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(54) Benævnelse: **GH61-polypeptidvarianter og polynukleotider, som koder for dem**

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DESCRIPTION

Background of the Invention

Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to GH61 polypeptide variants, polynucleotides encoding the variants, methods of producing the variants, methods of using the variants, transgenic plants, plant parts or plant cells, methods for obtaining GH61 polypeptide variants, processes for degrading or converting a cellulosic material using the GH61 polypeptide variants, process for producing a fermentation product, process of fermenting a cellulosic material, whole broth formulations or cell culture compositions, and detergent compositions.

Description of the Related Art

[0002] Cellulose is a polymer of the simple sugar glucose covalently linked by beta-1,4-bonds. Many microorganisms produce enzymes that hydrolyze beta-linked glucans. These enzymes include endoglucanases, cellobiohydrolases, and beta-glucosidases. Endoglucanases digest the cellulose polymer at random locations, opening it to attack by cellobiohydrolases. Cellobiohydrolases sequentially release molecules of cellobiose from the ends of the cellulose polymer. Cellobiose is a water-soluble beta-1,4-linked dimer of glucose. Beta-glucosidases hydrolyze cellobiose to glucose.

[0003] The conversion of lignocellulosic feedstocks into ethanol has the advantages of the ready availability of large amounts of feedstock, the desirability of avoiding burning or land filling the materials, and the cleanliness of the ethanol fuel. Wood, agricultural residues, herbaceous crops, and municipal solid wastes have been considered as feedstocks for ethanol production. These materials primarily consist of cellulose, hemicellulose, and lignin. Once the lignocellulose is converted to fermentable sugars, *e.g.*, glucose, the fermentable sugars can easily be fermented by yeast into ethanol.

[0004] WO 2005/074647, WO 2008/148131, and WO 2011/035027 disclose isolated GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Thielavia terrestris.* WO 2005/074656 and WO 2010/065830 disclose isolated GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Thermoascus aurantiacus.* WO 2007/089290 and WO 2012/149344 disclose isolated GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Trichoderma reesei.* WO 2009/085935, WO 2009/085859, WO 2009/085864, and WO 2009/085868 disclose isolated GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Myceliophthora thermophila.* WO 2010/138754 discloses an isolated GH61 polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotide thereof from *Aspergillus fumigatus.* WO 2011/005867 discloses an isolated GH61 polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotide thereof from *Penicillium pinophilum.* WO 2011/039319 discloses an isolated GH61 polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotide thereof from *Thermoascus* sp. WO 2011/041397 discloses an isolated GH61 polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotide thereof from *Penicillium* sp. (*emersonii*). WO 2011/041504 discloses isolated GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Thermoascus crustaceus.* WO 2012/030799 discloses GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Aspergillus aculeatus.* WO 2012/113340 discloses GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Thermomyces lanuginosus.* WO 2012/146171 discloses GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Humicola insolens.* WO 2008/151043 discloses methods of increasing the activity of a GH61 polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity by adding a soluble activating divalent metal cation to a composition

comprising the polypeptide.

[0005] WO 2012/044835 and WO 2012/044836 disclose GH61 polypeptide variants having cellulolytic enhancing activity with improved thermal activity and thermostability. WO 2013/044859 disclosed GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity derived from *Penicillium emersonii* and the use thereof. WO2013/119302 concerns GH61 polypeptide variants having cellulolytic enhancing activity, which comprises a substitution at one or more positions corresponding to positions 105, 154, 188, 189, 216, and 229 of the mature *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide.

Summary of the Invention

[0006] The present invention relates to GH61 polypeptide variants, comprising one or more substitutions or corresponding substitutions selected from the group consisting of D109P, N192W,M and N193K,H of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36, wherein the variant has cellulolytic enhancing activity, wherein the variant has at least 95%, but less than 100% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of the parent GH61 polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36 and wherein said polypeptide variant has at least 1.01-fold increased thermostability when compared to the parent.

[0007] The variants of the invention may have at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, but less than 100%, sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 36.

[0008] The variant of the invention may be a parent GH61 polypeptide comprising or consists of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36.

[0009] The variants of the invention may have a thermostability increased at least 1.01-fold, e.g., at least 1.05-fold, at least 1.1-fold, at least 1.2-fold, at least 1.3-fold, at least 1.4-fold, at least 1.5-fold, at least 1.8-fold, at least 2-fold, at least 5-fold, at least 10-fold, at least 15-fold, at least 20-fold, at least 25-fold, at least 50-fold, at least 75-fold, or at least 100-fold compared to the parent.

[0010] The invention also relates to an isolated polynucleotide encoding a variant of the invention.

[0011] The invention also relates to methods of producing a GH61 polypeptide variant of the invention, comprising: (a) cultivating a host cell comprising the polynucleotide of the invention under conditions suitable for expression of the variant; and optionally (b) recovering the variant.

[0012] The invention also relates to a transgenic plant, plant part or plant cell transformed with the polynucleotide of the invention.

[0013] The invention also relates to methods of producing a variant of the invention comprising: (a) cultivating a transgenic plant or a plant cell comprising a polynucleotide encoding the variant under conditions conducive for production of the variant; and optionally (b) recovering the variant.

[0014] The invention also relates to methods for obtaining a GH61 polypeptide variant, comprising introducing into a parent GH61 polypeptide one or more substitutions or corresponding substitutions selected from the group consisting of D109P, N192W,M and N193K,H of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36, wherein the variant has cellulolytic enhancing activity, wherein the variant has at least 95%, but less than 100% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of the parent GH61 polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36 and wherein said polypeptide variant has at least 1.01-fold increased thermostability when compared to the parent; and optionally recovering the variant.

[0015] The invention also relates to processes for degrading or converting a cellulosic material, comprising:

treating the cellulosic material with an enzyme composition in the presence of the GH61 polypeptide variant having cellulolytic enhancing activity of the invention.

[0016] The invention also relates to processes for producing a fermentation product, comprising: (a) saccharifying a cellulosic material with an enzyme composition in the presence of the GH61 polypeptide variant having cellulolytic enhancing activity of the invention; (b) fermenting the saccharified cellulosic material with one or more fermenting microorganisms to produce the fermentation product; and (c) recovering the fermentation product from the fermentation.

[0017] The invention also relates to processes of fermenting a cellulosic material, comprising: fermenting the cellulosic material with one or more fermenting microorganisms, wherein the cellulosic material is saccharified with an enzyme composition in the presence of the GH61 polypeptide variant having cellulolytic enhancing activity of the invention.

[0018] The invention also relates to whole broth formulations or cell culture compositions, comprising a variant of the invention.

[0019] Finally, the invention also relates to detergent compositions, comprising a surfactant and the variant of the invention.

Brief Description of the Figures

[0020]

Figure 1 shows the genomic DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 29) and the deduced amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 30) of an *Aspergillus fumigatus* gene encoding a GH61B polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity.

Figure 2 shows a restriction map of plasmid pMMar44.

Figure 3 shows a restriction map of plasmid pMMar49.

Figure 4 shows a restriction map of plasmid pMMar45.

Figure 5 shows a restriction map of plasmid pDFng113.

Figure 6 shows the effect of addition of *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants in the conversion of PCS by a high-temperature cellulase composition at 50°C, 55°C, and 60°C.

Figure 7 shows a restriction map of plasmid pDFng153-4.

Figure 8 shows a restriction map of plasmid pDFng154-17.

Figure 9 shows a restriction map of plasmid pDFng155-33.

Figure 10 shows a restriction map of plasmid pBGMH16.

Definitions

[0021] Acetylxylan esterase: The term "acetylxylan esterase" means a carboxylesterase (EC 3.1.1.72) that catalyzes the hydrolysis of acetyl groups from polymeric xylan, acetylated xylose, acetylated glucose, alpha-napthyl acetate, and *p*-nitrophenyl acetate. For purposes of the present invention, acetylxylan esterase activity is

determined using 0.5 mM *p*-nitrophenylacetate as substrate in 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0 containing 0.01% TWEEN™ 20 (polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate). One unit of acetylxylan esterase is defined as the amount of enzyme capable of releasing 1 µmole of *p*-nitrophenolate anion per minute at pH 5, 25°C.

[0022] Allelic variant: The term "allelic variant" means any of two or more alternative forms of a gene occupying the same chromosomal locus. Allelic variation arises naturally through mutation, and may result in polymorphism within populations. Gene mutations can be silent (no change in the encoded polypeptide) or may encode polypeptides having altered amino acid sequences. An allelic variant of a polypeptide is a polypeptide encoded by an allelic variant of a gene.

[0023] Alpha-L-arabinofuranosidase: The term "alpha-L-arabinofuranosidase" means an alpha-L-arabinofuranoside arabinofuranohydrolase (EC 3.2.1.55) that catalyzes the hydrolysis of terminal non-reducing alpha-L-arabinofuranoside residues in alpha-L-arabinosides. The enzyme acts on alpha-L-arabinofuranosides, alpha-L-arabinans containing (1,3)- and/or (1,5)-linkages, arabinoxylans, and arabinogalactans. Alpha-L-arabinofuranosidase is also known as arabinosidase, alpha-arabinosidase, alpha-L-arabinosidase, alpha-arabinofuranosidase, polysaccharide alpha-L-arabinofuranosidase, alpha-L-arabinofuranoside hydrolase, L-arabinosidase, or alpha-L-arabinanase. For purposes of the present invention, alpha-L-arabinofuranosidase activity is determined using 5 mg of medium viscosity wheat arabinoxylan (Megazyme International Ireland, Ltd., Bray, Co. Wicklow, Ireland) per ml of 100 mM sodium acetate pH 5 in a total volume of 200 µl for 30 minutes at 40°C followed by arabinose analysis by AMINEX® HPX-87H column chromatography (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Hercules, CA, USA).

[0024] Alpha-glucuronidase: The term "alpha-glucuronidase" means an alpha-D-glucosiduronate glucuronohydrolase (EC 3.2.1.139) that catalyzes the hydrolysis of an alpha-D-glucuronoside to D-glucuronate and an alcohol. For purposes of the present invention, alpha-glucuronidase activity is determined according to de Vries, 1998, J. Bacteriol. 180: 243-249. One unit of alpha-glucuronidase equals the amount of enzyme capable of releasing 1 µmole of glucuronic or 4-O-methylglucuronic acid per minute at pH 5, 40°C.

[0025] Beta-glucosidase: The term "beta-glucosidase" means a beta-D-glucoside glucohydrolase (E.C. 3.2.1.21) that catalyzes the hydrolysis of terminal non-reducing beta-D-glucose residues with the release of beta-D-glucose. For purposes of the present invention, beta-glucosidase activity is determined using *p*-nitrophenyl-beta-D-glucopyranoside as substrate according to the procedure of Venturi et al., 2002, Extracellular beta-D-glucosidase from Chaetomium thermophilum var. coprophilum: production, purification and some biochemical properties, J. Basic Microbiol. 42: 55-66. One unit of beta-glucosidase is defined as 1.0 µmole of *p*-nitrophenolate anion produced per minute at 25°C, pH 4.8 from 1 mM *p*-nitrophenyl-beta-D-glucopyranoside as substrate in 50 mM sodium citrate containing 0.01% TWEEN® 20.

[0026] Beta-xylosidase: The term "beta-xylosidase" means a beta-D-xyloside xylohydrolase (E.C. 3.2.1.37) that catalyzes the exo-hydrolysis of short beta (1→4)-xylooligosaccharides to remove successive D-xylose residues from non-reducing termini. For purposes of the present invention, one unit of beta-xylosidase is defined as 1.0 µmole of *p*-nitrophenolate anion produced per minute at 40°C, pH 5 from 1 mM *p*-nitrophenyl-beta-D-xyloside as substrate in 100 mM sodium citrate containing 0.01% TWEEN® 20.

[0027] cDNA: The term "cDNA" means a DNA molecule that can be prepared by reverse transcription from a mature, spliced, mRNA molecule obtained from a eukaryotic or prokaryotic cell. cDNA lacks intron sequences that may be present in the corresponding genomic DNA. The initial, primary RNA transcript is a precursor to mRNA that is processed through a series of steps, including splicing, before appearing as mature spliced mRNA.

[0028] Cellobiohydrolase: The term "cellobiohydrolase" means a 1,4-beta-D-glucan cellobiohydrolase (E.C. 3.2.1.91 and E.C. 3.2.1.176) that catalyzes the hydrolysis of 1,4-beta-D-glucosidic linkages in cellulose, cellooligosaccharides, or any beta-1,4-linked glucose containing polymer, releasing cellobiose from the reducing end (cellobiohydrolase I) or non-reducing end (cellobiohydrolase II) of the chain (Teeri, 1997, Crystalline

cellulose degradation: New insight into the function of cellobiohydrolases, Trends in Biotechnology 15: 160-167; Teeri et al., 1998, Trichoderma reesei cellobiohydrolases: why so efficient on crystalline cellulose?, Biochem. Soc. Trans. 26: 173-178). Cellobiohydrolase activity is determined according to the procedures described by Lever et al., 1972, Anal. Biochem. 47: 273-279; van Tilbeurgh et al., 1982, FEBS Letters, 149: 152-156; van Tilbeurgh and Claeyssens, 1985, FEBS Letters, 187: 283-288; and Tomme et al., 1988, Eur. J. Biochem. 170: 575-581.

[0029] Cellulolytic enzyme or cellulase: The term "cellulolytic enzyme" or "cellulase" means one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes that hydrolyze a cellulosic material. Such enzymes include endoglucanase(s), cellobiohydrolase(s), beta-glucosidase(s), or combinations thereof. The two basic approaches for measuring cellulolytic activity include: (1) measuring the total cellulolytic activity, and (2) measuring the individual cellulolytic activities (endoglucanases, cellobiohydrolases, and beta-glucosidases) as reviewed in Zhang et al., Outlook for cellulase improvement: Screening and selection strategies, 2006, Biotechnology Advances 24: 452-481. Total cellulolytic activity is usually measured using insoluble substrates, including Whatman Nº1 filter paper, microcrystalline cellulose, bacterial cellulose, algal cellulose, cotton, pretreated lignocellulose, *etc.* The most common total cellulolytic activity assay is the filter paper assay using Whatman Nº1 filter paper as the substrate. The assay was established by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) (Ghose, 1987, Measurement of cellulase activities, Pure Appl. Chem. 59: 257-68).

[0030] For purposes of the present invention, cellulolytic enzyme activity is determined by measuring the increase in hydrolysis of a cellulosic material by cellulolytic enzyme(s) under the following conditions: 1-50 mg of cellulolytic enzyme protein/g of cellulose in PCS (or other pretreated cellulosic material) for 3-7 days at a suitable temperature such as 40°C-80°C, *e.g.*, 50°C, 55°C, 60°C, 65°C, or 70°C, and a suitable pH such as 4-9, e.g., 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, or 7.0, compared to a control hydrolysis without addition of cellulolytic enzyme protein. Typical conditions are 1 ml reactions, washed or unwashed pretreated corn stover (PCS), 5% insoluble solids, 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5, 1 mM $MnSO_4$, 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C, 72 hours, sugar analysis by AMINEX® HPX-87H column (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Hercules, CA, USA). 40°C-80°C, *e.g.*, 50°C, 55°C, 60°C, 65°C, or 70°C

[0031] Cellulosic material: The term "cellulosic material" means any material containing cellulose. The predominant polysaccharide in the primary cell wall of biomass is cellulose, the second most abundant is hemicellulose, and the third is pectin. The secondary cell wall, produced after the cell has stopped growing, also contains polysaccharides and is strengthened by polymeric lignin covalently cross-linked to hemicellulose. Cellulose is a homopolymer of anhydrocellobiose and thus a linear beta-(1-4)-D-glucan, while hemicelluloses include a variety of compounds, such as xylans, xyloglucans, arabinoxylans, and mannans in complex branched structures with a spectrum of substituents. Although generally polymorphous, cellulose is found in plant tissue primarily as an insoluble crystalline matrix of parallel glucan chains. Hemicelluloses usually hydrogen bond to cellulose, as well as to other hemicelluloses, which help stabilize the cell wall matrix.

[0032] Cellulose is generally found, for example, in the stems, leaves, hulls, husks, and cobs of plants or leaves, branches, and wood of trees. The cellulosic material can be, but is not limited to, agricultural residue, herbaceous material (including energy crops), municipal solid waste, pulp and paper mill residue, waste paper, and wood (including forestry residue) (see, for example, Wiselogel et al., 1995, in Handbook on Bioethanol (Charles E. Wyman, editor), pp.105-118, Taylor & Francis, Washington D.C.; Wyman, 1994, Bioresource Technology 50: 3-16; Lynd, 1990, Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology 24/25: 695-719; Mosier et al., 1999, Recent Progress in Bioconversion of Lignocellulosics, in Advances in Biochemical Engineering/Biotechnology, T. Scheper, managing editor, Volume 65, pp.23-40, Springer-Verlag, New York). It is understood herein that the cellulose may be in the form of lignocellulose, a plant cell wall material containing lignin, cellulose, and hemicellulose in a mixed matrix. In a preferred aspect, the cellulosic material is any biomass material. In another preferred aspect, the cellulosic material is lignocellulose, which comprises cellulose, hemicelluloses, and lignin.

[0033] In one aspect, the cellulosic material is agricultural residue. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is herbaceous material (including energy crops). In another aspect, the cellulosic material is municipal solid waste.

In another aspect, the cellulosic material is pulp and paper mill residue. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is waste paper. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is wood (including forestry residue).

[0034] In another aspect, the cellulosic material is arundo. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is bagasse. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is bamboo. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is corn cob. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is corn fiber. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is corn stover. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is miscanthus. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is orange peel. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is rice straw. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is switchgrass. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is wheat straw.

[0035] In another aspect, the cellulosic material is aspen. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is eucalyptus. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is fir. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is pine. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is poplar. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is spruce. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is willow.

[0036] In another aspect, the cellulosic material is algal cellulose. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is bacterial cellulose. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is cotton linter. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is filter paper. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is microcrystalline cellulose. In another aspect, the cellulosic material is phosphoric-acid treated cellulose.

[0037] In another aspect, the cellulosic material is an aquatic biomass. As used herein the term "aquatic biomass" means biomass produced in an aquatic environment by a photosynthesis process. The aquatic biomass can be algae, emergent plants, floating-leaf plants, or submerged plants.

[0038] The cellulosic material may be used as is or may be subjected to pretreatment, using conventional methods known in the art, as described herein. In a preferred aspect, the cellulosic material is pretreated.

[0039] Coding sequence: The term "coding sequence" means a polynucleotide, which directly specifies the amino acid sequence of a variant. The boundaries of the coding sequence are generally determined by an open reading frame, which begins with a start codon such as ATG, GTG or TTG and ends with a stop codon such as TAA, TAG, or TGA. The coding sequence may be a genomic DNA, cDNA, synthetic DNA, or a combination thereof.

[0040] Control sequences: The term "control sequences" means nucleic acid sequences necessary for expression of a polynucleotide encoding a variant of the present invention. Each control sequence may be native (*i.e.*, from the same gene) or foreign (*i.e.*, from a different gene) to the polynucleotide encoding the variant or native or foreign to each other. Such control sequences include, but are not limited to, a leader, polyadenylation sequence, propeptide sequence, promoter, signal peptide sequence, and transcription terminator. At a minimum, the control sequences include a promoter, and transcriptional and translational stop signals. The control sequences may be provided with linkers for the purpose of introducing specific restriction sites facilitating ligation of the control sequences with the coding region of the polynucleotide encoding a variant.

[0041] Endoglucanase: The term "endoglucanase" means an endo-1,4-(1,3;1,4)-beta-D-glucan 4-glucanohydrolase (E.C. 3.2.1.4) that catalyzes endohydrolysis of 1,4-beta-D-glycosidic linkages in cellulose, cellulose derivatives (such as carboxymethyl cellulose and hydroxyethyl cellulose), lichenin, beta-1,4 bonds in mixed beta-1,3 glucans such as cereal beta-D-glucans or xyloglucans, and other plant material containing cellulosic components. Endoglucanase activity can be determined by measuring reduction in substrate viscosity or increase in reducing ends determined by a reducing sugar assay (Zhang et al., 2006, Biotechnology Advances 24: 452-481). For purposes of the present invention, endoglucanase activity is determined using carboxymethyl cellulose (CMC) as substrate according to the procedure of Ghose, 1987, Pure and Appl. Chem. 59: 257-268, at pH 5, 40°C.

[0042] Expression: The term "expression" includes any step involved in the production of a variant including, but not limited to, transcription, post-transcriptional modification, translation, post-translational modification, and secretion.

[0043] Expression vector: The term "expression vector" means a linear or circular DNA molecule that comprises a polynucleotide encoding a variant and is operably linked to control sequences that provide for its expression.

[0044] Family 61 glycoside hydrolase: The term "Family 61 glycoside hydrolase" or "Family GH61" or "GH61" means a polypeptide falling into the glycoside hydrolase Family 61 according to Henrissat B., 1991, A classification of glycosyl hydrolases based on amino-acid sequence similarities, Biochem. J. 280: 309-316, and Henrissat B., and Bairoch A., 1996, Updating the sequence-based classification of glycosyl hydrolases, Biochem. J. 316: 695-696. The enzymes in this family were originally classified as a glycoside hydrolase family based on measurement of very weak endo-1,4-beta-D-glucanase activity in one family member. The structure and mode of action of these enzymes are non-canonical and they cannot be considered as bona fide glycosidases. However, they are kept in the CAZy classification on the basis of their capacity to enhance the breakdown of lignocellulose when used in conjunction with a cellulase or a mixture of cellulases.

[0045] Feruloyl esterase: The term "feruloyl esterase" means a 4-hydroxy-3-methoxycinnamoyl-sugar hydrolase (EC 3.1.1.73) that catalyzes the hydrolysis of 4-hydroxy-3-methoxycinnamoyl (feruloyl) groups from esterified sugar, which is usually arabinose in natural biomass substrates, to produce ferulate (4-hydroxy-3-methoxycinnamate). Feruloyl esterase is also known as ferulic acid esterase, hydroxycinnamoyl esterase, FAE-III, cinnamoyl ester hydrolase, FAEA, cinnAE, FAE-I, or FAE-II. For purposes of the present invention, feruloyl esterase activity is determined using 0.5 mM p-nitrophenylferulate as substrate in 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0. One unit of feruloyl esterase equals the amount of enzyme capable of releasing 1 µmole of *p*-nitrophenolate anion per minute at pH 5, 25°C.

[0046] Fragment: The term "fragment" means a polypeptide having one or more (*e.g.*, several) amino acids absent from the amino and/or carboxyl terminus of the mature polypeptide thereof, wherein the fragment has cellulolytic enhancing activity. In one aspect, a fragment contains at least 85% of the amino acid residues, *e.g.*, at least 90% of the amino acid residues or at least 95% of the amino acid residues of the mature polypeptide of a GH61 polypeptide.

[0047] Hemicellulolytic enzyme or hemicellulase: The term "hemicellulolytic enzyme" or "hemicellulase" means one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes that hydrolyze a hemicellulosic material. See, for example, Shallom, D. and Shoham, Y. Microbial hemicellulases. Current Opinion In Microbiology, 2003, 6(3): 219-228). Hemicellulases are key components in the degradation of plant biomass. Examples of hemicellulases include, but are not limited to, an acetylmannan esterase, an acetylxylan esterase, an arabinanase, an arabinofuranosidase, a coumaric acid esterase, a feruloyl esterase, a galactosidase, a glucuronidase, a glucuronoyl esterase, a mannanase, a mannosidase, a xylanase, and a xylosidase. The substrates of these enzymes, the hemicelluloses, are a heterogeneous group of branched and linear polysaccharides that are bound via hydrogen bonds to the cellulose microfibrils in the plant cell wall, crosslinking them into a robust network. Hemicelluloses are also covalently attached to lignin, forming together with cellulose a highly complex structure. The variable structure and organization of hemicelluloses require the concerted action of many enzymes for its complete degradation. The catalytic modules of hemicellulases are either glycoside hydrolases (GHs) that hydrolyze glycosidic bonds, or carbohydrate esterases (CEs), which hydrolyze ester linkages of acetate or ferulic acid side groups. These catalytic modules, based on homology of their primary sequence, can be assigned into GH and CE families. Some families, with an overall similar fold, can be further grouped into clans, marked alphabetically (*e.g.*, GH-A). A most informative and updated classification of these and other carbohydrate active enzymes is available in the Carbohydrate-Active Enzymes (CAZy) database. Hemicellulolytic enzyme activities can be measured according to Ghose and Bisaria, 1987, Pure & Appl. Chem. 59: 1739-1752, at a suitable temperature, *e.g.*, 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C, and pH, *e.g.*, 5.0 or 5.5.

[0048] High stringency conditions: The term "high stringency conditions" means for probes of at least 100 nucleotides in length, prehybridization and hybridization at 42°C in 5X SSPE, 0.3% SDS, 200 micrograms/ml sheared and denatured salmon sperm DNA, and 50% formamide, following standard Southern blotting procedures for 12 to 24 hours. The carrier material is finally washed three times each for 15 minutes using 2X SSC, 0.2% SDS at 65°C.

[0049] Host cell: The term "host cell" means any cell type that is susceptible to transformation, transfection, transduction, or the like with a nucleic acid construct or expression vector comprising a polynucleotide of the present invention. The term "host cell" encompasses any progeny of a parent cell that is not identical to the parent cell due to mutations that occur during replication.

[0050] Improved property: The term "improved property" means a characteristic associated with a variant that is improved compared to the parent. Such an improved property includes, but is not limited to, increased thermostability.

[0051] Increased thermostability: The term "increased thermostability" means a higher retention of cellulolytic enhancing activity of a GH61 polypeptide variant after a period of incubation at a temperature relative to the parent. The increased thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be assessed, for example, under conditions of one or more (*e.g.*, several) temperatures. For example, the one or more (*e.g.*, several) temperatures can be any temperature or temperatures in the range of 45°C to 95°C, *e.g.*, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, or 95°C (or in between, *e.g.*, 62°C, 68°C, 72°C, etc.) at one or more (*e.g.*, several) pHs in the range of 3 to 9, *e.g.*, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, or 9.0 (or in between) for a suitable period (time) of incubation, *e.g.*, 1 minute, 5 minutes, 10 minutes, 15 minutes, 20 minutes, 25 minutes, 30 minutes, 45 minutes, or 60 minutes (or in between, *e.g.*, 23 minutes, 37 minutes, etc.), such that the variant retains residual activity. However, longer periods of incubation can also be used. The term "increased thermostability" can be used interchangeably with "improved thermostability".

[0052] The increased thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) using methods standard in the art (see, for example, Sturtevant, 1987, Annual Review of Physical Chemistry 38: 463-488; Examples 9 and 17). The increased thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can also be determined using protein thermal unfolding analysis (see, for example, Examples 10, 18, and 23 herein). The increased thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can also be determined using any enzyme assay known in the art for GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity to measure residual activity after a temperature treatment. See for example, WO 2005/074647, WO 2008/148131 WO 2005/074656, WO 2010/065830, WO 2007/089290, WO 2009/085935, WO 2009/085859, WO 2009/085864, WO 2009/085868, and WO 2008/151043. Alternatively, the increased thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined using any application assay for the variant where the performance of the variant is compared to the parent. For example, the application assays described in Examples 5, 12, and 13 can be used.

[0053] Isolated: The term "isolated" means a substance in a form or environment that does not occur in nature. Non-limiting examples of isolated substances include (1) any non-naturally occurring substance, (2) any substance including, but not limited to, any enzyme, variant, nucleic acid, protein, peptide or cofactor, that is at least partially removed from one or more or all of the naturally occurring constituents with which it is associated in nature; (3) any substance modified by the hand of man relative to that substance found in nature; or (4) any substance modified by increasing the amount of the substance relative to other components with which it is naturally associated (*e.g.*, recombinant production in a host cell; multiple copies of a gene encoding the substance; and use of a stronger promoter than the promoter naturally associated with the gene encoding the substance).

[0054] Low stringency conditions: The term "low stringency conditions" means for probes of at least 100 nucleotides in length, prehybridization and hybridization at 42°C in 5X SSPE, 0.3% SDS, 200 micrograms/ml

sheared and denatured salmon sperm DNA, and 25% formamide, following standard Southern blotting procedures for 12 to 24 hours. The carrier material is finally washed three times each for 15 minutes using 2X SSC, 0.2% SDS at 50°C.

[0055] Mature polypeptide: The term "mature polypeptide" means a polypeptide in its final form following translation and any post-translational modifications, such as N-terminal processing, C-terminal truncation, glycosylation, phosphorylation, etc. In another aspect, the mature polypeptide is amino acids 26 to 253 of SEQ ID NO: 36 based on the SignalP program that predicts amino acids 1 to 25 of SEQ ID NO: 36 are a signal peptide. It is known in the art that a host cell may produce a mixture of two of more different mature polypeptides (*i.e.*, with a different C-terminal and/or N-terminal amino acid) expressed by the same polynucleotide.

[0056] Mature polypeptide coding sequence: The term "mature polypeptide coding sequence" means a polynucleotide that encodes a mature polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In an aspect, the mature polypeptide coding sequence is nucleotides 76 to 832 of SEQ ID NO: 35 based on the SignalP program that predicts nucleotides 1 to 75 of SEQ ID NO: 35 encode a signal peptide. The term "mature polypeptide coding sequence" shall be understood to include the cDNA sequence of the genomic DNA sequence or the genomic DNA sequence of the cDNA sequence.

[0057] Medium stringency conditions: The term "medium stringency conditions" means for probes of at least 100 nucleotides in length, prehybridization and hybridization at 42°C in 5X SSPE, 0.3% SDS, 200 micrograms/ml sheared and denatured salmon sperm DNA, and 35% formamide, following standard Southern blotting procedures for 12 to 24 hours. The carrier material is finally washed three times each for 15 minutes using 2X SSC, 0.2% SDS at 55°C.

[0058] Medium-high stringency conditions: The term "medium-high stringency conditions" means for probes of at least 100 nucleotides in length, prehybridization and hybridization at 42°C in 5X SSPE, 0.3% SDS, 200 micrograms/ml sheared and denatured salmon sperm DNA, and 35% formamide, following standard Southern blotting procedures for 12 to 24 hours. The carrier material is finally washed three times each for 15 minutes using 2X SSC, 0.2% SDS at 60°C.

[0059] Mutant: The term "mutant" means a polynucleotide encoding a variant.

[0060] Nucleic acid construct: The term "nucleic acid construct" means a nucleic acid molecule, either single- or double-stranded, which is isolated from a naturally occurring gene or is modified to contain segments of nucleic acids in a manner that would not otherwise exist in nature or which is synthetic, which comprises one or more control sequences.

[0061] Operably linked: The term "operably linked" means a configuration in which a control sequence is placed at an appropriate position relative to the coding sequence of a polynucleotide such that the control sequence directs expression of the coding sequence.

[0062] Parent or parent GH61 polypeptide: The term "parent" or "parent GH61 polypeptide" means a GH61 polypeptide to which an alteration is made to produce the GH61 polypeptide variants of the present invention. The parent may be a naturally occurring (wild-type) polypeptide or a variant or fragment thereof.

[0063] Polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity: The term "polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity" means a GH61 polypeptide or variant thereof that catalyzes the enhancement of the hydrolysis of a cellulosic material by enzyme having cellulolytic activity. For purposes of the present invention, cellulolytic enhancing activity is determined by measuring the increase in reducing sugars or the increase of the total of cellobiose and glucose from the hydrolysis of a cellulosic material by cellulolytic enzyme under the following conditions: 1-50 mg of total protein/g of cellulose in pretreated corn stover (PCS), wherein total protein is comprised of 50-99.5% w/w cellulolytic enzyme protein and 0.5-50% w/w protein of a GH61 polypeptide or

variant thereof for 1-7 days at a suitable temperature such as 40°C-80°C, *e.g.*, 50°C, 55°C, 60°C, 65°C, or 70°C, and a suitable pH such as 4-9, *e.g.*, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, or 7.0, compared to a control hydrolysis with equal total protein loading without cellulolytic enhancing activity (1-50 mg of cellulolytic protein/g of cellulose in PCS). In a preferred aspect, a mixture of CELLUCLAST® 1.5L (Novozymes A/S, Bagsværd, Denmark) in the presence of 2-3% of total protein weight *Aspergillus oryzae* beta-glucosidase (recombinantly produced in *Aspergillus oryzae* according to WO 02/095014) or 2-3% of total protein weight *Aspergillus fumigatus* beta-glucosidase (recombinantly produced in *Aspergillus oryzae* as described in WO 2002/095014) of cellulase protein loading is used as the source of the cellulolytic activity.

[0064] Another assay for determining the cellulolytic enhancing activity of a GH61 polypeptide or variant thereof is to incubate the GH61 polypeptide or variant with 0.5% phosphoric acid swollen cellulose (PASC), 100 mM sodium acetate pH 5, 1 mM $MnSO_4$, 0.1% gallic acid, 0.025 mg/ml of *Aspergillus fumigatus* beta-glucosidase, and 0.01% TRITON® X100 for 24-96 hours at 40°C followed by determination of the glucose released from the PASC.

[0065] The GH61 polypeptides or variants thereof having cellulolytic enhancing activity enhance the hydrolysis of a cellulosic material catalyzed by enzyme having cellulolytic activity by reducing the amount of cellulolytic enzyme required to reach the same degree of hydrolysis preferably at least 1.01-fold, *e.g.*, at least 1.05-fold, at least 1.10-fold, at least 1.25-fold, at least 1.5-fold, at least 2-fold, at least 3-fold, at least 4-fold, at least 5-fold, at least 10-fold, or at least 20-fold.

[0066] Pretreated corn stover: The term "PCS" or "Pretreated Corn Stover" means a cellulosic material derived from corn stover by treatment with heat and dilute sulfuric acid, alkaline pretreatment, or neutral pretreatment.

[0067] Sequence identity: The relatedness between two amino acid sequences or between two nucleotide sequences is described by the parameter "sequence identity".

[0068] For purposes of the present invention, the sequence identity between two amino acid sequences is determined using the Needleman-Wunsch algorithm (Needleman and Wunsch, 1970, J. Mol. Biol. 48: 443-453) as implemented in the Needle program of the EMBOSS package (EMBOSS: The European Molecular Biology Open Software Suite, Rice et al., 2000, Trends Genet. 16: 276-277), preferably version 5.0.0 or later. The parameters used are gap open penalty of 10, gap extension penalty of 0.5, and the EBLOSUM62 (EMBOSS version of BLOSUM62) substitution matrix. The output of Needle labeled "longest identity" (obtained using the -nobrief option) is used as the percent identity and is calculated as follows:

(Identical Residues x 100)/(Length of Alignment – Total Number of Gaps in Alignment)

[0069] For purposes of the present invention, the sequence identity between two deoxyribonucleotide sequences is determined using the Needleman-Wunsch algorithm (Needleman and Wunsch, 1970, *supra)* as implemented in the Needle program of the EMBOSS package (EMBOSS: The European Molecular Biology Open Software Suite, Rice et al., 2000, supra*),* preferably version 5.0.0 or later. The parameters used are gap open penalty of 10, gap extension penalty of 0.5, and the EDNAFULL (EMBOSS version of NCBI NUC4.4) substitution matrix. The output of Needle labeled "longest identity" (obtained using the -nobrief option) is used as the percent identity and is calculated as follows:

(Identical Deoxyribonucleotides x 100)/(Length of Alignment – Total Number of Gaps in Alignment)

[0070] Subsequence: The term "subsequence" means a polynucleotide having one or more (e.g., several) nucleotides absent from the 5' and/or 3' end of a mature polypeptide coding sequence, wherein the subsequence encodes a fragment having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In one aspect, a subsequence contains at least 85% of the nucleotides, *e.g.*, at least 90% of the nucleotides or at least 95% of the nucleotides of the

mature polypeptide coding sequence of a GH61 polypeptide.

[0071] Variant: The term "variant" means a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity comprising an alteration, *i.e.*, a substitution, insertion, and/or deletion, at one or more (*e.g.*, several) positions. A substitution means replacement of the amino acid occupying a position with a different amino acid; a deletion means removal of the amino acid occupying a position; and an insertion means adding an amino acid adjacent to and immediately following the amino acid occupying a position. The variants of the present invention have at least 20%, *e.g.*, at least 40%, at least 50%, at least 60%, at least 70%, at least 80%, at least 90%, at least 95%, or at least 100% of the cellulolytic enhancing activity of their parent GH61 polypeptides.

[0072] Very high stringency conditions: The term "very high stringency conditions" means for probes of at least 100 nucleotides in length, prehybridization and hybridization at 42°C in 5X SSPE, 0.3% SDS, 200 micrograms/ml sheared and denatured salmon sperm DNA, and 50% formamide, following standard Southern blotting procedures for 12 to 24 hours. The carrier material is finally washed three times each for 15 minutes using 2X SSC, 0.2% SDS at 70°C.

[0073] Very low stringency conditions: The term "very low stringency conditions" means for probes of at least 100 nucleotides in length, prehybridization and hybridization at 42°C in 5X SSPE, 0.3% SDS, 200 micrograms/ml sheared and denatured salmon sperm DNA, and 25% formamide, following standard Southern blotting procedures for 12 to 24 hours. The carrier material is finally washed three times each for 15 minutes using 2X SSC, 0.2% SDS at 45°C.

[0074] Wild-type GH61 polypeptide: The term "wild-type" GH61 polypeptide means a GH61 polypeptide expressed by a naturally occurring microorganism, such as a bacterium, yeast, or filamentous fungus found in nature.

[0075] Xylan-containing material: The term "xylan-containing material" means any material comprising a plant cell wall polysaccharide containing a backbone of beta-(1-4)-linked xylose residues. Xylans of terrestrial plants are heteropolymers possessing a beta-(1-4)-D-xylopyranose backbone, which is branched by short carbohydrate chains. They comprise D-glucuronic acid or its 4-*O*-methyl ether, L-arabinose, and/or various oligosaccharides, composed of D-xylose, L-arabinose, D- or L-galactose, and D-glucose. Xylan-type polysaccharides can be divided into homoxylans and heteroxylans, which include glucuronoxylans, (arabino)glucuronoxylans, (glucurono)arabinoxylans, arabinoxylans, and complex heteroxylans. See, for example, Ebringerova et al., 2005, Adv. Polym. Sci. 186: 1-67.

[0076] In the processes of the present invention, any material containing xylan may be used. In a preferred aspect, the xylan-containing material is lignocellulose.

[0077] Xylan degrading activity or xylanolytic activity: The term "xylan degrading activity" or "xylanolytic activity" means a biological activity that hydrolyzes xylan-containing material. The two basic approaches for measuring xylanolytic activity include: (1) measuring the total xylanolytic activity, and (2) measuring the individual xylanolytic activities (*e.g.*, endoxylanases, beta-xylosidases, arabinofuranosidases, alpha-glucuronidases, acetylxylan esterases, feruloyl esterases, and alpha-glucuronyl esterases). Recent progress in assays of xylanolytic enzymes was summarized in several publications including Biely and Puchard, 2006, Recent progress in the assays of xylanolytic enzymes, Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture 86(11): 1636-1647; Spanikova and Biely, 2006, Glucuronoyl esterase - Novel carbohydrate esterase produced by Schizophyllum commune, FEBS Letters 580(19): 4597-4601; Herrmann, Vrsanska, Jurickova, Hirsch, Biely, and Kubicek, 1997, The beta-D-xylosidase of Trichoderma reesei is a multifunctional beta-D-xylan xylohydrolase, Biochemical Journal 321: 375-381.

[0078] Total xylan degrading activity can be measured by determining the reducing sugars formed from various types of xylan, including, for example, oat spelt, beechwood, and larchwood xylans, or by photometric

determination of dyed xylan fragments released from various covalently dyed xylans. The most common total xylanolytic activity assay is based on production of reducing sugars from polymeric 4-O-methyl glucuronoxylan as described in Bailey, Biely, Poutanen, 1992, Interlaboratory testing of methods for assay of xylanase activity, Journal of Biotechnology 23(3): 257-270. Xylanase activity can also be determined with 0.2% AZCL-arabinoxylan as substrate in 0.01% TRITON® X-100 (4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl-polyethylene glycol) and 200 mM sodium phosphate buffer pH 6 at 37°C. One unit of xylanase activity is defined as 1.0 µmole of azurine produced per minute at 37°C, pH 6 from 0.2% AZCL-arabinoxylan as substrate in 200 mM sodium phosphate pH 6 buffer.

[0079] For purposes of the present invention, xylan degrading activity is determined by measuring the increase in hydrolysis of birchwood xylan (Sigma Chemical Co., Inc., St. Louis, MO, USA) by xylan-degrading enzyme(s) under the following typical conditions: 1 ml reactions, 5 mg/ml substrate (total solids), 5 mg of xylanolytic protein/g of substrate, 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5, 50°C, 24 hours, sugar analysis using p-hydroxybenzoic acid hydrazide (PHBAH) assay as described by Lever, 1972, A new reaction for colorimetric determination of carbohydrates, Anal. Biochem 47: 273-279.

[0080] Xylanase: The term "xylanase" means a 1,4-beta-D-xylan-xylohydrolase (E.C. 3.2.1.8) that catalyzes the endohydrolysis of 1,4-beta-D-xylosidic linkages in xylans. For purposes of the present invention, xylanase activity is determined with 0.2% AZCL-arabinoxylan as substrate in 0.01% TRITON® X-100 and 200 mM sodium phosphate buffer pH 6 at 37°C. One unit of xylanase activity is defined as 1.0 µmole of azurine produced per minute at 37°C, pH 6 from 0.2% AZCL-arabinoxylan as substrate in 200 mM sodium phosphate pH 6 buffer.

Conventions for Designation of Variants

[0081] For purposes of the present invention, the mature polypeptide disclosed in SEQ ID NO: 30 is used to determine the corresponding amino acid residue in another GH61 polypeptide. The amino acid sequence of another GH61 polypeptide is aligned with the mature polypeptide disclosed in SEQ ID NO: 30, and based on the alignment, the amino acid position number corresponding to any amino acid residue in the mature polypeptide disclosed in SEQ ID NO: 30 is determined using the Needleman-Wunsch algorithm (Needleman and Wunsch, 1970, J. Mol. Biol. 48: 443-453) as implemented in the Needle program of the EMBOSS package (EMBOSS: The European Molecular Biology Open Software Suite, Rice et al., 2000, Trends Genet. 16: 276-277), preferably version 5.0.0 or later. The parameters used are gap open penalty of 10, gap extension penalty of 0.5, and the EBLOSUM62 (EMBOSS version of BLOSUM62) substitution matrix. Numbering of the amino acid positions is based on the full-length polypeptide (*e.g.*, including the signal peptide) of SEQ ID NO: 30 wherein position 1 is the first amino acid of the signal peptide (*e.g.*, Met).

[0082] Identification of the corresponding amino acid residue in another GH61 polypeptide can be determined by alignment of multiple polypeptide sequences using several computer programs including, but not limited to MUSCLE (multiple sequence comparison by log-expectation; version 3.5 or later; Edgar, 2004, Nucleic Acids Research 32: 1792-1797); MAFFT (version 6.857 or later; Katoh and Kuma, 2002, Nucleic Acids Research 30: 3059-3066; Katoh et al., 2005, Nucleic Acids Research 33: 511-518; Katoh and Toh, 2007, Bioinformatics 23: 372-374; Katoh et al., 2009, Methods in Molecular Biology 537: 39-64; Katoh and Toh, 2010, Bioinformatics 26: 1899-1900), and EMBOSS EMMA employing ClustalW (1.83 or later; Thompson et al., 1994, Nucleic Acids Research 22: 4673-4680), using their respective default parameters.

[0083] For example, the position corresponding to position 105 of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO: 30) is position 109 in the *Penicillium emersonii* GH61 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO: 36), position 105 in the *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO: 14), and position 103 in the *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO: 68); the position corresponding to position 188 of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61 polypeptide is position 192 in the *Penicillium emersonii* GH61 polypeptide, position 188 in the *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61 polypeptide, and position 186 in the *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide; the position corresponding to position 154 of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61 polypeptide is position 152 in the

Aspergillus aculeatus GH61 polypeptide; and the position corresponding to position 189 of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61 polypeptide is position 193 in the *Penicillium emersonii* GH61 polypeptide and position 187 in the *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide.

[0084] When another GH61 polypeptide has diverged from the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30 such that traditional sequence-based comparison fails to detect their relationship (Lindahl and Elofsson, 2000, J. Mol. Biol. 295: 613-615), other pairwise sequence comparison algorithms can be used. Greater sensitivity in sequence-based searching can be attained using search programs that utilize probabilistic representations of polypeptide families (profiles) to search databases. For example, the PSI-BLAST program generates profiles through an iterative database search process and is capable of detecting remote homologs (Atschul et al., 1997, Nucleic Acids Res. 25: 3389-3402). Even greater sensitivity can be achieved if the family or superfamily for the polypeptide has one or more representatives in the protein structure databases. Programs such as GenTHREADER (Jones, 1999, J. Mol. Biol. 287: 797-815; McGuffin and Jones, 2003, Bioinformatics 19: 874-881) utilize information from a variety of sources (PSI-BLAST, secondary structure prediction, structural alignment profiles, and solvation potentials) as input to a neural network that predicts the structural fold for a query sequence. Similarly, the method of Gough et al., 2000, J. Mol. Biol. 313: 903-919, can be used to align a sequence of unknown structure with the superfamily models present in the SCOP database. These alignments can in turn be used to generate homology models for the polypeptide, and such models can be assessed for accuracy using a variety of tools developed for that purpose.

[0085] For proteins of known structure, several tools and resources are available for retrieving and generating structural alignments. For example the SCOP superfamilies of proteins have been structurally aligned, and those alignments are accessible and downloadable. Two or more protein structures can be aligned using a variety of algorithms such as the distance alignment matrix (Holm and Sander, 1998, Proteins 33: 88-96) or combinatorial extension (Shindyalov and Bourne, 1998, Protein Engineering 11: 739-747), and implementation of these algorithms can additionally be utilized to query structure databases with a structure of interest in order to discover possible structural homologs (*e.g.*, Holm and Park, 2000, Bioinformatics 16: 566-567).

[0086] In describing the GH61 polypeptide variants of the present invention, the nomenclature described below is adapted for ease of reference. The accepted IUPAC single letter or three letter amino acid abbreviation is employed.

[0087] Substitutions. For an amino acid substitution, the following nomenclature is used: Original amino acid, position, substituted amino acid. Accordingly, the substitution of threonine at position 226 with alanine is designated as "Thr226Ala" or "T226A". Multiple mutations are separated by addition marks ("+"), *e.g.*, "Gly205Arg + Ser411Phe" or "G205R + S411F", representing substitutions at positions 205 and 411 of glycine (G) with arginine (R) and serine (S) with phenylalanine (F), respectively.

[0088] Deletions. For an amino acid deletion, the following nomenclature is used: Original amino acid, position, *. Accordingly, the deletion of glycine at position 195 is designated as "Gly195*" or "G195*". Multiple deletions are separated by addition marks ("+"), *e.g.*, "Gly195* + Ser411*" or "G195* + S411*".

[0089] Insertions. For an amino acid insertion, the following nomenclature is used: Original amino acid, position, original amino acid, inserted amino acid. Accordingly the insertion of lysine after glycine at position 195 is designated "Gly195GlyLys" or "G195GK". An insertion of multiple amino acids is designated [Original amino acid, position, original amino acid, inserted amino acid #1, inserted amino acid #2; etc.]. For example, the insertion of lysine and alanine after glycine at position 195 is indicated as "Gly195GlyLysAla" or "G195GKA".

[0090] In such cases the inserted amino acid residue(s) are numbered by the addition of lower case letters to the position number of the amino acid residue preceding the inserted amino acid residue(s). In the above example, the sequence would thus be:

Parent:	Variant:
195	195 195a 195b
G	G - K - A

[0091] Multiple substitutions. Variants comprising multiple substitutions are separated by addition marks ("+"), *e.g.*, "Arg170Tyr+Gly195Glu" or "R170Y+G195E" representing a substitution of arginine and glycine at positions 170 and 195 with tyrosine and glutamic acid, respectively.

[0092] Different substitutions. Where different substitutions can be introduced at a position, the different substitutions are separated by a comma, *e.g.*, "Arg170Tyr,Glu" represents a substitution of arginine at position 170 with tyrosine or glutamic acid. Thus, "Tyr167Gly,Ala + Arg170Gly,Ala" designates the following variants: "Tyr167Gly+Arg170Gly", "Tyr167Gly+Arg170Ala", "Tyr167Ala+Arg170Gly", and "Tyr167Ala+Arg170Ala".

Detailed Description of the Invention

[0093] The present invention relates to GH61 polypeptide variants, comprising one or more substitutions or corresponding substitutions selected from the group consisting of D109P, N192W,M and N193K,H of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36, wherein the variant has cellulolytic enhancing activity, wherein the variant has at least 95%, but less than 100% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of the parent GH61 polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36 and wherein said polypeptide variant has at least 1.01-fold increased thermostability when compared to the parent.

Variants

[0094] In an embodiment, the variant has a sequence identity of at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, but less than 100%, sequence identity to the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36.

[0095] In one aspect, the number of substitutions in the variants of the present invention is 1-6, *e.g.,* 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 substitutions.

[0096] The variants may further comprise one or more additional alterations, *e.g.*, substitutions, insertions, or deletions at one or more other positions.

[0097] The amino acid changes may be of a minor nature, that is conservative amino acid substitutions or insertions that do not significantly affect the folding and/or activity of the protein; small deletions, typically of 1-30 amino acids; small amino- or carboxyl-terminal extensions, such as an amino-terminal methionine residue; a small linker peptide of up to 20-25 residues; or a small extension that facilitates purification by changing net charge or another function, such as a poly-histidine tract, an antigenic epitope or a binding domain.

[0098] Examples of conservative substitutions are within the groups of basic amino acids (arginine, lysine and histidine), acidic amino acids (glutamic acid and aspartic acid), polar amino acids (glutamine and asparagine), hydrophobic amino acids (leucine, isoleucine and valine), aromatic amino acids (phenylalanine, tryptophan and tyrosine), and small amino acids (glycine, alanine, serine, threonine and methionine). Amino acid substitutions that do not generally alter specific activity are known in the art and are described, for example, by H. Neurath and R.L. Hill, 1979, In, The Proteins, Academic Press, New York. Common substitutions are Ala/Ser, Val/Ile, Asp/Glu, Thr/Ser, Ala/Gly, Ala/Thr, Ser/Asn, Ala/Val, Ser/Gly, Tyr/Phe, Ala/Pro, Lys/Arg, Asp/Asn, Leu/Ile, Leu/Val, Ala/Glu, and Asp/Gly.

[0099] Alternatively, the amino acid changes are of such a nature that the physico-chemical properties of the polypeptides are altered. For example, amino acid changes may improve the thermal stability of the polypeptide, alter the substrate specificity, change the pH optimum, and the like.

[0100] The variants of the present invention may further comprise a substitution at one or more positions corresponding to positions 111, 152, 155, and 162 of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, wherein the variants have cellulolytic enhancing activity (WO 2012/044835).

[0101] In one aspect, the number of additional substitutions in the variants of the present invention is 1-4, such as 1, 2, 3, or 4 substitutions.

[0102] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at one or more (e.g., several) positions corresponding to positions 111, 152, 155, and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at two positions corresponding to any of positions 111, 152, 155, and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at three positions corresponding to any of positions 111, 152, 155, and 162 of SEQ ID NO; 30. In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at each position corresponding to positions 111, 152, 155, and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30.

[0103] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 111 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 111 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Val.

[0104] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 152 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 152 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Ser.

[0105] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 155 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 155 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Leu.

[0106] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Trp.

[0107] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 111 and 152 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0108] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 111 and 155 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0109] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 111 and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0110] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 152 and 155 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0111] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 152 and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0112] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 155 and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0113] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 111, 152 of SEQ ID NO: 30, and 155, such as those described above.

[0114] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 111, 152, and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0115] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 111, 155, and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0116] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 152, 155, and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0117] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 111, 152, 155, and 162 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0118] In another aspect, the variant further comprises one or more substitutions selected from the group consisting of L111V, D152S, M155L, and A162W, or the one or more substitutions selected from the group consisting of L111V, D152S, M155L, and A162W at positions corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 30 in other GH61 polypeptides described herein.

[0119] In each of the aspects below, the variant further comprises the one or more substitutions described below at positions corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 30 in other GH61 polypeptides described herein.

[0120] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions L111V + D152S of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0121] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions L111V + M155L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0122] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions L111V + A162W of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0123] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions D152S + M155L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0124] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions D152S + A162W of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0125] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions M155L+ A162W of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0126] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions L111V + D152S + M155L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0127] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions L111V + D152S + A162W of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0128] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions L111V + M155L+ A162W of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0129] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions D152S + M155L+ A162W of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0130] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions L111V + D152S + M155L+ A162W of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0131] In each of the aspects above, the variants of the present invention may further comprise a substitution at one or more (*e.g.*, several) positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, 200, 202, and 204 of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, wherein the variants have cellulolytic enhancing activity (WO 2012/044836).

[0132] In one aspect, the number of additional substitutions in the variants of the present invention is 1-5, such as 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 substitutions.

[0133] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at one or more (*e.g.*, several) positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at two positions corresponding to any of positions 96, 98, 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at three positions corresponding to any of positions 96, 98, 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at four positions corresponding to any of positions 96, 98, 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at each position corresponding to positions 96, 98, 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30.

[0134] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 96 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 96 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Val.

[0135] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 98 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 98 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Leu.

[0136] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 200 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 200 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Ile.

[0137] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Leu.

[0138] In another aspect, the variant further comprises a substitution at a position corresponding to position 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30. In another aspect, the amino acid at a position corresponding to position 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30 is substituted with Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Cys, Gln, Glu, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Trp, Tyr, or Val, preferably with Val.

[0139] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96 and 98 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0140] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96 and 200 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0141] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96 and 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0142] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96 and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0143] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 98 and 200 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0144] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 98 and 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0145] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 98 and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0146] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 200 and 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0147] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 200 and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0148] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 202 and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0149] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, and 200 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0150] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, and 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0151] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0152] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 200, and 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0153] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 200, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0154] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0155] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 98, 200, and 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0156] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 98, 200, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0157] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0158] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 98, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0159] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, 200, and 202 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0160] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0161] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0162] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, 200, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0163] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 98, 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0164] In another aspect, the variant further comprises substitutions at positions corresponding to positions 96, 98, 200, 202, and 204 of SEQ ID NO: 30, such as those described above.

[0165] In another aspect, the variant further comprises one or more substitutions selected from the group consisting of 196V, F98L, F200I, I202L, and I204V at positions corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 30 in other GH61 polypeptides described herein.

[0166] In each of the aspects below, the variant further comprises the one or more substitutions described below at positions corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 30 in other GH61 polypeptides described herein.

[0167] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F98L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0168] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F200I of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0169] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + I202L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0170] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0171] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F98L + F200I of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0172] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F98L + I202L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0173] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F98L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0174] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F200I + I202L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0175] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F200I + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0176] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I202L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0177] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F98L + F200I of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0178] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F98L + I202L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0179] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F98L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0180] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F200I + I202L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0181] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F200I + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0182] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + I202L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0183] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F98L + F200I + I202L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0184] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F98L + F200I + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0185] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F200I + I202L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0186] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F98L + I202L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0187] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F98L + F200I + I202L of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0188] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F200I + I202L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0189] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F98L + I202L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0190] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F98L + F200I + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0191] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions F98L + F200I + I202L + I204V of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0192] In another aspect, the variant further comprises the substitutions I96V + F98L + F200I + I202L + I204V of

the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30, or corresponding substitutions thereof.

[0193] The variants may consist of at least 95% of the amino acid residues of the mature polypeptides of the corresponding parent GH61 polypeptides.

[0194] Essential amino acids in a polypeptide can be identified according to procedures known in the art, such as site-directed mutagenesis or alanine-scanning mutagenesis (Cunningham and Wells, 1989, Science 244: 1081-1085). In the latter technique, single alanine mutations are introduced at every residue in the molecule, and the resultant mutant molecules are tested for cellulolytic enhancing activity to identify amino acid residues that are critical to the activity of the molecule. See also, Hilton et al., 1996, J. Biol. Chem. 271: 4699-4708. The active site of the enzyme or other biological interaction can also be determined by physical analysis of structure, as determined by such techniques as nuclear magnetic resonance, crystallography, electron diffraction, or photoaffinity labeling, in conjunction with mutation of putative contact site amino acids. See, for example, de Vos et al., 1992, Science 255: 306-312; Smith et al., 1992, J. Mol. Biol. 224: 899-904; Wlodaver et al., 1992, FEBS Lett. 309: 59-64. The identity of essential amino acids can also be inferred from an alignment with a related polypeptide. Essential amino acids in GH61 polypeptides correspond to positions 22, 107, 194, and/or 196 of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 30.

[0195] In an embodiment, the variants have increased thermostability compared to their parent GH61 polypeptides.

[0196] In one aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 60°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.0 and 95°C.

[0197] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 60°C In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 3.5 and 95°C.

[0198] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and

45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 60°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.0 and 95°C.

[0199] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 60°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 4.5 and 95°C.

[0200] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 60°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.0 and 95°C.

[0201] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 60°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and

62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 5.5 and 95°C.

[0202] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 60°C In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.0 and 95°C.

[0203] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 60°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 6.5 and 95°C.

[0204] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 60°C In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 75°C. In

another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.0 and 95°C.

[0205] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 60°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 7.5 and 95°C.

[0206] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 60°C In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.0 and 95°C.

[0207] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 60°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 8.5 and 95°C.

[0208] In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 45°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 50°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 55°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 60°C In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 62°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 65°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 68°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 70°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 72°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 75°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 80°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 85°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 90°C. In another aspect, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent is determined at pH 9.0 and 95°C.

[0209] In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 1 minute. In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 5 minutes. In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 10 minutes. In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 15 minutes. In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 20 minutes. In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 25 minutes. In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 30 minutes. In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 45 minutes. In each of the aspects above, the thermostability of the variant relative to the parent can be determined by incubating the variant and parent for 60 minutes. A time period longer than 60 minutes can also be used.

[0210] In one aspect, the thermostability of the variant having cellulolytic enhancing activity is increased at least 1.01-fold, e.g., at least 1.05-fold, at least 1.1-fold, at least 1.2-fold, at least 1.3-fold, at least 1.4-fold, at least 1.5-fold, at least 1.8-fold, at least 2-fold, at least 5-fold, at least 10-fold, at least 15-fold, at least 20-fold, at least 25-fold, at least 50-fold, at least 75-fold, or at least 100-fold compared to the parent.

Parent GH61 Polypeptides

[0211] The parent GH61 polypeptide has a sequence identity to the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36 of at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, which have cellulolytic enhancing activity.

[0212] The parent comprises or consists of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36.

[0213] In another aspect, the parent is a fragment containing at least 95% of the amino acid residues of the mature polypeptide of a GH61 polypeptide.

[0214] In another embodiment, the parent is an allelic variant of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36.

[0215] The parent may be a hybrid polypeptide in which a region of one polypeptide is fused at the N-terminus or the C-terminus of a region of another polypeptide.

[0216] The parent may be a fusion polypeptide or cleavable fusion polypeptide in which another polypeptide is fused at the N-terminus or the C-terminus of the polypeptide of the present invention. A fusion polypeptide is produced by fusing a polynucleotide encoding another polypeptide to a polynucleotide of the present invention. Techniques for producing fusion polypeptides are known in the art, and include ligating the coding sequences encoding the polypeptides so that they are in frame and that expression of the fusion polypeptide is under control of the same promoter(s) and terminator. Fusion polypeptides may also be constructed using intein technology in which fusion polypeptides are created post-translationally (Cooper et al., 1993, EMBO J. 12: 2575-2583; Dawson et al., 1994, Science 266: 776-779).

[0217] A fusion polypeptide can further comprise a cleavage site between the two polypeptides. Upon secretion of the fusion protein, the site is cleaved releasing the two polypeptides. Examples of cleavage sites include, but are not limited to, the sites disclosed in Martin et al., 2003, J. Ind. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 3: 568-576; Svetina et al., 2000, J. Biotechnol. 76: 245-251; Rasmussen-Wilson et al., 1997, Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63: 3488-3493; Ward et al., 1995, Biotechnology 13: 498-503; and Contreras et al., 1991, Biotechnology 9: 378-381; Eaton et al., 1986, Biochemistry 25: 505-512; Collins-Racie et al., 1995, Biotechnology 13: 982-987; Carter et al., 1989, Proteins: Structure, Function, and Genetics 6: 240-248; and Stevens, 2003, Drug Discovery World 4: 35-48.

[0218] The parent may be obtained from microorganisms of any genus. For purposes of the present invention, the term "obtained from" as used herein in connection with a given source shall mean that the parent encoded by a polynucleotide is produced by the source or by a strain in which the polynucleotide from the source has been inserted. In one aspect, the parent is secreted extracellularly.

[0219] The parent may be a bacterial GH61 polypeptide. For example, the parent may be a Gram-positive bacterial polypeptide such as a *Bacillus*, *Clostridium*, *Enterococcus*, *Geobacillus*, *Lactobacillus*, *Lactococcus*, *Oceanobacillus*, *Staphylococcus*, *Streptococcus*, or *Streptomyces* GH61 polypeptide, or a Gram-negative bacterial polypeptide such as a *Campylobacter*, *E. coli*, *Flavobacterium*, *Fusobacterium*, *Helicobacter*, *Ilyobacter*, *Neisseria*, *Pseudomonas*, *Salmonella*, or *Ureaplasma* GH61 polypeptide.

[0220] In one aspect, the parent is a *Bacillus alkalophilus*, *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens*, *Bacillus brevis*, *Bacillus circulans*, *Bacillus clausii*, *Bacillus coagulans*, *Bacillus firmus*, *Bacillus lautus*, *Bacillus lentus*, *Bacillus licheniformis*, *Bacillus megaterium*, *Bacillus pumilus*, *Bacillus stearothermophilus*, *Bacillus subtilis*, or *Bacillus thuringiensis* GH61 polypeptide.

[0221] In another aspect, the parent is a *Streptococcus equisimilis*, *Streptococcus pyogenes*, *Streptococcus uberis*, or *Streptococcus equi* subsp. *Zooepidemicus* GH61 polypeptide.

[0222] In another aspect, the parent is a *Streptomyces achromogenes*, *Streptomyces avermitilis*, *Streptomyces coelicolor*, *Streptomyces griseus*, or *Streptomyces lividans* GH61 polypeptide.

[0223] The parent may be a fungal GH61 polypeptide. For example, the parent may be a yeast GH61 polypeptide such as a *Candida*, *Kluyveromyces*, *Pichia*, *Saccharomyces*, *Schizosaccharomyces*, or *Yarrowia* GH61 polypeptide; or a filamentous fungal GH61 polypeptide such as an *Acremonium*, *Agaricus*, *Alternaria*, *Aspergillus*, *Aureobasidium*, *Botryospaeria*, *Ceriporiopsis*, *Chaetomidium*, *Chrysosporium*, *Claviceps*, *Cochliobolus*, *Coprinopsis*, *Coptotermes*, *Corynascus*, *Cryphonectria*, *Cryptococcus*, *Diplodia*, *Exidia*, *Filibasidium*, *Fusarium*, *Gibberella*, *Holomastigotoides*, *Humicola*, *Irpex*, *Lentinula*, *Leptospaeria*, *Magnaporthe*, *Melanocarpus*, *Meripilus*, *Mucor*, *Myceliophthora*, *Neocallimastix*, *Neurospora*, *Paecilomyces*, *Penicillium*, *Phanerochaete*, *Piromyces*, *Poitrasia*, *Pseudoplectania*, *Pseudotrichonympha*, *Rhizomucor*, *Schizophyllum*, *Scytalidium*, *Talaromyces*, *Thermoascus*, *Thielavia*, *Tolypocladium*, *Trichoderma*, *Trichophaea*, *Verticillium*, *Volvariella*, or *Xylaria* GH61 polypeptide.

[0224] In another aspect, the parent is a *Saccharomyces carlsbergensis*, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Saccharomyces diastaticus*, *Saccharomyces douglasii*, *Saccharomyces kluyveri*, *Saccharomyces norbensis*, or

Saccharomyces oviformis GH61 polypeptide.

[0225] In another aspect, the parent is an *Acremonium cellulolyticus*, *Aspergillus aculeatus*, *Aspergillus awamori*, *Aspergillus foetidus*, *Aspergillus fumigatus*, *Aspergillus japonicus*, *Aspergillus lentulus*, *Aspergillus nidulans*, *Aspergillus niger*, *Aspergillus oryzae*, *Aspergillus terreus*, *Chrysosporium inops*, *Chrysosporium keratinophilum*, *Chrysosporium lucknowense*, *Chrysosporium merdarium*, *Chrysosporium pannicola*, *Chrysosporium queenslandicum*, *Chrysosporium tropicum*, *Chrysosporium zonatum*, *Fennellia nivea*, *Fusarium bactridioides*, *Fusarium cerealis*, *Fusarium crookwellense*, *Fusarium culmorum*, *Fusarium graminearum*, *Fusarium graminum*, *Fusarium heterosporum*, *Fusarium negundi*, *Fusarium oxysporum*, *Fusarium reticulatum*, *Fusarium roseum*, *Fusarium sambucinum*, *Fusarium sarcochroum*, *Fusarium sporotrichioides*, *Fusarium sulphureum*, *Fusarium torulosum*, *Fusarium trichothecioides*, *Fusarium venenatum*, *Humicola grisea*, *Humicola insolens*, *Humicola lanuginosa*, *Irpex lacteus*, *Mucor miehei*, *Myceliophthora thermophila*, *Neurospora crassa*, *Penicillium emersonii*, *Penicillium funiculosum*, *Penicillium pinophilum*, *Penicillium purpurogenum*, *Phanerochaete chrysosporium*, *Talaromyces leycettanus*, *Thermoascus aurantiacus*, *Thielavia achromatica*, *Thielavia albomyces*, *Thielavia albopilosa*, *Thielavia australeinsis*, *Thielavia fimeti*, *Thielavia microspora*, *Thielavia ovispora*, *Thielavia peruviana*, *Thielavia setosa*, *Thielavia spededonium*, *Thielavia subthermophila*, *Thielavia terrestris*, *Trichoderma harzianum*, *Trichoderma koningii*, *Trichoderma longibrachiatum*, *Trichoderma reesei*, or *Trichoderma viride* GH61 polypeptide.

[0226] It will be understood that for the aforementioned species, the invention encompasses both the perfect and imperfect states, and other taxonomic equivalents, e.g., anamorphs, regardless of the species name by which they are known. Those skilled in the art will readily recognize the identity of appropriate equivalents.

[0227] Strains of these species are readily accessible to the public in a number of culture collections, such as the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroorganismen und Zellkulturen GmbH (DSMZ), Centraalbureau Voor Schimmelcultures (CBS), and Agricultural Research Service Patent Culture Collection, Northern Regional Research Center (NRRL).

[0228] The parent may be identified and obtained from other sources including microorganisms isolated from nature (*e.g.*, soil, composts, water, etc.) or DNA samples obtained directly from natural materials (*e.g.*, soil, composts, water, etc.) using the above-mentioned probes. Techniques for isolating microorganisms and DNA directly from natural habitats are well known in the art. A polynucleotide encoding a parent may then be obtained by similarly screening a genomic DNA or cDNA library of another microorganism or mixed DNA sample. Once a polynucleotide encoding a parent has been detected with the probe(s), the polynucleotide can be isolated or cloned by utilizing techniques that are known to those of ordinary skill in the art (see, *e.g.*, Sambrook *et al.*, 1989, *supra*).

Preparation of Variants

[0229] The present invention also relates to methods for obtaining a GH61 polypeptide variant having cellulolytic enhancing activity, comprising introducing into a parent GH61 polypeptide one or more substitutions or corresponding substitutions selected from the group consisting of D109P, N192W,M and N193K,H of the mature polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36, wherein the variant has cellulolytic enhancing activity, wherein the variant has at least 95%, but less than 100% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of the parent GH61 polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 36 and wherein said polypeptide variant has at least 1.01-fold increased thermostability when compared to the parent; and optionally recovering the variant.

[0230] The variants can be prepared using any mutagenesis procedure known in the art, such as site-directed mutagenesis, synthetic gene construction, semi-synthetic gene construction, random mutagenesis, shuffling, etc.

[0231] Site-directed mutagenesis is a technique in which one or more (*e.g.*, several) mutations are introduced at

one or more defined sites in a polynucleotide encoding the parent.

[0232] Site-directed mutagenesis can be accomplished *in vitro* by PCR involving the use of oligonucleotide primers containing the desired mutation. Site-directed mutagenesis can also be performed *in vitro* by cassette mutagenesis involving the cleavage by a restriction enzyme at a site in the plasmid comprising a polynucleotide encoding the parent and subsequent ligation of an oligonucleotide containing the mutation in the polynucleotide. Usually the restriction enzyme that digests the plasmid and the oligonucleotide is the same, permitting sticky ends of the plasmid and the insert to ligate to one another. See, *e.g.*, Scherer and Davis, 1979, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 76: 4949-4955; and Barton et al., 1990, Nucleic Acids Res. 18: 7349-4966.

[0233] Site-directed mutagenesis can also be accomplished *in vivo* by methods known in the art. See, *e.g.,* U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0171154; Storici et al., 2001, Nature Biotechnol. 19: 773-776; Kren et al., 1998, Nat. Med. 4: 285-290; and Calissano and Macino, 1996, Fungal Genet. Newslett. 43: 15-16.

[0234] Site-saturation mutagenesis systematically replaces a polypeptide coding sequence with sequences encoding all 19 amino acids at one or more (*e.g.*, several) specific positions (Parikh and Matsumura, 2005, J. Mol. Biol. 352: 621-628).

[0235] Any site-directed mutagenesis procedure can be used in the present invention. There are many commercial kits available that can be used to prepare variants.

[0236] Synthetic gene construction entails *in vitro* synthesis of a designed polynucleotide molecule to encode a polypeptide of interest. Gene synthesis can be performed utilizing a number of techniques, such as the multiplex microchip-based technology described by Tian et al. (2004, Nature 432: 1050-1054) and similar technologies wherein oligonucleotides are synthesized and assembled upon photo-programmable microfluidic chips.

[0237] Single or multiple amino acid substitutions, deletions, and/or insertions can be made and tested using known methods of mutagenesis, recombination, and/or shuffling, followed by a relevant screening procedure, such as those disclosed by Reidhaar-Olson and Sauer, 1988, Science 241: 53-57; Bowie and Sauer, 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86: 2152-2156; WO 95/17413; or WO 95/22625. Other methods that can be used include error-prone PCR, phage display (*e.g.*, Lowman et al., 1991, Biochemistry 30: 10832-10837; U.S. Patent No. 5,223,409; WO 92/06204) and region-directed mutagenesis (Derbyshire et al., 1986, Gene 46: 145; Ner et al., 1988, DNA 7: 127).

[0238] Mutagenesis/shuffling methods can be combined with high-throughput, automated screening methods to detect activity of cloned, mutagenized polypeptides expressed by host cells (Ness et al., 1999, Nature Biotechnology 17: 893-896). Mutagenized DNA molecules that encode active polypeptides can be recovered from the host cells and rapidly sequenced using standard methods in the art. These methods allow the rapid determination of the importance of individual amino acid residues in a polypeptide.

[0239] Semi-synthetic gene construction is accomplished by combining aspects of synthetic gene construction, and/or site-directed mutagenesis, and/or random mutagenesis, and/or shuffling. Semi-synthetic construction is typified by a process utilizing polynucleotide fragments that are synthesized, in combination with PCR techniques. Defined regions of genes may thus be synthesized *de novo*, while other regions may be amplified using site-specific mutagenic primers, while yet other regions may be subjected to error-prone PCR or non-error prone PCR amplification. Polynucleotide subsequences may then be shuffled.

Polynucleotides

[0240] The present invention also relates to isolated polynucleotides encoding GH61 polypeptide variants of the present invention.

Nucleic Acid Constructs

[0241] Disclosed are nucleic acid constructs comprising a polynucleotide encoding a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention operably linked to one or more control sequences that direct the expression of the coding sequence in a suitable host cell under conditions compatible with the control sequences.

[0242] The polynucleotide may be manipulated in a variety of ways to provide for expression of a GH61 polypeptide variant. Manipulation of the polynucleotide prior to its insertion into a vector may be desirable or necessary depending on the expression vector. The techniques for modifying polynucleotides utilizing recombinant DNA methods are well known in the art.

[0243] The control sequence may be a promoter, a polynucleotide recognized by a host cell for expression of a polynucleotide encoding a variant of the present invention. The promoter contains transcriptional control sequences that mediate the expression of the GH61 polypeptide variant. The promoter may be any polynucleotide that shows transcriptional activity in the host cell including mutant, truncated, and hybrid promoters, and may be obtained from genes encoding extracellular or intracellular polypeptides either homologous or heterologous to the host cell.

[0244] Examples of suitable promoters for directing transcription of the nucleic acid constructs of the present invention in a bacterial host cell are the promoters obtained from the *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens* alpha-amylase gene (*amyQ*), *Bacillus licheniformis* alpha-amylase gene (*amyL*), *Bacillus licheniformis* penicillinase gene (*penP*), *Bacillus stearothermophilus* maltogenic amylase gene (*amyM*), *Bacillus subtilis* levansucrase gene (*sacB*), *Bacillus subtilis xylA* and *xylB* genes, *Bacillus thuringiensis cryIIIA* gene (Agaisse and Lereclus, 1994, Molecular Microbiology 13: 97-107), *E. coli lac* operon, *E. coli trc* promoter (Egon et al., 1988, Gene 69: 301-315), *Streptomyces coelicolor* agarase gene (*dagA*), and prokaryotic beta-lactamase gene (Villa-Kamaroff et al., 1978, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 75: 3727-3731), as well as the *tac* promoter (DeBoer et al., 1983, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 80: 21-25). Further promoters are described in "Useful proteins from recombinant bacteria" in Gilbert et al., 1980, Scientific American 242: 74-94; and in Sambrook *et al.,* 1989, *supra.* Examples of tandem promoters are disclosed in WO 99/43835.

[0245] Examples of suitable promoters for directing transcription of the nucleic acid constructs of the present invention in a filamentous fungal host cell are promoters obtained from the genes for *Aspergillus nidulans* acetamidase, *Aspergillus niger* neutral alpha-amylase, *Aspergillus niger* acid stable alpha-amylase, *Aspergillus niger* or *Aspergillus awamori* glucoamylase (*glaA*), *Aspergillus oryzae* TAKA amylase, *Aspergillus oryzae* alkaline protease, *Aspergillus oryzae* triose phosphate isomerase, *Fusarium oxysporum* trypsin-like protease (WO 96/00787), *Fusarium venenatum* amyloglucosidase (WO 00/56900), *Fusarium venenatum* Daria (WO 00/56900), *Fusarium venenatum* Quinn (WO 00/56900), *Rhizomucor miehei* lipase, *Rhizomucor miehei* aspartic proteinase, *Trichoderma reesei* beta-glucosidase, *Trichoderma reesei* cellobiohydrolase I, *Trichoderma reesei* cellobiohydrolase II, *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase I, *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase II, *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase III, *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase V, *Trichoderma reesei* xylanase I, *Trichoderma reesei* xylanase II, *Trichoderma reesei* xylanase III, *Trichoderma reesei* beta-xylosidase, and *Trichoderma reesei* translation elongation factor, as well as the NA2-tpi promoter (a modified promoter from an *Aspergillus* neutral alpha-amylase gene in which the untranslated leader has been replaced by an untranslated leader from an *Aspergillus* triose phosphate isomerase gene; non-limiting examples include modified promoters from an *Aspergillus niger* neutral alpha-amylase gene in which the untranslated leader has been replaced by an untranslated leader from an *Aspergillus nidulans* or *Aspergillus oryzae* triose phosphate isomerase gene); and mutant, truncated, and hybrid promoters thereof. Other promoters are described in U.S. Patent No. 6,011,147.

[0246] In a yeast host, useful promoters are obtained from the genes for *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* enolase (ENO-1), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* galactokinase (GAL1), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* alcohol

dehydrogenase/glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (ADH1, ADH2/GAP), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* triose phosphate isomerase (TPI), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* metallothionein (CUP1), and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* 3-phosphoglycerate kinase. Other useful promoters for yeast host cells are described by Romanos et al., 1992, Yeast 8: 423-488.

[0247] The control sequence may also be a transcription terminator, which is recognized by a host cell to terminate transcription. The terminator is operably linked to the 3'-terminus of the polynucleotide encoding the GH61 polypeptide variant. Any terminator that is functional in the host cell may be used.

[0248] Preferred terminators for bacterial host cells are obtained from the genes for *Bacillus clausii* alkaline protease (*aprH*), *Bacillus licheniformis* alpha-amylase (*amyL*), and *Escherichia coli* ribosomal RNA (*rrnB*).

[0249] Preferred terminators for filamentous fungal host cells are obtained from the genes for *Aspergillus nidulans* acetamidase, *Aspergillus nidulans* anthranilate synthase, *Aspergillus niger* glucoamylase, *Aspergillus niger* alpha-glucosidase, *Aspergillus oryzae* TAKA amylase, *Fusarium oxysporum* trypsin-like protease, *Trichoderma reesei* beta-glucosidase, *Trichoderma reesei* cellobiohydrolase I, *Trichoderma reesei* cellobiohydrolase II, *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase I, *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase II, *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase III, *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase V, *Trichoderma reesei* xylanase I, *Trichoderma reesei* xylanase II, *Trichoderma reesei* xylanase III, *Trichoderma reesei* beta-xylosidase, and *Trichoderma reesei* translation elongation factor.

[0250] Preferred terminators for yeast host cells are obtained from the genes for *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* enolase, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* cytochrome C (CYC1), and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase. Other useful terminators for yeast host cells are described by Romanos *et al.*, 1992, *supra.*

[0251] The control sequence may also be an mRNA stabilizer region downstream of a promoter and upstream of the coding sequence of a gene which increases expression of the gene.

[0252] Examples of suitable mRNA stabilizer regions are obtained from a *Bacillus thuringiensis cryIIIA* gene (WO 94/25612) and a *Bacillus subtilis* SP82 gene (Hue et al., 1995, Journal of Bacteriology 177: 3465-3471).

[0253] The control sequence may also be a leader, a nontranslated region of an mRNA that is important for translation by the host cell. The leader is operably linked to the 5'-terminus of the polynucleotide encoding the GH61 polypeptide variant. Any leader that is functional in the host cell may be used.

[0254] Preferred leaders for filamentous fungal host cells are obtained from the genes for *Aspergillus oryzae* TAKA amylase and *Aspergillus nidulans* triose phosphate isomerase.

[0255] Suitable leaders for yeast host cells are obtained from the genes for *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* enolase (ENO-1), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* 3-phosphoglycerate kinase, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* alpha-factor, and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* alcohol dehydrogenase/glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (ADH2/GAP).

[0256] The control sequence may also be a polyadenylation sequence, a sequence operably linked to the 3'-terminus of the GH61 polypeptide variant-encoding sequence and, when transcribed, is recognized by the host cell as a signal to add polyadenosine residues to transcribed mRNA. Any polyadenylation sequence that is functional in the host cell may be used.

[0257] Preferred polyadenylation sequences for filamentous fungal host cells are obtained from the genes for *Aspergillus nidulans* anthranilate synthase, *Aspergillus niger* glucoamylase, *Aspergillus niger* alpha-glucosidase, *Aspergillus oryzae* TAKA amylase, and *Fusarium oxysporum* trypsin-like protease.

[0258] Useful polyadenylation sequences for yeast host cells are described by Guo and Sherman, 1995, Mol. Cellular Biol. 15: 5983-5990.

[0259] The control sequence may also be a signal peptide coding region that encodes a signal peptide linked to the N-terminus of a GH61 polypeptide variant and directs the variant into the cell's secretory pathway. The 5'-end of the coding sequence of the polynucleotide may inherently contain a signal peptide coding sequence naturally linked in translation reading frame with the segment of the coding sequence that encodes the variant. Alternatively, the 5'-end of the coding sequence may contain a signal peptide coding sequence that is foreign to the coding sequence. A foreign signal peptide coding sequence may be required where the coding sequence does not naturally contain a signal peptide coding sequence. Alternatively, a foreign signal peptide coding sequence may simply replace the natural signal peptide coding sequence in order to enhance secretion of the variant. However, any signal peptide coding sequence that directs the expressed variant into the secretory pathway of a host cell may be used.

[0260] Effective signal peptide coding sequences for bacterial host cells are the signal peptide coding sequences obtained from the genes for *Bacillus* NCIB 11837 maltogenic amylase, *Bacillus licheniformis* subtilisin, *Bacillus licheniformis* beta-lactamase, *Bacillus stearothermophilus* alpha-amylase, *Bacillus stearothermophilus* neutral proteases (*nprT*, *nprS*, *nprM*), and *Bacillus subtilis prsA*. Further signal peptides are described by Simonen and Palva, 1993, Microbiological Reviews 57: 109-137.

[0261] Effective signal peptide coding sequences for filamentous fungal host cells are the signal peptide coding sequences obtained from the genes for *Aspergillus niger* neutral amylase, *Aspergillus niger* glucoamylase, *Aspergillus oryzae* TAKA amylase, *Humicola insolens* cellulase, *Humicola insolens* endoglucanase V, *Humicola lanuginosa* lipase, and *Rhizomucor miehei* aspartic proteinase.

[0262] Useful signal peptides for yeast host cells are obtained from the genes for *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* alpha-factor and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* invertase. Other useful signal peptide coding sequences are described by Romanos *et al.*, 1992, *supra*.

[0263] The control sequence may also be a propeptide coding sequence that encodes a propeptide positioned at the N-terminus of a GH61 polypeptide variant. The resultant polypeptide is known as a proenzyme or propolypeptide (or a zymogen in some cases). A propolypeptide is generally inactive and can be converted to an active polypeptide by catalytic or autocatalytic cleavage of the propeptide from the propolypeptide. The propeptide coding sequence may be obtained from the genes for *Bacillus subtilis* alkaline protease (*aprE*), *Bacillus subtilis* neutral protease (*nprT*), *Myceliophthora thermophila* laccase (WO 95/33836), *Rhizomucor miehei* aspartic proteinase, and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* alpha-factor.

[0264] Where both signal peptide and propeptide sequences are present, the propeptide sequence is positioned next to the N-terminus of the GH61 polypeptide variant and the signal peptide sequence is positioned next to the N-terminus of the propeptide sequence.

[0265] It may also be desirable to add regulatory sequences that regulate expression of the GH61 polypeptide variant relative to the growth of the host cell. Examples of regulatory sequences are those that cause expression of the gene to be turned on or off in response to a chemical or physical stimulus, including the presence of a regulatory compound. Regulatory systems in prokaryotic systems include the *lac*, *tac*, and *trp* operator systems. In yeast, the ADH2 system or GAL1 system may be used. In filamentous fungi, the *Aspergillus niger* glucoamylase promoter, *Aspergillus oryzae* TAKA alpha-amylase promoter, and *Aspergillus oryzae* glucoamylase promoter, *Trichoderma reesei* cellobiohydrolase I promoter, and *Trichoderma reesei* cellobiohydrolase II promoter may be used. Other examples of regulatory sequences are those that allow for gene amplification. In eukaryotic systems, these regulatory sequences include the dihydrofolate reductase gene that is amplified in the presence of methotrexate, and the metallothionein genes that are amplified with heavy metals. In these cases, the polynucleotide encoding the variant would be operably linked to the regulatory sequence.

Expression Vectors

[0266] Disclosed are recombinant expression vectors comprising a polynucleotide encoding a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention, a promoter, and transcriptional and translational stop signals. The various nucleotide and control sequences may be joined together to produce a recombinant expression vector that may include one or more convenient restriction sites to allow for insertion or substitution of the polynucleotide encoding the variant at such sites. Alternatively, the polynucleotide may be expressed by inserting the polynucleotide or a nucleic acid construct comprising the polynucleotide into an appropriate vector for expression. In creating the expression vector, the coding sequence is located in the vector so that the coding sequence is operably linked with the appropriate control sequences for expression.

[0267] The recombinant expression vector may be any vector (*e.g.*, a plasmid or virus) that can be conveniently subjected to recombinant DNA procedures and can bring about expression of the polynucleotide. The choice of the vector will typically depend on the compatibility of the vector with the host cell into which the vector is to be introduced. The vector may be a linear or closed circular plasmid.

[0268] The vector may be an autonomously replicating vector, *i.e.*, a vector that exists as an extrachromosomal entity, the replication of which is independent of chromosomal replication, *e.g.*, a plasmid, an extrachromosomal element, a minichromosome, or an artificial chromosome. The vector may contain any means for assuring self-replication. Alternatively, the vector may be one that, when introduced into the host cell, is integrated into the genome and replicated together with the chromosome(s) into which it has been integrated. Furthermore, a single vector or plasmid or two or more vectors or plasmids that together contain the total DNA to be introduced into the genome of the host cell, or a transposon, may be used.

[0269] The vector preferably contains one or more selectable markers that permit easy selection of transformed, transfected, transduced, or the like cells. A selectable marker is a gene the product of which provides for biocide or viral resistance, resistance to heavy metals, prototrophy to auxotrophs, and the like.

[0270] Examples of bacterial selectable markers are *Bacillus licheniformis* or *Bacillus subtilis dal* genes, or markers that confer antibiotic resistance such as ampicillin, chloramphenicol, kanamycin, neomycin, spectinomycin, or tetracycline resistance. Suitable markers for yeast host cells include, but are not limited to, ADE2, HIS3, LEU2, LYS2, MET3, TRP1, and URA3. Selectable markers for use in a filamentous fungal host cell include, but are not limited to, *adeA* (phosphoribosylaminoimidazole-succinocarboxamide synthase), *adeB* (phosphoribosylaminoimidazole synthase), *amdS* (acetamidase), *argB* (ornithine carbamoyltransferase), *bar* (phosphinothricin acetyltransferase), *hph* (hygromycin phosphotransferase), *niaD* (nitrate reductase), *pyrG* (orotidine-5'-phosphate decarboxylase), *sC* (sulfate adenyltransferase), and *trpC* (anthranilate synthase), as well as equivalents thereof. Preferred for use in an *Aspergillus* cell are *Aspergillus nidulans* or *Aspergillus oryzae amdS* and *pyrG* genes and a *Streptomyces hygroscopicus bar* gene. Preferred for use in a *Trichoderma* cell are *adeA*, *adeB*, *amdS*, *hph*, and *pyrG* genes.

[0271] The selectable marker may be a dual selectable marker system as described in WO 2010/039889. In one aspect, the dual selectable marker is a *hph-tk* dual selectable marker system.

[0272] The vector preferably contains an element(s) that permits integration of the vector into the host cell's genome or autonomous replication of the vector in the cell independent of the genome.

[0273] For integration into the host cell genome, the vector may rely on the polynucleotide's sequence encoding the GH61 polypeptide variant or any other element of the vector for integration into the genome by homologous or non-homologous recombination. Alternatively, the vector may contain additional polynucleotides for directing integration by homologous recombination into the genome of the host cell at a precise location(s) in the chromosome(s). To increase the likelihood of integration at a precise location, the integrational elements should

contain a sufficient number of nucleic acids, such as 100 to 10,000 base pairs, 400 to 10,000 base pairs, and 800 to 10,000 base pairs, which have a high degree of sequence identity to the corresponding target sequence to enhance the probability of homologous recombination. The integrational elements may be any sequence that is homologous with the target sequence in the genome of the host cell. Furthermore, the integrational elements may be non-encoding or encoding polynucleotides. On the other hand, the vector may be integrated into the genome of the host cell by non-homologous recombination.

[0274] For autonomous replication, the vector may further comprise an origin of replication enabling the vector to replicate autonomously in the host cell in question. The origin of replication may be any plasmid replicator mediating autonomous replication that functions in a cell. The term "origin of replication" or "plasmid replicator" means a polynucleotide that enables a plasmid or vector to replicate *in vivo*.

[0275] Examples of bacterial origins of replication are the origins of replication of plasmids pBR322, pUC19, pACYC177, and pACYC184 permitting replication in *E. coli*, and pUB110, pE194, pTA1060, and pAMβ1 permitting replication in *Bacillus*.

[0276] Examples of origins of replication for use in a yeast host cell are the 2 micron origin of replication, ARS1, ARS4, the combination of ARS1 and CEN3, and the combination of ARS4 and CEN6.

[0277] Examples of origins of replication useful in a filamentous fungal cell are AMA1 and ANS1 (Gems et al., 1991, Gene 98: 61-67; Cullen et al., 1987, Nucleic Acids Res. 15: 9163-9175; WO 00/24883). Isolation of the AMA1 gene and construction of plasmids or vectors comprising the gene can be accomplished according to the methods disclosed in WO 00/24883.

[0278] More than one copy of a polynucleotide of the present invention may be inserted into a host cell to increase production of a GH61 polypeptide variant. An increase in the copy number of the polynucleotide can be obtained by integrating at least one additional copy of the sequence into the host cell genome or by including an amplifiable selectable marker gene with the polynucleotide where cells containing amplified copies of the selectable marker gene, and thereby additional copies of the polynucleotide, can be selected for by cultivating the cells in the presence of the appropriate selectable agent.

[0279] The procedures used to ligate the elements described above to construct the recombinant expression vectors of the present invention are well known to one skilled in the art (see, *e.g.*, Sambrook *et al.*, 1989, *supra*).

Host Cells

[0280] Disclosed are recombinant host cells, comprising a polynucleotide encoding a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention operably linked to one or more control sequences that direct the production of a variant of the present invention. A construct or vector comprising a polynucleotide is introduced into a host cell so that the construct or vector is maintained as a chromosomal integrant or as a self-replicating extra-chromosomal vector as described earlier. The term "host cell" encompasses any progeny of a parent cell that is not identical to the parent cell due to mutations that occur during replication. The choice of a host cell will to a large extent depend upon the gene encoding the variant and its source.

[0281] The host cell may be any cell useful in the recombinant production of a GH61 polypeptide variant, *e.g.*, a prokaryote or a eukaryote.

[0282] The prokaryotic host cell may be any Gram-positive or Gram-negative bacterium. Gram-positive bacteria include, but are not limited to, *Bacillus*, *Clostridium*, *Enterococcus*, *Geobacillus*, *Lactobacillus*, *Lactococcus*, *Oceanobacillus*, *Staphylococcus*, *Streptococcus*, and *Streptomyces*. Gram-negative bacteria include, but are not limited to, *Campylobacter*, *E. coli*, *Flavobacterium*, *Fusobacterium*, *Helicobacter*, *Ilyobacter*, *Neisseria*,

Pseudomonas, *Salmonella*, and *Ureaplasma*.

[0283] The bacterial host cell may be any *Bacillus* cell including, but not limited to, *Bacillus alkalophilus*, *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens*, *Bacillus brevis*, *Bacillus circulans*, *Bacillus clausii*, *Bacillus coagulans*, *Bacillus firmus*, *Bacillus lautus*, *Bacillus lentus*, *Bacillus licheniformis*, *Bacillus megaterium*, *Bacillus pumilus*, *Bacillus stearothermophilus*, *Bacillus subtilis*, and *Bacillus thuringiensis* cells.

[0284] The bacterial host cell may also be any *Streptococcus* cell including, but not limited to, *Streptococcus equisimilis*, *Streptococcus pyogenes*, *Streptococcus uberis*, and *Streptococcus equi* subsp. *Zooepidemicus* cells.

[0285] The bacterial host cell may also be any *Streptomyces* cell, including, but not limited to, *Streptomyces achromogenes*, *Streptomyces avermitilis*, *Streptomyces coelicolor*, *Streptomyces griseus*, and *Streptomyces lividans* cells.

[0286] The introduction of DNA into a *Bacillus* cell may be effected by protoplast transformation (see, *e.g.*, Chang and Cohen, 1979, Mol. Gen. Genet. 168: 111-115), competent cell transformation (see, *e.g.*, Young and Spizizen, 1961, J. Bacteriol. 81: 823-829, or Dubnau and Davidoff-Abelson, 1971, J. Mol. Biol. 56: 209-221), electroporation (see, *e.g.*, Shigekawa and Dower, 1988, Biotechniques 6: 742-751), or conjugation (see, *e.g.*, Koehler and Thorne, 1987, J. Bacteriol. 169: 5271-5278). The introduction of DNA into an *E. coli* cell may be effected by protoplast transformation (see, *e.g.,* Hanahan, 1983, J. Mol. Biol. 166: 557-580) or electroporation (see, *e.g.*, Dower et al., 1988, Nucleic Acids Res. 16: 6127-6145). The introduction of DNA into a *Streptomyces* cell may be effected by protoplast transformation, electroporation (see, *e.g.*, Gong et al., 2004, Folia Microbiol. (Praha) 49: 399-405), conjugation (see, *e.g.*, Mazodier et al., 1989, J. Bacteriol. 171: 3583-3585), or transduction (see, *e.g.*, Burke et al., 2001, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 98: 6289-6294). The introduction of DNA into a *Pseudomonas* cell may be effected by electroporation (see, *e.g.*, Choi et al., 2006, J. Microbiol. Methods 64: 391-397), or conjugation (see, *e.g.*, Pinedo and Smets, 2005, Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 71: 51-57). The introduction of DNA into a *Streptococcus* cell may be effected by natural competence (see, *e.g.*, Perry and Kuramitsu, 1981, Infect. Immun. 32: 1295-1297), protoplast transformation (see, *e.g.*, Catt and Jollick, 1991, Microbios 68: 189-207), electroporation (see, *e.g.*, Buckley et al., 1999, Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 65: 3800-3804) or conjugation (see, *e.g.*, Clewell, 1981, Microbiol. Rev. 45: 409-436). However, any method known in the art for introducing DNA into a host cell can be used.

[0287] The host cell may also be a eukaryote, such as a mammalian, insect, plant, or fungal cell.

[0288] The host cell may be a fungal cell. "Fungi" as used herein includes the phyla Ascomycota, Basidiomycota, Chytridiomycota, and Zygomycota as well as the Oomycota and all mitosporic fungi (as defined by Hawksworth et al., In, Ainsworth and Bisby's Dictionary of The Fungi, 8th edition, 1995, CAB International, University Press, Cambridge, UK).

[0289] The fungal host cell may be a yeast cell. "Yeast" as used herein includes ascosporogenous yeast (Endomycetales), basidiosporogenous yeast, and yeast belonging to the Fungi Imperfecti (Blastomycetes). Since the classification of yeast may change in the future, for the purposes of this invention, yeast shall be defined as described in Biology and Activities of Yeast (Skinner, Passmore, and Davenport, editors, Soc. App. Bacteriol. Symposium Series No. 9, 1980).

[0290] The yeast host cell may be a *Candida*, *Hansenula*, *Kluyveromyces*, *Pichia*, *Saccharomyces*, *Schizosaccharomyces*, or *Yarrowia* cell such as a *Kluyveromyces lactis*, *Saccharomyces carlsbergensis*, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Saccharomyces diastaticus*, *Saccharomyces douglasii*, *Saccharomyces kluyveri*, *Saccharomyces norbensis*, *Saccharomyces oviformis*, or *Yarrowia lipolytica* cell.

[0291] The fungal host cell may be a filamentous fungal cell. "Filamentous fungi" include all filamentous forms of the subdivision Eumycota and Oomycota (as defined by Hawksworth *et al.*, 1995, *supra*). The filamentous fungi

are generally characterized by a mycelial wall composed of chitin, cellulose, glucan, chitosan, mannan, and other complex polysaccharides. Vegetative growth is by hyphal elongation and carbon catabolism is obligately aerobic. In contrast, vegetative growth by yeasts such as *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* is by budding of a unicellular thallus and carbon catabolism may be fermentative.

[0292] The filamentous fungal host cell may be an *Acremonium*, *Aspergillus*, *Aureobasidium*, *Bjerkandera*, *Ceriporiopsis*, *Chrysosporium*, *Coprinus*, *Coriolus*, *Cryptococcus*, *Filibasidium*, *Fusarium*, *Humicola*, *Magnaporthe*, *Mucor*, *Myceliophthora*, *Neocallimastix*, *Neurospora*, *Paecilomyces*, *Penicillium*, *Phanerochaete*, *Phlebia*, *Piromyces*, *Pleurotus*, *Schizophyllum*, *Talaromyces*, *Thermoascus*, *Thielavia*, *Tolypocladium*, *Trametes*, or *Trichoderma* cell.

[0293] For example, the filamentous fungal host cell may be an *Aspergillus awamori*, *Aspergillus foetidus*, *Aspergillus fumigatus*, *Aspergillus japonicus*, *Aspergillus nidulans*, *Aspergillus niger*, *Aspergillus oryzae*, *Bjerkandera adusta*, *Ceriporiopsis aneirina*, *Ceriporiopsis caregiea*, *Ceriporiopsis gilvescens*, *Ceriporiopsis pannocinta*, *Ceriporiopsis rivulosa*, *Ceriporiopsis subrufa*, *Ceriporiopsis subvermispora*, *Chrysosporium inops*, *Chrysosporium keratinophilum*, *Chrysosporium lucknowense*, *Chrysosporium merdarium*, *Chrysosporium pannicola*, *Chrysosporium queenslandicum*, *Chrysosporium tropicum*, *Chrysosporium zonatum*, *Coprinus cinereus*, *Coriolus hirsutus*, *Fusarium bactridioides*, *Fusarium cerealis*, *Fusarium crookwellense*, *Fusarium culmorum*, *Fusarium graminearum*, *Fusarium graminum*, *Fusarium heterosporum*, *Fusarium negundi*, *Fusarium oxysporum*, *Fusarium reticulatum*, *Fusarium roseum*, *Fusarium sambucinum*, *Fusarium sarcochroum*, *Fusarium sporotrichioides*, *Fusarium sulphureum*, *Fusarium torulosum*, *Fusarium trichothecioides*, *Fusarium venenatum*, *Humicola insolens*, *Humicola lanuginosa*, *Mucor miehei*, *Myceliophthora thermophila*, *Neurospora crassa*, *Penicillium purpurogenum*, *Phanerochaete chrysosporium*, *Phlebia radiata*, *Pleurotus eryngii*, *Thielavia terrestris*, *Trametes villosa*, *Trametes versicolor*, *Trichoderma harzianum*, *Trichoderma koningii*, *Trichoderma longibrachiatum*, *Trichoderma reesei*, or *Trichoderma viride* cell.

[0294] Fungal cells may be transformed by a process involving protoplast formation, transformation of the protoplasts, and regeneration of the cell wall in a manner known *per se*. Suitable procedures for transformation of *Aspergillus* and *Trichoderma* host cells are described in EP 238023, Yelton et al., 1984, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 81: 1470-1474, and Christensen et al., 1988, Bio/Technology 6: 1419-1422. Suitable methods for transforming *Fusarium* species are described by Malardier et al., 1989, Gene 78: 147-156, and WO 96/00787. Yeast may be transformed using the procedures described by Becker and Guarente, In Abelson, J.N. and Simon, M.I., editors, Guide to Yeast Genetics and Molecular Biology, Methods in Enzymology, Volume 194, pp 182-187, Academic Press, Inc., New York; Ito et al., 1983, J. Bacteriol. 153: 163; and Hinnen et al., 1978, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 75: 1920.

Methods of Production

[0295] The present invention also relates to methods of producing a GH61 polypeptide variant, comprising: (a) cultivating a host cell comprising a polynucleotide of the present invention under conditions suitable for expression of the variant; and optionally (b) recovering the variant.

[0296] The host cells are cultivated in a nutrient medium suitable for production of the GH61 polypeptide variant using methods known in the art. For example, the cells may be cultivated by shake flask cultivation, or small-scale or large-scale fermentation (including continuous, batch, fed-batch, or solid state fermentations) in laboratory or industrial fermentors in a suitable medium and under conditions allowing the variant to be expressed and/or isolated. The cultivation takes place in a suitable nutrient medium comprising carbon and nitrogen sources and inorganic salts, using procedures known in the art. Suitable media are available from commercial suppliers or may be prepared according to published compositions (*e.g.*, in catalogues of the American Type Culture Collection). If the variant is secreted into the nutrient medium, the variant can be recovered directly from the medium. If the variant is not secreted, it can be recovered from cell lysates.

[0297] The GH61 polypeptide variant may be detected using methods known in the art that are specific for the variant. These detection methods include, but are not limited to, use of specific antibodies, formation of an enzyme product, or disappearance of an enzyme substrate. For example, an enzyme assay may be used to determine the activity of the variant. See, for example, the assay described in Example 5.

[0298] The GH61 polypeptide variant may be recovered using methods known in the art. For example, the variant may be recovered from the nutrient medium by conventional procedures including, but not limited to, collection, centrifugation, filtration, extraction, spray-drying, evaporation, or precipitation. In one aspect, a whole fermentation broth comprising a variant of the present invention is recovered.

[0299] The GH61 polypeptide variant may be purified by a variety of procedures known in the art including, but not limited to, chromatography (e.g., ion exchange, affinity, hydrophobic, chromatofocusing, and size exclusion), electrophoretic procedures (*e.g.*, preparative isoelectric focusing), differential solubility (*e.g.*, ammonium sulfate precipitation), SDS-PAGE, or extraction (see, *e.g.*, Protein Purification, Janson and Ryden, editors, VCH Publishers, New York, 1989) to obtain substantially pure variants.

[0300] In an alternative aspect, the GH61 polypeptide variant is not recovered, but rather a host cell of the present invention expressing the variant is used as a source of the variant.

