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(54) **MOVABLE AIR CONDITIONER**

(57) A movable air conditioner, comprising a machine casing (50), a middle partition (1) and a volute (2), wherein the middle partition (1) is provided in the machine casing; and the volute (2) is provided in the machine casing (50), a fixing structure is provided on the volute (2) and the middle partition (1), and the fixing structure is arranged around the volute (2), so that the volute (2) is fixedly installed on the middle partition (1). The middle partition (1) may restrict the downward movement of the volute (2); and by means of arranging the fixing structure around the volute (2), the movement of the volute (2) in the circumferential direction can be restricted.

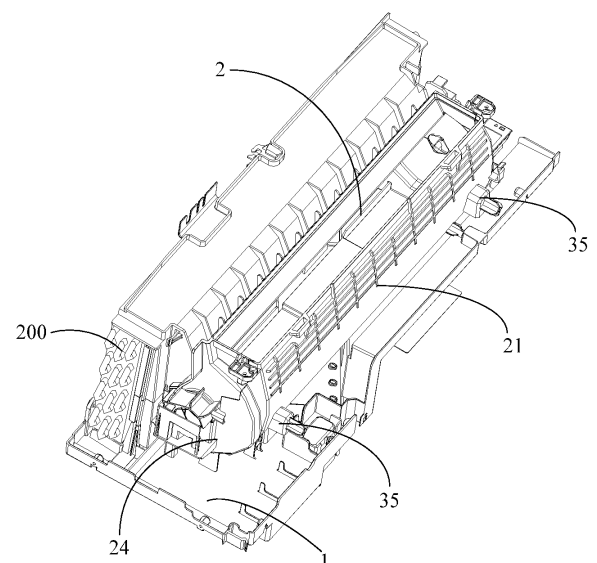


FIG. 1

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Description

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

5 [0001] The present application claims priority to Chinese Patent Application Nos. 201921942541.0, 201921948200.4 and 201921941615.9, all filed on November 11, 2019 and entitled "Movable Air Conditioner", which is hereby incorporated for reference in its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

10 [0002] The present application relates to the technical field of air conditioning, in particular to a movable air conditioner.

BACKGROUND

15 [0003] With the development of technology, the air conditioner has gradually become an indispensable home appliance in the daily life of people, and people's requirements on differentiation and multi-function are increasing. Currently, the movable air conditioner is generally provided with a heat exchanger and a volute inside its housing, and a heat exchange air channel communicating with the heat exchanger is formed in the volute. In the related art, the volute is directly screwed and fixed in the housing through screws, which has the defect that the installation is unstable.

SUMMARY

20 [0004] The main purpose of the present application is to provide a movable air conditioner, aiming to solve the problem of unstable installation of the volute in the housing of the traditional movable air conditioner.

25 [0005] In order to achieve the above purpose, the present application provides a movable air conditioner including:

a housing;

a middle partition plate arranged in the housing; and

a volute arranged in the housing,

30 a fixing structure is arranged on the volute and the middle partition plate, the fixing structure surrounding the volute and configured to fix the volute on the middle partition plate.

[0006] Optionally, the volute includes an air duct plate in an arc shape,

35 the fixing structure includes a supporting base protruded from the middle partition plate and arranged below the air duct plate, the supporting base abutting against the air duct plate; and/or

the fixing structure includes a connecting column convexly arranged on the middle partition plate, the connecting column being in threaded connection with the volute.

40 [0007] Optionally, an upper end of the supporting base is provided with an abutting surface abutting against an outer wall surface of the air duct plate, and a shape of the abutting surface is matched with a shape of the outer wall surface of the air duct plate; and/or

the volute further includes a wind deflector bottom plate extending from a lower end of the air duct plate to be away from the air duct plate, and the fixing structure further includes a first blocking rib protruded from the middle partition plate and arranged on one side of the wind deflector bottom plate away from the air duct plate, the first blocking rib abutting against a side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate away from the air duct plate.

45 [0008] Optionally, the volute further includes an extension plate arranged at the lower end of the air duct plate and extending downwards, and the wind deflector bottom plate is arranged at the lower end of the extension plate; and/or the middle partition plate is provided with a water guide groove obliquely arranged and configured for being arranged above an outdoor side heat exchanger, the first blocking rib includes two sections distributed on two sides of the water guide groove, an air leakage gap is formed between the two sections of the first blocking rib, and a water blocking ridge is formed on the wind deflector bottom plate corresponding to the air leakage gap.

50 [0009] Optionally, the water blocking ridge includes a wind deflector arranged on the side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate and protrudes downwards to beyond the wind deflector bottom plate.

55 [0010] Optionally, the volute further includes two side plates distributed on two sides of the air duct plate, and each side plate is formed with a first protrusion protruded away from the wind deflector bottom plate, the fixing structure further includes a second protrusion protruded from the middle partition plate and abutting against the first protrusion.

[0011] Optionally, each side plate is provided with a positioning groove, and the first blocking rib is clamped in the

positioning groove; and/or

the fixing structure further includes a side blocking protrusion arranged on the middle partition plate and located on one side of the side plate, the side blocking protrusion abutting against the side plate.

[0012] Optionally, the housing further includes a top air outlet plate provided with an indoor side air outlet, and a circumferential edge of the indoor side air outlet is convexly provided with a mounting surrounding plate; and the volute has an air supply outlet arranged corresponding to the indoor side air outlet, and the mounting surrounding plate is clamped to a periphery of the air supply outlet.

[0013] Optionally, the mounting surrounding plate includes a first mounting plate and a second mounting plate opposite to the first mounting plate, the first mounting plate and the second mounting plate extending along a length direction of the indoor side air outlet, and the periphery of the air supply outlet includes a first side edge and a second side edge opposite to the first side edge;

the first mounting plate is connected with the first side edge through a first clamping structure; and/or the second mounting plate is connected with the second side edge through a second clamping structure.

[0014] Optionally, a clamping portion is arranged on an outer side surface of the first mounting plate, a clamping groove is formed on an outer wall surface of the first side edge, and the clamping portion is clamped in the clamping groove; and/or a lower end of the mounting surrounding plate is inserted in the air supply outlet.

[0015] Optionally, a first stop block is arranged on the outer side surface of the first mounting plate, a first insertion groove is formed between a lower end of the first stop block and the first mounting plate, and an upper end of the first side edge is inserted in the first insertion groove; and/or

a second stop block is arranged on an outer side surface of the second mounting plate, a second insertion groove is formed between a lower end of the second stop block and the second mounting plate, and an upper end of the second side edge is inserted in the second insertion groove.

[0016] Optionally, an inclined guide surface is formed on an inner side of the lower end of the first stop block, and configured to guide the upper end of the first side edge to be inserted in the first insertion groove.

[0017] Optionally, the volute includes a volute base and a volute cover, and the volute base is connected to the volute cover to form the air supply outlet, the volute cover includes a top plate, and a water conduct groove is formed on the top plate and extending in a length direction of the top plate; the water conduct groove includes a bottom wall and a first side wall and a second side wall both connected with the bottom wall, the first side wall is opposite to the second side wall, and the first side wall is further configured for forming the air supply outlet; and/or

an air supply grille is formed at the indoor side air outlet, the air supply grille includes an inner grille and an outer grille, the inner grille includes longitudinal grille bars and transverse grille bars intersecting with the longitudinal grille bars, and the longitudinal grille bars are protruded outwards to beyond the transverse grille bars to form the outer grille.

[0018] Optionally, the water conduct groove further includes a first reinforcing rib connected with the bottom wall and the first side wall and spaced apart from the first side wall, an upper end of the first reinforcing rib being protruded from the first side wall to abut against the outer side surface of the second mounting plate of the mounting surrounding plate; and/or

the volute base is provided with a third reinforcing rib, and an upper end of the third reinforcing rib is protruded from the first side edge of the air supply outlet and configured to abut against the outer side surface of the first mounting plate of the mounting surrounding plate.

[0019] Optionally, the volute is mounted in the housing and has an air inlet;

the movable air conditioner includes an indoor side heat exchanger installed in the housing and on the middle partition plate, the indoor side heat exchanger is arranged on an air inlet side of the volute, and the indoor side heat exchanger is connected with a side edge of the air inlet through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure.

[0020] Optionally, the side edge of the air inlet includes a third side edge and a fourth side edge opposite to the third side edge in a length direction of the air inlet,

the volute further includes a first bending plate connected to the third side edge and bent towards the fourth side edge direction, and a first end plate is arranged at one end of the indoor side heat exchanger and connected with the first bending plate through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure; and/or

the volute further includes a second bending plate connected to the fourth side edge and bent towards the third side edge, and a second end plate is arranged at another end of the indoor side heat exchanger and connected with the second bending plate through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure.

[0021] Optionally, the volute further includes a third bending plate connected to a tail end of the first bending plate and bent towards the indoor side heat exchanger, and the first end plate is protruded laterally beyond the indoor side heat exchanger to be connected with the third bending plate; and/or

the volute further includes a fourth bending plate connected to a tail end of the second bending plate and bent towards the indoor side heat exchanger, and the second end plate is protruded laterally beyond the indoor side heat exchanger

to be connected with the fourth bending plate.

[0022] Optionally, the first end plate and the third bending plate are connected through a threaded connection structure; and/or

the third bending plate is recessed inwards to form a limiting groove, a first flange is formed at a tail end of the first end plate and clamped in the limiting groove; and/or
the second end plate is connected with the fourth bending plate through a threaded connection structure; and/or
a clamping groove is formed at a tail end of the fourth bending plate, a second flange is formed at a tail end of the second end plate and clamped in the clamping groove.

[0023] Optionally, the volute includes a volute base and a volute cover engaged with the volute base, the volute cover includes a top plate arranged above the indoor side heat exchanger and extending towards the indoor side heat exchanger, and the top plate is connected with the indoor side heat exchanger through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure; and/or

the middle partition plate is provided with a mounting groove and a water guide groove communicated with the mounting groove, the water guide groove is arranged below the indoor side air housing and corresponds to an outdoor side heat exchanger of the movable air conditioner, a bottom of the mounting groove is inclined toward the water guide groove, the indoor side heat exchanger is installed in the mounting groove and inclined toward the indoor side air housing; and/or

the middle partition plate is convexly provided with a mounting protrusion, the mounting protrusion is arranged on an air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger and connected with an end plate of the indoor side heat exchanger; and/or

the middle partition plate is convexly provided with a first supporting protrusion, the first supporting protrusion is arranged on the air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger and spliced with a first bending portion of the volute; and/or

the middle partition plate is convexly provided with a second supporting protrusion, the second supporting protrusion is arranged on the air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger and spliced with a second bending portion of the volute.

[0024] Optionally, a connecting protrusion is provided below the top plate, and the connecting protrusion is connected with the second end plate of the indoor side heat exchanger through a threaded connecting structure.

[0025] According to the embodiments provided by the present application, the middle partition plate can limit the downward movement of the volute. By arranging the fixing structure around the volute, the volute can be limited to move in the circumferential direction, thus good fixation of the volute in the housing is achieved, and the installation stability of the volute can be improved.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0026] In order to more clearly illustrate the embodiments of the present application or of the related art, the drawings required in the description or the related art will be briefly described below. Obviously, the drawings in the following description are only some embodiments of the present application. For one skilled in the art, other drawings can be obtained according to the structures illustrated by these drawings without creative efforts.

FIG. 1 is a partial structural schematic view of an embodiment of a movable air conditioner according to the present application.

FIG. 2 is a schematic view of an assembly of a partition plate and a fixing structure in FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 is a schematic structural view of the partition plate in FIG. 1.

FIG. 4 is a schematic structural view of a volute (from a view angle) in FIG. 1.

FIG. 5 is an enlarged structural schematic view of portion A in FIG. 4.

FIG. 6 is a schematic structural view of the volute (from another viewing angle) in FIG. 1.

FIG. 7 is a partial structural view of the movable air conditioner according to the embodiment of the present application.

FIG. 8 is a schematic structural view of a top air outlet plate of the movable air conditioner according to the embodiment of the present application.

FIG. 9 is a partial structural view of the top air outlet plate of the movable air conditioner according to the embodiment of the present application.

FIG. 10 is an enlarged view of portion B in FIG. 9.

FIG. 11 is another partial schematic structural view of the movable air conditioner according to an embodiment of

the present application.

FIG. 12 is a schematic structural view of another viewing angle of FIG. 11.

FIG. 13 is a schematic structural view of the volute of the movable air conditioner according to the embodiment of the present application.

FIG. 14 is a schematic structural view of a volute cover of the movable air conditioner according to the embodiment of the present application.

FIG. 15 is an isometric structural view of a movable air conditioner according to the embodiment of the present application.

FIG. 16 is an isometric structure view of the movable air conditioner of FIG. 15.

FIG. 17 is an enlarged view of portion C in FIG. 16.

FIG. 18 is a schematic right view of the movable air conditioner of FIG. 15.

FIG. 19 is an enlarged view of portion D in FIG. 18.

FIG. 20 is an isometric view of a part of the movable air conditioner of FIG. 15.

FIG. 21 is an isometric view of a part of the movable air conditioner of FIG. 15.

FIG. 22 is an exploded view of the movable air conditioner of FIG. 21.

FIG. 23 is an enlarged view of portion E in FIG. 22.

FIG. 24 is an enlarged view of portion F in FIG. 22.

[0027] Reference numerals of the drawings:

Reference numerals	Name	Reference numerals	Name
1	Middle partition plate	231	Reinforcing rib
11	Water guide groove	24	Side plate
111	Water falling hole	241	First protrusion
12	Second blocking rib	242	Positioning groove
13	Flow shunting rib	243	Reinforcing plate
2	Volute	31	Supporting base
21	Air duct plate	32	First blocking rib
22	Wind deflector bottom plate	33	Second protrusion
221	Water blocking ridge	34	Side blocking protrusion
222	Wind deflector	35	Connecting column
23	Extension plate	200	Indoor side heat exchanger
100	Top air outlet plate	110	Indoor side air outlet
120	Mounting surrounding plate	121	First mounting plate
122	Second mounting plate	130	Clamping portion
131	Extension member	132	Protrusion member
140	First stop block	141	Guide surface
142	First insertion groove	150	First step
160	Second stop block	170	Air supply grille
171	Longitudinal grille bar	172	Transverse grille bar
211	First side edge	210	Air supply outlet
213	Clamping groove	212	Second side edge
220	Volute cover	214	Second step
222	Water conduct groove	221	Top plate
224	Second side wall	223	First side wall
226	First reinforcing rib	225	Bottom wall

(continued)

Reference numerals	Name	Reference numerals	Name
230	Volute base	227	Second reinforcing rib
240	Air inlet	231	Third reinforcing rib
400	First clamping structure	500	Second clamping structure
60	Mounting groove	67	Fourth bending plate
61	Mounting protrusion	67a	Clamping groove
62	First supporting protrusion	68	Connecting protrusion
63	Second supporting protrusion	70	First end plate
64	First bending plate	701	First flange
65	Second bending plate	71	Second end plate
66	Third bending plate	711	Second flange
66a	Limiting groove	50	Housing

[0028] The implementation, function characteristics and advantages of the present application will be further described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

[0029] The embodiments of the present application are clearly and completely described below with reference to the accompanying drawings in the embodiments of the present application. Obviously, the described embodiments are only a part of the embodiments of the present application, not all of the embodiments. All other embodiments obtained by a skilled in the art based on the embodiments of the present application without creative efforts shall fall within the claimed scope of the present application.

