PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6:

A1

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 96/12282

G11B 23/03, 23/113

(43) International Publication Date:

25 April 1996 (25.04.96)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US95/13291

(22) International Filing Date:

9 October 1995 (09.10.95)

(30) Priority Data:

08/324,579

18 October 1994 (18.10.94)

Published

US

With international search report. With amended claims and statement.

(81) Designated States: CA, JP, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE,

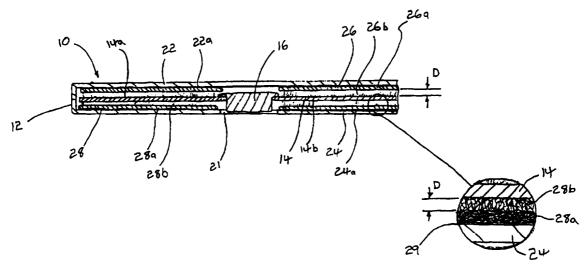
DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).

(71) Applicant: IOMEGA CORPORATION [US/US]; 1821 West 4000 South, Roy, UT 84067 (US).

(72) Inventors: MA, Yiping; 2220 North 2300 East, Layton, UT 84040 (US). HODAPP, Theodore, D.; P.O. Box X, Manti, UT 84642 (US). THAYNE, Mark, S.; 704 North 3500 West, West Point, UT 84015 (US). HALES, Ronald, F.; 2346 West 5800 South, Roy, UT 84067 (US).

(74) Agents: KURTZ, Richard, E. et al.; Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris, 46th floor, One Liberty Place, Philadelphia, PA 19103 (US).

(54) Title: DISK CARTRIDGE WITH FUZZED LINER



(57) Abstract

A disk cartridge (10) comprises a rotatable disk (14) having upper and lower surfaces (14a, 14b) and an outer casing (12) for rotatably housing the disk. The casing comprises upper and lower shells (22, 24). A non-woven fabric liner (e.g., 28) comprising a plurality of bonded fibers is attached to the inner surface of one of the upper and lower shells (e.g., 24). A main body (28a) of the fabric liner lies against the inner surface (24a) of the shell and is spaced a predetermined distance (D) from the corresponding surface of the disk (14b). A region of the fabric liner is subjected to a fuzzing process in which the bonded fibers in that region are loosened to form a region of upstanding fibers (28b) that extend from the main body of the liner to the surface (14b) of the disk to wipe the disk with minimal drag on the disk.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT	Austria	GB	United Kingdom	MR	Mauritania
ΑU	Australia	GE	Georgia	MW	Malawi
BB	Barbados	GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
BE	Belgium	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BF	Burkina Faso	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BG	Bulgaria	IE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
BJ	Benin	IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BR	Brazil	JP	Japan	PT	
BY	Belarus	KE	Kenya	RO	Portugal Romania
CA	Canada	KG	Kyrgystan	RU	Russian Federation
CF	Central African Republic	KP	Democratic People's Republic	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo		of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KR	Republic of Korea	SI	Slovenia
Cl	Côte d'Ivoire	KZ	Kazakhstan	SK	Slovakia
CM	Cameroon	LI	Liechtenstein	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LK	Sri Lanka	TD	Chad
CS	Czechoslovakia	LU	Luxembourg	TG	Togo
CZ	Czech Republic	LV	Latvia	TJ	Tajikistan
DE	Germany	MC	Monaco	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
DK	Denmark	MD	Republic of Moldova	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	MG	Madagascar	US	United States of America
FI	Finland	ML	Mali	UZ	Uzbekistan
FR	France	MN	Mongolia	VN	Viet Nam
GA	Gabon			*14	A ICT MAIN

DISK CARTRIDGE WITH FUZZED LINER

BACKGROUND

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to disk cartridges

5 for storing electronic information, and more particularly, to
a disk cartridge having a fuzzed fabric liner and to a method
of making the same.

Description of the Prior Art

Removable disk cartridges for storing digital 10 electronic information typically comprise an outer casing or shell that houses a magnetic, magneto-optical or optical disk upon which electronic information can be stored. cartridge shell often comprises upper and lower halves that are joined together to house the disk. The disk is mounted 15 on a hub that rotates freely within the cartridge. When the cartridge is inserted into a disk drive, a spindle motor in the drive engages with the disk hub in order to rotate the disk within the cartridge at a given speed. The outer shell of the cartridge typically has an aperture near one edge to 20 provide the recording heads of the drive with access to the disk. A shutter or door mechanism is often provided to cover the aperture when the cartridge is not in use to prevent dust or other contaminants from entering the cartridge and settling on the recording surface of the disk.

Although the cartridge shell and shutter mechanism provide some protection against contaminants entering the cartridge, some contaminants will inevitably reach the recording surface of the disk. For example, dust, smoke and

- 2 -

other debris may enter the cartridge through the disk hub or through the cartridge shutter when the disk is inserted in a disk drive. Additionally, magnetic particles may be generated during manufacturing of the disk cartridge as well as during read/write operations in the disk drive. These contaminants can interfere with a read/write head causing errors and a potential loss of information.

To reduce the risk of read/write errors resulting from particles on the disk surface, cartridges often include one or more fabric liners within the cartridge placed in contact with the disk surface. These liners typically are formed of a mixture of non-woven fibers bonded together either thermally, with an adhesive binder, or through a hydroentangling process such as that described in U.S. Patent No. 5,311,389. A fabric liner from Veratec Data Resources Group, called the "DataProtech Liner", is formed of a mixture of rayon (80%) and nylon (20%) fibers.

