters can be selected based on the desired outcome. The nucleic acids can be combined with constitutive, tissue-preferred, or other promoters for expression in plants.

20 Constitutive promoters include, for example, the core promoter of the Rsyn7 promoter and other constitutive promoters disclosed in WO 99/43838 and U.S. Patent No. 6,072,050; the core CaMV 35S promoter (Odell et al. (1985) *Nature* 313:810-812); rice actin (McElroy et al. (1990) *Plant Cell* 2: 163-171); ubiquitin (Christensen et al. (1989) *Plant Mol. Biol.* 12:619-632 and Christensen et al. (1992) *Plant Mol. Biol.* 18:675-689); pEMU (Last et al. (1991) *Theor. Appl. Genet.* 81 :581- 588); MAS (Velten et al. (1984) *EMBO J.* 3:2723- 2730); ALS promoter (U.S. Patent No. 5,659,026), and the like. Other constitutive promoters include, for example, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,608,149; 5,608, 144; 5,604,121 ; 5,569,597; 5,466,785; 5,399,680; 5,268,463; 5,608,142; and 6,177,611.

30 Tissue-preferred promoters can be utilized to target enhanced expression within a particular plant tissue. Such tissue-preferred promoters include, but are not limited to, leaf- preferred promoters, root-preferred promoters, seed- preferred promoters, and stem-preferred promoters. Some examples of tissue-preferred promoters are described by, e.g.,
35 Yamamoto et al. (1997) *Plant J.* 12(2):255-265; Kawamata et al. (1997) *Plant Cell Physiol.* 38(7):792-803; Hansen et al. (1997) *Mol. Gen Genet.* 254(3):337-343; Russell et al. (1997) *Transgenic Res.* 6(2): 157-168; Rinehart et al. (1996) *Plant Physiol.* 1 12(3): 1331-1341 ; Van Camp et al. (1996) *Plant Physiol.* 112(2):525-535; Canevascini et al. (1996) *Plant Physiol.* 1 12(2):513- 524; Yamamoto et al. (1994) *Plant Cell Physiol.* 35(5):773-778; Lam
40 (1994) *Results Probl. Cell Differ.* 20:181- 196; Orozco ef al. (1993) *Plant Mol Biol.* 23(6): 1 129-1138; Matsuoka et al. (1993) *Voc Natl. Acad. ScL USA* 90(20):9586-9590; and Guevara-Garcia et al. (1993) *Plant J* 4(3):495-505. Promoters can be modified, if

necessary, for weak expression.

In some embodiments, the nucleic acids of interest can be targeted to the chloroplast for expression. In this manner, where the nucleic acid of interest is not directly inserted into the chloroplast, the expression vector will additionally contain a chloroplast-targeting sequence comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes a chloroplast transit peptide to direct the gene product of interest to the chloroplasts. Such transit peptides are known in the art. With respect to chloroplast-targeting sequences, "operably linked" means that the nucleic acid sequence encoding a transit peptide (i.e., the chloroplast-targeting sequence) is linked to the desired coding sequence of the invention such that the two sequences are contiguous and in the same reading frame. See, for example, Von Heijne et al. (1991) *Plant Mol. Biol. Rep.* 9: 104-126; Clark et al. (1989) *J Biol. Chem.* 264:17544-17550; Della-Cioppa et al. (1987) *Plant Physiol.* 84:965-968; Romer et al. (1993) *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 196: 1414-1421 ; and Shah et al. (1986) *Science* 233:478-481. For example, a chloroplast transit peptide known in the art can be fused to the amino acid sequence of a TK polypeptide of the invention by operably linking a chloroplast-targeting sequence to the 5'-end of a nucleotide sequence encoding the TK polypeptide.

Chloroplast targeting sequences are known in the art and include the chloroplast small subunit of ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase (Rubisco) (de Castro Silva Filho et al. (1996) *Plant Mol. Biol.* 30:769-780; Schnell et al. (1991) *J Biol. Chem.* 266(5):3335-3342); EPSPS (Archer et al. (1990) *J Bioenerg. Biomemb.* 22(6):789-810); tryptophan synthase (Zhao et al. (1995) *J Biol. Chem.* 270(11):6081-6087); plastocyanin (Lawrence et al. (1997) *J Biol. Chem.* 272(33):20357-20363); chorismate synthase (Schmidt et al. (1993) *J Biol. Chem.* 268(36):27447-27457); and the light harvesting chlorophyll a/b binding protein (LHBP) (Lamppa et al. (1988) *J Biol. Chem.* 263: 14996-14999). See also Von Heijne et al. (1991) *Plant Mol. Biol. Rep.* 9: 104- 126; Clark et al. (1989) *J Biol. Chem.* 264: 17544-17550; Della-Cioppa et al. (1987) *Plant Physiol.* 84:965-968; Romer et al. (1993) *Biochem Biophys. Res. Commun.* 196: 1414-1421 ; and Shah et al. (1986) *Science* 233:478-481.

Methods for transformation of chloroplasts are known in the art. See, for example, Svab et al. (1990) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87:8526-8530; Svab and Maliga (1993) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:913-917; Svab and Maliga (1993) *EMBO J.* 12:601-606. The method relies on particle gun delivery of DNA containing a selectable marker and targeting of the DNA to the plastid genome through homologous recombination. Additionally, plastid transformation can be accomplished by transactivation of a silent plastid-borne transgene by tissue-preferred expression of a nuclear-encoded and plastid-directed RNA polymerase. Such a system has been reported in McBride et al. (1994) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91 :7301- 7305.

The nucleic acids of interest to be targeted to the chloroplast may be optimized for expression in the chloroplast to account for differences in codon usage between the plant

nucleus and this organelle. In this manner, the nucleic acids of interest may be synthesized using chloroplast-preferred codons. See, for example, U.S. Patent No. 5,380,831, herein incorporated by reference.

5 Numerous plant transformation vectors and methods for transforming plants are available. See, for example, An, G. et al. (1986) *Plant Physiol*, 81 :301-305; Fry, J., et al. (1987) *Plant Cell Rep.* 6:321-325; Block, M. (1988) *Theor. Appl. Genet.* 16: 161 -1 1 A; Hinchee, et al. (1990) *Stadler. Genet. Symp.* 2032\2.203-2\2; Cousins, et al. (1991) *Aust. J. Plant Physiol.* 18:481-494; Chee, P. P. and Slightom, J. L. (1992) *Gene.* 118:255-260; Christou, et al. (1992) *Trends. Biotechnol.* 10:239-246; Halluin, et al. (1992) *Bio/Technol.* 10:309-314; Dhir, et al. (1992) *Plant Physiol.* 99:81-88; Casas et al. (1993) *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA* 90: 1 1212-1 1216; Christou, P. (1993) *In Vitro Cell. Dev. Biol.-Plant*; 29P.119-124; Davies, et al. (1993) *Plant Cell Rep.* 12: 180-183; Dong, J. A. and Mchughen, A. (1993) *Plant Sci* 91 : 139-148; Franklin, C. I. and Trieu, T. N. (1993) *Plant. Physiol.* 102: 167; Golovkin, et al. (1993) *Plant Sci* 90:41-52; Guo Chin Sci Bull. 38:2072-2078; Asano, et al. (1994) *Plant Cell Rep.* 13; Ayeres N. M. and Park, W. D. (1994) *Crit. Rev. Plant. Sci.* 13:219-239; Barcelo, et al. (1994) *Plant. J.* 5:583-592; Becker, et al. (1994) *Plant. J.* 5:299-307; Borkowska et al. (1994) *Acta. Physiol Plant.* 16:225-230; Christou, P. (1994) *Agro. Food. Ind. Hi Tech.* 5: 17-27; Eapen et al. (1994) *Plant Cell Rep.* 13:582-586; Hartman, et al. (1994) *Bio-Technology* 12: 919923; Ritala, et al. (1994) *Plant. Mol. Biol.* 24:317-325; and Wan, Y. C. and Lemaux, P. G. (1994) *Plant Physiol.* 104:3748.

In some embodiments, the methods of the invention involve introducing a polynucleotide construct into a plant. By "introducing" is intended presenting to the plant the polynucleotide construct in such a manner that the construct gains access to the interior of a cell of the plant. The methods of the invention do not depend on a particular method for introducing a polynucleotide construct to a plant, only that the polynucleotide construct gains access to the interior of at least one cell of the plant. Methods for introducing polynucleotide constructs into plants are known in the art including, but not limited to, stable transformation methods, transient transformation methods, and virus-mediated methods. The term "introduction" or "transformation" as referred to herein further means the transfer of an exogenous polynucleotide into a host cell, irrespective of the method used for transfer. Plant tissue capable of subsequent clonal propagation, whether by organogenesis or embryogenesis, may be transformed with a genetic construct of the present invention and a whole plant regenerated there from. The particular tissue chosen will vary depending on the clonal propagation systems available for, and best suited to, the particular species being transformed. Exemplary tissue targets include leaf disks, pollen, embryos, cotyledons, hypocotyls, megagametophytes, callus tissue, existing meristematic tissue (e.g., apical meristem, axillary buds, and root meristems), and induced meristem tissue (e.g., cotyledon meristem and hypocotyl meristem). The polynucleotide may be transiently or stably introduced into a host cell and may be maintained non-integrated, for example, as a plasmid. Alternatively, it may be integrated into the host genome. The resulting transformed plant cell may then be used to

regenerate a transformed plant in a manner known to persons skilled in the art.

By "stable transformation" is intended that the polynucleotide construct introduced into a plant integrates into the genome of the plant and is capable of being inherited by
5 descendent thereof. By "transient transformation" is intended that a polynucleotide construct introduced into a plant does not integrate into the genome of the plant.

For the transformation of plants and plant cells, the nucleotide sequences of the invention are inserted using standard techniques into any vector known in the art that is suitable for
10 expression of the nucleotide sequences in a plant or plant cell. The selection of the vector depends on the preferred transformation technique and the target plant species to be transformed. In an embodiment of the invention, the encoding nucleotide sequence is operably linked to a plant promoter, e.g. a promoter known in the art for high-level
15 expression in a plant cell, and this construct is then introduced into a plant cell that is susceptible to TK-inhibiting herbicides; and a transformed plant is regenerated. In some embodiments, the transformed plant is tolerant to exposure to a level of TK-inhibiting herbicides that would kill or significantly injure a plant regenerated from an untransformed cell. This method can be applied to any plant species or crops.

Methodologies for constructing plant expression vectors and introducing foreign nucleic acids into plants are generally known in the art. For example, foreign DNA can be
20 introduced into plants, using tumor-inducing (Ti) plasmid vectors. Other methods utilized for foreign DNA delivery involve the use of PEG mediated protoplast transformation, electroporation, microinjection whiskers, and biolistics or microprojectile bombardment for
25 direct DNA uptake. Such methods are known in the art. (U.S. Pat. No. 5,405,765 to Vasil et al.; Bilang et al. (1991) *Gene* 100: 247-250; Scheid et al. (1991) *Mol. Gen. Genet.*, 228: 104-112; Guerche et al., (1987) *Plant Science* 52: 11-16; Neuhauser et al., (1987) *Theor. Appl. Genet.* 75: 30-36; Klein et al., (1987) *Nature* 327: 70-73; Howell et al., (1980) *Science* 208: 1265; Horsch et al., (1985) *Science* 227: 1229-1231; DeBlock et al., (1989) *Plant Physiology* 91: 694-701; *Methods for Plant Molecular Biology* (Weissbach and Weissbach, eds.) Academic Press, Inc. (1988) and *Methods in Plant Molecular Biology* (Schuler and Zielinski, eds.) Academic Press, Inc. (1989).

Other suitable methods of introducing nucleotide sequences into plant cells include
35 microinjection as described by, e.g., Crossway et al. (1986) *Biotechniques* 4:320-334, electroporation as described by e.g., Riggs et al. (1986) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:5602-5606, *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation as described by e.g., Townsend et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,563,055, Zhao et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,981,840, direct gene transfer as described by, e.g., Paszkowski et al. (1984) *EMBO J.* 3:2717-2722, and ballistic particle
40 acceleration as described by, e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 4,945,050; 5,879,918; 5,886,244; and 5,932,782; Tomes et al. (1995) "Direct DNA Transfer into Intact Plant Cells via Microprojectile Bombardment," in *Plant Cell, Tissue, and Organ Culture: Fundamental*

Methods, ed. Gamborg and Phillips (Springer- Verlag, Berlin); McCabe et al. (1988) Biotechnology 6:923-926); and Led transformation (WO 00/28058). Also see, Weissinger et al., (1988) Ann. Rev. Genet. 22:421-477; Sanford et al, (1987) Particulate Science and Technology 5:27-37 (onion); Christou et al, (1988) Plant Physiol. 87:671-674 (soybean); McCabe et al., (1988) Bio/Technology 6:923-926 (soybean); Finer and McMullen (1991) In Vitro Cell Dev. Biol. 27P: 175-182 (soybean); Singh et al, (1998) Theor. Appl. Genet. 96:319-324 (soybean); Datta et al., (1990) Biotechnology 8:736-740 (rice); Klein et al., (1988) PNAS, 85:4305-4309 (maize); Klein et al., (1988) Biotechnology 6:559-563 (maize); U.S. Patent Nos. 5,240,855; 5,322,783; and 5,324,646; Tomes et al., (1995) "Direct DNA Transfer into Intact Plant Cells via Microprojectile Bombardment," in Plant Cell, Tissue, and Organ Culture: Fundamental Methods, ed. Gamborg (Springer- Verlag, Berlin) (maize); Klein et al., (1988) Plant Physiol. 91 :440-444 (maize); Fromm et al., (1990) Biotechnology 8:833-839 (maize); Hooykaas-Van Slogteren et al., (1984) Nature (London) 31 1 :763-764; Bowen et al, U.S. Patent No. 5,736,369 (cereals); Bytebier et al, (1987) PNAS 84:5345-5349 (Liliaceae); De Wet et al., (1985) in The Experimental Manipulation of Ovule Tissues, ed. Chapman et al, (Longman, New York), pp. 197-209 (pollen); Kaeppler et al., (1990) Plant Cell Reports 9:415-418 and Kaeppler et al., (1992) Theor. Apph Genet. 84:560-566 (whisker-mediated transformation); D'Halluin et al., (1992) Plant Cell 4: 1495-1505 (electroporation); Li et al., (1993) Plant Cell Reports 12:250- 255 and Christou and Ford (1995) Annals of Botany 75:407-413 (rice); Osjoda et al, (1996) Nature Biotechnology 14:745-750 (maize via *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*); each of which is herein incorporated by reference.

Transgenic plants, including transgenic crop plants, are preferably produced via *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation. An advantageous transformation method is the transformation in planta. To this end, it is possible, for example, to allow the *agrobacteria* to act on plant seeds or to inoculate the plant meristem with *agrobacteria*. It has proved particularly expedient in accordance with the invention to allow a suspension of transformed *agrobacteria* to act on the intact plant or at least on the flower primordia. The plant is subsequently grown on until the seeds of the treated plant are obtained (Clough and Bent, Plant J. (1998) 16, 735-743). Methods for *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation of rice include well known methods for rice transformation, such as those described in any of the following: European patent application EP 1198985 A1, Aldemita and Hodges (Planta 199: 612-617, 1996); Chan et al. (Plant Mol Biol 22 (3): 491-506, 1993), Hiei et al. (Plant J 6 (2): 271-282, 1994), which disclosures are incorporated by reference herein as if fully set forth. In the case of corn transformation, the preferred method is as described in either Ishida et al. (Nat. Biotechnol 14(6): 745-50, 1996) or Frame et al. (Plant Physiol 129(1): 13-22, 2002), which disclosures are incorporated by reference herein as if fully set forth. Said methods are further described by way of example in B. Jenes et al., Techniques for Gene Transfer, in: Transgenic Plants, Vol. 1, Engineering and Utilization, eds. S.D. Kung and R. Wu, Academic Press (1993) 128-143 and in Potrykus Annu. Rev. Plant Physiol. Plant Molec. Biol. 42 (1991) 205-225). The nucleic acids or the construct to be expressed is preferably cloned into a vector, which is suitable for transforming

Agrobacterium tumefaciens, for example pBin19 (Bevan et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 12 (1984) 8711). Agrobacteria transformed by such a vector can then be used in known manner for the transformation of plants, such as plants used as a model, like Arabidopsis (*Arabidopsis thaliana* is within the scope of the present invention not considered as a crop plant), or crop plants such as, by way of example, tobacco plants, for example by immersing bruised leaves or chopped leaves in an agrobacterial solution and then culturing them in suitable media. The transformation of plants by means of *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* is described, for example, by Höfgen and Willmitzer in Nucl. Acid Res. (1988) 16, 9877 or is known inter alia from F.F. White, Vectors for Gene Transfer in Higher Plants; in Transgenic Plants, Vol. 1, Engineering and Utilization, eds. S.D. Kung and R. Wu, Academic Press, 1993, pp. 15-38.

One transformation method known to those of skill in the art is the dipping of a flowering plant into an *Agrobacteria* solution, wherein the *Agrobacteria* contains the TK nucleic acid, followed by breeding of the transformed gametes. *Agrobacterium* mediated plant transformation can be performed using for example the GV3101(pMP90) (Koncz and Schell, 1986, Mol. Gen. Genet. 204:383-396) or LBA4404 (Clontech) *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* strain. Transformation can be performed by standard transformation and regeneration techniques (Deblaere et al., 1994, Nucl. Acids. Res. 13:4777-4788; Gelvin, Stanton B. and Schilperoort, Robert A, Plant Molecular Biology Manual, 2nd Ed. - Dordrecht : Kluwer Academic Publ., 1995. - in Sect., Ringbuc Zentrale Signatur: BT11-P ISBN 0-7923-2731-4; Glick, Bernard R. and Thompson, John E., Methods in Plant Molecular Biology and Biotechnology, Boca Raton : CRC Press, 1993 360 S., ISBN 0-8493-5164-2). For example, rapeseed can be transformed via cotyledon or hypocotyl transformation (Moloney et al., 1989, Plant Cell Report 8:238-242; De Block et al., 1989, Plant Physiol. 91:694-701). Use of antibiotics for *Agrobacterium* and plant selection depends on the binary vector and the *Agrobacterium* strain used for transformation. Rapeseed selection is normally performed using kanamycin as selectable plant marker. *Agrobacterium* mediated gene transfer to flax can be performed using, for example, a technique described by Mlynarova et al., 1994, Plant Cell Report 13:282-285. Additionally, transformation of soybean can be performed using for example a technique described in European Patent No. 0424 047, U.S. Patent No. 5,322,783, European Patent No. 0397 687, U.S. Patent No. 5,376,543, or U.S. Patent No. 5,169,770. Transformation of maize can be achieved by particle bombardment, polyethylene glycol mediated DNA uptake, or via the silicon carbide fiber technique. (See, for example, Freeling and Walbot "The maize handbook" Springer Verlag: New York (1993) ISBN 3-540-97826-7). A specific example of maize transformation is found in U.S. Patent No. 5,990,387, and a specific example of wheat transformation can be found in PCT Application No. WO 93/07256.

In some embodiments, polynucleotides of the present invention may be introduced into plants by contacting plants with a virus or viral nucleic acids. Generally, such methods involve incorporating a polynucleotide construct of the invention within a viral DNA or RNA molecule. It is recognized that the polypeptides of the invention may be initially synthesized as part of a viral polyprotein, which later may be processed by proteolysis in vivo or in vitro to produce the desired recombinant polypeptide. Further, it is recognized that promoters of

the invention also encompass promoters utilized for transcription by viral RNA polymerases. Methods for introducing polynucleotide constructs into plants and expressing a protein encoded therein, involving viral DNA or RNA molecules, are known in the art. See, for example, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,889,191, 5,889,190, 5,866,785, 5,589,367 and 5,316,931; herein incorporated by reference. The cells that have been transformed may be grown into plants in accordance with conventional ways. See, for example, McCormick et al (1986) Plant Cell Reports 5:81-84. These plants may then be grown, and either pollinated with the same transformed strain or different strains, and the resulting hybrid having constitutive expression of the desired phenotypic characteristic identified. Two or more generations may be grown to ensure that expression of the desired phenotypic characteristic is stably maintained and inherited and then seeds harvested to ensure expression of the desired phenotypic characteristic has been achieved.

The present invention may be used for transformation of any plant species, including, but not limited to, monocots and dicots. Examples of plant species of interest include, but are not limited to, corn or maize (*Zea mays*), Brassica sp. (e.g., *B. napus*, *B. rapa*, *B. juncea*), particularly those Brassica species useful as sources of seed oil, alfalfa (*Medicago sativa*), rice (*Oryza sativa*), rye (*Secale cereale*), sorghum (*Sorghum bicolor*, *Sorghum vulgare*), millet e.g., pearl millet (*Pennisetum glaucum*), proso millet (*Panicum miliaceum*), foxtail millet (*Setaria italica*), finger millet (*Eleusine coracana*), sunflower (*Helianthus annuus*), safflower (*Carthamus tinctorius*), wheat (*Triticum aestivum*, *T. Turgidum* ssp. *durum*), soybean (*Glycine max*), tobacco (*Nicotiana tabacum*), potato (*Solanum tuberosum*), peanuts (*Arachis hypogaea*), cotton (*Gossypium barbadense*, *Gossypium hirsutum*), sweet potato (*Ipomoea batatas*), cassava (*Manihot esculenta*), coffee (*Coffea* spp.), coconut (*Cocos nucifera*), pineapple (*Ananas comosus*), citrus trees (*Citrus* spp.), cocoa (*Theobroma cacao*), tea (*Camellia sinensis*), banana (*Musa* spp.), avocado (*Persea americana*), fig (*Ficus casica*), guava (*Psidium guajava*), mango (*Mangifera indica*), olive (*Olea europaea*), papaya (*Carica papaya*), cashew (*Anacardium occidentale*), macadamia (*Macadamia integrifolia*), almond (*Prunus amygdalus*), sugar beets (*Beta vulgaris*), sugarcane (*Saccharum* spp.), oats, barley, vegetables, ornamentals, and conifers. Preferably, plants of the present invention are crop plants (for example, sunflower, Brassica sp., cotton, sugar, beet, soybean, peanut, alfalfa, safflower, tobacco, corn, rice, wheat, rye, barley triticales, sorghum, millet, etc.).

In addition to the transformation of somatic cells, which then have to be regenerated into intact plants, it is also possible to transform the cells of plant meristems and in particular those cells which develop into gametes. In this case, the transformed gametes follow the natural plant development, giving rise to transgenic plants. Thus, for example, seeds of *Arabidopsis* are treated with agrobacteria and seeds are obtained from the developing plants of which a certain proportion is transformed and thus transgenic [Feldman, KA and Marks MD (1987). Mol Gen Genet 208:274-289; Feldmann K (1992). In: C Koncz, N-H Chua and J Shell, eds, Methods in Arabidopsis Research. World Scientific, Singapore, pp.

274-289]. Alternative methods are based on the repeated removal of the inflorescences and incubation of the excision site in the center of the rosette with transformed agrobacteria, whereby transformed seeds can likewise be obtained at a later point in time (Chang (1994). *Plant J.* 5: 551-558; Katavic (1994). *Mol Gen Genet*, 245: 363-370). However, an especially effective method is the vacuum infiltration method with its modifications such as the "floral dip" method. In the case of vacuum infiltration of *Arabidopsis*, intact plants under reduced pressure are treated with an agrobacterial suspension [Bechthold, N (1993). *C R Acad Sci Paris Life Sci*, 316: 1194-1199], while in the case of the "floral dip" method the developing floral tissue is incubated briefly with a surfactant-treated agrobacterial suspension [Clough, SJ and Bent AF (1998) *The Plant J.* 16, 735-743]. A certain proportion of transgenic seeds are harvested in both cases, and these seeds can be distinguished from non-transgenic seeds by growing under the above-described selective conditions. In addition the stable transformation of plastids is of advantages because plastids are inherited maternally is most crops reducing or eliminating the risk of transgene flow through pollen. The transformation of the chloroplast genome is generally achieved by a process which has been schematically displayed in Klaus et al., 2004 [*Nature Biotechnology* 22 (2), 225-229]. Briefly the sequences to be transformed are cloned together with a selectable marker gene between flanking sequences homologous to the chloroplast genome. These homologous flanking sequences direct site specific integration into the plastome. Plastidal transformation has been described for many different plant species and an overview is given in Bock (2001) *Transgenic plastids in basic research and plant biotechnology. J Mol Biol.* 2001 Sep 21; 312 (3):425-38 or Maliga, P (2003) *Progress towards commercialization of plastid transformation technology. Trends Biotechnol.* 21, 20-28. Further biotechnological progress has recently been reported in form of marker free plastid transformants, which can be produced by a transient co-integrated marker gene (Klaus et al., 2004, *Nature Biotechnology* 22(2), 225-229). The genetically modified plant cells can be regenerated via all methods with which the skilled worker is familiar. Suitable methods can be found in the abovementioned publications by S.D. Kung and R. Wu, Potrykus or Höfgen and Willmitzer.

Generally after transformation, plant cells or cell groupings are selected for the presence of one or more markers which are encoded by plant-expressible genes co-transferred with the gene of interest, following which the transformed material is regenerated into a whole plant. To select transformed plants, the plant material obtained in the transformation is, as a rule, subjected to selective conditions so that transformed plants can be distinguished from untransformed plants. For example, the seeds obtained in the above-described manner can be planted and, after an initial growing period, subjected to a suitable selection by spraying. A further possibility consists in growing the seeds, if appropriate after sterilization, on agar plates using a suitable selection agent so that only the transformed seeds can grow into plants. Alternatively, the transformed plants are screened for the presence of a selectable marker such as the ones described above.

Following DNA transfer and regeneration, putatively transformed plants may also be

evaluated, for instance using Southern analysis, for the presence of the gene of interest, copy number and/or genomic organisation. Alternatively or additionally, expression levels of the newly introduced DNA may be monitored using Northern and/or Western analysis, both techniques being well known to persons having ordinary skill in the art.

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The generated transformed plants may be propagated by a variety of means, such as by clonal propagation or classical breeding techniques. For example, a first generation (or T1) transformed plant may be selfed and homozygous second-generation (or T2) transformants selected, and the T2 plants may then further be propagated through classical breeding techniques. The generated transformed organisms may take a variety of forms. For example, they may be chimeras of transformed cells and non-transformed cells; clonal transformants (e.g., all cells transformed to contain the expression cassette); grafts of transformed and untransformed tissues (e.g., in plants, a transformed rootstock grafted to an untransformed scion).

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Preferably, the expression of the nucleic acid in the plant results in the plant's increased resistance to TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the plant.

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a plant, comprising a plant cell according to the present invention, wherein expression of the nucleic acid in the plant results in the plant's increased resistance to TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the plant.

The plants described herein can be either transgenic crop plants or non-transgenic plants.

In addition to the general definition, give SUPRA, "transgenic", "transgene" or "recombinant" means with regard to, for example, a nucleic acid sequence, an expression cassette, gene construct or a vector comprising the nucleic acid sequence or an organism transformed with the nucleic acid sequences, expression cassettes or vectors according to the invention, all those constructions brought about by recombinant methods in which either

- 30 (a) the nucleic acid sequences encoding proteins useful in the methods of the invention, or
(b) genetic control sequence(s) which is operably linked with the nucleic acid sequence according to the invention, for example a promoter, or
(c) a) and b)

are not located in their natural genetic environment or have been modified by recombinant methods, it being possible for the modification to take the form of, for example, a substitution, addition, deletion, inversion or insertion of one or more nucleotide residues in order to allow for the expression of the mutated TK of the present invention. The natural genetic environment is understood as meaning the natural genomic or chromosomal locus in the original plant or the presence in a genomic library. In the case of a genomic library, the natural genetic environment of the nucleic acid sequence is preferably retained, at least in part. The environment flanks the nucleic acid sequence at least on one side and has a sequence length of at least 50 bp, preferably at least 500 bp, especially preferably at least 1000 bp, most preferably at least 5000 bp. A naturally occurring expression cassette – for example the naturally occurring combination

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of the natural promoter of the nucleic acid sequences with the corresponding nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide useful in the methods of the present invention, as defined above – becomes a transgenic expression cassette when this expression cassette is modified by non-natural, synthetic ("artificial") methods such as, for example, mutagenic treatment.

5 Suitable methods are described, for example, in US 5,565,350 or WO 00/15815.

A transgenic plant for the purposes of the invention is thus understood as meaning, as above, that the nucleic acids of the invention are not at their natural locus in the genome of said plant, it being possible for the nucleic acids to be expressed homologously or heterologously. However,
10 as mentioned, transgenic also means that, while the nucleic acids according to the invention or used in the inventive method are at their natural position in the genome of a plant, the sequence has been modified with regard to the natural sequence, and/or that the regulatory sequences of the natural sequences have been modified. Transgenic is preferably understood as meaning the expression of the nucleic acids according to the invention at an unnatural locus in the genome,
15 i.e. homologous or, preferably, heterologous expression of the nucleic acids takes place. Preferred transgenic plants are mentioned herein. Furthermore, the term "transgenic" refers to any plant, plant cell, callus, plant tissue, or plant part, that contains all or part of at least one recombinant polynucleotide. In many cases, all or part of the recombinant polynucleotide is stably integrated into a chromosome or stable extra-chromosomal element, so that it is passed
20 on to successive generations. For the purposes of the invention, the term "recombinant polynucleotide" refers to a polynucleotide that has been altered, rearranged, or modified by genetic engineering. Examples include any cloned polynucleotide, or polynucleotides, that are linked or joined to heterologous sequences. The term "recombinant" does not refer to alterations of polynucleotides that result from naturally occurring events, such as spontaneous mutations,
25 or from non-spontaneous mutagenesis followed by selective breeding.

Plants containing mutations arising due to non-spontaneous mutagenesis and selective breeding are referred to herein as non-transgenic plants and are included in the present invention. In embodiments wherein the plant is transgenic and comprises multiple mutated TK
30 nucleic acids, the nucleic acids can be derived from different genomes or from the same genome. Alternatively, in embodiments wherein the plant is non-transgenic and comprises multiple mutated TK nucleic acids, the nucleic acids are located on different genomes or on the same genome.

35 In certain embodiments, the present invention involves herbicide-resistant plants that are produced by mutation breeding. Such plants comprise a polynucleotide encoding a mutated TK and are tolerant to one or more TK-inhibiting herbicides. Such methods can involve, for example, exposing the plants or seeds to a mutagen, particularly a chemical mutagen such as, for example, ethyl methanesulfonate (EMS) and selecting for plants that have enhanced
40 tolerance to at least one or more TK-inhibiting herbicide.

However, the present invention is not limited to herbicide-tolerant plants that are produced by a mutagenesis method involving the chemical mutagen EMS. Any mutagenesis method known in

the art may be used to produce the herbicide-resistant plants of the present invention. Such mutagenesis methods can involve, for example, the use of any one or more of the following mutagens: radiation, such as X-rays, Gamma rays (e.g., cobalt 60 or cesium 137), neutrons, (e.g., product of nuclear fission by uranium 235 in an atomic reactor), Beta radiation (e.g.,
5 emitted from radioisotopes such as phosphorus 32 or carbon 14), and ultraviolet radiation (preferably from 2500 to 2900 nm), and chemical mutagens such as base analogues (e.g., 5-bromo-uracil), related compounds (e.g., 8-ethoxy caffeine), antibiotics (e.g., streptonigrin), alkylating agents (e.g., sulfur mustards, nitrogen mustards, epoxides, ethylenamines, sulfates, sulfonates, sulfones, lactones), azide, hydroxylamine, nitrous acid, or acridines. Herbicide-
10 resistant plants can also be produced by using tissue culture methods to select for plant cells comprising herbicide-resistance mutations and then regenerating herbicide-resistant plants therefrom. See, for example, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,773,702 and 5,859,348, both of which are herein incorporated in their entirety by reference. Further details of mutation breeding can be found in "Principals of Cultivar Development" Fehr, 1993 Macmillan Publishing Company the
15 disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference

The plant of the present invention comprises at least one mutated TK nucleic acid or over-expressed wild-type TK nucleic acid, and has increased tolerance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild-type variety of the plant. It is possible for the plants of the present invention
20 to have multiple wild-type or mutated TK nucleic acids from different genomes since these plants can contain more than one genome. For example, a plant contains two genomes, usually referred to as the A and B genomes. Because TK is a required metabolic enzyme, it is assumed that each genome has at least one gene coding for the TK enzyme (i.e. at least one TK gene). As used herein, the term "TK gene locus" refers to the position of an TK gene on a genome, and
25 the terms "TK gene" and "TK nucleic acid" refer to a nucleic acid encoding the TK enzyme. The TK nucleic acid on each genome differs in its nucleotide sequence from an TK nucleic acid on another genome. One of skill in the art can determine the genome of origin of each TK nucleic acid through genetic crossing and/or either sequencing methods or exonuclease digestion
30 methods known to those of skill in the art.

The present invention includes plants comprising one, two, three, or more mutated TK alleles, wherein the plant has increased tolerance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild-type variety of the plant. The mutated TK alleles can comprise a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of a polynucleotide as defined in SEQ ID NO: 182 or 183, or a variant
35 or derivative thereof, a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as defined in SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100,
40 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172,

173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181, or a variant or derivative, homologue, orthologue, paralogue thereof, a polynucleotide comprising at least 60 consecutive nucleotides of any of the aforementioned polynucleotides; and a polynucleotide complementary to any of the aforementioned polynucleotides.

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“Alleles” or “allelic variants” are alternative forms of a given gene, located at the same chromosomal position. Allelic variants encompass Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms (SNPs), as well as Small Insertion/Deletion Polymorphisms (INDELs). The size of INDELs is usually less than 100 bp. SNPs and INDELs form the largest set of sequence variants in naturally occurring polymorphic strains of most organisms

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The term “variety” refers to a group of plants within a species defined by the sharing of a common set of characteristics or traits accepted by those skilled in the art as sufficient to distinguish one cultivar or variety from another cultivar or variety. There is no implication in either term that all plants of any given cultivar or variety will be genetically identical at either the whole gene or molecular level or that any given plant will be homozygous at all loci. A cultivar or variety is considered “true breeding” for a particular trait if, when the true-breeding cultivar or variety is self-pollinated, all of the progeny contain the trait. The terms “breeding line” or “line” refer to a group of plants within a cultivar defined by the sharing of a common set of characteristics or traits accepted by those skilled in the art as sufficient to distinguish one breeding line or line from another breeding line or line. There is no implication in either term that all plants of any given breeding line or line will be genetically identical at either the whole gene or molecular level or that any given plant will be homozygous at all loci. A breeding line or line is considered “true breeding” for a particular trait if, when the true-breeding line or breeding line is self-pollinated, all of the progeny contain the trait. In the present invention, the trait arises from a mutation in a TK gene of the plant or seed.

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The herbicide-resistant plants of the invention that comprise polynucleotides encoding mutated TK polypeptides also find use in methods for increasing the herbicide-resistance of a plant through conventional plant breeding involving sexual reproduction. The methods comprise crossing a first plant that is a herbicide-resistant plant of the invention to a second plant that may or may not be resistant to the same herbicide or herbicides as the first plant or may be resistant to different herbicide or herbicides than the first plant. The second plant can be any plant that is capable of producing viable progeny plants (i.e., seeds) when crossed with the first plant. Typically, but not necessarily, the first and second plants are of the same species. The methods can optionally involve selecting for progeny plants that comprise the mutated TK polypeptides of the first plant and the herbicide resistance characteristics of the second plant. The progeny plants produced by this method of the present invention have increased resistance to a herbicide when compared to either the first or second plant or both. When the first and second plants are resistant to different herbicides, the progeny plants will have the combined herbicide tolerance characteristics of the first and second plants. The methods of the invention can further involve one or more generations of backcrossing the progeny plants of the first cross to a plant of the same line or genotype as either the first or second plant. Alternatively, the

progeny of the first cross or any subsequent cross can be crossed to a third plant that is of a different line or genotype than either the first or second plant. The present invention also provides plants, plant organs, plant tissues, plant cells, seeds, and non-human host cells that are transformed with the at least one polynucleotide molecule, expression cassette, or transformation vector of the invention. Such transformed plants, plant organs, plant tissues, plant cells, seeds, and non-human host cells have enhanced tolerance or resistance to at least one herbicide, at levels of the herbicide that kill or inhibit the growth of an untransformed plant, plant tissue, plant cell, or non-human host cell, respectively. Preferably, the transformed plants, plant tissues, plant cells, and seeds of the invention are *Arabidopsis thaliana* and crop plants.

It is to be understood that the plant of the present invention can comprise a wild type TK nucleic acid in addition to a mutated TK nucleic acid. It is contemplated that the TK-inhibiting herbicide tolerant lines may contain a mutation in only one of multiple TK isoenzymes. Therefore, the present invention includes a plant comprising one or more mutated TK nucleic acids in addition to one or more wild type TK nucleic acids.

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a seed produced by a transgenic plant comprising a plant cell of the present invention, wherein the seed is true breeding for an increased resistance to a TK-inhibiting herbicide as compared to a wild type variety of the seed.

In other aspects, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the present invention can be employed as TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerance trait donor lines for development, as by traditional plant breeding, to produce other varietal and/or hybrid crops containing such trait or traits. All such resulting variety or hybrids crops, containing the ancestral TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerance trait or traits can be referred to herein as progeny or descendant of the ancestral, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant line(s).

In other embodiments, the present invention provides a method for producing a TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant. The method comprises: crossing a first TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant with a second plant to produce a TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant progeny plant, wherein the first plant and the progeny plant comprise in at least some of their cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the recombinant polynucleotide being effective in the cells of the first plant to express a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In some embodiments, traditional plant breeding is employed whereby the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant trait is introduced in the progeny plant resulting therefrom. In one embodiment, the present invention provides a method for producing a TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant progeny plant, the method comprising: crossing a parent plant with a TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant to introduce the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerance characteristics of the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant into the germplasm of the

progeny plant, wherein the progeny plant has increased tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides relative to the parent plant. In other embodiments, the method further comprises the step of introgressing the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerance characteristics through traditional plant breeding techniques to obtain a descendent plant having the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerance characteristics.

In other aspects, plants of the invention include those plants which, in addition to being TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant, have been subjected to further genetic modifications by breeding, mutagenesis or genetic engineering, e.g. have been rendered tolerant to applications of specific other classes of herbicides, such as AHAS inhibitors; auxinic herbicides; bleaching herbicides such as hydroxyphenylpyruvate dioxygenase (HPPD) inhibitors or phytoene desaturase (PDS) inhibitors; EPSPS inhibitors such as glyphosate; glutamine synthetase (GS) inhibitors such as glufosinate; lipid biosynthesis inhibitors such as acetyl CoA carboxylase (ACCase) inhibitors; or oxynil (i.e. bromoxynil or ioxynil) herbicides as a result of conventional methods of breeding or genetic engineering. Thus, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the invention can be made resistant to multiple classes of herbicides through multiple genetic modifications, such as resistance to both glyphosate and glufosinate or to both glyphosate and a herbicide from another class such as HPPD inhibitors, AHAS inhibitors, or ACCase inhibitors. These herbicide resistance technologies are, for example, described in Pest Management Science (at volume, year, page): 61, 2005, 246; 61, 2005, 258; 61, 2005, 277; 61, 2005, 269; 61, 2005, 286; 64, 2008, 326; 64, 2008, 332; Weed Science 57, 2009, 108; Australian Journal of Agricultural Research 58, 2007, 708; Science 316, 2007, 1185; and references quoted therein. For example, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the invention, in some embodiments, may be tolerant to ACCase inhibitors, such as "dims" (e.g., cycloxydim, sethoxydim, clethodim, or tepraloxydim), "fops" (e.g., clodinafop, diclofop, fluazifop, haloxyfop, or quizalofop), and "dens" (such as pinoxaden); to auxinic herbicides, such as dicamba; to EPSPS inhibitors, such as glyphosate; to other TK inhibitors; and to GS inhibitors, such as glufosinate.

In addition to these classes of inhibitors, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the invention may also be tolerant to herbicides having other modes of action, for example, chlorophyll/carotenoid pigment inhibitors, cell membrane disrupters, photosynthesis inhibitors, cell division inhibitors, root inhibitors, shoot inhibitors, and combinations thereof.

Such tolerance traits may be expressed, e.g. : as mutant or wildtype HPPD proteins, as mutant AHASL proteins, mutant ACCase proteins, mutant EPSPS proteins, or mutant glutamine synthetase proteins; or as mutant native, inbred, or transgenic aryloxyalkanoate dioxygenase (AAD or DHT), haloarylnitrilase (BXN), 2,2-dichloropropionic acid dehalogenase (DEH), glyphosate-N- acetyltransferase (GAT), glyphosate decarboxylase (GDC), glyphosate oxidoreductase (GOX), glutathione-S-transferase (GST), phosphinothricin acetyltransferase (PAT or bar), or CYP450s proteins having an herbicide-

degrading activity. TK-inhibiting herbicides- tolerant plants hereof can also be stacked with other traits including, but not limited to, pesticidal traits such as Bt Cry and other proteins having pesticidal activity toward coleopteran, lepidopteran, nematode, or other pests; nutrition or nutraceutical traits such as modified oil content or oil profile traits, high protein or high amino acid concentration traits, and other trait types known in the art.

Furthermore, in other embodiments, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants are also covered which are, by the use of recombinant DNA techniques and/or by breeding and/or otherwise selected for such characteristics, rendered able to synthesize one or more insecticidal proteins, especially those known from the bacterial genus *Bacillus*, particularly from *Bacillus thuringiensis*, such as $[\delta]$ -endotoxins, e.g. CryIA(b), CryIA(c), CryIF, CryIF(a2), CryIIA(b), CryIIIA, CryIIIB(b) or Cry9c; vegetative insecticidal proteins (VIP), e.g. VIP1, VIP2, VIP3 or VIP3A; insecticidal proteins of bacteria colonizing nematodes, e.g. *Photorhabdus* spp. or *Xenorhabdus* spp.; toxins produced by animals, such as scorpion toxins, arachnid toxins, wasp toxins, or other insect-specific neurotoxins; toxins produced by fungi, such streptomycete toxins; plant lectins, such as pea or barley lectins; agglutinins; proteinase inhibitors, such as trypsin inhibitors, serine protease inhibitors, patatin, cystatin or papain inhibitors; ribosome-inactivating proteins (RIP), such as ricin, maize-RIP, abrin, luffin, saporin or bryodin; steroid metabolism enzymes, such as 3-hydroxy-steroid oxidase, ecdysteroid-IDP-glycosyl-transferase, cholesterol oxidases, ecdysone inhibitors or HMG-CoA-reductase; ion channel blockers, such as blockers of sodium or calcium channels; juvenile hormone esterase; diuretic hormone receptors (helicokinin receptors); stilben synthase, bibenzyl synthase, chitinases or glucanases. In the context of the present invention these insecticidal proteins or toxins are to be understood expressly also as pre-toxins, hybrid proteins, truncated or otherwise modified proteins. Hybrid proteins are characterized by a new combination of protein domains, (see, e.g. WO 02/015701). Further examples of such toxins or genetically modified plants capable of synthesizing such toxins are disclosed, e.g., in EP-A 374 753, WO 93/007278, WO 95/34656, EP-A 427 529, EP-A 451 878, WO 03/18810 und WO 03/52073. The methods for producing such genetically modified plants are generally known to the person skilled in the art and are described, e.g. in the publications mentioned above. These insecticidal proteins contained in the genetically modified plants impart to the plants producing these proteins tolerance to harmful pests from all taxonomic groups of arthropods, especially to beetles (Coleoptera), two-winged insects (Diptera), and moths (Lepidoptera) and to nematodes (Nematoda).