Fermentation Broth Formulations or Cell Compositions

[0301] The present invention also relates to a fermentation broth formulation or a cell composition comprising a variant of the present invention. The fermentation broth product further comprises additional ingredients used in the fermentation process, such as, for example, cells (including, the host cells containing the gene encoding the polypeptide of the present invention which are used to produce the polypeptide of interest), cell debris, biomass, fermentation media and/or fermentation products. In some embodiments, the composition is a cell-killed whole broth containing organic acid(s), killed cells and/or cell debris, and culture medium.

[0302] The term "fermentation broth" as used herein refers to a preparation produced by cellular fermentation that undergoes no or minimal recovery and/or purification. For example, fermentation broths are produced when microbial cultures are grown to saturation, incubated under carbon-limiting conditions to allow protein synthesis (*e.g.*, expression of enzymes by host cells) and secretion into cell culture medium. The fermentation broth can contain unfractionated or fractionated contents of the fermentation materials derived at the end of the fermentation. Typically, the fermentation broth is unfractionated and comprises the spent culture medium and cell debris present after the microbial cells (*e.g.,* filamentous fungal cells) are removed, *e.g.*, by centrifugation. In some embodiments, the fermentation broth contains spent cell culture medium, extracellular enzymes, and viable and/or nonviable microbial cells.

[0303] In an embodiment, the fermentation broth formulation and cell compositions comprise a first organic acid component comprising at least one 1-5 carbon organic acid and/or a salt thereof and a second organic acid component comprising at least one 6 or more carbon organic acid and/or a salt thereof. In a specific embodiment, the first organic acid component is acetic acid, formic acid, propionic acid, a salt thereof, or a mixture of two or more of the foregoing and the second organic acid component is benzoic acid, cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, 4-methylvaleric acid, phenylacetic acid, a salt thereof, or a mixture of two or more of the foregoing.

[0304] In one aspect, the composition contains an organic acid(s), and optionally further contains killed cells and/or cell debris. In one embodiment, the killed cells and/or cell debris are removed from a cell-killed whole broth to provide a composition that is free of these components.

[0305] The fermentation broth formulations or cell compositions may further comprise a preservative and/or antimicrobial (*e.g.*, bacteriostatic) agent, including, but not limited to, sorbitol, sodium chloride, potassium sorbate, and others known in the art.

[0306] The fermentation broth formulations or cell compositions may further comprise multiple enzymatic activities, such as one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes selected from the group consisting of a cellulase, a hemicellulase, an esterase, an expansin, a laccase, a ligninolytic enzyme, a pectinase, a peroxidase, a protease, and a swollenin. The fermentation broth formulations or cell compositions may also comprise one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes selected from the group consisting of a hydrolase, an isomerase, a ligase, a lyase, an oxidoreductase, or a transferase, *e.g.*, an alpha-galactosidase, alpha-glucosidase, aminopeptidase, amylase, beta-galactosidase, beta-glucosidase, beta-xylosidase, carbohydrase, carboxypeptidase, catalase, cellobiohydrolase, cellulase, chitinase, cutinase, cyclodextrin glycosyltransferase, deoxyribonuclease, endoglucanase, esterase, glucoamylase, invertase, laccase, lipase, mannosidase, mutanase, oxidase, pectinolytic enzyme, peroxidase, phytase, polyphenoloxidase, proteolytic enzyme, ribonuclease, transglutaminase, or xylanase.

[0307] The cell-killed whole broth or composition may contain the unfractionated contents of the fermentation materials derived at the end of the fermentation. Typically, the cell-killed whole broth or composition contains the spent culture medium and cell debris present after the microbial cells (*e.g.*, filamentous fungal cells) are grown to saturation, incubated under carbon-limiting conditions to allow protein synthesis (*e.g.*, expression of cellulase and/or glucosidase enzyme(s)). In some embodiments, the cell-killed whole broth or composition contains the spent cell culture medium, extracellular enzymes, and killed filamentous fungal cells. In some embodiments, the microbial cells present in the cell-killed whole broth or composition can be permeabilized and/or lysed using methods known in the art.

[0308] A whole broth or cell composition as described herein is typically a liquid, but may contain insoluble components, such as killed cells, cell debris, culture media components, and/or insoluble enzyme(s). In some embodiments, insoluble components may be removed to provide a clarified liquid composition.

[0309] The whole broth formulations and cell compositions of the present invention may be produced by a method described in WO 90/15861 or WO 2010/096673.

[0310] Examples are given below of preferred uses of the compositions of the present invention. The dosage of the composition and other conditions under which the composition is used may be determined on the basis of methods known in the art.

Enzyme Compositions

[0311] Disclosed are compositions comprising a variant of the present invention. Preferably, the compositions are enriched in such a variant. The term "enriched" indicates that the cellulolytic enhancing activity of the composition has been increased, *e.g.,* with an enrichment factor of at least 1.1.

[0312] The compositions may comprise a variant of the present invention as the major enzymatic component, *e.g.*, a mono-component composition. Alternatively, the compositions may comprise multiple enzymatic activities, such as one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes selected from the group consisting of a cellulase, a hemicellulase, an esterase, an expansin, a laccase, a ligninolytic enzyme, a pectinase, a peroxidase, a protease, and a swollenin. The compositions may also comprise one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes selected from the group consisting of a hydrolase, an isomerase, a ligase, a lyase, an oxidoreductase, or a transferase, *e.g.*, an alpha-galactosidase, alpha-glucosidase, aminopeptidase, amylase, beta-galactosidase, beta-glucosidase, beta-xylosidase, carbohydrase, carboxypeptidase, catalase, cellobiohydrolase, cellulase, chitinase, cutinase, cyclodextrin glycosyltransferase, deoxyribonuclease, endoglucanase, esterase, glucoamylase, invertase,

laccase, lipase, mannosidase, mutanase, oxidase, pectinolytic enzyme, peroxidase, phytase, polyphenoloxidase, proteolytic enzyme, ribonuclease, transglutaminase, or xylanase. The compositions may be prepared in accordance with methods known in the art and may be in the form of a liquid or a dry composition. The compositions may be stabilized in accordance with methods known in the art.

[0313] Examples are given below of preferred uses of the compositions of the present invention. The dosage of the composition and other conditions under which the composition is used may be determined on the basis of methods known in the art.

Uses

[0314] The present invention is also directed to the following processes for using the GH61 polypeptide variants having cellulolytic enhancing activity, or compositions thereof.

[0315] The present invention also relates to processes for degrading or converting a cellulosic material, comprising: treating the cellulosic material with an enzyme composition in the presence of a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention. In one aspect, the processes further comprise recovering the degraded or converted cellulosic material. Soluble products of degradation or conversion of the cellulosic material can be separated from insoluble cellulosic material using a method known in the art such as, for example, centrifugation, filtration, or gravity settling.

[0316] The present invention also relates to processes of producing a fermentation product, comprising: (a) saccharifying a cellulosic material with an enzyme composition in the presence of a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention; (b) fermenting the saccharified cellulosic material with one or more (*e.g.*, several) fermenting microorganisms to produce the fermentation product; and (c) recovering the fermentation product from the fermentation.

[0317] The present invention also relates to processes of fermenting a cellulosic material, comprising: fermenting the cellulosic material with one or more (*e.g.*, several) fermenting microorganisms, wherein the cellulosic material is saccharified with an enzyme composition in the presence of a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention. In one aspect, the fermenting of the cellulosic material produces a fermentation product. In another aspect, the processes further comprise recovering the fermentation product from the fermentation.

[0318] The processes of the present invention can be used to saccharify the cellulosic material to fermentable sugars and to convert the fermentable sugars to many useful fermentation products, *e.g.,* fuel, potable ethanol, and/or platform chemicals (*e.g.*, acids, alcohols, ketones, gases, and the like). The production of a desired fermentation product from the cellulosic material typically involves pretreatment, enzymatic hydrolysis (saccharification), and fermentation.

[0319] The processing of the cellulosic material according to the present invention can be accomplished using methods conventional in the art. Moreover, the processes of the present invention can be implemented using any conventional biomass processing apparatus configured to operate in accordance with the invention.

[0320] Hydrolysis (saccharification) and fermentation, separate or simultaneous, include, but are not limited to, separate hydrolysis and fermentation (SHF); simultaneous saccharification and fermentation (SSF); simultaneous saccharification and co-fermentation (SSCF); hybrid hydrolysis and fermentation (HHF); separate hydrolysis and co-fermentation (SHCF); hybrid hydrolysis and co-fermentation (HHCF); and direct microbial conversion (DMC), also sometimes called consolidated bioprocessing (CBP). SHF uses separate process steps to first enzymatically hydrolyze the cellulosic material to fermentable sugars, *e.g.*, glucose, cellobiose, and pentose monomers, and then ferment the fermentable sugars to ethanol. In SSF, the enzymatic hydrolysis of the cellulosic material and the fermentation of sugars to ethanol are combined in one step (Philippidis, G. P., 1996,

Cellulose bioconversion technology, in Handbook on Bioethanol: Production and Utilization, Wyman, C. E., ed., Taylor & Francis, Washington, DC, 179-212). SSCF involves the co-fermentation of multiple sugars (Sheehan, J., and Himmel, M., 1999, Enzymes, energy and the environment: A strategic perspective on the U.S. Department of Energy's research and development activities for bioethanol, Biotechnol. Prog. 15: 817-827). HHF involves a separate hydrolysis step, and in addition a simultaneous saccharification and hydrolysis step, which can be carried out in the same reactor. The steps in an HHF process can be carried out at different temperatures, *i.e.,* high temperature enzymatic saccharification followed by SSF at a lower temperature that the fermentation strain can tolerate. DMC combines all three processes (enzyme production, hydrolysis, and fermentation) in one or more (*e.g.*, several) steps where the same organism is used to produce the enzymes for conversion of the cellulosic material to fermentable sugars and to convert the fermentable sugars into a final product (Lynd, L. R., Weimer, P. J., van Zyl, W. H., and Pretorius, I. S., 2002, Microbial cellulose utilization: Fundamentals and biotechnology, Microbiol. Mol. Biol. Reviews 66: 506-577). It is understood herein that any method known in the art comprising pretreatment, enzymatic hydrolysis (saccharification), fermentation, or a combination thereof, can be used in the practicing the processes of the present invention.

[0321] A conventional apparatus can include a fed-batch stirred reactor, a batch stirred reactor, a continuous flow stirred reactor with ultrafiltration, and/or a continuous plug-flow column reactor (Fernanda de Castilhos Corazza, Flávio Faria de Moraes, Gisella Maria Zanin and Ivo Neitzel, 2003, Optimal control in fed-batch reactor for the cellobiose hydrolysis, Acta Scientiarum. Technology 25: 33-38; Gusakov, A. V., and Sinitsyn, A. P., 1985, Kinetics of the enzymatic hydrolysis of cellulose: 1. A mathematical model for a batch reactor process, Enz. Microb. Technol. 7: 346-352), an attrition reactor (Ryu, S. K., and Lee, J. M., 1983, Bioconversion of waste cellulose by using an attrition bioreactor, Biotechnol. Bioeng. 25: 53-65), or a reactor with intensive stirring induced by an electromagnetic field (Gusakov, A. V., Sinitsyn, A. P., Davydkin, I. Y., Davydkin, V. Y., Protas, O. V., 1996, Enhancement of enzymatic cellulose hydrolysis using a novel type of bioreactor with intensive stirring induced by electromagnetic field, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 56: 141-153). Additional reactor types include fluidized bed, upflow blanket, immobilized, and extruder type reactors for hydrolysis and/or fermentation.

[0322] Pretreatment. In practicing the processes of the present invention, any pretreatment process known in the art can be used to disrupt plant cell wall components of the cellulosic material (Chandra et al., 2007, Substrate pretreatment: The key to effective enzymatic hydrolysis of lignocellulosics?, Adv. Biochem. Engin./Biotechnol. 108: 67-93; Galbe and Zacchi, 2007, Pretreatment of lignocellulosic materials for efficient bioethanol production, Adv. Biochem. Engin./Biotechnol. 108: 41-65; Hendriks and Zeeman, 2009, Pretreatments to enhance the digestibility of lignocellulosic biomass, Bioresource Technol. 100: 10-18; Mosier et al., 2005, Features of promising technologies for pretreatment of lignocellulosic biomass, Bioresource Technol. 96: 673-686; Taherzadeh and Karimi, 2008, Pretreatment of lignocellulosic wastes to improve ethanol and biogas production: A review, Int. J. of Mol. Sci. 9: 1621-1651; Yang and Wyman, 2008, Pretreatment: the key to unlocking low-cost cellulosic ethanol, Biofuels Bioproducts and Biorefining-Biofpr. 2: 26-40).

[0323] The cellulosic material can also be subjected to particle size reduction, sieving, presoaking, wetting, washing, and/or conditioning prior to pretreatment using methods known in the art.

[0324] Conventional pretreatments include, but are not limited to, steam pretreatment (with or without explosion), dilute acid pretreatment, hot water pretreatment, alkaline pretreatment, lime pretreatment, wet oxidation, wet explosion, ammonia fiber explosion, organosolv pretreatment, and biological pretreatment. Additional pretreatments include ammonia percolation, ultrasound, electroporation, microwave, supercritical CO_2, supercritical H_2O, ozone, ionic liquid, and gamma irradiation pretreatments.

[0325] The cellulosic material can be pretreated before hydrolysis and/or fermentation. Pretreatment is preferably performed prior to the hydrolysis. Alternatively, the pretreatment can be carried out simultaneously with enzyme hydrolysis to release fermentable sugars, such as glucose, xylose, and/or cellobiose. In most cases the pretreatment step itself results in some conversion of biomass to fermentable sugars (even in absence of enzymes).

[0326] Steam Pretreatment. In steam pretreatment, the cellulosic material is heated to disrupt the plant cell wall components, including lignin, hemicellulose, and cellulose to make the cellulose and other fractions, *e.g.*, hemicellulose, accessible to enzymes. The cellulosic material is passed to or through a reaction vessel where steam is injected to increase the temperature to the required temperature and pressure and is retained therein for the desired reaction time. Steam pretreatment is preferably performed at 140-250°C, *e.g.*, 160-200°C or 170-190°C, where the optimal temperature range depends on addition of a chemical catalyst. Residence time for the steam pretreatment is preferably 1-60 minutes, *e.g.*, 1-30 minutes, 1-20 minutes, 3-12 minutes, or 4-10 minutes, where the optimal residence time depends on temperature range and addition of a chemical catalyst. Steam pretreatment allows for relatively high solids loadings, so that the cellulosic material is generally only moist during the pretreatment. The steam pretreatment is often combined with an explosive discharge of the material after the pretreatment, which is known as steam explosion, that is, rapid flashing to atmospheric pressure and turbulent flow of the material to increase the accessible surface area by fragmentation (Duff and Murray, 1996, Bioresource Technology 855: 1-33; Galbe and Zacchi, 2002, Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 59: 618-628; U.S. Patent Application No. 20020164730). During steam pretreatment, hemicellulose acetyl groups are cleaved and the resulting acid autocatalyzes partial hydrolysis of the hemicellulose to monosaccharides and oligosaccharides. Lignin is removed to only a limited extent.

[0327] Chemical Pretreatment: The term "chemical treatment" refers to any chemical pretreatment that promotes the separation and/or release of cellulose, hemicellulose, and/or lignin. Such a pretreatment can convert crystalline cellulose to amorphous cellulose. Examples of suitable chemical pretreatment processes include, for example, dilute acid pretreatment, lime pretreatment, wet oxidation, ammonia fiber/freeze explosion (AFEX), ammonia percolation (APR), ionic liquid, and organosolv pretreatments.

[0328] A catalyst such as H_2SO_4 or SO_2 (typically 0.3 to 5% w/w) is often added prior to steam pretreatment, which decreases the time and temperature, increases the recovery, and improves enzymatic hydrolysis (Ballesteros et al., 2006, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 129-132: 496-508; Varga et al., 2004, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 113-116: 509-523; Sassner et al., 2006, Enzyme Microb. Technol. 39: 756-762). In dilute acid pretreatment, the cellulosic material is mixed with dilute acid, typically H_2SO_4, and water to form a slurry, heated by steam to the desired temperature, and after a residence time flashed to atmospheric pressure. The dilute acid pretreatment can be performed with a number of reactor designs, *e.g.*, plug-flow reactors, counter-current reactors, or continuous counter-current shrinking bed reactors (Duff and Murray, 1996, *supra;* Schell et al., 2004, Bioresource Technol. 91: 179-188; Lee et al., 1999, Adv. Biochem. Eng. Biotechnol. 65: 93-115).

[0329] Several methods of pretreatment under alkaline conditions can also be used. These alkaline pretreatments include, but are not limited to, sodium hydroxide, lime, wet oxidation, ammonia percolation (APR), and ammonia fiber/freeze explosion (AFEX).

[0330] Lime pretreatment is performed with calcium oxide or calcium hydroxide at temperatures of 85-150°C and residence times from 1 hour to several days (Wyman et al., 2005, Bioresource Technol. 96: 1959-1966; Mosier et al., 2005, Bioresource Technol. 96: 673-686). WO 2006/110891, WO 2006/110899, WO 2006/110900, and WO 2006/110901 disclose pretreatment methods using ammonia.

[0331] Wet oxidation is a thermal pretreatment performed typically at 180-200°C for 5-15 minutes with addition of an oxidative agent such as hydrogen peroxide or over-pressure of oxygen (Schmidt and Thomsen, 1998, Bioresource Technol. 64: 139-151; Palonen et al., 2004, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 117: 1-17; Varga et al., 2004, Biotechnol. Bioeng. 88: 567-574; Martin et al., 2006, J. Chem. Technol. Biotechnol. 81: 1669-1677). The pretreatment is performed preferably at 1-40% dry matter, *e.g.*, 2-30% dry matter or 5-20% dry matter, and often the initial pH is increased by the addition of alkali such as sodium carbonate.

[0332] A modification of the wet oxidation pretreatment method, known as wet explosion (combination of wet oxidation and steam explosion) can handle dry matter up to 30%. In wet explosion, the oxidizing agent is

introduced during pretreatment after a certain residence time. The pretreatment is then ended by flashing to atmospheric pressure (WO 2006/032282).

[0333] Ammonia fiber explosion (AFEX) involves treating the cellulosic material with liquid or gaseous ammonia at moderate temperatures such as 90-150°C and high pressure such as 17-20 bar for 5-10 minutes, where the dry matter content can be as high as 60% (Gollapalli et al., 2002, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 98: 23-35; Chundawat et al., 2007, Biotechnol. Bioeng. 96: 219-231; Alizadeh et al., 2005, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 121: 1133-1141; Teymouri et al., 2005, Bioresource Technol. 96: 2014-2018). During AFEX pretreatment cellulose and hemicelluloses remain relatively intact. Lignin-carbohydrate complexes are cleaved.

[0334] Organosolv pretreatment delignifies the cellulosic material by extraction using aqueous ethanol (40-60% ethanol) at 160-200°C for 30-60 minutes (Pan et al., 2005, Biotechnol. Bioeng. 90: 473-481; Pan et al., 2006, Biotechnol. Bioeng. 94: 851-861; Kurabi et al., 2005, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 121: 219-230). Sulphuric acid is usually added as a catalyst. In organosolv pretreatment, the majority of hemicellulose and lignin is removed.

[0335] Other examples of suitable pretreatment methods are described by Schell et al., 2003, Appl. Biochem. and Biotechnol. Vol. 105-108, p. 69-85, and Mosier et al., 2005, Bioresource Technology 96: 673-686, and U.S. Published Application 2002/0164730.

[0336] In one aspect, the chemical pretreatment is preferably carried out as a dilute acid treatment, and more preferably as a continuous dilute acid treatment. The acid is typically sulfuric acid, but other acids can also be used, such as acetic acid, citric acid, nitric acid, phosphoric acid, tartaric acid, succinic acid, hydrogen chloride, or mixtures thereof. Mild acid treatment is conducted in the pH range of preferably 1-5, *e.g.*, 1-4 or 1-2.5. In one aspect, the acid concentration is in the range from preferably 0.01 to 10 wt % acid, *e.g.*, 0.05 to 5 wt % acid or 0.1 to 2 wt % acid. The acid is contacted with the cellulosic material and held at a temperature in the range of preferably 140-200°C, *e.g.*, 165-190°C, for periods ranging from 1 to 60 minutes.

[0337] In another aspect, pretreatment takes place in an aqueous slurry. In preferred aspects, the cellulosic material is present during pretreatment in amounts preferably between 10-80 wt %, *e.g.*, 20-70 wt % or 30-60 wt %, such as around 40 wt %. The pretreated cellulosic material can be unwashed or washed using any method known in the art, *e.g.*, washed with water.

[0338] Mechanical Pretreatment or Physical Pretreatment: The term "mechanical pretreatment" or "physical pretreatment" refers to any pretreatment that promotes size reduction of particles. For example, such pretreatment can involve various types of grinding or milling (*e.g.*, dry milling, wet milling, or vibratory ball milling).

[0339] The cellulosic material can be pretreated both physically (mechanically) and chemically. Mechanical or physical pretreatment can be coupled with steaming/steam explosion, hydrothermolysis, dilute or mild acid treatment, high temperature, high pressure treatment, irradiation (*e.g.*, microwave irradiation), or combinations thereof. In one aspect, high pressure means pressure in the range of preferably about 100 to about 400 psi, *e.g.*, about 150 to about 250 psi. In another aspect, high temperature means temperatures in the range of about 100 to about 300°C, *e.g.*, about 140 to about 200°C. In a preferred aspect, mechanical or physical pretreatment is performed in a batch-process using a steam gun hydrolyzer system that uses high pressure and high temperature as defined above, *e.g.*, a Sunds Hydrolyzer available from Sunds Defibrator AB, Sweden. The physical and chemical pretreatments can be carried out sequentially or simultaneously, as desired.

[0340] Accordingly, in a preferred aspect, the cellulosic material is subjected to physical (mechanical) or chemical pretreatment, or any combination thereof, to promote the separation and/or release of cellulose, hemicellulose, and/or lignin.

[0341] Biological Pretreatment: The term "biological pretreatment" refers to any biological pretreatment that

promotes the separation and/or release of cellulose, hemicellulose, and/or lignin from the cellulosic material. Biological pretreatment techniques can involve applying lignin-solubilizing microorganisms and/or enzymes (see, for example, Hsu, T.-A., 1996, Pretreatment of biomass, in Handbook on Bioethanol: Production and Utilization, Wyman, C. E., ed., Taylor& Francis, Washington, DC, 179-212; Ghosh and Singh, 1993, Physicochemical and biological treatments for enzymatic/microbial conversion of cellulosic biomass, Adv. Appl. Microbiol. 39: 295-333; McMillan, J. D., 1994, Pretreating lignocellulosic biomass: a review, in Enzymatic Conversion of Biomass for Fuels Production, Himmel, M. E., Baker, J. O., and Overend, R. P., eds., ACS Symposium Series 566, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC, chapter 15; Gong, C. S., Cao, N. J., Du, J., and Tsao, G. T., 1999, Ethanol production from renewable resources, in Advances in Biochemical Engineering/Biotechnology, Scheper, T., ed., Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Germany, 65: 207-241; Olsson and Hahn-Hagerdal, 1996, Fermentation of lignocellulosic hydrolysates for ethanol production, Enz. Microb. Tech. 18: 312-331; and Vallander and Eriksson, 1990, Production of ethanol from lignocellulosic materials: State of the art, Adv. Biochem. Eng./Biotechnol. 42: 63-95).

[0342] Saccharification. In the hydrolysis step, also known as saccharification, the cellulosic material, *e.g.*, pretreated, is hydrolyzed to break down cellulose and/or hemicellulose to fermentable sugars, such as glucose, cellobiose, xylose, xylulose, arabinose, mannose, galactose, and/or soluble oligosaccharides. The hydrolysis is performed enzymatically by an enzyme composition in the presence of a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention. The enzymes of the compositions can be added simultaneously or sequentially.

[0343] Enzymatic hydrolysis is preferably carried out in a suitable aqueous environment under conditions that can be readily determined by one skilled in the art. In one aspect, hydrolysis is performed under conditions suitable for the activity of the enzyme(s), *i.e.*, optimal for the enzyme(s). The hydrolysis can be carried out as a fed batch or continuous process where the cellulosic material is fed gradually to, for example, an enzyme containing hydrolysis solution.

[0344] The saccharification is generally performed in stirred-tank reactors orfermentors under controlled pH, temperature, and mixing conditions. Suitable process time, temperature and pH conditions can readily be determined by one skilled in the art. For example, the saccharification can last up to 200 hours, but is typically performed for preferably about 12 to about 120 hours, *e.g.*, about 16 to about 72 hours or about 24 to about 48 hours. The temperature is in the range of preferably about 25°C to about 80°C, *e.g.*, about 30°C to about 65°C, about 40°C to about 60°C, or about 50°C to about 55°C. The pH is in the range of preferably about 3 to about 9, *e.g.*, about 3.5 to about 7, about 4 to about 6, or about 5.0 to about 5.5. The dry solids content is in the range of preferably about 5 to about 50 wt %, *e.g.*, about 10 to about 40 wt % or about 20 to about 30 wt %.

[0345] The enzyme compositions can comprise any protein useful in degrading the cellulosic material.

[0346] In one aspect, the enzyme composition comprises or further comprises one or more (*e.g.*, several) proteins selected from the group consisting of a cellulase, a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity, a hemicellulase, an esterase, an expansin, a laccase, a ligninolytic enzyme, a pectinase, a peroxidase, a protease, and a swollenin. In another aspect, the cellulase is preferably one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes selected from the group consisting of an endoglucanase, a cellobiohydrolase, and a beta-glucosidase. In another aspect, the hemicellulase is preferably one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes selected from the group consisting of an acetylmannan esterase, an acetylxylan esterase, an arabinanase, an arabinofuranosidase, a coumaric acid esterase, a feruloyl esterase, a galactosidase, a glucuronidase, a glucuronoyl esterase, a mannanase, a mannosidase, a xylanase, and a xylosidase.

[0347] In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises one or more (*e.g.*, several) cellulolytic enzymes. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises or further comprises one or more (*e.g.*, several) hemicellulolytic enzymes. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises one or more (*e.g.*, several) cellulolytic enzymes and one or more (*e.g.*, several) hemicellulolytic enzymes. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes selected from the group of cellulolytic enzymes and

hemicellulolytic enzymes. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an endoglucanase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a cellobiohydrolase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a beta-glucosidase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an endoglucanase and a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a cellobiohydrolase and a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a beta-glucosidase and a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an endoglucanase and a cellobiohydrolase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an endoglucanase and a beta-glucosidase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a cellobiohydrolase and a beta-glucosidase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an endoglucanase, a cellobiohydrolase, and a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an endoglucanase, a beta-glucosidase, and a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a cellobiohydrolase, a beta-glucosidase, and a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an endoglucanase, a cellobiohydrolase, and a beta-glucosidase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an endoglucanase, a cellobiohydrolase, a beta-glucosidase, and a polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity.

[0348] In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an acetylmannan esterase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an acetylxylan esterase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an arabinanase (*e.g.*, alpha-L-arabinanase). In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an arabinofuranosidase (*e.g.*, alpha-L-arabinofuranosidase). In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a coumaric acid esterase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a feruloyl esterase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a galactosidase (*e.g.*, alpha-galactosidase and/or beta-galactosidase). In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a glucuronidase (*e.g.*, alpha-D-glucuronidase). In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a glucuronoyl esterase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a mannanase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a mannosidase (*e.g.*, beta-mannosidase). In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a xylanase. In a preferred aspect, the xylanase is a Family 10 xylanase. In another preferred aspect, the xylanase is a Family 11 xylanase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a xylosidase (*e.g.*, beta-xylosidase).

[0349] In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an esterase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises an expansin. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a laccase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a ligninolytic enzyme. In a preferred aspect, the ligninolytic enzyme is a manganese peroxidase. In another preferred aspect, the ligninolytic enzyme is a lignin peroxidase. In another preferred aspect, the ligninolytic enzyme is a H_2O_2-producing enzyme. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a pectinase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a peroxidase. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a protease. In another aspect, the enzyme composition comprises a swollenin.

[0350] In the processes of the present invention, the enzyme(s) can be added prior to or during saccharification, saccharification and fermentation, or fermentation.

[0351] One or more (*e.g.*, several) components of the enzyme composition may be wild-type proteins, recombinant proteins, or a combination of wild-type proteins and recombinant proteins. For example, one or more (*e.g.*, several) components may be native proteins of a cell, which is used as a host cell to express recombinantly one or more (*e.g.*, several) other components of the enzyme composition. One or more (*e.g.*, several) components of the enzyme composition may be produced as monocomponents, which are then combined to form the enzyme composition. The enzyme composition may be a combination of multicomponent and monocomponent protein preparations.

[0352] The enzymes used in the processes of the present invention may be in any form suitable for use, such

as, for example, a fermentation broth formulation or a cell composition, a cell lysate with or without cellular debris, a semi-purified or purified enzyme preparation, or a host cell as a source of the enzymes. The enzyme composition may be a dry powder or granulate, a non-dusting granulate, a liquid, a stabilized liquid, or a stabilized protected enzyme. Liquid enzyme preparations may, for instance, be stabilized by adding stabilizers such as a sugar, a sugar alcohol or another polyol, and/or lactic acid or another organic acid according to established processes.

[0353] The optimum amounts of the enzymes and the GH61 polypeptide variants depend on several factors including, but not limited to, the mixture of component cellulolytic enzymes and/or hemicellulolytic enzymes, the cellulosic material, the concentration of cellulosic material, the pretreatment(s) of the cellulosic material, temperature, time, pH, and inclusion of fermenting organism (*e.g.*, yeast for Simultaneous Saccharification and Fermentation).

[0354] In one aspect, an effective amount of cellulolytic or hemicellulolytic enzyme to the cellulosic material is about 0.5 to about 50 mg, *e.g.*, about 0.5 to about 40 mg, about 0.5 to about 25 mg, about 0.75 to about 20 mg, about 0.75 to about 15 mg, about 0.5 to about 10 mg, or about 2.5 to about 10 mg per g of the cellulosic material.

[0355] In another aspect, an effective amount of a GH61 polypeptide variant to the cellulosic material is about 0.01 to about 50.0 mg, *e.g.*, about 0.01 to about 40 mg, about 0.01 to about 30 mg, about 0.01 to about 20 mg, about 0.01 to about 10 mg, about 0.01 to about 5 mg, about 0.025 to about 1.5 mg, about 0.05 to about 1.25 mg, about 0.075 to about 1.25 mg, about 0.1 to about 1.25 mg, about 0.15 to about 1.25 mg, or about 0.25 to about 1.0 mg per g of the cellulosic material.

[0356] In another aspect, an effective amount of a GH61 polypeptide variant to cellulolytic or hemicellulolytic enzyme is about 0.005 to about 1.0 g, *e.g.*, about 0.01 to about 1.0 g, about 0.15 to about 0.75 g, about 0.15 to about 0.5 g, about 0.1 to about 0.5 g, about 0.1 to about 0.25 g, or about 0.05 to about 0.2 g per g of cellulolytic or hemicellulolytic enzyme.

[0357] The polypeptides having cellulolytic enzyme activity or hemicellulolytic enzyme activity as well as other proteins/polypeptides useful in the degradation of the cellulosic material, *e.g.*, GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity (collectively hereinafter "polypeptides having enzyme activity") can be derived or obtained from any suitable origin, including, bacterial, fungal, yeast, plant, or mammalian origin. The term "obtained" also means herein that the enzyme may have been produced recombinantly in a host organism employing methods described herein, wherein the recombinantly produced enzyme is either native or foreign to the host organism or has a modified amino acid sequence, *e.g.*, having one or more (*e.g.*, several) amino acids that are deleted, inserted and/or substituted, *i.e.,* a recombinantly produced enzyme that is a mutant and/or a fragment of a native amino acid sequence or an enzyme produced by nucleic acid shuffling processes known in the art. Encompassed within the meaning of a native enzyme are natural variants and within the meaning of a foreign enzyme are variants obtained recombinantly, such as by site-directed mutagenesis or shuffling.

[0358] A polypeptide having enzyme activity may be a bacterial polypeptide. For example, the polypeptide may be a Gram-positive bacterial polypeptide such as a *Bacillus, Streptococcus, Streptomyces, Staphylococcus, Enterococcus, Lactobacillus, Lactococcus, Clostridium, Geobacillus, Caldicellulosiruptor, Acidothermus, Thermobifidia,* or *Oceanobacillus* polypeptide having enzyme activity, or a Gram-negative bacterial polypeptide such as an *E. coli, Pseudomonas, Salmonella, Campylobacter, Helicobacter, Flavobacterium, Fusobacterium, Ilyobacter, Neisseria,* or *Ureaplasma* polypeptide having enzyme activity.

[0359] In one aspect, the polypeptide is a *Bacillus alkalophilus, Bacillus amyloliquefaciens, Bacillus brevis, Bacillus circulans, Bacillus clausii, Bacillus coagulans, Bacillus firmus, Bacillus lautus, Bacillus lentus, Bacillus licheniformis, Bacillus megaterium, Bacillus pumilus, Bacillus stearothermophilus, Bacillus subtilis,* or *Bacillus thuringiensis* polypeptide having enzyme activity.

[0360] In another aspect, the polypeptide is a *Streptococcus equisimilis, Streptococcus pyogenes, Streptococcus uberis,* or *Streptococcus equi* subsp. *Zooepidemicus* polypeptide having enzyme activity.

[0361] In another aspect, the polypeptide is a *Streptomyces achromogenes, Streptomyces avermitilis, Streptomyces coelicolor, Streptomyces griseus,* or *Streptomyces lividans* polypeptide having enzyme activity.

[0362] The polypeptide having enzyme activity may also be a fungal polypeptide, and more preferably a yeast polypeptide such as a *Candida, Kluyveromyces, Pichia, Saccharomyces, Schizosaccharomyces,* or *Yarrowia* polypeptide having enzyme activity; or more preferably a filamentous fungal polypeptide such as an *Acremonium, Agaricus, Alternaria, Aspergillus, Aureobasidium, Botryospaeria, Ceriporiopsis, Chaetomidium, Chrysosporium, Claviceps, Cochliobolus, Coprinopsis, Coptotermes, Corynascus, Cryphonectria, Cryptococcus, Diplodia, Exidia, Filibasidium, Fusarium, Gibberella, Holomastigotoides, Humicola, Irpex, Lentinula, Leptospaeria, Magnaporthe, Melanocarpus, Meripilus, Mucor, Myceliophthora, Neocallimastix, Neurospora, Paecilomyces, Penicillium, Phanerochaete, Piromyces, Poitrasia, Pseudoplectania, Pseudotrichonympha, Rhizomucor, Schizophyllum, Scytalidium, Talaromyces, Thermoascus, Thielavia, Tolypocladium, Trichoderma, Trichophaea, Verticillium, Volvariella,* or *Xylaria* polypeptide having enzyme activity.

[0363] In one aspect, the polypeptide is a *Saccharomyces carlsbergensis, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Saccharomyces diastaticus, Saccharomyces douglasii, Saccharomyces kluyveri, Saccharomyces norbensis,* or *Saccharomyces oviformis* polypeptide having enzyme activity.

[0364] In another aspect, the polypeptide is an *Acremonium cellulolyticus, Aspergillus aculeatus, Aspergillus awamori, Aspergillus fumigatus, Aspergillus foetidus, Aspergillus japonicus, Aspergillus nidulans, Aspergillus niger, Aspergillus oryzae, Chrysosporium keratinophilum, Chrysosporium lucknowense, Chrysosporium tropicum, Chrysosporium merdarium, Chrysosporium inops, Chrysosporium pannicola, Chrysosporium queenslandicum, Chrysosporium zonatum, Fusarium bactridioides, Fusarium cerealis, Fusarium crookwellense, Fusarium culmorum, Fusarium graminearum, Fusarium graminum, Fusarium heterosporum, Fusarium negundi, Fusarium oxysporum, Fusarium reticulatum, Fusarium roseum, Fusarium sambucinum, Fusarium sarcochroum, Fusarium sporotrichioides, Fusarium sulphureum, Fusarium torulosum, Fusarium trichothecioides, Fusarium venenatum, Humicola grisea, Humicola insolens, Humicola lanuginosa, Irpex lacteus, Mucor miehei, Myceliophthora thermophila, Neurospora crassa, Penicillium funiculosum, Penicillium purpurogenum, Phanerochaete chrysosporium, Thielavia achromatica, Thielavia albomyces, Thielavia albopilosa, Thielavia australeinsis, Thielavia fimeti, Thielavia microspora, Thielavia ovispora, Thielavia peruviana, Thielavia spededonium, Thielavia setosa, Thielavia subthermophila, Thielavia terrestris, Trichoderma harzianum, Trichoderma koningii, Trichoderma longibrachiatum, Trichoderma reesei, Trichoderma viride,* or *Trichophaea* saccata polypeptide having enzyme activity.

[0365] Chemically modified or protein engineered mutants of polypeptides having enzyme activity may also be used.

[0366] One or more (*e.g.*, several) components of the enzyme composition may be a recombinant component, *i.e.,* produced by cloning of a DNA sequence encoding the single component and subsequent cell transformed with the DNA sequence and expressed in a host (see, for example, WO 91/17243 and WO 91/17244). The host is preferably a heterologous host (enzyme is foreign to host), but the host may under certain conditions also be a homologous host (enzyme is native to host). Monocomponent cellulolytic proteins may also be prepared by purifying such a protein from a fermentation broth.

[0367] In one aspect, the one or more (*e.g.*, several) cellulolytic enzymes comprise a commercial cellulolytic enzyme preparation. Examples of commercial cellulolytic enzyme preparations suitable for use in the present invention include, for example, CELLIC® CTec (Novozymes A/S), CELLIC® CTec2 (Novozymes A/S), CELLIC® CTec3 (Novozymes A/S), CELLUCLAST™ (Novozymes A/S), NOVOZYM™ 188 (Novozymes A/S), CELLUZYME™ (Novozymes A/S), CEREFLO™ (Novozymes A/S), and ULTRAFLO™ (Novozymes A/S),

ACCELERASE™ (Genencor Int.), LAM IN EX™ (Genencor Int.), SPEZYME™ CP (Genencor Int.), FILTRASE® NL (DSM); METHAPLUS® S/L 100 (DSM), ROHAMENT™ 7069 W (Röhm GmbH), FIBREZYME® LDI (Dyadic International, Inc.), FIBREZYME® LBR (Dyadic International, Inc.), or VISCOSTAR® 150L (Dyadic International, Inc.). The cellulase enzymes are added in amounts effective from about 0.001 to about 5.0 wt % of solids, *e.g.*, about 0.025 to about 4.0 wt % of solids or about 0.005 to about 2.0 wt % of solids.

[0368] Examples of bacterial endoglucanases that can be used in the processes of the present invention, include, but are not limited to, an *Acidothermus cellulolyticus* endoglucanase (WO 91/05039; WO 93/15186; U.S. Patent No. 5,275,944; WO 96/02551; U.S. Patent No. 5,536,655, WO 00/70031, WO 05/093050); *Thermobifida fusca* endoglucanase III (WO 05/093050); and *Thermobifida fusca* endoglucanase V (WO 05/093050).

[0369] Examples of fungal endoglucanases that can be used in the present invention, include, but are not limited to, a *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase I (Penttila et al., 1986, Gene 45: 253-263, *Trichoderma reesei* Cel7B endoglucanase I (GENBANK™ accession no. M15665), *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase II (Saloheimo, et al., 1988, Gene 63:11-22), *Trichoderma reesei* Cel5A endoglucanase II (GENBANK™ accession no. M19373), *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase III (Okada et al., 1988, Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 64: 555-563, GENBANK™ accession no. AB003694), *Trichoderma reesei* endoglucanase V (Saloheimo et al., 1994, Molecular Microbiology 13: 219-228, GENBANK™ accession no. Z33381), *Aspergillus aculeatus* endoglucanase (Ooi et al., 1990, Nucleic Acids Research 18: 5884), *Aspergillus kawachii* endoglucanase (Sakamoto et al., 1995, Current Genetics 27: 435-439), *Erwinia carotovara* endoglucanase (Saarilahti et al., 1990, Gene 90: 9-14), *Fusarium oxysporum* endoglucanase (GENBANK™ accession no. L29381), *Humicola grisea* var. *thermoidea* endoglucanase (GENBANK™ accession no. AB003107), *Melanocarpus albomyces* endoglucanase (GENBANK™ accession no. MAL515703), *Neurospora crassa* endoglucanase (GENBANK™ accession no. XM_324477), *Humicola insolens* endoglucanase V, *Myceliophthora thermophila* CBS 117.65 endoglucanase, basidiomycete CBS 495.95 endoglucanase, basidiomycete CBS 494.95 endoglucanase, *Thielavia terrestris* NRRL 8126 CEL6B endoglucanase, *Thielavia terrestris* NRRL 8126 CEL6C endoglucanase, *Thielavia terrestris* NRRL 8126 CEL7C endoglucanase, *Thielavia terrestris* NRRL 8126 CEL7E endoglucanase, *Thielavia terrestris* NRRL 8126 CEL7F endoglucanase, *Cladorrhinum foecundissimum* ATCC 62373 CEL7A endoglucanase, and *Trichoderma reesei* strain No. VTT-D-80133 endoglucanase (GENBANK™ accession no. M15665).

[0370] Examples of cellobiohydrolases useful in the present invention include, but are not limited to, *Aspergillus aculeatus* cellobiohydrolase II (WO 2011/059740), *Chaetomium thermophilum* cellobiohydrolase I, *Chaetomium thermophilum* cellobiohydrolase II, *Humicola insolens* cellobiohydrolase I, *Myceliophthora thermophila* cellobiohydrolase II (WO 2009/042871), *Thielavia hyrcanie* cellobiohydrolase II (WO 2010/141325), *Thielavia terrestris* cellobiohydrolase II (CEL6A, WO 2006/074435), *Trichoderma reesei* cellobiohydrolase I, *Trichoderma reesei* cellobiohydrolase II, and *Trichophaea saccata* cellobiohydrolase II (WO 2010/057086).

[0371] Examples of beta-glucosidases useful in the present invention include, but are not limited to, beta-glucosidases from *Aspergillus aculeatus* (Kawaguchi et al., 1996, Gene 173: 287-288), *Aspergillus fumigatus* (WO 2005/047499), *Aspergillus niger* (Dan et al., 2000, J. Biol. Chem. 275: 4973-4980), *Aspergillus oryzae* (WO 2002/095014), *Penicillium brasilianum* IBT 20888 (WO 2007/019442 and WO 2010/088387), *Thielavia terrestris* (WO 2011/035029), and *Trichophaea saccata* (WO 2007/019442).

[0372] The beta-glucosidase may be a fusion protein. In one aspect, the beta-glucosidase is an *Aspergillus oryzae* beta-glucosidase variant BG fusion protein (WO 2008/057637) or an *Aspergillus oryzae* beta-glucosidase fusion protein (WO 2008/057637).

[0373] Other useful endoglucanases, cellobiohydrolases, and beta-glucosidases are disclosed in numerous Glycosyl Hydrolase families using the classification according to Henrissat B., 1991, A classification of glycosyl hydrolases based on amino-acid sequence similarities, Biochem. J. 280: 309-316, and Henrissat B., and Bairoch A., 1996, Updating the sequence-based classification of glycosyl hydrolases, Biochem. J. 316: 695-696.

[0374] Other cellulolytic enzymes that may be used in the present invention are described in WO 98/13465, WO 98/015619, WO 98/015633, WO 99/06574, WO 99/10481, WO 99/025847, WO 99/031255, WO 2002/101078, WO 2003/027306, WO 2003/052054, WO 2003/052055, WO 2003/052056, WO 2003/052057, WO 2003/052118, WO 2004/016760, WO 2004/043980, WO 2004/048592, WO 2005/001065, WO 2005/028636, WO 2005/093050, WO 2005/093073, WO 2006/074005, WO 2006/117432, WO 2007/071818, WO 2007/071820, WO 2008/008070, WO 2008/008793, U.S. Patent No. 5,457,046, U.S. Patent No. 5,648,263, and U.S. Patent No. 5,686,593.

[0375] In the processes of the present invention, any GH61 polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity can be used as a component of the enzyme composition.

[0376] Examples of GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity useful in the processes of the present invention include, but are not limited to, GH61 polypeptides from *Thielavia terrestris* (WO 2005/074647, WO 2008/148131, and WO 2011/035027), *Thermoascus aurantiacus* (WO 2005/074656 and WO 2010/065830), *Trichoderma reesei* (WO 2007/089290), *Myceliophthora thermophila* (WO 2009/085935, WO 2009/085859, WO 2009/085864, WO 2009/085868), *Aspergillus fumigatus* (WO 2010/138754), GH61 polypeptides from *Penicillium pinophilum* (WO 2011/005867), *Thermoascus* sp. (WO 2011/039319), *Penicillium* sp. (WO 2011/041397), *Thermoascus crustaceus* (WO 2011/041504), *Aspergillus aculeatus* (WO 2012/0307990, and *Thermomyces lanuginosus* (WO 2012/113340). WO 2012/146171 discloses GH61 polypeptides having cellulolytic enhancing activity and the polynucleotides thereof from *Humicola insolens*.

[0377] In one aspect, the GH61 polypeptide variant and GH61 polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity is used in the presence of a soluble activating divalent metal cation according to WO 2008/151043, *e.g.*, manganese or copper.

[0378] In another aspect, the GH61 polypeptide variant and GH61 polypeptide having cellulolytic enhancing activity is used in the presence of a dioxy compound, a bicylic compound, a heterocyclic compound, a nitrogen-containing compound, a quinone compound, a sulfur-containing compound, or a liquor obtained from a pretreated cellulosic material such as pretreated corn stover (PCS).

[0379] The dioxy compound may include any suitable compound containing two or more oxygen atoms. In some aspects, the dioxy compounds contain a substituted aryl moiety as described herein. The dioxy compounds may comprise one or more (*e.g.*, several) hydroxyl and/or hydroxyl derivatives, but also include substituted aryl moieties lacking hydroxyl and hydroxyl derivatives. Non-limiting examples of the dioxy compounds include pyrocatechol or catechol; caffeic acid; 3,4-dihydroxybenzoic acid; 4-tert-butyl-5-methoxy-1,2-benzenediol; pyrogallol; gallic acid; methyl-3,4,5-trihydroxybenzoate; 2,3,4-trihydroxybenzophenone; 2,6-dimethoxyphenol; sinapinic acid; 3,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid; 4-chloro-1,2-benzenediol; 4-nitro-1,2-benzenediol; tannic acid; ethyl gallate; methyl glycolate; dihydroxyfumaric acid; 2-butyne-1,4-diol; (croconic acid; 1,3-propanediol; tartaric acid; 2,4-pentanediol; 3-ethyoxy-1,2-propanediol; 2,4,4'-trihydroxybenzophenone; cis-2-butene-1,4-diol; 3,4-dihydroxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione; dihydroxyacetone; acrolein acetal; methyl-4-hydroxybenzoate; 4-hydroxybenzoic acid; and methyl-3,5-dimethoxy-4-hydroxybenzoate; or a salt or solvate thereof.

[0380] The bicyclic compound may include any suitable substituted fused ring system as described herein. The compounds may comprise one or more (*e.g.*, several) additional rings, and are not limited to a specific number of rings unless otherwise stated. In one aspect, the bicyclic compound is a flavonoid. In another aspect, the bicyclic compound is an optionally substituted isoflavonoid. In another aspect, the bicyclic compound is an optionally substituted flavylium ion, such as an optionally substituted anthocyanidin or optionally substituted anthocyanin, or derivative thereof. Non-limiting examples of the bicyclic compounds include epicatechin; quercetin; myricetin; taxifolin; kaempferol; morin; acacetin; naringenin; isorhamnetin; apigenin; cyanidin; cyanin; kuromanin; keracyanin; or a salt or solvate thereof.

[0381] The heterocyclic compound may be any suitable compound, such as an optionally substituted aromatic or

non-aromatic ring comprising a heteroatom, as described herein. In one aspect, the heterocyclic is a compound comprising an optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl moiety or an optionally substituted heteroaryl moiety. In another aspect, the optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl moiety or optionally substituted heteroaryl moiety is an optionally substituted 5-membered heterocycloalkyl or an optionally substituted 5-membered heteroaryl moiety. In another aspect, the optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl or optionally substituted heteroaryl moiety is an optionally substituted moiety selected from pyrazolyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrrolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyridazinyl, thiazolyl, triazolyl, thienyl, dihydrothieno-pyrazolyl, thianaphthenyl, carbazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothienyl, benzofuranyl, indolyl, quinolinyl, benzotriazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzooxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, isoquinolinyl, isoindolyl, acridinyl, benzoisazolyl, dimethylhydantoin, pyrazinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, indolyl, diazepinyl, azepinyl, thiepinyl, piperidinyl, and oxepinyl. In another aspect, the optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl moiety or optionally substituted heteroaryl moiety is an optionally substituted furanyl. Non-limiting examples of the heterocyclic compounds include (1,2-dihydroxyethyl)-3,4-dihydroxyfuran-2(5H)-one; 4-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-furanone; 5-hydroxy-2(5H)-furanone; [1,2-dihydroxyethyl]furan-2,3,4(5H)-trione; α-hydroxy-γ-butyrolactone; ribonic γ-lactone; aldohexuronicaldohexuronic acid γ-lactone; gluconic acid δ-lactone; 4-hydroxycoumarin; dihydrobenzofuran; 5-(hydroxymethyl)furfural; furoin; 2(5H)-furanone; 5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-one; and 5,6-dihydro-4-hydroxy-6-methyl-2H-pyran-2-one; or a salt or solvate thereof.

[0382] The nitrogen-containing compound may be any suitable compound with one or more nitrogen atoms. In one aspect, the nitrogen-containing compound comprises an amine, imine, hydroxylamine, or nitroxide moiety. Non-limiting examples of the nitrogen-containing compounds include acetone oxime; violuric acid; pyridine-2-aldoxime; 2-aminophenol; 1,2-benzenediamine; 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyloxy; 5,6,7,8-tetrahydrobiopterin; 6,7-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropterine; and maleamic acid; or a salt or solvate thereof.

[0383] The quinone compound may be any suitable compound comprising a quinone moiety as described herein. Non-limiting examples of the quinone compounds include 1,4-benzoquinone; 1,4-naphthoquinone; 2-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone; 2,3-dimethoxy-5-methyl-1,4-benzoquinone or coenzyme Q_0; 2,3,5,6-tetramethyl-1,4-benzoquinone or duroquinone; 1,4-dihydroxyanthraquinone; 3-hydroxy-1-methyl-5,6-indolinedione or adrenochrome; 4-tert-butyl-5-methoxy-1,2-benzoquinone; pyrroloquinoline quinone; or a salt or solvate thereof.

[0384] The sulfur-containing compound may be any suitable compound comprising one or more sulfur atoms. In one aspect, the sulfur-containing comprises a moiety selected from thionyl, thioether, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, sulfamide, sulfonamide, sulfonic acid, and sulfonic ester. Non-limiting examples of the sulfur-containing compounds include ethanethiol; 2-propanethiol; 2-propene-1-thiol; 2-mercaptoethanesulfonic acid; benzenethiol; benzene-1,2-dithiol; cysteine; methionine; glutathione; cystine; or a salt or solvate thereof.

[0385] In one aspect, an effective amount of such a compound described above to cellulosic material as a molar ratio to glucosyl units of cellulose is about 10^{-6} to about 10, e.g., about 10^{-6} to about 7.5, about 10^{-6} to about 5, about 10^{-6} to about 2.5, about 10^{-6} to about 1, about 10^{-5} to about 1, about 10^{-5} to about 10^{-1}, about 10^{-4} to about 10^{-1}, about 10^{-3} to about 10^{-1}, or about 10^{-3} to about 10^{-2}. In another aspect, an effective amount of such a compound described above is about 0.1 µM to about 1 M, *e.g.*, about 0.5 µM to about 0.75 M, about 0.75 µM to about 0.5 M, about 1 µM to about 0.25 M, about 1 µM to about 0.1 M, about 5 µM to about 50 mM, about 10 µM to about 25 mM, about 50 µM to about 25 mM, about 10 µM to about 10 mM, about 5 µM to about 5 mM, or about 0.1 mM to about 1 mM.

[0386] The term "liquor" means the solution phase, either aqueous, organic, or a combination thereof, arising from treatment of a lignocellulose and/or hemicellulose material in a slurry, or monosaccharides thereof, *e.g.,* xylose, arabinose, mannose, *etc.,* under conditions as described herein, and the soluble contents thereof. A liquor for cellulolytic enhancement of a GH61 polypeptide or variant can be produced by treating a lignocellulose or hemicellulose material (or feedstock) by applying heat and/or pressure, optionally in the presence of a catalyst, *e.g.*, acid, optionally in the presence of an organic solvent, and optionally in combination with physical disruption of the material, and then separating the solution from the residual solids. Such conditions determine

the degree of cellulolytic enhancement obtainable through the combination of liquor and a GH61 polypeptide or variant during hydrolysis of a cellulosic substrate by a cellulase preparation. The liquor can be separated from the treated material using a method standard in the art, such as filtration, sedimentation, or centrifugation.

[0387] In one aspect, an effective amount of the liquor to cellulose is about 10^{-6} to about 10 g per g of cellulose, *e.g.*, about 10^{-6} to about 7.5 g, about 10^{-6} to about 5, about 10^{-6} to about 2.5 g, about 10^{-6} to about 1 g, about 10^{-5} to about 1 g, about 10^{-5} to about 10^{-1} g, about 10^{-4} to about 10^{-1} g, about 10^{-3} to about 10^{-1} g, or about 10^{-3} to about 10^{-2} g per g of cellulose.

[0388] In one aspect, the one or more (*e.g.*, several) hemicellulolytic enzymes comprise a commercial hemicellulolytic enzyme preparation. Examples of commercial hemicellulolytic enzyme preparations suitable for use in the present invention include, for example, SHEARZYME™ (Novozymes A/S), CELLIC® HTec (Novozymes A/S), CELLIC® HTec2 (Novozymes A/S), CELLIC® HTec3 (Novozymes A/S), VISCOZYME® (Novozymes A/S), ULTRAFLO® (Novozymes A/S), PULPZYME® HC (Novozymes A/S), MULTIFECT® Xylanase (Genencor), ACCELLERASE® XY (Genencor), ACCELLERASE® XC (Genencor), ECOPULP® TX-200A (AB Enzymes), HSP 6000 Xylanase (DSM), DEPOL™ 333P (Biocatalysts Limit, Wales, UK), DEPOL™ 740L. (Biocatalysts Limit, Wales, UK), and DEPOL™ 762P (Biocatalysts Limit, Wales, UK).

[0389] Examples of xylanases useful in the processes of the present invention include, but are not limited to, xylanases from *Aspergillus aculeatus* (GeneSeqP:AAR63790; WO 94/21785), *Aspergillus fumigatus* (WO 2006/078256), *Penicillium pinophilum* (WO 2011/041405), *Penicillium* sp. (WO 2010/126772), *Thielavia terrestris* NRRL 8126 (WO 2009/079210), and *Trichophaea saccata* GH10 (WO 2011/057083).

[0390] Examples of beta-xylosidases useful in the processes of the present invention include, but are not limited to, beta-xylosidases from *Neurospora crassa* (SwissProt accession number Q7SOW4), *Trichoderma reesei* (UniProtKB/TrEMBL accession number Q92458), and *Talaromyces emersonii* (SwissProt accession number Q8X212).

[0391] Examples of acetylxylan esterases useful in the processes of the present invention include, but are not limited to, acetylxylan esterases from *Aspergillus aculeatus* (WO 2010/108918), *Chaetomium globosum* (Uniprot accession number Q2GWX4), *Chaetomium gracile* (GeneSeqP accession number AAB82124), *Humicola insolens* DSM 1800 (WO 2009/073709), *Hypocrea jecorina* (WO 2005/001036), *Myceliophtera thermophila* (WO 2010/014880), *Neurospora crassa* (UniProt accession number q7s259), *Phaeosphaeria nodorum* (Uniprot accession number Q0UHJ1), and *Thielavia terrestris* NRRL 8126 (WO 2009/042846).

[0392] Examples of feruloyl esterases (ferulic acid esterases) useful in the processes of the present invention include, but are not limited to, feruloyl esterases form *Humicola insolens* DSM 1800 (WO 2009/076122), *Neosartorya fischeri* (UniProt Accession number A1D9T4), *Neurospora crassa* (UniProt accession number Q9HGR3), *Penicillium aurantiogriseum* (WO 2009/127729), and *Thielavia terrestris* (WO 2010/053838 and WO 2010/065448).

[0393] Examples of arabinofuranosidases useful in the processes of the present invention include, but are not limited to, arabinofuranosidases from *Aspergillus niger* (GeneSeqP accession number AAR94170), *Humicola insolens* DSM 1800 (WO 2006/114094 and WO 2009/073383), and *M. giganteus* (WO 2006/114094).

[0394] Examples of alpha-glucuronidases useful in the processes of the present invention include, but are not limited to, alpha-glucuronidases from *Aspergillus clavatus* (UniProt accession number alcc12), *Aspergillus fumigatus* (SwissProt accession number Q4WW45), *Aspergillus niger* (Uniprot accession number Q96WX9), *Aspergillus terreus* (SwissProt accession number Q0CJP9), *Humicola insolens* (WO 2010/014706), *Penicillium aurantiogriseum* (WO 2009/068565), *Talaromyces emersonii* (UniProt accession number 08X211), and *Trichoderma reesei* (Uniprot accession number Q99024).

[0395] The polypeptides having enzyme activity used in the processes of the present invention may be produced by fermentation of the above-noted microbial strains on a nutrient medium containing suitable carbon and nitrogen sources and inorganic salts, using procedures known in the art (see, *e.g.*, Bennett, J.W. and LaSure, L. (eds.), More Gene Manipulations in Fungi, Academic Press, CA, 1991). Suitable media are available from commercial suppliers or may be prepared according to published compositions (*e.g.*, in catalogues of the American Type Culture Collection). Temperature ranges and other conditions suitable for growth and enzyme production are known in the art (see, *e.g.*, Bailey, J.E., and Ollis, D.F., Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals, McGraw-Hill Book Company, NY, 1986).

[0396] The fermentation can be any method of cultivation of a cell resulting in the expression or isolation of an enzyme or protein. Fermentation may, therefore, be understood as comprising shake flask cultivation, or small- or large-scale fermentation (including continuous, batch, fed-batch, or solid state fermentations) in laboratory or industrial fermentors performed in a suitable medium and under conditions allowing the enzyme to be expressed or isolated. The resulting enzymes produced by the methods described above may be recovered from the fermentation medium and purified by conventional procedures.

[0397] Fermentation. The fermentable sugars obtained from the hydrolyzed cellulosic material can be fermented by one or more (*e.g.*, several) fermenting microorganisms capable of fermenting the sugars directly or indirectly into a desired fermentation product. "Fermentation" or "fermentation process" refers to any fermentation process or any process comprising a fermentation step. Fermentation processes also include fermentation processes used in the consumable alcohol industry (*e.g.*, beer and wine), dairy industry (*e.g.*, fermented dairy products), leather industry, and tobacco industry. The fermentation conditions depend on the desired fermentation product and fermenting organism and can easily be determined by one skilled in the art.

[0398] In the fermentation step, sugars, released from the cellulosic material as a result of the pretreatment and enzymatic hydrolysis steps, are fermented to a product, *e.g.*, ethanol, by a fermenting organism, such as yeast. Hydrolysis (saccharification) and fermentation can be separate or simultaneous, as described herein.

[0399] Any suitable hydrolyzed cellulosic material can be used in the fermentation step in practicing the present invention. The material is generally selected based on the desired fermentation product, *i.e.,* the substance to be obtained from the fermentation, and the process employed, as is well known in the art.

[0400] The term "fermentation medium" is understood herein to refer to a medium before the fermenting microorganism(s) is(are) added, such as, a medium resulting from a saccharification process, as well as a medium used in a simultaneous saccharification and fermentation process (SSF).

[0401] "Fermenting microorganism" refers to any microorganism, including bacterial and fungal organisms, suitable for use in a desired fermentation process to produce a fermentation product. The fermenting organism can be hexose and/or pentose fermenting organisms, or a combination thereof. Both hexose and pentose fermenting organisms are well known in the art. Suitable fermenting microorganisms are able to ferment, *i.e.,* convert, sugars, such as glucose, xylose, xylulose, arabinose, maltose, mannose, galactose, and/or oligosaccharides, directly or indirectly into the desired fermentation product. Examples of bacterial and fungal fermenting organisms producing ethanol are described by Lin et a/., 2006, Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 69: 627-642.

[0402] Examples of fermenting microorganisms that can ferment hexose sugars include bacterial and fungal organisms, such as yeast. Preferred yeast includes strains of *Candida, Kluyveromyces,* and *Saccharomyces, e.g.*, *Candida sonorensis, Kluyveromyces marxianus,* and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae.*

[0403] Examples of fermenting organisms that can ferment pentose sugars in their native state include bacterial and fungal organisms, such as some yeast. Preferred xylose fermenting yeast include strains of *Candida,* preferably *C. sheatae* or *C. sonorensis;* and strains of *Pichia,* preferably *P. stipitis,* such as *P. stipitis* CBS 5773.

Preferred pentose fermenting yeast include strains of *Pachysolen,* preferably *P. tannophilus.* Organisms not capable of fermenting pentose sugars, such as xylose and arabinose, may be genetically modified to do so by methods known in the art.

[0404] Examples of bacteria that can efficiently ferment hexose and pentose to ethanol include, for example, *Bacillus coagulans, Clostridium acetobutylicum, Clostridium thermocellum, Clostridium phytofermentans, Geobacillus* sp., *Thermoanaerobacter saccharolyticum,* and *Zymomonas mobilis* (Philippidis, 1996, *supra*).

[0405] Other fermenting organisms include strains of *Bacillus,* such as *Bacillus coagulans; Candida,* such as *C. sonorensis, C. methanosorbosa, C. diddensiae, C. parapsilosis, C. naedodendra, C. blankii, C. entomophilia, C. brassicae, C. pseudotropicalis, C. boidinii, C. utilis,* and *C. scehatae; Clostridium,* such as *C. acetobutylicum, C. thermocellum,* and *C. phytofermentans; E. coli,* especially *E. coli* strains that have been genetically modified to improve the yield of ethanol; *Geobacillus* sp.; *Hansenula,* such as *Hansenula anomala; Klebsiella,* such as *K. oxytoca; Kluyveromyces,* such as *K. marxianus, K. lactis, K. thermotolerans,* and *K. fragilis; Schizosaccharomyces,* such as S. *pombe; Thermoanaerobacter,* such as *Thermoanaerobacter saccharolyticum;* and *Zymomonas,* such as *Zymomonas mobilis.*

[0406] In a preferred aspect, the yeast is a *Bretannomyces.* In a more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Bretannomyces clausenii.* In another preferred aspect, the yeast is a *Candida.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida sonorensis.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida boidinii.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida blankii.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida brassicae.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida diddensii.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida entomophiliia.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida pseudotropicalis.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida scehatae.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Candida utilis.* In another preferred aspect, the yeast is a *Clavispora.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Clavispora lusitaniae.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Clavispora opuntiae.* In another preferred aspect, the yeast is a *Kluyveromyces.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Kluyveromyces fragilis.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Kluyveromyces marxianus.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Kluyveromyces thermotolerans.* In another preferred aspect, the yeast is a *Pachysolen.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Pachysolen tannophilus.* In another preferred aspect, the yeast is a *Pichia.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is a *Pichia stipitis.* In another preferred aspect, the yeast is a *Saccharomyces* spp. In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Saccharomyces cerevisiae.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Saccharomyces distaticus.* In another more preferred aspect, the yeast is *Saccharomyces uvarum.*

[0407] In a preferred aspect, the bacterium is a *Bacillus.* In a more preferred aspect, the bacterium is *Bacillus coagulans.* In another preferred aspect, the bacterium is a *Clostridium.* In another more preferred aspect, the bacterium is *Clostridium acetobutylicum.* In another more preferred aspect, the bacterium is *Clostridium phytofermentans.* In another more preferred aspect, the bacterium is *Clostridium thermocellum.* In another more preferred aspect, the bacterium is *Geobacilus* sp. In another more preferred aspect, the bacterium is a *Thermoanaerobacter.* In another more preferred aspect, the bacterium is *Thermoanaerobacter saccharolyticum.* In another preferred aspect, the bacterium is a *Zymomonas.* In another more preferred aspect, the bacterium is *Zymomonas mobilis.*

[0408] Commercially available yeast suitable for ethanol production include, *e.g.*, BIOFERM™ AFT and XR (NABC - North American Bioproducts Corporation, GA, USA), ETHANOL RED™ yeast (Fermentis/Lesaffre, USA), FALI™ (Fleischmann's Yeast, USA), FERMIOL™ (DSM Specialties), GERT STRAND™ (Gert Strand AB, Sweden), and SUPERSTART™ and THERMOSACC™ fresh yeast (Ethanol Technology, WI, USA).

[0409] In a preferred aspect, the fermenting microorganism has been genetically modified to provide the ability to ferment pentose sugars, such as xylose utilizing, arabinose utilizing, and xylose and arabinose co-utilizing microorganisms.

[0410] The cloning of heterologous genes into various fermenting microorganisms has led to the construction of organisms capable of converting hexoses and pentoses to ethanol (co-fermentation) (Chen and Ho, 1993, Cloning and improving the expression of Pichia stipitis xylose reductase gene in Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 39-40: 135-147; Ho et al., 1998, Genetically engineered Saccharomyces yeast capable of effectively cofermenting glucose and xylose, Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 64: 1852-1859; Kotter and Ciriacy, 1993, Xylose fermentation by Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 38: 776-783; Walfridsson et al., 1995, Xylose-metabolizing Saccharomyces cerevisiae strains overexpressing the TKL1 and TAL1 genes encoding the pentose phosphate pathway enzymes transketolase and transaldolase, Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 61: 4184-4190; Kuyper et al., 2004, Minimal metabolic engineering of Saccharomyces cerevisiae for efficient anaerobic xylose fermentation: a proof of principle, FEMS Yeast Research 4: 655-664; Beall et al., 1991, Parametric studies of ethanol production from xylose and other sugars by recombinant Escherichia coli, Biotech. Bioeng. 38: 296-303; Ingram et al., 1998, Metabolic engineering of bacteria for ethanol production, Biotechnol. Bioeng. 58: 204-214; Zhang et al., 1995, Metabolic engineering of a pentose metabolism pathway in ethanologenic Zymomonas mobilis, Science 267: 240-243; Deanda et al., 1996, Development of an arabinose-fermenting Zymomonas mobilis strain by metabolic pathway engineering, Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 62: 4465-4470; WO 2003/062430, xylose isomerase).

[0411] In a preferred aspect, the genetically modified fermenting microorganism is *Candida sonorensis*. In another preferred aspect, the genetically modified fermenting microorganism is *Escherichia coli*. In another preferred aspect, the genetically modified fermenting microorganism is *Klebsiella oxytoca*. In another preferred aspect, the genetically modified fermenting microorganism is *Kluyveromyces marxianus*. In another preferred aspect, the genetically modified fermenting microorganism is *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. In another preferred aspect, the genetically modified fermenting microorganism is *Zymomonas mobilis*.

[0412] It is well known in the art that the organisms described above can also be used to produce other substances, as described herein.

[0413] The fermenting microorganism is typically added to the degraded cellulosic material or hydrolysate and the fermentation is performed for about 8 to about 96 hours, *e.g.*, about 24 to about 60 hours. The temperature is typically between about 26°C to about 60°C, *e.g.*, about 32°C or 50°C, and about pH 3 to about pH 8, *e.g.*, pH 4-5, 6, or 7.

[0414] In one aspect, the yeast and/or another microorganism are applied to the degraded cellulosic material and the fermentation is performed for about 12 to about 96 hours, such as typically 24-60 hours. In another aspect, the temperature is preferably between about 20°C to about 60°C, *e.g.*, about 25°C to about 50°C, about 32°C to about 50°C, or about 32°C to about 50°C, and the pH is generally from about pH 3 to about pH 7, *e.g.*, about pH 4 to about pH 7. However, some fermenting organisms, *e.g.*, bacteria, have higher fermentation temperature optima. Yeast or another microorganism is preferably applied in amounts of approximately 10^5 to 10^{12}, preferably from approximately 10^7 to 10^{10}, especially approximately 2 x 10^8 viable cell count per ml of fermentation broth. Further guidance in respect of using yeast for fermentation can be found in, *e.g.*, "The Alcohol Textbook" (Editors K. Jacques, T.P. Lyons and D.R. Kelsall, Nottingham University Press, United Kingdom 1999).

[0415] A fermentation stimulator can be used in combination with any of the processes described herein to further improve the fermentation process, and in particular, the performance of the fermenting microorganism, such as, rate enhancement and ethanol yield. A "fermentation stimulator" refers to stimulators for growth of the fermenting microorganisms, in particular, yeast. Preferred fermentation stimulators for growth include vitamins and minerals. Examples of vitamins include multivitamins, biotin, pantothenate, nicotinic acid, meso-inositol, thiamine, pyridoxine, para-aminobenzoic acid, folic acid, riboflavin, and Vitamins A, B, C, D, and E. See, for example, Alfenore et al., Improving ethanol production and viability of Saccharomyces cerevisiae by a vitamin feeding strategy during fed-batch process, Springer-Verlag (2002). Examples of minerals include minerals and mineral salts that can supply nutrients comprising P, K, Mg, S, Ca, Fe, Zn, Mn, and Cu.

[0416] Fermentation products: A fermentation product can be any substance derived from the fermentation. The fermentation product can be, without limitation, an alcohol (*e.g.*, arabinitol, n-butanol, isobutanol, ethanol, glycerol, methanol, ethylene glycol, 1,3-propanediol [propylene glycol], butanediol, glycerin, sorbitol, and xylitol); an alkane (*e.g.*, pentane, hexane, heptane, octane, nonane, decane, undecane, and dodecane), a cycloalkane (*e.g.*, cyclopentane, cyclohexane, cycloheptane, and cyclooctane), an alkene (*e.g.* pentene, hexene, heptene, and octene); an amino acid (*e.g.*, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, glycine, lysine, serine, and threonine); a gas (*e.g.*, methane, hydrogen (H_2), carbon dioxide (CO_2), and carbon monoxide (CO)); isoprene; a ketone (*e.g.*, acetone); an organic acid (*e.g.*, acetic acid, acetonic acid, adipic acid, ascorbic acid, citric acid, 2,5-diketo-D-gluconic acid, formic acid, fumaric acid, glucaric acid, gluconic acid, glucuronic acid, glutaric acid, 3-hydroxypropionic acid, itaconic acid, lactic acid, malic acid, malonic acid, oxalic acid, oxaloacetic acid, propionic acid, succinic acid, and xylonic acid); and polyketide. The fermentation product can also be protein as a high value product.

[0417] In a preferred aspect, the fermentation product is an alcohol. It will be understood that the term "alcohol" encompasses a substance that contains one or more hydroxyl moieties. In a more preferred aspect, the alcohol is n-butanol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is isobutanol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is ethanol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is methanol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is arabinitol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is butanediol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is ethylene glycol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is glycerin. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is glycerol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is 1,3-propanediol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is sorbitol. In another more preferred aspect, the alcohol is xylitol. See, for example, Gong, C. S., Cao, N. J., Du, J., and Tsao, G. T., 1999, Ethanol production from renewable resources, in Advances in Biochemical Engineering/Biotechnology, Scheper, T., ed., Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Germany, 65: 207-241; Silveira, M. M., and Jonas, R., 2002, The biotechnological production of sorbitol, Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 59: 400-408; Nigam, P., and Singh, D., 1995, Processes for fermentative production of xylitol - a sugar substitute, Process Biochemistry 30 (2): 117-124; Ezeji, T. C., Qureshi, N. and Blaschek, H. P., 2003, Production of acetone, butanol and ethanol by Clostridium beijerinckii BA101 and in situ recovery by gas stripping, World Journal of Microbiology and Biotechnology 19 (6): 595-603.

[0418] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is an alkane. The alkane can be an unbranched or a branched alkane. In another more preferred aspect, the alkane is pentane. In another more preferred aspect, the alkane is hexane. In another more preferred aspect, the alkane is heptane. In another more preferred aspect, the alkane is octane. In another more preferred aspect, the alkane is nonane. In another more preferred aspect, the alkane is decane. In another more preferred aspect, the alkane is undecane. In another more preferred aspect, the alkane is dodecane.

[0419] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is a cycloalkane. In another more preferred aspect, the cycloalkane is cyclopentane. In another more preferred aspect, the cycloalkane is cyclohexane. In another more preferred aspect, the cycloalkane is cycloheptane. In another more preferred aspect, the cycloalkane is cyclooctane.

[0420] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is an alkene. The alkene can be an unbranched or a branched alkene. In another more preferred aspect, the alkene is pentene. In another more preferred aspect, the alkene is hexene. In another more preferred aspect, the alkene is heptene. In another more preferred aspect, the alkene is octene.

[0421] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is an amino acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is aspartic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the amino acid is glutamic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the amino acid is glycine. In another more preferred aspect, the amino acid is lysine. In another more preferred aspect, the amino acid is serine. In another more preferred aspect, the amino acid is threonine. See, for example, Richard, A., and Margaritis, A., 2004, Empirical modeling of batch fermentation kinetics for poly(glutamic acid) production and other microbial biopolymers, Biotechnology and Bioengineering 87

(4): 501-515.

[0422] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is a gas. In another more preferred aspect, the gas is methane. In another more preferred aspect, the gas is H_2. In another more preferred aspect, the gas is CO_2. In another more preferred aspect, the gas is CO. See, for example, Kataoka, N., A. Miya, and K. Kiriyama, 1997, Studies on hydrogen production by continuous culture system of hydrogen-producing anaerobic bacteria, Water Science and Technology 36 (6-7): 41-47; and Gunaseelan V.N. in Biomass and Bioenergy, Vol. 13 (1-2), pp. 83-114, 1997, Anaerobic digestion of biomass for methane production: A review.

[0423] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is isoprene.

[0424] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is a ketone. It will be understood that the term "ketone" encompasses a substance that contains one or more ketone moieties. In another more preferred aspect, the ketone is acetone. See, for example, Qureshi and Blaschek, 2003, *supra*.

[0425] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is an organic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is acetic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is acetonic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is adipic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is ascorbic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is citric acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is 2,5-diketo-D-gluconic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is formic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is fumaric acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is glucaric acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is gluconic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is glucuronic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is glutaric acid. In another preferred aspect, the organic acid is 3-hydroxypropionic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is itaconic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is lactic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is malic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is malonic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is oxalic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is propionic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is succinic acid. In another more preferred aspect, the organic acid is xylonic acid. See, for example, Chen, R., and Lee, Y. Y., 1997, Membrane-mediated extractive fermentation for lactic acid production from cellulosic biomass, Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol. 63-65: 435-448.

[0426] In another preferred aspect, the fermentation product is polyketide.

[0427] Recovery. The fermentation product(s) can be optionally recovered from the fermentation medium using any method known in the art including, but not limited to, chromatography, electrophoretic procedures, differential solubility, distillation, or extraction. For example, alcohol is separated from the fermented cellulosic material and purified by conventional methods of distillation. Ethanol with a purity of up to about 96 vol.% can be obtained, which can be used as, for example, fuel ethanol, drinking ethanol, *i.e.,* potable neutral spirits, or industrial ethanol.

Detergent Compositions

[0428] The present invention also relates to detergent compositions comprising a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention and a surfactant. A GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention may be added to and thus become a component of a detergent composition.

[0429] The detergent composition of the present invention may be formulated, for example, as a hand or machine laundry detergent composition including a laundry additive composition suitable for pre-treatment of stained fabrics and a rinse added fabric softener composition, or be formulated as a detergent composition for use in general household hard surface cleaning operations, or be formulated for hand or machine dishwashing

operations. In one aspect, the present invention also relates to methods for cleaning or washing a hard surface or laundry, the method comprising contacting the hard surface or the laundry with a detergent composition of the present invention.

[0430] In a specific aspect, the present invention provides a detergent additive comprising a GH61 polypeptide variant of the invention. The detergent additive as well as the detergent composition may comprise one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes selected from the group consisting of an amylase, arabinase, cutinase, carbohydrase, cellulase, galactanase, laccase, lipase, mannanase, oxidase, pectinase, peroxidase, protease, and xylanase.

[0431] In general the properties of the selected enzyme(s) should be compatible with the selected detergent, (*i.e.,* pH-optimum, compatibility with other enzymatic and non-enzymatic ingredients, etc.), and the enzyme(s) should be present in effective amounts.

[0432] Cellulases: Suitable cellulases include those of bacterial or fungal origin. Chemically modified or protein engineered mutants are included. Suitable cellulases include cellulases from the genera *Bacillus, Pseudomonas, Humicola, Fusarium, Thielavia, Acremonium, e.g.,* the fungal cellulases produced from *Humicola insolens, Myceliophthora thermophila* and *Fusarium oxysporum* disclosed in US 4,435,307, US 5,648,263, US 5,691,178, US 5,776,757 and WO 89/09259.

[0433] Especially suitable cellulases are the alkaline or neutral cellulases having color care benefits. Examples of such cellulases are cellulases described in EP 0 495 257, EP 0 531 372, WO 96/11262, WO 96/29397, WO 98/08940. Other examples are cellulase variants such as those described in WO 94/07998, EP 0 531 315, US 5,457,046, US 5,686,593, US 5,763,254, WO 95/24471, WO 98/12307 and PCT/DK98/00299.

[0434] Commercially available cellulases include CELLUZYME™, and CAREZYME™ (Novozymes A/S), CLAZINASE™, and PURADAX HA™ (Genencor International Inc.), and KAC-500(B)™ (Kao Corporation).

[0435] Proteases: Suitable proteases include those of animal, vegetable or microbial origin. Microbial origin is preferred. Chemically modified or protein engineered mutants are included. The protease may be a serine protease or a metalloprotease, preferably an alkaline microbial protease or a trypsin-like protease. Examples of alkaline proteases are subtilisins, especially those derived from *Bacillus, e.g.,* subtilisin Novo, subtilisin Carlsberg, subtilisin 309, subtilisin 147 and subtilisin 168 (described in WO 89/06279). Examples of trypsin-like proteases are trypsin (e.g., of porcine or bovine origin) and the *Fusarium* protease described in WO 89/06270 and WO 94/25583.

[0436] Examples of useful proteases are the variants described in WO 92/19729, WO 98/20115, WO 98/20116, and WO 98/34946, especially the variants with substitutions in one or more of the following positions: 27, 36, 57, 76, 87, 97, 101, 104, 120, 123, 167, 170, 194, 206, 218, 222, 224, 235, and 274.

[0437] Preferred commercially available protease enzymes include ALCALASE™, SAVINASE™, PRIMASE™, DURALASE™, ESPERASE™, and KANNASE™ (Novozymes A/S), MAXATASE™, MAXACAL™, MAXAPEM™, PROPERASE™, PURAFECT™, PURAFECT OXP™ , FN2™, and FN3™ (Genencor International Inc.).

[0438] Lipases: Suitable lipases include those of bacterial or fungal origin. Chemically modified or protein engineered mutants are included. Examples of useful lipases include lipases from *Humicola* (synonym *Thermomyces*), *e.g.,* from *H. lanuginosa* (*T. lanuginosus*) as described in EP 258 068 and EP 305 216 or from *H. insolens* as described in WO 96/13580, a *Pseudomonas* lipase, *e.g.*, from *P. alcaligenes* or *P. pseudoalcaligenes* (EP 218 272), *P. cepacia* (EP 331 376), *P. stutzeri* (GB 1,372,034), *P. fluorescens, Pseudomonas sp.* strain SD 705 (WO 95/06720 and WO 96/27002), *P. wisconsinensis* (WO 96/12012), a *Bacillus* lipase, *e.g.*, from *B. subtilis* (Dartois et al., 1993, Biochemica et Biophysica Acta, 1131: 253-360), *B. stearothermophilus* (JP 64/744992) or *B. pumilus* (WO 91/16422).

[0439] Other examples are lipase variants such as those described in WO 92/05249, WO 94/01541, EP 407 225, EP 260 105, WO 95/35381, WO 96/00292, WO 95/30744, WO 94/25578, WO 95/14783, WO 95/22615, WO 97/04079 and WO 97/07202.

[0440] Preferred commercially available lipase enzymes include LIPOLASE™ and LIPOLASE ULTRA™ (Novozymes A/S).

[0441] Amylases: Suitable amylases (α and/or β) include those of bacterial or fungal origin. Chemically modified or protein engineered mutants are included. Amylases include, for example, α-amylases obtained from *Bacillus, e.g.,* a special strain of *Bacillus licheniformis,* described in more detail in GB 1,296,839.

[0442] Examples of useful amylases are the variants described in WO 94/02597, WO 94/18314, WO 96/23873, and WO 97/43424, especially the variants with substitutions in one or more of the following positions: 15, 23, 105, 106, 124, 128, 133, 154, 156, 181, 188, 190, 197, 202, 208, 209, 243, 264, 304, 305, 391, 408, and 444.

[0443] Commercially available amylases are DURAMYL™, TERMAMYL™, FUNGAMYL™ and BAN™ (Novozymes A/S), RAPIDASE™ and PURASTAR™ (from Genencor International Inc.).

[0444] Peroxidases/Oxidases: Suitable peroxidases/oxidases include those of plant, bacterial or fungal origin. Chemically modified or protein engineered mutants are included. Examples of useful peroxidases include peroxidases from *Coprinus, e.g.,* from *C. cinereus,* and variants thereof as those described in WO 93/24618, WO 95/10602, and WO 98/15257.

[0445] Commercially available peroxidases include GUARDZYME™ (Novozymes A/S).

[0446] The detergent enzyme(s) may be included in a detergent composition by adding separate additives containing one or more (*e.g.*, several) enzymes, or by adding a combined additive comprising all of these enzymes. A detergent additive of the invention, *i.e.,* a separate additive or a combined additive, can be formulated, for example, as a granulate, liquid, slurry, etc. Preferred detergent additive formulations are granulates, in particular non-dusting granulates, liquids, in particular stabilized liquids, or slurries.

[0447] Non-dusting granulates may be produced, *e.g.*, as disclosed in US 4,106,991 and 4,661,452 and may optionally be coated by methods known in the art. Examples of waxy coating materials are poly(ethylene oxide) products (polyethyleneglycol, PEG) with mean molar weights of 1000 to 20000; ethoxylated nonylphenols having from 16 to 50 ethylene oxide units; ethoxylated fatty alcohols in which the alcohol contains from 12 to 20 carbon atoms and in which there are 15 to 80 ethylene oxide units; fatty alcohols; fatty acids; and mono- and di- and triglycerides of fatty acids. Examples of film-forming coating materials suitable for application by fluid bed techniques are given in GB 1483591. Liquid enzyme preparations may, for instance, be stabilized by adding a polyol such as propylene glycol, a sugar or sugar alcohol, lactic acid or boric acid according to established methods. Protected enzymes may be prepared according to the method disclosed in EP 238,216.

[0448] The detergent composition of the invention may be in any convenient form, *e.g.*, a bar, a tablet, a powder, a granule, a paste, or a liquid. A liquid detergent may be aqueous, typically containing up to 70% water and 0-30% organic solvent, or non-aqueous.

[0449] The detergent composition comprises one or more (*e.g.*, several) surfactants, which may be non-ionic including semi-polar and/or anionic and/or cationic and/or zwitterionic. The surfactants are typically present at a level of from 0.1% to 60% by weight.

[0450] When included therein the detergent will usually contain from about 1% to about 40% of an anionic surfactant such as linear alkylbenzenesulfonate, alpha-olefinsulfonate, alkyl sulfate (fatty alcohol sulfate), alcohol ethoxysulfate, secondary alkanesulfonate, alpha-sulfo fatty acid methyl ester, alkyl- or alkenylsuccinic acid, or

soap.

[0451] When included therein the detergent will usually contain from about 0.2% to about 40% of a non-ionic surfactant such as alcohol ethoxylate, nonylphenol ethoxylate, alkylpolyglycoside, alkyldimethylamineoxide, ethoxylated fatty acid monoethanolamide, fatty acid monoethanolamide, polyhydroxy alkyl fatty acid amide, or N-acyl N-alkyl derivatives of glucosamine ("glucamides").

[0452] The detergent may contain 0-65% of a detergent builder or complexing agent such as zeolite, diphosphate, triphosphate, phosphonate, carbonate, citrate, nitrilotriacetic acid, ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid, alkyl- or alkenylsuccinic acid, soluble silicates, or layered silicates (*e.g.*, SKS-6 from Hoechst).

[0453] The detergent may comprise one or more (*e.g.*, several) polymers. Examples are carboxymethylcellulose, poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly (ethylene glycol), poly(vinyl alcohol), poly(vinylpyridine-N-oxide), poly(vinylimidazole), polycarboxylates such as polyacrylates, maleic/acrylic acid copolymers, and lauryl methacrylate/acrylic acid copolymers.

[0454] The detergent may contain a bleaching system which may comprise a H_2O_2 source such as perborate or percarbonate which may be combined with a peracid-forming bleach activator such as tetraacetylethylenediamine or nonanoyloxybenzenesulfonate. Alternatively, the bleaching system may comprise peroxyacids of, for example, the amide, imide, or sulfone type.

[0455] The enzyme(s) of the detergent composition of the invention may be stabilized using conventional stabilizing agents, *e.g.*, a polyol such as propylene glycol or glycerol, a sugar or sugar alcohol, lactic acid, boric acid, or a boric acid derivative, *e.g.*, an aromatic borate ester, or a phenyl boronic acid derivative such as 4-formylphenyl boronic acid, and the composition may be formulated as described in, for example, WO 92/19709 and WO 92/19708.

[0456] The detergent may also contain other conventional detergent ingredients such as, *e.g.*, fabric conditioners including clays, foam boosters, suds suppressors, anti-corrosion agents, soil-suspending agents, anti-soil redeposition agents, dyes, bactericides, optical brighteners, hydrotropes, tarnish inhibitors, or perfumes.

[0457] In the detergent compositions, any enzyme may be added in an amount corresponding to 0.01-100 mg of enzyme protein per liter of wash liquor, preferably 0.05-5 mg of enzyme protein per liter of wash liquor, in particular 0.1-1 mg of enzyme protein per liter of wash liquor.

[0458] In the detergent compositions, a GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention having cellulolytic enhancing activity may be added in an amount corresponding to 0.001-100 mg of protein, preferably 0.005-50 mg of protein, more preferably 0.01-25 mg of protein, even more preferably 0.05-10 mg of protein, most preferably 0.05-5 mg of protein, and even most preferably 0.01-1 mg of protein per liter of wash liquor.

[0459] A GH61 polypeptide variant of the present invention having cellulolytic enhancing activity may also be incorporated in the detergent formulations disclosed in WO 97/07202.

Plants

[0460] The present invention also relates to plants, *e.g.*, a transgenic plant, plant part, or plant cell, comprising a polynucleotide of the present invention so as to express and produce a GH61 polypeptide variant in recoverable quantities. The variant may be recovered from the plant or plant part. Alternatively, the plant or plant part containing the variant may be used as such for improving the quality of a food or feed, *e.g.*, improving nutritional value, palatability, and rheological properties, or to destroy an antinutritive factor.

[0461] The transgenic plant can be dicotyledonous (a dicot) or monocotyledonous (a monocot). Examples of monocot plants are grasses, such as meadow grass (blue grass, Poa), forage grass such as Festuca, Lolium, temperate grass, such as Agrostis, and cereals, *e.g.*, wheat, oats, rye, barley, rice, sorghum, and maize (corn).

[0462] Examples of dicot plants are tobacco, legumes, such as lupins, potato, sugar beet, pea, bean and soybean, and cruciferous plants (family Brassicaceae), such as cauliflower, rape seed, and the closely related model organism *Arabidopsis thaliana*.

[0463] Examples of plant parts are stem, callus, leaves, root, fruits, seeds, and tubers as well as the individual tissues comprising these parts, *e.g.*, epidermis, mesophyll, parenchyme, vascular tissues, meristems. Specific plant cell compartments, such as chloroplasts, apoplasts, mitochondria, vacuoles, peroxisomes and cytoplasm are also considered to be a plant part. Furthermore, any plant cell, whatever the tissue origin, is considered to be a plant part. Likewise, plant parts such as specific tissues and cells isolated to facilitate the utilization of the invention are also considered plant parts, *e.g.*, embryos, endosperms, aleurone and seed coats.

[0464] Also included within the scope of the present invention are the progeny of such plants, plant parts, and plant cells.

[0465] The transgenic plant or plant cell expressing a variant may be constructed in accordance with methods known in the art. In short, the plant or plant cell is constructed by incorporating one or more expression constructs encoding a variant into the plant host genome or chloroplast genome and propagating the resulting modified plant or plant cell into a transgenic plant or plant cell.

[0466] The expression construct is conveniently a nucleic acid construct that comprises a polynucleotide encoding a variant operably linked with appropriate regulatory sequences required for expression of the polynucleotide in the plant or plant part of choice. Furthermore, the expression construct may comprise a selectable marker useful for identifying plant cells into which the expression construct has been integrated and DNA sequences necessary for introduction of the construct into the plant in question (the latter depends on the DNA introduction method to be used).

[0467] The choice of regulatory sequences, such as promoter and terminator sequences and optionally signal or transit sequences, is determined, for example, on the basis of when, where, and how the variant is desired to be expressed. For instance, the expression of the gene encoding a variant may be constitutive or inducible, or may be developmental, stage or tissue specific, and the gene product may be targeted to a specific tissue or plant part such as seeds or leaves. Regulatory sequences are, for example, described by Tague et al., 1988, Plant Physiology 86: 506.

[0468] For constitutive expression, the 35S-CaMV, the maize ubiquitin 1, or the rice actin 1 promoter may be used (Franck et al., 1980, Cell 21: 285-294; Christensen et al., 1992, Plant Mol. Biol. 18: 675-689; Zhang et al., 1991, Plant Cell 3: 1155-1165). Organ-specific promoters may be, for example, a promoter from storage sink tissues such as seeds, potato tubers, and fruits (Edwards and Coruzzi, 1990, Ann. Rev. Genet. 24: 275-303), or from metabolic sink tissues such as meristems (Ito et al., 1994, Plant Mol. Biol. 24: 863-878), a seed specific promoter such as the glutelin, prolamin, globulin, or albumin promoter from rice (Wu et al., 1998, Plant Cell Physiol. 39: 885-889), a *Vicia faba* promoter from the legumin B4 and the unknown seed protein gene from *Vicia faba* (Conrad et al., 1998, J. Plant Physiol. 152: 708-711), a promoter from a seed oil body protein (Chen et al., 1998, Plant Cell Physiol. 39: 935-941), the storage protein *napA* promoter from *Brassica napus,* or any other seed specific promoter known in the art, *e.g.*, as described in WO 91/14772. Furthermore, the promoter may be a leaf specific promoter such as the *rbcs* promoter from rice or tomato (Kyozuka et al., 1993, Plant Physiol. 102: 991-1000), the chlorella virus adenine methyltransferase gene promoter (Mitra and Higgins, 1994, Plant Mol. Biol. 26: 85-93), the *aldP* gene promoter from rice (Kagaya et al., 1995, Mol. Gen. Genet. 248: 668-674), or a wound inducible promoter such as the potato *pin2* promoter (Xu et al., 1993, Plant Mol. Biol. 22: 573-588). Likewise, the promoter may be induced by abiotic treatments such as temperature, drought, or alterations in

salinity or induced by exogenously applied substances that activate the promoter, *e.g.*, ethanol, oestrogens, plant hormones such as ethylene, abscisic acid, and gibberellic acid, and heavy metals.

[0469] A promoter enhancer element may also be used to achieve higher expression of a variant in the plant. For instance, the promoter enhancer element may be an intron that is placed between the promoter and the polynucleotide encoding a variant. For instance, Xu *et al.,* 1993, *supra,* disclose the use of the first intron of the rice actin 1 gene to enhance expression.

[0470] The selectable marker gene and any other parts of the expression construct may be chosen from those available in the art.

[0471] The nucleic acid construct is incorporated into the plant genome according to conventional techniques known in the art, including *Agrobacterium-mediated* transformation, virus-mediated transformation, microinjection, particle bombardment, biolistic transformation, and electroporation (Gasser et al., 1990, Science 244: 1293; Potrykus, 1990, Bio/Technology 8: 535; Shimamoto et al., 1989, Nature 338: 274).

[0472] *Agrobacterium* tumefaciens-mediated gene transfer is a method for generating transgenic dicots (for a review, see Hooykas and Schilperoort, 1992, Plant Mol. Biol. 19: 15-38) and for transforming monocots, although other transformation methods may be used for these plants. A method for generating transgenic monocots is particle bombardment (microscopic gold or tungsten particles coated with the transforming DNA) of embryonic calli or developing embryos (Christou, 1992, Plant J. 2: 275-281; Shimamoto, 1994, Curr. Opin. Biotechnol. 5: 158-162; Vasil et al., 1992, BiolTechnology 10: 667-674). An alternative method for transformation of monocots is based on protoplast transformation as described by Omirulleh et al., 1993, Plant Mol. Biol. 21: 415-428. Additional transformation methods include those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,395,966 and 7,151,204.

[0473] Following transformation, the transformants having incorporated the expression construct are selected and regenerated into whole plants according to methods well known in the art. Often the transformation procedure is designed for the selective elimination of selection genes either during regeneration or in the following generations by using, for example, co-transformation with two separate T-DNA constructs or site specific excision of the selection gene by a specific recombinase.

[0474] In addition to direct transformation of a particular plant genotype with a construct of the present invention, transgenic plants may be made by crossing a plant having the construct to a second plant lacking the construct. For example, a construct encoding a variant can be introduced into a particular plant variety by crossing, without the need for ever directly transforming a plant of that given variety. Therefore, the present invention encompasses not only a plant directly regenerated from cells which have been transformed in accordance with the present invention, but also the progeny of such plants. As used herein, progeny may refer to the offspring of any generation of a parent plant prepared in accordance with the present invention. Such progeny may include a DNA construct prepared in accordance with the present invention. Crossing results in the introduction of a transgene into a plant line by cross pollinating a starting line with a donor plant line. Non-limiting examples of such steps are described in U.S. Patent No. 7,151,204.

[0475] Plants may be generated through a process of backcross conversion. For example, plants include plants referred to as a backcross converted genotype, line, inbred, or hybrid.

[0476] Genetic markers may be used to assist in the introgression of one or more transgenes of the invention from one genetic background into another. Marker assisted selection offers advantages relative to conventional breeding in that it can be used to avoid errors caused by phenotypic variations. Further, genetic markers may provide data regarding the relative degree of elite germplasm in the individual progeny of a particular cross. For example, when a plant with a desired trait which otherwise has a non-agronomically desirable genetic background is crossed to an elite parent, genetic markers may be used to select progeny which not only possess the trait of interest, but also have a relatively large proportion of the desired germplasm. In this way, the number

of generations required to introgress one or more traits into a particular genetic background is minimized.

[0477] The present invention also relates to methods of producing a variant of the present invention comprising: (a) cultivating a transgenic plant or a plant cell comprising a polynucleotide encoding the variant under conditions conducive for production of the variant; and optionally (b) recovering the variant.

[0478] The present invention is further described by the following examples that should not be construed as limiting the scope of the invention.

Examples

Strains

[0479] *Aspergillus oryzae* strain PFJO218 (*amy*$^-$, *alp*$^-$, *Npl*$^-$, *CPA*$^-$, *KA*$^-$, *pyrG*$^-$, *ku70*$^-$; U.S. Patent Application 20100221783) was used as an expression host for the GH61 polypeptide variants.

[0480] *Aspergillus oryzae* strain COLs1300 was also used as an expression host for GH61 polypeptide variants. *A. niger* COLs1300 (*amyA, amyB, amyC, alpA, nprA, kusA, niaD, niiA, amdS+)* was created from *A. oryzae* PFJ0220 (EP 2 147 107 B1) by deleting the promoter and 5' part of both the nitrite reductase (*niiA*) gene and nitrate reductase (*niaD*) gene.

Media and Reagents

[0481] AMG trace metals solution was composed of 14.3 g of $ZnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 2.5 g of $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$, 0.5 g of $NiCl_2 \cdot 6H_2O$, 13.8 g of $FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 8.5 g of $MnSO_4 \cdot H_2O$, 3 g of citric acid, and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0482] COLs1300 cultivating medium was composed of 100 ml of sucrose medium and 1 ml of 1 M urea.

[0483] COLs1300 protoplasting solution was composed of 80 mg of GLUCANEX® (Novozymes A/S, Bagsvaerd, Denmark), 0.5 mg/ml of chitinase (Sigma Chemical Co., Inc., St. Louis, MO, USA), 10 ml of 1.2 M $MgSO_4$, and 100 µl of 1 M NaH_2PO_4 pH 5.8.

[0484] COVE-N-Gly plates were composed of 50 ml of COVE salt solution, 218 g of sorbitol, 10 g of glycerol, 2.02 g of KNO_3, 25 g of Noble agar, and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0485] COVE-N-Gly plates with 10 mM uridine were composed of 50 ml of COVE salt solution, 218 g of sorbitol, 10 g of glycerol, 2.02 g of KNO_3, 25 g of Noble agar, and deionized water to 1 liter; uridine was then added at a concentration of 10 mM to individual plates.

[0486] COVE salt solution was composed of 26 g of KCl, 26 g of $MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 76 g of KH_2PO_4, 50 ml of COVE trace elements solution, and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0487] COVE trace elements solution was composed of 40 mg of $Na_2B_4O_7 \cdot 10H_2O$, 0.4 g of $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$, 1.2 g of $FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 0.7 g of $MnSO_4 \cdot H_2O$, 0.8 g of $Na_2MoO_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 10 g of $ZnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0488] LB medium was composed of 10 g of tryptone, 5 g of yeast extract, 5 g of NaCl, and deionized water to 1

liter.

[0489] LB+Amp medium was composed of LB medium supplemented with 100 µg of ampicillin per ml.

[0490] M400 medium was composed of 50 g of maltodextrin, 2 g of $MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 2 g of KH_2PO_4, 4 g of citric acid, 8 g of yeast extract, 2 g of urea, 0.5 ml of AMG trace metals solution, 0.5 g of $CaCl_2$, and deionized water to 1 liter; adjusted with NaOH to pH 6. After pH adjustment 0.7 ml of antifoam was added.

[0491] Magnificent Broth was composed of 50 g of Magnificent Broth powder (MacConnell Research Corp. San Diego, CA, USA) and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0492] MaltV1 medium was composed of 20 g of maltose, 10 g of Bacto Peptone, 1 g of yeast extract, 1.45 g of $(NH_4)_2SO_4$, 2.08 g of KH_2PO_4, 0.28 g of $CaCl_2$, 0.42 g of $MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 0.42 ml of Trichoderma trace metals solution, 0.48 g of citric acid, 19.52 g of 2-(N-morpholino)ethanesulfonic acid (MES), and deionized water to 1 liter; adjusted with NaOH to pH 5.5.

[0493] MDU2BP medium (pH 5.0) was composed of 135 g of maltose, 3 g of $MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 3 g of NaCl, 6 g of K_2SO_4, 36 g of KH_2PO_4, 21 g of yeast extract, 6 g of urea, 1.5 ml of AMG trace metals solution, and deionized water up to 1 liter.

[0494] PEG solution was composed of 6 g of polyethylene glycol 4000 (PEG 4000), 100 µl of 1 M Tris pH 7.5, 100 µl of 1 M $CaCl_2$, and deionized water to 10 ml.

[0495] Protoplasting cultivation medium was composed of 92 ml of transformation sucrose medium, 2 ml of 1 M uridine, 1 ml of 1 M $NaNO_3$, and 10 ml of YP medium.

[0496] Protoplasting solution was composed of 15 ml of 1.2 M $MgSO_4$, 150 µl of 1 M NaH_2PO_4 (pH 5.8), 100 mg of GLUCANEX® (Novozymes A/S, Bagsvaerd, Denmark), and 10 mg of chitinase (Sigma Chemical Co., Inc., St. Louis, MO, USA).

[0497] ST solution was composed of 1.5 ml of 2 M sorbitol, 500 µl of 1 M Tris pH 7.5, and deionized water to 5 ml.

[0498] STC solution was composed of 60 ml of 2 M sorbitol, 1 ml of 1 M Tris pH 7.5, 1 ml of 1 M $CaCl_2$, and deionized water to 100 ml.

[0499] Sucrose medium was composed of 20 ml of COVE salt solution, 342 g of sucrose, and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0500] Sucrose agar plate was composed of 20 ml of Trichoderma trace element solution, 20 g of Noble agar, 342 g of sucrose, and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0501] TAE buffer was composed of 40 mM 2-amino-2-hydroxymethyl-propane-1,3-diol, 20 mM Glacial acetic acid, and 2 mM ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid at pH 8.0.

[0502] TBE buffer was composed of 10.8 g of Tris base, 5.5 g of boric acid, and 0.74 g of EDTA (pH 8) in deionized water to 1 liter.

[0503] TE buffer was composed of 10 mM Tris-0.1 mM EDTA pH 8.

[0504] Top agar was composed of 500 ml of sucrose medium, 5 g of low melting agarose, and 10 ml of 20 mM

Tris pH 7.5.

[0505] Transformation sucrose medium was composed of 70 ml of 1 M sucrose and 20 ml of COVE salt solution.

