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(54) Title: ANTI-STATIC SKIN PRODUCTS AND METHOD

(57) Abstract: An aqueous or non-aqueous preparation comprising cationic agents to neutralize a negative charge thereby relieving tension in the skin and preventing moisture from escaping. It relieves static-tension in the skin thereby reducing the distance between the pores. The difference between the Present Invention and other water based skin conditioners is the amount of cationic agents used. The Present Invention utilizes much more of these ingredients than other commercial products. This produces the unexpected result of neutralizing the charge on the skin and relieving tension, softening and moisturizing the skin. In its most basic form, it contains no moisturizing or other skin conditioning agents. These products can be added to the Present Invention, or alternatively, the Present Invention may be used as an additive to most currently available commercial aqueous and non-aqueous based skin moisturizers for a synergistic skin softening effect.

1 TITLE OF INVENTION

2 ANTI-STATIC SKIN PRODUCTS AND METHOD

3 CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

a) The Present Application is the PCT international non-provisional counterpart of US Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 61/102,011 filed on 2 October 2008, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety herein. The Present Application claims the benefit of and priority to said US Provisional Patent Application.

b) The Present Application is a PCT international continuation of my pending US non-provisional Patent Application Serial No. 12/475,719 filed on 1 June 2009, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety herein. The Present Application claims the benefit of and priority to said US nonprovisional patent application.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The Present Invention relates to the field of protective compositions to condition dry, cracked, and chapped skin so as to retain moisture, and to condition hair.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

There is currently a wide variety of moisturizing skin softeners on the market. The primary purpose of such products is to prevent moisture from escaping from the skin while adding moisture to the skin. The vast majority of these commercial products are oil based, or they utilize an oil-water emulsion. The effect of these oil based products is to coat the skin with a layer that is water impermeable. This water impermeable layer prevents the skin from losing water due to evaporation. Most of these preparations use various additives that treat skin to make it smooth, moist, and supple. Yet, the skin cannot breathe through this impermeable layer. This represents a problem in that oxygen must be absorbed through the skin to sustain life.

Better moisturizing skin conditioners are water based, but these are in the minority. They employ moisturizing and conditioning agents to treat dry and damaged skin. Some of them utilize a very small amount of cationic agent in order to minimize the electrostatic effect of using these products. Cationic additives are normally not used in oil based preparations. Unlike oil

based preparations that work by placing a protective layer over the skin, water based preparations work by reducing skin tension.

If the air is very dry, a person moving through air will accumulate negatively charged electrons on his skin due to air/skin friction. Should enough electrons accumulate on the skin, a person's hair will "stand on end." Having a "like" electrical static charge, the hairs repel each other. Skin cells exhibit a similar phenomenon. For example, "cracking" of the skin results from dry skin cells "standing on end," and repelling one another. Dry, chapped, or broken skin is due to a repulsive force between the cells. This produces skin tension. The condition is aggravated by a lack of moisture. The pores open, and moisture escapes. Rubbing one's hands together also creates an electrostatic charge that makes the skin dry and chapped. The skin has accumulated an excess of electrons.

Hair conditioners work in a different way. When a person wets his or her hair, the hair tends to "go limp" because water is a plasticizing agent for hair. Hair conditioners enhance the plasticizing effect. In addition, they add ingredients to treat hair to make it less brittle.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The Present Invention is an aqueous preparation that comprises cationic agents to neutralize a negative charge thereby relieving tension in the skin, allowing the pores to close, and preventing moisture from escaping. It reduces the distance between the pores. The difference between the Present Invention and other water based skin conditioners is the amount of cationic agents used. The Present Invention utilizes much more of these ingredients than other commercial products. This produces the unexpected result of neutralizing the charge on the skin and relieving tension. In its most basic form, it contains no moisturizing or other skin conditioning agents. These products can be added to the Present Invention, or alternatively, the Present Invention may be used as an additive to commercial water based skin softeners.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A typical formulation of the product of the Present Invention might consist of:

