



(12) **DEMANDE DE BREVET CANADIEN
CANADIAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(13) **A1**

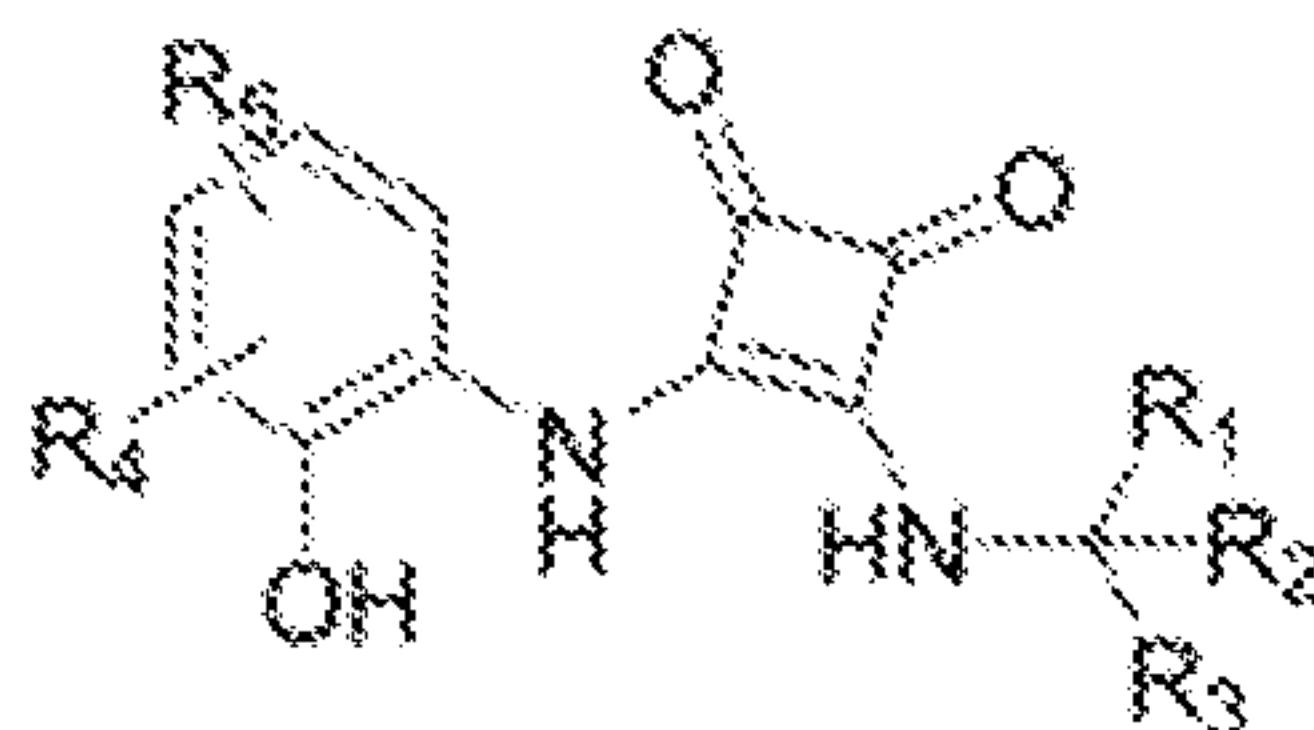
(86) Date de dépôt PCT/PCT Filing Date: 2018/08/13
(87) Date publication PCT/PCT Publication Date: 2019/02/21
(85) Entrée phase nationale/National Entry: 2020/02/10
(86) N° demande PCT/PCT Application No.: US 2018/046532
(87) N° publication PCT/PCT Publication No.: 2019/036374
(30) Priorité/Priority: 2017/08/14 (US62/545,331)

(51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. *C07C 211/52* (2006.01),
A61K 31/341 (2006.01), *A61P 17/00* (2006.01),
A61P 29/00 (2006.01), *C07D 215/42* (2006.01),
C07D 307/36 (2006.01), *C07D 307/79* (2006.01),
C07D 333/54 (2006.01)

(71) Demandeur/Applicant:
ALLERGAN, INC., US

(72) Inventeurs/Inventors:
HEIN, CHRISTOPHER D., US;
DUONG, TIEN T., US;
SINHA, SANTOSH, US;
LI, LING, US;
NGUYEN, JEREMIAH H., US;

(54) Titre : 3-CYCLOBUTENE-1,2-DIONES 3,4-DISUBSTITUEES ET LEUR UTILISATION
(54) Title: 3,4-DISUBSTITUTED 3-CYCLOBUTENE-1,2-DIONES AND USE THEREOF



(I)

(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

Described herein are compounds, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, of the following formula (I). The compounds are useful for treating inflammatory and autoimmune diseases.

(21) **3 072 671**

(13) **A1**

(72) **Inventeurs(suite)/Inventors(continued):** OLD, DAVID W., US; BURK, ROBERT, US; VISWANATH, VEENA, US;
RAO, SANDHYA, US; DONELLO, JOHN E., US

(74) **Agent:** GOWLING WLG (CANADA) LLP

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property
Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
21 February 2019 (21.02.2019)

(10) International Publication Number
WO 2019/036374 A1

(51) International Patent Classification:

C07C 211/52 (2006.01) *C07D 307/79* (2006.01)
C07D 215/42 (2006.01) *A61P 17/00* (2006.01)
C07D 333/54 (2006.01) *A61P 29/00* (2006.01)
C07D 307/36 (2006.01) *A61K 31/341* (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US2018/046532

(22) International Filing Date:

13 August 2018 (13.08.2018)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

62/545,331 14 August 2017 (14.08.2017) US

(71) Applicant: ALLERGAN, INC. [US/US]; 2525 Dupont Drive, Irvine, California 92612 (US).

(72) Inventors: HEIN, Christopher, D.; 655 Baker Street, #K112, Costa Mesa, California 92626 (US). DUONG, Tien, T.; 10 Mistletoe Street, Rancho Santa Margarita, California 92688 (US). SINHA, Santosh; 199 Sklar Street, Ladera Ranch, California 92694 (US). LI, Ling; 52 Marblehead, Irvine, California 92620 (US). NGUYEN, Jeremiah, H.; 16146 Bamboo Street, La Puente, California 91744 (US). OLD, David, W.; 13771 Typee Way, Irvine, California 92620 (US). BURK, Robert; 1337 Cerritos Drive, Laguna Beach, California 92651 (US). VISWANATH, Veena; 29 Clocktower, Irvine, California 92620 (US). RAO, Sandhya; 72 Statuary, Irvine, California 92620 (US). DONELLO, John, E.; 34041 Pequito Drive, Dana Point, California 92629 (US).

(74) Agent: BASS, Jonathan, Y. et al.; ALLERGAN, INC., 2525 Dupont Drive, Irvine, California 92612 (US).

(81) Designated States (*unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DJ, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JO, JP, KE, KG, KH, KN, KP, KR, KW, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA,

SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (*unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available*): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

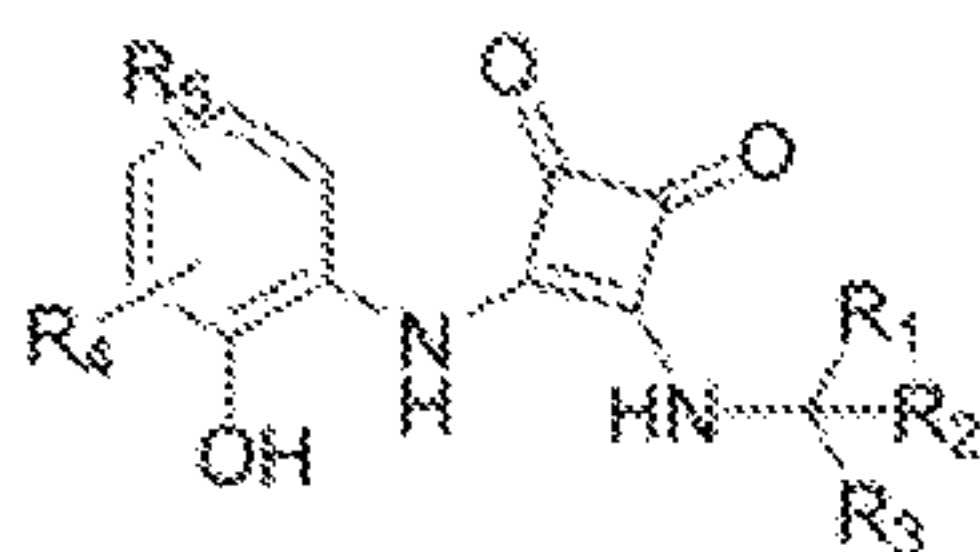
Declarations under Rule 4.17:

- *as to applicant's entitlement to apply for and be granted a patent (Rule 4.17(ii))*
- *as to the applicant's entitlement to claim the priority of the earlier application (Rule 4.17(iii))*

Published:

- *with international search report (Art. 21(3))*

(54) Title: 3,4-DISUBSTITUTED 3-CYCLOBUTENE-1,2-DIONES AND USE THEREOF



(I)

(57) Abstract: Described herein are compounds, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, of the following formula (I). The compounds are useful for treating inflammatory and autoimmune diseases.



WO 2019/036374 A1

3,4-DISUBSTITUTED 3-CYCLOBUTENE-1,2-DIONES AND USE THEREOF

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[001] This application is an international application which claims priority to US Provisional Application 62/545,331 filed on August 14, 2017 which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety and serves as the basis for a priority and/or benefit claim for the present application.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[002] The subject matter described herein relates to CCR6 antagonist compounds, and in particular 3,4-disubstituted 3-cyclobutene-1,2-diones, which in some embodiments are useful for treating a variety of diseases responsive to inhibition of CCR6 receptor, including inflammatory skin diseases, autoimmune diseases and ocular inflammatory diseases, such as psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's disease, GvHD, alopecia areata, uveitis, dry eye, diabetic retinopathy and allergic diseases.

BACKGROUND

[003] Chemokines are a group of 7- to 14-kDa peptides that play an important role in orchestrating leukocyte recruitment and migration in physiological as well as pathological conditions including inflammation, autoimmunity, tumor growth and metastasis (*See Schuyster et.al, The CC chemokine CCL20 and its receptor CCR6, Cytokine & Growth Factor*, 14, pp.409-426, 2003). Chemokines represent an important target for anti-inflammatory therapies by binding to seven-transmembrane, G protein-coupled receptors, the chemokine receptors (*See White et al., CC chemokine receptors and chronic inflammation-Therapeutic opportunities and pharmacological challenges, Pharmacol Rev*, 65, pp.108-115, 2013). The chemokine system is complex, with about 50 chemokines and 20 chemokine receptors identified in humans, often acting with redundancy (*See Gerard et al, Chemokines and disease, Nature Immunology*, 2, pp.108-115, 2001). In contrast, the only known ligand for chemokine receptor CCR6 is the chemokine CCL20 (MIP3a/Exodus-1/LARC) and is referred to as the CCL20-CCR6 axis (*See Hieshima et.al, Molecular cloning of a novel human CC chemokine liver and activation-*

regulated chemokine (LARC) expressed in liver, *The journal of Biological Chemistry*, 272, pp.5846-5853, 1997; Hromas et.al, Cloning and characterization of exodus, a novel β -chemokine, *Blood*, 89, pp3315-3322, 1997; Ai et.al., Molecular characterization of CCR6: Involvement of multiple domains in ligand binding and receptor signaling, *J Biomed Sci.* 11:818-828, 2004).

[004] Chemokine receptor CCR6 is expressed by pro-inflammatory Th17 CD4⁺ T cells, $\gamma\delta$ T cells, Regulatory T-cells, B-cells, Natural Killer T cells, and dendritic cells (See Dieu-Nosjean et.al., Regulation of dendritic cell trafficking: a process that involves the participation of selective chemokines, *J. of Leukocyte Biol.* 66:252-262, 1999; Cravens et al., Dendritic cells, chemokine receptors and autoimmune inflammatory diseases, *Immunology and Cell Biology*, 80:497-505, 2002; Yamazaki et.al., CCR6 regulates the migration of inflammatory and regulatory T cells; *J. Immunology*, 181, pp.8391-8401, 2008; Comerford et.al., An immune paradox: how can the same chemokine axis regulate both immune tolerance and activation? CCR6/CCL20: a chemokine axis balancing immunological tolerance and inflammation in autoimmune diseases; *Bioassays*, 32(12): 1067-1072, 2010). Genetic knockout strategies have confirmed the importance of chemokines, including CCL20, as regulators of immune function. Selectivity is crucial for use of chemokine receptor antagonists in systemic diseases where a single chemokine-receptor system is implicated. For example, in atherosclerosis, the macrophage/monocyte system is the major player to allow a subtle and specific control over immune function (See Weisberg et al., CCR2 modulates inflammatory and metabolic effects in high-fat feeding; *J. Clinical Investigation*, 116 (1): 115-124, 2006).

[005] IL-17 producing Th17 CD4⁺T cells and $\gamma\delta$ T cells are implicated in the development of various inflammatory diseases including allergic pulmonary inflammation, psoriasis, contact hypersensitivity, inflammatory bowel disease, Sjogren's syndrome, GvHD, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, and multiple sclerosis (See Varona et.al., CCR6 regulates CD4⁺ T-cell mediated acute graft-versus-host disease responses, *Blood*, 106: 18-26, 2005; Bettelli, Building different mouse models for human MS, *Ann NY Acad Sci.*, 1103:11-82007; Paradis et.al., Essential role of CCR6 in directing activated T cells to the skin during contact hypersensitivity; *J of Invest Dermat.*, 128: 628-633, 2007; Reboldi et.al., C-C chemokine receptor 6-regulated entry of Th17 cells into the CNS through the choroid plexus is required for the initiation of EAE, *Nature Immunology*, 10: 514-523, 2008; Katsifis et.al., Systemic and local

IL-17 and linked cytokines associated with Sjogren's syndrome immunopathogenesis, *The American J of Pathology*, 175: 1167-117 2009; Hedrick et.al., CCR6 as a possible therapeutic target in psoriasis, *Expert Opin. Ther. Targets*, 14(9): 911-922 2010; Ito et.al., CCR6 as a mediator of immunity in the lung and gut, *Exp. Cell Res.*, 317 (5): 613-619 2011; Paulissen et.al., The role and modulation of CCR6+ Th17 cell populations in rheumatoid arthritis; *Cytokine*, 74: 43-53, 2015). In alopecia areata lesions, Th17 CD4+ cells have been found around the hair follicles in the dermis (See Guo et.al., The role of lymphocytes in the development and treatment of alopecia areata, *Expert Rev. Clin. Immunol.*, 11(12): 1335-1351, 2015). CCR6 is involved in regulating Th17 CD4+ cell entry to the central nervous system in experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis, in mouse model of multiple sclerosis (See Liston et. al., Inhibition of CCR6 function reduces the severity of experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis via effects on the priming phase of the immune response; *J. Immunol.*, 182: 3121-3130, 2009).

[006] Psoriasis is a chronic autoimmune skin disorder with dysregulation of innate and adaptive immune systems and increased expression of CCL20-CCR6 in psoriatic lesions compared to normal/non-lesional donor skin (See Homey et.al., Up-regulation of macrophage inflammatory protein-3^a/CCL20 and CC chemokine receptor 6 in psoriasis; *J. Immunol.*, 164:6621-6632, 2000; Kagami et.al., Circulating Th17, Th22, and Th1 cells are increased in psoriasis; *J. Invest. Dermatol*, 130 (5): 1373-1383, 2010; Mabuchi et.al., CCR6 is required for epidermal trafficking of gd T cells in an IL-23 induced model of psoriasiform dermatitis, *J. Invest. Dermatol*, 133(1): 164-171, 2013). Mice lacking CCR6 fail to develop psoriasis-like phenotype and histopathology after injecting ears with IL-23 (See Hedrick et.al., CCR6 as a possible therapeutic target in psoriasis; *Expert Opin. Ther. Targets*, 14(9): 911-922, 2010). Similarly, mice lacking CCR6 or with use of CCL20 neutralizing antibodies show less severe intestinal pathology in the colitis models (See Varona et.al., CCR6 has a non-redundant role in the development of irritable bowel disease, *Eur J. Immunol.*, 33: 2937-2946 2003; Katchar et.al., MIP3a neutralizing monoclonal antibody protects against TNBS-induced colonic injury and inflammation in mice, *Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest Liver Physiol.*, 292: G1263-G1271, 2007).

[007] Many ocular conditions are characterized by inappropriate migration and infiltration of cells such as leukocytes and endothelial cells into the eye with deleterious effects to ocular structures (See Wallace et al., The role of chemokines and their receptors in ocular disease, *Progress in retinal and Eye Res.*, 23: 435 -448, 2004). Chemokines have been identified in such

diseases and misregulation of the chemokine system is apparent in corneal graft rejection, diabetic retinopathy, chronic inflammatory diseases such as uveitis, keratitis, dry eye, etc. For example, CCL20 neutralizing antibodies block the migration of CCR6 expressing Th17 cells in dry eye disease mouse model (See Dohlman et.al, The CCR6/CCL20 axis mediates Th17 cell migration to the ocular surface in dry eye disease, *Immunol and Microbiol., IOVS*, 54: 4081-4091, 2013) and increased expression of CCR6 receptors in experimental autoimmune uveitis (See Wallace et.al., The role of chemokines and their receptors in ocular disease; *Progress in Retinal and Eye Res.*, 23: 435 -448, 2004).

[008] CCR6 is also expressed on immature dendritic cells and are recruited to inflamed mucosal tissue by CCL20. Dendritic cells undergo maturation and traffic to lymph nodes for T cell activation (See Carramolino et.al., Down-regulation of the b-chemokine receptor CCR6 in dendritic cells mediated by TNFa and IL-4, *J. of Leukocyte Binding*, 66:837-844, 1999; Le Borgne et.al., Dendritic cells rapidly recruited into epithelial tissues via CCR6/CCL20 are responsible for CD8+ T cell crosspriming in vivo, *Immunity*, 24: 191-201, 2006).