As illustrated in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,750,075, 5,006,948, 5,083,231 and 5,216,566, the fabric liners are 20 typically affixed to the upper and lower halves of the cartridge shell between so that they lie in a plane above the respective surfaces of the disk. In each of these examples, lifters and opposing ribs are provided on the inner surfaces of the upper and lower shells to bring the fabric liners into 25 contact with at least a portion of the disk surface. Essentially, the lifters and ribs cooperate to force the liners against the disk surface. While the use of lifters and/or ribs ensures that the fabric liner contacts the disk surface and wipes unwanted particles from the disk, the force 30 with which the liners are pressed against the disk creates a significant amount of drag on the disk as it rotates within the cartridge. Increased drag requires a corresponding increase in the strength of the disk drive spindle motor. Additionally, the increased contact pressure between the 35 liners and the disk increases wear on the disk surface.

Accordingly, there is a need for a removable disk cartridge having a liner that provides adequate wiping of the

disk to remove unwanted particles, but that creates much less drag on the disk and does not require lifters and/or ribs in the cartridge shell. The liner should also be low cost and easy to manufacture. The present invention satisfies these needs.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to a disk cartridge having a fuzzed liner and a method of making the The disk cartridge comprises a rotatable disk having 10 upper and lower surfaces and an outer casing for rotatably housing the disk. The casing comprises upper and lower shells that mate to form the casing. Each of the upper and lower shells has an inner surface disposed in facing relation to a respective surface of the disk. The cartridge has a 15 head access opening on its front peripheral edge, and the upper and lower shells have grooves formed therein to provide sufficient space for the magnetic heads of a disk drive to move across the surface of the disk. A non-woven fabric liner comprising a plurality of bonded fibers is attached to 20 the inner surface of one of the upper and lower shells. A main body of the fabric liner lies against the inner surface of the shell and is spaced a predetermined distance from the corresponding surface of the disk. A region of the fabric liner is subjected to a fuzzing process in which the bonded 25 fibers in that region are loosened to form a region of upstanding fibers that extend from the main body of the liner to the surface of the disk. The upstanding fibers wipe the surface of the disk while the main body of the liner remains spaced from the disk thereby reducing drag. In a preferred 30 embodiment, a second non-woven fabric liner is attached to the inner surface of the other of shells.

Preferably, the spacing between the main body of the fabric liner and the recording surface of the disk is in the range of 0.2 to 0.8 mm, and the fabric liner comprises a 35 mixture of rayon and nylon fibers. The fabric liner preferably is attached to the inner surface of the shell by

- 4 -

an adhesive. Additionally, the inner surfaces of the upper and lower shells preferably are substantially planar.

A method of assembling a disk cartridge in accordance with the present invention comprises the steps of: 5 (a) providing an upper shell and a lower shell adapted to mate to form an outer casing of the disk cartridge; (b) affixing a non-woven fabric liner to an inner surface of one of the upper and lower shells, wherein the non-woven fabric liner comprises a plurality of fibers bonded together and 10 defining a main body of the liner; and (c) fuzzing a region of the fabric liner by loosening the fibers in that region to create a region of upstanding fibers on the main body of the liner; and (d) rotatably mounting a disk between the upper and lower shells and joining said upper and lower shells to 15 form said outer casing, wherein the main body of the liner is disposed in facing relation to a surface of the disk and is spaced a predetermined distance from the surface of the disk. The upstanding fibers in the fuzzed region of the liner, however, extend from the main body of the liner to the 20 surface of the disk so as to contact the surface of the disk as the disk rotates within the casing. The fuzzed region wipes the disk of unwanted contaminant while providing very little drag on the disk as it rotates within the cartridge.

Preferably, the step of fuzzing a region of the

25 liner comprises (a) placing the fabric liner in contact with
the bristles of a brush; and (b) moving the bristles over the
surface of the fabric liner in the designated region for a
predetermined period of time. The bristles of the brush act
to loosen the fibers in that region to create a region of

30 upstanding fibers that extend outward from the main body of
the fabric liner.

Additional features and advantages of the present invention will become evident hereinafter

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing summary, as well as the following detailed description of the preferred embodiment, is better understood when read in conjunction with the appended drawings. For the purpose of illustrating the invention, there is shown in the drawings an embodiment that is presently preferred, it being understood, however, that the invention is not limited to the specific methods and instrumentalities disclosed. In the drawings:

Figure 1 is top view of a disk cartridge according a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a sectional view of the cartridge of Figure 1 taken along line 2-2 of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of a fabric liner

15 affixed to the inner surface of the lower shell of the
cartridge of Figure 1 and illustrates a fuzzed region of the
liner in accordance with the present invention;

Figure 4 is a perspective view of a fabric liner affixed to the inner surface of the upper shell of the cartridge of Figure 1 and illustrates a fuzzed region of the liner in accordance with the present invention;

Figure 5 is a top view of an apparatus for producing a fuzzed region of a fabric liner in accordance with the present invention; and

Figure 6 is a sectional view of the apparatus of Figure 5 taken along line 6-6 of Figure 5.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to the drawings wherein like numerals indicate like elements throughout, there is shown in Figure 1 a disk cartridge 10 comprising an outer casing 12 and a disk 14 having a hub 16 rotatably mounted in the casing 12. The casing 12 comprises upper and lower shells (Figs. 3 & 4) that mate to form the casing. A shutter 18 is provided on the cartridge to cover an aperture (not shown) in the front edge 20 of the casing. When the cartridge is inserted into a disk drive (not shown), the shutter moves to the side exposing the

- 6 -

aperture and thereby providing the read/write heads of the drive with access to the recording surface of the disk 14. In the present embodiment, the disk 14 comprises a flexible or floppy magnetic disk, however, in other embodiments, the disk may comprise a rigid magnetic disk, a magneto-optical disk or an optical storage medium. In the present embodiment, the magnetic disk 14 is formed of a thin (e.g. 0.0025 inches), flexible, circular base of polymeric film. Each side of the flexible disk is coated with a layer of magnetic recording material to form upper and lower recording surfaces.