4 Celquat SC-240c (Polyquaternium-10) 0-4% 5 Merquat 100 0-11%

6 as the principal ingredients (cationic agents) and:

- Distilled Water
 - Propylene Glycol
- Tetrasodium EDTA
- 10 Polywax

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- Glycerol Monostearate (Glyceryl Stearate)
- Vanilla
- Glycerin
 - Germall Plus (Diazolidinyl Urea & Isopropynyl Butylcarbamate)

This formulation is typical. Merquat 280 is Polyquaternium-22. Celquat and Merquat are both strong cationic agents. The formulations created thus far comprised both Celquat and Merquat. However, it could be useful to have either agent be the sole active ingredient.

Cationic agents other than Celquat and Merquat are known in the art. These other agents are also useful in the Present Invention either as a substitute for Celquat and Merquat or as an additive. As mentioned before, only water based products can utilize cationic agents. The difference between the Present Invention and other commercial conditioners is the strength of the cationic effect. This produces the unexpected result of neutralizing the negative charge of the skin, thereby reducing skin tension (by allowing the skin cells to reside closer to each other), and closing pores so as to retain moisture.

The basic formulation mainly comprises the cationic agents in an aqueous base. However, moisturizing and conditioning agents can be added to the basic formulation. On the other hand, the basic formulation may be added to other water based skin conditioners to enhance their effect.

The Present Invention may be used as a treatment for psoriasis which is aggravated by dry skin. It may also be used to treat chafed elbows. In addition, when added to hair conditioners, it enhances the plasticizing effect by neutralizing any negative charge retained by the hair.

Other formulations comprise the following ingredients:

1	Water
2	 Cetyl Alcohol
3	Cetrimonium Chloride
4	 Polyguaternium – 67
5	Glyceryl Stearate
6	PEG – 100 Stearate
7	Polyquaternium – 22
8	•
9	Stearyl Alcohol Regardly anima Chlorida
10	Benzalkonium Chloride Light des la control Contr
11	Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy
12	Methylparaben
13	Propylparaben
14	 Butylparaben
15	 Ethylparaben
16	 Isobutylparaben
17	 Sodium Hydroxide
18	 Hydrolyzed Algin
19	 Chlorella Vulgaris Extract
20	Sea Water
21	Propylene Glycol
22	Euterpe Oleracea (Acai) Fruit Extract
23	Lycium Barbarum (Goji Berry) Fruit Extract
24	Punica Granatum (Pomegranate) Extract
25	Diospyros Kaki (Persimmon) Fruit Extract
26	• Fragrance
27	. ragianos
28	Yet, other formulations comprise:
	•
29	Water
30	Isocetyl Behenate
31	Cetyl Alcohol
32	 Cetrimonium Chloride
33	 Polyquaternium – 67
34	Glyceryl Stearate
35	 PEG – 100 Stearate
36	 Polyquaternium – 22
37	 Phenoxyethanol
38	Stearyl Alcohol
39	 Benzalkonium Chloride
40	 Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy
41	Methylparaben
42	Propylparaben
43	Butylparaben
44	Ethylparaben
45	Isobutylparaben
46	Sodium Hydroxide
40 47	Propylene Glycol
→ /	

- Symphytum Officinale (Comfrey) Leaf Extract
- Centaurea Cyanus (Cornflower) Flower Extract
 - Echinacea Angustifolia Leaf Extract
 - Silybum Marianum (Milk Thistle) Extract
 - Fragrance

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- The formulations that follow comprise these generic ingredients:
- water (used as a solvent and moisturizer);
- at least one quaternary conditioner;
- at least one preservative;
- at least one thickener;
- an emollient;
- an emulsifier; and
- a neutralizing agent to adjust pH as desired.
 - The above formulation has an aqueous base, but one skilled in the art would know that the formulation may also be non-aqueous. In addition, some embodiments comprise an antiseptic, an anti-inflammatory agent, an antioxidant, an astringent, and an agent to promote skin healing, having cleansing, antibacterial and antiseptic attributes. Also, a fragrance would probably be added.
 - The quaternary conditioners that are used include (at least one must be used), without limitation:
- Polyquaternium-22;
- Polyquaternium-67;
- Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride;
- Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy Protein; and
- Benzalkonium Chloride.
- The preservatives used include, without limitation:
- Phenoxyethanol.
- Methyloaraben,
- Butylparben,
- Ethylparaben,
- Propylparaben,
- Isobutylpareben, and

Phenoxyethanol.