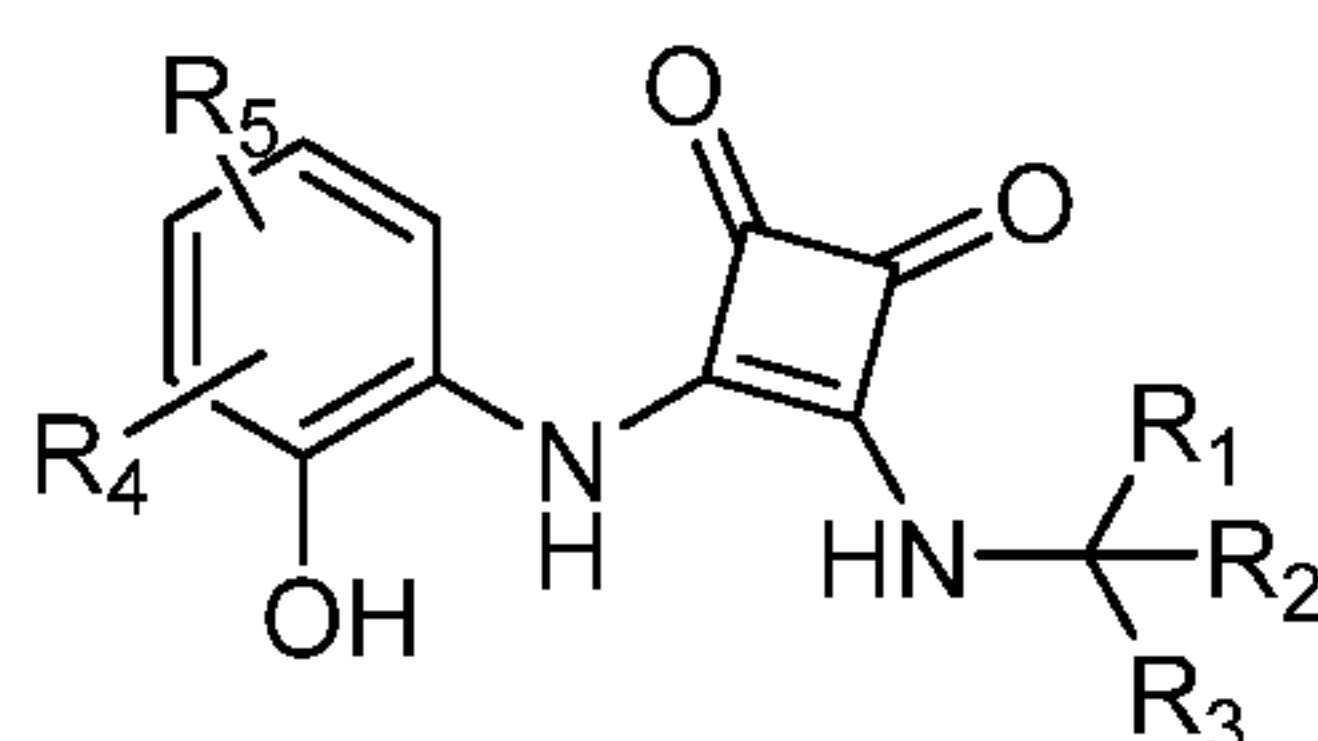
[009] Genome wide association studies have identified genetic polymorphisms in CCR6 correlating to increased risk for rheumatoid arthritis, systemic sclerosis, Graves' disease and generalized vitiligo (See Stahl et.al, Genome-wide association study meta-analysis identifies seven new rheumatoid arthritis risk loci, *Nat. Genet*, 42(6): 508-514, 2010; Quan et.al.; Genome wide association study for vitiligo identifies susceptibility loci 6q27 and the MHC, *Nat. Genet*, 42(7): 614-619, 2010; Chu et.al., A genome-wide association study identifies two new risk loci for Graves' disease, *Nat. Genet*, 3: 897-902, 2011; Jin et.al., Systemic sclerosis is a complex disease associated mainly with immune regulatory and inflammatory genes, *The Open Rheumatology J.*, 8:29-42, 2014). Individuals with CCR6 polymorphisms have higher circulating IL-17 antibodies in rheumatoid arthritis patients and increased levels of auto antibodies in systemic sclerosis.

[0010] Given the evidence for CCR6 expression in multiple immune cells and the role of CCL20-CCR6 axis in several inflammatory diseases and with these results, small and large molecule CCR6 inhibitors should be useful in the local and systemic treatments of inflammatory skin diseases, autoimmune diseases and ocular inflammatory diseases including, but not limited to, psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's disease, GvHD, alopecia areata, uveitis, dry eye, diabetic retinopathy and allergic diseases. CCR6 inhibition by small molecule

pharmacophores therefore represents a novel therapeutic approach in treating multiple inflammatory diseases.

BRIEF SUMMARY

[0011] In one aspect, the present specification relates to a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, including an enantiomer, a diastereoisomer, a tautomer thereof:



Formula I

wherein

R₁ is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

- 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and
- vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

or **R₁** and **R₂** together with the carbon to which they are attached form

- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one

- group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, CD₃, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or
- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond;

R₃ is selected from

- i) hydrogen, deuterium, -CO₂R₆, -NR₆R₇, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -OR₆, CD₂CD₃, halo, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, sulfonate, phosphonate,
- ii) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered

heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

v) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

vi) C₁₋₅ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, -Si(C₁₋₆ alkyl), C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₄ is selected from -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, -NR₆CO₂R₇, -NR₆C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₇SO₂R₆, -NR₇SO₂NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, CN, -SO₂NR₆R₇, and -SO₂R₆;

R₅ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, -OR₆, halo, -NR₆R₇, CN, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and -NO₂;

R₆ and **R₇** are independently selected from

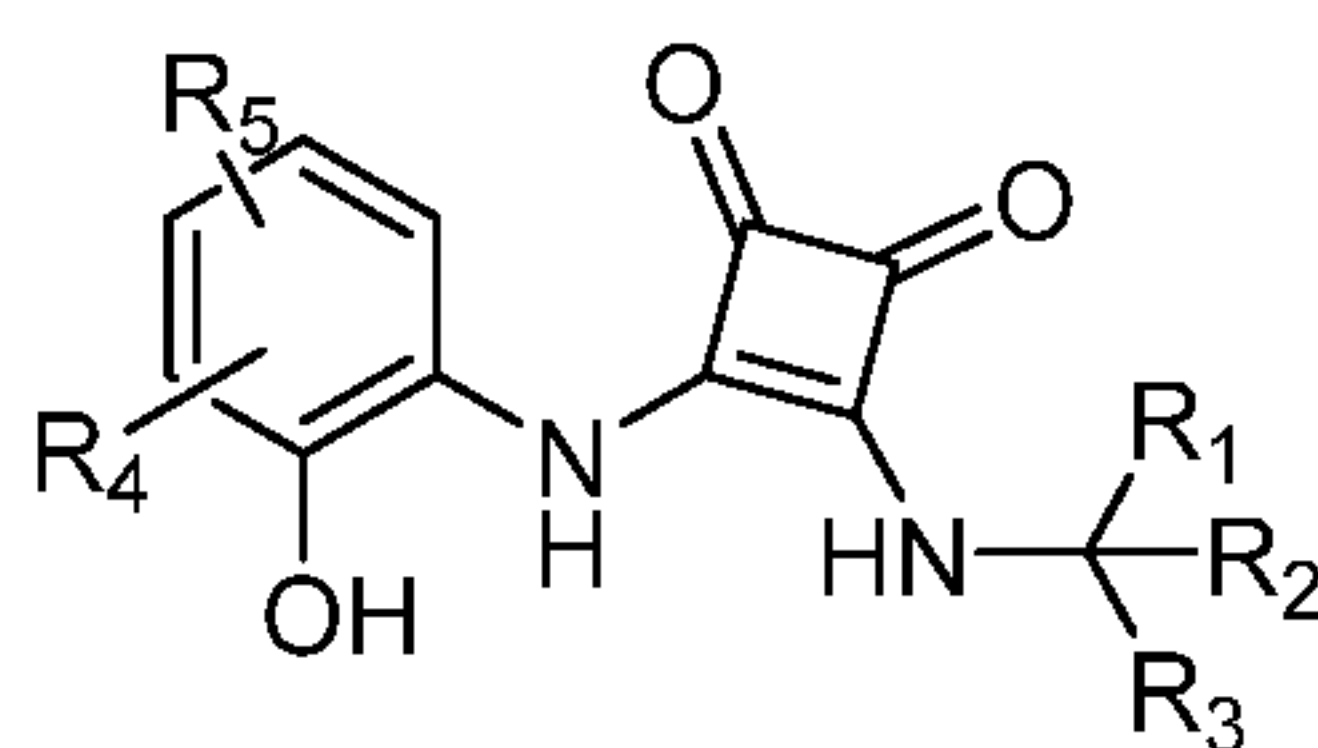
- i) hydrogen,
- ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, aralkyl, CD₃,
- iii) C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl,
- iv) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- vi) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

vii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

or **R**₆ and **R**₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W;

W is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl.

[0012] In another aspect, the present specification relates to a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, including an enantiomer, a diastereoisomer, a tautomer thereof:



Formula I

wherein

R₁ is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered

heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and
- vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

or **R₁** and **R₂** together with the carbon to which they are attached form

- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate),

- phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, CD₃, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or
- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond;

R₃ is selected from

- i) hydrogen, deuterium, -CO₂R₆, -NR₆R₇, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -OR₆, CD₂CD₃, halo, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, sulfonate, phosphonate,
- ii) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered

heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

v) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

vi) C₁₋₅ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, -Si(C₁₋₆ alkyl), C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₄ is selected from -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, -NR₆CO₂R₇, -NR₆C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₇SO₂R₆, -NR₇SO₂NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, CN, -SO₂NR₆R₇, and -SO₂R₆;

R₅ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, -OR₆, halo, -NR₆R₇, CN, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and -NO₂;

R₆ and **R₇** are independently selected from

- i) hydrogen,
- ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, aralkyl, CD₃,
- iii) C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl,
- iv) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- vi) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

vii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

or **R**₆ and **R**₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W;

W is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl; with the provisos:

- a) that when **R**₁ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₃ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, and that when **R**₃ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₁ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above;
- b) that when any of **R**₁, **R**₂, or **R**₃ are C₁₋₅ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, **R**₅ is not hydrogen;
- c) that when either **R**₁ or **R**₃ is 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₂ is not C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
- d) that when either **R**₁ or **R**₃ is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, then neither **R**₆ or **R**₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ is hydrogen or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above;
- e) that when **R**₁ and **R**₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, **R**₅ is not C₁₋₆ alkyl or CN and both **R**₆ and **R**₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ are C₁₋₆ alkyl; and
- f) that when **R**₁ and **R**₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₃ is not hydrogen.

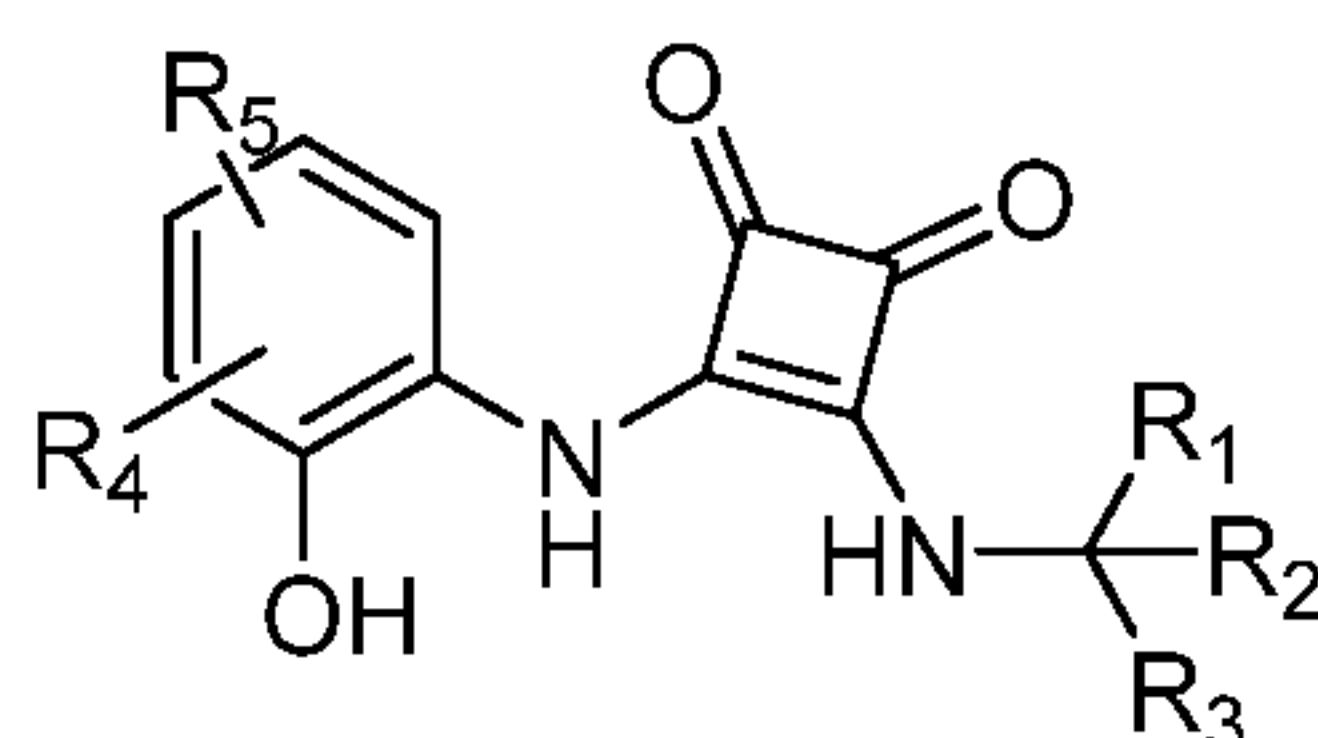
[0013] In another aspect, the present specification relates to a composition comprising a compound of Formula I or a salt thereof. In some embodiments of this aspect, the composition is a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In some embodiments of this aspect, the composition is a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective

amount of a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0014] In another aspect, the present specification relates to a method of treating an individual suffering from a disease treatable by inhibition of CCR6 receptor function, comprising administering to the individual a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein such administration reduces or eliminates a symptom associated with the disease.

[0015] Some non-limiting example embodiments are listed below.

[0016] Example Embodiment 1: A compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, including an enantiomer, a diastereoisomer, a tautomer thereof:



Formula I

wherein

R₁ is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally

substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and
- vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

or **R₁** and **R₂** together with the carbon to which they are attached form

- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆

- alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, CD₃, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or
- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered

heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond;

R₃ is selected from

- i) hydrogen, deuterium, -CO₂R₆, -NR₆R₇, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -OR₆, CD₂CD₃, halo, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, sulfonate, phosphonate,
- ii) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally

substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- v) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and
- vi) C₁₋₅ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, -Si(C₁₋₆ alkyl), C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₄ is selected from -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, -NR₆CO₂R₇, -NR₆C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₇SO₂R₆, -NR₇SO₂NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, CN, -SO₂NR₆R₇, and -SO₂R₆;

R₅ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, -OR₆, halo, -NR₆R₇, CN, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and -NO₂;

R₆ and **R₇** are independently selected from

- i) hydrogen,
- ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, aralkyl, CD₃,
- iii) C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl,
- iv) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

vi) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

vii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

or **R**₆ and **R**₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W;

W is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl; with the provisos:

- a) that when **R**₁ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₃ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, and that when **R**₃ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₁ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above;
- b) that when any of **R**₁, **R**₂, or **R**₃ are C₁₋₅ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, **R**₅ is not hydrogen;
- c) that when either **R**₁ or **R**₃ is 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₂ is not C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
- d) that when either **R**₁ or **R**₃ is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, then neither **R**₆ or **R**₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ is hydrogen or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above;
- e) that when **R**₁ and **R**₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, **R**₅ is not C₁₋₆ alkyl or CN and both **R**₆ and **R**₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ are C₁₋₆ alkyl; and
- f) that when **R**₁ and **R**₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₃ is not hydrogen.

[0017] Example Embodiment 2: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 1, wherein

R₁ is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one

group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and

vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 1;

with the provisos:

- a) that when R₁ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, R₃ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, and that when R₃ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, R₁ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above;
- b) that when any of R₁, R₂, or R₃ are C₁₋₅ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, R₅ is not hydrogen;
- c) that when either R₁ or R₃ is 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, R₂ is not C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
- d) that when either R₁ or R₃ is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, and R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, then neither R₆ or R₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ is hydrogen or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above.

[0018] Example Embodiment 3: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 2, wherein R₁ is C₁₋₁₀ alkyl substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆ halo, -CO₂R₆, and 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, and wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0019] Example Embodiment 4: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 2 or 3, wherein R₂ is hydrogen, and wherein R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, and R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0020] Example Embodiment 5: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 2 to 4, wherein R₃ is 6 to 12 membered aryl or C₁₋₅ alkyl, and wherein R₄, R₅, R₆, and R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0021] Example Embodiment 6: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 2 to 5, wherein R₆ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl.

[0022] Example Embodiment 7: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 6, wherein R₆ is hydrogen.

[0023] Example Embodiment 8: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 2, wherein R₁ is C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0024] Example Embodiment 9: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 8, wherein R₂ is hydrogen, and wherein R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0025] Example Embodiment 10: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 8 or 9, wherein R₃ is 6 to 12 membered aryl.

[0026] Example Embodiment 11: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 8 or 9, wherein R₃ is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one C₁₋₆ alkyl group.

[0027] Example Embodiment 12: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 8 or 9, wherein R₃ is -C(O)NR₆R₇, and wherein R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl.

[0028] Example Embodiment 13: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 8, wherein R₂ is C₁₋₅ alkyl, and wherein R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0029] Example Embodiment 14: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 8 or 13, wherein R₃ is hydrogen, and wherein R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0030] Example Embodiment 15: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiments 8 or 13, wherein R_3 is C_{1-5} alkyl, and wherein R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0031] Example Embodiment 16: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiments 8 or 13, wherein R_3 is 6 to 12 membered aryl, and wherein R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in example embodiment 2.

[0032] Example Embodiment 17: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 1, wherein

R_1 and R_2 together with the carbon to which they are attached form

- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-NR_6R_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $C(O)O-$, $-C(O)O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C(O)NR_6R_7$, $-NR_6C(O)R_7$, halo, OR_6 , $R_6S(O)_2O-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W , 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W , 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W , and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W ,
- ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-NR_6R_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $C(O)O-$, $-C(O)O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C(O)NR_6R_7$, $-NR_6C(O)R_7$, halo, OR_6 , $R_6S(O)_2O-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W , 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W , 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W , and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W ,
- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-NR_6R_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $C(O)O-$, $-C(O)O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C(O)NR_6R_7$, $-NR_6C(O)R_7$, CD_3 , halo, OR_6 , $R_6S(O)_2O-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one

group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or

- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond; and

R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 1; and

with the provisos:

- a) that when R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above, and R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, R₅ is not C₁₋₆ alkyl or CN and both R₆ and R₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ are C₁₋₆ alkyl; and
- b) that when R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, R₃ is not hydrogen.

[0033] Example Embodiment 18: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 17, wherein R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one C₁₋₆ alkyl group, and wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 17.

[0034] Example Embodiment 19: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 17, wherein R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one C₁₋₆

alkyl group, and wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 17.

[0035] Example Embodiment 20: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 17, wherein R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, and wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 17.

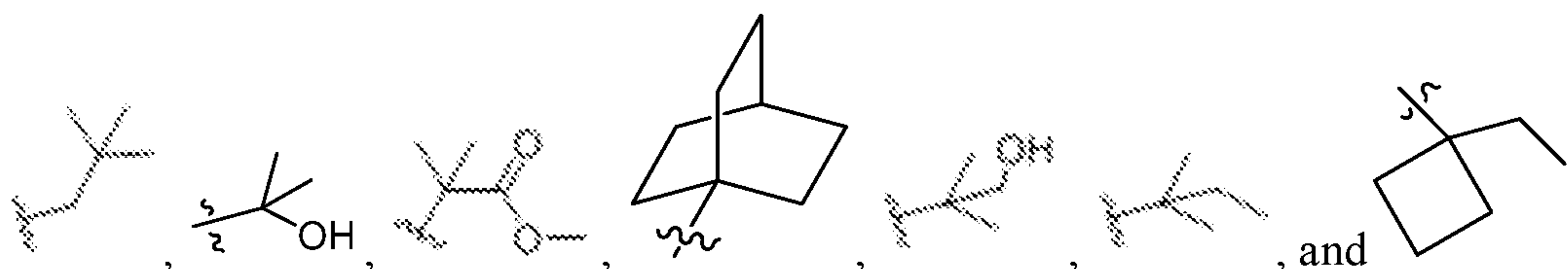
[0036] Example Embodiment 21: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 17 to 20, wherein R₃ is hydrogen, and wherein R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 17.