In some embodiments, expression of one or more protein toxins (e.g., insecticidal proteins) in the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants is effective for controlling organisms that include, for example, members of the classes and orders: Coleoptera such as the American bean weevil *Acanthoscelides obtectus*; the leaf beetle *Agelastica alni*; click beetles (*Agriotes lineatus*, *Agriotes obscurus*, *Agriotes bicolor*); the grain beetle *Ahasverus advena*; the summer schaffer *Amphimallon solstitialis*; the furniture beetle *Anobium punctatum*; *Anthonomus* spp. (weevils); the Pygmy mangold beetle *Atomaria linearis*; carpet beetles

(*Anthrenus* spp., *Attagenus* spp.); the cowpea weevil *Callosobruchus maculatus*; the fried fruit beetle *Carpophilus hemipterus*; the cabbage seedpod weevil *Ceutorhynchus assimilis*; the rape winter stem weevil *Ceutorhynchus pictarsis*; the wireworms *Conoderus vespertinus* and *Conoderus falli*; the banana weevil *Cosmopolites sordidus*; the New Zealand grass grub *Costelytra zealandica*; the June beetle *Cotinis nitida*; the sunflower stem weevil

5 *Cylindrocopturus adspersus*; the larder beetle *Dermestes lardarius*; the corn rootworms *Diabrotica virgifera*, *Diabrotica virgifera virgifera*, and *Diabrotica barberi*; the Mexican bean beetle *Epilachna varivestis*; the old house borer *Hylotropes bajulus*; the lucerne weevil

10 *Hypera postica*; the shiny spider beetle *Gibbium psylloides*; the cigarette beetle *Lasioderma serricornis*; the Colorado potato beetle *Leptinotarsa decemlineata*; Lyctus beetles {*Lyctus* spp. , the pollen beetle *Meligethes aeneus*; the common cockchafer *Melolontha melolontha*; the American spider beetle *Mezium americanum*; the golden spider beetle *Niptus hololeucus*; the grain beetles *Oryzaephilus surinamensis* and *Oryzaephilus Mercator*; the black vine

15 weevil *Otiorhynchus sulcatus*; the mustard beetle *Phaedon cochleariae*, the crucifer flea beetle *Phyllotreta cruciferae*; the striped flea beetle *Phyllotreta striolata*; the cabbage steam flea beetle *Psylliodes chrysocephala*; *Ptinus* spp. (spider beetles); the lesser grain borer *Rhizopertha dominica*; the pea and bean weevil *Sitona lineatus*; the rice and granary beetles *Sitophilus oryzae* and *Sitophilus granaries*; the red sunflower seed weevil

20 *Smicronyx fulvus*; the drugstore beetle *Stegobium paniceum*; the yellow mealworm beetle *Tenebrio molitor*, the flour beetles *Tribolium castaneum* and *Tribolium confusum*; warehouse and cabinet beetles {*Trogoderma* spp.}; the sunflower beetle *Zygogramma exclamatoris*; Dermaptera (earwigs) such as the European earwig *Forficula auricularia* and the striped earwig *Labidura riparia*; Dictyoptera such as the oriental cockroach *Blatta orientalis*; the greenhouse millipede *Oxidus gracilis*; the beet fly *Pegomyia betae*; the frit fly *Oscinella frit*; fruitflies (*Dacus* spp., *Drosophila* spp.); Isoptera (termites) including species from the families *Hodotermitidae*, *Kalotermitidae*, *Mastotermitidae*, *Rhinotermitidae*, *Serritermitidae*, *Termitidae*, *Termopsidae*; the tarnished plant bug *Lygus lineolaris*; the black bean aphid *Aphis fabae*; the cotton or melon aphid *Aphis gossypii*; the green apple aphid

30 *Aphis pomi*; the citrus spiny whitefly *Aleurocanthus spiniferus*; the sweet potato whitefly *Bemisia tabaci*; the cabbage aphid *Brevicoryne brassicae*; the pear psylla *Cacopsylla pyricola*; the currant aphid *Cryptomyzus ribis*; the grape phylloxera *Daktulosphaira vitifoliae*; the citrus psylla *Diaphorina citri*; the potato leafhopper *Empoasca fabae*; the bean leafhopper *Empoasca Solana*; the vine leafhopper *Empoasca vitis*; the woolly aphid

35 *Eriosoma lanigerum*; the European fruit scale *Eulecanium corni*; the mealy plum aphid *Hyalopterus arundinis*; the small brown planthopper *Laodelphax striatellus*; the potato aphid *Macrosiphum euphorbiae*; the green peach aphid *Myzus persicae*; the green rice leafhopper *Nephotettix cincticeps*; the brown planthopper *Nilaparvata lugens*; the hop aphid *Phorodon humuli*; the bird-cherry aphid *Rhopalosiphum padi*; the grain aphid *Sitobion avenae*; Lepidoptera such as *Adoxophyes orana* (summer fruit tortrix moth); *Archips podana* (fruit tree tortrix moth); *Bucculatrix pyrivorella* (pear leafminer); *Bucculatrix thurberiella* (cotton leaf perforator); *Bupalus piniarius* (pine looper); *Carpocapsa pomonella*

40

(codling moth); *Chilo suppressalis* (striped rice borer); *Choristoneura fumiferana* (eastern spruce budworm); *Cochylis hospes* (banded sunflower moth); *Diatraea grandiosella* (southwestern corn borer); *Eupoecilia ambiguella* (European grape berry moth); *Helicoverpa armigera* (cotton bollworm); *Helicoverpa zea* (cotton bollworm); *Heliothis virescens* (tobacco budworm), *Homeosoma electellum* (sunflower moth); *Homona magnanima* (oriental tea tree tortrix moth); *Lithocolletis blancardella* (spotted tentiform leafminer); *Lymantria dispar* (gypsy moth); *Malacosoma neustria* (tent caterpillar); *Mamestra brassicae* (cabbage armyworm); *Mamestra configurata* (Bertha armyworm); *Operophtera brumata* (winter moth); *Ostrinia nubilalis* (European corn borer), *Panolis flammea* (pine beauty moth), *Phyllocnistis citrella* (citrus leafminer); *Pieris brassicae* (cabbage white butterfly); *Rachiplusia ni* (soybean looper); *Spodoptera exigua* (beet armyworm); *Spodoptera littoralis* (cotton leafworm); *Sylepta derogata* (cotton leaf roller); *Trichoplusia ni* (cabbage looper); Orthoptera such as the common cricket *Acheta domesticus*, tree locusts (*Anacridium* spp.), the migratory locust *Locusta migratoria*, the two-striped grasshopper *Melanoplus bivittatus*, the differential grasshopper *Melanoplus differentialis*, the redlegged grasshopper *Melanoplus femurrubrum*, the migratory grasshopper *Melanoplus sanguinipes*, the northern mole cricket *Neocurtilla hexadactyla*, the red locust *Nomadacris septemfasciata*, the shortwinged mole cricket *Scapteriscus abbreviatus*, the southern mole cricket *Scapteriscus borellii*, the tawny mole cricket *Scapteriscus vicinus*, and the desert locust *Schistocerca gregaria*; Symphyla such as the garden symphylan *Scutigera immaculata*; Thysanoptera such as the tobacco thrips *Frankliniella fusca*, the flower thrips *Frankliniella intonsa*, the western flower thrips *Frankliniella occidentalis*, the cotton bud thrips *Frankliniella schultzei*, the banded greenhouse thrips *Hercinothrips femoralis*, the soybean thrips *Neohydatothrips variabilis*, Kelly's citrus thrips *Pezothrips kellyanus*, the avocado thrips *Scirtothrips perseae*, the melon thrips *Thrips palmi*, and the onion thrips *Thrips tabaci*; and the like, and combinations comprising one or more of the foregoing organisms.

In some embodiments, expression of one or more protein toxins (e.g., insecticidal proteins) in the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants is effective for controlling flea beetles, i.e. members of the flea beetle tribe of family Chrysomelidae, preferably against *Phyllotreta* spp., such as *Phyllotreta cruciferae* and/or *Phyllotreta triolata*. In other embodiments, expression of one or more protein toxins {e.g., insecticidal proteins) in the TK-inhibiting herbicides- tolerant plants is effective for controlling cabbage seedpod weevil, the Bertha armyworm, Lygus bugs, or the diamondback moth.

Furthermore, in one embodiment, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants are also covered which are, e.g. by the use of recombinant DNA techniques and/or by breeding and/or otherwise selected for such traits, rendered able to synthesize one or more proteins to increase the resistance or tolerance of those plants to bacterial, viral or fungal pathogens. The methods for producing such genetically modified plants are generally known to the person skilled in the art.

Furthermore, in another embodiment, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants are also covered which are, e.g. by the use of recombinant DNA techniques and/or by breeding and/or otherwise selected for such traits, rendered able to synthesize one or more proteins to increase the productivity (e.g. oil content), tolerance to drought, salinity or other growth-limiting environmental factors or tolerance to pests and fungal, bacterial or viral pathogens of those plants.

Furthermore, in other embodiments, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants are also covered which are, e.g. by the use of recombinant DNA techniques and/or by breeding and/or otherwise selected for such traits, altered to contain a modified amount of one or more substances or new substances, for example, to improve human or animal nutrition, e.g. oil crops that produce health-promoting long-chain omega-3 fatty acids or unsaturated omega-9 fatty acids (e.g. Nexera(R) rape, Dow Agro Sciences, Canada).

Furthermore, in some embodiments, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants are also covered which are, e.g. by the use of recombinant DNA techniques and/or by breeding and/or otherwise selected for such traits, altered to contain increased amounts of vitamins and/or minerals, and/or improved profiles of nutraceutical compounds.

In one embodiment, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the present invention, relative to a wild-type plant, comprise an increased amount of, or an improved profile of, a compound selected from the group consisting of: glucosinolates (e.g., glucoraphanin (4-methylsulfinylbutyl-glucosinolate), sulforaphane, 3-indolylmethyl-glucosinolate (glucobrassicin), 1-methoxy-3-indolylmethyl-glucosinolate (neoglucobrassicin)); phenolics (e.g., flavonoids (e.g., quercetin, kaempferol), hydroxycinnamoyl derivatives (e.g., 1,2,2'-trisinapoylgentiobiose, 1,2-diferuloylgentiobiose, 1,2'-disinapoyl-2-feruloylgentiobiose, 3-O-caffeoyl-quinic (neochlorogenic acid)); and vitamins and minerals (e.g., vitamin C, vitamin E, carotene, folic acid, niacin, riboflavin, thiamine, calcium, iron, magnesium, potassium, selenium, and zinc).

In another embodiment, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the present invention, relative to a wild-type plant, comprise an increased amount of, or an improved profile of, a compound selected from the group consisting of: progoitrin; isothiocyanates; indoles (products of glucosinolate hydrolysis); glutathione; carotenoids such as beta-carotene, lycopene, and the xanthophyll carotenoids such as lutein and zeaxanthin; phenolics comprising the flavonoids such as the flavonols (e.g. quercetin, rutin), the flavans/tannins (such as the procyanidins comprising coumarin, proanthocyanidins, catechins, and anthocyanins); flavones; phytoestrogens such as coumestans, lignans, resveratrol, isoflavones e.g. genistein, daidzein, and glycitein; resorcylic acid lactones; organosulphur compounds; phytosterols; terpenoids such as carnosol, rosmarinic acid, glycyrrhizin and saponins; chlorophyll; chlorophyllin, sugars, anthocyanins, and vanilla.

[0129] In other embodiments, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the present

invention, relative to a wild-type plant, comprise an increased amount of, or an improved profile of, a compound selected from the group consisting of: vincristine, vinblastine, taxanes (e.g., taxol (paclitaxel), baccatin III, 10-desacetylbaccatin III, 10-desacetyl taxol, xylosyl taxol, 7- epitaxol, 7-epibaccatin III, 10-desacetylcephalomannine, 7-

5 epicephalomannine, taxotere, cephalomannine, xylosyl cephalomannine, taxagifine, 8-benxoyloxy taxagifine, 9-acetyloxy taxusin, 9-hydroxy taxusin, taiwanxam, taxane Ia, taxane Ib, taxane Ic, taxane Id, GMP paclitaxel, 9-dihydro 13-acetylbaccatin III, 10-desacetyl-7-epitaxol, tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), cannabidiol (CBD), genistein, diadzein, codeine, morphine, quinine, shikonin, ajmalacine, serpentine, and the like.

10

In other aspects, a method for treating a plant of the present invention is provided.

In some embodiments, the method comprises contacting the plant with an agronomically acceptable composition. In one embodiment, the agronomically acceptable composition
15 comprises an auxinic herbicide A. I.

15

In another aspect, the present invention provides a method for preparing a descendent seed. The method comprises planting a seed of or capable of producing a plant of the present invention. In one embodiment, the method further comprises growing a descendent
20 plant from the seed; and harvesting a descendant seed from the descendent plant. In other embodiments, the method further comprises applying a TK-inhibiting herbicides herbicidal composition to the descendent plant.

20

In another embodiment, the invention refers to harvestable parts of the transgenic plant according to the present invention. Preferably, the harvestable parts comprise the TK
25 nucleic acid or TK protein of the present invention. The harvestable parts may be seeds, roots, leaves and/or flowers comprising the TK nucleic acid or TK protein or parts thereof. Preferred parts of soy plants are soy beans comprising the TK nucleic acid or TK protein.

25

In another embodiment, the invention refers to products derived from a transgenic plant according to the present invention, parts thereof or harvestable parts thereof. A preferred
30 plant product is fodder, seed meal, oil, or seed-treatment-coated seeds. Preferably, the meal and/or oil comprise the TK nucleic acids or TKproteins.

30

In another embodiment, the invention refers to a method for the production of a product, which method comprises

35

- a) growing the plants of the invention or obtainable by the methods of invention and
- b) producing said product from or by the plants of the invention and/or parts, e.g. seeds, of these plants.

40

In a further embodiment the method comprises the steps

- a) growing the plants of the invention,

- b) removing the harvestable parts as defined above from the plants and
- c) producing said product from or by the harvestable parts of the invention.

The product may be produced at the site where the plant has been grown, the plants and/or parts thereof may be removed from the site where the plants have been grown to produce the product. Typically, the plant is grown, the desired harvestable parts are removed from the plant, if feasible in repeated cycles, and the product made from the harvestable parts of the plant. The step of growing the plant may be performed only once each time the methods of the invention is performed, while allowing repeated times the steps of product production e.g. by repeated removal of harvestable parts of the plants of the invention and if necessary further processing of these parts to arrive at the product. It is also possible that the step of growing the plants of the invention is repeated and plants or harvestable parts are stored until the production of the product is then performed once for the accumulated plants or plant parts. Also, the steps of growing the plants and producing the product may be performed with an overlap in time, even simultaneously to a large extend or sequentially. Generally the plants are grown for some time before the product is produced.

In one embodiment the products produced by said methods of the invention are plant products such as, but not limited to, a foodstuff, feedstuff, a food supplement, feed supplement, fiber, cosmetic and/or pharmaceutical. Foodstuffs are regarded as compositions used for nutrition and/or for supplementing nutrition. Animal feedstuffs and animal feed supplements, in particular, are regarded as foodstuffs.

In another embodiment the inventive methods for the production are used to make agricultural products such as, but not limited to, plant extracts, proteins, amino acids, carbohydrates, fats, oils, polymers, vitamins, and the like.

It is possible that a plant product consists of one or more agricultural products to a large extent.

Herbicides

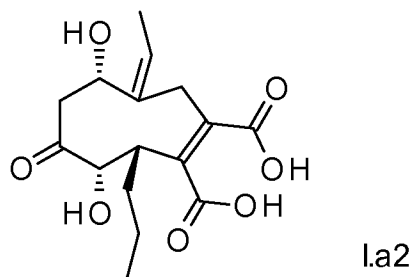
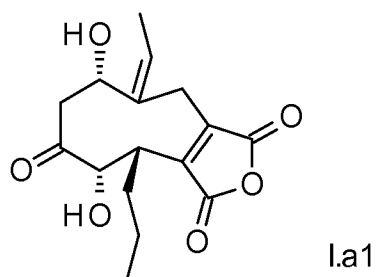
Generally, if the TK-inhibiting herbicides (also referred to as compounds A hereinafter) and/or the herbicidal compounds B as described herein, which can be employed in the context of the present invention, are capable of forming geometrical isomers, for example E/Z isomers, it is possible to use both, the pure isomers and mixtures thereof, in the compositions useful for the present the invention. If the TK-inhibiting herbicides A and/or the herbicidal compounds B as described herein have one or more centers of chirality and, as a consequence, are present as enantiomers or diastereomers, it is possible to use both, the pure enantiomers and diastereomers and their mixtures, in the compositions according to the invention. If the TK-inhibiting herbicides A and/or the herbicidal compounds B as described herein have ionizable functional groups, they can also be employed in the form of

their agriculturally acceptable salts. Suitable are, in general, the salts of those cations and the acid addition salts of those acids whose cations and anions, respectively, have no adverse effect on the activity of the active compounds. Preferred cations are the ions of the alkali metals, preferably of lithium, sodium and potassium, of the alkaline earth metals, preferably of calcium and magnesium, and of the transition metals, preferably of manganese, copper, zinc and iron, further ammonium and substituted ammonium in which one to four hydrogen atoms are replaced by C₁-C₄-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl or benzyl, preferably ammonium, methylammonium, isopropylammonium, dimethylammonium, diisopropylammonium, trimethylammonium, heptylammonium, dodecylammonium, tetradecylammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetraethylammonium, tetrabutylammonium, 2-hydroxyethylammonium (olamine salt), 2-(2-hydroxyethyl-1-yl)ammonium (diglycolamine salt), di(2-hydroxyethyl-1-yl)ammonium (diolamine salt), tris(2-hydroxyethyl)ammonium (trolamine salt), tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, benzyltrimethylammonium, benzyltriethylammonium, N,N,N-trimethylethanolammonium (choline salt), furthermore phosphonium ions, sulfonium ions, preferably tri(C₁-C₄-alkyl)sulfonium, such as trimethylsulfonium, and sulfoxonium ions, preferably tri(C₁-C₄-alkyl)sulfoxonium, and finally the salts of polybasic amines such as N,N-bis-(3-aminopropyl)methylamine and diethylenetriamine. Anions of useful acid addition salts are primarily chloride, bromide, fluoride, iodide, hydrogensulfate, methylsulfate, sulfate, dihydrogenphosphate, hydrogenphosphate, nitrate, bicarbonate, carbonate, hexafluorosilicate, hexafluorophosphate, benzoate and also the anions of C₁-C₄-alkanoic acids, preferably formate, acetate, propionate and butyrate.

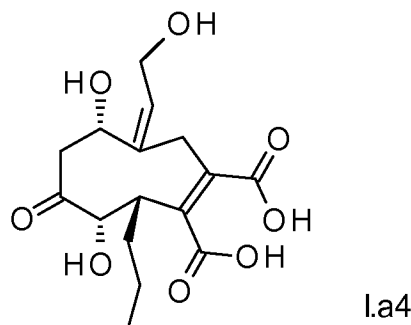
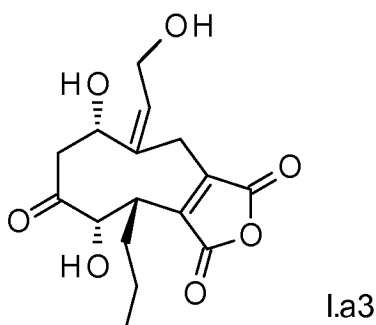
The TK-inhibiting herbicides A and/or the herbicidal compounds B as described herein having a carboxyl group can be employed in the form of the acid, in the form of an agriculturally suitable salt as mentioned above or else in the form of an agriculturally acceptable derivative, for example as amides, such as mono- and di-C₁-C₆-alkylamides or arylamides, as esters, for example as allyl esters, propargyl esters, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl esters, alkoxyalkyl esters, tefuryl ((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl) esters and also as thioesters, for example as C₁-C₁₀-alkylthio esters. Preferred mono- and di-C₁-C₆-alkylamides are the methyl and the dimethylamides. Preferred arylamides are, for example, the anilides and the 2-chloroanilides. Preferred alkyl esters are, for example, the methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl (1-methylhexyl), heptyl (1-methylheptyl), heptyl, octyl or isooctyl (2-ethylhexyl) esters. Preferred C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl esters are the straight-chain or branched C₁-C₄-alkoxy ethyl esters, for example the 2-methoxyethyl, 2-ethoxyethyl, 2-butoxyethyl (butotyl), 2-butoxypropyl or 3-butoxypropyl ester. An example of a straight-chain or branched C₁-C₁₀-alkylthio ester is the ethylthio ester.

Examples of TK inhibiting herbicides which can be used according to the present invention are compounds having the Formula I.a1, I.a2, I.a3, or I.a4, known to the skilled artisan as (Hydroxy-) Cornexisthin.

Cornexistin (I.a1) and its corresponding dibasic acid (I.a2) are known from EP-A 0 290 193:



5 Hydroxycornexistin (I.a3) and its corresponding dibasic acid (I.a4) are known from US 5,424,278:



10 The herbicidal activity of these compounds is also known from the cited references. JP-A 1990-256 602 discloses mixtures of cornexistin (I.a1) and its dibasic acid (I.a2) with certain herbicides.

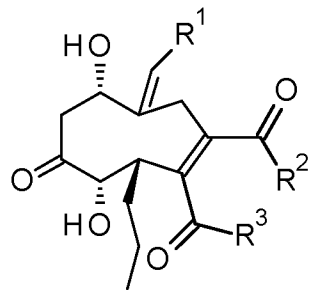
15 Nevertheless, there is still room for improvement, e.g. regarding activity, scope of activity and compatibility with useful plants of the known herbicidal compositions.

20 It is an object of the present invention to provide methods of using herbicidal compositions which are highly active against unwanted harmful plants. At the same time, the compositions should have good compatibility with the plants of the present invention. In addition, the compositions useful for the invention should have a broad spectrum of activity. A further object of the present invention is reducing the application rates of active ingredients.

This and further objects are achieved by the herbicidal compositions below.

25 Accordingly, in one aspect of the invention the TK-inhibiting herbicide useful for the present invention refers to a herbicidal composition comprising:

A) at least one herbicidally active compound of formula I (herbicide A)



wherein

R¹ is CH₃ or CH₂OH and

5 R² and R³ together with the neighbouring carbon atoms form a dihydro-2,5-dioxofuran ring or

R² and R³ are OH;

including agriculturally acceptable salts and derivatives thereof;

10 The TK-inhibiting herbicides described above that are useful to carry out the present invention are often best applied in conjunction with one or more other herbicides to obtain control of a wider variety of undesirable vegetation. For example, TK-inhibiting herbicides may further be used in conjunction with additional herbicides to which the crop plant is naturally tolerant, or to which it is resistant via expression of one or more additional

15 transgenes as mentioned supra. When used in conjunction with other targeting herbicides, the TK-inhibiting herbicides, to which the plant of the present invention had been made resistant or tolerant, can be formulated with the other herbicide or herbicides, tank mixed with the other herbicide or herbicides, or applied sequentially with the other herbicide or herbicides.

20

Suitable components for mixtures are, for example, selected from the herbicides of class b1) to b15)

B) herbicides of class b1) to b15):

- 25 b1) lipid biosynthesis inhibitors;
- b2) acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS inhibitors);
- b3) photosynthesis inhibitors;
- b4) protoporphyrinogen-IX oxidase inhibitors,
- b5) bleacher herbicides;
- 30 b6) enolpyruvyl shikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSP inhibitors);
- b7) glutamine synthetase inhibitors;
- b8) 7,8-dihydropteroate synthase inhibitors (DHP inhibitors);
- b9) mitosis inhibitors;
- b10) inhibitors of the synthesis of very long chain fatty acids (VLCFA inhibitors);

- b11) cellulose biosynthesis inhibitors;
b12) decoupler herbicides;
b13) auxinic herbicides;
b14) auxin transport inhibitors; and
5 b15) other herbicides selected from the group consisting of bromobutide, chlorflurenol, chlorflurenol-methyl, cinmethylin, cumyluron, dalapon, dazomet, difenzoquat, difenzoquat-metilsulfate, dimethipin, DSMA, dymron, endothal and its salts, etobenzanid, flamprop, flamprop-isopropyl, flamprop-methyl, flamprop-M-isopropyl, flamprop-M-methyl, flurenol, flurenol-butyl, flurprimidol,
10 fosamine, fosamine-ammonium, indanofan, indaziflam, maleic hydrazide, mefluidide, metam, methiozolin (CAS 403640-27-7), methyl azide, methyl bromide, methyl-dymron, methyl iodide, MSMA, oleic acid, oxaziclomefone, pelargonic acid, pyributicarb, quinochloramine, triaziflam, tridiphane and 6-chloro-3-(2-cyclopropyl-6-methylphenoxy)-4-pyridazinol (CAS 499223-49-3) and its
15 salts and esters;

including their agriculturally acceptable salts or derivatives.

20 The compositions according to the invention are suitable as herbicides as such or as appropriately formulated compositions (agrochemical compositions). As used herein, the term "agrochemical composition" refers to a composition comprising a pesticidally effective amount of at least one active ingredient and at least one auxiliary customary for agrochemical compositions.

25 The invention relates in particular to the use of compositions in the form of herbicidally active agrochemical compositions comprising a herbicidally effective amount of A) at least one compound of formula I (herbicide A) and B) at least one further compound selected from the herbicides of groups b1) to b15) (herbicide B), as defined above, and also at least one liquid and/or solid carrier and/or one or more surfactants and, if desired, one or more further
30 auxiliaries customary for agrochemical compositions.

35 The invention also relates to compositions in the form of an agrochemical composition, which is a 1-component composition comprising at least one herbicide A and at least one further active compound selected from the herbicides B, and at least one solid or liquid carrier and/or one or more surfactants and, if desired, one or more further auxiliaries customary for agrochemical compositions.

40 The invention also relates to compositions in the form of an agrochemical composition, which is a 2-component composition comprising a first component comprising at least one herbicide A, a solid or liquid carrier and/or one or more surfactants, and a second component comprising at least one herbicide B, a solid or liquid carrier and/or one or more surfactants, where additionally both components may also comprise further auxiliaries customary for agrochemical compositions.

Moreover, the time frame, within which the desired herbicidal action can be achieved, may be expanded by the compositions according to the invention comprising at least one herbicide A and at least one herbicide B and optionally a safener C as defined below. This allows a more flexibly timed application of the compositions according to the invention in comparison with the single compounds.

Safeners are chemical compounds which prevent or reduce damage on useful plants without having a major impact on the herbicidal action of the herbicidal active components towards unwanted plants. Safeners can be applied before sowings (e.g. seed treatments), on shoots or seedlings as well as in the pre-emergence or post-emergence treatment of useful plants and their habitat.

The compositions according to the invention comprising both at least one herbicide A and at least one safener C as defined below also have good herbicidal activity against harmful plants and better compatibility with useful plants.

Surprisingly, compositions according to the invention comprising at least one herbicide A at least one herbicide B and at least one safener C have better herbicidal activity, i.e. better activity against harmful plants, than would have been expected based on the herbicidal activity observed for the individual compounds, or a broader activity spectrum, and show better compatibility with useful plants than compositions comprising only one herbicide A and one herbicide B.

Therefore, in one embodiment of the present invention the compositions comprise at least one herbicide A, at least one herbicide B and at least one safener C.

Examples of suitable safeners C are benoxacor, cloquintocet, cyometrinil, cyprosulfamide, dichlormid, dicyclonon, dietholate, fenchlorazole, fenclorim, flurazole, fluxofenim, furilazole, isoxadifen, mefenpyr, mephenate, naphthalic anhydride, oxabetrinil, 4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (MON4660, CAS 71526-07-3), 2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (R-29148, CAS 52836-31-4) and N-(2-methoxybenzoyl)-4-[(methylamino-carbonyl)amino]benzenesulfonamide (CAS 129531-12-0).

The safeners C, the herbicides A and the herbicides B can be applied simultaneously or in succession.

The term "cornexistin" means the compound of formula (I.a1) as well as agriculturally acceptable salts thereof.

The term "dibasic acid of cornexistin" means the compound of formula (I.a2) as well as agriculturally acceptable salts thereof.

The term "hydroxycornexistin" means the compound of formula (I.a3) as well as agriculturally

acceptable salts thereof.

The term "dibasic acid of hydroxycornexistin" means the compound of formula (I.a4) as well as agriculturally acceptable salts thereof.

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The compounds of formulae (I.a1) to (I.a4) as described herein are capable of forming geometrical isomers, for example E/Z isomers. Accordingly, the terms "cornexistin", "dibasic acid of cornexistin", "hydroxycornexistin" and "dibasic acid of hydroxycornexistin" also encompass the pure E or Z isomers and mixtures thereof.

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The term "agriculturally acceptable salts" is used herein to mean in general, the salts of those cations and the acid addition salts of those acids whose cations and anions, respectively, have no adverse effect on the herbicidal activity of the dibasic acid of cornexistin and the dibasic acid of hydroxycornexistin.

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Preferred cations are the ions of the alkali metals, preferably of lithium, sodium and potassium, of the alkaline earth metals, preferably of calcium and magnesium, and of the transition metals, preferably of manganese, copper, zinc and iron, further ammonium and substituted ammonium in which one to four hydrogen atoms are replaced by C₁-C₄-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl or benzyl, preferably ammonium, methylammonium, isopropylammonium, dimethylammonium, diisopropylammonium, trimethylammonium, heptylammonium, dodecylammonium, tetradecylammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetraethylammonium, tetrabutylammonium, 2 hydroxyethyl-ammonium (olamine salt), 2-(2-hydroxyethyl-1-oxy)ethyl-1-ylammonium (diglycolamine salt), di(2-hydroxyethyl-1-yl)-ammonium (diolamine salt), tris(2-hydroxyethyl)ammonium (trolamine salt), tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, benzyltrimethylammonium, benzyltriethylammonium, N,N,N-trimethylethanolammonium (choline salt), furthermore phosphonium ions, sulfonium ions, preferably tri(C₁-C₄-alkyl)sulfonium, such as trimethylsulfonium, and sulfoxonium ions, preferably tri(C₁-C₄-alkyl)sulfoxonium, and finally the salts of polybasic amines such as N,N-bis-(3-amino-propyl)methylamine and diethylenetriamine.

30

Anions of useful acid addition salts are primarily chloride, bromide, fluoride, iodide, hydrogensulfate, methylsulfate, sulfate, dihydrogenphosphate, hydrogen⁻phosphate, nitrate, bicarbonate, carbonate, hexafluorosilicate, hexafluorophosphate, benzoate and also the anions of C₁-C₄-alkanoic acids, preferably formate, acetate, propionate and butyrate.

35

If the herbicidal compounds B and/or D and/or safeners C as described herein are capable of forming geometrical isomers, for example E/Z isomers, it is possible to use both, the pure isomers and mixtures thereof, in the compositions according to the invention. If the herbicidal compounds B and/or D and/or safeners C as described herein have one or more centers of chirality and, as a consequence, are present as enantiomers or diastereomers, it is possible to use both, the pure enantiomers and diastereomers and their mixtures, in the compositions according to the invention. If the herbicidal compounds B and/or D and/or safeners C as

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described herein have ionizable functional groups, they can also be employed in the form of their agriculturally acceptable salts. Suitable are, in general, the salts of those cations and the acid addition salts of those acids whose cations and anions, respectively, have no adverse effect on the activity of the active compounds.

5

Preferred cations and anions are the ones listed for the compounds of formula I.

Herbicidal compounds A, B and/or D and/or safeners C as described herein having a carboxyl, hydroxy and/or an amino group can be employed as such or in form of an agriculturally suitable salt as mentioned above or else in the form of an agriculturally acceptable derivative, for example as amides, such as mono- and di-C₁-C₆-alkylamides or arylamides, as esters, for example as allyl esters, propargyl esters, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl esters, alkoxyalkyl esters, tefuryl ((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl) esters and also as thioesters, for example as C₁-C₁₀-alkylthio esters. Preferred mono- and di-C₁-C₆-alkylamides are the methyl and the dimethylamides. Preferred arylamides are, for example, the anilides and the 2-chloroanilides. Preferred alkyl esters are, for example, the methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl (1-methylhexyl), heptyl (1-methylheptyl), heptyl, octyl or isooctyl (2-ethylhexyl) esters. Preferred C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl esters are the straight-chain or branched C₁-C₄-alkoxy ethyl esters, for example the 2-methoxyethyl, 2-ethoxyethyl, 2-butoxyethyl (butotyl), 2-butoxypropyl or 3-butoxypropyl ester. An example of a straight-chain or branched C₁-C₁₀-alkylthio ester is the ethylthio ester.

Further embodiments of the invention are evident from the claims, the description and the examples. It is to be understood that the features mentioned above and still to be illustrated below of the subject matter of the invention can be applied not only in the combination given in each particular case but also in other combinations, without leaving the scope of the invention.

The preferred embodiments of the invention mentioned herein below have to be understood as being preferred either independently from each other or in combination with one another.

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Preferably, the active ingredient A is selected from the following herbicides A:

- a1) cornexistin (I.a1),
- a2) the dibasic acid of cornexistin (I.a2),
- 35 a3) hydroxycornexistin (I.a3),
- a4) the dibasic acid of hydroxycornexistin (I.a4),
- a5) mixtures of cornexistin (I.a1) and the dibasic acid of cornexistin (I.a2),
- a6) mixtures of hydroxycornexistin (I.a3) and the dibasic acid of hydroxycornexistin (I.a4)
- a7) mixtures of cornexistin (I.a1) and hydroxycornexistin (I.a3),
- 40 a8) mixtures of cornexistin (I.a1) and the dibasic acid of hydroxycornexistin (I.a4),
- a9) mixtures of the dibasic acid of cornexistin (I.a2) and hydroxycornexistin (I.a3),
- a10) mixtures of the dibasic acid of cornexistin (I.a2) and the dibasic acid of hydroxycornexistin (I.a4) and

a11) mixtures cornexistin (I.a1), the dibasic acid of cornexistin (I.a2), hydroxycornexistin (I.a3) and the dibasic acid of hydroxycornexistin (I.a4)

including agriculturally acceptable salts and derivatives thereof.

5

Preferred are the compositions according to the present invention comprising at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide A and at least one herbicide B.

Further preferred are compositions according to the present invention comprising at least two, preferably exactly two herbicides A and at least one herbicide B.

10

In one preferred embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one inhibitor of the lipid biosynthesis (herbicide b1) through inhibition of acetylCoA carboxylase (hereinafter termed ACC herbicides). The ACC herbicides belong to the group A of the HRAC classification system.

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According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one inhibitor of photosynthesis (herbicide b3) on diverting the electron transfer in photosystem I in plants (so-called PSI inhibitors, group D of HRAC classification) and thus on an inhibition of photosynthesis.

20

According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one inhibitor of protoporphyrinogen-IX-oxidase (herbicide b4). The herbicidal activity of these compounds is based on the inhibition of the protoporphyrinogen-IX-oxidase. These inhibitors belong to the group E of the HRAC classification system.

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According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one bleacher-herbicide (herbicide b5). The herbicidal activity of these compounds is based on the inhibition of the carotenoid biosynthesis. These include compounds which inhibit carotenoid biosynthesis by inhibition of phytoene desaturase (so-called PDS inhibitors, group F1 of HRAC classification), compounds that inhibit the 4-hydroxyphenylpyruvate-dioxygenase (HPPD inhibitors, group F2 of HRAC classification), compounds that inhibit DOXsynthase (group F4 of HRAC class) and compounds which inhibit carotenoid biosynthesis by an unknown mode of action (bleacher - unknown target, group F3 of HRAC classification).

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According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one EPSP synthase inhibitor (herbicide b6). The herbicidal activity of these compounds is based on the inhibition of enolpyruvyl shikimate 3-phosphate synthase, and thus on the inhibition of the amino acid biosynthesis in plants. These inhibitors belong to the group G of the HRAC classification system.

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According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one glutamine synthetase inhibitor (herbicide b7). The herbicidal activity of these compounds is

based on the inhibition of glutamine synthetase, and thus on the inhibition of the aminoacid biosynthesis in plants. These inhibitors belong to the group H of the HRAC classification system.

- 5 According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one DHP synthase inhibitor (herbicide b8). The herbicidal activity of these compounds is based on the inhibition of 7,8-dihydropteroate synthase. These inhibitors belong to the group I of the HRAC classification system.
- 10 According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one cellulose biosynthesis inhibitor (herbicide b11). The herbicidal activity of these compounds is based on the inhibition of the biosynthesis of cellulose and thus on the inhibition of the synthesis of cell walls in plants. These inhibitors belong to the group L of the HRAC classification system.
- 15 According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one decoupler herbicide (herbicide b12). The herbicidal activity of these compounds is based on the disruption of the cell membrane. These inhibitors belong to the group M of the HRAC classification system.
- 20 According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one auxinic herbicide (herbicide b13). These include compounds that mimic auxins, i.e. plant hormones, and affect the growth of the plants. These compounds belong to the group O of the HRAC classification system.
- 25 According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one auxin transport inhibitor (herbicide b14). The herbicidal activity of these compounds is based on the inhibition of the auxin transport in plants. These compounds belong to the group P of the HRAC classification system.
- 30 According to a further embodiment of the invention the compositions contain at least one other herbicide (herbicide b15) selected from the group consisting of bromobutide, chlorflurenol, chlorflurenol-methyl, cinmethylin, cumyluron, dalapon, dazomet, difenzoquat, difenzoquat-metilsulfate, dimethipin, DSMA, dymron, endothal and its salts, etobenzanid, flamprop, flamprop-isopropyl, flamprop-methyl, flamprop-M-isopropyl, flamprop-M-methyl, flurenol, 35 flurenol-butyl, flurprimidol, fosamine, fosamine-ammonium, indanofan, maleic hydrazide, mefluidide, metam, methiozolin (CAS 403640-27-7), methyl azide, methyl bromide, methyl-daimuron, methyl iodide, MSMA, oleic acid, oxaziclomefone, pelargonic acid, pyributicarb, quinoclamine, and 6-chloro-3-(2-cyclopropyl-6-methylphenoxy)-4-pyridazinol (CAS 499223-49-3). These compounds have an unknown mode of action and belong to the group Z of the HRAC 40 classification system.

As to the given mechanisms of action and classification of the active compounds, see e.g. "HRAC, Classification of Herbicides According to Mode of Action",

(<http://www.plantprotection.org/hrac/MOA.html>).

Examples of herbicides B which can be used in combination with the TK-inhibiting herbicides according to the present invention are:

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b1) from the group of the lipid biosynthesis inhibitors:

ACC-herbicides such as alloxymid, alloxymid-sodium, butoxydim, clethodim, clodinafop, clodinafop-propargyl, cycloxydim, cyhalofop, cyhalofop-butyl, diclofop, diclofop-methyl, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-ethyl, fenoxaprop-P, fenoxaprop-P-ethyl, fluazifop, fluazifop-butyl, fluazifop-P, fluazifop-P-butyl, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-methyl, haloxyfop-P, haloxyfop-P-methyl, metamifop, pinoxaden, profoxydim, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-ethyl, quizalofop-tefuryl, quizalofop-P, quizalofop-P-ethyl, quizalofop-P-tefuryl, sethoxydim, tepraloxymid, tralkoxydim,

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4-(4'-Chloro-4-cyclopropyl-2'-fluoro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-5-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-2H-pyran-3(6H)-one (CAS 1312337-72-6); 4-(2',4'-Dichloro-4-cyclopropyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-5-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-2H-pyran-3(6H)-one (CAS 1312337-45-3); 4-(4'-Chloro-4-ethyl-2'-fluoro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-5-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-2H-pyran-3(6H)-one (CAS 1033757-93-5); 4-(2',4'-Dichloro-4-ethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-2H-pyran-3,5(4H,6H)-dione (CAS 1312340-84-3); 5-(Acetyloxy)-4-(4'-chloro-4-cyclopropyl-2'-fluoro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-3,6-dihydro-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-2H-pyran-3-one (CAS 1312337-48-6); 5-(Acetyloxy)-4-(2',4'-dichloro-4-cyclopropyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-3,6-dihydro-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-2H-pyran-3-one; 5-(Acetyloxy)-4-(4'-chloro-4-ethyl-2'-fluoro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-3,6-dihydro-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-2H-pyran-3-one (CAS 1312340-82-1); 5-(Acetyloxy)-4-(2',4'-dichloro-4-ethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-3,6-dihydro-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-2H-pyran-3-one (CAS 1033760-55-2); 4-(4'-Chloro-4-cyclopropyl-2'-fluoro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-5,6-dihydro-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-5-oxo-2H-pyran-3-yl carbonic acid methyl ester (CAS 1312337-51-1); 4-(2',4'-Dichloro-4-cyclopropyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-5,6-dihydro-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-5-oxo-2H-pyran-3-yl carbonic acid methyl ester; 4-(4'-Chloro-4-ethyl-2'-fluoro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-5,6-dihydro-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-5-oxo-2H-pyran-3-yl carbonic acid methyl ester (CAS 1312340-83-2); 4-(2',4'-Dichloro-4-ethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-5,6-dihydro-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-5-oxo-2H-pyran-3-yl carbonic acid methyl ester (CAS 1033760-58-5); and non ACC herbicides such as benfuresate, butylate, cycloate, dalapon, dimepiperate, EPTC, esprocarb, ethofumesate, flupropanate, molinate, orbencarb, pebulate, prosulfocarb, TCA, thiobencarb, tiocarbazil, triallate and vernolate;

b2) from the group of the ALS inhibitors:

sulfonylureas such as amidosulfuron, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron, bensulfuron-methyl, chlorimuron, chlorimuron-ethyl, chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, cyclosulfamuron, ethametsulfuron, ethametsulfuron-methyl, ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, flucetosulfuron, flupyrsulfuron, flupyrsulfuron-methyl-sodium, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, halosulfuron-methyl, imazosulfuron, iodosulfuron, iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium, iofensulfuron, iofensulfuron-sodium, mesosulfuron, metazosulfuron, metsulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl,

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nicosulfuron, orthosulfamuron, oxasulfuron, primisulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, propyrisulfuron, prosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron-ethyl, rimsulfuron, sulfometuron, sulfometuron-methyl, sulfosulfuron, thifensulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, triasulfuron, tribenuron, tribenuron-methyl, trifloxysulfuron, triflusulfuron, triflusulfuron-methyl and tritosulfuron,

5 imidazolinones such as imazamethabenz, imazamethabenz-methyl, imazamox, imazapic, imazapyr, imazaquin and imazethapyr, triazolopyrimidine herbicides and sulfonanilides such as cloransulam, cloransulam-methyl, diclosulam, flumetsulam, florasulam, metosulam, penoxsulam, pyrimisulfan and pyroxsulam,

10 pyrimidinylbenzoates such as bispyribac, bispyribac-sodium, pyribenzoxim, pyriftalid, pyriminobac, pyriminobac-methyl, pyriithiobac, pyriithiobac-sodium, 4-[[[2-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]phenyl]methyl]amino]-benzoic acid-1-methylethyl ester (CAS 420138-41-6), 4-[[[2-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]phenyl]methyl]amino]-benzoic acid propyl ester (CAS 420138-40-5), N-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-

15 pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzenemethanamine (CAS 420138-01-8), sulfonaminocarbonyl-triazolinone herbicides such as flucarbazone, flucarbazone-sodium, propoxycarbazon, propoxycarbazon-sodium, thiencarbazon and thiencarbazon-methyl; and triafamone;

among these, a preferred embodiment of the invention relates to those compositions

20 comprising at least one imidazolinone herbicide;

b3) from the group of the photosynthesis inhibitors:
amicarbazon, inhibitors of the photosystem II, e.g. triazine herbicides, including of chlorotriazine, triazinones, triazindiones, methylthiotriazines and pyridazinones such as

25 ametryn, atrazine, chloridazon, cyanazine, desmetryn, dimethametryn, hexazinone, metribuzin, prometon, prometryn, propazine, simazine, simetryn, terbutometon, terbuthylazin, terbutryn and trietazin, aryl urea such as chlorobromuron, chlorotoluron, chloroxuron, dimefuron, diuron, fluometuron, isoproturon, isouron, linuron, metamidon, methabenzthiazuron, metobenzuron, metoxuron, monolinuron, neburon, siduron,

30 tebuthiuron and thiadiazuron, phenyl carbamates such as desmedipham, karbutilat, phenmedipham, phenmedipham-ethyl, nitrile herbicides such as bromofenoxim, bromoxynil and its salts and esters, ioxynil and its salts and esters, uraciles such as bromacil, lenacil and terbacil, and bentazon and bentazon-sodium, pyridate, pyridafol, pentanochlor and propanil and inhibitors of the photosystem I such as diquat, diquat-dibromide, paraquat,

35 paraquat-dichloride and paraquat-dimetilsulfate. Among these, a preferred embodiment of the invention relates to those compositions comprising at least one aryl urea herbicide. Among these, likewise a preferred embodiment of the invention relates to those compositions comprising at least one triazine herbicide. Among these, likewise a preferred embodiment of the invention relates to those compositions comprising at least one nitrile

40 herbicide;

b4) from the group of the protoporphyrinogen-IX oxidase inhibitors:

acifluorfen, acifluorfen-sodium, azafenidin, bencarbazon, benzfendizone, bifenox, butafenacil, carfentrazone, carfentrazone-ethyl, chlometoxyfen, cinidon-ethyl, fluazolate, flufenpyr, flufenpyr-ethyl, flumiclorac, flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, fluoroglycofen, fluoroglycofen-ethyl, fluthiacet, fluthiacet-methyl, fomesafen, halosafen, lactofen, oxadiargyl, 5 oxadiazon, oxyfluorfen, pentoxazone, profluzol, pyraclonil, pyraflufen, pyraflufen-ethyl, saflufenacil, sulfentrazone, thidiazimin, tiafenacil, ethyl [3-[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-(1-methyl-6-trifluoromethyl-2,4-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidin-3-yl)phenoxy]-2-pyridyloxy]acetate (CAS 353292-31-6; S-3100, N-ethyl-3-(2,6-dichloro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamide (CAS 452098-92-9), N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-3-(2,6-dichloro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamide (CAS 915396-43-9), N-ethyl-3-(2-chloro-6-fluoro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamide (CAS 452099-05-7), N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-3-(2-chloro-6-fluoro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamide (CAS 452100-03-7), 3-[7-fluoro-3-oxo-4-(prop-2-ynyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[1,4]oxazin-6-yl]-1,5-dimethyl-6-thioxo-[1,3,5]triazinan-2,4-dione, 1,5-dimethyl-6-thioxo-3-(2,2,7-trifluoro-3-oxo-4-(prop-2-ynyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[b][1,4]oxazin-6-yl)-1,3,5-triazinane-2,4-dione (CAS 1258836-72-4), 2-(2,2,7-Trifluoro-3-oxo-4-prop-2-ynyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[1,4]oxazin-6-yl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-isoindole-1,3-dione, 1-Methyl-6-trifluoromethyl-3-(2,2,7-trifluoro-3-oxo-4-prop-2-ynyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[1,4]oxazin-6-yl)-1H-pyrimidine-2,4-dione (CAS 1304113-05-0), methyl (E)-4-[2-chloro-5-[4-chloro-5-(difluoromethoxy)-1H-methyl-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-fluoro-phenoxy]-3-methoxy-but-2-enoate [CAS 948893-00-3], and 3-[7-Chloro-5-fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-4-yl]-1-methyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrimidine-2,4-dione (CAS 212754-02-4);

b5) from the group of the bleacher herbicides:

25 PDS inhibitors: beflubutamid, diflufenican, fluridone, flurochloridone, flurtamone, norflurazon, picolinafen, and 4-(3-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-pyrimidine (CAS 180608-33-7), HPPD inhibitors: benzobicyclon, benzofenap, clomazone, isoxaflutole, mesotrione, pyrasulfotole, pyrazolynate, pyrazoxyfen, sulcotrione, tefuryltrione, tembotrione, topramezone and bicyclopyrone, bleacher, unknown target: aclonifen, amitrole and flumeturon;

b6) from the group of the EPSP synthase inhibitors:

35 glyphosate, glyphosate-isopropylammonium, glyposate-potassium and glyphosate-trimesium (sulfosate);

b7) from the group of the glutamine synthase inhibitors:

bilanaphos (bialaphos), bilanaphos-sodium, glufosinate, glufosinate-P and glufosinate-ammonium;

40 b8) from the group of the DHP synthase inhibitors:

asulam;

b9) from the group of the mitosis inhibitors:

compounds of group K1: dinitroanilines such as benfluralin, butralin, dinitramine, ethalfluralin, fluchloralin, oryzalin, pendimethalin, prodiamine and trifluralin,

phosphoramidates such as amiprofos, amiprofos-methyl, and butamiphos, benzoic acid

5 herbicides such as chlorthal, chlorthal-dimethyl, pyridines such as dithiopyr and thiazopyr,

benzamides such as propyzamide and tebutam; compounds of group K2: chlorpropham,

propham and carbetamide, among these, compounds of group K1, in particular

dinitroanilines are preferred;

10 b10) from the group of the VLCFA inhibitors:

chloroacetamides such as acetochlor, alachlor, butachlor, dimethachlor, dimethenamid,

dimethenamid-P, metazachlor, metolachlor, metolachlor-S, pethoxamid, pretilachlor,

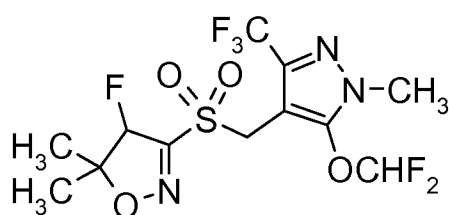
propachlor, propisochlor and thenylchlor, oxyacetanilides such as flufenacet and

mefenacet, acetanilides such as diphenamid, naproanilide and napropamide, tetrazolinones

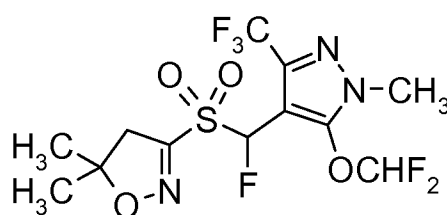
15 such fentrazamide, and other herbicides such as anilofos, cafenstrole, fenoxasulfone,

ipfencarbazone, piperophos, pyroxasulfone and isoxazoline compounds of the formulae II.1,

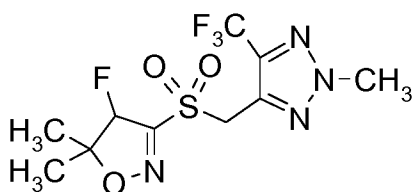
II.2, II.3, II.4, II.5, II.6, II.7, II.8 and II.9



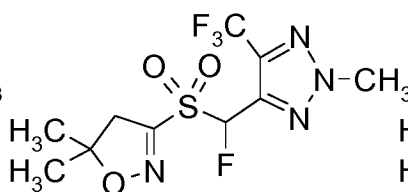
II.1



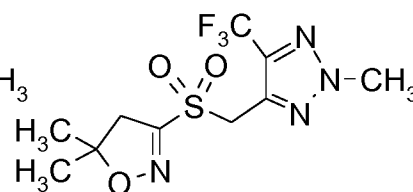
II.2



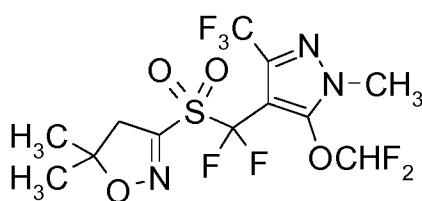
II.3



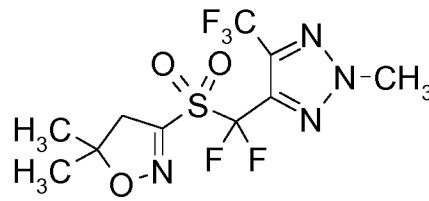
II.4



II.5

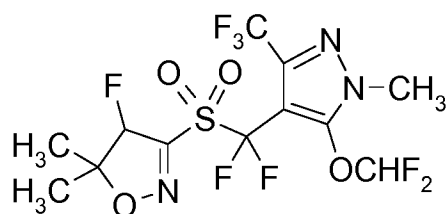


II.6

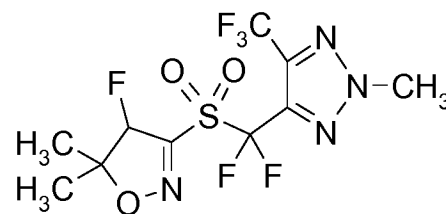


II.7

20



II.8



II.9

the isoxazoline compounds of the formula (I) are known in the art, e.g. from WO 2006/024820, WO 2006/037945, WO 2007/071900 and WO 2007/096576;

5

among the VLCFA inhibitors, preference is given to chloroacetamides and oxyacetamides;

b11) from the group of the cellulose biosynthesis inhibitors:

10 chlorthiamid, dichlobenil, flupoxam, indaziflam, triaziflam, isoxaben and 1-Cyclohexyl-5-pentafluorophenoxy-14-[1,2,4,6]thiatriazin-3-ylamine;

b12) from the group of the decoupler herbicides:

dinoseb, dinoterb and DNOC and its salts;

15 b13) from the group of the auxinic herbicides:

2,4-D and its salts and esters such as clacyfos, 2,4-DB and its salts and esters, aminocyclopyrachlor and its salts and esters, aminopyralid and its salts such as aminopyralid-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium and its esters, benazolin, benazolin-ethyl, chloramben and its salts and esters, clomeprop, clopyralid and its salts and esters, dicamba and its salts and esters, dichlorprop and its salts and esters, dichlorprop-P and its salts and esters, fluroxypyr, fluroxypyr-butometyl, fluroxypyr-meptyl, halauxifen and its salts and esters (CAS 943832-60-8); MCPA and its salts and esters, MCPA-thioethyl, MCPB and its salts and esters, MCPP and its salts and esters, mecoprop and its salts and esters, mecoprop-P and its salts and esters, picloram and its salts and esters, quinclorac, 20 quinmerac, TBA (2,3,6) and its salts and esters and triclopyr and its salts and esters;

25

b14) from the group of the auxin transport inhibitors: diflufenzopyr, diflufenzopyr-sodium, naptalam and naptalam-sodium;

30 b15) from the group of the other herbicides: bromobutide, chlorflurenol, chlorflurenol-methyl, cinmethylin, cumyluron, cyclopyrimorate (CAS 499223-49-3) and its salts and esters, dalapon, dazomet, difenzoquat, difenzoquat-metilsulfate, dimethipin, DSMA, dymron, endothal and its salts, etobenzanid, flamprop, flamprop-isopropyl, flamprop-methyl, flamprop-M-isopropyl, flamprop-M-methyl, flurenol, flurenol-butyl, flurprimidol, fosamine, 35 fosamine-ammonium, indanofan, indaziflam, maleic hydrazide, mefluidide, metam, methiozolin (CAS 403640-27-7), methyl azide, methyl bromide, methyl-dymron, methyl

iodide, MSMA, oleic acid, oxaziclomefone, pelargonic acid, pyributicarb, quinoclamine, triaziflam and tridiphane..