[0506] Trichoderma trace metals solution was composed of 216 g of $FeCl_3$-$6H_2O$, 58 g of $ZnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 27 g of $MnSO_4 \cdot H_2O$, 10 g of $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$, 2.4 g of H_3BO_3, 336 g of citric acid, and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0507] 2XYT agar plates were composed of 16 g of tryptone, 10 g of yeast extract, 5 g of NaCl, 15 g of Bacto agar, and deionized water to 1 liter.

[0508] 2XYT+Amp agar plates were composed of 2XYT agar supplemented with 100 µg of ampicillin per ml.

[0509] YP medium was composed of 10 g of Bacto yeast extract, 20 g of Bacto peptone, and deionized water to 1 liter.

Example 1: Construction of expression vectors pMMar44, pMMar49, pMMar45, and pDFng113

[0510] Plasmid pMMar44 was constructed as described below for expression of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide, and generation of mutant gene libraries. Additionally, plasmids pMMar49, pMMar45, and pDFng113 were constructed as described below for expression of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide mutant (WO 2012/044835), *Penicillium* sp. (*emersonii*) GH61A polypeptide (hereinafter *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide), and *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide, respectively, and generation of variants.

[0511] Plasmid pENI2376 (U.S. Patent Application 20060234340) containing the AMA sequence for autonomous maintenance in *Aspergillus* was digested with *Bam* HI and *Not* I to linearize the plasmid and remove an 8 bp fragment. The digested plasmid was purified using a PCR Purification Kit (QIAGEN Inc., Valencia, CA, USA) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

[0512] The *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence (Figure 1; SEQ ID NO: 29 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 30 [deduced amino acid sequence]), mutated *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence (WO 2012/044835), *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence (SEQ ID NO: 35 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 36 [deduced amino acid sequence]), and *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence (SEQ ID NO: 13 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 14 [deduced amino acid sequence]) were amplified from source plasmids described below using the primers shown in Table 1. Bold letters represent coding sequence. The remaining sequences are homologous to insertion sites of pENI2376 for expression of the GH61 polypeptide coding sequences.

Table 1

GH61 Polypeptide origin	Source Template	Plasmid	Primer ID	Primer Sequence
Aspergillus fumigatus GH61B	pAG43 (WO 2010/138754)	pMMar44	AspfuGH61BpENI2376F_2	CACAACTGGGGATCC**ATGACT TTGTCCAAGATCACTTCCA** (SEQ ID NO: 217)
			AspfuGH61BpENI2376R_2	GGCCTCCGCGGCCGC**TTAAG CGTTGAACAGTGCAGGACCA** (SEQ ID NO: 218)
				CACAACTGGGGATCC**ATGACT**

GH61 Polypeptide origin	Source Template	Plasmid	Primer ID	Primer Sequence
Mutated *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B	pTH230 (WO 2012/044835)	pMMar49	AfumGH61SDMB3pENI3376F	**TTGTCCAAGATCACTTCCA** (SEQ ID NO: 219)
			AfumGH61SDMB3pENI3376R	GGCCTCCGCGGCCGC**TTAAG CGTTGAACAGTGCAGGACCA** (SEQ ID NO: 220)
Penicillium emersonii GH61A	pDM286	pMMar45	PenemGH61pE NI2376F	CACAACTGGGGATCC**ATGCTG TCTTCGACGACTCGCACCC** (SEQ ID NO: 221)
			PenemGH61pENI2376R	GGCCTCCGCGGCCGC**CTAGA ACGTCGGCTCAGGCGGCCCC** (SEQ ID NO: 222)
Thermoascus aurantiacus GH61A	pDZA2 (WO 2005/074656)	pDFng113	TaGH61aBaM HItagF	CTGGGGATCC**ATGTCCTTTTC CAAGAT** (SEQ ID NO: 223)
			TaGH61aNcoltagR	CTCCGCGGCCGC**TTAACCAGT ATACAGAG** (SEQ ID NO: 224)

[0513] Construction of plasmid pMMar44 containing the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence is described below. The *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence was amplified from plasmid pAG43 (WO 2010/138754) using the primers shown in Table 1 with overhangs designed for cloning into plasmid pENI2376.

[0514] Fifty picomoles of each of the primers listed in Table 1 were used in a PCR reaction composed of 90 ng of pAG43, 1X ADVANTAGE® 2 PCR Buffer (Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Mountain View, CA, USA), 1 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 1X ADVANTAGE® 2 DNA Polymerase Mix (Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Mountain View, CA, USA), in a final volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 (Eppendorf Scientific, Inc., Westbury, NY, USA) programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 1 minute; 30 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 60°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 1 minute; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 4°C soak cycle.

[0515] The reaction product was isolated by 1.0% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where an approximately 862 bp PCR product band was excised from the gel and extracted using a QIAQUICK® Gel Extraction Kit (QIAGEN Inc., Valencia, CA, USA).

[0516] The homologous ends of the 862 bp PCR product and the digested pENI2376 were joined together using an IN-FUSION™ ADVANTAGE® PCR Cloning Kit (Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Mountain View, CA, USA). A total of 63 ng of the 862 bp PCR product and 200 ng of the *Bam HI/Not* I digested pENI2376 were used in a reaction composed of 4 µl of 5X IN-FUSION™ reaction buffer (Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Mountain View, CA, USA) and 2 µl of IN-FUSION™ enzyme (Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Mountain View, CA, USA), in a final volume of 20 µl. The reaction was incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C, followed by 15 minutes at 50°C, and then placed on ice. The

reaction volume was increased to 100 µl with TE buffer and 2 µl of the reaction were transformed into *E. coli* XL10-GOLD® Super Competent Cells (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA) according to the manufacturer's instructions. *E. coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates. Plasmid DNA from several of the resulting *E. coli* transformants was prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600 (QIAGEN Inc., Valencia, CA, USA). The *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence insert was confirmed by DNA sequencing with a Model 377 XL Automated DNA Sequencer (Applied Biosystems Inc., Foster City, CA, USA) using dye-terminator chemistry (Giesecke et al., 1992, J. Virol. Methods 38: 47-60). Sequencing primers used for verification of the gene insert and sequence are shown below.

Primer 996271:
ACTCAATTTACCTCTATCCACACTT (SEQ ID NO: 225)

Primer pALLO2 3':
GAATTGTGAGCGGATAACAATTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 226)

[0517] A plasmid containing the correct *A. fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence was selected and designated pMMar44 (Figure 2).

[0518] Construction of plasmid pMMar49 containing eight base-pair changes resulted in four amino acid mutations of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide (WO 2012/044835) is described below. The mutated *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence (WO 2012/044835) was amplified from plasmid pTH230 using the primers shown in Table 1 with overhangs designed for cloning into plasmid pENI2376.

[0519] Fifty picomoles of each of the primers listed in Table 1 were used in a PCR reaction composed of 100 ng of pTH230, 1X ADVANTAGE® 2 PCR Buffer (Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Mountain View, CA, USA), 1 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 1X ADVANTAGE® 2 DNA Polymerase Mix (Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Mountain View, CA, USA), in a final volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 1 minute; 30 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 60°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 1 minute; and a final elongation at 72°C for 7 minutes. The heat block then went to a 4°C soak cycle.

[0520] The reaction product was isolated by 1.0% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where an approximately 862 bp PCR product band was excised from the gel and extracted using a QIAQUICK® Gel Extraction Kit.

[0521] The homologous ends of the 862 bp PCR product and the digested pENI2376 were joined together using an IN-FUSION™ ADVANTAGE® PCR Cloning Kit. A total of 90 ng of the 862 bp PCR product and 220 ng of the *Bam HI*/*Not* I digested pENI2376 were used in a reaction composed of 4 µl of 5X IN-FUSION™ reaction buffer and 2 µl of IN-FUSION™ enzyme in a final volume of 20 µl. The reaction was incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C, followed by 15 minutes at 50°C, and then placed on ice. The reaction volume was increased to 100 µl with TE buffer and 2 µl of the reaction were transformed into *E. coli* XL10-GOLD® Super Competent Cells according to the manufacturer's instructions. *E. coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates. Plasmid DNA from several of the resulting *E. coli* transformants was prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600. The mutated *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence insert was confirmed by DNA sequencing with a Model 377 XL Automated DNA Sequencer using dye-terminator chemistry (Giesecke *et al.,* 1992, *supra).* The sequencing primers 996271 and pALLO2 3' were used for verification of the gene insert and sequence.

[0522] A plasmid containing the correct mutated *A. fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence was selected and designated pMMar49 (Figure 3).

[0523] Construction of plasmid pMMar45 containing the *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding

sequence is described below. The *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was amplified from plasmid pDM286 containing the *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence using the primers shown in Table 1 with overhangs designed for cloning into plasmid pENI2376.

[0524] Plasmid pDM286 was constructed according to the following protocol. The *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide gene was amplified from plasmid pGH61D23Y4 (WO 2011/041397) using PHUSION™ High-Fidelity Hot Start DNA Polymerase (Finnzymes Oy, Espoo, Finland) and gene-specific forward and reverse primers shown below. The region in italics represents vector homology to the site of insertion.

Forward primer:
5'-*CGGACTGCGCACCA*TGCTGTCTTCGACGACTCGCAC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 227)

Reverse primer:
5'-*TCGCCACGGAGC*TTATCGACTTCTTCTAGAACGTC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 228)

[0525] The amplification reaction contained 30 ng of plasmid pGH61D23Y4, 50 pmoles of each of the primers listed above, 1 µl of a 10 mM blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, 1X PHUSION™ High-Fidelity Hot Start DNA Polymerase buffer (Finnzymes Oy, Espoo, Finland) and 1 unit of PHUSION™ High-Fidelity Hot Start DNA Polymerase buffer (Finnzymes Oy, Espoo, Finland) in a final volume of 50 µl.

[0526] The amplification reaction was incubated in an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 epgradient S (Eppendorf Scientific, Inc., Westbury, NY, USA) programmed for 1 cycle at 98°C for 30 seconds; 35 cycles each at 98°C for 10 seconds, 60°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 30 seconds, and 1 cycle at 72°C for 10 minutes.

[0527] PCR products were separated by 1% agarose gel electrophoresis using TAE buffer. A 0.87 kb fragment was excised from the gel and extracted using a NUCLEOSPIN® Extract II Kit (Macherey-Nagel, Inc., Bethlehem, PA, USA) according to the manufacturer's protocol.

[0528] Plasmid pMJ09 (US 2005/0214920 A1) was digested with *Nco* I and *Pac* I, and after digestion, the digested vector was isolated by 1.0% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where an approximately 7.1 kb fragment was excised from the gel and extracted using a QIAQUICK® Gel Extraction Kit. The 0.87 kb PCR product was inserted into *Nco* I/*Pac* I-digested pMJ09 using an IN-FUSION™ ADVANTAGE® PCR Cloning Kit according to the manufacturer's protocol. The IN-FUSION™ reaction was composed of 1X IN-FUSION™ Reaction buffer, 180 ng of *Not* I/*Pac* I digested plasmid pMJ09, 108 ng of the 0.87 kb PCR product, and 1 µl of IN-FUSION™ Enzyme in a 10 µl reaction volume. The reaction was incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C and then for 15 minutes at 50°C. To the reaction 40 µl of TE were added and 2 µl were used to transform ONE SHOT® TOP10 competent cells (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Transformants were screened by sequencing and one clone containing the insert with no PCR errors was identified and designated plasmid pDM286. Plasmid pDM286 can be digested with *Pme* I to generate an approximately 5.4 kb fragment for *T. reesei* transformation. This 5.4 kb fragment contains the expression cassette [*T. reesei* Cel7A cellobiohydrolase (CBHI) promoter, *P. emersonii* glycosyl hydrolase 61A (GH61A) gene, *T. reesei* Cel7A cellobiohydrolase (CBHI) terminator], and *Aspergillus nidulans* acetamidase (*amdS*)gene.

[0529] For construction of pMMar45, 50 picomoles of each of the primers listed in Table 1 were used in a PCR reaction composed of 120 ng of pDM286, 1X EXPAND® PCR Buffer (Roche Diagnostics, Inc., Indianapolis, IN, USA), 1 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 1X EXPAND® DNA Polymerase Mix (Roche Diagnostics, Inc., Indianapolis, IN, USA), in a final volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 1 minute; 30 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 60°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 1 minute; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 4°C soak cycle.

[0530] The reaction product was isolated by 1.0% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where an approximately 762 bp PCR product band was excised from the gel and extracted using a QIAQUICK® Gel Extraction Kit.

[0531] The homologous ends of the 762 bp PCR product and the *Bam HI/Not* I digested pENI2376 were joined together using an IN-FUSION™ ADVANTAGE® PCR Cloning Kit. A total of 90 ng of the 762 bp PCR product and 200 ng of the digested pENI2376 were used in a reaction composed of 4 µl of 5X IN-FUSION™ reaction buffer and 2 µl of IN-FUSION™ enzyme, in a final volume of 20 µl. The reaction was incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C, followed by 15 minutes at 50°C, and then placed on ice. The reaction volume was increased to 100 µl with TE buffer and 2 µl of the reaction were transformed into *E. coli* XL10-GOLD® Super Competent Cells according to the manufacturer's instructions. *E. coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates. Plasmid DNA from several of the resulting *E. coli* transformants was prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600. The *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence insert was confirmed by DNA sequencing with a Model 377 XL Automated DNA Sequencer using dye-terminator chemistry (Giesecke *et al.,* 1992, *supra).* The sequencing primers 996271 and pALLO2 3' were used for verification of the gene insert and sequence.

[0532] A plasmid containing the correct *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was selected and designated pMMar45 (Figure 4).

[0533] Construction of plasmid pDFng113 containing the *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence is described below. The *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was amplified from plasmid pDZA2 (WO 2005/074656) using the primers shown in Table 1 with overhangs designed for cloning into plasmid pENI2376.

[0534] Fifty picomoles of each of the primers listed in Table 1 were used in a PCR reaction composed of 100 ng of pDZA2, 1X EXPAND® PCR Buffer, 1 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 1X EXPAND® DNA Polymerase Mix, in a final volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 94°C for 2 minutes; 30 cycles each at 94°C for 15 seconds, 59.9°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 1 minute; and a final elongation at 72°C for 7 minutes. The heat block then went to a 4°C soak cycle.

[0535] The reaction product was isolated by 1.0% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where an approximately 822 bp PCR product band was excised from the gel and extracted using a QIAQUICK® Gel Extraction Kit.

[0536] The homologous ends of the 822 bp PCR product and the *Bam HI/Not* I digested pENI2376 were joined together using an IN-FUSION™ ADVANTAGE® PCR Cloning Kit. A total of 37 ng of the 799 bp PCR product and 200 ng of the digested pENI2376 were used in a reaction composed of 4 µl of 5X IN-FUSION™ reaction buffer and 2 µl of IN-FUSION™ enzyme in a final volume of 20 µl. The reaction was incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C, followed by 15 minutes at 50°C, and then placed on ice. The reaction volume was increased to 50 µl with TE buffer and 2 µl of the reaction were transformed into *E. coli* XL10-GOLD® Ultra Competent Cells according to the manufacturer's instructions. *E. coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates. Plasmid DNA from several of the resulting *E. coli* transformants was prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600. The *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence insert was confirmed by DNA sequencing with a Model 377 XL Automated DNA Sequencer using dye-terminator chemistry (Giesecke *et al.,* 1992, *supra).* The sequencing primers 996271 and pALLO2 3' were used for verification of the gene insert and sequence.

[0537] A plasmid containing the correct *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was selected and designated pDFng113 (Figure 5).

Example 2: Construction of an *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide site saturation library

[0538] A site saturation library of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide coding sequence was synthesized by GeneArt AG (Regensburg, Germany). An average of 16.8 mutations per position was synthesized for a total of 165 residues, excluding the most conserved residues, resulting in a total of 2768 mutants. *E. coli* DH10B (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA) strains containing mutant plasmids with known mutations were arrayed in 96 well plates as 50 µl glycerol stocks, and stored at -80°C.

[0539] DNA was generated from a thawed GeneArt plate by using a sterile 96 well replicator to stamp the GeneArt plate onto a 2XYT+Amp agar plate. The agar plate was incubated overnight at 37°C. Resulting colonies from the agar plate were used to inoculate a 96 deep well block with each well containing 1 ml of Magnificent broth supplemented with 400 µg of ampicillin per ml. The block was covered with an airpore breathable lid and then incubated in a humidified box at 37°C overnight at 350 rpm. The block was centrifuged at 1100 x g for 10 minutes and the supernatant discarded. Plasmids were extracted from the cell pellets using a BIOROBOT® 9600.

Example 3: Expression of the *A. fumigatus* GH61B, *P. emersonii* GH61A, and *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide variants in *Aspergillus oryzae* PFJO218

[0540] *Aspergillus oryzae* PFJO218 was inoculated onto a COVE-N-Gly plate with 10 mM uridine and incubated at 34°C until confluent. Spores were collected from the plate by washing with 8 ml of 0.01% TWEEN® 20. One ml of the spore suspension was used to inoculate 103 ml of the Protoplasting cultivation medium in a 500 ml polycarbonate shake flask. The shake flask was incubated at 30°C with agitation at 180 rpm for 17-20 hours. Mycelia were filtered through a funnel lined with MIRACLOTH® (Calbiochem, La Jolla, CA, USA) and washed with 200 ml of 0.6 M $MgSO_4$. Washed mycelia were resuspended in 15 ml of Protoplasting solution in a 125 ml sterile polycarbonate shake flask and incubated on ice for 5 minutes. One ml of a solution of 12 mg of bovine serum albumin per ml of deionized water was added to the shake flask and the shake flask was then incubated at 37°C with mixing at 70 rpm for 1-3 hours until protoplasting was complete. The mycelia/protoplast mixture was filtered through a funnel lined with MIRACLOTH® into a 50 ml conical tube and overlayed with 5 ml of ST. The 50 ml conical tube was centrifuged at 1050 x g for 15 minutes with slow acceleration/deceleration. After centrifugation, the liquid was separated into 3 phases. The interphase which contained the protoplasts was transferred to a new 50 ml conical tube. Two volumes of STC were added to the protoplasts followed by a brief centrifugation at 1050 x g for 5 minutes. The supernatant was discarded. The protoplasts were washed twice with 20 ml of STC with resuspension of the protoplast pellet, centrifugation at 1050 x g for 10 minutes, and decanting of the supernatant each time. After the final decanting, the protoplast pellet was resuspended in STC at a concentration of 1 x 10^8/ml. Protoplasts were frozen at -80°C until transformation.

[0541] A 1.3 µl volume of each mutant plasmid was used to transform 3.5 µl of *A. oryzae* PFJO218 protoplasts with 3.5 µl of PEG solution per well in a 24 well plate. Plasmid pMMar44, pMMar45, or pDFng113 (Table 1) was also transformed as above into *A. oryzae* PFJO218 protoplasts to provide broth comprising the *A. fumigatus, P. emersonii,* or *T. aurantiacus* wild-type GH61 polypeptides. The 24 well plate was incubated at 37°C stationary for 30 minutes followed by addition of 28.6 µl of Transformation sucrose medium containing 10 mM $NaNO_3$ and 14.3 µl of STC. The 24 well plate was then placed in a humidified box at 37°C stationary for 7 days. On day 7, 1 ml of MaltV1 medium was added to each well. The plate was returned to the humidified box at 39°C stationary and incubated for an additional 5 days. At least 550 µl of broth for each variant or the wild-type *A. fumigatus, P. emersonii,* or *T. aurantiacus* GH61 polypeptide were harvested using a pipette to remove the mycelia mat and aspirate the liquid, for assay using PASC as a substrate. Mutant plasmids resulting in variants with improved thermostability using a PASC assay (Example 5) were transformed again and retested using the protocols described above.

[0542] Some of the variants were spore-purified for further characterization. After a 7 day incubation of the transformation and prior to the addition of 1 ml of MaltV1 expression medium, a loop was swiped over the initial

growth from the transformation to collect spores in the well. The spores were then streaked onto a COVE-N-Gly plate and incubated at 37°C for approximately 36 hours. Single individual transformants were excised from the plate and transferred onto fresh COVE-N-Gly plates. The plates were stored at 34°C until confluent. Once confluent, a loop dipped in 0.01% TWEEN® 20 was swiped over the spores which was then used to inoculate a 24 well plate with each well containing 1 ml of MaltV1 expression medium. The 24 well plate was placed in a humidified box at 39°C. Samples were harvested on the fifth day by removing the mycelia mat and pipetting up the broth.

Example 4: Preparation of *Aspergillus fumigatus* beta-glucosidase

[0543] *Aspergillus fumigatus* NN055679 Cel3A beta-glucosidase (SEQ ID NO: 243 [DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 244 [deduced amino acid sequence]) was recombinantly prepared according to WO 2005/047499 using *Aspergillus oryzae* as a host.

[0544] The filtered broth was adjusted to pH 8.0 with 20% sodium acetate, which made the solution turbid. To remove the turbidity, the solution was centrifuged at 20,000 x g for 20 minutes, and the supernatant was filtered through a 0.2 µm filtration unit (Nalgene, Rochester, NY, USA). The filtrate was diluted with deionized water to reach the same conductivity as 50 mM Tris/HCl pH 8.0. The adjusted enzyme solution was applied to a Q SEPHAROSE® Fast Flow column (GE Healthcare, Piscataway, NJ, USA) equilibrated with 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 and eluted with a linear gradient from 0 to 500 mM sodium chloride. Fractions were pooled and treated with 1% (w/v) activated charcoal to remove color from the beta-glucosidase pool. The charcoal was removed by filtration of the suspension through a 0.2 µm filtration unit (Nalgene, Rochester, NY, USA). The filtrate was adjusted to pH 5.0 with 20% acetic acid and diluted 10 times with deionized water. The adjusted filtrate was applied to a SP SEPHAROSE® Fast Flow column (GE Healthcare, Piscataway, NJ, USA) equilibrated with 10 mM succinic acid pH 5.0 and eluted with a linear gradient from 0 to 500 mM sodium chloride. Protein concentration was determined using a Microplate BCA™ Protein Assay Kit (Thermo Fischer Scientific, Waltham, MA, USA) in which bovine serum albumin was used as a protein standard.

Example 5: Screening of *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variant libraries

[0545] Using a BIOMEK® FX Laboratory Automation Workstation (Beckman Coulter, Fullerton, CA, USA) with a DYAD® Thermal Cycler (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Richmond, CA, USA), 80 µl of each broth sample from the library plates of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B variants and parent (wild-type) polypeptide grown in MaltV1 medium (Example 3) were mixed with 20 µl of 1 M sodium acetate-10 mM $MnSO_4$ pH 5.0 buffer. The samples were then heat challenged at 62°C, 65°C, and 68°C for 20 minutes and compared to ambient temperature controls. After the heat challenge, the broth samples were diluted 1.25, 2.5, 6.25, and 15.625-fold in 2 mM $MnSO_4$-200 mM sodium acetate pH 5 and 12.5 µl of the dilutions were then transferred to 384-well polypropylene assay plates containing 25 µl of 1% phosphoric acid swollen cellulose (PASC) and 12.5 µl of a cofactor solution (400 mM sodium acetate pH 5, 4 mM $MnSO_4$, 0.4% gallic acid, 0.1 mg/ml of *Aspergillus fumigatus* beta-glucosidase, and 0.04% TRITON® X100). The plates were heat-sealed using an ALPS-300™ (Abgene, Epsom, United Kingdom) with a plastic sheet and incubated at 40°C for 4 days.

[0546] Background glucose concentration of the buffer-treated broth samples was determined prior to incubation by performing a glucose assay using the following reagents per liter: 0.9951 g of ATP, 0.5176 g of NAD, 0.5511 g of $MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 20.9 g of MOPS, 1000 units of hexokinase, 1000 units of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase, and 0.01% TRITON® X-100, pH 7.5. The BIOMEK® FX Laboratory Automation Workstation was used for this assay. Four 2-fold serial dilutions were performed in 384-well polystyrene plates using water as diluent. Five µl of the dilutions were added to a new 384-well polystyrene plate, followed by addition of 60 µl of the above reagents. The plate was incubated at ambient temperature (22°C±2°C) for 30 to 45 minutes. Relative fluorescent units

(RFU) were determined using a DTX 880 plate reader (Beckman Coulter, Fullerton, CA, USA) with excitation at 360 nm and emission at 465 nm and compared to glucose standards (1 mg/ml and 0.125 mg/ml) diluted in the same plate as the samples. At the end of four days, the 40°C incubated PASC plates were analyzed for glucose concentration using the glucose assay described above. Any background glucose was subtracted from the appropriate samples and then residual activity was calculated by comparing the glucose released in the PASC assay of the ambient sample treatment to the glucose released in the PASC assay of the heat challenge sample treatment. Only data that fits in the linear part of the curve (defined as less than or equal to 1 mg/ml glucose produced in an assay containing 5 mg/ml PASC) was used in the calculation. The formula for calculating the residual activity of the heat treatment was as follows: (mg/ml glucose produced for heat treated sample / mg/ml glucose produced for ambient treated sample) x 100%. Improved variants were those having a higher % residual activity as compared to wild-type *A. fumigatus* GH61A polypeptide broth from MaltV1 medium in at least one heat treatment condition. MICROSOFT® EXCEL® (Microsoft Corporation, Redmond, WA, USA) was used for all calculations.

Example 6: Thermostability of *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants measured by residual activity after heat treatment

[0547] Based on the residual activity ratios as described in Example 5, screening of libraries constructed in the previous Examples generated the results listed in Tables 2 and 3.

[0548] Table 2 shows average % Residual Activity (from 3-5 samples of each variant and the wild type control) after treatment at 62, 65, or 68°C. The parent *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide showed decreased residual activity of 70%, 45%, and 22% when the temperature was increased from 62°C to 65°C to 68°C, respectively. The increase in thermostability of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants ranged from 1.03- to 1.1-fold increase at 62°C, 1.09- to 1.4-fold increase at 65°C, and 1.5- to 2.5-fold increase at 68°C treatment compared to the wild-type *A. fumigatus* GH61 polypeptide. The results showed that improvements were most significant at 68°C treatment.

Table 2. Variants with improved thermostability at 62°C, 65°C, and 68°C treatment

Variant	Avg % Res. Act. 62°C treatment	Standard Deviation	Avg % Res. Act. 65°C treatment	Standard Deviation	Avg % Res. Act. 68°C treatment	Standard Deviation
Parent (Wild-Type)	70%	9%	45%	4%	22%	6%
E105K	72%	6%	54%	3%	39%	4%
E105P	80%	11%	54%	3%	33%	4%
E154L	78%	8%	64%	3%	47%	4%
G188A	77%	7%	62%	8%	55%	8%
G188W	75%	13%	63%	8%	46%	7%
N189K	73%	1%	61%	6%	46%	8%
A216L	75%	8%	62%	4%	42%	3%
A216Y	77%	6%	59%	3%	42%	3%
K229H	76%	13%	59%	2%	40%	3%
K2291	76%	3%	56%	2%	36%	6%
K229W	66%	8%	49%	9%	43%	10%
K229Y	75%	3%	54%	4%	31%	2%

[0549] Table 3 shows average % Residual Activity (from 3-5 samples of each variant and 110 samples of the wild type control) after treatment at 62°C, 65°C, or 68°C. The parent *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide showed decreased residual activity of 56%, 35%, and 12% when the temperature was increased from 62°C to 65°C to 68°C, respectively. The increase in thermostability of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants ranged from 1.02-fold to 1.2-fold increase at 62°C, 1.14-fold to 1.6-fold increase at 65°C, and 2.08-fold to 3.25-fold increase at 68°C treatment compared to the wild-type *A. fumigatus* GH61 polypeptide. The results showed that improvements were most significant at 68°C treatment.

Table 3. *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants with improved thermostability at 62°C, 65°C, and 68°C treatment

Variant	Avg % Res. Act. 62°C treatment	Standard Deviation	Avg % Res. Act. 65°C treatment	Standard Deviation	Avg % Res. Act. 68°C treatment	Standard Deviation
Parent (Wild-Type)	56%	13%	35%	16%	12%	10%
E105K	61%	24%	50%	23%	38%	21%
E105P	57%	23%	44%	21%	32%	21%
E154I	68%	13%	57%	16%	34%	9%
E154L	56%	26%	41%	23%	25%	20%
G188F	56%	21%	45%	22%	33%	27%
G188M	61%	13%	51%	13%	34%	15%
G188A	57%	24%	44%	25%	39%	24%
G188W	52%	24%	40%	25%	31%	26%
N189H	60%	18%	44%	19%	26%	18%
N189K	51%	23%	41%	24%	30%	21%
A216Y	56%	27%	43%	27%	32%	23%
A216L	56%	24%	46%	25%	33%	21%
K229W	51%	22%	41%	21%	39%	26%
K229H	58%	24%	46%	22%	31%	21%
K2291	58%	25%	45%	24%	30%	21%
K229Y	55%	23%	43%	22%	28%	18%

Example 7: Thermostability of *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B combinatorial variants

[0550] Four variants of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide were constructed by performing site-directed mutagenesis on pMMar49 (Example 1) using a QUIKCHANGE® II XL Site-Directed Mutagenesis Kit (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA). Two mutagenic primers were designed for each construct to insert the desired mutation. 125 ng of each primer (Table 4) was used in a PCR reaction containing approximately 25 ng of template plasmid, 1X QUIKCHANGE® reaction buffer, 3 µl of QUIKSOLUTION®, 1 µl of XL dNTP mix, and 1 µl of 2.5 U/µl *Pfu* Ultra enzyme in a final volume of 50 µl. An EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® thermocycler was used with the following settings: 95°C hot start, one cycle at 95°C for 1 minute; 18 cycles each at 95°C for 50 seconds, 60°C for 50 seconds, and 68°C for 10 minutes; and 4°C hold. One microliter of *Dpn* I was directly added to the amplification reaction and incubated at 37°C for 1 hour. A 2 µl volume of the *Dpn*I digested reaction was used to transform *E. coli* XL10-Gold Ultracompetent Cells (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions. E. *coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates. One of the clones with the desired mutation was designated as each plasmid listed below.

[0551] Mutations G188A, G188W, K229W, and N189K were added individually on top of the *A. fumigatus* GH61 B polypeptide variant containing mutations L111V, D152S, M155L, and A162W (pMMar49, Example 1), resulting in pLSBF09-1, pLSBF09-2, pLSBF09-3, and pLSBF09-4, respectively. A summary of the oligos used for the site-directed mutagenesis reactions are shown below in Table 4.

[0552] Three additional variants of *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B were constructed by performing site-directed mutagenesis on pLSBF09-3 using a QUIKCHANGE® II XL Site-Directed Mutagenesis Kit as described above. Mutations G188F, N189K, and A216Y were individually added as described, resulting in pDFNG146, pDFNG147, and pLSBF21. A summary of the oligos used for the site-directed mutagenesis reactions are shown below in Table 4.

[0553] The seven variant plasmids above were prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600. The variant plasmid constructs were then sequenced using a 3130xl Genetic Analyzer (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA) to verify the changes.

Table 4

Plasmid	Mutation	Oligo ID #	Sequence
pLSBF09-1	L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, G188A	615626	ATCATCGCCCTTCACTCTGCGGCCAACCTGA ACGGCGCGCAGAAC (SEQ ID NO: 229)
		615630	GTTCTGCGCGCCGTTCAGGTTGGCCGCAGA GTGAAGGGCGATGAT (SEQ ID NO: 230)
pLSBF09-2	L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, G188W	615627	ATCATCGCCCTTCACTCTGCGTGGAACCTGA ACGGCGCGCAGAAC (SEQ ID NO: 231)
		615631	GTTCTGCGCGCCGTTCAGGTTCCACGCAGA GTGAAGGGCGATGAT (SEQ ID NO: 232)
pLSBF09-3	L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, K229W	615628	ACAAGAATACTGATCCTGGCATCTGGTTTGA CATCTACTCGGATCTGAG (SEQ ID NO: 233)
		615632	CTCAGATCCGAGTAGATGTCAAACCAGATGC CAGGATCAGTATTCTTGT (SEQ ID NO: 234)
pLSBF09-4	L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, N189K	615629	TCGCCCTTCACTCTGCGGGTAAGCTGAACGG CGCGCAGAACTAC (SEQ ID NO: 235)
		615633	GTAGTTCTGCGCGCCGTTCAGCTTACCCGCA GAGTGAAGGGCGA (SEQ ID NO: 236)
pDFng146	L111V, D152S, M155L, A 162W, G188F, K229W	1200378	ATCATCGCCCTTCACTCTGCGTTTAACCTGAA CGGCGCGCAGAAC (SEQ ID NO: 237)
		1200379	GTTCTGCGCGCCGTTCAGGTTAAACGCAGAG TGAAGGGCGATGAT (SEQ ID NO: 238)

Plasmid	Mutation	Oligo ID #	Sequence
pDFng147	L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, N189K K229W	1200380	TCGCCCTTCACTCTGCGGGTAAGCTGAACGG CGCGCAGAACTAC (SEQ ID NO: 239)
		1200381	GTAGTTCTGCGCGCCGTTCAGCTTACCCGCA GAGTGAAGGGCGA (SEQ ID NO: 240)
pLSBF21	L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, A216Y K229W	1200277	GTGCTCAGGGATCTGGCACCTACGGCACGT CCCTGTACAAGAATA (SEQ ID NO: 241)
		1200278	TATTCTTGTACAGGGACGTGCCGTAGGTGCC AGATCCCTGAGCAC (SEQ ID NO: 242)

[0554] Based on the residual activity ratios determined according to Example 5, screening of libraries constructed in the previous Examples generated the results listed in Table 5. Table 5 shows an average % Residual Activity (from 1-14 samples each for the combinatorial variants and 23 samples of the wild type) after treatment at 65°C, 68°C, or 72°C.

[0555] The parent *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide showed decreased residual activity of 33%, 3%, and 1% when the temperature of treatment was increased from 65°C to 68°C to 72°C, respectively. The increase in thermostability of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide combinatorial variants ranged from 1.66-fold to 2.42-fold increase at 65°C, 14.36-fold to 19.57-fold increase at 68°C, and 31.45-fold to 80.07-fold increase at 72°C compared to the wild-type *A. fumigatus* GH61 polypeptide. The results showed that improvements were most significant at 72°C treatment.

Table 5. *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants with improved thermostability at 65°C, 68°C, and 72°C treatment

Mutations	Avg % Res. Act. 65°C	Standard Deviation	Avg % Res. Act. 68°C	Standard Deviation	Avg % Res. Act. 72°C	Standard Deviation
L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, G188F, K229W	**55%**	10%	**56%**	2%	**51%**	7%
L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, G188A	**77%**	8%	**56%**	6%	**30%**	5%
L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, A216Y, K229W	**78%**	15%	**64%**	16%	**30%**	6%
L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, K229W	**66%**	16%	**54%**	18%	**25%**	10%
L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, N189K, K229W	**58%**	ND	**47%**	ND	**24%**	ND
L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W, N189K	**67%**	8%	**52%**	4%	**20%**	18%
L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W,	**80%**	10%	**57%**	10%	**20%**	11%

Mutations	Avg % Res. Act. 65°C	Standard Deviation	Avg % Res. Act. 68°C	Standard Deviation	Avg % Res. Act. 72°C	Standard Deviation
G188W						
L111V, D152S, M155L, A162W	53%	11%	34%	7%	7%	6%
Wild-Type	33%	12%	3%	9%	0.6%	3%

Example 8: Purification of *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants

[0556] Expression and purification of the wild-type *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide was conducted as previously described in WO 2012/044835.

[0557] The *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variant strains were grown to recover culture broths for purification. Following isolation of single colonies, *Aspergillus oryzae* PFJO218 transformants were cultured for 4 days at 34°C on COVE-N-GLY plates in preparation for larger scale fermentation. Spores were recovered from each plate using 0.01% TWEEN® 20. Each spore suspension (500 µl) was inoculated into 25 ml of M400 medium in 125 ml plastic shake flasks. The transformants were fermented for 3 days at 39°C with agitation at 150 rpm and the broths were collected and filtered using 0.22 µm filters. The filtered culture broths were then concentrated by centrifugal ultrafiltration using VIVACELL® 100 5 kDa MWCO centrifugal concentration devices (Sartorius Stedim, Goettingen, Germany) and then buffer exchanged into 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.5.

[0558] The concentrated and buffer exchanged *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants were further purified by one of two chromatographic methods. In one method, the concentrated and buffer exchanged broths were then each applied to a MONO Q® HR 16/10 column (GE Healthcare, Piscataway, NJ, USA) equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Bound proteins were eluted with a linear gradient of 0-600 mM sodium chloride in 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Fractions were analyzed by SDS-PAGE using a CRITERION® Stain-Free Tris-HCl 8-16% SDS-PAGE gel (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Hercules, CA, USA), pooled based on the abundance of an approximately 25 kDa band, and concentrated using VIVASPIN® 5 kDa MWCO centrifugal concentration devices (GE Healthcare, Buckinghamshire, United Kingdom). Alternatively, the concentrated and desalted broths were then each applied to a HILOAD® 26/60 SUPERDEX® 75 (GE Healthcare, Piscataway, NJ, USA) size exclusion column which had been equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 and 150 mM NaCl. Applied proteins were eluted isocraticly using 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 and 150 mM NaCl as the mobile phase. Fractions were analyzed by SDS-PAGE using a CRITERION® Stain-Free Tris-HCl 8-16% SDS-PAGE gel, pooled based on the abundance of an approximately 25 kDa band, and concentrated using VIVASPIN® 5 kDa MWCO centrifugal concentration devices.

[0559] Protein concentrations were determined using a Microplate BCA™ Protein Assay Kit in which bovine serum albumin was used as a protein standard.

Example 9: Determination of Tm (melting temperature) of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* wild-type GH61B polypeptide and *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants by differential scanning calorimetry

[0560] The thermostabilities of the *A. fumigatus* wild-type GH61B polypeptide and the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants, which were purified as described in Example 8, were determined by Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) using a VP Differential Scanning Calorimeter (MicroCal Inc., GE Healthcare, Piscataway, NJ, USA). The melting temperature, Tm (°C), was taken as the top of denaturation peak (major endothermic peak) in thermograms (Cp vs. T) obtained after heating a 1 mg protein per ml solution of the

enzyme in 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0, 100 µM $CuSO_4$, or a 1 mg protein per ml solution of the enzyme in 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0, 10 mM EDTA pH 5.0, at a constant programmed heating rate. One ml of sample and reference-solutions were degassed at 25°C using a ThermoVac (MicroCal Inc., GE Healthcare, Piscataway, NJ, USA) prior to loading of sample and reference cells of the calorimeter. Sample and reference (reference: degassed water) solutions were manually loaded into the DSC and thermally pre-equilibrated to 25°C before the DSC scan was performed from 25°C to 95°C at a scan rate of 90 K/hour. Denaturation temperatures were determined at an accuracy of approximately +/-1°C. The results of the thermostability determination of the *A. fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants are shown in Table 6.

Table 6. Melting temperatures (°C) of the *A. fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide and variants of the *A. fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide, as determined by differential scanning calorimetry

Mutations	Tm + 100 µm $CuSO_4$	Tm + 10 mM EDTA pH 5
Wild-Type	69	59
G188A	75	n.d.
G188W	75	63
N189K	74	63
K229W	74	63
L111V + D152S + M155L + A162W	76	66
L111V + D152S + M155L + A162W + K229W	n.d.	70
L111V + D152S + M155L + A162W + G188F + K229W	83	73

Example 10: Determination of Tm (melting temperature) of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* wild-type GH61B polypeptide and *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants by protein thermal unfolding analysis

[0561] Protein thermal unfolding of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants was monitored using SYPRO® Orange Protein Stain (Invitrogen, Naerum, Denmark) using a StepOnePlus™ Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems Inc., Foster City, CA, USA). In a 96-well white PCR-plate, 15 µl of a protein sample (prepared as described in Example 8) in 100 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0 was mixed (1:1) with Sypro Orange (resulting concentration = 10X; stock solution = 5000X in DMSO) in 20 mM EDTA. The plate was sealed with an optical PCR seal. The PCR instrument was set at a scan-rate of 76°C per hour, starting at 25°C and finishing at 96°C. Fluorescence was monitored every 20 seconds using a built-in LED blue light for excitation and ROX-filter (610 nm, emission). Tm-values were calculated as the maximum value of the first derivative (dF/dK) (Gregory et al., 2009, J. Biomol. Screen. 14: 700). The results of the thermostability determinations are shown in Table 7.

Table 7. Melting temperatures (°C) of the *A. fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide and variants determined by thermal unfolding analysis

Mutations	Tm
Wild-Type	59
E105P	62
E154L	61
A216Y	60
A216L	63
K229H	61
K2291	60

Example 11: Preparation of a high-temperature cellulase composition

[0562] *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH7A cellobiohydrolase I (SEQ ID NO: 245 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 246 [deduced amino acid sequence]) was prepared recombinantly in *Aspergillus oryzae* as described in WO 2011/057140. The filtered broth of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH7A cellobiohydrolase I was concentrated and buffer exchanged with 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 using a tangential flow concentrator (Pall Filtron, Northborough, MA, USA) equipped with a 10 kDa polyethersulfone membrane (Pall Filtron, Northborough, MA, USA).

[0563] *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH6A cellobiohydrolase II (SEQ ID NO: 247 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 248 [deduced amino acid sequence]) was prepared recombinantly in *Aspergillus oryzae* as described in WO 2011/057140. The filtered broth of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH6A cellobiohydrolase II was concentrated and buffer exchanged with 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 using a tangential flow concentrator equipped with a 10 kDa polyethersulfone membrane.

[0564] *Trichoderma reesei* GH5 endoglucanase II (SEQ ID NO: 249 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 250 [deduced amino acid sequence]) was prepared recombinantly in *Aspergillus oryzae* as described in WO 2011/057140. Filtered broth of the *Trichoderma reesei* GH5 endoglucanase II was concentrated and buffer exchanged with 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0 using a tangential flow concentrator equipped with a 10 kDa polyethersulfone membrane.

[0565] *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH10 xylanase (xyn3) (SEQ ID NO: 251 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 252 [deduced amino acid sequence]) was prepared recombinantly according to WO 2006/078256 using *Aspergillus oryzae* BECh2 (WO 2000/39322) as a host. Filtered broth of the *Aspergillus fumigatus* NN055679 GH10 xylanase (xyn3) was desalted and buffer-exchanged with 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0 using a HIPREP® 26/10 Desalting column (GE Healthcare, Piscataway, NJ, USA) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

[0566] *Aspergillus fumigatus* Cel3A beta-glucosidase was prepared as described in Example 4.

[0567] *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH3 beta-xylosidase (SEQ ID NO: 253 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 254 [deduced amino acid sequence]) was prepared recombinantly in *Aspergillus oryzae* as described in WO 2011/057140 and purified according to WO 2011/057140.

[0568] The protein concentration for each of the monocomponents described above was determined using a Microplate BCA™ Protein Assay Kit in which bovine serum albumin was used as a protein standard. The cellulase composition was composed of 44.7% *Aspergillus fumigatus* Cel7A cellobiohydrolase I, 29.4% *Aspergillus fumigatus* Cel6A cellobiohydrolase II, 11.8% *Trichoderma reesei* GH5 endoglucanase II, 5.9% *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH10 xylanase (xyn3), 5.9% *Aspergillus fumigatus* beta-glucosidase, and 2.3% *Aspergillus fumigatus* beta-xylosidase. The cellulase composition is designated herein as a "high-temperature cellulase composition".

Example 12: Pretreated corn stover hydrolysis assay

[0569] Corn stover was pretreated at the U.S. Department of Energy National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) using 1.4 wt % sulfuric acid at 165°C and 107 psi for 8 minutes. The water-insoluble solids in the pretreated corn stover (PCS) contained approximately 59% cellulose, 5% hemicelluloses, and 28% lignin. Cellulose and hemicellulose were determined by a two-stage sulfuric acid hydrolysis with subsequent analysis of sugars by high performance liquid chromatography using NREL Standard Analytical Procedure #002. Lignin was determined gravimetrically after hydrolyzing the cellulose and hemicellulose fractions with sulfuric acid using NREL Standard Analytical Procedure #003.

[0570] The hydrolysis of PCS was conducted using 2.2 ml deep-well plates (Axygen, Union City, CA, USA) in a total reaction volume of 1.0 ml. The hydrolysis was performed with 50 mg of PCS per ml of 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0 buffer containing 1 mM manganese sulfate and a protein loading of the high-temperature cellulase composition (expressed as mg protein per gram of cellulose). Enzyme mixtures were prepared and then added simultaneously to all wells in a volume of 100 µl, for a final volume of 1 ml in each reaction. The plate was then sealed using an ALPS-300™ plate heat sealer (Abgene, Epsom, United Kingdom), mixed thoroughly, and incubated at 50°C, 55°C, and 60°C for 72 hours. All experiments were performed in triplicate.

[0571] Following hydrolysis, samples were filtered with a 0.45 µm MULTISCREEN® 96-well filter plate (Millipore, Bedford, MA, USA) and filtrates analyzed for sugar content as described below. When not used immediately, filtered sugary aliquots were frozen at -20°C. The sugar concentrations of samples diluted in 0.005 M H_2SO_4 were measured using a 4.6 x 250 mm AMINEX® HPX-87H column (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Hercules, CA, USA) by elution with 0.05% w/w benzoic acid-0.005 M H_2SO_4 at a flow rate of 0.6 ml per minute at 65°C, and quantitation by integration of glucose and cellobiose signals using a refractive index detector (CHEMSTATION®, AGILENT® 1100 HPLC, Agilent Technologies, Santa Clara, CA, USA) calibrated by pure sugar samples. The resultant equivalents were used to calculate the percentage of cellulose conversion for each reaction.

[0572] All HPLC data processing was performed using MICROSOFT EXCEL™ software (Microsoft, Richland, WA, USA). Measured sugar concentrations were adjusted for the appropriate dilution factor. Glucose and cellobiose were measured individually. However, to calculate total conversion the glucose and cellobiose values were combined. Cellobiose concentration was multiplied by 1.053 in order to convert to glucose equivalents and added to the glucose concentration. The degree of cellulose conversion was calculated using the following equation:

$$\% \text{ conversion} = ([\text{sample glucose concentration}]/[\text{glucose concentration in a limit digest}]) \times 100$$

[0573] In order to calculate % conversion, a 100% conversion point was set based on a cellulase control of 50 mg of the cellulase composition per gram cellulose (CELLUCLAST PLUS™, Novozymes A/S, Bagsvaerd, Denmark), and all values were divided by this number and then multiplied by 100. Triplicate data points were averaged and standard deviation was calculated.

Example 13: Effect of addition of *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants in the conversion of PCS by a high-temperature cellulase composition at 50°C, 55°C, and 60°C

[0574] *A. fumigatus* GH61B wild-type polypeptide and *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B polypeptide variants N189K, G188W, K229W, and G188A were evaluated for their ability to enhance the hydrolysis of PCS by the high temperature cellulase composition (Example 11) at 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C. The pretreated corn stover hydrolysis assay was performed as described in Example 12. The high temperature composition when loaded at 3 mg total protein per gram cellulose in the assay had the following enzyme loadings per gram cellulose: 1.34 mg of *A. fumigatus* cellobiohydrolase I per gram cellulose, 0.88 mg of *A. fumigatus* cellobiohydrolase II per gram cellulose, 0.18 mg of *A. fumigatus* beta-glucosidase per gram cellulose, 0.18 mg of *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH10 xylanase (Xyl3) per gram cellulose, 0.18 mg of *A. fumigatus* beta-xylosidase per gram cellulose, and 0.35 mg of *T. reesei* CEL5A endoglucanase II per gram cellulose.

[0575] The conversion of pretreated corn stover by the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose); the combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *A. fumigatus* GH61B wild-type polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose); the combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B variant N168K polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose); the combination of the high temperature cellulase

composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B variant G167W polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose); the combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B variant K208W polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose); and the combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *Aspergillus fumigatus* GH61B variant G167A polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose) were assayed as described in Example 12. Data were collected and analyzed, as described in Example 12, after 72 hours of incubation at 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C. These results are shown in Figure 6.

[0576] The high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) resulted in conversions of 46.8 ± 0.3%, 47.9 ± 1.0%, and 45.2 ± 0.2% at 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C, respectively, of the pretreated corn stover.

[0577] The combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *A. fumigatus* GH61B wild-type polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose) resulted in conversions of 55.3 ± 0.3% , 56.2 ± 0.7%, and 51.3 ± 0.4% at 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C, respectively, of the pretreated corn stover.

[0578] The combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *A. fumigatus* GH61B variant N189K polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose) resulted in conversions of the pretreated corn stover of 56.3 ± 0.5% , 57.5 ± 0.3%, and 51.3 ± 0.3% at 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C, respectively, of the pretreated corn stover.

[0579] The combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *A. fumigatus* GH61B variant G188W polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose) resulted in conversions of 55.8 ± 0.4% , 57.5 ± 0.4%, and 52.4 ± 0.04% at 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C, respectively, of the pretreated corn stover.

[0580] The combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *A. fumigatus* GH61B variant K229W polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose) resulted in conversions of 56.8 ± 0.7% , 57.6 ± 0.1%, and 53.0 ± 0.3% at 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C, respectively, of the pretreated corn stover.

[0581] The combination of the high temperature cellulase composition (3 mg protein per gram cellulose) and *A. fumigatus* GH61B variant G188A polypeptide (0.25 mg protein per gram cellulose) resulted in conversions of 55.9 ± 0.3% , 56.9 ± 0.5%, and 51.3 ± 0.3% at 50°C, 55°C, or 60°C, respectively, of the pretreated corn stover.

Example 14: Construction of *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A and *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide variants

[0582] Variants of the *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide (SEQ ID NO: 35 [DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 36 [amino acid sequence]), and *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide (SEQ ID NO: 13 [DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 14 [amino acid sequence]) were constructed by performing site-directed mutagenesis on plasmids pMMar45 and pDFng113, respectively, using a QUIKCHANGE® Site-Directed Mutagenesis Kit (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA) as described in Example 7. A summary of the primers used for the site-directed mutagenesis and the variants obtained are shown in Table 8. The same protocol described in Example 7 was used.

[0583] The resulting mutant plasmid DNAs were prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600. Each mutant plasmid was sequenced using a 3130xl Genetic Analyzer to verify the substitutions. The sequencing primers 996271 and pALLO2 3' were used for verification.

Table 8

Variant Template Backbone	Amino Acid Substitution	Primer ID	Primer Sequence	Variant Plasmid Name
Penicillium emersonii GH61A	D109P	615190	GCAGTGGACGCCGTGGCCGCCGAG CCACCACGGACCCGTCAT (SEQ ID NO: 255)	pLSBF07-1
		615201	ATGACGGGTCCGTGGTGGCTCGGC GGCCACGGCGTCCACTGC (SEQ ID NO: 256)	
Penicillium emersonii GH61A	D109K	615191	GCAGTGGACGCCGTGGCCGAAGAG CCACCACGGACCCGTCAT (SEQ ID NO: 257)	pLSBF07-2
		615202	ATGACGGGTCCGTGGTGGCTCTTCG GCCACGGCGTCCACTGC (SEQ ID NO: 258)	
Penicillium emersonii µGH61A	N192A	615193	CATCGCCCTGCACTCGGCCGCCAAC AAGGACGGCGCCCAGAAC (SEQ ID NO: 259)	pLSBF07-4
		615204	GTTCTGGGCGCCGTCCTTGTTGGCG GCCGAGTGCAGGGCGATG (SEQ ID NO: 260)	
Penicillium emersonii GH61A	N192W	615194	CATCGCCCTGCACTCGGCCTGGAAC AAGGACGGCGCCCAGAAC (SEQ ID NO: 261)	pLSBF07-5
		615205	GTTCTGGGCGCCGTCCTTGTTCCAG GCCGAGTGCAGGGCGATG (SEQ ID NO: 262)	
Penicillium emersonii GH61A	N193K	615195	CGCCCTGCACTCGGCCAACAAGAAG GACGGCGCCCAGAACTAC (SEQ ID NO: 263)	pLSBF07-6
		615206	GTAGTTCTGGGCGCCGTCCTTCTTG TTGGCCGAGTGCAGGGCG (SEQ ID NO: 264)	
Thermoascus aurantiacus GH61A	D105K	615253	GCTTCAATGGACTCCATGGCCTAAA TCTCACCATGGCCCAGTTATCA (SEQ ID NO: 265)	pDFng113-1
			TGATAACTGGGCCATGGTGAGATTT	

Variant Template Backbone	Amino Acid Substitution	Primer ID	Primer Sequence	Variant Plasmid Name
		615254	AGGCCATGGAGTCCATTGAAGC (SEQ ID NO: 266)	
Thermoascus aurantiacus GH61A	D105P	615255	GCTTCAATGGACTCCATGGCCTCCT TCTCACCATGGCCCAGTTATCA (SEQ ID NO: 267)	pDFng113-3
		615256	TGATAACTGGGCCATGGTGAGAAGG AGGCCATGGAGTCCATTGAAGC (SEQ ID NO: 268)	
Thermoascus aurantiacus GH61A	Q188W	615273	GAGATTATTGCTCTTCACTCAGCTTG GAACCAGGATGGTGCCCAGAAC (SEQ ID NO: 269)	pDFng113-28
		615275	GTTCTGGGCACCATCCTGGTTCCAA GCTGAGTGAAGAGCAATAATCTC (SEQ ID NO: 270)	

[0584] The *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variants and *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide variants were expressed using *Aspergillus oryzae* PFJO218 as host was performed according to the procedure described in Example 3.

Example 15: Preparation of *Penicillium emersonii* wild-type GH61A polypeptide and P. *emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variants

[0585] The *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide wild-type and variant strains were grown as described in Example 8 to recover culture broths for purification.

[0586] The filtered culture broths were then concentrated by centrifugal ultrafiltration using VIVACELL® 20 5 kDa MWCO centrifugal concentration devices (Sartorius Stedim, Goettingen, Germany) and then buffer exchanged into 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Protein concentrations were determined using a Microplate BCA™ Protein Assay Kit in which bovine serum albumin was used as a protein standard.

[0587] In the cases of *P. emersonii* GH61A wild-type polypeptide, *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variant N192W, and *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variant N193K, further purification was conducted by application of the concentrated and buffer exchanged broths to HITRAP® Q SEPHAROSE® Fast Flow columns (GE Healthcare, Piscataway, NJ, USA) equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Bound proteins were eluted with a linear gradient of 0-500 mM sodium chloride in 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Fractions were analyzed by SDS-PAGE using a CRITERION® Tris-HCl 8-16% SDS-PAGE gel (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Hercules, CA, USA), pooled based on the abundance of an approximately 25 kDa band, and concentrated using VIVASPIN® 5 kDa MWCO centrifugal concentration devices. Protein concentrations were determined using a Microplate BCA™ Protein Assay Kit in which bovine serum albumin was used as a protein standard.

Example 16: Preparation of *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide variants

[0588] The *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide wild-type and variant strains were grown as described in Example 8 to recover culture broths for purification.

[0589] The filtered culture broths were then concentrated by centrifugal ultrafiltration using VIVACELL® 20 5 kDa MWCO centrifugal concentration devices (Sartorius Stedim, Goettingen, Germany) and then buffer exchanged into 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Protein concentrations were determined using a Microplate BCA™ Protein Assay Kit in which bovine serum albumin was used as a protein standard.

[0590] The purification was conducted by application of the concentrated and buffer exchanged broths to HITRAP® Q SEPHAROSE® Fast Flow columns equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Bound proteins were eluted with a linear gradient of 0-500 mM sodium chloride in 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Fractions were analyzed by SDS-PAGE using a CRITERION® Tris-HCl 8-16% SDS-PAGE gel, pooled based on the abundance of an approximately 25 kDa band, and concentrated using VIVASPIN® 5 kDa MWCO centrifugal concentration devices. Protein concentrations were determined using a Microplate BCA™ Protein Assay Kit in which bovine serum albumin was used as a protein standard.

Example 17: Determination of Tm (melting temperature) of the *P. emersonii* wild-type GH61A polypeptide and *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variants by differential scanning calorimetry

[0591] The thermostabilities of the *P. emersonii* wild-type GH61A polypeptide and the *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variants, purified as described in Example 15, were determined by Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) using a VP Differential Scanning Calorimeter. The melting temperature, Tm (°C), was taken as the top of denaturation peak (major endothermic peak) in thermograms (Cp vs. T) obtained after heating a 1 mg protein per ml solution of the enzyme in 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0, 100 µM $CuSO_4$, or a 1 mg protein per ml solution of the enzyme in 50 mM sodium acetate pH 5.0, 10 mM EDTA pH 5.0, at a constant programmed heating rate. One ml of sample and reference-solutions were degassed at 25°C using a ThermoVac prior to loading of sample and reference cells of the calorimeter. Sample and reference (reference: degassed water) solutions were manually loaded into the DSC and thermally pre-equilibrated to 25°C before the DSC scan was performed from 25°C to 95°C at a scan rate of 90 K/hour. Denaturation temperatures were determined at an accuracy of approximately +/-1°C.

[0592] The results of the thermostability determination of the *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variants are shown in Table 9.

Table 9. Melting temperatures (°C) of *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide and variants of *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide, as determined by differential scanning calorimetry

Enzyme sample	Tm + 100 µM $CuSO_4$
P. emersonii GH61A	82
P. emersonii GH61A N192W	84
P. emersonii GH61A N193K	83

Example 18: Determination of Tm (melting temperature) of *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A and *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide variants by protein thermal unfolding analysis

[0593] Protein thermal unfolding of the *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A and *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide variants was monitored using SYPRO® Orange Protein Stain and was performed using a

StepOnePlus™ Real-Time PCR System as described as Example 10. *P. emersonii* GH61A wild-type polypeptide and *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variants were concentrated and buffer exchanged as described in Example 15. *T. aurantiacus* GH61A wild-type polypeptide and *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptides variants were purified as described in Example 16. The results of the thermostability determination are shown in Table 10.

Table 10. Melting temperature (°C) of *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A and *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide variants by protein thermal unfolding analysis

Protein backbone	Sample type	Mutations	Tm
P. emersonii GH61A	Concentrated	Wild-Type	69
P. emersonii GH61A	Concentrated	D109P	71
P. emersonii GH61A	Concentrated	D109K	70
P. emersonii GH61A	Concentrated	N192A	70
P. emersonii GH61A	Concentrated	N192W	71
P. emersonii GH61A	Concentrated	N193K	71
T. aurantiacus GH61A	Purified	WT	72
T. aurantiacus GH61A	Purified	D105K	74
T. aurantiacus GH61A	Purified	D105P	74
T. aurantiacus GH61A	Purified	Q188W	74

Example 19: Construction of expression vectors pDFng153-4, pDFng154-17, and pDFng155-33

[0594] Plasmids pDFng153-4 (Figure 7), pDFng154-17 (Figure 8), and pDFng155-33 (Figure 9) were constructed as described below for expression of the *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide, *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide, and *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide, respectively, and generation of the variants listed in Table 11. The plasmids were constructed using plasmid pBGMH16 (Figure 10).

[0595] Plasmid pBGMH16 was constructed according to the protocol described below. A Nb.BtsI recognition site in pUC19 was removed by PCR amplifying pUC19 with primer pair BGMH24/BGMH25 followed by the uracil-specific excision reagent USER™ based cloning (New England BioLabs, Ipswich, MA, USA). Plasmid pUC19 is described in Yanisch-Perron et al., 1985, Gene 33(1):103-19.

BGMH 24	ATGCAGCGCUGCCATAACCATGAGTGA (SEQ ID NO: 271)
BGMH 25	AGCGCTGCAUAATTCTCTTACTGTCATG (SEQ ID NO: 272)

[0596] Underlined sequence is used in the USER™ assisted fusion of the PCR fragments creating pBGMH13. USER™ (Uracil-Specific Excision Reagent) Enzyme (New England Biolabs, Ipswich, MA, USA) generates a single nucleotide gap at the location of a uracil. USER™ Enzyme is a mixture of Uracil DNA glycosylase (UDG) and the DNA glycosylase-lyase Endonuclease VIII. UDG catalyzes the excision of a uracil base, forming an abasic (apyrimidinic) site while leaving the phosphodiester backbone intact. The lyase activity of Endonuclease VIII breaks the phosphodiester backbone at the 3' and 5' sides of the basic site so that base-free deoxyribose is released.

[0597] The amplification reaction was composed of 100 ng of each primer, 10 ng of pUC19, 1X *PfuTurbo*® C_X Reaction Buffer (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA), 2.5 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 2.5 units of *PfuTurbo*® C_X Hot Start DNA Polymerase (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA), in a final volume of 50 µl. The reaction was performed using a EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 2 minutes; 32 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 55°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 3 minutes; and

a final elongation at 72°C for 7 minutes. Five µl of 10X NEBuffer 4 (New England Biolabs, Inc., Ipswich, MA, USA), and 20 units of *Dpn* I were added and incubated 1 hour at 37°C. The *Dpn* I was inactivated at 80°C for 20 minutes. A total of 100 ng of the PCR product and 1 unit of USER™ enzyme in a total volume of 10 µl were incubated 20 minutes at 37°C followed by 20 minutes at 25°C. Ten µl were transformed into ONE SHOT® TOP10 competent cells. This resulted in plasmid pBHMG13.

[0598] Plasmid pBGMH14 contains part of pBGMH13 as vector backbone and a *Pac* I/Nt.BbvCI USER™ cassette (Hansen et al., 2011, Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 77(9): 3044-51) which is flanked by part of the *A. oryzae niaD* gene on one side and part of the *A. oryzae niiA* gene on the other side. The *Pac* I/Nt.BbvCI USER™ cassette can be linearized with *Pac* I and Nt.BbvCI and a PCR product with compatible overhangs can be cloned into this site (New England Biolabs, Ipswich, MA, USA).

BGMH 27	**AATTAAGUCCTCAGC**GTGATTTAAAACGCCATTGCT (SEQ ID NO: 273)
BGMH 28	**ACTTAATUAAACCCTCAGCGC**AGTTAGGTTGGTGTTCTTCT (SEQ ID NO: 274)
BGMH 29	AGCTCAAGGAUACCTACAGTTATTCGAAA (SEQ ID NO: 275)
BGMH 30	ATCCTTGAGCUGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCC (SEQ ID NO: 276)
BGMH 31	ATCTCCTCUGCTGGTCTGGTTAAGCCAGCCCCGACAC (SEQ ID NO: 277)
BGMH 32	AGAGGAGAUAATACTCTGCGCTCCGCC (SEQ ID NO: 278)

[0599] Underlined sequence was used in the USER™ assisted fusion of the three fragments. The sequence marked in bold was used to introduce a PacI/Nt.BbvCI USER™ cassette (Hansen *et al.*, 2011, *supra)* between the *niiA* and *niaD* fragments.

[0600] An *Aspergillus oryzae niiA* fragment was generated using primers BGMH27 and BGMH29. The primer pair BGMH28/BGMH32 was used to amplify the *Aspergillus oryzae niaD* gene region and primer-pair BGMH30/BGMH31 was used to amplify the plasmid backbone region.

[0601] Genomic DNA from *A. oryzae* BECH2 (WO 00/39322) was purified using a FASTDNA™ 2 ml SPIN Kit for Soil (MP Biomedicals, Santa Ana, California, USA).

[0602] The amplification reaction was composed of 100 ng of each primer, template DNA (pBGMH13 or *A. oryzae* BECH2 genomic DNA), 1X *PfuTurbo*® C_X Reaction Buffer, 2.5 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 2.5 units of *PfuTurbo*® C_X Hot Start DNA Polymerase, in a final volume of 50 µl. The reaction was performed using a EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 2 minutes; 32 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 55°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 4 minutes; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. For PCR tubes where template DNA was a plasmid, 5 µl of 10X NEBuffer 4 and 20 units of *Dpn* I were added and incubated 1 hour at 37°C. The *Dpn* I was inactivated at 80°C for 20 minutes. Fifty ng of each of the PCR products and 1 unit of USER™ enzyme in a total volume of 10 µl were incubated for 20 minutes at 37°C followed by 20 minutes at 25°C. Then 10 µl were transformed into ONE SHOT® TOP10 competent cells. The three fragments were fused by uracil-specific excision reagent based cloning resulting in pBGMH14.

[0603] The promoter P13amy is a derivative of the NA-2tpi promoter from pJaL676 (WO 2003/008575). The *A. niger* AMG terminator used is described by Christensen et al., 1988, Nature Biotechnology 6: 141-1422.

[0604] The P13amy promoter and AMG terminator were cloned into the PacI/Nt.BbvCI USER™ cassette in pBGMH14. The primers were designed so that an AsiSI/Nb.BtsI USER™ cassette (Hansen *et al.*, 2011, *supra*) was introduced between the promoter and terminator.

BGMH 49	GGGTTTAAUCCTCACACAGGAAACAGCTATGA (SEQ ID NO: 279)
BGMH 50	**AGTGTCTGCGAUCGCTCTCACTGC**CCCCAGTTGTGTATATAGAGGA (SEQ ID NO:

	280)
BGMH 51	**ATCGCAGACACUGCT**GGCGGTAGACAATCAATCCAT (SEQ ID NO: 281)
BGMH 52	GGACTTAAUGGATCTAAGATGAGCTCATGGCT (SEQ ID NO: 282)

[0605] Underlined sequence was used in the USER™ assisted fusion of the two fragments into a PacI/Nt.BbvCI digested pBGMH14. The sequence marked in bold was used to introduce a AsiSI/Nb.BtsI USER™ cassette (Hansen *et al.*, 2011, *supra*) between the promoter and terminator.

[0606] Promoter P13amy and AMG terminator was PCR amplified using the primer pair BGMH49/BGMH50 to amplify promoter P13amy and the primer pair BGMH51/BGMH52 to amplify the AMG terminator. The amplification reaction was composed of 100 ng of each primer, template DNA, 1X *PfuTurbo*® C_X Reaction Buffer, 2.5 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 2.5 units of *PfuTurbo*® C_X Hot Start DNA Polymerase, in a final volume of 50 µl. The reaction was performed using a EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 2 minutes; 32 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 55°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 45 seconds; and a final elongation at 72°C for 3 minutes. Then 5 µl of 10X NEBuffer 4 and 20 units of *Dpn* I were added and incubated 1 hour at 37°C. The *Dpn* I was inactivated at 80°C for 20 minutes.

[0607] The two fragments were fused into PacI/Nt.BbvCI digested pBGMH14 by USER™ based cloning method in a reaction composed of 10 ng of PacI/Nt.BbvCI digested pBGMH14, 50 ng of each of the two PCR products, and 1 unit of USER™ enzyme in a total volume of 10 µl. The reaction was incubated for 20 minutes at 37°C followed by 20 minutes at 25°C. Then 10 µl were transformed into ONE SHOT® TOP10 competent cells. *E. coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates and plasmid DNA was prepared using QIAPREP® Spin Miniprep Kit (QIAGEN Inc., Valencia, CA, USA). Plasmid pBGMH16 was confirmed by sequencing analysis.

[0608] DNA sequencing was performed using a Model 377 XL Automated DNA Sequencer and dye-terminator chemistry (Giesecke *et al.*, 1992, *supra*). Sequencing primers used for verification of *niiA, niaD*, the P13amy promoter, AsiSI/Nb.BtsI USER™ cassette, and AMG terminator sequence in BGMH16 are shown below.

BGMH 36	ACGCCATTGCTATGATGCTTGAAG (SEQ ID NO: 283)
BGMH 37	TGGTGAGGTGCTATCGTCCTT (SEQ ID NO: 284)
BGMH 38	CTTCCTGTAGGTGCACCGAAG (SEQ ID NO: 285)
BGMH 39	ACAGAACGATATCGGACCTCG (SEQ ID NO: 286)
BGMH 40	TCGTTATGTTAAGTCTTCTATCA (SEQ ID NO: 287)
BGMH 41	AGAGCTCGAAGTTCCTCCGAG (SEQ ID NO: 288)
BGMH 42	TATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTCTC (SEQ ID NO: 289)
BGMH 43	TCCGTCGGCTCCTCTCCTTCGT (SEQ ID NO: 290)
BGMH 44	TGCATATCCTCTGACAGTATATGA (SEQ ID NO: 291)
BGMH 45	CAGTGAAGAGGGCAGTCGATAGT (SEQ ID NO: 292)
BGMH 46	ACGAGGAACATGGCTATCTGGA (SEQ ID NO: 293)
BGMH 47	TCAGCTCATTCTGGGAGGTGGGA (SEQ ID NO: 294)
BGMH 48	ACTCCAGGATCCTTTAAATCCA (SEQ ID NO: 295)
BGMH 53	ACTGGCAAGGGATGCCATGCT (SEQ ID NO: 296)
BGMH 54	TGATCATATAACCAATTGCCCT (SEQ ID NO: 297)
BGMH 55	AGTTGTGTATATAGAGGATTGA (SEQ ID NO: 298)
BGMH 56	TGGTCCTTCGCTCGTGATGTGGA (SEQ ID NO: 299)
BGMH 57	AGTCCTCAGCGTTACCGGCA (SEQ ID NO: 300)

BGMH 58	ACCCTCAGCTGTGTCCGGGA (SEQ ID NO: 301)
BGMH 59	TGGTATGTGAACGCCAGTCTG (SEQ ID NO: 302)

[0609] Plasmid pBGMH 16 contains flanking regions designed to repair the *niiA* gene and *niaD* gene in *Aspergillus* oryzae COLs1300. Plasmid pBGMH16 was digested with *Asi* Si and *Nb. Bts* I to linearize the plasmid and create single stranded overhangs so that a PCR product with compatible overhangs can be cloned into this site by USER™ cloning (New England Biolabs, Inc., Ipswich, MA, USA). The digested plasmid was purified using a DNA Purification Kit (QIAGEN Inc., Valencia, CA, USA) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

[0610] The *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence (SEQ ID NO: 13 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 14 [deduced amino acid sequence]), *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence (SEQ ID NO: 35 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 36 [deduced amino acid sequence]), and *A. aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide coding sequence (SEQ ID NO: 67 [genomic DNA sequence] and SEQ ID NO: 68 [deduced amino acid sequence]) were amplified from source plasmids described below using the primers shown in Table 11. Bold letters represent coding sequence. The single deoxyuridine (U) residue inserted into each primer is the U that is excised from the PCR products using the USER™ enzyme (New England Biolabs, Inc., Ipswich, MA, USA) to obtain overhangs for the insertion site. The underline letters represent a His tag. The remaining sequences are homologous to insertion sites of pBGMH 16 for expression of the GH61 polypeptides.

Table 11

GH61 origin	Source Template	Plasmid	Primer ID	Primer Sequence
Thermoascus aurantiacus GH61A	pDFng113 Example 1	pDFng153-4	TaGH61_USERtagF	AGAGCGA(U)**ATGTCCTTTTCC AAGATAAT** (SEQ ID NO: 303)
			TaGH61_USER_HIStagR	TCTGCGA(U)**TTA**GTGATGGTG GTGATGATG**ACCAGTATACAG AGGAGGAC** (SEQ ID NO: 304)
Penicillium emersonii GH61A	pMMar45 Example 1	pDFng154-17	PeGH61_USERtagF	AGAGCGA(U)**ATGCTGTCTTCG ACGACTCG** (SEQ ID NO: 305)
			PeGH61_USER_HIStagR	TCTGCGA(U)**CTA**GTGATGGTG GTGATGATG**GAACGTCGGCT CAGGCGGCC** (SEQ ID NO: 306)
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	Xyz1566 (WO 2012/030799)	pDFng155-33	AaGH61_USERtagF	AGAGCGA(U)**ATGTCTGTTGCT AAGTTTGCTGGTG** (SEQ ID NO: 307)
			AaGH61_USER_HIStagR	TCTGCGA(U)**TTA**GTGATGGTG GTGATGATG**GGCGGAGAGGT CACGGGCGT** (SEQ ID NO: 308)

[0611] Construction of plasmid pDFng153-4 containing the *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence is described below. The *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was amplified from

plasmid pDFng113 using the primers shown in Table 11 with overhangs designed for cloning into plasmid pBGMH16. The amplification was composed of 100 ng of each primer listed in Table 11, 30 ng of pDFng113, 1X *PfuTurbo*® C_X Reaction Buffer, 2.5 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 2.5 units of *PfuTurbo*® C_X Hot Start DNA Polymerase, in a final volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 2 minutes; 30 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 57.7°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 1.5 minutes; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 10°C soak cycle.

[0612] The PCR reaction was analyzed by 0.7% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where an approximately 894 bp PCR product band was observed. The PCR reaction was then digested with 1 µl of *Dpn* I and 4.5 µl of NEBuffer 4 at 37°C overnight and purified using a QIAGEN® Purification Kit according to the manufacturer's instructions.

[0613] The homologous ends of the 894 bp PCR reaction and the AsiSI and Nb.*Bts*I digested pBGMH16 were joined together in a reaction composed of 10 µl of the PCR containing the 894 bp PCR product, 1 µl of the AsiSI and Nb.BtsI digested plasmid pBGMH16, and 1 µl of USER™ enzyme (New England Biolabs, Inc., Ipswich, MA, USA). The reaction was incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C, followed by 15 minutes at 25°C. Ten µl of the reaction were transformed into *E. coli* XL10-GOLD® Super Competent Cells according to the manufacturer's instructions. *E. coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates. Plasmid DNA from several of the resulting *E. coli* transformants was prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600. The *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence insert was confirmed by DNA sequencing using a Model 377 XL Automated DNA Sequencer and dye-terminator chemistry (Giesecke *et al.*, 1992, *supra*). The sequencing primers shown below were used for verification of the gene insert and sequence.

Primer TaGH61seqF:
CCCAGTTATCAACTACCTTG (SEQ ID NO: 309)

Primer pBGMH16seqF:
CTCAATTTACCTCTATCCAC (SEQ ID NO: 310)

Primer pBGMH16seqR:
TATAACCAATTGCCCTCATC (SEQ ID NO: 311)

[0614] A plasmid containing the correct *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was selected and designated pDFng153-4.

[0615] Construction of plasmid pDFng154-17 containing the *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence is described below. The *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was amplified from plasmid pMMar45 using the primers shown in Table 11 with overhangs designed for cloning into plasmid pBGMH16. The amplification was composed of 100 ng of each primer listed in Table 11, 30 ng of pMMar45, 1X *PfuTurbo*® C_X Reaction Buffer, 2.5 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 2.5 units of *PfuTurbo*® C_X Hot Start DNA Polymerase, in a final volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 2 minutes; 30 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 64.1°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 1.5 minutes; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 10°C soak cycle.

[0616] The PCR reaction was analyzed by 0.7% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where an approximately 930 bp PCR product band was observed. The PCR reaction was then digested with 1 µl of *Dpn* I and 4.5 µl of NEBuffer 4 at 37°C overnight and purified using a QIAGEN® Purification Kit according to the manufacturer's instructions.

[0617] The homologous ends of the 930 bp PCR reaction and the AsiSI and Nb.BtsI digested pBGMH16 were joined together in a reaction composed of 10 µl of the PCR containing the 930 bp PCR product, 1 µl of the AsiSI and Nb.BtsI digested pBGMH16, and 1 µl of USER™ enzyme. The reaction was incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C, followed by 15 minutes at 25°C. Ten µl of the reaction were transformed into *E. coli* XL10-GOLD® Super Competent Cells according to the manufacturer's instructions. *E. coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates. Plasmid DNA from several of the resulting *E. coli* transformants was prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600. The *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence insert was confirmed by DNA sequencing using a Model 377 XL Automated DNA Sequencer and dye-terminator chemistry (Giesecke *et al.*, 1992, *supra*). The sequencing primers pBGMH16seqF and pBGMH16seqR and primer PeGH61seqF shown below were used for verification of the gene insert and sequence.
PeGH61seqF:
GCACCGTCGAGCTGCAGTGG (SEQ ID NO: 312)

[0618] A plasmid containing the correct *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was selected and designated pDFng154-17.

[0619] Construction of plasmid pDFng155-33 containing the *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence is described below. The *A. aculeatus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was amplified from plasmid Xyz1566 (WO 2012/030799 Example 3, P23NJ4 gene) using primers shown in Table 11 with overhangs designed for cloning into plasmid pBGMH16. The amplification reaction was composed of 100 ng of each primer listed in Table 11, 30 ng of plasmid Xyz1566, 1X *PfuTurbo*® C_X Reaction Buffer, 2.5 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 2.5 units of *PfuTurbo*® C_X Hot Start DNA Polymerase, in a final volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 95°C for 2 minutes; 30 cycles each at 95°C for 30 seconds, 63.4°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 1.5 minutes; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 10°C soak cycle.

[0620] The PCR reaction was analyzed by 0.7% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where an approximately 1.3 kb PCR product band was observed. The PCR reaction was then digested with 1 µl of *Dpn* I and 4.5 µl of NEBuffer 4 at 37°C overnight and purified using a QIAGEN® Purification Kit according to the manufacturer's instructions.

[0621] The homologous ends of the 1.3 kb PCR reaction and the digested pBGMH16 were joined together in a reaction composed of 10 µl of the PCR containing the 1.3 kb PCR product, 1 µl of the digested pBGMH16, and 1 µl of USER™ enzyme. The reaction was incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C, followed by 15 minutes at 25°C. Ten µl of the reaction were transformed into *E. coli* XL10-GOLD® Super Competent Cells according to the manufacturer's instructions. *E. coli* transformants were selected on 2XYT+Amp agar plates. Plasmid DNA from several of the resulting *E. coli* transformants was prepared using a BIOROBOT® 9600. The *A. aculeatus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence insert was confirmed by DNA sequencing using a Model 377 XL Automated DNA Sequencer and dye-terminator chemistry (Giesecke *et al.*, 1992, *supra*). The sequencing primers pBGMH16seqF and pBGMH16seqR and primer AaGH61seqF shown below were used for verification of the gene insert and sequence.
Primer AaGH61seqF:
CCTTGCCAACTGCAATGGTG (SEQ ID NO: 313)

[0622] A plasmid containing the correct *A. aculeatus* GH61A polypeptide coding sequence was selected and designated pDFng155-33.

Example 20: Construction of the *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A and *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A polypeptide variants

[0623] Variants of the *T. aurantiacus* GH61A and *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptides were constructed by

performing site-directed mutagenesis on plasmids pDFng153-4 and pDFng154-17, respectively, according to the procedure described in Example 7 using the primers described in Table 12.

[0624] The sequencing primers pBGMH16seqF, pBGMH16seqR, and TaGH61seqF (used only for *T. aurantiacus* GH61A variants), and primer PeGH61seqR shown below (used only for *P. emersonii* GH61A variants) were used for verification.

PeGH61seqR (only used for *P. emersonii* GH61A variants):

GCACCGTCGAGCTGCAGTGG (SEQ ID NO: 314)

Table 12

Variant Template Backbone	Amino Acid Substitution	Primer ID	Primer Sequence	Variant Plasmid Name
Thermoascus aurantiacus GH61A (pDFng153-4)	Q188F	1202295	ATTATTGCTCTTCACTCAGCTTTCAACCAGGA TGGTGCCCAGAAC (SEQ ID NO: 315)	TaSDM2
		1202296	GTTCTGGGCACCATCCTGGTTGAAAGCTGAG TGAAGAGCAATAAT (SEQ ID NO: 316)	
	Q188M	1202297	ATTATTGCTCTTCACTCAGCTATGAACCAGGA TGGTGCCCAGAAC (SEQ ID NO: 317)	TaSDM3
		1202298	GTTCTGGGCACCATCCTGGTTCATAGCTGAG TGAAGAGCAATAAT (SEQ ID NO: 318)	
Penicillium emersonii GH61A (pDFng154-17)	N192M	1202305	CCCTGCACTCGGCCATGAACAAGGACGGCG C (SEQ ID NO: 319)	PeSDM6
		1202306	GCGCCGTCCTTGTTCATGGCCGAGTGCAGG G (SEQ ID NO: 320)	
	N193H	1202307	GCACTCGGCCAACCACAAGGACGGCGCCC (SEQ ID NO: 321)	PeSDM7
		1202308	GGGCGCCGTCCTTGTGGTTGGCCGAGTGC (SEQ ID NO: 322)	

[0625] PCR fragments were amplified from the mutant plasmids, the *T. aurantiacus* GH61A polypeptide plasmid pDFng153-4, and the *P. emersonii* GH61A polypeptide plasmid pDFng154-17 for *A. oryzae* COLs1300 transformation. The amplification was composed of 10 µM each of primers 1201513 and 1201514 (see below), 10 ng of either pDFng153-4, pDFng154-17, or one of the mutant plasmids, 5X PHUSION® High-Fidelity Buffer (New England Biolabs, Inc., Ipswich, MA, USA), 1 µl of a blend of dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, each at 10 mM, and 0.5 µl of PHUSION® High-Fidelity DNA polymerase (New England Biolabs, Inc., Ipswich, MA, USA), in a final volume of 50 µl. For pDFng154-17 and the *P. emersonii* GH61 polypeptide mutant plasmids, 1.5 µl of DMSO were also added. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® 5333 programmed for 1 cycle at 98°C for 30 seconds; 10 cycles each at 98°C for 10 seconds, 65°C minus 1°C per cycle for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 3 minutes; 25 cycles each at 98°C for 10 seconds, 55°C at 30 seconds, and 72°C for 3 minutes; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 10°C soak cycle.

Primer 1201513:
CCAGACCAGCAGAGGAGATAATACT (SEQ ID NO: 323)

Primer 1201514:
CAAGGATACCTACAGTTATTCGA (SEQ ID NO: 324)

[0626] Each PCR reaction was analyzed by 0.7% agarose gel electrophoresis using TBE buffer where either a 7718 bp PCR product from *T. aurantiacus or* a 7754 bp PCR product band from *P. emersonii* was observed. The PCR reaction was then digested with 1 µl of *Dpn* I and 4.5 µl of NEBuffer 4 at 37°C overnight and purified using a QIAGEN® Purification Kit according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Example 21: Construction of *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide variants

[0627] The *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide variants were constructed by SOE-PCR (Splicing by Overhang Extension Polymerase Chain Reaction) with plasmid pDFng155-33. In brief, the first PCR reaction used forward primer BGMH110V2F and a mutation specific reverse primer (Table 13). The second PCR reaction used a reverse primer BGMH109V2R and a mutation specific forward primer (Table 13) containing the sequence coding for the altered amino acid. The mutation specific forward and reverse primers contained 15-20 overlapping nucleotides. The third PCR reaction used the overlapping nucleotides to splice together the fragments produced in the first and second reaction. Finally, using forward primer BGMH110V2F and reverse primer BGMH109V2R, the spliced fragment was amplified by PCR.

Primer BGMH110V2F:
5'-CCAGACCAGCAGAGGAGATAATACTCTGCG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 325)

Primer BGMH109V2R:
5'-CAAGGATACCTACAGTTATTCGAAACCTCCTG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 326)

[0628] The first SOE-PCR reactions for the *A. aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide variants contained 0.5 picomole of the BGMH110V2F primer, 0.5 picomole of the reverse primer listed in Table 13, 50 ng of template (pDFng155-33), 5 nanomoles each dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, 1X PHUSION® High-Fidelity Buffer, and 0.7 unit of PHUSION® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase, in a final reaction volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® Gradient (Eppendorf Scientific, Inc., Westbury, NY, USA) programmed for 1 cycle at 98°C for 2 minutes; 35 cycles each at 98°C for 25 seconds, 66°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 5 minute; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 10°C hold stage.

[0629] The second SOE-PCR reactions for the *A. aculeatus* GH61 variants contained 0.5 picomole of the forward primer listed in Table 13, 0.5 picomole of the BGMH109V2R primer, 50 ng of template (pDFng155-33), 5 nanomoles each dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, 1X PHUSION® High-Fidelity Buffer, and 0.7 unit of PHUSION® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase, in a final reaction volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® Gradient programmed for 1 cycle at 98°C for 2 minutes; 35 cycles each at 98°C for 25 seconds, 66°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 5 minutes; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 10°C hold stage.

[0630] Each PCR reaction was analyzed by 1.0% agarose electrophoresis using TAE buffer where a 3.9 to 6.5 kb (as specified in Table 13) PCR product band was observed indicating proper amplification. The remaining 45 microliters were then treated with 10 units of *Dpn* I and 1X NEB4 to remove the remaining wild-type template. The reaction was incubated for 1 hour at 37°C and then purified using a MINELUTE® 96 UF Purification Kit

(QIAGEN Inc., Valencia, CA, USA). The purified PCR products were resuspended in deionized water to a final volume equal to 20 µl. The concentration of each fragment was measured using a NanoDrop 2000 (Thermo Scientific, Wilmington, DE, USA).

[0631] The third PCR reaction for the *A. aculeatus* GH61 variants contained 100 to 200 ng of each fragment produced in the first and second SOE-PCR reactions, 5 nanomoles each dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, 1X PHUSION® High-Fidelity Buffer, and 0.7 units PHUSION® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase, in a final reaction volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® Gradient programmed for 1 cycle at 98°C for 2 minutes; 35 cycles each at 98°C for 15 seconds, 68°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 10 minutes; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 10°C hold stage. Primer BGMH110V2F primer (0.5 picomole) and primer BGMH109V2R (0.5 picomole) were added during the annealing/elongation step of the fifth cycle to allow for the overlapping nucleotides to splice.

[0632] The wild-type fragment was produced using conditions similar to the third PCR reaction. The reaction was composed of 50 ng of template (pDFng155-33), 0.5 picomole of primer BGMH110V2F, 0.5 picomole of primer BGMH109V2R, 5 nanomoles each dATP, dTTP, dGTP, and dCTP, 1X PHUSION® High-Fidelity Buffer, and 0.7 units PHUSION® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase, in a final reaction volume of 50 µl. The amplification was performed using an EPPENDORF® MASTERCYCLER® Gradient programmed for 1 cycle at 98°C for 2 minutes; 35 cycles each at 98°C for 15 seconds, 68°C for 30 seconds, and 72°C for 10 minutes; and a final elongation at 72°C for 10 minutes. The heat block then went to a 10°C hold stage.

[0633] Each PCR reaction was analyzed by 1.0% agarose electrophoresis using TAE buffer where an approximately 8 kb PCR product band was observed indicating proper amplification. The remaining 45 µl of each PCR reaction were then purified using a MINELUTE® 96 UF Purification Kit. The purified PCR products were resuspended in deionized water to a final volume equal to 20 µl. The concentration of each fragment was measured using a NanoDrop 2000. The entire volume was then transformed into the *Aspergillus oryzae* COLs1300 strain as described in Example 22.

Table 13

Template Backbone	Amino Acid Substitution	Primer ID	Primer Direction	Primer Sequence	PCR fragment size (kb)
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	D103K	1202768	Fwd	TCCAGTGGACTACCTGGCCCAAGAGCCACCA CGGCCCTGTCC (SEQ ID NO: 327)	4.1
		1202769	Rev	GGGCCAGGTAGTCCACTGGAGCTCAACAGTA C (SEQ ID NO: 328)	6.5
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	D103P	1202770	Fwd	TCCAGTGGACTACCTGGCCCCCCAGCCACCA CGGCCCTGTCC (SEQ ID NO: 329)	4.1
		1202769	Rev	GGGCCAGGTAGTCCACTGGAGCTCAACAGTA C (SEQ ID NO: 330)	6.5
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	N152I	1202771	Fwd	CCGGTACCTGGGCCAGTGATATCTTGATCGC CAACAACAACAGCTG (SEQ ID NO: 331)	4.0
			Rev	ATCACTGGCCCAGGTACCGGGGACGTCGTC	6.4

Template Backbone	Amino Acid Substitution	Primer ID	Primer Direction	Primer Sequence	PCR fragment size (kb)
		1202772		(SEQ ID NO: 332)	
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	N152L	1202773	Fwd	CCGGTACCTGGGCCAGTGATCTCTTGATCGC CAACAACAACAGCTG (SEQ ID NO: 333)	4.0
		1202772	Rev	ATCACTGGCCCAGGTACCGGGGACGTCGTC (SEQ ID NO: 334)	6.4
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	G186F	1202774	Fwd	AAATCATTGCCCTTCACTCTGCTTTCAACAAG GATGGTGCTCAGAACTA (SEQ ID NO: 335)	3.9
		1202775	Rev	AGCAGAGTGAAGGGCAATGATTTCGTGACGG AG (SEQ ID NO: 336)	6.3
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	G186M	1202776	Fwd	AAATCATTGCCCTTCACTCTGCTATGAACAAG GATGGTGCTCAGAACTA (SEQ ID NO: 337)	3.9
		1202775	Rev	AGCAGAGTGAAGGGCAATGATTTCGTGACGG AG (SEQ ID NO: 338)	6.3
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	G186A	1202777	Fwd	AAATCATTGCCCTTCACTCTGCTGCCAACAAG GATGGTGCTCAGAACTA (SEQ ID NO: 339)	3.9
		1202775	Rev	AGCAGAGTGAAGGGCAATGATTTCGTGACGG AG (SEQ ID NO: 340)	6.3
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	G186W	1202778	Fwd	AAATCATTGCCCTTCACTCTGCTTGGAACAAG GATGGTGCTCAGAACTA (SEQ ID NO: 341)	3.9
		1202775	Rev	AGCAGAGTGAAGGGCAATGATTTCGTGACGG AG (SEQ ID NO: 342)	6.3
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	N187H	1202779	Fwd	CATTGCCCTTCACTCTGCTGGTCACAAGGATG GTGCTCAGAACTACC (SEQ ID NO: 343)	3.9
		1202780	Rev	ACCAGCAGAGTGAAGGGCAATGATTTCGTGA CGG (SEQ ID NO: 344)	6.3

Template Backbone	Amino Acid Substitution	Primer ID	Primer Direction	Primer Sequence	PCR fragment size (kb)
Aspergillus aculeatus GH61	N187K	1202781	Fwd	CATTGCCCTTCACTCTGCTGGTAAGAAGGATG GTGCTCAGAACTACC (SEQ ID NO: 345)	3.9
		1202780	Rev	ACCAGCAGAGTGAAGGGCAATGATTTCGTGA CGG (SEQ ID NO: 346)	6.3

Example 22: Expression of the *T. aurantiacus* GH61A, *P. emersonii* GH61A, and *A. aculeatus* GH61 polypeptides variants in *Aspergillus oryzae* COLs1300

[0634] *Aspergillus oryzae* COLs1300 was inoculated onto a COVE-N-Gly plate containing 10 mM urea and incubated at 34°C until confluent. Spores were collected from the plate by washing with 10 ml of YP medium. The whole spore suspension was used to inoculate 101 ml of COL1300 protoplasting cultivation medium in a 500 ml polycarbonate shake flask. The shake flask was incubated at 30°C with agitation at 200 rpm for 18-24 hours. Mycelia were filtered through a funnel lined with MIRACLOTH® and washed with 200 ml of 0.6 M $MgSO_4$. Washed mycelia were resuspended in 10 ml of COLs1300 protoplasting solution in a 125 ml sterile polycarbonate shake flask and incubated at room temperature for 3 minutes. One ml of a solution of 12 mg of BSA per ml of deionized water was added to the shake flask and the shake flask was then incubated at 37°C with mixing at 65 rpm for 45-90 minutes until protoplasting was complete. The mycelia/protoplast mixture was filtered through a funnel lined with MIRACLOTH® in a 50 ml conical tube and overlayed with 5 ml of ST. The 50 ml conical tube was centrifuged at 1050 x g for 15 minutes with slow acceleration/deceleration. After centrifugation, the liquid was separated in 3 phases. The interphase which contained the protoplasts was transferred to a new 50 ml conical tube. Two volumes of STC were added to the protoplasts followed by a brief centrifugation at 1050 x g for 5 minutes. The supernatant was discarded and the protoplasts were washed twice with 5 ml of STC with resuspension of the protoplast pellet, centrifugation at 1050 x *g* for 5 minutes, and decanting of the supernatant each time. After the final decanting, the protoplast pellet was resuspended in STC at a concentration of 5 x 10^7/ml. Protoplasts were frozen at -80°C until transformation.

[0635] A 15 µl volume of each mutant fragment, as described in Example 21, was used to transform 100 µl of *A. oryzae* COLs1300 protoplasts in a 15 ml round bottom tube. After an initial incubation at room temperature for 15 minutes, 300 µl of PEG solution was added to the 15 ml round bottom tube containing the transformation mixture. The reaction was incubated for an additional 15 minutes at room temperature. Six ml of melted top agar were added to the reaction and the whole mixture was poured evenly onto a sucrose agar plate supplemented with 10 mM $NaNO_3$ and left at room temperature until the top agar was set. The plates were incubated at 37°C for 4-6 days. Resulting transformants were picked using sterile inoculating loops and inoculated into a 96 well flat bottom plate contain 200 µl of MDU2BP per well. The plate was incubated at 34°C, stationary in a humidified box. Samples were harvested on the third day by removing the mycelia mat.

Example 23: Determination of Tm (melting temperature) of *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A, *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A, and *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide variants by protein thermal unfolding analysis

[0636] Protein thermal unfolding of the *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A, *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A, and *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide variants was determined by protein thermal unfolding analysis described

according to Example 10. The *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A, *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A, *and Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide variants and wild type polypeptides thereof were prepared as described in Example 22. The results of the thermostability determinations are shown in Table 14.

Table 14. Melting temperatures (°C) of *Thermoascus aurantiacus* GH61A, *Penicillium emersonii* GH61A, *Aspergillus aculeatus* GH61 polypeptide variants determined by protein thermal unfolding analysis

Protein backbone	Mutations	Tm
T. aurantiacus GH61	Wild-Type	75
T. aurantiacus GH61	Q188F	78
T. aurantiacus GH61	Q188M	76
P. emersonii GH61	Wild-Type	71
P. emersonii GH61	N192M	74
P. emersonii GH61	N193H	73
A. aculeatus GH61	Wild-Type	46
A. aculeatus GH61	D103K	48
A. aculeatus GH61	D103P	48
A. aculeatus GH61	N152I	48
A. aculeatus GH61	N152L	49
A. aculeatus GH61	G186F	51
A. aculeatus GH61	G186M	51
A. aculeatus GH61	G186A	48
A. aculeatus GH61	G186W	49
A. aculeatus GH61	N187H	48
A. aculeatus GH61	N187K	48

SEQUENCE LISTING

[0637]

<110> Novozymes, Inc
Novozymes A/S
Lin, Janine
Bohan, Doreen
Maranta, Michelle
Beresford, Leslie
Lamsa, Michael
Hansen, Bjarne G
Rasmussen, Frank W.
Sweeney, Matt
Boyle III, Douglas J.