[0037] Example Embodiment 22: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 17 to 20, wherein R₃ is selected from

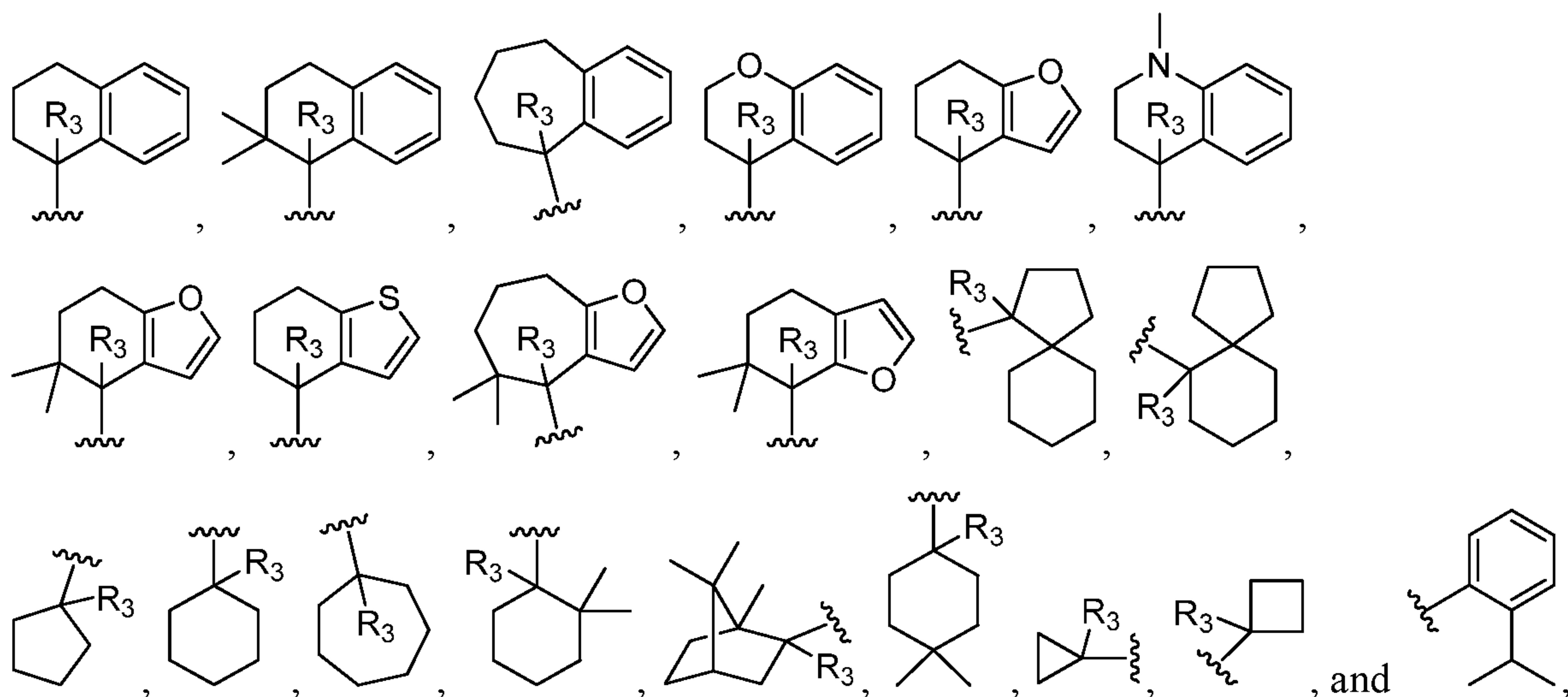
- i) C₁₋₅ alkyl, optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and 6 to 12 membered aryl;
- ii) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl;
- iii) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, and halo;
- iv) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl;
- v) C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

and wherein R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 17.

[0038] Example Embodiment 23: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 1, wherein R₁ is selected from methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxymethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl,

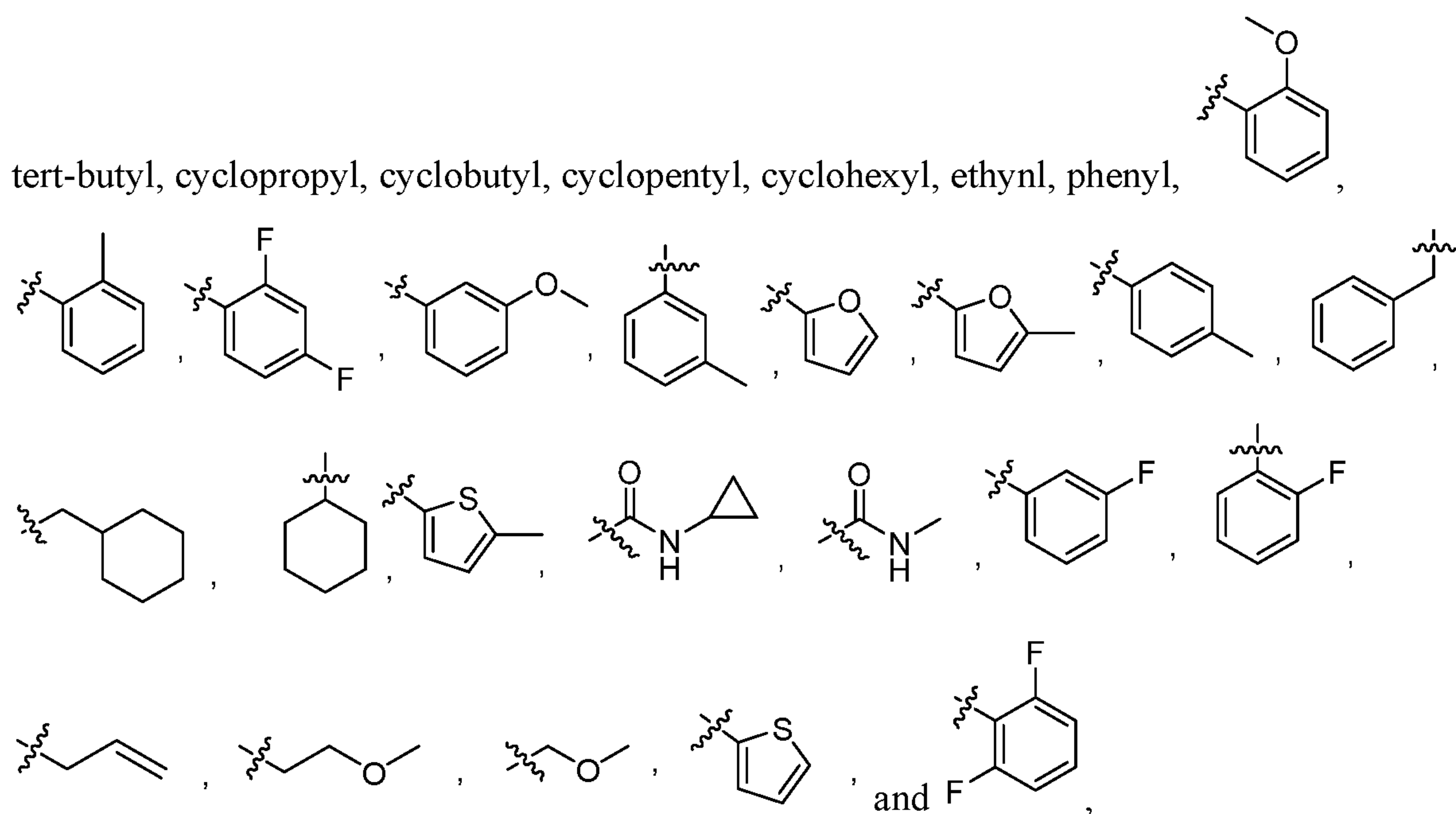


[0039] Example Embodiment 24: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 1 or example embodiment 17, wherein R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring selected from



wherein  indicates the point of attachment to NH, and wherein R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 1.

[0040] Example Embodiment 25: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 1, wherein R₃ is selected from hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl,



and wherein R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in example embodiment 1.

[0041] Example Embodiment 26: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 1 to 25, wherein R_4 is $-C(O)NR_6R_7$ or $-SO_2NR_6R_7$.

[0042] Example Embodiment 27: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 26, wherein R_6 and R_7 are independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, or R_6 and R_7 together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W.

[0043] Example Embodiment 28: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 27, wherein R_6 and R_7 are independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, or aralkyl.

[0044] Example Embodiment 29: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 27 or 28, wherein both R_6 and R_7 are C_{1-6} alkyl.

[0045] Example Embodiment 30: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 27 or 28, wherein R_6 is C_{1-6} alkyl and R_7 is C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl.

[0046] Example Embodiment 31: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 27 or 28, wherein R_6 is C_{1-6} alkyl and R_7 is aralkyl.

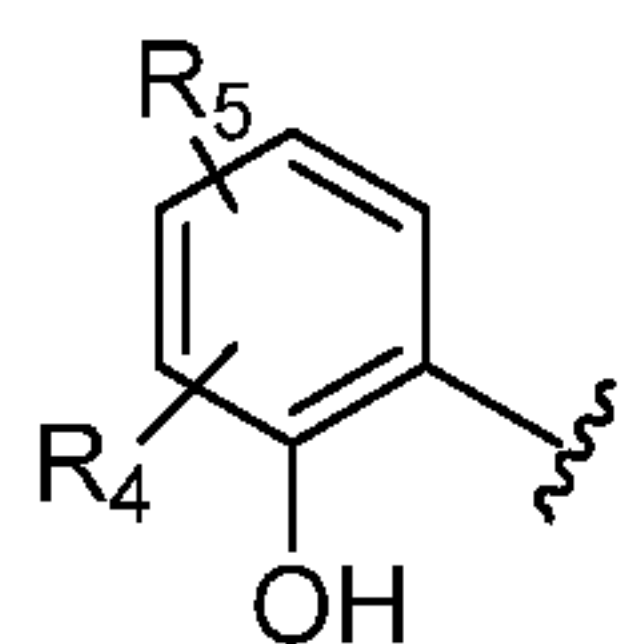
[0047] Example Embodiment 32: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 27, wherein R_6 and R_7 together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W.

[0048] Example Embodiment 33: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 26 to 32, wherein R_4 is $-C(O)NR_6R_7$.

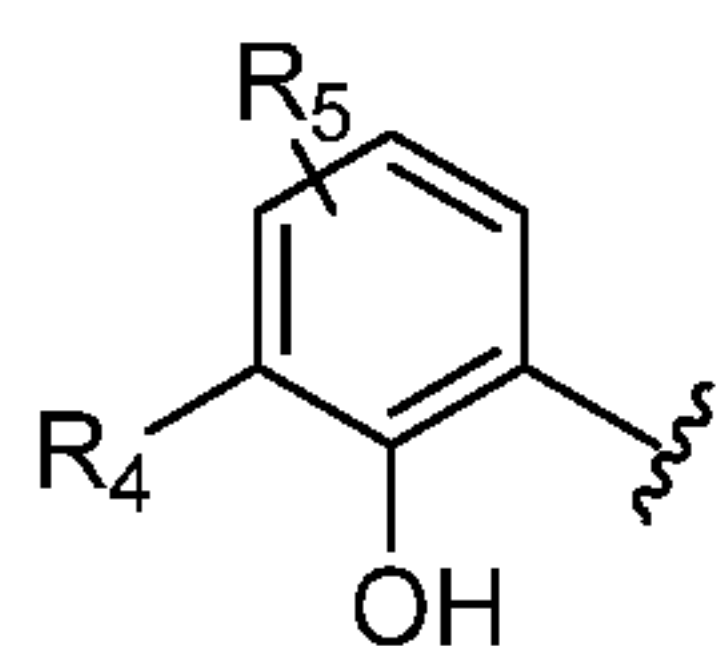
[0049] Example Embodiment 34: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 26 to 32, wherein R_4 is $-SO_2NR_6R_7$.

[0050] Example Embodiment 35: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 26 to 32, wherein R_4 is halo.

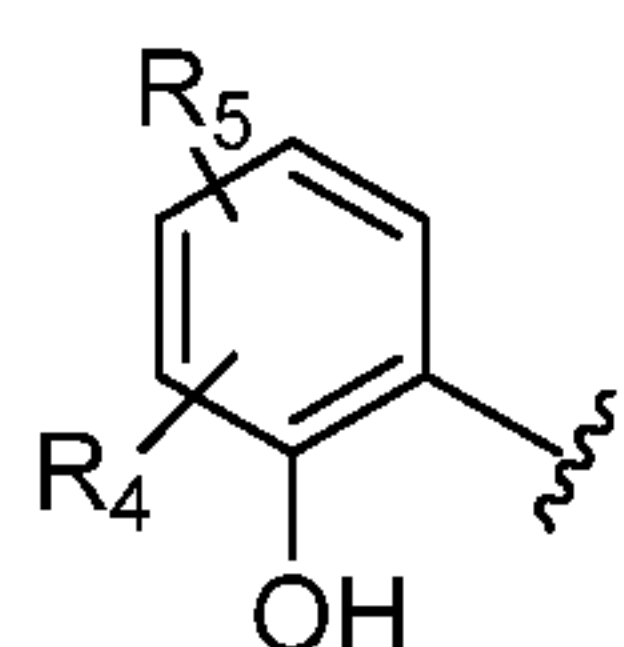
[0051] Example Embodiment 36: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 1 to 35, wherein the moiety:



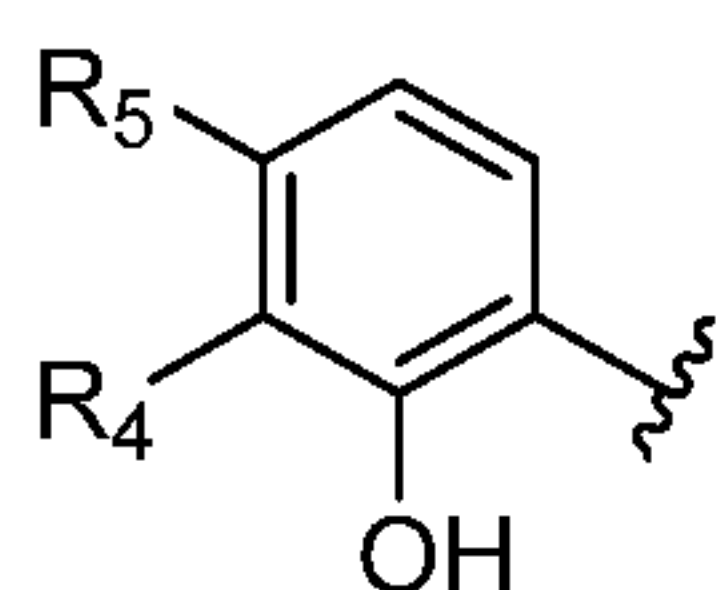
is of the form:



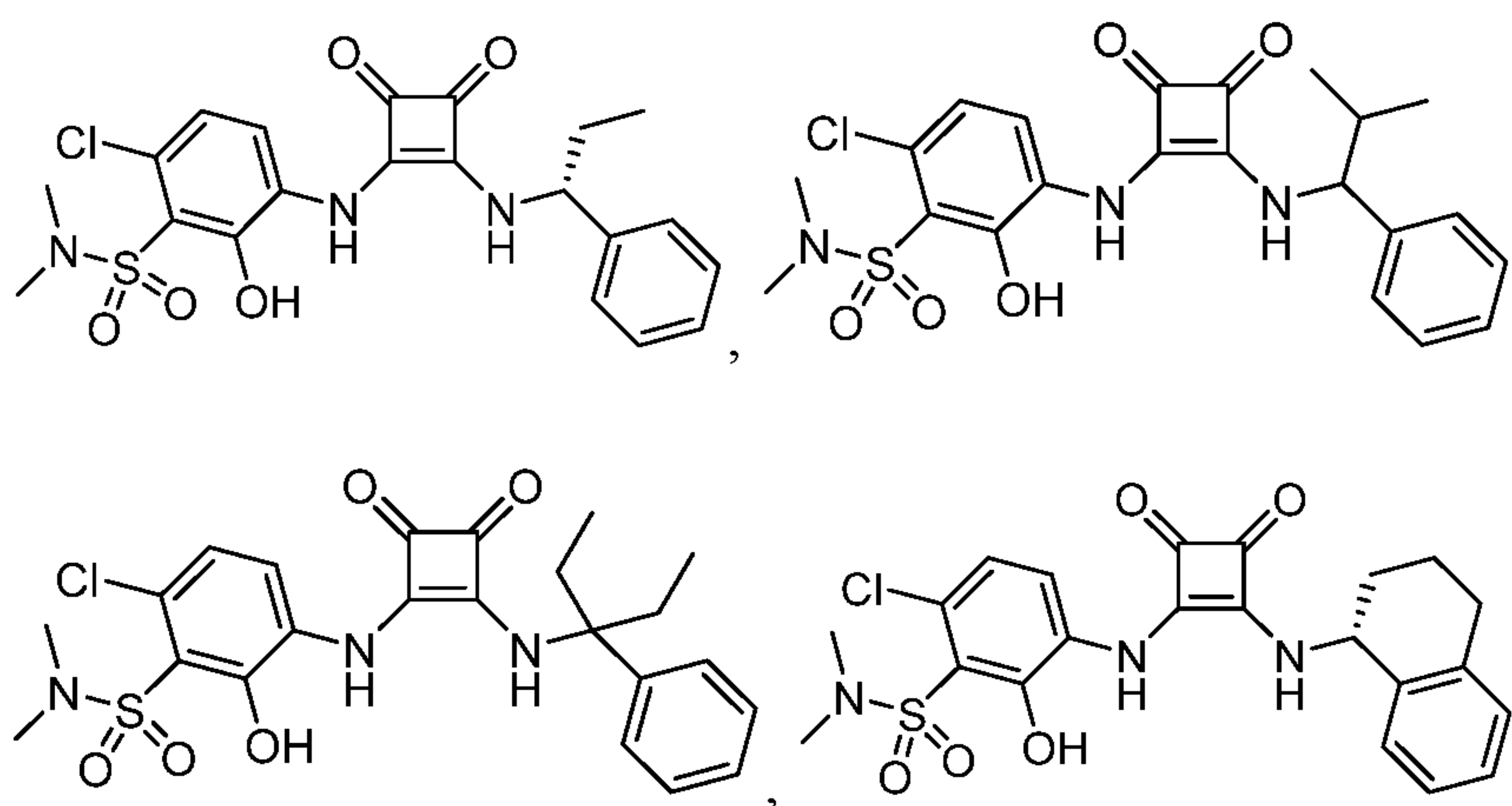
[0052] Example Embodiment 37: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 1 to 35, wherein the moiety:

