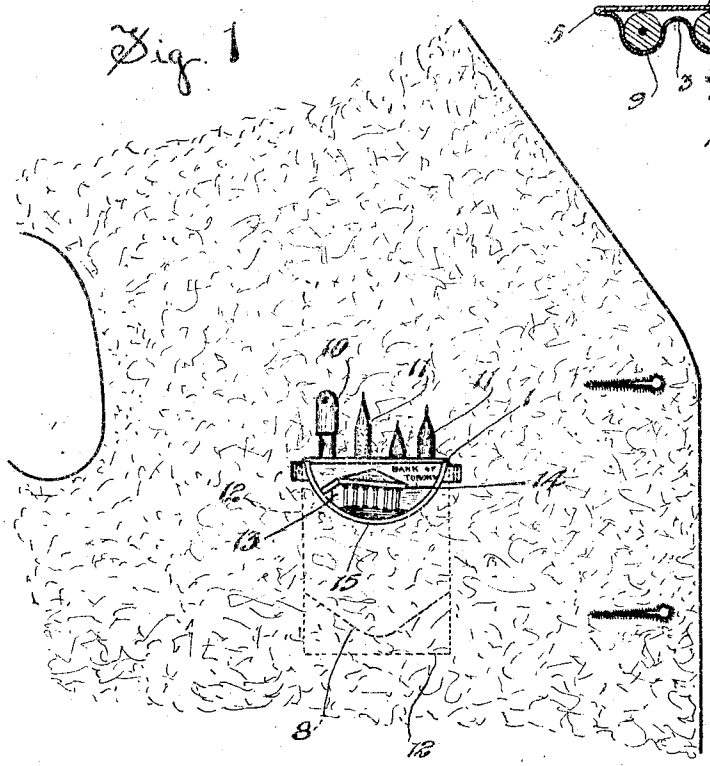
E. W. PERRY & G. A. HUDSON.

POCKET HOLDER.

APPLICATION FILED MAR. 1, 1917.

1,265,107. Patented May 7, 1918

Fig. 1



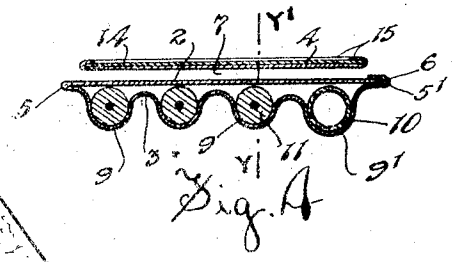


Fig. 4

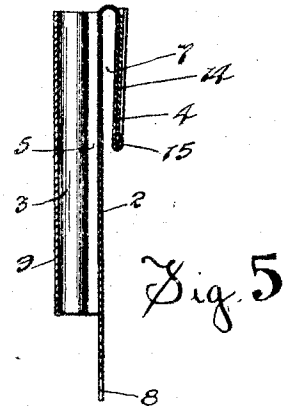


Fig. 5

Fig. 2

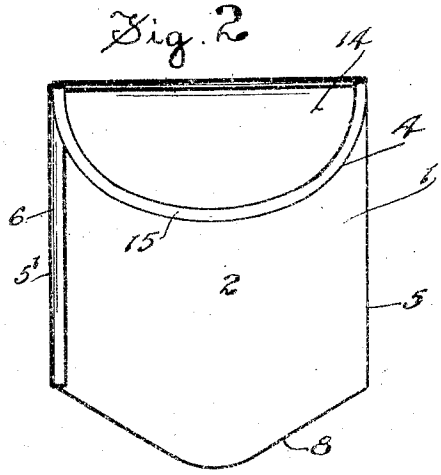
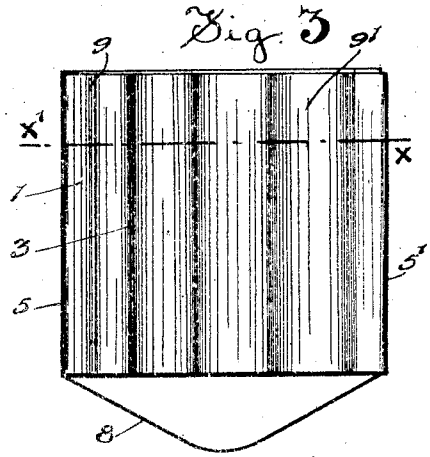


Fig. 3



Witnesses

Roland Foster

Violet Kneeshaw.