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<151> 2011-11-21

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ggtgttctgc gcttttccat cctcgcaacc tggtatccca ctagtccagc gttcggcacc 240

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gcgaccttcc aggacctctg gattgatgga gtcgactacg gctcgcaatg tgtccgcctc 360

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cccgtaatgg tgtacatgtc caaggtcgat gacgcggtga cagccgacgg ttcatcgggc 660

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gccagctcgg gcggcgcgca gttctacatg tcctgctacc agctgaccgt gacgggctcc 900

ggcagcgcca ccccctcgac cgtgaatttc ccgggcgcct actcggccag cgacccgggc 960

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            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gly Ser Gln Cys Val Arg Leu Pro Ala Ser Asn Ser Pro Val Thr
        35                  40                  45

Asn Val Ala Ser Asp Asp Ile Arg Cys Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Arg Pro
    50                  55                  60

Thr Val Lys Cys Pro Val Lys Ala Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Ile Glu Met
65                  70                  75                  80

His Gln Gln Pro Gly Asp Arg Ser Cys Ala Asn Glu Ala Ile Gly Gly
                85                  90                  95

Asp His Tyr Gly Pro Val Met Val Tyr Met Ser Lys Val Asp Asp Ala

            100                 105                 110

Val Thr Ala Asp Gly Ser Ser Gly Trp Phe Lys Val Phe Gln Asp Ser
        115                 120                 125

Trp Ala Lys Asn Pro Ser Gly Ser Thr Gly Asp Asp Asp Tyr Trp Gly
    130                 135                 140

Thr Lys Asp Leu Asn Ser Cys Cys Gly Lys Met Asn Val Lys Ile Pro
145                 150                 155                 160

Glu Asp Ile Glu Pro Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Val Ile Ala
                165                 170                 175

Leu His Val Ala Ala Ser Ser Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Ser Cys
            180                 185                 190

Tyr Gln Leu Thr Val Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr Pro Ser Thr Val
        195                 200                 205

Asn Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Ala Ser Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn
    210                 215                 220

Ile His Ala Pro Met Ser Thr Tyr Val Val Pro Gly Pro Thr Val Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Ala Gly Gly Ser Thr Lys Ser Ala Gly Ser Ser Cys Ser Gly Cys Glu
                245                 250                 255

Ala Thr Cys Thr Val Gly Ser Gly Pro Ser Ala Thr Leu Thr Gln Pro
            260                 265                 270

Thr Ser Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Ser Ala Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly
        275                 280                 285

Cys Thr Ala Ala Lys Tyr Gln Gln Cys Gly Gly Thr Gly Tyr Thr Gly
    290                 295                 300

Cys Thr Thr Cys Ala Ser Gly Ser Thr Cys Ser Ala Val Ser Pro Pro
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Tyr Tyr Ser Gln Cys Leu
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gatccagtac cagtggcccg actacaaccc gaccctgagc gtgaccgacc cgaagatgcg      240

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cctccagtgg agcaacccga tccccaagaa cctcgcgccg ggcaactacc tcatccgcca      540

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            20                  25                  30

Gly Tyr Glu Gly Phe Ser Pro Ala Ser Ser Pro Pro Thr Ile Gln Tyr
        35                  40                  45

Gln Trp Pro Asp Tyr Asn Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Thr Asp Pro Lys Met
    50                  55                  60

Arg Cys Asn Gly Gly Thr Ser Ala Glu Leu Ser Ala Pro Val Gln Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Gly Glu Asn Val Thr Ala Val Trp Lys Gln Trp Thr His Gln Gln Gly
                85                  90                  95

Pro Val Met Val Trp Met Phe Lys Cys Pro Gly Asp Phe Ser Ser Ser
            100                 105                 110

His Gly Asp Gly Lys Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Asp Gln Leu Gly Leu Trp
        115                 120                 125

Gly Asn Asn Leu Asn Ser Asn Asn Trp Gly Thr Ala Ile Val Tyr Lys
    130                 135                 140

Thr Leu Gln Trp Ser Asn Pro Ile Pro Lys Asn Leu Ala Pro Gly Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Tyr Leu Ile Arg His Glu Leu Leu Ala Leu His Gln Ala Asn Thr Pro
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```
                165                 170                 175

Gln Phe Tyr Ala Glu Cys Ala Gln Leu Val Val Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser
            180                 185                 190

Ala Leu Pro Pro Ser Asp Tyr Leu Tyr Ser Ile Pro Val Tyr Ala Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gln Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile Thr Val Asp Ile Tyr Asn Gly Gly Leu Thr
    210                 215                 220

Ser Tyr Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Pro Val Trp Ser Gly Phe Glu Phe
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            20                  25                  30

Tyr Pro Gly Tyr Gln Gly Phe Ser Pro Ala Asn Ser Pro Asn Val Ile
        35                  40                  45

Gln Trp Gln Trp His Asp Tyr Asn Pro Val Leu Ser Cys Ser Asp Ser
    50                  55                  60
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Lys Leu Arg Cys Asn Gly Gly Thr Ser Ala Thr Leu Asn Ala Thr Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Pro Gly Asp Thr Ile Thr Ala Ile Trp Ala Gln Trp Thr His Ser
                85                  90                  95

Gln Gly Pro Ile Leu Val Trp Met Tyr Lys Cys Pro Gly Ser Phe Ser
            100                 105                 110

Ser Cys Asp Gly Ser Gly Ala Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Asp Glu Ala Gly
        115                 120                 125

Phe His Gly Asp Gly Val Lys Val Phe Leu Asp Thr Glu Asn Pro Ser
    130                 135                 140

Gly Trp Asp Ile Ala Lys Leu Val Gly Gly Asn Lys Gln Trp Ser Ser
145                 150                 155                 160

Lys Val Pro Glu Gly Leu Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Leu Val Arg His Glu

                165                 170                 175

Leu Ile Ala Leu His Gln Ala Asn Asn Pro Gln Phe Tyr Pro Glu Cys
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Val Val Ile Thr Gly Ser Gly Thr Ala Gln Pro Asp Ala Ser
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Lys Ala Ala Ile Pro Gly Tyr Cys Asn Gln Asn Asp Pro Asn Ile
    210                 215                 220

Lys Val Pro Ile Asn Asp His Ser Ile Pro Gln Thr Tyr Lys Ile Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Pro Val Phe Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Lys Lys Ala Arg Asp Phe
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            20                  25                  30

Gln Val Arg Lys Ala Asp Asn Trp Gln Asp Asn Gly Tyr Val Gly Asp
        35                  40                  45

Val Thr Ser Pro Gln Ile Arg Cys Phe Gln Ala Thr Pro Ser Pro Ala
    50                  55                  60

Pro Ser Val Leu Asn Thr Thr Ala Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Tyr Trp Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Asn Pro Asp Val Tyr His Pro Gly Pro Val Gln Phe Tyr Met Ala Arg
                85                  90                  95

Val Pro Asp Gly Glu Asp Ile Asn Ser Trp Asn Gly Asp Gly Ala Val
            100                 105                 110

Trp Phe Lys Val Tyr Glu Asp His Pro Thr Phe Gly Ala Gln Leu Thr
        115                 120                 125

Trp Pro Ser Thr Gly Lys Ser Ser Phe Ala Val Pro Ile Pro Pro Cys
    130                 135                 140

Ile Lys Ser Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Gln Ile Gly Leu His
145                 150                 155                 160

Val Ala Gln Ser Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln
                165                 170                 175

Leu Ser Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Thr Glu Pro Pro Asn Lys Val Ala
            180                 185                 190

Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Tyr Pro Val Pro Thr Ser Tyr Gln Asn Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Phe
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aagaacacca attataacag tcccgttacc gatctcacgt ccgacgatct tcggtgcaat      180

gtcggcgccc agggtgctgg gacagacacc gtcacggtga aggccggcga ccagttcacc      240

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            20                  25                  30

Phe Pro Val Tyr Gln Tyr Ile Arg Lys Asn Thr Asn Tyr Asn Ser Pro
        35                  40                  45

Val Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Asp Asp Leu Arg Cys Asn Val Gly Ala Gln
    50                  55                  60

Gly Ala Gly Thr Asp Thr Val Thr Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Gln Phe Thr
65                  70                  75                  80

Phe Thr Leu Asp Thr Pro Val Tyr His Gln Gly Pro Ile Ser Ile Tyr
                85                  90                  95

Met Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ala Ala Ser Asp Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gly Gly
            100                 105                 110

Trp Phe Lys Ile Lys Asp Trp Gly Pro Thr Phe Asn Ala Asp Gly Thr
        115                 120                 125

Ala Thr Trp Asp Met Ala Gly Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Asn Ile Pro Thr Cys
    130                 135                 140

Ile Pro Asp Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ile Gln Ser Leu Ala Ile His
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Pro Trp Pro Ala Gly Ile Pro Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln
                165                 170                 175

Ile Thr Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Gly Asn Pro Gly Pro Thr Ala Leu
            180                 185                 190

Ile Pro Gly Ala Phe Lys Asp Thr Asp Pro Gly Tyr Thr Val Asn Ile
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Thr Asn Phe His Asn Tyr Thr Val Pro Gly Pro Glu Val Phe Ser
    210                 215                 220
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Cys Asn Gly Gly Gly Ser Asn Pro Pro Pro Pro Val Ser Ser Ser Thr
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ala Thr Thr Thr Leu Val Thr Ser Thr Arg Thr Thr Ser Ser Thr
                245                 250                 255

Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Pro Ala Ser Thr Gly Gly Cys Thr Val Ala Lys
            260                 265                 270

Trp Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Asn Gly Tyr Thr Gly Cys Thr Thr Cys Ala
        275                 280                 285

Ala Gly Ser Thr Cys Ser Lys Gln Asn Asp Tyr Tyr Ser Gln Cys Leu
    290                 295                 300
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gacggtccca tcaccgacgt cacctccgac tcactggctt gcaatggtcc cccgaacccc       180

acgacgccgt ccccgtacat catcaacgtc accgccggca ccacggtcgc ggcgatctgg       240

aggcacaccc tcacatccgg ccccgacgat gtcatggacg ccagccacaa ggggccgacc       300

ctggcctacc tcaagaaggt cgatgatgcc ttgaccgaca cgggtatcgg cggcggctgg       360

ttcaagatcc aggaggccgg ttacgacaat ggcaattggg ctaccagcac ggtgatcacc       420

aacggtggct tccaatatat tgacatcccc gcctgcattc ccaacggcca gtatctgctc       480

cgcgccgaga tgatcgcgct ccacgccgcc agcacgcagg gtggtgccca gctctacatg       540

gagtgcgcgc agatcaacgt ggtgggcggc tccggcagcg ccagcccgca gacgtacagc       600

atcccgggca tctaccaggc aaccgacccg ggcctgctga tcaacatcta ctccatgacg       660

ccgtccagcc agtacaccat tccgggtccg cccctgttca cctgcagcgg cagcggcaac       720

aacggcggcg gcagcaaccc gtcgggcggg cagaccacga cggcgaagcc cacgacgacg       780

acggcggcga cgaccacctc ctccgccgct cctaccagca gccaggggg cagcagcggt       840

tgcaccgttc cccagtggca gcagtgcggt ggcatctcgt tcaccggctg caccacctgc       900

gcggcgggct acacctgcaa gtatctgaac gactattact cgcaatgcca gtaa             954
```

<210> 12

<211> 317

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 12

```
Met Lys Gly Leu Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Thr Ala His
1               5                   10                  15

Thr Ile Phe Val Gln Leu Glu Ser Gly Gly Thr Thr Tyr Pro Val Ser
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gly Ile Arg Asp Pro Ser Tyr Asp Gly Pro Ile Thr Asp Val Thr
        35                  40                  45

Ser Asp Ser Leu Ala Cys Asn Gly Pro Pro Asn Pro Thr Thr Pro Ser
    50                  55                  60

Pro Tyr Ile Ile Asn Val Thr Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Ala Ala Ile Trp
65                  70                  75                  80
```

```
65                  70                  75                  80

Arg His Thr Leu Thr Ser Gly Pro Asp Asp Val Met Asp Ala Ser His
                85                  90                  95

Lys Gly Pro Thr Leu Ala Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Ala Leu Thr
            100                 105                 110

Asp Thr Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Gln Glu Ala Gly Tyr
        115                 120                 125

Asp Asn Gly Asn Trp Ala Thr Ser Thr Val Ile Thr Asn Gly Gly Phe
    130                 135                 140

Gln Tyr Ile Asp Ile Pro Ala Cys Ile Pro Asn Gly Gln Tyr Leu Leu
145                 150                 155                 160

Arg Ala Glu Met Ile Ala Leu His Ala Ala Ser Thr Gln Gly Gly Ala
                165                 170                 175

Gln Leu Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Ile Asn Val Val Gly Gly Ser Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ser Ala Ser Pro Gln Thr Tyr Ser Ile Pro Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ala Thr
        195                 200                 205

Asp Pro Gly Leu Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Ser Met Thr Pro Ser Ser Gln
    210                 215                 220

Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro Leu Phe Thr Cys Ser Gly Ser Gly Asn
225                 230                 235                 240

Asn Gly Gly Gly Ser Asn Pro Ser Gly Gly Gln Thr Thr Thr Ala Lys
                245                 250                 255

Pro Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr Thr Ser Ser Ala Ala Pro Thr
            260                 265                 270

Ser Ser Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Gly Cys Thr Val Pro Gln Trp Gln Gln
        275                 280                 285

Cys Gly Gly Ile Ser Phe Thr Gly Cys Thr Thr Cys Ala Ala Gly Tyr
    290                 295                 300

Thr Cys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Asp Tyr Tyr Ser Gln Cys Gln
305                 310                 315
```

<210> 13

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Thermoascus aurantiacus

<400> 13

```
atgtcctttt ccaagataat tgctactgcc ggcgttcttg cctctgcttc tctagtggct       60

ggccatggct tcgttcagaa catcgtgatt gatggtaaaa agtatgtcat tgcaagacgc      120

acataagcgg caacagctga caatcgacag ttatggcggg tatctagtga accagtatcc      180

atacatgtcc aatcctccag aggtcatcgc ctggtctact acggcaactg atcttggatt      240

tgtggacggt actggatacc aaaccccaga tatcatctgc catagggcg ccaagcctgg       300

agccctgact gctccagtct ctccaggagg aactgttgag cttcaatgga ctccatggcc      360

tgattctcac catggcccag ttatcaacta ccttgctccg tgcaatggtg attgttccac      420

tgtggataag acccaattag aattcttcaa aattgccgag agcggtctca tcaatgatga      480

caatcctcct gggatctggg cttcagacaa tctgatagca gccaacaaca gctggactgt      540
```

caccattcca accacaattg cacctggaaa ctatgttctg aggcatgaga ttattgctct 600

tcactcagct cagaaccagg atggtgccca gaactatccc cagtgcatca atctgcaggt 660

cactggaggt ggttctgata accctgctgg aactcttgga acggcactct accacgatac 720

cgatcctgga attctgatca acatctatca gaaactttcc agctatatca tccctggtcc 780

tcctctgtat actggttaa 799

<210> 14

<211> 249

<212> PRT

<213> Thermoascus aurantiacus

<400> 14

Met Ser Phe Ser Lys Ile Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Val Leu Ala Ser Ala
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Val Ala Gly His Gly Phe Val Gln Asn Ile Val Ile Asp Gly
20 25 30

Lys Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Leu Val Asn Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Met Ser Asn
35 40 45

Pro Pro Glu Val Ile Ala Trp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly Phe
50 55 60

Val Asp Gly Thr Gly Tyr Gln Thr Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Arg Gly
65 70 75 80

Ala Lys Pro Gly Ala Leu Thr Ala Pro Val Ser Pro Gly Gly Thr Val
85 90 95

Glu Leu Gln Trp Thr Pro Trp Pro Asp Ser His His Gly Pro Val Ile
100 105 110

Asn Tyr Leu Ala Pro Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Thr Val Asp Lys Thr
115 120 125

Gln Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Ala Glu Ser Gly Leu Ile Asn Asp Asp
130 135 140

Asn Pro Pro Gly Ile Trp Ala Ser Asp Asn Leu Ile Ala Ala Asn Asn
145 150 155 160

Ser Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Thr Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Val
165 170 175

Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gln Asn Gln Asp Gly
180 185 190

Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Gln Val Thr Gly Gly Gly
195 200 205

Ser Asp Asn Pro Ala Gly Thr Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Tyr His Asp Thr
210 215 220

Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Gln Lys Leu Ser Ser Tyr Ile
225 230 235 240

Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro Leu Tyr Thr Gly
245

<210> 15

<211> 1172

<212> DNA
<213> Trichoderma reesei

<400> 15
ggatctaagc cccatcgata tgaagtcctg cgccattctt gcagcccttg gctgtcttgc 60

cgggagcgtt ctcggccatg gacaagtcca aaacttcacg atcaatggac aatacaatca 120

gggtttcatt ctcgattact actatcagaa gcagaatact ggtcacttcc ccaacgttgc 180

tggctggtac gccgaggacc tagacctggg cttcatctcc cctgaccaat acaccacgcc 240

cgacattgtc tgtcacaaga acgcggcccc aggtgccatt tctgccactg cagcggccgg 300

cagcaacatc gtcttccaat ggggccctgg cgtctggcct caccctacg gtcccatcgt 360

tacctacgtg gctgagtgca gcggatcgtg cacgaccgtg aacaagaaca acctgcgctg 420

ggtcaagatt caggaggccg gcatcaacta taacacccaa gtctgggcgc agcaggatct 480

gatcaaccag ggcaacaagt ggactgtgaa gatcccgtcg agcctcaggc ccggaaacta 540

tgtcttccgc catgaacttc ttgctgccca tggtgcctct agtgcgaacg gcatgcagaa 600

ctatcctcag tgcgtgaaca tcgccgtcac aggctcgggc acgaaagcgc tccctgccgg 660

aactcctgca actcagctct acaagcccac tgaccctggc atcttgttca acccttacac 720

aacaatcacg agctacacca tccctggccc agccctgtgg caaggctaga tccaggggta 780

cggtgttggc gttcgtgaag tcggagctgt tgacaaggat atctgatgat gaacggagag 840

gactgatggg cgtgactgag tgtatatatt tttgatgacc aaattgtata cgaaatccga 900

acgcatggtg atcattgttt atccctgtag tatattgtct ccaggctgct aagagcccac 960

cgggtgtatt acggcaacaa agtcaggaat ttgggtggca atgaacgcag gtctccatga 1020

atgtatatgt gaagaggcat cggctggcat gggcattacc agatataggc cctgtgaaac 1080

atatagtact tgaacgtgct actggaacgg atcataagca agtcatcaac atgtgaaaaa 1140

acactacatg taaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 1172

<210> 16
<211> 249
<212> PRT
<213> Trichoderma reesei

<400> 16
Met Lys Ser Cys Ala Ile Leu Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Ala Gly Ser
1 5 10 15

Val Leu Gly His Gly Gln Val Gln Asn Phe Thr Ile Asn Gly Gln Tyr
20 25 30

Asn Gln Gly Phe Ile Leu Asp Tyr Tyr Tyr Gln Lys Gln Asn Thr Gly
35 40 45

His Phe Pro Asn Val Ala Gly Trp Tyr Ala Glu Asp Leu Asp Leu Gly
50 55 60

Phe Ile Ser Pro Asp Gln Tyr Thr Thr Pro Asp Ile Val Cys His Lys
65 70 75 80

Asn Ala Ala Pro Gly Ala Ile Ser Ala Thr Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Asn
85 90 95

Ile Val Phe Gln Trp Gly Pro Gly Val Trp Pro His Pro Tyr Gly Pro
100 105 110

Ile Val Thr Tyr Val Val Glu Cys Ser Gly Ser Cys Thr Thr Val Asn
115 120 125

```
Lys Asn Asn Leu Arg Trp Val Lys Ile Gln Glu Ala Gly Ile Asn Tyr
    130                 135                 140

Asn Thr Gln Val Trp Ala Gln Gln Asp Leu Ile Asn Gln Gly Asn Lys
145                 150                 155                 160

Trp Thr Val Lys Ile Pro Ser Ser Leu Arg Pro Gly Asn Tyr Val Phe
                165                 170                 175

Arg His Glu Leu Leu Ala Ala His Gly Ala Ser Ser Ala Asn Gly Met
            180                 185                 190

Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Val Asn Ile Ala Val Thr Gly Ser Gly Thr
        195                 200                 205

Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly Thr Pro Ala Thr Gln Leu Tyr Lys Pro Thr
    210                 215                 220

Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Phe Asn Pro Tyr Thr Thr Ile Thr Ser Tyr Thr
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Trp Gln Gly
                245
```

<210> 17

<211> 924

<212> DNA

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 17

```
atgaagttca cctcgtccct cgctgtcctg gccgctgccg gcgcccaggc tcactgttag       60

tcgaccctcg aacccaacac ccccctcccc ccttttctcc tccatctcct cggcctcact      120

tagtagccgc tgacaacgac tagatacctt ccctagggcc ggcactggtg gctcgctctc      180

tggcgagtgg gaggtggtcc gcatgaccga gaaccattac tcgcacggcc cggtcaccga      240

tgtcaccagc cccgagatga cctgctatca gtccggcgtg cagggtgcgc cccagaccgt      300

ccaggtcaag gcgggctccc aattcacctt cagcgtggat ccctcgatcg gccaccccgg      360

ccctctccag ttctacatgg ctaaggtgcc gtcgggccag acggccgcca cctttgacgg      420

cacgggagcc gtgtggttca agatctacca agacggcccg aacggcctcg gcaccgacag      480

cattacctgg cccagcgccg gttcgtgact tcctccccac tcgcttttt ttttttattt      540

tttatttttt tttctttcgg aactcaagaa tctttctctc tctctcccgt ctttggcctt      600

gaacaacact aaaactcttc cttactgtat taattaggca aaaccgaggt ctcggtcacc      660

atccccagct gcatcgatga tggcgagtac ctgctccggg tcgagcacat cgcgctccac      720

agcgccagca gcgtgggcgg cgctcagttc tacattgcct gcgcccagct ctccgtcacc      780

ggcggctccg gcaccctcaa cacgggctcg ctcgtctccc tgcccggcgc ctacaaggcc      840

accgacccgg gcatcctctt ccagctctac tggcccatcc cgaccgagta catcaacccc      900

ggcccggccc ccgtctcttg ctaa                                             924
```

<210> 18

<211> 232

<212> PRT

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 18

```
Met Lys Phe Thr Ser Ser Leu Ala Val Leu Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gln
1               5                   10                  15
```

```
Ala His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Arg Ala Gly Thr Gly Gly Ser Leu Ser Gly
            20                  25                  30

Glu Trp Glu Val Val Arg Met Thr Glu Asn His Tyr Ser His Gly Pro
        35                  40                  45

Val Thr Asp Val Thr Ser Pro Glu Met Thr Cys Tyr Gln Ser Gly Val
    50                  55                  60

Gln Gly Ala Pro Gln Thr Val Gln Val Lys Ala Gly Ser Gln Phe Thr
65                  70                  75                  80

Phe Ser Val Asp Pro Ser Ile Gly His Pro Gly Pro Leu Gln Phe Tyr
                85                  90                  95

Met Ala Lys Val Pro Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Ala Thr Phe Asp Gly Thr
            100                 105                 110

Gly Ala Val Trp Phe Lys Ile Tyr Gln Asp Gly Pro Asn Gly Leu Gly
        115                 120                 125

Thr Asp Ser Ile Thr Trp Pro Ser Ala Gly Lys Thr Glu Val Ser Val
    130                 135                 140

Thr Ile Pro Ser Cys Ile Asp Asp Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val Glu
145                 150                 155                 160

His Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Ser Ser Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Ile Ala Cys Ala Gln Leu Ser Val Thr Gly Gly Ser Gly Thr Leu Asn
            180                 185                 190

Thr Gly Ser Leu Val Ser Leu Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Ala Thr Asp Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ile Leu Phe Gln Leu Tyr Trp Pro Ile Pro Thr Glu Tyr Ile Asn
    210                 215                 220

Pro Gly Pro Ala Pro Val Ser Cys
225                 230
```

<210> 19

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 19

```
atgaaggccc tctctctcct tgcggctgcc tcggcagtct ctgcgcatac catcttcgtc       60

cagctcgaag cagacggcac gaggtacccg gtctcgtacg ggatccggga cccaagctac      120

gacggcccca tcaccgacgt cacatccaac gacgttgctt gcaacggcgg gccgaacccg      180

acgacccccc ccagcgacgt catcaccgtc accgcgggca ccacggtcaa ggccatctgg      240

aggcacaccc tccaatccgg cccggacgat gtcatggacg ccagccacaa gggcccgacc      300

ctggcctacc tcaagaaggt cggcgatgcc accaaggact cgggcgtcgg cggtggctgg      360

ttcaagattc aggaggacgg ctacaacaac ggccagtggg gcaccagcac cgttatctcc      420

aacggcggcg agcactacat gtgagccatt cctccgagag aagaccaaga ctcttgacga      480

tctcgctgac ccgtgcaaca agtgacatcc cggcctgcat ccccgagggt cagtacctcc      540

tccgcgccga gatgatcgcc ctccacgcgg ccgggtcccc cggcggtgcc cagctctacg      600

taagcctctg cccttccccc cttcctcttg atcgaatcgg actgcccacc ccccttttcg      660

actccgacta acaccgttgc cagatggaat gtgcccagat caacatcgtc ggcggctccg      720
```

```
gctcggtgcc cagctcgacc gtcagcttcc ccggcgcgta cagccccaac gacccgggtc      780

tcctcatcaa catctattcc atgtcgccct cgagctcgta caccatcccg ggcccgcccg      840

tcttcaagtg ctag                                                        854
```

<210> 20

<211> 235

<212> PRT

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 20

```
Met Lys Ala Leu Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Val Ser Ala His
1               5                  10                  15

Thr Ile Phe Val Gln Leu Glu Ala Asp Gly Thr Arg Tyr Pro Val Ser
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gly Ile Arg Asp Pro Ser Tyr Asp Gly Pro Ile Thr Asp Val Thr

        35                  40                  45

Ser Asn Asp Val Ala Cys Asn Gly Gly Pro Asn Pro Thr Thr Pro Ser
    50                  55                  60

Ser Asp Val Ile Thr Val Thr Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Trp
65                  70                  75                  80

Arg His Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Pro Asp Asp Val Met Asp Ala Ser His
                85                  90                  95

Lys Gly Pro Thr Leu Ala Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Gly Asp Ala Thr Lys
            100                 105                 110

Asp Ser Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Gln Glu Asp Gly Tyr
        115                 120                 125

Asn Asn Gly Gln Trp Gly Thr Ser Thr Val Ile Ser Asn Gly Gly Glu
    130                 135                 140

His Tyr Ile Asp Ile Pro Ala Cys Ile Pro Glu Gly Gln Tyr Leu Leu
145                 150                 155                 160

Arg Ala Glu Met Ile Ala Leu His Ala Ala Gly Ser Pro Gly Gly Ala
                165                 170                 175

Gln Leu Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Ile Asn Ile Val Gly Gly Ser Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ser Val Pro Ser Ser Thr Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Pro Asn
        195                 200                 205

Asp Pro Gly Leu Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Ser Met Ser Pro Ser Ser Ser
    210                 215                 220

Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro Val Phe Lys Cys
225                 230                 235
```

<210> 21

<211> 1242

<212> DNA

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 21

```
atgaagtcct tcgccctcac cactctggcc gccctggccg gcaacgccgc cgctcacgcg       60
```

```
accttccagg ccctctgggt cgacggcgtc gactacggcg cgcagtgtgc ccgtctgccc      120

gcgtccaact ccccggtcac cgacgtgacc tccaacgcga tccgctgcaa cgccaacccg      180

tcgcccgctc ggggcaagtg cccggtcaag gccggctcga ccgttacggt cgagatgcat      240

caggtacgtt ggatgaatga aaggggaaag gaagcagagg cagaagggga aggcgaaggg      300

aaagaaaaag aaaaagaaat ggaaaagaaa aagaaatgga aaagaaaaag aaaaatgaaa      360

aagaaagtgg aaaccgtcag actaactggg gctcctcccc cccacccctc ctttgatatc      420

agcaacccgg tgaccggtcg tgcagcagcg aggcgatcgg cggggcgcac tacggccccg      480

tcatggtgta catgtccaag gtgtcggacg cggcgtcggc ggacgggtcg tcgggctggt      540

tcaaggtgtt cgaggacggc tgggccaaga acccgtccgg cgggtcgggc gacgacgact      600

actggggcac caaggacctg aactcgtgct gcgggaagat gaacgtcaag atccccgccg      660

acctgccctc gggcgactac ctgctccggg ccgaggccct cgcgctgcac acggcgggca      720

gcgccggcgg cgcccagttc tacatgacgt gctaccagct caccgtgacg ggctccggca      780

gcgccagccc gcccaccgtc tccttcccgg gcgcctacaa ggccaccgac ccgggcatcc      840

tcgtcaacat ccacgccccg ctgtccggct acaccgtgcc cggcccggcc gtctactccg      900

gcggctccac caagaaggcc ggcagcgcct gcaccggctg cgagtccacc tgcgccgtcg      960

gctccggccc caccgccacc gtctcccagt cgcccggttc caccgccacc tccgcccccg     1020

gcggcggcgg cggctgcacc gtccagaagt accagcagtg cggcggcgag ggctacaccg     1080

gctgcaccaa ctgcgcggta cgtttttcaa ccccgttttt ttttttcctt ccctaccttа     1140

tttggttacc taattaatta ctttccggct gctgactttt tgctttagtc cggctctacc     1200

tgcagcgccg tctcgccgcc ctactactcg cagtgcgtct aa                        1242
```

<210> 22

<211> 323

<212> PRT

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 22

```
Met Lys Ser Phe Ala Leu Thr Thr Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Gly Asn Ala
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ala His Ala Thr Phe Gln Ala Leu Trp Val Asp Gly Val Asp Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Gly Ala Gln Cys Ala Arg Leu Pro Ala Ser Asn Ser Pro Val Thr Asp
        35                  40                  45

Val Thr Ser Asn Ala Ile Arg Cys Asn Ala Asn Pro Ser Pro Ala Arg
    50                  55                  60

Gly Lys Cys Pro Val Lys Ala Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Val Glu Met His
65                  70                  75                  80

Gln Gln Pro Gly Asp Arg Ser Cys Ser Ser Glu Ala Ile Gly Gly Ala
                85                  90                  95

His Tyr Gly Pro Val Met Val Tyr Met Ser Lys Val Ser Asp Ala Ala
            100                 105                 110

Ser Ala Asp Gly Ser Ser Gly Trp Phe Lys Val Phe Glu Asp Gly Trp
        115                 120                 125

Ala Lys Asn Pro Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Asp Asp Asp Tyr Trp Gly Thr
    130                 135                 140

Lys Asp Leu Asn Ser Cys Cys Gly Lys Met Asn Val Lys Ile Pro Ala
```

```
145                 150                 155                 160

Asp Leu Pro Ser Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu
                165                 170                 175

His Thr Ala Gly Ser Ala Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Thr Cys Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Gln Leu Thr Val Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Pro Pro Thr Val Ser
        195                 200                 205

Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile
    210                 215                 220

His Ala Pro Leu Ser Gly Tyr Thr Val Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Tyr Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Gly Ser Thr Lys Lys Ala Gly Ser Ala Cys Thr Gly Cys Glu Ser
                245                 250                 255

Thr Cys Ala Val Gly Ser Gly Pro Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Gln Ser Pro
            260                 265                 270

Gly Ser Thr Ala Thr Ser Ala Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Cys Thr Val
        275                 280                 285

Gln Lys Tyr Gln Gln Cys Gly Gly Glu Gly Tyr Thr Gly Cys Thr Asn
    290                 295                 300

Cys Ala Ser Gly Ser Thr Cys Ser Ala Val Ser Pro Pro Tyr Tyr Ser
305                 310                 315                 320

Gln Cys Val
```

<210> 23

<211> 1253

<212> DNA

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 23

```
atgaagcctt ttagcctcgt cgccctggcg accgccgtga gcggccatgc catcttccag       60

cgggtgtcgg tcaacgggca ggaccagggc cagctcaagg gggtgcgggc gccgtcgagc      120

aactccccga tccagaacgt caacgatgcc aacatggcct gcaacgccaa cattgtgtac      180

cacgacagca ccatcatcaa ggtgcccgcg ggagcccgcg tcggcgcgtg gtggcagcac      240

gtcatcggcg ggccgcaggg cgccaacgac ccggacaacc cgatcgcggc ctcccacaag      300

ggtatgatga tcgatgatgc ctctctcttc ccccgttctt gatggacagg cgatggctcc      360

caggaacacg cgtgactgac caccgaatcc aggccccatc caggtctacc tggccaaggt      420

ggacaacgcg gcgacggcgt cgccgtcggg cctcaggtgg ttcaaggtgg ccgagcgcgg      480

cctgaacaac ggcgtgtggg ccgtcgatga gctcatcgcc aacaacggct ggcactactt      540

cgacctgccg tcgtgcgtgg cccccggcca gtacctgatg cgcgtcgagc tgctcgccct      600

gcacagcgcc tcaagccccg gcggcgccca gttctacatg ggctgcgcac agatcgaagg      660

tgcgtcgatc tttgttctcc ttccgtgtcc tctctgatcc tttctctctt ctttttcttt      720

cttttactcc ctttccttcc atcttcggag aagcaacgaa gggggaaagg gatagaagag      780

aggaatgaga gacgacgaaa gagaggattg gggaaagaca agacagggaa aaaaagacaa      840

gaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aacagagtga gctaacaaga acaatcagtc actggctccg      900

gcaccaactc gggctccgac tttgtctcgt tccccggcgc ctactcggcc aacgatccgg      960

gcatcttgct aagcatctac gacagctcgg gcaagcccac caacggcggg cgctcgtacc     1020
```

```
cgatccccgg cccgcgcccc atctcctgct ccggcagcgg cgacggcggc aacaacggcg     1080

gcggcggcga cgacaacaac aataacaacg gtggtggcaa caacggcggc ggcggcggcg     1140

gcagcgtccc cctgtacggg cagtgcggcg gcatcggcta cacgggcccg accacctgtg     1200

cccagggaac ttgcaaggtg tcgaacgaat actacagcca gtgcctcccc tag            1253
```

<210> 24

<211> 310

<212> PRT

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 24

```
Met Lys Pro Phe Ser Leu Val Ala Leu Ala Thr Ala Val Ser Gly His
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ile Phe Gln Arg Val Ser Val Asn Gly Gln Asp Gln Gly Gln Leu

            20                  25                  30

Lys Gly Val Arg Ala Pro Ser Ser Asn Ser Pro Ile Gln Asn Val Asn
        35                  40                  45

Asp Ala Asn Met Ala Cys Asn Ala Asn Ile Val Tyr His Asp Ser Thr
    50                  55                  60

Ile Ile Lys Val Pro Ala Gly Ala Arg Val Gly Ala Trp Trp Gln His
65                  70                  75                  80

Val Ile Gly Gly Pro Gln Gly Ala Asn Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Ile Ala
                85                  90                  95

Ala Ser His Lys Gly Pro Ile Gln Val Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Asp Asn
            100                 105                 110

Ala Ala Thr Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Leu Arg Trp Phe Lys Val Ala Glu
        115                 120                 125

Arg Gly Leu Asn Asn Gly Val Trp Ala Val Asp Glu Leu Ile Ala Asn
    130                 135                 140

Asn Gly Trp His Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro Ser Cys Val Ala Pro Gly Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Tyr Leu Met Arg Val Glu Leu Leu Ala Leu His Ser Ala Ser Ser Pro
                165                 170                 175

Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Gly Cys Ala Gln Ile Glu Val Thr Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ser Gly Thr Asn Ser Gly Ser Asp Phe Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr
        195                 200                 205

Ser Ala Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Leu Ser Ile Tyr Asp Ser Ser Gly
    210                 215                 220

Lys Pro Thr Asn Gly Gly Arg Ser Tyr Pro Ile Pro Gly Pro Arg Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Ser Cys Ser Gly Ser Gly Asp Gly Gly Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Gly
                245                 250                 255

Asp Asp Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Gly
            260                 265                 270

Gly Gly Ser Val Pro Leu Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Ile Gly Tyr Thr
```

```
        275                 280                 285

Gly Pro Thr Thr Cys Ala Gln Gly Thr Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Glu Tyr
    290                 295                 300

Tyr Ser Gln Cys Leu Pro
305                 310
```

<210> 25

<211> 814

<212> DNA

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 25

```
atgaagctct ccctcttctc cgtcctggcc actgccctca ccgtcgaggg gcatgccatc       60

ttccagaagg tctccgtcaa cggagcggac cagggctccc tcaccggcct ccgcgctccc      120

aacaacaaca accccgtgca ggatgtcaac agccaggaca tgatctgcgg ccagtcggga      180

tcgacgtcga acactatcat cgaggtcaag gccggcgata ggatcggtgc ctggtatcag      240

catgtcatcg gcggtgccca gttccccaac gacccagaca acccgattgc caagtcgcac      300

aagggccccg tcatggccta cctcgccaag gttgacaatg ccgcaaccgc cagcaagacg      360

ggcctgaagt ggtatgtatt cccgcggccc gagggacatc gggttgggca agtcgagact      420

gacggagctc gcttctccgt ataggttcaa gatttgggag gataccttta atcccagcac      480

caagacctgg ggtgtcgaca acctcatcaa taacaacggc tgggtgtact tcaacctccc      540

gcagtgcatc gccgacggca actacctcct ccgcgtcgag gtcctcgctc tgcactcggc      600

ctactctcag ggccaggctc agttctacca gtcctgcgcc cagatcaacg tatccggcgg      660

cggctccttc acaccgccgt cgactgtcag cttcccgggt gcctacagcg ccagcgaccc      720

cggtatcctg atcaacatct acggcgccac cggccagccc gacaacaacg gccagccgta      780

cactgccccc gggcccgcgc ccatctcctg ctga                                  814
```

<210> 26

<211> 246

<212> PRT

<213> Myceliophthora thermophila

<400> 26

```
Met Lys Leu Ser Leu Phe Ser Val Leu Ala Thr Ala Leu Thr Val Glu
1               5                   10                  15

Gly His Ala Ile Phe Gln Lys Val Ser Val Asn Gly Ala Asp Gln Gly
            20                  25                  30

Ser Leu Thr Gly Leu Arg Ala Pro Asn Asn Asn Asn Pro Val Gln Asp

        35                  40                  45

Val Asn Ser Gln Asp Met Ile Cys Gly Gln Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser Asn
    50                  55                  60

Thr Ile Ile Glu Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Trp Tyr Gln
65                  70                  75                  80

His Val Ile Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Pro Asn Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Ile
                85                  90                  95

Ala Lys Ser His Lys Gly Pro Val Met Ala Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Asp
            100                 105                 110

Asn Ala Ala Thr Ala Ser Lys Thr Gly Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp
```

```
        115                 120                 125

Glu Asp Thr Phe Asn Pro Ser Thr Lys Thr Trp Gly Val Asp Asn Leu
    130                 135                 140

Ile Asn Asn Asn Gly Trp Val Tyr Phe Asn Leu Pro Gln Cys Ile Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Asp Gly Asn Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val Glu Val Leu Ala Leu His Ser Ala
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Ser Gln Gly Gln Ala Gln Phe Tyr Gln Ser Cys Ala Gln Ile Asn
            180                 185                 190

Val Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Phe Thr Pro Pro Ser Thr Val Ser Phe Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ala Tyr Ser Ala Ser Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Gly
    210                 215                 220

Ala Thr Gly Gln Pro Asp Asn Asn Gly Gln Pro Tyr Thr Ala Pro Gly
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ala Pro Ile Ser Cys
                245
```

<210> 27

<211> 1115

<212> DNA

<213> Thermoascus aurantiacus

<400> 27

```
atgtcgttct cgaagattgc tgcgatcacc ggggccatta cctatgcgtc tctggccgcc       60

gctcacggtt atgttacagg aatcgtagcc gatggcacct agtatgtaac gctcatgcca      120

agatccgcat tgctgtacta acaattagca gctacggggg ctatatcgtg acccaatacc      180

cctacatgtc gacaccgccg gatgtcatcg cctggtctac caaagcaact gatcttggtt      240

tcgtggatcc cagtagctat gcttcgtctg atattatctg ccacaagggt gctgagcctg      300

gtgccctgag cgccaaggtg gctgctggag ggaccgtcga gctgcagtgg acggattggc      360

ctgagagtca caagggcccg gtcattgact acctcgccgc ctgtaacggg gactgctcga      420

ctgtcgacaa gaccaaacta gagttcttca agattgatga gagtggccta attgacggca      480

gcagcgcccc aggcacatgg gcctctgaca acttgattgc caataacaac agctggaccg      540

tcaccatccc gagcacgatt gctcccggca actatgtcct gagacatgaa atcattgccc      600

tccactccgc cggaaataca aatggtgctc agaactaccc ccagtgtatc aaccttgagg      660

tcacaggcag tggcaccgac acccctgccg gcaccctcgg aacggagctt tataaggcaa      720

cggaccctgg cattctggtc aacatctacc agaccctgac cagctacgat attcccggcc      780

ctgctctgta caccggtggt agctctggta gctctggttc ctccaacacc gccaaggcca      840

ccacttcgac ggcttctagc tctatcgtga ccccgacgcc tgttaacaac ccaaccgtta      900

ctcagactgc cgttgttgat gtcacccaga ctgtttccca gaatgctgcc gtcgccacca      960

cgactccggc ctccactgca gttgctacag ctgtcccaac gggaaccacc tttagctttg     1020

attcgatgac ctcggatgaa ttcgtcagcc tgatgcgtgc gaccgtgaat tggctgcttt     1080

ctaacaagaa gcatgcccgg gatctttctt actaa                                1115
```

<210> 28

<211> 354

<212> PRT

<213> Thermoascus aurantiacus

<400> 28

```
Met Ser Phe Ser Lys Ile Ala Ala Ile Thr Gly Ala Ile Thr Tyr Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Ser Leu Ala Ala Ala His Gly Tyr Val Thr Gly Ile Val Ala Asp Gly
            20                  25                  30

Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Ile Val Thr Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Met Ser Thr
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Asp Val Ile Ala Trp Ser Thr Lys Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Asp Pro Ser Ser Tyr Ala Ser Ser Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Glu Pro Gly Ala Leu Ser Ala Lys Val Ala Ala Gly Gly Thr Val
                85                  90                  95

Glu Leu Gln Trp Thr Asp Trp Pro Glu Ser His Lys Gly Pro Val Ile
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Ala Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Thr Val Asp Lys Thr
        115                 120                 125

Lys Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Glu Ser Gly Leu Ile Asp Gly Ser
    130                 135                 140

Ser Ala Pro Gly Thr Trp Ala Ser Asp Asn Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Ser Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Val
                165                 170                 175

Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Thr Asn Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Glu Val Thr Gly Ser Gly
        195                 200                 205

Thr Asp Thr Pro Ala Gly Thr Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Tyr Lys Ala Thr
    210                 215                 220

Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Gln Thr Leu Thr Ser Tyr Asp
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Tyr Thr Gly Gly Ser Ser Gly Ser Ser Gly
                245                 250                 255

Ser Ser Asn Thr Ala Lys Ala Thr Thr Ser Thr Ala Ser Ser Ser Ile
            260                 265                 270

Val Thr Pro Thr Pro Val Asn Asn Pro Thr Val Thr Gln Thr Ala Val
        275                 280                 285

Val Asp Val Thr Gln Thr Val Ser Gln Asn Ala Ala Val Ala Thr Thr
    290                 295                 300

Thr Pro Ala Ser Thr Ala Val Ala Thr Ala Val Pro Thr Gly Thr Thr
305                 310                 315                 320

Phe Ser Phe Asp Ser Met Thr Ser Asp Glu Phe Val Ser Leu Met Arg
                325                 330                 335

Ala Thr Val Asn Trp Leu Leu Ser Asn Lys Lys His Ala Arg Asp Leu
            340                 345                 350
```

Ser Tyr

<210> 29
<211> 862
<212> DNA
<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 29
atgactttgt ccaagatcac ttccattgct ggccttctgg cctcagcgtc tctcgtggct 60

ggccacggct ttgtttctgg cattgttgct gatgggaaat agtatgtgct tgaaccacac 120

aaatgacagc tgcaacagct aacttctatt ccagttacgg agggtacctt gttaaccaat 180

acccctacat gagcaaccct cccgacacca ttgcctggtc caccaccgcc accgacctcg 240

gctttgtgga cggcaccggc taccagtctc cggatattat ctgccacaga gacgcaaaga 300

atggcaagtt gaccgcaacc gttgcagccg gttcacagat cgaattccag tggacgacgt 360

ggccagagtc tcaccatgga ccggtacgac gccgaagaga agagaacata ttgtgaccag 420

ataggctaac atagcatagt tgattactta cctcgctcca tgcaacggcg actgtgccac 480

cgtggacaag accaccctga agtttgtcaa gatcgccgct caaggcttga tcgacggctc 540

caacccacct ggtgtttggg ctgatgatga aatgatcgcc aacaacaaca cggccacagt 600

gaccattcct gcctcctatg cccccggaaa ctacgtcctt cgccacgaga tcatcgccct 660

tcactctgcg ggtaacctga acggcgcgca gaactacccc cagtgtttca acatccaaat 720

caccggtggc ggcagtgctc agggatctgg caccgctggc acgtccctgt acaagaatac 780

tgatcctggc atcaagtttg acatctactc ggatctgagc ggtggatacc ctattcctgg 840

tcctgcactg ttcaacgctt aa 862

<210> 30
<211> 250
<212> PRT
<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 30
Met Thr Leu Ser Lys Ile Thr Ser Ile Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Ser Ala
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Val Ala Gly His Gly Phe Val Ser Gly Ile Val Ala Asp Gly
20 25 30

Lys Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Leu Val Asn Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Met Ser Asn

35 40 45

Pro Pro Asp Thr Ile Ala Trp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly Phe
50 55 60

Val Asp Gly Thr Gly Tyr Gln Ser Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Arg Asp
65 70 75 80

Ala Lys Asn Gly Lys Leu Thr Ala Thr Val Ala Ala Gly Ser Gln Ile
85 90 95

Glu Phe Gln Trp Thr Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Leu Ile
100 105 110

Thr Tyr Leu Ala Pro Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ala Thr Val Asp Lys Thr
115 120 125

```
Thr Leu Lys Phe Val Lys Ile Ala Ala Gln Gly Leu Ile Asp Gly Ser
    130                 135                 140

Asn Pro Pro Gly Val Trp Ala Asp Asp Glu Met Ile Ala Asn Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Thr Ala Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Ala Ser Tyr Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Val
                165                 170                 175

Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Leu Asn Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Ile Gln Ile Thr Gly Gly Gly
        195                 200                 205

Ser Ala Gln Gly Ser Gly Thr Ala Gly Thr Ser Leu Tyr Lys Asn Thr
    210                 215                 220

Asp Pro Gly Ile Lys Phe Asp Ile Tyr Ser Asp Leu Ser Gly Gly Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Phe Asn Ala
                245                 250
```

<210> 31

<211> 1021

<212> DNA

<213> Penicillium pinophilum

<400> 31

```
atgccttcta ctaaagtcgc tgcccttct gctgttctag ctttggcctc cacggttgct       60

ggccatggtt ttgtgcaaaa catcgttatc gacggtaaat cgtaagcagt gatgcatcca      120

ttattaaact agacatgctt acaaaaaaat cagttactct ggataccttg tgaatcagtt      180

cccctacgag tccaacccac cagctgttat tgggtgggca acaactgcaa ccgacctggg      240

attcgtcgct cccagtgagt acaccaatgc agacattatc tgccacaaga acgccacacc      300

tggcgcgctt tctgctccag ttgctgcagg gggcactgtc gagctccagt ggactacatg      360

gcccgatagt catcacggtc ctgtcatcag ctacctcgcc aactgcaatg gcaattgttc      420

taccgtggat aagactaagc tagactttgt caagattgac caaggtggtt tgatcgacga      480

tactaccccc ccgggtacat gggcttccga caaacttatc gctgccaaca acagctggac      540

tgtaactatc ccctccacca tcgcgcctgg aaactacgtt ttgcgccacg aaatcattgc      600

tcttcactcc gctggaaacg cagacggtgc ccaaaactac cctcaatgca tcaacttgga      660

gatcaccggc agcggaaccg ccgctccctc tggtaccgct ggcgaaaagc tctacacctc      720

tactgacccc ggtatcttgg tcaatatcta ccaatccttg tcgacctacg ttattcccgg      780

accaactctg tggagcggtg ctgccaatgg cgctgttgcc actggttctg ctactgcggt      840

tgctacgact gccactgctt ctgcgaccgc tactcctacc acacttgtta cctctgtcgc      900

tccagcttca tctacctttg ccactgctgt tgtgaccact gtcgctcctg cagtaactga      960

tgtcgtgact gtcaccgatg tagttaccgt gaccaccgtc atcaccacta ctgtcctttg     1020

a                                                                     1021
```

<210> 32

<211> 322

<212> PRT

<213> Penicillium pinophilum

<400> 32

```
Met Pro Ser Thr Lys Val Ala Ala Leu Ser Ala Val Leu Ala Leu Ala
```

```
1               5                   10                  15

Ser Thr Val Ala Gly His Gly Phe Val Gln Asn Ile Val Ile Asp Gly
            20                  25                  30

Lys Ser Tyr Ser Gly Tyr Leu Val Asn Gln Phe Pro Tyr Glu Ser Asn
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Ala Val Ile Gly Trp Ala Thr Thr Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Ala Pro Ser Glu Tyr Thr Asn Ala Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Thr Pro Gly Ala Leu Ser Ala Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Gly Thr Val

                85                  90                  95

Glu Leu Gln Trp Thr Thr Trp Pro Asp Ser His His Gly Pro Val Ile
            100                 105                 110

Ser Tyr Leu Ala Asn Cys Asn Gly Asn Cys Ser Thr Val Asp Lys Thr
        115                 120                 125

Lys Leu Asp Phe Val Lys Ile Asp Gln Gly Gly Leu Ile Asp Asp Thr
    130                 135                 140

Thr Pro Pro Gly Thr Trp Ala Ser Asp Lys Leu Ile Ala Ala Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Ser Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Val
                165                 170                 175

Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Ala Asp Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Glu Ile Thr Gly Ser Gly
        195                 200                 205

Thr Ala Ala Pro Ser Gly Thr Ala Gly Glu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Ser Thr
    210                 215                 220

Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Gln Ser Leu Ser Thr Tyr Val
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Pro Gly Pro Thr Leu Trp Ser Gly Ala Ala Asn Gly Ala Val Ala
                245                 250                 255

Thr Gly Ser Ala Thr Ala Val Ala Thr Thr Ala Thr Ala Ser Ala Thr
            260                 265                 270

Ala Thr Pro Thr Thr Leu Val Thr Ser Val Ala Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr
        275                 280                 285

Phe Ala Thr Ala Val Val Thr Thr Val Ala Pro Ala Val Thr Asp Val
    290                 295                 300

Val Thr Val Thr Asp Val Val Thr Val Thr Thr Val Ile Thr Thr Thr
305                 310                 315                 320

Val Leu
```

<210> 33

<211> 1486

<212> DNA

<213> Thermoascus sp.

<400> 33

```
atgttgtcgt tcgcttctgc caagtcagct gtgctgacga cccttctact tcttggatcc       60

gctcaggctc acactttgat gaccaccctg tttgtggatg gcgtcaatca gggagatggt      120

gtctgtattc gcatgaacaa caacggtagt actgccaaca cctatatcca gcctgtcacg      180

agcaaggata ttgcctgcgg taagtacagt accggtccag atatcatact ctatttcaat      240

ccgacaacag tcagagctgg agagcaatgc taaacatccc caggcattca aggcgaaatt      300

ggcgccgctc gagtctgtcc agccaaggct tcatccaccc tcacgttcca attccgagag      360

cagccatcca acccgaattc cgctcctctc gatccctcgc acaaaggccc cgctgcggtg      420

tacctgaaaa aggtagactc cgccatcgcg agcaacaacg ccgctggaga cggctggttc      480

aagatctggg agtccgtcta cgacgagtcc acgggcaaat ggggtacgac caagatgatc      540

gagaacaacg ggcacatctc tgtcaaggtc cccgacgata tcgagggtgg gtattatctc      600

gcgcgtacgg agcttctggc gctgcacgcg gcgaacgaag gggatccgca gttctacgtt      660

ggctgcgcgc agctgttcat cgattcagcg gggacagcga aaccgcctac tgtctctatt      720

ggagagggga cctacgatct gagcatgcct gccatgacgt acaatatcta ccagactccg      780

ttggctctac catacccgat gtatgggcct cctgtctaca cacctggctc tggctcgggt      840

tctggctctg gttccgggtc agcttctgca acgagatctt ctgctattcc tactgccacc      900

gctgttacgg actgttcttc cgaagaggac agggaagact cagtcatggc aaccggtgtt      960

cccgttgcaa gaagcacact cagaacctgg gttgacagac tgtcatggca tggtaaggcc     1020

cgtgagaacg tgaaaccagc cgccaggaga agcgcccttg tccagaccga gggtctgaag     1080

ccggaaggct gcatcttcgt caacggcaac tggtgcggtt tcgaggtccc cgattacaac     1140

gatgcggaaa gctgctgggc tgtacgttcc cgtctaatta cttaaaacga aataaaagct     1200

aacagtactt ttctttttct aatcccaggc ctccgacaac tgctggaaac agtccgactc     1260

gtgctggaac cagacccagc ccaccggcta caacaactgc cagatctggc aagaccagaa     1320

atgcaagccc atccaggact cgtgtagcca atccaacccg actggaccgc cgaacaaggg     1380

caaggatata actccaacgt ggccgcccct ggagggctcg atgaagacct tcaccaagcg     1440

cactgtcagt taccgtgatt ggattatgaa aaggaaagga gcataa                     1486
```

<210> 34

<211> 444

<212> PRT

<213> Thermoascus sp.

<400> 34

```
Met Leu Ser Phe Ala Ser Ala Lys Ser Ala Val Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu
1               5                  10                  15

Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Gln Ala His Thr Leu Met Thr Thr Leu Phe Val
            20                  25                  30

Asp Gly Val Asn Gln Gly Asp Gly Val Cys Ile Arg Met Asn Asn Asn
        35                  40                  45

Gly Ser Thr Ala Asn Thr Tyr Ile Gln Pro Val Thr Ser Lys Asp Ile
    50                  55                  60

Ala Cys Gly Ile Gln Gly Glu Ile Gly Ala Ala Arg Val Cys Pro Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Lys Ala Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Phe Gln Phe Arg Glu Gln Pro Ser Asn
                85                  90                  95
```

```
Pro Asn Ser Ala Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser His Lys Gly Pro Ala Ala Val
            100                 105                 110

Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Asp Ser Ala Ile Ala Ser Asn Asn Ala Ala Gly
        115                 120                 125

Asp Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp Glu Ser Val Tyr Asp Glu Ser Thr Gly
    130                 135                 140

Lys Trp Gly Thr Thr Lys Met Ile Glu Asn Asn Gly His Ile Ser Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Lys Val Pro Asp Asp Ile Glu Gly Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Ala Arg Thr Glu
                165                 170                 175

Leu Leu Ala Leu His Ala Ala Asn Glu Gly Asp Pro Gln Phe Tyr Val
            180                 185                 190

Gly Cys Ala Gln Leu Phe Ile Asp Ser Ala Gly Thr Ala Lys Pro Pro
        195                 200                 205

Thr Val Ser Ile Gly Glu Gly Thr Tyr Asp Leu Ser Met Pro Ala Met
    210                 215                 220

Thr Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ala Leu Pro Tyr Pro Met Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Pro Val Tyr Thr Pro Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly
                245                 250                 255

Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Ala Thr Arg Ser Ser Ala Ile Pro Thr Ala Thr
            260                 265                 270

Ala Val Thr Asp Cys Ser Ser Glu Glu Asp Arg Glu Asp Ser Val Met
        275                 280                 285

Ala Thr Gly Val Pro Val Ala Arg Ser Thr Leu Arg Thr Trp Val Asp
    290                 295                 300

Arg Leu Ser Trp His Gly Lys Ala Arg Glu Asn Val Lys Pro Ala Ala
305                 310                 315                 320

Arg Arg Ser Ala Leu Val Gln Thr Glu Gly Leu Lys Pro Glu Gly Cys
                325                 330                 335

Ile Phe Val Asn Gly Asn Trp Cys Gly Phe Glu Val Pro Asp Tyr Asn
            340                 345                 350

Asp Ala Glu Ser Cys Trp Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Cys Trp Lys Gln Ser
        355                 360                 365

Asp Ser Cys Trp Asn Gln Thr Gln Pro Thr Gly Tyr Asn Asn Cys Gln
    370                 375                 380

Ile Trp Gln Asp Gln Lys Cys Lys Pro Ile Gln Asp Ser Cys Ser Gln
385                 390                 395                 400

Ser Asn Pro Thr Gly Pro Pro Asn Lys Gly Lys Asp Ile Thr Pro Thr
                405                 410                 415

Trp Pro Pro Leu Glu Gly Ser Met Lys Thr Phe Thr Lys Arg Thr Val
            420                 425                 430

Ser Tyr Arg Asp Trp Ile Met Lys Arg Lys Gly Ala
        435                 440
```

<210> 35

<400> 35
000

<210> 36
<211> 253
<212> PRT
<213> Penicillium sp.

<400> 36

```
Met Leu Ser Ser Thr Thr Arg Thr Leu Ala Phe Thr Gly Leu Ala Gly

1               5                   10                  15

Leu Leu Ser Ala Pro Leu Val Lys Ala His Gly Phe Val Gln Gly Ile
            20                  25                  30

Val Ile Gly Asp Gln Phe Tyr Ser Gly Tyr Ile Val Asn Ser Phe Pro
        35                  40                  45

Tyr Glu Ser Asn Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Gly Trp Ala Thr Thr Ala Thr
    50                  55                  60

Asp Leu Gly Phe Val Asp Gly Thr Gly Tyr Gln Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile
65                  70                  75                  80

Cys His Arg Asn Ala Thr Pro Ala Pro Leu Thr Ala Pro Val Ala Ala
                85                  90                  95

Gly Gly Thr Val Glu Leu Gln Trp Thr Pro Trp Pro Asp Ser His His
            100                 105                 110

Gly Pro Val Ile Thr Tyr Leu Ala Pro Cys Asn Gly Asn Cys Ser Thr
        115                 120                 125

Val Asp Lys Thr Thr Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Gln Gln Gly Leu
    130                 135                 140

Ile Asp Asp Thr Ser Pro Pro Gly Thr Trp Ala Ser Asp Asn Leu Ile
145                 150                 155                 160

Ala Asn Asn Asn Ser Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Asn Ser Val Ala Pro
                165                 170                 175

Gly Asn Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Asn
            180                 185                 190

Asn Lys Asp Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Ile Glu Val
        195                 200                 205

Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Ala Pro Glu Gly Thr Leu Gly Glu Asp Leu
    210                 215                 220

Tyr His Asp Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asp Ile Tyr Glu Pro Ile
225                 230                 235                 240

Ala Thr Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro Glu Pro Thr Phe
                245                 250
```

<210> 37
<211> 878
<212> DNA
<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 37

```
atgaagttct cactggtgtc tctgctggct tacggcctct cggtcgaggc gcactccatc       60

ttccaggttc gtctcgcaca tcacgctcaa ctcggctcgt ggcgtaaggg caaggattaa      120

cacggccggc agagagtctc ggtcaacggc caagaccaag gcctgctcac cggcctccgc      180

gctccaagca acaacaaccc agtgcaagat gtcaacagcc agaacatgat ttgcggccag      240

tcgggctcca agtcgcagac cgttatcaac gtcaaggccg gcgacaggat cggctcgctc      300

tggcagcatg tcatcggcgg cgcccagttt tcgggtgacc cggacaaccc gatcgcccac      360

tcgcacaagg gccccgtgat ggcgtacctt gctaaggtcg acaatgccgc gtccgcgagc      420

caaacgggtc tgaagtggta agtagcgggc gacgctcagg ggacggggat cgggggcctg      480

ctccatccga gactaacacc gtggacaggt tcaagatctg gcaggacggg ttcgatacca      540

gcagcaagac atggggcgtc gacaacctga tcaagaacaa cggctgggtg tacttccacc      600

tgccgcagtg cctcgctccg ggccagtatc tcctgcgcgt cgaggttctg gcgctgcact      660

cggcgtacca gcagggccag gcccagttct accagtcctg cgcccagatc aacgtctccg      720

gctccgggtc cttcagcccg tcccagacgg tcagcatccc gggcgtctac agcgccaccg      780

acccgagcat cctcatcaac atctacggca gcacggggca gcccgacaac ggcggcaagg      840

cttacaaccc ccctggaccc gccccgatct cctgctga                               878
```

<210> 38

<211> 246

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 38

```
Met Lys Phe Ser Leu Val Ser Leu Leu Ala Tyr Gly Leu Ser Val Glu
1               5                  10                  15

Ala His Ser Ile Phe Gln Arg Val Ser Val Asn Gly Gln Asp Gln Gly
            20                  25                  30

Leu Leu Thr Gly Leu Arg Ala Pro Ser Asn Asn Asn Pro Val Gln Asp
        35                  40                  45

Val Asn Ser Gln Asn Met Ile Cys Gly Gln Ser Gly Ser Lys Ser Gln
    50                  55                  60

Thr Val Ile Asn Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Arg Ile Gly Ser Leu Trp Gln
65                  70                  75                  80

His Val Ile Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Ser Gly Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Ile
                85                  90                  95

Ala His Ser His Lys Gly Pro Val Met Ala Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Asp
            100                 105                 110

Asn Ala Ala Ser Ala Ser Gln Thr Gly Leu Lys Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp
        115                 120                 125

Gln Asp Gly Phe Asp Thr Ser Ser Lys Thr Trp Gly Val Asp Asn Leu
    130                 135                 140

Ile Lys Asn Asn Gly Trp Val Tyr Phe His Leu Pro Gln Cys Leu Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Pro Gly Gln Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val Glu Val Leu Ala Leu His Ser Ala
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Gln Gln Gly Gln Ala Gln Phe Tyr Gln Ser Cys Ala Gln Ile Asn
            180                 185                 190
```

```
Val Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Phe Ser Pro Ser Gln Thr Val Ser Ile Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Val Tyr Ser Ala Thr Asp Pro Ser Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Gly
    210                 215                 220

Ser Thr Gly Gln Pro Asp Asn Gly Gly Lys Ala Tyr Asn Pro Pro Gly
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ala Pro Ile Ser Cys
                245
```

<210> 39

<211> 1253

<212> DNA

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 39

```
atgaggacga cattcgccgc cgcgttggca gccttcgctg cgcaggaagt ggcaggccat       60

gccatcttcc aacagctctg ggtggacggc accgactata tacgtgctcc ccttttcctt      120

ttgtgtttgc ccatcctcga ttgataaccc gaggccatcc aatgctgact cttacagcac      180

ggctcctcct gcgtccgcat gccgctgtcg aactcgcccg tcacgaacgt cggcagcagg      240

gacatgatct gcaacgccgg cacgcgcccc gtcagcggga agtgccccgt caaggccggc      300

ggcaccgtga cggttgagat gcaccaggtg ggctgatttc ctgagcgtcc tattcctccc      360

ggaagccccc ttcccatcct ttgccctggc taacccctcc gcccctccca gcaacccggg      420

gatcggtcgt gtaacaacga agccatcggc ggcgcccact ggggaccggt gcaggtgtac      480

ctcagcaagg tggaggacgc gagcacggcg gacgggtcga cgggctggtt caagatcttc      540

gcggacacgt ggtccaagaa ggcgggcagc tcggtggggg acgacgacaa ctggggcacg      600

cgcgacctca acgcgtgctg cggcaagatg caggtcaaga tcccggcgga catcccgtcg      660

ggcgactacc tgctgcgggc ggaggcgctg gcgctgcaca cggcgggcca ggtgggcggc      720

gcgcagttct acatgagctg ctaccagatc accgtgtcgg gcggcggcag cgccagcccg      780

gccaccgtca agttccccgg cgcctacagc gccaacgacc cgggcatcca catcaacatc      840

cacgcggccg tgtccaacta cgtcgcgccc ggcccggccg tctattccgg cggcacgacc      900

aaggtggccg ggtccgggtg ccaaggctgc gagaacacgt gcaaggtcgg ctcgtcgccc      960

acggcgacgg cgccgtcggg caagagcggc gcgggttccg acggcggcgc tgggaccgac     1020

ggcgggtctt cgtcttcgag ccccgacacg ggcagcgcgt gcagcgtgca ggcctacggg     1080

cagtgcggcg ggaacgggta ctcgggttgc acccagtgcg cggtaagttc ggggtcgtct     1140

gtcttttgta ggaacatccg agaggcttgg ctgacgaggc gttgttgtag cccggctata     1200

cttgcaaggc ggtctctccg ccgtactatt cgcagtgcgc cccttcttct tag             1253
```

<210> 40

<211> 334

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 40

```
Met Arg Thr Thr Phe Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Phe Ala Ala Gln Glu
1               5                   10                  15

Val Ala Gly His Ala Ile Phe Gln Gln Leu Trp His Gly Ser Ser Cys
            20                  25                  30

Val Arg Met Pro Leu Ser Asn Ser Pro Val Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Arg
        35                  40                  45
```

```
Asp Met Ile Cys Asn Ala Gly Thr Arg Pro Val Ser Gly Lys Cys Pro
    50                  55                  60

Val Lys Ala Gly Gly Thr Val Thr Val Glu Met His Gln Gln Pro Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Asp Arg Ser Cys Asn Asn Glu Ala Ile Gly Gly Ala His Trp Gly Pro
                85                  90                  95

Val Gln Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Val Glu Asp Ala Ser Thr Ala Asp Gly

            100                 105                 110

Ser Thr Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Phe Ala Asp Thr Trp Ser Lys Lys Ala
        115                 120                 125

Gly Ser Ser Val Gly Asp Asp Asp Asn Trp Gly Thr Arg Asp Leu Asn
    130                 135                 140

Ala Cys Cys Gly Lys Met Gln Val Lys Ile Pro Ala Asp Ile Pro Ser
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu His Thr Ala Gly
                165                 170                 175

Gln Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Ser Cys Tyr Gln Ile Thr Val
            180                 185                 190

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Ser Pro Ala Thr Val Lys Phe Pro Gly Ala
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Ser Ala Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile His Ile Asn Ile His Ala Ala Val
    210                 215                 220

Ser Asn Tyr Val Ala Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Tyr Ser Gly Gly Thr Thr
225                 230                 235                 240

Lys Val Ala Gly Ser Gly Cys Gln Gly Cys Glu Asn Thr Cys Lys Val
                245                 250                 255

Gly Ser Ser Pro Thr Ala Thr Ala Pro Ser Gly Lys Ser Gly Ala Gly
            260                 265                 270

Ser Asp Gly Gly Ala Gly Thr Asp Gly Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Pro
        275                 280                 285

Asp Thr Gly Ser Ala Cys Ser Val Gln Ala Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly
    290                 295                 300

Asn Gly Tyr Ser Gly Cys Thr Gln Cys Ala Pro Gly Tyr Thr Cys Lys
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Val Ser Pro Pro Tyr Tyr Ser Gln Cys Ala Pro Ser Ser
                325                 330
```

<210> 41

<211> 798

<212> DNA

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 41

```
atgaagctga gcgttgccat cgccgtgctg gcgtcggctc ttgccgaggc tcactgtgag       60

tgcatcgtct cactccagct actgcgaagc ttgctgacga tggtccctag acaccttccc      120
```

```
cagcatcgga aacaccgctg actggcagta tgtgcggatt acaacgaact accagagcaa      180

cgggccggtg acggacgtca cctcggatca aattcggtgc tacgaacgga acccaggcac      240

gggagcgcag ggcatataca acgtcaccgc cggccagacc atcaactaca acgcgaaggc      300

gtccatctcc cacccggggc ccatgtcctt ctacattgct aaggttcccg ccggccaaac      360

cgctgcgacc tgggacggta agggggctgt gtggaccaag atctaccagg acatgcccaa      420

gttcggcagc agcctgacct ggcccaccat gggtaagaat tctcaccctg gaaatgaacg      480

cacatttgca cagatctaac atggcctaca ggcgccaagt ctgtccccgt caccatccct      540

cgttgcctcc agaacggcga ttaccttctg cgagccgagc acatcgctct acacagcgcg      600

agcagcgtcg gtggcgccca gttctacctc tcgtgcgccc agcttactgt cagcggcggc      660

agtggcacct ggaaccccaa gaaccgggtc tccttccccg gcgcttacaa ggcaacagac      720

ccgggcatct tgatcaacat ctactacccc gtgccgacca gctactcgcc gcccggcccg      780

ccggctgaga cgtgctaa                                                    798
```

<210> 42

<211> 227

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 42

```
Met Lys Leu Ser Val Ala Ile Ala Val Leu Ala Ser Ala Leu Ala Glu
1               5                   10                  15

Ala His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Ser Ile Gly Asn Thr Ala Asp Trp Gln Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Val Arg Ile Thr Thr Asn Tyr Gln Ser Asn Gly Pro Val Thr Asp Val
        35                  40                  45

Thr Ser Asp Gln Ile Arg Cys Tyr Glu Arg Asn Pro Gly Thr Gly Ala
    50                  55                  60

Gln Gly Ile Tyr Asn Val Thr Ala Gly Gln Thr Ile Asn Tyr Asn Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Lys Ala Ser Ile Ser His Pro Gly Pro Met Ser Phe Tyr Ile Ala Lys
                85                  90                  95

Val Pro Ala Gly Gln Thr Ala Ala Thr Trp Asp Gly Lys Gly Ala Val

            100                 105                 110

Trp Thr Lys Ile Tyr Gln Asp Met Pro Lys Phe Gly Ser Ser Leu Thr
        115                 120                 125

Trp Pro Thr Met Gly Ala Lys Ser Val Pro Val Thr Ile Pro Arg Cys
    130                 135                 140

Leu Gln Asn Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu His Ile Ala Leu His
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Ala Ser Ser Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Leu Ser Cys Ala Gln
                165                 170                 175

Leu Thr Val Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Thr Trp Asn Pro Lys Asn Arg Val
            180                 185                 190

Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn
        195                 200                 205
```

```
Ile Tyr Tyr Pro Val Pro Thr Ser Tyr Ser Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Ala
    210                 215                 220

Glu Thr Cys
225
```

<210> 43

<211> 977

<212> DNA

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 43

```
atgaagctgt catcccagct cgccgccctc acgctggccg cggcctccgt gtcaggccac       60

tacatcttcg agcagattgc ccatggcggc accaagttcc caccttacga gtacatccga      120

agaaacacga actataacag ccctgtcacc agtctctcgt cgaacgacct gcgatgcaac      180

gtaggcggcg agacggctgg caacacgacc gtcctcgacg tgaaggcggg cgactccttc      240

accttctact cggacgtggc cgtgtaccac caggggccca tctcactgtg cgtgccccgg      300

gccaactttg atcagtccca agcggactgt ccgctcgcct ggataaccac aattgactga      360

cagcccgcac agctacatgt ccaaggctcc cggctccgtc gtggactacg acggctccgg      420

cgactggttc aagatccacg actggggccc gaccttcagc aacggccagg cctcgtggcc      480

gctgcggggt gcgtcccttc cctttccctc ccccttcctc ccccttcctc ccccccttcc      540

ccccctttcc tgtctggtcg cacgccctgc tgacgtcccc gtagacaact accagtacaa      600

catcccgacg tgcatcccga acggcgagta cctgctgcgc atccagtcgc tggcgatcca      660

caacccgggc gccacgccgc agttctacat cagctgcgcg caggtccggg tctcgggcgg      720

cggcagcgcc tccccctccc caacggccaa gatccccggc gcgttcaagg cgaccgatcc      780

cgggtatacc gcgaatgtga gtgccctatg ttccttgcgc tccttgttcc ttgctccttg      840

ctcggcgtgc ttgaacgcta cgggctgtgg agggagggat ggatggatga ataggatgct      900

gactgatggt gggacaccag atttacaata acttccactc gtatacggtg ccgggtccgg      960

cggtctttca gtgctag                                                     977
```

<210> 44

<211> 223

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 44

```
Met Lys Leu Ser Ser Gln Leu Ala Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Ala Ala Ser
1               5                  10                  15

Val Ser Gly His Tyr Ile Phe Glu Gln Ile Ala His Gly Gly Thr Lys
            20                  25                  30

Phe Pro Pro Tyr Glu Tyr Ile Arg Arg Asn Thr Asn Tyr Asn Ser Pro
        35                  40                  45

Val Thr Ser Leu Ser Ser Asn Asp Leu Arg Cys Asn Val Gly Gly Glu
    50                  55                  60

Thr Ala Gly Asn Thr Thr Val Leu Asp Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Ser Phe
65                  70                  75                  80

Thr Phe Tyr Ser Asp Val Ala Val Tyr His Gln Gly Pro Ile Ser Leu
                85                  90                  95

Tyr Met Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ser Val Val Asp Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gly
            100                 105                 110
```

```
Asp Trp Phe Lys Ile His Asp Trp Gly Pro Thr Phe Ser Asn Gly Gln
        115                 120                 125

Ala Ser Trp Pro Leu Arg Asp Asn Tyr Gln Tyr Asn Ile Pro Thr Cys
    130                 135                 140

Ile Pro Asn Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ile Gln Ser Leu Ala Ile His
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Pro Gly Ala Thr Pro Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln Val Arg
                165                 170                 175

Val Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Ser Pro Ser Pro Thr Ala Lys Ile Pro
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ala Phe Lys Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Tyr Thr Ala Asn Ile Tyr Asn
        195                 200                 205

Asn Phe His Ser Tyr Thr Val Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Phe Gln Cys
    210                 215                 220
```

<210> 45

<211> 1107

<212> DNA

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 45

```
atgccttctt tcgcctccaa gactctcctt tccaccctgg cgggtgccgc atccgtggcc       60

gcccacgggc acgtgtcgaa catcgtcatc aacggggtct cgtaccaggg ttacgatccg      120

acctccttcc cttacatgca gaacccgccc atcgtggtcg gctggactgc cgccgacacg      180

gacaacggct ttgttgcccc ggatgccttc gccagtggcg atatcatctg ccacaagaac      240

gccaccaacg ccaagggcca cgccgtggtc gccgcgggag acaagatctt catccagtgg      300

aacacatggc ccgagtccca ccacggcccc gtcatcgact acctcgcgag ctgcggcagc      360

gcgtcctgcg agaccgtcga caagaccaag ctcgagttct tcaagatcga cgaggtcggc      420

ctggtcgacg gcagctcggc gcccggtgtg tggggctccg accagctcat cgccaacaac      480

aactcgtggc tcgtcgagat cccgcccacc atcgcgccgg gcaactacgt cctgcgccac      540

gagatcatcg cgctgcacag cgccgaaaac gccgacggcg cccagaacta cccgcagtgc      600

ttcaacctgc agatcaccgg caccggcacc gccacccccc ccggcgtccc cggcacctcg      660

ctctacaccc cgaccgaccc gggcatcctc gtcaacatct acagcgcccc gatcacctac      720

accgtcccgg ggccggccct catctccggc gccgtcagca tcgcccagtc ctcctccgcc      780

atcaccgcct ccggcaccgc cctgaccggc tctgccaccg cacccgccgc cgccgctgct      840

accacaactt ccaccaccaa cgccgcggct gctgctacct ctgctgctgc tgctgctggt      900

acttccacaa ccaccaccag cgccgcggcc gtggtccaga cctcctcctc ctcctcctcc      960

gccccgtcct ctgccgccgc cgccgccacc accaccgcgg ctgccagcgc ccgcccgacc     1020

ggctgctcct ctggccgctc caggaagcag ccgcgccgcc acgcgcggga tatggtggtt     1080

gcgcgagggg ctgaggaggc aaactga                                         1107
```

<210> 46

<211> 368

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 46

```
Met Pro Ser Phe Ala Ser Lys Thr Leu Leu Ser Thr Leu Ala Gly Ala
1               5                   10                  15
```

```
Ala Ser Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Ser Asn Ile Val Ile Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30

Val Ser Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Asp Pro Thr Ser Phe Pro Tyr Met Gln Asn
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Ile Val Val Gly Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Asp Asn Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Ala Pro Asp Ala Phe Ala Ser Gly Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Thr Asn Ala Lys Gly His Ala Val Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys Ile
                85                  90                  95

Phe Ile Gln Trp Asn Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val Ile
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Ser Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Cys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys
        115                 120                 125

Thr Lys Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Glu Val Gly Leu Val Asp Gly
    130                 135                 140

Ser Ser Ala Pro Gly Val Trp Gly Ser Asp Gln Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Ser Trp Leu Val Glu Ile Pro Pro Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Glu Asn Ala Asp
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Gln Ile Thr Gly Thr
        195                 200                 205

Gly Thr Ala Thr Pro Ser Gly Val Pro Gly Thr Ser Leu Tyr Thr Pro
    210                 215                 220

Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Ser Ala Pro Ile Thr Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Thr Val Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Ile Ser Gly Ala Val Ser Ile Ala Gln

                245                 250                 255

Ser Ser Ser Ala Ile Thr Ala Ser Gly Thr Ala Leu Thr Gly Ser Ala
            260                 265                 270

Thr Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Thr Ser Thr Thr Asn Ala
        275                 280                 285

Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Thr Ser Thr Thr
    290                 295                 300

Thr Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Val Val Gln Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Pro Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Ser
                325                 330                 335

Ala Arg Pro Thr Gly Cys Ser Ser Gly Arg Ser Arg Lys Gln Pro Arg
            340                 345                 350

Arg His Ala Arg Asp Met Val Val Ala Arg Gly Ala Glu Glu Ala Asn
```

355 360 365

<210> 47
<211> 993
<212> DNA
<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 47
atgccgcccg cactccctca actcctaacc acggtcctga ccgccctcac cctcggttcc 60

accgccctcg cccactcaca cctcgcgtac attatcgtta acggcaagct ctaccagggc 120

ttcgacccgc gcccgcacca ggccaactac ccttcccggg tcgggtggtc caccggcgcc 180

gtcgacgacg gcttcgtcac gccggccaac tactccaccc cggacatcat ttgccacatc 240

gccggcacca gcccggccgg ccacgcgccc gtgcgcccgg gcgaccgcat ccacgtccag 300

tggaacggct ggccggtcgg ccacatcggt cccgtgctgt cgtacctcgc ccgctgcgag 360

tcggacacgg gctgcacggg ccagaacaag accgcgctgc ggtggaccaa gatcgacgac 420

tccagcccga ccatgcagaa cgtcgccggc gcgggcaccc agggcgaggg caccccggc 480

aagcgctggg ccaccgacgt gctgatcgcc gccaacaaca gctggcaggt cgccgtgccg 540

gcggggctgc cgaccggcgc gtacgtgctg cgcaacgaga tcatcgcgct gcactacgcg 600

gcgaggaaga acggggcgca gaactatccg ctctgcatga acctgtgggt ggacgccagt 660

ggtgataata gtagtgtggc tgcaacgacg gcggcggtga cggcgggggg tctgcagatg 720

gatgcgtatg acgcgcgcgg gttctacaag gagaacgatc cgggcgtgct ggtcaatgtc 780

acggccgcgc tgtcgtcgta tgtcgtgccc gggccgacgg tggcggcggg cgccacgccg 840

gtgccgtacg cgcagcagag cccgagcgtg tcgacggcgg cgggcacgcc cgtcgtcgtt 900

acaaggacta gcgagacggc gccgtacacg ggcgccatga cgccgacggt tgcggcgagg 960

atgaagggga gggggtatga tcggcggggt tag 993

<210> 48
<211> 330
<212> PRT
<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 48
Met Pro Pro Ala Leu Pro Gln Leu Leu Thr Thr Val Leu Thr Ala Leu
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Gly Ser Thr Ala Leu Ala His Ser His Leu Ala Tyr Ile Ile
20 25 30

Val Asn Gly Lys Leu Tyr Gln Gly Phe Asp Pro Arg Pro His Gln Ala
35 40 45

Asn Tyr Pro Ser Arg Val Gly Trp Ser Thr Gly Ala Val Asp Asp Gly
50 55 60

Phe Val Thr Pro Ala Asn Tyr Ser Thr Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Ile
65 70 75 80

Ala Gly Thr Ser Pro Ala Gly His Ala Pro Val Arg Pro Gly Asp Arg
85 90 95

Ile His Val Gln Trp Asn Gly Trp Pro Val Gly His Ile Gly Pro Val
100 105 110

Leu Ser Tyr Leu Ala Arg Cys Glu Ser Asp Thr Gly Cys Thr Gly Gln
115 120 125

```
Asn Lys Thr Ala Leu Arg Trp Thr Lys Ile Asp Asp Ser Ser Pro Thr
    130                 135                 140

Met Gln Asn Val Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Gln Gly Glu Gly Thr Pro Gly
145                 150                 155                 160

Lys Arg Trp Ala Thr Asp Val Leu Ile Ala Ala Asn Asn Ser Trp Gln
                165                 170                 175

Val Ala Val Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Thr Gly Ala Tyr Val Leu Arg Asn
            180                 185                 190

Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Tyr Ala Ala Arg Lys Asn Gly Ala Gln Asn
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Pro Leu Cys Met Asn Leu Trp Val Asp Ala Ser Gly Asp Asn Ser
    210                 215                 220

Ser Val Ala Ala Thr Thr Ala Ala Val Thr Ala Gly Gly Leu Gln Met
225                 230                 235                 240

Asp Ala Tyr Asp Ala Arg Gly Phe Tyr Lys Glu Asn Asp Pro Gly Val
                245                 250                 255

Leu Val Asn Val Thr Ala Ala Leu Ser Ser Tyr Val Val Pro Gly Pro
            260                 265                 270

Thr Val Ala Ala Gly Ala Thr Pro Val Pro Tyr Ala Gln Gln Ser Pro
        275                 280                 285

Ser Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Gly Thr Pro Val Val Val Thr Arg Thr Ser
    290                 295                 300

Glu Thr Ala Pro Tyr Thr Gly Ala Met Thr Pro Thr Val Ala Ala Arg
305                 310                 315                 320

Met Lys Gly Arg Gly Tyr Asp Arg Arg Gly
                325                 330
```

<210> 49

<211> 1221

<212> DNA

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 49

```
atgaagacat tcaccgccct cctggccgca gccggcctcg tcgccggcca tggatatgtc       60

gacaacgcca ccattggcgg ccagttttat caggtactct accgcttcac ccaaggtccg      120

ctggccacaa ctctataggt gtcataaatt aacaagccac cgtcccgcag ttctatcagg      180

tgtgctcgct accgaccatg tggtcccgtc tcagcaagcc actcacacgc ccatgatccc      240

ctagccttac gtcgacccgt atttagcaac cttggcacgt agtatttatt gtcccaaata      300

ttgagctgaa ctgcacctcc ctagaatccc gcggtgctaa cattctttca gcccgacagg      360

gtctctcgat ccatcccggg caacggcccg gtcacggacg tcactctcat cgacctgcag      420

tgcaacgcca attccacccc ggccaagctc cacgccactg ccgctgccgg ctcggacgtg      480

attctccgct ggacgctctg gcctgagtcg cacgttggcc ccgtcatcac ctacatggcc      540

cgctgccccg acacgggctg ccaggactgg atgccgggca cttcgtagga gcccatcttg      600

caccatatcc atttcaaccg gccacacgca ctgacccata tgtctgtcta cccctgcagt      660

gcggtctggt tcaagatcaa ggagggcggc cgcgacggca cttccaacac ctgggccgac      720

gtacgtgtac cccgtcccag agagccaaag cccccccttc aacaaagcaa acatctcaat      780
```

```
agcccgagcc tacgcactaa cccctctcct tccccctcga aaacacagac cccgctgatg      840

acggcgccca cctcgtacac gtacacgatc ccctcctgcc tgaagaaggg ctactacctg      900

gtccgccacg agatcatcgc gctgcacgcc gcctacacct accccggcgc gcagttctac      960

ccgggctgcc accagctcaa cgtcacgggc ggcgggtcca ccgtaccgtc gagcggcctg     1020

gtggcctttc ccggggcgta caagggcagt gaccccggga ttacgtacga tgcgtataaa     1080

ggtgggttgg ctggttggcc caggtcttgg tgatggggga atgtggtgat gaggtttatt     1140

atttgggatc ccgtggctaa cgtaaccctg ggtgtagcgc aaacgtacca gattcctggg     1200

ccggcggtct ttacttgctg a                                               1221
```

<210> 50

<211> 236

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 50

```
Met Lys Thr Phe Thr Ala Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Gly Leu Val Ala Gly
1               5                  10                  15

His Gly Tyr Val Asp Asn Ala Thr Ile Gly Gly Gln Phe Tyr Gln Asn
            20                  25                  30

Pro Ala Val Leu Thr Phe Phe Gln Pro Asp Arg Val Ser Arg Ser Ile
        35                  40                  45

Pro Gly Asn Gly Pro Val Thr Asp Val Thr Leu Ile Asp Leu Gln Cys
    50                  55                  60

Asn Ala Asn Ser Thr Pro Ala Lys Leu His Ala Thr Ala Ala Ala Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Ser Asp Val Ile Leu Arg Trp Thr Leu Trp Pro Glu Ser His Val Gly
                85                  90                  95

Pro Val Ile Thr Tyr Met Ala Arg Cys Pro Asp Thr Gly Cys Gln Asp
            100                 105                 110

Trp Met Pro Gly Thr Ser Ala Val Trp Phe Lys Ile Lys Glu Gly Gly
        115                 120                 125

Arg Asp Gly Thr Ser Asn Thr Trp Ala Asp Thr Pro Leu Met Thr Ala

    130                 135                 140

Pro Thr Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Ile Pro Ser Cys Leu Lys Lys Gly Tyr
145                 150                 155                 160

Tyr Leu Val Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ala Ala Tyr Thr Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Pro Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Pro Gly Cys His Gln Leu Asn Val Thr Gly
            180                 185                 190

Gly Gly Ser Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Gly Leu Val Ala Phe Pro Gly Ala
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Lys Gly Ser Asp Pro Gly Ile Thr Tyr Asp Ala Tyr Lys Ala Gln
    210                 215                 220

Thr Tyr Gln Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Phe Thr Cys
225                 230                 235
```

<210> 51
<211> 933
<212> DNA
<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 51
atggccttgc tgctcttggc aggcttggcc attctggccg ggccggctca tgcccacggc 60

ggcctcgcca actacacagt gggcaacacc tggtataggg ggtgcgtaag gggggcaccg 120

acaacgcctg cttagtaact ccaccatttc gagcgggcta acaccgggcg cagctacgac 180

cccttcacgc cggcggccga ccagatcggc cagccgtgga tgatccaacg cgcgtgggac 240

tcgatcgacc cgatcttcag cgtcaacgac aaggcgctcg cctgcaacac cccggccacg 300

gcgccgacct cttacattcc catccgcgcg ggcgagaaca tcacggccgt gtactggtac 360

tggctgcacc cggtgggccc catgacggcg tggctggcgc ggtgcgacgg cgactgccgc 420

gacgccgacg tcaacgaggc gcgctggttc aagatctggg aggccggcct gctcagcggg 480

ccgaacctgg ccgagggcat gtggtaccag aaggcgttcc agaactggga cggcagcccg 540

gacctgtggc ccgtcacgat cccggccggg ctgaagagcg gcctgtacat gatccggcac 600

gagatcttgt cgatccacgt cgaggataaa ccgcagtttt atcccgagtg tgcgcatctg 660

aatgtgaccg ggggtgggga cctgctgccg cctgatgagt ttttggtgaa gttcccgggc 720

gcttacaaag aagatagtga gtgaaacgcg aagcttcggt agccattggg ttgcgctgat 780

ggaggttaga cccgtcgatc aagatcaata tctactcgga ccagtacgcc aatacaacgg 840

tgagtgtaac aggtcgagca aaaccaaaca gatgccgatg actgatgatc tcagaattac 900

acaattcccg gagggccgat atgggatggg tga 933

<210> 52
<211> 250
<212> PRT
<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 52
Met Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Leu Ala Ile Leu Ala Gly Pro Ala
1 5 10 15

His Ala His Gly Gly Leu Ala Asn Tyr Thr Val Gly Asn Thr Trp Tyr
20 25 30

Arg Gly Tyr Asp Pro Phe Thr Pro Ala Ala Asp Gln Ile Gly Gln Pro
35 40 45

Trp Met Ile Gln Arg Ala Trp Asp Ser Ile Asp Pro Ile Phe Ser Val
50 55 60

Asn Asp Lys Ala Leu Ala Cys Asn Thr Pro Ala Thr Ala Pro Thr Ser
65 70 75 80

Tyr Ile Pro Ile Arg Ala Gly Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Val Tyr Trp Tyr
85 90 95

Trp Leu His Pro Val Gly Pro Met Thr Ala Trp Leu Ala Arg Cys Asp
100 105 110

Gly Asp Cys Arg Asp Ala Asp Val Asn Glu Ala Arg Trp Phe Lys Ile
115 120 125

Trp Glu Ala Gly Leu Leu Ser Gly Pro Asn Leu Ala Glu Gly Met Trp
130 135 140

```
Tyr Gln Lys Ala Phe Gln Asn Trp Asp Gly Ser Pro Asp Leu Trp Pro
145                 150                 155                 160

Val Thr Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Lys Ser Gly Leu Tyr Met Ile Arg His
                165                 170                 175

Glu Ile Leu Ser Ile His Val Glu Asp Lys Pro Gln Phe Tyr Pro Glu
            180                 185                 190

Cys Ala His Leu Asn Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Asp Leu Leu Pro Pro Asp
        195                 200                 205

Glu Phe Leu Val Lys Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Glu Asp Asn Pro Ser

    210                 215                 220

Ile Lys Ile Asn Ile Tyr Ser Asp Gln Tyr Ala Asn Thr Thr Asn Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Thr Ile Pro Gly Gly Pro Ile Trp Asp Gly
                245                 250
```

<210> 53

<211> 1584

<212> DNA

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 53

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atgatgccgt cccttgttcg cttctcaatg ggtctggcga ccgccttcgc ctcgctgtcc       60

acagcacata ccgtcttcac cacgcttttc atcaacggcg tcgaccaagg ggacgggacc      120

tgcatccgca tggccaagaa gggcagcgtt tgcacccatc ccattgctgg tggcctcgac      180

agcccagaca tggcttgtgg tatgccctct gcgtttcccc tgcgagagct ttcctcgagc      240

taacccaatg ccgcgttgcc caggccgaga cggacaacaa gccgtggcat tcacctgccc      300

agccccggcg ggctccaagt tgagcttcga gttccgcatg tgggccgacg cctctcagcc      360

cggctctatc gacccatccc acctcggctc gacggcaatc tacctcaaac aagtctccaa      420

catcagctcc gactcggctg ccggccctgg ctggttcaag atctacgccg agggctacga      480

cacagccgcc aagaagtggg ccacagagaa gctcatcgac aacggcggcc tgctgagcat      540

cgagcttccg cccactctgc cggcgggata ctacctcgcc cgcagcgaga tcgtcaccat      600

ccagaacgtc accaacgacc acgtcgaccc gcagttctac gttggctgcg cacagctctt      660

cgtccagggg cctccgacca cccccaccgt cccgccagac agactcgtct ccatcccggg      720

ccacgtccat gcctccgacc cggggctgac cttcaacatc tggcgcgacg acccctccaa      780

gacggcctac accgtcgtcg gcccggcccc cttctccccc accgccgccc ccaccccccac      840

ctccaccaac accaacgggc agcaacaaca acaacagcaa caggcgataa agcagacgga      900

cggcgtgatc cccgccgact gccagctcaa gaacgccaac tggtgcggcg ccgaggtgcc      960

cgcgtacgcc gacgaggccg gctgctgggc gtcgtcggcc gactgcttcg cccagctgga     1020

cgcctgctac acgtcggcgc cgcccacggg cagccgcggc tgccggctgt gggaggactg     1080

gtgcaccggc attcagcagg gctgccgcgc ggggcggtgg cgggggccgc cgcctttca      1140

tggggagggg gcagcagcgg aggtgtgaac ggttcgggga cgggtggcgg tggtggtggt      1200

ggtggtggtg gcactggctc ttcttcggct tctgccccga cggagacggc ctctgctggc      1260

cgggggggcg caagaatagc tgccgtggcc ggctgcggag gcgggacagg agacatggtt      1320

gaagaggttt tcctctttta ttgggacgct tgcagcggct ggcgacggag ccgtggtggt      1380

ggttcgattc ttgcgaggct tatccttcat gtccttcttc cacttttgag accgaggcga      1440

cccctcccc tccttttcct tctttttccc ctctccctcc cttttcttcc tccccccccc      1500
```

gcccctcgag tccatttact tctcttccac ctgtacctca acttctgtta tccaggaacc 1500

agtggtttct ataatcgcct gagcattaaa ctaggcatat ggccaagcaa aatgtcgcct 1560

gatgtagcgc attacgtgaa ataa 1584

<210> 54

<211> 478

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 54

```
Met Met Pro Ser Leu Val Arg Phe Ser Met Gly Leu Ala Thr Ala Phe
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ser Leu Ser Thr Ala His Thr Val Phe Thr Thr Leu Phe Ile Asn
            20                  25                  30

Gly Val Asp Gln Gly Asp Gly Thr Cys Ile Arg Met Ala Lys Lys Gly
        35                  40                  45

Ser Val Cys Thr His Pro Ile Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ser Pro Asp Met
    50                  55                  60

Ala Cys Gly Arg Asp Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Ala Phe Thr Cys Pro Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Ala Gly Ser Lys Leu Ser Phe Glu Phe Arg Met Trp Ala Asp Ala
                85                  90                  95

Ser Gln Pro Gly Ser Ile Asp Pro Ser His Leu Gly Ser Thr Ala Ile
            100                 105                 110

Tyr Leu Lys Gln Val Ser Asn Ile Ser Ser Asp Ser Ala Ala Gly Pro
        115                 120                 125

Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Tyr Ala Glu Gly Tyr Asp Thr Ala Ala Lys Lys
    130                 135                 140

Trp Ala Thr Glu Lys Leu Ile Asp Asn Gly Gly Leu Leu Ser Ile Glu
145                 150                 155                 160

Leu Pro Pro Thr Leu Pro Ala Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Ala Arg Ser Glu Ile
                165                 170                 175

Val Thr Ile Gln Asn Val Thr Asn Asp His Val Asp Pro Gln Phe Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Val Gly Cys Ala Gln Leu Phe Val Gln Gly Pro Pro Thr Thr Pro Thr
        195                 200                 205

Val Pro Pro Asp Arg Leu Val Ser Ile Pro Gly His Val His Ala Ser
    210                 215                 220

Asp Pro Gly Leu Thr Phe Asn Ile Trp Arg Asp Asp Pro Ser Lys Thr
225                 230                 235                 240

Ala Tyr Thr Val Val Gly Pro Ala Pro Phe Ser Pro Thr Ala Ala Pro
                245                 250                 255

Thr Pro Thr Ser Thr Asn Thr Asn Gly Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln
            260                 265                 270

Gln Ala Ile Lys Gln Thr Asp Gly Val Ile Pro Ala Asp Cys Gln Leu
        275                 280                 285

Lys Asn Ala Asn Trp Cys Gly Ala Glu Val Pro Ala Tyr Ala Asp Glu
    290                 295                 300
```

```
290                 295                 300

Ala Gly Cys Trp Ala Ser Ser Ala Asp Cys Phe Ala Gln Leu Asp Ala
305                 310                 315                 320

Cys Tyr Thr Ser Ala Pro Pro Thr Gly Ser Arg Gly Cys Arg Leu Trp
                325                 330                 335

Glu Asp Trp Cys Thr Gly Ile Gln Gln Gly Cys Arg Ala Gly Arg Trp
            340                 345                 350

Arg Gly Pro Pro Pro Phe His Gly Glu Gly Ala Ala Ala Glu Thr Ala
        355                 360                 365

Ser Ala Gly Arg Gly Gly Ala Arg Ile Ala Ala Val Ala Gly Cys Gly
    370                 375                 380

Gly Gly Thr Gly Asp Met Val Glu Glu Val Phe Leu Phe Tyr Trp Asp
385                 390                 395                 400

Ala Cys Ser Gly Trp Arg Arg Ser Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ile Leu Ala
                405                 410                 415

Arg Leu Ile Leu His Val Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Arg Ala
            420                 425                 430

Pro Arg Val His Leu Leu Leu Phe His Leu Tyr Leu Asn Phe Cys Tyr
        435                 440                 445

Pro Gly Thr Ser Gly Phe Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ser Ile Lys Leu Gly Ile
    450                 455                 460

Trp Pro Ser Lys Met Ser Pro Asp Val Ala His Tyr Val Lys
465                 470                 475
```

<210> 55

<211> 868

<212> DNA

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 55

```
atgcagctcc tcgtgggctt gctgcttgca gccgtggctg ctcgagcaca ttgtatttct       60

acccctttcc gcgtgcctcc cagcctcaag gcaagaagac gcacgcagca gctaacggac      120

cctatcagac acatttccca gactcgtggt aaatgggcag cccgaggaca aggactggtc      180

ggttacgcgc atgaccaaga acgcgcagag caagcaggga gtccaggacc cgaccagtcc      240

cgacattcgc tgctacacgt cgcagacggc gcctaacgtg gctacggtcc ctgccggagc      300

caccgtccat tacatatcga ctcagcagat caaccacccg ggcccgacgc agtactacct      360

cgccaaggta ccggcggggt cgtcggccaa gacgtgggac gggtcagggg ccgtctggtt      420

caagatctcg accaccatgc cttacttgga caacaacaag cagcttgtct ggccgaatca      480

gagtaggaac aattcccgct ccaatcttcg atttggcctt gagctacggc cgattgcatg      540

ggagagaccg ttgactgacg gggcaaccca accttcatca gacacgtaca cgacggtcaa      600

cacgaccatc cccgccgata cgcccagtgg ggaatacctc ctccgggtcg agcagatcgc      660

gctgcacctg gcctcgcagc ccaacggggc tcagttctac ctggcctgct cgcagatcca      720

gattacgggc ggcggcaacg gcacgcccgg cccgctagtc gcgttgccgg gggcgtacaa      780

gagcaacgac ccgggcattt tggtcaacat ctactctatg cagcccggcg attacaagcc      840

gcccgggccg ccggtgtgga gtggctga                                         868
```

<210> 56

<211> 230

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 56

```
Met Gln Leu Leu Val Gly Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Val Ala Ala Arg Ala
1               5                   10                  15

His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Arg Leu Val Val Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asp Lys
            20                  25                  30

Asp Trp Ser Val Thr Arg Met Thr Lys Asn Ala Gln Ser Lys Gln Gly

        35                  40                  45

Val Gln Asp Pro Thr Ser Pro Asp Ile Arg Cys Tyr Thr Ser Gln Thr
    50                  55                  60

Ala Pro Asn Val Ala Thr Val Pro Ala Gly Ala Thr Val His Tyr Ile
65                  70                  75                  80

Ser Thr Gln Gln Ile Asn His Pro Gly Pro Thr Gln Tyr Tyr Leu Ala
                85                  90                  95

Lys Val Pro Ala Gly Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Trp Asp Gly Ser Gly Ala
            100                 105                 110

Val Trp Phe Lys Ile Ser Thr Thr Met Pro Tyr Leu Asp Asn Asn Lys
        115                 120                 125

Gln Leu Val Trp Pro Asn Gln Asn Thr Tyr Thr Thr Val Asn Thr Thr
    130                 135                 140

Ile Pro Ala Asp Thr Pro Ser Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val Glu Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Gln Pro Asn Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Leu
                165                 170                 175

Ala Cys Ser Gln Ile Gln Ile Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Gly Thr Pro Gly
            180                 185                 190

Pro Leu Val Ala Leu Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Ser Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile
        195                 200                 205

Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Ser Met Gln Pro Gly Asp Tyr Lys Pro Pro Gly
    210                 215                 220

Pro Pro Val Trp Ser Gly
225                 230
```

<210> 57

<211> 1068

<212> DNA

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 57

```
atgaagctgt acctggcggc ctttctaggc gccgtcgcca ccccgggagc gttcgctcat       60

cgtaggttcc ccgtctatct ccctaggggt agcaccacga ctaatttctc gtcgtccccc      120

tgtagaaatc cacgggattc tacttgtcaa cggcaccgaa acgccggaat ggaaatacgt      180

ccggtaatat ctaccttgct ctccttcttc cacaaccagc ctaacacatc atcagtgacg      240

tggcctggga gggcgcctac gaaccggaaa aataccccaa caccgagttc tttaagacgc      300

cccggagagc ggacatcaac aacccgaaca tcacctgcgg caggaacgcg ttcgactcgg      360
```

```
ccagcaagac tgagacggcc gacatactgg ccggctcaga ggtcggcttc cgcgtctcgt      420
gggacggcaa cggcaagtac ggcgtgttct ggcatcccgg gccggggcag atctacctct      480
ctcgtgctcc gaacgacgac ctggaggact accgcggcga cggagactgg ttcaagatcg      540
caaccggcgc cgccgtctcc aataccgagt ggctgctgtg gaacaagcat gacgtgagcc      600
ccaacattcc tcgcccaatc gatccccaac ctggtcacca tggcggcgtc cgggatgcaa      660
agagactaac tccagaggaa cctacctagt tcaacttcac catccccaag acgacgccgc      720
cgggcaagta cctgatgcgc atcgagcagt tcatgccctc cacggtcgaa tacagccagt      780
ggtacgtcaa ctgcgcccac gtcaacatca tcggccccgg cggaggcacg ccgacgggct      840
ttgccaggtt tcccggcacc tacactgttg acgatcccgg taagccggac ctaccggaca      900
cagaggcctc gggatagctt gctaaccttg tttgctctct ctctttttct ctcccgacta      960
ggcatcaagg tgccgttgaa ccagatcgtc aacagcggag agttgccgca ggaccaactg     1020
aggctgctcg agtacaagcc cccgggccca gcgctgtgga ctggttga                  1068
```

<210> 58

<211> 257

<212> PRT

<213> Thielavia terrestris

<400> 58

```
Met Lys Leu Tyr Leu Ala Ala Phe Leu Gly Ala Val Ala Thr Pro Gly
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Phe Ala His Gln Ile His Gly Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Gly Thr Glu
            20                  25                  30

Thr Pro Glu Trp Lys Tyr Val Arg Asp Val Ala Trp Glu Gly Ala Tyr
        35                  40                  45

Glu Pro Glu Lys Tyr Pro Asn Thr Glu Phe Phe Lys Thr Pro Pro Gln
    50                  55                  60

Thr Asp Ile Asn Asn Pro Asn Ile Thr Cys Gly Arg Asn Ala Phe Asp
65                  70                  75                  80

Ser Ala Ser Lys Thr Glu Thr Ala Asp Ile Leu Ala Gly Ser Glu Val
                85                  90                  95

Gly Phe Arg Val Ser Trp Asp Gly Asn Gly Lys Tyr Gly Val Phe Trp

            100                 105                 110

His Pro Gly Pro Gly Gln Ile Tyr Leu Ser Arg Ala Pro Asn Asp Asp
        115                 120                 125

Leu Glu Asp Tyr Arg Gly Asp Gly Asp Trp Phe Lys Ile Ala Thr Gly
    130                 135                 140

Ala Ala Val Ser Asn Thr Glu Trp Leu Leu Trp Asn Lys His Asp Phe
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Phe Thr Ile Pro Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Gly Lys Tyr Leu Met Arg
                165                 170                 175

Ile Glu Gln Phe Met Pro Ser Thr Val Glu Tyr Ser Gln Trp Tyr Val
            180                 185                 190

Asn Cys Ala His Val Asn Ile Ile Gly Pro Gly Gly Gly Thr Pro Thr
        195                 200                 205
```

```
Gly Phe Ala Arg Phe Pro Gly Thr Tyr Thr Val Asp Asp Pro Gly Ile
    210                 215                 220

Lys Val Pro Leu Asn Gln Ile Val Asn Ser Gly Glu Leu Pro Gln Asp
225                 230                 235                 240

Gln Leu Arg Leu Leu Glu Tyr Lys Pro Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Trp Thr
                245                 250                 255

Gly
```

<210> 59

<211> 871

<212> DNA

<213> Thermoascus crustaceus

<400> 59

```
atggcctttt cccagataat ggctattacc ggcgtttttc ttgcctctgc ttccctggtg       60

gctggccatg gctttgttca gaatatcgtg attgatggta aaaggtacct aactacctac      120

cttactatct gatgtcattt acaagaaagg gcacagacac aagcggcaaa aaaaagaaag      180

aaagaaagaa agaaagaaag ctgacaaaaa ttcaacaagt tatggcgggt acatcgtgaa      240

ccaatatcca tacatgtcag atcctccgga ggtcgtcggc tggtctacca ccgcaaccga      300

cctcggattc gtggacggta ccggatacca aggacctgat atcatctgcc acaggggcgc      360

caagcctgca gccctgactg cccaagtggc cgccggagga accgtcaagc tggaatggac      420

tccatggcct gattctcacc acggcccggt gatcaactac cttgctcctt gcaacggtga      480

ctgttccacc gtggacaaga cccaattgaa attcttcaag atcgcccagg ccggtctcat      540

cgatgacaac agtcctcctg gtatctgggc ctcagacaat ctgatagcgg ccaacaacag      600

ctggactgtc accatcccaa ccacaactgc acctggaaac tatgttctaa ggcatgagat      660

cattgctctc cactcagctg ggaacaagga tggtgcgcag aactatcccc agtgcatcaa      720

cctgaaggtc actggaaatg gttctggcaa tcctcctgct ggtgctcttg gaacggcact      780

ctacaaggat acagatccgg gaattctgat caatatctac cagaaacttt ccagctatgt      840

tattcctggt cctgctttgt acactggtta g                                     871
```

<210> 60

<211> 251

<212> PRT

<213> Thermoascus crustaceus

<400> 60

```
Met Ala Phe Ser Gln Ile Met Ala Ile Thr Gly Val Phe Leu Ala Ser
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Gly His Gly Phe Val Gln Asn Ile Val Ile Asp
            20                  25                  30

Gly Lys Ser Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Ile Val Asn Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Met Ser
        35                  40                  45

Asp Pro Pro Glu Val Val Gly Trp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly
    50                  55                  60

Phe Val Asp Gly Thr Gly Tyr Gln Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Arg
65                  70                  75                  80

Gly Ala Lys Pro Ala Ala Leu Thr Ala Gln Val Ala Ala Gly Gly Thr
                85                  90                  95
```

```
Val Lys Leu Glu Trp Thr Pro Trp Pro Asp Ser His His Gly Pro Val
            100                 105                 110

Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala Pro Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Thr Val Asp Lys
        115                 120                 125

Thr Gln Leu Lys Phe Phe Lys Ile Ala Gln Ala Gly Leu Ile Asp Asp
    130                 135                 140

Asn Ser Pro Pro Gly Ile Trp Ala Ser Asp Asn Leu Ile Ala Ala Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Ser Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Thr Thr Thr Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Lys Asp
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Lys Val Thr Gly Asn
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ser Gly Asn Pro Pro Ala Gly Ala Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Tyr Lys
    210                 215                 220

Asp Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Gln Lys Leu Ser Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Tyr Val Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Tyr Thr Gly
                245                 250
```