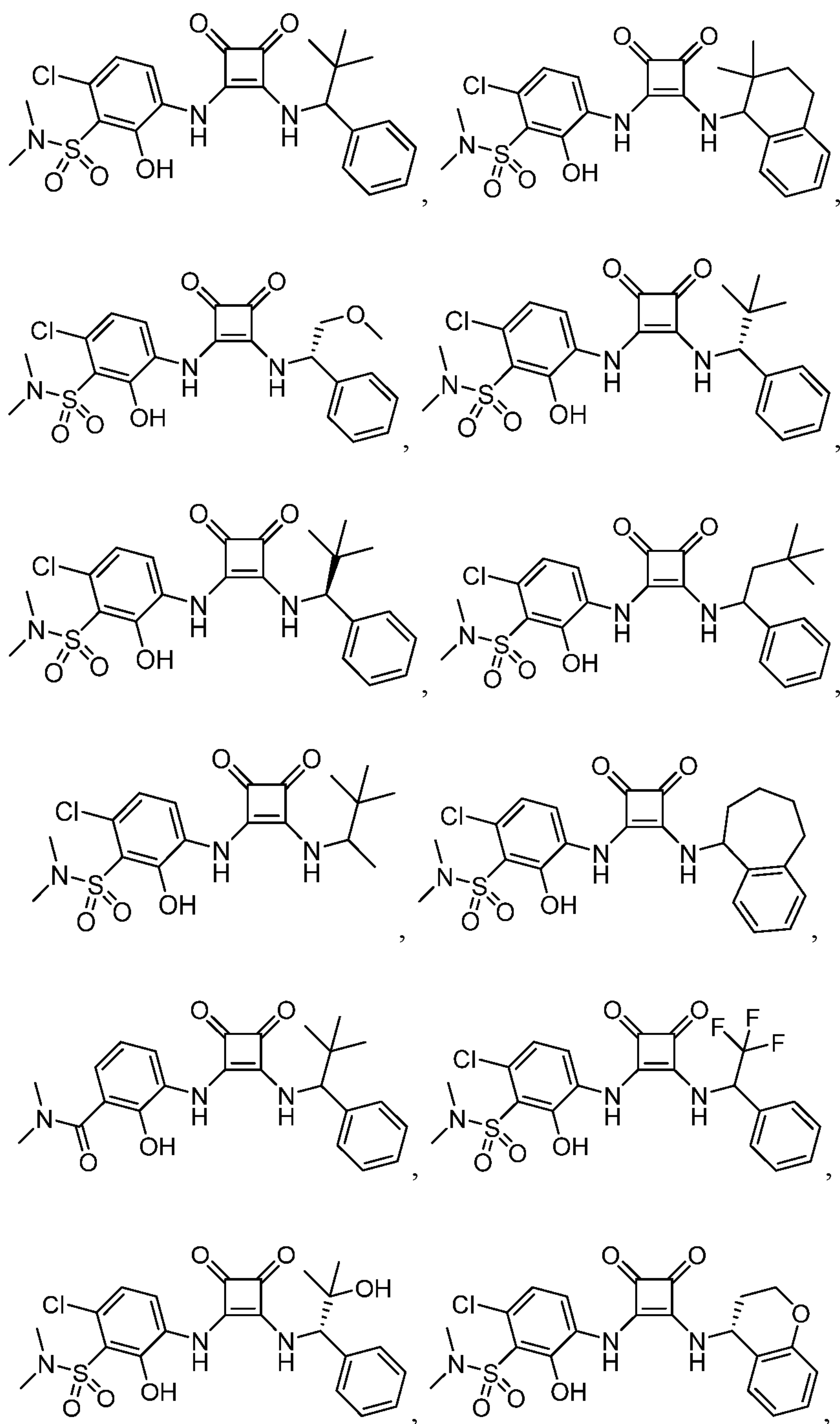


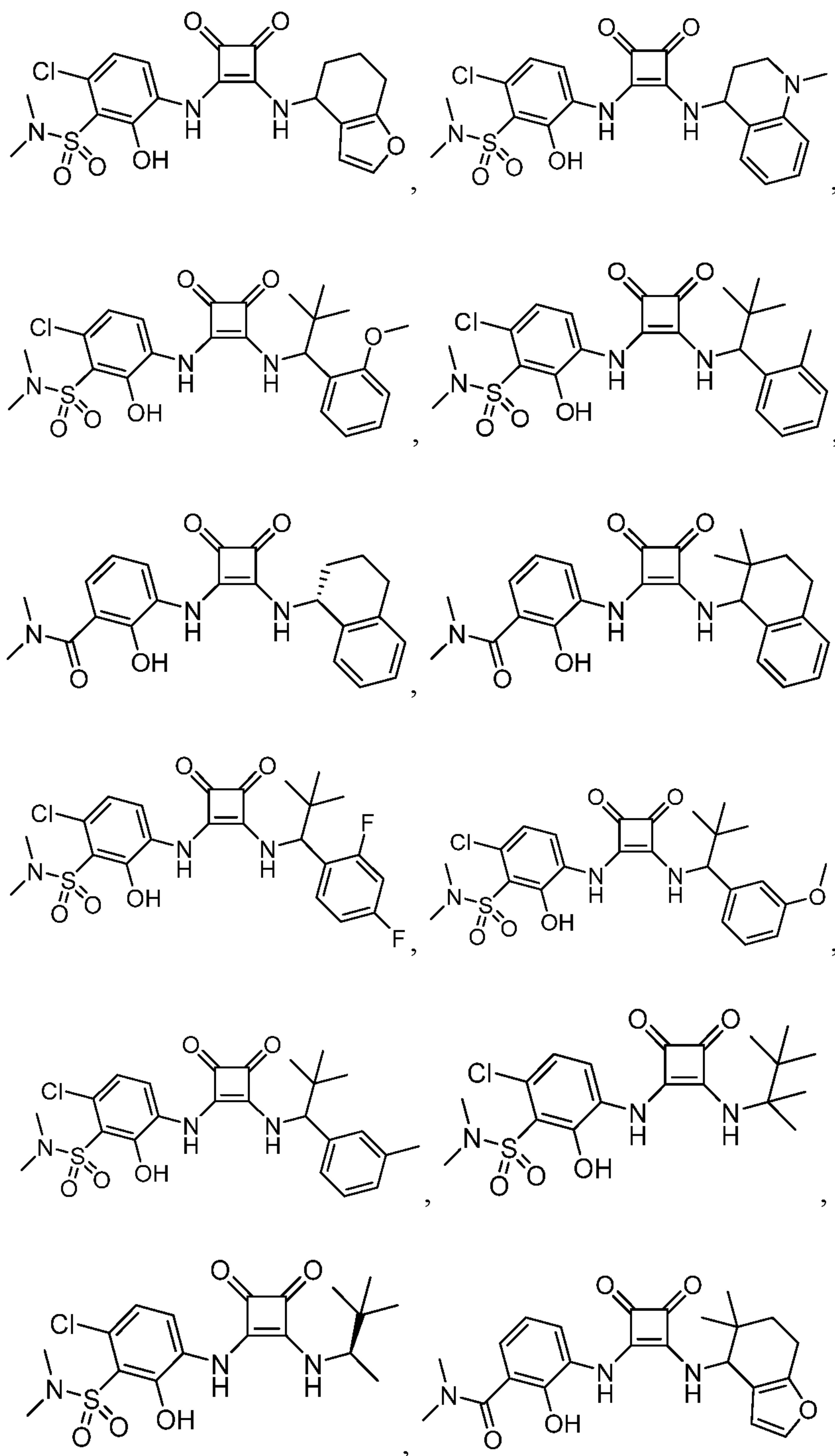
is of the form:

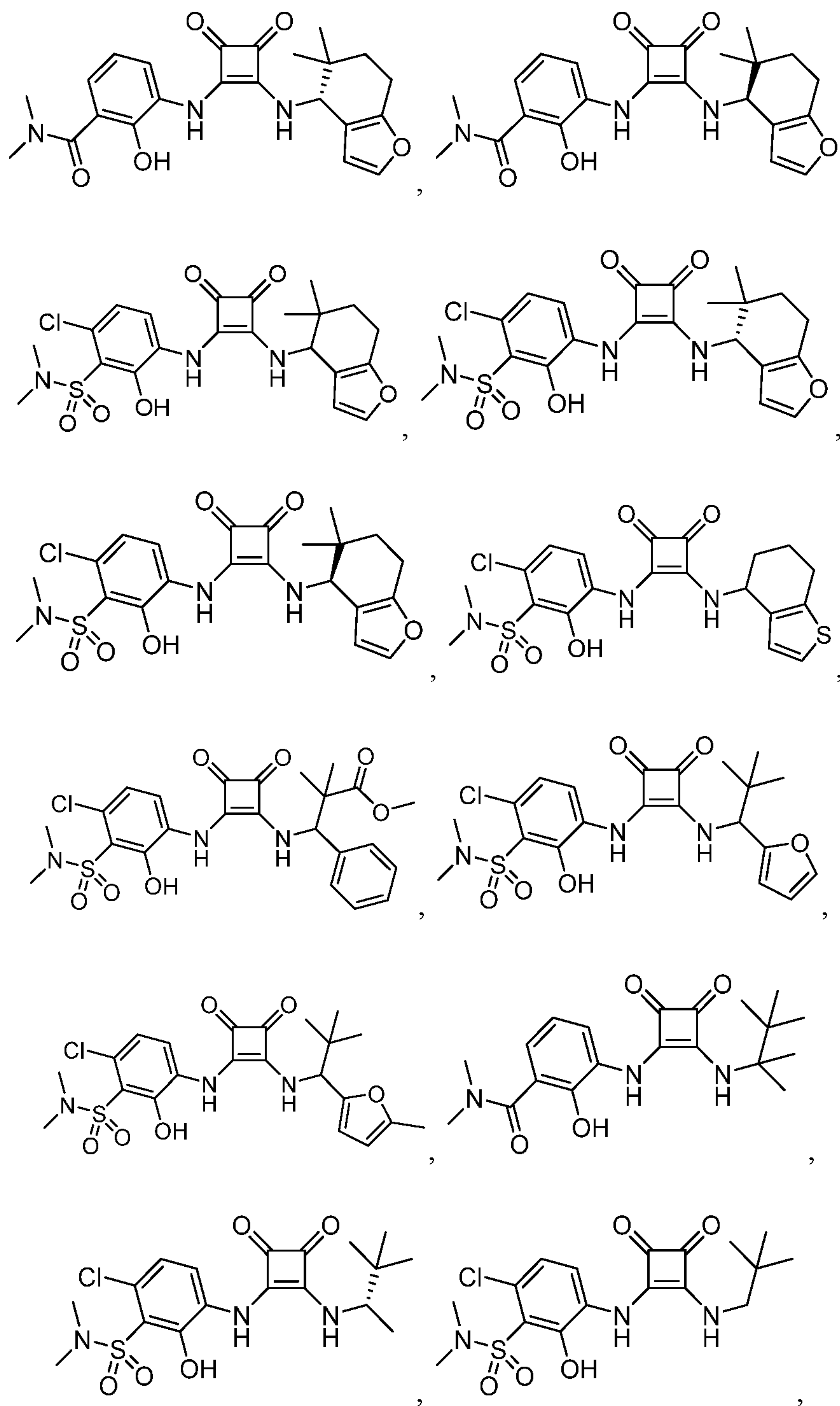


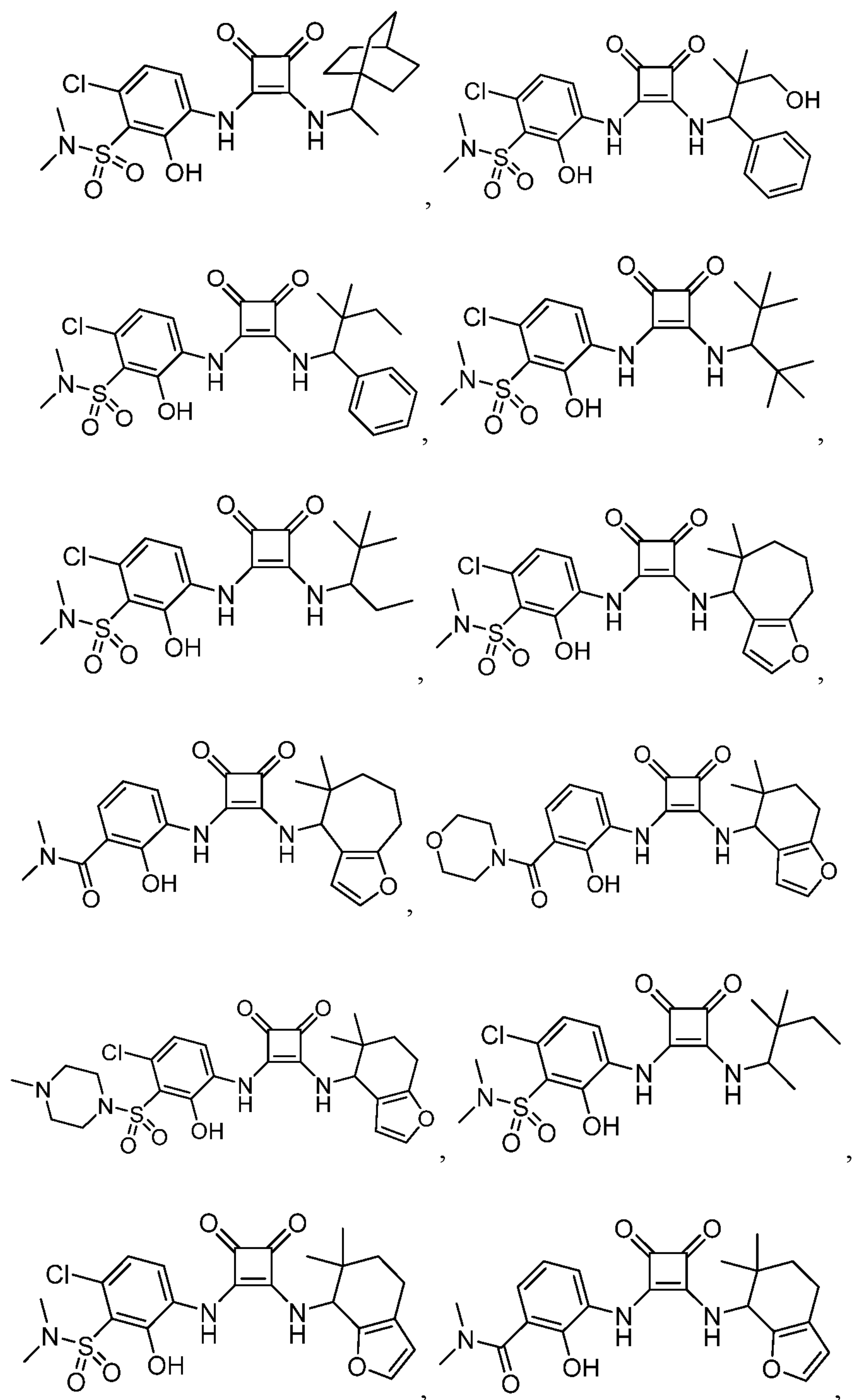
[0053] Example Embodiment 38: The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of example embodiment 1, which is selected from