[0030] It should be noted that, if the embodiments of the present application relate to directional indications (such as upper, lower, left, right, front, and rear...), the directional indications are only used to explain the relative position relationships, motion situations, etc. between the parts under a certain specific posture (as shown in the drawings), and if the specific posture changes, the directional indications change accordingly.

[0031] In addition, the descriptions of the terms "first", "second" and the like in the embodiments of the present application are used for descriptive purposes only, and cannot be understood as indicating or implying relative importance or implicitly indicating the number of indicated technical features. Thus, features defined with "first" and "second" may explicitly or implicitly include at least one of the features. In addition, the meaning of "and/or" throughout the text includes three parallel solutions, taking "A and/or B" as an example, "A and/or B" includes solution A, or solution B, or both solutions A and B. In addition, the embodiments can be combined with each other, but must be based on that those skilled in the art can realize it. When the combination of the embodiments is contradictory or cannot be achieved, the combination of the embodiments should not be considered as being within the claimed scope of the present application.

[0032] With the development of technology, the air conditioner has gradually become an indispensable home appliance in the daily life of people, and people's requirements on differentiation and multi-function are increasing. Currently, the movable air conditioner is generally provided with a heat exchanger and a volute inside the housing, and a heat exchange air channel communicating with the heat exchanger is formed in the volute. In the related art, the volute is directly screwed and fixed in the housing through screws, which has the defect that the installation is unstable.

[0033] In view of the above, the present application provides a movable air conditioner, and FIGS. 1-24 are specific embodiments of the movable air conditioner provided by the present application.

[0034] Referring to FIG. 1, FIG. 2 and FIG. 15, the present application provides a movable air conditioner, the movable air conditioner includes a housing 50, a middle partition plate 1 and a volute 2. The middle partition plate 1 is arranged in the housing 50. The volute 2 is arranged in the housing 50. The volute 2 and the middle partition plate 1 are provided with a fixing structure, and the fixing structure is arranged around the volute 2 to fix the volute 2 on the middle partition plate 1.

[0035] According to the embodiments provided by the invention, the middle partition plate 1 can limit a downward movement of the volute 2. By arranging the fixing structure around the volute 2, the volute 2 can be restricted to move in a circumferential direction, thus, good fixation of the volute 2 in the housing 50 is achieved, and the installation stability

of the volute 2 is improved.

[0036] It should be noted that, in this embodiment, the middle partition plate 1 is arranged in a middle part of the housing 50, so as to divide the housing 50 into an indoor side cavity and an outdoor side cavity which are distributed along an up-down direction. The movable air conditioner includes an indoor side heat exchanger 200, an outdoor side heat exchanger (not shown in the figures) and an outdoor heat exchanging air duct (not labeled in the figures). The indoor side heat exchanger 200 is arranged in the indoor side cavity. An indoor side heat exchanging air duct is formed in the volute 2 and includes an air inlet and an air outlet. The orientation of each of the air inlet and the air outlet can be any one in various orientations, but in this embodiment, the air inlet is optionally formed on one side of the volute 2 close to the indoor side heat exchanger 200, and communicates with the indoor side heat exchanger 200, and the air outlet is formed at an upper end of the volute 2. Therefore, a length of the indoor side heat exchanging air duct is prolonged. The outdoor side heat exchanger is arranged in the outdoor side cavity, the outdoor side heat exchanging air duct is communicated with the outdoor side heat exchanger and the indoor side heat exchanging air duct. The specific heat exchange principle of the movable air conditioner using the indoor side heat exchanger 200 and the outdoor side heat exchanger can make reference to the related art, and is not described in detail here.

[0037] In addition, the fixing structure is arranged around the volute 2 in this design, that is, the fixing structure is arranged at a periphery of the volute 2 along a circumferential direction of the middle partition plate 1, and the fixing structure can be of a structure arranged along a circumferential direction of the middle partition plate 1 without an interruption. In one embodiment, the fixing structure is specifically shown as an annular convex rib, and the annular convex rib is arranged on the periphery of the volute 2. The annular convex rib and the middle partition plate 1 cooperate to define a mounting groove. An inner size of the annular convex rib is matched with an outer contour size of a corresponding position of the volute 2, so that the mounting groove can just clamp the volute 2 and connect with the volute 2, and the fixing and mounting of the volute 2 are achieved. Of course, the fixing structure can be of a structure arranged along the circumferential direction of the middle partition plate 1 with one or more interruptions. In another embodiment, the fixing structure is specifically shown as a plurality of convex blocks, and the plurality of convex blocks are distributed on the periphery of the volute 2, so that good limiting of the volute 2 can be achieved, and the advantages of being light and saving materials are also achieved.

[0038] Further, referring to FIG. 1 to FIG. 3, in this embodiment, the volute 2 includes an air duct plate 21, the air duct plate 21 is formed on one side of the volute 2 away from the indoor side heat exchanger 200, that is, the side of the volute 2 away from the air inlet. The air duct plate 21 is in an arc shape, so that a large space is formed in the volute 2, and the indoor side heat exchanging air duct can be bent, and the heat exchanging effect can be enhanced. The fixing structure includes a supporting base 31 protruded from the middle partition plate 1, the supporting base 31 is provided below the air duct plate 21 and abuts against the air duct plate 21, thereby restricting the movement of the volute 2 in a direction away from the indoor side heat exchanger 200. Similarly, the supporting base 31 can be of a structure arranged along a length direction of the volute 2 without an interruption or with one or more interruptions. When the supporting base 31 is arranged along the length direction of the volute 2 without an interruption, the supporting base 31 can extend along the length direction of the volute 2 to abut against a whole lower end of the volute 2, so as to enlarge an abutment area between the supporting base 31 and the volute 2. Of course, the supporting base 31 can extend along the length direction of the volute 2 to a part of the lower end of the volute 2. At this time, since the air duct plate 21 is in an arc shape, a remaining part of a lower end of the air duct plate 21 is not abutted against the supporting base 31, and is suspended above the middle partition plate 1. Therefore, one or more cushion blocks (not shown in the figures) can be convexly arranged at the remaining section of the middle partition plate 1 to fill space corresponding to the suspended position, so as to ensure the balance and stability of the volute 2 on the middle partition plate 1.

[0039] Next, in this embodiment, an upper end of the supporting base 31 is provided with an abutting surface abutting against an outer wall surface of the air duct plate 21. A shape of the abutting surface is matched with a shape of the outer wall surface of the air duct plate 21. Based on the above, the air duct plate 21 in this embodiment is preferably in an arc shape, that is, the outer wall surface of the air duct plate 21 abutting against the abutting surface is in a convex arc surface shape. In this case, the abutting surface can be provided in a concave arc surface shape, and the abutment area between the supporting base 31 and the air duct plate 21 can be increased with the male-female fitting between the convex arc surface and the concave arc surface.

[0040] In addition, in this embodiment, the volute 2 further includes a wind deflector bottom plate 22, the wind deflector bottom plate 22 extends from the lower end of the air duct plate 21 to be away from the air duct plate 21. A shape of the wind deflector bottom plate 22 is adapted to a shape of a corresponding part of the middle partition plate 1, for example, when the middle partition plate 1 is in a flat plate shape at this part, the wind deflector bottom plate 22 is in a flat plate shape parallel to or approximately parallel to the middle partition plate 1. The fixing structure further includes a first blocking rib 32 protruded from the middle partition plate 1. The first blocking rib 32 is provided on one side of the wind deflector bottom plate 22 away from the air duct plate 21, and abuts against a side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate 22 away from the air duct plate 21. An extending direction of the first blocking rib 32 is identical to an extending direction of the side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate 22 away from the air duct plate 21, and the first blocking rib

32 may be exactly equal to or slightly higher than the side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate 22 in height. In this embodiment, the first blocking rib 32 is arranged to cooperate with the supporting base 31, so that the volute 2 can be effectively restricted to move close to or away from the indoor side heat exchanger 200.

[0041] In order to enlarge the space in the volute 2 to increase an air inlet amount, referring to FIG. 5, in this embodiment, the volute 2 further includes an extension plate 23 arranged at the lower end of the air duct plate 21. The extension plate 23 extends downwards, and the wind deflector bottom plate 22 is arranged at a lower end of the extension plate 23. Further, a plurality of reinforcing ribs 231 can be provided at the extension plate 23. The plurality of reinforcing ribs 231 extend along a width direction of the extension plate 23, and are arranged at intervals along a length direction of the extension plate 23, which helps to enhance the connection strength of the extension plate 23.

[0042] In addition, referring to FIG. 3, FIG. 4 and FIG. 6, in this embodiment, the middle partition plate 1 is provided with a water guide groove 11 which is obliquely arranged. The water guide groove 11 is arranged above the outdoor side heat exchanger. The first blocking rib 32 includes two sections distributed on two sides of the water guide groove 11. An air leakage gap is formed between the two sections of the first blocking rib 32, and a water blocking ridge 221 is formed on the wind deflector bottom plate 22 corresponding to the air leakage gap. The water guide groove 11 is provided with a plurality of water falling holes 111 communicated with the indoor side cavity and the outdoor side cavity. The plurality of water falling holes 111 are arranged at intervals along a length direction of the water guide groove 11, the water guide groove 11 is arranged below the volute 2, and is used for converging condensate water generated in the indoor side cavity to be output to the outdoor side cavity. The inclined water guide groove 11 helps to expand an area range of the water guide groove 11 in the length direction of the volute 2, thereby facilitating the rapid drainage. Then, the water blocking ridge 221 correspondingly covers at least part of a notch of the water guide groove 11, so that the condensate water in the water guide groove 11 can be prevented from being reversely splashed into the volute 2. A length of the water blocking ridge 221 can be set to be equal to a length of the air leakage gap, so that when the volute 2 is installed on the middle partition plate 1, the air leakage gap is exactly matched with the water blocking ridge 221 in a male-female fitting manner to jointly form a watertight water blocking rib. The water blocking rib can not only block the condensate water from entering the volute 2, but also strengthen the limiting effect of the first blocking rib 32 on the volute 2.

[0043] In this embodiment, the water blocking ridge 221 includes a wind deflector 222 arranged on the side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate 22, and the wind deflector 222 protrudes downwards from the wind deflector bottom plate 22. That is, the wind deflector 222 protrudes from the wind deflector bottom plate 22 until being substantially flush with the lower end of the wind deflector bottom plate 22. The wind deflector 222 can block wind from entering the lower end of the wind deflector bottom plate 22, while does not affect the condensate water entering the water guide groove 11 from a position under the water blocking ridge 221.

[0044] Based on the above, referring to FIG. 2 and FIG. 3, in this embodiment, at least one second blocking rib 12 is further provided on the middle partition plate 1, the at least one second blocking rib 12 is disposed on one side of the first blocking rib 32 facing away from the volute 2, and an extending direction of each second blocking rib 12 may be identical to that of the first blocking rib 32, and each second blocking rib 12 is provided with an opening for the condensate water to flow to the water guide groove 11. Two adjacent second blocking ribs 12 or the first blocking rib 32 and an adjacent second blocking rib form a drainage groove to allow the condensate water to flow through. The drainage groove formed between the first blocking rib 32 and the second blocking rib 12 is taken as an example, the drainage groove is arranged to be gradually inclined downwards in a direction towards the water guide groove 11, so that the condensate water in the drainage groove is conveniently and thoroughly drained into the water guide groove 11. In addition, the opening on the second blocking rib 12 can be arranged corresponding to the water guide groove 11. A flow shunting rib 13 can be convexly arranged between the opening and the air leakage gap, and the flow shunting rib 13 can be used for dispersing the condensate water from the opening to the water guide groove 11, so that the condensate water is dispersed in the water guide groove 11, and not accumulated at a certain water falling hole 111 in the water guide groove 11 to affect the drainage efficiency.

[0045] Referring to FIG. 2, FIG. 3 and FIG. 6, in this embodiment, the volute 2 further includes two side plates 24, the two side plates 24 are distributed on two sides of the air duct plate 21, the two sides of the air duct plate 21 refer to two sides of the air duct plate 21 corresponding to the length direction of the volute 2. The two side plates 24, the air duct plate 21, the extension plate 23 and the wind deflector bottom plate 22 cooperate to form the volute 2. The side plate 24 is formed with a first protrusion 241 protruded away from the wind deflector bottom plate 22. The fixing structure further includes a second protrusion 33 protruded from the middle partition plate 1. The second protrusion 33 abuts against the first protrusion 241. It should be noted that the specific forms of the first protrusion 241 and the second protrusion 33 are not limited in the present design, for example, the first protrusion 241 may be protruded toward the indoor side heat exchanger 200, and the second protrusion 33 abuts against an outer side wall of the first protrusion 241, or the first protrusion 241 may protrude from the side plate 24 along the length direction of the volute 2, and form a reinforcing plate 243 which is substantially parallel to an edge of a port of the air inlet. At this time, the second protrusion 33 is provided with a clamping groove, and the clamping groove is in fit with at least part of a side edge of the first protrusion 241 in a male-female fitting manner. In addition, according to different practical applications, the first protrusion

241 may be formed on at least one of the two side plates 24, especially when there are two first protrusion 241 corresponding to the two side plates 24, the limiting to the volute 2 in the length direction of the volute 2 can be reinforced.

[0046] When at least one of the two side plates 24 is protruded from the wind deflector bottom plate 22 in a direction away from the air duct plate 21, a spigot is defined between the the side plate 24 and the wind deflector bottom plate 22, and the first blocking rib 32 is provided in the spigot so as to abut against the side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate 22 away from the air duct plate 21 as well as to abut against the side plate 24. Further, referring to FIGS. 2, 4 and 6. In this embodiment, the side plate 24 is provided with a positioning groove 242, and the first blocking rib 32 is clamped in the positioning groove 242. Compared with the design of the first blocking rib 32 directly abutting against the side plate 24, by means of the cooperation of the first blocking rib 32 and the positioning groove 242, the connection strength between the first blocking rib 32 and the side plate 24 is enhanced, and thus the limiting effect of the first blocking rib 32 on the volute 2 is enhanced.