Most preferred herbicides B that can be used in combination with herbicides A are given in table 3 below:

5

Table 3

	Herbicide B
B.1	clethodim
B.2	clodinafop-propargyl
B.3	cycloxydim
B.4	pinoxaden
B.5	sethodydim
B.6	paraquat
B.7	carfentrazone-ethyl
B.8	flumioxazin
B.9	lactofen
B.10	oxadiargyl
B.11	oxyfluorfen
B.12	saflufenacil
B.13	sulfentrazone
B.14	1,5-dimethyl-6-thioxo-3-(2,2,7-trifluoro-3-oxo-4-(prop-2-ynyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[b][1,4]oxazin-6-yl)-1,3,5-triazinane-2,4-dione
B.15	benzobicyclone
B.16	bicyclopyrone
B.17	clomazone
B.18	difufenican
B.19	isoxaflutole
B.20	mesotrione
B.21	norflurazon
B.22	picolinafen
B.23	sulcotrione
B.24	tembotrione
B.25	topramezone
B.26	glyphosate
B.27	glufosinate
B.28	indaziflam
B.29	isoxaben
B.30	dinoseb

	Herbicide B
B.31	2,4D
B.32	dicamba
B.33	fluroxypyr
B.34	MCPA
B.35	quinmerac
B.36	quinclorac
B.37	diflufenzopyr
B.38	daimuron
B.39	pelargonic acid

Any of the herbicides B.1 to B.39 having a carboxylic, amino and/or hydroxyl group are to be understood as to be employed as such and/or in form of agriculturally acceptable salts thereof and/or in form of agriculturally acceptable esters or amides thereof.

- 5 According to a preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B.

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least two, preferably exactly two herbicides B different from each other.

10

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least three, preferably exactly three herbicides B different from each other.

- 15 According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide A and at least one, preferably exactly one, herbicide B.

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide A and at least two, preferably exactly two, herbicides B different from each other.

20

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide A and at least three, preferably exactly three, herbicides B different from each other.

- 25 According to one preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one herbicide B selected from compounds of groups b1), b3), b4), b5), b6), b7), b8), b11), b12), b13), b14) and b15), preferably selected from compounds of groups b1), b3), b4), b5), b6), b7), b8), b11), b12), b13), b14) or b15).

- 30 According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide A, preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b1), in particular selected from clethodim (B.1), clodinafop-propargyl (B.2),
35 cycloxydim (B.3), pinoxaden (B.4) and sethodydim (B.5).

- According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or
40 a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b3), in particular paraquat and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.6).

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least

one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b4), in particular selected from carfentrazone-ethyl (B.7), flumioxazin (B.8), lactofen (B.9),
5 oxadiargyl (B.10), oxyflurofen (B.11), saflufenacil (B.12), sulfentrazone (B.13) and 1,5-dimethyl-6-thioxo-3-(2,2,7-trifluoro-3-oxo-4-(prop-2-ynyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[b][1,4]oxazin-6-yl)-1,3,5-triazinane-2,4-dione (CAS 1258836-72-4) (B.14).

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least
10 one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b5), preferably selected from benzobicyclone (B.15), bicyclopyrone (B.16), clomazone (B.17), diflufenican (B.18), isoxaflutole (B.19), mesotrione (B.20), norflurazon (B.21), picolinafen
15 (B.22), sulcotrione (B.23), tembotrione (B.24), and topramezone (B.25), in particular selected from benzobicyclone (B.15), isoxaflutole (B.19), mesotrione (B.20) and topramezone (B.25).

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least
20 one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b6), in particular glyphosate and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.26).

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least
25 one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b7), in particular glufosinate and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.27).

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least
30 one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b11), in particular selected from indaziflam (B.28) and isoxaben (B.29).

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least
35 one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b12), in particular dinoseb (B.30).
40

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least
one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9),

a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b13), in particular from 2,4D and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.31), dicamba and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.32), fluroxypyr (B.33), MCPA and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.34), quinmerac and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.35) and quinclorac and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.36).

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b14), in particular diflufenzopyr and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.37).

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide A selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) and a11), most preferably selected from a1), a2), a3), a4), a5), a6), a7), a8), a9), a10) or a11), and at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B selected from the compounds of group b15), in particular selected from dymron (= daimuron) (B.38) and pelargonic acid and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof (B.39).

In another embodiment, compositions according to the invention comprise at least two herbicides B, whereby a first herbicide B is selected from the compounds of groups b1), b3), b4), b5), b8), b11), b12, b13), b14 and b15), preferably selected from the compounds of groups b1), b3), b4), b5), b8), b11), b12, b13), b14 or b15) and a second herbicide B is selected from the compounds of groups b6) and b7), preferably selected from the compounds of groups b6) or b7).

Moreover, it may be useful to apply the TK-inhibiting herbicides, when used in combination with a compound B described SUPRA, in combination with safeners. Safeners are chemical compounds which prevent or reduce damage on useful plants without having a major impact on the herbicidal action of herbicides towards unwanted plants. They can be applied either before sowings (e.g. on seed treatments, shoots or seedlings) or in the pre-emergence application or post-emergence application of the useful plant.

Furthermore, the safeners C, the TK-inhibiting herbicides and/or the herbicides B can be applied simultaneously or in succession.

Suitable safeners are e.g. (quinolin-8-oxy)acetic acids, 1-phenyl-5-haloalkyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-carboxylic acids, 1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-5-alkyl-1H-pyrazol-3,5-dicarboxylic acids, 4,5-dihydro-5,5-diaryl-3-isoxazol carboxylic acids, dichloroacetamides, alpha-oximinophenylacetoneitriles, acetophenonoximes, 4,6-dihalo-2-phenylpyrimidines, N-[[4-(aminocarbonyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]-2-benzoic amides, 1,8-naphthalic anhydride, 2-halo-4-(haloalkyl)-5-thiazol carboxylic acids, phosphorothiolates and N-alkyl-O-phenylcarbamates

and their agriculturally acceptable salts and their agriculturally acceptable derivatives such as amides, esters, and thioesters, provided they have an acid group.

Examples of preferred safeners C are benoxacor, cloquintocet, cyprosulphamide, dichlormid, dicyclonon, dietholate, fenchlorazole, fenclorim, flurazole, fluxofenim, furilazole, isoxadifen, mefenpyr, mephenate, naphthalic anhydride, oxabetrinil, 4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (MON4660, CAS 71526-07-3) and 2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (R-29148, CAS 52836-31-4).

Especially preferred safeners C are benoxacor, cloquintocet, cyprosulphamide, dichlormid, fenchlorazole, fenclorim, flurazole, fluxofenim, furilazole, isoxadifen, mefenpyr, naphthalic anhydride, oxabetrinil, 4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (MON4660, CAS 71526-07-3) and 2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (R-29148, CAS 52836-31-4).

Particularly preferred safeners C are benoxacor, cloquintocet, cyprosulphamide, dichlormid, fenchlorazole, fenclorim, furilazole, isoxadifen, mefenpyr, naphthalic anhydride, 4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (MON4660, CAS 71526-07-3), and 2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (R-29148, CAS 52836-31-4).

Also preferred safeners C are benoxacor, cloquintocet, cyprosulphamide, dichlormid, fenchlorazole, fenclorim, furilazole, isoxadifen, mefenpyr, 4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (MON4660, CAS 71526-07-3) and 2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (R-29148, CAS 52836-31-4)..

Particularly preferred safeners C, which, as component C, are constituent of the composition according to the invention are the safeners C as defined above; in particular the safeners C.1 - C.12 listed below in table C:

Table C

	Safener C
C.1	benoxacor
C.2	cloquintocet
C.3	cyprosulphamide
C.4	dichlormid
C.5	fenchlorazole
C.6	fenclorim
C.7	furilazole
C.8	isoxadifen
C.9	mefenpyr
C.10	naphthalic acid anhydride
C.11	4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (MON4660, CAS 71526-07-3)

C.12	2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloro-acetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (R-29148, CAS 52836-31-4)
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The TK-inhibiting herbicides (compounds A) and the active compounds B of groups b1) to b15) and the active compounds C are known herbicides and safeners, see, for example, The Compendium of Pesticide Common Names (<http://www.alanwood.net/pesticides/>);
5 Farm Chemicals Handbook 2000 volume 86, Meister Publishing Company, 2000; B. Hock, C. Fedtke, R. R. Schmidt, Herbizide [Herbicides], Georg Thieme Verlag, Stuttgart 1995; W. H. Ahrens, Herbicide Handbook, 7th edition, Weed Science Society of America, 1994; and K. K. Hatzios, Herbicide Handbook, Supplement for the 7th edition, Weed Science Society of America, 1998. 2,2,5-Trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine [CAS No.
10 52836-31-4] is also referred to as R-29148. 4-(Dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane [CAS No. 71526-07-3] is also referred to as AD-67 and MON 4660.

The assignment of the active compounds to the respective mechanisms of action is based on current knowledge. If several mechanisms of action apply to one active compound, this
15 substance was only assigned to one mechanism of action.

Active compounds B and C having a carboxyl group can be employed in the form of the acid, in the form of an agriculturally suitable salt as mentioned above or else in the form of an agriculturally acceptable derivative in the compositions according to the invention.
20

In the case of dicamba, suitable salts include those, where the counterion is an agriculturally acceptable cation. For example, suitable salts of dicamba are dicamba-sodium, dicamba-potassium, dicamba-methylammonium, dicamba-dimethylammonium, dicamba-isopropylammonium, dicamba-diglycolamine, dicamba-olamine, dicamba-diolamine,
25 dicamba-trolamine, dicamba-N,N-bis-(3-aminopropyl)methylamine and dicamba-diethylenetriamine. Examples of a suitable ester are dicamba-methyl and dicamba-butotyl. Suitable salts of 2,4-D are 2,4-D-ammonium, 2,4-D-dimethylammonium, 2,4-D-diethylammonium, 2,4-D-diethanolammonium (2,4-D-diolamine), 2,4-D-triethanolammonium, 2,4-D-isopropylammonium, 2,4-D-triisopropanolammonium, 2,4-D-heptylammonium, 2,4-D-dodecylammonium, 2,4-D-tetradecylammonium, 2,4-D-triethylammonium, 2,4-D-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, 2,4-D-tris(isopropyl)ammonium, 2,4-D-trolamine, 2,4-D-lithium, 2,4-D-sodium. Examples of suitable esters of 2,4-D are 2,4-D-butotyl, 2,4-D-2-butoxypropyl, 2,4-D-3-butoxypropyl, 2,4-D-butyl, 2,4-D-ethyl, 2,4-D-ethylhexyl, 2,4-D-isobutyl, 2,4-D-isooctyl, 2,4-D-isopropyl, 2,4-D-meptyl, 2,4-D-methyl, 2,4-D-octyl, 2,4-D-pentyl, 2,4-D-propyl, 2,4-D-tefuryl and clacyfos.
30

Suitable salts of 2,4-DB are for example 2,4-DB-sodium, 2,4-DB-potassium and 2,4-DB-dimethylammonium. Suitable esters of 2,4-DB are for example 2,4-DB-butyl and 2,4-DB-isooctyl.

Suitable salts of dichlorprop are for example dichlorprop-sodium, dichlorprop-potassium and dichlorprop-dimethylammonium. Examples of suitable esters of dichlorprop are dichlorprop-butotyl and dichlorprop-isooctyl.
40

Suitable salts and esters of MCPA include MCPA-butotyl, MCPA-butyl, MCPA-dimethylammonium, MCPA-diolamine, MCPA-ethyl, MCPA-thioethyl, MCPA-2-ethylhexyl, MCPA-isobutyl, MCPA-isooctyl, MCPA-isopropyl, MCPA-isopropylammonium, MCPA-methyl, MCPA-olamine, MCPA-potassium, MCPA-sodium and MCPA-trolamine.

- 5 A suitable salt of MCPB is MCPB sodium. A suitable ester of MCPB is MCPB-ethyl. Suitable salts of clopyralid are clopyralid-potassium, clopyralid-olamine and clopyralid-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium. Example of suitable esters of clopyralid is clopyralid-methyl. Examples of a suitable ester of fluroxypyr are fluroxypyr-meptyl and fluroxypyr-2-butoxy-1-methylethyl, wherein fluroxypyr-meptyl is preferred.
- 10 Suitable salts of picloram are picloram-dimethylammonium, picloram-potassium, picloram-triisopropanolammonium, picloram-triisopropylammonium and picloram-trolamine. A suitable ester of picloram is picloram-isooctyl. A suitable salt of triclopyr is triclopyr-triethylammonium. Suitable esters of triclopyr are for example triclopyr-ethyl and triclopyr-butotyl.
- 15 Suitable salts and esters of chloramben include chloramben-ammonium, chloramben-diolamine, chloramben-methyl, chloramben-methylammonium and chloramben-sodium. Suitable salts and esters of 2,3,6-TBA include 2,3,6-TBA-dimethylammonium, 2,3,6-TBA-lithium, 2,3,6-TBA-potassium and 2,3,6-TBA-sodium. Suitable salts and esters of aminopyralid include aminopyralid-potassium and aminopyralid-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium.
- 20 Suitable salts of glyphosate are for example glyphosate-ammonium, glyphosate-diammonium, glyphosate-dimethylammonium, glyphosate-isopropylammonium, glyphosate-potassium, glyphosate-sodium, glyphosate-trimesium as well as the ethanolamine and diethanolamine salts, preferably glyphosate-diammonium, glyphosate-isopropylammonium and glyphosate-trimesium (sulfosate).
- 25 A suitable salt of glufosinate is for example glufosinate-ammonium. A suitable salt of glufosinate-P is for example glufosinate-P-ammonium. Suitable salts and esters of bromoxynil are for example bromoxynil-butyrate, bromoxynil-heptanoate, bromoxynil-octanoate, bromoxynil-potassium and bromoxynil-sodium.
- 30 Suitable salts and esters of ioxonil are for example ioxonil-octanoate, ioxonil-potassium and ioxonil-sodium. Suitable salts and esters of mecoprop include mecoprop-butotyl, mecoprop-dimethylammonium, mecoprop-diolamine, mecoprop-ethadyl, mecoprop-2-ethylhexyl, mecoprop-isooctyl, mecoprop-methyl, mecoprop-potassium, mecoprop-sodium and mecoprop-trolamine.
- 35 Suitable salts of mecoprop-P are for example mecoprop-P-butotyl, mecoprop-P-dimethylammonium, mecoprop-P-2-ethylhexyl, mecoprop-P-isobutyl, mecoprop-P-potassium and mecoprop-P-sodium. A suitable salt of diflufenopyr is for example diflufenopyr-sodium.
- 40 A suitable salt of naptalam is for example naptalam-sodium. Suitable salts and esters of aminocyclopyrachlor are for example aminocyclopyrachlor-dimethylammonium, aminocyclopyrachlor-methyl, aminocyclopyrachlor-

triisopropanolammonium, aminocyclopyrachlor-sodium and aminocyclopyrachlor-potassium.

A suitable salt of quinclorac is for example quinclorac-dimethylammonium.

A suitable salt of quinmerac is for example quinclorac-dimethylammonium.

5 A suitable salt of imazamox is for example imazamox-ammonium.

Suitable salts of imazapic are for example imazapic-ammonium and imazapic-isopropylammonium.

Suitable salts of imazapyr are for example imazapyr-ammonium and imazapyr-isopropylammonium.

10 A suitable salt of imazaquin is for example imazaquin-ammonium.

Suitable salts of imazethapyr are for example imazethapyr-ammonium and imazethapyr-isopropylammonium.

A suitable salt of topramezone is for example topramezone-sodium.

15 The preferred embodiments of the invention mentioned herein below have to be understood as being preferred either independently from each other or in combination with one another.

According to a preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises as component B at least one, preferably exactly one herbicide B.

20

According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least two, preferably exactly two, herbicides B different from each other.

25 According to another preferred embodiment of the invention, the composition comprises at least three, preferably exactly three, herbicides B different from each other.

Here and below, the term "binary compositions" includes compositions comprising one or more, for example 1, 2 or 3, herbicides A and either one or more, for example 1, 2 or 3, herbicides B. Correspondingly, the term "ternary compositions" includes compositions comprising one or
30 more, for example 1, 2 or 3, herbicides A, for example 1, 2 or 3, herbicides B and at least one herbicide D.

Further preferred embodiments relate to compositions which correspond to the binary and ternary compositions mentioned above and additionally comprise a safener C, in particular
35 selected from the group consisting of benoxacor (C.1), cloquintocet (C.2), cyprosulfamide (C.3), dichlormid (C.4), fenclorazole (C.5), fenclorim (C.6), furilazole (C.7), isoxadifen (C.8), mefenpyr (C.9), 4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (MON4660, CAS 71526-07-3) (C.10) and 2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (R-29148, CAS 52836-31-4) (C.11).

40 In binary compositions comprising at least one herbicide A and at least one herbicide B, the weight ratio of A:B is generally in the range of from 1:1000 to 1000:1, preferably in the range of from 1:500 to 500:1, in particular in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1 and particularly preferably

in the range of from 1:75 to 75:1.

In compositions comprising both at least one herbicide A, at least one herbicide B and at least one safener C, the weight ratio A:B is generally in the range of from 1:1000 to 1000:1, preferably in the range of from 1:500 to 500:1, in particular in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1 and particularly preferably in the range of from 1:75 to 75:1; the weight ratio A:C is generally in the range of from 1:1000 to 1000:1, preferably in the range of from 1:500 to 500:1, in particular in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1 and particularly preferably in the range of from 1:75 to 75:1; and the weight ratio B:C is generally in the range of from 1:1000 to 1000:1, preferably in the range of from 1:500 to 500:1, in particular in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1 and particularly preferably in the range of from 1:75 to 75:1. The weight ratio (A + B):C is preferably in the range of from 1:500 to 500:1, in particular in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1 and particularly preferably in the range of from 1:75 to 75:1.

In ternary compositions comprising at least one herbicide A, at least one herbicide B, and a herbicide D, the weight ratios A:B, A:D and B:D in each case are generally in the range of from 1:1000 to 1000:1, preferably in the range of from 1:500 to 500:1, in particular in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1 and particularly preferably in the range of from 1:75 to 75:1. The weight ratio (A + B):D is preferably in the range of from 1:500 to 500:1, in particular in the range of from 1:250 to 250:1 and particularly preferably in the range of from 1:75 to 75:1.

It is generally preferred to use the compounds of the invention in combination with herbicides that are selective for the crop being treated and which complement the spectrum of weeds controlled by these compounds at the application rate employed. It is further generally preferred to apply the compounds of the invention and other complementary herbicides at the same time, either as a combination formulation or as a tank mix.

In another embodiment, the present invention refers to a method for identifying a TK-inhibiting herbicide by using a mutated TK encoded by a nucleic acid which comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 182 or 183, or a variant or derivative thereof.

Said method comprises the steps of:

- a) generating a transgenic cell or plant comprising a nucleic acid encoding a mutated TK, wherein the mutated TK is expressed;
- b) applying a TK-inhibiting herbicide to the transgenic cell or plant of a) and to a control cell or plant of the same variety;
- c) determining the growth or the viability of the transgenic cell or plant and the control cell or plant after application of said TK-inhibiting herbicide, and
- d) selecting "TK-inhibiting herbicides" which confer reduced growth to the control cell or plant as compared to the growth of the transgenic cell or plant.

As described above, the present invention teaches compositions and methods for increasing the TK-inhibiting tolerance of a crop plant or seed as compared to a wild-type variety of the

plant or seed. In a preferred embodiment, the TK-inhibiting tolerance of a crop plant or seed is increased such that the plant or seed can withstand a TK-inhibiting herbicide application of preferably approximately 1-1000 g ai ha⁻¹, more preferably 1-200 g ai ha⁻¹, even more preferably 5-150 g ai ha⁻¹, and most preferably 10-100 g ai ha⁻¹. As used herein, to “withstand” a TK-

5 inhibiting herbicide application means that the plant is either not killed or only moderately injured by such application. It will be understood by the person skilled in the art that the application rates may vary, depending on the environmental conditions such as temperature or humidity, and depending on the chosen kind of herbicide (active ingredient ai).

10 Post-emergent weed control methods useful in various embodiments hereof utilize about >0.3x application rates of TK-inhibiting herbicides; in some embodiments, this can be about, for example, >0.3x, >0.4x, >0.5x, >0.6x, >0.7x, >0.8x, >0.9x, or >1x of TK-inhibiting herbicides. In one embodiment, TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the present invention have tolerance to a post-emergent application of a TK-inhibiting herbicides at an

15 amount of about 25 to about 200 g ai/ha. In some embodiments, wherein the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant is a dicot (e.g., soy, cotton), the post-emergent application of the TK-inhibiting herbicides is at an amount of about 50 g ai/ha. In another embodiment, wherein the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant is a monocot (e.g., maize, rice, sorghum), the post-emergent application of the TK-inhibiting herbicides is at an amount of about 200 g

20 ai/ha. In other embodiments, wherein the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant is a Brassica (e.g., canola), the post-emergent application of the TK-inhibiting herbicides is at an amount of about 25 g ai/ha. In post-emergent weed control methods hereof, in some embodiments, the method can utilize TK-inhibiting herbicides application rates at about 7 to 10 days post-emergent. In another embodiment, the application rate can exceed 1x TK-

25 inhibiting herbicides; in some embodiments, the rate can be up to 4x TK-inhibiting herbicides, though more typically it will be about 2.5x or less, or about 2x or less, or about 1x or less.

Furthermore, the present invention provides methods that involve the use of at least one

30 TK-inhibiting herbicide, optionally in combination with one or more herbicidal compounds B, and, optionally, a safener C, as described in detail supra.

In these methods, the TK-inhibiting herbicide can be applied by any method known in the art including, but not limited to, seed treatment, soil treatment, and foliar treatment. Prior to

35 application, the TK-inhibiting herbicide can be converted into the customary formulations, for example solutions, emulsions, suspensions, dusts, powders, pastes and granules. The use form depends on the particular intended purpose; in each case, it should ensure a fine and even distribution of the compound according to the invention.

40 By providing plants having increased tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicide, a wide variety of formulations can be employed for protecting plants from weeds, so as to enhance plant growth and reduce competition for nutrients. A TK-inhibiting herbicide can be used by itself

for pre-emergence, post-emergence, pre-planting, and at-planting control of weeds in areas surrounding the crop plants described herein, or a TK-inhibiting herbicide formulation can be used that contains other additives. The TK-inhibiting herbicide can also be used as a seed treatment. Additives found in a TK-inhibiting herbicide formulation include other
5 herbicides, detergents, adjuvants, spreading agents, sticking agents, stabilizing agents, or the like. The TK-inhibiting herbicide formulation can be a wet or dry preparation and can include, but is not limited to, flowable powders, emulsifiable concentrates, and liquid concentrates. The TK-inhibiting herbicide and herbicide formulations can be applied in accordance with conventional methods, for example, by spraying, irrigation, dusting, or the
10 like.

Suitable formulations are described in detail in PCT/EP2009/063387 and PCT/EP2009/063386, which are incorporated herein by reference.

15 As disclosed herein, the TK nucleic acids of the invention find use in enhancing the herbicide tolerance of plants that comprise in their genomes a gene encoding a herbicide-tolerant wild-type or mutated TK protein. Such a gene may be an endogenous gene or a transgene, as described above. Additionally, in certain embodiments, the nucleic acids of the present invention can be stacked with any combination of polynucleotide sequences of interest in order
20 to create plants with a desired phenotype. For example, the nucleic acids of the present invention may be stacked with any other polynucleotides encoding polypeptides having pesticidal and/or insecticidal activity, such as, for example, the *Bacillus thuringiensis* toxin proteins (described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,366,892; 5,747,450; 5,737,514; 5,723,756; 5,593,881; and Geiser et al (1986) Gene 48: 109), 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase (EPSPS),
25 Glyphosate acetyl transferase (GAT), cytochrome P450 monooxygenase, phosphinothricin acetyltransferase (PAT), Acetohydroxyacid synthase (AHAS; EC 4.1.3.18, also known as acetolactate synthase or ALS), hydroxyphenyl pyruvate dioxygenase (HPPD), Phytoene desaturase (PD), Protoporphyrinogen oxidase (PPO) and dicamba degrading enzymes as disclosed in WO 02/068607, or phenoxyacetic acid- and phenoxypropionic acid-derivative
30 degrading enzymes as disclosed in WO 2008141154 or WO 2005107437. The combinations generated can also include multiple copies of any one of the polynucleotides of interest.

Consequently, Herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention can be used in conjunction with an herbicide to which they are tolerant. Herbicides can be applied to the plants of the invention
35 using any techniques known to those skilled in the art. Herbicides can be applied at any point in the plant cultivation process. For example, herbicides can be applied pre-planting, at planting, pre-emergence, post-emergence or combinations thereof. Herbicides may be applied to seeds and dried to form a layer on the seeds.

40 In some embodiments, seeds are treated with a safener, followed by a post-emergent application of a TK-inhibiting herbicides. In one embodiment, the post-emergent application of the TK-inhibiting herbicides is about 7 to 10 days following planting of safener-treated

seeds. In some embodiments, the safener is cloquintocet, dichlormid, fluxofenim, or combinations thereof.

Methods of controlling weeds or undesired vegetation

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In other aspects, the present invention provides a method for controlling weeds at a locus for growth of a plant or plant part thereof, the method comprising: applying a composition comprising a TK-inhibiting herbicides to the locus.

10 In some aspects, the present invention provides a method for controlling weeds at a locus for growth of a plant, the method comprising: applying an herbicide composition comprising TK-inhibiting herbicides to the locus; wherein said locus is: (a) a locus that contains: a plant or a seed capable of producing said plant; or (b) a locus that is to be after said applying is made to contain the plant or the seed; wherein the plant or the seed comprises in at least
15 some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

20 Herbicide compositions hereof can be applied, e.g., as foliar treatments, soil treatments, seed treatments, or soil drenches. Application can be made, e.g., by spraying, dusting, broadcasting, or any other mode known useful in the art.

In one embodiment, herbicides can be used to control the growth of weeds that may be
25 found growing in the vicinity of the herbicide-tolerant plants invention. In embodiments of this type, an herbicide can be applied to a plot in which herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are growing in vicinity to weeds. An herbicide to which the herbicide-tolerant plant of the invention is tolerant can then be applied to the plot at a concentration sufficient to kill or inhibit the growth of the weed. Concentrations of herbicide sufficient to kill or inhibit the
30 growth of weeds are known in the art and are disclosed above.

In other embodiments, the present invention provides a method for controlling weeds in the vicinity of a TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plant of the invention. The method comprises applying an effective amount of a TK-inhibiting herbicides to the weeds and to the auxinic
35 herbicide- tolerant plant, wherein the plant has increased tolerance to auxinic herbicide when compared to a wild-type plant. In some embodiments, the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the invention are preferably crop plants, including, but not limited to, sunflower, alfalfa, Brassica sp., soybean, cotton, safflower, peanut, tobacco, tomato, potato, wheat, rice, maize, sorghum, barley, rye, millet, and sorghum.

40

In other aspects, herbicide(s) (e.g., TK-inhibiting herbicides) can also be used as a seed treatment. In some embodiments, an effective concentration or an effective amount of

herbicide(s), or a composition comprising an effective concentration or an effective amount of herbicide(s) can be applied directly to the seeds prior to or during the sowing of the seeds. Seed Treatment formulations may additionally comprise binders and optionally colorants.

5

Binders can be added to improve the adhesion of the active materials on the seeds after treatment. In one embodiment, suitable binders are block copolymers EO/PO surfactants but also polyvinylalcohols, polyvinylpyrrolidones, polyacrylates, polymethacrylates, polybutenes, polyisobutylenes, polystyrene, polyethyleneamines, polyethyleneamides, polyethyleneimines (Lupasol(R), Polymin(R)), polyethers, polyurethans, polyvinylacetate, tylose and copolymers derived from these polymers. Optionally, also colorants can be included in the formulation. Suitable colorants or dyes for seed treatment formulations are Rhodamin B, C.I. Pigment Red 112, C.I. Solvent Red 1, pigment blue 15:4, pigment blue 15:3, pigment blue 15:2, pigment blue 15: 1, pigment blue 80, pigment yellow 1, pigment yellow 13, pigment red 1 12, pigment red 48:2, pigment red 48: 1, pigment red 57: 1, pigment red 53:1, pigment orange 43, pigment orange 34, pigment orange 5, pigment green 36, pigment green 7, pigment white 6, pigment brown 25, basic violet 10, basic violet 49, acid red 51, acid red 52, acid red 14, acid blue 9, acid yellow 23, basic red 10, basic red 108.

20

The term seed treatment comprises all suitable seed treatment techniques known in the art, such as seed dressing, seed coating, seed dusting, seed soaking, and seed pelleting. In one embodiment, the present invention provides a method of treating soil by the application, in particular into the seed drill: either of a granular formulation containing the TK-inhibiting herbicides as a composition/formulation (e.g., a granular formulation), with optionally one or more solid or liquid, agriculturally acceptable carriers and/or optionally with one or more agriculturally acceptable surfactants. This method is advantageously employed, for example, in seedbeds of cereals, maize, cotton, and sunflower.

30

The present invention also comprises seeds coated with or containing with a seed treatment formulation comprising TK-inhibiting herbicides and at least one other herbicide such as, e.g., an AHAS-inhibitor selected from the group consisting of amidosulfuron, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron, chlorimuron, chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, cyclosulfamuron, ethametsulfuron, ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, flupyrsulfuron, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, iodosulfuron, mesosulfuron, metsulfuron, nicosulfuron, oxasulfuron, primisulfuron, prosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, rimsulfuron, sulfometuron, sulfosulfuron, thifensulfuron, triasulfuron, tribenuron, trifloxysulfuron, triflusulfuron, tritosulfuron, imazamethabenz, imazamox, imazapic, imazapyr, imazaquin, imazethapyr, cloransulam, diclosulam, florasulam, flumetsulam, metosulam, penoxsulam, bispyribac, pyriminobac, propoxycarbazone, flucarbazone, pyribenzoxim, pyriftalid and pyriithiobac.

40

The term "coated with and/or containing" generally signifies that the active ingredient is for

the most part on the surface of the propagation product at the time of application, although a greater or lesser part of the ingredient may penetrate into the propagation product, depending on the method of application. When the said propagation product is (re)planted, it may absorb the active ingredient.

5

In some embodiments, the seed treatment application with TK-inhibiting herbicides or with a formulation comprising the TK-inhibiting herbicides is carried out by spraying or dusting the seeds before sowing of the plants and before emergence of the plants.

10 In other embodiments, in the treatment of seeds, the corresponding formulations are applied by treating the seeds with an effective amount of TK-inhibiting herbicides or a formulation comprising the TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In other aspects, the present invention provides a method for combating undesired
15 vegetation or controlling weeds comprising contacting the seeds of the TK-inhibiting herbicides-tolerant plants of the present invention before sowing and/or after pregermination with TK-inhibiting herbicides. The method can further comprise sowing the seeds, for example, in soil in a field or in a potting medium in greenhouse. The method finds particular use in combating undesired vegetation or controlling weeds in the immediate
20 vicinity of the seed. The control of undesired vegetation is understood as the killing of weeds and/or otherwise retarding or inhibiting the normal growth of the weeds. Weeds, in the broadest sense, are understood as meaning all those plants which grow in locations where they are undesired.

25 The weeds of the present invention include, for example, dicotyledonous and monocotyledonous weeds. Dicotyledonous weeds include, but are not limited to, weeds of the genera: Sinapis, Lepidium, Galium, Stellaria, Matricaria, Anthemis, Galinsoga, Chenopodium, Urtica, Senecio, Amaranthus, Portulaca, Xanthium, Convolvulus, Ipomoea, Polygonum, Sesbania, Ambrosia, Cirsium, Carduus, Sonchus, Solarium, Rorippa, Rotala,
30 Lindernia, Lamium, Veronica, Abutilon, Emex, Datura, Viola, Galeopsis, Papaver, Centaurea, Trifolium, Ranunculus, and Taraxacum. Monocotyledonous weeds include, but are not limited to, weeds of the genera: Echinochloa, Setaria, Panicum, Digitaria, Phleum, Poa, Festuca, Eleusine, Brachiaria, Lolium, Bromus, Avena, Cyperus, Sorghum, Agropyron, Cynodon, Monochoria, Fimbristylis, Sagittaria, Eleocharis, Scirpus, Paspalum,
35 Ischaemum, Sphenoclea, Dactyloctenium, Agrostis, Alopecurus, and Apera.

In addition, the weeds of the present invention can include, for example, crop plants that are growing in an undesired location. For example, a volunteer maize plant that is in a field that predominantly comprises soybean plants can be considered a weed, if the maize plant is
40 undesired in the field of soybean plants.

In other embodiments, in the treatment of seeds, the corresponding formulations are

applied by treating the seeds with an effective amount of TK-inhibiting herbicides or a formulation comprising the TK-inhibiting herbicides.

In still further aspects, treatment of loci, plants, plant parts, or seeds of the present invention comprises application of an agronomically acceptable composition that does not contain an A.I. In one embodiment, the treatment comprises application of an agronomically acceptable composition that does not contain a TK-inhibiting herbicides A.I. In some embodiments, the treatment comprises application of an agronomically acceptable composition that does not contain a TK-inhibiting herbicides A.L, wherein the composition comprises one or more of agronomically-acceptable carriers, diluents, excipients, plant growth regulators, and the like. In other embodiments, the treatment comprises application of an agronomically acceptable composition that does not contain a TK-inhibiting herbicides A.I., wherein the composition comprises an adjuvant. In one embodiment, the adjuvant is a surfactant, a spreader, a sticker, a penetrant, a drift-control agent, a crop oil, an emulsifier, a compatibility agent, or combinations thereof.

It should also be understood that the foregoing relates to preferred embodiments of the present invention and that numerous changes may be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention. The invention is further illustrated by the following examples, which are not to be construed in any way as imposing limitations upon the scope thereof.

On the contrary, it is to be clearly understood that resort may be had to various other embodiments, modifications, and equivalents thereof, which, after reading the description herein, may suggest themselves to those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit of the present invention and/or the scope of the appended claims.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1: Sequencing and full length assembly of transketolase genes

Isolation of RNA and cDNA synthesis

Plant leaf tissue is harvested, frozen and grounded in liquid nitrogen and total RNA is extracted using an Ambion RNAqueous-Midi kit (AM1911, Ambion) with the Plant RNA Isolation Aid (AM9690, Ambion) as per manufacturer's recommendation. The last elution is done with 10 ul of elution solution. To validate the quality of the extracted RNA 1 uL of the final product is run on a Bioanalyzer 2100 using the RNA 6000 Nano kit with the Plant RNA Nano method. The final solution, containing purified RNA, is stored at -80° C until library preparation.

For assembly of plant genes, an RNA sequencing experiment is performed. RNA sequencing libraries are produced using TruSeq RNA Sample preparation kits V2 (RS-122-2001) from Illumina according to the instructions of the manufacturer. Briefly, 1 µg of total RNA is first purified twice on a poly-dT column. During the second elution step, RNA is fragmented and primed for cDNA synthesis. The material is reverse transcribed, RNA is removed and the second strand is produced. After rendering the ends of the fragment blunt, 3' ends are adenylated and Illumina sequencing-specific bar-coded adaptors are ligated at both ends of the fragments. The DNA fragments bearing adaptors at both ends are enriched by a 15 cycle PCR

amplification. Libraries are pooled prior to sequencing. The pooled libraries are first put on a flowcell using a TruSeq PE Cluster kit V3 (PE-401-3001) on the cBot and clusters are amplified on the device. Afterwards, the flowcell is transferred onto the Illumina HiSeq machine and the material on the flowcell is then sequenced using Illumina TruSeq SBS Kit V3 (FC-401-3001) as per manufacturer's recommendation.

The data produced by the Illumina HiSeq sequencer is first trimmed at both ends using a quality threshold of 15 using the FASTQC Quality Trimmer

(<http://www.bioinformatics.babraham.ac.uk/projects/fastqc/>). These sequences are further analyzed to remove any Illumina adaptor sequences using CutAdapt

(<http://code.google.com/p/cutadapt/>). Sequence reads are assembled using CLC bio algorithm (version 4.01). The transketolase full length gene sequences (SEQID NO 182 and 183) are identified by performing a BLAST search with *Arabidopsis thaliana* transketolase sequences as query and the CLC bio assembly as database.

15 **EXAMPLE 2: Mutagenesis of the Gene Encoding for Transketolase**

All nucleic acid coding sequence and all single and double mutants based on SEQ ID NO 183 were synthesized and cloned by Geneart (Geneart AG, Regensburg, Germany). Rational design mutants were synthesized by Geneart. Random transketolase gene libraries were synthesized by Geneart. Plasmids were isolated from *E. coli* TOP10 by performing a plasmid miniprep and confirmed by DNA sequencing.

EXAMPLE 3: Expression and purification of recombinant wild-type and mutant Transketolase

Clones in pET27b vector were transformed into BL21(DE3)-pLysS strain of *E. coli*. Cells were grown in 250 - 1000 mL of LB with 100 µg mL⁻¹ of ampicillin or kanamycin, shaking overnight at 37 °C. The cells were harvested by centrifugation at 1600×g, washed with 0.09% NaCl, and stored at -80 °C. Cells were lysed using a French press at 140 MPa in 50 mM sodium phosphate pH 7.5, 1 M NaCl, 5 mM imidazole, 5% glycerol, and 1 µg mL⁻¹ leupeptin. Following lysis, 0.5 U of Benzonase (Novagen, EMD Chemicals, Inc., Gibbstown, NJ) and PMSF (final concentration of 1 mM) were added. Cell debris was removed by centrifugation at 3000×g. His-tagged transketolase proteins were purified on a nickel activated Hitrap Chelating HP column (GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences Corp., Piscataway, NJ) equilibrated with 20 mM sodium phosphate pH 8.0, 50 mM NaCl, 5 mM imidazole, 5 mM MgCl₂, 0.1mM EDTA, and 17% glycerol. Target protein is eluted with 250 mM imidazole. The active protein was desalted on a PD-10 column (GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences Corp., Piscataway, NJ) equilibrated with a 20 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.5, 5 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM EDTA and 17% glycerol.

EXAMPLE 4: Wild-type and mutant Transketolase Enzyme and Inhibitor Assay

Assays were measured for 1 hour at 340 nm using a standard plate reader. Before starting the reactions with Xylulose-5-Phosphat, the reaction mixture was incubated for 15 minutes at room temperature. Both Cornexistin and Hydroxycornexistin were used as inhibitors of transketolase activity. Dose response curves were measured by titrating either of the inhibitors. On the basis of dose response curves, IC₅₀ values were calculated and use to evaluate in vitro tolerance to either inhibitor. (IC₅₀ is defined as the concentration of inhibitor needed to induce 50% loss in

enzyme activity as compared to a similar reaction without inhibitor.)