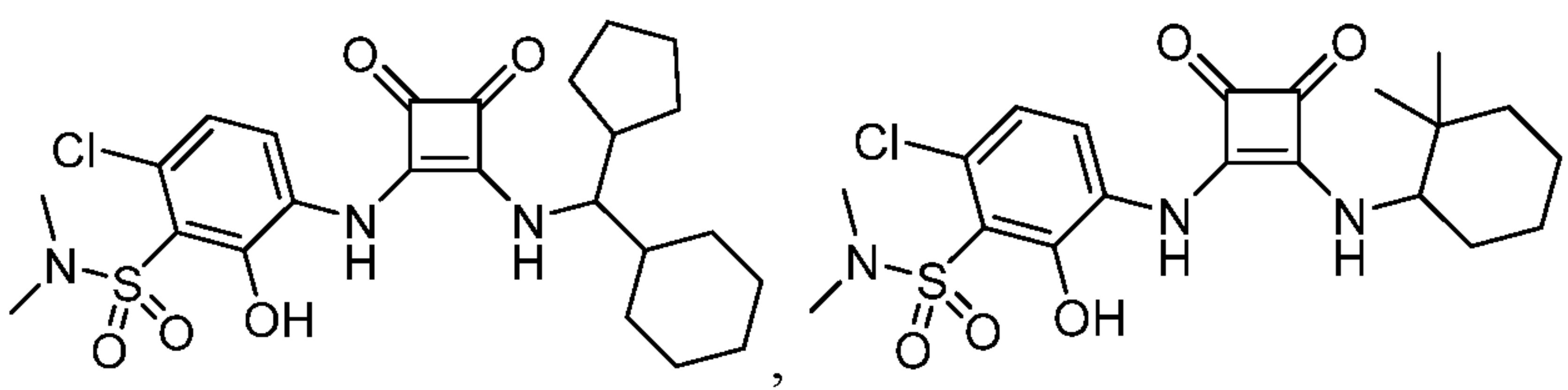
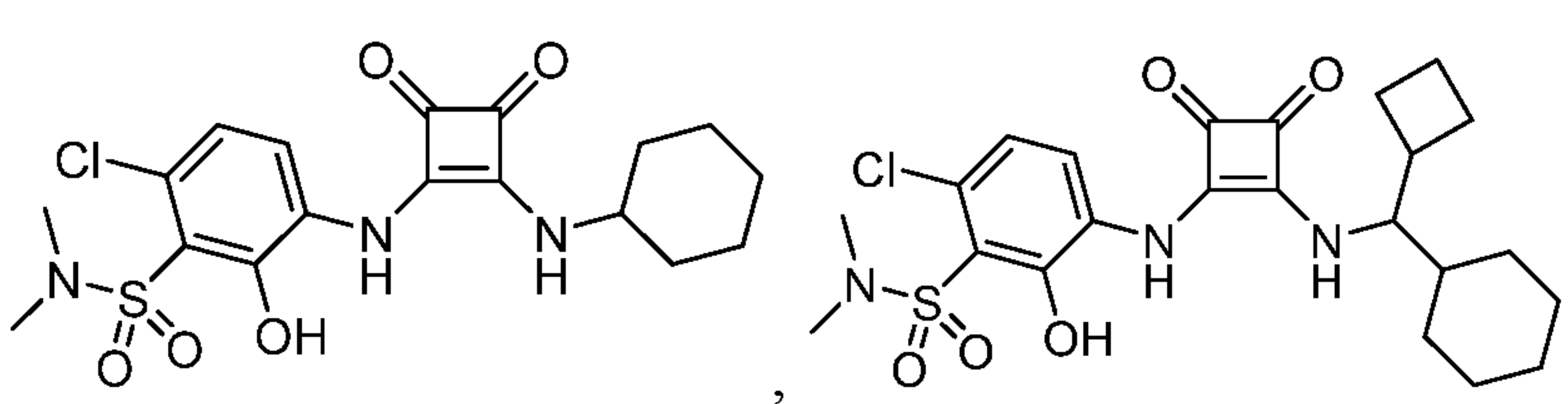
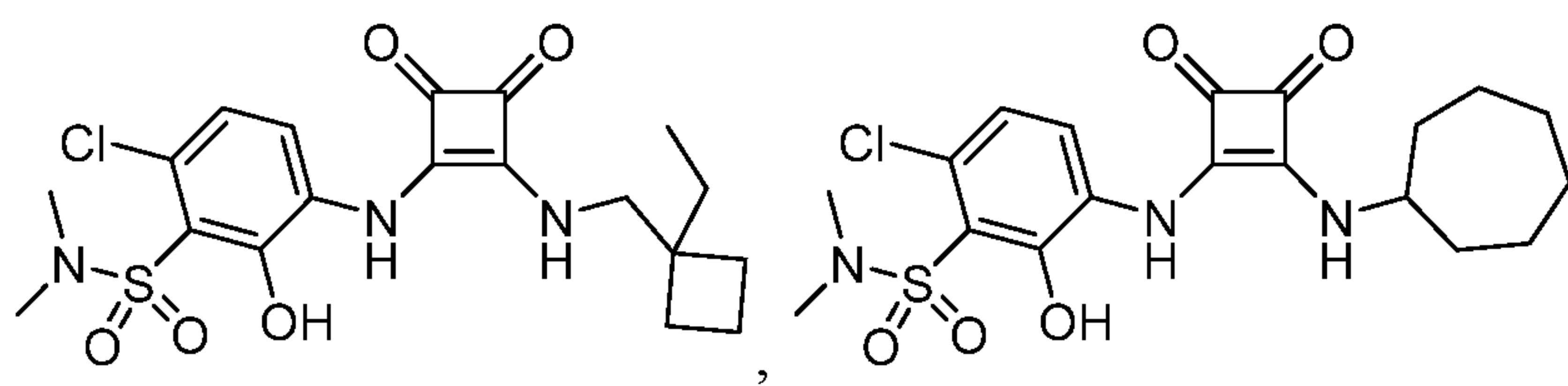
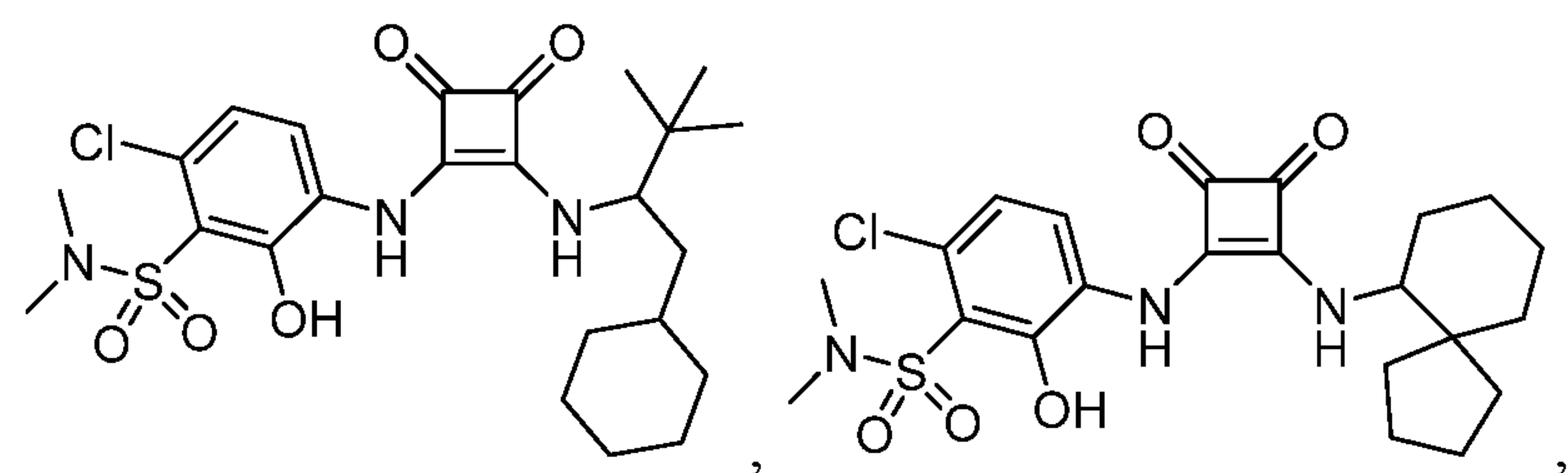
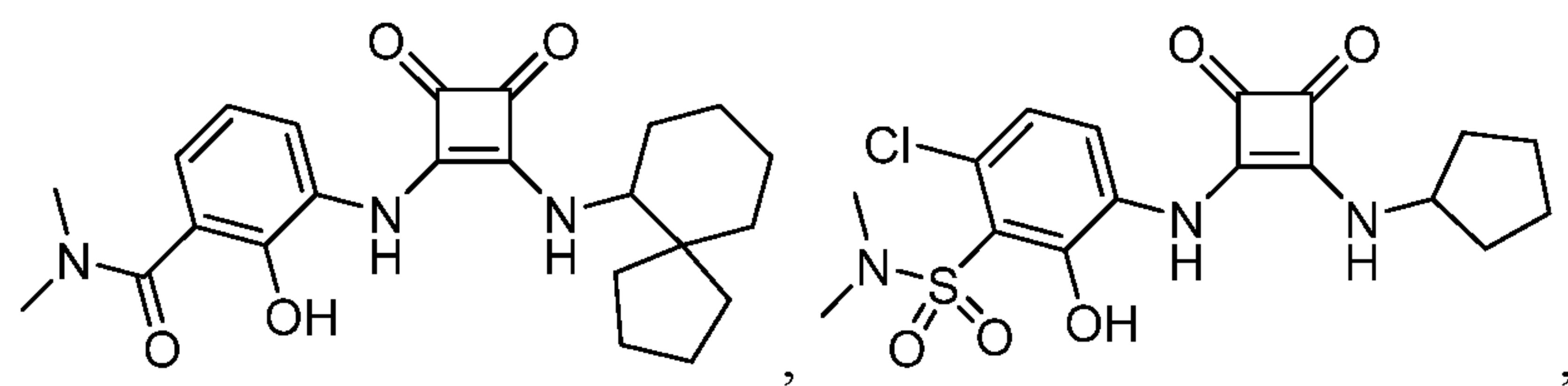
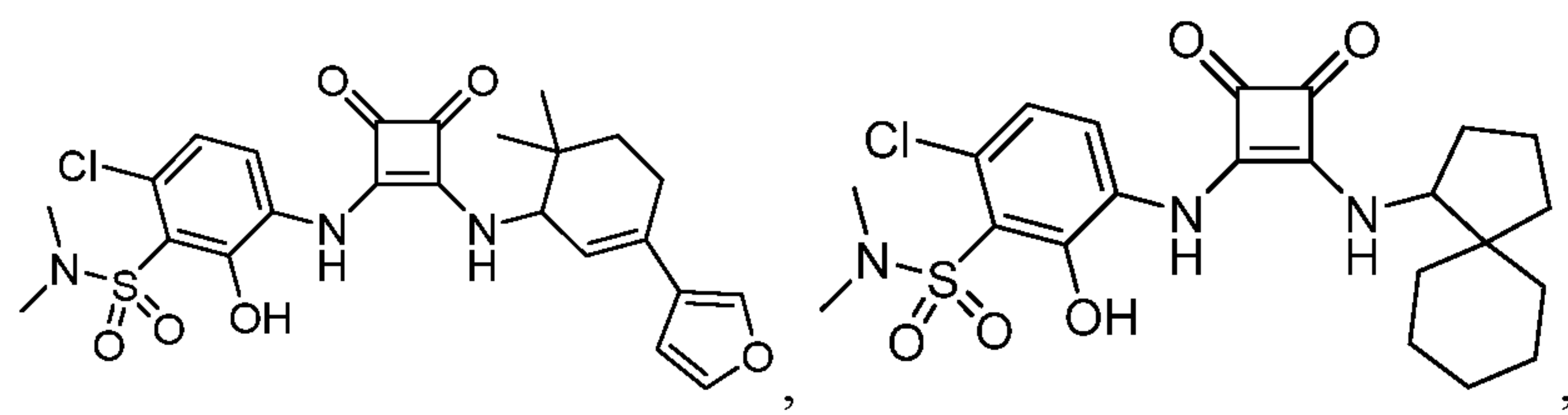