Referring to Figure 2, in greater detail, the upper shell 22 of the outer casing 12 has an inner surface 22a disposed in facing relation to the upper side 14a of the rotatable disk 14. Similarly, the lower shell 24 has an inner surface 24a disposed in facing relation to the lower surface 14b of the disk 14. As further shown, a circular cutout 21 is formed in the lower shell 24 to provide access to the disk hub 16. Preferably, the inner surfaces 22a, 24a of the upper and lower shells 22, 24 are substantially planar.

A first non-woven fabric liner 26 is attached to the inner surface 22a of the upper shell 22. Preferably, the liner 26 is formed of a mixture of non-woven fibers bonded together in any well known manner, such as thermally, with an adhesive binder, or through a hydroentangling process. As used herein and in the claims, the term "bonded" is intended to cover all such possibilities. In the present embodiment, the liner 26 is formed of a mixture of rayon (80%) and nylon (20%) fibers. One fabric liner suitable for use in accordance with the present invention, called the "DataProtech Liner", is available from Veratec Data Resources Group, 100 Elm Street, Walpole, MA 02081-1898. The "DataProtech Liner" has a standard weight of 30.0 GSY, a nominal thickness of 7.8 mils, and a standard dry "MD" tensile strength of 5.0 lb/in.

According to the present invention, when the fabric liner 26 is affixed to the inner surface 22a of the upper shell 22, the main body 26a of the liner is spaced from the disk, in facing relation thereto, a predetermined distance, D. The main body 26a of the liner does not contact the upper surface 14a of the disk 14. Preferably, the predetermined distance, D, is in the range of 0.2 to 0.8 mm. In the present embodiment, the predetermined distance, D, is approximately 0.5 mm.

Further in accordance with the present invention, a 10 region of the fabric liner is subjected to a fuzzing process (described hereinafter) in which some of the bonded fibers in that region are loosened to form a region of upstanding fibers 26b that extend from the main body 26a of the liner to 15 the surface 14a of the disk 14, as shown in Figure 2. upstanding fibers 26b contact the surface 14a of the disk and wipe any undesirable contaminants from the disk surface 14a as the disk 14 rotates in the casing 12. The main body 26a of the liner 26, however, remains spaced from the surface of 20 the disk. With only the upstanding fibers 26b contacting the surface of the disk, drag on the disk is extremely low. Additionally, the upstanding fibers 26 wipe the disk without the need for conventional lifters and/or ribs to press the liner against the disk surface. Accordingly, the cartridge 25 10 of the present invention requires less components and is easier to manufacture. As can be appreciated, the upstanding fibers resulting from the fuzzing process must extend from the main body of the liner at least a distance equal to the predetermined spacing, D.

As further shown in Figure 2, a second fabric liner 28, which may be identical to the first liner 26, is attached to the inner surface 24a of the lower shell 24. Like the first liner 26, the second liner 28 has a region of upstanding fibers 28b which extend from the main body 28a of the liner 28 to the lower surface 14b of the disk 14. The upstanding fibers 28b of the second liner 28 function identically to those of the first liner. The enlarged cross-

- 8 -

sectional view of a portion of the second liner 28 provides further detail illustrating the bonded fibers of the main body 28a of the liner, as well as the upstanding fibers 28b resulting from the fuzzing of the liner in accordance with the present invention. It has been found that use of the opposing fuzzed liners in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the present invention has a tendency to stabilize the disk 14 during high speed rotation (e.g., 3600 rpm). Stabilization of the rotating media is desirable.

10 Additionally, because the upstanding fibers are not densely packed together, they can also serve to filter the air within the cartridge.

In the present embodiment, the first and second liners 26, 28 are attached to the respective planar surfaces 15 22a, 24a of the upper and lower shells 22, 24 using an Specifically, in the preferred embodiment, an adhesive 29. adhesive that cures under exposure to ultra-violet light is printed on the inner surfaces 22a, 24a of the upper and lower shells 22, 24 using conventional pad printing technologies 20 with a flat transfer pad. The liners 26, 28 are then placed on the respective shell surfaces 22a, 24a. A flat circular plate capable of transmitting ultra-violet light is then placed over each liner to press each liner against its respective shell surface. An ultra-violet light source is 25 then used to expose the adhesive to ultra-violet light through the UV transmittable plate thereby curing the adhesive and affixing the liner to the shell surface. While this method of attachment is preferred, it is understood that other suitable methods may be employed.

Figures 3 and 4 show further details of the inner surfaces 22a, 24a of the upper and lower shells 22, 24, respectively. As shown in Figure 3, the inner surface 22a of the upper shell 22 is substantially planar, and the main body 26a of the first fabric liner 26 is affixed to the inner surface 22a of the upper shell 22 so that it lies substantially flat against the planar surface 22a. An opening 30a is provided in the front edge 20a of the upper

- 9 -

shell 22, and a groove 32a is formed in the upper shell 22 that extends from the opening 30 toward the center of the shell 22.