<210> 61

<211> 1102

<212> DNA

<213> Thermoascus crustaceus

<400> 61

```
atgtcattct cgaagatact tgctatcgct ggggccatta cctacgcatc ttcagctgcc       60

gctcatggtt atgtccaggg aattgttgtc gatggcagct agtatgtcac tctggatgga      120

accttcagca cgtactgtac taacaatcag cagctacggg ggatatatgg tgacccaata      180

tccctacacc gctcaacctc cggaactcat cgcctggtcc actaaagcaa ccgatcttgg      240

gtttgtggac ggcagtggct atacttctcc tgatatcatc tgccataagg gtgctgagcc      300

tggtgcccag agcgccaaag tggcagctgg agggaccgtt gagctgcagt ggacggcatg      360

gcccgagtct cacaagggcc cagttattga ctacctcgcc gcctgcgacg gggactgctc      420

atctgttgat aagactgcac taaagttctt taagattgac gagagtggtc tgattgacgg      480

caacggtgct ggaacatggg cctctgatac gttgatcaaa aataacaaca gctggactgt      540

caccatccca agcacaattg cttccggaaa ctacgtacta agacacgaaa taattgcgct      600

ccattctgcc ggaaacaaag atggtgctca gaactatccc cagtgtatca acctcgaggt      660

cactggtagt ggcaccgaaa accctgctgg cactctcgga acagcgcttt acacagacac      720

tgatcctggc cttctggtca acatctacca gggtctgtcc aactattcaa tccctggtcc      780

tgctctgtat agcggcaaca gtgataacgc tggttccctc aaccctacca ccacgccgtc      840

aattcagaat gctgctgctg ctccctccac ttccacagca tctgttgtca ctgattcttc      900

gtcagccacc cagactgcta gtgtcgccgc cacgactcca gcctccactt cggctgttac      960

agcctcacca gctcccgata ctggaagcga cgtaaccaaa tatctggatt cgatgagctc     1020

ggatgaggtc ctcaccctgg tgcgcgggac cctgtcttgg ctggtttcta acaagaaaca     1080

tgggggggat gtttgtgact ga                                              1102
```

tgcgcgggat ccttctcact ga 1102

<210> 62
<211> 349
<212> PRT
<213> Thermoascus crustaceus

<400> 62

```
Met Ser Phe Ser Lys Ile Leu Ala Ile Ala Gly Ala Ile Thr Tyr Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala His Gly Tyr Val Gln Gly Ile Val Val Asp Gly
            20                  25                  30

Ser Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Met Val Thr Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Thr Ala Gln
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Glu Leu Ile Ala Trp Ser Thr Lys Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Asp Gly Ser Gly Tyr Thr Ser Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Glu Pro Gly Ala Gln Ser Ala Lys Val Ala Ala Gly Gly Thr Val
                85                  90                  95

Glu Leu Gln Trp Thr Ala Trp Pro Glu Ser His Lys Gly Pro Val Ile
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Ala Cys Asp Gly Asp Cys Ser Ser Val Asp Lys Thr
        115                 120                 125

Ala Leu Lys Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Glu Ser Gly Leu Ile Asp Gly Asn
    130                 135                 140

Gly Ala Gly Thr Trp Ala Ser Asp Thr Leu Ile Lys Asn Asn Asn Ser
145                 150                 155                 160

Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Ser Thr Ile Ala Ser Gly Asn Tyr Val Leu
                165                 170                 175

Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Lys Asp Gly Ala
            180                 185                 190

Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Glu Val Thr Gly Ser Gly Thr

        195                 200                 205

Glu Asn Pro Ala Gly Thr Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Tyr Thr Asp Thr Asp
    210                 215                 220

Pro Gly Leu Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Gln Gly Leu Ser Asn Tyr Ser Ile
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Tyr Ser Gly Asn Ser Asp Asn Ala Gly Ser Leu
                245                 250                 255

Asn Pro Thr Thr Thr Pro Ser Ile Gln Asn Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro Ser
            260                 265                 270

Thr Ser Thr Ala Ser Val Val Thr Asp Ser Ser Ser Ala Thr Gln Thr
        275                 280                 285

Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Ser Thr Ser Ala Val Thr Ala
    290                 295                 300
```

```
Ser Pro Ala Pro Asp Thr Gly Ser Asp Val Thr Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ser
305                 310                 315                 320

Met Ser Ser Asp Glu Val Leu Thr Leu Val Arg Gly Thr Leu Ser Trp
                325                 330                 335

Leu Val Ser Asn Lys Lys His Ala Arg Asp Leu Ser His
            340                 345
```

<210> 63

<211> 1493

<212> DNA

<213> Thermoascus crustaceus

<400> 63

```
atgttgtcat tcattcccac caagtcagct gcgctgacga ctcttctact tcttggaaca       60

gctcatgctc acactttgat gaccaccatg tttgtggacg gcgtcaacca gggagatggt      120

gtctgcattc gcatgaacaa tgacggcgga actgccaata cctatatcca gcctatcacg      180

agcaaggata tcgcctgcgg taagtaccca gatgtcatca tactctgcca taacatccgt      240

catatctact agaatcggag caatgttaag tatttccagg catccaaggc gaaatcggcg      300

cctcccgagt ctgcccagtc aaggcatctt ccaccctaac cttccaattc cgcgagcaac      360

ccaacaaccc aaactcctcc cctctcgatc catcgcacaa aggccccgcc gcggtgtacc      420

tgaaaaaggt cgactccgcc atcgcgagca acaacgccgc cggagacagc tggttcaaga      480

tctgggagtc cgtctacgac gagtccacgg gcaaatgggg cacgaccaag atgatcgaga      540

acaacgggca catctccgtc aaggtgcccg atgatatcga gggtggttac tatcttgccc      600

ggacggagct gctggcgcta cattctgcgg atcaggggga tccgcagttc tatgttggct      660

gtgcgcagct gtttatcgat tcggatggga cggcgaaacc gcccactgtt tctattggag      720

aggggacgta cgatctgagc atgcctgcca tgacgtataa tatctgggag acaccgttgg      780

ctctgccgta tccgatgtat gggcctcctg tctatacgcc tggctctggt tctggatcag      840

tccgtgcgac gagctcttct gctgtcccta ctgcaaccga atcctctttt gtagaggaaa      900

gagcaaaccc cgtcacggca aacagtgttt attctgcaag gggcaaattc aaaacctgga      960

ttgataaact gtcatggcgc gggaaggtcc gtgagaacgt cagacaagcc gcgggaagaa     1020

gaagcactct cgtccagact gtgggtctaa agccaaaagg ctgcatcttc gtcaatggaa     1080

actggtgcgg cttcgaggtt cccgactaca acgatgcgga gagctgctgg gctgtatgtt     1140

cccctcctta gcctcttaca tccctaagta ctacatttga aaacaacaaa aagaaatgta     1200

tatactaact acgtacgctc tactctaggc ctccgacaac tgctggaaac agtccgacgc     1260

ctgctggaac aagacccaac ccacgggcta caataactgc cagatctggc aggacaagaa     1320

atgcaaggtc atccaggatt cctgtagcgg acccaacccg catggaccac cgaataaggg     1380

caaggatttg actccggagt ggccgccact gaagggctcg atggatacgt tctccaagcg     1440

tactatcggt taccgcgatt ggattgttag aaggagaggt gcatgagggt gta            1493
```

<210> 64

<211> 436

<212> PRT

<213> Thermoascus crustaceus

<400> 64

```
Met Leu Ser Phe Ile Pro Thr Lys Ser Ala Ala Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu
1               5                   10                  15

Leu Leu Gly Thr Ala His Ala His Thr Leu Met Thr Thr Met Phe Val
            20                  25                  30
```

```
            20                  25                  30

Asp Gly Val Asn Gln Gly Asp Gly Val Cys Ile Arg Met Asn Asn Asp
        35                  40                  45

Gly Gly Thr Ala Asn Thr Tyr Ile Gln Pro Ile Thr Ser Lys Asp Ile
    50                  55                  60

Ala Cys Gly Ile Gln Gly Glu Ile Gly Ala Ser Arg Val Cys Pro Val
65                  70                  75                  80

Lys Ala Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Phe Gln Phe Arg Glu Gln Pro Asn Asn
                85                  90                  95

Pro Asn Ser Ser Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser His Lys Gly Pro Ala Ala Val
            100                 105                 110

Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Asp Ser Ala Ile Ala Ser Asn Asn Ala Ala Gly
        115                 120                 125

Asp Ser Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp Glu Ser Val Tyr Asp Glu Ser Thr Gly
    130                 135                 140

Lys Trp Gly Thr Thr Lys Met Ile Glu Asn Asn Gly His Ile Ser Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Lys Val Pro Asp Asp Ile Glu Gly Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Ala Arg Thr Glu
                165                 170                 175

Leu Leu Ala Leu His Ser Ala Asp Gln Gly Asp Pro Gln Phe Tyr Val
            180                 185                 190

Gly Cys Ala Gln Leu Phe Ile Asp Ser Asp Gly Thr Ala Lys Pro Pro
        195                 200                 205

Thr Val Ser Ile Gly Glu Gly Thr Tyr Asp Leu Ser Met Pro Ala Met
    210                 215                 220

Thr Tyr Asn Ile Trp Glu Thr Pro Leu Ala Leu Pro Tyr Pro Met Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Pro Val Tyr Thr Pro Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Arg Ala
                245                 250                 255

Thr Ser Ser Ser Ala Val Pro Thr Ala Thr Glu Ser Ser Phe Val Glu
            260                 265                 270

Glu Arg Ala Asn Pro Val Thr Ala Asn Ser Val Tyr Ser Ala Arg Gly
        275                 280                 285

Lys Phe Lys Thr Trp Ile Asp Lys Leu Ser Trp Arg Gly Lys Val Arg
    290                 295                 300

Glu Asn Val Arg Gln Ala Ala Gly Arg Arg Ser Thr Leu Val Gln Thr
305                 310                 315                 320

Val Gly Leu Lys Pro Lys Gly Cys Ile Phe Val Asn Gly Asn Trp Cys
                325                 330                 335

Gly Phe Glu Val Pro Asp Tyr Asn Asp Ala Glu Ser Cys Trp Ala Ala
            340                 345                 350

Ser Asp Asn Cys Trp Lys Gln Ser Asp Ala Cys Trp Asn Lys Thr Gln
        355                 360                 365

Pro Thr Gly Tyr Asn Asn Cys Gln Ile Trp Gln Asp Lys Lys Cys Lys
    370                 375                 380
```

```
Val Ile Gln Asp Ser Cys Ser Gly Pro Asn Pro His Gly Pro Pro Asn
385                 390                 395                 400

Lys Gly Lys Asp Leu Thr Pro Glu Trp Pro Pro Leu Lys Gly Ser Met
                405                 410                 415

Asp Thr Phe Ser Lys Arg Thr Ile Gly Tyr Arg Asp Trp Ile Val Arg
            420                 425                 430

Arg Arg Gly Ala
        435
```

<210> 65

<211> 1035

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 65

```
atgaagtata ttcctctcgt tattgcagtt gctgccggcc tggcacgtcc ggctactgcc       60

cactacatct tcagcaagct cgtgctgaac ggagaggcat ctgcggactg gcaatacatc      120

cgcgagacta ctcgcagcat agtctatgag ccgaccaagt acacctctac cttcgataac      180

ctaacaccca gcgatagcga cttccgctgt aatctcggtt ccttcagcaa tgctgcgaag      240

accgaggtcg ctgaggttgc ggcaggcgat accatcgcaa tgaagctatt ctacgacacc      300

agtattgcgc atcctggccc gggacaagtt tatatgtcca aggcaccgac cggcaatgtt      360

caggaatacc aaggagacgg ggattggttc aaaatctggg aaaagaccct ttgcaacacg      420

gatggtgatc tgactacaga ggcctggtgc acctggggca tgtcacagtt tgaatttcaa      480

atcccagctg cgaccccggc aggagagtac ctagtgcgcg ccgagcatat aggcctgcat      540

ggcgctcaag cgaacgaggc cgaattcttc tacagctgtg cgcagatcaa ggttacaggc      600

tcgggaactg gatctcccag tctcacgtat caaattcctg gtctctataa cgacactatg      660

accctgttca atggcctcaa tctttggact gattcagccg agaaggtgca gctggatttc      720

ctggagacgc caattgggga cgacgtgtgg agcggagcag gctcggggag cccatctgct      780

gccacctctt cgaccagcgg tgcaactctt gcagctcagg gtacaactac ctctgccgcg      840

catgctcagg cccagaccac cattaccacc agcaccagca ccatcacgtc tctcgaatca      900

gccagctcaa ccgatctcgt tgcgcagtat ggtcagtgcg gaggccttaa ctggtccggt      960

ccaaccgagt gtgagacacc ttatacctgt gtgcagcaga acccttacta ccatcaatgc     1020

gtgaattcgt gctga                                                      1035
```

<210> 66

<211> 344

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 66

```
Met Lys Tyr Ile Pro Leu Val Ile Ala Val Ala Ala Gly Leu Ala Arg
1               5                   10                  15

Pro Ala Thr Ala His Tyr Ile Phe Ser Lys Leu Val Leu Asn Gly Glu
            20                  25                  30

Ala Ser Ala Asp Trp Gln Tyr Ile Arg Glu Thr Thr Arg Ser Ile Val
        35                  40                  45

Tyr Glu Pro Thr Lys Tyr Thr Ser Thr Phe Asp Asn Leu Thr Pro Ser
    50                  55                  60

Asp Ser Asp Phe Arg Cys Asn Leu Gly Ser Phe Ser Asn Ala Ala Lys
```

```
Asp Ser Asp Phe Arg Cys Asn Leu Gly Ser Phe Ser Asn Ala Ala Lys
65                  70                  75                  80

Thr Glu Val Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Thr Ile Ala Met Lys Leu
                85                  90                  95

Phe Tyr Asp Thr Ser Ile Ala His Pro Gly Pro Gly Gln Val Tyr Met
            100                 105                 110

Ser Lys Ala Pro Thr Gly Asn Val Gln Glu Tyr Gln Gly Asp Gly Asp
        115                 120                 125

Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp Glu Lys Thr Leu Cys Asn Thr Asp Gly Asp Leu
    130                 135                 140

Thr Thr Glu Ala Trp Cys Thr Trp Gly Met Ser Gln Phe Glu Phe Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Pro Ala Ala Thr Pro Ala Gly Glu Tyr Leu Val Arg Ala Glu His
                165                 170                 175

Ile Gly Leu His Gly Ala Gln Ala Asn Glu Ala Glu Phe Phe Tyr Ser
            180                 185                 190

Cys Ala Gln Ile Lys Val Thr Gly Ser Gly Thr Gly Ser Pro Ser Leu
        195                 200                 205

Thr Tyr Gln Ile Pro Gly Leu Tyr Asn Asp Thr Met Thr Leu Phe Asn
    210                 215                 220

Gly Leu Asn Leu Trp Thr Asp Ser Ala Glu Lys Val Gln Leu Asp Phe
225                 230                 235                 240

Leu Glu Thr Pro Ile Gly Asp Asp Val Trp Ser Gly Ala Gly Ser Gly
                245                 250                 255

Ser Pro Ser Ala Ala Thr Ser Ser Thr Ser Gly Ala Thr Leu Ala Ala
            260                 265                 270

Gln Gly Thr Thr Thr Ser Ala Ala His Ala Gln Ala Gln Thr Thr Ile
        275                 280                 285

Thr Thr Ser Thr Ser Thr Ile Thr Ser Leu Glu Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr
    290                 295                 300

Asp Leu Val Ala Gln Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Leu Asn Trp Ser Gly
305                 310                 315                 320

Pro Thr Glu Cys Glu Thr Pro Tyr Thr Cys Val Gln Gln Asn Pro Tyr
                325                 330                 335

Tyr His Gln Cys Val Asn Ser Cys
            340
```

<210> 67

<211> 1203

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 67

```
atgtctgttg ctaagtttgc tggtgttatc ctcggttcgg ccgctctcgt cgctggccac       60

ggttacgtgt cgggtgctgt tgtcgacgga acctactatg gcggctacat tgtcacttcc      120

taccctatt ccagcgatcc cccggagacc attggatggt ctaccgaggc gaccgacttg      180

ggtttcgtcg atggtagcga gtatgctgat gccgacatca tttgccacaa gagtgccaag      240
```

```
cccggtgcca tctctgctga ggtcaaggcc ggtggtactg ttgagctcca gtggactacc      300

tggcccgaca gccaccacgg ccctgtcctg acctaccttg ccaactgcaa tggtgactgc      360

agcagcgtca ccaagaccga cctcgagttt ttcaagattg acgagagcgg tctcatcaac      420

gacgacgacg tccccggtac ctgggccagt gataacttga tcgccaacaa caacagctgg      480

actgtgacca tcccctctga cattgcggct ggcaactacg tcctccgtca cgaaatcatt      540

gcccttcact ctgctggtaa caaggatggt gctcagaact accctcagtg cctcaacttg      600

aaggtcactg gcggcggtga tctcgctcct tctggcactg ctggtgagag cctgtacaag      660

gacaccgatg ctggtatcct cgtcaacatc taccagtctc tttcctccta cgatattccc      720

ggacctgcta tgtacaacgc tacctccagc tcctccagct cctccagctc cagctccagc      780

tccagctcca gctccagctc cggctcttcc agctccgccg ccgcctccag cagctccagc      840

agctccagca ctactgccgc cgccgccgcc gctaccagcg ctgcttcttc cgtcacctct      900

gctgctggct ccgtcgttac tcagactgct accgctgttg agactgatac tgccactgcc      960

taccagacct ccactgaggt tgcgcaagtc accgtcaccg gtagcgctcc ccagcagacc     1020

tacgttgcca ctcccagcag ctccagctct gcctccagca gctccagtgc ttccgtatcc     1080

accagcacca gcctcaccag ctacttcgag tccctgagcg ctgatcagtt cctcagcgtt     1140

ctcaagcaga ctttcacctg gttggtcagc gagaagaagc acgcccgtga cctctccgcc     1200

taa                                                                  1203
```

<210> 68

<211> 400

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 68

```
Met Ser Val Ala Lys Phe Ala Gly Val Ile Leu Gly Ser Ala Ala Leu
1               5                   10                  15

Val Ala Gly His Gly Tyr Val Ser Gly Ala Val Val Asp Gly Thr Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Ile Val Thr Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Ser Ser Asp Pro Pro
        35                  40                  45

Glu Thr Ile Gly Trp Ser Thr Glu Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly Phe Val Asp
    50                  55                  60

Gly Ser Glu Tyr Ala Asp Ala Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Ser Ala Lys
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Gly Ala Ile Ser Ala Glu Val Lys Ala Gly Gly Thr Val Glu Leu
                85                  90                  95

Gln Trp Thr Thr Trp Pro Asp Ser His His Gly Pro Val Leu Thr Tyr
            100                 105                 110

Leu Ala Asn Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Ser Val Thr Lys Thr Asp Leu
        115                 120                 125

Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Glu Ser Gly Leu Ile Asn Asp Asp Asp Val
    130                 135                 140

Pro Gly Thr Trp Ala Ser Asp Asn Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn Asn Ser Trp
145                 150                 155                 160

Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Ala Gly Asn Tyr Val Leu Arg
                165                 170                 175
```

```
His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Lys Asp Gly Ala Gln
            180                 185                 190

Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Leu Asn Leu Lys Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Asp Leu
        195                 200                 205

Ala Pro Ser Gly Thr Ala Gly Glu Ser Leu Tyr Lys Asp Thr Asp Ala
    210                 215                 220

Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Gln Ser Leu Ser Ser Tyr Asp Ile Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Ala Met Tyr Asn Ala Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser
                245                 250                 255

Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser
            260                 265                 270

Ala Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala
        275                 280                 285

Ala Ala Ala Thr Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Thr Ser Ala Ala Gly Ser
    290                 295                 300

Val Val Thr Gln Thr Ala Thr Ala Val Glu Thr Asp Thr Ala Thr Ala
305                 310                 315                 320

Tyr Gln Thr Ser Thr Glu Val Ala Gln Val Thr Val Thr Gly Ser Ala
                325                 330                 335

Pro Gln Gln Thr Tyr Val Ala Thr Pro Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser
            340                 345                 350

Ser Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Val Ser Thr Ser Thr Ser Leu Thr Ser Tyr
        355                 360                 365

Phe Glu Ser Leu Ser Ala Asp Gln Phe Leu Ser Val Leu Lys Gln Thr
    370                 375                 380

Phe Thr Trp Leu Val Ser Glu Lys Lys His Ala Arg Asp Leu Ser Ala
385                 390                 395                 400
```

<210> 69

<211> 1170

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 69

```
atgaagtcct ctactttcgg tatgctcgct ctggcagcag cagccaagat ggtcgatgcc       60

cacaccaccg tcttcgccgt ctggatcaac ggcgaggacc agggtctggg caacagtgcc      120

agtggctaca tccggtctcc ccccagcaac agccccgtca aggacgtgac ctcgaccgac      180

atcacctgca acgtcaacgg cgaccaggcg gcggctaaga ccctctccgt caagggcggc      240

gacgtcgtca ccttcgagtg gcaccacgac agccgggacg cctccgacga catcatcgcc      300

tcctcccaca agggccccgt catggtctac atggccccga ccaccgccgg cagcagcggc      360

aagaactggg tcaagatcgc cgaggacgga tactccgacg gcacctgggc cgtcgacacc      420

ctgatcgcca acagcggcaa gcacaacatc accgtccccg acgtccccgc cggcgactac      480

ctcttccgcc cggagatcat cgccctccac gaggccgaga acgagggcgg cgcccagttc      540

tacatggagt gtgtccagtt caaggtcacc tccgacggtg ccaacactct gcccgacggt      600

gtcagcctgc ccggcgccta ctccgccact gaccccggta tcctcttcaa catgtacggc      660

tccttcgaca gctatcccat ccccggtccc tccgtctggg atggcactag ctctggctct      720

tcctcttctt cctcttcttc ctcttccagc tcttccgccg ccgctgccgt tgttgccacc      780
```

```
tcctcttcct cttcctctgc ttccatcgag gccgtgacca ccaagggtgc cgtcgccgcc      840

gtctccaccg ccgccgccgt ggctcctacc accaccaccg ctgcccccac caccttcgcc      900

acggccgtcg cctccaccaa gaaggccact gcctgccgca acaagaccaa gtcctcctcc      960

gctgccacca ccgccgccgc cgtcgccgag accacctctt ccaccgctgc cgccaccgct     1020

gctgcttcct ctgcctcttc cgcctccggc accgccggca agtacgagcg ctgcggtggc     1080

cagggctgga ccggtgccac cacctgcgtt gatggctgga cctgcaagca gtggaaccct     1140

tactactacc agtgcgttga gtctgcctag                                      1170
```

<210> 70

<211> 389

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 70

```
Met Lys Ser Ser Thr Phe Gly Met Leu Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Lys
1               5                   10                  15

Met Val Asp Ala His Thr Thr Val Phe Ala Val Trp Ile Asn Gly Glu
            20                  25                  30

Asp Gln Gly Leu Gly Asn Ser Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ile Arg Ser Pro Pro
        35                  40                  45

Ser Asn Ser Pro Val Lys Asp Val Thr Ser Thr Asp Ile Thr Cys Asn
    50                  55                  60

Val Asn Gly Asp Gln Ala Ala Ala Lys Thr Leu Ser Val Lys Gly Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Asp Val Val Thr Phe Glu Trp His His Asp Ser Arg Asp Ala Ser Asp
                85                  90                  95

Asp Ile Ile Ala Ser Ser His Lys Gly Pro Val Met Val Tyr Met Ala
            100                 105                 110

Pro Thr Thr Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Asn Trp Val Lys Ile Ala Glu
        115                 120                 125

Asp Gly Tyr Ser Asp Gly Thr Trp Ala Val Asp Thr Leu Ile Ala Asn
    130                 135                 140

Ser Gly Lys His Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Val Pro Ala Gly Asp Tyr
145                 150                 155                 160

Leu Phe Arg Pro Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Glu Ala Glu Asn Glu Gly
                165                 170                 175

Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Glu Cys Val Gln Phe Lys Val Thr Ser Asp
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ala Asn Thr Leu Pro Asp Gly Val Ser Leu Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser
        195                 200                 205

Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Phe Asn Met Tyr Gly Ser Phe Asp Ser
    210                 215                 220

Tyr Pro Ile Pro Gly Pro Ser Val Trp Asp Gly Thr Ser Ser Gly Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala
                245                 250                 255

Val Val Ala Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Ile Glu Ala Val
```

```
            260                 265                 270

Thr Thr Lys Gly Ala Val Ala Ala Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala Val Ala
        275                 280                 285

Pro Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Ala Pro Thr Thr Phe Ala Thr Ala Val Ala
    290                 295                 300

Ser Thr Lys Lys Ala Thr Ala Cys Arg Asn Lys Thr Lys Ser Ser Ser
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Ala Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Glu Thr Thr Ser Ser Thr Ala
                325                 330                 335

Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Gly Thr Ala
            340                 345                 350

Gly Lys Tyr Glu Arg Cys Gly Gly Gln Gly Trp Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr
        355                 360                 365

Cys Val Asp Gly Trp Thr Cys Lys Gln Trp Asn Pro Tyr Tyr Tyr Gln
    370                 375                 380

Cys Val Glu Ser Ala
385
```

<210> 71

<211> 1221

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 71

```
atgcgtcagg ctcagtcttt gtccctcttg acagctcttc tgtctgccac gcgtgtggct       60

ggacacggtc acgtcactaa cgttgtcgtc aacggtgttt actacgaggg cttcgatatc      120

aacagcttcc cctacgagtc cgatcccccc aaggtggcgg cttggaccac tcctaacact      180

ggcaacggtt tcatttcccc cagcgactac ggtaccgatg acattatttg ccaccagaat      240

gccaccaacg cccaggccca cattgttgtt gcggctggtg acaagatcaa catccagtgg      300

accgcgtggc ccgattccca ccacggtcct gtccttgact acctcgctcg ctgcgacggt      360

gagtgtgaga cggttgataa gaccactctt gagtttttca agatcgacgg cgtcggtctc      420

atcagtgaca ccgaagtgcc cggtacctgg ggagatgacc agctgatcgc caacaacaac      480

agctggttgg tcgagatccc cccgaccatt gctcctggca actatgttct tcgccacgag      540

cttatcgctc tccacagcgc cggcactgaa gatggtgctc agaactaccc ccagtgtttc      600

aacctccagg tcactggctc cggtactgac gagcccgctg gtaccctcgg caccaagctc      660

tacactgagg atgaggctgg tatcgttgtg aacatctaca cctctctgtc ttcctatgcc      720

gtccccggcc ccacccagta cagcggcgcc gtctctgtca gccaatccac ttcggccatt      780

acctccaccg gaactgctgt tgtcggtagc ggcagcgctg ttgccacctc tgccgccgcg      840

gctaccacca gcgctgctgc ttcttctgcc gctgctgcta ccaccgctgc tgccgttacc      900

agcgccaatg ccaacactca gattgcccag cccagcagca gctcttctta ctcccagatc      960

gccgtgcagg tgccctcctc ctggaccacc cttgtgaccg tcactcctcc cgccgccgcc     1020

gccaccaccc ctgctgccgt ccctgagcct cagacccccc ctgccagctc tggagccacc     1080

actaccagca gcagcagcgg cgccgcccag tctctctacg gccagtgcgg tggtatcaac     1140

tggaccggag ctacctcttg cgttgagggc gctacttgct accagtacaa cccttactac     1200

taccagtgca tctctgccta a                                               1221
```

<210> 72

<211> 406

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 72

```
Met Arg Gln Ala Gln Ser Leu Ser Leu Leu Thr Ala Leu Leu Ser Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Thr Arg Val Ala Gly His Gly His Val Thr Asn Val Val Val Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30

Val Tyr Tyr Glu Gly Phe Asp Ile Asn Ser Phe Pro Tyr Glu Ser Asp
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Lys Val Ala Ala Trp Thr Thr Pro Asn Thr Gly Asn Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Ile Ser Pro Ser Asp Tyr Gly Thr Asp Asp Ile Ile Cys His Gln Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Thr Asn Ala Gln Ala His Ile Val Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys Ile
                85                  90                  95

Asn Ile Gln Trp Thr Ala Trp Pro Asp Ser His His Gly Pro Val Leu
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Arg Cys Asp Gly Glu Cys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys Thr
        115                 120                 125

Thr Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Gly Val Gly Leu Ile Ser Asp Thr
    130                 135                 140

Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Trp Gly Asp Asp Gln Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn Asn

145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Trp Leu Val Glu Ile Pro Pro Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Val
                165                 170                 175

Leu Arg His Glu Leu Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Thr Glu Asp Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Gln Val Thr Gly Ser Gly
        195                 200                 205

Thr Asp Glu Pro Ala Gly Thr Leu Gly Thr Lys Leu Tyr Thr Glu Asp
    210                 215                 220

Glu Ala Gly Ile Val Val Asn Ile Tyr Thr Ser Leu Ser Ser Tyr Ala
225                 230                 235                 240

Val Pro Gly Pro Thr Gln Tyr Ser Gly Ala Val Ser Val Ser Gln Ser
                245                 250                 255

Thr Ser Ala Ile Thr Ser Thr Gly Thr Ala Val Val Gly Ser Gly Ser
            260                 265                 270

Ala Val Ala Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Ser
        275                 280                 285

Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Ala Asn Ala
    290                 295                 300

Asn Thr Gln Ile Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Tyr Ser Gln Ile
305                 310                 315                 320
```

```
Ala Val Gln Val Pro Ser Ser Trp Thr Thr Leu Val Thr Val Thr Pro
                325                 330                 335

Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Ala Val Pro Glu Pro Gln Thr
            340                 345                 350

Pro Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Ala Thr Thr Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Ala
        355                 360                 365

Ala Gln Ser Leu Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Ile Asn Trp Thr Gly Ala
    370                 375                 380

Thr Ser Cys Val Glu Gly Ala Thr Cys Tyr Gln Tyr Asn Pro Tyr Tyr
385                 390                 395                 400

Tyr Gln Cys Ile Ser Ala
                405
```

<210> 73

<211> 1284

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 73

```
atgtctcttt ccaagattgc cactcttctg ctgggctcgg tctcgctggt cgctggtcat       60

gggtatgtct cgagcatcga ggtggacggt accacctatg gagggtactt ggtcgacact      120

tattactacg aatccgaccc gcccgagtta atcgcctggt ccacaaatgc cacggatgat      180

ggctatgtat cgccctccga ctacgagagc gtgaacatca tctgccacaa ggggtctgcg      240

cccggcgcgt tgtcggcccc tgtcgcgccc ggaggctggg tgcagatgac ctggaacacc      300

tggcccaccg accatcacgg ccctgtcatc acgtatatgg ccaattgcca cggttcttgc      360

gcagatgtgg acaagaccac cctcgagttc ttcaagatcg atgctggcgg cttgatcgat      420

gacacggacg tgcctggaac ttgggcgacc gatgagctca ttgaagatag ctatagtcgc      480

aacatcacta tccccagcga tattgccccc gggtactatg ttttgcgaca cgagatcatt      540

gctctgcaca gcgccgagaa cctggacgga gcccagaact acccccagtg catcaatctg      600

gaagtcaccg gcagcgagac agcaaccccg agtggcacct tgggcactgc tctgtacaag      660

gagaccgacc ccggcatcta tgttgacatc tggaacacgt tgagcacgta tactattccc      720

ggccccgcgc tgtacactgc tggtagcact gcgaccgcag ccgctgctgc cgataccacc      780

actacttctg ctggcaccac cgctgaggcc accaccgctg ccgccgccgt gagtaccacc      840

gcggacgctg ttccgaccga gtcttcagct ccttccgaga ccagcgcgac taccgcgaac      900

cctgctcggc ccactgccgg cagcgacatc cgcttccagc ccggtcaggt caaggctggt      960

gcttcagtca acaactcggc tactgagact tcctctggtg agtctgccac gacgaccaca     1020

acatcagtgg ccactgcggc ttcgagcgcg gattcgtcga cgacttctgg ggttttgagt     1080

ggcgcctgca gccaggaggg ctactggtac tgcaacgggg gcactgcgtt ccagcgctgt     1140

gtcaacgggg aatgggatgc gtcccagagt gtggctgcgg gcacggtctg caccgccggt     1200

atctcggaga ccatcaccat ttcagccgcc gccacgcgcc gggatgccat gcgtcgtcat     1260

ctggcgcgtc ccaagcgtca ctga                                            1284
```

<210> 74

<211> 427

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 74

```
Met Ser Leu Ser Lys Ile Ala Thr Leu Leu Leu Gly Ser Val Ser Leu
```

```
                -                           -

1               5                   10                  15

Val Ala Gly His Gly Tyr Val Ser Ser Ile Glu Val Asp Gly Thr Thr
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Leu Val Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Tyr Glu Ser Asp Pro Pro
        35                  40                  45

Glu Leu Ile Ala Trp Ser Thr Asn Ala Thr Asp Asp Gly Tyr Val Ser
    50                  55                  60

Pro Ser Asp Tyr Glu Ser Val Asn Ile Ile Cys His Lys Gly Ser Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Gly Ala Leu Ser Ala Pro Val Ala Pro Gly Gly Trp Val Gln Met
                85                  90                  95

Thr Trp Asn Thr Trp Pro Thr Asp His His Gly Pro Val Ile Thr Tyr
            100                 105                 110

Met Ala Asn Cys His Gly Ser Cys Ala Asp Val Asp Lys Thr Thr Leu
        115                 120                 125

Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Ala Gly Gly Leu Ile Asp Asp Thr Asp Val
    130                 135                 140

Pro Gly Thr Trp Ala Thr Asp Glu Leu Ile Glu Asp Ser Tyr Ser Arg
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Ile Thr Ile Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Val Leu Arg
                165                 170                 175

His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Glu Asn Leu Asp Gly Ala Gln
            180                 185                 190

Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Glu Val Thr Gly Ser Glu Thr Ala
        195                 200                 205

Thr Pro Ser Gly Thr Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Tyr Lys Glu Thr Asp Pro
    210                 215                 220

Gly Ile Tyr Val Asp Ile Trp Asn Thr Leu Ser Thr Tyr Thr Ile Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Ala Leu Tyr Thr Ala Gly Ser Thr Ala Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala
                245                 250                 255

Ala Asp Thr Thr Thr Thr Ser Ala Gly Thr Thr Ala Glu Ala Thr Thr
            260                 265                 270

Ala Ala Ala Ala Val Ser Thr Thr Ala Asp Ala Val Pro Thr Glu Ser
        275                 280                 285

Ser Ala Pro Ser Glu Thr Ser Ala Thr Thr Ala Asn Pro Ala Arg Pro
    290                 295                 300

Thr Ala Gly Ser Asp Ile Arg Phe Gln Pro Gly Gln Val Lys Ala Gly
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Ser Val Asn Asn Ser Ala Thr Glu Thr Ser Ser Gly Glu Ser Ala
                325                 330                 335

Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Ser Val Ala Thr Ala Ala Ser Ser Ala Asp Ser
            340                 345                 350
```

```
Ser Thr Thr Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Gly Ala Cys Ser Gln Glu Gly Tyr
        355                 360                 365

Trp Tyr Cys Asn Gly Gly Thr Ala Phe Gln Arg Cys Val Asn Gly Glu
    370                 375                 380

Trp Asp Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Ala Ala Gly Thr Val Cys Thr Ala Gly
385                 390                 395                 400

Ile Ser Glu Thr Ile Thr Ile Ser Ala Ala Ala Thr Arg Arg Asp Ala
                405                 410                 415

Met Arg Arg His Leu Ala Arg Pro Lys Arg His
            420                 425
```

<210> 75

<211> 804

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 75

```
atgcttgtca aactcatctc ttttctttca gctgctacca gcgtagctgc tcatggtcat       60

gtgtcaaaca ttgtgatcaa cggggtgtcc taccgcggat gggacatcaa ttcggaccct      120

tacaattcca accctccggt ggtggttgca tggcaaacac ccaacacagc taatggcttc      180

atctcccctg atgcatacga cacagatgat gttatttgcc atctgagcgc tacgaatgcc      240

agaggccacg cagtcgtcgc tgctggcgac aagatcagcc tccagtggac gacctggcct      300

gacagtcacc atggccctgt catcagctac ctagccaact gcggctccag ctgcgagaca      360

gtcgataaga ccaccctcga gttcttcaag atcgatggtg ttggcttggt ggatgagagc      420

aatccccctg gtatctgggg agacgatgag ctcattgcca acaacaactc ttggctggta      480

gagattccag ctagtatcgc gccaggatac tatgtgctgc gtcacgagtt gatcgctctg      540

catggagcag ggagtgagaa tggagcccag aattacatgc aatgtttcaa ccttcaggtt      600

actgggactg gcacggtcca gccttccggg gtcctgggca cggagctgta caaacccaca      660

gacgctggaa ttcttgtcaa tatctaccag tcgctctcca cctatgttgt tcctggcccg      720

accctgatcc cccaggccgt ttccctcgtt cagtcgagct ccaccattac cgcctcgggc      780

acggcagtga caaccacggc ttga                                             804
```

<210> 76

<211> 267

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 76

```
Met Leu Val Lys Leu Ile Ser Phe Leu Ser Ala Ala Thr Ser Val Ala
1               5                   10                  15

Ala His Gly His Val Ser Asn Ile Val Ile Asn Gly Val Ser Tyr Arg
            20                  25                  30

Gly Trp Asp Ile Asn Ser Asp Pro Tyr Asn Ser Asn Pro Pro Val Val
        35                  40                  45

Val Ala Trp Gln Thr Pro Asn Thr Ala Asn Gly Phe Ile Ser Pro Asp
    50                  55                  60

Ala Tyr Asp Thr Asp Asp Val Ile Cys His Leu Ser Ala Thr Asn Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Arg Gly His Ala Val Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys Ile Ser Leu Gln Trp
```

```
                85                  90                  95

Thr Thr Trp Pro Asp Ser His His Gly Pro Val Ile Ser Tyr Leu Ala
            100                 105                 110

Asn Cys Gly Ser Ser Cys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys Thr Thr Leu Glu Phe
        115                 120                 125

Phe Lys Ile Asp Gly Val Gly Leu Val Asp Glu Ser Asn Pro Pro Gly
    130                 135                 140

Ile Trp Gly Asp Asp Glu Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn Asn Ser Trp Leu Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Glu Ile Pro Ala Ser Ile Ala Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu
                165                 170                 175

Leu Ile Ala Leu His Gly Ala Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Met Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Gln Val Thr Gly Thr Gly Thr Val Gln Pro
        195                 200                 205

Ser Gly Val Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Tyr Lys Pro Thr Asp Ala Gly Ile
    210                 215                 220

Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Gln Ser Leu Ser Thr Tyr Val Val Pro Gly Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Thr Leu Ile Pro Gln Ala Val Ser Leu Val Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Ile
                245                 250                 255

Thr Ala Ser Gly Thr Ala Val Thr Thr Thr Ala
            260                 265
```

<210> 77

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 77

```
atgaagtatc ttgcgatctt cgcggcagca gcagctggac tggcccgccc gacagcagcg       60

cactacatct tcagcaagct gattctggac ggcgaagtct ctgaggactg gcagtatatt      120

cgtaaaacca cccgggagac atgctatttg ccgaccaagt tcaccgacac cttcgacaac      180

ttgactccga acgaccagga tttccggtgc aatctcggct cgttcagcaa cgccgccaag      240

accgaagtgg ccgaggtgga agcgggctcc acgattggca tgcagctttt cgctggtagc      300

cacatgcgtc acccgggacc tgcgcaagtc ttcatgtcta aggccccgtc cggcaacgta      360

cagagctacg agggtgacgg ctcctggttc aagatctggg agcgtacact ctgcgacaaa      420

agtggcgatc tgactggaga tgcgtggtgt acatacggcc agaccgagat cgagtttcaa      480

atccccgagg cgaccccgac gggcgaatac ctggtccgag cggagcacat cggtcttcac      540

cgcgcacaga gtaatcaagc cgagttctac tacagctgcg cccaggtcaa ggtcacgggc      600

aatggtaccg gggtgccgag ccagacatat cagatccctg gcatgtacaa tgaccgctcg      660

gagcttttca acgggctgaa cttgtggtcc tactcggtgg agaacgtcga ggcagccatg      720

aagaattcta tcgtgggtga tgaaatttgg aatggaagtt ctgttccctc tgagtcccat      780

gtcccgaagt ataagaagag tcatgcttgt cgtgtttatt ga                         822
```

<210> 78

<211> 273

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus aculeatus

<400> 78

```
Met Lys Tyr Leu Ala Ile Phe Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Leu Ala Arg
1               5                  10                  15

Pro Thr Ala Ala His Tyr Ile Phe Ser Lys Leu Ile Leu Asp Gly Glu
            20                  25                  30

Val Ser Glu Asp Trp Gln Tyr Ile Arg Lys Thr Thr Arg Glu Thr Cys
        35                  40                  45

Tyr Leu Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Asp Thr Phe Asp Asn Leu Thr Pro Asn
    50                  55                  60

Asp Gln Asp Phe Arg Cys Asn Leu Gly Ser Phe Ser Asn Ala Ala Lys
65                  70                  75                  80

Thr Glu Val Ala Glu Val Glu Ala Gly Ser Thr Ile Gly Met Gln Leu
                85                  90                  95

Phe Ala Gly Ser His Met Arg His Pro Gly Pro Ala Gln Val Phe Met
            100                 105                 110

Ser Lys Ala Pro Ser Gly Asn Val Gln Ser Tyr Glu Gly Asp Gly Ser
        115                 120                 125

Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp Glu Arg Thr Leu Cys Asp Lys Ser Gly Asp Leu
    130                 135                 140

Thr Gly Asp Ala Trp Cys Thr Tyr Gly Gln Thr Glu Ile Glu Phe Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Pro Glu Ala Thr Pro Thr Gly Glu Tyr Leu Val Arg Ala Glu His
                165                 170                 175

Ile Gly Leu His Arg Ala Gln Ser Asn Gln Ala Glu Phe Tyr Tyr Ser
            180                 185                 190

Cys Ala Gln Val Lys Val Thr Gly Asn Gly Thr Gly Val Pro Ser Gln
        195                 200                 205

Thr Tyr Gln Ile Pro Gly Met Tyr Asn Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Phe Asn
    210                 215                 220

Gly Leu Asn Leu Trp Ser Tyr Ser Val Glu Asn Val Glu Ala Ala Met
225                 230                 235                 240

Lys Asn Ser Ile Val Gly Asp Glu Ile Trp Asn Gly Ser Ser Val Pro
                245                 250                 255

Ser Glu Ser His Val Pro Lys Tyr Lys Lys Ser His Ala Cys Arg Val
            260                 265                 270

Tyr
```

<210> 79

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Thermomyces lanuginosus

<400> 79

```
atgaagggct ccagcgctgc gtcggtgctt cttaccttcc tcgcgggcat ctcccgtacc       60

tatgcggcaa ggatatgtcg caagctgctt atgaaggggg tgtagtatcg gggatgggtg      120
```

```
tctgcgcacg ggtatgtctc caacctcgtt atcaacggcg tctactatcg gggctggctc      120

cccggcgaag acccctacaa ccctgacccc ccgattggcg ttggctggga gacgcccaac      180

ctgggcaacg gcttcgtgac gccgtcggaa gcgtcgaccg acgccgtcat ctgccacaag      240

gaagccacac cagcccgcgg tcatgtctcc gtgaaggccg gtgacaagat ctacatccaa      300

tggcagccga atccatggcc ggattcccac cacggtgcgt caaacttctg cccgaaagct      360

gttcacactc actaacaaca cttttaggcc ccgtcctgga ctatctggcc ccttgcaacg      420

ggccctgtga gtccgtcgac aagaccagcc tgcgcttctt caagatcgac ggagtgggtc      480

ttatcgacgg ctcttctcct ccgggctact gggccgacga cgaactcatt gcgaacggca      540

acgggtggct ggttcagatc cccgaggaca tcaagccggg taactacgtc ctgcgacacg      600

agatcatcgc cttgcacagc gccgggaacc cggacggcgc ccagctgtac ccgcagtgct      660

tcaaccttga gattacggga tccggcaccg tcgagccgga gggcgtgcca gccaccgagt      720

tctactcgcc cgatgacccg ggcatcctgg tcaacatcta cgagcccctg tccacgtatg      780

aggtgccggg tccctcgctc atcccgcagg cggttcagat cgagcagtct tcgtctgcga      840

ttacggcgac gggcacgccg acgccggcat ga                                    872
```

<210> 80

<211> 272

<212> PRT

<213> Thermomyces lanuginosus

<400> 80

```
Met Lys Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser Val Leu Leu Thr Phe Leu Ala Gly
1               5                  10                  15

Ile Ser Arg Thr Ser Ala His Gly Tyr Val Ser Asn Leu Val Ile Asn
            20                  25                  30

Gly Val Tyr Tyr Arg Gly Trp Leu Pro Gly Glu Asp Pro Tyr Asn Pro
        35                  40                  45

Asp Pro Pro Ile Gly Val Gly Trp Glu Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Asn Gly
    50                  55                  60

Phe Val Thr Pro Ser Glu Ala Ser Thr Asp Ala Val Ile Cys His Lys
65                  70                  75                  80

Glu Ala Thr Pro Ala Arg Gly His Val Ser Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Lys
                85                  90                  95

Ile Tyr Ile Gln Trp Gln Pro Asn Pro Trp Pro Asp Ser His His Gly
            100                 105                 110

Pro Val Leu Asp Tyr Leu Ala Pro Cys Asn Gly Pro Cys Glu Ser Val
        115                 120                 125

Asp Lys Thr Ser Leu Arg Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Gly Val Gly Leu Ile
    130                 135                 140

Asp Gly Ser Ser Pro Pro Gly Tyr Trp Ala Asp Asp Glu Leu Ile Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Gly Asn Gly Trp Leu Val Gln Ile Pro Glu Asp Ile Lys Pro Gly
                165                 170                 175

Asn Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn
            180                 185                 190

Pro Asp Gly Ala Gln Leu Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Glu Ile Thr
        195                 200                 205
```

```
Gly Ser Gly Thr Val Glu Pro Glu Gly Val Pro Ala Thr Glu Phe Tyr
    210                 215                 220

Ser Pro Asp Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Glu Pro Leu Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Thr Tyr Glu Val Pro Gly Pro Ser Leu Ile Pro Gln Ala Val Gln Ile
                245                 250                 255

Glu Gln Ser Ser Ser Ala Ile Thr Ala Thr Gly Thr Pro Thr Pro Ala
            260                 265                 270
```

<210> 81

<211> 1039

<212> DNA

<213> Thermomyces lanuginosus

<400> 81

```
atggcattct ctacggttac agtttttgtt acgttcctgg ccttcatctc catagcttct       60

gctcatggct tcgtgacaaa aatcaccgta ctcggagata ataataagga gtacgtctca      120

gtctcgctag gttgctaaca caggagagat cgctgaccat tgcagctacc ccggctttga      180

cccgagcact cccaaggagg ttcctccggg tctcgatgtc gcttggtcta ctagtgccag      240

tgatcaggga tacatgagca gttcaaatgc ctcgtatcac agtaaggact ttatctgcca      300

cagaaacgcc aaacctgctc cagacgcagc tcaagttcat gcgggcgaca aggtgcagct      360

tcactggact caatggcctg gacctgagga tcaccagggt cctatccttg attacctcgc      420

gagctgcaac ggaccctgct caaacgtgga gaaggcgagc cttaagtgga cgaagattga      480

cgaggcaggg cgctttccca acggaacgtg ggcaacggac ctgctcagga atgggggaaa      540

cacgtggaat gtgacgattc catcggatct tgctcctgga gaatatgtcc tccgcaacga      600

gatcattgca cttcactcgg cgagaaatat gggtggagct cagcactaca tgcaatgtgt      660

caatctgaac gtcactggca ccggccatag agagctacag ggcgtctccg ccgcagaatt      720

ttacaatcct acggatcctg gaattttgat taacgtctgg caaactcaaa gcctttcctc      780

ctaccatatt cccggaccta cactgttagc cgccgatacc ggcaacgacg gtggccattc      840

tgcatcatct accttggcga ctgtgacaag cagacgtctt tccactccga gcgacgccat      900

gcccgggaat ggttcatacg gtgcaatttc gccgcccctc aaacctgcta aaggattcca      960

tcctgtttgt aacgcccgat tcagacatgg cagcactttc actttgacta ccctggtcgc     1020

accaccagcc aggacctaa                                                  1039
```

<210> 82

<211> 327

<212> PRT

<213> Thermomyces lanuginosus

<400> 82

```
Met Ala Phe Ser Thr Val Thr Val Phe Val Thr Phe Leu Ala Phe Ile
1               5                   10                  15

Ser Ile Ala Ser Ala His Gly Phe Val Thr Lys Ile Thr Val Leu Gly
            20                  25                  30

Asp Asn Asn Lys Asp Tyr Pro Gly Phe Asp Pro Ser Thr Pro Lys Glu
        35                  40                  45

Val Pro Pro Gly Leu Asp Val Ala Trp Ser Thr Ser Ala Ser Asp Gln
    50                  55                  60

Gly Tyr Met Ser Ser Ser Asn Ala Ser Tyr His Ser Lys Asp Phe Ile
65                  70                  75                  80
```

```
Cys His Arg Asn Ala Lys Pro Ala Pro Asp Ala Ala Gln Val His Ala
                85                  90                  95

Gly Asp Lys Val Gln Leu His Trp Thr Gln Trp Pro Gly Pro Glu Asp
            100                 105                 110

His Gln Gly Pro Ile Leu Asp Tyr Leu Ala Ser Cys Asn Gly Pro Cys
        115                 120                 125

Ser Asn Val Glu Lys Ala Ser Leu Lys Trp Thr Lys Ile Asp Glu Ala
    130                 135                 140

Gly Arg Phe Pro Asn Gly Thr Trp Ala Thr Asp Leu Leu Arg Asn Gly
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Asn Thr Trp Asn Val Thr Ile Pro Ser Asp Leu Ala Pro Gly Glu
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Val Leu Arg Asn Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Arg Asn Met
            180                 185                 190

Gly Gly Ala Gln His Tyr Met Gln Cys Val Asn Leu Asn Val Thr Gly
        195                 200                 205

Thr Gly His Arg Glu Leu Gln Gly Val Ser Ala Ala Glu Phe Tyr Asn
    210                 215                 220

Pro Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Val Trp Gln Thr Gln Ser Leu
225                 230                 235                 240

Ser Ser Tyr His Ile Pro Gly Pro Thr Leu Leu Ala Ala Asp Thr Gly
                245                 250                 255

Asn Asp Gly Gly His Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Leu Ala Thr Val Thr Ser
            260                 265                 270

Arg Arg Leu Ser Thr Pro Ser Asp Ala Met Pro Gly Asn Gly Ser Tyr
        275                 280                 285

Gly Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Leu Lys Pro Ala Lys Gly Phe His Pro Val
    290                 295                 300

Cys Asn Ala Arg Phe Arg His Gly Ser Thr Phe Thr Leu Thr Thr Leu
305                 310                 315                 320

Val Ala Pro Pro Ala Arg Thr
                325
```

<210> 83

<211> 881

<212> DNA

<213> Thermomyces lanuginosus

<400> 83

```
atgaaaggct ccaccactgc gtctttgctt cttccgctcc tggcgagcgt tactcgcacc       60

tctgcgcacg ggtttgtctc caacctcgtc atcaatggcg tcttctatcg gggctggctc      120

ccgaccgagg acccctacaa ggctgacccc ccgattggcg tcggctggga gacgcctaac      180

ctgggcaacg gcttcgtgct gcccgaagaa gcgtcgaccg atgccatcgt ctgccacaaa      240

gaggccgagc cggcccgcgg ctatgccagc gtcgctgccg gtgacaagat ctacattcag      300

tggcagccga acccatggcc ggagtctcat cacggtacgt caaactgccc attgttgcaa      360

ttcagaatca tctactaaca actcttcaag gccccgtcat tgactacctg gccccttgca      420

acggtgactg ctcgactgtc aacaagacca gtttggagtt cttcaagatc gacggcgtgg      480
```

```
gcctcatcga cggctcctcc ccgccgggta agtgggctga cgacgagctc attgccaacg      540

gcaacggctg gctggtccag atccccgagg acatcaagcc gggcaactac gtcctgcgcc      600

atgagatcat cgccttgcac gaggcgttca accagaacgg cgctcagatc tacccgcagt      660

gcttcaacct ccagattacc ggctccggca ctgtcgagcc cgagggcacg ccggctaccg      720

agctgtattc gcccaccgat ccgggcattc tggttgacat ctacaacccc ttgagcacgt      780

acgtcgtgcc cggcccgacg ctcatcccgc aggcggttga gattgagcag tcttcgtcgg      840

ctgtcacggc gactggtacg ccgacgccgg cggcggcgta a                          881
```

<210> 84

<211> 274

<212> PRT

<213> Thermomyces lanuginosus

<400> 84

```
Met Lys Gly Ser Thr Thr Ala Ser Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Ala Ser
1               5                   10                  15

Val Thr Arg Thr Ser Ala His Gly Phe Val Ser Asn Leu Val Ile Asn
            20                  25                  30

Gly Val Phe Tyr Arg Gly Trp Leu Pro Thr Glu Asp Pro Tyr Lys Ala

        35                  40                  45

Asp Pro Pro Ile Gly Val Gly Trp Glu Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Asn Gly
    50                  55                  60

Phe Val Leu Pro Glu Glu Ala Ser Thr Asp Ala Ile Val Cys His Lys
65                  70                  75                  80

Glu Ala Glu Pro Ala Arg Gly Tyr Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys
                85                  90                  95

Ile Tyr Ile Gln Trp Gln Pro Asn Pro Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly
            100                 105                 110

Pro Val Ile Asp Tyr Leu Ala Pro Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Thr Val
        115                 120                 125

Asn Lys Thr Ser Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Gly Val Gly Leu Ile
    130                 135                 140

Asp Gly Ser Ser Pro Pro Gly Lys Trp Ala Asp Asp Glu Leu Ile Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Gly Asn Gly Trp Leu Val Gln Ile Pro Glu Asp Ile Lys Pro Gly
                165                 170                 175

Asn Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Glu Ala Phe Asn
            180                 185                 190

Gln Asn Gly Ala Gln Ile Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Gln Ile Thr
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ser Gly Thr Val Glu Pro Glu Gly Thr Pro Ala Thr Glu Leu Tyr
    210                 215                 220

Ser Pro Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asp Ile Tyr Asn Pro Leu Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Thr Tyr Val Val Pro Gly Pro Thr Leu Ile Pro Gln Ala Val Glu Ile
                245                 250                 255
```

```
Glu Gln Ser Ser Ser Ala Val Thr Ala Thr Gly Thr Pro Thr Pro Ala
            260                 265                 270

Ala Ala
```

<210> 85
<211> 969
<212> DNA
<213> Aurantiporus alborubescens

<400> 85

```
atgcgaacca tcgccacgtt tgttacgctt gtagcctcag ttctccctgc ggtcctcgca       60
cacggaggtg tcctctccta ttcsaacggg gggaattggt actggggatg gaagccttac      120
aattcacctg acgggcagac caccatccaa cgcccgtggg caacatacaa tccgatcact      180
gatgcgacgg atcctaccat tgcttgcaac aacgacggga catctggagc tctgcagttg      240
actgcgacag tcgcggcggg atctgccatc acggcgtatt ggaaccaggt gtggccgcat      300
gataaagggc cgatgacgac atacctcgca caatgccccg gcagtacctg cacaggagtc      360
aacgcgaaga ctctgaaatg gttcaagatc gatcacgccg ggttgctttc tggtactgtc      420
tacagtggct cgtgggcatc aggcaagatg attgcacaga actcgacctg gacaactacc      480
attccagcga cggtgccttc agggaactat ctgatacgtt tcgagactat tgccctgcac      540
tctttgccag cgcaatttta ccctgagtgc gcacaaattc aaatcacggg cggaggttcc      600
cgtgctccaa ccgctgcaga gcttgttagc ttccctggcg cgtacagcaa caatgatcct      660
ggtgtcaaca ttgacatcta ctccaatgcc gcgcagagtg caaccacata cgtaatacca      720
ggacctccat tgtacggcgg tgcttccgga tctggtccat cttccgcgcc tccatcaagt      780
accccaggta gttcgtccac ttcccacggt cccacgtccg tcagcacgtc cagcagtgct      840
gcaccatcga cgacaggaac cgtgacgcag tacggtcagt gcggtggcat tggttgggct      900
ggagctaccg gctgtatctc accattcaag tgcacggtca tcaacgatta ttactaccag      960
tgcctctga                                                              969
```

<210> 86
<211> 322
<212> PRT
<213> Aurantiporus alborubescens

<400> 86

```
Met Arg Thr Ile Ala Thr Phe Val Thr Leu Val Ala Ser Val Leu Pro
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Val Leu Ala His Gly Gly Val Leu Ser Tyr Ser Asn Gly Gly Asn
            20                  25                  30

Trp Tyr Trp Gly Trp Lys Pro Tyr Asn Ser Pro Asp Gly Gln Thr Thr
        35                  40                  45

Ile Gln Arg Pro Trp Ala Thr Tyr Asn Pro Ile Thr Asp Ala Thr Asp
    50                  55                  60

Pro Thr Ile Ala Cys Asn Asn Asp Gly Thr Ser Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu
65                  70                  75                  80

Thr Ala Thr Val Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala Ile Thr Ala Tyr Trp Asn Gln
                85                  90                  95

Val Trp Pro His Asp Lys Gly Pro Met Thr Thr Tyr Leu Ala Gln Cys
            100                 105                 110
```

```
Pro Gly Ser Thr Cys Thr Gly Val Asn Ala Lys Thr Leu Lys Trp Phe
        115                 120                 125

Lys Ile Asp His Ala Gly Leu Leu Ser Gly Thr Val Tyr Ser Gly Ser
    130                 135                 140

Trp Ala Ser Gly Lys Met Ile Ala Gln Asn Ser Thr Trp Thr Thr Thr
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Pro Ala Thr Val Pro Ser Gly Asn Tyr Leu Ile Arg Phe Glu Thr
                165                 170                 175

Ile Ala Leu His Ser Leu Pro Ala Gln Phe Tyr Pro Glu Cys Ala Gln
            180                 185                 190

Ile Gln Ile Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Arg Ala Pro Thr Ala Ala Glu Leu
        195                 200                 205

Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Asn Asn Asp Pro Gly Val Asn Ile
    210                 215                 220

Asp Ile Tyr Ser Asn Ala Ala Gln Ser Ala Thr Thr Tyr Val Ile Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Pro Leu Tyr Gly Gly Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Pro Ser Ser Ala
                245                 250                 255

Pro Pro Ser Ser Thr Pro Gly Ser Ser Ser Thr Ser His Gly Pro Thr
            260                 265                 270

Ser Val Ser Thr Ser Ser Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser Thr Thr Gly Thr Val
        275                 280                 285

Thr Gln Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Ile Gly Trp Ala Gly Ala Thr Gly
    290                 295                 300

Cys Ile Ser Pro Phe Lys Cys Thr Val Ile Asn Asp Tyr Tyr Tyr Gln
305                 310                 315                 320

Cys Leu
```

<210> 87

<211> 705

<212> DNA

<213> Aurantiporus alborubescens

<400> 87

```
atgaaggcta tcttggctat tttctcggcc cttgctccac ttgccgctgc gcattatacc       60

ttccctgatt ttattgtcaa cggaacaaca actgccgatt gggtctacat ccgagagacc      120

gcgaaccact actcgaatgg tcctgtaacc aacgtgaacg atccagaatt ccgatgctac      180

gagctggacc tgcaaaacac ggcagcgagt accctcaccg ccacggtctc tgcaggctcc      240

agcgtcggct ttaaagctaa cagcgccctt taccatcctg gttatctcga tgtgtatatg      300

tccaaagcga ccccagctgc taattcaccc agtgctggaa cggaccaaag ctggttcaag      360

gtctatgaat ccgctccggt cttcgcgaat ggggccctaa gcttcccttc ggagaacatc      420

caatctttca cgttcacaat cccgaagtcc cttcccagtg gccaatatct catccgtgtg      480

gaacacatcg ctctccactc cgccagtagc tacggaggtg cacaattcta catcagctgc      540

gctcaagtca atgtcgtcaa cggcgggaac ggaaacccag gaccgttagt caagattccc      600

ggcgtttaca ctgggaacga gcctggcatc ctcatcaaca tctacagctt cccaccgggt      660

ttcagtggct accaatcccc gggacctgct gtgtggcgtg gttga                      705
```

<210> 88

<211> 234

<212> PRT

<213> Aurantiporus alborubescens

<400> 88

```
Met Lys Ala Ile Leu Ala Ile Phe Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Leu Ala Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Ala His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Asp Phe Ile Val Asn Gly Thr Thr Thr Ala
            20                  25                  30

Asp Trp Val Tyr Ile Arg Glu Thr Ala Asn His Tyr Ser Asn Gly Pro
        35                  40                  45

Val Thr Asn Val Asn Asp Pro Glu Phe Arg Cys Tyr Glu Leu Asp Leu
    50                  55                  60

Gln Asn Thr Ala Ala Ser Thr Leu Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Ala Gly Ser
65                  70                  75                  80

Ser Val Gly Phe Lys Ala Asn Ser Ala Leu Tyr His Pro Gly Tyr Leu
                85                  90                  95

Asp Val Tyr Met Ser Lys Ala Thr Pro Ala Ala Asn Ser Pro Ser Ala
            100                 105                 110

Gly Thr Asp Gln Ser Trp Phe Lys Val Tyr Glu Ser Ala Pro Val Phe
        115                 120                 125

Ala Asn Gly Ala Leu Ser Phe Pro Ser Glu Asn Ile Gln Ser Phe Thr
    130                 135                 140

Phe Thr Ile Pro Lys Ser Leu Pro Ser Gly Gln Tyr Leu Ile Arg Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Glu His Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Ser Ser Tyr Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln Val Asn Val Val Asn Gly Gly Asn Gly Asn
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gly Pro Leu Val Lys Ile Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Gly Asn Glu Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Ser Phe Pro Pro Gly Phe Ser Gly Tyr
    210                 215                 220

Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Trp Arg Gly
225                 230
```

<210> 89

<211> 702

<212> DNA

<213> Trichophaea saccata

<400> 89

```
atgacgcccc tgaaactccg ccccttctc ctcctggtgc tttccacgac cctcagcctc       60

gtgcacgcgc actatcgctt ctacgaactg atcgccaacg gggccaccca cgcttccttc      120

gaatacatcc gccaatgggt gcccatctac agcaactctc ccgtaaccga cgtcaccagc      180

gtcaacctcc gctgcaacgt caacgccact cccgccgccg aggtgatcac cgttgctgcc      240

ggtagcaccg tcggcttcgt agcagacaca acagtaacgc accccggtgc gttcaccgcg      300
```

```
tacatggcga aagcgcccga agacatcacg gaatgggatg gcaacgggga ctggttcaag      360

atctgggaga agggtccaac gagtataacc agtagcggga taacctggga cgtcacggat      420

acccaatgga ccttcaccat cccttccgcg acaccaaacg gtcaatacct actccgcttc      480

gagcacatag cgctccacgc cgccagcacc gtgggggggtg ctcaattcta catgtcgtgc      540

gcgcagatac aagtaacgaa cggcggcaac gggagtcccg ggcccaccat caagttcccg      600

ggcggataca gcgccacaga ccccggtatc ctgatcaata tctattatcc catccccact      660

agttacacta ttcctggtcc accggtttgg accggtaagt aa                         702
```

<210> 90

<211> 233

<212> PRT

<213> Trichophaea saccata

<400> 90

```
Met Thr Pro Leu Lys Leu Arg Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Ser Thr
1               5                   10                  15

Thr Leu Ser Leu Val His Ala His Tyr Arg Phe Tyr Glu Leu Ile Ala
            20                  25                  30

Asn Gly Ala Thr His Ala Ser Phe Glu Tyr Ile Arg Gln Trp Val Pro
        35                  40                  45

Ile Tyr Ser Asn Ser Pro Val Thr Asp Val Thr Ser Val Asn Leu Arg
    50                  55                  60

Cys Asn Val Asn Ala Thr Pro Ala Ala Glu Val Ile Thr Val Ala Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Gly Ser Thr Val Gly Phe Val Ala Asp Thr Thr Val Thr His Pro Gly
                85                  90                  95

Ala Phe Thr Ala Tyr Met Ala Lys Ala Pro Glu Asp Ile Thr Glu Trp
            100                 105                 110

Asp Gly Asn Gly Asp Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp Glu Lys Gly Pro Thr Ser
        115                 120                 125

Ile Thr Ser Ser Gly Ile Thr Trp Asp Val Thr Asp Thr Gln Trp Thr
    130                 135                 140

Phe Thr Ile Pro Ser Ala Thr Pro Asn Gly Gln Tyr Leu Leu Arg Phe
145                 150                 155                 160

Glu His Ile Ala Leu His Ala Ala Ser Thr Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Met Ser Cys Ala Gln Ile Gln Val Thr Asn Gly Gly Asn Gly Ser
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Phe Pro Gly Gly Tyr Ser Ala Thr Asp Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Tyr Pro Ile Pro Thr Ser Tyr Thr Ile
    210                 215                 220

Pro Gly Pro Pro Val Trp Thr Gly Lys
225                 230
```

<210> 91

<211> 714

<212> DNA
<213> Trichophaea saccata

<400> 91
atgaaatgcc ttctctccct ccttctcgcc gcgacagcgg tctccgctca cacgatcttc 60

caagaaatcg gcataaacgg ggtgatgcaa gctcgctacg actacatgcg gctgccgtcc 120

tacgacggtc ccattacgga cgtaacgagc acctacatgg cgtgcaacgg tggtcccaat 180

ccattggtcc aaatctcgaa cgacgtcgct ttcgtaaaag ccggcgacag catcacgctg 240

caatgggcgc aaacgttgac gacagatttc aacacggggc tgatcatcga tccatcgcac 300

ttgggtcctg tgatggtcta catggccaaa gtaccctccg ccaccggtcc gatccccaac 360

agcggctggt tcaaaatcta cgaagacggc tacgacccga caacaaagac atgggcggta 420

accaagctca tcaacaacaa gggaaaagtg accgtcacca tcccatcgtg tctaccggca 480

ggggactact tgctgcgcgg tgaaatcatt gccttgcacg cggctagtac ctatccaggc 540

gcacagtttt acatggagtg tgcgcagttg cggcttacca gtggcggcac taagatgcct 600

accacgtata acattccggg gatctattcg cccactgatc cgggtgttac gttcaatctt 660

tacaatggat tcacgagtta taccattcct ggcccaaggc cgtttacatg ctag 714

<210> 92
<211> 237
<212> PRT
<213> Trichophaea saccata

<400> 92
Met Lys Cys Leu Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Thr Ala Val Ser Ala
1 5 10 15

His Thr Ile Phe Gln Glu Ile Gly Ile Asn Gly Val Met Gln Ala Arg
20 25 30

Tyr Asp Tyr Met Arg Leu Pro Ser Tyr Asp Gly Pro Ile Thr Asp Val
35 40 45

Thr Ser Thr Tyr Met Ala Cys Asn Gly Gly Pro Asn Pro Leu Val Gln
50 55 60

Ile Ser Asn Asp Val Ala Phe Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Ser Ile Thr Leu
65 70 75 80

Gln Trp Ala Gln Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Phe Asn Thr Gly Leu Ile Ile
85 90 95

Asp Pro Ser His Leu Gly Pro Val Met Val Tyr Met Ala Lys Val Pro
100 105 110

Ser Ala Thr Gly Pro Ile Pro Asn Ser Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Tyr Glu
115 120 125

Asp Gly Tyr Asp Pro Thr Thr Lys Thr Trp Ala Val Thr Lys Leu Ile
130 135 140

Asn Asn Lys Gly Lys Val Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Ser Cys Leu Pro Ala
145 150 155 160

Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Gly Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ala Ala Ser
165 170 175

Thr Tyr Pro Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Leu Arg Leu
180 185 190

```
Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Lys Met Pro Thr Thr Tyr Asn Ile Pro Gly Ile
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Ser Pro Thr Asp Pro Gly Val Thr Phe Asn Leu Tyr Asn Gly Phe
    210                 215                 220

Thr Ser Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Arg Pro Phe Thr Cys
225                 230                 235
```

<210> 93

<211> 1455

<212> DNA

<213> Penicillium thomii

<400> 93

```
atgtctctgt ctaagatttc tggattgatc ctcggatctg ctgccttggt ggctggccac       60

ggttacgtga gcggaatcgt cgttgacgat acctactatg gtggatacct tgtcacccag      120

tacccttatg agagtgacgc cccagagctc attgcctggt cggagcaaga gaccgatctg      180

ggttacatcg atggctctga gtatgccaac tccaacatca tctgtcacaa ggaggccaaa      240

cctggtgctt tggaagcacc cgttaaggct ggtggctccg tcgagctcca gtggaccact      300

tggcctacca gccaccacgg tcctgtcatt acctacatgg ccaactgtaa cggcgactgt      360

gacgacgttg acaagactac tttgcagttc ttcaagattg accagggtgg tttgatcagc      420

gataccaccg agcccggtac ctgggcaact gacaacctca tcgccaacaa caatagccgt      480

actgtcaccg tccccagcga cattgccgat ggaaactacg tcctccgtca cgagatcatt      540

gccctccact ccgccgggga gaccaacggt gcccagaact acccccaatg tatcaacttg      600

aaggtcactg gcggcggtag cgctactcct tctggtaccc tgggtaccgc cctgtacaag      660

aacaccgacc ccggtatcct gatcaacatc tacacttccc tcagcaccta cgatatcccc      720

ggcccaaccc tgtacactgc cggcgccgcc gctgctaccg ctgcctccac ggctgcctct      780

tccaccgccg ctgccgttac tactgccgac gccgtcacta ccgccgctgc cgtcaccagc      840

agctctgcat ccgtggaagt tgtgcccaca actactccca gctcatcaat cgtcagtgcc      900

ttcccaacct ggagcccctc ttctacccca cccttctcca actcttccaa cggatggcgt      960

ccgtcattca gccgcggacc tggtggcccc cgcttcacat ctgctcctgc tcctcagttc     1020

tccgctccta gcggcgctca gcagaagcag tctgccactg ctacccccat cgtggctacc     1080

cctgtcgtga tcaccatgac cgagaccagc acctcctggg tcaccgaaat ggttactctt     1140

actgacaagt ctgttgtgca gaccaccagc gctgtcccag tcgtcgtcgc cgccaccact     1200

acccttaccg agggaagcga gcctgctcag acagcctccc ccagcgttgt ctccggctcc     1260

tctagctccg gctctagctc ctcatctacc accaccacct caaagacctc aactggatcc     1320

gactacgtct ccagcgactg gatgtcttac ctcagctcct tgagcgctgc tgaggtcctc     1380

cagatgctgc gccagacctt ccgttggatg gtcagcaacg acaaggtgca cgctcgtgat     1440

attaccatca actag                                                      1455
```

<210> 94

<211> 484

<212> PRT

<213> Penicillium thomii

<400> 94

```
Met Ser Leu Ser Lys Ile Ser Gly Leu Ile Leu Gly Ser Ala Ala Leu
1               5                  10                  15

Val Ala Gly His Gly Tyr Val Ser Gly Ile Val Val Asp Asp Thr Tyr
            20                  25                  30
```

```
Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Leu Val Thr Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Glu Ser Asp Ala Pro
        35                  40                  45

Glu Leu Ile Ala Trp Ser Glu Gln Glu Thr Asp Leu Gly Tyr Ile Asp
    50                  55                  60

Gly Ser Glu Tyr Ala Asn Ser Asn Ile Ile Cys His Lys Glu Ala Lys
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Gly Ala Leu Glu Ala Pro Val Lys Ala Gly Gly Ser Val Glu Leu
                85                  90                  95

Gln Trp Thr Thr Trp Pro Thr Ser His His Gly Pro Val Ile Thr Tyr
            100                 105                 110

Met Ala Asn Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Asp Asp Val Asp Lys Thr Thr Leu
        115                 120                 125

Gln Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Gln Gly Gly Leu Ile Ser Asp Thr Thr Glu
    130                 135                 140

Pro Gly Thr Trp Ala Thr Asp Asn Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn Asn Ser Arg
145                 150                 155                 160

Thr Val Thr Val Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Asp Gly Asn Tyr Val Leu Arg
                165                 170                 175

His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Glu Thr Asn Gly Ala Gln
            180                 185                 190

Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Lys Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala
        195                 200                 205

Thr Pro Ser Gly Thr Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Tyr Lys Asn Thr Asp Pro
    210                 215                 220

Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Thr Ser Leu Ser Thr Tyr Asp Ile Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Thr Leu Tyr Thr Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Ser
                245                 250                 255

Thr Ala Ala Ser Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala Val Thr Thr Ala Asp Ala Val
            260                 265                 270

Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Val Glu Val Val
        275                 280                 285

Pro Thr Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Ser Ile Val Ser Ala Phe Pro Thr Trp
    290                 295                 300

Ser Pro Ser Ser Thr Pro Pro Phe Ser Asn Ser Ser Asn Gly Trp Arg

305                 310                 315                 320

Pro Ser Phe Ser Arg Gly Pro Gly Gly Pro Arg Phe Thr Ser Ala Pro
                325                 330                 335

Ala Pro Gln Phe Ser Ala Pro Ser Gly Ala Gln Gln Lys Gln Ser Ala
            340                 345                 350

Thr Ala Thr Pro Ile Val Ala Thr Pro Val Val Ile Thr Met Thr Glu
        355                 360                 365

Thr Ser Thr Ser Trp Val Thr Glu Met Val Thr Leu Thr Asp Lys Ser
    370                 375                 380
```

```
Val Val Gln Thr Thr Ser Ala Val Pro Val Val Val Ala Ala Thr Thr
385                 390                 395                 400

Thr Leu Thr Glu Gly Ser Glu Pro Ala Gln Thr Ala Ser Pro Ser Val
                405                 410                 415

Val Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Thr Thr
            420                 425                 430

Thr Ser Lys Thr Ser Thr Gly Ser Asp Tyr Val Ser Ser Asp Trp Met
        435                 440                 445

Ser Tyr Leu Ser Ser Leu Ser Ala Ala Glu Val Leu Gln Met Leu Arg
    450                 455                 460

Gln Thr Phe Arg Trp Met Val Ser Asn Asp Lys Val His Ala Arg Asp
465                 470                 475                 480

Ile Thr Ile Asn
```

<210> 95

<211> 1021

<212> DNA

<213> Talaromyces stipitatus

<400> 95

```
atgccttcca ctaaagttgc tgctctatct gccgtcctgg ctttggcctc cacggttgct       60

ggccatggct ttgtgcaaaa tattgtcatt gacggtaaat cgtaagtgac ttgcttttgt      120

actatagagc tagataaata cttatactaa ataattcagc tacactggct acctcgtgaa      180

ccagtatcct taccagtcca acccaccagc tgttattggg tggtcaacca ctgcaaccga      240

cttgggattt gtcgatggat ctggatacac caacccggat atcatctgcc acaaaaacgc      300

caaacccggt cagctttctg ctccggttgc cgcaggaggc aaggttgagc tcgaatggac      360

aacatggccc gagagccatc acggccctgt catcagctat ctcgccaatt gcaatggcga      420

ttgtactacc gtggataaga cgaagctcga atttgtcaaa atcgatcagc ggggtctgat      480

cgacgacagc aatcctcccg gtacatgggc cgccgaccag ctcatcgccg ccaacaacag      540

ctggactgta actattcccg agagcatcgc gcctggaaac tacgtccttc gccacgaaat      600

catcgctctt cactccgcca acaacgcaac cggagctcaa aactaccctc aatgcatcaa      660

cttgcaaatc actggcagcg ggacggccaa cccatctggt acccctggcg agaaactcta      720

taccccaact gacccaggta tcttggtcaa catctaccag tcattgtcgt cttatgttat      780

tcccggtccg actttgtgga gtggtgctgc agcgcacgtt gttgccactg cagccggttc      840

tgctactggg gttgcttctg ccaccgctac tccgaccact cttgtgactg ccgtttcatc      900

gcctaccggt gctccttcag tggtgactcc tgaggctcct tcagtaacct cgttcgcccc      960

agtggtgact gttactgatg tcgttactgt gactaccgtc atcactacta ctatctctta     1020

g                                                                      1021
```

<210> 96

<211> 320

<212> PRT

<213> Talaromyces stipitatus

<400> 96

```
Met Pro Ser Thr Lys Val Ala Ala Leu Ser Ala Val Leu Ala Leu Ala
1               5                   10                  15
```

```
Ser Thr Val Ala Gly His Gly Phe Val Gln Asn Ile Val Ile Asp Gly
            20                  25                  30

Lys Ser Tyr Thr Gly Tyr Leu Val Asn Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Gln Ser Asn
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Ala Val Ile Gly Trp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Asp Gly Ser Gly Tyr Thr Asn Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Lys Pro Gly Gln Leu Ser Ala Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Gly Lys Val
                85                  90                  95

Glu Leu Glu Trp Thr Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val Ile
            100                 105                 110

Ser Tyr Leu Ala Asn Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Thr Thr Val Asp Lys Thr

        115                 120                 125

Lys Leu Glu Phe Val Lys Ile Asp Gln Arg Gly Leu Ile Asp Asp Ser
    130                 135                 140

Asn Pro Pro Gly Thr Trp Ala Ala Asp Gln Leu Ile Ala Ala Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Glu Ser Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Val
                165                 170                 175

Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Asn Asn Ala Thr Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Gln Ile Thr Gly Ser Gly
        195                 200                 205

Thr Ala Asn Pro Ser Gly Thr Pro Gly Glu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Pro Thr
    210                 215                 220

Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Gln Ser Leu Ser Ser Tyr Val
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Pro Gly Pro Thr Leu Trp Ser Gly Ala Ala Ala His Val Val Ala
                245                 250                 255

Thr Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala Thr Gly Val Ala Ser Ala Thr Ala Thr Pro
            260                 265                 270

Thr Thr Leu Val Thr Ala Val Ser Ser Pro Thr Gly Ala Pro Ser Val
        275                 280                 285

Val Thr Pro Glu Ala Pro Ser Val Thr Ser Phe Ala Pro Val Val Thr
    290                 295                 300

Val Thr Asp Val Val Thr Val Thr Thr Val Ile Thr Thr Thr Ile Ser
305                 310                 315                 320
```

<210> 97

<211> 821

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 97

```
atgaagctca gcgttgtcct cacaggcctg gcggcagccc tcgccgaggc tcattgtcag       60
```

```
tccatacgac agcgaaaccc ctggatgatc acgagactaa ccagtcctac cagacacctt      120

ccccagcgtc ggcaacaccg ccgactggca ggtcgtgcgc cagacgacca acttccagag      180

caacggcccc gtgacggacg tcaactcgga ccagatccgg tgctacgagc gcttccccgg      240

ccaggggcgg cccggcatct acaacgtcac cgccggccag accatctcgt acaacgccaa      300

ggcctctatc tcccacccgg gccccatggc cttctacatc gccaaggtcc ctgccggcta      360

caccgccgcc aactgggatg gcaggggcgc cgtgtggtcc aagatctacc aggacatgcc      420

gcgcattgcg gggagtctga cctggcctac caatggtacg aaatcctctt ctatccttca      480

tacttgctat tcctccaact gcctggcagc tcacactaac ttccacacac ccaggcgccc      540

gttccgtctc ggtaaccatc ccccgctgcc tgcaagacgg ccactacctg ttgcgcgccg      600

agcacatcgg cctgcacagc gcgagcggcg tgggcggcgc gcagttctac atctcgtgtg      660

cccagctcta cgtcagcggc ggcaccggca cttggaaccc gcgcaacaag gtcgcgttcc      720

ccggcgccta cagcccgacg cacccgggca tcatgatcaa catctactgg ccggtgccga      780

cgagctacac gccgccgggg ccgccggttg agacgtgctg a                         821
```

<210> 98

<211> 227

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 98

```
Met Lys Leu Ser Val Val Leu Thr Gly Leu Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Glu
1               5                   10                  15

Ala His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Ser Val Gly Asn Thr Ala Asp Trp Gln Val
            20                  25                  30

Val Arg Gln Thr Thr Asn Phe Gln Ser Asn Gly Pro Val Thr Asp Val
        35                  40                  45

Asn Ser Asp Gln Ile Arg Cys Tyr Glu Arg Phe Pro Gly Gln Gly Ala
    50                  55                  60

Pro Gly Ile Tyr Asn Val Thr Ala Gly Gln Thr Ile Ser Tyr Asn Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Lys Ala Ser Ile Ser His Pro Gly Pro Met Ala Phe Tyr Ile Ala Lys
                85                  90                  95

Val Pro Ala Gly Tyr Thr Ala Ala Asn Trp Asp Gly Arg Gly Ala Val
            100                 105                 110

Trp Ser Lys Ile Tyr Gln Asp Met Pro Arg Ile Ala Gly Ser Leu Thr
        115                 120                 125

Trp Pro Thr Asn Gly Ala Arg Ser Val Ser Val Thr Ile Pro Arg Cys

    130                 135                 140

Leu Gln Asp Gly His Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu His Ile Gly Leu His
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Ala Ser Gly Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln
                165                 170                 175

Leu Tyr Val Ser Gly Gly Thr Gly Thr Trp Asn Pro Arg Asn Lys Val
            180                 185                 190
```

```
Ala Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Pro Thr His Pro Gly Ile Met Ile Asn
        195                 200                 205

Ile Tyr Trp Pro Val Pro Thr Ser Tyr Thr Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Val
    210                 215                 220

Glu Thr Cys
225
```

<210> 99

<211> 1120

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 99

```
atgcgccccc tcctcgccgc cctcgccgcg gccaccacgg tccacgccca cggctgggtc       60

gacaacgcca ccatcgacgg cgtcttctac cagctctacc acccgtacat ggacccgtac      120

atgggcgagt tcgccccgcc tcgcatctcg cgcaagctgg tgtggaacgg ctacgtgaac      180

gacgtgacgt ccatcgacct gcaatgcggc ggacacacgg ccgaagggca aatcggcacg      240

gaacccgcgc cgctgcacgc ccccgccacg gccgggtcga cggtcaacct ccgctggacg      300

ctgtggccgg actcgcacat ggggcccatc atgacgtaca tggcgcggtg tccggacgag      360

ggttgtgata agtggttgcc gggggaggag taagtgtttc ctggcgggaa tggctgtgta      420

tttgagaagg agatattatg agtgaaactg ggagaggcga gaagaagaga tgctgacgcg      480

ggttttgctc tcctcagacc agtctggttc aaaatccacg aagccggccg gtacaccacc      540

gacaagtctt accccgacga catctgggaa gttgtaagtg ccctgcctac ctatccatcc      600

ctaattccct ccctcccctc tccacctcct ccttccgcgc ccccctcccc ccccttattt      660

gctaaccaac cccctccctt acagacccgc ctcatgtacc ccgccaacga aggctacaac      720

tacaccatcc ccgcctgcct cgcatccggc cactacctgg tccggcacga gatcatcgcc      780

ttacactcgg cctgggccaa aggcgaagcg cagttctatc cctcgtgcca ccagctgacc      840

gtcacctcca tcggcggtaa cgtgcgcgaa gcgccggccg agtaccgcgt cagtttcccc      900

ggcgcgtaca aggacgatga tccgggtatt ttcatcaacg tttggaaccg taagttcttt      960

ttttgttccc cttcctccca acctacctag gtgtcgtaat gtggtccgta agggtttgtt     1020

tgttgttgag ggatatagct gacaatggat gtgtgataac acagctggcc cctacaccat     1080

tcccggaccg ccggtctgga cgtgccccga gtctgagtaa                            1120
```

<210> 100

<211> 257

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 100

```
Met Arg Pro Phe Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Val His Ala
1               5                  10                  15

His Gly Trp Val Asp Asn Ala Thr Ile Asp Gly Val Phe Tyr Gln Leu
            20                  25                  30

Tyr His Pro Tyr Met Asp Pro Tyr Met Gly Glu Phe Ala Pro Pro Arg
        35                  40                  45

Ile Ser Arg Lys Leu Val Trp Asn Gly Tyr Val Asn Asp Val Thr Ser
    50                  55                  60

Ile Asp Leu Gln Cys Gly Gly His Thr Ala Glu Gly Gln Ile Gly Thr
65                  70                  75                  80
```

```
Glu Pro Ala Pro Leu His Ala Pro Ala Thr Ala Gly Ser Thr Val Asn
                85                  90                  95

Leu Arg Trp Thr Leu Trp Pro Asp Ser His Met Gly Pro Ile Met Thr
            100                 105                 110

Tyr Met Ala Arg Cys Pro Asp Glu Gly Cys Asp Lys Trp Leu Pro Val
        115                 120                 125

Trp Phe Lys Ile His Glu Ala Gly Arg Tyr Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Tyr
    130                 135                 140

Pro Asp Asp Ile Trp Glu Val Thr Arg Leu Met Tyr Pro Ala Asn Glu
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Tyr Asn Tyr Thr Ile Pro Ala Cys Leu Ala Ser Gly His Tyr Leu
                165                 170                 175

Val Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Trp Ala Lys Gly Glu
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Phe Tyr Pro Ser Cys His Gln Leu Thr Val Thr Ser Ile Gly
        195                 200                 205

Gly Asn Val Arg Glu Ala Pro Ala Glu Tyr Arg Val Ser Phe Pro Gly
    210                 215                 220

Ala Tyr Lys Asp Asp Asp Pro Gly Ile Phe Ile Asn Val Trp Asn Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro Val Trp Thr Cys Pro Glu Ser
                245                 250                 255

Glu
```

<210> 101

<211> 878

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 101

```
atgagactct ccctgacaac cctcctggcc tctgccctgt ccgtccaggg tcacgccatc       60

ttccaggtgc gttcctttca ccacccacat catcatgatg aacctcaaag ttgctaaccc      120

ccgctgggca gagagttacc gtcaacggcc aggaccaagg ctcgttgact ggtctccggg      180

ccccgaataa caacaacccc gtgcagaacg tcaacagcca ggacatcatc tgtggcgctc      240

ccgggtcgcg gtcacagtcc gtcatcaacg tcaatgccgg cgaccgcatc ggtgcctggt      300

accagcatgt catcggcggc gcccagttcc ccggcgaccc ggacaacccg atcgccaggt      360

cccacaaggg ccccatctcc gtctatctgg ccaaggtgga caacgctgcc acggcgaacc      420

accagggtct gcaatggtaa acatacctcg ggtcaagtca gaacctctgt gatcgccgag      480

acgactaacc cctctttccc ataaacaggt tcaagatctg gcacgacggc ttcaacccct      540

ccacccggca atgggccgtc gacaccatga tcaacaacaa cggctgggtc tatttcaacc      600

tcccgcagtg catcgctccc ggccactatc tcatgcgcgt cgagctgctc gctctccact      660

cggccaccta ccaaggccag gcgcagttct acatctcgtg cgcccagatc aacgtccagt      720

cgggcggcaa ctttactccc tggcagacgg ttagcttccc cggcgcctac caggccaacc      780

accccggcat tcaggtcaac atttacggcg ccatgggcca gccggataac ggcggcaggc      840

cctaccagat tccgggcccg gagccgattc agtgctga                              878
```

<210> 102

<211> 246

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 102

```
Met Arg Leu Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Ala Ser Ala Leu Ser Val Gln
1               5                  10                  15

Gly His Ala Ile Phe Gln Arg Val Thr Val Asn Gly Gln Asp Gln Gly
            20                  25                  30

Ser Leu Thr Gly Leu Arg Ala Pro Asn Asn Asn Asn Pro Val Gln Asn
        35                  40                  45

Val Asn Ser Gln Asp Ile Ile Cys Gly Ala Pro Gly Ser Arg Ser Gln
    50                  55                  60

Ser Val Ile Asn Val Asn Ala Gly Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Trp Tyr Gln
65                  70                  75                  80

His Val Ile Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Pro Gly Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Ile
                85                  90                  95

Ala Arg Ser His Lys Gly Pro Ile Ser Val Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Asp
            100                 105                 110

Asn Ala Ala Thr Ala Asn His Gln Gly Leu Gln Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp
        115                 120                 125

His Asp Gly Phe Asn Pro Ser Thr Arg Gln Trp Ala Val Asp Thr Met
    130                 135                 140

Ile Asn Asn Asn Gly Trp Val Tyr Phe Asn Leu Pro Gln Cys Ile Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Pro Gly His Tyr Leu Met Arg Val Glu Leu Leu Ala Leu His Ser Ala
                165                 170                 175

Thr Tyr Gln Gly Gln Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln Ile Asn
            180                 185                 190

Val Gln Ser Gly Gly Asn Phe Thr Pro Trp Gln Thr Val Ser Phe Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ala Tyr Gln Ala Asn His Pro Gly Ile Gln Val Asn Ile Tyr Gly
    210                 215                 220

Ala Met Gly Gln Pro Asp Asn Gly Gly Arg Pro Tyr Gln Ile Pro Gly
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Glu Pro Ile Gln Cys

                245
```

<210> 103

<211> 1067

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 103

```
atgggaccga cctgggcagt gattctgggg ctgattgctc cttctgtgct cagtcacagt       60

tgcgtctccc aacagacctc tcgactttta tcaagctggt actgactcat aacccaactc      120
```

```
acctagatat ccatgggatc ctcctggtca atggcacaga gacaccagag tggaaatacg      180

tcctgtatgt ttcctcatat cctagcccca ttgtacgagt tgttgacgtg atacagcgat      240

gttgcgccgg cggttccaat ttcaaaccca gactctctcc cccctggata ccaaggctat      300

aaggttgatc ccatcatcgg atccgggaac cccaacatca cttgtggccg gctagcattt      360

gactcggcac ccaagacgca aatcgccgat gtgctagccg gctccgaggt aggattccga      420

gtctcggctg atggcttggg aaatcgggat ctggagaagg gctacatccc gacgttctgg      480

cacccaggtc cggcccaggc atacttgtca cgtgccccga acgacgacct gtacagctac      540

aaaggcgacg gggactggtt caagattgcc tacgctggcc cggtggacga cctgacgtgg      600

tccctttggc cgggagtttc agatgtatgt tcatcctcca tagtcctgtt tttgccctct      660

ccaggaccaa attattaata tcgagtcgca gttcaacttc accattccgt tgtcgacacc      720

ccctggcaag tatttgctcc gaatcgagaa cttcatgcca acggcctcga caggatatct      780

tcagttctac gtcaattgtg catttgtcaa catcattgga ccaggaggtg ggaccccgac      840

cgagttcatt cgaattcccg gggattacac cgacgaggat ccaggtgagt ttgtgttatg      900

agacatgttc aactcgcacc gacgaatgct tgtttcctga cagagatttg taaaaactag      960

gctttctcgt tcccccggag caaagctcct tggatggcag agtcccaagg gaccagttga     1020

aactgatgag ctacacgcca ccaggtcctg cggtgtggac ggggtga                   1067
```

<210> 104

<211> 265

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 104

```
Met Gly Pro Thr Trp Ala Val Ile Leu Gly Leu Ile Ala Pro Ser Val
1               5                  10                  15

Leu Asn Ile His Gly Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Gly Thr Glu Thr Pro Glu
            20                  25                  30

Trp Lys Tyr Val Leu Asp Val Ala Pro Ala Val Pro Ile Ser Asn Pro
        35                  40                  45

Asp Ser Leu Pro Pro Gly Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Lys Val Asp Pro Ile Ile
    50                  55                  60

Gly Ser Gly Asn Pro Asn Ile Thr Cys Gly Arg Leu Ala Phe Asp Ser
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Pro Lys Thr Gln Ile Ala Asp Val Leu Ala Gly Ser Glu Val Gly
                85                  90                  95

Phe Arg Val Ser Ala Asp Gly Leu Gly Asn Arg Asp Leu Glu Lys Gly
            100                 105                 110

Tyr Ile Pro Thr Phe Trp His Pro Gly Pro Ala Gln Ala Tyr Leu Ser
        115                 120                 125

Arg Ala Pro Asn Asp Asp Leu Tyr Ser Tyr Lys Gly Asp Gly Asp Trp
    130                 135                 140

Phe Lys Ile Ala Tyr Ala Gly Pro Val Asp Asp Leu Thr Trp Ser Leu
145                 150                 155                 160

Trp Pro Gly Val Ser Asp Phe Asn Phe Thr Ile Pro Leu Ser Thr Pro
                165                 170                 175

Pro Gly Lys Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ile Glu Asn Phe Met Pro Thr Ala Ser
            180                 185                 190
```

```
Thr Gly Tyr Leu Gln Phe Tyr Val Asn Cys Ala Phe Val Asn Ile Ile
        195                 200                 205

Gly Pro Gly Gly Gly Thr Pro Thr Glu Phe Ile Arg Ile Pro Gly Asp
    210                 215                 220

Tyr Thr Asp Glu Asp Pro Gly Phe Leu Val Pro Pro Glu Gln Ser Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Leu Asp Gly Arg Val Pro Arg Asp Gln Leu Lys Leu Met Ser Tyr Thr
                245                 250                 255

Pro Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Trp Thr Gly
            260                 265
```

<210> 105

<211> 1035

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 105

```
atgaaggccc tcaccctcct cgccgccgcg accgcggcct cggcgcacac catcttcgtg       60

cagctcgagg ccgacggcac gcgctacccc gtctcgcacg gcgtgcgcac cccgcagtac      120

gacggcccca tcaccgacgt ctcgtccaac gacctggcct gcaacggcgg gcccaacccg      180

accatgaaga cggacaagat catcaccgtg acggcgggca gcaccgtcaa ggccatctgg      240

cggcacacgc tgcagtcggg ccccaacgac gtcatggacc ccagccacaa gggcccgacg      300

ctggcgtacc tgaagaaggt ggacaacgcg ctgacggatt cgggcgtggg cggcggctgg      360

ttcaagatcc aggaggacgg gcacagcaat gggaattggg gcacgctcaa ggtaatcaac      420

aaccagggca ttcactatat cgatatcccc gactgcatcg acagcgggca gtatttgttg      480

cgggccgaga tgatcgctct gcacgctgcc gggtcgccgg gcggtgcgca gctttatgtg      540

agtttcttcc ttcttttctt cttctctccc tttgtgataa gaataaagat ccacaccaca      600

gtcaaaccaa agcatcctaa cctcggcatc tactcacaga tggaatgcgc ccaaatcgaa      660

atcgtcggcg gcaagggcac cgtcaagccc cagacctact ccatcccggg catctacaag      720

tccaacgacc cgggcatcct catcaacatc tactccatgt cgccctcgag ccagtacatc      780

atccccggcc cgcccctctt cacctgcaac ggcggcggcg gcagcaacaa cggcggcggc      840

aacaacggcg gcagcaaccc ccccgtccag cagccccccg ccaccaccct caccaccgcc      900

atcgcccagc ccacgcccat ctgctccgtc cagcagtggg gtcagtgcgg cggccagggc      960

tatagcggct gcaccacctg cgcgtcgccg tataggtgta acgagatcaa cgcgtggtat     1020

tcgcagtgct tgtaa                                                      1035
```

<210> 106

<211> 310

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 106

```
Met Lys Ala Leu Thr Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Ser Ala His
1               5                   10                  15

Thr Ile Phe Val Gln Leu Glu Ala Asp Gly Thr Arg Tyr Pro Val Ser
            20                  25                  30

His Gly Val Arg Thr Pro Gln Tyr Asp Gly Pro Ile Thr Asp Val Ser
        35                  40                  45
```

```
Ser Asn Asp Leu Ala Cys Asn Gly Gly Pro Asn Pro Thr Met Lys Thr
    50                  55                  60

Asp Lys Ile Ile Thr Val Thr Ala Gly Ser Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Trp
65                  70                  75                  80

Arg His Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Pro Asn Asp Val Met Asp Pro Ser His
                85                  90                  95

Lys Gly Pro Thr Leu Ala Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Thr
            100                 105                 110

Asp Ser Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Gln Glu Asp Gly His
        115                 120                 125

Ser Asn Gly Asn Trp Gly Thr Leu Lys Val Ile Asn Asn Gln Gly Ile
    130                 135                 140

His Tyr Ile Asp Ile Pro Asp Cys Ile Asp Ser Gly Gln Tyr Leu Leu
145                 150                 155                 160

Arg Ala Glu Met Ile Ala Leu His Ala Ala Gly Ser Pro Gly Gly Ala
                165                 170                 175

Gln Leu Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Ile Glu Ile Val Gly Gly Lys Gly
            180                 185                 190

Thr Val Lys Pro Gln Thr Tyr Ser Ile Pro Gly Ile Tyr Lys Ser Asn
        195                 200                 205

Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Ser Met Ser Pro Ser Ser Gln
    210                 215                 220

Tyr Ile Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro Leu Phe Thr Cys Asn Gly Gly Gly Gly
225                 230                 235                 240

Ser Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Gly Gly Ser Asn Pro Pro Val Gln
                245                 250                 255

Gln Pro Pro Ala Thr Thr Leu Thr Thr Ala Ile Ala Gln Pro Thr Pro
            260                 265                 270

Ile Cys Ser Val Gln Gln Trp Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Gln Gly Tyr Ser
        275                 280                 285

Gly Cys Thr Thr Cys Ala Ser Pro Tyr Arg Cys Asn Glu Ile Asn Ala
    290                 295                 300

Trp Tyr Ser Gln Cys Leu
305                 310
```

<210> 107

<211> 1065

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 107

```
atggctccca agacctcgac gttccttgcc tccctcacgg gcgccgccct cgtggctgcc       60

cacggccatg tcagccacat cattgtcaat ggcgtccagt accggaacta cgaccccacc      120

accgacttct acagcggcaa ccctccgacc gtgatcggct ggtcggccct caaccaggac      180

aacggcttca tcgagcccaa caacttcggc acccccgaca tcatctgcca taagtcggcc      240

aagcccggcg gcggccacgt cacggtgagg gccggtgaca agatcagcat cgtctggacc      300

cccgagtggc ccgagtcgca cgtcggcccc gtcatcgact accttgccgc gtgcaacggc      360
```

```
gactgcgaga cggtcgacaa gacctccctc cgcttcttca agatcgacgg cgccggctac      420

gacgccgcgg ccggccgctg ggccgccgac gctctgcgcg ccaacggcaa ctcgtggctt      480

gtgcagatcc ccgccgacct caaggccggc aactacgtgc ttcggcacga gatcatcgcc      540

ctgcacggcg ccgccaaccc caacggcgcc caggcctacc cgcagtgcat caacatccgc      600

gtcaccggcg gcggcaacaa ccagccctcg ggcgtccccg gcacccagct ctacaaggcc      660

tcggacccgg gcatcctctt caacccctgg gtcgccaacc ctcagtaccc cgtcccgggc      720

ccggccctca tccccggcgc cgtgagctcc atccctcaga gccgctcgac cgccaccgcc      780

acgggcaccg ccacccgccc cggcgccgac acggacccga cgggcgtccc tcccgtcgtc      840

accaccactt ctgccccggc tcaggtgacc accaccacca gcagccgcac cacctccctc      900

cctcagatca ccaccacctt cgcgaccagc accaccccgc cgccccggc cgctacccag      960

agcaagtggg gccagtgcgg cggcaacggc tggaccggcc cgaccgtctg cgcgccgggc     1020

tcgagctgca acaagctcaa cgactggtac tcgcagtgca tctaa                     1065
```

<210> 108

<211> 354

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 108

```
Met Ala Pro Lys Thr Ser Thr Phe Leu Ala Ser Leu Thr Gly Ala Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Leu Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Ser His Ile Ile Val Asn Gly Val
            20                  25                  30

Gln Tyr Arg Asn Tyr Asp Pro Thr Thr Asp Phe Tyr Ser Gly Asn Pro
        35                  40                  45

Pro Thr Val Ile Gly Trp Ser Ala Leu Asn Gln Asp Asn Gly Phe Ile
    50                  55                  60

Glu Pro Asn Asn Phe Gly Thr Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Ser Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Lys Pro Gly Gly Gly His Val Thr Val Arg Ala Gly Asp Lys Ile Ser
                85                  90                  95

Ile Val Trp Thr Pro Glu Trp Pro Glu Ser His Val Gly Pro Val Ile
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Ala Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys Thr
        115                 120                 125

Ser Leu Arg Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Gly Ala Gly Tyr Asp Ala Ala Ala
    130                 135                 140

Gly Arg Trp Ala Ala Asp Ala Leu Arg Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Trp Leu
145                 150                 155                 160

Val Gln Ile Pro Ala Asp Leu Lys Ala Gly Asn Tyr Val Leu Arg His
                165                 170                 175

Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Gly Ala Ala Asn Pro Asn Gly Ala Gln Ala
            180                 185                 190

Tyr Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Ile Arg Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Gln
        195                 200                 205

Pro Ser Gly Val Pro Gly Thr Gln Leu Tyr Lys Ala Ser Asp Pro Gly
    210                 215                 220
```

```
Ile Leu Phe Asn Pro Trp Val Ala Asn Pro Gln Tyr Pro Val Pro Gly
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ala Leu Ile Pro Gly Ala Val Ser Ser Ile Pro Gln Ser Arg Ser
                245                 250                 255

Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Gly Thr Ala Thr Arg Pro Gly Ala Asp Thr Asp
            260                 265                 270

Pro Thr Gly Val Pro Pro Val Val Thr Thr Thr Ser Ala Pro Ala Gln
        275                 280                 285

Val Thr Thr Thr Thr Ser Ser Arg Thr Thr Ser Leu Pro Gln Ile Thr
    290                 295                 300

Thr Thr Phe Ala Thr Ser Thr Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Ala Thr Gln

305                 310                 315                 320

Ser Lys Trp Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Asn Gly Trp Thr Gly Pro Thr Val
                325                 330                 335

Cys Ala Pro Gly Ser Ser Cys Asn Lys Leu Asn Asp Trp Tyr Ser Gln
            340                 345                 350

Cys Ile
```

<210> 109

<211> 804

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 109

```
atgtatcttt tacctatcgc cgcggccgcc ctagcgttca ccaccaccgc atacgcccac       60

gcccaagtct acggcttgcg tgtcaacgac caacaccaag gcgatgggcg caacaaatac      120

atccgctcgc ccagcagcaa ttcccccatc cggtgggacc acgtaaccca cccattcctc      180

atctgcaaca tccgcgacga caaccaaccc ccgggtcccg cgcctgactt tgtccgcgcc      240

ttcgccggcg accgcgtggc gttccaatgg taccacgccc gccccaacga cccgacggat      300

tacgtcctcg acagctccca cctcggcgtc ctcgttacct ggatcgcgcc gtacacggac      360

gggcccggga ccggccccat ttggaccaag atccaccagg acgggtggaa cggcacgcac      420

tgggccacga gccggctcat cagcaacggc gggttcgtcg agttccggct gcccggctcg      480

ctaaagcccg ggaagtacct ggtgcggcag gagattatcg ctctgcacca ggccgacatg      540

cccggtccga accgcgggcc tgagttctac cccagctgcg cgcaattgga ggtttttggg      600

tctggtgagg cggcgccgcc gcaggggtat gatatcaaca aggggtatgc ggagagcggg      660

gataagttgt ggttcaacat ttacatcaac aagaatgatg agttcaaaat gcctggaccg      720

gaggtttggg atggtgggtg tcggtttgga gagcgatggg caaccgagga accaggcaag      780

cccaaggtga accaacacgg ataa                                             804
```