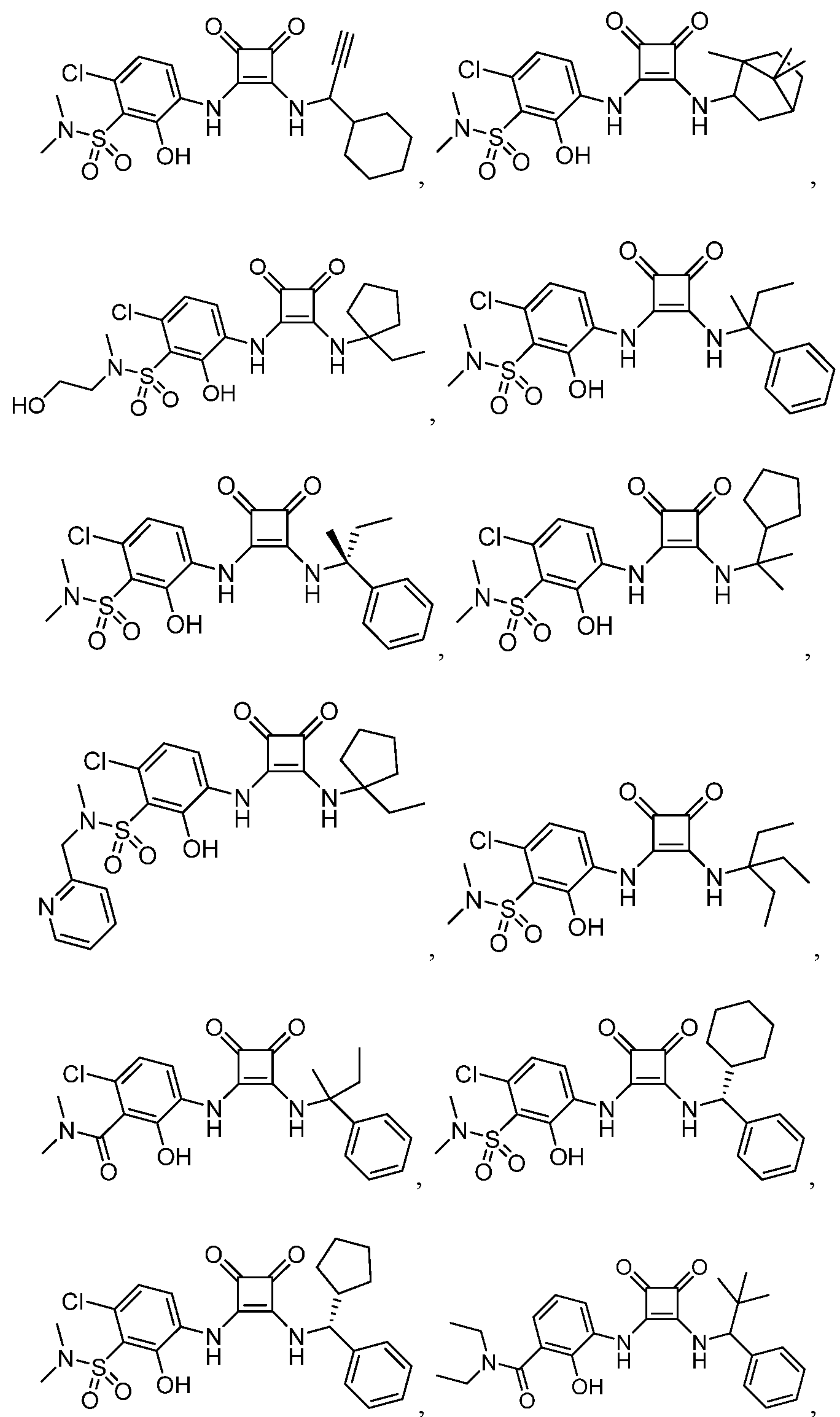


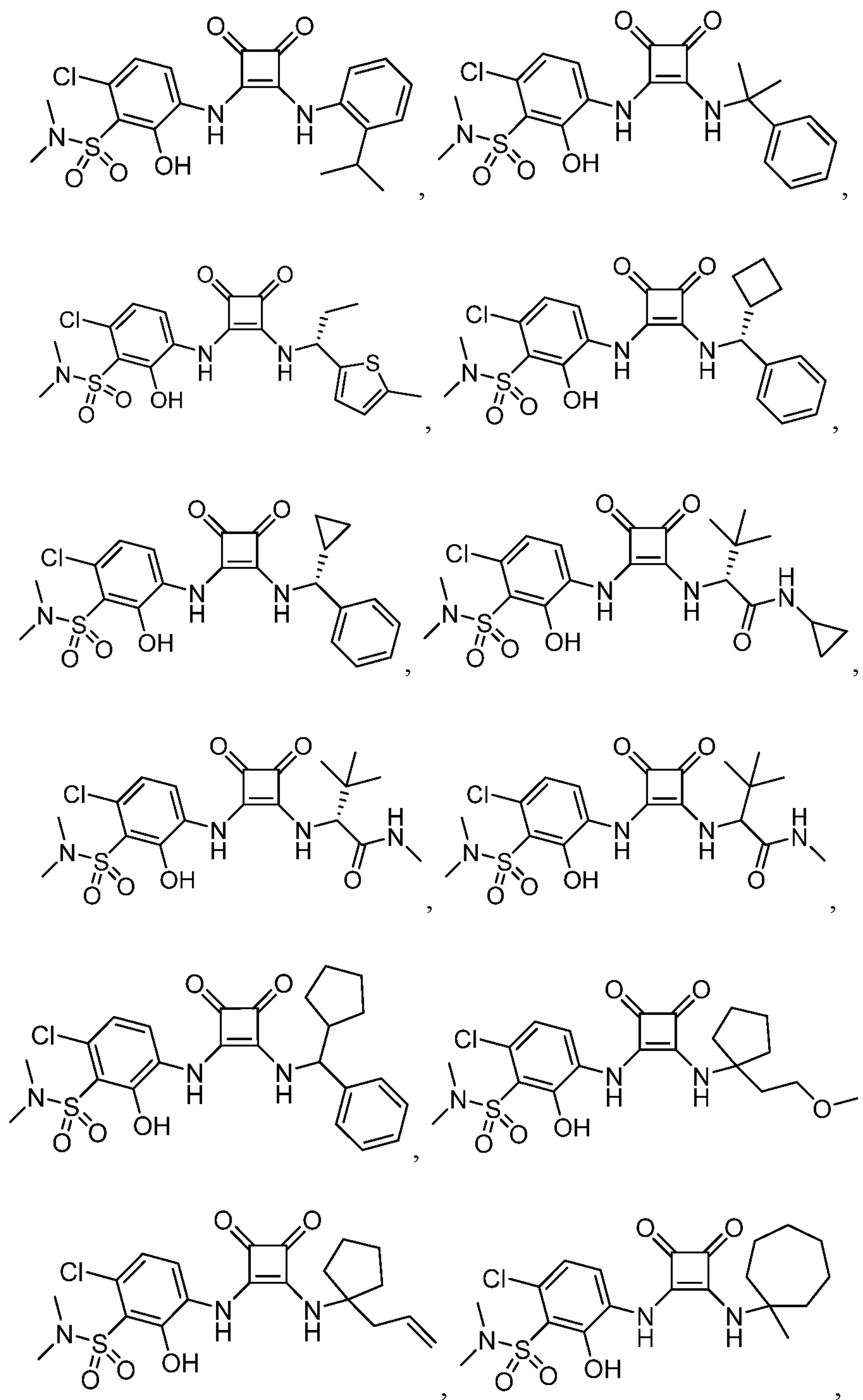


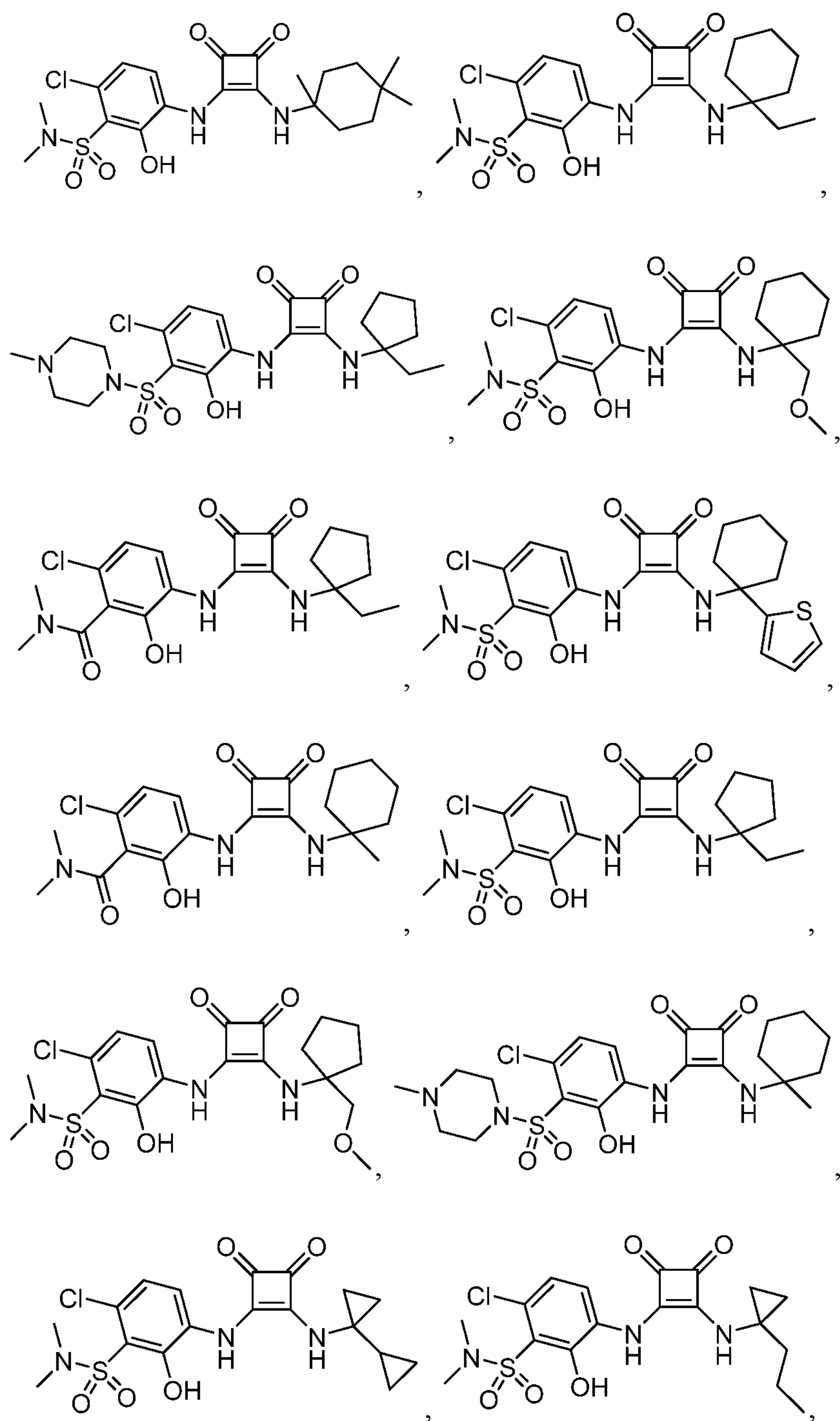


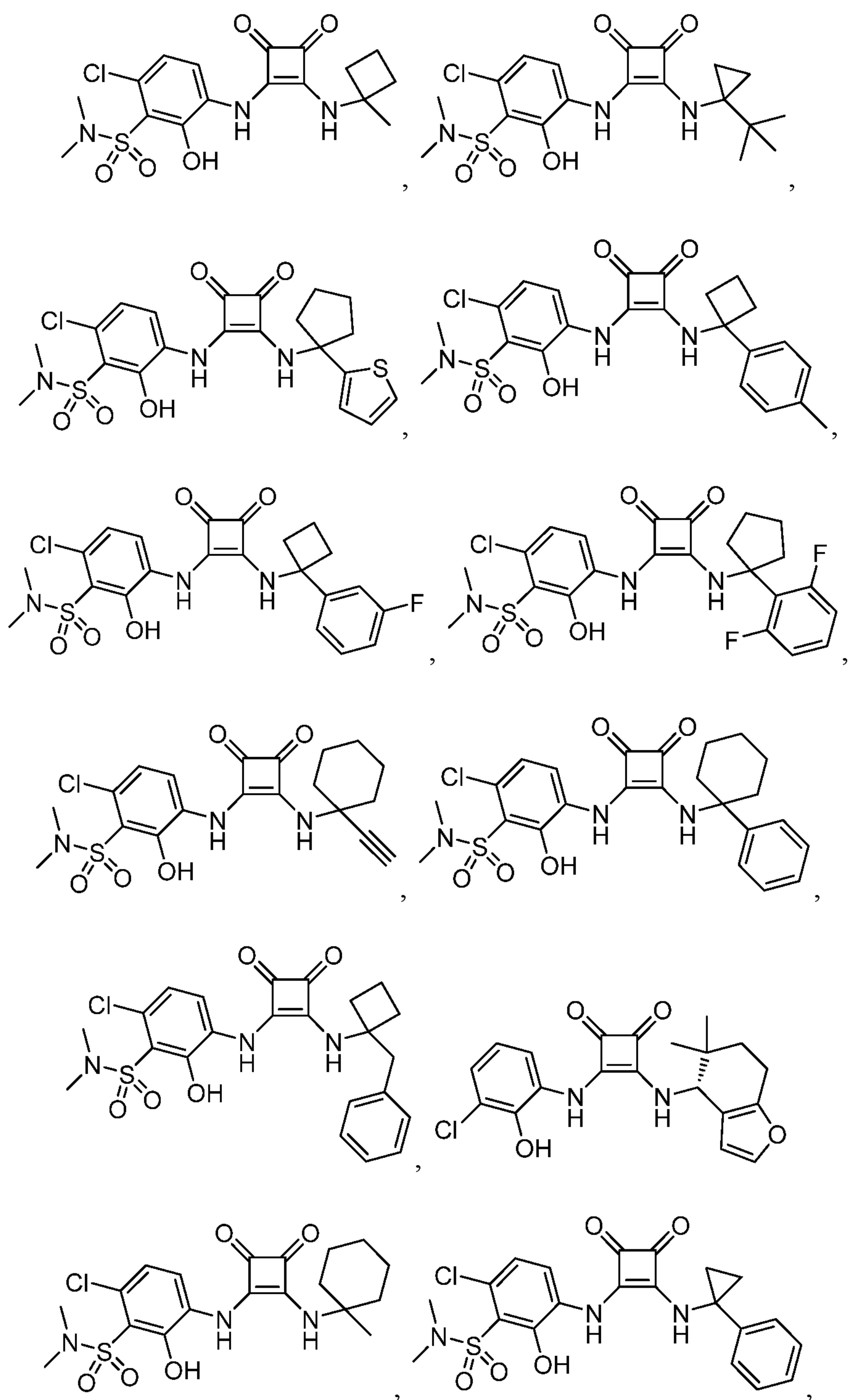


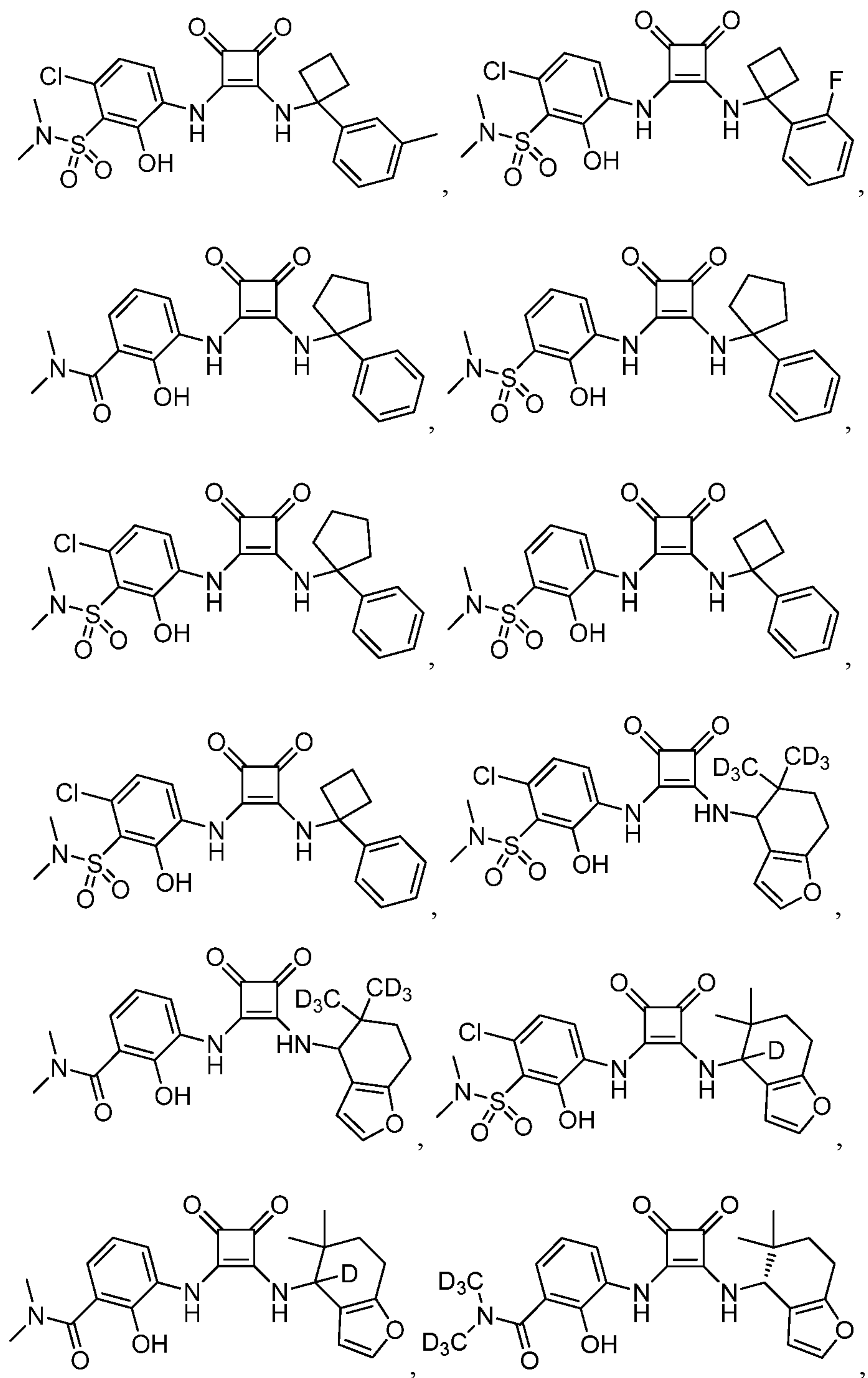


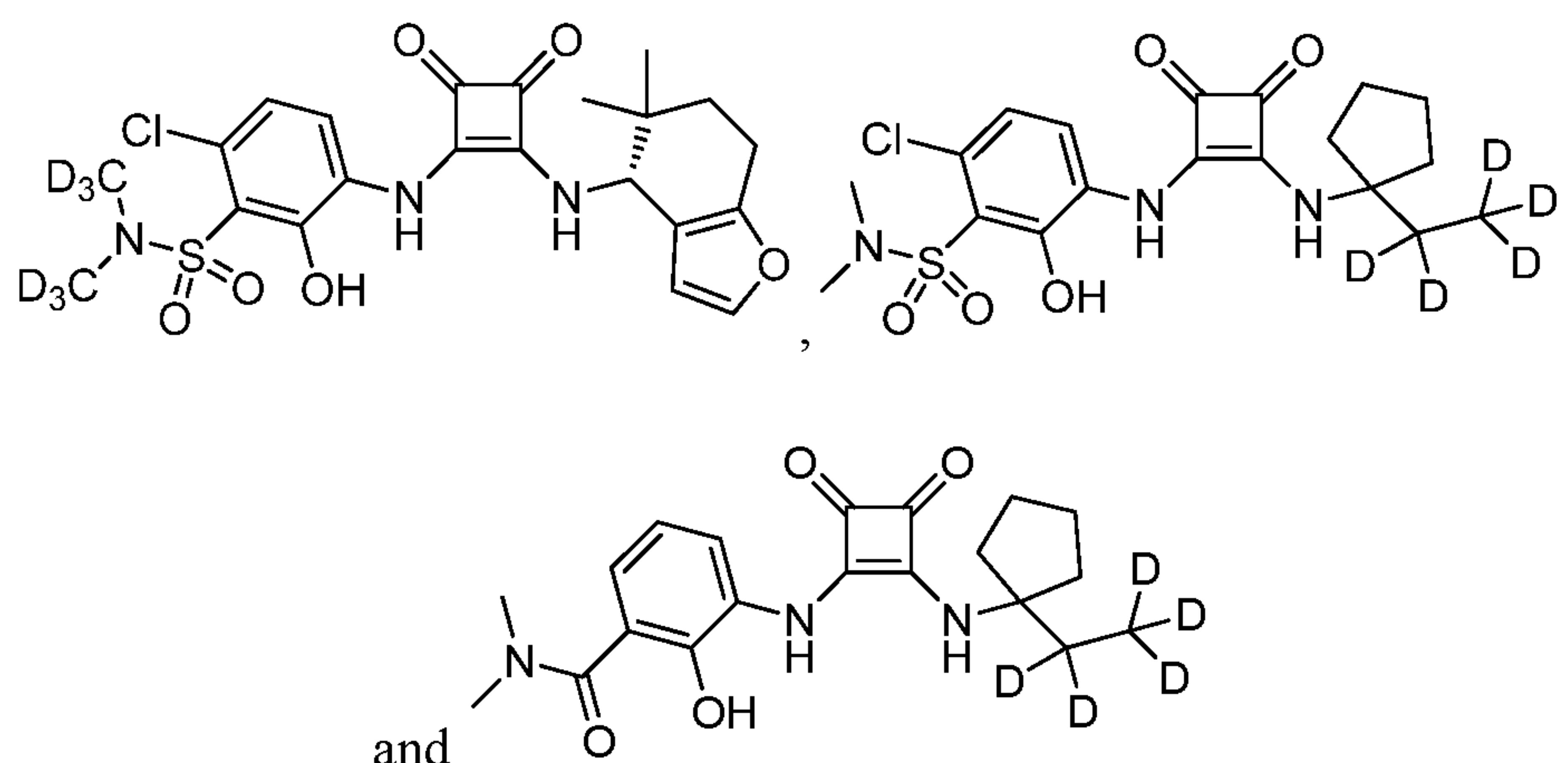












or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[0054] Example Embodiment 39: A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of any one of example embodiments 1 to 38, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0055] Example Embodiment 40: A method of treating an inflammatory or autoimmune disease in a mammal in need thereof which method comprises administering to the mammal in need thereof, a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of example embodiments 1 to 38, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0056] Example Embodiment 41: The method of example embodiment 40, wherein the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is selected from the group consisting of psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's disease, GvHD, alopecia areata, uveitis, dry eye, diabetic retinopathy and allergic diseases.

[0057] Example Embodiment 42: The method of example embodiment 41, wherein the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is selected from the group consisting of psoriasis and dry eye.

[0058] Example Embodiment 43: The method of example embodiment 42, wherein the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is psoriasis.

[0059] Example Embodiment 44: The method of example embodiment 42, wherein the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is dry eye.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

I. Definitions

[0060] In all of the above formulae, as well as in those provided hereinafter, the straight lines represent bonds. Where there is no symbol for the atoms between the bonds, the appropriate carbon-containing radical is to be inferred.

[0061] It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive of the invention claimed. As used herein, the use of the singular includes the plural unless specifically stated otherwise. As used herein, “or” means “and/or” unless stated otherwise. Furthermore, use of the term “including” as well as other forms, such as “includes,” and “included,” is not limiting. The section headings used herein are for organizational purposes only and are not to be construed as limiting the subject matter described.

[0062] Unless specific definitions are provided, the nomenclatures utilized in connection with, and the laboratory procedures and techniques of analytical chemistry, synthetic organic and inorganic chemistry described herein are those known in the art. Standard chemical symbols are used interchangeably with the full names represented by such symbols. Thus, for example, the terms “hydrogen” and “H” are understood to have identical meaning. Standard techniques may be used for chemical syntheses, chemical analyses, and formulation.

[0063] The wavy line “” indicates the point of attachment of the moiety to the remaining molecule.

[0064] When a moiety is a cyclic ring, the term “n membered” is used to describe the number of ring atoms a cyclic ring has. For example, a 4 membered cycloalkyl refers to a cycloalkyl having 4 ring atoms, such as cyclobutane.

[0065] When ranges of values are disclosed, and the notation “from n1 . . . to n2” or “n1 . . . to n2” is used, where n1 and n2 are the numbers, then unless otherwise specified, this notation is intended to include the numbers themselves and the range between them. This range may be integral or continuous between and including the end values. By way of example, the range “3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl” is intended to include cycloalkyl having three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven ring atoms. Compare, by way of example, the range “from 1 to 3 μ M (micromolar),” which is intended to include 1 μ M, 3 μ M, and everything in between to any

number of significant figures (e.g., 1.255 μM , 2.1 μM , 2.9999 μM , etc.). When n is set at 0 in the context of “0 carbon atoms”, it is intended to indicate a bond or null.

[0066] As used herein, “at least one” means one, two, three, or four.

[0067] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “alkyl” refers to a functional group comprising a straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon containing from 1 to 20 carbon atoms linked exclusively by single bonds and not having any cyclic structure. An alkyl group may be optionally substituted as defined herein. Examples of alkyl groups includes, without limitation methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, isoamyl, hexyl, heptyl, octyl, nonyl, decyl, undecyl, dodecyl, tridecyl, tetradecyl, pentadecyl, hexadecyl, heptadecyl, octadecyl, nonadecyl, eicosyl, and the like.

[0068] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “alkenyl” refers to a functional group comprising a straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon containing from 2 to 20 carbon atoms and having one or more carbon-carbon double bonds and not having any cyclic structure. An alkenyl group may be optionally substituted as defined herein. Examples of alkenyl groups include, without limitation, ethenyl, propenyl, 2-methylpropenyl, butenyl, 1,4-butadienyl, pentenyl, hexenyl, heptenyl, octenyl, nonenyl, decenyl, undecenyl, dodecenyl, tridecenyl, tetradecenyl, pentadecenyl, hexadecenyl, heptadecenyl, octadecenyl, nonadecenyl, eicosenyl, and the like. The point of attachment can be on the double bond carbon or on any single bond carbon.

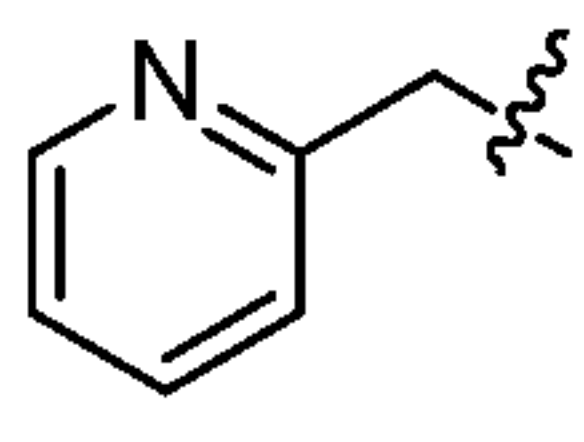
[0069] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “alkynyl” refers to a functional group comprising a straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon containing from 2 to 20 carbon atoms and having one or more carbon-carbon triple bonds and not having any cyclic structure. An alkynyl group may be optionally substituted as defined herein. Examples of alkynyl groups include, without limitation, ethynyl, propynyl, hydroxypropynyl, butynyl, butyn-1-yl, butyn-2-yl, 3-methylbutyn-1-yl, pentynyl, pentyn-1-yl, hexynyl, hexyn-2-yl, heptynyl, octynyl, nonynyl, decynyl, undecynyl, dodecynyl, tridecynyl, tetradecynyl, pentadecynyl, hexadecynyl, heptadecynyl, octadecynyl, nonadecynyl, eicosynyl, and the like. The point of attachment can be on the triple bond carbon or on any single bond carbon.

[0070] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term "alkoxy" refers to -O-alkyl, -O-alkenyl, or -O-alkynyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are as defined above.

[0071] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “alkoxyalkyl” means an alkyl as defined above substituted with an alkoxy group as defined above (in one embodiment one or two alkoxy groups). C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl means the total number of carbon atoms. Examples include but not limited to 2-methoxyethyl, 1-, 2-, or 3-methoxypropyl, 2-ethoxyethyl, and the like.

[0072] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “aryl” refers to monocyclic, bicyclic (fused), and tricyclic (fused or spiro) hydrocarbon ring system having a total of five to fourteen ring atoms. When aryl is monocyclic, the monocyclic is aromatic and contains no heteroatom. When aryl is bicyclic or tricyclic, at least one of the ring in the bicyclic or tricyclic is aromatic and contains no heteroatom, and when the other ring(s) is aromatic, the other ring(s) does not contain a heteroatom, but when the other ring(s) is not aromatic, the other ring(s) may or may not contain a heteroatom. The point of attachment can be on any ring atom. Examples of aryl include, without limitation, benzene, naphthalene, indane, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene, chromane, isochromane, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline, thiochromane 1,1-dioxide, 6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5H-benzo[7]annulene, and 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran.

[0073] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “aralkyl” refers to a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl or 6 to 12 membered aryl, as defined herein, substituted for a hydrogen of

an C₁₋₆ alkyl. Examples include but not limited to benzyl and .

[0074] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “cycloalkyl” refers to a monocyclic, bicyclic (fused, bridged, or spiro), or tricyclic (fused or spiro) hydrocarbon ring system having a total of three to fourteen ring atoms, which is completely saturated or contains one or more units of unsaturation, but none of the individual ring in the monocyclic, bicyclic, or tricyclic hydrocarbon is aromatic, and none of the ring atoms is a heteroatom. The point of attachment can be on the saturated or unsaturated carbon. A bridged bicyclic cycloalkyl refers to two hydrocarbon rings share three or more carbon atoms, separating the two bridgehead carbon atoms by a bridge containing at least one atom. Examples of cycloalkyl include, but not limited to, cyclopropane, cyclobutane, cyclopentane, cyclohexane, bicyclo[2.2.2]octane, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane, spiro[2.5]octane, spiro[3.5]nonane, spiro[4.5]decane, and spiro[5.5]undecane.

[0075] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “heteroaryl” refers to monocyclic, bicyclic (fused), and tricyclic (fused or spiro) ring systems having a total of five to

fourteen ring atoms wherein the monocyclic or at least one of the ring in the bicyclic and tricyclic is aromatic and contains at least one heteroatom. The point of attachment can be on any ring atom. Examples of heteroaryl include, without limitation, furan, thiophene, indole, benzofuran, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[b] thiophene, and 4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-indole.