As shown in Figure 4, the inner surface 24a of the lower shell 24 is also substantially planar, and the main body 28a of the second fabric liner 28 is affixed to the inner surface 24a of the lower shell 24 so that it too lies substantially flat against the planar surface 24a. As further shown, the lower shell 24 includes an opening 30b and a groove 32b similar to that formed in the upper shell 22. A circular opening 21 in the lower shell 24 provides access to the hub 16 of the disk 14.

The opening 30a and groove 32a in the upper shell
22a cooperate with the opening 30b and groove 32b in the
15 lower shell to provide the magnetic heads (not shown) of a
disk drive with access to the recording surface(s) of the
disk 14. As Figures 3 and 4 illustrate, according to an
important feature of the cartridge 10 of the present
invention, there is no aperture or opening in either the
20 upper or lower shell surfaces. Rather, the grooves 32a, 32b
form a closed channel within the cartridge. The only
aperture through which the magnetic heads of a disk drive can
enter the cartridge is that formed on the front edge 20 of
the cartridge 10 by the respective openings 30a and 30b. By
25 providing an aperture only in the front edge 20 of the
cartridge, the risk of contaminants entering the cartridge
and reaching the recording surface of the disk 14 is reduced.

Figures 3 and 4 further illustrate the sizes and shapes of the fuzzed regions 26b, 28b (shaded portions) of the first and second liners 26, 28, respectively, in accordance with the preferred embodiment. As shown, in the preferred embodiment, the fuzzed regions 26b, 28b of each liner 26, 28 occupy approximately fifty percent (50%) of the liner surface area. Moreover, in the present embodiment, the fuzzed region occupies a continuous semi-circular area of the liner, however, it is understood that the fuzzed regions are not limited to the sizes or shapes illustrated in Figure 4.

- 10 -

For example, the fuzzed region of a liner can occupy one or more non-continuous areas of the disk in, for example, a spoked pattern. Additionally, the regions may occupy more or less than fifty percent (50%) of the liner surface area. A portion of each liner is cut-away to accommodate the respective grooves 32a, 32b.

Figures 5 and 6 show an apparatus for fuzzing a region of a non-woven fabric liner to produce a region of upstanding fibers extending outward from the main body or 10 surface of the liner. The apparatus of Figures 5 and 6 can be used, for example, to create the fuzzed regions on the liners 26, 28 illustrated in Figures 2-4. As shown in Figures 5 and 6, the apparatus comprises a circular holding plate 34 that is rotatably mounted about a central axis 36. 15 A plurality of flat brushes 38 are attached to the underside of the holding plate 34. Each brush is mounted such that its length extends along a radius of the holding plate 34. bristles of each brush extend downwardly and perpendicularly to the plane of the holding plate 34. Although any suitable 20 brush may be employed to implement each of the brushes 38 of the holding plate 34, in the present embodiment, each brush 38 comprises a "straight brush seal", part no. SFA104BL, available from Sealeze Corporation, 8013 Whitebark Terrace, Richmond, VA 23237.

A non-woven fabric liner (e.g., liner 26, 28) to be subjected to the fuzzing process of the present invention is placed under the bristles of the respective brushes 38 such that the liner lies in a plane substantially parallel to the plane defined by the ends of the bristles. Preferably, the liner is attached to the surface of a cartridge shell (e.g., shell 22, 24) prior to operation of the apparatus 40. This ensures that the liner remains stationary during the fuzzing process.

Once the liner is situated properly, the holding
35 plate is rotated back and forth through a predetermined arc.
As the holding plate 34 rotates, the ends of the bristles
scrape across the surface of the liner in the region. The

action of the bristles on the surface of the liner causes the normally bonded fibers of the main body of the liner to loosen or break-away from the main body such that they extend upward from the main body of the liner (see enlarged view in Figure 2). Thus, a region of upstanding fibers (i.e., a fuzzed region) is created on the liner. The size and shape of the fuzzed region of the liner is determined by the relative placement of the brushes 38 on the holding plate 34 and the length of the arc through which the holding plate 34 rotates during the fuzzing process. Many different sizes and shapes can be produced. It is desirable to lightly vacuum the liner in the fuzzed region to remove any fibers that may have been completely detached from the main body of the liner.

15 While the apparatus of Figures 5 and 6 illustrates a preferred method for producing a fuzzed region (i.e, a region of upstanding fibers) on a non-woven fabric disk liner, it is understood that the present invention is by no means limited thereto. Rather, the region of upstanding 20 fibers on the fabric liners of a disk cartridge can be created using any suitable technique without deviating from the spirit and scope of the present invention. For example, rather than the technique illustrated in Figures 5 and 6, a fuzzed region can be created on a fabric liner by subjecting that region to a vacuum strong enough to pull certain fibers away from the main body of the liner into a substantially upstanding position.