<210> 110

<211> 267

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 110

```
Met Tyr Leu Leu Pro Ile Ala Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Phe Thr Thr Thr
1               5                   10                  15
```

```
Ala Tyr Ala His Ala Gln Val Tyr Gly Leu Arg Val Asn Asp Gln His
            20                  25                  30

Gln Gly Asp Gly Arg Asn Lys Tyr Ile Arg Ser Pro Ser Ser Asn Ser
        35                  40                  45

Pro Ile Arg Trp Asp His Val Thr His Pro Phe Leu Ile Cys Asn Ile
    50                  55                  60

Arg Asp Asp Asn Gln Pro Pro Gly Pro Ala Pro Asp Phe Val Arg Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Phe Ala Gly Asp Arg Val Ala Phe Gln Trp Tyr His Ala Arg Pro Asn
                85                  90                  95

Asp Pro Thr Asp Tyr Val Leu Asp Ser Ser His Leu Gly Val Leu Val
            100                 105                 110

Thr Trp Ile Ala Pro Tyr Thr Asp Gly Pro Gly Thr Gly Pro Ile Trp
        115                 120                 125

Thr Lys Ile His Gln Asp Gly Trp Asn Gly Thr His Trp Ala Thr Ser
    130                 135                 140

Arg Leu Ile Ser Asn Gly Gly Phe Val Glu Phe Arg Leu Pro Gly Ser
145                 150                 155                 160

Leu Lys Pro Gly Lys Tyr Leu Val Arg Gln Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His
                165                 170                 175

Gln Ala Asp Met Pro Gly Pro Asn Arg Gly Pro Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser
            180                 185                 190

Cys Ala Gln Leu Glu Val Phe Gly Ser Gly Glu Ala Ala Pro Pro Gln
        195                 200                 205

Gly Tyr Asp Ile Asn Lys Gly Tyr Ala Glu Ser Gly Asp Lys Leu Trp
    210                 215                 220

Phe Asn Ile Tyr Ile Asn Lys Asn Asp Glu Phe Lys Met Pro Gly Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Glu Val Trp Asp Gly Gly Cys Arg Phe Gly Glu Arg Trp Ala Thr Glu
                245                 250                 255

Glu Pro Gly Lys Pro Lys Val Asn Gln His Gly
            260                 265
```

<210> 111

<211> 843

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 111

```
atgaagctcc tcgctcctct gatgctggct ggcgccgcca gcgcccgtga gtaacccctg       60

gctggatctc atgctggtgc cagtgttcca tgactgacaa ccaccctcag acaccatctt      120

cacctccctc gaggttgatg gccgcaacta cggcacgggc aacggcgtcc gcgtcccctc      180

ctacaacggc cccgtcgagg atgtcacgtc caactcgatc gcctgcaacg gcccgccgaa      240

cccgaccagc ccgaccgaca cggtcatcac cgtccaggct ggccagaacg tgactgccat      300

ctggcggtac atgctcaaca cccagggcac ctcgcccaac gacatcatgg acagcagcca      360

caagggtcct actctcgcct acctcaagaa ggtcaacgat gcccggactg actcgggcgt      420

cggcgatggc tggttcaaga tcgcagcagg cggcttcgag ggcaccacct gggacaccga      480
```

```
gcgcgtcatc ttcggccagg gccgtcacac catcaagatc cccgagtgca tcgagcccgg      540

ccagtacctg ctgcgtgctg agatgatcgc cctccacggc gcccagaact acccgggtgc      600

tcagttctac atggagtgcg cccagctcaa cattgtcggt ggcaccggca ccaagaaacc      660

cagcaccgtc agcttccctg gcgcttacaa ggtatgtccg agtttggtac cgagataact      720

ggagatgaga aaagtgatgc taacaaacca tgacagggca ccgaccccgg cgtcaagctc      780

agcatctggt ggccgcccgt caccaactac gtcattcccg gccccgatgt cttcaagtgc      840

taa                                                                    843
```

<210> 112

<211> 237

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 112

```
Met Lys Leu Leu Ala Pro Leu Met Leu Ala Gly Ala Ala Ser Ala His
1               5                  10                  15

Thr Ile Phe Thr Ser Leu Glu Val Asp Gly Arg Asn Tyr Gly Thr Gly
            20                  25                  30

Asn Gly Val Arg Val Pro Ser Tyr Asn Gly Pro Val Glu Asp Val Thr
        35                  40                  45

Ser Asn Ser Ile Ala Cys Asn Gly Pro Pro Asn Pro Thr Ser Pro Thr
    50                  55                  60

Asp Thr Val Ile Thr Val Gln Ala Gly Gln Asn Val Thr Ala Ile Trp
65                  70                  75                  80

Arg Tyr Met Leu Asn Thr Gln Gly Thr Ser Pro Asn Asp Ile Met Asp
                85                  90                  95

Ser Ser His Lys Gly Pro Thr Leu Ala Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Asn Asp
            100                 105                 110

Ala Arg Thr Asp Ser Gly Val Gly Asp Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Gln His
        115                 120                 125

Asp Gly Phe Asp Gly Thr Thr Trp Gly Thr Glu Arg Val Ile Phe Gly
    130                 135                 140

Gln Gly Arg His Thr Ile Lys Ile Pro Glu Cys Ile Glu Pro Gly Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Met Ile Ala Leu His Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Pro Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Leu Asn Ile Val Gly
            180                 185                 190

Gly Thr Gly Thr Lys Lys Pro Ser Thr Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr
        195                 200                 205

Lys Gly Thr Asp Pro Gly Val Lys Leu Ser Ile Trp Trp Pro Pro Val
    210                 215                 220

Thr Asn Tyr Val Ile Pro Gly Pro Asp Val Phe Lys Cys
225                 230                 235
```

<210> 113

<211> 705

<212> DNA
<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 113
atgaagctcc tctcaaccct cgccgccatt gcggccacct tggccacggc ggatgcgcac 60

tacatcttca acatcctgta cgtcaacggc cagcgcatgg gcggcgagta cacctacgtg 120

cggcgcaact ccaactcgta cttccccgtg ttccccgaca tcctcaactc caacgacatg 180

cgttgcaacg tgggtgccag accgggcaac acccaaaccg ccaccgtcag ggccggcgac 240

aggatcggct tcaaggtctt caacaacgag gtcatcgagc accctggtcc cggcttcatc 300

tacatgtcca aagccccggg cagcgtcaac aactatgacg gcagcgggga ctggttcaag 360

gtttacgaga ccggtctctg ccgcggtggt ggcaacgtcg acaccaactg gtgctcgtac 420

tacaaggacc ggctcgagtt taccatcccg cccaagactc ctcccggcga gtatctggtg 480

cgtatcgagc atatcggtct gcacgagggc cacgtcaaca gggcgcagtt ctacatcacc 540

tgcgcgcagc tcaagattga ggggcccggc ggcggcaacc cgaacccact cgtgaagatc 600

ccgggcatct acagggccaa cgaccccggc atcgcctaca acaagtggac caacaacccg 660

gcgccgtaca tcatgccggg tcccaaggtg tgggatggca actaa 705

<210> 114
<211> 234
<212> PRT
<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 114
Met Lys Leu Leu Ser Thr Leu Ala Ala Ile Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Thr
1 5 10 15

Ala Asp Ala His Tyr Ile Phe Asn Ile Leu Tyr Val Asn Gly Gln Arg
20 25 30

Met Gly Gly Glu Tyr Thr Tyr Val Arg Arg Asn Ser Asn Ser Tyr Phe
35 40 45

Pro Val Phe Pro Asp Ile Leu Asn Ser Asn Asp Met Arg Cys Asn Val
50 55 60

Gly Ala Arg Pro Gly Asn Thr Gln Thr Ala Thr Val Arg Ala Gly Asp
65 70 75 80

Arg Ile Gly Phe Lys Val Phe Asn Asn Glu Val Ile Glu His Pro Gly
85 90 95

Pro Gly Phe Ile Tyr Met Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ser Val Asn Asn Tyr
100 105 110

Asp Gly Ser Gly Asp Trp Phe Lys Val Tyr Glu Thr Gly Leu Cys Arg
115 120 125

Gly Gly Gly Asn Val Asp Thr Asn Trp Cys Ser Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Arg
130 135 140

Leu Glu Phe Thr Ile Pro Pro Lys Thr Pro Pro Gly Glu Tyr Leu Val
145 150 155 160

Arg Ile Glu His Ile Gly Leu His Glu Gly His Val Asn Arg Ala Gln
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Ile Thr Cys Ala Gln Leu Lys Ile Glu Gly Pro Gly Gly Gly
180 185 190

```
Asn Pro Asn Pro Leu Val Lys Ile Pro Gly Ile Tyr Arg Ala Asn Asp
        195                 200                 205

Pro Gly Ile Ala Tyr Asn Lys Trp Thr Asn Asn Pro Ala Pro Tyr Ile
    210                 215                 220

Met Pro Gly Pro Lys Val Trp Asp Gly Asn
225                 230
```

<210> 115

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 115

```
atgctgggaa gcgctcttct gctcctgggc actgccctgg gcgccaccgc ccactacacg       60

ttccctagga tcaacagcgg cggcgactgg cagtatgtcc gccgggccga caactggcag      120

gacaacggct tcgttggcaa cgtcaactcg cctcagatcc ggtgcttcca gagcaggcac      180

caggccgccc cggccaccct caacgtcacc gccggctcca cggtgacctа ctacgccaat      240

cccaacgtct atcaccccgg cccgatggcc ttctacatgg cccgcgtccc cgatggccag      300

gatatcaact cgtggaccgg cgagggtgcc gtgtggttca agatctacca cgagcagcct      360

accggcctgg gccagcagct gaggtggtct agcgatggta cgtgaatggt gatcctgtgg      420

catctcaacc tcttccagac ttctgacccg agccccgcg gccctacagg caagaactcg      480

ttccaggttc agatcccccg ctgcatccgc tctggctact acctgctccg tgctgagcac      540

atcggcttgc acagcgccgg cagccctggt ggcgctcagt tctacatctc ttgcgcccag      600

ctcgccgtca acggcggtgg cagcaccgag ccccccaaca aggtgtcctt ccctggtgcc      660

tacagcccgt ccgaccccgg cattcagatc aacatctact ggcctgttcc gacctcgtac      720

aagaaccccg gccccccggt cttccagtgc taa                                   753
```

<210> 116

<211> 226

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 116

```
Met Leu Gly Ser Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Gly Ala Thr
1               5                   10                  15

Ala His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Arg Ile Asn Ser Gly Gly Asp Trp Gln Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Val Arg Arg Ala Asp Asn Trp Gln Asp Asn Gly Phe Val Gly Asn Val
        35                  40                  45

Asn Ser Pro Gln Ile Arg Cys Phe Gln Ser Arg His Gln Ala Ala Pro
    50                  55                  60

Ala Thr Leu Asn Val Thr Ala Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Tyr Tyr Ala Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Asn Val Tyr His Pro Gly Pro Met Ala Phe Tyr Met Ala Arg Val
                85                  90                  95

Pro Asp Gly Gln Asp Ile Asn Ser Trp Thr Gly Glu Gly Ala Val Trp
            100                 105                 110

Phe Lys Ile Tyr His Glu Gln Pro Thr Gly Leu Gly Gln Gln Leu Arg
        115                 120                 125
```

```
Trp Ser Ser Asp Gly Lys Asn Ser Phe Gln Val Gln Ile Pro Arg Cys
    130                 135                 140

Ile Arg Ser Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu His Ile Gly Leu His
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Ala Gly Ser Pro Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln
                165                 170                 175

Leu Ala Val Asn Gly Gly Gly Ser Thr Glu Pro Pro Asn Lys Val Ser
            180                 185                 190

Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Pro Ser Asp Pro Gly Ile Gln Ile Asn Ile
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Trp Pro Val Pro Thr Ser Tyr Lys Asn Pro Gly Pro Pro Val Phe
    210                 215                 220

Gln Cys
225
```

<210> 117

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 117

```
atgaagctgc ttcctgggtt gcttctggca gccacggctg cccaagccca ttgtacgttt       60

ccgatcccca agaccatctt cgagaatttt cgagccagat ctttctgaga gagttgctga      120

caattcctgc tagacacatt ccccaggctc gttgtcaacg ggcagcctga ggagagggac      180

tggtcggtca ctcggatgac aaagaaccac cagagcaagt cgggaattga aaacccaact      240

agccccgaca tccgttgcta cagctcgcag actgccccta acgtggcgat tgtgccggcc      300

gggtctacca tccactacat ctcgacccaa caaatcaacc atcctggccc gactcagtac      360

tatctcgcca aggtcccagc tggtcagtca gccaagacct gggatggctc tggcaacgtg      420

tggttcaaga tcgccacgag catgccggag tacgatcaaa acaggcagct ggtttggccc      480

ggtcatagta aggactcact ctcgtccgat catctctttt gagtgagtct tgggcatacc      540

cactgactac gtctgctatg acagatacct atcagaccat caacgccacc atcccggcca      600

acacgccgag cggagagtac ctcctgcgtg tcgagcaaat tgccctccac atggccagcc      660

agccgaacaa ggcccagttc tacatctcgt gctctcagat tcagattacc aatggcggaa      720

acggcactcc gggccctcta gttgcattcc cgggggcata caggagcaac gaccctggca      780

tcctggtcaa tctctacagc ggcatgcagc cttcgcagta ccagcccccc ggaccggccg      840

tgtggcgtgg ctga                                                        854
```

<210> 118

<211> 231

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 118

```
Met Lys Leu Leu Pro Gly Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala
1               5                   10                  15

His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Arg Leu Val Val Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Glu Arg
            20                  25                  30

Asp Trp Ser Val Thr Arg Met Thr Lys Asn His Gln Ser Lys Ser Gly
        35                  40                  45
```

```
Ile Glu Asn Pro Thr Ser Pro Asp Ile Arg Cys Tyr Ser Ser Gln Thr
    50                  55                  60

Ala Pro Asn Val Ala Ile Val Pro Ala Gly Ser Thr Ile His Tyr Ile
65                  70                  75                  80

Ser Thr Gln Gln Ile Asn His Pro Gly Pro Thr Gln Tyr Tyr Leu Ala
                85                  90                  95

Lys Val Pro Ala Gly Gln Ser Ala Lys Thr Trp Asp Gly Ser Gly Asn
            100                 105                 110

Val Trp Phe Lys Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Pro Glu Tyr Asp Gln Asn Arg
        115                 120                 125

Gln Leu Val Trp Pro Gly His Asn Thr Tyr Gln Thr Ile Asn Ala Thr

    130                 135                 140

Ile Pro Ala Asn Thr Pro Ser Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val Glu Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Ala Leu His Met Ala Ser Gln Pro Asn Lys Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ile
                165                 170                 175

Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Gln Ile Thr Asn Gly Gly Asn Gly Thr Pro Gly
            180                 185                 190

Pro Leu Val Ala Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Arg Ser Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile
        195                 200                 205

Leu Val Asn Leu Tyr Ser Gly Met Gln Pro Ser Gln Tyr Gln Pro Pro
    210                 215                 220

Gly Pro Ala Val Trp Arg Gly
225                 230
```

<210> 119

<211> 863

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 119

```
atgctcctga actcggtcat cggctcggcc gtcctcctgg ccaccggcgc cgccgcccac       60

ggtgccgtga ccagctacgt cattgccggg aagaactacc ctgggtaggt aacctcgtgg      120

aagcgaatgc aggcagttca ttcactaaca catacctccg ttagctacaa cggctacgcc      180

ccgtccacca cccccaacac gatccagtgg caatggtcga cctacgaccc catctactcc      240

gccaccgacc ccaagctccg ctgcaacggc ggccgctcgg ccacgcagtc cgccccggct      300

gctccgggcg acaacatcac cgccatctgg cagcagtgga cgcatagcca gggccccatc      360

ctcgtctgga tgtacaagtg tcccggcgcc ttcagctcgt gcgacggctc gggccagggc      420

tggttcaaga ttgacgaggc cggcttcaat ggcgacggca agaccgtgtt cctcgacacc      480

gagcgccccc ccggctggga gatcgccaag ctggttggcg gcaacaaggg ctggaccagc      540

accatcccca agaacctggc cccgggcaac tacctggtcc gccacgagtt gattgccctt      600

caccaggcca acgccccgca gtggtaccct gagtgcgcgc aggtcgtgat caccggctcg      660

ggcactaagg agccgcctgc gtcgtacaag gctgccattc ccggctactg caaccagaac      720

gatcccaaca ttcgggtatg tgaggcctat ttggagttcg gctaaggcat gatactaact      780

ctacccccca ggttcctatc aacgaccact ccatcccccg gacctacaag atccctggcc      840
```

ctccggtctg gcgcggcgag taa 863

<210> 120

<211> 248

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 120

```
Met Leu Leu Asn Ser Val Ile Gly Ser Ala Val Leu Leu Ala Thr Gly
1               5                  10                  15

Ala Ala Ala His Gly Ala Val Thr Ser Tyr Val Ile Ala Gly Lys Asn
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Pro Gly Tyr Asn Gly Tyr Ala Pro Ser Thr Thr Pro Asn Thr Ile
        35                  40                  45

Gln Trp Gln Trp Ser Thr Tyr Asp Pro Ile Tyr Ser Ala Thr Asp Pro
    50                  55                  60

Lys Leu Arg Cys Asn Gly Gly Arg Ser Ala Thr Gln Ser Ala Pro Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Pro Gly Asp Asn Ile Thr Ala Ile Trp Gln Gln Trp Thr His Ser
                85                  90                  95

Gln Gly Pro Ile Leu Val Trp Met Tyr Lys Cys Pro Gly Ala Phe Ser
            100                 105                 110

Ser Cys Asp Gly Ser Gly Gln Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Asp Glu Ala Gly
        115                 120                 125

Phe Asn Gly Asp Gly Lys Thr Val Phe Leu Asp Thr Glu Arg Pro Ser
    130                 135                 140

Gly Trp Glu Ile Ala Lys Leu Val Gly Gly Asn Lys Gly Trp Thr Ser
145                 150                 155                 160

Thr Ile Pro Lys Asn Leu Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Leu Val Arg His Glu
                165                 170                 175

Leu Ile Ala Leu His Gln Ala Asn Ala Pro Gln Trp Tyr Pro Glu Cys
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Val Val Ile Thr Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Glu Pro Pro Ala Ser
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Lys Ala Ala Ile Pro Gly Tyr Cys Asn Gln Asn Asp Pro Asn Ile
    210                 215                 220

Arg Val Pro Ile Asn Asp His Ser Ile Pro Gln Thr Tyr Lys Ile Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Pro Pro Val Trp Arg Gly Glu
                245
```

<210> 121

<211> 883

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 121

atgaagctca ccacctccat cgccctgctg gctgcggccg gcgcgcaggc tcactgtacg 60

tgctccctca tctcatccat ctcctcagac catgttttac ctattggtta ctaacaagct 120

```
ctcacgcaga caccttcccc cgcaccaagg tcgacggcgt cacctcgggc gagtgggaga      180

cgatccgcat caccgagaac cactggtcgc acggccccgt gacggacgtg acctcgcagg      240

ccatgacgtg ctacgagaag acgcccggcc agggcgcgcc caagacggtt aacgtgaagg      300

ccggcggcac cgtcaccttc accgtcgaca cggacgtggg ccacccgggc ccgctgcact      360

tctacttggc caaggtgccc gcgggcaaga cggccgcgac gtttgacggc aagggcgccg      420

tgtggttcaa gatttaccag gacggccccg gcgggttggg gaccagctcg ttgacttggc      480

ctagctttgg tgagctttct tttctttatt ttcttcaatc ctcccataat tacctcccga      540

cgaggaaata aatatacctt acctgatatt aacccatccc cccccacctc ctccaggcaa      600

gaaggaagtc tctgtccaaa tccccccctg cgtgcaggac ggcgagtacc tgctgcgcgt      660

cgagcacatt gcgctgcaca gcgccgcgag cgtcggcggc gcgcagctct acatttcgtg      720

cgcgcaaatc aacgtcaccg gcggcaccgg cacgctcaac ccgggccagc tcgtctcgtt      780

cccgggcgcc tacaagccca ccgacccggg catcctgttc cagctctact ggccgccgcc      840

gacccagtac atcaaccccg gtccggcgcc ggtgaagtgc tga                        883
```

<210> 122

<211> 233

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 122

```
Met Lys Leu Thr Thr Ser Ile Ala Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gln
1               5                   10                  15

Ala His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Arg Thr Lys Val Asp Gly Val Thr Ser Gly
            20                  25                  30

Glu Trp Glu Thr Ile Arg Ile Thr Glu Asn His Trp Ser His Gly Pro
        35                  40                  45

Val Thr Asp Val Thr Ser Gln Ala Met Thr Cys Tyr Glu Lys Thr Pro
    50                  55                  60

Gly Gln Gly Ala Pro Lys Thr Val Asn Val Lys Ala Gly Gly Thr Val
65                  70                  75                  80

Thr Phe Thr Val Asp Thr Asp Val Gly His Pro Gly Pro Leu His Phe
                85                  90                  95

Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Pro Ala Gly Lys Thr Ala Ala Thr Phe Asp Gly
            100                 105                 110

Lys Gly Ala Val Trp Phe Lys Ile Tyr Gln Asp Gly Pro Gly Gly Leu
        115                 120                 125

Gly Thr Ser Ser Leu Thr Trp Pro Ser Phe Gly Lys Lys Glu Val Ser
    130                 135                 140

Val Gln Ile Pro Pro Cys Val Gln Asp Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Glu His Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Leu
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln Ile Asn Val Thr Gly Gly Thr Gly Thr Leu
            180                 185                 190

Asn Pro Gly Gln Leu Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Pro Thr Asp
        195                 200                 205
```

```
Pro Gly Ile Leu Phe Gln Leu Tyr Trp Pro Pro Pro Thr Gln Tyr Ile
    210                 215                 220

Asn Pro Gly Pro Ala Pro Val Lys Cys
225                 230
```

<210> 123

<211> 928

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 123

```
atgaagactc tcgcatccgc cctcattgcc gcgggccttc tggcccagta cgccgctgcc       60

catgccattt tccagtttgc cagcagcggt ggcactgact ttgggacgtc ctgtgttagg      120

atgccggtga gtgaacgggt gcccctgaac atgtgttgct cacgaaacaa ggttatgttg      180

actctataca gcccaacaac tctcccgtca cgagcgtcac cagcagtgac atggcttgca      240

atgttggcgg atctcgcggt gtatctggca tttgcgaggt gaacggtaag agttctcctc      300

agccttttct ctgtcaagca ctaaacagca ctcgctaacc atttcaatct cagccggctc      360

cgacttcacc gtcgagatgc acgcgcagcc caacgaccgg tcgtgcgcca gcgaagccat      420

tggcggcaac cacttcgggc ccgtcatggt gtacatggcc aaggtggacg acgcgacgcg      480

ggcggacggt gcgtcggcgt cttggttcaa ggtggacgag ttcggctacg acgccggctc      540

caagacatgg ggaaccgaca tgctcaacaa gaactgcggc aagcggacgt tccgcatccc      600

gagcaaaatc ccgtctgggg actatctggt gcgtgcggag gctattgctt tgcacaccgc      660

gggccagccg tcgggtgcgc agttttatat gagctgctat gtgagttctt ccatgcttcc      720

ccttgtggtg tcactgtata gaagatgcta atatctccca cagcaagttc gcatcaaggg      780

cagcaacaac ggtcagcttc cggctggtgt tcggattcct ggcgcctaca gcgcgacgga      840

cccgggcatc ctcgtcgata tctggggcaa tggtttcagc cagtacacta ttcctggccc      900

tcgtgtcatt gatgggagct ttttctga                                         928
```

<210> 124

<211> 243

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 124

```
Met Lys Thr Leu Ala Ser Ala Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Gln
1               5                   10                  15

Tyr Ala Ala Ala His Ala Ile Phe Gln Phe Ala Ser Ser Gly Gly Thr
            20                  25                  30

Asp Phe Gly Thr Ser Cys Val Arg Met Pro Pro Asn Asn Ser Pro Val
        35                  40                  45

Thr Ser Val Thr Ser Ser Asp Met Ala Cys Asn Val Gly Gly Ser Arg
    50                  55                  60

Gly Val Ser Gly Ile Cys Glu Val Asn Ala Gly Ser Asp Phe Thr Val
65                  70                  75                  80

Glu Met His Ala Gln Pro Asn Asp Arg Ser Cys Ala Ser Glu Ala Ile
                85                  90                  95

Gly Gly Asn His Phe Gly Pro Val Met Val Tyr Met Ala Lys Val Asp
            100                 105                 110
```

```
Asp Ala Thr Arg Ala Asp Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Trp Phe Lys Val Asp
        115                 120                 125

Glu Phe Gly Tyr Asp Ala Gly Ser Lys Thr Trp Gly Thr Asp Met Leu
    130                 135                 140

Asn Lys Asn Cys Gly Lys Arg Thr Phe Arg Ile Pro Ser Lys Ile Pro
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Gly Asp Tyr Leu Val Arg Ala Glu Ala Ile Ala Leu His Thr Ala
                165                 170                 175

Gly Gln Pro Ser Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Ser Cys Tyr Gln Val Arg
            180                 185                 190

Ile Lys Gly Ser Asn Asn Gly Gln Leu Pro Ala Gly Val Arg Ile Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ala Tyr Ser Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asp Ile Trp Gly
    210                 215                 220

Asn Gly Phe Ser Gln Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Arg Val Ile Asp Gly
225                 230                 235                 240

Ser Phe Phe
```

<210> 125

<211> 1092

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 125

```
atgcctcgct tcaccaagtc cattgtctcg gccctggccg gcgcttccct ggtcgcagcc       60

cacggccatg tcacccacat cgtcatcaac ggcgtgctgt acccgaactt cgaccctaca      120

tcccaccctt acctgcagaa cccgccgacc gttgtgggct ggaccgccgc caacaccgac      180

aacggcttcg ttgctcccga ccagttcgcc tcgggcgata tcatctgcca caaccaggcc      240

accaacgcgg gcggccacgc cgtggtcgcg gccggcgaca agatttggat ccagtgggac      300

cagtggcctg agagccacca cggccccgtc ctcgactacc tcgcctcctg cggcagctcg      360

ggctgcgagt cggtcaacaa gctcgacctc gagttcttca agatcggcga aaagggcctg      420

atcgacggct cctccgcgcc gggccggtgg gcgtcggacg agctgatcgc caacaacgcc      480

ggctggctgg tccagatccc cgccgacatt gcgcccggcc actacgtcct gcgccacgaa      540

atcatcgccc tccacgccgc cggccagccc aacggcgccc agaactaccc gcagtgcttc      600

aacctcctcg tcacgggctc cggcaccgcg cggccgcagg gcgtcaaggg aacagcgctg      660

tacaccccca acgacaaggg catcttggcg ggcatctaca atgcccccgt ctcgtacgag      720

attcccggcc ccgcgctcta ctccggcgcc gccaggaact tgcagcagag ctcgtcccag      780

gccacgtcga ctgccacggc tttgactggg gacgcggtgc ctgttccgac ccaagccccc      840

gtcactacca cttcctcttc ttcggccgat gccgccaccg ccacctccac caccgtccag      900

ccgccccagc aaaccaccct cacgaccgcc atcgccacgt cgaccgctgc tgctgccccg      960

acgaccaccg ccggcagcgg aaacggtggc aaccggccct tcccaacccg ctgccctggc     1020

ctggctgggc tcgggtttga caagcgccgt cgccagctcc gcgctgagga gggtgtgcag     1080

gtggttgctt ga                                                        1092
```

<210> 126

<211> 363

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 126

```
Met Pro Arg Phe Thr Lys Ser Ile Val Ser Ala Leu Ala Gly Ala Ser
1               5                  10                  15

Leu Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Thr His Ile Val Ile Asn Gly Val
            20                  25                  30

Leu Tyr Pro Asn Phe Asp Pro Thr Ser His Pro Tyr Leu Gln Asn Pro
        35                  40                  45

Pro Thr Val Val Gly Trp Thr Ala Ala Asn Thr Asp Asn Gly Phe Val
    50                  55                  60

Ala Pro Asp Gln Phe Ala Ser Gly Asp Ile Ile Cys His Asn Gln Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Thr Asn Ala Gly Gly His Ala Val Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys Ile Trp
                85                  90                  95

Ile Gln Trp Asp Gln Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val Leu Asp
            100                 105                 110

Tyr Leu Ala Ser Cys Gly Ser Ser Gly Cys Glu Ser Val Asn Lys Leu
        115                 120                 125

Asp Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Gly Glu Lys Gly Leu Ile Asp Gly Ser
    130                 135                 140

Ser Ala Pro Gly Arg Trp Ala Ser Asp Glu Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Trp Leu Val Gln Ile Pro Ala Asp Ile Ala Pro Gly His Tyr Val
                165                 170                 175

Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ala Ala Gly Gln Pro Asn Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Leu Val Thr Gly Ser Gly
        195                 200                 205

Thr Ala Arg Pro Gln Gly Val Lys Gly Thr Ala Leu Tyr Thr Pro Asn
    210                 215                 220

Asp Lys Gly Ile Leu Ala Gly Ile Tyr Asn Ala Pro Val Ser Tyr Glu
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ala Ala Arg Asn Leu Gln Gln
                245                 250                 255

Ser Ser Ser Gln Ala Thr Ser Thr Ala Thr Ala Leu Thr Gly Asp Ala
            260                 265                 270

Val Pro Val Pro Thr Gln Ala Pro Val Thr Thr Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser
        275                 280                 285

Ala Asp Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Ser Thr Thr Val Gln Pro Pro Gln Gln
    290                 295                 300

Thr Thr Leu Thr Thr Ala Ile Ala Thr Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro
305                 310                 315                 320

Thr Thr Thr Ala Gly Ser Gly Asn Gly Gly Asn Arg Pro Phe Pro Thr
                325                 330                 335
```

```
Arg Cys Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Leu Gly Phe Asp Lys Arg Arg Arg Gln
            340                 345                 350

Leu Arg Ala Glu Glu Gly Val Gln Val Val Ala
        355                 360
```

<210> 127

<211> 1086

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 127

```
atgaagggac ttctcagcat cgccgccctt tccctggcgg ttggtgaggc ttcggcccac       60

tacatcttcc agcagctctc gacgggtggc accaagcacc ccatgtggaa gtacatccgc      120

cagcacacca actacaactc tcccgtcatc gacctcgact ccaacgacct ccgctgcaat      180

gtcggtgccc ggggtgctgg aactgagacc gttacggtcg ctgctggctc gagcctgacc      240

ttccacctcg acacccccgt ctaccaccag ggccctgtgt cggtgtaagt agaagttctc      300

agacgaacca ccaatgtcgg cagataattt ctaactccga tgtccagcta tatgtccaag      360

gctcccggct ccgtgtcgga ctatgacggc agcggcggct ggttcaagat tcaagactgg      420

ggcccgacct tcaccggcag cggcgccacc tggaagctgg atgactccta caccttcaac      480

atcccctcgt gcattcccga cggcgagtac ctcgtccgca tccagtccct gggtatccac      540

aacccctggc cggcgggtat tccgcagttc tatatctcgt gcgctcaggt gcgcgtcacc      600

ggcggtggca acgcgaaccc gagcccgcag gtgtcgatcc caggtgcctt caaggagacc      660

gacccgggct acactgccaa cgtgagtttc catccatgct acatatccct tttacgctct      720

cgatcccatg actaaccccc ccctgaaaag atctacaaca acttccgcag ctacaccgtc      780

cccggcccgt ccgtcttcac ctgcagcggc aacagcggcg gcggctccaa ccccagcaac      840

cctaaccccc cgaccccgac gaccttcacc acccaggtga ccaccccgac cccggcgtct      900

ccgccctctt gcaccgtcgc gaagtggtac gtctgaaaaa aaatctcctc caggccggac      960

atgagaaaac taacatgaac gaaaaacagg ggccagtgcg gtggccaggg ctacagcggc     1020

tgcaccaact gcgaggccgg ctcgacctgc aggcagcaga acgcttacta ttctcagtgc     1080

atctaa                                                                1086
```

<210> 128

<211> 296

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 128

```
Met Lys Gly Leu Leu Ser Ile Ala Ala Leu Ser Leu Ala Val Gly Glu
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ser Ala His Tyr Ile Phe Gln Gln Leu Ser Thr Gly Gly Thr Lys
            20                  25                  30

His Pro Met Trp Lys Tyr Ile Arg Gln His Thr Asn Tyr Asn Ser Pro
        35                  40                  45

Val Ile Asp Leu Asp Ser Asn Asp Leu Arg Cys Asn Val Gly Ala Arg
    50                  55                  60

Gly Ala Gly Thr Glu Thr Val Thr Val Ala Ala Gly Ser Ser Leu Thr
65                  70                  75                  80

Phe His Leu Asp Thr Pro Val Tyr His Gln Gly Pro Val Ser Val Tyr
                85                  90                  95
```

```
Met Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ser Val Ser Asp Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gly Gly
            100                 105                 110

Trp Phe Lys Ile Gln Asp Trp Gly Pro Thr Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ala
        115                 120                 125

Thr Trp Lys Leu Asp Asp Ser Tyr Thr Phe Asn Ile Pro Ser Cys Ile
    130                 135                 140

Pro Asp Gly Glu Tyr Leu Val Arg Ile Gln Ser Leu Gly Ile His Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Pro Trp Pro Ala Gly Ile Pro Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln Val
                165                 170                 175

Arg Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Ala Asn Pro Ser Pro Gln Val Ser Ile
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gly Ala Phe Lys Glu Thr Asp Pro Gly Tyr Thr Ala Asn Ile Tyr
        195                 200                 205

Asn Asn Phe Arg Ser Tyr Thr Val Pro Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Thr Cys
    210                 215                 220

Ser Gly Asn Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Asn Pro Ser Asn Pro Asn Pro Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Thr Pro Thr Thr Phe Thr Thr Gln Val Thr Thr Pro Thr Pro Ala Ser
                245                 250                 255

Pro Pro Ser Cys Thr Val Ala Lys Trp Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Gln Gly
            260                 265                 270

Tyr Ser Gly Cys Thr Asn Cys Glu Ala Gly Ser Thr Cys Arg Gln Gln
        275                 280                 285

Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Ser Gln Cys Ile
    290                 295
```

<210> 129

<211> 1032

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 129

```
atgaggccct tctcactcgt cgctctggcg acggccgtca gcggccacgc catcttccag       60

cgcgtgtcgg ttaacggcgt cgaccaaggc cagctcaagg gcgtccgcgc tccctcgagc      120

aactacccca tcgagaacgt caaccacccc gactttgcct gcaacaccaa catccagcac      180

cgcgacggca ccgtcatcaa gatccccgcc ggcgccaccg tcggcgcctg gtggcagcac      240

gagatcggcg ggccctcgtt cccgggtgac ccggataacc cgatcgctgc ttcgcacaag      300

ggtgagttcc catagataga tctcttctct cccgaccccc tgtatcctct cataactaac      360

cacctcaacc ccccaggccc tatccaagtc tacctcgcca aggtcgacaa cgccgcgacc      420

gcctccccca acggcctgcg gtggttcaag attgccgaga agggcctgtc gggcggcgtc      480

tgggccgtcg acgagatgat ccgcaacaac ggctggcact acttcaccat gccgcagtgc      540

atcgcgcccg gccactacct gatgcgcgtc gagctgttgg cgctgcactc ggccagcttc      600

cccggcggcg cccagttcta catggagtgc gcccagatcg aggtcaccgg ctcgggcaac      660

ttctcgccct ccgagacggt cagcttcccc ggcgcctacc cggccaacca cccgggtatc      720

gtcgtcagca tctacgacgc ccagggtaac gccaacaacg gcgggcgcga gtaccagatc      780
```

```
cccgggccgc ggccgatcac ctgctccggc ggtggaagca acaatggtgg cgggaacaac      840

aatggtggtg gaaacaacaa cggcggcggc aacaacaacg gcggtgggaa caacaacggt      900

ggtggtaaca ccggtggcgg ctcggcgccg ctctggggcc agtgcggcgg caatgggtat      960

accggcccga cgacttgtgc cgagggtact tgcaagaagc agaatgactg gtactcgcag     1020

tgtacgcctt ag                                                        1032
```

<210> 130

<211> 318

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 130

```
Met Arg Pro Phe Ser Leu Val Ala Leu Ala Thr Ala Val Ser Gly His
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ile Phe Gln Arg Val Ser Val Asn Gly Val Asp Gln Gly Gln Leu
            20                  25                  30

Lys Gly Val Arg Ala Pro Ser Ser Asn Tyr Pro Ile Glu Asn Val Asn
        35                  40                  45

His Pro Asp Phe Ala Cys Asn Thr Asn Ile Gln His Arg Asp Gly Thr
    50                  55                  60

Val Ile Lys Ile Pro Ala Gly Ala Thr Val Gly Ala Trp Trp Gln His
65                  70                  75                  80

Glu Ile Gly Gly Pro Ser Phe Pro Gly Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Ile Ala
                85                  90                  95

Ala Ser His Lys Gly Pro Ile Gln Val Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Asp Asn
            100                 105                 110

Ala Ala Thr Ala Ser Pro Asn Gly Leu Arg Trp Phe Lys Ile Ala Glu
        115                 120                 125

Lys Gly Leu Ser Gly Gly Val Trp Ala Val Asp Glu Met Ile Arg Asn
    130                 135                 140

Asn Gly Trp His Tyr Phe Thr Met Pro Gln Cys Ile Ala Pro Gly His
145                 150                 155                 160

Tyr Leu Met Arg Val Glu Leu Leu Ala Leu His Ser Ala Ser Phe Pro
                165                 170                 175

Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Ile Glu Val Thr Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ser Gly Asn Phe Ser Pro Ser Glu Thr Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr
        195                 200                 205

Pro Ala Asn His Pro Gly Ile Val Val Ser Ile Tyr Asp Ala Gln Gly
    210                 215                 220

Asn Ala Asn Asn Gly Gly Arg Glu Tyr Gln Ile Pro Gly Pro Arg Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Thr Cys Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Asn
                245                 250                 255

Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn
            260                 265                 270
```

```
Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Leu Trp Gly
        275                 280                 285

Gln Cys Gly Gly Asn Gly Tyr Thr Gly Pro Thr Thr Cys Ala Glu Gly
    290                 295                 300

Thr Cys Lys Lys Gln Asn Asp Trp Tyr Ser Gln Cys Thr Pro
305                 310                 315
```

<210> 131

<211> 1113

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 131

```
atggtgttgc ggtctctctc tatcctggcc ttcgtagcca gaggcgtctt cgcccacggt       60

ggcctctcca actacacggt cggcgacacg tggtatagcg ggtgcgtcca tgaacaactc      120

ctatatcttc ccccccctcca cattgcgacc gctgcacatc tcactcgtcc ataaacaaca      180

acatcaatcg gtagacactg tccaaaagct aaccaccgta cctcctgaac acagctacga      240

ccccttcacc cccgccgccg cccaactctc ccaaccctgg ctgatccaac gccaatggac      300

cagcatcgac ccgctcttct ccccgacctc tccctacctc gcctgcaact tccccggcac      360

cgcgccacca tcttacatcc ctctccgcgc cggcgacatc ctcaccgcgg tttactggtt      420

ctggctgcac cccgtggggc cgatgagcgt ttggctggcg cggtgcgcag gggactgccg      480

cgacgaggac gtgacgcggg cgcgctggtt caagatctgg catgcggggt ttctggaggg      540

gccgaatttg gagctcggga tgtggtatca gaagaagttc cagcggtggg atggcgggcc      600

ggcgctctgg cgggtgagga taccgagggg gttgaagaag gggttgtaca tggtcaggca      660

tgagattttg tcgattcatg tgggtggacg gccccagttt tatcccgagt gtgcgcactt      720

gaatgtgacg gagggtggtg aggtggtagt gccgggggag tggacgagaa ggttccctgg      780

ggcgtatgac gatgatggtg agtgccttgc tagacgggaa ggctctatgg atggggcgga      840

tgagacgaaa ggctggtgtg agactgtcag cactgacggc ctgcagacaa gtcagtcttc      900

atcgatatct accggccgga acatgaaaac aggacggtac gtgggacaag caagcctcgg      960

atttttcaga ttttcgactc tgacaacgaa caggactatg agatccctgg aggcccgatt     1020

tgggaaaggt acgtacaatc gcatcatctt gactctgtat tcaggggcta acataaacac     1080

agcttggggg agatggagtt atggcctgaa tga                                  1113
```

<210> 132

<211> 259

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 132

```
Met Val Leu Arg Ser Leu Ser Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Ala Arg Gly Val
1               5                   10                  15

Phe Ala His Gly Gly Leu Ser Asn Tyr Thr Val Gly Asp Thr Trp Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Ser Gly Tyr Asp Pro Phe Thr Pro Ala Ala Ala Gln Leu Ser Gln Pro
        35                  40                  45

Trp Leu Ile Gln Arg Gln Trp Thr Ser Ile Asp Pro Leu Phe Ser Pro
    50                  55                  60

Thr Ser Pro Tyr Leu Ala Cys Asn Phe Pro Gly Thr Ala Pro Pro Ser
65                  70                  75                  80
```

```
Tyr Ile Pro Leu Arg Ala Gly Asp Ile Leu Thr Ala Val Tyr Trp Phe
                85                  90                  95

Trp Leu His Pro Val Gly Pro Met Ser Val Trp Leu Ala Arg Cys Ala
            100                 105                 110

Gly Asp Cys Arg Asp Glu Asp Val Thr Arg Ala Arg Trp Phe Lys Ile
        115                 120                 125

Trp His Ala Gly Phe Leu Glu Gly Pro Asn Leu Glu Leu Gly Met Trp
    130                 135                 140

Tyr Gln Lys Lys Phe Gln Arg Trp Asp Gly Gly Pro Ala Leu Trp Arg
145                 150                 155                 160

Val Arg Ile Pro Arg Gly Leu Lys Lys Gly Leu Tyr Met Val Arg His
                165                 170                 175

Glu Ile Leu Ser Ile His Val Gly Gly Arg Pro Gln Phe Tyr Pro Glu
            180                 185                 190

Cys Ala His Leu Asn Val Thr Glu Gly Gly Glu Val Val Val Pro Gly
        195                 200                 205

Glu Trp Thr Arg Arg Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Asp Asp Asp Asp Lys Ser
    210                 215                 220

Val Phe Ile Asp Ile Tyr Arg Pro Glu His Glu Asn Arg Thr Asp Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Glu Ile Pro Gly Gly Pro Ile Trp Glu Ser Leu Gly Glu Met Glu Leu
                245                 250                 255

Trp Pro Glu
```

<210> 133

<211> 1103

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 133

```
atgaggaccg tcttcgccgc cgcactggca gcactcgctg cccgggaagt cgccggccat       60

gccacgttcc agcaactctg ggttgacgga accgattata taagtgcccc ccttttctcg      120

gttccatttg atatcatgat gctgacaccc ccagcacggc agcacctgcg tccgcctccc      180

cgccagcaac agccccctga ccgacgtcac cagcagcgac ttcgcctgca acatcggcgg      240

ccggcgcggc gtgggcggca aatgccccgt caaagccggc ggcgtggtca cgatcgagat      300

gcatcagcag cccaacgacc ggaactgccg cagcgaggcc atcggcggca tgcactgggg      360

tccggtgcag gtctacctca gcaaggtccc cgacgcgtcg accgccgagc cgacgcaggt      420

gggctggttc aagatcttct ccaacgcgtg ggccaagaag cccggcggca actcgggcga      480

cgacgactac tggggcacgc gcgagctcaa cggctgctgc gggcgcatgg acgtgccgat      540

ccccaccgac ctggaagacg gcgactacct gctgcgcgcc gaggcgctgg cgctgcacgc      600

catgccgggc cagttctaca tgtcgtgcta ccagatcacc atcacgggcg gcacgggcac      660

cgcgaagccg gcgactgtcc gcttccccgg agcgtacacc aacaacgacg ccggcatccg      720

cgccaacatc cacgccccgc tgagcaccta catcgcgccc ggcccggagg tgtactccgg      780

cggtaccacc cgggcgcccg gtgagggctg cccgggatgt gctacgacct gccaggttgg      840

ctcgtcgccc agcgcgcagg ctccaggcca tggcacggcc gtgggcggcg gagctggtgg      900

                                                                       960
```

```
cccgtctgct tgcaccgtcc aggcgtatgg ccagtgcggt ggccagggat acacgggttg      960

caccgagtgc gcggtaagtt gggacttcct tgtcattaaa atcgcaaatg gaacggatgg     1020

gctaacattt gcgggtgcag gatggtttcg tttgccgcga cgtctcggct ccgtggtact     1080

ctcagtgcca gcctgctttc taa                                             1103
```

<210> 134

<211> 325

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 134

```
Met Arg Thr Val Phe Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Arg Glu
1               5                  10                  15

Val Ala Gly His Ala Thr Phe Gln Gln Leu Trp Val Asp Gly Thr Asp
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gly Ser Thr Cys Val Arg Leu Pro Ala Ser Asn Ser Pro Leu Thr
        35                  40                  45

Asp Val Thr Ser Ser Asp Phe Ala Cys Asn Ile Gly Gly Arg Arg Gly
    50                  55                  60

Val Gly Gly Lys Cys Pro Val Lys Ala Gly Gly Val Val Thr Ile Glu
65                  70                  75                  80

Met His Gln Gln Pro Asn Asp Arg Asn Cys Arg Ser Glu Ala Ile Gly
                85                  90                  95

Gly Met His Trp Gly Pro Val Gln Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Val Pro Asp
            100                 105                 110

Ala Ser Thr Ala Glu Pro Thr Gln Val Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Phe Ser
        115                 120                 125

Asn Ala Trp Ala Lys Lys Pro Gly Gly Asn Ser Gly Asp Asp Asp Tyr
    130                 135                 140

Trp Gly Thr Arg Glu Leu Asn Gly Cys Cys Gly Arg Met Asp Val Pro
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Pro Thr Asp Leu Glu Asp Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Ala
                165                 170                 175

Leu Ala Leu His Ala Met Pro Gly Gln Phe Tyr Met Ser Cys Tyr Gln
            180                 185                 190

Ile Thr Ile Thr Gly Gly Thr Gly Thr Ala Lys Pro Ala Thr Val Arg
        195                 200                 205

Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Thr Asn Asn Asp Ala Gly Ile Arg Ala Asn Ile
    210                 215                 220

His Ala Pro Leu Ser Thr Tyr Ile Ala Pro Gly Pro Glu Val Tyr Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Gly Thr Thr Arg Ala Pro Gly Glu Gly Cys Pro Gly Cys Ala Thr
                245                 250                 255

Thr Cys Gln Val Gly Ser Ser Pro Ser Ala Gln Ala Pro Gly His Gly
            260                 265                 270

Thr Ala Val Gly Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Pro Ser Ala Cys Thr Val Gln
        275                 280                 285
```

```
Ala Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Gln Gly Tyr Thr Gly Cys Thr Glu Cys
    290                 295                 300

Ala Asp Gly Phe Val Cys Arg Asp Val Ser Ala Pro Trp Tyr Ser Gln
305                 310                 315                 320

Cys Gln Pro Ala Phe
                325
```

<210> 135

<211> 1039

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 135

```
atgaggctcc cccaagtggc ttccgttctg gccctcgcgg cccaggtcca cggtcacggc       60

tacatctacc gtgtcaccgc cgacaacatt gtgtaagcgc cctcagattc cggacctctt      120

cctacctggt ggctaacctt ctctcaactc ttcagctacc cgggatacga catctatgtc      180

gatcccctcc tccaaccgcc cccgtaccgc attgcctacg gtggtggcca gacgggtccc      240

gtctatgata tcaacagcaa ggatatcgcc tgccagcgcg tccacagccc cgctccgggt      300

ctgattgccc aggctcgcgc gggcagcaac atcaccttct ggtggtcgcg gtggctgtac      360

agccacaagg gtcccatctc ggcatggatg gctccgtatg agggcgacat tgccaatgtg      420

gacgtcaacc agctcgagtt cttcaagatt ggcgaggagt tccacgatga gaccggcaag      480

tgggcgacgg agaagctggt ggacgacccc gagggcaagt ggaccgtcaa gatccccgcc      540

gatatcaagc ccggtctcta tgtcgtgcgg aacgaggtaa gtttcatccg tcccaaaaaa      600

ggggtcccat cccatgcatg gtgcatgccc agtctaatca tcatctcccg gatagatcat      660

cgccctccac ttcgccgtcc gcatgcctcc cttctttgcc gccttcaccc ccctcggacc      720

gcagttctac atgacctgct tcgccttcaa catcaccggc gacggcacgg ccactcccca      780

gggctacaag ttccctggcg cctacagcaa ggacgatccg gccctgtggt gggatctgga      840

ggagaacaag aacccgtacc ccggcgccgg ccccaagccc cacgtctcgg cctacgatgt      900

cgacctcgtc cccaacgagt tgtacatcgt cagcccgacg aacaacgcga cggctgatga      960

gctctactgg gaggcccaga ggcaggcgct tgctgcccag gcggcgacga cggagtactt     1020

tgactcgatt ggtggctaa                                                  1039
```

<210> 136

<211> 298

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 136

```
Met Arg Leu Pro Gln Val Ala Ser Val Leu Ala Leu Ala Ala Gln Val
1               5                  10                  15

His Gly His Gly Tyr Ile Tyr Arg Val Thr Ala Asp Asn Ile Val Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Pro Gly Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Val Asp Pro Leu Leu Gln Pro Pro Pro Tyr
        35                  40                  45

Arg Ile Ala Tyr Gly Gly Gly Gln Thr Gly Pro Val Tyr Asp Ile Asn
    50                  55                  60

Ser Lys Asp Ile Ala Cys Gln Arg Val His Ser Pro Ala Pro Gly Leu
65                  70                  75                  80

Ile Ala Gln Ala Arg Ala Gly Ser Asn Ile Thr Phe Trp Trp Ser Arg
```

```
                85                  90                  95

Trp Leu Tyr Ser His Lys Gly Pro Ile Ser Ala Trp Met Ala Pro Tyr
            100                 105                 110

Glu Gly Asp Ile Ala Asn Val Asp Val Asn Gln Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys
        115                 120                 125

Ile Gly Glu Glu Phe His Asp Glu Thr Gly Lys Trp Ala Thr Glu Lys
    130                 135                 140

Leu Val Asp Asp Pro Glu Gly Lys Trp Thr Val Lys Ile Pro Ala Asp
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Lys Pro Gly Leu Tyr Val Val Arg Asn Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His
                165                 170                 175

Phe Ala Val Arg Met Pro Pro Phe Phe Ala Ala Phe Thr Pro Leu Gly
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gln Phe Tyr Met Thr Cys Phe Ala Phe Asn Ile Thr Gly Asp Gly
        195                 200                 205

Thr Ala Thr Pro Gln Gly Tyr Lys Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Lys Asp
    210                 215                 220

Asp Pro Ala Leu Trp Trp Asp Leu Glu Glu Asn Lys Asn Pro Tyr Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Ala Gly Pro Lys Pro His Val Ser Ala Tyr Asp Val Asp Leu Val
                245                 250                 255

Pro Asn Glu Leu Tyr Ile Val Ser Pro Thr Asn Asn Ala Thr Ala Asp
            260                 265                 270

Glu Leu Tyr Trp Glu Ala Gln Arg Gln Ala Leu Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala
        275                 280                 285

Thr Thr Glu Tyr Phe Asp Ser Ile Gly Gly
    290                 295
```

<210> 137

<211> 1025

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 137

```
atgcacgtcc agtctctcct tgccggagcg ctcgctctgg ctccgtcggc gtctgctcac       60

ttcctcttcc cgcacctgat gctgaacggt gtccgcacgg gagcctacga gtatgtccgg      120

gagcacgact tcggcttcat gccgcacaac aacgactgga tcaactcgcc cgatttccgt      180

tgcaacgagg ggtcctggcg tcatcgccgc gagcccaaga ccgccgtagt cactgccggc      240

gttgacgtcg tgggcttcaa cctgcacctg gactttgacc tgtaccatcc gggccccgtg      300

acggtaagca catctgagtc agaacatacc tccctgtgac gtagactaat gagtctctta      360

ccgcagatct atctctcccg cgcccccggc gacgtgcgtg actacgacgg atctggtgac      420

tggttcaagg tgtaccagct gggcacccgc caacccttca acggcactga cgagggctgg      480

gccacttgga agatgaagaa ctggcagttc cgcctgcccg ctgagatccc ggcgggcgag      540

tacctgatgc gcatcgagca gatgagcgtg caccctcctt accgccagaa ggagtggtac      600

gtgcagtgcg cccacctaaa gatcaacagc aactacaacg gccccgcgcc cggcccgacc      660

atcaagattc ccggagggta caagatcagc gatcctgcga ttcaatatga ccagtgggcg      720
```

```
cagccgccgc cgacgtacgc gcccatgccg ggaccgccgc tgtggcccaa caacaatcct      780

cagcagggca acccgaatca gggcggaaat aacggcggtg gcaaccaggg cggcggcaat      840

ggtggctgca ccgttccgaa gtggtatgta gagttcttca ctattatcat gagatgcagc      900

gttggacttg tgcttacacc tagaacaggg gccaatgcgg tggtcagggt tacagcgggt      960

gcaggaactg cgagtctggc tcgacatgcc gtgcccagaa cgactggtac tcgcagtgcc     1020

tgtaa                                                                 1025
```

<210> 138

<211> 298

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 138

```
Met His Val Gln Ser Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala Leu Ala Leu Ala Pro Ser
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ser Ala His Phe Leu Phe Pro His Leu Met Leu Asn Gly Val Arg
            20                  25                  30

Thr Gly Ala Tyr Glu Tyr Val Arg Glu His Asp Phe Gly Phe Met Pro
        35                  40                  45

His Asn Asn Asp Trp Ile Asn Ser Pro Asp Phe Arg Cys Asn Glu Gly
    50                  55                  60

Ser Trp Arg His Arg Arg Glu Pro Lys Thr Ala Val Val Thr Ala Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Val Asp Val Val Gly Phe Asn Leu His Leu Asp Phe Asp Leu Tyr His
                85                  90                  95

Pro Gly Pro Val Thr Ile Tyr Leu Ser Arg Ala Pro Gly Asp Val Arg
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gly Asp Trp Phe Lys Val Tyr Gln Leu Gly Thr
        115                 120                 125

Arg Gln Pro Phe Asn Gly Thr Asp Glu Gly Trp Ala Thr Trp Lys Met
    130                 135                 140

Lys Asn Trp Gln Phe Arg Leu Pro Ala Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Glu Tyr
145                 150                 155                 160

Leu Met Arg Ile Glu Gln Met Ser Val His Pro Pro Tyr Arg Gln Lys
                165                 170                 175

Glu Trp Tyr Val Gln Cys Ala His Leu Lys Ile Asn Ser Asn Tyr Asn
            180                 185                 190

Gly Pro Ala Pro Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Ile Pro Gly Gly Tyr Lys Ile
        195                 200                 205

Ser Asp Pro Ala Ile Gln Tyr Asp Gln Trp Ala Gln Pro Pro Pro Thr
    210                 215                 220

Tyr Ala Pro Met Pro Gly Pro Pro Leu Trp Pro Asn Asn Asn Pro Gln
225                 230                 235                 240

Gln Gly Asn Pro Asn Gln Gly Gly Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Gln Gly
                245                 250                 255

Gly Gly Asn Gly Gly Cys Thr Val Pro Lys Trp Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly
            260                 265                 270
```

```
Gln Gly Tyr Ser Gly Cys Arg Asn Cys Glu Ser Gly Ser Thr Cys Arg
        275                 280                 285

Ala Gln Asn Asp Trp Tyr Ser Gln Cys Leu
    290                 295
```

<210> 139

<211> 1035

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 139

```
atgccaccac cactactggc caccgtcctc tccttgctag ccctcacccg cggcgccctt       60

tcccattccc acctagccca cgtcatcatc aacggccagc tctaccacgg cttcgaccca      120

cgtccaaacc aaaacaacca tccagcccgt gtcggctggt ccacgaccgc cacagatgac      180

ggcttcgtca ccccgggcaa ttactcccat cccgacatca tctgccaccg cggcggcgtc      240

agcccgcgcg cccacgctcc cgtcaccgcc ggcggcaagg tccaggtcca atggaacggc      300

tggccgatcg gacacgtcgg gccgatcctg acctacatcg cgccgtgcgg cggactgccg      360

ggcgccgaag aagggtgtac gggcgtggac aaaaccgacc tgcggtggac caagatcgac      420

gactcgatgc cgccgttccg gtttaccgac gccaccaagc cagtctctgg cagagcgcag      480

ttcccgatag gccaggtctg ggcgacggat gcgctggtcg aggcgaataa tagctggtcg      540

gtggtcattc ccaggaatat cccgccgggg ccgtacgttt tgaggcagga gattgtggcc      600

ctgcattacg cggcgaagtt gaacggggcg cagaactatc cgttgtgtct gaacctctgg      660

gtggaaaagg ggcagcagga tcagggagag cccttcaaat tcgatgctta cgacgcgagg      720

gagttttaca gcgaggacca tccgggtgtg ttgattgatg ttatgacgat ggttgggccg      780

agagccgtgt accggatacc tggaccgacc gtggccagtg gtgccacgag aattccgcac      840

tcattgcaga cgagcgccga gacgtgggtg gaagggacgc cggtggccgt gacgagggcg      900

acggaaacgg ttcagatgga gataactacg acacctgcag gtcagggagc tggtgtgagg      960

acagctaccc ctgccatgcc aacaccaaca gtgacgaaga ggtggaaggg aagatttgag     1020

atgggtaggc catga                                                      1035
```

<210> 140

<211> 344

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 140

```
Met Pro Pro Pro Leu Leu Ala Thr Val Leu Ser Leu Leu Ala Leu Thr
1               5                   10                  15

Arg Gly Ala Leu Ser His Ser His Leu Ala His Val Ile Ile Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30

Gln Leu Tyr His Gly Phe Asp Pro Arg Pro Asn Gln Asn Asn His Pro
        35                  40                  45

Ala Arg Val Gly Trp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Asp Asp Gly Phe Val Thr
    50                  55                  60

Pro Gly Asn Tyr Ser His Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Arg Gly Gly Val
65                  70                  75                  80

Ser Pro Arg Ala His Ala Pro Val Thr Ala Gly Gly Lys Val Gln Val
                85                  90                  95
```

```
Gln Trp Asn Gly Trp Pro Ile Gly His Val Gly Pro Ile Leu Thr Tyr
            100                 105                 110

Ile Ala Pro Cys Gly Gly Leu Pro Gly Ala Glu Glu Gly Cys Thr Gly
        115                 120                 125

Val Asp Lys Thr Asp Leu Arg Trp Thr Lys Ile Asp Asp Ser Met Pro
    130                 135                 140

Pro Phe Arg Phe Thr Asp Ala Thr Lys Pro Val Ser Gly Arg Ala Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Phe Pro Ile Gly Gln Val Trp Ala Thr Asp Ala Leu Val Glu Ala Asn
                165                 170                 175

Asn Ser Trp Ser Val Val Ile Pro Arg Asn Ile Pro Pro Gly Pro Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Val Leu Arg Gln Glu Ile Val Ala Leu His Tyr Ala Ala Lys Leu Asn
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Leu Cys Leu Asn Leu Trp Val Glu Lys Gly
    210                 215                 220

Gln Gln Asp Gln Gly Glu Pro Phe Lys Phe Asp Ala Tyr Asp Ala Arg
225                 230                 235                 240

Glu Phe Tyr Ser Glu Asp His Pro Gly Val Leu Ile Asp Val Met Thr
                245                 250                 255

Met Val Gly Pro Arg Ala Val Tyr Arg Ile Pro Gly Pro Thr Val Ala
            260                 265                 270

Ser Gly Ala Thr Arg Ile Pro His Ser Leu Gln Thr Ser Ala Glu Thr
        275                 280                 285

Trp Val Glu Gly Thr Pro Val Ala Val Thr Arg Ala Thr Glu Thr Val
    290                 295                 300

Gln Met Glu Ile Thr Thr Thr Pro Ala Gly Gln Gly Ala Gly Val Arg

305                 310                 315                 320

Thr Ala Thr Pro Ala Met Pro Thr Pro Thr Val Thr Lys Arg Trp Lys
                325                 330                 335

Gly Arg Phe Glu Met Gly Arg Pro
            340
```

<210> 141

<211> 1057

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 141

```
atgaagtccc tgacctacgc cgcgctggcc gccctctggg cccagcagac cgctgctcat       60

gccaccttcc agcaactctg ggtcgacggc gtcgactacg gcagtcagtg cgcccgcctg      120

ccgccgtcca actcccccat cgccagcgtc acctcgaccg ccatgcgctg caacaacggt      180

ccccgcgctg ccgccaagtg ccccgtcaag gctggcggca ccgtcaccat cgagatgcac      240

caggttggtt tccttgaagt gttcccctac cacatataca gaccgtagct aacacaccca      300

tccttagcaa cccggtgacc ggtcctgcaa ccaggacgcc attggcggtg cccaccacgg      360

ccccgtgatg gtgtacatgt ccaaggtctc tgatgccttc accgccgacg gctcgtcagg      420

ctggttcaag atcttccagg aggctgggc cgaggagccc aaggccgcgg ttgcggacga      480
```

ctggttcaag atcttccagg acggctgggc caagaacccc aacggccgcg ttggcgacga 480

cgacttctgg ggcaccaagg acctcaacac ctgctgcggc aagatgaacg tcaagatccc 540

cgccgacatc gccccggcg actacctgct ccgcgccgag gccatcgcgc tgcacgccgc 600

cggccccagc ggtggcgccc agccctacgt cacctgctac cagctcaccg tcacgggcgg 660

cggcaacgcc aacccgccca ccgtcaactt ccccggcgcc tacagcgagc gtgaccctgg 720

catcgccgtc agcatccacg gcgctctgtc caactacgtc gtccccggtc ctccggtcta 780

ctcgggcggc agcgagaagc gcgctggcag cccctgcgag ggctgcgagg ccacctgcaa 840

ggtcggctcg agccccagcc agactcttgc tccttccaac ccggccccga cctctcccgc 900

caacggcggc ggcaacaacg gtggtggcaa cactggcggc ggctgcaccg tgcccaagtg 960

gcagcagtgc ggcggccagg gctactcggg ctgcaccgtc tgcgagtctg gctcgacttg 1020

ccgcgctcag aaccagtggt actctcagtg cgtgtaa 1057

<210> 142

<211> 330

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 142

```
Met Lys Ser Leu Thr Tyr Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Trp Ala Gln Gln
1               5                  10                  15

Thr Ala Ala His Ala Thr Phe Gln Gln Leu Trp Val Asp Gly Val Asp
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gly Ser Gln Cys Ala Arg Leu Pro Pro Ser Asn Ser Pro Ile Ala
        35                  40                  45

Ser Val Thr Ser Thr Ala Met Arg Cys Asn Asn Gly Pro Arg Ala Ala
    50                  55                  60

Ala Lys Cys Pro Val Lys Ala Gly Gly Thr Val Thr Ile Glu Met His
65                  70                  75                  80

Gln Gln Pro Gly Asp Arg Ser Cys Asn Gln Asp Ala Ile Gly Gly Ala
                85                  90                  95

His His Gly Pro Val Met Val Tyr Met Ser Lys Val Ser Asp Ala Phe
            100                 105                 110

Thr Ala Asp Gly Ser Ser Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Phe Gln Asp Gly Trp
        115                 120                 125

Ala Lys Asn Pro Asn Gly Arg Val Gly Asp Asp Asp Phe Trp Gly Thr
    130                 135                 140

Lys Asp Leu Asn Thr Cys Cys Gly Lys Met Asn Val Lys Ile Pro Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Asp Ile Ala Pro Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Ala Ile Ala Leu
                165                 170                 175

His Ala Ala Gly Pro Ser Gly Gly Ala Gln Pro Tyr Val Thr Cys Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Gln Leu Thr Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Ala Asn Pro Pro Thr Val Asn
        195                 200                 205

Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Glu Arg Asp Pro Gly Ile Ala Val Ser Ile
    210                 215                 220

His Gly Ala Leu Ser Asn Tyr Val Val Pro Gly Pro Pro Val Tyr Ser
225                 230                 235                 240
```

```
---                 ---                 ---                 ---

Gly Gly Ser Glu Lys Arg Ala Gly Ser Pro Cys Glu Gly Cys Glu Ala
                245                 250                 255

Thr Cys Lys Val Gly Ser Ser Pro Ser Gln Thr Leu Ala Pro Ser Asn

            260                 265                 270

Pro Ala Pro Thr Ser Pro Ala Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly
        275                 280                 285

Asn Thr Gly Gly Gly Cys Thr Val Pro Lys Trp Gln Gln Cys Gly Gly
    290                 295                 300

Gln Gly Tyr Ser Gly Cys Thr Val Cys Glu Ser Gly Ser Thr Cys Arg
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Gln Asn Gln Trp Tyr Ser Gln Cys Val
                325                 330
```

<210> 143

<211> 772

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 143

```
atgaagctcc tcctccccgc cctcctggct ctggccgccg agtccgtctc ggcgcactac       60

atcttccaac aactcaccgt cgccggcacc aagtaccccg tgtggaagta catccggcgc      120

aacagcaatc cggcgtggct tcaaaacggc cctgtgaccg acctcgcctc gaccgacctg      180

cgctgcaacg tgggcgggca ggtcagcaac ggcaccgaga ctctcacggt ccgcgcgggc      240

gaccagttca cgttccacct cgacacggcg gtgtaccacc agggcccgac ctcgctgtac      300

atgtcgcgcg ctccgggcaa ggtggaggac tatgatggca gcgggccgtg gtttaagatt      360

tatgattggg ggccgacagg gaataattgg gtcatgaggg gtatggtttc ccctattaat      420

tattattatt gtttacttgg ggcatcatct ggtggtggtg ctggtgacga tgataagagt      480

gatggagaag gacctggctg acgacctaaa aacccgatca gattcgtaca cgtacaacat      540

cccccgctgc atccccgacg gcgagtatct cctgcgcatc cagcagctgg gtctgcacaa      600

tccgggcgcc gcgccgcagt tctacatcag ctgcgcccag atcaaggtca ccggcggcgg      660

cactaccaac ccgaccccca cggctctgat tccgggagcg ttcagggcta cggatccggg      720

atacactgtc aacgtaagtc aaactttgag caactccata tcaacctcgt ga              772
```

<210> 144

<211> 216

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 144

```
Met Lys Leu Leu Leu Pro Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Ala Glu Ser Val
1               5                   10                  15

Ser Ala His Tyr Ile Phe Gln Gln Leu Thr Val Ala Gly Thr Lys Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Pro Val Trp Lys Tyr Ile Arg Arg Asn Ser Asn Pro Ala Trp Leu Gln
        35                  40                  45

Asn Gly Pro Val Thr Asp Leu Ala Ser Thr Asp Leu Arg Cys Asn Val
    50                  55                  60
```

```
Gly Gly Gln Val Ser Asn Gly Thr Glu Thr Leu Thr Val Arg Ala Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Asp Gln Phe Thr Phe His Leu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr His Gln Gly Pro
                85                  90                  95

Thr Ser Leu Tyr Met Ser Arg Ala Pro Gly Lys Val Glu Asp Tyr Asp
            100                 105                 110

Gly Ser Gly Pro Trp Phe Lys Ile Tyr Asp Trp Gly Pro Thr Gly Asn
        115                 120                 125

Asn Trp Val Met Arg Asp Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Asn Ile Pro Arg Cys Ile
    130                 135                 140

Pro Asp Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ile Gln Gln Leu Gly Leu His Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Pro Gly Ala Ala Pro Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln Ile Lys Val
                165                 170                 175

Thr Gly Gly Gly Thr Thr Asn Pro Thr Pro Thr Ala Leu Ile Pro Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ala Phe Arg Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Tyr Thr Val Asn Val Ser Gln Thr
        195                 200                 205

Leu Ser Asn Ser Ile Ser Thr Ser
    210                 215
```

<210> 145

<211> 1536

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 145

```
atgcgttctg tttcccttct tgcggccgct ttcgcgccgc tggctacggc acacacggtc       60

tttacagctc ttttcatcaa caatgtccac cagggcgacg gcacttgcgt ccgtatggct      120

aagcagggca acctcgccac ccatcccgtc agtctgaaca gcaatgagat ggcctgcggt      180

gggtaggccc cgttcctcga gcagctgatc tcgaactaac atgttgattc ttgaactcca      240

ggtcgcgatg gccaacaacc agtggcattt acttgcccag cacctgcggg agccaagctg      300

accttattgt ttcgtatgtg ggcagatggc tctcagccag gttccatcga caagtctcac      360

gttggtccca tgtccatcta cctcaagaaa gtctcagata tgaacaccga ctcggccgca      420

gggcccgggt ggttcaagat ctggagtgag ggctacgacg ctgcgacgaa gaaatgggcc      480

acggagaaac tcatcgccaa caacggtttg ctcagcgtca acctacctcc cggcctccct      540

gcaggctact acctcgcccg ccacgaaatc gtcactctcc aaaacgtcac caacaacaag      600

gccgatccgc agttctacgt cggctgtgcg cagctgttcg tccaagggtt gggcaccgcc      660

gcctccgtgc ctgctgacaa aaccgtttcc atccccggcc atctgaaccc caacgacccg      720

gcgctggtat tcaaccccta tacccaaaac gctgcgacat acccaagctt cggcccaccg      780

ctcttcttcc caaatgctgc ttcggcggga tcaaacaagg cccagtcaac actcaagcaa      840

acctccggcg tcatcccctc cgactgcctc atcaaaaacg ccaactggtg cggccgtgaa      900

gttccagact ataccaacga ggcgggatgc tggacggcgg cggggaactg ttgggagcag      960

gctgatcaat gctacaagac agccccgcca tcgggccata agggatgcaa gacctgggag     1020

gagcagaagt gcaacgtcat ccagaactcc tgtgaagcga agaggtttc gggcccgcca      1080

aacaggggg tcaagtttgc tgatatggat gtgaatcagc ttgttccggg ggcgatccct      1140
```

```
gaagcagtga acgccggtca gaatggggag gcggttgttg ttgacggcac aacgagctct     1200

gcagatgaga aggcgagtgt ggatttgaca acatcgtctc taccgacgcc gacgcctgcg     1260

gctgaagaaa acgggaagga ggatgaaaga ctggctcttg atccgaccct gacggaggac     1320

gagtcgtttt tctcagttga gccaacgtct gagcccactg gtgttcaggt tgaggtgcct     1380

ttgacaactg tggtcctcct tccaacgctc acctcatctt tgaatccatt gccaaccccg     1440

acctcaattt cccagccggc tcacccggga agaccatgca caggtcgccg tcgtaggccg     1500

aggccagggt ttccgaaaca cccgcgcgat ttttaa                               1536
```

<210> 146

<211> 490

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 146

```
Met Arg Ser Val Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Phe Ala Pro Leu Ala Thr
1               5                   10                  15

Ala His Thr Val Phe Thr Ala Leu Phe Ile Asn Asn Val His Gln Gly
            20                  25                  30

Asp Gly Thr Cys Val Arg Met Ala Lys Gln Gly Asn Leu Ala Thr His
        35                  40                  45

Pro Val Ser Leu Asn Ser Asn Glu Met Ala Cys Gly Arg Asp Gly Gln
    50                  55                  60

Gln Pro Val Ala Phe Thr Cys Pro Ala Pro Ala Gly Ala Lys Leu Thr
65                  70                  75                  80

Leu Leu Phe Arg Met Trp Ala Asp Gly Ser Gln Pro Gly Ser Ile Asp
                85                  90                  95

Lys Ser His Val Gly Pro Met Ser Ile Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Ser Asp
            100                 105                 110

Met Asn Thr Asp Ser Ala Ala Gly Pro Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp Ser
        115                 120                 125

Glu Gly Tyr Asp Ala Ala Thr Lys Lys Trp Ala Thr Glu Lys Leu Ile
    130                 135                 140

Ala Asn Asn Gly Leu Leu Ser Val Asn Leu Pro Pro Gly Leu Pro Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Ala Arg His Glu Ile Val Thr Leu Gln Asn Val Thr
                165                 170                 175

Asn Asn Lys Ala Asp Pro Gln Phe Tyr Val Gly Cys Ala Gln Leu Phe
            180                 185                 190

Val Gln Gly Leu Gly Thr Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Ala Asp Lys Thr Val
        195                 200                 205

Ser Ile Pro Gly His Leu Asn Pro Asn Asp Pro Ala Leu Val Phe Asn
    210                 215                 220

Pro Tyr Thr Gln Asn Ala Ala Thr Tyr Pro Ser Phe Gly Pro Pro Leu
225                 230                 235                 240

Phe Phe Pro Asn Ala Ala Ser Ala Gly Ser Asn Lys Ala Gln Ser Thr
                245                 250                 255

Leu Lys Gln Thr Ser Gly Val Ile Pro Ser Asp Cys Leu Ile Lys Asn
            260                 265                 270
```

```
Ala Asn Trp Cys Gly Arg Glu Val Pro Asp Tyr Thr Asn Glu Ala Gly
        275                 280                 285

Cys Trp Thr Ala Ala Gly Asn Cys Trp Glu Gln Ala Asp Gln Cys Tyr
    290                 295                 300

Lys Thr Ala Pro Pro Ser Gly His Lys Gly Cys Lys Thr Trp Glu Glu
305                 310                 315                 320

Gln Lys Cys Asn Val Ile Gln Asn Ser Cys Glu Ala Lys Arg Phe Ser
                325                 330                 335

Gly Pro Pro Asn Arg Gly Val Lys Phe Ala Asp Met Asp Val Asn Gln
            340                 345                 350

Leu Val Pro Gly Ala Ile Pro Glu Ala Val Asn Ala Gly Gln Asn Gly
        355                 360                 365

Glu Ala Val Val Val Asp Gly Thr Thr Ser Ser Ala Asp Glu Lys Ala
    370                 375                 380

Ser Val Asp Leu Thr Thr Ser Ser Leu Pro Thr Pro Thr Pro Ala Ala
385                 390                 395                 400

Glu Glu Asn Gly Lys Glu Asp Glu Arg Leu Ala Leu Asp Pro Thr Leu
                405                 410                 415

Thr Glu Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Ser Val Glu Pro Thr Ser Glu Pro Thr
            420                 425                 430

Gly Val Gln Val Glu Val Pro Leu Thr Thr Val Val Leu Leu Pro Thr
        435                 440                 445

Leu Thr Ser Ser Leu Asn Pro Leu Pro Thr Pro Thr Ser Ile Ser Gln
    450                 455                 460

Pro Ala His Pro Gly Arg Pro Cys Thr Gly Arg Arg Arg Arg Pro Arg
465                 470                 475                 480

Pro Gly Phe Pro Lys His Pro Arg Asp Phe
                485                 490
```

<210> 147

<211> 921

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 147

```
atgttcttcc gcaacgccgc cactcttgct ctggcctacg ccaccaccgg cgtctcggcc       60

cacgcgctca tgtacggcgt ctgggtcaac ggcgtcgacc aaggcgacgg ccgcaacgtc      120

tacatccgca cgccccccaa caacagcccg gtcaaagacc tcgccagccc ggacatcgtc      180

tgcaacgtca acggcgggcg cgccgttccg gacttcgtcc aggcctcggc gggggacacc      240

ctcaccttcg agtggctgca caacacccgc ggcgacgaca tcatcgaccg ctcccacctc      300

ggccccatca tcacctacat cgccccttttt accacgggca acccgacggg gcccgtctgg      360

accaaaatcg ccgaacaggg cttcaaccct tccacccgcc gctgggccgt cgacgatctg      420

atcgacaacg gcggcaagac cgacttcgtc ctgcccgcgt ccctcgcgcc gggcaggtac      480

atcatccggc aggagatcat cgcgcaccac gagtccgaaa ccacgttcga atccaacccg      540

gcgcggggtg cccagttcta cccgtcgtgc gtgcagatcc aagtctcttc tggctcgggc      600

accgccgtac cggatcagaa ctttgacttc aacacggact acacgtacgc cgaccccgac      660
```

atccacttca acatctacac ctcgttcaac agctactcca tccccggccc ggaggtttgg 720

acgggcgcta gcaccggcgg cggcaacggc aacggcaacg gcaacggcaa tgccacgcct 780

acgcagccta ctcccactcc cactgtcact cccactccca tcgagaccgc ccagccggtt 840

accacgacga ccacctcgac ccggccgttc cctacccgct gccctggccg ccgcctcaag 900

cgtgaggagc ccaaggcttg a 921

<210> 148

<211> 306

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 148

```
Met Phe Phe Arg Asn Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Ala Tyr Ala Thr Thr
1               5                  10                  15

Gly Val Ser Ala His Ala Leu Met Tyr Gly Val Trp Val Asn Gly Val
            20                  25                  30

Asp Gln Gly Asp Gly Arg Asn Val Tyr Ile Arg Thr Pro Pro Asn Asn
        35                  40                  45

Ser Pro Val Lys Asp Leu Ala Ser Pro Asp Ile Val Cys Asn Val Asn
    50                  55                  60

Gly Gly Arg Ala Val Pro Asp Phe Val Gln Ala Ser Ala Gly Asp Thr
65                  70                  75                  80

Leu Thr Phe Glu Trp Leu His Asn Thr Arg Gly Asp Asp Ile Ile Asp
                85                  90                  95

Arg Ser His Leu Gly Pro Ile Ile Thr Tyr Ile Ala Pro Phe Thr Thr
            100                 105                 110

Gly Asn Pro Thr Gly Pro Val Trp Thr Lys Ile Ala Glu Gln Gly Phe
        115                 120                 125

Asn Pro Ser Thr Arg Arg Trp Ala Val Asp Asp Leu Ile Asp Asn Gly
    130                 135                 140

Gly Lys Thr Asp Phe Val Leu Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Pro Gly Arg Tyr
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Ile Arg Gln Glu Ile Ile Ala His His Glu Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe
                165                 170                 175

Glu Ser Asn Pro Ala Arg Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Pro Ser Cys Val Gln
            180                 185                 190

Ile Gln Val Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ala Val Pro Asp Gln Asn Phe
        195                 200                 205

Asp Phe Asn Thr Gly Tyr Thr Tyr Ala Asp Pro Gly Ile His Phe Asn
    210                 215                 220

Ile Tyr Thr Ser Phe Asn Ser Tyr Ser Ile Pro Gly Pro Glu Val Trp
225                 230                 235                 240

Thr Gly Ala Ser Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Gly Asn Gly Asn Gly Asn Gly
                245                 250                 255

Asn Ala Thr Pro Thr Gln Pro Thr Pro Thr Pro Thr Val Thr Pro Thr
            260                 265                 270
```

```
Pro Ile Glu Thr Ala Gln Pro Val Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Ser Thr Arg
        275                 280                 285

Pro Phe Pro Thr Arg Cys Pro Gly Arg Arg Leu Lys Arg Glu Glu Pro
    290                 295                 300

Lys Ala
305
```

<210> 149

<211> 1092

<212> DNA

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 149

```
atggctcatc catgggcacg ttgcgtctat acagccatct ggctcgctgc ctccgcttct       60

ggacgtaggt acaagactcc ggcagtgcca tttatgaacc cacaacgtgg actggtcccg      120

tgctaacaca tcacagactc gcgcgtttgg agtgtctcgg tcaatggacg ctaccaggga      180

ccgggtgttg atgactacct gcgcgcaccg ccaagtgact ctccggtggt ggacctggac      240

tcaccaaccc tcaactgcaa tgtcaatgga aacaagcctg ttccagggtt tgttgaggtg      300

tctgcgggag attctctgga atggaagtgg tactacatca acccgtacaa cccaagcgac      360

atgatcatcg cggcagaaca ccgcggaccg atcatcacct acatcacgaa ttacaccgat      420

ggccagcctc aaggagctgt ctggaccaag attgatcacg aaggctacga tcctgtgaca      480

gaccggttcg ccgtcgacaa cttgatcgcc aacaggggat ggaaagcaat caagcttccc      540

atgctcgccg acgggaagta catcctgcga caggagatca tcgcactcca cagcgcacac      600

aaccaaggcg gggcccagct gtatccgaac tgcattcaga tcaaggtcgt tggtggcaag      660

ggaagcgcgg tgcccaacca gaactttgat ctcaacaagg ggtacacatc cgatcacccg      720

ggacttcggt tcaacctgtg gcaaccattc aacaattaca ccattcccgg tcctgaggtc      780

tggaagggag ttgtggttgc gagcaatggt acaacgaaca gcaccacaaa tctcaccaac      840

aacaccggca ccggttttgc gaacagcact atggccactg gtgaaacaag gaccgagagg      900

agttttatga cacttaccgc atcacattca gacactggcg tccccgccaa atctcatact      960

gtggctgtaa gctggacaac atccgccgcc gttgttgggt ctccgattag cgttaccaca     1020

actttcagtt cctttaccac aacaccggtt ccgacgaact ctaccggtgc ttatctctac     1080

cggtacaagt ga                                                         1092
```

<210> 150

<211> 339

<212> PRT

<213> Humicola insolens

<400> 150

```
Met Ala His Pro Trp Ala Arg Cys Val Tyr Thr Ala Ile Trp Leu Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Ala Ser Ala Ser Gly His Ser Arg Val Trp Ser Val Ser Val Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30

Arg Tyr Gln Gly Pro Gly Val Asp Asp Tyr Leu Arg Ala Pro Pro Ser
        35                  40                  45

Asp Ser Pro Val Val Asp Leu Asp Ser Pro Thr Leu Asn Cys Asn Val
    50                  55                  60

Asn Gly Asn Lys Pro Val Pro Gly Phe Val Glu Val Ser Ala Gly Asp
65                  70                  75                  80
```

```
65                  70                  75                  80

Ser Leu Glu Trp Lys Trp Tyr Tyr Ile Asn Pro Tyr Asn Pro Ser Asp

                85                  90                  95

Met Ile Ile Ala Ala Glu His Arg Gly Pro Ile Ile Thr Tyr Ile Thr
            100                 105                 110

Asn Tyr Thr Asp Gly Gln Pro Gln Gly Ala Val Trp Thr Lys Ile Asp
        115                 120                 125

His Glu Gly Tyr Asp Pro Val Thr Asp Arg Phe Ala Val Asp Asn Leu
    130                 135                 140

Ile Ala Asn Arg Gly Trp Lys Ala Ile Lys Leu Pro Met Leu Ala Asp
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Lys Tyr Ile Leu Arg Gln Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala His
                165                 170                 175

Asn Gln Gly Gly Ala Gln Leu Tyr Pro Asn Cys Ile Gln Ile Lys Val
            180                 185                 190

Val Gly Gly Lys Gly Ser Ala Val Pro Asn Gln Asn Phe Asp Leu Asn
        195                 200                 205

Lys Gly Tyr Thr Ser Asp His Pro Gly Leu Arg Phe Asn Leu Trp Gln
    210                 215                 220

Pro Phe Asn Asn Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Glu Val Trp Lys Gly Val
225                 230                 235                 240

Val Val Ala Ser Asn Gly Thr Thr Asn Ser Thr Thr Asn Leu Thr Asn
                245                 250                 255

Asn Thr Gly Thr Gly Phe Ala Asn Ser Thr Met Ala Thr Gly Glu Thr
            260                 265                 270

Arg Thr Glu Arg Ser Phe Met Thr Leu Thr Ala Ser His Ser Asp Thr
        275                 280                 285

Gly Val Pro Ala Lys Ser His Thr Val Ala Val Ser Trp Thr Thr Ser
    290                 295                 300

Ala Ala Val Val Gly Ser Pro Ile Ser Val Thr Thr Thr Phe Ser Ser
305                 310                 315                 320

Phe Thr Thr Thr Pro Val Pro Thr Asn Ser Thr Gly Ala Tyr Leu Tyr
                325                 330                 335

Arg Tyr Lys
```

<210> 151

<211> 1089

<212> DNA

<213> Trichoderma reesei

<400> 151

```
atgatccaga agctttccaa cctccttgtc accgcactgg cggtggctac tggcgttgtc       60

ggacatggac atattaatga cattgtcatc aacggggtgt ggtatcaggc ctatgatcct      120

acaacgtttc catacgagtc aaaccccccc atagtagtgg gctggacggc tgccgacctt      180

gacaacggta cgtgatcctc atctctatct gtacaacgct catgctaatc caactcaata      240

ggcttcgttt cacccgacgc ataccaaaac cctgacatca tctgccacaa gaatgctacg      300
```

```
aatgccaagg ggcacgcgtc tgtcaaggcc ggagacacta ttctcttcca gtgggtgcca      360

gttccatggc cgcaccctgg tcccattgtc gactacctgg ccaactgcaa tggtgactgc      420

gagaccgttg acaagacgac gcttgagttc ttcaagatcg atggcgttgg tctcctcagc      480

ggcggggatc cgggcacctg ggcctcagac gtgctgatct ccaacaacaa cacctgggtc      540

gtcaagatcc ccgacaatct tgcgccaggc aattacgtgc tccgccacga gatcatcgcg      600

ttacacagcg ccgggcaggc aaacggcgct cagaactacc cccagtgctt caacattgcc      660

gtctcaggct cgggttctct gcagcccagc ggcgttctag ggaccgacct ctatcacgcg      720

acggaccctg gtgttctcat caacatctac accagcccgc tcaactacat catccctgga      780

cctaccgtgg tatcaggcct gccaacgagt gttgcccagg ggagctccgc cgcgacggcc      840

accgccagcg ccactgttcc tggaggcggt agcggcccga ccagcagaac cacgacaacg      900

gcgaggacga cgcaggcctc aagcaggccc agctctacgc ctcccgcaac cacgtcggca      960

cctgctggcg gcccaaccca gactctgtac ggccagtgtg gtggcagcgg ttacagcggg     1020

cctactcgat gcgcgccgcc agccacttgc tctaccttga acccctacta cgcccagtgc     1080

cttaactag                                                             1089
```

<210> 152

<211> 344

<212> PRT

<213> Trichoderma reesei

<400> 152

```
Met Ile Gln Lys Leu Ser Asn Leu Leu Val Thr Ala Leu Ala Val Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Thr Gly Val Val Gly His Gly His Ile Asn Asp Ile Val Ile Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30

Val Trp Tyr Gln Ala Tyr Asp Pro Thr Thr Phe Pro Tyr Glu Ser Asn
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Ile Val Val Gly Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Leu Asp Asn Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Ser Pro Asp Ala Tyr Gln Asn Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Thr Asn Ala Lys Gly His Ala Ser Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Thr Ile
                85                  90                  95

Leu Phe Gln Trp Val Pro Val Pro Trp Pro His Pro Gly Pro Ile Val
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Asn Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys Thr
        115                 120                 125

Thr Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Ser Gly Gly
    130                 135                 140

Asp Pro Gly Thr Trp Ala Ser Asp Val Leu Ile Ser Asn Asn Asn Thr
145                 150                 155                 160

Trp Val Val Lys Ile Pro Asp Asn Leu Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Val Leu
                165                 170                 175

Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Gln Ala Asn Gly Ala
            180                 185                 190

Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Ile Ala Val Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser
        195                 200                 205
```

```
Leu Gln Pro Ser Gly Val Leu Gly Thr Asp Leu Tyr His Ala Thr Asp
    210                 215                 220

Pro Gly Val Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Thr Ser Pro Leu Asn Tyr Ile Ile
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Gly Pro Thr Val Val Ser Gly Leu Pro Thr Ser Val Ala Gln Gly
                245                 250                 255

Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Ser Ala Thr Val Pro Gly Gly Gly
            260                 265                 270

Ser Gly Pro Thr Ser Arg Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Arg Thr Thr Gln Ala
        275                 280                 285

Ser Ser Arg Pro Ser Ser Thr Pro Pro Ala Thr Thr Ser Ala Pro Ala
    290                 295                 300

Gly Gly Pro Thr Gln Thr Leu Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Ser Gly Tyr
305                 310                 315                 320

Ser Gly Pro Thr Arg Cys Ala Pro Pro Ala Thr Cys Ser Thr Leu Asn
                325                 330                 335

Pro Tyr Tyr Ala Gln Cys Leu Asn
            340
```

<210> 153

<211> 1398

<212> DNA

<213> Penicillium emersonii

<400> 153

```
atgtttggat tcaagtctac taccttggct gtttggatgc tcagtcttcc ggcaacatcg       60

catgcccaca ctgtcatgac cacactgttt gtcgatggcg tcaaccaggg agacggtgtc      120

tgtatccgta tgaacaagaa cggctctacg tccaatttct tcgtcagtcc tgtcagtagc      180

agggacgttg cttgtggtag ggaaaaagag caccaatccc tacatgtact ctacttttgt      240

tttcaaaaca taagaactga caagcaaaaa ggaatcgatg gagaaatcgg tgtcgcaaga      300

gtctgtccgg ccaaggcctc gtcgatcctg accttcgagt tccgcgaaca tcccgacaac      360

gtgagctctg cacctctcga tccctcacac aagggtcccg cgtcggtgta cttgaagaag      420

gtcgattccg ccatcgccag caacaacgcc gcaggagacg ggtggttcaa gatctgggaa      480

tccgtctacg acgagacgtc agacaaatgg ggcacgacga agatgatcga gaacgatgga      540

cacatctccg ttcagatccc ggaggagatt gagggagggt actatctcgc gcgaacggag      600

cttctggcgc ttcacgcggc gagctcgaat ccgcccaatc cgcagttctt tgtcggctgc      660

gcgcagctct tcatcgagtc gaatgggacc gcaaagccgt cgactgttcg catcggtgag      720

ggtacctata acctgtccat gccgggactg acctacaata tctgggaaaa gccgctgtcc      780

ctgccgtatg cgatggttgg tccgacggtt tacagagctg gctcgggggc tagctcatca      840

gcagtcgctc ccacggcagc gagtgctact gctgctgcta ccgttacgca ggcggtagct      900

ccattaccaa ctaccagtgc tccaagttca caacaaaatg tcggctcatg cggagttgtt      960

gttgcggacg agatagaaaa gcgagacact ctcgttcaga cggaaggact caagccagaa     1020

ggctgcatct ttgtcaatgg taactggtgc ggtttcgaag tgccttcgta cacggaccaa     1080

gacagctgct gggccgtaag tctcttgctt tcaccttact actttttttt ttctttcgaa     1140

agaaaaatga aaaatgtgac caagctgaca acctgtctcc atataatata gtcatcgaac     1200

aactgctggg cccaatccga cgactgctgg aacaagacac aaccgacggg atacaacctc     1260
```

```
tgtccgatct ggcaggccaa atgccgagag atctccaacg ggtgcgagaa agggacttgg     1320

acggggcctc ctcatcaggg agaggacatg actccgtcgt ggccgtcgtt gaggggggaa     1380

ttgaagatct ttacctga                                                   1398
```

<210> 154

<211> 408

<212> PRT

<213> Penicillium emersonii

<400> 154

```
Met Phe Gly Phe Lys Ser Thr Thr Leu Ala Val Trp Met Leu Ser Leu
1               5                   10                  15

Pro Ala Thr Ser His Ala His Thr Val Met Thr Thr Leu Phe Val Asp
            20                  25                  30

Gly Val Asn Gln Gly Asp Gly Val Cys Ile Arg Met Asn Lys Asn Gly
        35                  40                  45

Ser Thr Ser Asn Phe Phe Val Ser Pro Val Ser Ser Arg Asp Val Ala
    50                  55                  60

Cys Gly Ile Asp Gly Glu Ile Gly Val Ala Arg Val Cys Pro Ala Lys
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Ser Ser Ile Leu Thr Phe Glu Phe Arg Glu His Pro Asp Asn Val
                85                  90                  95

Ser Ser Ala Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser His Lys Gly Pro Ala Ser Val Tyr
            100                 105                 110

Leu Lys Lys Val Asp Ser Ala Ile Ala Ser Asn Asn Ala Ala Gly Asp
        115                 120                 125

Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp Glu Ser Val Tyr Asp Glu Thr Ser Asp Lys
    130                 135                 140

Trp Gly Thr Thr Lys Met Ile Glu Asn Asp Gly His Ile Ser Val Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Pro Glu Glu Ile Glu Gly Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Ala Arg Thr Glu Leu
                165                 170                 175

Leu Ala Leu His Ala Ala Ser Ser Asn Pro Pro Asn Pro Gln Phe Phe
            180                 185                 190

Val Gly Cys Ala Gln Leu Phe Ile Glu Ser Asn Gly Thr Ala Lys Pro
        195                 200                 205

Ser Thr Val Arg Ile Gly Glu Gly Thr Tyr Asn Leu Ser Met Pro Gly
    210                 215                 220

Leu Thr Tyr Asn Ile Trp Glu Lys Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro Tyr Ala Met
225                 230                 235                 240

Val Gly Pro Thr Val Tyr Arg Ala Gly Ser Gly Ala Ser Ser Ser Ala
                245                 250                 255

Val Ala Pro Thr Ala Ala Ser Ala Thr Ala Ala Ala Thr Val Thr Gln
            260                 265                 270

Ala Val Ala Pro Leu Pro Thr Thr Ser Ala Pro Ser Ser Gln Gln Asn
        275                 280                 285
```

```
Val Gly Ser Cys Gly Val Val Val Ala Asp Glu Ile Glu Lys Arg Asp
    290                 295                 300

Thr Leu Val Gln Thr Glu Gly Leu Lys Pro Glu Gly Cys Ile Phe Val
305                 310                 315                 320

Asn Gly Asn Trp Cys Gly Phe Glu Val Pro Ser Tyr Thr Asp Gln Asp
                325                 330                 335

Ser Cys Trp Ala Ser Ser Asn Asn Cys Trp Ala Gln Ser Asp Asp Cys
            340                 345                 350

Trp Asn Lys Thr Gln Pro Thr Gly Tyr Asn Leu Cys Pro Ile Trp Gln
        355                 360                 365

Ala Lys Cys Arg Glu Ile Ser Asn Gly Cys Glu Lys Gly Thr Trp Thr
    370                 375                 380

Gly Pro Pro His Gln Gly Glu Asp Met Thr Pro Ser Trp Pro Ser Leu
385                 390                 395                 400

Arg Gly Glu Leu Lys Ile Phe Thr
                405
```

<210> 155

<211> 902

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 155

```
atgagaattg aaaagcttct aaacgctgcg ctcctcgctg gagcagtatc tgctcacacc       60

atcatgacca gcttggttgt tgatggaacc gaatatcgta tgttcaatct caccttgagc      120

tttcttttca cactagtttg ttgagaatct ggccattttc agctcctgga catgctgtcc      180

gcatcccaag ttacaacggg gtatgcatgt ggatgggctc tgtttcctat taagagcccc      240

atgagctgat cgccttgaca tagcccatta ccgatgtcac ctccaacagc gtggcttgca      300

atggtccccc taatcccact acccctagct ccgagatcat catggtccgg gctggatcga      360

ctatccaggg gaaatggaga cataccgaga ccgacgtgat tgacccaagc cacaaggtat      420

gactataccg ccacgagaga tatccttgac tcacttacac cctctttcta acctctctat      480

attagggccc cgtaatggcg tacctgaaga aagtcgacga cgccatcaac gaccctggaa      540

cgggtgacgg ctggttcaag atttgggaag acggcctgca cgacgatggc acctgggccg      600

tcgacgacct catcgccgcc aacggttacc aggacattcc catcccccca tgtctcgcgg      660

acggccagta cttgctgcgg gctgagatca ttgctctgca tggtgctagc cagccgggtg      720

gtgcgcaact gtatatggaa tgcgcccaga tcggagttgt gggtggctct ggaacagcta      780

acccgtccac agttgcgttc cccggcgcct acaaggccga tgatcctggc atcactgtca      840

acatttattg gccgcctctt gaggaataca tcattcctgg tcctgaccca ttcacctgct      900

aa                                                                     902
```

<210> 156

<211> 234

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 156

```
Met Arg Ile Glu Lys Leu Leu Asn Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala Val
1               5                   10                  15

Ser Ala His Thr Ile Met Thr Ser Leu Val Val Asp Gly Thr Glu Tyr
            20                  25                  30
```

```
Pro Pro Gly His Ala Val Arg Ile Pro Ser Tyr Asn Gly Pro Ile Thr
        35                  40                  45

Asp Val Thr Ser Asn Ser Val Ala Cys Asn Gly Pro Pro Asn Pro Thr
    50                  55                  60

Thr Pro Ser Ser Glu Ile Ile Met Val Arg Ala Gly Ser Thr Ile Gln
65                  70                  75                  80

Gly Lys Trp Arg His Thr Glu Thr Asp Val Ile Asp Pro Ser His Lys
                85                  90                  95

Gly Pro Val Met Ala Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Ala Ile Asn Asp
            100                 105                 110

Pro Gly Thr Gly Asp Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp Glu Asp Gly Leu His
        115                 120                 125

Asp Asp Gly Thr Trp Ala Val Asp Asp Leu Ile Ala Ala Asn Gly Tyr
    130                 135                 140

Gln Asp Ile Pro Ile Pro Pro Cys Leu Ala Asp Gly Gln Tyr Leu Leu
145                 150                 155                 160

Arg Ala Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Gly Ala Ser Gln Pro Gly Gly Ala
                165                 170                 175

Gln Leu Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Ile Gly Val Val Gly Gly Ser Gly
            180                 185                 190

Thr Ala Asn Pro Ser Thr Val Ala Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Ala Asp
        195                 200                 205

Asp Pro Gly Ile Thr Val Asn Ile Tyr Trp Pro Pro Leu Glu Glu Tyr
    210                 215                 220

Ile Ile Pro Gly Pro Asp Pro Phe Thr Cys
225                 230
```

<210> 157

<211> 810

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 157

```
atgcttccga acgcagctgg tctgcttgta gcaggtgtcg tctctctttc tggagtagcc       60

gcacatggac atgtctcgaa aattttcctg gacggccagg agtaagccaa ttgtgcgtca      120

ttttttttagt atccgttggt taatcattga tttgtattcc tcagatacgg tggttggatc      180

gccgatgtct atccgtacat gcccgaaccc ccagagacaa ttggctggcc tacaaatgtg      240

accgacaatg gcttcgtgtc ccccgacagg ttcagctctc cagaaatcat ctgtcaccgc      300

gggggcgttc caagcgccat ctcggcgccc gtttccgcgg gcgggaccgt cgagttggaa      360

tggagcacgt ggcccgagag ccatcatggt cctgtgctca actaccttgc caaggtcgac      420

ggcgacttca gcgacatcgg ccccagcacg ctccagttct tcaagtttga cgagaccggc      480

cttgtatccg gctcaaaccc agggtactgg ggtacggatg tgatgctcgc gaatggccgg      540

cggtactcca tgatgatccc aagcaccatc gctcccggga agtacgtctt gcgccatgag      600

ctcgtcgccc tgcagaacgt cggcgccgcc cagctgtacc cgcagtgtat caacattgaa      660

gtgacaagta ataccactgg aggagacgtc aaccccggcg gtacgcctgc taccgagctc      720

tactctcctg cggacccccg tttcttgttc aacatctacg aacagtatga ttcgtaccca      780
```

attcccggtc cggatgtttt ccgccgattaa 810

<210> 158

<211> 248

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 158

```
Met Leu Pro Asn Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Val Ala Gly Val Val Ser Leu
1               5                  10                  15

Ser Gly Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Ser Lys Ile Phe Leu Asp Gly
            20                  25                  30

Gln Glu Tyr Gly Gly Trp Ile Ala Asp Val Tyr Pro Tyr Met Pro Glu
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Glu Thr Ile Gly Trp Pro Thr Asn Val Thr Asp Asn Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Ser Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser Ser Pro Glu Ile Ile Cys His Arg Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Gly Val Pro Ser Ala Ile Ser Ala Pro Val Ser Ala Gly Gly Thr Val
                85                  90                  95

Glu Leu Glu Trp Ser Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val Leu
            100                 105                 110

Asn Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Asp Gly Asp Phe Ser Asp Ile Gly Pro Ser
        115                 120                 125

Thr Leu Gln Phe Phe Lys Phe Asp Glu Thr Gly Leu Val Ser Gly Ser
    130                 135                 140

Asn Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gly Thr Asp Val Met Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Arg
145                 150                 155                 160

Tyr Ser Met Met Ile Pro Ser Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Lys Tyr Val Leu
                165                 170                 175

Arg His Glu Leu Val Ala Leu Gln Asn Val Gly Ala Ala Gln Leu Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Ile Glu Val Thr Ser Asn Thr Thr Gly Gly Asp
        195                 200                 205

Val Asn Pro Gly Gly Thr Pro Ala Thr Glu Leu Tyr Ser Pro Ala Asp
    210                 215                 220

Pro Gly Phe Leu Phe Asn Ile Tyr Glu Gln Tyr Asp Ser Tyr Pro Ile
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Gly Pro Asp Val Phe Arg Asp
                245
```

<210> 159

<211> 729

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 159

atggttcagt ttaagctgag cacggcctct cttctggctc ttgcctccta cgccgccgcc 60

cacggctacg tgagctcgat cgaagccgac ggacagacgt atcccgacgc tgatccacac 120

```
cacggccacg cgagccgcgt ccaagccgac ggccagacct acccgggcgc cgaccccacc      120

aaccccaacc cagagtcccc cggctggcag gcggagaaca ccgatctggg cttcgtcgag      180

ccctccgcct tctcgacccc cgccatcgcc tgccacaaga acgcgcgggc tccgcccgcc      240

cacgcgaccg tccaggccgg gagcaccatc aagctgacgt ggaacacctg gccggagtcg      300

caccacggac ccgtgctcga ctacatcgcg ccgtgcaacg gcgactgctc tagcgcgtcg      360

gcgggctcgc tgaacttcgt caagatcgcc gagaagggcc tgatctccgg ctccaaccca      420

ggcttctggg ccgccgacga gctgatccag aacggcaact cgtgggaggt caccatcccc      480

gcgaacctgg cgccgggcaa gtacgtgctg cgccacgaga tcatcgcgct gcactcggcc      540

ggcaacccca acggcgccca ggcctacccg cagtgcatca acctcgaggt cactggcggc      600

ggctccgcga ctccctctgg ccagccggcg acttcgttct actccccaa cgaccccggc      660

atcctgttca acctgtacca gtcgttcgac tcctacccga tccccggccc cgccgtgtgg      720

agcggttaa                                                              729
```