[0047] In order to further enhance the limiting of the fixing structure to the volute 2 along the length direction of the volute 2, referring to FIG. 3, in this embodiment, the fixing structure further includes a side blocking protrusion 34 provided on the middle partition plate 1, the side blocking protrusion 34 is located on one side of the side plate 24 and abuts against the side plate 24. The side blocking protrusion 34 may correspond to at least one of the two side plates 24. Further, there may be a plurality of side blocking protrusions 34 corresponding to each side plate 24, and the plurality of side blocking protrusions 34 are arranged at intervals along the width direction of the volute 2. It should be noted that the specific form of each side blocking protrusion 34 is not limited in this design. In one embodiment, the side blocking protrusion 34 can be a block, so that one side wall of the side blocking protrusion 34 directly abuts against the corresponding side plate 24. Or in another embodiment, the side plate 24 can be provided with a limiting groove, and the side blocking protrusion 34 is engaged with the limiting groove in a male-female fitting manner. Or liking that in this embodiment, the side plate 24 can be provided with a limiting rib, the side blocking protrusion 34 is provided with a groove at a position corresponding to the limiting rib, and the groove is engaged with the limiting rib in a male-female fitting manner, so that an abutment area between the volute 2 and the side blocking protrusion 34 is enlarged, and the mounting stability between the volute 2 and the side blocking protrusion 34 is ensured.

[0048] In this embodiment, the fixing structure further includes a connecting column 35. The connecting column 35 is convexly arranged on the middle partition plate 1, and connected with the volute 2 through threads. Specifically, a mounting hole can be formed in the connecting column 35, a threaded hole can be formed on the volute 2 corresponding to the mounting hole. The fixing structure further includes a threaded member, and the threaded member passes through the mounting hole and then is connected with the threaded hole through threads, so that the volute 2 is fixedly mounted on the middle partition plate 1. It should be noted that, according to actual requirements, the connecting column 35 in the present design may be disposed at any position along the circumferential direction of the volute 2, and there may be one or more connecting columns 35 according to actual requirements, or a plurality of mounting holes may be provided on one connecting column 35. In addition, when the threaded hole is set at a higher position of the volute 2, a raised portion can be provided on the middle partition plate 1, then the connecting column 35 is convexly arranged on the raised portion, thereby avoiding to affect the connection strength of the connecting column 35 by directly setting a longer connecting column 35 on the volute 2.

[0049] It should be noted that the air duct plate 21, the wind deflector bottom plate 22, the side plate 24 and the like described above do not constitute a limitation on the specific shape of the volute 2. Taking the side plate 24 as an example, the side plate 24 may be directly connected to the wind deflector bottom plate 22, or as shown in FIG. 2, the side plate 24 is connected to the wind deflector bottom plate 22 through a step portion, which not only helps to form a mounting structure for mounting other components in the volute 2, but also increases the connection strength between the side plate 24 and the wind deflector bottom plate 22.

[0050] In an embodiment, as shown in FIGS. 7, 8, 13 and 15, the housing 50 includes a top air outlet plate 100. The top air outlet plate 100 is provided with an indoor side air outlet 110. A peripheral edge of the indoor side air outlet 110 is provided with a mounting surrounding plate 120 protruding inwards.

[0051] The volute 2 is provided with an air supply outlet 210. The air supply outlet 210 is provided corresponding to the indoor side air outlet 110, and the mounting surrounding plate 120 is clamped to a periphery of the air supply outlet 210.

[0052] A fan air duct is formed in the volute 2. The indoor air flows from the fan air duct to the air supply outlet 210, and enters a room through the indoor side air outlet 110 of the top air outlet plate 100. In the present application, through setting a mounting surrounding plate on the periphery of the air supply outlet 210 and the mounting surrounding plate protruding toward an inner side of the air supply outlet 210, and further the mounting surrounding plate 120 clamping with the periphery of the air supplying outlet 210, it is convenient to align the indoor side air outlet 110 with the air supply outlet of the volute 2, thus, the connection stability and installation convenience of the housing 50 and the volute 2 can be improved, and the sealing between the indoor side air outlet 110 and the air supply outlet 210 of the volute 2 can be improved, the air leakage is prevented, the air loss is reduced, and noise caused by the air leakage is reduced. During installation, it only needs to align the indoor side air outlet 110 of the top air outlet plate 100 of the housing 50 with the air supply outlet 210 of the volute 2, and then complete the installation through clamping, which facilitates the disassem-

bling and assembling and improves the working efficiency.

[0053] Specifically, as shown in FIGS. 8, 11, 12 and 13, the mounting surrounding plate 120 includes a first mounting plate 121 and a second mounting plate 122 opposite to the first mounting plate 121, the first mounting plate 121 and the second mounting plate 122 extend along a length direction of the indoor side air outlet 110, and the periphery of the air supply outlet 210 includes a first side edge 211 and a second side edge 212 opposite to the first side edge 211. The first mounting plate 121 is connected to the first side edge 211 through a first clamping structure 400, and/or the second mounting plate 122 is connected to the second side edge 212 through a second clamping structure 500. The indoor side air outlet 110 is clamped with the periphery of the air supply outlet 210 in the length direction, so that the connection stability between the mounting surrounding plate 120 and the periphery of the air supply outlet 210 can be improved. It can be that only one side of the mounting surrounding plate 120 is clamped with the air supply outlet 210, or be that two opposite sides of the mounting surrounding plate 120 are clamped with the air supply outlet 210. Of course, the structure of the first mounting plate 121 engaging with the first side edge 211 and the second mounting plate 122 engaging with the second side edge 212 has a better sealing performance.

[0054] More specifically, as shown in FIGS. 8-13, an outer side surface of the first mounting plate 121 is provided with a clamping portion 130, an outer wall surface of the first side edge 211 is provided with a clamping groove 213, and the clamping portion 130 is clamped with the clamping groove 213. In this embodiment, there are two clamping portions 130, and each clamping portion 130 is a buckle. As shown in FIG. 10, the buckle includes an extension member 131 and a protrusion member 132. The extension member 131 is bent and protrudes downward from the first mounting plate 121. The protrusion member 132 is protruded outwards from the extension member 131. The extension member 131 has elasticity. In the installation process, the extension member 131 is pressed towards the first mounting plate 121 by the clamping groove 213, after the protrusion member 132 passes through the clamping groove 213, the extension member 131 is restored. The protrusion member 132 abuts against a lower end of the clamping groove 213 to prevent the buckle from coming out of the clamping groove 213. In other embodiments, the clamping portion 130 may be a hook engaging with the clamping groove 213, and there may be one or more clamping portions 130. The clamping portion 130 may be provided on the first side edge 211, and the clamping groove 213 is correspondingly provided on the first mounting plate 121.

[0055] A lower end of the mounting surrounding plate 120 is inserted into the air supply outlet 210. As shown in FIG. 9 and FIG. 13, a first step 150 recessed inwards is formed at the lower end of the mounting surrounding plate 120, and a second step 214 is formed on the periphery of the air supply outlet 210 of the volute 2. The first step 150 and the second step 214 are spliced, so that the lower end of the mounting surrounding plate 120 can be inserted into the air supply outlet 210, and the sealing between the indoor side air outlet 110 and the air supply outlet 210 of the volute 2 is further improved.

[0056] Further, as shown in FIGS. 8 to 11, the outer side surface of the first mounting plate 121 is provided with a first stop block 140. A first insertion groove 142 is formed between a lower end of the first stop block 140 and the first mounting plate 121, and an upper end of the first side edge 211 is inserted into the first insertion groove 142. The lower end of the first stop block 140 abuts against the outer wall surface of the first side edge 211, which further improves the sealing between the first mounting plate 121 and the first side edge 211.

[0057] Further, as shown in FIG. 10, an inclined guide surface 141 is formed on an inner side of the lower end of the first stop block 140, so as to guide the upper end of the first side edge 211 to be inserted into the first insertion groove 142. When assembling the top air outlet plate 100 of the housing 50 with the volute 2, the upper end of the first side edge 211 can slide into the first insertion groove 142 along the guide surface 141, thus to facilitate the assembling. There are a plurality of first stop blocks 140, and the plurality of first stop blocks 140 are arranged on the first mounting plate 121 at intervals to improve the sealing between the first mounting plate 121 and the first side edge 211.

[0058] In one embodiment of the present application, as shown in FIG. 8, FIG. 9 and FIG. 12, an outer side surface of the second mounting plate 122 is provided with a second stop block 160, and a second insertion groove (not shown in the figures, and reference can be made to the structure of the first insertion groove 142) is formed between a lower end of the second stop block 160 and the second mounting plate 122. An upper end of the second side edge 212 is inserted into the second insertion groove. The second stop block 160 is identical to the first stop block 140 in structure, and an inclined guide surface 141 is also formed at the lower end of the second stop block 160, so as to guide the upper end of the second side edge 212 to be inserted into the second insertion groove. There are a plurality of second stop blocks 160, and the plurality of second stop blocks 160 are arranged on the second mounting plate 122 at intervals to improve the sealing between the second mounting plate 122 and the second side edge 212.

[0059] As shown in FIGS. 13 and 14, the volute 2 includes a volute 230 and a volute cover 220, and the volute 230 is connected to the volute cover 220 to form the air supply outlet 210. The volute cover 220 includes a top plate 221, and a water conduct groove 222 extending in a length direction of the top plate 221 is provided on the top plate 221. The water conduct groove 222 includes a bottom wall 225 and a first side wall 223 and a second side wall 224 both connected to the bottom wall 225. The first side wall 223 and the second side wall 224 are opposite to each other, and the first side wall 223 is further used for forming the air supply outlet 210. As shown in FIG. 7, the movable air conditioner

of this embodiment further includes an indoor side heat exchanger 300 located below the top plate 221, the volute 2 is formed with an air inlet 240 corresponding to the indoor side heat exchanger 300. The air supply outlet 210 and the indoor side air outlet 110 are both located at the top of the housing. When air is discharged from the top, the condensate water is converged into the water conduct groove 222, the situation that the condensate water flows into the inner side heat exchanger 300 and the volute 2 is avoided.

[0060] The water conduct groove 222 further includes a first reinforcing rib 226. The first reinforcing rib 226 is connected to the bottom wall 225 and the first side wall 223, and the first reinforcing rib 226 is spaced apart from the second side wall 224. An upper end of the first reinforcing rib 226 is protruded from the first side wall 223 to abut against the outer side surface of the second mounting plate 122 of the mounting surrounding plate 120. The first reinforcing rib 226 not only can strengthen the strength of the water conduct groove 222, for the upper end of the first reinforcing rib 226 can abut against the outer side face of the second mounting plate 122, the first reinforcing rib 226 also improves the sealing between the indoor side air outlet 110 and the air supply outlet 210 of the volute 2. The water conduct groove 222 of this embodiment further includes a second reinforcing rib 227. The second reinforcing rib 227 is connected to the bottom wall 225 and the second side wall 224, and the second reinforcing rib 227 is spaced apart from the first side wall 223. The second reinforcing rib 227 is opposite to the first reinforcing rib 226 to form a water passing groove for the condensate water to pass through.

[0061] As shown in FIG. 11 and FIG. 13, the volute 230 is provided with a third reinforcing rib 231, and an upper end of the third reinforcing rib 231 is protruded from the first side edge 212 of the air supply outlet 210 to abut against the outer side surface of the first mounting plate 121 of the mounting surrounding plate 120. The third reinforcing rib 231 not only strengthens the strength of the volute 230, for the upper end of the third reinforcing rib 231 can be clamped on the outer side surface of the first mounting plate 121 of the mounting surrounding plate 120, the third reinforcing rib 231 also improves the sealing between the indoor side air outlet 110 and the air supply outlet 210 of the volute 2.

[0062] As shown in FIG. 7, an air supply grille 170 is formed at the indoor side air outlet 110 of this embodiment, the air supply grille 170 includes an inner grille and an outer grille, the inner grille includes longitudinal grille bars 171 and transverse grille bars 172 intersecting with the longitudinal grille bars 171. The longitudinal grille bars 171 is protruded outwards to beyond the transverse grid bar 172 to form the outer grille. The crisscross inner grille can make the air more uniform and have a dustproof effect, and the outer grille is more attractive and has the effect of wind guiding and reducing air loss.

[0063] In one embodiment, referring to FIG. 15 and FIG. 16, the volute 2 is mounted in the housing 50, and the volute 2 is mounted on the middle partition plate 1. The volute 2 is provided with the air inlet 240. The movable air conditioner further includes the indoor side heat exchanger 200, and the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is mounted in the housing 50 and on the middle partition plate 1. The indoor side heat exchanger 200 is arranged on an air inlet side of the volute 2, and the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is connected to the side edge of the air inlet 240 through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure.

[0064] In the embodiments of the present application, the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is not only arranged on the middle partition plate 1, but also connected to the side edge of the air inlet 240 through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure, the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is limited at multiple positions, thus the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is more stable and has a better effect.

[0065] The side edge of the air inlet 240 includes a third side edge and a fourth side edge opposite to the third side edge in a length direction of the air inlet 240, the mounting structure can be arranged at the third side edge or at the fourth side edge, or each of the third side edge and the fourth side edge is provided with a mounting structure. In the following the mounting structure being only at the third side edge or the fourth side edge is taken as an example.

[0066] In one embodiment, referring to FIG. 16 and FIG. 17, the volute 2 further includes a first bending plate 64 connected to the third side edge and bent towards the fourth side edge. One end of the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is provided with a first end plate 70, and the first end plate 70 is connected to the first bending plate 64 through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure, thus the indoor side heat exchanger 200 can be fixed at the third side edge only by connecting the first bending plate 64 with the first end plate 70, which facilitates not only the arrangement of the clamping structure and/or the threaded connection structure but also the installation of the indoor side heat exchanger 200.

[0067] In another embodiment, referring to FIG. 18 and FIG. 19, the side edge of the air inlet 240 includes the third side edge and the fourth side edge opposite to the third side edge in the length direction of the air inlet 240. The volute 2 further includes a second bending plate 65 connected to the fourth side edge and bent towards the third side edge. The second end plate 71 is connected with the second bending plate 65 through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure, thus the second bending plate 65 can be fixed at the fourth side edge, which facilitates not only the arrangement of the clamping structure and/or the threaded connection structure but also the installation of the indoor side heat exchanger 200.