As the foregoing illustrates, the present invention is directed to a disk cartridge having a fuzzed fabric liner and to a method of making the same. It is understood that changes may be made to the embodiments described above without departing from the broad inventive concepts thereof. For example, the fuzzed liners of the present invention may be employed in a disk cartridge having multiple recording media disposed in a stacked arrangement. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to the particular embodiments disclosed, but is intended to cover all

- 12 -

modifications that are within the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

- 13 -

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. A disk cartridge comprising:
- 2 a rotatable disk having upper and lower surfaces;;
- an outer casing for rotatably housing said disk,
- 4 said casing comprising upper and lower shells that mate to
- 5 form said casing, each of said upper and lower shells having
- 6 an inner surface disposed in facing relation to a respective
- 7 surface of said disk; and
- a non-woven fabric liner comprising a plurality of
- 9 bonded fibers, said fabric liner being attached to the inner
- 10 surface of one of said upper and lower shells, a main body of
- 11 said fabric liner lying against the inner surface of said one
- 12 shell and being spaced a predetermined distance from the
- 13 respective surface of said disk, said fabric liner having a
- 14 fuzzed region of upstanding fibers that extend from the main
- 15 body of said liner to the surface of said disk, whereby the
- 16 upstanding fibers wipe the surface of said disk while the
- 17 main body of the liner remains spaced from said disk thereby
- 18 reducing drag on said disk.
 - 1 2. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 further
 - 2 comprising:
 - a second non-woven fabric liner comprising a
 - 4 plurality of bonded fibers, said second fabric liner being
 - 5 attached to the inner surface of the other of said upper and
 - 6 lower shells, a main body of said second fabric liner lying
 - 7 against the inner surface of said other shell and being
 - 8 spaced a predetermined distance from the respective surface
 - 9 of said disk, said second fabric liner having a fuzzed region
- 10 of upstanding fibers that extend from the main body of said
- 11 second fabric liner to the surface of said disk.
 - 1 3. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 wherein
 - 2 said predetermined distance is in the range of 0.2 to 0.8 mm.

- 14 -

- 1 4. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 wherein
- 2 said fabric liner comprises a mixture of rayon and nylon
- 3 fibers.
- 1 5. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 wherein
- 2 said fabric liner is attached to the inner surface of said
- 3 one shell by an adhesive.
- 1 6. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 wherein
- 2 the inner surfaces of said upper and lower shells are
- 3 substantially planar.
- 1 7. A disk cartridge comprising:
- a rotatable disk having upper and lower surfaces;;
- an outer casing for rotatably housing said disk,
- 4 said casing comprising upper and lower shells that mate to
- 5 form said casing, each of said upper and lower shells having
- 6 an inner surface disposed in facing relation to a respective
- 7 surface of said disk; and
- a non-woven fabric liner comprising a plurality of
- 9 bonded fibers, said fabric liner being attached to the inner
- 10 surface of one of said upper and lower shells, a main body of
- 11 said fabric liner lying against the inner surface of said one
- 12 shell and being spaced a predetermined distance from the
- 13 respective surface of said disk, at least a region of said
- 14 fabric liner having been subjected to a fuzzing process in
- 15 which the bonded fibers in that region are loosened to form a
- 16 region of upstanding fibers that extend from the main body of
- 17 said liner to the surface of said disk, whereby the
- 18 upstanding fibers wipe the surface of said disk while the
- 19 main body of the liner remains spaced from said disk thereby
- 20 reducing drag on said disk.
 - 1 8. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 7 further
- 2 comprising:
- a second non-woven fabric liner comprising a
- 4 plurality of bonded fibers, said second fabric liner being

- 15 -

- 5 attached to the inner surface of the other of said upper and
- 6 lower shells, a main body of said second fabric liner lying
- 7 against the inner surface of said other shell and being
- spaced a predetermined distance from the respective surface
- 9 of said disk, at least a region of said second fabric liner
- 10 having been subjected to a fuzzing process in which the
- 11 bonded fibers in that region are loosened to form a region of
- 12 upstanding fibers that extend from the main body of said
- 13 second fabric liner to the surface of said disk.
 - A disk cartridge as recited in claim 7 wherein 1
 - said predetermined distance is in the range of 0.2 to 0.8 mm. 2
 - A disk cartridge as recited in claim 7 wherein 1
 - said fabric liner comprises a mixture of rayon and nylon
- fibers. 3
- A disk cartridge as recited in claim 7 wherein 1
- said fabric liner is attached to the inner surface of said
- one shell by an adhesive.
- A disk cartridge as recited in claim 7 wherein 1
- 2 the inner surfaces of said upper and lower shells are
- substantially planar.
- A method of assembling a disk cartridge 13. 1
- 2 comprising:
- providing an upper shell and a lower shell 3
- adapted to mate to form an outer casing of said disk
- cartridge; 5
- affixing a non-woven fabric liner to an inner 6
- surface of one of said upper and lower shells, said non-woven 7
- fabric liner comprising a plurality of fibers bonded together
- and defining a main body of said liner;
- fuzzing a region of said fabric liner to 10
- loosen the fibers in that region to create a region of 11
- 12 upstanding fibers on the main body of said liner; and

- 16 -

(d) rotatably mounting a disk between the upper and lower shells and joining said upper and lower shells to form said outer casing, wherein the main body of said liner is disposed in facing relation to a surface of said disk and is spaced a predetermined distance from the surface of said disk, the upstanding fibers in the fuzzed region of said liner extending from the main body of said liner to the surface of said disk so as to contact the surface of said disk as said disk rotates within said casing.