The thickeners used include, without limitation, Cetyl Alcohol, and Stearyl Alcohol. The emollients used include, without limitation:

- Isocetyl Behanate,
- Water,
- Hydrolyzed Algin,
- Chlorella Vulgaris, and
 - C10-30 Cholesterol / Lanosterol Esters.

The emulsifiers used include, without limitation, Glyceryl Stearate, and PEG-100 Stearate. The neutralizing agent used was a 5% solution of sodium hydroxide. Fragrances used were lavender, sandalwood, and honeysuckle.

Tables 1 through 10 (*infra*) provide examples of these formulations:

TABLE 1

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Ingredient	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Functionality</u>
Water	82% - 94%	Solvent, Moisturizer
Polyquaternium - 67	0.5% - 2%	Conditioner/Quat
Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben,	1%	Preservative
Butylparben, Ethylparaben,		
Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben		
Polyquaternium 22	0.25% - 1%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride	1% - 3%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Alcohol	1% - 3%	Thickener
C10 - 30 Cholesterol / Lanosterol	0.5% - 2%	Emollient
Esters		
Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate	1% - 3%	Emulsifier
Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed	0.25% 1%	Conditioner/Quat
Soy		
Protein		
Benzylkonium Chloride	0.5% - 1.5%	Conditioner/Quat/Neut.
		Agent
Sodium Hydroxide	0.01% - 0.02%	Neutralizing agent

TABLE 2

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Ingredient	<u>Percent</u>	Functionality
Water	81%-92%	Solvent, Moisturizer
Isoprene Glycol	1%	
Polyquaternium - 67	0.5%-2%	Conditioner/Quat
Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben, Butylparben, Ethylparaben, Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben	1%	Preservative
Polyquaternium 22	0.2%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride	1%-3%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Alcohol	1%-3%	Thickener
C10 - 30 Cholesterol / Lanosterol Esters	0.6%	Emollient
Macadamia Nut Oil	0.4%	
Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate	1.5%-3%	Emulsifier
Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy Protein	0.25%-0.75%	Conditioner/Quat
Pheohydrane	1%	
Benzylkonium Chloride	0.5%-1.5%	Conditioner/Quat/Neut. Agent
Sodium Hydroxide	0.02%	Neutralizing agent

TABLE 3

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Ingredient	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Functionality</u>
Water	80%-93%	Solvent, Moisturizer
Polyquaternium - 67	1%-3%	Conditioner/Quat
Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben,	1%	Preservative
Butylparben, Ethylparaben,		
Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben		
Polyquaternium 22	0.1%-0.5%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride	1%-3%	Conditioner/Quat
Stearyl Alcohol	0.1%-1%	Thickener
Cetyl Alcohol	2%-4%	Thickener
Water, Hydrolyzed Algin, Chlorella	0.6%-1.4%	Emollient, moisturizer
Vulgaris		
Extract, Sea Water	Trace	
Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate	1%-3%	Emulsifier
Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Soy		
Benzylkonium Chloride	0.5%-1.5%	Conditioner/Quat/Neut.
		Agent
Sodium Hydroxide	0.01%	Neutralizing agent