<210> 160

<211> 242

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 160

```
Met Val Gln Phe Lys Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Ser
1               5                   10                  15

Tyr Ala Ala Ala His Gly Tyr Val Ser Ser Ile Gln Ala Asp Gly Gln

            20                  25                  30

Thr Tyr Pro Gly Ala Asp Pro His Asn Pro Asn Pro Glu Ser Pro Gly
        35                  40                  45

Trp Gln Ala Glu Asn Thr Asp Leu Gly Phe Val Glu Pro Ser Ala Phe
    50                  55                  60

Ser Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Cys His Lys Asn Ala Arg Ala Pro Pro Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

His Ala Thr Val Gln Ala Gly Ser Thr Ile Lys Leu Thr Trp Asn Thr
                85                  90                  95

Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val Leu Asp Tyr Ile Ala Pro Cys
            100                 105                 110

Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Ser Ala Ser Ala Gly Ser Leu Asn Phe Val Lys
        115                 120                 125

Ile Ala Glu Lys Gly Leu Ile Ser Gly Ser Asn Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala
    130                 135                 140

Ala Asp Glu Leu Ile Gln Asn Gly Asn Ser Trp Glu Val Thr Ile Pro
145                 150                 155                 160

Ala Asn Leu Ala Pro Gly Lys Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala
                165                 170                 175

Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Pro Asn Gly Ala Gln Ala Tyr Pro Gln Cys
            180                 185                 190

Ile Asn Leu Glu Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Thr Pro Ser Gly Gln
        195                 200                 205

Pro Ala Thr Ser Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Asn Pro Glu Ile Leu Phe Asn
```

```
Pro Ala Thr Ser Phe Tyr Ser Pro Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Phe Asn
    210                 215                 220

Leu Tyr Gln Ser Phe Asp Ser Tyr Pro Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Trp
225                 230                 235                 240

Ser Gly
```

<210> 161

<211> 1081

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 161

```
atgtcaccct ccttcaagtc cactgccatc ctcggagccg ttgctctggc cgcccgcgtg       60

cgcgcccacg gctacgtgtc tggaatcgtc gttgacggtg cttagtacgt ctgcatgttc      120

ctctcttcgt tacaggtaac atctttcttg gtattgctcg tgctgaccct tttctttcag      180

ccatggcggt tacatcgtcg acaagtaccc ctacatgccc aacccgcccg atgtggtcgg      240

ctggtcgact acggccacgg acctgggctt cgtcgccccc gacgcctttg gcgacccgga      300

catcatctgc caccgggacg gtgcccccgg tgccatccac gccaaagtca acgccggtgc      360

caccatcgag ctgcagtgga acacctggcc cgagagccac cacggtcccg tcatcgacta      420

cctggctaac tgcaacggtg actgctcgtc cgtcgacaag acctcgctca agttcttcaa      480

gatcagcgag gccggcctaa acgacggctc caacgccccc ggccagtggg cgtccgacga      540

tctcattgcc aacaacaaca gctggactgt gaccatcccc aagtcgatcg ccccgggcaa      600

ctacgtgctg cgccacgaga tcatcgccct gcacagcgcc ggcaaccaga atggcgcgca      660

gaactacccc cagtgcttca acctcgagat caccagcaac ggcagcgaca acccggaggg      720

cgtgctggga accgagctgt acaaggccga cgacccgggc attctgttca acatctacca      780

gcccatggac tcgtacccga ttcccggccc tgctctctac accggcggct cttctccctc      840

ccctaatccg cccacctcta cccagtcgcc tgtgccccag cccacccagt ctcccccatc      900

gggcagcaac cccggcaacg gcaacggcga cgacgacaac gacaacggca acgagacccc      960

atccccgtct ctccccgtcg agatccctga cgacctgacc tcgcgcgagc tactcctcgt     1020

ggcccaggag atcattgccc gtctgcttga gctgcagaat cagctggtcg tctcgaacta     1080

a                                                                     1081
```

<210> 162

<211> 334

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 162

```
Met Ser Pro Ser Phe Lys Ser Thr Ala Ile Leu Gly Ala Val Ala Leu
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ala Arg Val Arg Ala His Gly Tyr Val Ser Gly Ile Val Val Asp
            20                  25                  30

Gly Ala Tyr His Gly Gly Tyr Ile Val Asp Lys Tyr Pro Tyr Met Pro
        35                  40                  45

Asn Pro Pro Asp Val Val Gly Trp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly
    50                  55                  60

Phe Val Ala Pro Asp Ala Phe Gly Asp Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Arg
65                  70                  75                  80

Asp Gly Ala Pro Gly Ala Ile His Ala Lys Val Asn Ala Gly Ala Thr
                85                  90                  95
```

```
                85                  90                  95

Ile Glu Leu Gln Trp Asn Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val
            100                 105                 110

Ile Asp Tyr Leu Ala Asn Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Ser Val Asp Lys
        115                 120                 125

Thr Ser Leu Lys Phe Phe Lys Ile Ser Glu Ala Gly Leu Asn Asp Gly
    130                 135                 140

Ser Asn Ala Pro Gly Gln Trp Ala Ser Asp Asp Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Ser Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Lys Ser Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Gln Asn
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Glu Ile Thr Ser Asn
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ser Asp Asn Pro Glu Gly Val Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Tyr Lys Ala
    210                 215                 220

Asp Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Phe Asn Ile Tyr Gln Pro Met Asp Ser Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Tyr Thr Gly Gly Ser Ser Pro Ser Pro
                245                 250                 255

Asn Pro Pro Thr Ser Thr Gln Ser Pro Val Pro Gln Pro Thr Gln Ser
            260                 265                 270

Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Asn Pro Gly Asn Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Asp Asn
        275                 280                 285

Asp Asn Gly Asn Glu Thr Pro Ser Pro Ser Leu Pro Val Glu Ile Pro
    290                 295                 300

Asp Asp Leu Thr Ser Arg Glu Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Gln Glu Ile Ile
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Arg Leu Leu Glu Leu Gln Asn Gln Leu Val Val Ser Asn
                325                 330
```

<210> 163

<211> 875

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 163

```
atgaagacgc tctctgcggg tctccttgcg cttgccagcg ctgccagcgc tcactgtccg       60

tccagccttc ccttgctctc tcctgacatt cgcgccagca tttccatcag gtccaataaa      120

actaacacac gagccatggg acgacggtca tagacacctt cccctccctg atcgccaacg      180

gcgtcgtcac cggcgaatgg gagtatgtcc ggcagacgga gaaccattac tcaaacgccc      240

ccgtcaccga cgtctccagc gaggccatcc gctgctacga gaatcccggg cggcccgccg      300

caaagaccct gagcgttgcc gccggctcga ccgtgggctt caccgtctcc cccagcatct      360

accacccggg cccactgcag ttctacatgg ccagggtgcc cgacggccag accgcggact      420

cgtgggacgg cagcgggcag gtgtggttca agatcttcga gcagggaccg cagatcgatc      480

cgtcgggatt gacgtggccg agtgacggtg cgacgagaaa acccccttt ttttttttt        540

ttttttttt tcgctgtcgc catgtggtaa ctgcgagtga actggctcta ggactctccc      600
```

aggtccaagt caccatcccc agctccctcc cgtcgggcga ctacctgctg cgcgtcgagc 660

agattggcct gcactccgcg tcgtccgtca acggcgccca gttctacctc tcctgcgcac 720

agctcaccgt caccggcggc ggaaacggga acccaggccc gctcgtctcg ttcccgggcg 780

cgtacagccc cacggacccg ggtctgctga tcaacatcta ctggccgatt ccgaccagct 840

acgagctgcc cgggccaccg gtgtggcgcg gttag 875

<210> 164

<211> 230

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 164

Met Lys Thr Leu Ser Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Ser Ala Ala Ser
1 5 10 15

Ala His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Ser Leu Ile Ala Asn Gly Val Val Thr Gly
20 25 30

Glu Trp Glu Tyr Val Arg Gln Thr Glu Asn His Tyr Ser Asn Ala Pro
35 40 45

Val Thr Asp Val Ser Ser Glu Ala Ile Arg Cys Tyr Glu Asn Pro Gly
50 55 60

Arg Pro Ala Ala Lys Thr Leu Ser Val Ala Ala Gly Ser Thr Val Gly
65 70 75 80

Phe Thr Val Ser Pro Ser Ile Tyr His Pro Gly Pro Leu Gln Phe Tyr
85 90 95

Met Ala Arg Val Pro Asp Gly Gln Thr Ala Asp Ser Trp Asp Gly Ser
100 105 110

Gly Gln Val Trp Phe Lys Ile Phe Glu Gln Gly Pro Gln Ile Asp Pro
115 120 125

Ser Gly Leu Thr Trp Pro Ser Asp Gly Leu Ser Gln Val Gln Val Thr
130 135 140

Ile Pro Ser Ser Leu Pro Ser Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val Glu Gln
145 150 155 160

Ile Gly Leu His Ser Ala Ser Ser Val Asn Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Leu
165 170 175

Ser Cys Ala Gln Leu Thr Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Gly Asn Pro Gly
180 185 190

Pro Leu Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Pro Thr Asp Pro Gly Leu
195 200 205

Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Trp Pro Ile Pro Thr Ser Tyr Glu Leu Pro Gly
210 215 220

Pro Pro Val Trp Arg Gly
225 230

<210> 165

<211> 1194

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 165

```
atgcggttct cagccgtggc cgcggttggc tttctgatgg gcaccgccag cgcacacatg       60

aagatgaaga ctccatatcc atttggcccc gacacgctca acaccagccc cctccaggca      120

aacctgaccg acttcccctg caagcacaga cccggcgtct acgacccacc gctactccca      180

caccccgacg cgaatacctt caccgtcggc gtccccgtca ccctcagctt catcggcagc      240

gccgtccacg gcggcggctc gtgtcagatc agcctgacca cggaccgaca gccgaccagg      300

gactcggtct ggaaggtcat ccactccatc gagggcggct gtcccgccaa caccgacggc      360

aacctgggag gcggcgcgga cgccgaggtc gccagcacct tcgagttcca gattcccccc      420

agcattccgc ccggcgagta cacgctggcg tggacctggc tcaaccgcct cggcaaccgc      480

gagttctaca tgaactgcgc cccgatcacc gtcgtcgcgc ccaagaagcg atacgccccg      540

tcgtcgtcgt cgtcggaccc gcggcccctt gcgtccctcg cccagcgcca ggacctcccg      600

gacatgttca tcgcgaacat caacggctgc acgaccgagg agggcatcga cgtgcgcttc      660

cccgaccccg gcccctccgt cgaacgcgca gggaacccca gcaggctcct ggcgagcggc      720

gaggtgatct gcaagatgcg cggcagcgac acgggaccca tcgcgggggg tggcagcggc      780

ggcggagacg gaggcaacga ctcggaggcc agcccagctc ccagtcaaga tcctcacccc      840

agttcaaacc caagccccga cccgaatcca gacccggacc cgcagtgcct gccgccagcg      900

ccatcaacat caaccgcgtc gaccccgacg tctccgtcgg cgacaccacc cgcctccccg      960

tcctccaccg gcgacagcgg cgacggtggc ccggggctca ccggctcctg caccgagggc     1020

tggttcaact gcatcggcgg cacgcacttc cagcagtgca cggccagcgg gcagtggagc     1080

gtcgcgcggc ccgtggcccc gggcacggtc tgccgcgaag gagtggggcc tgatctgcag     1140

atcggttatg ccaaggggga cgacgttaga ggcgtccgtc gggcgcaccg ctga           1194
```

<210> 166

<211> 397

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 166

```
Met Arg Phe Ser Ala Val Ala Ala Val Gly Phe Leu Met Gly Thr Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Ser Ala His Met Lys Met Lys Thr Pro Tyr Pro Phe Gly Pro Asp Thr
            20                  25                  30

Leu Asn Thr Ser Pro Leu Gln Ala Asn Leu Thr Asp Phe Pro Cys Lys
        35                  40                  45

His Arg Pro Gly Val Tyr Asp Pro Pro Leu Leu Pro His Pro Asp Ala
    50                  55                  60

Asn Thr Phe Thr Val Gly Val Pro Val Thr Leu Ser Phe Ile Gly Ser
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Val His Gly Gly Gly Ser Cys Gln Ile Ser Leu Thr Thr Asp Arg
                85                  90                  95

Gln Pro Thr Arg Asp Ser Val Trp Lys Val Ile His Ser Ile Glu Gly

            100                 105                 110

Gly Cys Pro Ala Asn Thr Asp Gly Asn Leu Gly Gly Gly Ala Asp Ala
        115                 120                 125
```

```
Glu Val Ala Ser Thr Phe Glu Phe Gln Ile Pro Pro Ser Ile Pro Pro
    130                 135                 140

Gly Glu Tyr Thr Leu Ala Trp Thr Trp Leu Asn Arg Leu Gly Asn Arg
145                 150                 155                 160

Glu Phe Tyr Met Asn Cys Ala Pro Ile Thr Val Val Ala Pro Lys Lys
                165                 170                 175

Arg Tyr Ala Pro Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Ala Ser
            180                 185                 190

Leu Ala Gln Arg Gln Asp Leu Pro Asp Met Phe Ile Ala Asn Ile Asn
        195                 200                 205

Gly Cys Thr Thr Glu Glu Gly Ile Asp Val Arg Phe Pro Asp Pro Gly
    210                 215                 220

Pro Ser Val Glu Arg Ala Gly Asn Pro Ser Arg Leu Leu Ala Ser Gly
225                 230                 235                 240

Glu Val Ile Cys Lys Met Arg Gly Ser Asp Thr Gly Pro Ile Ala Gly
                245                 250                 255

Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Asp Gly Gly Asn Asp Ser Glu Ala Ser Pro
            260                 265                 270

Ala Pro Ser Gln Asp Pro His Pro Ser Ser Asn Pro Ser Pro Asp Pro
        275                 280                 285

Asn Pro Asp Pro Asp Pro Gln Cys Leu Pro Pro Ala Pro Ser Thr Ser
    290                 295                 300

Thr Ala Ser Thr Pro Thr Ser Pro Ser Ala Thr Pro Pro Ala Ser Pro
305                 310                 315                 320

Ser Ser Thr Gly Asp Ser Gly Asp Gly Gly Pro Gly Leu Thr Gly Ser
                325                 330                 335

Cys Thr Glu Gly Trp Phe Asn Cys Ile Gly Gly Thr His Phe Gln Gln
            340                 345                 350

Cys Thr Ala Ser Gly Gln Trp Ser Val Ala Arg Pro Val Ala Pro Gly
        355                 360                 365

Thr Val Cys Arg Glu Gly Val Gly Pro Asp Leu Gln Ile Gly Tyr Ala
    370                 375                 380

Lys Gly Asp Asp Val Arg Gly Val Arg Arg Ala His Arg
385                 390                 395
```

<210> 167

<211> 1233

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 167

```
atgcgtttct cggcttccac cgttgcagca gcggctgctt tcctgtccgc tggggttgtc       60

aacgcccata tgaacatgaa gtttccctat ccatatgggc ctgatactct gaacaacagc      120

cctcttcaga acaacctcgc cgactttccc tgcaagcaac ggcctggagt gtatgaccct      180

ccagcgctcc ccagtcctga tgccaacacc ctcaccatcg gcgtccctgc gaccctggag      240

ttccttggcg atgctgtcca tggtggtggt tcttgccaaa tcagcttgac aactgacaag      300

gagcctacca aagactctgt ctggaaggtt atccattcca ttgagggtgg atgccctgcc      360
```

```
aacactgaag ggaaccttgg aagtgatcca aagggagaac gtgccagcaa gttccagttc      420

actatccctc ccagcatcgc accaggcgag tatactctgg cttggacctg gatcaaccgc      480

attggtaacc gcgagtatta tatggactgc gccccaatca gagttcaaga agcgcccaag      540

aagcggtata ccccaacccc gccaactgag ccacgaagcc tgattccctt ggcgaaacgt      600

gacgaccttc ctgatatgtt tatcgccaac atcaacggct gcaatacccc tgaaggtatc      660

gacatccgtt acccaaaccc cggtccttct attgagtatg cgggcaatcc catgaacctt      720

atgaaggtcg gtgagccagt ttgcgtgtac gcagatggca ctcctggccc tcttgctgga      780

ggtgaagagg gtggtgacgg tggtaacact gagcaaccgc aaccgtcgaa caacgcgggc      840

ccttcgcctg gtgtcttcgc gcctctccag tccgagactg ttgttcctcc agtgcccaca      900

ccacccactc cggctcccca gccgtcgacc ccgactgtcc agactcaggc cccggccccc      960

accgttccct ccaatccaac tccaacggtg gtgccagctc cggctcctaa cagcggcaac     1020

ggtggctctg ctttgactgg tccttgtact gaagagggca tttacaactg cattggcggc     1080

acttccttcc agcgatgtgc tagtggtgaa tggaccgcag ttctgccagt tgctgagggc     1140

actgtctgca aggaagggtt cagtactgat ttgggaatta cccatgcgaa aaagcgtggc     1200

attcatcgtc gccgtggcca ctttcgcgca taa                                  1233
```

<210> 168

<211> 410

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 168

```
Met Arg Phe Ser Ala Ser Thr Val Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Phe Leu Ser
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Gly Val Val Asn Ala His Met Asn Met Lys Phe Pro Tyr Pro Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Gly Pro Asp Thr Leu Asn Asn Ser Pro Leu Gln Asn Asn Leu Ala Asp
        35                  40                  45

Phe Pro Cys Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Val Tyr Asp Pro Pro Ala Leu Pro
    50                  55                  60

Ser Pro Asp Ala Asn Thr Leu Thr Ile Gly Val Pro Ala Thr Leu Glu
65                  70                  75                  80

Phe Leu Gly Asp Ala Val His Gly Gly Gly Ser Cys Gln Ile Ser Leu
                85                  90                  95

Thr Thr Asp Lys Glu Pro Thr Lys Asp Ser Val Trp Lys Val Ile His
            100                 105                 110

Ser Ile Glu Gly Gly Cys Pro Ala Asn Thr Glu Gly Asn Leu Gly Ser
        115                 120                 125

Asp Pro Lys Gly Glu Arg Ala Ser Lys Phe Gln Phe Thr Ile Pro Pro
    130                 135                 140

Ser Ile Ala Pro Gly Glu Tyr Thr Leu Ala Trp Thr Trp Ile Asn Arg
145                 150                 155                 160

Ile Gly Asn Arg Glu Tyr Tyr Met Asp Cys Ala Pro Ile Arg Val Gln
                165                 170                 175

Glu Ala Pro Lys Lys Arg Tyr Thr Pro Thr Pro Pro Thr Glu Pro Arg
            180                 185                 190
```

```
Ser Leu Ile Pro Leu Ala Lys Arg Asp Asp Leu Pro Asp Met Phe Ile
        195                 200                 205

Ala Asn Ile Asn Gly Cys Asn Thr Pro Glu Gly Ile Asp Ile Arg Tyr
    210                 215                 220

Pro Asn Pro Gly Pro Ser Ile Glu Tyr Ala Gly Asn Pro Met Asn Leu
225                 230                 235                 240

Met Lys Val Gly Glu Pro Val Cys Val Tyr Ala Asp Gly Thr Pro Gly
                245                 250                 255

Pro Leu Ala Gly Gly Glu Glu Gly Gly Asp Gly Gly Asn Thr Glu Gln
            260                 265                 270

Pro Gln Pro Ser Asn Asn Ala Gly Pro Ser Pro Gly Val Phe Ala Pro
        275                 280                 285

Leu Gln Ser Glu Thr Val Val Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Pro Pro Thr Pro
    290                 295                 300

Ala Pro Gln Pro Ser Thr Pro Thr Val Gln Thr Gln Ala Pro Ala Pro
305                 310                 315                 320

Thr Val Pro Ser Asn Pro Thr Pro Thr Val Val Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro
                325                 330                 335

Asn Ser Gly Asn Gly Gly Ser Ala Leu Thr Gly Pro Cys Thr Glu Glu
            340                 345                 350

Gly Ile Tyr Asn Cys Ile Gly Gly Thr Ser Phe Gln Arg Cys Ala Ser
        355                 360                 365

Gly Glu Trp Thr Ala Val Leu Pro Val Ala Glu Gly Thr Val Cys Lys
    370                 375                 380

Glu Gly Phe Ser Thr Asp Leu Gly Ile Thr His Ala Lys Lys Arg Gly
385                 390                 395                 400

Ile His Arg Arg Arg Gly His Phe Arg Ala
                405                 410
```

<210> 169

<211> 699

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 169

```
atgaaggcag cagtatcctt ggcccttctt gttgccgtag ctggagcagc ctctgctcac       60

aatatcttcc ccaacctcat cgtcgacggg acggttacgg gagactggga attcgtccgc      120

accaccgcca acaaatggtc ccgcgagggc ttaaccaacg tcaacagcga gagtatgaga      180

tgctacgagg aggccggccg tccaccctcg gaggtgaaaa ccgtcaaagc ggggtcgaga      240

gtcggtttcg cttcccaggc gcctattcgc catattgggc cagtgctctt ttacatggcc      300

cgtgttcccg atgggcagga tgtggactcg tggaccccat cgggggacgt ctggttcaag      360

atccatcagc agggaccgga gcggtctgag tcgggatgga cctggcctac gcaagaccaa      420

accgaactct tcgtcgacat cccagcctcc gtcccagacg gcaactatct cctgcgaatc      480

gagcaaatcg cgctccacga cgcacagtac gttggtggtg cgcagtttta cctcgcatgc      540

ggccaaatca acgtcaccgg gggcggcagc ggggacccag gtcccaaggt ctcattccct      600

ggcgcgtata aacccaccga tcctggtatt ttgctggacc tccatggaca tccgccggcg      660
```

aattatcagt tcccgggacc agccgtatgg caaggctga 699

<210> 170

<211> 232

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 170

```
Met Lys Ala Ala Val Ser Leu Ala Leu Leu Val Ala Val Ala Gly Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Ala Ser Ala His Asn Ile Phe Pro Asn Leu Ile Val Asp Gly Thr Val
            20                  25                  30

Thr Gly Asp Trp Glu Phe Val Arg Thr Thr Ala Asn Lys Trp Ser Arg
        35                  40                  45

Glu Gly Leu Thr Asn Val Asn Ser Glu Ser Met Arg Cys Tyr Glu Glu
    50                  55                  60

Ala Gly Arg Pro Pro Ser Glu Val Lys Thr Val Lys Ala Gly Ser Arg
65                  70                  75                  80

Val Gly Phe Ala Ser Gln Ala Pro Ile Arg His Ile Gly Pro Val Leu
                85                  90                  95

Phe Tyr Met Ala Arg Val Pro Asp Gly Gln Asp Val Asp Ser Trp Thr
            100                 105                 110

Pro Ser Gly Asp Val Trp Phe Lys Ile His Gln Gln Gly Pro Glu Arg
        115                 120                 125

Ser Glu Ser Gly Trp Thr Trp Pro Thr Gln Asp Gln Thr Glu Leu Phe
    130                 135                 140

Val Asp Ile Pro Ala Ser Val Pro Asp Gly Asn Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ile
145                 150                 155                 160

Glu Gln Ile Ala Leu His Asp Ala Gln Tyr Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Leu Ala Cys Gly Gln Ile Asn Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Asp
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gly Pro Lys Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Pro Thr Asp Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ile Leu Leu Asp Leu His Gly His Pro Pro Ala Asn Tyr Gln Phe
    210                 215                 220

Pro Gly Pro Ala Val Trp Gln Gly
225                 230
```

<210> 171

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 171

```
atgaaggcca ccgttctagc tggcctcgcg gccgtgattg ctgctcaagg tgtagctggg       60

catgcgacat tccagcagct atgggttgat ggagaggata agggaggtgc ttgcgcaaga      120

ttgcctttga gcaactcacc cgtgacagat gtcaatagcg cagagatcgc atgcaacgcg      180

aacagcggtc ctgcggccga gaagtgtacc gtttccgcag gcggagtcgt caccgtcgag      240
```

```
atgcaccagc agcccggaga tcggtcgtgt gacaacgaag ccattggagg caaccactgg      300

ggtcccgtgc tcgtatacat gagtaaagtc gacgactccg ccaccgcaga cgggtccggc      360

gggtggttca agatcttcga agacacctgg gctcccgcac ccgactccaa ttccggctcc      420

gacgactact ggggcgtcaa ggatctgaac gcccactgcg gccgcatgga cgtgccaatc      480

cccgctgacc tggcgccagg agactacctg ctgagagcgg aggtgattgc gctgcacacc      540

gcgtcgtcgc ccggcggtgc gcagttctac atgacctgct accagctcac ggttgatgga      600

gaggggtcac agagcccgca aaccgtgtcg ttccccggcg cttattcgcc aagtgaccct      660

gggattcaga tcaatatcta tcagaagttg acggaatatg tctctcctgg accagctgtg      720

attgagggtg gaaccaccgt tgaggccggc acaggcggta gcaccattcc cggcaaacta      780

aatgacgtgt tcttgtcttg a                                                801
```

<210> 172

<211> 266

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 172

```
Met Lys Ala Thr Val Leu Ala Gly Leu Ala Ala Val Ile Ala Ala Gln
1               5                  10                  15

Gly Val Ala Gly His Ala Thr Phe Gln Gln Leu Trp Val Asp Gly Glu
            20                  25                  30

Asp Lys Gly Gly Ala Cys Ala Arg Leu Pro Leu Ser Asn Ser Pro Val
        35                  40                  45

Thr Asp Val Asn Ser Ala Glu Ile Ala Cys Asn Ala Asn Ser Gly Pro
    50                  55                  60

Ala Ala Glu Lys Cys Thr Val Ser Ala Gly Gly Val Val Thr Val Glu
65                  70                  75                  80

Met His Gln Gln Pro Gly Asp Arg Ser Cys Asp Asn Glu Ala Ile Gly
                85                  90                  95

Gly Asn His Trp Gly Pro Val Leu Val Tyr Met Ser Lys Val Asp Asp
            100                 105                 110

Ser Ala Thr Ala Asp Gly Ser Gly Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Phe Glu Asp
        115                 120                 125

Thr Trp Ala Pro Ala Pro Asp Ser Asn Ser Gly Ser Asp Asp Tyr Trp
    130                 135                 140

Gly Val Lys Asp Leu Asn Ala His Cys Gly Arg Met Asp Val Pro Ile
145                 150                 155                 160

Pro Ala Asp Leu Ala Pro Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Val Ile
                165                 170                 175

Ala Leu His Thr Ala Ser Ser Pro Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Thr
            180                 185                 190

Cys Tyr Gln Leu Thr Val Asp Gly Glu Gly Ser Gln Ser Pro Gln Thr
        195                 200                 205

Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Pro Ser Asp Pro Gly Ile Gln Ile
    210                 215                 220

Asn Ile Tyr Gln Lys Leu Thr Glu Tyr Val Ser Pro Gly Pro Ala Val
225                 230                 235                 240
```

```
Ile Glu Gly Gly Thr Thr Val Glu Ala Gly Thr Gly Gly Ser Thr Ile
                245                 250                 255

Pro Gly Lys Leu Asn Asp Val Phe Leu Ser
            260                 265
```

<210> 173

<211> 975

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 173

```
atgccccctc cacggctaca cacgttcctt gccctcttgg ccctggtatc agcccccacc       60

gcacgggggc attcccatct cgcatacatc atcatcaacg gcgaggtgta ccacggattc      120

gacccgcggc cgggggagga gaactcgccg gcgcgcgtgg gctggtcgac gggggcggtc      180

gacgacgggt tcgtggggcc ggccgactac tcgtcgcccg acataatctg ccacgtcgag      240

ggggccagcc cgccggcgca cgcgcccgtc cgggccggcg accgggttca cgtgcagtgg      300

aacggctggc cgctcgggca tgtggggccg gtgctgtcgt acctggcccc ctgcggcggc      360

ctggaggggg ccgagcgcgg gtgtgccgga gtggacaagc ggcagctgcg gtggaccaag      420

gtggacgact cgctgccggc gatggagaga ctgtccacca cggtcggggc cgcggacggc      480

ggcggcgtgc ccgggcagcg ctgggccacc gacgtgctgg tcgcggccaa caacagctgg      540

caggtcgaga tcccgcgcgg gctccgggac gggccgtacg tgctgcggca cgagatcgtc      600

gcgctgcact tcgcggccga ccgcggcggc gcgcagaact acccggtctg cgtcaacctc      660

tgggtcgagg gcggcgacgg caccatggag ctggacggct tcgacgccac cgagctctac      720

cggcccgacg acccgggcat cctgctcgac gtgacggccg gcccgcgctc gtacgtcgtg      780

cccggcccga cgctggtcgc gggggccacg cgggtgccgt acgcgcagca gaacagcagc      840

tcggcgaggg cggagggaac ccccgtgatg gtcatcagga gcacagagac ggtgcccctg      900

acggtagcac ctaccccgac caatagtacg ggtcgggctt acgggaggag gtacggaagc      960

aggtttcagg ggtag                                                       975
```

<210> 174

<211> 324

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 174

```
Met Pro Pro Pro Arg Leu His Thr Phe Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Val
1               5                   10                  15

Ser Ala Pro Thr Ala Arg Gly His Ser His Leu Ala Tyr Ile Ile Ile
            20                  25                  30

Asn Gly Glu Val Tyr His Gly Phe Asp Pro Arg Pro Gly Glu Glu Asn
        35                  40                  45

Ser Pro Ala Arg Val Gly Trp Ser Thr Gly Ala Val Asp Asp Gly Phe

    50                  55                  60

Val Gly Pro Ala Asp Tyr Ser Ser Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Val Glu
65                  70                  75                  80

Gly Ala Ser Pro Pro Ala His Ala Pro Val Arg Ala Gly Asp Arg Val
                85                  90                  95

His Val Gln Trp Asn Gly Trp Pro Leu Gly His Val Gly Pro Val Leu
            100                 105                 110
```

```
            100                 105                 110

Ser Tyr Leu Ala Pro Cys Gly Gly Leu Glu Gly Ala Glu Arg Gly Cys
        115                 120                 125

Ala Gly Val Asp Lys Arg Gln Leu Arg Trp Thr Lys Val Asp Asp Ser
    130                 135                 140

Leu Pro Ala Met Glu Arg Leu Ser Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Ala Asp Gly
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Gly Val Pro Gly Gln Arg Trp Ala Thr Asp Val Leu Val Ala Ala
                165                 170                 175

Asn Asn Ser Trp Gln Val Glu Ile Pro Arg Gly Leu Arg Asp Gly Pro
            180                 185                 190

Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Val Ala Leu His Phe Ala Ala Asp Arg
        195                 200                 205

Gly Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Val Cys Val Asn Leu Trp Val Glu Gly
    210                 215                 220

Gly Asp Gly Thr Met Glu Leu Asp Gly Phe Asp Ala Thr Glu Leu Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Arg Pro Asp Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Leu Asp Val Thr Ala Gly Pro Arg
                245                 250                 255

Ser Tyr Val Val Pro Gly Pro Thr Leu Val Ala Gly Ala Thr Arg Val
            260                 265                 270

Pro Tyr Ala Gln Gln Asn Ser Ser Ser Ala Arg Ala Glu Gly Thr Pro
        275                 280                 285

Val Met Val Ile Arg Ser Thr Glu Thr Val Pro Leu Thr Val Ala Pro
    290                 295                 300

Thr Pro Thr Asn Ser Thr Gly Arg Ala Tyr Gly Arg Arg Tyr Gly Ser
305                 310                 315                 320

Arg Phe Gln Gly
```

<210> 175

<211> 1115

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 175

```
atggctccat taacgtccgc agccctgatc ctgggcaccc ttatcagctt ggtctcgggc       60

catggctatc tgaagagcat caccgtcaac ggcaaggagt acctcgcttg gcaggttggc      120

caggacgact atatcaaccc gactccggtc cgatatgccc gcaggcttgc aaacaacggg      180

ccagtcccgg atttcaccac caaggatatc acgtacgttt ccgtggaggc cggcactggc      240

tgtggcggaa gagggcaaga ccgccggact gacgcgtgcc atgactttac agctgcggcg      300

ccggtggtaa tgagccggct gagggaatca tcgagctgaa ggctggcgac actgtgtacg      360

cgccgtcccc tccccagcta acgttacccg atcgacctca tctggacggt tagctgacag      420

ggtcgtcttc tctcgcacac gcaaatagga ccctcaactg ggaccagtgg ggtagcagcc      480

actccggccc agtcatgaag tgagtcttgc ggccttcccg gcgacggacc gtaccagagg      540

ttattacggg agtagcagtc gtaatcagcg aacccattcg aactaacccc tcccgcacca      600

gctatctcgc ccattgcacc aacgacgact gcaagtcgtt caagggcgac agcggcaacg      660

tctgggtcaa gatcgagcag gtcgcgtaca acgccgtggg caagccccgc tgggggtcgg      720
```

tctgggtcaa gatcgagcag ctcgcgtaca accgtcggc caacccccc tgggcgtccg 720

acctcctccg cgagcagggc gccaagtgga aggtgacgat cccgcccacc ctcgcccccg 780

gcgagtacct gctgcggcac gagatcctgg gcctgcacgt cgccggaacc gtgatgggcg 840

cccagttcta ccccagctgc acccagatca gggtcaccca gggcgggaac acgcagctgc 900

cctccggcat cgcgcttccc ggtgcttacg acccgcatga cgggggtgta agtctcggat 960

gtatgatctg gaattgtctc gacgcttgct gacagtgttt attccagatc ttggtcgagt 1020

tgtggagggt taaccagggc caggtcaact acaccgcgcc tggaggaccc gtctggagcg 1080

cggcggcgcc ggatcccaac cgctctggcc cctga 1115

<210> 176

<211> 240

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 176

```
Met Ala Pro Leu Thr Ser Ala Ala Leu Ile Leu Gly Thr Leu Ile Ser
1               5                  10                  15

Leu Val Ser Gly His Gly Tyr Leu Lys Ser Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Lys
            20                  25                  30

Glu Tyr Leu Ala Trp Gln Val Gly Gln Asp Asp Tyr Ile Asn Pro Thr
        35                  40                  45

Pro Val Arg Tyr Ala Arg Arg Leu Ala Asn Asn Gly Pro Val Pro Asp
    50                  55                  60

Phe Thr Thr Lys Asp Ile Thr Cys Gly Ala Gly Gly Asn Glu Pro Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Glu Gly Ile Ile Glu Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Thr Val Thr Leu Asn Trp
                85                  90                  95

Asp Gln Trp Gly Ser Ser His Ser Gly Pro Val Met Asn Tyr Leu Ala
            100                 105                 110

His Cys Thr Asn Asp Asp Cys Lys Ser Phe Lys Gly Asp Ser Gly Asn
        115                 120                 125

Val Trp Val Lys Ile Glu Gln Leu Ala Tyr Asn Pro Ser Ala Asn Pro
    130                 135                 140

Pro Trp Ala Ser Asp Leu Leu Arg Glu Gln Gly Ala Lys Trp Lys Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Thr Ile Pro Pro Thr Leu Ala Pro Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg His Glu
                165                 170                 175

Ile Leu Gly Leu His Val Ala Gly Thr Val Met Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Pro Ser Cys Thr Gln Ile Arg Val Thr Gln Gly Gly Asn Thr Gln Leu
        195                 200                 205

Pro Ser Gly Ile Ala Leu Pro Gly Ala Tyr Asp Pro His Asp Gly Gly
    210                 215                 220

Gly Pro Val Trp Ser Ala Ala Ala Pro Asp Pro Asn Arg Ser Gly Pro
225                 230                 235                 240
```

<210> 177

<211> 988

<212> DNA
<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 177
atgaaatacg ccctccagct cgctgcggcc gcggcttttg cggtgaacag cgcggccggc 60

cactacatct tccagcagtt tgcgacaggc gggacgacgt acccgccctg gaagtacatc 120

cgccgcaaca ccaacccgga ctggctgcag aacgggccgg tgacggacct gtcgtcgacc 180

gacctgcgct gtaacgtggg cgggcaggtc agcaacggga ccgagaccat caccgtcaac 240

gccggcgacg aattcacctt catcctcgac acgcccgtct accacgccgg ccccacctcg 300

ctctacatgt ccaaggcgcc cggcgcggcg gccgactacg acggcagcgg gtcctggttc 360

aagatctatg actggggccc gcagggaacg agctggacgc tgagcggtac gtgtgcctgt 420

ttctcatcat caccacgacc atcctcatga tgattaccgc tctcgttatg attatgctgc 480

tgttgcggtt ctgctggaag agtatctgac ccgtctaccg tatccaggct cgtacaccca 540

gagaattccc aggtgcatcc ctgacggcga atacctcctc cgcatccagc agatcggact 600

tcacaacccc ggcgccgagc cacaggtacg gtcctggact tccgggtctc ctcttgcgca 660

ccgtcgctga cgcaggacga acaaaaacag ttctacatca gctgcgccca agtcaaggtg 720

gtcaatggcg gcagcaccaa cccgagcccg accgcccaga ttccgggagc cttccacagc 780

aacgatcccg gcttgaccgt caacgtaagc ccggcctcgc atcatttccc cgggaaccga 840

aatagcaatg agctgacaac cgatcgtaga tctacaccga ccctctcaac aactacgtcg 900

tccccggacc ccgggttgta agtctctccg gatgccctcc tccgttgatg gtcacgcctt 960

gctaatgtcg tccaagttct cctgctag 988

<210> 178
<211> 225
<212> PRT
<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 178
Met Lys Tyr Ala Leu Gln Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Phe Ala Val Asn
1 5 10 15

Ser Ala Ala Gly His Tyr Ile Phe Gln Gln Phe Ala Thr Gly Gly Thr
20 25 30

Thr Tyr Pro Pro Trp Lys Tyr Ile Arg Arg Asn Thr Asn Pro Asp Trp
35 40 45

Leu Gln Asn Gly Pro Val Thr Asp Leu Ser Ser Thr Asp Leu Arg Cys
50 55 60

Asn Val Gly Gly Gln Val Ser Asn Gly Thr Glu Thr Ile Thr Val Asn
65 70 75 80

Ala Gly Asp Glu Phe Thr Phe Ile Leu Asp Thr Pro Val Tyr His Ala

85 90 95

Gly Pro Thr Ser Leu Tyr Met Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ala Ala Ala Asp
100 105 110

Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gly Ser Trp Phe Lys Ile Tyr Asp Trp Gly Pro Gln
115 120 125

Gly Thr Ser Trp Thr Leu Ser Gly Ser Tyr Thr Gln Arg Ile Pro Arg
130 135 140

```
Cys Ile Pro Asp Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ile Gln Gln Ile Gly Leu
145                 150                 155                 160

His Asn Pro Gly Ala Glu Pro Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln Val
                165                 170                 175

Lys Val Val Asn Gly Gly Ser Thr Asn Pro Ser Pro Thr Ala Gln Ile
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gly Ala Phe His Ser Asn Asp Pro Gly Leu Thr Val Asn Ile Tyr
        195                 200                 205

Thr Asp Pro Leu Asn Asn Tyr Val Val Pro Gly Pro Arg Val Phe Ser
    210                 215                 220

Cys
225
```

<210> 179

<211> 859

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 179

```
atgaaggccc tctctctcct tgcggctgcc tcggcggtct ctgcccacac catcttcgtc       60

cagctcgaag cggacggcac gaggtacccg gtctcgtacg gcatccggac gccgacgtac      120

gacggcccca tcaccgacgt cacgtccaac gacgttgcct gcaacggcgg gccgaacccg      180

acgaccccgt ccggcgacgt catcacggtc acggcgggca ccacggtcaa ggccatctgg      240

agacacacgc tccagtccgg cccggacgac gtcatggacg ccagccacaa gggcccgacc      300

ctggcctacc tcaagaaggt cgacgacgcc accacggact cgggcatcgg cggcggctgg      360

ttcaagattc aggaggacgg ctacaacaac ggcgagtggg gcaccagcaa ggtgatctcc      420

aacggcggcg agcactacat gtgagtcctt tctccgacag agcgaggaga aacacagaga      480

gggagagaga gagaggccga ccaatctcgc tgacccgctg caacagcgac atcccggcct      540

gcattccccc gggccagtac ctcctccgcg ccgagatgat tgctctccac agcgccgggt      600

ctcccggcgg tgctcagctc tacgtaagcc tctctgccct tccttattac caccccccc       660

ccaaacctct gactgacacg cttggcagat ggaatgcgcc cagatcaaca tcgtcggcag      720

ctccggctcc ctgcccagct cgaccgtcag cttccccggc gcgtacagcg ccaacgaccc      780

gggcatcctc atcaacatct actccatgtc cccctcggac acgtacatca ttccgggccc      840

ggaggtcttc acttgctag                                                   859
```

<210> 180

<211> 235

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 180

```
Met Lys Ala Leu Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Val Ser Ala His
1               5                   10                  15

Thr Ile Phe Val Gln Leu Glu Ala Asp Gly Thr Arg Tyr Pro Val Ser
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gly Ile Arg Thr Pro Thr Tyr Asp Gly Pro Ile Thr Asp Val Thr
        35                  40                  45

Ser Asn Asp Val Ala Cys Asn Gly Gly Pro Asn Pro Thr Thr Pro Ser
    50                  55                  60
```

```
Gly Asp Val Ile Thr Val Thr Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Trp
65                  70                  75                  80

Arg His Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Pro Asp Asp Val Met Asp Ala Ser His
                85                  90                  95

Lys Gly Pro Thr Leu Ala Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Ala Thr Thr
            100                 105                 110

Asp Ser Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Gln Glu Asp Gly Tyr
        115                 120                 125

Asn Asn Gly Glu Trp Gly Thr Ser Lys Val Ile Ser Asn Gly Gly Glu
    130                 135                 140

His Tyr Ile Asp Ile Pro Ala Cys Ile Pro Pro Gly Gln Tyr Leu Leu
145                 150                 155                 160

Arg Ala Glu Met Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Ser Pro Gly Gly Ala
                165                 170                 175

Gln Leu Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Ile Asn Ile Val Gly Ser Ser Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ser Leu Pro Ser Ser Thr Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Ala Asn
        195                 200                 205

Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Ser Met Ser Pro Ser Asp Thr
    210                 215                 220

Tyr Ile Ile Pro Gly Pro Glu Val Phe Thr Cys
225                 230                 235
```

<210> 181

<211> 1011

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 181

```
atggccaaga cctctgctct cctcgccggc ctgacgggcg cggccctcgt cgctgcccac       60

ggccacgtca gccacatcat cgtcaacggc gtgtactaca ggaactacga cccgacgacc      120

gactcgtacc agaccaaccc gccgagggtc atcggctggg cggccgccca gcaggacaat      180

ggcttcgtcg agcccaacaa ctttggctcg ccggatgtca tctgccacaa gagcgccact      240

cccggcggcg gccacgccac cgtcgctgcc ggagacaaga tcagcctcgt ctggacgccc      300

gagtggcccg agtcccacat cggcccggtc atcgactatc tggcggcctg caacggcgac      360

tgcgagacgg tcgacaagac gtcgctgcgc tggttcaaga tcgacggcgc cggctacgac      420

aagtcgaccg gccgctgggc cgccgacgcc ctgcgcgcca acggcaacag ctggctcgtc      480

cagatcccgt cggacctcaa ggcgggcaac tacgtgctcc gccacgagat catcgccctc      540

cacggcgcca acaacgccaa cggcgcccag tcgtacccgc agtgcatcaa cctccgcgtc      600

acgggcggcg gcaacaacct gcccagcggc gtgcccggca cctcgctgta cagggccaac      660

gacccgggca tcctcttcaa cccctacgtc ccctcgcccg actacccggt ccccggcccg      720

tccctcattc ccggcgccgt cagctccatc gcccagagca agtcggtcgc cacggccacg      780

gccacggcca cccctcccgg cggcggcaac aacaaccccc ccgccaccac caccgccggc      840

ggccccacca gcaccaccag cagcccctcc cagcagacca ccaccccgcc gtcgggcagc      900

gtgcagacca agtacggcca gtgcggcggc aacggctgga ccggcccgac cctgtgcgcc      960

cccggctcga gctgcaccgt tctcaacgag tggtactccc agtgcgtgta a               1011
```

<210> 182

<211> 336

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 182

```
Met Ala Lys Thr Ser Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Leu Thr Gly Ala Ala Leu
1               5                  10                  15

Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Ser His Ile Ile Val Asn Gly Val Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Arg Asn Tyr Asp Pro Thr Thr Asp Ser Tyr Gln Thr Asn Pro Pro
        35                  40                  45

Arg Val Ile Gly Trp Ala Ala Ala Gln Gln Asp Asn Gly Phe Val Glu
    50                  55                  60

Pro Asn Asn Phe Gly Ser Pro Asp Val Ile Cys His Lys Ser Ala Thr
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Gly Gly Gly His Ala Thr Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys Ile Ser Leu
                85                  90                  95

Val Trp Thr Pro Glu Trp Pro Glu Ser His Ile Gly Pro Val Ile Asp
            100                 105                 110

Tyr Leu Ala Ala Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys Thr Ser
        115                 120                 125

Leu Arg Trp Phe Lys Ile Asp Gly Ala Gly Tyr Asp Lys Ser Thr Gly
    130                 135                 140

Arg Trp Ala Ala Asp Ala Leu Arg Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Trp Leu Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Gln Ile Pro Ser Asp Leu Lys Ala Gly Asn Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu
                165                 170                 175

Ile Ile Ala Leu His Gly Ala Asn Asn Ala Asn Gly Ala Gln Ser Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Arg Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Leu Pro
        195                 200                 205

Ser Gly Val Pro Gly Thr Ser Leu Tyr Arg Ala Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile
    210                 215                 220

Leu Phe Asn Pro Tyr Val Pro Ser Pro Asp Tyr Pro Val Pro Gly Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Ser Leu Ile Pro Gly Ala Val Ser Ser Ile Ala Gln Ser Lys Ser Val

                245                 250                 255

Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Asn
            260                 265                 270

Pro Pro Ala Thr Thr Thr Ala Gly Gly Pro Thr Ser Thr Thr Ser Ser
        275                 280                 285

Pro Ser Gln Gln Thr Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Val Gln Thr Lys
    290                 295                 300

Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Asn Gly Trp Thr Gly Pro Thr Leu Cys Ala
305                 310                 315                 320
```

```
305                 310                 315                 320

Pro Gly Ser Ser Cys Thr Val Leu Asn Glu Trp Tyr Ser Gln Cys Val
                325                 330                 335
```

<210> 183
<211> 1315
<212> DNA
<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 183

```
atgaaaacgc ttgccgccct cctcgtctcc gccggcctcg tggctgcgca cggctatgtt       60
gaccgtgcca cgatcggcgg caaggagtac caggtaatga caacaaacac ggctactccc      120
gtgtggatgc gtcgtcgaag agtagctaac aatacggtcc ctatagttct accaggtggg      180
ctcggtaccg gccagttggc tctccatgcc ggcagttcct gacatgcatc tcgcatattt      240
agccgtacgt tgatccgtac atgggcgaca acaaggtaac aacaaacctt aatataacaa      300
gaacaaccta tccatcctcc ctcccccccc ctctccacac ccccccctc tctctctctt      360
tctctccttt ctcctctgat gcaccggtcg agcacgcact aaacaggggg taattacggg      420
gggcatttca gcccgacagg gtctcccgct cgatcccggg caacggcccc gtggaggacg      480
tcaactcgct cgacatccag tgcaacgcgg gcgcgcagcc ggccaagctc cacgcccccg      540
ccgccgccgg ctcgaccgtg acgctcaact ggaccctctg gcccgactcg cacgtcggcc      600
ccgtcatcac ctacatggcg cgctgccccg acagcggctg ccagaactgg tcgcccggaa      660
cccagtatgg cccattccaa tcctgtttgt tgatattgat gggggggtaaa gacggagggg      720
atggttggcg gtgctaaatg gtttactttc ctgatgacag gcccgtctgg ttcaagatca      780
aggagggcgg ccgtgagggc acgtccaacg tctgggcggc cgtacgtgat cacaccccgt      840
tccgaaaaca acgaggcaca caccaaagcc aactaacccc tcccttcttt cgctctctat      900
ctctctcgac agaccccgct catgaaggcg ccgtcggcgt acacgtacac gatcccggcc      960
tgcctcaaga gcggctacta cctggtgcgg cacgagatca tcgcgctgca ctcggcctgg     1020

cagtaccccg gcgcgcagtt ctacccgggc tgccaccagc tccaggtcac cggcggcggc     1080
tcgaccgtgc cctcggccaa cctggtcgcc ttccccggcg cctacaaggg cagcgacccc     1140
ggcatcacct acgacgcgta caagggtgag ccatctcttt ctctctttct ctctgtctcg     1200
cttttctctt tccttgtgcc tcttggttgt ccgtcttgga gcagggcagg gcgactgacg     1260
cggagtggca gcgcaacctt acacgatccc gggcccgccc gtgtttactt gctaa          1315
```

<210> 184
<211> 253
<212> PRT
<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 184

```
Met Lys Thr Leu Ala Ala Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Gly Leu Val Ala Ala
1               5                   10                  15

His Gly Tyr Val Asp Arg Ala Thr Ile Gly Gly Lys Glu Tyr Gln Phe
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Gln Val Gly Ser Val Pro Ala Ser Trp Leu Ser Met Pro Ala Val
        35                  40                  45

Pro Asp Met His Leu Ala Tyr Leu Ala Pro Asp Arg Val Ser Arg Ser
    50                  55                  60

Ile Pro Gly Asn Gly Pro Val Glu Asp Val Asn Ser Leu Asp Ile Gln
65                  70                  75                  80
```

```
Cys Asn Ala Gly Ala Gln Pro Ala Lys Leu His Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala
                85                  90                  95

Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Asn Trp Thr Leu Trp Pro Asp Ser His Val
            100                 105                 110

Gly Pro Val Ile Thr Tyr Met Ala Arg Cys Pro Asp Ser Gly Cys Gln
        115                 120                 125

Asn Trp Ser Pro Gly Thr Gln Pro Val Trp Phe Lys Ile Lys Glu Gly
    130                 135                 140

Gly Arg Glu Gly Thr Ser Asn Val Trp Ala Ala Thr Pro Leu Met Lys
145                 150                 155                 160

Ala Pro Ser Ala Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Ile Pro Ala Cys Leu Lys Ser Gly
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Tyr Leu Val Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Trp Gln

            180                 185                 190

Tyr Pro Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Pro Gly Cys His Gln Leu Gln Val Thr
        195                 200                 205

Gly Gly Gly Ser Thr Val Pro Ser Ala Asn Leu Val Ala Phe Pro Gly
    210                 215                 220

Ala Tyr Lys Gly Ser Asp Pro Gly Ile Thr Tyr Asp Ala Tyr Lys Ala
225                 230                 235                 240

Gln Pro Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro Val Phe Thr Cys
                245                 250
```

<210> 185

<211> 924

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 185

```
atgtaccgca cgctcggttc ccttgccctg ctcgctggag gcgctgctgc ccacggtgcc       60

gtgaccagct acaacatcgc gggcaaggac taccctgggt aaggaaggag atctctctct      120

ctctctctct ctctctctct ctctctctct ctcgttctct tgctaacaca aaggcacctc      180

tgcagatact cgggctttgc cccgaccggc gaacccgtca tccagtggca atggcccgac      240

tacaaccccg tcatgtccgc tagcgacttc aagctccgct gcaacggcgg caccaacgcg      300

cagctgtatg ctgaggcggc ccccggcgat accatcacgg ccacctgggc ccagtggacg      360

cacgcccagg gcccgatcct ggtgtggatg tacaagtgcc ccggcgactt cagctcctgc      420

gacggctccg gcgagggctg gttcaagatc gacgaggccg gcttccacgg cgacggccag      480

actgtcttcc tcgacagcga gaacccctcg ggctgggaca tcgccaagct ggtcggcggc      540

aacaagtcgt ggagcagcaa gatccccgag ggcctcgctc cgggcaacta cctggtccgc      600

cacgagctca tcgccctgca ccaggccaac gccccgcagt tctaccccga gtgcgcccag      660

gtcaaggtta ccggctccgg caccgccgag cccgactcct cgtacaaggc cgccatcccc      720

ggctactgct cgcagagcga ccccaacatt tcggtaagga gggactcccg gccgagagag      780

agagaggact cattcctggt gctaacccgt tcacttccgc agttcaacat caacgaccac      840

tccctcccgc aggagtacaa gatccccggc ccgccggtct tcaagggcac tgcctccgcc      900

aaggctcgct ccttccaggc ctaa                                             924
```

<210> 186

<211> 255

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 186

```
Met Tyr Arg Thr Leu Gly Ser Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala
1               5                   10                  15

Ala His Gly Ala Val Thr Ser Tyr Asn Ile Ala Gly Lys Asp Tyr Pro
            20                  25                  30

Gly Tyr Ser Gly Phe Ala Pro Thr Gly Glu Pro Val Ile Gln Trp Gln
        35                  40                  45

Trp Pro Asp Tyr Asn Pro Val Met Ser Ala Ser Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg
    50                  55                  60

Cys Asn Gly Gly Thr Asn Ala Gln Leu Tyr Ala Glu Ala Ala Pro Gly
65                  70                  75                  80

Asp Thr Ile Thr Ala Thr Trp Ala Gln Trp Thr His Ala Gln Gly Pro
                85                  90                  95

Ile Leu Val Trp Met Tyr Lys Cys Pro Gly Asp Phe Ser Ser Cys Asp
            100                 105                 110

Gly Ser Gly Glu Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Asp Glu Ala Gly Phe His Gly
        115                 120                 125

Asp Gly Gln Thr Val Phe Leu Asp Ser Glu Asn Pro Ser Gly Trp Asp
    130                 135                 140

Ile Ala Lys Leu Val Gly Gly Asn Lys Ser Trp Ser Ser Lys Ile Pro
145                 150                 155                 160

Glu Gly Leu Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr Leu Val Arg His Glu Leu Ile Ala
                165                 170                 175

Leu His Gln Ala Asn Ala Pro Gln Phe Tyr Pro Glu Cys Ala Gln Val
            180                 185                 190

Lys Val Thr Gly Ser Gly Thr Ala Glu Pro Asp Ser Ser Tyr Lys Ala
        195                 200                 205

Ala Ile Pro Gly Tyr Cys Ser Gln Ser Asp Pro Asn Ile Ser Phe Asn
    210                 215                 220

Ile Asn Asp His Ser Leu Pro Gln Glu Tyr Lys Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Val Phe Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Ala Lys Ala Arg Ser Phe Gln Ala

245                 250                 255
```

<210> 187

<211> 742

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 187

```
atgctggcga caaccttcgc tctcctgacg gccgctctcg gcgtcagcgc ccattatacc       60

ctccccgggg tcgggtccgg ctccgagtgg cagcacgtgc gccgggctga caactggcaa      120
```

```
aacaacggct tcgtcgacaa cgtctactcg cagcagatcc gctgcttcca gtcgagcaat      180

gccggcgccc cggatgtcta caccgtccag gcgggctcga gcgtgaccta ctacgccaac      240

cccagcatct accaccccgg ccccatgcag ttctacctcg cccgcgttcc ggacggacag      300

gacgtcaagt cgtggaacgg cgacggcgct gtgtggttca aggtgtacga ggagcagcct      360

cagttcggct cccagcttac ctggcctagc aacggtgcgt cgaccatgct ctctcgtttg      420

gcccgttgcc aggtgctaac tgtccttccc gtccgcaggc aagaactcgt tccaggttcc      480

catccccagc tgcatccgcc cgggcaagta cctcctccgc gccgagcaca tcgccctgca      540

cgttgcccag agccagggcg gtgcccagtt ctacatctcg tgcgcccagc tcgacgtcac      600

tggcggcggc agcaccgagc cttcccagaa ggttgccttc ccgggtgcct actcgcccac      660

cgaccccggc attctcatca acatcaactg gcccatcccg acctcgtaca agaaccccgg      720

cccgccggtc ttccgctgct aa                                               742
```

<210> 188

<211> 225

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 188

```
Met Leu Ala Thr Thr Phe Ala Leu Leu Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Val Ser
1               5                  10                  15

Ala His Tyr Thr Leu Pro Arg Val Gly Ser Gly Ser Glu Trp Gln His
            20                  25                  30

Val Arg Arg Ala Asp Asn Trp Gln Asn Asn Gly Phe Val Asp Asn Val
        35                  40                  45

Tyr Ser Gln Gln Ile Arg Cys Phe Gln Ser Ser Asn Ala Gly Ala Pro
    50                  55                  60

Asp Val Tyr Thr Val Gln Ala Gly Ser Ser Val Thr Tyr Tyr Ala Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Ser Ile Tyr His Pro Gly Pro Met Gln Phe Tyr Leu Ala Arg Val
                85                  90                  95

Pro Asp Gly Gln Asp Val Lys Ser Trp Asn Gly Asp Gly Ala Val Trp
            100                 105                 110

Phe Lys Val Tyr Glu Glu Gln Pro Gln Phe Gly Ser Gln Leu Thr Trp
        115                 120                 125

Pro Ser Asn Gly Lys Asn Ser Phe Gln Val Pro Ile Pro Ser Cys Ile
    130                 135                 140

Arg Pro Gly Lys Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu His Ile Ala Leu His Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Ala Gln Ser Gln Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln Leu
                165                 170                 175

Asp Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Thr Glu Pro Ser Gln Lys Val Ala Phe
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gly Ala Tyr Ser Pro Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Asn
        195                 200                 205

Trp Pro Ile Pro Thr Ser Tyr Lys Asn Pro Gly Pro Pro Val Phe Arg
    210                 215                 220
```

Cys
225

<210> 189
<211> 901
<212> DNA
<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 189
atgaaggttc tcgcgcccct ggttctggcc ggcgccgcca gcgcccacac catcttcacg 60

tcgctcgagg tgggcggcgt caaccatggc gtcggccagg gcgtccgcgt gccgtcgtac 120

aacggcccga tcgaggacgt gacgtccaac tcgatcgcct gcaacggccc ccccaacccg 180

acgacgccga cggacaaggt gatcacggtc caggccggcc agacggtgac ggccatctgg 240

cggtacatgc tcagcaccac cggctcggcc cccaacgacg tcatggacag cagccacaag 300

ggcccgacca tggcctacct caagaaggtc ggcaacgcca ccaccgactc gggcgtcggc 360

ggcggctggt tcaagatcca ggaggacggg ctgaacaacg gcgtctgggg cacggagcgc 420

gtcatcaacg gccagggccg ccacaacatc aagatccccg agtgcatcgc ccccggccag 480

tacctcctcc gcgccgagat gctcgccctg cacggagcct ccaactaccc cggcgcccag 540

ttctacatgg agtgcgctca gctcaacagt acgtttgtcc acgagagacg gaaaaacaaa 600

acagaagcaa ggggaggcgg ggcagatgtg atggctaaca ttgatgcttt cttcttcagt 660

cgtcggcggc agcggcagca agaccccgtc caccgtcagc ttcccgggtg cttacagcgt 720

acgttgttcc aaaaggcttt ttcttcgcgt ttttttttct ttgaactgat acagcccccc 780

ctgtgacgac tactaacacg gccacaatca acagggcaac gaccccggtg tcaagatcaa 840

catctactgg cctcccgtca ccgaatacaa ggttcccggc cccagcgtct tcacttgcta 900

a 901

<210> 190
<211> 237
<212> PRT
<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 190
Met Lys Val Leu Ala Pro Leu Val Leu Ala Gly Ala Ala Ser Ala His
1 5 10 15

Thr Ile Phe Thr Ser Leu Glu Val Gly Gly Val Asn His Gly Val Gly
20 25 30

Gln Gly Val Arg Val Pro Ser Tyr Asn Gly Pro Ile Glu Asp Val Thr
35 40 45

Ser Asn Ser Ile Ala Cys Asn Gly Pro Pro Asn Pro Thr Thr Pro Thr
50 55 60

Asp Lys Val Ile Thr Val Gln Ala Gly Gln Thr Val Thr Ala Ile Trp
65 70 75 80

Arg Tyr Met Leu Ser Thr Thr Gly Ser Ala Pro Asn Asp Val Met Asp
85 90 95

Ser Ser His Lys Gly Pro Thr Met Ala Tyr Leu Lys Lys Val Gly Asn
100 105 110

Ala Thr Thr Asp Ser Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Trp Phe Lys Ile Gln Glu
115 120 125

Asp Gly Leu Asn Asn Gly Val Trp Gly Thr Glu Arg Val Ile Asn Gly

```
    130                 135                 140

Gln Gly Arg His Asn Ile Lys Ile Pro Glu Cys Ile Ala Pro Gly Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Met Leu Ala Leu His Gly Ala Ser Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Pro Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Glu Cys Ala Gln Leu Asn Ile Val Gly
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ser Gly Ser Lys Thr Pro Ser Thr Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr
        195                 200                 205

Ser Gly Asn Asp Pro Gly Val Lys Ile Asn Ile Tyr Trp Pro Pro Val
    210                 215                 220

Thr Glu Tyr Lys Val Pro Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Thr Cys
225                 230                 235
```

<210> 191

<211> 944

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 191

```
atgaagctga gcgctgccat cgccgtgctc gcggccgccc ttgccgaggc gcactgtaag       60

ctggcttgcc ggtcctcccc cttctcaacg acgccgagct cgagcgcgtg ggactaatga      120

cgatgtgacg acgacatcaa gataccttte ccagcatcgc caacacgccc gactggcagt      180

atgtgcgcat cacgaccaac taccagagca acggccccgt gacggacgtc aactcggacc      240

agatccgctg ctacgagcgc aacccgggca cgggcgcgcc cggcatctac aacgtcaccg      300

ccggcaccac catcaactac aacgccaagt cgtccatctc ccacccgggc cccatggcct      360

tctacatcgc caaggtcccc gccggccagt cggccgccac ctgggacggc aagggcgccg      420

tctggtccaa gatctaccag gagatgccgc actttggctc gagcctgacc tgggactcga      480

acggtatgat gagttctctc tctccttctc tctttgatgc tctccttgtg atgctaaacg      540

acgacccccg ccaggccgcg tctccatgcc cgtcaccatc ccccgctgtc tgcagaacgg      600

cgagtacctg ctgcgtgccg agcacattgc cctccacagc gccggcagcg tcggcggcgc      660

ccagttctac atctcgtgcg ctcagatctc gggtatgcat tatatacttc catattgtcc      720

acccactcac cccccatccc ccacgcttaa tagctcgagc agcggaacca tctgaagcta      780

acacgtcccc cccagtcacc ggcggcaccg gcacctggaa cccccgcaac aaggtgtcct      840

tccccggcgc ctacaaggcc accgacccgg gcatcctgat caacatctac tggcccatcc      900

cgaccagcta cacgcccgcc ggcccggccg tcgacacctg ctag                       944
```

<210> 192

<211> 227

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 192

```
Met Lys Leu Ser Ala Ala Ile Ala Val Leu Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Glu
1               5                   10                  15

Ala His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Ser Ile Ala Asn Thr Pro Asp Trp Gln Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Val Arg Ile Thr Thr Asn Tyr Gln Ser Asn Gly Pro Val Thr Asp Val
        35                  40                  45
```

```
Asn Ser Asp Gln Ile Arg Cys Tyr Glu Arg Asn Pro Gly Thr Gly Ala
    50                  55                  60

Pro Gly Ile Tyr Asn Val Thr Ala Gly Thr Thr Ile Asn Tyr Asn Ala
65                  70                  75                  80

Lys Ser Ser Ile Ser His Pro Gly Pro Met Ala Phe Tyr Ile Ala Lys
                85                  90                  95

Val Pro Ala Gly Gln Ser Ala Ala Thr Trp Asp Gly Lys Gly Ala Val
            100                 105                 110

Trp Ser Lys Ile Tyr Gln Glu Met Pro His Phe Gly Ser Ser Leu Thr
        115                 120                 125

Trp Asp Ser Asn Gly Arg Val Ser Met Pro Val Thr Ile Pro Arg Cys
    130                 135                 140

Leu Gln Asn Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu His Ile Ala Leu His
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Ala Gly Ser Val Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ile Ser Cys Ala Gln
                165                 170                 175

Ile Ser Val Thr Gly Gly Thr Gly Thr Trp Asn Pro Arg Asn Lys Val
            180                 185                 190

Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn
        195                 200                 205

Ile Tyr Trp Pro Ile Pro Thr Ser Tyr Thr Pro Ala Gly Pro Ala Val
    210                 215                 220

Asp Thr Cys
225
```

<210> 193

<211> 948

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 193

```
atgtcttcct tcacctccaa gggcctcctt tccgccctca tgggcgctgc cacggttgcc       60

gcccacggcc acgtcaccaa tatcgtcatc aacggcgtct cgtaccagaa ctacgatccg      120

ttcagccacc cttacatgcg gaaccccccg acggttgtcg gctggacggc gagcaacacg      180

gacaacggct tcgtcggccc cgagtccttc tctagcccgg acatcatctg ccacaagtcg      240

gccaccaacg ccggcggtca tgccgttgtt gccgccggcg acaagatttc catccagtgg      300

gacacctggc ccgagtcgca ccacggtccg gtcatcgact acctcgccga ctgcggcgac      360

gcgggctgcg agaaggtcga caagaccacg ctcgagttct tcaagatcag cgagaagggc      420

ctgatcgacg gcagcagcgc gcccggcagg tgggcgtccg acgagctgat cgccaacaac      480

aactcgtggc tggtccagat cccgcccgac atcgcccccg gcaactacgt cctgcgccac      540

gagatcatcg ccctgcacag cgccggccag cagaacggcg cgcagaacta cccccagtgc      600

gtcaacctgc acatcaccgg ctccggcacc cggaaaccct cgggcgtccc cggcaccgag      660

ctctaccggc cgaccgaccc cggcatcctg gccaacatct acacctcccc cgtcgcctac      720

cagatccccg gcccggccat catcccgggc gcctccgccg tcgagcagac cacctcggcc      780

atcaccgcct ccgccagcgc ggttcttccc ggcttcgcta ccgccgcgcc cccggctgcg      840

accaccacaa ccaccaccgc ctccgctacc agtgctcccc gcccgaccgg ctgtgccggt      900
```

ctgaggaagc gccgtcgcca cgcccgtgat gtcaaggttg ccctctag 948

<210> 194

<211> 315

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 194

```
Met Ser Ser Phe Thr Ser Lys Gly Leu Leu Ser Ala Leu Met Gly Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Ala Thr Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Thr Asn Ile Val Ile Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30

Val Ser Tyr Gln Asn Tyr Asp Pro Phe Ser His Pro Tyr Met Arg Asn
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Thr Val Val Gly Trp Thr Ala Ser Asn Thr Asp Asn Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Gly Pro Glu Ser Phe Ser Ser Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Ser

65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Thr Asn Ala Gly Gly His Ala Val Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys Ile
                85                  90                  95

Ser Ile Gln Trp Asp Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val Ile
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Asp Cys Gly Asp Ala Gly Cys Glu Lys Val Asp Lys
        115                 120                 125

Thr Thr Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Ser Glu Lys Gly Leu Ile Asp Gly
    130                 135                 140

Ser Ser Ala Pro Gly Arg Trp Ala Ser Asp Glu Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Ser Trp Leu Val Gln Ile Pro Pro Asp Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Gln Gln Asn
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Val Asn Leu His Ile Thr Gly Ser
        195                 200                 205

Gly Thr Arg Lys Pro Ser Gly Val Pro Gly Thr Glu Leu Tyr Arg Pro
    210                 215                 220

Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ala Asn Ile Tyr Thr Ser Pro Val Ala Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Gln Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Ile Ile Pro Gly Ala Ser Ala Val Glu Gln
                245                 250                 255

Thr Thr Ser Ala Ile Thr Ala Ser Ala Ser Ala Val Leu Pro Gly Phe
            260                 265                 270

Ala Thr Ala Ala Pro Pro Ala Ala Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Ser
        275                 280                 285

Ala Thr Ser Ala Pro Arg Pro Thr Gly Cys Ala Gly Leu Arg Lys Arg
    290                 295                 300
```

```
Arg Arg His Ala Arg Asp Val Lys Val Ala Leu
305                 310                 315
```

<210> 195

<211> 1380

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 195

```
atgcatcctc ccatctttgt tcttgggctt gcgagcctgc tttgcccccc ctcgtctgca       60

cacactactt tcaccaccct cttcatcaat gatgtcaacc aaggtgacgg aacctgcatt      120

cgcatggcga aggagggcaa cgtcgctact catcctctcg cgggcggcct cgactctgaa      180

gacatggcct gtggtacgtt gacacgtcct tgaccccgcc gagactgtcc cgtgtatcta      240

aacttctcat caggccggga tggccaagaa cccgttgcat ttacctgccc ggccccagct      300

ggtgccaagt tgaccttcga gtttcgcatg tgggccgacg cttcgcagcc cggatcgatc      360

gacccgtccc atcttggcgc tatggccatc tacctcaaga aggtttctaa catgaaatct      420

gacgcggccg ctgggccggg ctggttcaag atttgggacc aaggctacga cacggaggcc      480

aagaagtggg ccaccgagaa tctcattgag aacaacggcc tgctgagcgt caaccttccc      540

tcgggcttgt cgaccggcta ctacctcgtc cgtcaggaga ccattacctt ccaaaacgtc      600

accaatgaca tgccagatcc ccagttctac gtcggttgcg cgcagctcta cgtcgaaggc      660

acctcggact cacccatccc cccagacaag accgtctcca ttcccggcca catcagcgac      720

ccggccgacc cgggcctgac ctttaacatc tacacggacg acgtgtccgc ctacaagccc      780

cccggcccgg aggtttactt ccccaccgcc atcacctcct ccggaagcag cgacgacagg      840

ggggccgcgc gccagcagac tcccgccgac aagcaggccg gagaaggcct cgttcccacc      900

gactgcgtcg tcaagaacgc aaactggtgc gccgccgccc tgccgcccta caccgacgag      960

gccggctgct gggccgccgt ggaggactgc aacaggcagc tggacgagtg ctacaccagc     1020

gcgccccccc cgggcagcag ggggtgcaag atctgggagg agcaggtatg catcgtcgtc     1080

tcgcggaagt gcgaggcccg ggatttccag cccctcccgc ggctgtggaa ggatctaaga     1140

gagggaattg atgagccgat cccgggtggg aagttgcctc cggcgctcaa cgcgggagag     1200

agcggggatc atggcggaag aggctgcggc caccatggtg gcgaggagga ggctggggct     1260

ggggcggcct ccactcctgc ttttgctgct ccccatgcgg ccaggattca caacccaaat     1320

ttcaagaggg gccggcgccg tgagtcgcgt tggcggcgac tggcatctgg tgagcaatag     1380
```

<210> 196

<211> 439

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 196

```
Met His Pro Pro Ile Phe Val Leu Gly Leu Ala Ser Leu Leu Cys Pro
1               5                  10                  15

Leu Ser Ser Ala His Thr Thr Phe Thr Thr Leu Phe Ile Asn Asp Val
            20                  25                  30

Asn Gln Gly Asp Gly Thr Cys Ile Arg Met Ala Lys Glu Gly Asn Val
        35                  40                  45

Ala Thr His Pro Leu Ala Gly Gly Leu Asp Ser Glu Asp Met Ala Cys
    50                  55                  60

Gly Arg Asp Gly Gln Glu Pro Val Ala Phe Thr Cys Pro Ala Pro Ala
65                  70                  75                  80
```

```
Gly Ala Lys Leu Thr Phe Glu Phe Arg Met Trp Ala Asp Ala Ser Gln
                85                  90                  95

Pro Gly Ser Ile Asp Pro Ser His Leu Gly Ala Met Ala Ile Tyr Leu
            100                 105                 110

Lys Lys Val Ser Asn Met Lys Ser Asp Ala Ala Ala Gly Pro Gly Trp
        115                 120                 125

Phe Lys Ile Trp Asp Gln Gly Tyr Asp Thr Glu Ala Lys Lys Trp Ala
    130                 135                 140

Thr Glu Asn Leu Ile Glu Asn Asn Gly Leu Leu Ser Val Asn Leu Pro
145                 150                 155                 160

Ser Gly Leu Ser Thr Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Val Arg Gln Glu Thr Ile Thr
                165                 170                 175

Phe Gln Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Met Pro Asp Pro Gln Phe Tyr Val Gly
            180                 185                 190

Cys Ala Gln Leu Tyr Val Glu Gly Thr Ser Asp Ser Pro Ile Pro Pro
        195                 200                 205

Asp Lys Thr Val Ser Ile Pro Gly His Ile Ser Asp Pro Ala Asp Pro
    210                 215                 220

Gly Leu Thr Phe Asn Ile Tyr Thr Asp Asp Val Ser Ala Tyr Lys Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Gly Pro Glu Val Tyr Phe Pro Thr Ala Ile Thr Ser Ser Gly Ser
                245                 250                 255

Ser Asp Asp Arg Gly Ala Ala Arg Gln Gln Thr Pro Ala Asp Lys Gln
            260                 265                 270

Ala Gly Glu Gly Leu Val Pro Thr Asp Cys Val Val Lys Asn Ala Asn
        275                 280                 285

Trp Cys Ala Ala Ala Leu Pro Pro Tyr Thr Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Trp
    290                 295                 300

Ala Ala Val Glu Asp Cys Asn Arg Gln Leu Asp Glu Cys Tyr Thr Ser
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Arg Gly Cys Lys Ile Trp Glu Glu Gln Val
                325                 330                 335

Cys Ile Val Val Ser Arg Lys Cys Glu Ala Arg Asp Phe Gln Pro Leu
            340                 345                 350

Pro Arg Leu Trp Lys Asp Leu Arg Glu Gly Ile Asp Glu Pro Ile Pro
        355                 360                 365

Gly Gly Lys Leu Pro Pro Ala Leu Asn Ala Gly Glu Ser Gly Asp His
    370                 375                 380

Gly Gly Arg Gly Cys Gly His His Gly Gly Glu Glu Glu Ala Gly Ala
385                 390                 395                 400

Gly Ala Ala Ser Thr Pro Ala Phe Ala Ala Pro His Ala Ala Arg Ile
                405                 410                 415

His Asn Pro Asn Phe Lys Arg Gly Arg Arg Arg Glu Ser Arg Trp Arg
            420                 425                 430

Arg Leu Ala Ser Gly Glu Gln
```

435

<210> 197
<211> 821
<212> DNA
<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 197
atgaagctct ctctcttttc cgtcctggcc gctgccctca ccgtcgaggg gcatgccatc 60

ttccagaagg tctccgtcaa cggggcggac cagggctccc tcaccggcct ccgcgctccc 120

aacaacaaca acccggtgca ggatgtcagc agccaggaca tgatctgcgg ccagccggga 180

tcgacgtcga gcacggtcat cgaggtcaag gccggcgaca ggatcggcgc ctggtaccag 240

cacgtcatcg gcggtgccca gttccccggc gaccctgaca acccgatcgc cgcgtcgcac 300

aagggccccg tcatggccta cctcgccaag gttgacaatg ccgcaaccgc cgacaagacg 360

ggcctgcagt ggtatgtgtt cccgccgccc gagggacgtc agcttggggc aagtcgcgtc 420

tgaccgggct cgcttctttc tctctgtata ggttcaagat ctgggaggac acctttgatc 480

ccagcagcaa gacctggggt gtcgacaacc tcatcaacaa caacggctgg gtgtacttca 540

acatcccgca gtgcatcgcc gacggccact acctcctccg ggttgaggtc ctcgccctgc 600

actcggccta ccagaccggc ggggctcagt tctaccagtc ctgcgcccag atcagcgtgt 660

ccggcggcgg ctccttcacg ccgtcgtcga ctgtgagctt cccgggcgcc tacaacgcca 720

acgaccccgg catcacgatc aacatctacg gcgctaccgg tcagcccgac aacaacggcc 780

agccgtacac tgcccctggc cccgcgccca tctcctgctg a 821

<210> 198
<211> 246
<212> PRT
<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 198
Met Lys Leu Ser Leu Phe Ser Val Leu Ala Ala Ala Leu Thr Val Glu
1 5 10 15

Gly His Ala Ile Phe Gln Lys Val Ser Val Asn Gly Ala Asp Gln Gly
20 25 30

Ser Leu Thr Gly Leu Arg Ala Pro Asn Asn Asn Asn Pro Val Gln Asp
35 40 45

Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Met Ile Cys Gly Gln Pro Gly Ser Thr Ser Ser
50 55 60

Thr Val Ile Glu Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Trp Tyr Gln
65 70 75 80

His Val Ile Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Pro Gly Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Ile
85 90 95

Ala Ala Ser His Lys Gly Pro Val Met Ala Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Asp
100 105 110

Asn Ala Ala Thr Ala Asp Lys Thr Gly Leu Gln Trp Phe Lys Ile Trp
115 120 125

Glu Asp Thr Phe Asp Pro Ser Ser Lys Thr Trp Gly Val Asp Asn Leu
130 135 140

Ile Asn Asn Asn Gly Trp Val Tyr Phe Asn Ile Pro Gln Cys Ile Ala

```
145                 150                 155                 160

Asp Gly His Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val Glu Val Leu Ala Leu His Ser Ala
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Gln Thr Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Gln Ser Cys Ala Gln Ile Ser
            180                 185                 190

Val Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Phe Thr Pro Ser Ser Thr Val Ser Phe Pro
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ala Tyr Asn Ala Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile Thr Ile Asn Ile Tyr Gly
    210                 215                 220

Ala Thr Gly Gln Pro Asp Asn Asn Gly Gln Pro Tyr Thr Ala Pro Gly
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ala Pro Ile Ser Cys
                245
```

<210> 199

<211> 1125

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 199

```
atgaagtcct tcaccctcac cgccctggcc gccctggccg gcaacgccgc cgcccacgcg       60

accttccagg ccctctgggt cgacggcgtc gactacggct cgcagtgcgc ccgtcttccc      120

ggatccaact ccccgatcac cgacgtgagc tcgacggcca tccgctgcaa tgccaacgcc      180

ggccgcgccc agggcaagtg cccggtcaag gccggctcga ccgtgacgat cgagatgcac      240

caggtatgtt ccactaaaag gaggaaaaga aaaaaaacag agtggaacgg tcaggctgac      300

tgaggctctc tcgctacgat cagcaacccg gtgaccggtc gtgcggcagc gacgccatcg      360

gcggcgccca ccacggcccc gtcctcgtgt acatgtccaa ggtgtcggat gcggcgtcgg      420

ccgacggctc gtccggctgg ttcaaggtgt tcgaggacgg ctgggccaag aacccgtcgg      480

gcggctccgg cgacgacgac tactggggca ccaaggacct caacgcctgc tgcggcaaga      540

tgaacgtcaa gatcccgtcc gacctgccgt cgggcgacta cctgctccgt gccgaggcca      600

tcgccctgca cacggccggc ggctcgggcg gcgcccagtt ctacatcacc tgctaccagc      660

tcaccgtcga gggttccggc aacgccagcc cggccaccgt ctccttccct ggcgcctaca      720

aggcctccga cccgggcatc ctggtcaaca tccacgccgc catgtccggc tacaccgtgc      780

ccggcccgtc cgtctactcg ggcggcagca ccaagaaggc cggcagcggc tgctccggct      840

gcgaggccac ctgcgccgtc ggctctagcc ccagcgccac cgtcacctcg tcgcccggca      900

gccagcccac ctccccggc ggcggcgacg gcggcggctg caccgtcccc aagtaccagc      960

agtgcggtgg ccagggctac agcggctgca ccaactgcga ggtgagttcc cctgcttact     1020

tgttgtcctc tgtacccctt ccatgttttc gatgctgact ttctgcgtta gtctggctct     1080

acttgcagcg ccgtctcgcc gccgtactac taccagtgcg tgtaa                      1125
```

<210> 200

<211> 324

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 200

```
Met Lys Ser Phe Thr Leu Thr Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Gly Asn Ala
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ala His Ala Thr Phe Gln Ala Leu Trp Val Asp Gly Val Asp Tyr
```

```
Ala Ala His Ala Thr Phe Gln Ala Leu Trp Val Asp Gly Val Asp Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Gly Ser Gln Cys Ala Arg Leu Pro Gly Ser Asn Ser Pro Ile Thr Asp
        35                  40                  45

Val Ser Ser Thr Ala Ile Arg Cys Asn Ala Asn Ala Gly Arg Ala Gln
    50                  55                  60

Gly Lys Cys Pro Val Lys Ala Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Ile Glu Met His
65                  70                  75                  80

Gln Gln Pro Gly Asp Arg Ser Cys Gly Ser Asp Ala Ile Gly Gly Ala
                85                  90                  95

His His Gly Pro Val Leu Val Tyr Met Ser Lys Val Ser Asp Ala Ala
            100                 105                 110

Ser Ala Asp Gly Ser Ser Gly Trp Phe Lys Val Phe Glu Asp Gly Trp
        115                 120                 125

Ala Lys Asn Pro Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Asp Asp Asp Tyr Trp Gly Thr
    130                 135                 140

Lys Asp Leu Asn Ala Cys Cys Gly Lys Met Asn Val Lys Ile Pro Ser
145                 150                 155                 160

Asp Leu Pro Ser Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Ala Ile Ala Leu
                165                 170                 175

His Thr Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ile Thr Cys Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Gln Leu Thr Val Glu Gly Ser Gly Asn Ala Ser Pro Ala Thr Val Ser
        195                 200                 205

Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr Lys Ala Ser Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile
    210                 215                 220

His Ala Ala Met Ser Gly Tyr Thr Val Pro Gly Pro Ser Val Tyr Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Gly Ser Thr Lys Lys Ala Gly Ser Gly Cys Ser Gly Cys Glu Ala
                245                 250                 255

Thr Cys Ala Val Gly Ser Ser Pro Ser Ala Thr Val Thr Ser Ser Pro
            260                 265                 270

Gly Ser Gln Pro Thr Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly Asp Gly Gly Gly Cys Thr
        275                 280                 285

Val Pro Lys Tyr Gln Gln Cys Gly Gly Gln Gly Tyr Ser Gly Cys Thr
    290                 295                 300

Asn Cys Glu Ser Gly Ser Thr Cys Ser Ala Val Ser Pro Pro Tyr Tyr
305                 310                 315                 320

Tyr Gln Cys Val
```

<210> 201

<211> 1037

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 201

```
atgaagtcgt tcacctcagc cttgttcgcc gctgggtcgc ttgctcagca tgccgcagcc        60
```

```
cactccatct tccagcaggc aagcagcggc tcgatcgact tcgacacgct gtgcacccgg      120

atgccggtca gtcccgaggg cccttgggtg atggatcatc tgcccataga cttgttaccg      180

acgagctgac gggttctcgt tattaatagc ccaacaatag ccctgtcact agcgtgacca      240

gcggcgacat gacctgcaac gtcggcggca ccaacggagt gtcgggcttc tgcgaggtga      300

acggtatggt ttcccgagtt ttcgaccagt ccccccgttt gatttttacc gccgcctgac      360

acgtgggctt cttgcttcgc tccttcggct agccggcgac gagtttacgg ttgagatgca      420

cgcgcagccc ggcgaccgct cgtgcgacaa cgaggccatc ggcgggaacc acttcggccc      480

ggtcctcatc tacatgagca aggtcgacga cgcctcgact gccgacgggt ccggcgactg      540

gttcaaggtg gacgagttcg gctacgaccc gagcaccaag acctggggca ccgacaagct      600

caacgagaac tgcggcaagc gcactttcaa gatcccccgc aacatccctg cgggcgacta      660

tctcgtccgg gccgaggcca tcgcgctgca cactgccagc cagccgggcg gcgcgcagtt      720

ctacatgagc tgctatgtaa gtttctagag tctctctctc tctctcgctt tctctctctc      780

gctcgccccg tctctccatt tgtcttcgtt cttccttttc ccttccttca aatgatgtct      840

ccccgctaac tttctctctc cccacaactt agcaagtccg gatttccggc ggcaacggag      900

gccagctgcc tgccggagtc aagatcccgg gcgcgtacag tgccaacgac cccggtatcc      960

tcatcgacat ctggggcaac gacttcaacg agtacatcat cccgggcccg cccgttatcg     1020

acagcagcta cttctaa                                                    1037
```

<210> 202

<211> 242

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 202

```
Met Lys Ser Phe Thr Ser Ala Leu Phe Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Gln
1               5                   10                  15

His Ala Ala Ala His Ser Ile Phe Gln Gln Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Ile
            20                  25                  30

Asp Phe Asp Thr Leu Cys Thr Arg Met Pro Pro Asn Asn Ser Pro Val
        35                  40                  45

Thr Ser Val Thr Ser Gly Asp Met Thr Cys Asn Val Gly Gly Thr Asn
    50                  55                  60

Gly Val Ser Gly Phe Cys Glu Val Asn Ala Gly Asp Glu Phe Thr Val
65                  70                  75                  80

Glu Met His Ala Gln Pro Gly Asp Arg Ser Cys Asp Asn Glu Ala Ile
                85                  90                  95

Gly Gly Asn His Phe Gly Pro Val Leu Ile Tyr Met Ser Lys Val Asp
            100                 105                 110

Asp Ala Ser Thr Ala Asp Gly Ser Gly Asp Trp Phe Lys Val Asp Glu
        115                 120                 125

Phe Gly Tyr Asp Pro Ser Thr Lys Thr Trp Gly Thr Asp Lys Leu Asn
    130                 135                 140

Glu Asn Cys Gly Lys Arg Thr Phe Lys Ile Pro Arg Asn Ile Pro Ala
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Asp Tyr Leu Val Arg Ala Glu Ala Ile Ala Leu His Thr Ala Ser
                165                 170                 175
```

```
Gln Pro Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Ser Cys Tyr Gln Val Arg Ile
            180                 185                 190

Ser Gly Gly Asn Gly Gly Gln Leu Pro Ala Gly Val Lys Ile Pro Gly
        195                 200                 205

Ala Tyr Ser Ala Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asp Ile Trp Gly Asn
    210                 215                 220

Asp Phe Asn Glu Tyr Ile Ile Pro Gly Pro Pro Val Ile Asp Ser Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Tyr Phe
```

<210> 203

<211> 1200

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 203

```
atgaaggcct ttagcctcgt cgccctggcg acggccgtga gcggccatac catcttccag       60

cgggtgtcgg tcaacgggca agaccagggc cagctcaagg gcgtgcgggc gccgtcgagc      120

aacttcccga tccagaacgt caacgattcc aacttcgcct gcaacgcaaa catcgtgtac      180

aaggacgaca ccatcatcaa gatccccgcg ggagcccgcg tgggttcgtg gtggcagcac      240

gtcatcggcg gcccgcaggg ctccaacgac ccggacaacc cgatcgccgc ctcccacaag      300

ggtatgctga gatggcgaac caacccgcgc ccccttcccc cccctcaacc tcccggaaca      360

cgcgtagctg acgggcaaat ccaggcccca tccaggtcta cctggccaag gttgacaacg      420

cggcgacagc gtcgcccacg ggcctcaggt ggttcaaggt tgccgagcgc gggctgaaca      480

acggcgtgtg ggcggtcgac gagctcatcg ccaacaacgg ctggcactac ttcgacctgc      540

cgtcgtgcgt ggcccccggc cagtacctga tgcgcgtcga gctgctcgcc ctgcacagcg      600

cctcgagccc cggcggcgcc cagttctaca tgggctgcgc ccagatcgaa ggtgggtgca      660

attctcgttc tgcttccccg tcccttccgg ccctttcttt ctctctctcc ccttgtgctt      720

tcttcgctcc ttgacgaacc cgaggaaaga gggaagagga aagaggaaag agggaggaaa      780

cggggcggag agacagacgg gatcgaatga gagagacaag acaagatcgg ctgacgagga      840

caaccagtca ccggctcggg cacccacacg ggctccgact tcgtctcgtt cccgggcgcc      900

tactcggcca acgacccggg catcctgctg agcatctacg actcctcggg caagcccacc      960

aacggcgggc gggcgtacca gatccccggc ccgcgcccca tctcgtgctc gggcggcagc     1020

aacggcggcg gtgacaacgg cggcggcgac aacggcggcg gcaacaacgg cggcggcaac     1080

agcggcggca ccgtcccccc ctacggccag tgcggcggca acggatacac cggcccgacc     1140

acctgcgccg agggaacctg caaggtgtcg aacgagtggt acagccagtg cctcccctag     1200
```

<210> 204

<211> 306

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus thermophilus

<400> 204

```
Met Lys Ala Phe Ser Leu Val Ala Leu Ala Thr Ala Val Ser Gly His
1               5                   10                  15

Thr Ile Phe Gln Arg Val Ser Val Asn Gly Gln Asp Gln Gly Gln Leu
            20                  25                  30
```

```
Lys Gly Val Arg Ala Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Pro Ile Gln Asn Val Asn
        35                  40                  45

Asp Ser Asn Phe Ala Cys Asn Ala Asn Ile Val Tyr Lys Asp Asp Thr
    50                  55                  60

Ile Ile Lys Ile Pro Ala Gly Ala Arg Val Gly Ser Trp Trp Gln His
65                  70                  75                  80

Val Ile Gly Gly Pro Gln Gly Ser Asn Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Ile Ala
                85                  90                  95

Ala Ser His Lys Gly Pro Ile Gln Val Tyr Leu Ala Lys Val Asp Asn
            100                 105                 110

Ala Ala Thr Ala Ser Pro Thr Gly Leu Arg Trp Phe Lys Val Ala Glu
        115                 120                 125

Arg Gly Leu Asn Asn Gly Val Trp Ala Val Asp Glu Leu Ile Ala Asn
    130                 135                 140

Asn Gly Trp His Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro Ser Cys Val Ala Pro Gly Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Tyr Leu Met Arg Val Glu Leu Leu Ala Leu His Ser Ala Ser Ser Pro
                165                 170                 175

Gly Gly Ala Gln Phe Tyr Met Gly Cys Ala Gln Ile Glu Val Thr Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ser Gly Thr His Thr Gly Ser Asp Phe Val Ser Phe Pro Gly Ala Tyr
        195                 200                 205

Ser Ala Asn Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Leu Ser Ile Tyr Asp Ser Ser Gly
    210                 215                 220

Lys Pro Thr Asn Gly Gly Arg Ala Tyr Gln Ile Pro Gly Pro Arg Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Ser Cys Ser Gly Gly Ser Asn Gly Gly Gly Asp Asn Gly Gly Gly
                245                 250                 255

Asp Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Gly Gly Gly Asn Ser Gly Gly Thr Val
            260                 265                 270

Pro Leu Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Asn Gly Tyr Thr Gly Pro Thr Thr
        275                 280                 285

Cys Ala Glu Gly Thr Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Glu Trp Tyr Ser Gln Cys
    290                 295                 300

Leu Pro
305
```

<210> 205

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Acrophialophora fusispora

<400> 205

```
atgcgcatag aagctatcac aggcctcgtg ctggcctcgg ccggtgcagt gtctgcccat       60

ggctgggtcg atgtctgggc tattggcggc aagaactaca caggcttcaa ccccacggtg      120

gcgccatggg tcccggatca gggcaccatt gcgtggccgg cctggaacac cgacacagga      180

ccggtgtaca gcaaggacgt caacaccaca gacatcatct gctcaatcaa tgccaccaac      240
```

```
gccaagatct actccgaccc catcgccgct gggaacgtca tcaacctgca ctggacggtg      300

tggccagact cacaccacgg gcccatcctg tcgtacctgg ccgcgtgcaa cggcgactgc      360

gccaaggccg acaagaccaa gctcaagtgg ttcaagattg cccatgccgg tcaaatcagc      420

ctgggcaccg gcggcggcca ggttggctac tgggccagcg acaagctgca agacgacaac      480

ggcacctggc ccgtcaccat tccggcctcc atcaagcccg gcaattacgt gctgcggaac      540

gagattattg ccctccattc ggcgtacgac gtcggcgccg cccagctcta cccgcagtgc      600

gttaatatca agatcacggg caacggccgc gtcacccctg ccggcgtggt gggaaccaag      660

ctctacaagg agaccgatcc tggcctgcat tataacatct ataacgacga gtctaagcct      720

gtctatcaga tccccggccc ggccttgtgt aagtgctaa                              759
```

<210> 206

<211> 252

<212> PRT

<213> Acrophialophora fusispora

<400> 206

```
Met Arg Ile Glu Ala Ile Thr Gly Leu Val Leu Ala Ser Ala Gly Ala
1               5                   10                  15

Val Ser Ala His Gly Trp Val Asp Val Trp Ala Ile Gly Gly Lys Asn
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Thr Gly Phe Asn Pro Thr Val Ala Pro Trp Val Pro Asp Gln Gly
        35                  40                  45

Thr Ile Ala Trp Pro Ala Trp Asn Thr Asp Thr Gly Pro Val Tyr Ser
    50                  55                  60

Lys Asp Val Asn Thr Thr Asp Ile Ile Cys Ser Ile Asn Ala Thr Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ser Asp Pro Ile Ala Ala Gly Asn Val Ile Asn Leu
                85                  90                  95

His Trp Thr Val Trp Pro Asp Ser His His Gly Pro Ile Leu Ser Tyr
            100                 105                 110

Leu Ala Ala Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ala Lys Ala Asp Lys Thr Lys Leu
        115                 120                 125

Lys Trp Phe Lys Ile Ala His Ala Gly Gln Ile Ser Leu Gly Thr Gly
    130                 135                 140

Gly Gly Gln Val Gly Tyr Trp Ala Ser Asp Lys Leu Gln Asp Asp Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Thr Trp Pro Val Thr Ile Pro Ala Ser Ile Lys Pro Gly Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Val Leu Arg Asn Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Tyr Asp Val Gly
            180                 185                 190

Ala Ala Gln Leu Tyr Pro Gln Cys Val Asn Ile Lys Ile Thr Gly Asn
        195                 200                 205

Gly Arg Val Thr Pro Ala Gly Val Val Gly Thr Lys Leu Tyr Lys Glu
    210                 215                 220

Thr Asp Pro Gly Leu His Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Asn Asp Glu Ser Lys Pro
225                 230                 235                 240
```

```
Val Tyr Gln Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Cys Lys Cys
                245                 250
```

<210> 207
<211> 1035
<212> DNA
<213> Corynascus sepedonium

<400> 207

```
atgtctaaga cttctgctct ccttgctggc ctaacgggcg cggccctcgt cgctgcccac       60

gggcacgtca gccatatcat tgtcaacggt gtctactatg agaactacga ccccacgaca      120

cactggtacc agcccaaccc accaacagtc atcggctgga cggcagccca gcaggacaac      180

ggcttcatcg agcccaacaa ctttggcacg tcggacatca tctgccacaa gagcggttct      240

ccaggcggcg gtcacgctac cgtcgctgcg ggcgacaaga tcaacatcgt ctggactccg      300

gagtggcccg actcccatat cggcccggtc attgactacc tggctgcctg caacggtgac      360

tgcgagaccg taaacaagga gtcgctgcgc ttctttaaga ttgacggggc cggctatgac      420

aaggccgctg gccgctgggc cgccgagact ctgcgccaga acggcaacag ctggctcgtc      480

cagatcccgt ctgaccttaa ggctggcaac tacgtgctcc gccacgaaat catcgccctc      540

cacggcgctg gaagcgccaa cggtgctcaa gcctacccgc agtgcatcaa ccttcgcgtg      600

acgggcggcg gcagcagcgt gcccagcggc gtggccggca cctcgctcta caaagcctcc      660

gacgcaggca tcctcttcaa cccctacgtc gcctctcccg attacccggt cccaggcccg      720

gcgctcattg ctggtgccgc cagctctatc gtacagagca cgtcggcagt gaccgctacc      780

gcctcggcca ccgctcccgg tggcggcggc gccaacccca accctacgcc caccaccacc      840

tcctcgagca atcccgcccc aagcaccacc ctcaggacaa ccacctcggc cgcgcaaacc      900

acgccccgc ctaccaatgg caacgtccag acaaagtacg gtcagtgtgg tggtagggac      960

tggagcggcc caacggcgtg cgcggctggt tccagctgct cggtgctcaa cgactggtac     1020

tcccagtgcg tgtaa                                                      1035
```

<210> 208
<211> 344
<212> PRT
<213> Corynascus sepedonium

<400> 208

```
Met Ser Lys Thr Ser Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Leu Thr Gly Ala Ala Leu
1               5                  10                  15

Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Ser His Ile Ile Val Asn Gly Val Tyr
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Glu Asn Tyr Asp Pro Thr Thr His Trp Tyr Gln Pro Asn Pro Pro
        35                  40                  45

Thr Val Ile Gly Trp Thr Ala Ala Gln Gln Asp Asn Gly Phe Ile Glu
    50                  55                  60

Pro Asn Asn Phe Gly Thr Ser Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Ser Gly Ser
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Gly Gly Gly His Ala Thr Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys Ile Asn Ile
                85                  90                  95

Val Trp Thr Pro Glu Trp Pro Asp Ser His Ile Gly Pro Val Ile Asp
            100                 105                 110

Tyr Leu Ala Ala Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Glu Thr Val Asn Lys Glu Ser
        115                 120                 125
```

```
Leu Arg Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Gly Ala Gly Tyr Asp Lys Ala Ala Gly
    130                 135                 140

Arg Trp Ala Ala Glu Thr Leu Arg Gln Asn Gly Asn Ser Trp Leu Val
145                 150                 155                 160

Gln Ile Pro Ser Asp Leu Lys Ala Gly Asn Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu
                165                 170                 175

Ile Ile Ala Leu His Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala Asn Gly Ala Gln Ala Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Pro Gln Cys Ile Asn Leu Arg Val Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Ser Val Pro
        195                 200                 205

Ser Gly Val Ala Gly Thr Ser Leu Tyr Lys Ala Ser Asp Ala Gly Ile
    210                 215                 220

Leu Phe Asn Pro Tyr Val Ala Ser Pro Asp Tyr Pro Val Pro Gly Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

Ala Leu Ile Ala Gly Ala Ala Ser Ser Ile Val Gln Ser Thr Ser Ala
                245                 250                 255

Val Thr Ala Thr Ala Ser Ala Thr Ala Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Ala Asn
            260                 265                 270

Pro Asn Pro Thr Pro Thr Thr Thr Ser Ser Ser Asn Pro Ala Pro Ser
        275                 280                 285

Thr Thr Leu Arg Thr Thr Thr Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Thr Pro Pro Pro
    290                 295                 300

Thr Asn Gly Asn Val Gln Thr Lys Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Arg Asp
305                 310                 315                 320

Trp Ser Gly Pro Thr Ala Cys Ala Ala Gly Ser Ser Cys Ser Val Leu
                325                 330                 335

Asn Asp Trp Tyr Ser Gln Cys Val
            340
```

<210> 209

<211> 1044

<212> DNA

<213> Corynascus sepedonium

<400> 209

```
atgccttctt ctacctccaa gggtcttttc tccgccctca tgggcgcggc gtcggttgcc       60

gcccatggtc atgtcaccaa cattgtcatc aacggtgtgt cgtaccagaa ctacgacccg      120

accagcttcc cttacatgca gaacccgccg acggttgttg gctggacggc aagcaacact      180

gataacggct tcgtcgctcc tgatgcgttt gctagcggcg acatcatctg ccacagggac      240

gccaccaatg ctggtggtca tgccgtcgtt gctgctggtg acaaggtctt catccagtgg      300

gatacctggc ctgagtcgca ccatggcccc gtccttgatt acctcgccag ctgcggtgac      360

gccggctgcg aaacggtcga caagaacact ctcgagttct tcaagatcgg cgaggctggc      420

ctgatcgacg gcagcagtgc tcccggcaag tgggcgtcgg accagctgat tgagaacaat      480

aactcgtgga tggttcagat ccctgccaac cttgcgcccg gaaactatgt gctgcggcat      540

gagattattg ctttgcacag cgctgggcaa gctaacggtg cccaaaacta cccccagtgc      600

ttcaacctgc aagttaccgg ctccggcacg gacaagcctg ccggtgtgct cggcaccgag      660

ctctccgctg ccgccgccgc cgccgctgtg gccgccgtct gcgccgtctg ttttgccgac      720
```

ctctacactc ccaccgacgc cggcatcttg gccaacatct acacctcgcc tgttcagtac 720

gagattcctg gcccggctct gatctcgggc gcttcggccg ttgaacagtc ctcctcggct 780

atcaccgcct ccgccagcgc tgagaccggc tccgccacag cacccccctgc cggctctgcc 840

acggccgccc ccaccactac cactaccacg gctggctcgg atgctagcgc tacgccctcg 900

tcctcgtcca gctctggtgc gagcaccacc gccgagccca ccccttcggc tactactacc 960

gccggcggca gcaccccgcg cccgacccgg tgccctggcc tgaagcgccg ccgccacgcc 1020

cgtgatgtca agctcgccct ctaa 1044

<210> 210

<211> 347

<212> PRT

<213> Corynascus sepedonium

<400> 210

```
Met Pro Ser Ser Thr Ser Lys Gly Leu Phe Ser Ala Leu Met Gly Ala
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ser Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Thr Asn Ile Val Ile Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30

Val Ser Tyr Gln Asn Tyr Asp Pro Thr Ser Phe Pro Tyr Met Gln Asn
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Thr Val Val Gly Trp Thr Ala Ser Asn Thr Asp Asn Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Ala Pro Asp Ala Phe Ala Ser Gly Asp Ile Ile Cys His Arg Asp
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Thr Asn Ala Gly Gly His Ala Val Val Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys Val
                85                  90                  95

Phe Ile Gln Trp Asp Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val Leu
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Ser Cys Gly Asp Ala Gly Cys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys
        115                 120                 125

Asn Thr Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Gly Glu Ala Gly Leu Ile Asp Gly
    130                 135                 140

Ser Ser Ala Pro Gly Lys Trp Ala Ser Asp Gln Leu Ile Glu Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Ser Trp Met Val Gln Ile Pro Ala Asn Leu Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Gln Ala Asn
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Gln Val Thr Gly Ser
        195                 200                 205

Gly Thr Asp Lys Pro Ala Gly Val Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Tyr Thr Pro
    210                 215                 220

Thr Asp Ala Gly Ile Leu Ala Asn Ile Tyr Thr Ser Pro Val Gln Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Glu Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Ile Ser Gly Ala Ser Ala Val Glu Gln
                245                 250                 255

Ser Ser Ser Ala Ile Thr Ala Ser Ala Ser Ala Glu Thr Gly Ser Ala
```

```
            260                 265                 270

Thr Ala Pro Pro Ala Gly Ser Ala Thr Ala Ala Pro Thr Thr Thr Thr
        275                 280                 285

Thr Thr Ala Gly Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Thr Pro Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser
    290                 295                 300

Ser Gly Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Glu Pro Thr Pro Ser Ala Thr Thr Thr
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Gly Gly Ser Thr Pro Arg Pro Thr Arg Cys Pro Gly Leu Lys Arg
                325                 330                 335

Arg Arg His Ala Arg Asp Val Lys Leu Ala Leu
            340                 345
```