- 1 14. A method of assembling a disk cartridge as
- 2 recited in claim 13 further comprising the steps of:
- 3 (b') affixing a second non-woven fabric liner to an
- 4 inner surface of the other of said upper and lower shells,
- 5 said second non-woven fabric liner comprising a plurality of
- 6 fibers bonded together and defining a main body of said
- 7 second liner;
- 8 (c') fuzzing a region of said second fabric liner
- 9 to loosen the fibers in that region to create a region of
- 10 upstanding fibers on the main body of said second liner.
 - 1 15. A method of assembling a disk cartridge as
 - 2 recited in claim 13 wherein said fuzzing step comprises:
 - 3 (a) placing said fabric liner in contact with the
 - 4 bristles of a brush; and
 - 5 (b) moving the bristles over the surface of said
 - 6 fabric liner in said region for a predetermined period of
- 7 time, the bristles of said brush loosening the fibers in said
- 8 region of said fabric liner and creating a region of
- 9 upstanding fibers that extend outward from the main body of
- 10 said fabric liner.
- 1 16. A method of assembling a disk cartridge as
- 2 recited in claim 13 wherein said step of affixing the fabric
- 3 liner to the inner surface of one of said shells comprises:

- 17 -

- 4 (a) providing an adhesive on the inner surface of 5 said one shell; and
- 6 (b) pressing said fabric liner onto the inner
- 7 surface of said shell in contact with said adhesive such that
- 8 the main body of said fabric liner lies substantially flat
- 9 against the inner surface of said shell.
- 1 17. A method of producing a fuzzed region of
- 2 upstanding fibers on a fabric disk liner comprising a
- 3 plurality of fibers bonded together, said method comprising
- 4 the steps of:
- 5 (a) placing said fabric liner in contact with the
- 6 bristles of a brush; and
- 7 (b) moving the bristles over the surface of said
- 8 fabric liner in said region for a predetermined period of
- 9 time, the bristles of said brush loosening the fibers in said
- 10 region of said fabric liner and causing the fibers to stand
- 11 up from a main body of said liner and to extend outward from
- 12 said main body.

AMENDED CLAIMS

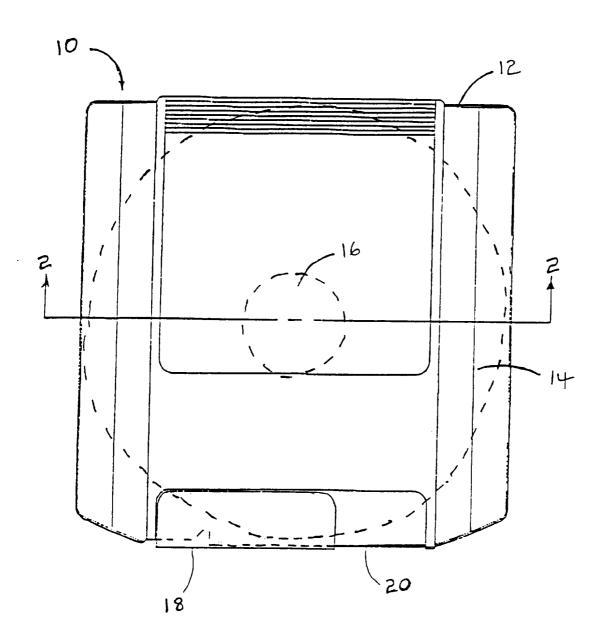
[received by the International Bureau on 19 February 1996 (19.02.96); original claims 1 and 7 amended; remaining claims unchanged (2 pages)]

- 1 1. A disk cartridge comprising:
- 2 a rotatable disk having upper and lower surfaces;
- an outer casing for rotatably housing said disk,
- 4 said casing comprising upper and lower shells that mate to
- 5 form said casing, each of said upper and lower shells having
- 6 an inner surface disposed in facing relation to a respective
- 7 surface of said disk; and
- 8 a non-woven fabric liner comprising a plurality of
- 9 bonded fibers, said fabric liner being attached to the inner
- 10 surface of one of said upper and lower shells, a main body of
- 11 said fabric liner lying against the inner surface of said one
- 12 shell and being spaced a predetermined distance from the
- 13 respective surface of said disk, said fabric liner having a
- 14 fuzzed region of upstanding fibers that extend from the main
- 15 body of said liner to the surface of said disk, whereby the
- 16 upstanding fibers wipe the surface of said disk while the
- 17 main body of the liner remains spaced from said disk thereby
- 18 reducing drag on said disk.
 - 2. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 a second non-woven fabric liner comprising a
- 4 plurality of bonded fibers, said second fabric liner being
- 5 attached to the inner surface of the other of said upper and
- 6 lower shells, a main body of said second fabric liner lying
- 7 against the inner surface of said other shell and being
- 8 spaced a predetermined distance from the respective surface
- 9 of said disk, said second fabric liner having a fuzzed region
- 10 of upstanding fibers that extend from the main body of said
- 11 second fabric liner to the surface of said disk.
 - 1 3. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 wherein
 - 2 said predetermined distance is in the range of 0.2 to 0.8 mm.