[0068] Further, in one embodiment, referring to FIG. 21 to FIG. 23, the volute 2 further includes a third bending plate 66 connected to a tail end of the first bending plate 64 and bent towards the indoor side heat exchanger 200. The first

end plate 70 is protruded laterally beyond the indoor side heat exchanger 200 to be connected with the third bending plate 66. By bending further to form the third bending plate 66, the arrangement of the clamping structure and/or the threaded connection structure is facilitated.

[0069] The mounting manner of mounting the third bending plate 66 with the first end plate 70 may be through a clamping structure or through a threaded connection structure, or through a form combining the two structures, and in the following, the situation of only the clamping structure or the threaded structure being provided is described.

[0070] In one embodiment, referring to FIG. 21, FIG. 22 and FIG. 24, the first end plate 70 and the third bending plate 66 are connected through a threaded connection structure, for example, a flange hole may be formed on one of the first end plate 70 and the third bending plate 66, an internal thread is provided in the flange hole, a connecting hole is provided on the other one of the first end plate 70 and the third bending plate 66. A threaded end of a threaded member passes through the connecting hole to be fixed in the flange hole, thus the structure is simple and the installation is facilitated.

[0071] It should be noted that in this embodiment, being away from the air inlet of the volute 2 is facing outwards, and being closing to the air inlet of the volute 2 is facing inwards. The first end plate 70 is arranged on an outer side of the third bending plate 66, as such, a flange is not needed to be provided on the first end plate 70, which facilitates the first end plate 70 to be attached to the third bending plate 66 and further facilitates the installation of the indoor side heat exchanger 200.

[0072] In one embodiment, referring to FIGS. 22 and 23, the third bending plate 66 is recessed inwards to form a limiting groove 66a, a first flange 701 is formed at a tail end of the first end plate 70, and the first flange 701 is clamped in the limiting groove 66a. Through the limiting groove 66a engaging with the first flange 701, a better limiting effect and a more stable installation are obtained.

[0073] With regard to the mounting structure at the fourth side edge, in one embodiment, the volute 2 further includes a fourth bending plate 67 connected to a tail end of the second bending plate 65 and bent towards the indoor side heat exchanger 200. The second end plate 71 is protruded laterally to beyond the indoor side heat exchanger 200 to be connected with the fourth bending plate 67. By bending further to form the fourth bending plate 67 at the fourth side edge, the indoor side heat exchanger 200 can be fixed more stably.

[0074] Further, in one embodiment, the mounting manner of mounting the fourth bending plate 67 with the second end plate 71 may be through a clamping structure or through a threaded connection structure, or through a form combining the two structures, and in the following, the situation of only the clamping structure or the threaded structure being provided is described.

[0075] In one embodiment, the second end plate 71 and the fourth bending plate 67 are connected through a threaded connection structure, for example, a flange hole can be formed on one of the second end plate 71 and the fourth bending plate 67, an internal thread is provided in the flanging hole, a connecting hole is provided on the other one of the second end plate 71 and the fourth bending plate 67. A threaded end of a threaded member passes through the connecting hole to be fixed in the flange hole, thus the structure is simple and the installation is facilitated.

[0076] It should be noted that in this embodiment, being away from the air inlet of the volute 2 is facing outwards, and being closing to the air inlet of the volute 2 is facing inwards. The second end plate 71 is arranged on an outer side of the fourth bending plate 67, as such, a flange is not needed to be provided on the second end plate 71, which facilitates the second end plate 71 to be attached to the fourth bending plate 67 and further facilitates the the installation of the indoor side heat exchanger 200.

[0077] In one embodiment, referring to FIG. 22 and FIG. 24, a clamping groove 67a is formed at a tail end of the fourth bending plate 67, a second flange 711 is formed at a tail end of the first end plate 70, and the second flange 711 is clamped in the clamping groove 67a. Through the clamping groove 67a engaging with the second flange 711, a better limiting effect and a more stable installation are obtained.

[0078] After limiting the indoor side heat exchanger 200 along the length direction of the air inlet 240, in order to further limit and fix the indoor side heat exchanger 200, in one embodiment, the volute 2 includes a volute base 230 and a volute cover 220 connected to the volute base 230. The volute cover 220 includes the top plate 221, and the top plate 221 is extended towards the indoor side heat exchanger 200 and provided above the indoor side heat exchanger 200. The top plate 221 is connected to the indoor side heat exchanger 200 through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure, thus the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is limited in the width direction of the air inlet 240, and a better limiting effect and a more stable installation are obtained.

[0079] Specifically, referring to FIG. 17 and FIG. 19, a connecting protrusion 68 is provided under the top plate 221. The connecting protrusion 68 is connected to the second end plate 71 of the indoor side heat exchanger 200 through a threaded connection structure, for example, a threaded hole may be formed on one of the connecting protrusion 68 and the fourth bending plate 67, a connecting hole is provided on the other one of the connecting protrusion 68 and the fourth bending plate 67, and a threaded end of a threaded member passes through the connecting hole to be fixed in the threaded hole, thus the structure is simple, and the installation is facilitated.

[0080] In the embodiments of the present application, the middle partition plate 1 serves as a structure for bearing the indoor side heat exchanger 200 and needs to install the indoor side heat exchanger 200. In one embodiment, referring

to FIG. 22, the middle partition plate 1 is provided with a mounting groove 60 and a water guide groove 11 communicated with the mounting groove 60. The water guide groove 11 is arranged below the volute 2 and corresponds to the outdoor side heat exchanger. A bottom of the mounting groove is inclined toward the water guide groove 11. The indoor side heat exchanger 200 is mounted in the mounting groove 60, and the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is inclined toward the volute 2. By inclining the outdoor side heat exchanger 200, a heat exchange area can be increased, and the heat exchange effect is improved.

[0081] The middle partition plate 1 is located below the indoor side heat exchanger 200. In order to further limit the indoor side heat exchanger 200, in one embodiment, the middle partition plate 1 is convexly provided with a mounting protrusion 61. The mounting protrusion 61 is provided on an air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger 200, and the mounting protrusion 61 is connected to an end plate of the indoor side heat exchanger 200, as such, a side of the indoor side heat exchanger 200 away from the air inlet is limited, and the installation stability of the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is further improved.

[0082] In one embodiment, a first supporting protrusion 62 is arranged on the middle partition plate 1, and the first supporting protrusion 62 is arranged on the air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger 200, the first supporting protrusion 62 is spliced with a first bending portion of the volute 2, the first supporting protrusion 62 limits a side end of the indoor side heat exchanger, and the installation stability of the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is further improved.

[0083] In one embodiment, a second supporting protrusion 63 is arranged on the middle partition plate 1, the second supporting protrusion 63 is arranged on the air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger 200, the second supporting protrusion 63 is spliced with a second bending portion of the volute 2, the first supporting protrusion 62 limits another side end of the indoor side heat exchanger, and the installation stability of the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is further improved.

[0084] It should be noted that any one of or all of the mounting protrusion 61, the first supporting protrusion 62 and the second supporting protrusion 63 can be selected for limiting the indoor side heat exchanger 200, of course, when the mounting protrusion 61, the first support protrusion 62 and the second support protrusion 63 are all provided, the installation of the indoor side heat exchanger 200 is more stable.

[0085] The above is only an optional embodiment of the present application, and is not therefore intended to limit the scope of the present application. Any equivalent structure or equivalent process transformation made using the description and drawings of the present application, or any direct or indirect application to other related technical fields, is included in the claimed scope of the present application.

Claims

1. A movable air conditioner **characterized by** comprising:

a housing;
a middle partition plate arranged in the housing; and
a volute arranged in the housing,
wherein a fixing structure is arranged on the volute and the middle partition plate, the fixing structure surrounding the volute and configured to fix the volute on the middle partition plate.

2. The movable air conditioner according to claim 1, wherein the volute comprises an air duct plate in an arc shape,

the fixing structure comprises a supporting base protruded from the middle partition plate and arranged below the air duct plate, the supporting base abutting against the air duct plate; and/or
the fixing structure comprises a connecting column convexly arranged on the middle partition plate, the connecting column being in threaded connection with the volute.

3. The movable air conditioner according to claim 2, wherein,

an upper end of the supporting base is provided with an abutting surface abutting against an outer wall surface of the air duct plate, and a shape of the abutting surface is matched with a shape of the outer wall surface of the air duct plate; and/or
the volute further comprises a wind deflector bottom plate extending from a lower end of the air duct plate to be away from the air duct plate, and the fixing structure further comprises a first blocking rib protruded from the middle partition plate and arranged on one side of the wind deflector bottom plate away from the air duct plate, the first blocking rib abutting against a side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate away from the air duct plate.

4. The movable air conditioner according to claim 3, wherein,

the volute further comprises an extension plate arranged at the lower end of the air duct plate and extending downwards, and the wind deflector bottom plate is arranged at the lower end of the extension plate; and/or
the middle partition plate is provided with a water guide groove obliquely arranged and configured for being arranged above an outdoor side heat exchanger, the first blocking rib comprises two sections distributed on two sides of the water guide groove, an air leakage gap is formed between the two sections of the first blocking rib, and a water blocking ridge is formed on the wind deflector bottom plate corresponding to the air leakage gap.

5. The movable air conditioner according to claim 4, wherein the water blocking ridge comprises a wind deflector arranged on the side edge of the wind deflector bottom plate and protrudes downwards to beyond the wind deflector bottom plate.

6. The movable air conditioner according to claim 3, wherein the volute further comprises two side plates distributed on two sides of the air duct plate, and each side plate is formed with a first protrusion protruded away from the wind deflector bottom plate, the fixing structure further comprises a second protrusion protruded from the middle partition plate and abutting against the first protrusion.

7. The movable air conditioner according to claim 6, wherein,

each side plate is provided with a positioning groove, and the first blocking rib is clamped in the positioning groove; and/or
the fixing structure further comprises a side blocking protrusion arranged on the middle partition plate and located on one side of the side plate, the side blocking protrusion abutting against the side plate.

8. The movable air conditioner according to claim 1, wherein,

the housing further comprises a top air outlet plate provided with an indoor side air outlet, and a circumferential edge of the indoor side air outlet is convexly provided with a mounting surrounding plate; and
the volute has an air supply outlet arranged corresponding to the indoor side air outlet, and the mounting surrounding plate is clamped to a periphery of the air supply outlet.

9. The movable air conditioner according to claim 8, wherein,

the mounting surrounding plate comprises a first mounting plate and a second mounting plate opposite to the first mounting plate, the first mounting plate and the second mounting plate extending along a length direction of the indoor side air outlet, and the periphery of the air supply outlet comprises a first side edge and a second side edge opposite to the first side edge;
the first mounting plate is connected with the first side edge through a first clamping structure; and/or the second mounting plate is connected with the second side edge through a second clamping structure.

10. The movable air conditioner according to claim 9, wherein,

a clamping portion is arranged on an outer side surface of the first mounting plate, a clamping groove is formed on an outer wall surface of the first side edge, and the clamping portion is clamped in the clamping groove; and/or
a lower end of the mounting surrounding plate is inserted in the air supply outlet.

11. The movable air conditioner according to claim 10, wherein,

a first stop block is arranged on the outer side surface of the first mounting plate, a first insertion groove is formed between a lower end of the first stop block and the first mounting plate, and an upper end of the first side edge is inserted in the first insertion groove; and/or
a second stop block is arranged on an outer side surface of the second mounting plate, a second insertion groove is formed between a lower end of the second stop block and the second mounting plate, and an upper end of the second side edge is inserted in the second insertion groove.

12. The movable air conditioner according to claim 11, wherein an inclined guide surface is formed on an inner side of the lower end of the first stop block, and configured to guide the upper end of the first side edge to be inserted in

the first insertion groove.

13. The movable air conditioner according to any one of claims 8 to 10, wherein,

the volute comprises a volute base and a volute cover, and the volute base is connected to the volute cover to form the air supply outlet, the volute cover comprises a top plate, and a water conduct groove is formed on the top plate and extending in a length direction of the top plate; the water conduct groove comprises a bottom wall and a first side wall and a second side wall both connected with the bottom wall, the first side wall is opposite to the second side wall, and the first side wall is further configured for forming the air supply outlet; and/or an air supply grille is formed at the indoor side air outlet, the air supply grille comprises an inner grille and an outer grille, the inner grille comprises longitudinal grille bars and transverse grille bars intersecting with the longitudinal grille bars, and the longitudinal grille bars are protruded outwards to beyond the transverse grille bars to form the outer grille.

14. The movable air conditioner according to claim 13, wherein,

the water conduct groove further comprises a first reinforcing rib connected with the bottom wall and the first side wall and spaced apart from the first side wall, an upper end of the first reinforcing rib being protruded from the first side wall to abut against the outer side surface of the second mounting plate of the mounting surrounding plate; and/or

the volute base is provided with a third reinforcing rib, and an upper end of the third reinforcing rib is protruded from the first side edge of the air supply outlet and configured to abut against the outer side surface of the first mounting plate of the mounting surrounding plate.

15. The movable air conditioner according to claim 1, wherein,

the volute is mounted in the housing and has an air inlet; the movable air conditioner comprises an indoor side heat exchanger installed in the housing and on the middle partition plate, the indoor side heat exchanger is arranged on an air inlet side of the volute, and the indoor side heat exchanger is connected with a side edge of the air inlet through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure.

16. The movable air conditioner according to claim 15, wherein the side edge of the air inlet comprises a third side edge and a fourth side edge opposite to the third side edge in a length direction of the air inlet,

the volute further comprises a first bending plate connected to the third side edge and bent towards the fourth side edge direction, and a first end plate is arranged at one end of the indoor side heat exchanger and connected with the first bending plate through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure; and/or the volute further comprises a second bending plate connected to the fourth side edge and bent towards the third side edge, and a second end plate is arranged at another end of the indoor side heat exchanger and connected with the second bending plate through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure.

17. The movable air conditioner according to claim 16, wherein,

the volute further comprises a third bending plate connected to a tail end of the first bending plate and bent towards the indoor side heat exchanger, and the first end plate is protruded laterally beyond the indoor side heat exchanger to be connected with the third bending plate; and/or

the volute further comprises a fourth bending plate connected to a tail end of the second bending plate and bent towards the indoor side heat exchanger, and the second end plate is protruded laterally beyond the indoor side heat exchanger to be connected with the fourth bending plate.

18. The movable air conditioner according to claim 17, wherein,

the first end plate and the third bending plate are connected through a threaded connection structure; and/or the third bending plate is recessed inwards to form a limiting groove, a first flange is formed at a tail end of the first end plate and clamped in the limiting groove; and/or

the second end plate is connected with the fourth bending plate through a threaded connection structure; and/or a clamping groove is formed at a tail end of the fourth bending plate, a second flange is formed at a tail end of

the second end plate and clamped in the clamping groove.