The results are shown in Table 4

Table 4

Substitution Position 1	Substitution Position 2	Substitution Position 3	Relative Activity	IC50 (M) Cornexistin	Tolerance Factor (wild type = 1,0)
-	-	-	4,00	4,46E-06	1,0
M463A	L544C	-	0,41	6,58E-04	147,5
V514N	L544V	-	4,41	>1,00E-4	>22,4
T511S	V514N	L544V	5,10	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463C	L544V	-	0,71	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	L544S	-	0,47	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	L544T	-	0,74	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	L544V	-	0,49	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	L544C	-	0,50	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	V514N	L544T	0,49	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	V514N	L544C	0,38	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	V514N	L544S	0,32	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	V514N	L544V	0,44	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	T511S	L544T	1,18	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	T511S	L544C	0,36	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463G	T511S	L544S	0,49	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463C	T511S	L544T	1,47	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463C	T511S	L544C	0,52	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463C	T511S	L544S	0,30	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463C	V514N	L544T	2,37	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463C	V514N	L544C	0,20	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463C	V514N	L544S	0,36	>1,00E-4	>22,4
M463C	V514N	L544V	0,33	>1,00E-4	>22,4
Y337D	-	-	4,99	1,61E-04	36,2
M463C	L544T	-	2,89	1,57E-04	35,3
M463C	L544A	-	0,49	1,00E-04	22,4
M463A	L544A	-	0,29	1,00E-04	22,4
M463A	L544C	-	0,18	1,00E-04	22,4
M463A	L544S	-	0,10	1,00E-04	22,4
M463C	L544C	-	2,01	9,07E-05	20,4
Y337I	-	-	5,33	8,32E-05	18,7
M463L	-	-	4,54	8,03E-05	18,0
S460A	-	-	5,73	7,94E-05	17,8
L544C	-	-	2,94	7,78E-05	17,5
V514N	-	-	9,83	7,68E-05	17,2
M463K	-	-	6,01	7,29E-05	16,4

S461M	-	-	0,04	6,16E-05	13,8
Y337N	-	-	5,58	6,01E-05	13,5
Y337C	-	-	7,78	5,99E-05	13,4
M463G	-	-	9,75	5,94E-05	13,3
S460E	-	-	5,10	5,82E-05	13,1
F512C	-	-	0,60	5,76E-05	12,9
Y337L	-	-	5,11	5,60E-05	12,6
L544V	-	-	8,18	5,30E-05	11,9
M463N	-	-	5,09	5,18E-05	11,6
L458I	-	-	4,98	4,98E-05	11,2
L544V	-	-	5,84	4,98E-05	11,2
L544I	-	-	5,31	4,68E-05	10,5
S342D	A343P	-	0,79	4,61E-05	10,3
L544G	-	-	0,55	4,03E-05	9,0
S460L	-	-	5,58	3,90E-05	8,8
S342D	-	-	0,84	3,87E-05	8,7
L458V	-	-	6,41	3,65E-05	8,2
L544H	-	-	0,09	3,51E-05	7,9
M463A	L544S	-	0,11	3,46E-05	7,8
V514H	-	-	0,07	3,44E-05	7,7
M463A	L544T	-	0,39	3,42E-05	7,7
M463Y	-	-	0,91	3,18E-05	7,1
F513L	-	-	5,39	3,03E-05	6,8
S460G	-	-	7,30	2,98E-05	6,7
M463C	L544S	-	1,55	2,83E-05	6,3
S461A	-	-	0,47	2,82E-05	6,3
L544Q	-	-	0,57	2,78E-05	6,2
I267C	-	-	0,36	2,66E-05	6,0
S460Q	-	-	7,25	2,64E-05	5,9
A343V	-	-	1,28	2,59E-05	5,8
M463F	-	-	1,22	2,59E-05	5,8
Y337F	-	-	5,52	2,51E-05	5,6
S460T	-	-	5,40	2,48E-05	5,6
A343S	-	-	2,27	2,47E-05	5,5
L458M	-	-	5,25	2,45E-05	5,5
Y337E	-	-	7,53	2,40E-05	5,4
L458C	-	-	1,90	2,38E-05	5,3
V514C	-	-	10,36	2,28E-05	5,1
Y337T	-	-	5,36	2,26E-05	5,1
M463I	-	-	0,18	2,26E-05	5,1
T511S	-	-	6,42	2,24E-05	5,0
Y337A	-	-	5,51	2,09E-05	4,7

Y337H	-	-	8,34	1,98E-05	4,4
S460N	-	-	5,44	1,95E-05	4,4
V514A	-	-	8,70	1,86E-05	4,2
S342T	-	-	5,25	1,86E-05	4,2
S460F	-	-	5,54	1,80E-05	4,0
I267L	-	-	1,95	1,79E-05	4,0
A459S	-	-	7,00	1,78E-05	4,0
F513M	-	-	3,48	1,77E-05	4,0
L458S	-	-	0,04	1,74E-05	3,9
V514M	-	-	3,85	1,71E-05	3,8
A459C	-	-	1,80	1,64E-05	3,7
V514T	-	-	1,54	1,61E-05	3,6
A343T	-	-	0,81	1,58E-05	3,5
F513Y	-	-	4,64	1,55E-05	3,5
Y337V	-	-	0,87	1,55E-05	3,5
L458A	-	-	0,96	1,55E-05	3,5
F513I	-	-	1,22	1,53E-05	3,4
V514D	-	-	1,49	1,51E-05	3,4
F513V	-	-	2,43	1,47E-05	3,3
Y337Q	-	-	10,62	1,42E-05	3,2
S460M	-	-	5,14	1,39E-05	3,1
A459T	-	-	5,73	1,39E-05	3,1
S342A	-	-	5,90	1,38E-05	3,1
V514L	-	-	0,71	1,38E-05	3,1
Y337M	-	-	1,17	1,33E-05	3,0
S342N	A343P	-	3,85	1,32E-05	3,0
Y337S	-	-	1,09	1,15E-05	2,6
F515A	-	-	0,11	1,15E-05	2,6
Y337W	-	-	4,09	1,12E-05	2,5
F512A	-	-	0,07	1,11E-05	2,5
F515M	-	-	0,14	1,11E-05	2,5
I267T	-	-	0,93	1,07E-05	2,4
I267D	-	-	0,05	1,06E-05	2,4
M463H	-	-	0,26	1,02E-05	2,3
A459I	-	-	0,04	1,01E-05	2,3
S342T	A343P	-	4,97	1,00E-05	2,3
A343C	-	-	3,70	9,75E-06	2,2
V514Q	-	-	1,22	9,71E-06	2,2
S342Q	-	-	5,13	9,68E-06	2,2
V514I	-	-	2,02	9,20E-06	2,1
F513T	-	-	0,10	9,08E-06	2,0
V514F	-	-	0,13	8,65E-06	1,9

A343I	-	-	0,66	8,59E-06	1,9
F512M	-	-	5,40	8,48E-06	1,9
S460C	-	-	5,67	8,40E-06	1,9
A459G	-	-	0,42	7,63E-06	1,7
S342V	-	-	2,55	7,52E-06	1,7
A343M	-	-	0,86	7,14E-06	1,6
V514E	-	-	0,10	7,12E-06	1,6
F512H	-	-	0,58	6,86E-06	1,5
V514S	-	-	1,40	6,68E-06	1,5
A343P	-	-	5,80	6,67E-06	1,5
S342N	-	-	4,96	6,58E-06	1,5
S460V	-	-	4,80	6,51E-06	1,5
S342I	-	-	1,34	6,23E-06	1,4
I267A	-	-	0,29	6,10E-06	1,4
S342C	-	-	5,07	5,57E-06	1,2
F513C	-	-	0,96	5,13E-06	1,2
F513A	-	-	0,54	5,02E-06	1,1
S342F	-	-	0,78	4,96E-06	1,1
S342C	A343P	-	3,03	4,64E-06	1,0
S342H	A343P	-	2,27	4,46E-06	1,0
S342M	-	-	4,57	4,36E-06	1,0
S342K	A343P	-	2,14	4,29E-06	1,0
I267V	-	-	0,81	4,23E-06	0,9
F512Q	-	-	0,68	4,05E-06	0,9
L458T	-	-	0,98	3,88E-06	0,9
S460I	-	-	6,53	3,69E-06	0,8
F515Y	-	-	0,74	1,67E-06	0,4
S461N	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511V	-	-	0,00	-	-
M463S	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511A	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511F	-	-	0,00	-	-
F513Q	-	-	0,00	-	-
F513S	-	-	0,00	-	-
S461Q	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515Q	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515C	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511C	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515I	-	-	0,00	-	-
M463V	L544A	-	0,00	-	-
F512E	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511N	-	-	0,00	-	-

F515H	-	-	0,00	-	-
M463V	L544C	-	0,00	-	-
L544E	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511E	-	-	0,00	-	-
F513E	-	-	0,00	-	-
M463V	L544T	-	0,00	-	-
F515N	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515D	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511F	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511L	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515T	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515E	-	-	0,00	-	-
V514Y	-	-	0,00	-	-
F513D	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515S	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515L	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511H	-	-	0,00	-	-
F513H	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511D	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511I	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511Q	-	-	0,00	-	-
F515V	-	-	0,00	-	-
T511M	-	-	0,00	-	-
F513N	-	-	0,00	-	-
M463V	L544S	-	0,00	-	-
T511K	-	-	0,00	-	-
I267F	-	-	0,06	-	-
I267K	-	-	0,02	-	-
I267M	-	-	0,37	-	-
I267N	-	-	0,20	-	-
I267R	-	-	0,02	-	-
L458D	-	-	0,07	-	-
L458F	-	-	0,04	-	-
L458N	-	-	0,24	-	-
A343L	-	-	0,02	-	-
M463A	-	-	5,03	-	-
M463C	-	-	6,05	-	-
M463D	-	-	0,28	-	-
A459V	-	-	0,01	-	-
S461C	-	-	0,14	-	-
S461D	-	-	0,00	-	-
S461I	-	-	0,01	-	-

S461T	-	-	0,77	-	-
M463V	-	-	0,80	-	-
F512I	-	-	1,13	-	-
F512L	-	-	2,85	-	-
F512N	-	-	0,10	-	-
F512T	-	-	0,31	-	-
F512V	-	-	0,63	-	-
F512Y	-	-	0,67	-	-
L544A	-	-	0,88	-	-
L544D	-	-	0,16	-	-
L544F	-	-	0,15	-	-
L544M	-	-	0,80	-	-
L544N	-	-	0,81	-	-
L544S	-	-	0,85	-	-
L544T	-	-	2,07	-	-
I267W	-	-	0,08	-	-
I267S	-	-	0,37	-	-
S460D	-	-	2,30	-	-
S461V	-	-	0,11	-	-
F512S	-	-	0,03	-	-
M463S	-	-	1,95	-	-
M463T	-	-	0,00	-	-
F512D	-	-	0,05	-	-

Table 5

Assay components:		200µl Assay volumes	final concentrations
2 mM Mix A	Inhibitor in 100%DMSO	10	1,0E-4 M
50 mM	Tris/HCl pH 7,7	84,7	50 mM
0,10%	Coccarboxylase (TPP)	3,4	0,002%
10 mM	β-NADH	10	0,5 mM
300 mM	MgCl ₂	10	15 mM
10 units/ml (1:100)	α-GDH/TPI	3,4	0,17 units/ml
10 mM	D-Ribose 5-Phosphat	15	0,75 mM
	Transketolase	enzyme concentration dependent	
140µl			
Reaction Start:			
	Xylulose-5-Phosphat	depends on substrate	
50 mM	Tris/HCl pH 7,7	ad. 60 µL	50 mM
60 µl			
Indicator Reaction			
Assay Components:		200µl Volumes	Final Concentrations
Mix A			
2mM	Inhibitor	10	1,0E-4 M
50mM	Tris/HCl pH 7,7	Ad.140	50mM
0,10%	Coccarboxylase (TPP)	3,4	0,002%
10 mM	β-NADH	10	0,5 mM
300mM	MgCl ₂	10	15mM
1units/ml (1:1000)	α-GDH/TPI	10	0,05 units/mL
140µl			
Reaction Start:			
2,94 mM	Glycerinaldehyd 3-Phosphat	51	0,75mM
50mM	Tris/HCl pH 7,7	9	
60µl			

EXAMPLE 5: Demonstration of herbicide tolerance in a transient tobacco expression system

5 Transient expression of transketolase genes (e.g. SEQ ID NO: 1, 10, 104, 130 and 156) are done as described previously (Voinnet O., *et al.*, 2003, The Plant Journal 33, 949-956). In brief, for transient transformation of tobacco leaves or stable *Arabidopsis thaliana* transformation, Wildtype or mutated TKL sequences encoding TKL polypeptides comprising SEQ ID NO: 1, 10, 104, 130 and 156, are

synthesized (Life Technologies, USA) and cloned with standard cloning techniques as described in Sambrook *et al.* (Molecular cloning (2001) Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press) in a binary vector containing resistance marker gene cassette (AHAS) and TKL sequence in between ubiquitin promoter (PcUbi) and nopaline synthase terminator (NOS) sequence. In addition, a plastid targeting peptide (amino acid 1- 59 from swiss prot gene id FENR_SPIOL) with a linker sequence CSSAAA was fused to SEQ ID NO: 104, 130 and 156. Young leaves of *Nicotiana benthamiana* are infiltrated with transgenic *Agrobacterium* suspension (strain: pGV 2260, OD⁶⁰⁰ of 1.0) harbouring binary vector constructs with a transketolase gene. Two to three days after infiltration punches of leaf discs (0.75 cm in diameter) are transferred to 6-well plates with medium containing herbicide of interest in different concentrations. Multi well plates are incubated in a growth chamber at 22°C, 75% relative humidity and 110 µmol Phot * m⁻² * s⁻¹ with 14 : 10 h light : dark photoperiod. Herbicide effect are monitored by visual inspection and analysis of photosynthetic yield by imaging PAM (Walz, Effeltrich, Germany) 24h, 48h and 96h after treatment. Tolerance factors are calculated based on IC₅₀ values of PSII yield inhibition of transformed *versus* empty vector-transformed leaf discs. IC₅₀ of PSII yield inhibition in empty vector-transformed leaf discs treated with Cornexistin for 24h or 48 h was measured with 4.7*10⁻⁶ M or 1.0*10⁻⁶ M, respectively.

Table 6: Tolerance values as observed in transient expression system, 24h after treatment.

Gene	Seq ID	Cornexistin
LEMPA_TKL wt	10	2.9
SPIOL_TKL wt	1	3.6
Pd_TKL1	104	5.9
Pd_TKL2	130	2.8
Pd_TKL3	156	4.8
SPIOL TKL S461T	1*	4.5
SPIOL TKL L544T	1*	2.1

* with respective mutation as stated in column 'gene'

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EXAMPLE 6: Maize whole plant transformation and herbicide tolerance testing: Immature embryos were transformed according to the procedure outlined in Peng et al.

(WO2006/136596). Plants were tested for the presence of the T-DNA by Taqman analysis with the target being the *nos* terminator which is present in all constructs. Healthy looking plants were sent to the greenhouse for hardening out and subsequent spray testing.

The plants were individually transplanted into MetroMix 360 soil in 4" pots. Once they had been in the greenhouse (day/night cycle of 27°C /21°C with 14 hour day length supported by 600W high pressure sodium lights), they were allowed to grow for 14 days. They were then sprayed with a herbicide treatment. Herbicide injury evaluations were taken 7 and 14 days after treatment to look for injury to new growth points and overall plant health. The top survivors were transplanted into gallon pots filled with MetroMix 360 for seed production.

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EXAMPLE 7: Soybean transformation and herbicide tolerance testing:

Soybean cv Jake was transformed as previously described¹. After regeneration, transformants were transplanted to soil in small pots, placed in growth chambers (16 hr day/ 8 hr night; 25°C day/ 23°C night; 65% relative humidity; 130-150 µE m⁻² s⁻¹) and subsequently tested for the presence of the T-DNA via Taqman analysis. After a few weeks, healthy, transgenic positive,

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single copy events were transplanted to larger pots and allowed to grow in the growth chamber. An optimal shoot for cutting was about 3-4" tall, with at least two nodes present. Each cutting was taken from the original transformant (mother plant) and dipped into rooting hormone powder (indole-3-butyric acid, IBA). The cutting was then placed in oasis wedges inside a bio-dome. The mother plant was taken to maturity in the greenhouse and harvested for seed. Wild type cuttings were also taken simultaneously to serve as negative controls. The cuttings were kept in the bio-dome for 5-7 days and then transplanted to 3" pots and then acclimated in the growth chamber for two more days. Subsequently, the cuttings were transferred to the greenhouse, acclimated for approximately 4 days, and then subjected to herbicide spray tests. Herbicide injury evaluations were taken at 7 and 14 days after treatment.

References

1. Hong HP, Zhang H, Olhoft P, Hill S, Wiley H, Toren E, Hillebrand H, Jones T, Cheng M. Organogenic callus as the target for plant regeneration and transformation via *Agrobacterium* in soybean (*Glycine max* (L.) Merr.). *In Vitro Cell. Dev. Biol.-Plant* 2007; 43: 558-568

EXAMPLE 8. Engineering herbicide tolerant plants

Herbicide tolerant soybean (*Glycine max*) or corn (*Zea mays*) plants are generated as described by Olhoft et al. (US patent 2009/0049567). For transformation of soybean or *Arabidopsis thaliana*, transketolase genes are cloned with standard cloning techniques as described in Sambrook et al. (*Molecular cloning* (2001) Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press) in a binary vector containing resistance marker gene cassette (AHAS) and transketolase sequence (marked as GOI) in between ubiquitin promoter (PcUbi) and nopaline synthase terminator (NOS) sequence. For corn transformation, transketolase sequences are cloned with standard cloning techniques as described in Sambrook et al. (*Molecular cloning* (2001) Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press) in a binary vector containing resistance marker gene cassette (AHAS) and transketolase sequence (marked as GOI) in between corn ubiquitin promoter (ZmUbi) and nopaline synthase terminator (NOS) sequence. Binary plasmids are introduced to *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* for plant transformation. Plasmid constructs are introduced into soybean's axillary meristem cells at the primary node of seedling explants via *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation. After inoculation and co-cultivation with *Agrobacteria*, the explants are transferred to shoot introduction media without selection for one week. The explants were subsequently transferred to a shoot induction medium with 1-3 μM imazapyr (Arsenal) for 3 weeks to select for transformed cells. Explants with healthy callus/shoot pads at the primary node are then transferred to shoot elongation medium containing 1-3 μM imazapyr until a shoot elongated or the explant died. Transgenic plantlets are rooted, subjected to TaqMan analysis for the presence of the transgene, transferred to soil and grown to maturity in greenhouse. Transformation of corn plants are done by a method described by McElver and Singh (WO 2008/124495). Plant transformation vector constructs containing transketolase sequences are introduced into maize immature embryos via *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation.

Transformed cells are selected in selection media supplemented with 0.5-1.5 μM

imazethapyr for 3-4 weeks. Transgenic plantlets are regenerated on plant regeneration media and rooted afterwards. Transgenic plantlets are subjected to TaqMan analysis for the presence of the transgene before being transplanted to potting mixture and grown to maturity in greenhouse. Arabidopsis thaliana are transformed with transketolase sequences by floral dip method as described by McElver and Singh (WO 2008/124495). Transgenic Arabidopsis plants are subjected to TaqMan analysis for analysis of the number of integration loci. Transformation of Oryza sativa (rice) are done by protoplast transformation as described by Peng et al. (US 6653529)

10 **EXAMPLE 9: Demonstration of herbicide tolerance**

T0 or T1 transgenic plant of soybean, corn, and rice containing transketolase sequences are tested for improved tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides in greenhouse studies and mini-plot studies. For the pre-emergence treatment, the herbicides are applied directly after sowing by means of finely distributing nozzles. The containers are irrigated gently to promote germination and growth and subsequently covered with transparent plastic hoods until the plants have rooted. This cover causes uniform germination of the test plants, unless this has been impaired by the herbicides. For post emergence treatment, the test plants are first grown to a height of 3 to 15 cm, depending on the plant habit, and only then treated with the herbicides. For this purpose, the test plants are either sown directly and grown in the same containers, or they are first grown separately and transplanted into the test containers a few days prior to treatment.

For testing of T0 plants, cuttings can be used. In the case of soybean plants, an optimal shoot for cutting is about 7.5 to 10 cm tall, with at least two nodes present. Each cutting is taken from the original transformant (mother plant) and dipped into rooting hormone powder (indole-3-butyric acid, IBA). The cutting is then placed in oasis wedges inside a bio-dome. Wild type cuttings are also taken simultaneously to serve as controls. The cuttings are kept in the bio-dome for 5-7 days and then transplanted to pots and then acclimated in the growth chamber for two more days. Subsequently, the cuttings are transferred to the greenhouse, acclimated for approximately 4 days, and then subjected to spray tests as indicated. Depending on the species, the plants are kept at 10-25°C or 20-35°C. The test period extends over 3 weeks. During this time, the plants are tended and their response to the individual treatments is evaluated. Herbicide injury evaluations are taken at 2 and 3 weeks after treatment. Plant injury is rated on a scale of 0% to 100%, 0% being no injury and 100% being complete death.

Transgenic Arabidopsis thaliana plants are assayed for improved tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides in 48-well plates. Therefore, T2 seeds are surface sterilized by stirring for 5 min in ethanol + water (70+30 by volume), rinsing one time with ethanol + water (70+30 by volume) and two times with sterile, deionized water. The seeds are resuspended in 0.1% agar dissolved in water (w/v) Four to five seeds per well are plated on solid nutrient medium consisting of half-strength murashige skoog nutrient solution, pH 5.8 (Murashige and Skoog (1962) Physiologia Plantarum 15: 473-497). Compounds are dissolved in dimethylsulfoxid

(DMSO) and added to the medium prior solidification (final DMSO concentration 0.1%). Multi well plates are incubated in a growth chamber at 22°C, 75% relative humidity and 110 $\mu\text{mol Phot} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ with 14 : 10 h light : dark photoperiod. Growth inhibition is evaluated seven to ten days after seeding in comparison to wild type plants (Table 6). Additionally, transgenic T1 *Arabidopsis* plants can be tested for improved tolerance to herbicides in greenhouse studies with TK-inhibiting herbicides such as cornexistin.

Table 7: Relative tolerance rates of transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants as compared to a non-transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants (non-transgenic = 1.0), treated with Cornexistin. Growth inhibition is evaluated seven to ten days after seeding in comparison to wild type plants.

Gene	Seq ID	Cornexistin
LEMPA_TKL wt	10	9
SPIOL_TKL wt	1	4.8
Pd_TKL1	104	28
Pd_TKL2	130	8.6
Pd_TKL3	156	10

EXAMPLE 10: Sequence Analysis.

Leaf tissue was collected from clonal plants separated for transplanting and analyzed as individuals. Genomic DNA was extracted using a Wizard® 96 Magnetic DNA Plant System kit (Promega, US Patent Nos. 6,027,945 & 6,368,800) as directed by the manufacturer. Isolated DNA was PCR amplified using the appropriate forward and reverse primer. PCR amplification was performed using Hotstar Taq DNA Polymerase (Qiagen) using touchdown thermocycling program as follows: 96°C for 15 min, followed by 35 cycles (96°C, 30 sec; 58°C – 0.2 °C per cycle, 30 sec; 72°C, 3 min and 30 sec), 10 min at 72°C. PCR products were verified for concentration and fragment size via agarose gel electrophoresis. Dephosphorylated PCR products were analyzed by direct sequence using the PCR primers (DNA Landmarks, or Entelechon). Chromatogram trace files (.scf) were analyzed for mutation relative to the wild-type gene using Vector NTI Advance 10™ (Invitrogen). Based on sequence information, mutations were identified in several individuals. Sequence analysis was performed on the representative chromatograms and corresponding AlignX alignment with default settings and edited to call secondary peaks.

Claims:

1. A plant or plant part comprising a polynucleotide encoding a wildtype or mutated transketolase (TK) polypeptide, the expression of said polynucleotide confers to the plant or plant part tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.
5
2. The plant or plant part of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide encoding the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide comprises the nucleic acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 182 or 183, or a homologue, variant or derivative thereof.
10
3. The plant or plant part of any of claims 1 to 2, wherein the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide is a functional variant having, over the full-length of the variant, at least about 60%, illustratively, at least about 80%, 90%, 95%, 98%, 99% or more amino acid sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, or 181.
15
20
4. The plant or plant part of any of claims 1 to 3, wherein the mutated TK refers to a TK polypeptide comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, an orthologue, paralogue, or homologue thereof, wherein the amino acid sequence differs from the wildtype amino acid sequence at one or more positions corresponding to positions 265, 267, 337, 342, 343, 458, 459, 460, 461, 463, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 544 of SEQ ID NO: 1.
25
30
5. A seed capable of germination into a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.
35
6. A plant cell of or capable of regenerating a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides, wherein the plant cell comprises the
40

polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter.

- 5 7. A plant cell comprising a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in a cell, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.
- 10 8. A plant product prepared from a plant or plant part comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.
- 15 9. A progeny or descendant plant derived from a plant comprising in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, wherein the progeny or descendant plant comprises in at least some of its cells the polynucleotide operably linked to the promoter, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the progeny or descendant plant tolerance to the TK-inhibiting herbicides.
- 20 10. A method for controlling weeds at a locus for growth of a plant, the method comprising: (a) applying an herbicide composition comprising TK-inhibiting herbicides to the locus; and (b) planting a seed at the locus, wherein the seed is capable of producing a plant that comprises in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.
- 25 30 11. The method of claim 10, wherein herbicide composition is applied to the weeds and to the plant produced by the seed.
- 35 40 12. A method of producing a plant having tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicide, the method comprising regenerating a plant from a plant cell transformed with transformed with a recombinant polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.

13. A method of producing a progeny plant having tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicide, the method comprising: crossing a first TK-inhibiting herbicide-tolerant plant with a second plant to produce a TK-inhibiting herbicide-tolerant progeny plant, wherein the first plant and the progeny plant comprise in at least some of their cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides.
14. A plant or plant part comprising in at least some of its cells a recombinant polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides, wherein the plant or plant part further exhibits a second or third herbicide-tolerant trait.
15. A method for producing a plant product from the plant of claim 1, the method comprising processing the plant or a plant part thereof to obtain the plant product.
16. The method of claim 15, wherein the plant product is fodder, seed meal, oil, or seed-treatment-coated seeds.
17. A plant product obtained from a plant or plant part thereof, wherein the plant or plant part comprises in at least some of its cells a polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter operable in plant cells, the promoter capable of expressing a wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, the expression of the wildtype or mutated TK polypeptide conferring to the plant tolerance to TK-inhibiting herbicides, wherein the plant or plant part further exhibits a second or third herbicide-tolerant trait.
18. The plant product of claim 17, wherein the product is fodder, seed meal, oil, or seed-treatment-coated seed.

Figure 1A

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10          20          30          40          50          60          70
1 [transketolase Sp MAASSSLSTLSHHQTLIS.HPKTHLPTTP...ASSLLVPTTSSKVNGLVLLKSTSSSRRLRVGSASA...
transketolase [Spin .....
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10 MAASSSLSTLSHHQTLIS.HPKTHLPTTP...ASSLLVPTTSSKVNGLVLLKSTSSSRRLRVGSASA...
gi|223548870|gb|EEF MASTSSLTSLSQALLARAISHHVST.QSSDR..LSLSTPS..LPAFSGLKSTSSSIPRATSSRRSRRNSSI
Transketolase_1_AMA MASSLSLSKIISTPTS...RNPSTPTHK...FSSSTSLLYSSSSSIYKPSHFSLKSSSRISPRT...
Transketolase_2_AMA MAASSSL.TLSHHQTLIS.HPKTHLPNSS...TSSILVPTTSSKVNGLLKATNS.RRRRVGSRAT...
Transketolase_3_AMA .....MVAMAQTTLVAQRP.....SLARPAKQQLRARRALLVRS...
Transketolase_1_KOS MAASSSLSTLSHHKTLIS.HPKTHLPNTT...TTSLLVPTTSSKVNGLVLLKSSHNPRRRRVGSRAA...
Transketolase_2_KOS MATSLSLSKLISARATNTAHNPSATPPL...LPS..SLSLSSSSSLVKTSPFSLKTQKRVAPRA...
Transketolase_LEMPA MAASSSVLQTVVSRVAVTSSHGSPSSSPAELHAIAPAGFSLCGLAGKGIKSSPSIAPFAAPAARGKRLSL.
Partial Sequence Tr .....AAAAAPAERLGFRR...LSSLACRGLRSPLPARRGSPAASSRRS...
gi|514760041|ref|XP MAAHNVAAAHATIAAARAGPAPGAAASAPAERLGFRR...LSSLACRGLRSPAPARR.APSAAASRR...
gi|568875658|ref|XP MASSSSFTLSQALLTRGTSHHGFT.QSSEHRLALSTLS..LPFSGLKSTSSSTLRTPTSRRLS...
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ MASTSSLTSLSQALLSHEISRHG...SNSSSDRVPLS...IPTFSGLKSTKPPRLTGSahrPR...
gi|118487947|gb|ABK MASTSSLTSLSQALLARAVSHNAID.NLRD...SRLSLVS..LPAFSGLKSTTCTATRATTTTSSRR...
gi|470142472|ref|XP MTSSSSVTLSQALLARAISH...SNSTSDRVSLSSAIS.LPFSGLKSTSS...AAASVKLARV...
gi|561015858|gb|ESW MASSSSLHLSQALLARAVYLHG...SSS.DRVSL...FPFSGLKSHSPCKAATFSAGSRRRG...
gi|449498919|ref|XP MASTSSAALSQAVLPRTISHHASN.PSADR..VSLSTRS..LPFSGLKSTNSAAVVASSRRNRSS...
gi|356576867|ref|XP MASTSSLHLSQALLARAVYLHG...SSS.DRVSL...FPFSGLKSHSPCK.AAATS.SRRRGA...
gi|469474163|gb|AGH MASSSSSLTSLSQAILSRSTTHPHGSSNQPPSDHRLSLPTFSLPTFSGLKSS...SLPTTTASGRRL...
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ MTSSTSVTLSQALLARAISHHG...SSSTSDRVSLSAALT.LPFSGLKSTSSSPSSSSSTSSKLSRF...
gi|222843004|gb|EEE MASTSSLTSLSQALLARAISHNAID.NLRD...SRLSLVS..LPAFSGLKSTTCTATRATTTTSSRR...
gi|460388792|ref|XP MASSSSSLTSLSQAILSRSVSR.HGSSSSP...NSQLSPSSISLPTFSGLKSTTATFRRRILPSAAG...
gi|356536526|ref|XP MASSSSLHLSQALLARAVYLHG...SSSSDRVSL...FPFSGLKSHSTCKAAAATS.SRRRGA...
gi|355516131|gb|AES .MASSSLHLSQAFALARAVYLN...EIRAASLSSTS...SLSPFALKS.SSS..SKPPTRR...
gi|330255441|gb|AEC MASTSSLALSQALLTRAISHNG...SEN...CVS...IPAFSALKSTSPRTSGTISSRRNRNAST...
gi|118481093|gb|ABK MASTSSLTSLSQALLARAISHNAID.QRRD...SRLSLVS..LPAFSGLKSTTASRATTTTNR...
gi|449474170|ref|XP MASTSSAALSQAVLPRTISHHASN.PSADR..VSLSTRS..LPFSGLKSTNSAAVVASSRRNRSS...
gi|565357366|ref|XP MASSSSSLTSLSQAILSRSVSR.HGSSSSP...NSQLSPSSLSLPTFSGLKSTTATFRRRILPSAAA...
gi|502121526|ref|XP .MASSLHLSQALLARAVYLNDRGSLSSSSSSSTS...TLXFPSLKS.SSCKPATYSPGSR...
Consensus MAS SSL LSQA L R S P FSGLKS

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80          90          100         110         120         130         140
1 [transketolase Sp .....VVRAAAVEALE...STDIDQLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
transketolase [Spin .....MLE...STDIDQLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10 .....VVRAAAVEALE...STDIDQLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|223548870|gb|EEF PTARRLQT...PTRAAAVETLD...VTIDTSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
Transketolase_1_AMA .....AVIASAVESLOKSAAEDVTLIEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
Transketolase_2_AMA .....VVKAAAAVETLE...SRDTEQVVERINNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
Transketolase_3_AMA .....QATAAPALVK.GEIKDKTAELAIKAIIRFLAIDGVNKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
Transketolase_1_KOS .....VIRAAAAVETLE...TTIDTQVVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
Transketolase_2_KOS .....AVRASAVESPOKSAATAEVALIDKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
Transketolase_LEMPA .....RRPVRAATALETVAK.TETS..LVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
Partial Sequence Tr .....QVRVRAAAVETVEG.QAATGELLDKSVNAIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|514760041|ref|XP .....QRVVRAAAVEALEG.KAATGELLEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|568875658|ref|XP ..TSQASR...PIRAAAVETLE...TSDAALVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ ..ATHYRR...QIVRAAAIETLG...TTAETALVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|118487947|gb|ABK ...RVSSR...QVRAAAVETLD...ATTETSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|470142472|ref|XP ..PRRRL...SRPVRAAAVETLD...KTTETSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|561015858|gb|ESW ...ASTS...VVRATAVETLD...QTTEVSLVEKSVNTIRFLSIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|449498919|ref|XP ...RSRCG...VVRAASVAETVD...KTTDTSLIEKSVNTIRFLSIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|356576867|ref|XP ..CASTS...VVRAAAVETLD...QTTEVSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|469474163|gb|AGH ...TSRRR...AIRASAAVETL...NKTETALVDKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ ...QRRRLGANRPVRAAAVETLD...KTTETSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|222843004|gb|EEE ...RVSSR...QVRAAAVETLD...ATTETSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|460388792|ref|XP ...AGRHS...AIRASAAVETL...QKTDNSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|356536526|ref|XP ..CPSTN...VVRAAAVETLD...QTTEVSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|355516131|gb|AES ...RTP...AIRATAVETLD...KTTEASLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|330255441|gb|AEC ..ISHSLR...PLVRAAAVEAIV...TSSDSSLVDKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|118481093|gb|ABK ...RVSSR...HVRAAAVETLD...ATTETSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|449474170|ref|XP ...RSRCG...VVRAASVAETVD...KTTDTSLIEKSVNTIRFLSIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|565357366|ref|XP ...SCRHS...AIRASAAVETL...EKTIDNALVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
gi|502121526|ref|XP ...RTT...TVRATAVETLD...KTAELSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD
Consensus VRAAAVETL TT LVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSGHPGLPMGCCAPMGHILYD

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Figure 1A continued

	150	160	170	180	190	200	210
1 [transketolase Sp	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
transketolase [Spin	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|223548870|gb|EEF	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
Transketolase_1_AMA	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
Transketolase_2_AMA	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
Transketolase_3_AMA	DFLTVDPKQPRWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
Transketolase_1_KOS	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
Transketolase_2_KOS	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
Transketolase_LEMPA	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
Partial Sequence Tr	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|514760041|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|568875658|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|118487947|gb|ABK	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|470142472|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|561015858|gb|ESW	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|449498919|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|356576867|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|469474163|gb|AGH	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|222843004|gb|EEE	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|460388792|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|356536526|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|355516131|gb|AES	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|330255441|gb|AEC	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|118481093|gb|ABK	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|449474170|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|565357366|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
gi|502121526|ref|XP	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSVLEEDL	KTFRQWGS	SRIPGHPENFETPGVEV		
Consensus	EIMRYNPKNPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHC	CMLQYALLL	LAGYDSV	EEDLK FRQWGS	TPGHPENFETPGVEV		

	220	230	240	250	260	270	280
1 [transketolase Sp	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
transketolase [Spin	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|223548870|gb|EEF	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
Transketolase_1_AMA	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
Transketolase_2_AMA	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
Transketolase_3_AMA	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
Transketolase_1_KOS	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
Transketolase_2_KOS	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
Transketolase_LEMPA	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
Partial Sequence Tr	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|514760041|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|568875658|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|118487947|gb|ABK	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|470142472|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|561015858|gb|ESW	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|449498919|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|356576867|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|469474163|gb|AGH	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|222843004|gb|EEE	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|460388792|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|356536526|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|355516131|gb|AES	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|330255441|gb|AEC	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|118481093|gb|ABK	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|449474170|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|565357366|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
gi|502121526|ref|XP	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI
Consensus	TTGPLGQC	IANGVGLALAEKH	HLAARFNKPD	AEIVDHYTYV	ILGDGC	MEGIAEACSL	AGHWGLGKLI

Figure 1A continued

	430	440	450	460	470	480	490
1 [transketolase Sp	EDATEFKS	IITGFEFPACWEKALPT	TYTPETPGD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
transketolase [Spin	EDATEFKS	IITGFEFPACWEKALPT	TYTPETPGD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10	EDATEFKS	IITGFEFPACWEKALPT	TYTPETPGD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|223548870|gb|EEF	EEAAELKSI	IKGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQANLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
Transketolase_1_AMA	EEAAELKSI	IITGELPSDWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
Transketolase_2_AMA	EEAAELKSI	IITGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPETPGD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
Transketolase_3_AMA	EEAAELKSI	IITGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPETPGD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
Transketolase_1_KOS	EEAAELKSI	IITGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPETPAD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
Transketolase_2_KOS	DEAAELKAI	IVTGEFPPSCWEKALPT	TYTTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
Transketolase_LEMPA	EEAAVLKSI	IITSGELPTDWDKALPT	TYTPENACD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKSF	
Partial Sequence Tr	EDAATLKSI	IITGELPACWADALPT	TYTTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|514760041|ref|XP	EDAATLKSI	IITGELPTCWADALPK	TYTTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|568875658|ref|XP	EEAAEFKSI	ISSGQLPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAE	ATRNLSSQTCNLALAKT	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ	EEAAELKSI	IITGELPACWEDALPK	TYTPESPGD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|118487947|gb|ABK	EEAAELKSI	IANGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|470142472|ref|XP	EEAAELKSI	IITGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPEVPAD	ATRNLSSQANLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|561015858|gb|ESW	EEAAELKAI	IITSGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|449498919|ref|XP	EEAAELKGI	IITSGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKSF	
gi|356576867|ref|XP	EEAAELKAI	IITGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKSY	
gi|469474163|gb|AGH	EEAAELKSI	IITSGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ	EEAAELKSI	IITSGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPENPAD	ATRNLSSQANLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKSF	
gi|222843004|gb|EEE	EEAAELKSI	IANGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|460388792|ref|XP	EEAADLKSI	IITGELPADWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|356536526|ref|XP	EEAAELKAI	IITGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKSY	
gi|355516131|gb|AES	EEAAELKAI	IINRELPAWWEKALPT	TYTPETPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKSF	
gi|330255441|gb|AEC	EEAAELKSI	IITSGELPVWEKALPT	TYTPESPGD	ATRNLSSQQCLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKAF	
gi|118481093|gb|ABK	EEAAEFKSI	IMTGEPLTCWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|449474170|ref|XP	EEAAELKGI	IITSGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKSF	
gi|565357366|ref|XP	EEAADLKSI	IITGELPADWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	
gi|502121526|ref|XP	EEAAELKAI	IITRELPAWWEKALPT	TYTPETPAD	ATRNLSSQQMLNALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKSF	
Consensus	EEAAELKSI	IITGELPACWEKALPT	TYTPESPAD	ATRNLSSQ	LNALAKVLPGLIGGSADLAS	SNMTLLKMF	

	500	510	520	530	540	550	560
1 [transketolase Sp	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
transketolase [Spin	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10	GD	FRTRHRKKETF	RFGVREHCGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|223548870|gb|EEF	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
Transketolase_1_AMA	GN	FQKDTPEERNLRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
Transketolase_2_AMA	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
Transketolase_3_AMA	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
Transketolase_1_KOS	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
Transketolase_2_KOS	GN	FQKDTPEERNLRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
Transketolase_LEMPA	GD	FQKNTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
Partial Sequence Tr	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|514760041|ref|XP	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|568875658|ref|XP	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALCEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ	GD	FQKNTPEERNLRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|118487947|gb|ABK	GD	FQKGTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|470142472|ref|XP	GD	FQKGTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|561015858|gb|ESW	GD	FQKGTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|449498919|ref|XP	GN	FQKDTPEERNLRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALCEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|356576867|ref|XP	GD	FQKNTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALCEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|469474163|gb|AGH	GD	FQKNTPEERNLRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ	GD	FQKNTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|222843004|gb|EEE	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|460388792|ref|XP	GD	FQKSTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALAESRVI	VMTHT
gi|355516131|gb|AES	GD	FQKATPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALCEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|330255441|gb|AEC	GN	FQKATPEERNLRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|118481093|gb|ABK	GD	FQKDTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRCAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|449474170|ref|XP	GN	FQKDTPEERNLRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALCEAGVI	VMTHT
gi|565357366|ref|XP	GD	FQKSTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGLIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALAESRVI	VMTHT
gi|502121526|ref|XP	GD	FQKGTPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALCEAGVI	VMTHT
Consensus	GDFQK	TPEERNVRFVREH	CGAICNGI	ALHSPGFIPYCATFF	VFTDYMRAAMR	ISALSEAGVI	VMTHT

Figure 1A continued

	570	580	590	600	610	620	630
1 [transketolase Sp	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACSYKVA	VENR.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
transketolase [Spin	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACSYKVA	VENR.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	EALSKFPAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACSYKVA	VENR.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|223548870|gb|EEF	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMFRPA	DCNETACYRIA	AVLNR.....	KRPSVLALS	SRQKL	
Transketolase_1_AMA	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYRIA	AVLNR.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
Transketolase_2_AMA	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	VEHR.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
Transketolase_3_AMA	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	VEHR.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
Transketolase_1_KOS	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	VENR.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
Transketolase_2_KOS	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNR.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
Transketolase_LEMPA	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELVSRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
Partial Sequence Tr	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELVSRAMPNMLMFRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|514760041|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELVSRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|568875658|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVANR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMFRPA	DCNETACYKVA	VVNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|118487947|gb|ABK	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|470142472|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACSYKVA	VENK.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|561015858|gb|ESW	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACSYKVA	AVLNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|449498919|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNQ.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|356576867|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACSYKVA	AVVNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|469474163|gb|ACH	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYRVA	AVLNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|222843004|gb|EEE	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|460388792|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYRVA	ALKN.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|356536526|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACSYKVA	AVVNR.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|355516131|gb|AES	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYRVA	AVLNQ.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|330255441|gb|AEC	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELSSFRAMPNMLMFRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVTKR.....	KTPSVLALS	SRQKL	
gi|118481093|gb|ABK	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNS.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|449474170|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYKVA	AVLNQ.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|565357366|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYRVA	AVLNS.....	KTPSILALS	SRQKL	
gi|502121526|ref|XP	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACYRVA	AVLNQ.....	KRPSILALS	SRQKL	
Consensus	DSIGLGEDGPTHQPI	ELASFRAMPNMLMLRPA	DCNETACSYKVA	AVLNR		KRPSILALS	SRQKL

	640	650	660	670	680	690	700	
1 [transketolase Sp	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AGDEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	EKQS	
transketolase [Spin	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AGDEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	EKQS	
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AGDEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	EKQS	
gi|223548870|gb|EEF	PQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
Transketolase_1_AMA	PQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILMCTGSELEIAAK	AADD	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	FESQP	
Transketolase_2_AMA	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AGDEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DDQS	
Transketolase_3_AMA	PNMDDTSVEGCAKCA	IVVHGGE...KPDV	ILIGTGSELVMAVD	AAK	LEGECKAVR	VSMPCWELF	EEAG	
Transketolase_1_KOS	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AGDVL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DDQS	
Transketolase_2_KOS	PHLPCTSIEGVAKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILMCTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	FEDQP	
Transketolase_LEMPA	PQLPCTSIEGVAKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILMCTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	FEEQS	
Partial Sequence Tr	PHLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSTGNKPDV	ILLS	TGSELEIAVKA	AEEL	TKCKTVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS
gi|514760041|ref|XP	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSTGNKPDV	ILVMTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	FEEQS	
gi|568875658|ref|XP	PHLACTSIDGVEKCA	IVVSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRCKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ	PHLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAFC	AGEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DDQS	
gi|118487947|gb|ABK	PQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|470142472|ref|XP	PNLACTSIEGVATCG	IVVSDNSTGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAY	KAGEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|561015858|gb|ESW	AQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAAA	ADD	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|449498919|ref|XP	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	NEQS	
gi|356576867|ref|XP	TQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAAA	AED	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|469474163|gb|ACH	SHLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILMCTGSELEIAS	AADEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIA	TGSELEIVFK	AGEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DDQS
gi|222843004|gb|EEE	PQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|460388792|ref|XP	PQLACTSIEGTAKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAVKA	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|356536526|ref|XP	TQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAAA	AED	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|355516131|gb|AES	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAAA	ADD	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DDQS	
gi|330255441|gb|AEC	PQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSTGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAQ	AAEKL	RCCKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|118481093|gb|ABK	PQLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILMCTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|449474170|ref|XP	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAK	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	NEQS	
gi|565357366|ref|XP	PQLACTSIEGTAKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAVKA	AEEL	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DEQS	
gi|502121526|ref|XP	PNLPCTSIEGVEKCGY	ITSDNSSGNKPDV	ILIGTGSELEIAAAA	ADD	LRKECKAVR	VSVFVSWELF	DDQS	
Consensus	P L P C T S I E G V E K C G Y	I S D N S S G N K P D V	I L I G T G S E L E I A A K A A	E L R K E C K A V R V	S V S F V S W E L F	D E Q S		

Figure 1A continued

	710	720	730	740	750	760	770																																																						
1 [transketolase Sp	DEYKESVLP	SDVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDKFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITVEAV	VEAAK	SVC																																																			
transketolase [Spin	DEYKESVLP	SDVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDKFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITVEAV	VEAAK	SVC																																																			
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10	DEYKESVLP	SDVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDKFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITVEAV	VEAAK	SVC																																																			
gi|223548870|gb|EEF	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITAEAV	IAAAK	ELC																																																			
Transketolase_1_AMA	ESYKESVLP	ADVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGLKYV	CHNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITKEAV	IEAAK	SLM																																																			
Transketolase_2_AMA	DEYKESVLP	SDVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDKFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITVEAV	IEAAK	SVS																																																			
Transketolase_3_AMA	QENIDSVLP	PPEVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGWERWV	CAKRSV	GINEFGAS	APGPLL	VEKFGIT	VDAVVEA	AKASM																																																			
Transketolase_1_KOS	DEYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITAEAV	IEAAK	SVI																																																			
Transketolase_2_KOS	ESYKESVLP	ADVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGLKYV	CHNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITKEAV	IEAAK	SLW																																																			
Transketolase_LEMPA	AEYKESVLP	SEVKARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDKFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGISVEN	VVATA	AKSL																																																			
Partial_Sequence_Tr	DEYKESVLP	EAVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDKFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITAEAV	IAAAK	SL.																																																			
gi|514760041|ref|XP	DEYKESVLP	ASVSVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDKFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITVES	ILAAK	SF.																																																			
gi|568875658|ref|XP	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITAEAV	ITAAK	EWV																																																			
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ	DAYKESVLP	EAVTARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	LTV	EAVVAAK																																																			
gi|118487947|gb|ABK	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITTEAV	IAAAK	EVV																																																			
gi|470142472|ref|XP	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGITAEAV	IAAAK	EWV																																																			
gi|561015858|gb|ESW	DEYKESVLP	ASVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	LTKEA	IAAAK																																																			
gi|449498919|ref|XP	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITVEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|356576867|ref|XP	DEYKESVLP	ASVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITKEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|469474163|gb|ACH	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITAEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	LTVEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|222843004|gb|EEE	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITTEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|460388792|ref|XP	AEYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITAEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|356536526|ref|XP	DEYKESVLP	ASVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITKEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|355516131|gb|AES	DEYKESVLP	ASVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITKEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|330255441|gb|AEC	DAYKESVLP	SDVSVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITTEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|118481093|gb|ABK	VAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITAEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|449474170|ref|XP	DAYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITVEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|565357366|ref|XP	AEYKESVLP	AAVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITAEAV	IAAAK																																																			
gi|502121526|ref|XP	DEYKESVLP	SSVTVARV	SI EAGS	TFGWHKIV	CSNGKAI	CIDRFGAS	APAGKIYQ	EYGF	ITKEAV	IAAAK																																																			
Consensus	D	YKESVLP	A	V	T	A	R	V	S	I	E	A	G	S	T	F	G	W	H	K	I	V	C	S	N	G	K	A	I	G	I	D	R	F	G	A	S	A	P	A	G	K	I	Y	Q	E	Y	G	I	T	V	E	A	V	E	A	A	K	S	V	C

1 [transketolase Sp ..
transketolase [Spin ..
gi|2529342|gb|AAD10 ..
gi|223548870|gb|EEF ..
Transketolase_1_AMA ..
Transketolase_2_AMA ..
Transketolase_3_AMA SA
Transketolase_1_KOS ..
Transketolase_2_KOS ..
Transketolase_LEMPA ..
Partial_Sequence_Tr ..
gi|514760041|ref|XP ..
gi|568875658|ref|XP ..
gi|351735634|gb|AEQ ..
gi|118487947|gb|ABK ..
gi|470142472|ref|XP ..
gi|561015858|gb|ESW ..
gi|449498919|ref|XP ..
gi|356576867|ref|XP ..
gi|469474163|gb|ACH ..
gi|462416702|gb|EMJ ..
gi|222843004|gb|EEE ..
gi|460388792|ref|XP ..
gi|356536526|ref|XP ..
gi|355516131|gb|AES ..
gi|330255441|gb|AEC ..
gi|118481093|gb|ABK ..
gi|449474170|ref|XP ..
gi|565357366|ref|XP ..
gi|502121526|ref|XP ..
Consensus