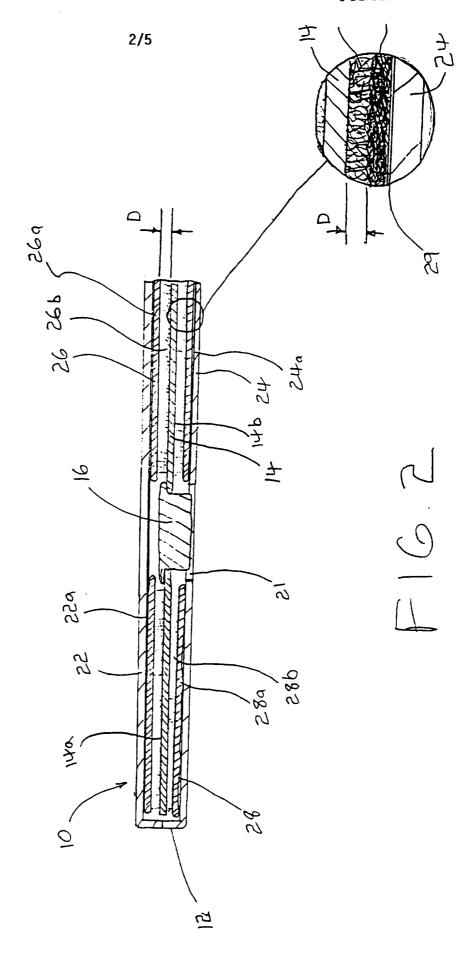
- 1 4. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 wherein
- 2 said fabric liner comprises a mixture of rayon and nylon
- 3 fibers.
- 1 5. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 wherein
- 2 said fabric liner is attached to the inner surface of said
- 3 one shell by an adhesive.
- 1 6. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 1 wherein
- 2 the inner surfaces of said upper and lower shells are
- 3 substantially planar.
- 1 7. A disk cartridge comprising:
- 2 a rotatable disk having upper and lower surfaces;
- an outer casing for rotatably housing said disk,
- 4 said casing comprising upper and lower shells that mate to
- 5 form said casing, each of said upper and lower shells having
- 6 an inner surface disposed in facing relation to a respective
- 7 surface of said disk; and
- 8 a non-woven fabric liner comprising a plurality of
- 9 bonded fibers, said fabric liner being attached to the inner
- 10 surface of one of said upper and lower shells, a main body of
- 11 said fabric liner lying against the inner surface of said one
- 12 shell and being spaced a predetermined distance from the
- 13 respective surface of said disk, at least a region of said
- 14 fabric liner having been subjected to a fuzzing process in
- 15 which the bonded fibers in that region are loosened to form a
- 16 region of upstanding fibers that extend from the main body of
- 17 said liner to the surface of said disk, whereby the
- 18 upstanding fibers wipe the surface of said disk while the
- 19 main body of the liner remains spaced from said disk thereby
- 20 reducing drag on said disk.
 - 1 8. A disk cartridge as recited in claim 7 further
 - 2 comprising:
 - a second non-woven fabric liner comprising a
 - 4 plurality of bonded fibers, said second fabric liner being

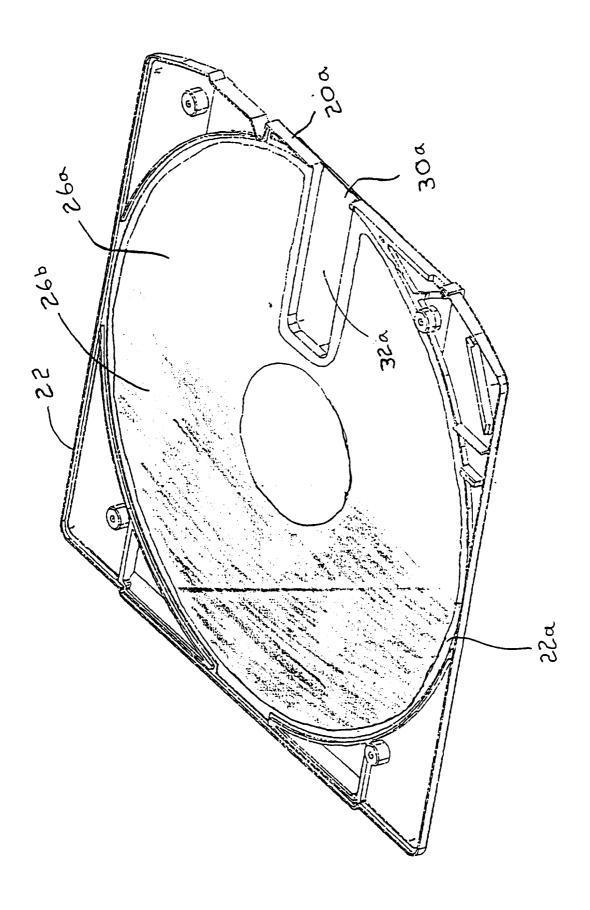
STATEMENT UNDER ARTICLE 19

As indicated in the accompanying Transmittal Letter, claims 1 and 7 have been amended. In particular, at claim 1, line 2, and at claim 7, line 2, the second semi-colon after the work "surfaces" has been deleted. These amendments correct obvious typographical errors in the claims as originally presented.