TABLE 4

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Ingredient	Percent	<u>Functionality</u>
Water	82%-90%	Solvent, Moisturizer
Polyquaternium - 67	1%-2%	Conditioner/Quat
Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben,	1%	Preservative
Butylparben, Ethylparaben,		
Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben		
Polyquaternium 22	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride	1%-4%	Conditioner/Quat
Stearyl Alcohol	0.5	Thickener
Cetyl Alcohol	3%	Thickener
Water, Hydrolyzed Algin, Chlorella	1%	Emollient, moisturizer
Vulgaris		
Extract, Sea Water	Trace	
Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate	2%-3%	Emulsifier
Phenoxyethanol	Trace	Preservative
Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Propylene Glycol, Euterpe Oleracea, (Acai) Fruit Extract, Lycium Barbarum (Goji Berry) Fruit Extract, Punica Granatum (Pomegranate) Extract, Diospyros, Kaki (Persimmon) Fruit Extract	1%	Antiseptic, Anti- inflammatory, Antioxidant, Astringent
Benzylkonium Chloride	0.5%-1.2%	Conditioner/Quat/Neut. Agent
Sodium Hydroxide	0.02	Neutralizing agent
Fragrance	0.5	Fragrance

TABLE 5

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Ingredient	Percent	<u>Functionality</u>
Water	82%-88%	Solvent, Moisturizer
Polyquaternium - 67	1%-2%	Conditioner/Quat
Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben,	1%	Preservative
Butylparben, Ethylparaben,		
Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben		
Polyquaternium 22	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride	1%-3%	Conditioner/Quat
Stearyl Alcohol	0.5%	Thickener
Cetyl Alcohol	3%	Thickener
Water, Hydrolyzed Algin, Chlorella	1%	Emollient, moisturizer
Vulgaris		
Extract, Sea Water	Trace	
Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate	2.5%	Emulsifier
Phenoxyethanol	Trace	Preservative
Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy	0.2%-0.75%	Conditioner/Quat
Propylene Glycol, Euterpe Oleracea, (Acai) Fruit Extract, Lycium Barbarum (Goji Berry) Fruit Extract, Punica Granatum (Pomegranate) Extract, Diospyros, Kaki (Persimmon) Fruit Extract	1%	Antiseptic, Anti- inflammatory, Antioxidant, Astringent
Benzylkonium Chloride	0.5%-1.5%	Conditioner/Quat/Neut. Agent
Sodium Hydroxide	0.01%	Neutralizing agent
Fragrance	0.5%	Fragrance

TABLE 6

Ingredient **Functionality Percent** 76%-93% Water Solvent, Moisturizer Polyquaternium - 67 1%-2% Conditioner/Quat Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben, 1% Preservative Butylparben, Ethylparaben, Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben Polyguaternium 22 0.1%-1.2% Conditioner/Quat Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride 1%-3% Conditioner/Quat Stearyl Alcohol 0.1%-1% Thickener Cetvl Alcohol 1%-4% Thickener Water, Hydrolyzed Algin, Chlorella 0.5%-1.5% Emollient, moisturizer Vulgaris Extract, Sea Water Trace Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate $1.5\overline{\%-4\%}$ **Emulsifier** Phenoxyethanol Trace Preservative Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed 0.1%-1% Conditioner/Quat Soy Propylene Glycol, Euterpe Oleracea, 1% Antiseptic, Anti-(Acai) Fruit Extract, Lycium Barbarum inflammatory, Antioxidant, (Goji Berry) Fruit Extract, Punica Astringent Granatum (Pomegranate) Extract,

0.2%-3%

0.01%

0.5%

Conditioner/Quat/Neut.

Neutralizing agent

Agent

Fragrance

3

Extract

Fragrance

Diospyros, Kaki (Persimmon) Fruit

Benzylkonium Chloride

Sodium Hydroxide

TABLE 7

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Ingredient	Percent	<u>Functionality</u>
Water	76%-92%	Solvent, Moisturizer
Polyquaternium - 67	1%-2%	Conditioner/Quat
Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben,	1%	Preservative
Butylparben, Ethylparaben,		
Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben		
Polyquaternium 22	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride	1%-4%	Conditioner/Quat
Stearyl Alcohol	0.1%-1.5%	Thickener
Cetyl Alcohol	1%-3%	Thickener
Isocetyl Behanate	2%-5%	Emollient
Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate	1%-3.5%	Emulsifier
Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed	0.1%-0.85%	Conditioner/Quat
Soy		
Benzylkonium Chloride	0.5%-2%	Conditioner/Quat/Neut.
		Agent
Sodium Hydroxide	0.01%	Neutralizing agent