⊠ non conserved
⊞ ≥ 50% conserved
⊞ all match

Figure 1B

	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
1 [transketolase Sp	MAASSSLTSLSHHQTLLSHPKTHLPTTPAS.....SLLVPTTSSKVNQVLLKSTSSRRLR....VGS						
Nicotianatabacum	.MASSSSLTLS..QALLSRVSVPRHGSASS..SQLSPSSL...TFSGLKSNPNITTSRRRTTPSSAAAAAVV						
Arabidopsisthaliana	.MASTSSLALS..QALLARATSHHGSDQRC.....SLPAFSGLKSTGSRASASSRRRIAQSMTKNR						
Theobromacacao	.MASTSSITLS..QALLARATSYHGSTQSSDHRVSLSTLSLPTFSGLKSTTSRASAFRRRPP.....VRS						
Capsellarubella	.MASTSSLALS..QALLTRTISRDCGSGNRF.....SVPAFSGLKSTFPRTISTRACGVSTSSHSFR						
Arabidopsisthaliana	.MASTSSLALS..QALLARATSHHGSDQRC.....SLPAFSGLKSTGSRASASSRRRIAQSMTKNR						
Vitisvinifera	MAAASASSSLY...LLPRTLNHHSSTPHP.....NRLSLSG.....LTPKTQALTRH....GRR						
Solanumlycopersicum	.MASSSSLTLS..QALFSPSLPRHGSASS.....SSPSISFSTFSGLKSTPFTSSHRRILPS...TTVTK						
Zeamays	.....					
Arabidopsisthaliana	.MASTSSLALS..QALLARATSHHGSDQRC.....SLPAFSGLKSTGSRASASSRRRIAQSMTKNR						
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	.MASSS.LPLS..QALLSRVSVPRHGSSTNSQFSPSSLPLPTFSGLKSTTSTTFRRTPLS...PVAV						
Consensus	MAS SSL LS QALL R I HGS SLP FSGLKST R						
	80	90	100	110	120	130	140
1 [transketolase Sp	AS.AVVRAAAVEALESTDID..QLVEKSNIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Nicotianatabacum	RSPAIRASAAATEIEKTETA..LVKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Arabidopsisthaliana	SLRPLVRAAAVETVEPTTDS..SIVDKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Theobromacacao	YQNRQVRAAAVETIGTAAET..SLVEKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Capsellarubella	..POLVRAAAVEAIEETTTDS..SLVEKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Arabidopsisthaliana	SLRPLVRAAAVETVEPTTDS..SIVDKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Vitisvinifera	AR.ATVRAAAVETLQKADTS..LVKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPS						
Solanumlycopersicum	QHFSVRASSAVETLEKTDAA..IVKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Zeamays	.....GAVETLQKKAATGELKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Arabidopsisthaliana	SLRPLVRAAAVETVEPTTDS..SIVDKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	RSPEIRASAAVETLEKTDNA..LVKSNVIRFLIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
Consensus	VRAAAVET E T LVEKSNVIRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPNGHILYDEIMRYNPK						
	150	160	170	180	190	200	210
1 [transketolase Sp	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Nicotianatabacum	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDAVREEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Arabidopsisthaliana	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVQEEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Theobromacacao	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Capsellarubella	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVREEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Arabidopsisthaliana	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVQEEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Vitisvinifera	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVKEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Solanumlycopersicum	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVQEEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Zeamays	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVKEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Arabidopsisthaliana	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSVQ..EDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDAVREEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
Consensus	NPYWFNRDRFVLSAGHGCMQLYALLHLAGYDSV EEDLK FRQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQG						
	220	230	240	250	260	270	280
1 [transketolase Sp	IANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPDAEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Nicotianatabacum	IANAVGLAAVEKHLAARFNKPDAEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Arabidopsisthaliana	IANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPDAEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Theobromacacao	VANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPDNEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Capsellarubella	IANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPDNEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Arabidopsisthaliana	IANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPDNEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Vitisvinifera	IANAVGLAAVEKHLAARFNKPDNEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Solanumlycopersicum	IANAVGLAAVEKHLAARFNKPDNEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Zeamays	IANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPDSEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Arabidopsisthaliana	IANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPDNEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	IANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPDNEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
Consensus	IANAVGLAAEKHLAARFNKPD AEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMEGISAACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISI						
	290	300	310	320	330	340	350
1 [transketolase Sp	DGDTAIAFTESVDLRFEALGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Nicotianatabacum	DGDTAIAFTESVDGARFEALGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Arabidopsisthaliana	DGDTAIAFTENVDQRFELGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Theobromacacao	DGDTAIAFTESVDKRFELGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Capsellarubella	DGDTAIAFTESVDKRFELGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Arabidopsisthaliana	DGDTAIAFTENVDQRFELGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Vitisvinifera	DGDTAIAFTESVDTRFELGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Solanumlycopersicum	DGDTAIAFTESVDSARFEALGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Zeamays	DGDTAIAFTESVSTRFELGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Arabidopsisthaliana	DGDTAIAFTENVDQRFELGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	DGDTAIAFTESVDGARFEALGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAVVDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						
Consensus	DGDTAIAFTES VD RFEALGWVIVVKNKNTGYDEIRAAIIEAKAV VDKPTIIXTTTTIGGSPNKA NSY						

Figure 1B continued

	360	370	380	390	400	410	420							
1 [transketolase Sp	SVHGS	ALGSK	EVSA	TRNL	GWPE	FFHVP	EEVVK	HWSRH	TPEGA	SEAE	NTKFA	YEKKY	PEDA	TRFKS
Nicotianatabacum	SVHGS	SALCA	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFHVP	EEVKS	HWSRH	VTEGA	AEAG	NTKFA	YEKKY	PEEA	AELKS
Arabidopsisthaliana	SVHGA	AALGE	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFQVP	DDVKS	HWSRH	TPEGA	TESD	SAKFA	YEKKY	PEEA	SELKS
Theobromacacao	SVHGS	SALCA	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFHVP	EEVKS	HWSRH	VTEGA	AEAG	NTKFA	YEKKY	KEEA	AELKT
Capsellarubella	SVHGA	AALGE	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFQVP	DDVKS	HWSRH	TSEGA	AEAD	WNAKFA	YEKKY	PEEA	AELSS
Arabidopsisthaliana	SVHGA	AALGE	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFQVP	DDVKS	HWSRH	TPEGA	TESD	SAKFA	YEKKY	PEEA	SELKS
Vitisvinifera	SVHGS	SALCA	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFHVP	EEVKS	HWSRH	VTEGA	AEAG	NTKFA	YEKKY	KEEA	AELKS
Solanumlycopersicum	SVHGS	SALCA	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFHVP	EEVKS	HWSRH	TPEGA	AEAG	NTKFA	YEKKY	KEEA	AELKS
Zeamays	SVHGS	SALCA	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFHVP	EEVKS	HWSRH	TPEGA	AEAD	WNAKFA	YEKKY	ADDA	ATLKS
Arabidopsisthaliana	SVHGA	AALGE	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFQVP	DDVKS	HWSRH	TPEGA	TESD	SAKFA	YEKKY	PEEA	SELKS
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	SVHGS	SALCA	KEVDA	TRNL	GWPE	FFHVP	EEVKS	HWSRH	VTEGA	AEAG	NTKFA	YEKKY	PEEA	ADLKS
Consensus	SVHGS	SALCAKEVEATR	NL	GWPEYEF	FHVP	EEVKS	HWSRH	TPEGA	AEL	WNAKFA	YEKKY	PEEA	AELKS	

	430	440	450	460	470	480	490							
1 [transketolase Sp	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	AVVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Nicotianatabacum	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Arabidopsisthaliana	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Theobromacacao	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Capsellarubella	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Arabidopsisthaliana	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Vitisvinifera	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Solanumlycopersicum	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Zeamays	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Arabidopsisthaliana	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	IITGCE	PAGWE	XALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	VVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT
Consensus	IITGEL	PAGWEKALPT	YTPESP	DATR	NLSQQ	CLNAL	AVVPG	FLGGS	ADLASS	NMTL	LKMG	CFQ	QNT	TP

	500	510	520	530	540	550	560										
1 [transketolase Sp	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Nicotianatabacum	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Arabidopsisthaliana	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Theobromacacao	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Capsellarubella	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Arabidopsisthaliana	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Vitisvinifera	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Solanumlycopersicum	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Zeamays	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Arabidopsisthaliana	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED
Consensus	EERNV	RFGV	REHGM	CAION	GI	ALHSP	GLIPY	CATFF	VFTDY	MRC	AMRIS	AL	SEAG	VIYV	MTHDS	IGL	GED

	570	580	590	600	610	620	630										
1 [transketolase Sp	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Nicotianatabacum	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Arabidopsisthaliana	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Theobromacacao	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Capsellarubella	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Arabidopsisthaliana	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Vitisvinifera	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Solanumlycopersicum	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Zeamays	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Arabidopsisthaliana	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY
Consensus	GPTHQ	PIEHL	ASFRAMP	NILM	FRPAD	GN	ETAG	AYKVA	AVLN	KKR	KPS	LALS	RQKLP	PL	AG	STIEG	VEKGGY

	640	650	660	670	680	690	700										
1 [transketolase Sp	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Nicotianatabacum	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Arabidopsisthaliana	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Theobromacacao	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Capsellarubella	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Arabidopsisthaliana	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Vitisvinifera	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Solanumlycopersicum	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Zeamays	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Arabidopsisthaliana	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV
Consensus	ITSDNS	SGNKP	DVIL	IGTG	SELE	IAAK	AADEL	LRKE	GKAV	RVVVS	FV	WEL	FDE	QSD	AYKES	VLP	SAV

Figure 1B continued

	710	720	730	740	750
1 [transketolase Sp	SIEACST	GWCKIVGSGKKAIGIDKFGASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Nicotianatabacum	SIEACST	GWCKIVGSGKKAIGIDRFGASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Arabidopsisthaliana	SIEAAST	GWCKIVGSGKKSICINSFGASAPAPLLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Theobromacacao	SIEACST	GWCKIVGSGKKSICIDRFASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Capsellarubella	SIEACST	GWCKIVGSGKKSICIDTFASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Arabidopsisthaliana	SIEAAST	GWCKIVGSGKKSICINSFGASAPAPLLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Vitisvinifera	SIEACST	GWCKIVGSGKKAIGIDRFASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Solanumlycopersicum	SIEACST	GWCKIVGSGKKAIGIDRFASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Zeamays	SIEACST	LWCKIVGSGKKAIGIDKFGASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Arabidopsisthaliana	SIEAAST	GWCKIVGSGKKSICINSFGASAPAPLLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
gi|3559814|emb|CAA7	SIEACST	GWCKIVGSGKKAIGIDRFASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			
Consensus	SIEACST	GWCKIVGSGKKAIGIDFGASAPAGKLYKEFGITVEAVVIAAAKQVS			

X non conserved
X ≥ 50% conserved
K all match

Figure 1C

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10      20      30      40      50      60      70
1 [transketolase Sp ...MAASSLSTLSHHQTLTLLSHPKTHLPTTPASSLLVPTTSSKVNGLKSTSSRRRLRVGSAS....
gi|568214657|ref|NP ...MASSSS..LTLSQVIFSPSLPRHGSSSSSSPSSLSFSTFSGLKST...PFTSSHRRILPSTVTKQK
gi|356506190|ref|XP ...MASSSTSSISLS.QALLRPTTSLPSSSSS.....LRLTPTLR.PTPP..ALSRR...RL
gi|7329685|emb|CAB8 ...MASTSS..LALSQALLARAISHHGSDQRGS...LPAFSGLKSTGSRASASSRRRIAQSMTKNRSLS
gi|566465348|ref|XP ...MASTSS..LALSQALLARAISHHGSDQRGS...LPAFTGLKSTGSRASASSRRRIAQSMTKNRSLS
gi|28190676|gb|AAO3 ...MAAHS..VAAAHATIAARAGAAAPAP.APPERLGFRLSALAGRGLRSPLPRRGAPSASASARRRH
gi|561026815|gb|ESW ...MASS..SSLLSL.S.QALLRPTLSS.SHCPS.....LRVSPSLR.PAPPTAPLSLR...RA
gi|115466224|ref|NP ...MASTSS..LAISQALLGRAISQNGSDKCVS...IPAFSGLKSTSPRTTFSRR..IAS..TMSHSL
gi|312282187|dbj|BA ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|573948603|ref|XP ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|548832450|gb|ERM ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|548847307|gb|ERN ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|502146626|ref|XP ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|357110873|ref|XP ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|355506195|gb|AES ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|147835837|emb|CA ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|225454009|ref|XP ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|297318807|gb|EFH ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|241915985|gb|EER ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|413953334|gb|AFW ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
gi|224127366|ref|XP ...MASSSLGMYQAPLAGAPAAAERRSSSATLPLPLPSKPNTPAILLNMFNRGTRKTVLSRRSRARKPSTSM
Consensus          S

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80      90      100     110     120     130     140
1 [transketolase Sp ..AVVRAAAVEALES.TDIDQLVEKSVNTRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|568214657|ref|NP F.SVRASAAVET..LEKTDAA..IVEKSVNTRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|356506190|ref|XP TTSIRAAASVKIVEKATADAALVEKSVNTRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|7329685|emb|CAB8 R.PLVRAAAVETVEPTDSS.IVDKSVNSIRFLAIDAVEKAKSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|566465348|ref|XP R.PLVRAAAVETVEPTDSS.IVDKSVNSIRFLAIDAVEKAKSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|28190676|gb|AAO3 NNRVRAAA.VETLEGQAATGALLEKSVNTRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|561026815|gb|ESW AP.VRASVPLKIVEKATSDIALVEKSVNTRFLAIDSVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|115466224|ref|NP ...VRAAA.VETLEGQAATGALLEKSVNTRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|312282187|dbj|BA R.PLVRAAAVET...KTESS.LVEKSVNTRFLAIDAVEKAKSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|573948603|ref|XP .....A.VETLEGQAATGALLEKSVNTRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|548832450|gb|ERM QAVVRAAAVETLD.QTSTTELEIKSINTIRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|548847307|gb|ERN RVVVRA.AAVETLD.VTSTIALIEKSINTIRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|502146626|ref|XP TSVKSSAVVTQTSNSTADLSLVEKSVNTRFLAIDSVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|357110873|ref|XP ..RVRAAAVETVQQAATGALLDKSVNTRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|355506195|gb|AES TAIHASVSAAPS...TTDSLSVEKSVNTRFLAIDSVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|147835837|emb|CA LCRRLAVQAASVETLEKTETTLIEKSVNTRFLAIDSVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|225454009|ref|XP LCRRLAVQAASVETLEKTETTLIEKSVNTRFLAIDSVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|297318807|gb|EFH PTLRRRRRLLPISAAATDVSIVDSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKAKSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|241915985|gb|EER .....GCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|413953334|gb|AFW .....GCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
gi|224127366|ref|XP .....GCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN
Consensus          T          L E KSVNTRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLEGCCAPMCHILYDEVMRYNPKN

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150     160     170     180     190     200     210
1 [transketolase Sp PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|568214657|ref|NP PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|356506190|ref|XP PFWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|7329685|emb|CAB8 PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|566465348|ref|XP PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|28190676|gb|AAO3 PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|561026815|gb|ESW PKWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|115466224|ref|NP PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|312282187|dbj|BA PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|573948603|ref|XP PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|548832450|gb|ERM PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|548847307|gb|ERN PKWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|502146626|ref|XP PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|357110873|ref|XP PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|355506195|gb|AES PFWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|147835837|emb|CA PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|225454009|ref|XP PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|297318807|gb|EFH PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|241915985|gb|EER PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|413953334|gb|AFW PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
gi|224127366|ref|XP PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI
Consensus          PYWFNDRFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLAGYDSVLEEDLKFQWGSRTPGHPENFETPGVEVTTGPLGQGI

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Figure 1C continued

	430	440	450	460	470	480	490						
i [transketolase Sp	KYPEDA	TEFKSIT	TGEPF	AGWEKALP	YTPETPGD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|568214657|ref|NP	KYAEEA	AADLKSII	TGELP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|356506190|ref|XP	KYKEEA	ADELKSI	INGEFP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|7329685|emb|CAB8	KYPEEA	ASELKSI	ITGELP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPGD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|565465348|ref|XP	KYPEEA	ADELKSI	ISGELP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPGD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|28190676|gb|AAO3	KYPEDA	AATLKSI	IVSGELP	AGWADALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|561026815|gb|ESW	KYKEEA	ADELKSI	INGDLP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|115466224|ref|NP	KYPEDA	AATLKSI	IVSGELP	AGWADALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|312282187|dbj|BA	KYAEEA	ARELKS	IMSGELP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPGD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|573948603|ref|XP	KYPEDA	AATLKSI	IVSGELP	AGWADALP	YTPESAAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|548832450|gb|ERM	KYKEEA	AVEFREL	ISGQDP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|548847307|gb|ERN	KYKEEA	AEFKEL	ISGKVP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|502146626|ref|XP	KYKEEA	AAVLKSI	ISGDLF	AGWEKALP	YTPETPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|357110873|ref|XP	KYPEDA	AAALKSI	ITGELP	AGWADALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|355506195|gb|AES	KYKEEA	AAVLKSI	ISGDLF	AGWEKALP	YTPETPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|147835837|emb|CA	RKYKEEA	AAVLKSI	LINGELP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPAE	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NLSV		
gi|225454009|ref|XP	RKYKEEA	AAVLKSI	LINGELP	AGWEKALP	YTPESPAE	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NLSV		
gi|297318807|gb|EFH	NKYPQEA	ADELKSI	IVTVNLP	PTGWEKSLP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|241915985|gb|EER	KKYADDA	AATLKSI	ITGEPF	AGWADALP	YTPESPGD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|413953334|gb|AFW	KKYADDA	AATLKSI	ITGEPF	AGWADALP	YTPESPGD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
gi|224127366|ref|XP	KYSEEA	AEFKSI	MTGELP	PTGWEKALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL		
Consensus	KKY	EAAA	LKSI	I	GELP	GWEKALP	YTPESPAD	ATRNL	SSQQLN	AKV	PGL	LGGSADLASS	NMTL

	500	510	520	530	540	550	560								
i [transketolase Sp	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	CLHSPG	FV	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAMRIS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|568214657|ref|NP	LKMFGD	FCQNTD	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSLG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAMRIS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|356506190|ref|XP	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	AEARNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAIIRLS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|7329685|emb|CAB8	LMAFGD	FCQKAT	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAMRIS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|565465348|ref|XP	LMASGD	FCQKAT	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAMRIS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|28190676|gb|AAO3	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALCEA	GVII
gi|561026815|gb|ESW	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	AEARNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAIIRLS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|115466224|ref|NP	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALCEA	GVII
gi|312282187|dbj|BA	LMAFGD	FCQKAT	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|573948603|ref|XP	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALCEA	GVII
gi|548832450|gb|ERM	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	AEARNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALH	SGLI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALCEA	GVII
gi|548847307|gb|ERN	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	AEARNV	RFCVREH	ANGS	ICNGI	ALHGS	GLI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALCEA	GVII
gi|502146626|ref|XP	LMTFGD	FCQSDS	PGERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAIIRLS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|357110873|ref|XP	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	GLHTP	GLI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAMRIS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|355506195|gb|AES	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	AEARNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALH	ESRGLI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAMRIS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|147835837|emb|CA	MMQFGN	FCQKGT	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	V	LHCPGLI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALCEA	GVII
gi|225454009|ref|XP	MMQFGN	FCQKGT	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	V	LHCPGLI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALCEA	GVII
gi|297318807|gb|EFH	LKMFGD	FCQKNA	PEERNV	RFCVREH	SMG	ICNGI	T	CHSPGLI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AAARRS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|241915985|gb|EER	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	AEARNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	FV	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAMRIS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|413953334|gb|AFW	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	AEARNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	FV	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAMRIS	ALSEA	GVII
gi|224127366|ref|XP	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	PEERNV	RFCVREH	CMG	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	GAIIRLS	ALSEA	GVII
Consensus	LKMFGD	FCQDTP	AEARNV	RFCVREH	GMGA	ICNGI	ALHSPG	LI	PYCAT	FFFV	FDYH	R	AMRIS	ALSEA	GVII

	570	580	590	600	610	620	630								
i [transketolase Sp	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LP
gi|568214657|ref|NP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	QLA
gi|356506190|ref|XP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	QLP
gi|7329685|emb|CAB8	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	PHLP
gi|565465348|ref|XP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	PHLP
gi|28190676|gb|AAO3	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LAQLP
gi|561026815|gb|ESW	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LAQLP
gi|115466224|ref|NP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LAQLP
gi|312282187|dbj|BA	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LAQLP
gi|573948603|ref|XP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LAQLP
gi|548832450|gb|ERM	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LAQLP
gi|548847307|gb|ERN	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LAQLP
gi|502146626|ref|XP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	NLA
gi|357110873|ref|XP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	HLP
gi|355506195|gb|AES	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	NLA
gi|147835837|emb|CA	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	TETA	AA	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	GRRDVS
gi|225454009|ref|XP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	TETA	AA	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	GRRDVS
gi|297318807|gb|EFH	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	TETA	AG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP
gi|241915985|gb|EER	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	TETA	AG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP
gi|413953334|gb|AFW	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	TETA	AG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP
gi|224127366|ref|XP	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LP
Consensus	VMTHDS	IGLGED	GP	THQP	IEHL	ASFRAMP	NILMLR	PDG	NETAG	YKVA	VLNR	KRPS	ILALS	SRQKLP	LP

Figure 1C continued

	640	650	660	670	680	690	700
1 [transketolase Sp	GTSIDGVEKGCYITIDNS	SSGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAGDEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVSWEL	FEKQSD
gi|568214657|ref|NP	GTSIDGAAKGCYIVSDNS	SSGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	YDEQSA
gi|356506190|ref|XP	GTSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAADDL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSE
gi|7329685|emb|CAB8	GTSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	SSGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEVL	RNDCKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|565465348|ref|XP	GTSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	SACNKPDIILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEVL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|28190676|gb|AA03	GTSIDGVEKGCYIVSDNS	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSA
gi|561026815|gb|ESW	GSSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSE
gi|115466224|ref|NP	GTSIDGVEKGCYIVSDNS	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSA
gi|312282187|dbj|BA	GTSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|573948603|ref|XP	GTSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|548832450|gb|ERM	GTTIDGVEKGCYIVSDNS	SMRNKPDILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|548847307|gb|ERN	GTTIDGVEKGCYIVSDNS	SMRNKPDILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAANV	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|502146626|ref|XP	GTSIDGVEKGCYIVSDNS	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSE
gi|357110873|ref|XP	GTSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDDQSD
gi|355506195|gb|AES	GTSIDGVEKGCYIVSDNS	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAACED	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSQ
gi|147835837|emb|CA	GTSIDGVEKGCYIVTDNS	SSGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|225454009|ref|XP	GTSIDGVEKGCYIVTDNS	SSGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|297318807|gb|EPH	GTSIDGVEKGCYIVSDNS	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAGEK	LRKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|241915985|gb|EER	GTSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|413953334|gb|AFW	GTSIDGVEKGCYTISDNT	STGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSD
gi|224127366|ref|XP	GTSIDGVEKGCYIISDNT	SSGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEEL	RKECKAVR	VVSVVWEL	FDEQSV
Consensus	GTSIDGVEKGCYIISDNT	SSGNKPDVILIGT	CGSELEIAA	AAAEELRKECKAVR	VVSVVWELFDEQ	YS	

	710	720	730	740	750	760	
1 [transketolase Sp	ESVLP	SDVTARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGKIYQ	EVG
gi|568214657|ref|NP	ESVLP	SSVTVARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPADKIYK	EVG
gi|356506190|ref|XP	ESVFP	AAVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGRIYK	EVG
gi|7329685|emb|CAB8	ESVLP	SDVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	INSFGASAPAPLLYK	EVG
gi|565465348|ref|XP	ESVLP	SAVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	INSFGASAPAPLLYK	EVG
gi|28190676|gb|AA03	ESVLP	EAVTARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGKIYQ	EVG
gi|561026815|gb|ESW	ESVLP	AAVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGKIYK	EVG
gi|115466224|ref|NP	ESVLP	EAVTARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGKIYQ	EVG
gi|312282187|dbj|BA	ESVLP	SDVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDSFGASAPAGKIYK	EVG
gi|573948603|ref|XP	ESVLP	EAVTARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGKIYQ	EVG
gi|548832450|gb|ERM	ESVLP	EAVTARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPACTLYK	EVG
gi|548847307|gb|ERN	ESVLP	PAGVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPACTLYK	EVG
gi|502146626|ref|XP	ESVLP	AAVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGRIYK	EVG
gi|357110873|ref|XP	ESVLP	EAVTARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGKIYK	EVG
gi|355506195|gb|AES	ESVLP	TAVTARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPACTLYK	EVG
gi|147835837|emb|CA	ESVLP	AAVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPALKIYK	EVG
gi|225454009|ref|XP	ESVLP	AAVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPALKIYK	EVG
gi|297318807|gb|EPH	ESVLP	PSEVSAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	VDSFGASAPADVLYK	EVG
gi|241915985|gb|EER	ESVLP	AAVTAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPACTLYK	EVG
gi|413953334|gb|AFW	ESVLP	AAVTAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPACTLYK	EVG
gi|224127366|ref|XP	ESVLP	AAVTAARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRIVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGKIYK	EVG
Consensus	ESVLP	AVARV	SIEAGSTFG	WRVGS	SKGKAIG	IDRFGASAPAGIYK	EVG

non conserved
 ≥ 50% conserved
 all match

Figure 1D

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10      20      30      40      50      60      70
1 [transketolase Sp .....MAASSSLSTLSHHQTLSSHPKTHLPT
Hordeum vulgare sub .....
Picea sitchensis .....MASSFTVSRASAGSVTATALNNAIQSERLSSSASP
Arabidopsis thalian .....
Sorghum bicolor .....
Zea mays .....
Eutrema salsugineum .....MASTSSSLAISQALLGRAISQNGS
Polygonum tinctoriu .....
Oryza sativa Japoni .....
Oryza sativa Indica .....
Oryza brachyantha .....MATRAP....
Setaria italica MILVYFRKMHLQIYTFPLTSCSFQVAISHLCARLLTHTNHLITNMTVHSIAGAYTTIGSHFSSVPCGRAP
Physcomitrella pate .....MAAARCNVAAVAGAVAPAAVR.....
Setaria italica .....MAAPTPTT....
Physcomitrella pate .....
Oryza sativa Indica .....MATATQAP....
gi|115457470|ref|NP .....MATATQAP....
gi|475481099|gb|EMT .....
gi|357167367|ref|XP .....MARMPTPIP....
gi|125547501|gb|EAY .....MATATQAP....
gi|514760053|ref|XP MILVYFRKMHLQIYTFPLTSCSFQVAISHLCARLLTHTNHLITNMTVHSIAGAYTTIGSHFSSVPCGRAP
gi|242072546|ref|XP .....MVTPTSTTPVST
gi|514760061|ref|XP .....MTVHSIAGAYTTIGSHFSSVPCGRAP
gi|326515912|dbj|BA .....MATPTPAP....
gi|474352176|gb|EMS .....
gi|664903|emb|CAA86 .....
gi|147788852|emb|CA .....MAAASASSSLX....LLPRTLNNHSS
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ .....
gi|413953333|gb|AFW .....
gi|414587814|tpg|DA .....
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ .....
gi|125595949|gb|EAZ .....
gi|222423758|dbj|BA .....
Consensus

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80      90      100     110     120     130     140
1 [transketolase Sp TPASSLLVPTTSSKVNGLVLLKSTSSSRRLRVGSASAVVRAAAVEALESTDIDQLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAV
Hordeum vulgare sub .....NPHPTPPTSPSPSATGELLDKSVNAIRFLAIDAV
Picea sitchensis AGFGFSKFAGLKLRSNGKVACSSRSSSQRRLRSSAPKVVRAAAVETLEAISTGLIEKSVNAIRFLAIDAV
Arabidopsis thalian .....
Sorghum bicolor .....
Zea mays .....
Eutrema salsugineum DKCVSIPAFSGLKSTSPRTTFSSRRIASTNSHSLRPLVRAAAVETKT...ESSLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAV
Polygonum tinctoriu .....
Oryza sativa Japoni .....
Oryza sativa Indica .....
Oryza brachyantha .TSPAAAGASGRASRLFLR.CPSTRFRLAAG...RSATALRAQP...AAAEVVEQSVNTIRFLAVDAV
Setaria italica AEHIGLRHLSALSSCSLHSPVSPSTKCAVHAIAIETLERNAAAGQLLEKCVNTIRFLAIDAV
Physcomitrella pate .....GTAQARNARKGKQVSVRATASVETAQKTDNALVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAV
Setaria italica .SAAAAAPGSGRG.VVRLLRSSAGSRLPFAAAAVRPGGRPATALRARAPPAAPKLVQSVNTIRFLAVDAV
Physcomitrella pate .....MPARNARRGKQVSVRATAAVEIAQKTDALVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAV
Oryza sativa Indica .TSPAAA..SGRGSVLP LLRGRPSTRVRLAVGR...RPQ TALRAQPP.GAAEVVEQSVNTIRFLAVDSV
gi|115457470|ref|NP .TSPAAA..SGRGSVLP LLRGRPSTRVRLAVGR...RPQ TALRAQPP.GAAEVVEQSVNTIRFLAVDSV
gi|475481099|gb|EMT .....
gi|357167367|ref|XP .TFPASSVAGHGLLLVRRGRSTRARALSIGT.PGGRSGTAIHSSRQPAALAEVVEQSVNTIRFLAVDAV
gi|125547501|gb|EAY .TSPAAA..SGRGSVLP LLRGRPSTRVRLAVGR...RPQ TALRAQPP.GAAEVVEQSVNTIRFLAVDSV
gi|514760053|ref|XP AEHIGLRHLSALSSCSLHSPVSPSTKCAVHAIAIETLERNAAAGQLLEKCVNTIRFLAIDAV
gi|242072546|ref|XP ASAAAAPAGSGRGGVLRLLRYSACSLLPFAAAARS GARLTTALRARTQPAEPELVEQSVNTIRFLAVDAV
gi|514760061|ref|XP AEHIGLRHLSALSSCSLHSPVSPSTKCAVHAIAIETLERNAAAGQLLEKCVNTIRFLAIDAV
gi|326515912|dbj|BA .MSPASKAAALASGGFLVGRARVSLGRPALR.....AQPAALAEVVEQSVNTIRFLAVDAV
gi|474352176|gb|EMS .....
gi|664903|emb|CAA86 .....MAPKTTLIAEPELVSKSVNTIRFLAIDAV
gi|147788852|emb|CA TPHPNRLSLSG.....LTPKTQALRTRHRRARATVRAAAVETLQKADTS.LVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAV
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ .....
gi|413953333|gb|AFW .....
gi|414587814|tpg|DA .....
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ .....
gi|125595949|gb|EAZ .....
gi|222423758|dbj|BA .....
Consensus

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E VNTIRFLA D V

Figure 1D continued

	290	300	310	320	330	340	350	
1 [transketolase Sp	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDAEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIA	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TA
Hordeum vulgare sub	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGILT	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIVFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Picea sitchensis	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Arabidopsis thalian	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TD
Sorghum bicolor	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVAN	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Zea mays	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIAN	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Eutrema salsugineum	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIAN	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Polygonum tinctoriu	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIAN	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Oryza sativa Japoni	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Oryza sativa Indica	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Oryza brachyantha	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDLNIDH	TYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TD
Setaria italica	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPGSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TG
Physcomitrella pate	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLICFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Setaria italica	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TD
Physcomitrella pate	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDAKIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLICFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Oryza sativa Indica	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDLKIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TG
gi|115457470|ref|NP	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDLKIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TG
gi|475481099|gb|EMT	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGILT	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIVFYDDNHISIDG	TE
gi|357167367|ref|XP	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDLKIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TD
gi|125547501|gb|EAY	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDLKIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TG
gi|514760053|ref|XP	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TG
gi|147788852|emb|CA	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TD
gi|514760061|ref|XP	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPGSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TG
gi|326515912|dbj|BA	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDLTVVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVAN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TA
gi|474352176|gb|EMS	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGILT	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIVFYDDNHISIDG	TE
gi|664903|emb|CAA86	GLAVA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPGSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TD
gi|147788852|emb|CA	GLAAV	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDATIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLICFYDDNHISIDG	TD
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIAN	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
gi|414587814|tpg|DA	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGVSN	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TD
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDAKIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EASSLA	CHWGLCKLICFYDDNHISIDG	TD
gi|125595949|gb|EAZ	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDSEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
gi|222423758|dbj|BA	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPDAEIVD	HYVILGDCC	MEGIS	EACSLA	CHWGLCKLIAFYDDNHISIDG	TE
Consensus	GLALA	EXHLA	ARFNKPPD EIVDHYTYVILGDCCQMEGISNEACSLAGHWGLGKLIIFYDDNHISIDGDT					

	360	370	380	390	400	410	420
1 [transketolase Sp	IAFTES	VDLRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Hordeum vulgare sub	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Picea sitchensis	IAFTED	VTRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Arabidopsis thalian	IAFTES	VDKRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Sorghum bicolor	IAFTED	VSTRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Zea mays	IAFTED	VSTRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Eutrema salsugineum	IAFTES	VDKRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Polygonum tinctoriu	IAFTES	VDKRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Oryza sativa Japoni	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Oryza sativa Indica	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Oryza brachyantha	IAFTED	VLRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Setaria italica	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Physcomitrella pate	IAFTEN	VDRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Setaria italica	IAFTEN	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Physcomitrella pate	IAFTEN	VDRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Oryza sativa Indica	IAFTED	VLRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|115457470|ref|NP	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|475481099|gb|EMT	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|357167367|ref|XP	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|125547501|gb|EAY	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|514760053|ref|XP	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|242072546|ref|XP	IAFTED	VLRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|514760061|ref|XP	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|326515912|dbj|BA	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|474352176|gb|EMS	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|664903|emb|CAA86	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|147788852|emb|CA	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|414587814|tpg|DA	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|125595949|gb|EAZ	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
gi|222423758|dbj|BA	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS
Consensus	IAFTED	VSRFEALC	WHTIIVVKN	GNVGYD	DIRAAI	KEAKVTDKPTLIK	TTTTIGCGSPNKANSYSVHGS

Figure 1D continued

	430	440	450	460	470	480	490						
1 [transketolase Sp	ALGSKVEB	ATRONL	GWPYE	FFVPE	EVKSH	SRHTPE	CASLEAE	WNTKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	TEFKSITT	GE		
Hordeum vulgare sub	ALGTSEB	ATRANL	GWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAQE	BQKYPEDA	ATLKSII	TGE	
Picea sitchensis	ALGAK	VDATRON	LGWPH	FFVPE	EVKSH	SRHTPE	CASFEAE	WSSKLA	HEKKYP	EEAAEF	KALISG	K	
Arabidopsis thalian	ALGKE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYAE	DAATLKS	IVS	
Sorghum bicolor	ALGAK	VBATRON	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYAE	DAATLKS	IVS	
Zea mays	ALGAK	VBATRON	LGWPYD	TFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYAD	DAATLKS	IVS	
Eutrema salsugineum	ALGKE	VBATRON	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYAE	EARELKS	IVS	
Polygonum tinctorium	ALGAK	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EVKSH	SRHTPE	CASLEAE	WNTKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	TEAAELKS	IIISGE		
Oryza sativa Japoni	ALGKE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSIV	S	
Oryza sativa Indica	ALGKE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSIV	S	
Oryza brachyantha	ALGKE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSIV	S	
Setaria italica	PLCTRE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSII	S	
Physcomitrella pate	ALGGKE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSII	S	
Setaria italica	ALGSK	VBATRN	LGWPH	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYHQA	EAAELKS	IIISGE	
Physcomitrella pate	ALGGKE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSII	S	
Oryza sativa Indica	ALCTRE	VBATRN	LGSWH	HEFFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYRQA	EAAELKS	IIISGE	
gi|115457470|ref|NP	ALCTSE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSII	TGE	
gi|475481099|gb|EMT	ALGPK	VBATRN	LGLL	HEFFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYHQA	EAAELNS	IIISGE	
gi|357167367|ref|XP	ALGKE	VBATRN	LGSWH	HEFFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYRQA	EAAELKS	IIISGE	
gi|125547501|gb|EAY	PLGTR	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSII	S	
gi|514760053|ref|XP	ALGSK	VBATRN	LGLL	HEFFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYHQA	EAAELKS	IIISGE	
gi|242072546|ref|XP	PLGTR	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSII	S	
gi|514760061|ref|XP	ALGSK	VBATRN	LGSWA	HEFFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYHQA	EAAELKS	IIISGR	
gi|326515912|dbj|BA	ALGTS	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSII	TGE	
gi|474352176|gb|EMS	ALGPK	VBATRN	LGLL	HEFFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYHQA	EAAELNS	IIISGE	
gi|664903|emb|CAA86	ALGAK	VDATRN	LGWPH	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYKKE	EAAELKS	IIISGE	
gi|147788852|emb|CA	ALGSK	VDATRN	LGWPH	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYKKE	EAAELKS	IIISGE	
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ	ALGAK	VDATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYKKE	EAAELKS	IIISGE	
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	ALGSK	VBATRN	LGWPYD	TFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYAD	DAATLKS	IVS	
gi|1414587814|tpg|DA	ALGSK	VBATRN	LGSWH	HEFFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYHQA	EAAELKS	IIISGE	
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ	ALGKE	VBATRN	LKWDD	HEFFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYHQA	EAAELK	QLISLE	
gi|126595949|gb|EAZ	ALGKE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSIV	S	
gi|222423758|dbj|BA	ALGKE	VBATRN	LGWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	IPCGA	ALEADW	AKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	ATLKSIV	S	
Consensus	ALG	KEVATR	NL	GWPYE	FFVPE	EDVKS	HSRSH	P	GALEA	WNAKFAEY	EKKYPEDA	EAAELKS	IIISGE

	500	510	520	530	540	550	560					
1 [transketolase Sp	FPAGW	EKALPT	YTPES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Hordeum vulgare sub	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Picea sitchensis	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Arabidopsis thalian	LPVGE	KALPT	YTPES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Sorghum bicolor	LPVGE	KALPT	YTPES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Zea mays	LPTGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Eutrema salsugineum	LPAGW	EKALPT	YTPES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Polygonum tinctoriu	FPAGW	EKALPT	YTPES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Oryza sativa Japoni	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Oryza sativa Indica	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Oryza brachyantha	LPSGW	DNALPT	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Setaria italica	LPADW	VVLPK	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Physcomitrella pate	LPEGW	KALPS	FTPED	AGDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Setaria italica	LPSRW	DNALPT	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Physcomitrella pate	LPDGW	KALPS	FTPED	AGDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Oryza sativa Indica	LPSGW	DNSLPK	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|115457470|ref|NP	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|475481099|gb|EMT	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|357167367|ref|XP	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|125547501|gb|EAY	LPSGW	DNSLPK	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|514760053|ref|XP	LPADW	VVLPK	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|242072546|ref|XP	LPSGW	DNALPT	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|514760061|ref|XP	LPADW	VVLPK	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|326515912|dbj|BA	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|474352176|gb|EMS	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|664903|emb|CAA86	LPTNW	ESIFPT	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|147788852|emb|CA	LPDGW	KALPV	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ	LPDGW	KALPV	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	LPTGW	DALPK	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|1414587814|tpg|DA	LASGW	ENALRN	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|126595949|gb|EAZ	LPAGW	ADALPQ	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
gi|222423758|dbj|BA	LPAGW	EKALPT	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV
Consensus	LPAGW	ALP	YTTES	PDATRN	LSQQQL	NALAKV	IPGLIGGS	ADLASS	NNMTLL	KMFG	DFQKDT	PEERNV

Figure 1D continued

	570	580	590	600	610	620	630
1 [transketolase Sp	RFGVREHGMGAICNGICLHSPGFVPPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Hordeum vulgare sub	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHTPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Picea sitchensis	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIAHSGSLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAIRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Arabidopsis thalian	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPGFVPPYCATFFVFTDYRAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Sorghum bicolor	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPGFVPPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Zea mays	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPGFVPPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Eutrema salsugineum	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIAHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Polygonum tinctoriu	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPGFVPPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSLARVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Oryza sativa Japoni	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAMRISALCEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Oryza sativa Indica	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAMRISALCEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Oryza brachyantha	RFGVREHGMGAISNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAIRLSALCGSIVFVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Setaria italica	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPCLIPYCATYVAFSDYRAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGVKGNGP	THQ				
Physcomitrella pate	RFGVREHGMGAICNGMLQLSCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAMRISALAEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Setaria italica	RFGVREHGMGAISNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAIRLSALSESGVIFVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Physcomitrella pate	RFGVREHGMGAICNGMLQLSCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAMRISALAEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Oryza sativa Indica	RFGVREHGMGAISNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAIRLSALCGSRVIFVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|115457470|ref|NP	RFGVREHGMGAISNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAIRLSALCGSRVIFVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|475481099|gb|EMT	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHTPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|357167367|ref|XP	RFGVREHGMGAICNAIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAIRLSALCGSIVFVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|125547501|gb|EAY	RFGVREHGMGAISNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAIRLSALCGSRVIFVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|514760053|ref|XP	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPGLVPPYCATYVAFSDYRAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGVKGNGP	THQ				
gi|242072546|ref|XP	RFGVREHGMGAISNGIAVHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRASIRLSALSESGVIFVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|514760061|ref|XP	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPCLVPPYCATYVAFSDYRAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGVKGNGP	THQ				
gi|326515912|dbj|BA	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIAVHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRASIRLSALSESGVIFVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|474352176|gb|EMS	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHTPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|664903|emb|CAA86	KFCAREHMGSIOMGLALHSPCLIPYCATYVAFSDYRAAMRISALSARVLYVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|147788852|emb|CA	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAIRLSALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ	RFGVREHGMGAISNGIALHSGSLIPYCATFFVFTDYRGAIRLSALAEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPGFVPPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|414587814|tpg|DA	RFGVREHGMGAISNGIAVHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRASIRLSALSESGVIFVVM	THDSVGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ	RFGVREHGMGAICNGICLLHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRASAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|125595949|gb|EAZ	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRAAMRISALCEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
gi|222423758|dbj|BA	REGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPCLIPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				
Consensus	RFGVREHGMGAICNGIALHSPGLIPYCATFFVFTDYRGAAMRISALSEAGVIIVVM	THDSIGLGEDGP	THQ				

	640	650	660	670	680	690	700
1 [transketolase Sp	PIEHLASFRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGSYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Hordeum vulgare sub	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMFRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Picea sitchensis	PIEHLASFRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Arabidopsis thalian	PIEHLSSFRAMPNIMFRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Sorghum bicolor	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Zea mays	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Eutrema salsugineum	PVEHLSSFRAMPNIMFRPADGNETAG.....TSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN					
Polygonum tinctoriu	PIEHLASFRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGSYRVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Oryza sativa Japoni	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Oryza sativa Indica	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Oryza brachyantha	PVEQLFSLRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Setaria italica	PIEHLMSFRTPNMLVLRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSMQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Physcomitrella pate	PIEHLASFRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Setaria italica	PVEQLFSLRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Physcomitrella pate	PIEHLASFRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Oryza sativa Indica	PVEQLFSLRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|115457470|ref|NP	PVEQLFSLRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|475481099|gb|EMT	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMFRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|357167367|ref|XP	PVEQLFSLRAMPNMLVLRPADGNETASAAYRTAVVNRKTPSILAFSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|125547501|gb|EAY	PVEQLFSLRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|514760053|ref|XP	PIEHLMSFRTPNMLVLRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSMQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|242072546|ref|XP	PVEQLFSLRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSIIALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|514760061|ref|XP	PIEHLMSFRTPNMLVLRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSMQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|326515912|dbj|BA	PVEQLFSLRAMPNMLMRPADGNETASAAYRTAVVNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|474352176|gb|EMS	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMFRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|664903|emb|CAA86	PVEHLASFRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYRAAVQNGERPSILVLRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|147788852|emb|CA	.....RDRFRLLSHVKSFLSFLSTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN					
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ	PIEHLASFRAMPNIMFRPADGNETAGSYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|414587814|tpg|DA	PVEHLFSLRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ	PIEHLASFRAMPNMLMFRPADGNETAGAYKVAVQNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|125595949|gb|EAZ	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSVLALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
gi|222423758|dbj|BA	PIEHLASFRAMPNMLMFRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				
Consensus	PIEHLVSRAMPNMLMRPADGNETAGAYKVAVLRNRKTPSILALSRQKLPNLP	GTSIEGVKGGYIT	ISDN				

Figure 1D continued

	710	720	730	740	750	760	770
1 [transketolase Sp	SSG..NKPDVILICTGSELEIAA	AGDELRLKECKAVRVVSV	FWELFEECSDEYKESVLP	PSDVTARV	STIE		
Hordeum vulgare sub	SSG..NKPDVILIMSTGSEVBI	AVMAAEELTKKECKTVRV	VSVFVWELFDECSDEYKESVLP	PEAVTARV	STIE		
Picea sitchensis	ASN..NKPDVILIMCTGSELEIA	EAANAATVLRNECKAVRV	VSVFVWELFEECTPEYKESVLP	PAAVTARV	SVE		
Arabidopsis thalian	STG..NKPDVILICTGSELEIA	AAOAEKLRECKMSVRV	VSVFVWELFDECSDAYKESVLP	PSDVSARV	STIE		
Sorghum bicolor	STG..NKPDLLVLSGSELEIAA	KAADDELRLKECKTIRV	VSVFVWELFEECSDEYKESVLP	PEAVTARV	STIE		
Zea mays	STG..NKPDIIVMCTGSELEIA	AAKADELRLKECKTVRV	VSVFVWELFDECSDEYKESVLP	PAAVTARV	STIE		
Eutrema salsugineum	STG..NKPDVILICTGSELEIA	AAOAEELRLKECKTVRV	VSVFVWELFDECSDAYKESVLP	PSDVSARV	STIE		
Polygonum tinctoriu	STG..NKPDVILICTGSELEIA	AAAGDELRLKACAVRV	VSVFVWELFEECSDEYKESVLP	PAAVTARV	STIE		
Oryza sativa Japoni	STG..NKPDFIVMSTGSELEI	AVMADELRLKECKTVRV	VSVFVWELFDECSAEYKESVLP	PEAVTARV	STIE		
Oryza sativa Indica	STG..NKPDFIVMSTGSELEI	AVMADELRLKECKTVRV	VSVFVWELFDECSAEYKESVLP	PEAVTARV	STIE		
Oryza brachyantha	STG..NKPDLLICTGSELEI	VENAADELRLKECKAVR	VSVLVCWELFEECSSEYKESVLP	PEAVTARV	SVE		
Setaria italica	STG..NKPDLLIMLSTGSELEI	AVMADELRLKECKAVR	VSVLVCWELFEECSDEYKESVLP	PESVTARV	SVE		
Physcomitrella pate	SKD..NKPDLLIMASGSELEI	AAKAADVIRGCECKTVR	VVSVFVWELFEECSAEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	SVE		
Setaria italica	SSD..NKPDLLVIGTGSLEI	IAEMADELRLKECKTVR	VSVLVCWELFEECSPEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	STIE		
Physcomitrella pate	SKD..NKPDLLIMASGSELEI	AAKAADVIRGCECKTVR	VVSVFVWELFEECSAEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	SVE		
Oryza sativa Indica	SSG..NKPDIIILICTGSELEI	VEKAADELRLKDKCTV	RVVSVLVCWELFEECSSEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	SVE		
gi|115457470|ref|NP	SSG..NKPDIIILICTGSELEI	VENAADELRLKDKCTV	RVVSVLVCWELFEECSSEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	SVE		
gi|475481099|gb|EMT	STD..NKPDVILIMSTGSEV	BIAVMAAEELTKKECKTV	RVVSVFVWELFDECSDEYKESVLP	PEAVTARV	STIE		
gi|357167367|ref|XP	SSG..NKPDLLICTGSELEI	AAKAADDLRLKECKTVR	VVSVLVCWELFEECSSEYKDSVLP	PSVVTARV	STIE		
gi|125547501|gb|EAY	SSG..NKPDIIILICTGSELEI	VENAADELRLKDKCTV	RVVSVLVCWELFEECSSEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	SVE		
gi|514760053|ref|XP	STG..NKPDLLIMLSTGSELEI	AVMADELRLKECKAVR	VSVLVCWELFEECSDEYKESVLP	PESVTARV	SVE		
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	SSG..NKPDFILICTGSELEI	AAEAAGELRNKCKTVR	VVSVLVCWELFEECSPEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	STIE		
gi|514760061|ref|XP	STG..NKPDLLIMLSTGSEL	IAVMADELRLKECKAVR	VSVLVCWELFEECSDEYKESVLP	PESVTARV	SVE		
gi|326515912|dbj|BA	SSG..NKPDIIILICTGSELEI	EAENAELRLKECKTVR	VVSVLVCWELFEECSSEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	STIE		
gi|474352176|gb|EMS	STD..NKPDFIVMSTGSEV	BIAVMAAEELTKKECKTV	RVVSVFVWELFDECSDEYKESVLP	PEAVTARV	STIE		
gi|664903|emb|CAA86	SRGGNSKPDVILICTGSELEI	AAARAAGDELRLKECKK	AVRVSVLVCWELFEECSSEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	SVE		
gi|147788852|emb|CA	SSG..NKPDVILICTGSELEI	AAKAAGDELRLKECKTVR	VVSVLVCWELFDECSDAYKESVLP	PAAVTARV	STIE		
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ	SSG..NKPDLLICTGSEVEI	AAKAADVIRKCKSNV	VSVFVWELFEECSDEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	SVE		
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	STG..NKPDIIVMCTGSELEI	AAKADELRLKECKTVR	VVSVFVWELFDECSDEYKESVLP	PAAVTARV	STIE		
gi|414587814|tpg|DA	SSG..NKPDFILICTGSELEI	AAENAAGELRKKCKTVR	VVSVLVCWELFEECSPEYKESVLP	PSVVTARV	STIE		
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ	STD..NKPDIIILICTGSELEI	AAKAADIIHGCECKTVR	VVSVFVWELFEECSAEYKESVLP	PKAVTARV	STIE		
gi|125595949|gb|EAZ	STG..NKPDFIVMSTGSELEI	AVMADELRLKECKTVR	VVSVFVWELFDECSAEYKESVLP	PEAVTARV	SLE		
gi|222423758|dbj|BA	SSG..NKPDVILICTGSELEI	AAOAEVLRKDKCTV	RVVSVFVWELFDECSDEYKESVLP	PSDVSARV	STIE		
Consensus	S G NKPD ILICTGSELEIAA	KADELRLKEGKTVRV	VSVFVWELFEEQS EYKESVLP	VTARISIE			