Inventors

E. W. Perry

G. A. Hudson

By Lakin & Haight Atty's

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWARD WALTER PERRY AND GEORGE ALBERT HUDSON, OF NEEPAWA, MANITOBA, CANADA.

POCKET-HOLDER.

1,265,107. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented May 7, 1918.

Application filed March 1, 1917. Serial No. 151,752.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, EDWARD WALTER PERRY and GEORGE ALBERT HUDSON, of the town of Neepawa, in the Province of Manitoba, Canada, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Pocket-Holders, of which the following is the specification.

The invention relates to improvements in a device for insertion in the pocket to hold pens, pencils and the like from escaping from the pocket and the objects of the invention are to provide a holder which will hold firmly a plurality of pens or pencils placed in the pocket and regardless of whether they are of varying diameters or varying lengths.

A further object is to construct the holder so that it can be manufactured at small cost and durable and effective and will not harm the pocket.

A still further and important object of the invention is to provide a holder having an exposed tab or tongue adapted for the displaying of advertising or similar material.

With the above objects in view the invention consists essentially in a holder comprising connected front and back plates, the back plate being corrugated lengthwise to provide separated expansible and contractible receiving pockets and a display tongue or tab extending from the top edge of the front plate and forming a catch and support for the holder as well as an advertising surface, the parts being arranged and constructed as hereinafter more particularly described and later pointed out in the appended claim, reference being had to the accompanying drawing in which:—

Figure 1 represents a front view of the device as it appears in the pocket of a waistcoat.

Fig. 2 represents an enlarged front view of the appliance withdrawn from the pocket.

Fig. 3 represents a rear view of the appliance.

Fig. 4 represents a horizontal sectional view through it, the section being taken in the plane denoted by the line X—X′ Fig. 3.

Fig. 5 represents a vertical sectional view through the holder, the section being taken in the plane denoted by the line Y—Y′ Fig. 4.

In the drawing like characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in the several figures.

1 represents the holder which is formed in the present instance from a single sheet of metal cut and bent in a special way to provide a front 2, back 3 and tab or tongue 4. The front and back are continuous at the side 5 while they are fastened together at the side 5′ by folding and squeezing the free edge of the back plate over the free edge of the front plate as indicated at 6.

The tab 4 is continuous with the front plate being actually a turned down spring like extension of the front plate, there being clearance space indicated at 7 reserved between the body of the tab and the front plate to admit of the insertion of the pocket front.

The front plate is flat and has the lower end thereof tapered as shown at 8 to allow of easy insertion within the pocket and the rear plate is formed with a plurality of vertically disposed corrugations 9 which form, with the front plate, pockets 10 for the reception of pencils, pens or such like.

These corrugations can be all similar or they can be large and small as desired. In the drawing I have shown one corrugation 9′ larger than the other, this being specially adapted for receiving the body of a fountain pen, which in the present instance is considered larger than a pencil shown at 11. It is to be noticed that the corrugations are spaced from the front plate so that the back of the holder really presents a plurality of spring like pockets for the articles inserted, that is to say, the metal of the back plate can spring away from the front plate to accommodate slight fluctuations in the sizes of pencils. Accordingly the holder will catch firmly a plurality of pencils put in it and will hold them all, even where they vary slightly in diameter. It will also catch the pencils securely whether they be long or short. The tab or tongue 7 presents a flat surface which, when the holder is inserted in the pocket indicated at 12, is fully exposed to the eye. On the flat front surface of the tab we locate advertising material indicated at 13 which can be either applied directly on the face of the tab or put on a card 14 placed against the front face of the tab and held in position by a marginal flange 15 formed on the tongue.

The latter arrangement allows of the ad-

vertising material to be changed from time to time by removing the cards.

To place the holder in the pocket it is only necessary to insert it with the front and back plates in the pocket and the tab caught over the upper edge of the pocket with the pocket front received within the space 7. By making the tab in the nature of a spring tab it will be obvious that it will catch the pocket front and prevent the holder from working loose after it has been inserted in position.

What we claim as our invention is:—

A new article of manufacture formed from a single piece of metal comprising continuous opposing front and back plates with their free ends fastened together and with corrugations formed in the back plate to provide vertically disposed spring pockets and a downturned spring tab continuous with the top edge of the front plate, said tab being provided on the front side with a marginal inturned flange.

Signed at Neepawa, Man., this 15th day of January, 1917.

EDWARD WALTER PERRY.
GEORGE ALBERT HUDSON.

In the presence of—
R. H. HUFFMAN,
C. W. HERRELL.