19. The movable air conditioner according to any one of claims 15 to 18, wherein,

5 the volute comprises a volute base and a volute cover engaged with the volute base, the volute cover comprises a top plate arranged above the indoor side heat exchanger and extending towards the indoor side heat exchanger, and the top plate is connected with the indoor side heat exchanger through a clamping structure and/or a threaded connection structure; and/or

10 the middle partition plate is provided with a mounting groove and a water guide groove communicated with the mounting groove, the water guide groove is arranged below the indoor side air housing and corresponds to an outdoor side heat exchanger of the movable air conditioner, a bottom of the mounting groove is inclined toward the water guide groove, the indoor side heat exchanger is installed in the mounting groove and inclined toward the indoor side air housing; and/or

15 the middle partition plate is convexly provided with a mounting protrusion, the mounting protrusion is arranged on an air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger and connected with an end plate of the indoor side heat exchanger; and/or

the middle partition plate is convexly provided with a first supporting protrusion, the first supporting protrusion is arranged on the air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger and spliced with a first bending portion of the volute; and/or

20 the middle partition plate is convexly provided with a second supporting protrusion, the second supporting protrusion is arranged on the air inlet side of the indoor side heat exchanger and spliced with a second bending portion of the volute.

20. The movable air conditioner according to claim 19, wherein a connecting protrusion is provided below the top plate, and the connecting protrusion is connected with the second end plate of the indoor side heat exchanger through a threaded connecting structure.