<210> 211

<211> 1005

<212> DNA

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 211

```
atgtcaccct ccttcaagtc cactgccatc ctcggagccg ttgctctggc cgcccgcgtg       60

cgcgcccacg gctacgtgtc tggaatcgtc gttgacggtg cttaccatgg cggttacatc      120

gtcgacaagt acccctacat gcccaaccca cccgatgtgg tcggctggtc gactacggcc      180

acggacctgg gcttcgtcgc ccctgacgcc tttggcgacc cggacatcat ctgccaccgg      240

gacggtgccc ccggtgccat ccacgccaaa gtcaacgccg gtgccaccat cgagctgcag      300

tggaacacct ggcccgaaag ccaccacggg cccgtcatcg actacctggc taactgcaac      360

ggtgactgct cgtccgtcga caagacctcg ctcaagttct tcaagatcag cgaggccggc      420

ctaaacgacg gctccaacgc ccccggccag tgggcgtccg acgatctcat tgccaacaac      480

aacagctgga ctgtgaccat ccccaagtcg atcgcccccgg gcaactacgt gctgcgccac      540

gagatcatcg ccctgcacag cgccggcaac cagaatggcg cgcagaacta cccccagtgc      600

ttcaacctcg agatcaccag caacggcagc gacaacccgg agggcgtgct gggaaccgag      660

ctgtacaagg ccgacgaccc gggcattctg ttcaacatct accagcccat ggactcgtac      720

ccgattcccg gccctgctct ctacaccggc ggctcttctc cctcccctaa tccgcccacc      780

tctacccagt cgcctgtgcc ccagcccacc cagtctcccc catcgggcag caaccccggc      840

aacggcaacg gcgacgacga caacgacaac ggcaacgaga ccccatcccc gtctctcccc      900

gtcgagatcc ctgacgacct gacctcgcgc gagctactcc ttgtggccca ggagatcatt      960

gcccgtctgc ttgagctgca gaatcagctg gtcgtctcga actaa                      1005
```

<210> 212

<211> 334

<212> PRT

<213> Malbranchea cinnamomea

<400> 212

```
Met Ser Pro Ser Phe Lys Ser Thr Ala Ile Leu Gly Ala Val Ala Leu
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ala Arg Val Arg Ala His Gly Tyr Val Ser Gly Ile Val Val Asp
            20                  25                  30

Gly Ala Tyr His Gly Gly Tyr Ile Val Asp Lys Tyr Pro Tyr Met Pro
        35                  40                  45
```

```
Asn Pro Pro Asp Val Val Gly Trp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly
    50                  55                  60

Phe Val Ala Pro Asp Ala Phe Gly Asp Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Arg
65                  70                  75                  80

Asp Gly Ala Pro Gly Ala Ile His Ala Lys Val Asn Ala Gly Ala Thr
                85                  90                  95

Ile Glu Leu Gln Trp Asn Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val
            100                 105                 110

Ile Asp Tyr Leu Ala Asn Cys Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Ser Val Asp Lys
        115                 120                 125

Thr Ser Leu Lys Phe Phe Lys Ile Ser Glu Ala Gly Leu Asn Asp Gly
    130                 135                 140

Ser Asn Ala Pro Gly Gln Trp Ala Ser Asp Asp Leu Ile Ala Asn Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Ser Trp Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Lys Ser Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly Asn Gln Asn
            180                 185                 190

Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Glu Ile Thr Ser Asn
        195                 200                 205

Gly Ser Asp Asn Pro Glu Gly Val Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Tyr Lys Ala
    210                 215                 220

Asp Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Phe Asn Ile Tyr Gln Pro Met Asp Ser Tyr
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Tyr Thr Gly Gly Ser Ser Pro Ser Pro
                245                 250                 255

Asn Pro Pro Thr Ser Thr Gln Ser Pro Val Pro Gln Pro Thr Gln Ser
            260                 265                 270

Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Asn Pro Gly Asn Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Asp Asn
        275                 280                 285

Asp Asn Gly Asn Glu Thr Pro Ser Pro Ser Leu Pro Val Glu Ile Pro
    290                 295                 300

Asp Asp Leu Thr Ser Arg Glu Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Gln Glu Ile Ile
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Arg Leu Leu Glu Leu Gln Asn Gln Leu Val Val Ser Asn
                325                 330
```

<210> 213

<211> 1101

<212> DNA

<213> Talaromyces leycettanus

<400> 213

```
atgcatcaac acttccgata cactgcgctc ctgacagcgt tgctgtcagc atcaacccga      60

gtcgcatccc acggccatgt cagcaacatt gtcattaatg gcgttcccta tcaaggatgg     120

gatatcgatt ccatgcccta cgagtcagac ccaccagtgg ttgtcgcctg ggagacacct     180

aacacgtcaa acggtttcat taccccggat cagtacggta cgagtgatat tatctgccat     240
```

```
ctgaacgcaa ccaacgcaaa gggccatgcc gtcgttgctg ccggagacaa gatcagcatt      300

caatggactg cctggcccag ctcccaccac ggccctgtca tcagctacct ggccaactgt      360

ggcgccagct gtgagacagt cgacaaaacg acgttgcaat tctttaagat cgacaacatc      420

ggtttcatag atgactcttc ccccccaggc atctgggcag ccgatcaatt ggaagcaaac      480

aacaacacct ggctcgtgga gatccccccg accatcgctc caggatacta cgtcctgcgc      540

aacgagatca tcgccctaca cggtgcagag aatcaggatg gcgcccagaa ctatccgcag      600

tgcttcaatc tgcaggtcac cggctcgggt accgataaac ccgccggcgt tcttggaact      660

cagctctatt ctcccactga cccgggcatt ctcgtgaaca tttacacgag cctttcgacc      720

tacatcgtcc ccggtccaac cccgtacagt ggttgggtgt ccgtcgtgca gtctagctct      780

gctatcaccg cttctggaac cccggtgacg ggcactggcg gagttagccc aaccacggct      840

gctactacga cttcttcttc tcactccacg acttctacta ctaccgggcc cactgtaacc      900

tcgactagcc acactactac cactactact cctactaccc tcagaaccac gactacaact      960

gcagctggtg gtggtgcgac acagaccgtc tacggccaat gcggcggtag tggttggact     1020

ggcgcaactg cctgcgcagc cggagctact tgcagcactc tgaatcccta ctatgcccaa     1080

tgccttccta ctggtgcttg a                                               1101
```

<210> 214

<211> 366

<212> PRT

<213> Talaromyces leycettanus

<400> 214

```
Met His Gln His Phe Arg Tyr Thr Ala Leu Leu Thr Ala Leu Leu Ser
1               5                   10                  15

Ala Ser Thr Arg Val Ala Ser His Gly His Val Ser Asn Ile Val Ile
            20                  25                  30

Asn Gly Val Pro Tyr Gln Gly Trp Asp Ile Asp Ser Met Pro Tyr Glu
        35                  40                  45

Ser Asp Pro Pro Val Val Val Ala Trp Glu Thr Pro Asn Thr Ser Asn
    50                  55                  60

Gly Phe Ile Thr Pro Asp Gln Tyr Gly Thr Ser Asp Ile Ile Cys His
65                  70                  75                  80

Leu Asn Ala Thr Asn Ala Lys Gly His Ala Val Val Ala Ala Gly Asp
                85                  90                  95

Lys Ile Ser Ile Gln Trp Thr Ala Trp Pro Ser Ser His His Gly Pro
            100                 105                 110

Val Ile Ser Tyr Leu Ala Asn Cys Gly Ala Ser Cys Glu Thr Val Asp
        115                 120                 125

Lys Thr Thr Leu Gln Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Asn Ile Gly Phe Ile Asp
    130                 135                 140

Asp Ser Ser Pro Pro Gly Ile Trp Ala Ala Asp Gln Leu Glu Ala Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Asn Thr Trp Leu Val Glu Ile Pro Pro Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Tyr Val Leu Arg Asn Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Gly Ala Glu Asn Gln
            180                 185                 190
```

```
Asp Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Gln Cys Phe Asn Leu Gln Val Thr Gly
        195                 200                 205

Ser Gly Thr Asp Lys Pro Ala Gly Val Leu Gly Thr Gln Leu Tyr Ser
    210                 215                 220

Pro Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Val Asn Ile Tyr Thr Ser Leu Ser Thr
225                 230                 235                 240

Tyr Ile Val Pro Gly Pro Thr Pro Tyr Ser Gly Trp Val Ser Val Val
                245                 250                 255

Gln Ser Ser Ser Ala Ile Thr Ala Ser Gly Thr Pro Val Thr Gly Thr
            260                 265                 270

Gly Gly Val Ser Pro Thr Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr Thr Ser Ser Ser His
        275                 280                 285

Ser Thr Thr Ser Thr Thr Thr Gly Pro Thr Val Thr Ser Thr Ser His
    290                 295                 300

Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Pro Thr Thr Leu Arg Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Ala Gly Gly Gly Ala Thr Gln Thr Val Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly
                325                 330                 335

Ser Gly Trp Thr Gly Ala Thr Ala Cys Ala Ala Gly Ala Thr Cys Ser
            340                 345                 350

Thr Leu Asn Pro Tyr Tyr Ala Gln Cys Leu Pro Thr Gly Ala
        355                 360                 365
```

<210> 215

<211> 1091

<212> DNA

<213> Chaetomium thermophilum

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (522) .. (524)

<223> n is a, c, g, or t

<400> 215

```
atgccttcct tcgcttcgaa gactctcatt tctgccctcg ccggcgctgc cagcgtcgcc       60

gctcacggcc acgtcaagaa cttcgtcatc aacggtctgt cgtaccaggc ctacgacccg      120

accgtcttcc cgtacatgca gaaccctccc atcgtcgccg gctggacggc ctccaacact      180

gacaacggct tcgtgggccc cgagtcctac tcgagccccg atatcatctg ccacaagtcg      240

gccacgaacg ccaagggcca tgccgtcatc aaggccggtg actctgtcta catccagtgg      300

gacacctggc ccgagtcgca ccacggcccg gtcatcgact acctcgccag ctgcggcagc      360

gccggctgcg agacggtcga caagacccag ctcgagttct tcaagatcgc cgaggccggt      420

ctgattgacg gctcccaggc tcccggaaag tgggctgccg atcagctcat cgcccagaac      480

aactcgtggc tggtcaccat ccccgagaat atcaagccgc tnnnggctcc tacgtcctcc      540

gccacgagat catcgccctg cacagcgctg gccagaccaa cggtgcccag aactaccccg      600

tctgcatcaa cctcgaggtc actggtggcg gcagcgacgt tccctcgggt gtcaagggta      660

ctgagctcta caagcccacc gaccccggca tcctcatcaa catctaccag tcgctctcga      720

actacaccat ccctggccct gctctgatgc ccggcgccaa gccagtcacc cagcacacct      780
```

```
cagccatcat cggcagcacc accgccatca ctggcaccgc caccgctgct ccggccgcgc      840

cgacctcgac cgccgctgcc atcaccacca gctctgctaa tgccaacccc gccccgacca      900

ccacccgcgg caacgccaac cccgtcccga ctaccaccct ccgcacgagc accatcgctc      960

ctcagcccac tgctgccccc atccagaccc cgacctccag cgtcggccgg ccccgcgcc      1020

cgacccgctg ccctggtctg gacaacttca agcgcgctcg tcgccacgct cgtgaccttg      1080

ctgcccacta a                                                          1091
```

<210> 216

<211> 364

<212> PRT

<213> Chaetomium thermophilum

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (174) .. (176)

<223> Xaa can be any naturally occurring amino acid

<400> 216

```
Met Pro Ser Phe Ala Ser Lys Thr Leu Ile Ser Ala Leu Ala Gly Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Ala Ser Val Ala Ala His Gly His Val Lys Asn Phe Val Ile Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30

Leu Ser Tyr Gln Ala Tyr Asp Pro Thr Val Phe Pro Tyr Met Gln Asn
        35                  40                  45

Pro Pro Ile Val Ala Gly Trp Thr Ala Ser Asn Thr Asp Asn Gly Phe
    50                  55                  60

Val Gly Pro Glu Ser Tyr Ser Ser Pro Asp Ile Ile Cys His Lys Ser
65                  70                  75                  80

Ala Thr Asn Ala Lys Gly His Ala Val Ile Lys Ala Gly Asp Ser Val
                85                  90                  95

Tyr Ile Gln Trp Asp Thr Trp Pro Glu Ser His His Gly Pro Val Ile
            100                 105                 110

Asp Tyr Leu Ala Ser Cys Gly Ser Ala Gly Cys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys
        115                 120                 125

Thr Gln Leu Glu Phe Phe Lys Ile Ala Glu Ala Gly Leu Ile Asp Gly
    130                 135                 140

Ser Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Trp Ala Ala Asp Gln Leu Ile Ala Gln Asn
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Ser Trp Leu Val Thr Ile Pro Glu Asn Ile Lys Pro Xaa Xaa Xaa
                165                 170                 175

Gly Ser Tyr Val Leu Arg His Glu Ile Ile Ala Leu His Ser Ala Gly
            180                 185                 190

Gln Thr Asn Gly Ala Gln Asn Tyr Pro Val Cys Ile Asn Leu Glu Val
        195                 200                 205

Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Val Pro Ser Gly Val Lys Gly Thr Glu Leu
    210                 215                 220

Tyr Lys Pro Thr Asp Pro Gly Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Tyr Gln Ser Leu
225                 230                 235                 240
```

```
Ser Asn Tyr Thr Ile Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Met Pro Gly Ala Lys Pro
                245                 250                 255

Val Thr Gln His Thr Ser Ala Ile Ile Gly Ser Thr Thr Ala Ile Thr
            260                 265                 270

Gly Thr Ala Thr Ala Ala Pro Ala Ala Pro Thr Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala
        275                 280                 285

Ile Thr Thr Ser Ser Ala Asn Ala Asn Pro Ala Pro Thr Thr Thr Arg
    290                 295                 300

Gly Asn Ala Asn Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Thr Leu Arg Thr Ser Thr Ile
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Pro Gln Pro Thr Ala Ala Pro Ile Gln Thr Pro Thr Ser Ser Val
                325                 330                 335

Gly Arg Pro Pro Arg Pro Thr Arg Cys Pro Gly Leu Asp Asn Phe Lys
            340                 345                 350

Arg Ala Arg Arg His Ala Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala His
        355                 360
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<210> 217
<211> 40
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 217
cacaactggg gatccatgac tttgtccaag atcacttcca 40

<210> 218
<211> 40
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 218
ggcctccgcg gccgcttaag cgttgaacag tgcaggacca 40

<210> 219
<211> 40
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 219
cacaactggg gatccatgac tttgtccaag atcacttcca 40

<210> 220
<211> 40
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<220>
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<210> 221
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<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 221
cacaactggg gatccatgct gtcttcgacg actcgcaccc 40

<210> 222
<211> 40
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<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 222
ggcctccgcg gccgcctaga acgtcggctc aggcggcccc 40

<210> 223
<211> 27
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 223
ctggggatcc atgtcctttt ccaagat 27

<210> 224
<211> 29
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 224
ctccgcggcc gcttaaccag tatacagag 29

<210> 225
<211> 25
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 225
actcaattta cctctatcca cactt 25

<210> 226
<211> 25
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 226
gaattgtgag cggataacaa tttca 25

<210> 227
<211> 36
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 227
cggactgcgc accatgctgt cttcgacgac tcgcac 36

<210> 228
<211> 35
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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<400> 228
tcgccacgga gcttatcgac ttcttctaga acgtc 35

<210> 229
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 229
atcatcgccc ttcactctgc ggccaacctg aacggcgcgc agaac 45

<210> 230
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 230
gttctgcgcg ccgttcaggt tggccgcaga gtgaagggcg atgat 45

<210> 231
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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<400> 231
atcatcgccc ttcactctgc gtggaacctg aacggcgcgc agaac 45

<210> 232
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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<400> 232
gttctgcgcg ccgttcaggt tccacgcaga gtgaagggcg atgat 45

<210> 233
<211> 49
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 233
acaagaatac tgatcctggc atctggtttg acatctactc ggatctgag 49

<210> 234
<211> 49
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 234
ctcagatccg agtagatgtc aaaccagatg ccaggatcag tattcttgt 49

<210> 235
<211> 44
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 235
tcgcccttca ctctgcgggt aagctgaacg gcgcgcagaa ctac 44

<210> 236
<211> 44

<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 236
gtagttctgc gcgccgttca gcttacccgc agagtgaagg gcga 44

<210> 237
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 237
atcatcgccc ttcactctgc gtttaacctg aacggcgcgc agaac 45

<210> 238
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 238
gttctgcgcg ccgttcaggt taaacgcaga gtgaagggcg atgat 45

<210> 239
<211> 44
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 239
tcgcccttca ctctgcgggt aagctgaacg gcgcgcagaa ctac 44

<210> 240
<211> 44
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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<400> 240
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<210> 241
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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<400> 241
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<210> 242
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Artificial DNA Primer

<400> 242
tattcttgta cagggacgtg ccgtaggtgc cagatccctg agcac 45

<210> 243
<211> 3060
<212> DNA
<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 243
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gtttgtgatg ctttcccgtc attgtttcgg atatagttga caatagtcat ggaaataatc 120

aggaattggc tttctctcca ccattctacc cttcgccttg ggctgatggc cagggagagt 180

gggcagatgc ccatcgacgc gccgtcgaga tcgtttctca gatgacactg gcggagaagg 240

ttaaccttac aacgggtact gggtgggttg cgacttttt gttgacagtg agctttcttc 300

actgaccatc tacacagatg ggaaatggac cgatgcgtcg gtcaaaccgg cagcgttccc 360

aggtaagctt gcaattctgc aacaacgtgc aagtgtagtt gctaaaacgc ggtggtgcag 420

acttggtatc aactggggtc tttgtggcca ggattcccct ttgggtatcc gtttctgtga 480

gctatacccg cggagtcttt cagtccttgt attatgtgct gatgattgtc tctgtatagc 540

tgacctcaac tccgccttcc ctgctggtac taatgtcgcc gcgacatggg acaagacact 600

cgcctacctt cgtggcaagg ccatgggtga ggaattcaac gacaagggcg tggacatttt 660

gctggggcct gctgctggtc ctctcggcaa atacccggac ggcggcagaa tctgggaagg 720

cttctctcct gatccggttc tcactggtgt acttttcgcc gaaactatca agggtatcca 780

agacgcgggt gtgattgcta ctgccaagca ttacattctg aatgaacagg agcatttccg 840

acaggttggc gaggcccagg gatatggtta caacatcacg gagacgatca gctccaacgt 900

ggatgacaag accatgcacg agttgtacct ttggtgagta gttgacactg caaatgagga 960

ccttgattga tttgactgac ctggaatgca ggccctttgc agatgctgtg cgcggtaaga 1020

ttttccgtag acttgacctc gcgacgaaga aatcgctgac gaaccatcgt agctggcgtt 1080

ggcgctgtca tgtgttccta caatcaaatc aacaacagct acggttgtca aaacagtcaa 1140

actctcaaca agctcctcaa ggctgagctg ggcttccaag gcttcgtcat gagtgactgg 1200

agcgctcacc acagcggtgt cggcgctgcc ctcgctgggt tggatatgtc gatgcctgga 1260

gacatttcct tcgacgacgg actctccttc tggggcacga acctaactgt cagtgttctt 1320

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aacggcactc ttgctatggc ctggggtagt ggtactgcca acttcccttа ccttgtcacc 1740

cccgagcagg ctatccagcg agaggtcatc agcaacggcg gcaatgtctt tgctgtgact 1800

gataacgggg ctctcagcca gatggcagat gttgcatctc aatccaggtg agtgcgggct 1860

cttagaaaaa gaacgttctc tgaatgaagt tttttaacca ttgcgaacag cgtgtctttg 1920

gtgtttgtca acgccgactc tggagagggt ttcatcagtg tcgacggcaa cgagggtgac 1980

cgcaaaaatc tcactctgtg gaagaacggc gaggccgtca ttgacactgt tgtcagccac 2040

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gataacccca acgtcactgc catcatctgg gccggcttgc ccggtcagga gagtggcaac 2160

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gctccccagg atgatttcaa cgagggcgtc ttcattgact accgtcactt tgacaagcgc 2340

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tatcaggatc ttgttagggt gtcggccacc ataaccaaca ctggtaacgt cgccggttat 2760

gaagtccctc aattggtgag tgacccgcat gttccttgcg ttgcaatttg gctaactcgc 2820

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cgaatcttcc tggctcctgg ggagcaaaag gtttggacca cgactcttaa ccgtcgtgat 2940

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cacgtcggca gctcctcgcg taagctgcct ctgagagcgc ctctgccccg tgtctactag 3060

<210> 244

<211> 863

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 244

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Met Arg Phe Gly Trp Leu Glu Val Ala Ala Leu Thr Ala Ala Ser Val
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Ala Asn Ala Gln Glu Leu Ala Phe Ser Pro Pro Phe Tyr Pro Ser Pro
            20                  25                  30

Trp Ala Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Trp Ala Asp Ala His Arg Arg Ala Val
        35                  40                  45

Glu Ile Val Ser Gln Met Thr Leu Ala Glu Lys Val Asn Leu Thr Thr
    50                  55                  60

Gly Thr Gly Trp Glu Met Asp Arg Cys Val Gly Gln Thr Gly Ser Val
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Arg Leu Gly Ile Asn Trp Gly Leu Cys Gly Gln Asp Ser Pro Leu
                85                  90                  95

Gly Ile Arg Phe Ser Asp Leu Asn Ser Ala Phe Pro Ala Gly Thr Asn
            100                 105                 110
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```
Val Ala Ala Thr Trp Asp Lys Thr Leu Ala Tyr Leu Arg Gly Lys Ala
        115                 120                 125

Met Gly Glu Glu Phe Asn Asp Lys Gly Val Asp Ile Leu Leu Gly Pro
    130                 135                 140

Ala Ala Gly Pro Leu Gly Lys Tyr Pro Asp Gly Gly Arg Ile Trp Glu
145                 150                 155                 160

Gly Phe Ser Pro Asp Pro Val Leu Thr Gly Val Leu Phe Ala Glu Thr
                165                 170                 175

Ile Lys Gly Ile Gln Asp Ala Gly Val Ile Ala Thr Ala Lys His Tyr
            180                 185                 190

Ile Leu Asn Glu Gln Glu His Phe Arg Gln Val Gly Glu Ala Gln Gly
        195                 200                 205

Tyr Gly Tyr Asn Ile Thr Glu Thr Ile Ser Ser Asn Val Asp Asp Lys
    210                 215                 220

Thr Met His Glu Leu Tyr Leu Trp Pro Phe Ala Asp Ala Val Arg Ala
225                 230                 235                 240

Gly Val Gly Ala Val Met Cys Ser Tyr Asn Gln Ile Asn Asn Ser Tyr
                245                 250                 255

Gly Cys Gln Asn Ser Gln Thr Leu Asn Lys Leu Leu Lys Ala Glu Leu
            260                 265                 270

Gly Phe Gln Gly Phe Val Met Ser Asp Trp Ser Ala His His Ser Gly
        275                 280                 285

Val Gly Ala Ala Leu Ala Gly Leu Asp Met Ser Met Pro Gly Asp Ile
    290                 295                 300

Ser Phe Asp Asp Gly Leu Ser Phe Trp Gly Thr Asn Leu Thr Val Ser
305                 310                 315                 320

Val Leu Asn Gly Thr Val Pro Ala Trp Arg Val Asp Asp Met Ala Val
                325                 330                 335

Arg Ile Met Thr Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Val Gly Arg Asp Arg Leu Arg Ile
            340                 345                 350

Pro Pro Asn Phe Ser Ser Trp Thr Arg Asp Glu Tyr Gly Trp Glu His
        355                 360                 365

Ser Ala Val Ser Glu Gly Ala Trp Thr Lys Val Asn Asp Phe Val Asn
    370                 375                 380

Val Gln Arg Ser His Ser Gln Ile Ile Arg Glu Ile Gly Ala Ala Ser
385                 390                 395                 400

Thr Val Leu Leu Lys Asn Thr Gly Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Gly Lys Glu
                405                 410                 415

Val Lys Val Gly Val Leu Gly Glu Asp Ala Gly Ser Asn Pro Trp Gly
            420                 425                 430

Ala Asn Gly Cys Pro Asp Arg Gly Cys Asp Asn Gly Thr Leu Ala Met
        435                 440                 445

Ala Trp Gly Ser Gly Thr Ala Asn Phe Pro Tyr Leu Val Thr Pro Glu
    450                 455                 460

Gln Ala Ile Gln Arg Glu Val Ile Ser Asn Gly Gly Asn Val Phe Ala
465                 470                 475                 480
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Val Thr Asp Asn Gly Ala Leu Ser Gln Met Ala Asp Val Ala Ser Gln
                485                 490                 495

Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Val Phe Val Asn Ala Asp Ser Gly Glu Gly Phe
            500                 505                 510

Ile Ser Val Asp Gly Asn Glu Gly Asp Arg Lys Asn Leu Thr Leu Trp
        515                 520                 525

Lys Asn Gly Glu Ala Val Ile Asp Thr Val Val Ser His Cys Asn Asn
    530                 535                 540

Thr Ile Val Val Ile His Ser Val Gly Pro Val Leu Ile Asp Arg Trp
545                 550                 555                 560

Tyr Asp Asn Pro Asn Val Thr Ala Ile Ile Trp Ala Gly Leu Pro Gly
                565                 570                 575

Gln Glu Ser Gly Asn Ser Leu Val Asp Val Leu Tyr Gly Arg Val Asn
            580                 585                 590

Pro Ser Ala Lys Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Gly Lys Thr Arg Glu Ser Tyr
        595                 600                 605

Gly Ala Pro Leu Leu Thr Glu Pro Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Pro Gln
    610                 615                 620

Asp Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Val Phe Ile Asp Tyr Arg His Phe Asp Lys
625                 630                 635                 640

Arg Asn Glu Thr Pro Ile Tyr Glu Phe Gly His Gly Leu Ser Tyr Thr
                645                 650                 655

Thr Phe Gly Tyr Ser His Leu Arg Val Gln Ala Leu Asn Ser Ser Ser
            660                 665                 670

Ser Ala Tyr Val Pro Thr Ser Gly Glu Thr Lys Pro Ala Pro Thr Tyr
        675                 680                 685

Gly Glu Ile Gly Ser Ala Ala Asp Tyr Leu Tyr Pro Glu Gly Leu Lys
    690                 695                 700

Arg Ile Thr Lys Phe Ile Tyr Pro Trp Leu Asn Ser Thr Asp Leu Glu

705                 710                 715                 720

Asp Ser Ser Asp Asp Pro Asn Tyr Gly Trp Glu Asp Ser Glu Tyr Ile
                725                 730                 735

Pro Glu Gly Ala Arg Asp Gly Ser Pro Gln Pro Leu Leu Lys Ala Gly
            740                 745                 750

Gly Ala Pro Gly Gly Asn Pro Thr Leu Tyr Gln Asp Leu Val Arg Val
        755                 760                 765

Ser Ala Thr Ile Thr Asn Thr Gly Asn Val Ala Gly Tyr Glu Val Pro
    770                 775                 780

Gln Leu Tyr Val Ser Leu Gly Gly Pro Asn Glu Pro Arg Val Val Leu
785                 790                 795                 800

Arg Lys Phe Asp Arg Ile Phe Leu Ala Pro Gly Glu Gln Lys Val Trp
                805                 810                 815

Thr Thr Thr Leu Asn Arg Arg Asp Leu Ala Asn Trp Asp Val Glu Ala
            820                 825                 830
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820 825 830

Gln Asp Trp Val Ile Thr Lys Tyr Pro Lys Lys Val His Val Gly Ser
835 840 845

Ser Ser Arg Lys Leu Pro Leu Arg Ala Pro Leu Pro Arg Val Tyr
850 855 860

<210> 245
<211> 1599
<212> DNA
<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 245
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ctgggctctg gccaggctca gcaggtcggt acttcccagg cggaagtgca tccgtccatg 120
acctggcaga gctgcacggc tggcggcagc tgcaccacca acaacggcaa ggtggtcatc 180
gacgcgaact ggcgttgggt gcacaaagtc ggcgactaca ccaactgcta caccggcaac 240
acctgggaca cgactatctg ccctgacgat gcgacctgcg catccaactg cgcccttgag 300
ggtgccaact acgaatccac ctatggtgtg accgccagcg gcaattccct ccgcctcaac 360
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tcgacctacg agatgtttaa gctgctgaac caggagttca ccttcgatgt cgatgtctcc 480
aacctccccc gcggtctcaa cggtgctctg tactttgtcg ccatggacgc cgacggtggc 540
atgtccaagt acccaaccaa caaggccggt gccaagtacg gtactggata ctgtgactcg 600
cagtgccctc gcgacctcaa gttcatcaac ggtcaggcca acgtcgaagg gtggcagccc 660
tcctccaacg atgccaatgc gggtaccggc aaccacgggt cctgctgcgc ggagatggat 720
atctgggagg ccaacagcat ctccacggcc ttcacccccc atccgtgcga cacgcccggc 780
caggtgatgt gcaccggtga tgcctgcggt ggcacctaca gctccgaccg ctacggcggc 840
acctgcgacc ccgacggatg tgatttcaac tccttccgcc agggcaacaa gaccttctac 900
ggccctggca tgaccgtcga caccaagagc aagtttaccg tcgtcaccca gttcatcacc 960
gacgacggca cctccagcgg caccctcaag gagatcaagc gcttctacgt gcagaacggc 1020
aaggtgatcc ccaactcgga gtcgacctgg accggcgtca gcggcaactc catcaccacc 1080
gagtactgca ccgcccagaa gagcctgttc caggaccaga acgtcttcga aaagcacggc 1140
ggcctcgagg gcatgggtgc tgccctcgcc cagggtatgg ttctcgtcat gtccctgtgg 1200
gatgatcact cggccaacat gctctggctc gacagcaact acccgaccac tgcctcttcc 1260
accactcccg gcgtcgcccg tggtacctgc gacatctcct ccggcgtccc tgcggatgtc 1320
gaggcgaacc accccgacgc ctacgtcgtc tactccaaca tcaaggtcgg ccccatcggc 1380
tcgaccttca acagcggtgg ctcgaacccc ggtggcggaa ccaccacgac aactaccacc 1440
cagcctacta ccaccacgac cacggctgga aaccctggcg gcaccggagt cgcacagcac 1500
tatggccagt gtggtggaat cggatggacc ggacccacaa cctgtgccag cccttatacc 1560
tgccagaagc tgaatgatta ttactctcag tgcctgtag 1599

<210> 246
<211> 532
<212> PRT
<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 246
Met Leu Ala Ser Thr Phe Ser Tyr Arg Met Tyr Lys Thr Ala Leu Ile
1 5 10 15

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Leu Ala Ala Leu Leu Gly Ser Gly Gln Ala Gln Gln Val Gly Thr Ser
            20                  25                  30

Gln Ala Glu Val His Pro Ser Met Thr Trp Gln Ser Cys Thr Ala Gly
        35                  40                  45

Gly Ser Cys Thr Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Val Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Trp
    50                  55                  60

Arg Trp Val His Lys Val Gly Asp Tyr Thr Asn Cys Tyr Thr Gly Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Thr Trp Asp Thr Thr Ile Cys Pro Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Ala Ser Asn
                85                  90                  95

Cys Ala Leu Glu Gly Ala Asn Tyr Glu Ser Thr Tyr Gly Val Thr Ala
            100                 105                 110

Ser Gly Asn Ser Leu Arg Leu Asn Phe Val Thr Thr Ser Gln Gln Lys
        115                 120                 125

Asn Ile Gly Ser Arg Leu Tyr Met Met Lys Asp Asp Ser Thr Tyr Glu
    130                 135                 140

Met Phe Lys Leu Leu Asn Gln Glu Phe Thr Phe Asp Val Asp Val Ser
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Leu Pro Cys Gly Leu Asn Gly Ala Leu Tyr Phe Val Ala Met Asp
                165                 170                 175

Ala Asp Gly Gly Met Ser Lys Tyr Pro Thr Asn Lys Ala Gly Ala Lys
            180                 185                 190

Tyr Gly Thr Gly Tyr Cys Asp Ser Gln Cys Pro Arg Asp Leu Lys Phe
        195                 200                 205

Ile Asn Gly Gln Ala Asn Val Glu Gly Trp Gln Pro Ser Ser Asn Asp
    210                 215                 220

Ala Asn Ala Gly Thr Gly Asn His Gly Ser Cys Cys Ala Glu Met Asp
225                 230                 235                 240

Ile Trp Glu Ala Asn Ser Ile Ser Thr Ala Phe Thr Pro His Pro Cys
                245                 250                 255

Asp Thr Pro Gly Gln Val Met Cys Thr Gly Asp Ala Cys Gly Gly Thr
            260                 265                 270

Tyr Ser Ser Asp Arg Tyr Gly Gly Thr Cys Asp Pro Asp Gly Cys Asp
        275                 280                 285

Phe Asn Ser Phe Arg Gln Gly Asn Lys Thr Phe Tyr Gly Pro Gly Met
    290                 295                 300

Thr Val Asp Thr Lys Ser Lys Phe Thr Val Val Thr Gln Phe Ile Thr
305                 310                 315                 320

Asp Asp Gly Thr Ser Ser Gly Thr Leu Lys Glu Ile Lys Arg Phe Tyr
                325                 330                 335

Val Gln Asn Gly Lys Val Ile Pro Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Trp Thr Gly
            340                 345                 350

Val Ser Gly Asn Ser Ile Thr Thr Glu Tyr Cys Thr Ala Gln Lys Ser
        355                 360                 365

Leu Phe Gln Asp Gln Asn Val Phe Glu Lys His Gly Gly Leu Glu Gly
    370                 375                 380
```

```
Met Gly Ala Ala Leu Ala Gln Gly Met Val Leu Val Met Ser Leu Trp
385                 390                 395                 400

Asp Asp His Ser Ala Asn Met Leu Trp Leu Asp Ser Asn Tyr Pro Thr
                405                 410                 415

Thr Ala Ser Ser Thr Thr Pro Gly Val Ala Arg Gly Thr Cys Asp Ile
            420                 425                 430

Ser Ser Gly Val Pro Ala Asp Val Glu Ala Asn His Pro Asp Ala Tyr
        435                 440                 445

Val Val Tyr Ser Asn Ile Lys Val Gly Pro Ile Gly Ser Thr Phe Asn
    450                 455                 460

Ser Gly Gly Ser Asn Pro Gly Gly Gly Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr
465                 470                 475                 480

Gln Pro Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Gly Asn Pro Gly Gly Thr Gly
                485                 490                 495

Val Ala Gln His Tyr Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Ile Gly Trp Thr Gly Pro
            500                 505                 510

Thr Thr Cys Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Cys Gln Lys Leu Asn Asp Tyr Tyr
        515                 520                 525

Ser Gln Cys Leu
    530
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<210> 247

<211> 1713

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 247

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tgatatgctt ctaggtggcg gccaaggctg gtctggcccg acgagctgtg ttgccggcgc      180

agcctgtagc acactgaatc cctgtatgtt agatatcgtc ctgagtggag acttatactg      240

acttccttag actacgctca gtgtatcccg ggagccaccg cgacgtccac caccctcacg      300

acgacgacgg cggcgacgac gacatcccag accaccacca aacctaccac gactggtcca      360

actacatccg cacccaccgt gaccgcatcc ggtaaccctt tcagcggcta ccagctgtat      420

gccaaccccc actactcctc cgaggtccat actctggcca tgccttctct gcccagctcg      480

ctgcagccca aggctagtgc tgttgctgaa gtgccctcat ttgtttggct gtaagtggcc      540

ttatcccaat actgagacca actctctgac agtcgtagcg acgttgccgc caaggtgccc      600

actatgggaa cctacctggc cgacattcag gccaagaaca aggccggcgc caaccctcct      660

atcgctggta tcttcgtggt ctacgacttg ccggaccgtg actgcgccgc tctggccagt      720

aatggcgagt actcaattgc caacaacggt gtggccaact acaaggcgta cattgacgcc      780

atccgtgctc agctggtgaa gtactctgac gttcacacca tcctcgtcat cggtaggccg      840

tacacctccg ttgcgcgccg cctttctctg acatcttgca gaacccgaca gcttggccaa      900

cctggtgacc aacctcaacg tcgccaaatg cgccaatgcg cagagcgcct acctggagtg      960

tgtcgactat gctctgaagc agctcaacct gcccaacgtc gccatgtacc tcgacgcagg     1020

tatgcctcac ttcccgcatt ctgtatccct tccagacact aactcatcag gccatgcggg     1080

ctggctcgga tggcccgcca acttgggccc cgcccgcaaca ctcttcgcca aagtctacac     1140
```

cgacgcgggt tcccccgcgg ctgttcgtgg cctggccacc aacgtcgcca actacaacgc 1200

ctggtcgctc agtacctgcc cctcctacac ccagggagac cccaactgcg acgagaagaa 1260

gtacatcaac gccatggcgc ctcttctcaa ggaagccggc ttcgatgccc acttcatcat 1320

ggatacctgt aagtgcttat tccaatcgcc gatgtgtgcc gactaatcaa tgtttcagcc 1380

cggaatggcg tccagcccac gaagcaaaac gcctggggtg actggtgcaa cgtcatcggc 1440

accggcttcg gtgttcgccc ctcgactaac accggcgatc cgctccagga tgcctttgtg 1500

tggatcaagc ccggtggaga gagtgatggc acgtccaact cgacttcccc ccggtatgac 1560

gcgcactgcg gatatagtga tgctctgcag cctgctcctg aggctggtac ttggttccag 1620

gtatgtcatc cattagccag atgagggata agtgactgac ggacctaggc ctactttgag 1680

cagcttctga ccaacgctaa cccgtccttt taa 1713

<210> 248

<211> 454

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 248

```
Met Lys His Leu Ala Ser Ser Ile Ala Leu Thr Leu Leu Leu Pro Ala
1               5                  10                  15

Val Gln Ala Gln Gln Thr Val Trp Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Gln Gly Trp
            20                  25                  30

Ser Gly Pro Thr Ser Cys Val Ala Gly Ala Ala Cys Ser Thr Leu Asn
        35                  40                  45

Pro Tyr Tyr Ala Gln Cys Ile Pro Gly Ala Thr Ala Thr Ser Thr Thr
    50                  55                  60

Leu Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr Thr Ser Gln Thr Thr Thr Lys
65                  70                  75                  80

Pro Thr Thr Thr Gly Pro Thr Thr Ser Ala Pro Thr Val Thr Ala Ser
                85                  90                  95

Gly Asn Pro Phe Ser Gly Tyr Gln Leu Tyr Ala Asn Pro Tyr Tyr Ser
            100                 105                 110

Ser Glu Val His Thr Leu Ala Met Pro Ser Leu Pro Ser Ser Leu Gln
        115                 120                 125

Pro Lys Ala Ser Ala Val Ala Glu Val Pro Ser Phe Val Trp Leu Asp
    130                 135                 140

Val Ala Ala Lys Val Pro Thr Met Gly Thr Tyr Leu Ala Asp Ile Gln
145                 150                 155                 160

Ala Lys Asn Lys Ala Gly Ala Asn Pro Pro Ile Ala Gly Ile Phe Val
                165                 170                 175

Val Tyr Asp Leu Pro Asp Arg Asp Cys Ala Ala Leu Ala Ser Asn Gly
            180                 185                 190

Glu Tyr Ser Ile Ala Asn Asn Gly Val Ala Asn Tyr Lys Ala Tyr Ile
        195                 200                 205

Asp Ala Ile Arg Ala Gln Leu Val Lys Tyr Ser Asp Val His Thr Ile
    210                 215                 220

Leu Val Ile Glu Pro Asp Ser Leu Ala Asn Leu Val Thr Asn Leu Asn
225                 230                 235                 240
```

```
Val Ala Lys Cys Ala Asn Ala Gln Ser Ala Tyr Leu Glu Cys Val Asp
                245                 250                 255

Tyr Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Asn Leu Pro Asn Val Ala Met Tyr Leu Asp
            260                 265                 270

Ala Gly His Ala Gly Trp Leu Gly Trp Pro Ala Asn Leu Gly Pro Ala
        275                 280                 285

Ala Thr Leu Phe Ala Lys Val Tyr Thr Asp Ala Gly Ser Pro Ala Ala
    290                 295                 300

Val Arg Gly Leu Ala Thr Asn Val Ala Asn Tyr Asn Ala Trp Ser Leu
305                 310                 315                 320

Ser Thr Cys Pro Ser Tyr Thr Gln Gly Asp Pro Asn Cys Asp Glu Lys
                325                 330                 335

Lys Tyr Ile Asn Ala Met Ala Pro Leu Leu Lys Glu Ala Gly Phe Asp
            340                 345                 350

Ala His Phe Ile Met Asp Thr Ser Arg Asn Gly Val Gln Pro Thr Lys
        355                 360                 365

Gln Asn Ala Trp Gly Asp Trp Cys Asn Val Ile Gly Thr Gly Phe Gly
    370                 375                 380

Val Arg Pro Ser Thr Asn Thr Gly Asp Pro Leu Gln Asp Ala Phe Val
385                 390                 395                 400

Trp Ile Lys Pro Gly Gly Glu Ser Asp Gly Thr Ser Asn Ser Thr Ser
                405                 410                 415

Pro Arg Tyr Asp Ala His Cys Gly Tyr Ser Asp Ala Leu Gln Pro Ala
            420                 425                 430

Pro Glu Ala Gly Thr Trp Phe Gln Ala Tyr Phe Glu Gln Leu Leu Thr
        435                 440                 445

Asn Ala Asn Pro Ser Phe
    450
```

<210> 249

<211> 1849

<212> DNA

<213> Trichoderma reesei

<400> 249

```
tgccatttct gacctggata ggttttccta tggtcattcc tataagagac acgctctttc       60

gtcggcccgt agatatcaga ttggtattca gtcgcacaga cgaaggtgag ttgatcctcc      120

aacatgagtt ctatgagccc ccccttgcc ccccccgtt caccttgacc tgcaatgaga       180

atcccacctt ttacaagagc atcaagaagt attaatggcg ctgaatagcc tctgctcgat      240

aatatctccc cgtcatcgac aatgaacaag tccgtggctc cattgctgct tgcagcgtcc      300

atactatatg gcggcgccgt cgcacagcag actgtctggg gccagtgtgg aggtattggt      360

tggagcggac ctacgaattg tgctcctggc tcagcttgtt cgaccctcaa tccttattat      420

gcgcaatgta ttccgggagc cactactatc accacttcga cccggccacc atccggtcca      480

accaccacca ccagggctac ctcaacaagc tcatcaactc cacccacgag ctctggggtc      540

cgatttgccg gcgttaacat cgcgggtttt gactttggct gtaccacaga gtgagtaccc      600

ttgtttcctg gtgttgctgg ctggttgggc gggtatacag cgaagcggac gcaagaacac      660
```

```
cgccggtccg ccaccatcaa gatgtgggtg gtaagcggcg gtgttttgta caactacctg      720

acagctcact caggaaatga gaattaatgg aagtcttgtt acagtggcac ttgcgttacc      780

tcgaaggttt atcctccgtt gaagaacttc accggctcaa acaactaccc cgatggcatc      840

ggccagatgc agcacttcgt caacgaggac gggatgacta ttttccgctt acctgtcgga      900

tggcagtacc tcgtcaacaa caatttgggc ggcaatcttg attccacgag catttccaag      960

tatgatcagc ttgttcaggg gtgcctgtct ctgggcgcat actgcatcgt cgacatccac     1020

aattatgctc gatggaacgg tgggatcatt ggtcagggcg gccctactaa tgctcaattc     1080

acgagccttt ggtcgcagtt ggcatcaaag tacgcatctc agtcgagggt gtggttcggc     1140

atcatgaatg agccccacga cgtgaacatc aacacctggg ctgccacggt ccaagaggtt     1200

gtaaccgcaa tccgcaacgc tggtgctacg tcgcaattca tctctttgcc tggaaatgat     1260

tggcaatctg ctggggcttt catatccgat ggcagtgcag ccgccctgtc tcaagtcacg     1320

aacccggatg ggtcaacaac gaatctgatt tttgacgtgc acaaatactt ggactcagac     1380

aactccggta ctcacgccga atgtactaca aataacattg acggcgcctt ttctccgctt     1440

gccacttggc tccgacagaa caatcgccag gctatcctga cagaaaccgg tggtggcaac     1500

gttcagtcct gcatacaaga catgtgccag caaatccaat atctcaacca gaactcagat     1560

gtctatcttg gctatgttgg ttggggtgcc ggatcatttg atagcacgta tgtcctgacg     1620

gaaacaccga ctggcagtgg taactcatgg acggacacat ccttggtcag ctcgtgtctc     1680

gcaagaaagt agcactctga gctgaatgca gaagcctcgc caacgtttgt atctcgctat     1740

caaacatagt agctactcta tgaggctgtc tgttctcgat ttcagcttta tatagtttca     1800

tcaaacagta catattccct ctgtggccac gcaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa                 1849
```

<210> 250

<211> 418

<212> PRT

<213> Trichoderma reesei

<400> 250

```
Met Asn Lys Ser Val Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Ser Ile Leu Tyr
1               5                  10                  15

Gly Gly Ala Val Ala Gln Gln Thr Val Trp Gly Gln Cys Gly Gly Ile
            20                  25                  30

Gly Trp Ser Gly Pro Thr Asn Cys Ala Pro Gly Ser Ala Cys Ser Thr
        35                  40                  45

Leu Asn Pro Tyr Tyr Ala Gln Cys Ile Pro Gly Ala Thr Thr Ile Thr
    50                  55                  60

Thr Ser Thr Arg Pro Pro Ser Gly Pro Thr Thr Thr Thr Arg Ala Thr
65                  70                  75                  80

Ser Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Pro Pro Thr Ser Ser Gly Val Arg Phe Ala
                85                  90                  95

Gly Val Asn Ile Ala Gly Phe Asp Phe Gly Cys Thr Thr Asp Gly Thr
            100                 105                 110

Cys Val Thr Ser Lys Val Tyr Pro Pro Leu Lys Asn Phe Thr Gly Ser
        115                 120                 125

Asn Asn Tyr Pro Asp Gly Ile Gly Gln Met Gln His Phe Val Asn Glu
    130                 135                 140

Asp Gly Met Thr Ile Phe Arg Leu Pro Val Gly Trp Gln Tyr Leu Val
```

```
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Asn Asn Leu Gly Gly Asn Leu Asp Ser Thr Ser Ile Ser Lys Tyr
                165                 170                 175

Asp Gln Leu Val Gln Gly Cys Leu Ser Leu Gly Ala Tyr Cys Ile Val
            180                 185                 190

Asp Ile His Asn Tyr Ala Arg Trp Asn Gly Gly Ile Ile Gly Gln Gly
        195                 200                 205

Gly Pro Thr Asn Ala Gln Phe Thr Ser Leu Trp Ser Gln Leu Ala Ser
    210                 215                 220

Lys Tyr Ala Ser Gln Ser Arg Val Trp Phe Gly Ile Met Asn Glu Pro
225                 230                 235                 240

His Asp Val Asn Ile Asn Thr Trp Ala Ala Thr Val Gln Glu Val Val
                245                 250                 255

Thr Ala Ile Arg Asn Ala Gly Ala Thr Ser Gln Phe Ile Ser Leu Pro
            260                 265                 270

Gly Asn Asp Trp Gln Ser Ala Gly Ala Phe Ile Ser Asp Gly Ser Ala
        275                 280                 285

Ala Ala Leu Ser Gln Val Thr Asn Pro Asp Gly Ser Thr Thr Asn Leu
    290                 295                 300

Ile Phe Asp Val His Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ser Asp Asn Ser Gly Thr His
305                 310                 315                 320

Ala Glu Cys Thr Thr Asn Asn Ile Asp Gly Ala Phe Ser Pro Leu Ala
                325                 330                 335

Thr Trp Leu Arg Gln Asn Asn Arg Gln Ala Ile Leu Thr Glu Thr Gly
            340                 345                 350

Gly Gly Asn Val Gln Ser Cys Ile Gln Asp Met Cys Gln Gln Ile Gln
        355                 360                 365

Tyr Leu Asn Gln Asn Ser Asp Val Tyr Leu Gly Tyr Val Gly Trp Gly
    370                 375                 380

Ala Gly Ser Phe Asp Ser Thr Tyr Val Leu Thr Glu Thr Pro Thr Gly
385                 390                 395                 400

Ser Gly Asn Ser Trp Thr Asp Thr Ser Leu Val Ser Ser Cys Leu Ala
                405                 410                 415

Arg Lys
```

<210> 251

<211> 1415

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 251

```
atggtccatc tatcttcatt ggcagcagcc ctggctgctc tgcctctgta tgtttaccca       60

ctcacgagag gaggaacagc tttgacattg ctatagtgta tatggagctg gcctgaacac      120

agcagccaaa gccaaaggac taaagtactt tggttccgcc acggacaatc cagagctcac      180

ggactctgcg tatgtcgcgc aactgagcaa caccgatgat tttggtcaaa tcacacccgg      240

aaactccatg aaggtttgct tacgtctgcc tccctggagc attgcctcaa aagctaattg      300
```

```
gttgttttgt ttggatagtg ggatgccacc gagccttctc agaattcttt ttcgttcgca      360

aatggagacg ccgtggtcaa tctggcgaac aagaatggcc agctgatgcg atgccatact      420

ctggtctggc acagtcagct accgaactgg ggtatgtaaa cgtcttgtct attctcaaat      480

actctctaac agttgacagt ctctagcggg tcatggacca atgcgaccct tttggcggcc      540

atgaagaatc atatcaccaa tgtggttact cactacaagg ggaagtgcta cgcctgggat      600

gttgtcaatg aaggtttgtt gctccatcta tcctcaatag ttcttttgaa actgacaagc      660

ctgtcaatct agccctgaac gaggacggta ctttccgtaa ctctgtcttc taccagatca      720

tcggcccagc atacattcct attgcgttcg ccacggctgc tgccgcagat cccgacgtga      780

aactctacta caacgactac aacattgaat actcaggcgc caaagcgact gctgcgcaga      840

atatcgtcaa gatgatcaag gcctacggcg cgaagatcga cggcgtcggc ctccaggcac      900

actttatcgt cggcagcact ccgagtcaat cggatctgac gaccgtcttg aagggctaca      960

ctgctctcgg cgttgaggtg gcctataccg aacttgacat ccgcatgcag ctgccctcga     1020

ccgccgcaaa gctggcccag cagtccactg acttccaagg cgtggccgca gcatgcgtta     1080

gcaccactgg ctgcgtgggt gtcactatct gggactggac cgacaagtac tcctgggtcc     1140

ccagcgtgtt ccaaggctac ggcgccccat tgccttggga tgagaactat gtgaagaagc     1200

cagcgtacga tggcctgatg gcgggtcttg gagcaagcgg ctccggcacc acaacgacca     1260

ctactactac ttctactacg acaggaggta cggaccctac tggagtcgct cagaaatggg     1320

gacagtgtgg cggtattggc tggaccgggc caacaacttg tgtcagtggt accacttgcc     1380

aaaagctgaa tgactggtac tcacagtgcc tgtaa                                1415
```

<210> 252

<211> 397

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 252

```
Met Val His Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Pro Leu
1               5                  10                  15

Val Tyr Gly Ala Gly Leu Asn Thr Ala Ala Lys Ala Lys Gly Leu Lys
            20                  25                  30

Tyr Phe Gly Ser Ala Thr Asp Asn Pro Glu Leu Thr Asp Ser Ala Tyr
        35                  40                  45

Val Ala Gln Leu Ser Asn Thr Asp Asp Phe Gly Gln Ile Thr Pro Gly
    50                  55                  60

Asn Ser Met Lys Trp Asp Ala Thr Glu Pro Ser Gln Asn Ser Phe Ser
65                  70                  75                  80

Phe Ala Asn Gly Asp Ala Val Val Asn Leu Ala Asn Lys Asn Gly Gln
                85                  90                  95

Leu Met Arg Cys His Thr Leu Val Trp His Ser Gln Leu Pro Asn Trp
            100                 105                 110

Val Ser Ser Gly Ser Trp Thr Asn Ala Thr Leu Leu Ala Ala Met Lys
        115                 120                 125

Asn His Ile Thr Asn Val Val Thr His Tyr Lys Gly Lys Cys Tyr Ala
    130                 135                 140

Trp Asp Val Val Asn Glu Ala Leu Asn Glu Asp Gly Thr Phe Arg Asn
145                 150                 155                 160
```

```
Ser Val Phe Tyr Gln Ile Ile Gly Pro Ala Tyr Ile Pro Ile Ala Phe
                165                 170                 175

Ala Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Asp Pro Asp Val Lys Leu Tyr Tyr Asn Asp
            180                 185                 190

Tyr Asn Ile Glu Tyr Ser Gly Ala Lys Ala Thr Ala Ala Gln Asn Ile
        195                 200                 205

Val Lys Met Ile Lys Ala Tyr Gly Ala Lys Ile Asp Gly Val Gly Leu
    210                 215                 220

Gln Ala His Phe Ile Val Gly Ser Thr Pro Ser Gln Ser Asp Leu Thr
225                 230                 235                 240

Thr Val Leu Lys Gly Tyr Thr Ala Leu Gly Val Glu Val Ala Tyr Thr
                245                 250                 255

Glu Leu Asp Ile Arg Met Gln Leu Pro Ser Thr Ala Ala Lys Leu Ala
            260                 265                 270

Gln Gln Ser Thr Asp Phe Gln Gly Val Ala Ala Ala Cys Val Ser Thr
        275                 280                 285

Thr Gly Cys Val Gly Val Thr Ile Trp Asp Trp Thr Asp Lys Tyr Ser
    290                 295                 300

Trp Val Pro Ser Val Phe Gln Gly Tyr Gly Ala Pro Leu Pro Trp Asp
305                 310                 315                 320

Glu Asn Tyr Val Lys Lys Pro Ala Tyr Asp Gly Leu Met Ala Gly Leu
                325                 330                 335

Gly Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Ser Thr
            340                 345                 350

Thr Thr Gly Gly Thr Asp Pro Thr Gly Val Ala Gln Lys Trp Gly Gln
        355                 360                 365

Cys Gly Gly Ile Gly Trp Thr Gly Pro Thr Thr Cys Val Ser Gly Thr
    370                 375                 380

Thr Cys Gln Lys Leu Asn Asp Trp Tyr Ser Gln Cys Leu
385                 390                 395
```

<210> 253

<211> 2376

<212> DNA

<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 253

```
atggcggttg ccaaatctat tgctgccgtg ctggtagcac tgttgcctgg tgcgcttgct       60

caggcgaata caagctatgt tgattacaat gtggaggcga atccggatct cacccctcag      120

tcggtcgcta cgattgacct gtcctttccc gactgcgaga atggaccgct cagcaagact      180

ctcgtttgcg acacgtcggc tcggccgcat gaccgagctg ctgccctggt ttccatgttc      240

accttcgagg agctggtgaa caacacaggc aacactagcc ctggtgttcc aagacttggt      300

ctccctccgt accaagtatg gagcgaggct ctccatggac ttgaccgcgc caacttcaca      360

aacgagggag agtacagctg ggccacctcg ttccccatgc ctatcctgac aatgtcggcc      420

ttgaaccgaa ccctgatcaa ccagatcgcg accatcatcg caactcaagg acgagctttc      480

aataacgttg ggcggtatgg gctggacgtg tacgccccga atataaatgc attcagatcg      540

gctatgtggg gaagaggtca agagaccccc ggagaagacg cttactgcct ggcatcggcg      600

tatgcctacg agtctatcaa tcgaatcgga gctgtcttta ctaaacacaa gtgggacccc      660
```

tatgcgtacg agtatatcac tggcatccag ggtggtgttg atccggaaca cctcaagttg 660

gtggccactg ccaaacacta tgcgggctac gatcttgaga actgggacgg tcactcccgt 720

ttgggcaacg atatgaacat tacacagcag gaactttccg aatactacac ccctcagttc 780

cttgttgcag ccagagacgc caaagtgcac agtgtcatgt gctcctacaa cgcggtaaat 840

ggggtgccca gctgcgcaaa ctcgttcttc ctccagaccc tcctccgtga cacattcggc 900

ttcgtcgagg atggttatgt atccagcgac tgcgactcgg cgtacaatgt ctggaacccg 960

cacgagtttg cggccaacat cacgggggcc gctgcagact ctatccgggc ggggacggac 1020

attgattgcg gcactactta tcaatactat ttcggcgaag cctttgacga gcaagaggtc 1080

acccgtgcag aaatcgaaag aggtgtgatc cgcctgtaca gcaacttggt gcgtctcggc 1140

tatttcgatg gcaatggaag cgtgtatcgg gacctgacgt ggaatgatgt cgtgaccacg 1200

gatgcctgga atatctcata cgaagccgct gtagaaggca ttgtcctact gaagaacgat 1260

ggaaccttgc ctctcgccaa gtcggtccgc agtgttgcat tgattgggcc ctggatgaat 1320

gtgacgactc agcttcaggg caactacttt ggaccggcgc cttatctgat tagtccgttg 1380

aatgccttcc agaattctga cttcgacgtg aactacgctt tcggcacgaa catttcatcc 1440

cactccacag atgggttttc cgaggcgttg tctgctgcga agaaatccga cgtcatcata 1500

ttcgcgggcg ggattgacaa cactttggaa gcagaagcca tggatcgcat gaatatcaca 1560

tggcccggca atcagctaca gctcatcgac cagttgagcc aactcggcaa accgctgatc 1620

gtcctccaga tgggcggcgg ccaagtcgac tcctcctcgc tcaagtccaa caagaatgtc 1680

aactccctga tctggggtgg ataccccgga caatccggcg ggcaggctct cctagacatc 1740

atcaccggca agcgcgcccc cgccggccga ctcgtggtca cgcagtaccc ggccgaatac 1800

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acctacatgt ggtacaccgg caccccccgtc tacgagtttg gccacgggct cttctacacg 1920

accttccacg cctccctccc tggcaccggc aaggacaaga cctccttcaa catccaagac 1980

ctcctcacgc agccgcatcc gggcttcgca aacgtcgagc aaatgccttt gctcaacttc 2040

accgtgacga tcaccaatac cggcaaggtc gcttccgact acactgctat gctcttcgcg 2100

aacaccaccg cgggacctgc tccatacccg aacaagtggc tcgtcggctt cgaccggctg 2160

gcgagcctgg aaccgcacag gtcgcagact atgaccatcc ccgtgactat cgacagcgtg 2220

gctcgtacgg atgaggccgg caatcgggtt ctctacccgg gaaagtacga gttggccctg 2280

aacaatgagc ggtcggttgt ccttcagttt gtgctgacag gccgagaggc tgtgattttc 2340

aagtggcctg tagagcagca gcagatttcg tctgcg 2376

<210> 254

<211> 792

<212> PRT

<213> Aspergillus fumigatus

<400> 254

```
Met Ala Val Ala Lys Ser Ile Ala Ala Val Leu Val Ala Leu Leu Pro
1               5                  10                  15

Gly Ala Leu Ala Gln Ala Asn Thr Ser Tyr Val Asp Tyr Asn Val Glu
            20                  25                  30

Ala Asn Pro Asp Leu Thr Pro Gln Ser Val Ala Thr Ile Asp Leu Ser
        35                  40                  45

Phe Pro Asp Cys Glu Asn Gly Pro Leu Ser Lys Thr Leu Val Cys Asp
    50                  55                  60

Thr Ser Ala Arg Pro His Asp Arg Ala Ala Ala Leu Val Ser Met Phe
65                  70                  75                  80
```

```
Thr Phe Glu Glu Leu Val Asn Asn Thr Gly Asn Thr Ser Pro Gly Val
                85                  90                  95

Pro Arg Leu Gly Leu Pro Pro Tyr Gln Val Trp Ser Glu Ala Leu His
            100                 105                 110

Gly Leu Asp Arg Ala Asn Phe Thr Asn Glu Gly Glu Tyr Ser Trp Ala
        115                 120                 125

Thr Ser Phe Pro Met Pro Ile Leu Thr Met Ser Ala Leu Asn Arg Thr
    130                 135                 140

Leu Ile Asn Gln Ile Ala Thr Ile Ile Ala Thr Gln Gly Arg Ala Phe
145                 150                 155                 160

Asn Asn Val Gly Arg Tyr Gly Leu Asp Val Tyr Ala Pro Asn Ile Asn
                165                 170                 175

Ala Phe Arg Ser Ala Met Trp Gly Arg Gly Gln Glu Thr Pro Gly Glu
            180                 185                 190

Asp Ala Tyr Cys Leu Ala Ser Ala Tyr Ala Tyr Glu Tyr Ile Thr Gly
        195                 200                 205

Ile Gln Gly Gly Val Asp Pro Glu His Leu Lys Leu Val Ala Thr Ala
    210                 215                 220

Lys His Tyr Ala Gly Tyr Asp Leu Glu Asn Trp Asp Gly His Ser Arg
225                 230                 235                 240

Leu Gly Asn Asp Met Asn Ile Thr Gln Gln Glu Leu Ser Glu Tyr Tyr
                245                 250                 255

Thr Pro Gln Phe Leu Val Ala Ala Arg Asp Ala Lys Val His Ser Val
            260                 265                 270

Met Cys Ser Tyr Asn Ala Val Asn Gly Val Pro Ser Cys Ala Asn Ser
        275                 280                 285

Phe Phe Leu Gln Thr Leu Leu Arg Asp Thr Phe Gly Phe Val Glu Asp
    290                 295                 300

Gly Tyr Val Ser Ser Asp Cys Asp Ser Ala Tyr Asn Val Trp Asn Pro
305                 310                 315                 320

His Glu Phe Ala Ala Asn Ile Thr Gly Ala Ala Ala Asp Ser Ile Arg
                325                 330                 335

Ala Gly Thr Asp Ile Asp Cys Gly Thr Thr Tyr Gln Tyr Tyr Phe Gly
            340                 345                 350

Glu Ala Phe Asp Glu Gln Glu Val Thr Arg Ala Glu Ile Glu Arg Gly
        355                 360                 365

Val Ile Arg Leu Tyr Ser Asn Leu Val Arg Leu Gly Tyr Phe Asp Gly
    370                 375                 380

Asn Gly Ser Val Tyr Arg Asp Leu Thr Trp Asn Asp Val Val Thr Thr
385                 390                 395                 400

Asp Ala Trp Asn Ile Ser Tyr Glu Ala Ala Val Glu Gly Ile Val Leu
                405                 410                 415

Leu Lys Asn Asp Gly Thr Leu Pro Leu Ala Lys Ser Val Arg Ser Val
            420                 425                 430

Ala Leu Ile Glu Pro Trp Met Asn Val Thr Thr Gln Leu Gln Glu Asn
```

```
Ala Leu Ile Gly Pro Trp Met Asn Val Thr Thr Gln Leu Gln Gly Asn
        435                 440                 445

Tyr Phe Gly Pro Ala Pro Tyr Leu Ile Ser Pro Leu Asn Ala Phe Gln
    450                 455                 460

Asn Ser Asp Phe Asp Val Asn Tyr Ala Phe Gly Thr Asn Ile Ser Ser
465                 470                 475                 480

His Ser Thr Asp Gly Phe Ser Glu Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala Lys Lys Ser
                485                 490                 495

Asp Val Ile Ile Phe Ala Gly Gly Ile Asp Asn Thr Leu Glu Ala Glu
            500                 505                 510

Ala Met Asp Arg Met Asn Ile Thr Trp Pro Gly Asn Gln Leu Gln Leu
        515                 520                 525

Ile Asp Gln Leu Ser Gln Leu Gly Lys Pro Leu Ile Val Leu Gln Met
    530                 535                 540

Gly Gly Gly Gln Val Asp Ser Ser Ser Leu Lys Ser Asn Lys Asn Val

545                 550                 555                 560

Asn Ser Leu Ile Trp Gly Gly Tyr Pro Gly Gln Ser Gly Gly Gln Ala
                565                 570                 575

Leu Leu Asp Ile Ile Thr Gly Lys Arg Ala Pro Ala Gly Arg Leu Val
            580                 585                 590

Val Thr Gln Tyr Pro Ala Glu Tyr Ala Thr Gln Phe Pro Ala Thr Asp
        595                 600                 605

Met Ser Leu Arg Pro His Gly Asn Asn Pro Gly Gln Thr Tyr Met Trp
    610                 615                 620

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Thr Phe His Ala Ser Leu Pro Gly Thr Gly Lys Asp Lys Thr Ser Phe
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Asn Ile Gln Asp Leu Leu Thr Gln Pro His Pro Gly Phe Ala Asn Val
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Glu Gln Met Pro Leu Leu Asn Phe Thr Val Thr Ile Thr Asn Thr Gly
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Lys Val Ala Ser Asp Tyr Thr Ala Met Leu Phe Ala Asn Thr Thr Ala
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Gly Pro Ala Pro Tyr Pro Asn Lys Trp Leu Val Gly Phe Asp Arg Leu
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Ala Ser Leu Glu Pro His Arg Ser Gln Thr Met Thr Ile Pro Val Thr
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Ile Asp Ser Val Ala Arg Thr Asp Glu Ala Gly Asn Arg Val Leu Tyr
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Pro Gly Lys Tyr Glu Leu Ala Leu Asn Asn Glu Arg Ser Val Val Leu
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Patentkrav

1. GH61-polypeptidvariant, som omfatter en eller flere substitutioner eller tilsvarende substitutioner valgt fra gruppen bestående af D109P, N192W,M og N193K,H i det modne polypeptid ifølge SEQ ID NO: 36, hvor varianten har cellulolyseforbedrende aktivitet, hvor varianten udviser mindst 95%, men mindre end 100%, sekvensidentitet med aminosyresekvensen for stam-GH61-polypeptidet ifølge SEQ ID NO: 36, og hvor polypeptidvarianten har mindst 1,01 gange forøget termostabilitet i sammenligning med stampolypeptidet.

2. Variant ifølge krav 1, som udviser mindst 96%, mindst 97%, mindst 98% eller mindst 99%, men mindre end 100%, sekvensidentitet med aminosyresekvensen ifølge SEQ ID NO: 36.

3. Variant ifølge krav 1, hvor stam-GH61-polypeptidet omfatter eller består af det modne polypeptid ifølge SEQ ID NO: 36.

4. Variant ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 1-3, hvor variantens termostabilitet er forøget mindst 1,05 gange, mindst 1,1 gange, mindst 1,2 gange, mindst 1,3 gange, mindst 1,4 gange, mindst 1,5 gange, mindst 1,8 gange, mindst 2 gange, mindst 5 gange, mindst 10 gange, mindst 15 gange, mindst 20 gange, mindst 25 gange, mindst 50 gange, mindst 75 gange eller mindst 100 gange i sammenligning med stampolypeptidet.

5. Isoleret polynukleotid, som koder for varianten ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 1-4.

6. Fremgangsmåde til fremstilling af en GH61-polypeptidvariant, hvilken fremgangsmåde omfatter: (a) dyrkning af en værtscelle, som omfatter polynukleotidet ifølge krav 5, under betingelser, som er egnede til ekspression af varianten; og eventuelt (b) indvinding af varianten.

7. Transgen plante, plantedel eller plantecelle, som er transformeret med polynukleotidet ifølge krav 5.

8. Fremgangsmåde til fremstilling af en variant ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 1-4, hvilken fremgangsmåde omfatter: (a) dyrkning af en transgen plante eller en plantecelle, som omfatter et polynukleotid, hvilket polynukleotid koder for varianten, under betingelser, der er befordrende for fremstilling af varianten; og eventuelt (b) indvinding af varianten.

9. Fremgangsmåde til opnåelse af en GH61-polypeptidvariant, hvilken fremgangsmåde omfatter indføring i et stam-GH61-polypeptid af en eller flere substitutioner eller tilsvarende substitutioner valgt fra gruppen bestående af D109P, N192W,M og N193K,H i det modne polypeptid ifølge SEQ ID NO: 36, hvor varianten har cellulolyseforbedrende aktivitet, hvor varianten udviser mindst 95%, men mindre end 100%, sekvensidentitet med aminosyresekvensen for stam-GH61-polypeptidet ifølge SEQ ID NO: 36, og hvor polypeptidvarianten har mindst 1,01 gange forøget termostabilitet i sammenligning med stampolypeptidet; og eventuelt indvinding af varianten.

10. Fremgangsmåde til nedbrydning eller omdannelse af et celluloseholdigt materiale, hvilken fremgangsmåde omfatter: behandling af det celluloseholdige materiale med en enzymsammensætning i nærværelse af GH61-polypeptidvarianten med cellulolyseforbedrende aktivitet ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 1-4.

11. Fremgangsmåde til fremstilling af et fermenteringsprodukt, hvilken fremgangsmåde omfatter: (a) forsukring af et celluloseholdigt materiale med en enzymsammensætning i nærværelse af GH61-polypeptidvarianten med cellulolyseforbedrende aktivitet ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 1-4; (b) fermentering af det forsukrede celluloseholdige materiale med en eller flere fermenterende mikroorganismer for at fremstille fermenteringsproduktet; og (c) indvinding af fermenteringsproduktet fra fermenteringen.

12. Fremgangsmåde til fermentering af et celluloseholdigt materiale, hvilken fremgangsmåde omfatter: fermentering af det celluloseholdige materiale med en eller flere fermenterende mikroorganismer, hvor det celluloseholdige materiale er forsukret med en enzymsammensætning i nærværelse af GH61-polypeptidvarianten med cellulolyseforbedrende aktivitet ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 1-4.

13. Totalmedieformulering eller celledyrkningssammensætning, som omfatter varianten ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 1-4.

14. Detergentsammensætning, som omfatter et overfladeaktivt middel og varianten ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 1-4.

DRAWINGS

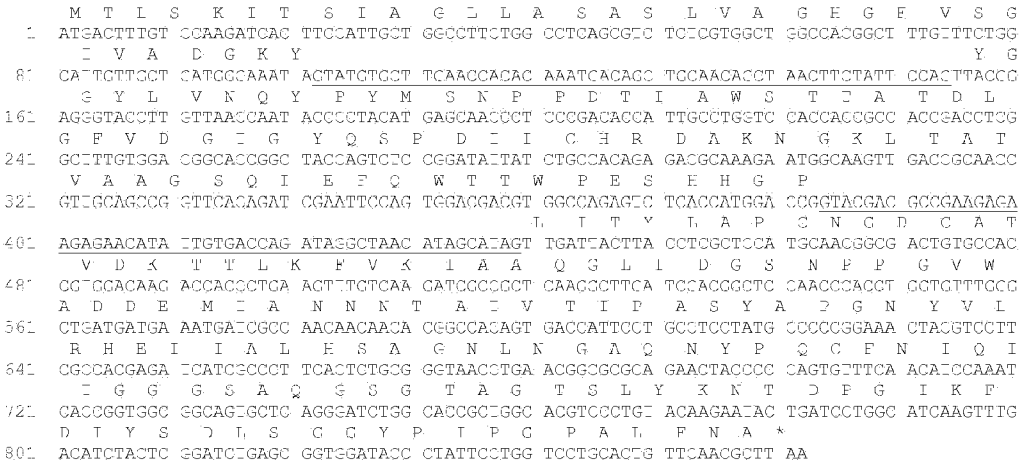


Fig. 1

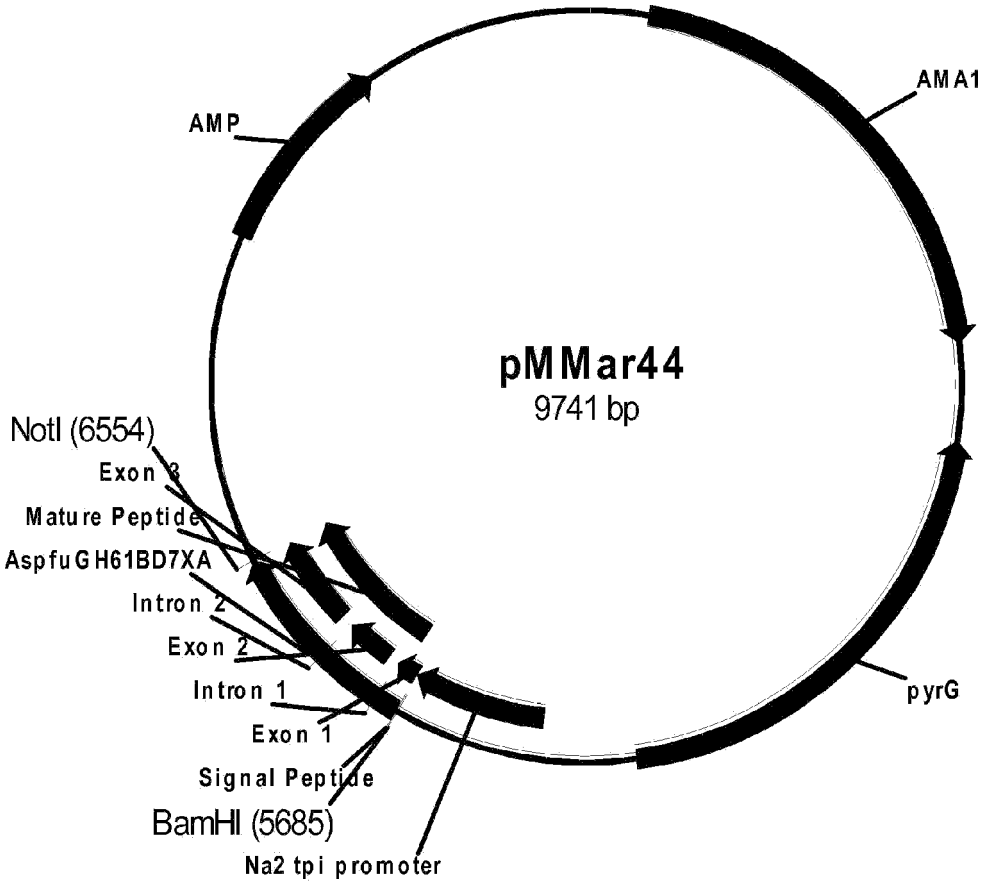

AMA1
AMP
pMMar44
9741 bp
NotI (6554)
Exon 3
Mature Peptide
AspfuGH61BD7XA
Intron 2
Exon 2
Intron 1
Exon 1
Signal Peptide
BamHI (5685)
Na2 tpi promoter
pyrG

Fig. 2

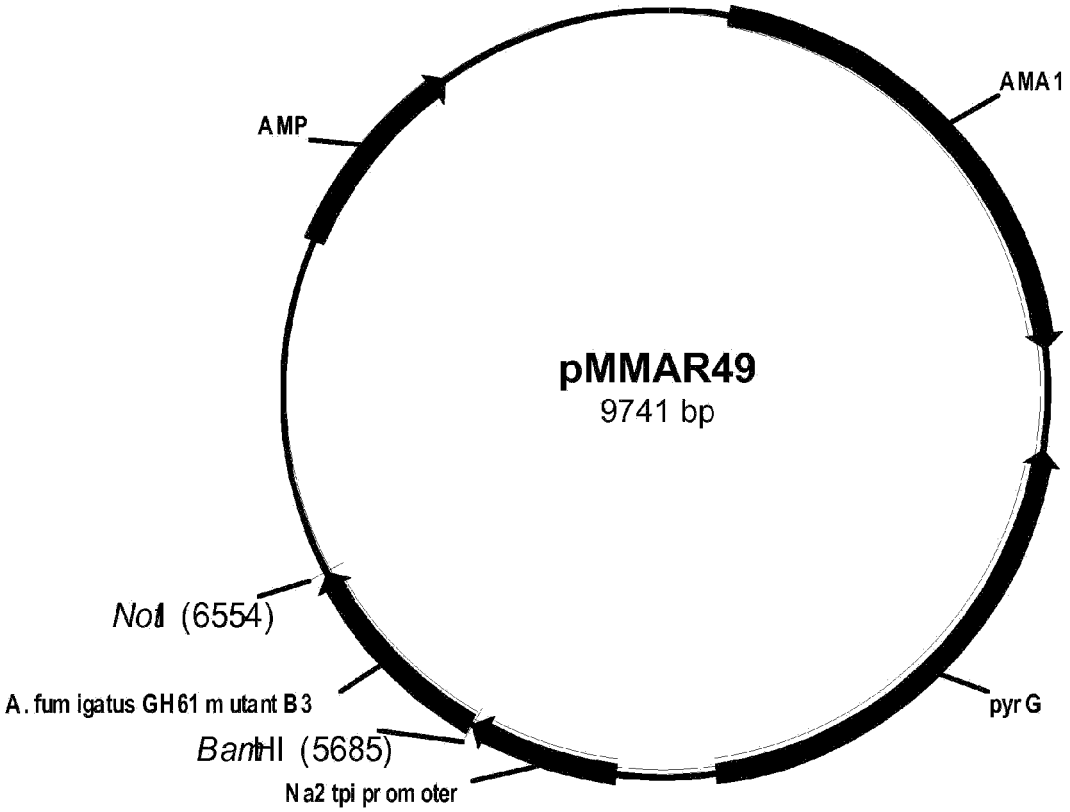

AMA1
AMP
pMMAR49
9741 bp
NotI (6554)
A. fumigatus GH61 mutant B3
BamHI (5685)
Na2 tpi promoter
pyrG

Fig. 3

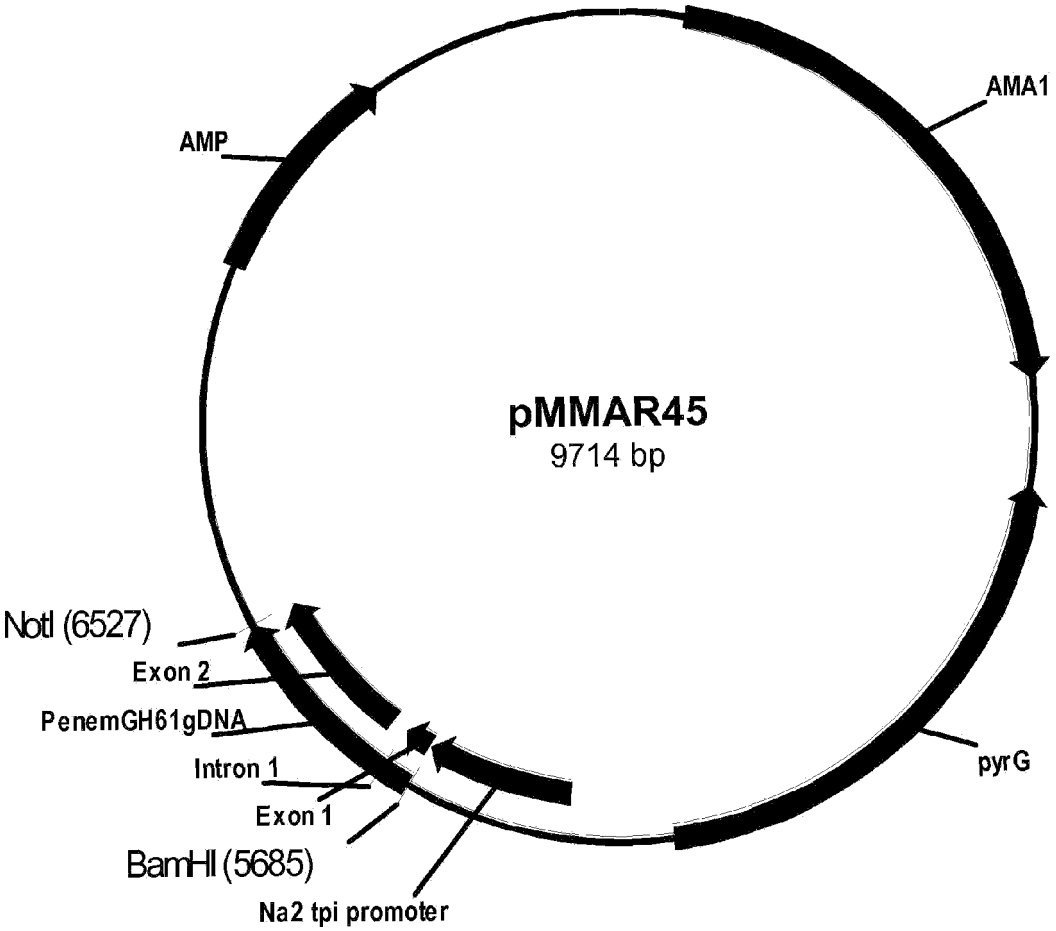

AMA1
AMP
pMMAR45
9714 bp
NotI (6527)
Exon 2
PenemGH61gDNA
Intron 1
Exon 1
BamHI (5685)
Na2 tpi promoter
pyrG

Fig. 4

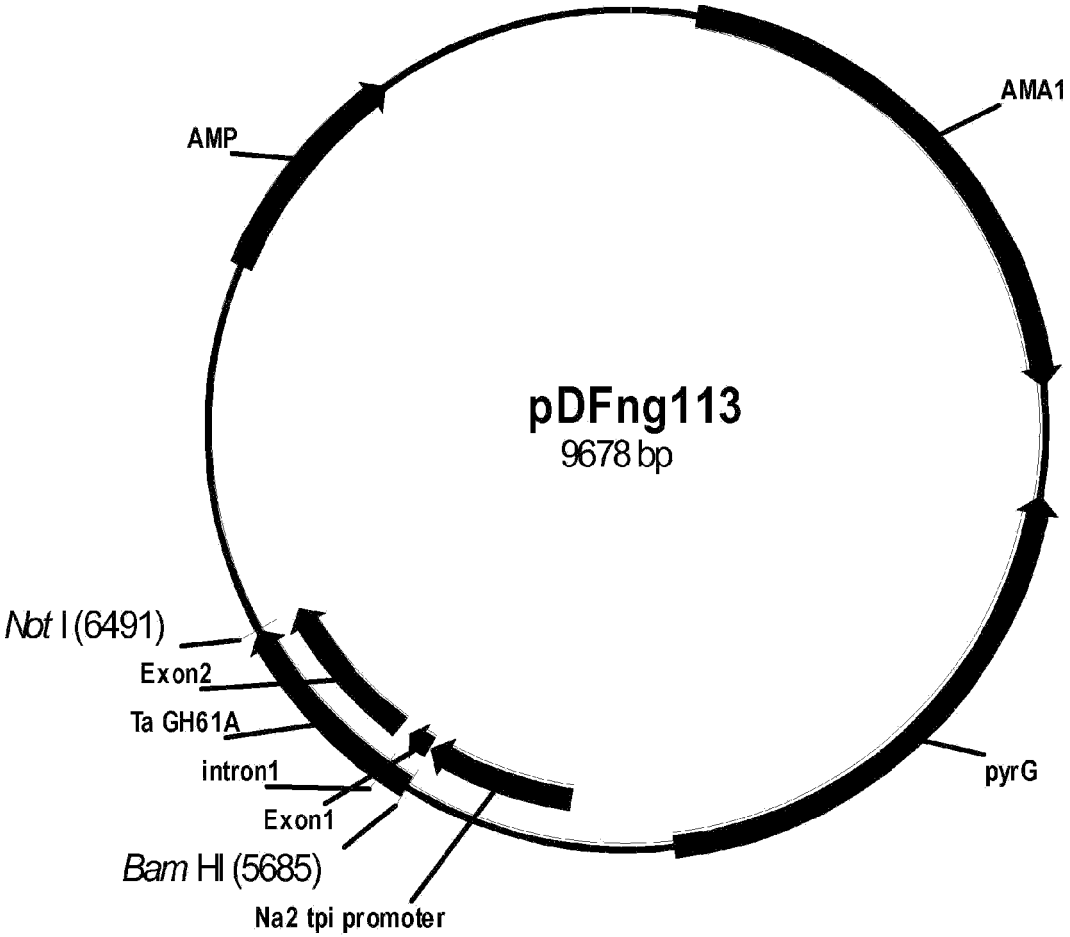

AMA1
AMP
pDFng113
9678 bp
Not I (6491)
Exon2
Ta GH61A
intron1
Exon1
Bam HI (5685)
Na2 tpi promoter
pyrG

Fig. 5

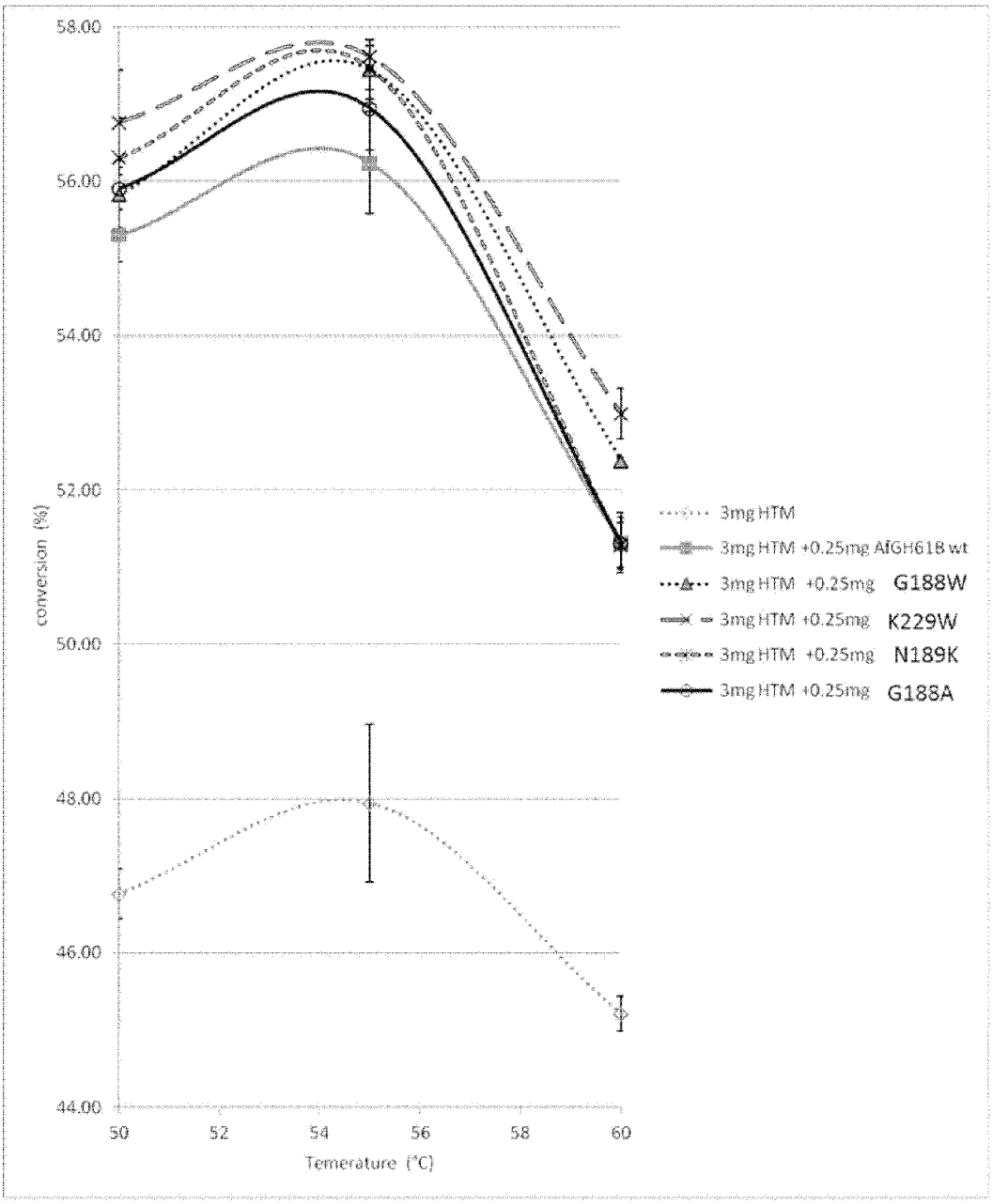

58.00
56.00
54.00
52.00
50.00
48.00
46.00
44.00
conversion (%)
50
52
54
56
58
60
Temerature (°C)
3mg HTM
3mg HTM +0.25mg AfGH61B wt
3mg HTM +0.25mg G188W
3mg HTM +0.25mg K229W
3mg HTM +0.25mg N189K
3mg HTM +0.25mg G188A

Fig. 6

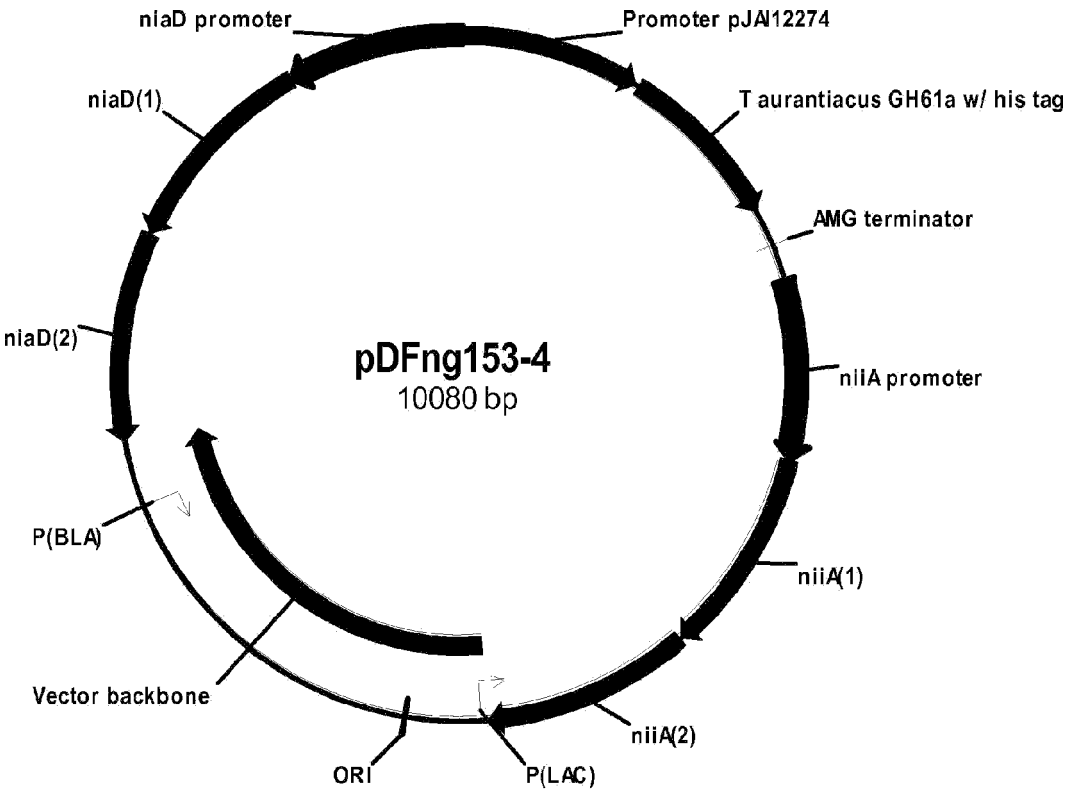

niaD promoter
Promoter pJAI12274
niaD(1)
T aurantiacus GH61a w/ his tag
AMG terminator
niaD(2)
pDFng153-4
10080 bp
niiA promoter
P(BLA)
niiA(1)
Vector backbone
niiA(2)
ORI
P(LAC)

Fig. 7

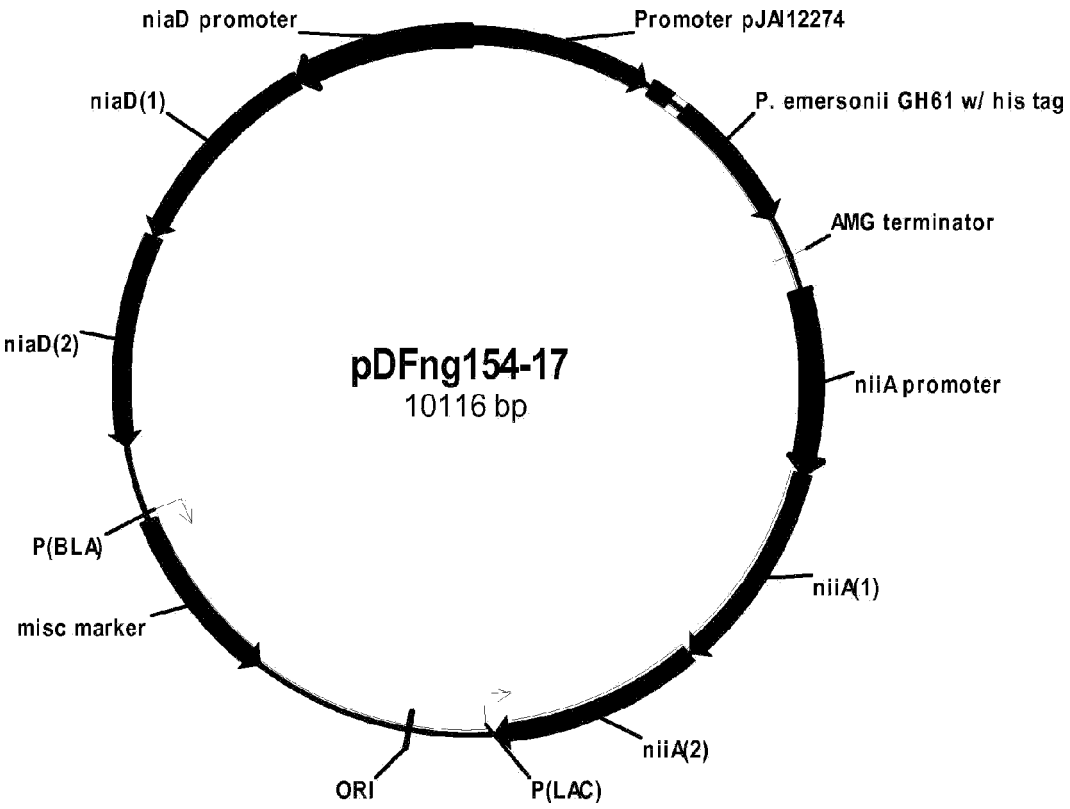

niaD promoter
Promoter pJAI12274
niaD(1)
P. emersonii GH61 w/ his tag
AMG terminator
niaD(2)
pDFng154-17
10116 bp
niiA promoter
P(BLA)
niiA(1)
misc marker
niiA(2)
ORI
P(LAC)

Fig. 8

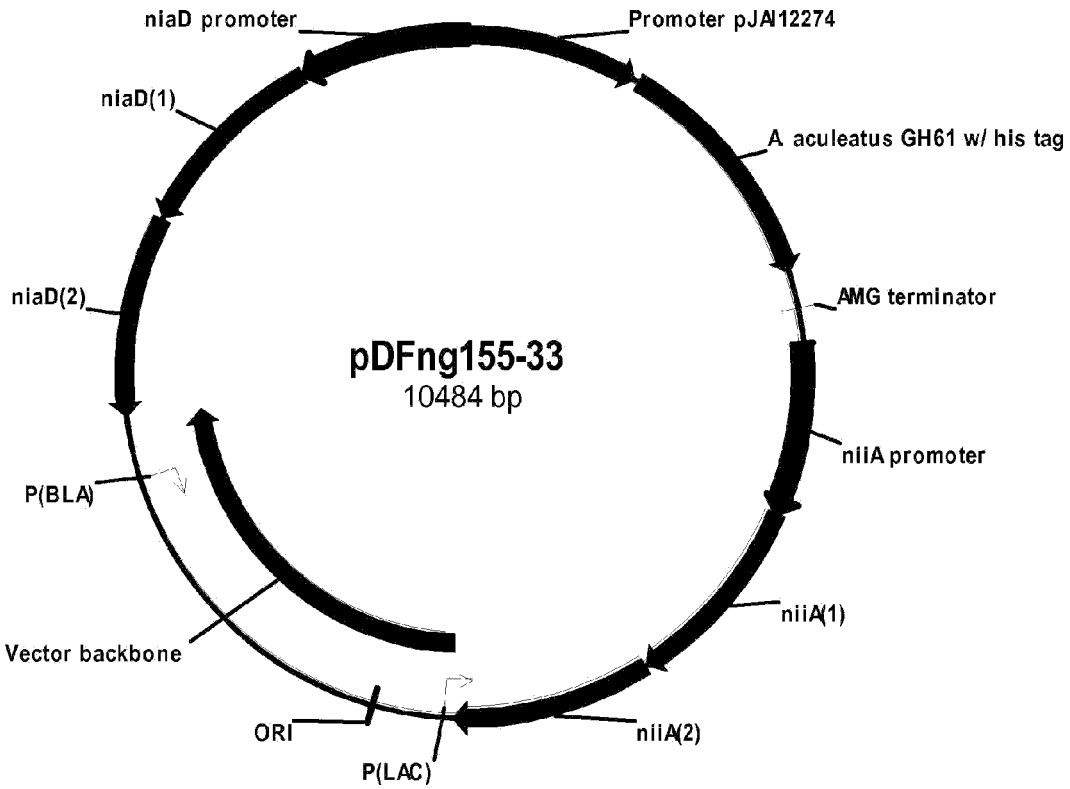

niaD promoter
Promoter pJA12274
niaD(1)
A. aculeatus GH61 w/ his tag
niaD(2)
AMG terminator
pDFng155-33
10484 bp
niiA promoter
P(BLA)
niiA(1)
Vector backbone
ORI
niiA(2)
P(LAC)

Fig. 9

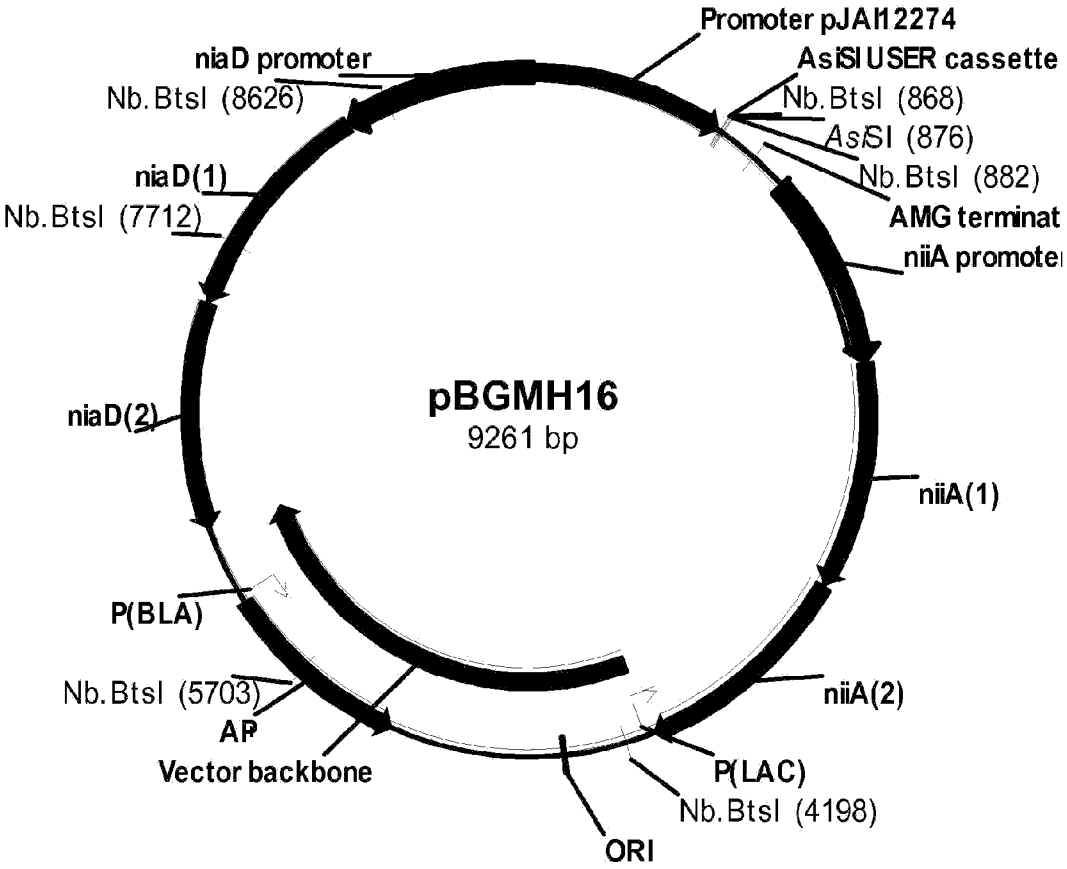

Promoter pJAI12274
AsiSI USER cassette
Nb.BtsI (868)
AsiSI (876)
Nb.BtsI (882)
AMG terminat
niiA promote
niiA(1)
niiA(2)
P(LAC)
Nb.BtsI (4198)
ORI
Vector backbone
AP
Nb.BtsI (5703)
P(BLA)
niaD(2)
Nb.BtsI (7712)
niaD(1)
niaD promoter
Nb.BtsI (8626)
pBGMH16
9261 bp

Fig. 10