	780	790	800	810	820
1 [transketolase Sp	AGSTFGWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYGEYCGT	VVEAVVAAKSVCL		
Hordeum vulgare sub	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAITIGID	RDFGASAPAPKIYGEYCGT	TAENVIAAAKSL		
Picea sitchensis	AGSTFGWERYVGSKGAIVGID	RDFGASAPICILYGEYCGT	TAENVVATAKQVLA		
Arabidopsis thalian	AGSTFGWCKYVGSKGAISIGID	RDFGASAPAGKLYGEYCGT	TIEAMVEAAKSLI		
Sorghum bicolor	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYGEYCGT	TVECVIAAAKSF		
Zea mays	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGTIYGEYCGT	TVESIIAAKSF		
Eutrema salsugineum	AGSTFGWCKYVGSKGAISIGID	RDFGASAPAGKLYGEYCGT	TIEAVVAAKSLI		
Polygonum tinctoriu	AGSTFGWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGRIYGEYCGT	TVEAVIEAANSVS		
Oryza sativa Japoni	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYGEYCGT	TAENVIAAAKSL		
Oryza sativa Indica	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYGEYCGT	TAENVIAAAKSL		
Oryza brachyantha	AGVTFGWEKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMELCIT	VENVIAAAKSL		
Setaria italica	AGCTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPGEXIFBEYCGT	TVGSVITAAARSL		
Physcomitrella pate	AGATFGWERFVGLGKRAIGID	RDFGASAPANILYGEYCGT	TVDNVVARAKEVMA		
Setaria italica	AGVTFGWEKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIFKELCIT	VENVIAAAKAL		
Physcomitrella pate	AGATFGWERFVGLGKRAIGID	RDFGASAPANILYGEYCGT	TVDNVVARAKEVMA		
Oryza sativa Indica	AGVTFGWEKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMELCIT	VENVIAAAKSL		
gi|115457470|ref|NP	AGVTFGWEKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMELCIT	VENVIAAAKSL		
gi|475481099|gb|EMT	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAITIGID	RDFGASAPAPKIYMEYCGT	TAENVIAAAKSL		
gi|357167367|ref|XP	AGVTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMELCIT	VENVIAAAKSI		
gi|125547501|gb|EAY	AGVTFGWEKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMELCIT	VENVIAAAKSL		
gi|514760053|ref|XP	AGCTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPGEXIFBEYCGT	TVGSVITAAARSL		
gi|242072546|ref|XP	AGVTFGWEKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMELCIT	VENVIAAAEAL		
gi|414587814|tpg|DA	AGVTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMEYCGT	TVDNVIAAQS		
gi|326515912|dbj|BA	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAITIGID	RDFGASAPAPKIYMEYCGT	TAESVIAAAKSL		
gi|474352176|gb|EMS	AGSTFGWERFVGLGKRAIGID	RDFGASAPAEFLFGEYCGT	TVEAVVAAAKEIC		
gi|664903|emb|CAA86	AGSTFGWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMEYCGT	TVEAVIEAAKAVV		
gi|147788852|emb|CA	AGSTFGWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGTLYMEYCGT	TVDNVVARAKSL		
gi|300140959|gb|EFJ	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGTIYMEYCGT	TVESIIAAKSF		
gi|413953333|gb|AFW	AGVTFGWEKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYMELCIT	VENVIAAAEAL		
gi|162683807|gb|EDQ	AGSTFGWERYVGLGKRAIGID	RDFGASAPAGTLYMEYCGT	TVENLLARAKEVMGA		
gi|125595949|gb|EAZ	AGSTLWCKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYGEYCGT	TAENVIAAAKSL		
gi|222423758|dbj|BA	AASTFGWCKYVGSKGAISIGID	RDFGASAPAPLLYMEYCGT	TVEAVVAAKSF		
Consensus	AGSTFGWEKYVGSKGAIGID	RDFGASAPAGKIYKE	GITVENVIAAAKSL		

[] non conserved
 [X] ≥ 50% conserved
 [K] all match

Figure 1E continued

	360	370	380	390	400	410	420										
1 [transketolase Sp	EATRQNLG	CPYEPFHV	FEVKKKWSRHTPE	GASLEAF	WNTKFAEY	EKKYVEDATE	EFKSIITTEGFFAC	VEK									
Medicago truncatula	DATRNNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Sorghum bicolor	EATRQNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Volvox carteri f. n	AATRKNL	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Chlamydomonas reinh	AATRKNL	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Geitlerinema sp. PC	KATRNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Craterostigma plant	EATRQNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Pleurocapsa sp. PCC	KATRNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Moorea producens 3L	EATRQNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Fischerella muscico	AATRNNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Leptolyngbya sp. He	TLTRQNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Cyanothece sp. PCC	QATRNLG	CPYEPFHV	EDVKKHWSRRHIRE	CAALSEW	NAKFADEY	KYKEEAAVLKS	IISGDLPA	TEK									
Consensus	ATR	NLGW	YEPF	VP	DV	HFR	A	RGA	EAEW	A	Y	KY	PEEAAEF	I	SG	LPEGW	EK

	430	440	450	460	470	480	490						
1 [transketolase Sp	ALPYYTPETPGD	ATRNLS	QQQLALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Medicago truncatula	ALPYYTPETPGD	ATRNLS	QQQLALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Sorghum bicolor	ALPYYTPETPGD	ATRNLS	QQQLALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Volvox carteri f. n	DLPKMTAACPE	ASTRNLS	QQQLALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Chlamydomonas reinh	ALPFFKPEDK	QLATRQHS	QTMDLAPL	PVPLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Geitlerinema sp. PC	ALPFFKPEDK	QLATRQHS	QTMDLAPL	PVPLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Craterostigma plant	TLPTYSQD	KGVAIRKHS	SEITLALAP	LITTELLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Pleurocapsa sp. PCC	ALPYYTPEN	PGDATRNL	SQQQLALAKV	IPGLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Moorea producens 3L	ALPYYTPED	KAQATRKFS	EAMMALAP	IVPELIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Fischerella muscico	ALPYYTPED	KGVAIRKHS	SEITLALAP	LITTELLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Leptolyngbya sp. He	ALPYYTPED	KGVAIRKHS	SEITLALAP	LITTELLIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Cyanothece sp. PCC	ALPYYTPED	KAQATRKFS	EAMMALAP	IVPELIGGSADLAS	SNM	TLKMG	CFDQDTP	ERVRFGVREH					
Consensus	ALP	YYTPE	K	ATR	SEQ	LNALAP	VLPLIGGSADLAS	SN	TLK	MG	CFDQ	DTP	ERVRFGVREH

	500	510	520	530	540	550	560	
1 [transketolase Sp	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Medicago truncatula	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Sorghum bicolor	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Volvox carteri f. n	AMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Chlamydomonas reinh	AMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Geitlerinema sp. PC	AMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Craterostigma plant	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Pleurocapsa sp. PCC	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Moorea producens 3L	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Fischerella muscico	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Leptolyngbya sp. He	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Cyanothece sp. PCC	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS
Consensus	GMGAI	CNGIALH	SPGLIPYCAT	FLVFTDYNRA	AIR	SAL	SEAGVIW	MTHDSIGLGEDGPTHQPVEHLAS

	570	580	590	600	610	620	630									
1 [transketolase Sp	FRAMP	NILMLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Medicago truncatula	FRAMP	NILMLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Sorghum bicolor	FRAMP	NILMLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Volvox carteri f. n	FRAMP	SMMMLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Chlamydomonas reinh	FRAMP	DMMLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Geitlerinema sp. PC	LRVIP	NLLVLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Craterostigma plant	FRAMP	NILMLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Pleurocapsa sp. PCC	LRVIP	NLLVLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Moorea producens 3L	LRVIP	NLLVLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Fischerella muscico	LRVIP	NLLVLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Leptolyngbya sp. He	LRVIP	NLLVLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Cyanothece sp. PCC	LRVIP	NLLVLRPA	CGNETAG	SYVAVEN	..	RKRPT	SIALSRQ	KLPNLP	PGT	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK		
Consensus	RA	PN	LV	RPADGNET	GAYKVA	N	RKRPT	LALS	RQNL	PNL	G	SIEGV	BKCGY	ITD	NSSG	NK

	640	650	660	670	680	690	700													
1 [transketolase Sp	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	EIAAKAG	DEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Medicago truncatula	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	EIAAKAG	DEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Sorghum bicolor	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	EIAAKAG	DEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Volvox carteri f. n	PDVIL	MGTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Chlamydomonas reinh	PDVIL	MGTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Geitlerinema sp. PC	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Craterostigma plant	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Pleurocapsa sp. PCC	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Moorea producens 3L	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Fischerella muscico	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Leptolyngbya sp. He	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Cyanothece sp. PCC	PDVIL	ICTGSEL	ELATAA	AGDEL	RKEG	KAVR	VSVFV	WELF	EQS	DEY	ESVLP	SDV	TAR	VSIE	AGST	ICW				
Consensus	PD	IL	I	CTGSEL	LC	AA	LR	EG	KKV	RV	VS	P	WELF	EQS	YK	ESVLP	AVT	R	VEAGSS	ICW

Figure 1E continued

	710	720	730	740
i [transketolase Sp	HKIVGSKGKAIGIDRF	ASAPAGKIYQEYCI	TVEAVVEAAKSV	..
Medicago truncatula	EMIVGSKGKAIGIDRF	ASAPAGTIYKEFCI	TKEAVIAAAKELI	..
Sorghum bicolor	QKIVGPRGKIIAIDRF	ASAPAEKIYMEGCI	TVESVVAARSF	...
Volvox carteri f. n	AKYLGFKGKHHVGI	DDFCASAPAPVLYE	KYCI	ITTPRVVEAAKAVMA.
Chlamydomonas reinh	AKYIGLKGKHHVGI	DFCASAPAPTLYE	KFCITVNHVVEAAK	ATLQH
Geitlerinema sp. PC	CRYTGSEGAVIDI	DFCASAPGNVCL	EKFCITVENVLATA	KQVLG.
Craterostigma plant	GKIVGSKGKAIGIDRF	ASAPAGKIYEEFCI	TVEAVVAAAKEI	..
Pleurocapsa sp. PCC	CRYVTDEGASISID	TECASAPGNVVM	EKFCITVDNVI	AKAKALLG.
Moorea producens 3L	CRYLGTEDMISID	DFCASAPGVAMAK	FCYTVENVVAKAK	ALLG.
Fischerella muscico	CRYLGDEGAMISV	DFCASAPGGVIM	EKFCYTVDNV	TKAKALLG.
Leptolyngbya sp. He	GKYYGAEGDII	SDFCASAPGGRIM	QEFYTVENVV	AKAKAL...
Cyanothece sp. PCC	CKYTGTEGDVVGID	DFCASAPGVCL	EKFCITLANV	AKAKALLG.
Consensus	KY G G IGID	FGASAP G	EKFG TVE VVA AK L	

 non conserved
 ≥ 50% conserved
 all match

Figure 1F

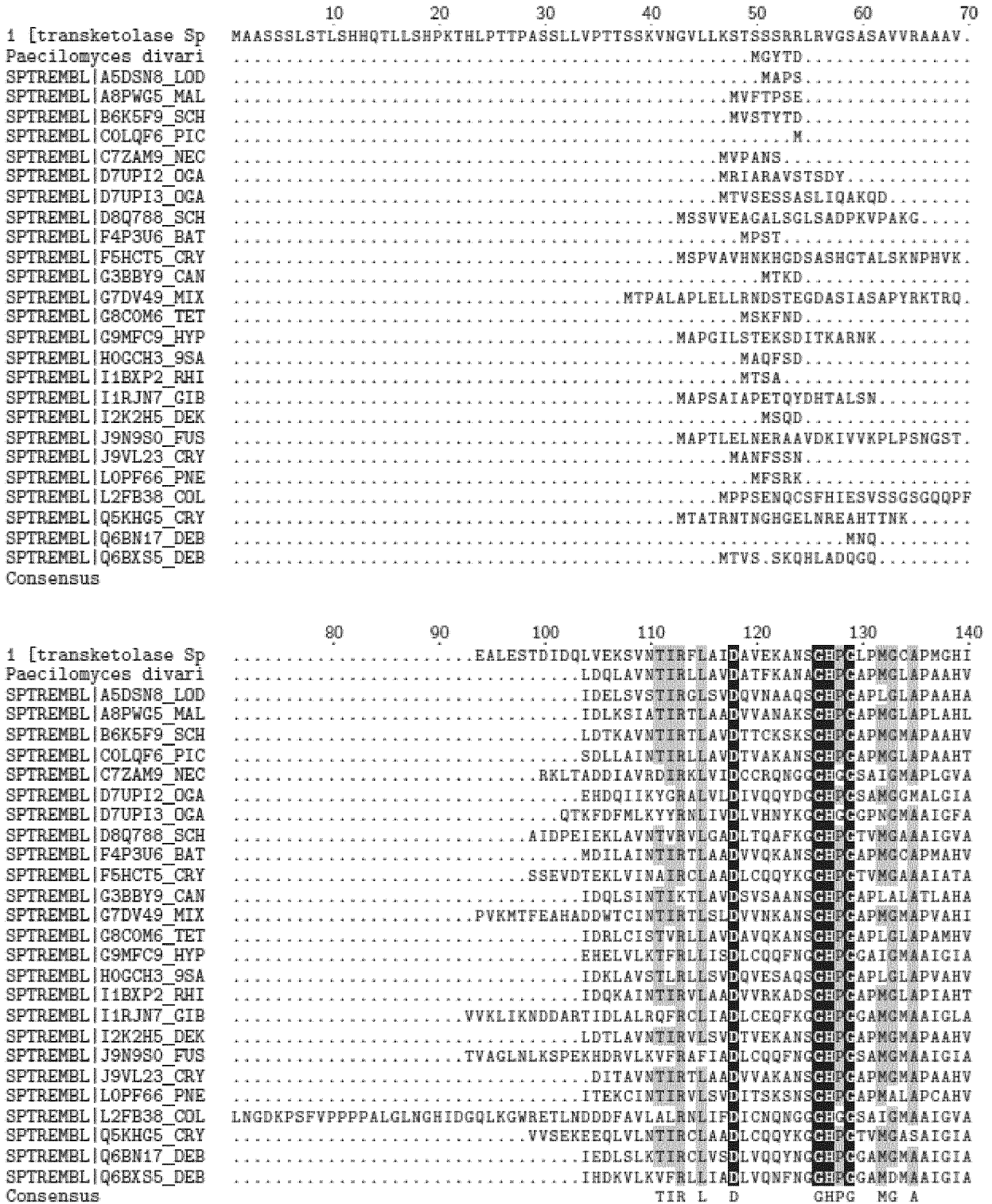


Figure 1F continued

	150	160	170	180	190	200	210					
1 [transketolase Sp	LYDEIMRYNPKNPYVFNRRDFVLSAGHCMLQYALLHLCYDSVLEEDLKTFRQWGSRI.....											
Paecilomyces divari	LFNKFTFNPKNPDNLNRDRFVLSNGHACMLQYALLHLFCYK.VSMDDLKQFRQLGSIT.....											
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	LWRKMR.FNPQDPKVINRRDFVLSNGHACALLYSLLVLYCYD.LTVDDLKQFRQLNSKT.....											
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	LWSRIMVADPKESHVINRRDFVLSNGHACALQYIMLHLMCYD.LTMDDLKAFRQLDSRT.....											
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	LFSRIMNPNPQKPRVINRRDFVLSNGHACVLYALCHLLCYN.LTIDDLKNFRQLGSKT.....											
SPTREMBL|COLQP6_PIC	LFKQMR.FNPRNPANINRRDFVLSNGHACALLYIMLFLCYD.YTIDDLKQFRQLNSKT.....											
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	LWRHTLRFSTKNPAMFDRDRFVLSNGHAAIFLYVMLHVACYPHMTLDELKMYADPKAFDHTGTWKSTIC											
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	LWKYTMKYAPNDPTYFNRDRFVLSNGHVCLLYVYFQHFTELKSMTMDQLKSYHSNDFHSHCP.....											
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	LYKYVMKYNPENPSYFNRDRFVLSNGHTCLFYAFNHLVGYSHMTLEELKSYHSAAEEESLCP.....											
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	LWRYQMRYPKNPDVFNRRDFVLSAGHACLWYIHLHLACYDAWTIDALKQYHNPDFG.IAAG.....											
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	LFSNFIGQDPQHPDVISRRDFVLSNGHCCVLYQYIMLHMLCYN.LSMDDLKQFRQLNSKT.....											
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	LWKYSRMYNPANPDVINRRDFVLSAGHACLWYIHLHLACYSSWTLDQIKKYHAPTMDG.IAAG.....											
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	IFQKTK.FTPNHPKPNRRDRFVLSNGHACALLYSILFLCYD.YTIDDLKNFRQLNSKT.....											
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	LWSRFMRONPKSSHPNRDRFVLSNGHACALLYVLLHLLCYK.LSMDDLKQFRQVSTC.....											
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	LCRDFMNVNHNVDVFNRRDFVLSNGHACALLYSTLHLLCYD.YTIDDLKFRFRVSGSKT.....											
SPTREMBL|G9MFC9_HYP	LWKYVMRYAPLQPSFFNRDRFVLSNGHTCLFYAFNHLVGYSHMTLEELKSYHSKRWDSICP.....											
SPTREMBL|H0CCH3_9SA	IFKQLR.CNPNEHVINRRDFVLSNGHSCALLYSMLHLLCYD.YSIEDLRQFRQVNSRT.....											
SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHI	LFTQFLHANPKNPYFINRRDFVLSNGHACVLYIILLHLLCYD.LSMDDLKQFRQLGSKT.....											
SPTREMBL|I1R.JN7_GIB	LWKYIMQYSPNDPDYFNRDRFVLSNGHTCLFYAFNHLVGYSHMTLEELKSYHSNDSYSLAP.....											
SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEK	LFSKMK.FNPKDPEVFNRRDRFVLSNGHVAALLYIMLHLTCYD.LSMEDLKQFRQLNSKT.....											
SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUS	LYKYVMRYSPNNCEYFNRDRFVLSNGHACLWYLFMHLVGYKSMTEELKSYHSTKTDSLCP.....											
SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRY	LFTRFMRFNSKNPKVINRRDRFVLSNGHACALQYIILLHLACYE.VSMEDLKQFRQIDSIT.....											
SPTREMBL|L0PF66_PNE	LFNQHMIFDPNYPENINRRDRFVLSNGHACVLYIILLHLLCYK.VTMDDLKFRFRQIDSIT.....											
SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COL	LYKHVMRYNPNNSVFNDRDRFVLSNGHTAMFLYALNYLVGYDNFMSDEIRGYGSAKTNGYKT.....IC											
SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRY	LWRYEMRYNPLNDVFNRRDRFVLSAGHACLQYIFLHLSCYEAWTLDQIKMYHSPATSGSMAAG.....											
SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEB	LWKYILKYNPKNANVFNRRDRFVLSNGHTCLFYAFNHLVGYSHMTLEELKSYHSTKTDSLCP.....											
SPTREMBL|Q6BXS5_DEB	LWRYVLNYAPNNDTFNRRDRFVLSNGHTCLFYAFNHLVGYSHMTLEELKSYHSTKTDSLCP.....											
Consensus	L	M	NP	P	W	NRDRFVLSNGHAC	LQY	LHL	GY	T	D	LK

	220	230	240	250	260	270	280	
1 [transketolase Sp	PCHPENFETPG.VEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAIASKHLAARFNKPKDAEIVDHYTYVILGDCQMECIAQEA							
Paecilomyces divari	PCHPEAH.DTPGVEVITCPLGQGFANAVGLAIQKHTAGVFNKPGYDLVNNYTYCFFGDCGMECIASEA							
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	PCHPERLDTPG.VEVTTCPLGQGISNAVGMATQKQLAATYKPKDFPISDSKYVAFMGDCCLMECVSSEA							
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	PCHPEVHHTDG.VEVTTCPLGQGFANAVGLAIQAANAAGTYNKDNFDLFTNRTYVFLGDCGMECVASEA							
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	PCHPENHNPDLCEVCTGFLGQGITNAVGLAIQAHTAATYKPGYDLINNRFTCFGLGDCCLDECVSSEA							
SPTREMBL|COLQP6_PIC	PCHPE.AELPG.VEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAIQAQAATYKPNYELFSNYTYAFLGDCCLDECVASEA							
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	HCHPEIE.VPG.VEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAIASKHLAATFNKPGYDMIQSRVYCYSTGDCCLDECVAMEA							
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	.CHPEIE.HDA.VEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAIATKNLAATYKPGYNLVDNKTTCIVGDCCLDECVALEA							
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	.CHPEIE.HPA.IEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGMVAASKNLAATYNRGFPVVDNTIFCMVGDACCLDECVALEA							
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	.HPEIE.FPG.IELTTCPLGQGISNAVGLAMAEAHMAATFNRRGFGVISNYTYGITGDCCLDECVQAEA							
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	PCHPEANHGCVHGEVSTGFLGQGISNAVGLAMAEAHMAATFNRRGFGVISNYTYGITGDCCLDECVQAEA							
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	.HPEIE.FPG.VELTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAVANKNMAATYKDGFPPIIQKXVWCFTGDCCLDECVQAEA							
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	PCHPETPHCPG.VEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAIQKQFAATYKPDYPIADARFTFCIVGDCCLMECVSSEA							
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	NCHPEVHHTDG.VEVTTCPLGQGFANAVGLAMQAQVQATFNKDGFLDFDNYTYMFTGDCCLDECVASEA							
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	PCHPE.YELPG.VELTTCPLGQGISNAVGLAIQAHAIAARYNKKDCEISTNYTYVAFGDCGMECVSSEA							
SPTREMBL|G9MFC9_HYP	.CHPEIE.IEG.IEVTTCPLGQGVANAVGLAMATKNLAATYNRGFDVVSNHTWCMIGDACLDECVALEA							
SPTREMBL|H0CCH3_9SA	PCHPE.FHSAG.VEITSCLGQGISNAVGMATQANFAATYMEDGFPISDSYTYFAIVGDCCLDECVSSET							
SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHI	PCHPER.IDTEGVEVTTCPLGQGISNAVGMATQANFAATYNRGFGYNIIDNFVYVFLGDCCLDECVASEA							
SPTREMBL|I1R.JN7_GIB	.CHPEIE.HEG.IEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAMATKNLAATYKPNFELVNNMTYCMIGDACLDECVALEA							
SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEK	PCHPE.AHTPG.IEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAIQAANVAATYKPKDFVSDNYTYCFFGDCGMECVSSEA							
SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUS	.CHPEIE.NEG.VEVTTCPLGQGVANAVGLAMATKNLGATYKPGYELVNNMTWCMIGDACLDECVGLEA							
SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRY	PCHPEVGVTPG.IEVTTCPLGQGISNAVGLAIQAQHMCAVFNKFNFLIDNNTYTYCFLGDCCLDECVASEA							
SPTREMBL|L0PF66_PNE	PCHPEAS.VTPGIEVTTCPLGQGFANAVGLAIQAQTHLAAVFNRRGFGDIISNYTYCFFGDCGMECVFYEA							
SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COL	HCHPEIE.VPG.VEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAIASKHLAARYMQDGLDQVQSRITCMTGDCCLMECVALEA							
SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRY	.HPEIE.YPG.IEVTTCPLGQGISNAVGMATASKQLAATYNRGLDIVDKIWCFTGDCCLDECVQAEA							
SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEB	.CHPEIE.FEG.IEVTTCPLGQGIANAVGLAIASKNLAATYKPKDLDLVDNKTTCIVGDCCLDECVGLEA							
SPTREMBL|Q6BXS5_DEB	.CHPEIE.HPG.IEVTTCPLGQGITNAVGLAIASKNLQATYKPEFPVVSNTHTFCIVGDCCLDECVALEA							
Consensus	GHPE	G	EVTTGCLGQGIANAVGLAIA	AATYKPK	N	TYC	GDGCLQEGV	EA

Figure 1F continued

	430	440	450	460	470	480	490				
1 [transketolase Sp	EGASLEAE	NNTKFAEY	EKKYPEDATE	EFKSITTG	.EFPAGWEKALP	.TYTTPETPGDAT	RNLSQQCLNAAK				
Paecilomyces divari	EQAAKEQE	NNLLKMYG	TEYKAEHADL	VRRRLAG	.KLPEGWEKSLP	.TYKPTDSAVAS	RNLSEAVLEKIHD				
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	SNKKEQQA	WEKLFNEY	KQKYPKEGADL	QRRLLEG	.KFPDGNKDNIP	.TFTAKDKALAT	RNLSEGVLDYLYG				
SPTREMBL|A8PWC5_MAL	QQAAKRAE	WEKMFEEY	GRKYEENHKE	ICRRIAH	.KLPEGWDQVLP	.RYEPSDKPMAT	RNLSELAITKIAS				
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	RGVEAQK	FDELFAKY	KTEYPELAAQ	FERVVEK	.KLPEGWEKKLP	.TYKPTDPAIAS	RNLSEIVLDSIAP				
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	DNQQVEVE	WNKLLTAM	TKEYPELGQEL	HRRLDG	.KLPENWQKALP	.TYTVDDKPVAS	RNLSEIVLTSIEK				
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	QGNCDQDL	LDTLDRY	QDFPREGTL	LRARIAG	..EVNYGDVLS	RIQFPQ	.EPAATBSLNGVIFQKLM				
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	EGDQLVAD	WKKLVDM	VVKEYPELGK	EFLARVSG	.ELPADWKSSLP	..VQDYAGDTP	RAAARGLVQAAGK				
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	KQQAYEAQ	WNQLITS	YEAAYPELAA	FQIKIKG	.ELPANWKDYIP	..TSFPNADTP	SKSGGLVLNPIAQ				
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	RGADDEAA	NAMFAQY	AKARPAEHA	ELTQRLTG	.TLPDGNKNDL	PPKSALPTS	SAQATRASSGIAVQALVP				
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	RCAAGYNA	VVKLMQEY	AVAHDDLASE	LNRRLNN	.ELPTGWKDLLP	.KYTPADPAVAT	RNLSENVLNKIAL				
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	KGAQYEQE	WNDLFKRY	KESFPEAAE	FQRRLDG	.KLEEAENKFP	SKDALPKDPKAT	RQSSGIALRSVIP				
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	SKDKQYVE	WQKLFKDY	SHHYPELAAE	EINRREDG	.RLPPDWERFLP	.SYKPSDKAAAT	RNLSETVLGALTP				
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	RGAKLESD	WTELLSKY	TEKFSAE	GKDLERRLAG	.KLPDGWEKCLP	.VYSQKDDAIAS	RNLSETVITKLAD				
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	RGNKANEE	WNSTLEEM	MRKYPELGAEL	KRRIAG	.ILPPDWESALP	.TFKPEDGDLAT	RNLASVINSIAK				
SPTREMBL|G9MFC9_HYP	RGERIVSQ	WNDLVGRY	ANAHPLAAE	FQRRLDG	.KLPSDWKSLVP	SHKKLSDKPMAT	RASSGLMINPLAK				
SPTREMBL|H0GCH3_9SA	PGQKLNEE	WDRMFEDY	KTTFPEK	GKELQRRLNG	.ELPEGWEKHLP	.KFTPDDDALAT	RKTSQQVLTNMVQ				
SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHI	EGAEYEAK	WNELFERK	KKKEYPKAKE	ILRRFNQ	.ELPDGWEKALP	.RYTSSDADAAT	RNLSENVLNIAAG				
SPTREMBL|I1RJN7_GIB	RGDRLVED	WNILVDCY	AKAYDELHQE	FIKRVEG	.RFTEDWRSIIP	AKESLPTTPTPS	RKSSAGIICNPLAA				
SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEK	AGAAEAES	RWQDNFAR	SKKYPELAAE	YARRQAG	.KLPEGWEXVLP	.XYTAADPKVAT	RNLSGDAIAAIVA				
SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUS	RGDAYEAE	WLKTVQRV	KKEDPVLG	TEFLRVAG	.KMPDDWTKCIP	GSELTEPTSS	RKSGAGILTNLIGE				
SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRY	NGAKAAEA	WQALFKSY	SEKYPKAAE	LQRRIEG	.RLPDGWEKALP	.TYTTSDAAVGS	RNLSETVITKLVE				
SPTREMBL|L0PF66_PNE	KCAKTRK	WLKLYDDY	TKQYPLAKE	FQRRVVK	.QFFENLKQVLP	.IYKSTDPVAT	RNLSETVITKLSS				
SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COL	RQKELEEE	WNSMLQRY	ASAYPEKSL	EPHGARNG	.DRGTEAPQML	SEIGAGQFGLAT	REVNGVLLKELWK				
SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRY	KGAKANEE	WNEKFEAH	SKAYPDLY	QKLTDRMNG	RFAPDGNETLL	PAKDKLPQGDQP	TRKSSGIAVQTLVP				
SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEB	KGVFHQEQ	WEKKLEAY	SKKYPQLY	EEVVSRLNG	.KLPTDWKESLP	..HSLPTDATAS	RKASGLVFTPLAA				
SPTREMBL|Q6BXS5_DEB	KGDQIVND	WLRLVKS	YKESYD	DLGTFERRISG	.KLPCDWESLIP	..ASFPTNPTAS	RKSSGLVINPLAK				
Consensus	G	W	Y	YP	E	RR	G LP W LP	LP	ATK	S	L

	500	510	520	530	540	550	560						
1 [transketolase Sp	VIPGLLGS	ADLTSNMT	LLKMFQDF	QKDTP	.....EERNVRF	GVREHGM	GAIICNGICLHSPG.F					
Paecilomyces divari	IYPELLGS	ADLTSNMT	RKNVDFQP	PEYGI	....GDWSCR	YIRYGVREH	MAAIAINCLAAVGT..V					
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	VLPDELIG	SADLTSN	LTRPEAST	DFQPPSTNL	....GNYGCR	YIRYGVREH	GMGAINMGIDTFGAH.S					
SPTREMBL|A8PWC5_MAL	VLPPEMLG	SADLTSN	LTRWSDAT	DFQNPSTLEI	....GKYS	CR	YIRYGVREHGMGAINMGLCAVGMH..					
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	VLPDELVGS	ADLTSN	LTRWKA	GVDFQPKESNL	....GDYSCR	YIRYGVREH	GMGGAINMGMAAVGT..V					
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	ELPELVGS	ADLTSN	LTRWPA	VDVDFQPKSTGL	....GDFS	CR	YIRYGVREHGMGAINMGISAYGAN.F					
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	HVPNIIAG	CSDLWNS	NQMGD	HSHRIFDGS	.....RECR	YIRY	GIREHAMAAISNGLAAVSPNAI					
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	AIPNIMAG	CSADLSV	SNLQ	PGVTFQDP	SLRTRNCGLT	GDYSCR	YIRYGVREHAMCAIANGMAAFNKGTF						
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	HLNQFLV	CTADLSP	SVNMI	PGKVD	FQDPK	KETACGLNGDY	TCRYIHYGIREHAMCAIAMCIAAYNKGTF						
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	KYKHFIAG	SADLMBS	TFVNF	KQVFE	QSPDTG	....FGDY	SCRQLRYGIREHAMVGAANGMNAVQNGMI					
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	SIPDELVGS	ADLTSN	LTRWKA	GVDFQPDVSG	....GSYACR	YIRYGVREH	GMMAIANGMNAVGG..I					
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	EDKSFLV	GSADL	CS	TFVNW	DMVFE	QNP	PKSG....YGDYSCRQIRYGIREHAMVAANGLAAWHKGAI						
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	VIPELIG	CAADL	TPSTL	TRTQ	NAVDFQ	PPSTGLGDYSER	YIRYGVREHAMGAMNGIAAFGSN.F					
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	AVPEFVCG	SADLTS	NLTRW	KAT	DFQPP	STGLGSYACR	YIRYGVREHGMGAIANGMAAYGNNLI					
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	TLPELIG	SADLTP	SNLTR	WDAID	FQPD	TKIGSYMGR	YIRYGVREHGMGSAIANGISAYGYN.L					
SPTREMBL|G9MFC9_HYP	DINSFMV	CTADLSP	SVHMA	WDG	KDFQ	HQDL	RTTCGINGSYKCRYIHYGIREHAMCAISMGMAAFAPGTF						
SPTREMBL|H0GCH3_9SA	VLPDELIG	SADLTP	SNLTR	WGA	VDFQ	PPITQLGNVACR	YIRYGVREHGMGAINMGISAFGAN.Y					
SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHI	TLPELLGS	ADLTSN	LTRW	KDAVDF	QPPSTGL	....GDYSCR	YIRYGVREHGMGAFILMGLSAYGG..I					
SPTREMBL|I1RJN7_GIB	KLKNFMV	CTADLSP	SVNMI	WKDK	VDFQ	HP	ELRTTCGINGDYSCR	YIRYGVREHAMASISNGLAAVSKGTI					
SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEK	KVPEVIG	CSADLTP	SNLTR	WAA	ARD	FQ	PASSGL....GDYSCR	YIRYGVREHAMGAINMGLSAYGLN.F					
SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUS	RKKSFLV	CTADLTP	SCHV	FNNK	VDFQ	SP	DLRTACGLNGNYS	CRYIHYGIREHAMCAISNGLAAVFNKGTI					
SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRY	VLPDELVGS	ADLTSN	LTRWKA	EDFQ	PPSTGL	....GSYACR	YIRYGVREHGMGTAIANGIAAYGG..I					
SPTREMBL|L0PF66_PNE	LLPELMGS	ADLTSN	LTRWPA	VDVDFQ	PPSTKIGDYT	CR	YIRYGVREHAMIGIANGIAAYGG..I					
SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COL	SCPTLFC	GGADLV	NSNK	VYP	LEAD	V	CHPSVS.....YACR	YIRYGVREHAMAAISNGLAAVGPGL					
SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRY	KNNTFIAG	SADLLE	STFV	NFD	QVFE	QNP	SSG....LGDY	TCRQLRYGIREHAMVGLGNGMAAVHKGMF					
SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEB	KYPQFLV	CTADLSP	SVNLL	PHK	KDFQ	NP	EIKTDCGINGDYSCR	YIRYGVREHAMCAISMGISAYSKGAF					
SPTREMBL|Q6BXS5_DEB	EINNFI	GSADLSP	SVNLV	WE	CKDFQ	NP	RIVKVS	CNINGDYSCR	YIRYGVREHAMAGIANGIAAFNEGTF				
Consensus	P	GSADL	S	W	DFQ	P	G	Y	GRIYRG	REHAM	AI	NG	AY

Figure 1F continued

	570	580	590	600	610	620	630						
1 [transketolase Sp	VBYCATFFVETDYM	MARGAMRISALS	SEAGVIYVM	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIEHLAS	FRAMPN	NILMLRPADGN						
Paecilomyces divari	IPAGGTFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLSALS	SRVRVIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETLAHFR	ALPNCM	VWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	RTYGGTFLNFVSYA	AGALELSALS	HQGVIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETLAHFR	ALPNLS	SVWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	IPTAGTFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLSALS	SNFQVIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIEVAAL	ALPNMD	FWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	IPFGGTFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLAALC	QFRIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETYAHFR	AMPNIN	CWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	KAYGGTFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLSALS	GHPIIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETLAHFR	ALPNLM	VWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	IPVTATFFMFYLYA	APGVRMGAL	SSLKVIHVA	THDSIGECQNG	GPTHQPVVEVDS	LYRAMP	NLLYIRPADGE						
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	IPITSTFFMFYLYA	APAIEMAGL	QELKTHIG	THDSINEGENG	GPTHQPIESP	SLFRAML	NVYMRPVD						
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	IPVTSIFFMFYLYA	APAVRMGAL	MNLKVIHV	GTHDSIGTGEDG	GPTHQPIALANF	RALPNLY	YIRPADSL						
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	IPICSSYLAPWQY	AMSACELGAL	MGVRFIGL	GTHDSIGVGEDG	GPTHQSV	ALAFRAL	PNLIRPADAE						
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	IPFGATFFNFISY	ALCAVRLSALS	SKHQVIYIM	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETLASI	FRALPN	LITLRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	VPIMSSYFIFWLYA	APSLRMAAL	MKLRFAIA	THDSIGVGEDG	GPTHQPIAFPL	FLRALPN	FNLYIRPADAE						
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	KVFGGTFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLSALS	QLPIIVVG	THDSVGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETLAHFR	ALPNLS	SVWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	LPAISTFANFTS	YAAGAIRLSALS	GFRVIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIEVAAHFR	ALPNMH	VWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	KPFGGTFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLAALS	GYPVIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETVTHE	RALPNM	QWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|G9MFC9_HYP	IPVTSFFMFYLYA	APAVRMGAL	QLKVIHAA	THDSIGMGEDG	GPTHQPIELAAL	FRAMPN	LLYIRPADSE						
SPTREMBL|HOGCH3_9SA	KPYGGTFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLAALS	GNPVIIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETLAHFR	ALPNMH	VWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHI	IPFGGTFLNFELTY	GWGAERLSALS	SHCRATYIM	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETLAL	TRATPN	MLTRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|I1RJN7_GIB	LPVTSFFMFYLYA	APGVRMGAL	QNLQAIHIA	THDSIGTGEDG	GPTHQPIALPAL	YRSMF	NILYIRPADTE						
SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEK	RPFACTFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLSALS	GHPVIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIETLAHFR	AMPNLM	VWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUS	IPMTSSFFMFYLYA	APAVRMAAL	QLQIHIATH	THDSIGTGEDG	GPTHQPIALPAL	YRAMPN	TLYIRPADSE						
SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRY	IPFTATFLNFVSYA	AGAVRLSALS	HLRVLNVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIVETA	AWLRAV	PNLAFWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|L0PF66_PNE	IPYGGTFLNFVFFYA	AGSLRLSSIS	HLRVIIVVA	THDSIGLGEDG	GPTHQPIEAAS	WLRAQPN	MMFWRPADGN						
SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COL	LPITATFFMFYLYA	APGVRMGAL	SHLPVHIA	THDSFAECQNG	GPTHQPV	EIDSLY	RAMPNLAYIRPADAE						
SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRY	IPIMSTFFMFYLYA	APAVRMAAL	QLRFIGVATH	THDSIGIGEDG	GPTHQPIALA	FRALPN	LIRPADAE						
SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEB	IPITSSFFMFYLYA	SPAVRYGALS	KLQVIHVA	THDSIGTGEDG	GPTHQPIALAS	FRALPN	CLYVWRPADNE						
SPTREMBL|Q6BX35_DEB	IPITSSFFMFYLYA	SPAVRYGALS	KLQVIHVA	THDSIGTGEDG	GPTHQPIALAL	YRAMPN	INLYIRPADSE						
Consensus	P	TF	F	YAA	AVR	ALS	VI	VATHDSIG	GEDGPTHQPIE	A	RA	PN	RPAD

	640	650	660	670	680	690	700									
1 [transketolase Sp	ETAGSYKVA	VENRK	.TPSILALS	SRQ	.LPNLP	PGT	STIEG	VENG	CGY	TITDN	SSGN	.KPD	VIL	IGT	CSELE	
Paecilomyces divari	ETSAAAYSA	LTSKH	.TPSILAL	TRQN	.LPQLEN	STIEGAL	NGCY	IALDAPN	....	ATVT	V	STG	SEVS			
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	EVSAAYIAA	IEAVD	.HPSVIAL	TRQN	.VPHLE	SSIEQAL	NGCY	TVVPV	EDG	....	KPDL	I	VSTG	SEVS		
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	EVSAAYKVA	IESYK	.TPSVVSL	TRQN	.LPQLE	SSMEKA	ENG	CVV	LLEDK	....	EA	ITL	VSTG	SEVS		
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	ETSAAAYHSA	ISLAQ	.TPSILAL	TRQN	.LPQLN	SSIEKAL	NGCY	VLVEN	KD	....	ANVT	I	IGT	CSEVS		
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	ETSAAAYLRA	IESKH	.TPSIIAL	TRQN	.LPQLE	HSIEKA	ENG	CVTV	PVEN	....	PD	I	VASG	SEVS		
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	ETIGAWSSA	LEVQG	.QPVIISL	ARDP	PEIT	IPNTS	RTKES	NGCY	VIVD	....	HPK	PV	V	STG	SELQ	
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	EVLGLFEKA	IECP	.YTM	SLSR	NEVL	QYPGL	SP	EKAR	CGY	ILED	....	VEN	AD	V	IGAGA	
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	ETAGAYEVA	IEAEG	.YSSI	SES	RNLV	YPNS	KRD	AVK	FCAY	VDFD	.NIP	DA	KDL	I	IGV	
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	EVLGAW	VALDAK	.HTPT	LMT	LSRQ	.VPL	LEH	SDRA	KVH	CA	YPI	FAN	YDESS	AD	PELV	
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	ETSGAYVA	ALENRH	.RPSV	LIF	TRQN	.LPQLE	G	STVE	KTLC	AY	V	LS	ESAN	....	AKIT	
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	EVIGAW	LGLRDA	.DHP	SL	TRQP	.VPL	LS	GTDR	NKV	QY	CV	V	YV	G	.DENS	
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	EVSAAYKAA	ISSVS	.TPH	V	LAL	TRQ	.VPH	LE	SSIE	KAS	NGCY	V	L	VEA	QD	....
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	ETSAAAYL	MAMNAT	.TPS	M	L	TRQN	.LPQ	LEN	STIA	HAT	NGCY	V	V	H	D	TG
SPTREMBL|G9MFC9_HYP	EVSAAYKVS	IESKA	.TPS	I	CL	TRQN	.VPQ	LE	SSIE	KA	ENG	CV	A	ISE	YH	GNT
SPTREMBL|HOGCH3_9SA	ETAGAWIAA	IETQN	.ASSI	I	ST	SRHK	V	P	QLK	QTR	.RDG	V	A	K	AY	V
SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHI	ETSAAAYSA	IKSGR	.TPS	V	VAL	SRQN	.LPQ	LE	HS	FE	KAL	NGCY	V	I	H	D
SPTREMBL|I1RJN7_GIB	EVSGAYLVA	IQNKT	.RPS	V	I	AL	SRQ	.VPQ	LE	NS	IE	AVL	CGY	I	L	R
SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEK	ETAGAF	ITALEAKD	.TPS	I	ISL	SRQ	NLE	QYP	QHS	S	R	E	G	TQ	CA	Y
SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUS	EVSAAYKTA	LESXX	.TPS	I	V	CL	TRQ	.L	P	E	L	A	G	S	S	V
SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRY	EVAGAFIAA	IQATE	.TPT	I	ISL	SRQ	NL	T	Q	P	Q	H	S	R	E	G
SPTREMBL|L0PF66_PNE	ETSAAAYLVA	ILSQH	.TPS	V	F	AL	SRQN	.LPQ	L	AN	SSIE	KAT	NGCY	V	V	E
SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COL	ECSAAYYVA	ITSLN	.MP	ST	I	AL	SRQN	.LPH	L	E	N	T	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRY	ETIGS	WMLALN	RE	.GPT	M	SL	GRDP	.TG	A	V	P	ST	D	R	F	K
SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEB	ECMGM	WLLALS	D	Q	S	A	N	T	P	S	I	F	A	L	S	R
SPTREMBL|Q6BX35_DEB	EVAGAW	EIAIETT	N	.KPT	I	ISL	SRQ	NL	K	Y	P	G	I	T	D	R
Consensus	E	A	A	PS	L	RQ	P	L	S	KGGYV				L	GSEV	

Figure 1F continued

	710	720	730	740	750	760	770
1 [transketolase Sp	IAAKAGDEL	EGKAVRVV	SFVSWEL	EKQSD	EYKESV	PS..DVT	ARVSI
Paecilomyces divari	ICIEAATYL	KEKHNV	AAARVVS	IPCFEV	FDVQD	KEYRLK	WFP...
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	ISIDAAKL	LAKENQ	KVAVVS	IPDFHT	DDQQP	IDYRLS	IILP...
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	ICVDAVAK	LAE.KG	IKARVVS	IPCFRV	RDLDQ	PDYRIS	VLP...
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	LCVEAAK	VLEAEH	GLKARV	SMPCC	EEISD	EAQYRL	SVLP...
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	IAIDGAK	KLGT.EG	VKASVVS	IPDFHT	DDSD	ARSYQL	SVLP...
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	FAVGAAK	LAEQ.G	IGTRVVS	SMPCLRL	REAGS	KDYQ.....	
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	FAYKAAK	ILGRK.G	LKVRVVS	IPCTRL	REDEH	SLGSR	RSVLRKDG
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	FAMGSA	AAILRSQ	.GYNV	RVVS	SFPC	QRLE	EQQSAE
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	RAVEAAK	KLAPL..	R.TRV	VSMPI	QSV	DR	PAEYRR
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	LAVDTA	AAMLAK.E	GIQAR	VSMPS	WEI	RED	QSHYR
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	RAVDTA	EALLKDK..	YSV	RVVS	SMPHT	GR	DAQPLEY
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	IAVEAAK	LLGK.N	QTRAR	VSMPS	FFA	RD	QQSEK
SPTREMBL|C7DV49_MIX	LCMEAAK	ILMD.K	GVKVR	VVS	SLP	CFE	IAAQP
SPTREMBL|C8COM6_TET	LCKKSA	EKYSK	DKHV	NIRV	VSL	PDF	YTFG
SPTREMBL|C9MFC9_HYP	HVLDAA	AVLIET	KGIR	CRVVS	SFPC	QRLE	EQQSAE
SPTREMBL|HOGCH3_9SA	ISIDAAK	KLYD	TKKIK	ARVVS	SLP	DFY	TDRQ
SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHI	IAVEA	SKKLN	E.KK	IPNR	VVS	SMP	CTE
SPTREMBL|I1RJN7_GIB	FAVKTRE	VLNK	KNF	IRARI	SFPC	QRLE	EQQSAE
SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEK	LAVDA	AGLLEA	.EGIP	TRVVS	SLP	DF	TFDHP
SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUS	LTMQAK	DVLLK	HEG	IKSR	VVS	SFPC	QRLE
SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRY	LCLQAL	EQLK	.KG	IKAR	VVS	SLP	CFE
SPTREMBL|LOPF66_PNE	LCVDA	AIKV	FE	EKYN	LRL	ARL	SMP
SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COL	YAVEA	AKTL	STC.G	VPTRV	VVS	SCPS	FTH
SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRY	RAIESA	KLLK	SV..	KKV	RVVS	SMP	SQKH
SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEB	FAIDA	AEIL	IES.N	INVK	II	SFPC	QRLE
SPTREMBL|Q6BX35_DEB	FALETAN	ILNEK.G	IKTRV	VVS	SFPHN	IE	EM
Consensus	AA L	G	RVVS	P	F	Q	Y