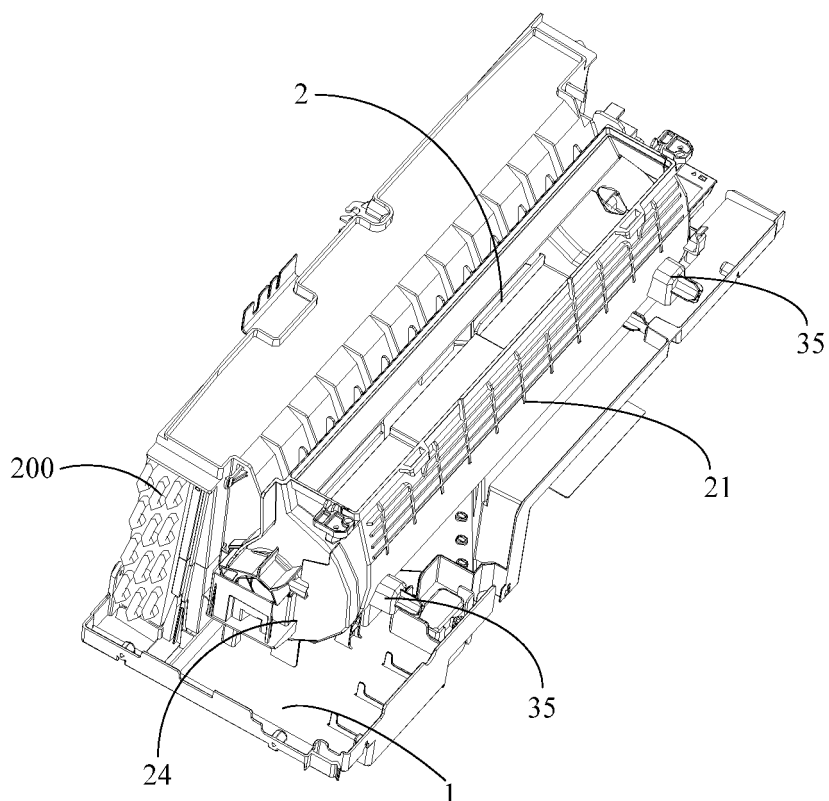


FIG. 1

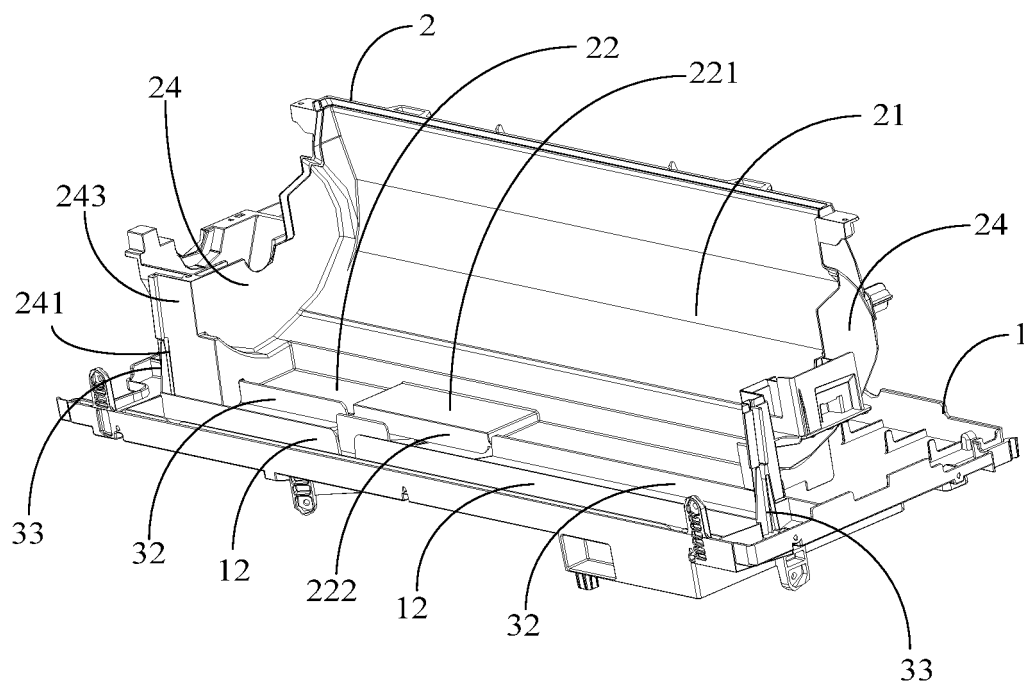


FIG. 2

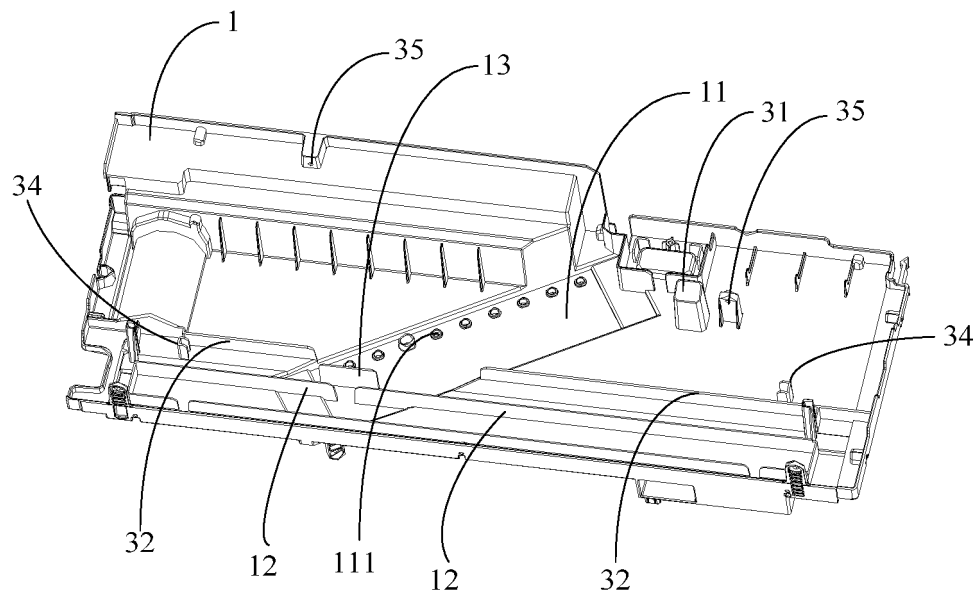


FIG. 3

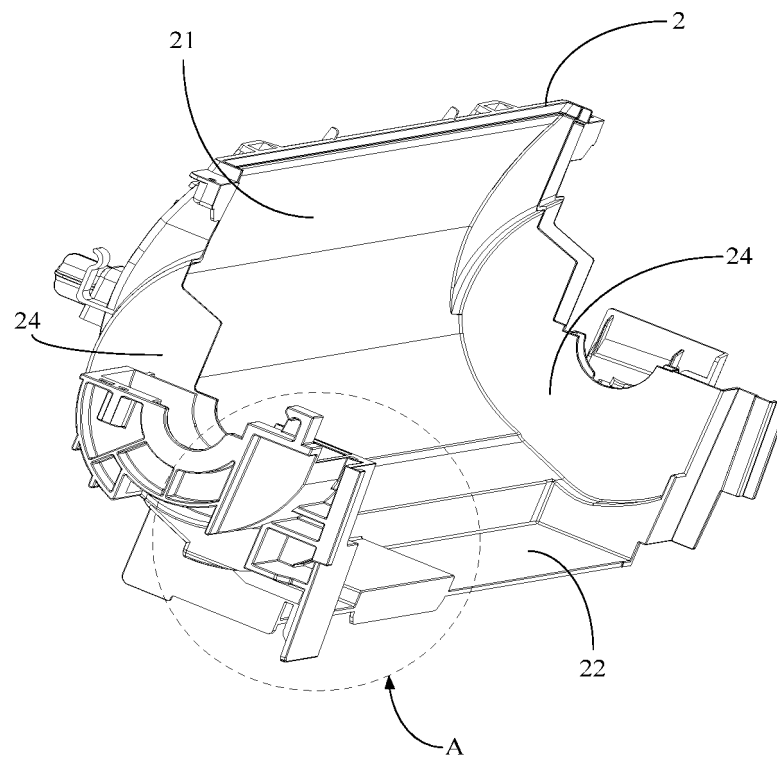


FIG. 4

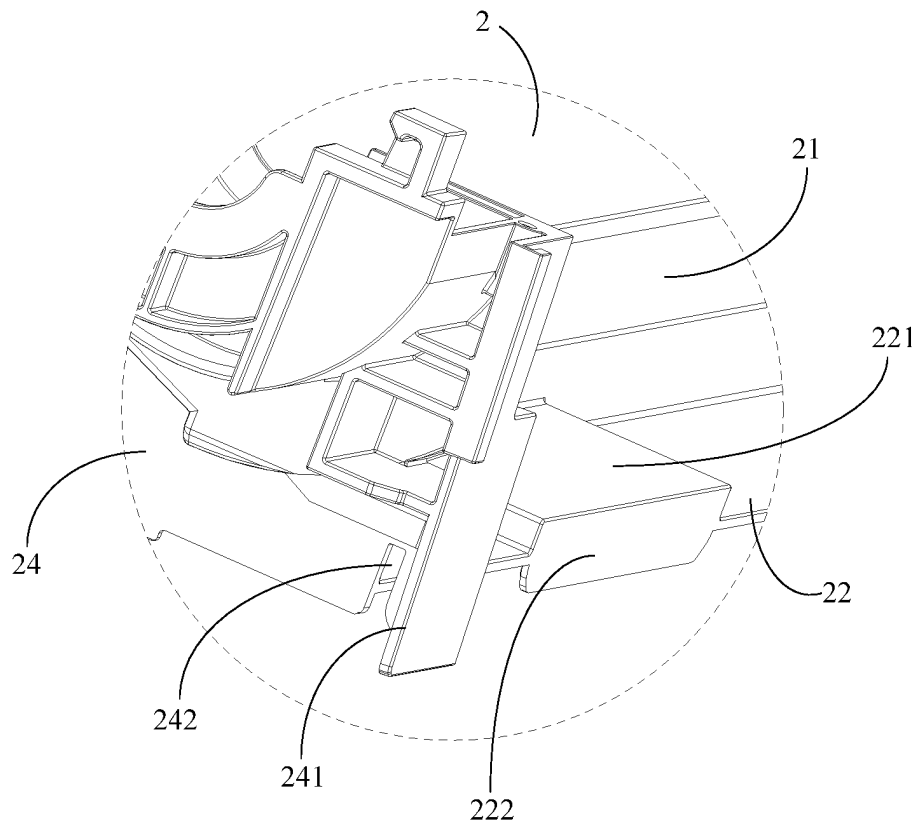


FIG. 5

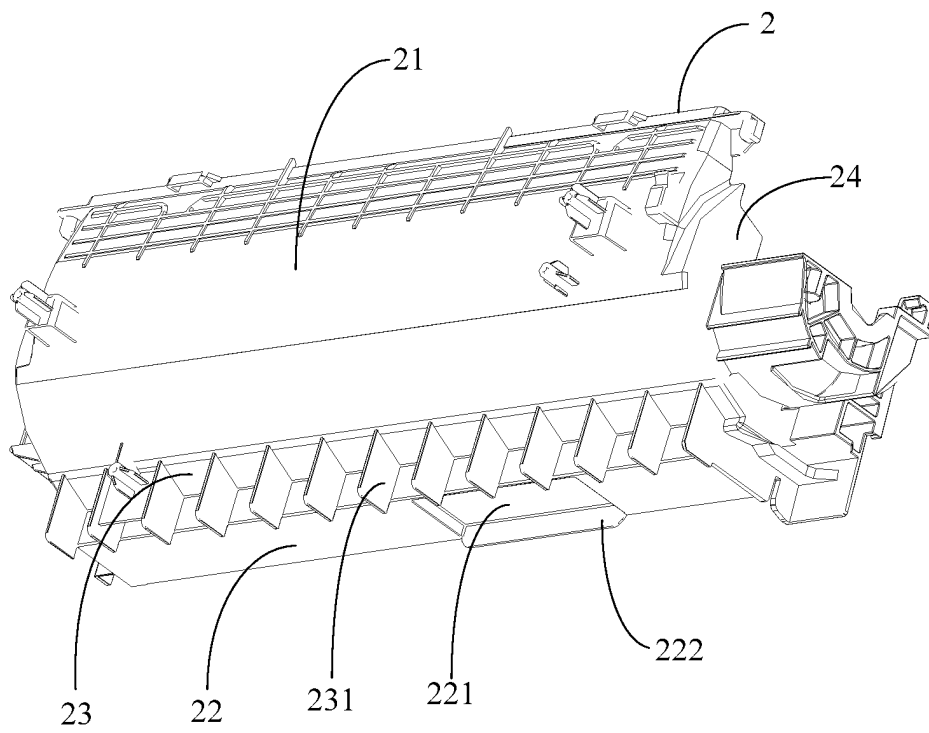


FIG. 6

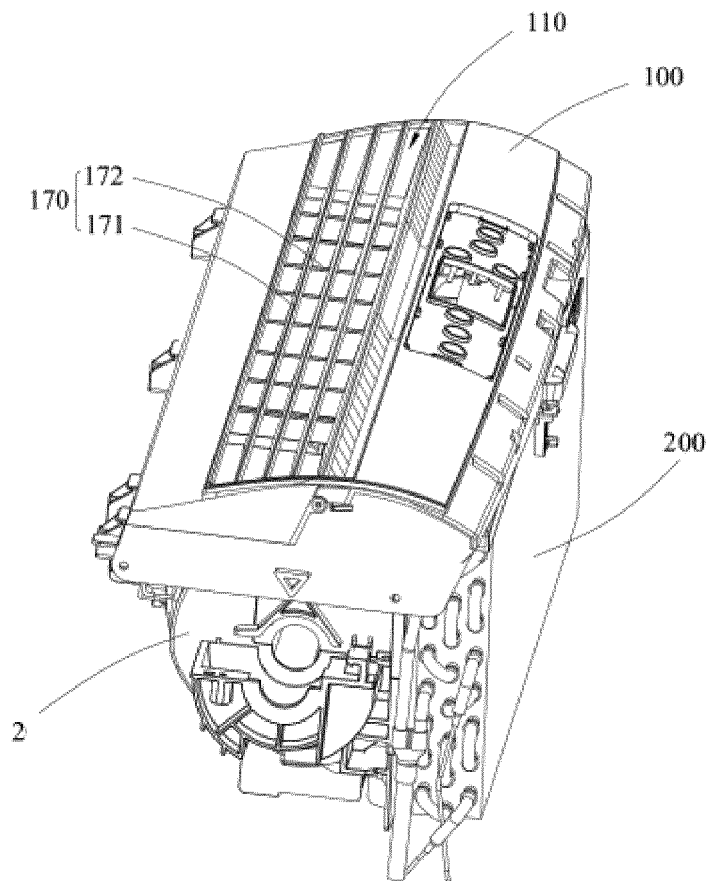


FIG. 7

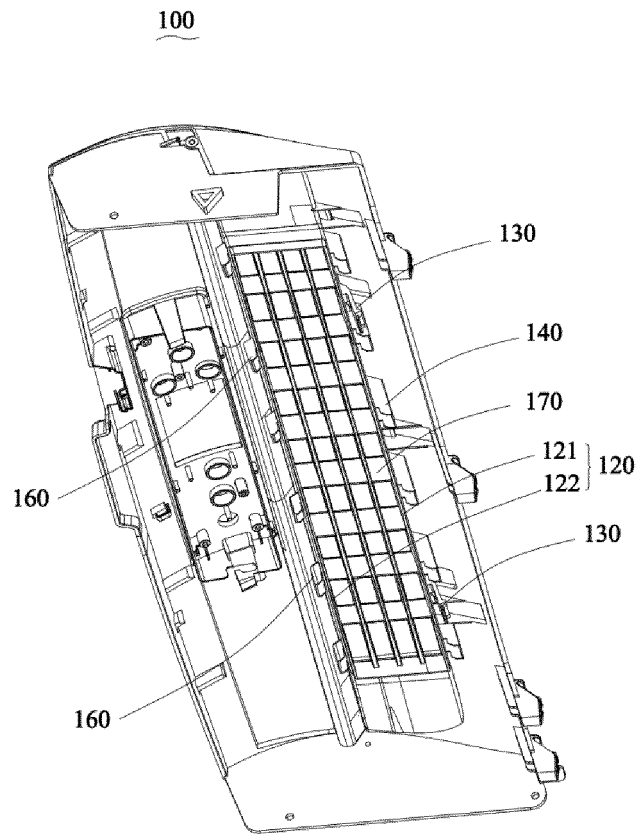


FIG. 8

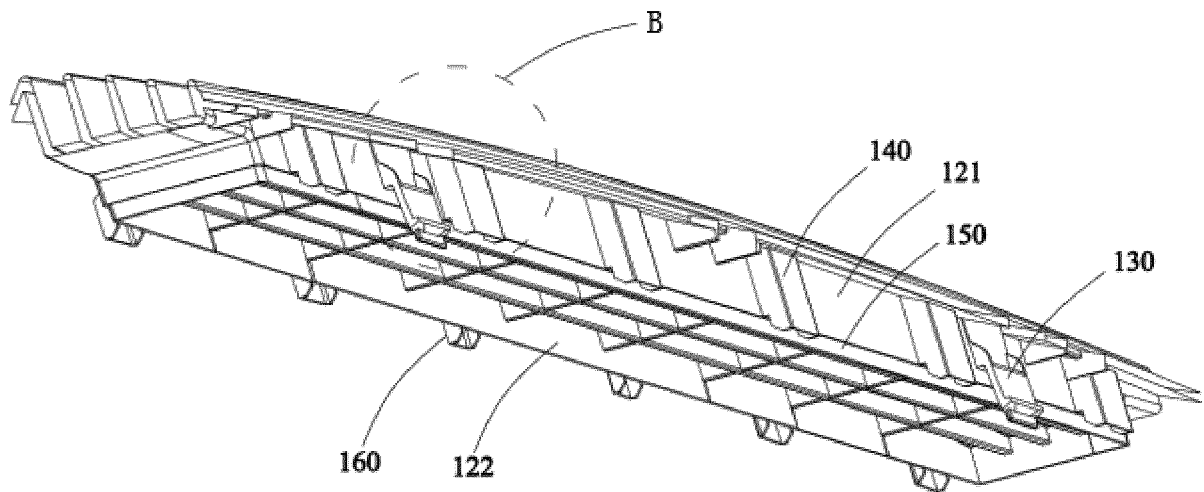


FIG. 9

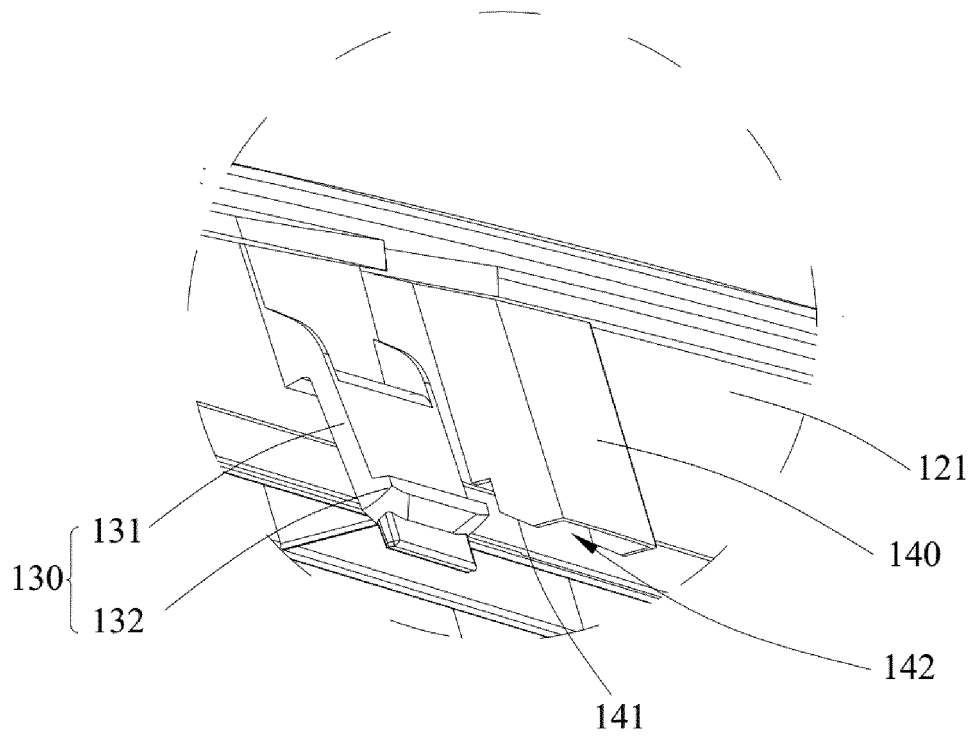


FIG. 10

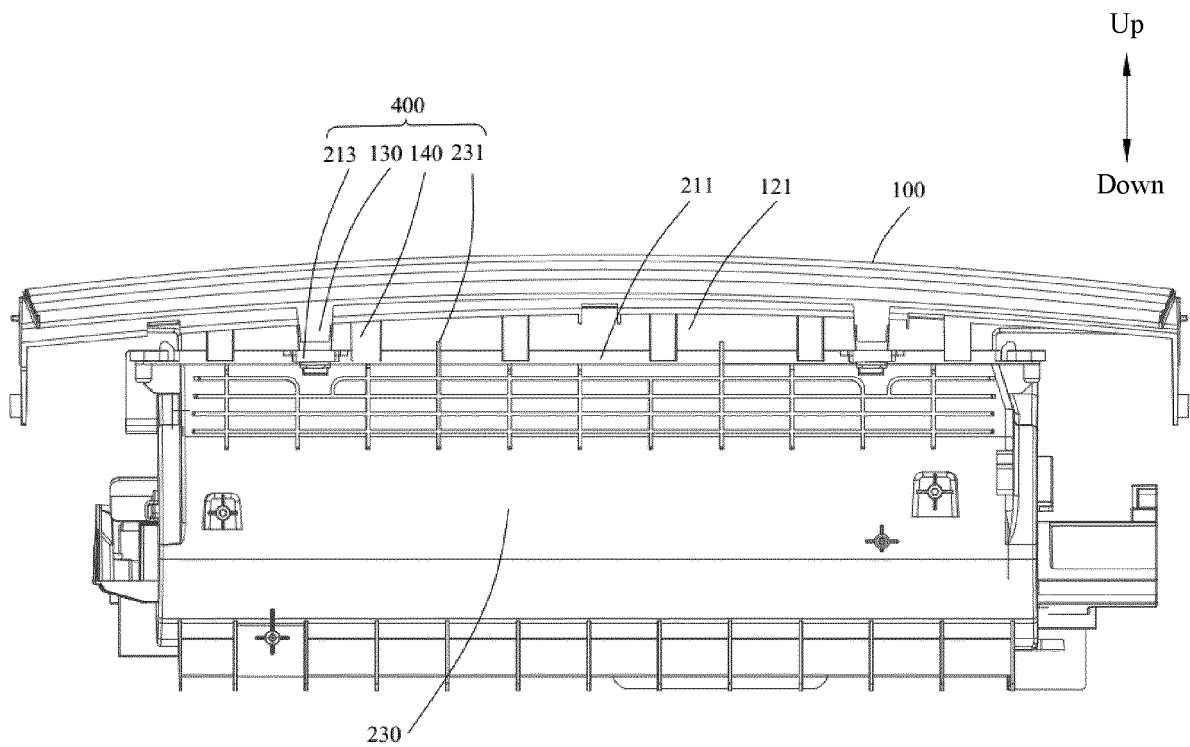


FIG. 11

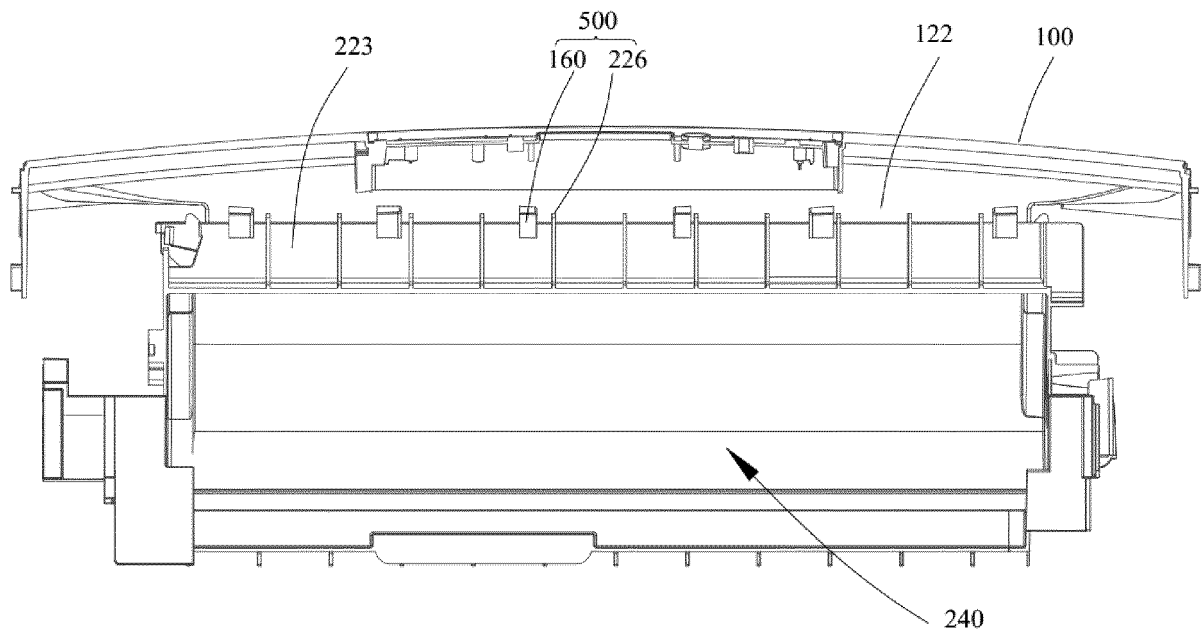


FIG. 12

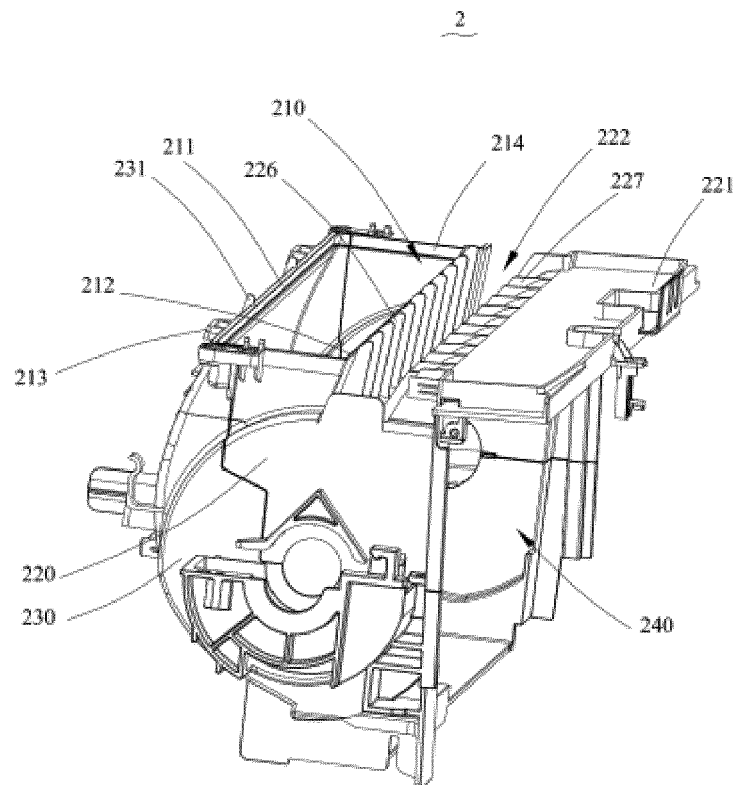


FIG. 13

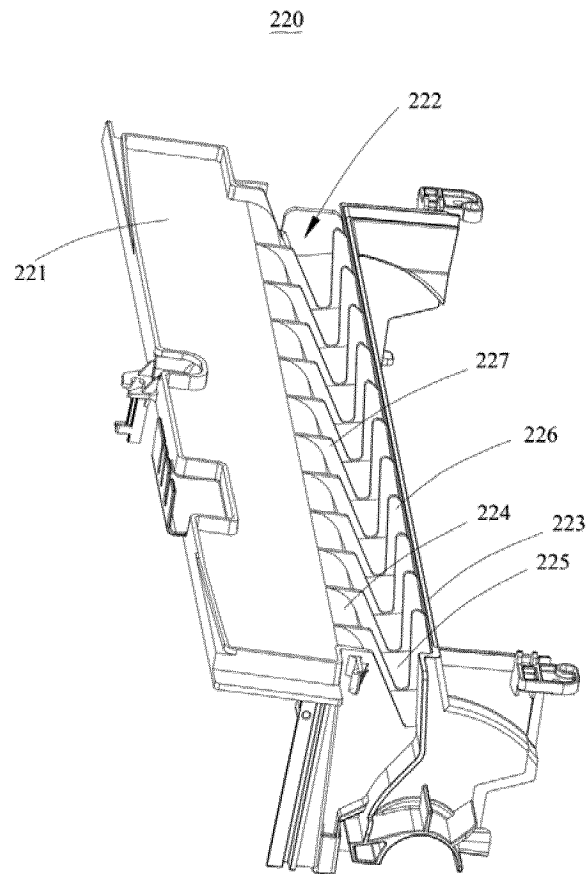


FIG. 14

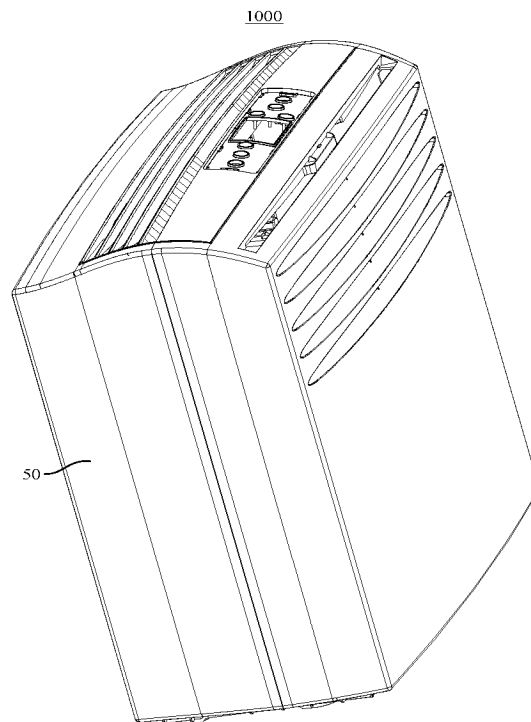


FIG. 15

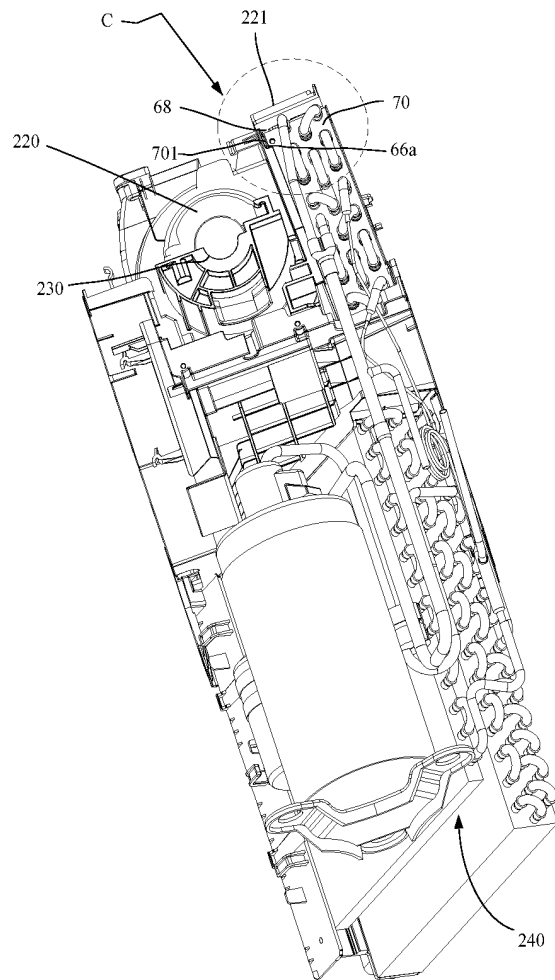


FIG. 16

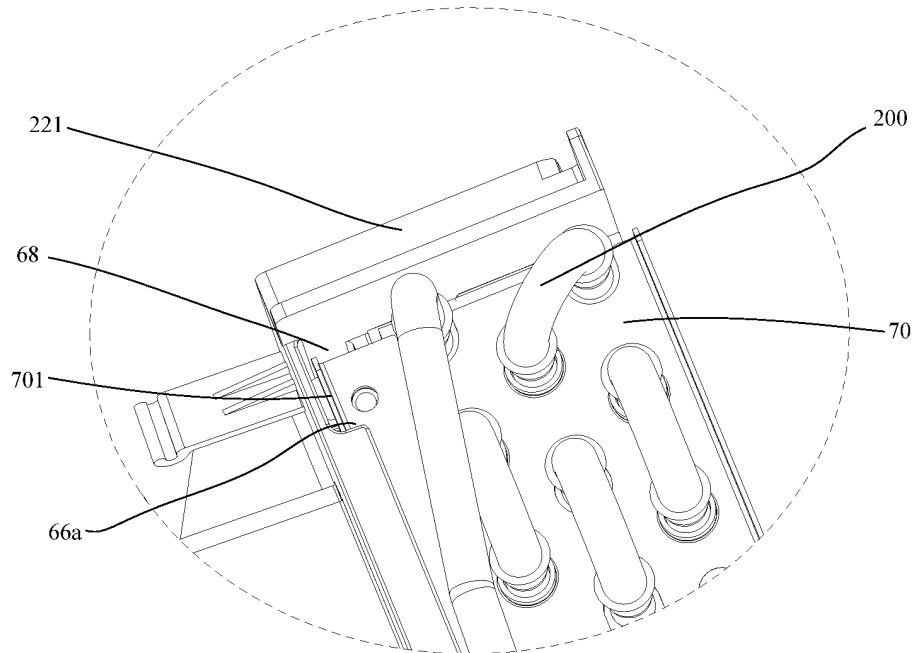


FIG. 17

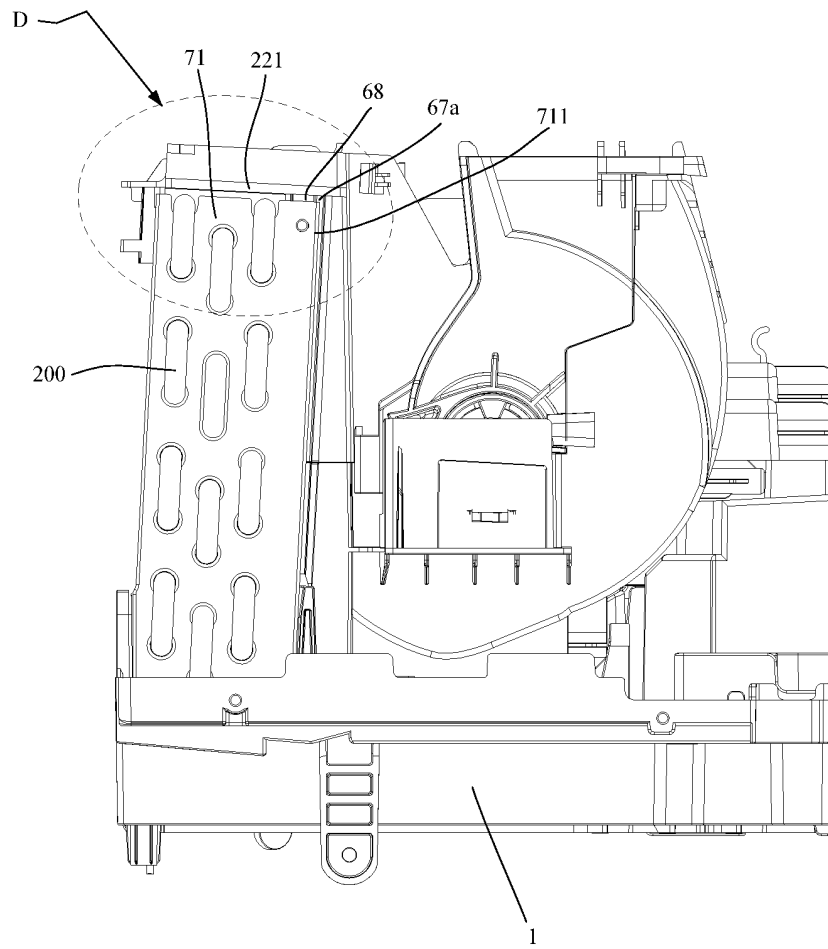


FIG. 18

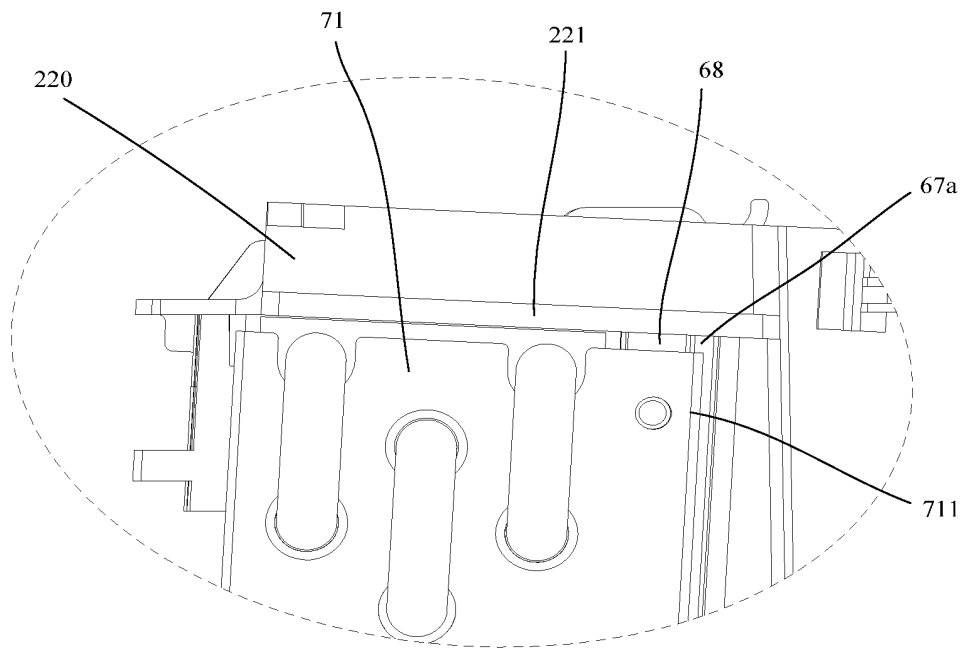


FIG. 19

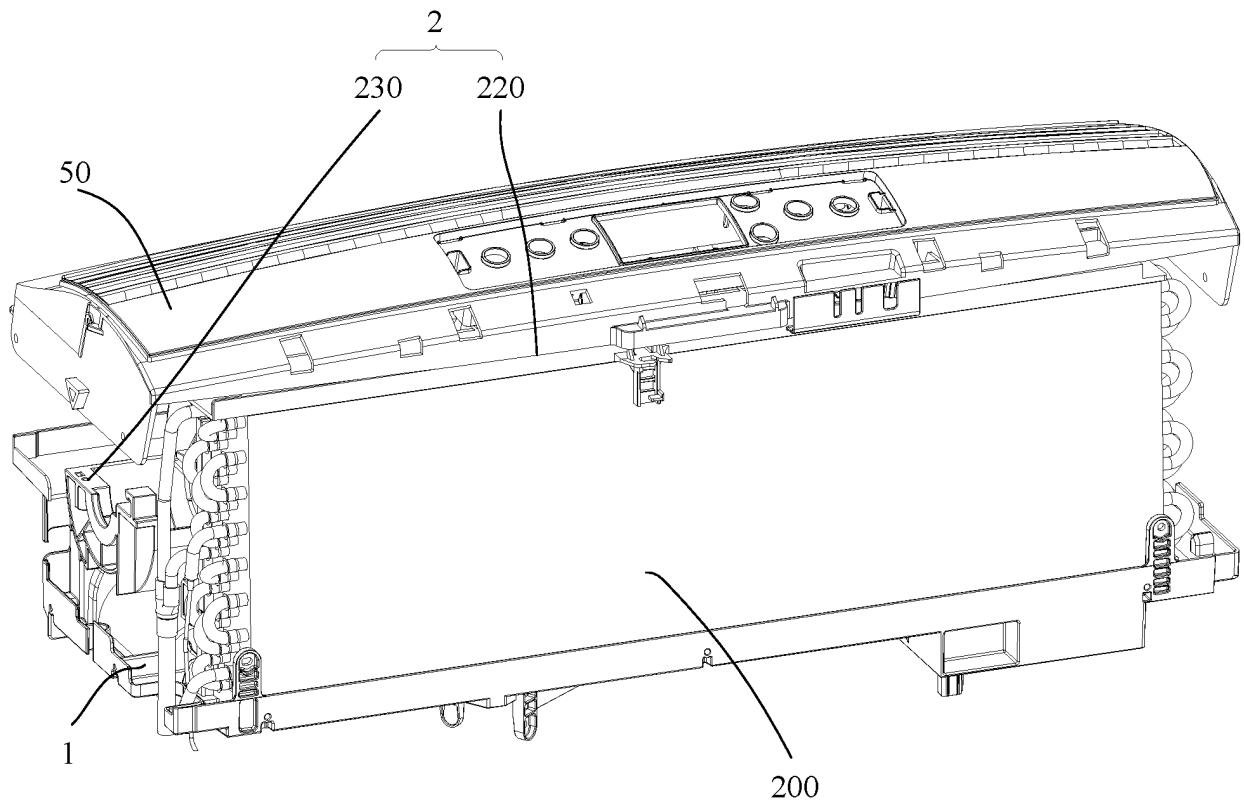


FIG. 20

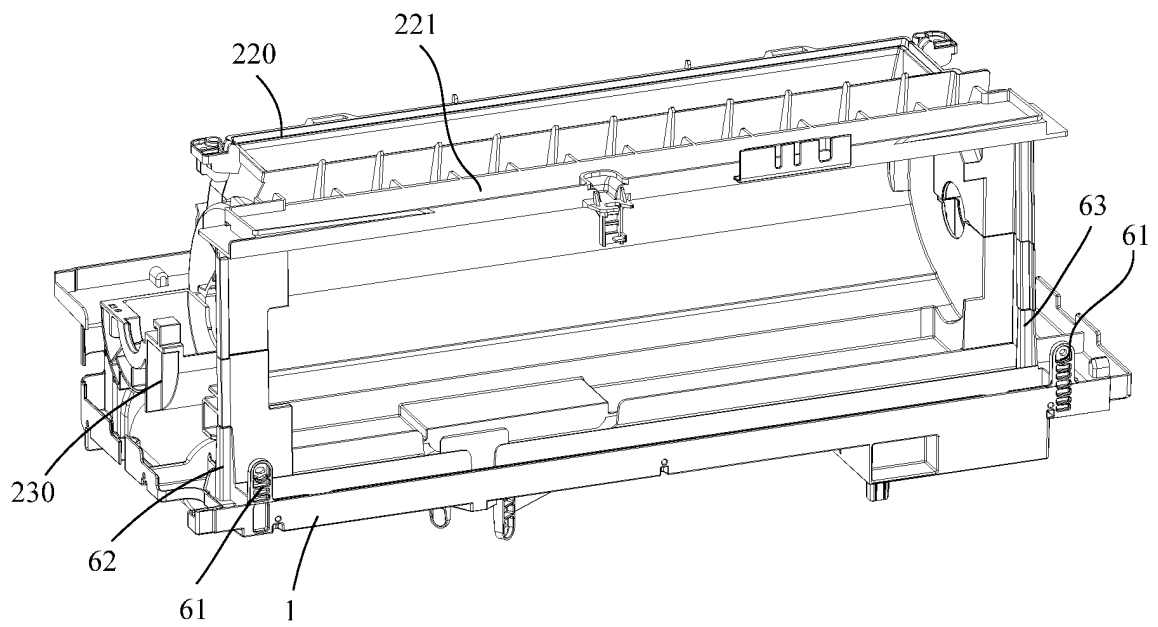


FIG. 21

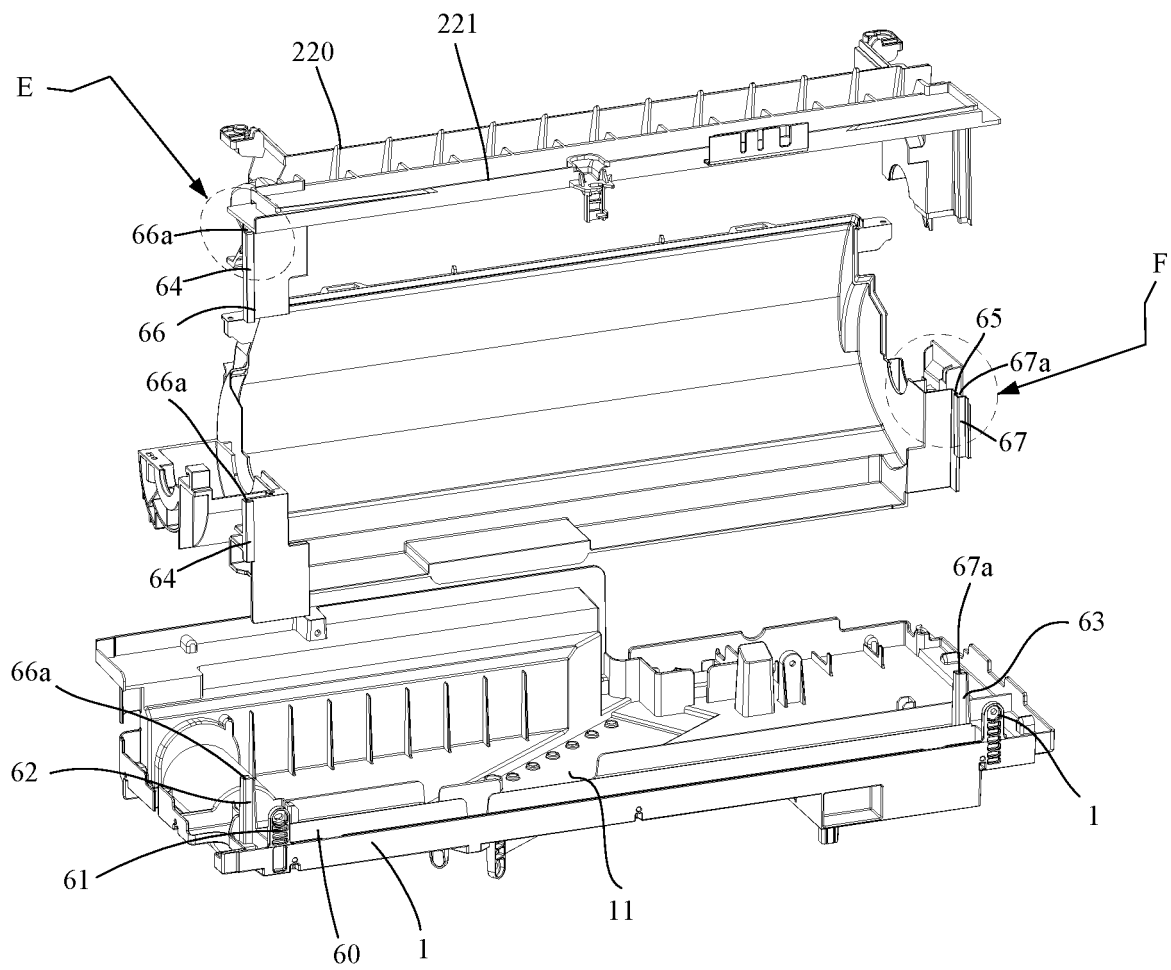


FIG. 22

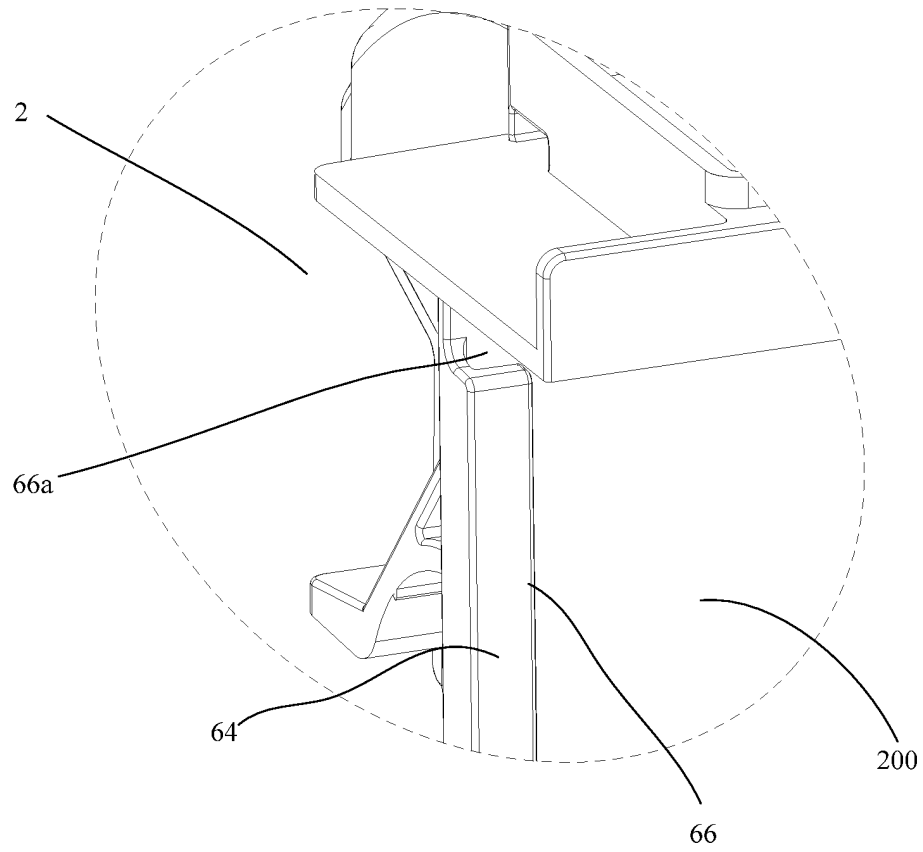


FIG. 23

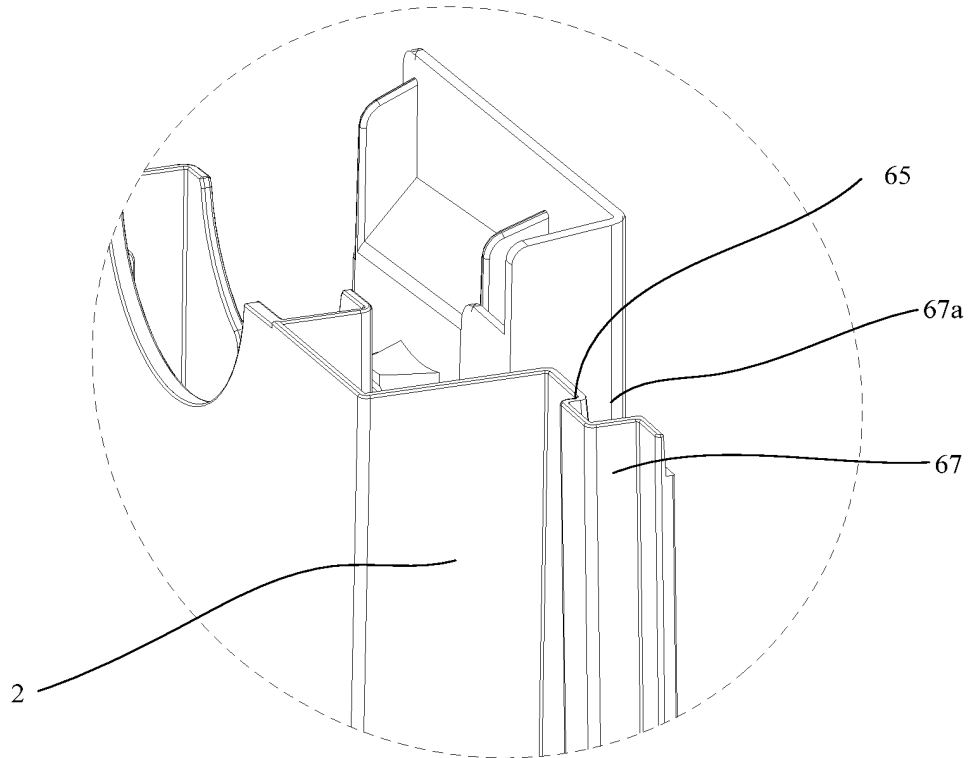


FIG. 24

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/CN2020/081453

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER F24F 1/028(2019.01)i; F24F 13/20(2006.01)i; F24F 1/0323(2019.01)i According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC																		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED																		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) F24F																		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched																		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) CNABS, CNTXT, 中国期刊网全文数据库, DWPI, JPTXT, USTXT: 