[0076] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “heterocyclyl” refers to monocyclic, bicyclic (fused, bridged, or spiro), or tricyclic (fused or spiro) hydrocarbon ring systems having four to fifteen ring atoms, which is completely saturated or contains one or more units of unsaturation, but none of the individual ring in the monocyclic, bicyclic, or tricyclic hydrocarbon is aromatic, and further at least one of the ring atoms is a heteroatom. A bridged bicyclic heterocyclyl is a bridged bicyclic cycloalkyl wherein at least one carbon is replaced with a heteroatom. Examples of heterocyclyl include, but not limited to, azetidine, oxetane, pyrrolidine, piperidine, piperazine, morpholine, and tetrahydrofuran. The point of attachment can be on the saturated or unsaturated carbon or heteroatom.

[0077] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “heteroatom” refers to oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur, silicon, or phosphorous, including any oxidized form of nitrogen, sulfur, silicon, or phosphorous.

[0078] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “haloalkyl” refers to alkyl as defined above, wherein one or one to five hydrogens are replaced with halogen atom(s), including those substituted with different halogen atoms. Examples of haloalkyl includes, but not limited to, -CF₃, -CH₂Cl, -CHF₂, and -CF₂CF₃.

[0079] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “haloalkoxy” refers to alkoxy as defined above, wherein one or one to five hydrogens are replaced with halogen atom(s), including those substituted with different halogen atoms. Examples of haloalkoxy includes, but not limited to, -OCF₃ and -OCHF₂.

[0080] As used herein, alone or in combination, the term “halo” or “halogen” means fluoro, chloro, bromo, or iodo; in one embodiment fluoro or chloro.

[0081] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term “alkylsilyl” refers to a silicon atom to which is attached one, two, or three alkyl groups and in which the silicon atom serves as the point of attachment. In particular, the term “tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl” refers to a silicon atom to which is attached three independently selected C₁ to C₅ alkyl groups. Examples of tri-C₁₋₅

alkylsilyl groups include, without limitation, trimethylsilyl, triethylsilyl, triisopropylsilyl, dimethylisopropylsilyl, diethylisopropylsilyl, *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl, di-*tert*-butylmethyl, and the like.

[0082] As used herein, the term “optionally substituted” refers to a group or molecule that may be either substituted or unsubstituted.

[0083] As used herein, either alone or in combination, the term "spiro" refers to a moiety comprising two rings sharing one common atom.

[0084] The compounds disclosed in the present specification may be present in the form of an isomer. As used herein, the term “isomer” refers to compounds disclosed in the present specification that has the same composition and molecular weight but differs in one or more physical and/or chemical properties. Such isomers have the same number and kind of atoms but differ in structure. The structural difference may be in constitution (geometric isomers), in an ability to rotate the plane of polarized light (stereoisomers), or in the position of a hydrogen atom or proton (tautomeric isomers). Unless otherwise indicated, the compounds disclosed in the present specification include the individual isomers of compounds that form more than one type of isomerism, or mixtures of one or more of the isomers. In particular, reference to a compound or compounds described herein is intended to encompass that compound in each of its possible stereoisomeric forms and mixtures thereof unless the particular isomeric form is referred to specifically. Also included are acid addition salts wherein the counterion is optically active, for example, D-lactate or L-lysine, or racemic, for example, DL-tartrate or DL-arginine.

[0085] As used herein, the term “geometric isomer” refers to isomers that differ in the orientation of substituent atoms in relationship to a carbon-carbon double bond, to a cycloalkyl ring or to a bridged bicyclic system. Substituent atoms (other than H) on each side of a carbon-carbon double bond may be in an E or Z configuration. In the “E” (opposite sided) or “chair” configuration, the substituents are on opposite sides in relationship to the carbon-carbon double bond. In the “Z” (same sided) or “boat” configuration, the substituents are oriented on the same side in relationship to the carbon-carbon double bond. Substituent atoms (other than H) attached to a carbocyclic ring may be in a cis or trans configuration. In the “cis” configuration, the substituents are on the same side in relationship to the plane of the ring. In the “trans” configuration, the substituents are on opposite sides in relationship to the plane of the ring. Compounds having a mixture of “cis” and “trans” species are designated “cis/trans.” Substituent

atoms (other than H) attached to a bridged bicyclic system may be in an “endo” or “exo” configuration. In the “endo” configuration, the substituents attached to a bridge (not a bridgehead) point toward the larger of the two remaining bridges; in the “exo” configuration, the substituents attached to a bridge point toward the smaller of the two remaining bridges.

[0086] As used herein, the term “stereoisomer” refers to isomers of identical constitution that differs in the arrangement of their atoms in space. Enantiomers and diastereomers are stereoisomers wherein an asymmetrically substituted carbon atom acts as a chiral center. As used herein, the term “chiral” refers to a molecule that is not superimposable on its mirror image, implying the absence of an axis and a plane or center of symmetry. As used herein, the term “enantiomer” refers to one of a pair of molecular species that are mirror images of each other and are not superimposable. As used herein, the term “diastereomer” refers to stereoisomers that are not related as mirror images.

[0087] In the specification, the term “ambient temperature” and “room temperature” are used interchangeably. They in general refer to a temperature in a range of from 15 °C to 25 °C.

[0088] In the specification, the term “individual” and “mammal” are used interchangeably. Both of them refer to a human or an animal.

[0089] The compounds disclosed in the present specification may be present in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt. As used herein, the term “a pharmaceutically acceptable salt” refers to non-toxic acidic/anionic or basic/cationic salt forms of the compounds disclosed in the present specification. Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable salts include acid addition salts which may, e.g., be formed by mixing a solution of the compound disclosed in the present specification with a solution of a pharmaceutically acceptable acid such as hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, fumaric acid, maleic acid, succinic acid, acetic acid, benzoic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid, carbonic acid or phosphoric acid.

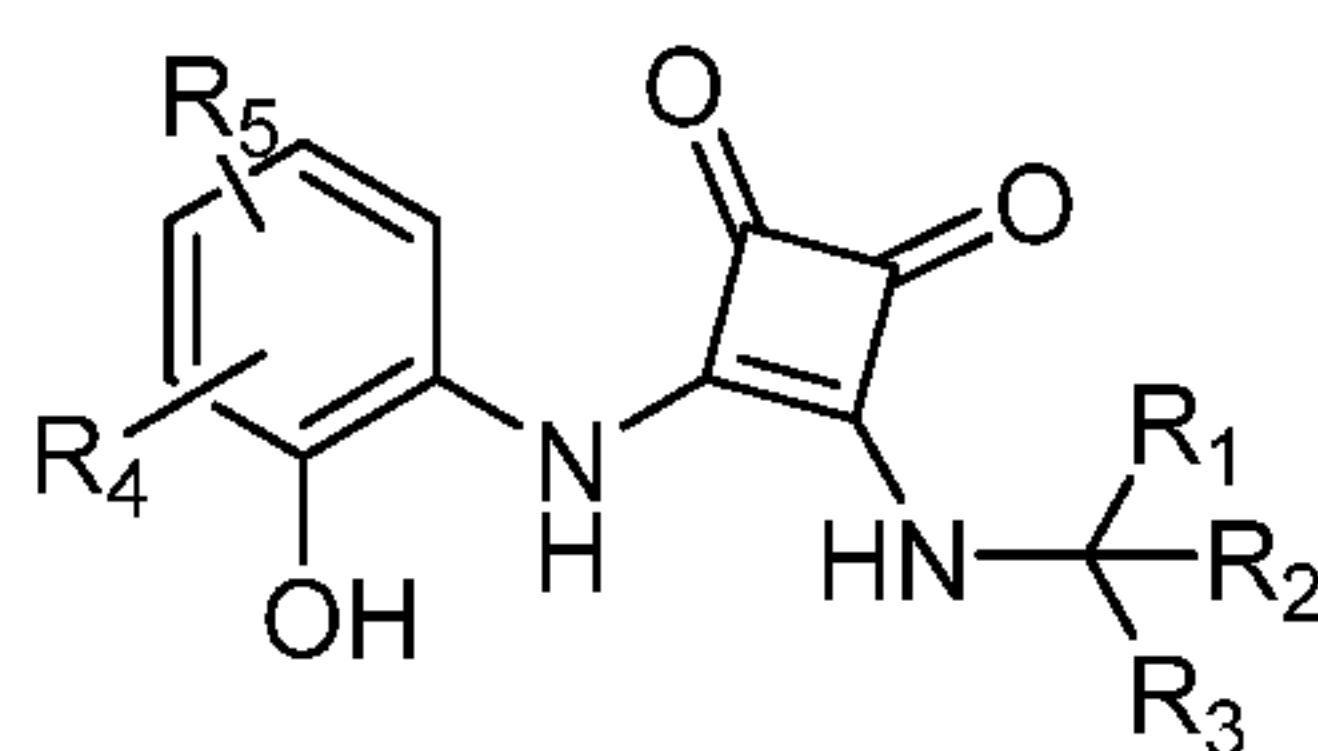
[0090] Furthermore when the compounds disclosed in the present specification carry an acidic moiety, suitable pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof may include alkali metal salts, e.g., sodium or potassium salts; alkaline earth metal salts, e.g., calcium or magnesium salts; and salts formed with suitable organic ligands, e.g., quaternary ammonium salts. Thus, representative pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, without limitation, acetate, aspirate, benzenesulfonate, benzoate, besylate, bicarbonate, bisulfate, bitartrate, borate, bromide, calcium, camsylate (or camphorsulphonate), carbonate, chloride, citrate, clavulanate, dihydrochloride, edetate, edisylate,

esylate, formate, fumarate, gluceptate, gluconate, glucuronate, glutamate, hexafluorophosphate, hibenzate, hydrabamine, hydrobromide, hydrobromine, hydrochloride, hydroiodide, iodide, isethionate, isothionate, lactate, malate, maleate, malonate, mandelate, mesylate, methylsulfate, nitrate, naphthylate, 2-napsylate, nicotinate, nitrate, oleate, orotate, oxalate, pamoate, palmitate, phosphate/diphosphate/hydrogen phosphate, saccharate, salicylate, stearate, sulfate, succinate, tartrate, tosylate and trifluoroacetate. (see, e.g., *Handbook of Pharmaceutical Salts*, P. Heinrich Stahl & Camille G. Wermuth (Eds), Verlag; *Helvetica Chimica Acta*- Zürich, 2002, 329–345; and Berge et al., *Journal of Pharmaceutical Science*, 1977, 66:1–19).

[0091] The compounds disclosed in the present specification may be present in the form of an unsolvated or solvated form. As used herein, the term ‘solvate’ describes a molecular complex comprising a compound disclosed in the present specification and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable solvent molecules, for example, water, ethanol, DMSO, or other organic solvents. When a compound disclosed in the present specification forms a solvate with water, the term “hydrate” may be used instead of “solvate.” Pharmaceutically acceptable solvates include hydrates and solvates wherein the solvent may be isotopically substituted, e.g., D₂O, d₆-acetone, d₆-DMSO.

II. Compounds

[0092] In one aspect, the present specification relates to a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, including an enantiomer, a diastereoisomer, a tautomer thereof:



Formula I

wherein

R₁ is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O-

- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12

membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and

vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

or **R**₁ and **R**₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form

- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, CD₃, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one

group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or

- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond;

R₃ is selected from

- i) hydrogen, deuterium, -CO₂R₆, -NR₆R₇, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -OR₆, CD₂CD₃, halo, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, sulfonate, phosphonate,
- ii) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate),

phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- iv) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and
- vi) C₁₋₅ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, -Si(C₁₋₆ alkyl), C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₄ is selected from -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, -NR₆CO₂R₇, -NR₆C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₇SO₂R₆, -NR₇SO₂NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, CN, -SO₂NR₆R₇, and -SO₂R₆;

R₅ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, -OR₆, halo, -NR₆R₇, CN, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and –NO₂;

R₆ and **R₇** are independently selected from

- i) hydrogen,
- ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, aralkyl, CD₃,
- iii) C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl,
- iv) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- vi) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and
- vii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

or **R₆** and **R₇** together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W;

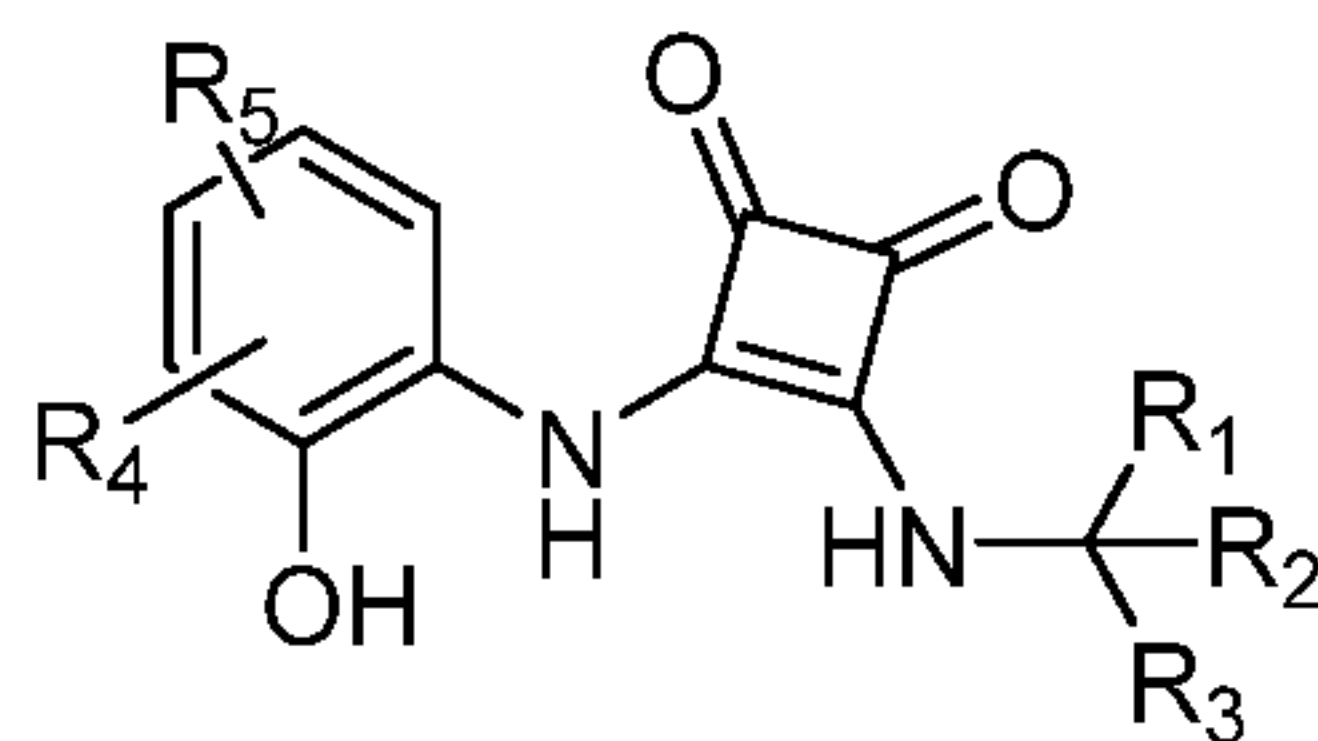
W is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl.

[0093] In some embodiments, the compounds of Formula I described above can be compounds of Formula I with one or more of the following provisos:

- a) that when **R₁** is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R₃** is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, and that when **R₃** is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R₁** is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above;
- b) that when any of **R₁**, **R₂**, or **R₃** are C₁₋₅ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and **R₄** is -SO₂NR₆R₇, **R₅** is not hydrogen;
- c) that when either **R₁** or **R₃** is 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, **R₂** is not C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;

- d) that when either R_1 or R_3 is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, and R_4 is $-\text{SO}_2\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, then neither R_6 or R_7 in the $-\text{SO}_2\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$ is hydrogen or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above;
- e) that when R_1 and R_2 together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above, and R_4 is $-\text{SO}_2\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, R_5 is not C_{1-6} alkyl or CN and both R_6 and R_7 in the $-\text{SO}_2\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$ are C_{1-6} alkyl; and
- f) that when R_1 and R_2 together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, R_3 is not hydrogen.

[0094] Accordingly, in another aspect, the present specification relates to a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, including an enantiomer, a diastereoisomer, a tautomer thereof:



Formula I

wherein

R_1 is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, $-\text{NR}_6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}_7$, halo, OR_6 , $\text{R}_6\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{O}-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, $-\text{NR}_6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}_7$, halo, OR_6 , $\text{R}_6\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{O}-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at

- least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and
- vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;
or **R₁** and **R₂** together with the carbon to which they are attached form

- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, CD₃, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or
- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at

least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond;

R₃ is selected from

- i) hydrogen, deuterium, -CO₂R₆, -NR₆R₇, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -OR₆, CD₂CD₃, halo, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, sulfonate, phosphonate,
- ii) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O-

(sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- v) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O-(sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and
- vi) C₁₋₅ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, -Si(C₁₋₆ alkyl), C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₄ is selected from -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, -NR₆CO₂R₇, -NR₆C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₇SO₂R₆, -NR₇SO₂NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, CN, -SO₂NR₆R₇, and -SO₂R₆;

R₅ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, -OR₆, halo, -NR₆R₇, CN, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and -NO₂;

R₆ and **R₇** are independently selected from

- i) hydrogen,
- ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, aralkyl, CD₃,
- iii) C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl,
- iv) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- v) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- vi) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and
- vii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

or **R**₆ and **R**₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W;

W is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl; with the provisos:

- a) that when **R**₁ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₃ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, and that when **R**₃ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₁ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above;
- b) that when any of **R**₁, **R**₂, or **R**₃ are C₁₋₅ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, **R**₅ is not hydrogen;
- c) that when either **R**₁ or **R**₃ is 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₂ is not C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
- d) that when either **R**₁ or **R**₃ is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, then neither **R**₆ or **R**₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ is hydrogen or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above;
- e) that when **R**₁ and **R**₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above, and **R**₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, **R**₅ is not C₁₋₆ alkyl or CN and both **R**₆ and **R**₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ are C₁₋₆ alkyl; and
- f) that when **R**₁ and **R**₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, **R**₃ is not hydrogen.

[0095] In some embodiments **R**₁ is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one

group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and

vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl; and

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl; and

R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in Formula I.

[0096] In some embodiments, R₁ is C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.

[0097] In some embodiments, R₁ is C₁₋₁₀ alkyl substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆ and 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl.

[0098] In some embodiments, R₁ is unsubstituted C₁₋₁₀ alkyl.

[0099] In some embodiments, R₂ is hydrogen.

[00100] In some embodiments, R₃ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as in Formula I.

[00101] In some embodiments, R₃ is unsubstituted 6 to 12 membered aryl.

[00102] In some embodiments, R₆ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.

[00103] In some embodiments, R₆ is hydrogen or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl.

[00104] In some embodiments, R₆ is hydrogen.

[00105] In some embodiments, R₂ is hydrogen.

[00106] In some embodiments, R₃ is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.

[00107] In some embodiments, R₃ is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one C₁₋₆ alkyl group.

[00108] In some embodiments, R₃ is unsubstituted 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl.

- [00109] In some embodiments R_3 is $-C(O)NR_6R_7$, wherein R_6 and R_7 are as defined in Formula I.
- [00110] In some embodiments, R_2 is C_{1-5} alkyl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.
- [00111] In some embodiments, R_3 is hydrogen.
- [00112] In some embodiments, R_3 is C_{1-5} alkyl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.
- [00113] In some embodiments, R_3 is unsubstituted C_{1-5} alkyl.
- [00114] In some embodiments, R_3 is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.
- [00115] In some embodiments, R_3 is unsubstituted 6 to 12 membered aryl.
- [00116] In some embodiments R_1 and R_2 together with the carbon to which they are attached form
- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-NR_6R_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $C(O)O-$, $-C(O)O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C(O)NR_6R_7$, $-NR_6C(O)R_7$, halo, OR_6 , $R_6S(O)_2O-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
 - ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-NR_6R_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $C(O)O-$, $-C(O)O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C(O)NR_6R_7$, $-NR_6C(O)R_7$, halo, OR_6 , $R_6S(O)_2O-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, CD₃, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or
- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond; and

R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in Formula 1.