	780	790	800	810	820	830	840
1 [transketolase Sp	IGIDKFG	ASAPAG	KIYQ	EYGIT	VEAV	VEAAK	SVC.....
Paecilomyces divari	FGLNRF	GASG	PHYKE	VYK	FEFT	PEGIS	KRAIATID
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	FGLNRF	GASG	KAAD	LYK	FFFT	PEGI	ERA
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	HGINRF	GVSAP	YQAY	EKFL	QTD	HD	ADKAV
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	FGIDS	FGDS	APYQ	LYAK	YEM	TEG	VAVRAK
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	FGINRF	GISG	PGPE	IYK	FFFT	PEG	ADRASK
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	.....	EHMS	LD	.....	GHAS	..	RLLG
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	YCMNTY	GKSL	PPDV	IYFG	YNP	NTI	AKK
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	INMKT	FGK	SLPG	MVCY	DFG	YK	KEK
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	MSMHT	FGLS	APQ	ETLY	EL	FG	YD
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	CGIDT	FGAS	APY	LLYK	KG	FLV	PEAV
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	AHMTG	FGHS	APYS	VLF	EH	FG	PKT
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	FGVSR	FGS	AKY	TDI	YD	LE	FT
SPTREMBL|C7DV49_MIX	YGMST	FGAS	G	PDY	VYK	FF	FT
SPTREMBL|C8COM6_TET	FGLDR	FGMS	GKS	KEV	Y	Y	FT
SPTREMBL|C9MFC9_HYP	ISVRR	FGHS	SLG	PE	AKY	FF	PD
SPTREMBL|HOGCH3_9SA	FGLDE	FGRS	GKG	PEI	YK	LF	DT
SPTREMBL|I1BXP2_RHI	IGLHT	FGS	CGK	VGD	LYK	H	FG
SPTREMBL|I1RJN7_GIB	YSMST	FGK	SLG	KD	AYK	Y	FG
SPTREMBL|I2K2H5_DEK	LGLDR	FGAS	GKG	PEI	YK	LF	DT
SPTREMBL|J9N9S0_FUS	ISMRR	FGK	SLP	S	KAT	Y	Y
SPTREMBL|J9VL23_CRY	FGLK	AWG	AS	G	PDY	VYK	FF
SPTREMBL|LOPF66_PNE	FGLDT	FGAS	APY	KD	LYK	Y	FF
SPTREMBL|L2FB38_COL	ISMV	SYG	YS	AS	NP	S	N
SPTREMBL|Q5KHG5_CRY	LSMQT	FGHS	APQ	Q	LY	EH	FG
SPTREMBL|Q6BN17_DEB	FHLNE	FGIS	SLP	G	N	AY	EH
SPTREMBL|Q6BX35_DEB	INMKT	YK	SLG	A	A	Y	Y
Consensus	FG	S	P	Y	FG	A	