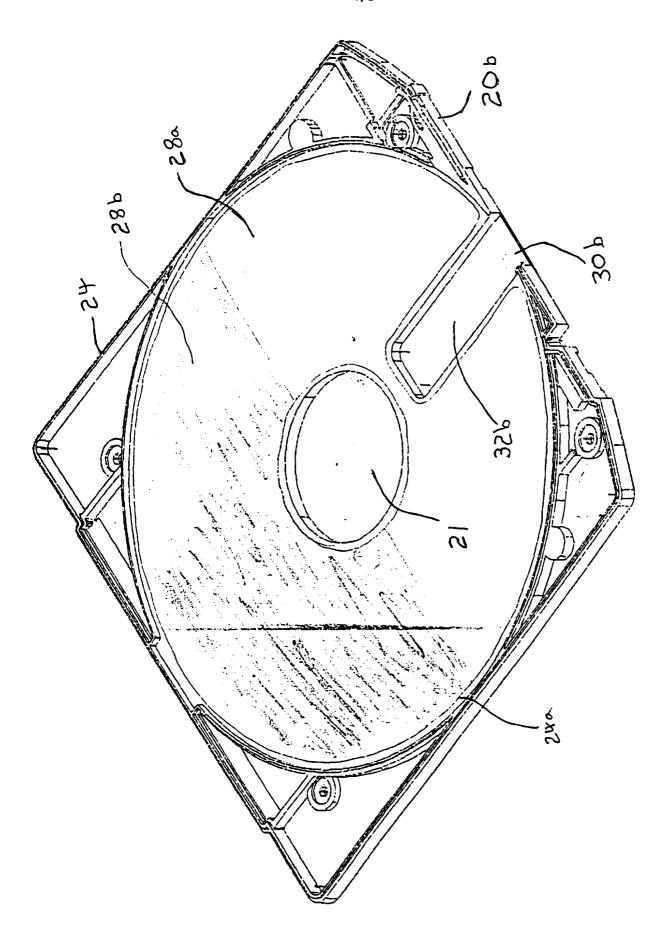


F16.1

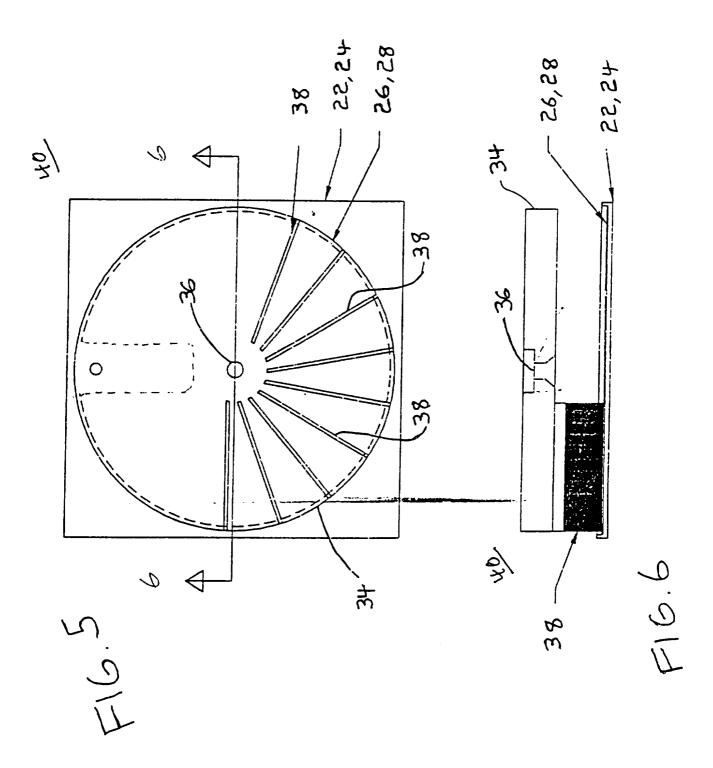




T16 3



上の上



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US95/13291

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER							
IPC(6) :G11B 23/03, 23/113							
US CL :369/291; 360/133; 206/312, 313; 15/265.5							
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC							
B. FIELDS SEARCHED							
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)							
U.S. : 369/291; 360/133; 206/312, 313; 15/265.5							
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched							
	ion scarcined other main managem occurrence						
NONE							
() by been procticable search terms used)							
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)							
APS (search terms-cartridge, cassette, diskette, jacket, disc, disk, liner, cloth, fabric, fibre, fiber, hair, strand)							
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where app	ropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.				
			1 12				
x	US, A, 5,282,106 (SAITO ET AI	L) 25 JANUARY 1994,	1-12				
`	(FIGS. 1-4, ABSTRACT, COL. 3, LI	NES 1-7).					
	US, A, 4,392,170 (OKADA) 05	JULY, 1983, ENTIRE	1-12				
Α		, ,					
	DOCUMENT.						
		DEOFMEED 1000	1-12				
A	US, A, 4,977,475 (SHIBA ET AL	.) 11 DECEMBER 1990,	1-12				
	ENTIRE DOCUMENT.						
1.	LIC A 5 122 919 (TAKEMAE F	T AL) 16 JUNE 1992,	1-12				
A	US, A, 5,122,919 (TAKEMAE ET AL) 16 JUNE 1992, 1-12						
	ENTIRE DOCUMENT.						
	ther documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	See patent family annex.					
<u> </u>		L	ternational filing date or priority				
	pecial categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the in date and not in conflict with the appli principle or theory underlying the in	CUTION DAY CHOOL TO MINICIPALISM RIC				
.V. q	ocument defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	•					
	arlier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; (considered novel or cannot be considered.	dered to involve an inventive step				
1	which is	when the document is taken alone					
1 6	ited to establish the publication date or another chancil or outer	"Y" document of particular relevance; considered to involve an invention	the claimed invention cannot be				
	pecial reason (as specified)		ich documents, such comonnation				
	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	being obvious to a person skilled in	the art				
•р•	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	*&* document member of the same pate					
Date of mailing of the international search							
23 JAN 1996							
02 JAN	UARY 1996	29 JUL 1000					
 		Authorized officer					
Name and	I mailing address of the ISA/US sioner of Patents and Trademarks	Re C _ mi realin					
Box PCT		WILLIAM J. KLIMOWICZ MCCOCCOLOGY					
	ton, D.C. 20231	Telephone No. (703) 305-3452					
Facsimile	No. (703) 305-3230	1					