移动, 空调, 机壳+外壳, 隔板, 蜗壳, 固定+连接+安装, 柱+槽, 围板, 进风; mov+ or portable, air w condition+, casing or housing or shell, volute or spiral, fix+ or mount+ or connect +, pillar or rod or pole, inlet or intake																		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT																		
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Category*</th> <th>Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages</th> <th>Relevant to claim No.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>CN 108870552 A (AUX AIR CONDITIONER CO., LTD.) 23 November 2018 (2018-11-23) description specific embodiment 21, figures 36, 46-49</td> <td>1,</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>CN 207584932 U (QINGDAO HAIER AIR CONDITIONER GENERAL CO., LTD.) 06 July 2018 (2018-07-06) entire document</td> <td>1-20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>CN 101929712 A (LG ELECTRONICS (TIANJIN) ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE CO., LTD.) 29 December 2010 (2010-12-29) entire document</td> <td>1-20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>CN 106403239 A (WUHU MATY AIR-CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD. et al.) 15 February 2017 (2017-02-15) entire document</td> <td>1-20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>CN 206637750 U (SHANGHAI HEHE INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.) 14 November 2017 (2017-11-14) entire document</td> <td>1-20</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	X	CN 108870552 A (AUX AIR CONDITIONER CO., LTD.) 23 November 2018 (2018-11-23) description specific embodiment 21, figures 36, 46-49	1,	A	CN 207584932 U (QINGDAO HAIER AIR CONDITIONER GENERAL CO., LTD.) 06 July 2018 (2018-07-06) entire document	1-20	A	CN 101929712 A (LG ELECTRONICS (TIANJIN) ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE CO., LTD.) 29 December 2010 (2010-12-29) entire document	1-20	A	CN 106403239 A (WUHU MATY AIR-CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD. et al.) 15 February 2017 (2017-02-15) entire document	1-20	A	CN 206637750 U (SHANGHAI HEHE INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.) 14 November 2017 (2017-11-14) entire document	1-20
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A	CN 206637750 U (SHANGHAI HEHE INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.) 14 November 2017 (2017-11-14) entire document	1-20																
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Date of the actual completion of the international search 20 July 2020	Date of mailing of the international search report 03 August 2020																	
Name and mailing address of the ISA/CN China National Intellectual Property Administration (ISA/CN) No. 6, Xitucheng Road, Jimenqiao Haidian District, Beijing 100088 China Facsimile No. (86-10)62019451	Authorized officer Telephone No.																	

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/CN2020/081453

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	CN 109425029 A (GUANGDONG MEDIA REFRIGERATION EQUIPMENT CO., LTD. et al.) 05 March 2019 (2019-03-05) entire document	1-20
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

International application No.

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CN 108870552 A	23 November 2018	None	
CN 207584932 U	06 July 2018	None	
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CN 106403239 A	15 February 2017	None	
CN 206637750 U	14 November 2017	None	
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US 6339935 B1	22 January 2002	None	
JP 2015206511 A	19 November 2015	JP 6311427 B2	18 April 2018
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