TABLE 8

Ingredient	Percent	<u>Functionality</u>
Water	76%-91%	Solvent, Moisturizer
Polyquaternium - 67	1%-2%	Conditioner/Quat
Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben, Butylparben, Ethylparaben, Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben	1%	Preservative
Polyquaternium 22	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride	1%-3%	Conditioner/Quat
Stearyl Alcohol	0.1%-1%	Thickener
Cetyl Alcohol	1%-3%	Thickener
Isocetyl Behanate	2%-5%	Emollient
Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate	1%-4%	Emulsifier
Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Propylene Glycol, Symphytum, Officinale Leaf Extract, Centaurea Cyanus Extract, Echinacea Angustifolia Leaf Extract, Silybum, Marianum Extract	1%	Skin healing, emollient, soothing, astringent, anti-inflammatory, cleansing, antibacterial and antiseptic attributes
Benzylkonium Chloride	0.5%-1.5%	Conditioner/Quat/Neut. Agent
Sodium Hydroxide	0.01%	Neutralizing agent
Fragrance	0.5%	Fragrance

TABLE 9

Ingredient **Percent Functionality** Water 77%-89% Solvent, Moisturizer Polyquaternium - 67 1%-2% Conditioner/Quat Phenoxyethanol, Methyloaraben, 1% Preservative Butylparben, Ethylparaben, Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben Polyguaternium 22 0.1%-1% Conditioner/Quat Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride 1%-3% Conditioner/Quat Stearyl Alcohol 0.1%-1% Thickener Cetyl Alcohol 1%-3% Thickener 2%-4% Isocetyl Behanate Emollient Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate 2%-3% Emulsifier Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed 0.1%-1% Conditioner/Quat Sov Propylene Glycol, Symphytum, 1% Skin healing, emollient, soothing, astringent, anti-Officinale Leaf Extract, Centaurea

0.5%-2%

0.01%

0.5%

inflammatory, cleansing,

Conditioner/Quat/Neut.

antibacterial and

Agent

Fragrance

antiseptic attributes

Neutralizing agent

3

Cyanus Extract, Echinacea

Marianum Extract

Sodium Hydroxide

Fragrance

Benzylkonium Chloride

Angustifolia Leaf Extract, Silybum,

TABLE 10

1	
2	

3 4

Ingredient	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Functionality</u>
Water	77%-89%	Solvent, Moisturizer
Polyquaternium - 67	1%-2%	Conditioner/Quat
Phenoxyethanol, Methylparaben,	1%	Preservative
Butylparben, Ethylparaben,		
Propylparaben, Isobutylpareben		
Polyquaternium 22	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride	1%-3%	Conditioner/Quat
Stearyl Alcohol	0.1%-1%	Thickener
Cetyl Alcohol	1%-3%	Thickener
Isocetyl Behanate	2%-4%	Emollient
Glyceryl Stearate, PEG-100 Stearate	2%-3%	Emulsifier
Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed	0.1%-1%	Conditioner/Quat
Soy		
Propylene Glycol, Symphytum,	1%	Skin healing, emollient,
Officinale Leaf Extract, Centaurea		soothing, astringent, anti-
Cyanus Extract, Echinacea		inflammatory, cleansing,
Angustifolia Leaf Extract, Silybum,		antibacterial and
Marianum Extract		antiseptic attributes
Benzylkonium Chloride	0.5%-2%	Conditioner/Quat/Neut.
		Agent
Sodium Hydroxide	0.01%	Neutralizing agent
Fragrance	0.5%	Fragrance

CLAIMS

I claim:

1. A skin softening and conditioning product formulation comprising one or more cationic agents in sufficient proportion to the remainder of the product such that, when applied to human skin, said cationic agents have a cationic strength sufficient to fully neutralize any negative electrostatic charge on the skin.