 non conserved
 ≥ 50% conserved
 all match

Figure 1G

```

          10          20          30          40          50          60          70
1 [transketolase Sp MAASSSLSTLSHHQTLTLLSHPKTHLPTTPASSLLVPTTSSXVNGVLLKSTSSRRRLRVGSASAVVRAAAVE
Paecilomyces divari .....MAGNGPNKKTTELVSSTVTI
SPTREMBL|A1DJ23_NEO .....MSP.....VTSRLIE
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC .....MTTDD....
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD .....
SPTREMBL|A8PWC5_MAL .....
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH .....
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL .....
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL .....MSDKLLQQQGLGQDDRENSQFSE.....KGRRIND
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC .....
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC .....MVP.....ANSRKLTA
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA .....MRIARAVST
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA .....MTVSESSAS
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH .....MSSVVEAG...ALSGLSADPKVPAKGA
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO .....
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC .....MARIPKAVSY
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT .....
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY .....MSPVAVHNKHGDSASHGTALSKNPHVKS
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS .....MYAIIIDPREIKEYYIVPWSCTGETRPGKPVPL
SPTREMBL|F9XCDO_MYC .....MEE
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT .....MAPSAVETPSPTDLKMQLSPNSGVPDELVHVKFEG
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN .....MTVPESLQN
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN .....
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX .....MTPALAPLELLLRNDSTEGDASIASAPYRKTRQP
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET .....
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET .....
SPTREMBL|HOEPU8_GLA .....MAPGLVETGLLAVNHDDNKSKSHNLKADVAPAESPAQTTWETKKEVTG
Consensus

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          80          90          100         110         120         130         140
1 [transketolase Sp ALESTDIDQLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSCHFGLPMGCAPMGHIIYDEIMRYNPKNPNVFNRRDRFVLS
Paecilomyces divari .....HDLVLKTFRLLIADLCRFQNGGHHFGAMGMAAIGIALWKYVMRYAPHTPDDFFNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|A1DJ23_NEO .....EDDALAVLTLRNLIFDLCNQNGCGHCGSAIGMAAIGVALWKYIMRYNPNPNQDFDRDRMTVG
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC .....YDKILVTFRIILIADLVQYQNGGHHFGAMGMAAIGVALWKHVLRISPSNPNFFNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD .....MAPS..IDELSVSTIRGLSVQVNAQAQSGHFGAPLGLAPAHAALWRKMR.FNPQDKRWINRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|A8PWC5_MAL .....MVFTPEIDLKSIATIRTLAADVVAAMAKSGHFGAPMGLAPLAHLWSRIMVADPKESHWINRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH .....MVSTYTDLDTKAVNTIRTLAVDTTCKSKSGHFGAPMGMAPAAHVLFSRIMNPNQKPRWINRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL .....MAFTEVDQLAVNTIRVLAVDGTAKANSCHFGAPMGLAPTAHVLFHKFMNPNKPKWAMRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL TDYS....EEDTLAVLSLRNMLFDMCNQNGGHHCGSAIGMAAIGVALWKYIMRHNPNSEWFDRRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC .....MS....DLLAINTIRLLAVDTVAKANSCHFGAPMGLAPAAPHTLTKQMR.FNDRNPAWINRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC .....DDIAVRDIRKLVLDCCRQNGGHHCGSAIGMAPLGVALWRHTLRFSTKNPAWFDRRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA SDYE.....HDQIIKYGRALVLDIVQYDGGHFGSAMCGNALGIALWKYTKRYAPNDPTYFNDRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA LIQAKQDQTKFDFMLKYRNLIVDLVHNYKGGHCGPNGMAAIGFALYKYVMKYNPNPSYFNDRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH IDPE....IEKLAVNTVRVLAGDLTQAFKGGHFGTVMGAAAIGVALWRYQMRYPNPNKNDWFDNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO .....MSFTKAASDEKAIATIRVLAADVVAKSNSCHFGAPMGMAPMAHTLFSRFMNPINPAHSKWINRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC NDDI.....HDLVIKTFRCYVLDLVEQYGGHFGSAMGMVAIGIALWKYQMKYAPNDPDYFNDRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT .....MPSTMDILAIMTIRTLAADVQKANSCHFGAPMCCAPMAHVLFSNFICQDPPQHPDWISRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY SEVD....TEKLVINAIRCLAADLCQQYKGGHFGTVMGAAIATAWKYSRYNPNANPDWINRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS NSHTATMNSDETSINTIRLLAADATFRSNSCHFGAPMGLAPAAPHTLFTKFLRCSADPNWLNDRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|F9XCDO_MYC FEKT.....DLVLKTFRCIADLCRQFQGGHFGSAMGMAGIGVALWKYVMKYSNPNDDFFNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT AELN.....SHVLKTFRCIADLCRQFQGGHFGSAMGMAAIGVALWKYVMKYTPENPKFFNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN RSQT.....HQYVLKIFRVLIAADLVQVQNGGHHFGGAMDMAAIGIALFKYVMKYSNPNPDYFNDRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN ...MTKD..IDQLSINTIKTLAVDSVAANSCHFGAPLALATLAHAIFQKTK.FTPNHPKWPNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX VKMTFEAHADDWTCINTIRTLSDVNVKANSCHFGAPMGMAPVAHLWSRFRNCNPKSSHPNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET ...MSHFTEIDNLAVNTLRLLAVDTVDAQAQSGHFGAPLGMSPAHHVVTKFLNLNPKNDPFCNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET ...MSKFNDIDRLCISTVRLIADLVAVQKANSCHFGAPLGLAPAMHVLCRDFMNVNHNENVDWPNRDRFVLS
SPTREMBL|HOEPU8_GLA WIPE....TDDDFAILAVRNLVLDICNQNGGHHCGSALGMAAIGVALWKHVIMRYNPNANSEWFDRRDRFVLS
Consensus
          T R L D          GHPG MG A L M P P W NRDRFVLS

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Figure 1G continued

	150	160	170	180	190	200	210																												
1 [transketolase Sp	AGHGCM	LQYALLH	LACGYDS	VLEEDL	KTKFR..	QWGS	RIP.....	GHPE	FET.PG	VEVT	CG	LGQGI																							
Paecilomyces divari	NGHTCL	FQYVFL	HETCYR	VMTLD	QLKSY	HS	DRADAL	CE.....	CHPE	IEIE..	GIEV	TC	LGQGV																						
SPTREMBL|A1DJ23_NEO	.HCAMF	LALN	HLET	CDAW	TMAEL	KGY	GDAKLN	GYET.....	LAHG	PEIE	CP..	GVEV	TC	LGQGI																					
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	NGHTCL	FQYAF	HHLV	CYKHM	TLD	QLKSY	HS	AE	LD	SYCP	.....	GHPE	NEHP..	GIEV	TC	LGQGV																		
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	NGHACAL	LQYIM	LHLM	LCY.D	LTM	DL	KQFR..	QLNS	KTP.....	CHPE	R	LDT.P	CG	VEVT	SC	LGQGI																			
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	NGHACAL	QYIM	LHLM	LCY.D	LTM	DL	KAFR..	QLDS	RTP.....	CHPE	V	HHT.D	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGF																			
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	NGHACV	LQYAL	CHLL	LCY.N	LTD	DL	KNFR..	QLGS	KTP.....	CHPE	N	HP	DL	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGI																		
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	NGHGCML	QYALL	HLCY	.DLS	IDL	DL	KNFR..	QLDS	KTP.....	CHPE	A	HDT.P	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGF																			
SPTREMBL|B8M325_TAL	NGHAVML	LQYAL	NHLC	YDAW	TME	QL	KGYSP	KPKGY	KYT.....	MAYG	CHPE	R	ESP..	GIEV	TC	LGQGI																			
SPTREMBL|COLQP6_PIC	NGHACAL	LQYIM	LHLM	LCY.D	YTD	DL	KNFR..	QLNS	KTP.....	CHPE	A	EL.P	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGI																			
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	NGHAAIF	LQYV	MLH	VACYP	HMTL	DEL	KMYAD	PKAFD	HKTGT	WKST	ICHG	GHPE	IEVP..	GVEV	TC	LGQGI																		
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	NGHVCL	LQYV	FQHF	TE	LKS	M	TMD	QLKSY	HS	ND	FHS	HCP.....	CHPE	IEHD..	AVEV	TC	LGQGI																		
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	NGHTCL	FQYAF	NHLC	YSH	MTL	EEL	KSY	SA	EE	S	LCP.....	CHPE	IEHP..	AIEV	TC	LGQGI																			
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	AGHACL	WQYI	HLH	LAC	YDAW	T	DALK	QYHN	P	D	FG.I	AAAG.....	HP	IEFP..	GIEV	TC	LGQGV																		
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	NGHACAL	QYIM	LHLM	LCY.K	D	L	P	M	E	Q	L	KQFR..	QLDS	KTP.....	CHPE	R	HGT.E	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGF														
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	NGHVCL	FQYV	LQHF	TE	L	K	M	T	V	K	L	S	Y	H	S	S	D	Y	H	S	L	T	P.....	CHPE	IE	NP..	AVEV	TC	LGQGI						
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	NGHGCV	LQYIM	LHLM	LCY.N	L	S	M	D	L	K	N	S	R	T	P.....	CHPE	A	N	H	G	V	H	C	I	E	V	S	T	C	P	L	G	Q	G	I
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	AGHACL	LQYIM	LHLC	YSS	WT	D	G	I	K	Y	H	A	P	T	M	D	G	I	A	A	G.....	HP	IEFP..	GVEV	TC	LGQGI									
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	NGHACV	LQYI	LLH	L	CY.D	I	T	D	L	K	N	S	R	T	P.....	CHPE	N	F	E	T	P	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGI										
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	NGHACL	FQYAF	LHLC	YK	Q	M	T	W	E	Q	L	L	T	Y	H	S	R	F	D	S	I	T	P.....	CHPE	IE	ID..	GVEV	TC	LGQGI						
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	NGHTCL	FQYV	FLH	V	CY	K	N	M	T	F	E	L	K	S	Y	H	S	A	R	T	D	S	I	C	P.....	CHPE	IE	HD..	GIEV	TC	LGQGI				
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	NGHTCL	FQYAF	QHL	V	CY	S	H	M	T	E	Q	L	K	T	Y	H	S	S	E	L	S	Y	C	P.....	CHPE	N	E	F	P..	GIEV	TC	LGQGI			
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	NGHACAL	LQYI	FL	Y	CY.D	Y	T	D	L	K	N	S	R	T	P.....	CHPE	T	P	H	C	P	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGI										
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	NGHACAL	QYV	LLH	L	CY.K	L	S	M	D	L	K	N	S	R	T	P.....	CHPE	V	H	H	T	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGI										
SPTREMBL|G8BNE3_TET	NGHAVAM	LQYI	SL	L	L	CY.N	Y	K	I	E	D	L	K	N	S	R	T	P.....	CHPE	F	D	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGI										
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	NGHACAL	LQYI	ST	L	L	L	CY.D	Y	T	D	L	K	N	S	R	T	P.....	CHPE	Y	E	L	CG	VEVT	TC	LGQGI										
SPTREMBL|HOEPU8_GLA	N.....	V	C	D	A	W	T	M	D	E	L	K	Y	G	D	A	K	N	G	Y	K	T	IAHA	H	PE	IEVP..	GVEV	TC	LGQGI					
Consensus	NGH	C	QY	LHL	GY	T	D	LK	S	P	GHPE	GVEVT	TC	LGQGI																					

	220	230	240	250	260	270	280																																														
1 [transketolase Sp	ANAVGL	AI	AEKHL	AAR	FN	KPDA	EIVD	H	Y	T	V	I	L	G	D	G	C	M	E	C	I	A	C	E.....	ACSL	A	G	H	W	G	L	G	K	L	I	A	F																
Paecilomyces divari	ANAVGL	AI	ATKN	FAST	F	N	Q	P	G	F	V	S	N	H	T	W	C	M	V	G	D	A	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AI	S	F	A	G	H	L	R	L	N	L	T	I									
SPTREMBL|A1DJ23_NEO	ANAVGL	AI	AAKN	L	G	W	T	F	N	E	P	G	F	E	V	V	R	S	R	V	M	T	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AI	S	L	A	G	H	L	K	L	D	N	L	T	I						
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	ANAVGL	AI	AAKN	L	Q	A	T	Y	N	R	P	E	I	V	S	N	H	T	F	C	I	V	G	D	A	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AI	S	L	A	G	H	L	C	L	D	N	L	T	I					
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	SNAVGL	MA	IAQ	Q	L	A	A	T	Y	N	K	P	D	F	P	I	S	D	S	K	V	A	F	M	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AS	L	A	G	H	L	Q	L	D	N	L	I	A	F				
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	ANAVGL	AI	AQ	A	N	A	A	C	T	Y	N	K	D	N	F	L	T	N	R	T	V	V	L	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AS	L	A	G	H	L	R	L	H	N	L	I	A	F					
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	TNAVGL	AI	AQ	A	H	A	T	A	T	Y	N	K	P	G	Y	D	L	I	N	R	T	F	C	F	L	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AS	L	A	G	H	L	K	L	G	N	L	V	A				
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	SNAVGL	AI	AQ	A	H	S	A	A	V	F	N	K	P	G	Y	L	F	D	N	Y	T	T	I	F	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AS	L	A	G	H	L	K	L	G	N	L	I	A					
SPTREMBL|B8M325_TAL	ANAVGL	A	M	A	S	E	Q	L	A	A	R	N	R	P	G	Y	D	I	V	K	A	R	Y	C	M	T	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AI	T	A	G	S	L	K	L	D	N	L	V	L			
SPTREMBL|COLQP6_PIC	ANAVGL	AI	AQ	A	L	A	A	T	Y	N	K	P	N	Y	E	L	F	S	N	Y	T	A	F	L	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AI	S	L	A	G	H	L	G	D	L	K	L	I	A				
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	ANAVGL	AI	A	S	K	H	L	A	A	T	Y	N	K	P	G	Y	D	M	I	Q	S	R	V	C	S	T	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AV	A	I	A	G	H	L	K	L	D	N	L	V	L		
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	ANAVGL	AI	A	T	K	N	L	A	A	T	Y	N	K	P	G	Y	N	L	V	D	N	K	T	Y	C	I	V	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AI	S	L	A	G	H	Y	G	L	N	N	L	I	V	
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	ANAVGL	M	A	V	A	S	K	N	L	A	A	T	Y	N	R	E	G	F	P	V	D	N	T	I	F	C	M	V	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AI	S	F	A	G	S	M	R	L	N	N	L	V	V
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	ANALGL	AI	A	S	K	N	L	A	A	T	Y	N	K	P	S	Y	P	V	D	N	K	I	W	C	F	V	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AL	S	L	A	G	H	L	R	L	D	N	L	I	V		
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	ANAVGL	AI	A	Q	A	N	L	A	A	T	Y	N	K	D	G	F	L	T	N	H	T	Y	M	F	T	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AS	L	A	G	H	L	Q	L	G	N	L	I	A				
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	SNAVGL	M	A	G	S	E	N	L	A	A	T	Y	N	R	P	G	F	P	V	D	N	T	I	Y	A	I	V	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	S	I	S	L	A	G	H	L	A	L	D	N	L	I	V
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	SNAVGL	A	M	A	E	A	H	M	A	A	T	Y	N	R	P	G	F	Q	V	I	S	N	Y	T	G	I	T	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AV	S	L	A	G	H	L	K	L	G	N	L	I	M	
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	ANAVGL	A	V	A	N	K	N	M	A	A	T	Y	N	K	D	G	F	P	I	I	Q	N	K	V	W	C	F	T	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AL	S	M	A	G	H	W	G	L	D	N	M	I	V
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	ANAVGL	AI	A	Q	A	H	T	A	A	V	F	N	R	P	G	F	E	I	I	N	N	Y	T	C	F	V	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AS	L	A	G	H	L	R	L	G	N	L	I	C	V		
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	ANAVGL	A	M	A	T	K	H	L	G	A	T	Y	N	R	G	F	E	V	V	N	N	M	T	W	C	T	I	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	A	F	Q	L	A	H	W	R	L	N	L	C	V		
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	ANAVGL	A	M	A	T	K	H	L	A	A	T	Y	N	K	T	N	P	I	V	D	N	M	T	W	C	M	I	G	D	C	L	Q	E	G	V	A	L	E.....	AI	S	L	A	G	H	W	R	L	N	N	L	A	V	
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	SNVGL	AI	A	S	K	N	L																																														

Figure 1G continued

	290	300	310	320	330	340	350
1 [transketolase Sp	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
Paecilomyces divari	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|A1DJ23_NEO	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
SPTREMBL|HOEPU8_GLA	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G
Consensus	YD	NH	I	S	I	D	G

	360	370	380	390	400	410	420
1 [transketolase Sp	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
Paecilomyces divari	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|A1DJ23_NEO	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
SPTREMBL|HOEPU8_GLA	SP	NK	S	N	S	Y	S
Consensus	S	G	H	G	L	K	G

Figure 1G continued

	430	440	450	460	470	480	490
1 [transketolase Sp	YPEDATEFKSITTE	EFPAGWEKALP	TYTPETPGDATRNLS	QQCLNALAKVIR	GLLGGSADLASSNMTL		
Paecilomyces divari	FPCLATEFRSRIKQ	ELPLDWOQLIP	TEFPSKPTASRASS	GLVFNTIAEKVKTFM	VGTADLSPSVNML		
SPTREMBL|A1DJZ3_NEO	HPVKAAKFAARRS	GNLDTDSITKILMRLD	STVFECTATRESNGL	LILQKLWAECPAL	CGGGADLVTSNKFL		
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	HPFLAKEFLNRVNG	KLPSNWESLVP	TFQFSPPTASRKS	SGLCVQNLAEINIK	LSFFGTADLSPSVNLS		
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	YRKEGADLQRRLEG	KFPDQWKNIP	TFTAKDKALATRK	SEGVLVDYLVGLPE	LIGGSADLTGSNLTR		
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	YENEHKEICRRIAH	KLPEGWQVLP	RYEPSDKPMATRK	SELAITKLASVLP	PEMLGGSADLTGSNLTR		
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	YBELAAQFERVVEK	KLPEGWKKLP	TYKPTDPAIASRKL	SEIVLDSIAPVLP	DELVGGADLTGSNLTR		
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	YKSEHADLTRRLAC	KLPEGWKKNLP	TYKSTDAATASRKL	SETVLEKIYAAP	PELLSGSADLTSSNTR		
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL	HPDTGTFKFRNQRAG	IDPTPCLKALSDM	SSLGFGDKATRESN	GAVMSKIWELHP	GVFAGCADLVNSNKIP		
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	YPQLGQELHRRLDG	KLPEWQKALP	TYTVDDKPVASRKL	SEIVLTSIEKELPE	LVGGSADLTGSNLTR		
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	FPREGTLRARIAGE	VNYGDLVSRIQFP	QEP...AATNSLNG	VIFQKLDHVPNI	IAGGSDLWNSNMG		
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	YPDELGKEFLARVSG	ELPADWKSLLP	VQDYAGDTPTRA	AARGLVQAGKAI	PNIMAGCADLVSVN	LQ	
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	YPELAAEFQIKIKG	ELPANWKDYIP	TSFPNADTPSRK	SGLLVNPIAQHLN	QFVLGTADLSPSVNMI		
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	HPAENHAELTQRLTG	TLPDQWKNLDP	PKSALPTSAAQTR	KSSGIAVQALVP	KYKHFAGSADLMEST	FTVN	
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	YPNEHAELIARRIAG	KLPEGWKALP	VYQPSDAVASRKL	SETVLGKVADAV	PELLGGSADLTGSNLTR		
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	YREGQEFLSRVRG	ELPKNWRTYIP	QDKPTEPTATRT	SAREIVRALGKNL	QVVIAGSGDLVSI	ILLN	
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	HPDLASELNRRLLN	ELPTCWKDLLP	KYTPADPAVATR	LSENVLNKIALSI	PELVGGSADLTGSNLTR		
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	FPSEAAEFQRRLDG	KLEEAENKFP	SKDALPKPKATR	QSSGIALRSVIP	EDKSFVLVGSADL	CESTFVN	
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	FPAEYADIQRRVKG	NMPQDWESALP	NFSPSGESVATR	KLSETVLSRIHTT	IPELVGGSADLT	TPSNLTR	
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	HPQLAAEFQKRRNG	ELMIADTKMVP	KLEDFTTEATPTR	KAAAGQVLP	PIAENISLMVGT	ADLTPSNWNA	
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	HEVLYEEFMLRVAG	KLTDDAKFIP	KADDFPTSP	PSRKSGLVCN	PIAENIKSV	MGVGTADLSPSVNMM	
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	YPALALEFENRRLG	KLPPNQSFIP	NSFPTTPTSRK	SGLVFN	EVAKNVN	NFVIGTADLSPSVNLI	
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	YPALAEELNRREDG	RLPPDWERFLP	SYKPSDKAAATR	KLSETVLGALTP	VIPELIGGAADLT	TPSTLTR	
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	FSAECKDLERRLAG	KLPDGWKCLP	VYSQKDDAIASRKL	SETVITKLADAV	PEFVCGSADLTG	SNLTR	
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET	YPELGAEFQRRLNG	ELPANWSTLTP	VYTPKDSAIATR	KLSEMLLDSI	HTLPELVGGSADLT	TPSNLTR	
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	YPELGASLKRRIAG	ILPPDWESALP	TFKPEDGLATR	KLSASVINSLAK	TLELVGGSADLT	TPSNLTR	
SPTREMBL|HOEPUS_GLA	YPEAAEFASRQKG	.TQGFDEKVLNEATS	.....			
Consensus	P E R G	LP W LP		A R K S		P G ADL S	

	500	510	520	530	540	550	560
1 [transketolase Sp	LKMFGDFQKD	.....TPEERNVRR	GVREHCGMGAIC	NGICLHS	PGFVVPYCAT	FFFTD	VMRCAMR
Paecilomyces divari	FPGKVDQNPDEL	RTTCGINWNYSGRY	IHYGIREHAMCAIS	NGIAAFAPNT	FIPVTS	SSFFMGLY	YAAPAVR
SPTREMBL|A1DJZ3_NEO	YSETDIFFPNT	.....GACKCKRY	IHYGIREHAMAAIS	NCLAAYHPRT	FLPVAT	FLMGLY	YAAPGVR
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	WKSQVDFQNP	PAIDTACGTNGDYS	GRYLHYGIREHSMAGI	ANGIAAYNP	PGTFIP	VTS	SSFFMGLY
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	PEASTDFQPP	.....STNLNGY	GGRYIHYGIREHCGMGA	IANGIDTFG	AHSRTY	GCTFLN	VSYAAGALR
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	WSDATDFQNP	.....SLEIGKYS	GRYIHYGIREHAMGAI	MNCLCATG	.MHIPTAGT	FLN	VTYGWA
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	WKGAVDFQPK	.....ESNLGDYS	GRYIHYGIREHAMGGI	VMCMAAYG	.TVIPIFG	CTFLN	VSYAAGAVR
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	WKAAVDFQPP	.....EYGI	GDWSGRYLHYGIREHAMGAI	MNCLAAYG	.TVIPIAGG	TFN	VSYAAGAVR
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL	YTESDIFHP	.....SVSY	GRFVRYGIREHAMAGI	ANGIAAYNEG	TFLPITAT	FFMGLY	YAAPSVR
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	WPDVDFQPK	.....STGL	GDYSGRYIHYGIREHCGMGA	IANGISAYG	.ANFKAYG	GCTFLN	VSYASGAVR
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	DHSHRIFDG	.....SRREG	VIRYGIREHAMAAIS	NGIAAYSP	NAIIPVAT	FFMGLY	YAAPGVR
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	WPGVTFYQDP	SLRTNCGLT	GDYSGRYLENGIREHAMCAI	ANGMAAFN	KGTFFIP	ITSTFF	MGLY
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	WPGKVDQDP	PKKETACGLNG	DYTCRYIHYGIREHAMCAI	ANGIAAYN	KGTFFIP	VTS	FFMGLY
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	FKGQVEFGSP	DTG.....FGDYS	GRQLHYGIREFANVGA	ANGMNA	YQNGMI	IPICSS	YLAWQY
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	WGNVDFQAP	.....STQL	GDYSGRYIHYGIREHAMGAI	MNCLAAYG	.MHIPTAGT	FLN	VSYAIGAVR
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	WQGVKYFFN	PKLQTF	CGLGDYSGRYIHYGIREHSMCAI	ANGIAAYN	KGTFFIP	ITSTHY	MGLY
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	WKGAVDFQPD	.....VSGLS	YAGRYIHYGIREHCGMAA	IONCMNAYG	.GIIPFG	ATFFM	ISYALGAVR
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	WDGMVEFQNP	PKSG.....YGDYS	GRQIHYGIREHAMVAA	ANGIAAWH	KGAIVP	IMSSY	FIWLYAAPSIR
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	WSAATDLQSP	DL...ESV	PNYSGRYIHYGIREHAMGAI	MNCLAAYG	.TLLPYA	CTFLN	VSYAAGAVR
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	WKGKVDQNP	DLQACGLNG	GRYDGRYIHYGIREHAMASAS	NGMAAFN	KGTFFIP	ITSS	FFMGLY
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	WKGKVDQHP	GLKTS	CGINGDYSGRYIHYGIREHAMASIS	NGIAAFN	KGTIVP	VTS	SSFFMGLY
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	WKGKTDQNP	RVKTS	CGINGDYSGRYIHYGIREHAMAAIS	NGIAAYSP	KTFFIP	VTS	SSFFMGLY
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	TQNAVDFQPP	.....STGL	GDYSGRYIHYGIREHAMGAM	NGIAAFG	.SNFKV	FGCTFLN	VSYAAGAVR
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	WKTATDFQPP	.....STGL	ESYAGRYMRYGIREHCGMGA	IANGMAAYG	GNLILPA	ISTFAN	TSYAAGAIR
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET	WKEAKDFQPP	.....SSGL	GDYSGRYIHYGIREHAMGAI	NGISAYG	.VGYKPY	SCTFLN	VAYAAGAVR
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	WDDAIDFQPD	.....DTKIG	SYMGRYIHYGIREHCHSAI	NGISAYG	.YNLKP	FGCTFLN	VSYASGAVR
SPTREMBL|HOEPUS_GLA	.....	FKGRYI	HYGIREHAMASIA	NGMAAYG	PGTFLP	ITAT	FFMGLY
Consensus	W DFP	P	G YSGRYIHYG	REHAM AI NG AAY		P TF F YAA	AVR

Figure 1G continued

	570	580	590	600	610	620	630
1 [transketolase Sp	ISALSEAGVIYVM	THDSIGLGEDGPTTHQPIEH	HLASFRAMPN	ILMLRPA	DGN	ETAGSYKVV	VENRK...TP
Paecilomyces divari	MGALQHLQVIHAA	THDSIGMCEGDP	THQPV	VELAALYRAMP	NLLYIRP	CDSEETAGAWIA	IEAKG...TP
SPTREMBL|A1DJ23_NEO	MGALSHLPTIHIA	THDSFABCGNGP	THQPV	VELDSLFRAMP	NLYIRP	CDABETLGAWIY	ALTSANAKTSP
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	YGALSCLKVIHVA	THDSVGLCEGDP	THQPIALATFY	RALPQIN	YIRP	ADSEETAGAWIA	ALKAD...TP
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	LSALSHQCVIWVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIETL	LAHFR	AIPLNSVWR	PADGNEVSAAYIA	IEAVD...HP
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	LSSLSNFQVIWVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIEVA	AALRALPNMDF	WRPAD	GNEVSAAYKVA	IESYK...TP
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	LAALGQFRTIYVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIET	YAHFRAMP	NINCW	WRPADGNETS	AAHYSAISLAQ...TP
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	LSALSQVRVIWIA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIETL	LAHFRALPNLMV	WRPAD	GNETS	AAHYSAITSKH...TP
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL	MGALSRLPVIHIA	THDSFABCGNGP	THQPV	VELDSLFRAMP	SFTYIRP	CDGEEVIGAWK	VALANR...DGP
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	LSALSGHPIIWVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIETL	LAHFRALPNLMV	WRPAD	GNETS	AAHYLR
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	MGALSCLKVIHVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPV	VELDSLFRAMP	NLLYIRP	ADGEEIIGAWSS	ALEVQ...GQP
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	MAGLQELKTIHIG	THDSINBENCP	THQPIESPSL	FRAMLNV	VYYMR	WDSAEV	VLGLFEK
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	MGALMNLKVIHVG	THDSIGTCEGDP	THQPIALAN	FYRALPN	LYYIRP	ADSL	ETAGAYEVA
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	LGALMGVRFICLG	THDSIGVCEGDP	THQSV	ALAAFFRALPN	FNLIRP	ADAEV	VLGAW
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	LSALSQHRVIWVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIET	ALRAIP	NLMFWR	PADGNETS	GAYLV
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	MAALQELKAIHIA	THDSIGACEGDP	THQPIALS	FLFRAMP	NFYMR	PADATE	VAAALFEV
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	LSALSXKHQVIYIM	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIETL	ASLFRALPN	LITLR	PADGNETS	GAYVA
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	MAALMKLRFIAIA	THDSIGVCEGDP	THQPIAF	PLFLRALPN	FNYIRP	ADAEV	IGAWILGL
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	LSALSRLRVIWVA	THDSIALCGD	GP	THQPIETL	LAHFRALPN	CMVWR	PADGNETS
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	MGSLQNLQTIHIA	THDSIGTCEGDP	THQPIEL	ALYRAMP	NFYIRP	ADGEEV	IGAWIA
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	MGALQGLQIHIHIA	THDSIGTCEGDP	THQPIALS	LYRAMP	NILYIRP	ADSEETAG	AYIAALAATS...TP
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	YGALSQQLQVIHVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIALS	LYRAMP	NLYIRP	CDST	VAGAW
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	LSAISQLPIIIVG	THDSVGLCEGDP	THQPIETL	LAHFR	AIPLNSVWR	PADGNEVSAAYK	AISSVS...TP
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	LSALSQFRVIWVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIEVA	ANFRALPN	MHVWR	PADGNETS	AAHYLMAMNNT...TP
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET	LSALSGHPIVWVA	THDSIGVCEGDP	THQPIETL	LAHFRALPN	LHVWR	PADGNEVSAAYK	VAIESKS...TP
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	LAALSQYPVIWVA	THDSIGLCEGDP	THQPIET	VTHFRALPN	MQVWR	PADGNEVSAAYK	VIESKA...TP
SPTREMBL|HOEPUS_GLA	MGALSNLQVIHIA	THDSFABCGNGP	THQPV	VELDSLFRAMP	NLSYIRP	CDABELLIGAWSY	AMRSV...HNP
Consensus	ALS	I	ATHDSIG	GEDGPTHQPIE	RA	PW	RPAD E A A TP

	640	650	660	670	680	690	700
1 [transketolase Sp	SILALS	QKLPNLP	PGTSIEGV	KCGTIT	DNS	SGN..KPV	VILIGT
Paecilomyces divari	SIISTSR	HALPQLTQ	TKRQCVL	KCAVLEE	.VEG	PEADVT	LIGVGA
SPTREMBL|A1DJ23_NEO	TMISVAR	ADP.VSH	VPNTDRLQ	VLRCAY	IVDEV	.MDA...DIT	LASC
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	TIISLS	RHNLEQ	QITTR	.QMVAK	CAVLLQE	.DED...AQ	ITIGV
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	SVIALTR	QN.VPH	LENS	SIEQAL	KCGTIV	WPVEDG	...KPD
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	SVVSLTR	QN.LP	QLEG	SMEKA	ECGIV	LLEDK	E...AAIT
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	SILALTR	QN.LP	QLNG	SSIEK	ALKCG	VLVENK	D...ANVT
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	SIFALTR	QN.LP	QLQNS	SSIE	NALKCG	IVAVDAP	...AAV
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL	TMLS	LR	ADP.VGP	VPAT	DRYK	VALCA	YIIQDL
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	SIIALTR	QN.LP	QLEH	SSIEK	AAKCGT	VYPVEN	...PD
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	VIISLAR	DPPEIT	IPNT	SRTK	ESKCG	YIVDH	.PKP...VVT
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	SMLS	LR	NEVL	QYPGL	SSPEK	AKR	CGVILE
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	SIIS	SR	QNLV	QYPEN	SKR	DAVK	FGAV
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	TLMT	SR	EG.VP	LLEH	SDR	AKVHK	CAPI
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	SVLALTR	QN.LP	QLEG	STIE	KTKCG	VLVENE	.S...ADIT
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	TLLS	SR	HEVD	QYPG	KTS	SAQAK	RCGV
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	SVLIFTR	QN.LP	QLEG	STV	ENTL	KAVL	SESAN...AKIT
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	SLLS	LR	QP.VP	LLSG	TDR	NK	VYCG
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	SILALS	QNL	LPQL	NESS	IGAA	AKCG	VLVHEPT
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	SMISV	SR	QNV	PYP	QYSS	R	EGVQ
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	TIIS	SR	QDLE	QYP	QYSS	R	EGVQ
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	TIIS	SR	RHNLE	QYP	QYSS	R	KDKVRL
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	HVLALTR	QN.VP	LLEH	SDR	AKVHK	CAPI	FANY
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	SMLL	LR	QNL	LPQL	EN	STIA	HATKCG
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET	SIIALTR	QN.LP	QLEG	TSIE	KTKCG	VLVQ	DVAN...PDL
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	SIICL	TR	QN.VP	QLEG	SSIEK	AAKCG	V
SPTREMBL|HOEPUS_GLA	SMISVAR	ADP.VG	EPNT	SREG	VQRC	AV	IQEN
Consensus	S	L	RQ	S	KG	YV	D L GSE A AA L G R

Figure 1G continued

	710	720	730	740	750	760	770
1 [transketolase Sp	VVSVFVSWELFEKQ	SDEYKESVLP	..DVTARVSI	EAGSTFGWHKIV	SGKGAIGIDK	FGASAPACKI	VYQE
Paecilomyces divari	VVSVFPCQRLFEKQ	SLSYKRNTLQR	.HRGIPAVVIE	PYPNGWERYAD	...AAICMNR	FGHSLPGKAV	YKY
SPTREMBL|A1DJZ3_NEO	IVSFCPSFDLLDR	QEREYQECVFR	..DGKPIVSV	VEEYVATTWAR	VT...ASIGMS	GFYGSASNK	SNYAR
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	VVSVFPSQRLFEQ	QSLNYKRSLR	.GK.VPCVWIE	AYAPNGWERYAT	...AGFNMTT	FGKSLPGSIV	VDY
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	VVSVIPDFHTFDQ	QPIDYRLSILP	..GV.PIMSVE	VLSTFGWSKY	...HEHFGLN	RFASGKAAD	LYKF
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	VVSVIPCFRVFDL	QPYDYRISVLP	..GH.PILSVE	AYSTFGWVYS	...HVHGINR	FGVSAFYQK	AYEK
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	IVSMPCCEIFDE	QAQEYRLSVLP	..GI.PIMSVE	VYSTVGVKRYA	...HEAFGID	SFGDSAPY	QQLYAK
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	VVSVIPCFEVFDT	QSKYRISVLP	..GI.PILSVE	AASTLGWERY	...HEQFGIN	RFASGSPYK	KVYEK
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL	VVSVAPCLRLFDA	QSQEYRDKILP	..DGTPTVVS	IEEYVATTWAR	VT...ASIGMT	FGCSAAKEC	NYER
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	VVSVIPDFFTFS	QARSYQLSVLP	..GV.PIMSVE	VMSTFGWSKY	...HEQFGIN	RFASGSPYK	PEIYKF
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	VVSMPCCLRLFEA	QSKDYQEHMSL	..SG.....	HAS.....	ARLLG.....	.....	.....
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	VLSIPCTRLFDE	HSLGSRRLSVL	RKDGQVPP	VIVDGHVAFG	WERVST...AS	YCMNTYKSL	PPDVIYKY
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	VVSVFPCQRLFEQ	QSAEYRHSVLM	R.QQMIP	TVVIEAYAP	NGWERYAT...AG	INMKTFGK	SLPGMV
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	VVSMPIQSVFDR	QPAEYRATLAT	..GKALVVA	IEPWASYGWA	RYAH...ASMS	MHTFGLSAP	QETLYEL
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	IVSIPCFSVFDA	QPIEYRLSVLP	..GK.PILSVE	AYSTLGWSKY	...HAHQGIN	TFGASAPAK	DLFKK
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	VLSVFCQRLFDE	QSITYRRLSVL	RRR..GEVPT	VVVEAYVAY	GWERYAT...AG	YTMNTFGK	SLPVED
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	VVSMPSWELFED	QSHEYRASVFL	..NI.PTISME	AMTTLGWSKY	...HASCGI	DTFGASAP	YLLLYKK
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	VVSMPTHGRFDA	QPLEYRHSVLP	..TKSLVVS	IEPYASFGWA	RYAH...AGA	HMTFGHSA	PYSVLF
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	IVSLPCWEVFDA	QSKRYKLSVLP	..GI.PILSVE	MLSTMGWHRYS	...HEQFGI	DSFGASAP	AELFNK
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	VVSVFCQRIFEA	QSKYKSVLG	...TAPRVV	VEAYSPNGW	ERYAD...A	YSMHSFG	QSLTGD
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	VVSVFPCQRLFDE	QSLSYKRVLR	Y.RSQAPRV	VIEAYAVNGW	ERYAD...SG	YSMSSFGH	SLPGAD
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	VISVFCQRLFEK	QPLEYKRSILNR	.GK.VPSVV	VEAYAVNGW	ERYAT...AG	INMSTFGK	SLPGKM
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	VVSMPSFFAFD	QSEKRYRISVLP	..GV.PILSVE	VMSTFGWSKY	...HVQFG	VSRFGFSA	KYTDIYDY
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	VVSLPCFEIFAA	QPKDYRMSILP	..GH.PVLSVE	AYSTVSWGALA	...HEHYGM	STFGASCP	YKDVYKK
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET	VVSLPDWLSFD	RQPEYRISVLP	..GV.PILSVE	VLATNGWSKY	...HQHIGM	TTFGASGK	APLVFKH
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	VVSLPDFYTFG	KQPEFYRISVLP	..EV.PILSVE	VYATLSMCKYS	...HEQFGL	DRFGMSGK	SEKVEY
SPTREMBL|HOEP08_GLA	LVSAPCLSLFD	QDSEYRISVLP	..DGKPIVSV	VEEYVATTWAR	VT...ASIG	MSTFGYSAS	NESNYER
Consensus	VVS P	FD Q	YR SVL	P S E	GW Y	FG S P	Y

	780	790	800	810	820
1 [transketolase Sp	YGITVEAVVEAAK	SVC.....	.....	.....	.....
Paecilomyces divari	FGFEINPMAAKI	SRYLSDVQS	..DEILR	..WEFLEL	.....
SPTREMBL|A1DJZ3_NEO	FELDAEGIVRRV	KCYLAFNLG	..RDARG	..VGWQSL	.....
SPTREMBL|A5DD66_PIC	FGFNSAKIADRI	EYIKEYE	..DPDIK	..FEFQDLLAV	.....
SPTREMBL|A5DSN8_LOD	FGFTPEGIAERA	EKTIQFY	..KGKVVGS	SPVHTAFEELK	.....
SPTREMBL|A8PWG5_MAL	EQLTDHDIADK	AVKVVVEYY	..KSMGHI	HSPIAVQA	AFELQK
SPTREMBL|B6K5F9_SCH	YEMTPEGVAVR	AKMTVDAW	..KPVQNI	RSPINHAF	.....
SPTREMBL|B8M240_TAL	FEITPEGISKRA	LATIDFY	..KGVKPR	SPINRA	QQLI
SPTREMBL|B8M3Z5_TAL	FGLDTDGIIKRL	TLYLADLKG	..ANARG	..VGWRQL	.....
SPTREMBL|COLQF6_PIC	REFTAEGVADR	ASKVVQFY	..KGKDFY	RHLISFES	VMDVRLIAP
SPTREMBL|C7ZAM9_NEC	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SPTREMBL|D7UPI2_OGA	FGYNPNTIAAK	VEAYVKACHA	..DPLLL	..HDYVDL	KEKPKHKV
SPTREMBL|D7UPI3_OGA	FGYNKEKIATK	VDAYLKQIKD	..TPSVV	..YEFQDLN	.....
SPTREMBL|D8Q788_SCH	FGYGIDTIVDK	VSKFVSKRVD	GEIVLPGV	GEFEELLG	YAKKHAGPE
SPTREMBL|E6ZQ75_SPO	FKMTGDDVA	AKAEHVAKVF	..GQQLV	SPVELEAK	LMQY
SPTREMBL|F2QV92_PIC	FGYTPEKIGER	VVQVNSIKA	..SPQIL	..YEFHDL	KGKPKHKD
SPTREMBL|F4P3U6_BAT	FGLVPEAVSEK	AKKVIIEYY	..KTRTPES	KMSPALF	.....
SPTREMBL|F5HCT5_CRY	FGFGPKTLAEK	IRAWAEPKRN	GDGWDIP	GVGEFEEL	LVNSGNGH
SPTREMBL|F9GER6_FUS	FEFTPHGVVKRA	IATIEFWSK	KSSNIDSPI	IRAF	.....
SPTREMBL|F9XCD0_MYC	FNYNNEKIARK	VEALVEEVK	KEGIEVLR	..GDFRDL	NFDYPRDI
SPTREMBL|G2YJE4_BOT	FGFDEKVIAPK	VFELVQDVR	KNGIDTLR	..GEFRDL	NVRSH
SPTREMBL|G3B8B6_CAN	FGFNSERIA	AKIEKYEDWKQ	..DESLR	..FEFQDLN	.....
SPTREMBL|G3BBY9_CAN	LEFTPEGISSR	ANKTIDFY	..KGSKLLS	PLSKPFP	QSFDLFTHGR
SPTREMBL|G7DV49_MIX	FGFTGENIASV	GEKVIAFW	..KGK.TILS	PQNTCLVAI	.....
SPTREMBL|G8BNE8_TET	FGFTPEVVAE	KAAKTVSFY	..KGKTI	VSPSSPF	.....
SPTREMBL|G8COM6_TET	FEFTPDGVA	SRIAKVLSFY	..SDKTI	RSPVRKALA	.....
SPTREMBL HOEP08_GLA	FGLDTAGIEK	KVNYLKS	LSLNG	..GSARE	..AGWQQL
Consensus	F				

non conserved
 ≥ 50% conserved
 all match

Figure 1H

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1 [transketolase Sp MAASSSLSTLSHHQTLSSHQKTHLPTTPASSLLVPTTSSKVNGLVLLKSTSSSRRLRVGSASAVVRAAAVE
Paeciomyces divar .....MSSYKFPVD.LKQFKQLKLDPKS.P
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP .....MSHLVEKFPID.LNQFKKIKLDPAQ.S
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH .....MSGTAAPFPID.LKQYKKIKLDPTN.A
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC .....MSADKFPPIFVEKFKHVALDPSQ.P
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL .....MPAFSLVEIEAKMSFFSDFLNQVKTPSVASKQIYVSKVLIQITNFDQLDFDFQ.IKILNQVTLHPSQ.P
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX .....MASHSDFSDFPVD.LSKFKKLSLDPKK.K
SPTREMBL|HOEEH2_GLA .....MATATADFGIDVFAKYKPISLDPTN.A
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL .....MTAVNAKFPVP.LESFKKLTLDYKN.P
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL .....MLRTVIKMSFPVD.LSKFKQLKLDYTR.S
SPTREMBL|K1WGMO_MAR .....MASATAEFGIDVLARYKPIALDPA.S
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA .....MSGTDAKFPID.LKQLKQLKLDPSN.P
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY .....MLSRFLYSEFPTFVVVFKNRMNYHTVARMSVNVKQDWDFFEKFPID.LKQYKFPPLDPTKDK
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI .....MTEG.....FEID.MSKFKEVKLDPWQHE
SPTREMBL|AOYNC4_LYN .....MTATQA....TFPID.LGAYKPLSLDP.ANA
SPTREMBL|AOZLZ6_NOD .....
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY .....MTATQAKPKSAFPID.LSAYKRISLDP.SNN
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA .....MSDLFGRRVNMRGFPY
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA .....MLFDEAVKINSFQW
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA .....MVKYDL
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA .....MRDTLLALAHFPK
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH .....MT
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE .....MTTIITMIPFEAFKRV
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY .....MTNLSLVPFPREFERL
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE .....MQSSLAFPADACERRI
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA .....MN....TFPID.LGAYQHITLNA.SNT
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA .....MKVTEEIRGPKS
Consensus

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1 [transketolase Sp ALESTDIDQLVEKSVNTIRFLAIDAVEKANSCHPGLPMGCAPMGHILYDEIMRYNPKNPY.WFNRRDRFVL
Paeciomyces divar QLSAQKNDLLHNINIFRDAIIAFTATGAARGLACHTGGPFDTAPEVCILLAFMNPANPD...GFVDALYD
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP ELTEEQRSALKANTQLLRDAIVFTATGAARCVSGHTGGAYDTPVEVCILLALFEGNKD...AYVPILFD
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH KLTDEQKQTLTANINLLRDAIVFTATGAARCVSGHTGGAFDTPVEVCILLSLFDAAPE...KFPVIFD
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC KLSADQKSKLLENISILRDAIVFTATGAARCVSGHTGGPFDTPVEVCILLALFASDPDG.KKFDHTFWD
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL KLTQEEKSKLLNNTSILRDSIVFETDGAARCVGGHAGGPFDTVREVVILLASFASGSDS.KIFDHTVSD
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX TLSEQERSDLLSNIKLFRDAIVFTATGAARCVSGHTGGPYDTAPEVNILLAFFNHPA...QFLPIFFD
SPTREMBL|HOEEH2_GLA KLSQQKEDLLSNISLLRDTIVFTSSGAARCVSGHTGGPYDTIPELCILEAFFLHSSSE...KFLPIVYD
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL QLSQQRADLLHNINIFRDAIVAFATGSAARCVSGHTGGPFDTAPEVCILLAFINANPE...KFDVTFD
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL TLSEQERSDLLSNINIFRDAIVAFSATGNARCVSGHTGGPFDTAPEVCILLALINANPE...KFIDTFD
SPTREMBL|K1WGMO_MAR KLSAEQKADLLSNISLLDITIVFTASGAAR.....DTIPEVCILEAFFKHSSE...KYPVVIYD
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA QLTDEQLSTLKHNIQLMRDAIVFTATGAARCVSGHTGGAYDTPVEVNMLLSLFNHS.N...KFPVILFD
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY KLSQEQKDLIANISLLRDIIVFTATGAARGLACHTGGAFDTPVEVILLSFLLADQDK.SKYVDILFD
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI SIPADIKADILANIELCRDAIVFTACGSASGYGHTGGAFDTPVEVMLRSFFNARPD...KFPVIYD
SPTREMBL|AOYNC4_LYN TLTNEQRETLKANIQCRLDVIIVFTATGAARCVGGHTGGPYDTVPEVMILDALFRGAAD...KFPVIFD
SPTREMBL|AOZLZ6_NOD .MATQEQLHQWYELAQLRVDISIRATTVAGSGHPTSSMSPADLMAVLLSKYFRYDFQNP.NPNNDRLF
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY KLTDEQRDALQANIQLCREAIVFTATGGARCVGGHTGGPYDTVPEVMVLDALFRGNPD...KFPVTFD
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA ESLPADVVADLENAARVCRALAVAMTTRANSCHPAGLSMKNMYAAYGVANLTPDNAAD...LDRDYIAI
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA EKLPQAEERQLNKAQVCKGLAVAMVARANSCHPAGALSMMKNMYAAYGAANVPQNCDS...LDRDFVVV
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA NDVKLN...EMEEAARRCSGLAVSMVARAKSCHPAGLSMKNLYLAAYDVADLTPENC DG...TDRDYVVI
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA DKLDKVDTEAFLIAAKKCRGWVLTMTTAAANSCHPAGSMSSMEMYLVTYAVSNLRRERVEE...TDRDYVVI
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH TTQTQPPIQWTLAQLRVDISIRCTTAAAGSGHPTSSMSAADLMAVLMISYLRDYDFDNP.KHPNNDHLIF
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE QKAENDTNRRLLGLADMCRANALAAVKQAGSGHLGSSFSAMDIVVRLYEEMNALQLGPD.HPDRDVVYS
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY KDLDITPETHTELFATYCRINTLYMIKQAGSGHIGSSFSLLDIVCWLFLNELRVKNTSN...QPRDIYFS
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE LDLPVGHLEKQQLFADVCRINTLPMITKAGSGHICTSFSCLDILAALFINGLREGNDAATGYPYRDLFFS
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA TLTDEQRASLKANIQLCRDAIVFTATGAARCVGGHTGGPYDTVPEVIMDALFRGDAD...KYVPIFFD
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA EGISAEGVAELRGAAREARVAVVATAAAKSGHPAGALSMDIYMTLLGAANVTPELADS...PERDRIVV
Consensus N F T A G G D

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Figure 1H continued

	150	160	170	180	190	200	210						
1 [transketolase Sp	SAGHGCM	LQVALL	LHLAGY	DSVLEED	LKTRFQ	WGSRI	PCHPEN	FETPGVE	VTTG	PLGQ	GIANA	VGLAL	AEK
Paeciolomyces divar	EACHRV	ATQYLL	AALD	GKID..	PDHLLN	YRAAD	SKLPCH	PELGLT	PGIKF	SSGRL	GHMW	AMCNG	ISM
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP	EACHRV	ATQYLL	AAMEG	SIP..	AHLLN	YRAAN	SKLPCH	PELGLT	PGIKF	SSGRL	GHIW	PLVNG	VAM
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH	EACHRV	ATQYLL	AAL	EGSLP..	AHLLN	YREAN	SKLPCH	PELGLT	PGIKF	SSGRL	GHWV	PLVNG	VAL
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC	EACHRV	ATQYL	VAALE	GHLP..	AEQLM	MYREA	AQSKLP	GHPEL	GLTPG	VKFSS	GRLGH	MWPLV	NGV
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL	EACHR	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX	EACHRV	ATQYLL	SVLNG	DMP..	ASHLLN	YRAAS	SKLPCH	PELGLT	PGIKF	SSGRL	GHMW	PLVNG	VAL
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA	ESGHRV	ATQYL	RRAAL	HKHL..	FEHLL	HYREAN	SKLPCH	PELGLT	PGIQF	SSGRL	GHIW	SFVNG	VCM
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL	EACHRV	ATQYLL	STLD	GHD..	PEHLL	YREAN	SKLPCH	PELGLS	DGVKF	SSGRL	GHMW	AMING	VAM
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL	EACHRV	ATQYLL	STLD	GHD..	PEHLL	YREAN	SKLPCH	PELGLT	PGVKF	SSGRL	GHMW	AMING	VAL
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	ESGHRV	TTQYL	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA	EACHRV	ATQYL	VSAID	GHIP..	PEHLL	HYREAN	SKLPCH	PELGLT	PGVKF	SSGRL	GHWV	WPWING	VAL
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY	EACHRV	ATQYLL	SALD	GHIP..	VEHLL	HYREAN	SKLPCH	PELGLT	PGVKF	SSGRL	GHMW	PLVNG	VAL
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI	EACHRV	ATQYLL	SALD	GHVT..	FAHLL	KYRV	VGHAC	LPCHPE	LHCTP	GVKF	SSGRL	QMW	PMVNG
SPTREMBL|A0YNC4_LYN	EACHRV	ATQYL	MAAL	GGELP..	AEKLL	HYREAN	STLPCH	PELGLT	PGVKF	SSGRL	GHMW	PFVNG	VAL
SPTREMBL|A0ZLZ6_NOD	SNCHA	APLLY	SMYKA	AGVIN..	DEELR	SLRR	FRFGR	LEGH	PTPIL	P..	VVDV	ATGSL	GGQL
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY	EACHRV	GTQYL	MSTL	NGDLP..	AEQLM	QYRA	ADSKLP	CHPEL	GLTPG	VKFSS	GRLGH	MWPF	VNG
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA	SHGHT	SPAAY	ATL	AYGF	VDG..	LD	AVRFR	RCGSL	FQGH	VERD	V..	GIDW	SSG
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA	SHGHT	SAAY	ATL	AYGF	VDA..	FD	AVNE	FRRT	GRFQ	GH	VER	MVP..	GIDW
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA	SHGHT	SPAAY	AVL	AHNG	FVDP..	LE	AVD	FRRC	SGAF	QCH	VER	RAIP..	GIDW
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA	SHGHT	APAAY	SAL	YLG	FFDP..	LE	LLGN	FRRT	GRS	PFQ	GH	VER	SVP..
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH	SNCHA	APLLY	SMYKA	AGAI..	DAELM	TLR	KFC	SRLE	GH	PTP	ALP..	YVDV	ATG
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE	SNCHD	V	PGLY	AVL	FLGR	LP..	EDK	FLN	RR	FRG	LD	GH	PDI
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY	SNCHD	V	PGFY	SVL	IGH	LLE..	FERI	HS	LR	LDG	LP	GH	PDI
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE	SNCHD	V	PAVY	ACL	I	ALGH	LP..	FD	SI	HTL	RR	LG	LP
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA	EACHR	AATQY	LMSAL	NGDLP..	AERL	MEY	RAA	HS	HL	PH	PEL	GLT	PG
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA	SHGHT	SAGF	YAA	LA	EYGF	FFPA..	HEMA	AN	FR	RAG	SPY	QGH	VER
Consensus	GH	V	Y	G	E	L	R	S	L	P	G	H	P

	220	230	240	250	260	270	280
1 [transketolase Sp	HLAARF	NKPD	AEIVD	HYYT	IVLGD	GCGM	EGIAQ
Paeciolomyces divar	D.....	KNVLL	GS	DGS	Q	Q	EGNDA
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP	D.....	KTVF	CLGS	DGS	Q	Q	EGNDA
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH	D.....	KTVF	CLGS	DGS	Q	Q	EGNDA
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC	G.....	KTIF	CLGS	DGS	Q	Q	EGNDA
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL	T.....	ETV	FC	GS	D	G	S
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX	D.....	KNVLL	GS	DGS	Q	Q	EGNDA
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA	D.....	KTVF	CLGS	DGS	Q	Q	EGNDA
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL	S.....	KNV	ILL	GS	DGS	Q	Q
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL	D.....	KNY	IM	GS	DGS	Q	Q
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	E.....	KTL	F	M	GS	DGS	Q
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA	D.....	KTV	F	L	GS	DGS	Q
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY	N.....	KAV	F	L	GS	DGS	Q
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI	D.....	KIV	W	C	L	GS	D
SPTREMBL|A0YNC4_LYN	G.....	KTV	F	CL	GS	DGS	Q
SPTREMBL|A0ZLZ6_NOD	YLD	Q	L	P	.....	YHT	W
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY	G.....	KTT	F	L	GS	DGA	Q
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA	ARK	NK	.....	SR	V	V	M
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA	ARG	YD	.....	GR	V	V	M
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA	KR	G	L	D	.....	RH	V
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA	KRR	G	E	.....	GH	V	V
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH	YLD	K	L	P	.....	YH	V
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE	Y	L	G	R	.....	GH	V
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY	L	M	G	R	.....	GN	Y
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE	A	Q	G	L	.....	R	C
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA	S	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA	ARG	S	R	.....	.....	.....	.....
Consensus	V	L	D	G	Q	Q	E

Figure 1H continued

	290	300	310	320	330	340	350
1 [transketolase Sp	VDLRFEALGWHVIVWKN	NGTGYDEIRAAI	KEAKTVTDKPTL	IKVTTTTIGFG	SPNKS	.....	SYSV
Paeciolumyces divar	IARTELEGHGLK	VIRA..QGENLDS	LYGAMCEI	IINYN.GPAAV	VDRKMAAG	IEEIEG	.....ETH
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP	VAKTELEGHGLK	VVTV..DGENID	SLWGGVSS	VLQYD.GPAAV	VIKRVMAP	GIPDIEG	.....STH
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH	LQKTELEGHGLK	VVTV..QGEDL	DSLWGGV	HEILNYD.GPAAV	VSKRMAP	GVDDIEG	.....TPH
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC	VSKTELEGHGLK	VFAH..EGENID	SLWSGLCS	VISHQ.GPAA	LIAKRMLCP	IQGLEG	.....SNH
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL	VGKTELEAHALK	VIRA..EGE	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX	VAKTELAGHGLK	VFDT..EGED	IDKLYAS	VCOLVAHD.GPT	ALIVKRV	MCPGIDGLEG	.....STH
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA	LASTLEGGHGM	KVFET..SGE	IDQLYAA	IOGAVSHN.GPAAV	IAKRKMAP	GIKGLEG	.....TTH
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL	TAKTELEGHGLK	VFRT..EGENID	KLYASM	CEIISYD.GPAAV	VASRKIA	PEVEGIEG	.....ESH
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL	VQKTELEGHGLK	VVRA..EGENID	SLFKAV	CEVVAHD.GPAAV	VASRKIA	PEIEGIEG	.....ESH
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	LLKTELEGHGLK	TTIVA..QGE	IDELYAA	VCTAVTTE.GPAAV	VVKRMAP	GIKGLEG	.....STH
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA	IGKTELAGHGLK	VVTV..QGED	TAAALS	ALVEVINYD.GPAAV	IAKRLMAP	GIADIEG	.....TPH
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY	VARTELEGHGLK	VVEA..NGED	LDSL	YSALVEVMNHK.GPAAV	VTHRMAP	PKIKGIEG	.....SPH
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI	VEKTELEGHGM	TCAVC..DGE	DLDALY	KAMRAAVLKD.GPVAV	VAKRMAP	CPGVEGVEG	.....TCH
SPTREMBL|AOYNC4_LYN	VAQTELAGHGLK	ILEG..NGE	IDDL	YRICEAVNTD.GPVAV	VNKRMAP	VGIEGIEG	.....SEH
SPTREMBL|AOZLZ6_NOD	YAKRATAFG	WQAIET..DGH	DLTD	IDQYSAAVTVNDRPTV	IARTKKG	QGVASLED	.....LGGW
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY	VQRTLEGHG	IKTLVN..DGE	IDALYAN	ICEAIATD.GPIAV	ICKRPM	TVGIEGIEG	.....STH
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA	LRQIWEADG	WQVIEC..DGD	NFPS	LYAGLRQASLSD.RPTV	LICRTT	MGQV	.....RDPY
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA	IKELWEADG	WQTLIC..DGD	SFAEL	YVALKAARAAG.RPTA	ILCRTT	MGKVS	.....TPDY
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA	IEALWKADG	WAVLKA..DGH	DFRS	IYCAKEAQQMD.VPAV	ILCSTV	MKGVS	.....RDPY
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA	YKRLWEIDG	WQVYEC..DGH	PSDI	YSALKEAYEDD.GPSV	VFCNTV	MKGVS	.....IPDY
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH	YAARARAFG	WHAIEI..DGH	YEQIN	QAYAEALQTEGKPTL	IIAKTKK	GKVS	.....KDGW
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE	LEKKLSAFG	WEVARC..DGH	QHAL	ARVFERFRHLK	DIPIK	LIADTIK	.....RPLALREGAGFYRW
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY	LERKFAAYG	WYVERC..DGN	DVKAL	CNAIAKLKAVTNQPK	ILIA	DIKGI	.....TAIRPEDNLYHF
SPTREMBL|C2H8B8_9DE	LDAKFAAFG	WHVQRC..NGH	DPAA	LDTALAN.AATDPR	PSVII	ADTKG	.....TAHDSSELYRF
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA	IAKTELAGHGLT	VLEG..DGE	IDDLY	KRICTAINTD.GPVAV	INH	RMPGPI	.....STN
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA	IPALWAADG	WLVTEC..DGH	YEA	LYRAMKAAKGSP.VPTV	ILCRTT	MGKVS	.....IPDY
Consensus	L G V	G D L		P	M G E		

	360	370	380	390	400	410	420
1 [transketolase Sp	HGSALGSKEVE	ATRQNLGWP	YEPFHVPE	VKKHWSRHT	PEGASLEAE	WNTKFAEY	EKKYPEDATEFKS
Paeciolumyces divar	AHDVIPVDI	ARKYLT	KRGYSKEQL	AFYD..QIK	PGSNPH	YQYQGS	.....TKEKGAN
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP	GHDVIPVNA	AVKYFES	RGLKSLTG..LYD	..GIRP	VNPPLY	IGS	.....TKEVGAN
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH	GHDVIPVKA	ALNLYL	KKRGH	P.DYS.NILL..EIK	PANPYL	FVGS	.....TKESAN
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC	GHDVIPVKA	IAYL	KDRPY	GEAAA.KILN..SLT	PSSPY	LYIGC	.....TKESAN
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....KYTGC
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX	GHDVIPVKA	IKYL	KDRGYP	DTVG.EILS..NIK	PAPN	PYLYTGV	.....SKELGAC
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA	AHDVIPVKI	AVEYLE	ERGYTQ	AAE.KIK..AIT	PN	SLAYLYGS	.....TTEKGAN
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL	AHDVIPVAV	AKKYL	KRGYSE	DQL.SFYD..QIK	PQKY	QYEYTCV	.....SADKGAN
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL	AHDVIPVAV	AKKYL	KRGYTE	EQQL.KFYD..D	IKPSV	KYDYKGV	.....TADKGAN
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	ADDVIPVKA	VEYL	QSKGYD	QAVS.KLE..AIT	PN	SLAYLYSGS	.....GSEKGFAN
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA	GHDVVPVKA	ALKYFE	ARFP	AFAGNILN..NIK	PYAL	PYLYIGS	.....TKELGAN
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY	AHDAIKVE	PAIEYL	DARHPK	CAAI..LR..AI	QPSN	YAEALLSGS	.....TKERGAC
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI	GHDIAIVAK	AITYLE	KKGYKE	AVQWLQ	GPATKA	EKDP	.....GSSVGAN
SPTREMBL|AOYNC4_LYN	GHDVIPLD	KAIKYL	EAKGK	TAAVDY	LKS...IE	KPN	.....SDKLGSN
SPTREMBL|AOZLZ6_NOD	HGKALES	EDAKRA	ISELGG	.ERQIIIS	VDTPDD	QAQASIGNAQ	.....LQLPKYDKSK
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY	GHDVIPTD	LAIKYL	EKKHGR	QEAADY	LKN...IE	KPHSYEFKGS	.....SDEVGSN
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA	HGKAATG	DLYRQ	AMDELKA	.PDLVAM	ANSSSVR..TAG	AKMDRPR	.....PALNVGAPRVYKLG
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA	HGKAASG	DLYRQ	ANKELGQ	.PDLVAL	AAEHKK	AKFSAARAVEPLE	.....AVLDLGA
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA	HGKAATG	DLYRQ	AMEELGQ	.PDILVEA	ASLGDQ	VHYRGRSVEVPA	.....VSVDTGSPRTYGV
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA	HGKALN	KEQYL	RAMEEL	GEDPS	ILEEAL	RARRGPLPEGR	.....PPIQTGH
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH	HGKPPVK	DKED	EALQEL	HRRPAR	SMTF	SVQKPN	.....LQVSI
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE	HAGAPPD	DAFMA	AHSEI	LARINS	RMAD	EGLDAFALKEV	.....PVPKELFY
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY	HSGAPD	DEAYTT	GVAE	LIAAANT	QLEQ	VGASPLALEM	.....SYAKP
SPTREMBL|C2H8B8_9DE	HSGAPAP	EARDA	ALAEL	ADRIERS	LRD	VGAATPLL	.....HREPAAP
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA	GHDVVS	VKVAVD	YLES	RGRQAA	ADHL	KG...IK	.....KAPKND
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA	HGKPAAC	EKLEL	ALKELG	SDISV	FNAAL	AERKGPLKGR	.....RITPEK
Consensus				G			

Figure 1H continued

	430	440	450	460	470	480	490			
1 [transketolase Sp	TGEFPAGWEKALPT	YTPETPGDATRNLS	QQCLNALAKVIPGL	LGGSDLA	ASNNM	TLKMF	GDFQKDTPEE			
Paeciolomyces divar	RAIFGEAVNSVLD	DGLSKEEVRV	.....	RVMVIDSDLAGS	.....	TGLKAIQSKHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP	RVLFGAVNMLVLD	TMSKEEAAS	.....	KVMVIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLKSIHQKHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH	RAIFGEAVNKVLD	DTLSKEEAAK	.....	KVLVIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLKAIHQKHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC	RVQFGKAVNMVLD	DKLSKEEAKE	.....	KVMVIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLKAIRESHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL	.....	NDVKS	.....	KVIRINFDLKGS	.....	TGFEAIHQSRPG	.....		
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX	RVEFGDAVNAQL	DKMTKEEAAR	.....	TVMCIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLKKIHEKHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|HOEEH2_GLA	RVIFGEAVVSVLE	GLSKEEAKR	.....	RVMVIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLSVIHQKRPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL	RVIFGEAVNLVLD	DKLSKEEAQK	.....	RVMVIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLKGIHAAHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL	RVIFGDAVNLVLD	DKLSKEEAAK	.....	RVMVIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLKGIHAAHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	RVVFGAVCKVLE	PLSKEEAKR	.....	RVLVIDSDLAGS	.....	TGLSVIAKNHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA	RVIFGEAVNGVLD	DKLGKEEAAK	.....	KVMVIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLKVIHQKHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY	RVQFGAVSAVLD	DKTSKEQNKA	.....	KVLVIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLSVIHKKHPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI	RAEFGNAVCKILA	AMSPEERKQ	.....	KVMCIDSDLEGS	.....	TGLKVIHQQFPD	.....		
SPTREMBL|AOYNC4_LYN	RNVFGEAVVSVLK	GISDAERKE	.....	KVICIDSDLEGS	.....	OGLKAIQEAFFD	.....		
SPTREMBL|AOZL26_NOD	KVATRRAYGDAL	VALGAAQ	.....	PNVIALDAEVNS	.....	TYAEDFAETYPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY	RNVFGQATVEVL	SKMSDAERKE	.....	KVLVVDLDEGS	.....	OGLNHIKAYPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA	KVDCRSFGFNALS	SDVGAAT	KE	NG	.....	GGPLLVDFCDLAGS	.....		
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA	TTDNRSAFGSALA	AEVQGLNYKK	TG	.....	RAPLVDFCDLAGS	.....	VKTGEFAKKCPD	
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA	KVDNRSFGFNALAD	LGLSLNCGV	EG	.....	RTPILVDFCDLAGS	.....	VKTASFAKCPD	
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA	KTDNRSAFGKALAN	IGELNYKEGSS	.....	STPILVDFCDLASS	.....	VKVEDEFADKCPD	.....		
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH	SEATRKA	YGDA	LKALGEAD	.....	GRVVAMDGEVNS	.....	TYAQEFAKAFPE	
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE	DEYVSEVYGKSL	MDLAGHR	.....	DDMIVLADADLAD	.....	CKVRAFFLAYPD	.....		
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY	AQLVSA	YSKALVTQAERN	.....	QDLVLDADLMLD	.....	OGLVDFKDFPK	.....		
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE	PQLRIDAYAAAL	LDAARHD	.....	PRIVALDADLKKD	.....	OGLPLAEALPD	.....		
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9CA	RNVFGDAVVA	IMGRMSEAERIE	.....	KIRVIDSDLEGS	.....	OGLIKIHNAYPE	.....		
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA	KKDNRGAFGKALA	AEVGLNYKK	EG	.....	ATPMLVDFCDLAGS	.....	VKVDGFAKCPD	
Consensus	A	L		V	V	D	DL	GS	GL	PE

	500	510	520	530	540	550	560								
1 [transketolase Sp	RNVRFGRV	SHGMGAICNGICL	HS	PGFVPYCATFFVF	TDYMRGA	MRI	SAL	SEAGVIYVMT	HDSIGLGED						
Paeciolomyces divar	VFVASCVM	ERGNFSAAG	FGFGNGERQGV	STFS	AFLEMCVSE	ITMARLN	RCTVLSH	FSHSGVDE	MADE						
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP	VFVPSGIM	ERGNFSAAG	FGFGAP	..	DKFGV	STFS	AFLEMLVSE	ITMARLN	NCNVLCHFSHSGVDE						
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH	VFVPSGIM	ERGNFSAAG	FGFDH	..	DKFGV	STFA	AFLEMCISE	ITMARLN	NCNVLCHFSHSGIDEMAD						
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC	VFIPSGIM	ERGNFSAAG	FGF	..	EKGKV	GVSTFS	AFLEMCCE	ITMARLN	RNCNVLCHFSHSGVDE						
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL	IFIPSVI	SHGNFCAA	AGFGFEK	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX	VFQSSGIM	ERGNFSAAG	FGFGHESEK	GIFSTFT	AFSEMITSE	ITMARLN	FCNVLTH	FSHSGVDE	MADE						
SPTREMBL|HOEEH2_GLA	VFVSSGIM	ERGNFSAAG	FGS	..	TKDKV	GIFSTFS	AFCEMIISE	ITMARLN	FANVLC						
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL	VFIPSGVM	ERGNFSAAG	FGFGNGERQ	GVSTFS	AFLEMCVSE	ITMARLN	YCNFLCH	FSHSGVDE	MADE						
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL	VFVPSGVM	ERGNFSAAG	FGFGNGERQ	GVSTFS	AFLEMCVSE	ITMARLN	HNCNVLCH	FSHSGVDE	MADE						
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	VFLASGIM	ERGNFTAAG	FGA	..	TKDKV	GVSTFS	AFCEMIISE	ITMARLN	FANVLC						
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA	VFIPSGIM	ERGNFSAAG	FGFDK	..	DKFGV	STFG	AFLEMVISE	ITMARLN	FCNVLCH						
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY	VFLSSGIM	ERGNFSAAG	WGAFN	ADRQ	GVSTFS	AFSEMIISE	ITMARLN	FANVLT	HFSHSGVDE						
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI	IFVQSGIM	ERGNFQAAG	FGMDK	..	SKQAI	FSTFA	AFLEMCVSE	ITMARLN	NHNSVLC						
SPTREMBL|AOYNC4_LYN	IYIKACIM	ERGNLSAAG	FGMEK	..	GKQGI	FATFS	AFLEMCISE	ITMARLN	YSNLLCH						
SPTREMBL|AOZL26_NOD	RYFEMYIA	QQMVA	AVGLQVRE	..	YKPF	ASTFAA	FFTRAYDFV	RM	AAVSRANIKLV						
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY	IFVSGGIM	ERGNLSAAG	FGMAE	..	GKQGV	FATFS	AFLEMCISE	ITMARLN	KANL						
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA	WFVQCGIQ	SHSTATA	AGSSSIAG	..	AASV	FAGFGM	FALVEAYNQ	RLNDIN	ETNLTLAL						
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA	NFIQCGIQ	SHNTTATA	AGAASAG	..	VVSV	WADFGV	FGLAEAYNQ	RRNDVNR	AGEKLV						
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA	GFVQCGIQ	SHSTATV	AGAASCGG	..	VIPW	ADFGV	FGLAEAYNQ	RLNDIN	HCNLKLAL						
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA	WFVETGIG	SHATATV	SGAASCGG	..	VIAL	WADFGV	FGLTEVYNQ	RLNDIN	KTNLKLFL						
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH	RFEFQYIA	SEQLVAT	IGMQVRH	..	YIPF	ASTFAA	FFS	RAYDF	IRMGAISRANIR						
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE	RFIENGIA	EQDMVSM	AGGLARQG	..	LLPV	VNSFAS	FLASRAN	EQIYNN	AGEQTKI						
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY	RFVECGIA	EQDMVSSQ	AGMALKG	..	LLPI	VHSFAC	FLSTRP	NEQIYNN	ATERTKI						
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE	RFVECGIA	EQDMVSSQ	AGMALSG	..	MLPV	VHSFAC	FLTPRAA	EQIYNN	ASEHTAV						
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9CA	VFISSGIM	ERGNFSAAG	FGMEK	..	GKQGI	FGTFS	AFLEMCISE	ITMARLN	NHNSVLC						
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA	NYVEAGIQ	SHNTTATA	AGAASAAG	..	VVSV	WADFGV	FASDEVYNQ	RLNDIN	RAGAKTVL						
Consensus	F	GI	E	AA	G	TF	AF	E	M	N	N	SH	G	D	D

Figure 1H continued

	570	580	590	600	610	620	630
1 [transketolase Sp	GPTHQPIEHLASFRAMPN...	ILMLRPADGNETAGSYKVA	VENRKT	PSILALS	SRQKLP	NLP	PGTSIEGVEK
Paeciomyces divar	NTCHFGLNLFADNGLMDAESTSL	YFPADGEQ	MKAVVNK	VFWDKSM	FIFSTR	RSKVPYILKEG	TDQKLYG
SPTREMBL | A8NV31 COP	NTCHFGLNMFADNGLSDVQS	FLYFPADPAQ	MVAIVKRV	VFFERGM	RVFVST	RAKVPWIL	REDG.TRFFE
SPTREMBL | D8Q4R0 SCH	NTCHFGLNMFADNGLADANS	WLYFPADAAQ	MIAQVCRV	VFFERGM	RVFVST	RAKVPYLLK	EDG.SRMFG
SPTREMBL | E3JQR8 PUC	NTCHFGLNTFFADNGL	EDGYPTRL	YFPADVHQ	MTAIVNE	VFWDMGL	RFVVFSTR	RSKVPNILKEG
SPTREMBL | F4RJP4 MEL	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SPTREMBL | G7DVE0 MIX	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	LDHAE	TRMYFP	ADPSQL	RAVIDAV	FKDRGIR	FVFSTR
SPTREMBL | HOEH2 GLA	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	IDGDVTR	LYFPADAT	QMRAC	VAKVFW	DDQGI	RLVLRST
SPTREMBL | I4YAU9 WAL	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	LDTAQTN	LYFPADGE	QMKAVV	VQVFFD	KPKFV	FVSTRAK
SPTREMBL | I4YE20 WAL	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	EDTAPT	SLYFPADGE	QMKAVV	VQVFFD	KPKFV	FVSTRAK
SPTREMBL | K1WGM0 MAR	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	EDTAPT	SLYFPADGE	QMKAVV	VQVFFD	KPKFV	FVSTRAK
SPTREMBL | K5WES2 PHA	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	ADTES	YLYFPAD	GAQMIK	IVERV	VFFERGL	RVFVST
SPTREMBL | Q55T38 CRY	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	EDGYET	RLYFAAD	CSQMDA	IVDRV	FYDKC	LRVVFST
SPTREMBL | L1J2M8 GUI	NSCHYGLNMFADNGL	DEHETTR	LYFPADYH	QLLKV	VPAVFW	DHGIR	CIFFTS
SPTREMBL | AOYNC4 LYN	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	DDGYET	RLYFPADAN	QMKAC	VESV	SDFGL	RFVVFST
SPTREMBL | B4WLI3 9SY	GASQMALEDLAAFR	AVWS...STV	LYPC	DANQT	AKLVAQ	MSDRN	GVLYLR
SPTREMBL | C9M6X8 9BA	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	DDGYET	RLYFPADAH	QMKAC	VEKVF	HDPGL	RFVVFST
SPTREMBL | D1Y3C7 9BA	GKTHQCIDYVALA	AANCFG...W	KLV	PADANQ	TDRAL	RWAVQ	EGGNV
SPTREMBL | D2Z2G4 9BA	GMTHQCIDYVLS	MNFNF...W	KLV	VDPNQ	TDRAT	WALKT	AGNVCL
SPTREMBL | D3L2W3 9BA	GMTHQCIDYVLL	ANTFG...W	KLV	VDPNQ	ADRAT	WALAE	RGNVCL
SPTREMBL | D6THL7 9CH	GPSQMALEDL	LAMRAVFG...S	TVLY	PS	DPNQA	QLVAE	MAKHDG
SPTREMBL | D8F7T0 9DE	GKSHQSIDISL	FALPN...C	EILE	PCNGE	ETRMV	VVDYAV	NEAREN
SPTREMBL | F4XPA7 9CY	GHSHQSVRDIS	ALGAIPN...M	VIEP	ANAEV	SALDY	CLHRT	ISSCYIR
SPTREMBL | G2H8B8 9DE	GHSHQSIDIAL	MGGVPG...S	IALE	PCCEA	EVAPAL	RACLA	HPGPS
SPTREMBL | G3J1Y8 9GA	NTCHFGLNMFADNGL	DDGYATN	LYFPADPL	QMKAC	LEAIF	FNPGL	RFVVFST
SPTREMBL | G9PZY8 9BA	GMTHQCIDYVGL	FRNTFG...W	NVV	PADPNQ	TDRAT	RWMLA	EPGNVCL
Consensus	H	L	L	PAD	Q	G	RSK

	640	650	660	670	680	690	700
1 [transketolase Sp	GGYTTIDNSS...G	NKPDVILIGT	SELEIAAK	AGDELRK	EGKA	RVVSV	FVSWEL
Paeciomyces divar	DGYEFV	PKKEEVIRK	GSAGYV	VSYG	DMLYRS	SLDAVER	LRK
SPTREMBL | A8NV31 COP	DDYEFV	PKKDEI	IVEGKAGY	VVSFC	EMLYRS	MDAVL	RCRQ
SPTREMBL | D8Q4R0 SCH	DDYEFV	PKKDEF	MATGTAGY	VVTYG	EMTYRA	WDAVLR	LRQ
SPTREMBL | E3JQR8 PUC	GDKYK	PKKDEF	IRGKIGT	VICFC	EIVHRA	LDAVDR	LRQ
SPTREMBL | F4RJP4 MEL	.....G	KE...K	MKRLDA	VISFC	EIVHRA	LDAVDR	LRQ
SPTREMBL | G7DVE0 MIX	GDKYK	VPKKDE	VIRKGS	AGYV	VSYG	DMLYRS	SLDAVER
SPTREMBL | HOEH2 GLA	DGYEFV	PKKDEF	IRVGTAGY	VVAFG	EMVYRA	WDAVDR	LRG
SPTREMBL | I4YAU9 WAL	EGYDFV	PKKKEE	VIRKGS	AGYV	VSYG	DMLYRS	SLDAVER
SPTREMBL | I4YE20 WAL	GDKYK	VPKKKEE	VIRKGS	AGYV	VSYG	DMLYRS	SLDAVER
SPTREMBL | K1WGM0 MAR	AGYEF	TPSKDD	FIRTKG	VGVV	VCYG	EMVYRA	WDAVDR
SPTREMBL | K5WES2 PHA	DNYQFV	PKKDEVI	AECTAGY	VVSFC	DMVYRS	WDAVLR	RCRQ
SPTREMBL | Q55T38 CRY	SDYK	FVPKKDE	VIRKGT	KGYV	VAYG	EILYRA	LDAVDR
SPTREMBL | L1J2M8 GUI	EGYTFV	PKKDDV	IRKCTK	GYIV	VSYG	DSL	YRS
SPTREMBL | AOYNC4 LYN	DGYK	FVPKKDE	VIREGTAGY	IISFC	AA	LYRS	SLDAVER
SPTREMBL | B4WLI3 9SY	EEFPI	GGSKIV	RSSDQ	AAVIG	AC	ITVHE	AIKAYDR
SPTREMBL | C9M6X8 9BA	GDKYK	FVPKKDDV	IREGT	DGYIV	VSYG	DGLYRA	LDAVER
SPTREMBL | D1Y3C7 9BA	KP...F	VYGDV	VRLREG	KNGA	ILALG	AMANQ	ALEA
SPTREMBL | D2Z2G4 9BA	RD...F	TYGE	AVKV	REGK	DAAILALG	AMAGRA	VQAAEL
SPTREMBL | D3L2W3 9BA	GDETF	RYGDA	HLLDG	GDCAV	LALG	AMASK	AMEADR
SPTREMBL | D6THL7 9CH	ENYV	FRYGA	IDLRD	GRHAS	VFAMG	HMVYRA	VQAREL
SPTREMBL | D8F7T0 9DE	EKFTV	GGSKV	VKQSA	QDKV	VVAAG	ITLHE	ALKAYE
SPTREMBL | F4XPA7 9CY	EGYR	LEKCK	GVSLAH	GDAV	LFAYG	PVMI	HEAL
SPTREMBL | G2H8B8 9DE	EDYQ	LELGG	IALTEG	QDAIF	LFYGY	PVLL	PQAYQ
SPTREMBL | G3J1Y8 9GA	EDHR	LEKCK	GHVLL	PCTQ	VAVIGY	PVLL	PQAYQ
SPTREMBL | G9PZY8 9BA	GDKYK	FV	SKDEVI	IREGT	QYIV	SFC	EALYRA
Consensus	Y	F	GK	R	G	G	RA

Figure 1H continued

	710	720	730	740	750	760	770			
1 [transketolase Sp	PSDVTARVSI	EAGSTFG..	WHKIVGSKG.....	KAIGIDKFG	GASAPAGK	IYQYGITVEAVVE				
Paeciomyces divar	F..VVV	ESIAQKTGLG	SRLGSHLLERK	LTP.....	KFKAIGAVREG.	SGGLYEQIN	AQGLGPNDIIA			
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP	F..VLV	ESFNQKTGLG	SKFGTWLLER	QLTP.....	KYGYMGTTEG.	CGGLWEQIP	YQNLDPQSIIS			
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH	F..VLV	ESANQKTGLG	SKFGTWLLER	QLTP.....	KYGYMGTTEG.	SGGLWEQVY	HQGLDPQSIIQ			
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC	F..VLV	ESLNQKTGLG	SKMGTWLLER	QLTP.....	RYGYMGTNKEG.	CGGLSAQIF	HQGLDPASIR			
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL	L..F.....									
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX	F..VLV	ESANQKTGLG	SKMGTWLLER	QLKLP.....	TYGYMGTNKEG.	CGGLSEQIF	HQGLGPQDILL			
SPTREMBL|HOEEH2_GLA	F..VLV	ESLNQKTGLG	SKMGTWLLER	QLHP.....	KYKYIGTTKEG.	CGGLGEQIF	HQGLDPQSVVK			
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL	F..VFV	ESISQKNGLG	SRLGTQLLRG	FHT.....	KYDFMGAHTEG.	CGGVEFQIP	HQGLDPSIIQA			
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL	F..VLV	ESISQKNGLG	SKLGTQLIQ	RGFTP.....	KYKHIGTFHEG.	CGGIADQIP	YQKLHPADIEA			
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	F..VLV	ESLNQKTGLG	SKMGTWLLER	QLTP.....	KYKYIGTTKEG.	CGGLGEQIF	HQGLDAQSVMK			
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA	F..VLV	ESLNQKTGLG	LRFGTWLLER	SLTP.....	KYAYMGTNKEG.	CGGLTEQIP	HQGLDPQSIIL			
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY	F..VFV	AESLNRRKTGLG	SKFGTWLLER	DLRP.....	RYNYIGTSKEG.	CGGLGEQI	HQNLGSSDIAL			
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI	F..VLV	VEPLNRKTGLG	VRFGTWLLER	GLSP.....	KYGYIGSTREG.	CGGLWEHAY	HQGYDADSIILA			
SPTREMBL|AOYNC4_LYN	M..VIV	SEAFNRRTGLG	SRFGTWLLER	GFSP.....	KFASLGTNHEG.	CGGLWEQFP	HQIDPTGIIN			
SPTREMBL|AOZLZ6_NOD	EGNLV	VVEDHWIECGLG	AAVLD	DAFACTSNTPIYDGPQLQLIKLAVRDM	PGSGTPEELLHAAKIDADAIVE					
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY	L..VMV	ESFNEKTGLG	ARYGTWLLER	GYTP.....	KFAHAGTHEEG.	GGGLWEQFY	HQGLDPESIMQ			
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA	A..VLT	LEDHNRATGMG	SLWALARASEL	GLTG.....	RALRLGVTHYGMSCPS	SDVYAAQME	LDGQSVAE			
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA	T..VLT	VEDHNVVSGMG	SLWALARAEEL	GLHS.....	VARRLGVHRYGDS	GPSEVYAA	MGLSADKIAE			
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA	K..VIA	LEDHCARTGMG	SIWSSAAAE	AQLTG.....	RWSFMGVKRYGDS	GPSSDVYEA	MGLSSEGLVA			
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA	P..IFT	FEDHHAGTGLG	REIVSKVQSL	QLHC.....	RVKPLGVVRYGDS	CPFDEVFEA	MGLSSKALAE			
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH	GNKIV	TVEDHWPECG	LDAVTEVFT	QR.....	DCPMPQVVKLAVQ	SPGSGTPAE	LLEEAGISAHHIVQ			
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE	D.HV	FVLEDHAPVCG	FADFLNEMVGA	AGLG.....	SRSFVKFAVEGY	PACCTPAEAL	RFHGLDGASLAN			
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY	S.WV	FTLDNHYVICG	QGDRIVSGLAE	LGLSG.....	QIQVRQFGVFD	IPKCGQNQ	EVVLAHGLDAESLAF			
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE	T.LV	VTLDNHLLD	CGQCRRIA	AAMAGAGIA.....	VPVLHLCPED	FPCCRNDE	VLAKLGLDAGGAR			
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA	M..VL	IVESYNRRTGLG	SRFSGWLLER	QLTP.....	KYAHIAATHKEG.	CGGLWEQFP	HQIDPAGIMT			
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA	P..LLT	CEDHHADTIG	IGAVAALAFAR	AKAV.....	RIKNLGVTRYGLS	SGNGDVL	ADMLDADGAG			
Consensus	V	E	TGLG	E	G	G	G	E	GLD	I

	780	790	800	810	820	830	840
1 [transketolase Sp	AAKSVC.....						
Paeciomyces divar	AVKEVSGK.....						
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP	KIKQLTQ.....						
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH	KIKELNQLSLN	QCGTHTHH.....					
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC	KVKVLAA.....						
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL	.....					
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX	KAKSLSN.....	ASPK.....					
SPTREMBL|HOEEH2_GLA	AIRSLQ.....						
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL	RIKKVAGRK.....						
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL	EIRKLHA.....						
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	AVRSLQPFRL	HRTASTPKHEA	AYHQHTEVLYH	STTVTVQ	PYNRTT	VQQITG	KRCPVPAEPEPGASNEIF
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA	KIRQLSQGS	QRA.....					
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY	KVKQMIK.....						
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI	KAKSMI.....						
SPTREMBL|AOYNC4_LYN	KVKQLAK.....						
SPTREMBL|AOZLZ6_NOD	AVKSQVRQP	VGV.....					
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY	KVKKLAGK.....						
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA	RFARLIR.....						
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA	SLEELK	KVAR.....					
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA	KVERVLRG.....						
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA	CVLKELEK.....						
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH	AVKALI.....						
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE	RILFHND.....						
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY	EINKTMM.....						
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE	AIRDTLQ	SIR.....					
SPTREMBL G3J1Y8_9GA	NVKDLLKAN	PDASAFPVL.....					
SPTREMBL G9PZY8_9BA	G.AKELLK.....						
Consensus							

Figure 1H continued

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          990      1000      1010      1020      1030      1040      1050
1 [transketolase Sp .....
Paeciomyces divar .....
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP .....
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH .....
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC .....
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL .....
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX .....
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA .....
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL .....
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL .....
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR AMFSLQLIFLVGSHCLTGTIAFLKITESSTCSLVFGVISAVILLLLALPPSFADVAILGYIDFVSIIGAI
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA .....
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY .....
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI .....
SPTREMBL|A0YNC4_LYN .....
SPTREMBL|A0ZLZ6_NOD .....
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY .....
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH .....
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE .....
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY .....
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE .....
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA .....
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA .....
Consensus

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          1060      1070      1080      1090      1100      1110      1120
1 [transketolase Sp .....
Paeciomyces divar .....
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP .....
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH .....
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC .....
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL .....
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX .....
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA .....
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL .....
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL .....
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR GITVVIATGLTRGDMPAQADWSAWPKENTSFTDGFIAISNIVFAYSFAVCQFSFMDMHTPKDFVKSIAL
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA .....
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY .....
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI .....
SPTREMBL|A0YNC4_LYN .....
SPTREMBL|A0ZLZ6_NOD .....
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY .....
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH .....
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE .....
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY .....
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE .....
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA .....
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA .....
Consensus

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Figure 1H continued

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                                     1130      1140      1150      1160      1170      1180      1190
1 [transketolase Sp .....
Paeciomyces divar .....
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_CDP .....
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH .....
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC .....
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL .....
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX .....
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA .....
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL .....
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL .....
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR GLIEIVIYTVTGS LIYAFV GKD VES PALLSAG PLMAKIAFGVALPVIFISG SINGTVVGRYLHGRMYKDS
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA .....
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY .....
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI .....
SPTREMBL|A0YNC4_LYN .....
SPTREMBL|A0ZLZ6_NOD .....
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY .....
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH .....
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE .....
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY .....
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE .....
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA .....
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA .....
Consensus

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                                     1200      1210      1220      1230      1240      1250      1260
1 [transketolase Sp .....
Paeciomyces divar .....
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_CDP .....
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH .....
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC .....
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL .....
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX .....
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA .....
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL .....
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL .....
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR IVRFINTKQGWL TWILFITVITVIAWVIAEAI PFFSDLLS ISSALFISGFTTFYFPAIFWFMLLKEGKWNNA
SPTREMBL|K5WES2_PHA .....
SPTREMBL|Q55T38_CRY .....
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI .....
SPTREMBL|A0YNC4_LYN .....
SPTREMBL|A0ZLZ6_NOD .....
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY .....
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA .....
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH .....
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE .....
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY .....
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE .....
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9GA .....
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA .....
Consensus

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Figure 1H continued

	1270	1280	1290	1300	1310
1 [transketolase Sp				
Paecilomyces divar				
SPTREMBL|A8NV31_COP				
SPTREMBL|D8Q4R0_SCH				
SPTREMBL|E3JQR8_PUC				
SPTREMBL|F4RJP4_MEL				
SPTREMBL|G7DVE0_MIX				
SPTREMBL|H0EEH2_GLA				
SPTREMBL|I4YAU9_WAL				
SPTREMBL|I4YE20_WAL				
SPTREMBL|K1WGM0_MAR	TKMNIILLSLVNVAVFLIGMIVLVGGTYSSIVDIKDKQYSSGAWRGAFTCAPIGSE				
SPTREMBL|K6WES2_PHA				
SPTREMBL|Q65T38_CRY				
SPTREMBL|L1J2M8_GUI				
SPTREMBL|A0YNC4_LYN				
SPTREMBL|A0ZLZ6_NOD				
SPTREMBL|B4WLI3_9SY				
SPTREMBL|C9M6X8_9BA				
SPTREMBL|D1Y3C7_9BA				
SPTREMBL|D2Z2G4_9BA				
SPTREMBL|D3L2W3_9BA				
SPTREMBL|D6THL7_9CH				
SPTREMBL|D8F7T0_9DE				
SPTREMBL|F4XPA7_9CY				
SPTREMBL|G2H8B8_9DE				
SPTREMBL|G3J1Y8_9CA				
SPTREMBL|G9PZY8_9BA				
Consensus				

 non conserved
X ≥ 50% conserved
X all match