- 2. The skin softening and conditioning product formulation of claim 1 wherein one cationic agent is Celquat SC-240c (Polyquaternium-10).
- 3. The skin softening and conditioning product formulation of claim 2 wherein the cationic agent is in the range of 0 to 4 percent of the formulation by weight.
- 4. The skin softening and conditioning product formulation of claim 1 wherein one cationic agent is Merquat 100.
- 5. The skin softening and conditioning product formulation of claim 4 wherein the Merquat 100 is in the range of 0 to 11 percent of the formulation by weight.
- 6. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 1 wherein one or more cationic agents are selected from the group consisting of:
 - Polyquaternium-22;
 - Polyquaternium-67;
 - Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride;
 - Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy Protein; and
 - Benzalkonium Chloride.
- 7. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 1 wherein said product is an aqueous solution.
- 8. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 1 further comprising:
 - a) at least one preservative;
 - b) at least one thickener;
 - c) an emollient;
 - d) an emulsifier; and
 - e) a neutralizing agent to adjust pH as desired.

9. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 8 wherein the at least one preservative is selected from the group consisting of:

- Methyloaraben,
- Butylparben,
- Ethylparaben,
- Propylparaben,
- Isobutylpareben, and
- Phenoxyethanol.
- 10. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 8 wherein the at least one thickener is selected from the group consisting of Cetyl Alcohol, and Stearyl Alcohol.
- 11. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 8 wherein the at least one emollient is selected from the group consisting of:
 - Isocetyl Behanate,
 - Water,
 - Hydrolyzed Algin,
 - Chlorella Vulgaris, and
 - C10-30 Cholesterol / Lanosterol Esters.
- 12. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 8 wherein the emulsifier is Glyceryl Stearate and PEG-100 Stearate.
- 13. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 8 wherein the neutralizing agent is sodium hydroxide.
- 14. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 1 further comprising an antioxidant.
- 15. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 1 further comprising an astringent.
- 16. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 1 further comprising an agent to promote skin healing, having cleansing, antibacterial and antiseptic attributes.
- 17. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 1 further comprising a fragrance.
- 18. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 6 wherein the amount of Polyquaternium-22 ranges from 0.1% to 1.2% by weight.

19. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 6 wherein the amount of Polyquaternium-67 ranges from 0.5% to 3% by weight.

- 20. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 6 wherein the amount of Cetyl Trimethyl Ammonium Chloride ranges from 1% to 4% by weight.
- 21. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 6 wherein the amount of Hydroxypropyl Trimonium Hydrolyzed Soy Protein ranges from 0.1% to 1% by weight.
- 22. The skin softening and conditioning product of claim 6 wherein the amount of Benzalkonium Chloride ranges from 0.2% to 3% by weight.

International application No. **PCT/US2009/045881**

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

A61K 8/84(2006.01)i, A61Q 19/00(2006.01)i

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC: A61K 8/84, A61Q 19/00

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched N/A

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) KOMPASS(KIPO net), Google Patent

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X Y	WO 00/48555 A2(THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY) 24 AUGUST 2000 See column 10, line 21 - column 13, line 25, examples I to IV and claims	1-19 20-22
Y A	US 2001/0031787 A1(HSU, T.M., et al.) 18 OCTOBER 2001 See abstract and [0014]	20,22 1-19,21
Y A	US 5635469 A(FOWLER, T.J., et al.) 03 JUNE 1997 See abstract and column 7, line 40 - column 10, line 34	21 1-20,22
A	US 2006/0034792 A1(LAZZERI, P., et al.) 16 FEBRUARY 2006 See abstract	1-22

		Further documents are	listed in	the continuation	of Box C.
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See patent family annex.

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- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed
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- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
- "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

13 JANUARY 2010 (13.01.2010)

Date of mailing of the international search report

13 JANUARY 2010 (13.01.2010)

Name and mailing address of the ISA/KR



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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.

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