[00117] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.

[00118] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one C₁₋₆ alkyl group.

[00119] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.

[00120] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one C₁₋₆ alkyl group.

[00121] In some embodiments R_1 and R_2 together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described in Formula I.

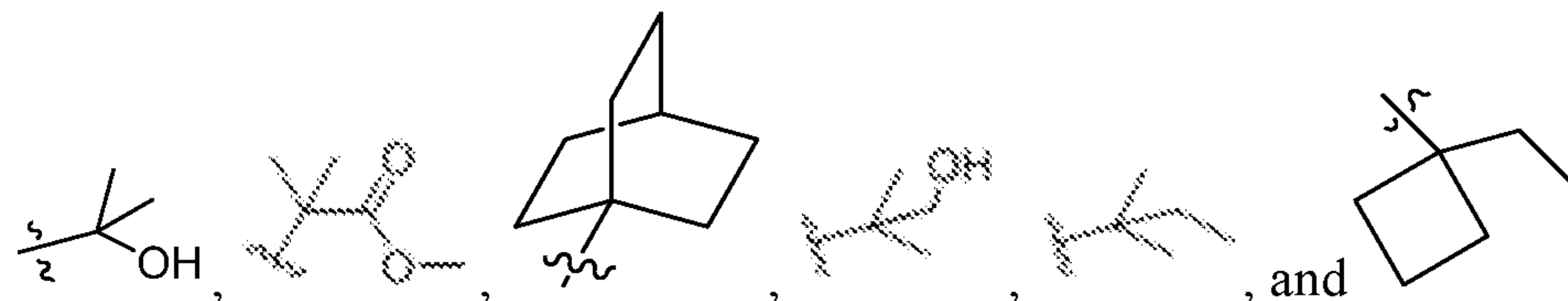
[00122] In some embodiments R_1 and R_2 together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, and 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W.

[00123] In some embodiments, R_1 is selected from 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, tri- C_{1-5} alkylsilyl, and C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR_6 , 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, $-CO_2R_6$, $-C(O)NR_6R_7$, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C_{2-5} alkenyl, and C_{2-5} alkynyl, wherein each of the 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl is optionally further substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-NR_6R_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $C(O)O-$, $-C(O)O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $C(O)NR_6R_7$, $-NR_6C(O)R_7$, halo, OR_6 , $R_6S(O)_2O-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and wherein R_6 , R_7 , and W are the same as defined for Formula I.

[00124] In some embodiments, R_1 is selected from 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl, tri- C_{1-5} alkylsilyl, and C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR_6 , $-CO_2R_6$, $-C(O)NR_6R_7$, and halo, wherein the 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, halo, and OR_6 , R_6 and R_7 are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, 3 to 7 membered cycloalkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-5} alkenyl, and C_{2-5} alkynyl.

[00125] In some embodiments, R₁ is selected from methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl,

methoxymethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl,



[00126] In some embodiments, R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl. In some embodiments, R₂ is hydrogen or C₁₋₅ alkyl.

[00127] In some embodiments, R₂ is selected from hydrogen, methyl, and ethyl.

[00128] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached from a 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, or 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, and provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond, wherein each of the 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl is optionally further substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and wherein R₆, R₇, and W are the same as defined for Formula I.

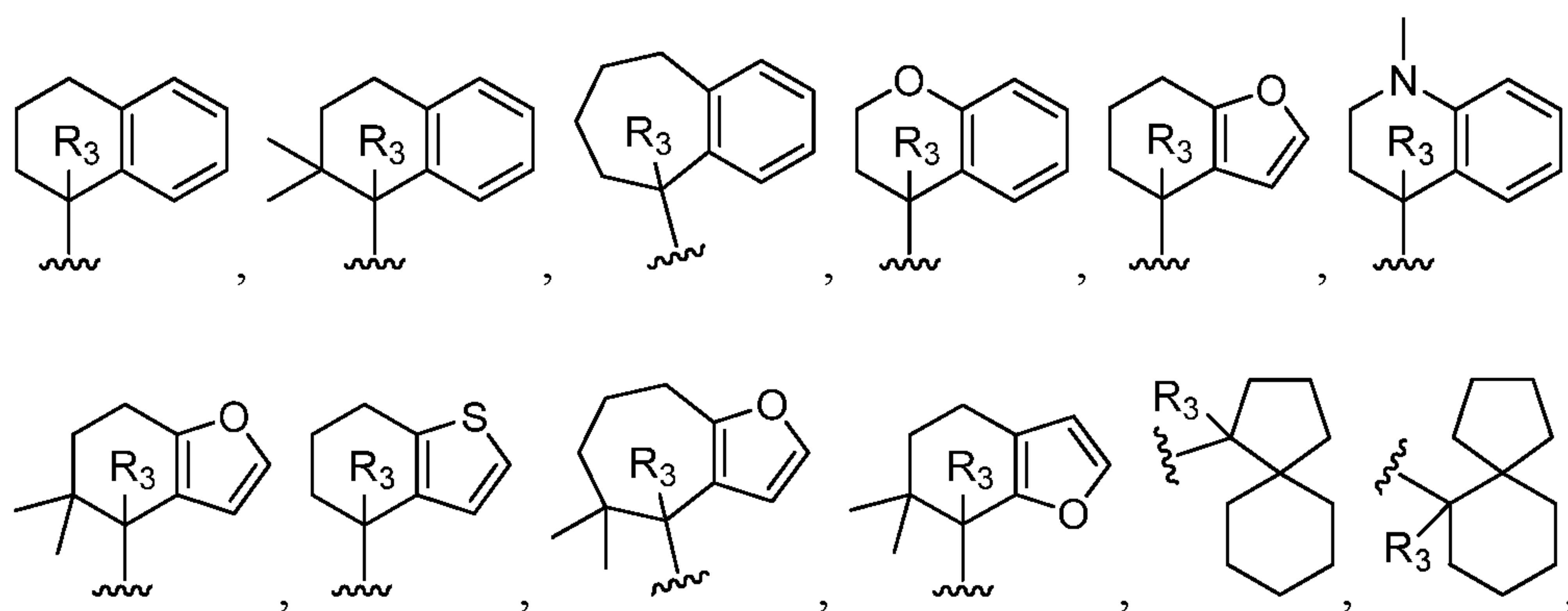
[00129] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached from a 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₃ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond, wherein each of the 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, and 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl is optionally further substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11

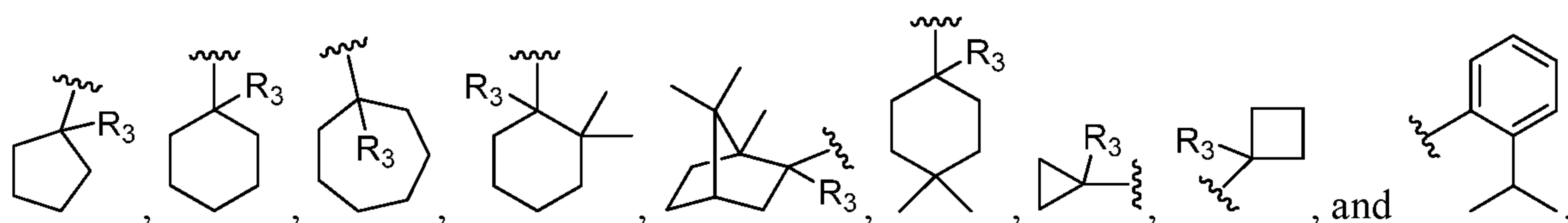
membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and wherein R₆, R₇, and W are the same as defined for Formula I.

[00130] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₃ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond, wherein each of the 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, and 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, OR₆, and halo, and wherein R₆ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, 3 to 7 membered cycloalkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl.

[00131] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form phenyl, indane, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene, chromane, isochromane, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline, thiochromane 1,1-dioxide, 6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5H-benzo[7]annulene, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentane, cyclohexane, cyclohexene, cycloheptane, (1s,4s)-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane, spiro[2.5]octane, spiro[3.5]nonane, spiro[4.5]decane, [5.5]undecane, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[b]thiophene, or 4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-indole, each of which is optionally substituted with least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, 5 to 8 membered heteroaryl, and halo.

[00132] In some embodiments, R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring selected from





wherein indicates the point of attachment to NH.

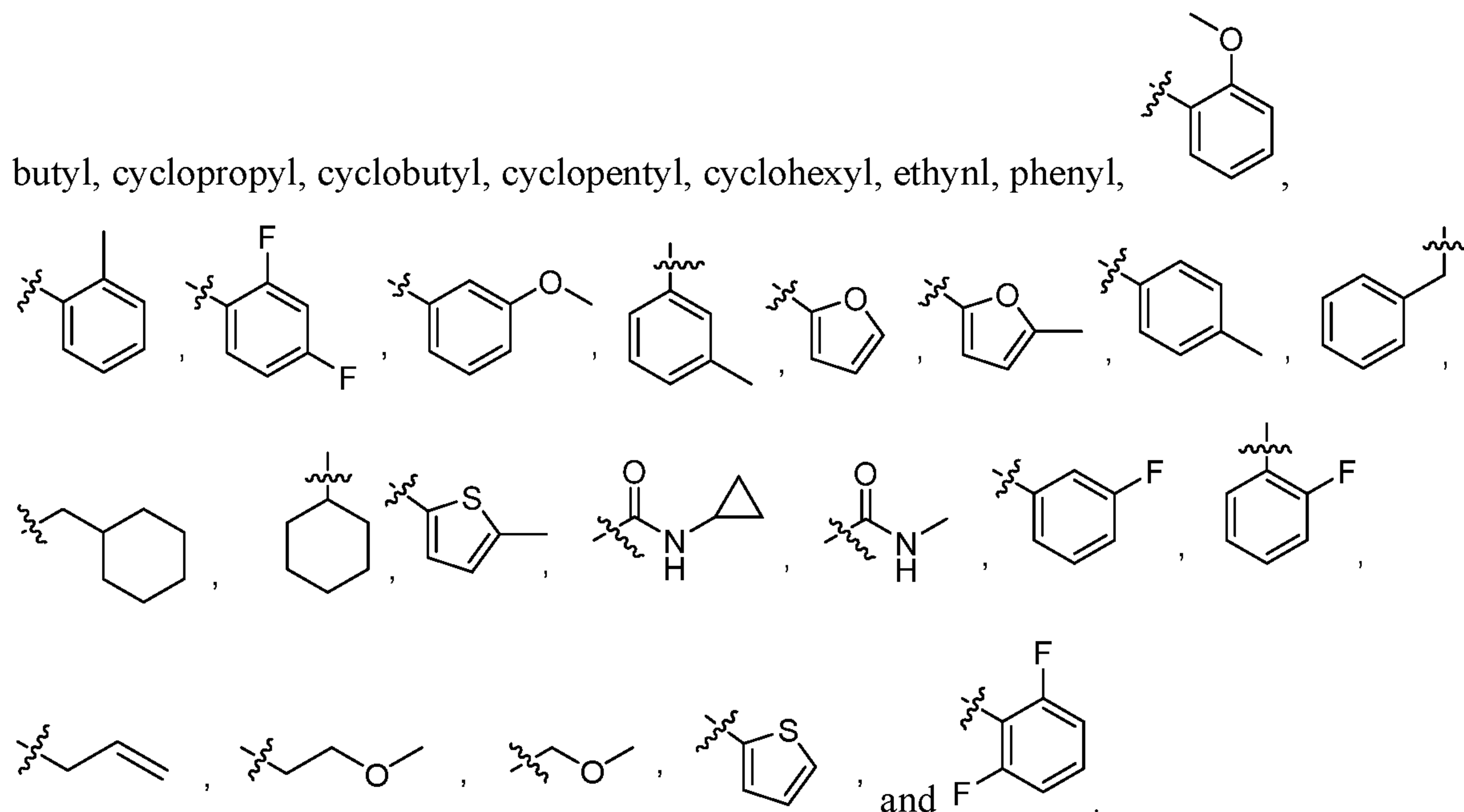
[00133] In some embodiments, R_3 is selected from hydrogen, $-\text{CO}_2R_6$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6R_7$, C_{2-5} alkenyl, C_{2-5} alkynyl, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, and C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR_6 , 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, $-\text{CO}_2R_6$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6R_7$, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C_{2-5} alkenyl, and C_{2-5} alkynyl, wherein each of the 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl is optionally further substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-\text{NR}_6R_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6R_7$, $-\text{NR}_6\text{C}(\text{O})R_7$, halo, OR_6 , $\text{R}_6\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{O}-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and wherein R_6 , R_7 , and W are the same as defined for Formula I.

[00134] In some embodiments, R_3 is selected from hydrogen, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6R_7$, C_{2-5} alkenyl, C_{2-5} alkynyl, phenyl, 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl, 5 to 8 membered heteroaryl, and C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR_6 , 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl, and phenyl, wherein each of the phenyl, 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl, and 5 to 8 membered heteroaryl is optionally further substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, halo, and OR_6 , and wherein R_6 and R_7 are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, 3 to 6 membered cycloalkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-5} alkenyl, and C_{2-5} alkynyl.

[00135] In some embodiments, R_3 is selected from hydrogen, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6R_7$, C_{2-5} alkenyl, C_{2-5} alkynyl, phenyl, 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl, 5 to 8 membered heteroaryl, and C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from methoxy, ethoxy, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, and phenyl, wherein each of the phenyl, 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl, and 5 to 8 membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with at least one group selected from

C₁₋₆ alkyl, OR₆, and halo, and wherein R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and 3 to 6 membered cycloalkyl.

[00136] In some embodiments, R₃ is selected from hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl, tert-



[00137] In some embodiments, R₄ is selected from -C(O)NR₆R₇ and -SO₂NR₆R₇, R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from i) hydrogen, ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, aralkyl, iii) C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, iv) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, v) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, vi) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and vii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, W consists of C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl.

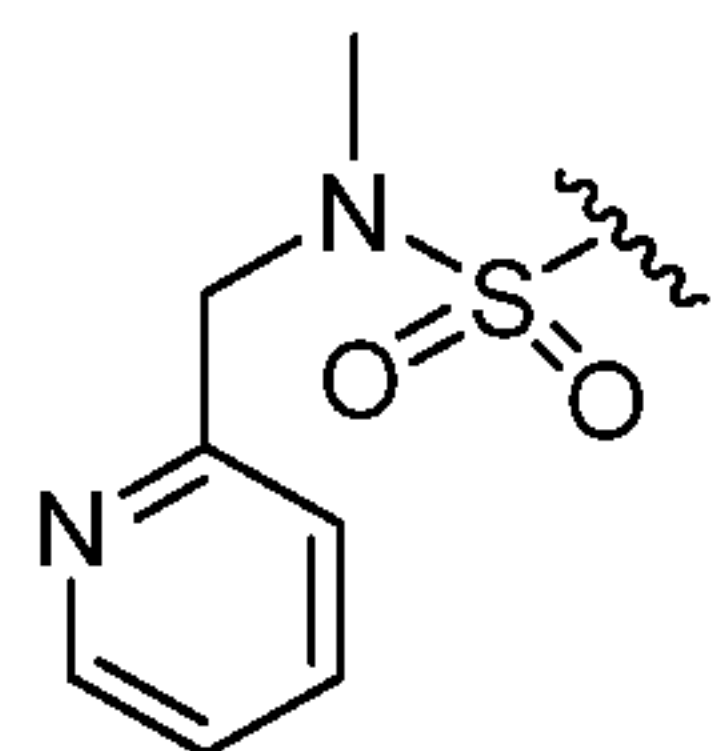
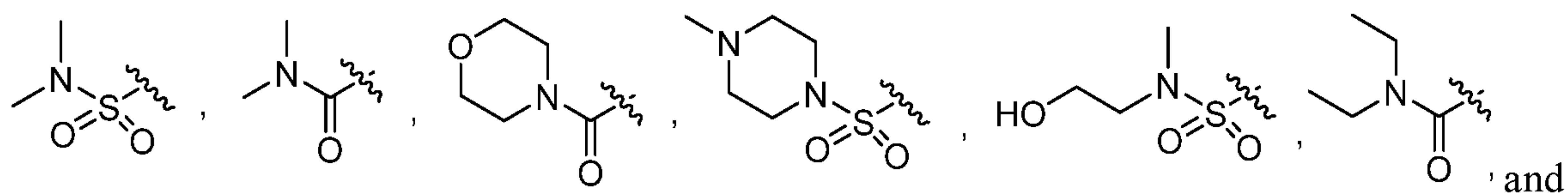
[00138] In some embodiments, R₄ is selected from -C(O)NR₆R₇ and -SO₂NR₆R₇, R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, and aralkyl, or R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl. In some embodiments, R₆ and R₇ together with the

nitrogen to which they are attached form a pyrrolidine, piperidine, piperazine, or morpholine, wherein each of the pyrrolidine, piperidine, piperazine, and morpholine is optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl.

[00139] In some embodiments, R₄ is -C(O)NR₆R₇, R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, and aralkyl, or R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl. In some embodiments, R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, and aralkyl. In some embodiments, R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl. In some embodiments, R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a pyrrolidine, piperidine, piperazine, or morpholine, wherein each of the pyrrolidine, piperidine, piperazine, and morpholine is optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl.

[00140] In some embodiments, R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, and aralkyl, or R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl. In some embodiments, R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, and aralkyl. In some embodiments, R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl. In some embodiments, R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a pyrrolidine, piperidine, piperazine, or morpholine, wherein each of the pyrrolidine, piperidine, piperazine, and morpholine is optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl.

[00141] In some embodiments, R₄ is selected from



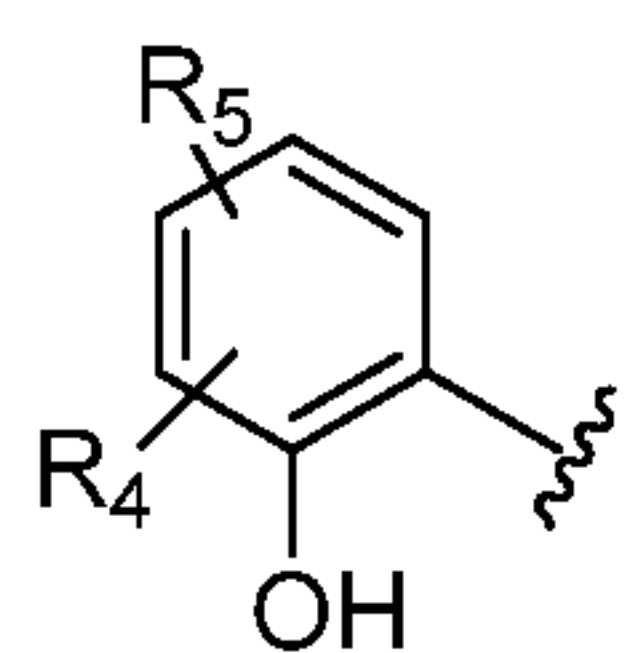
[00142] In some embodiments, R₄ is halo.

[00143] In some embodiments, R₅ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, and halo.

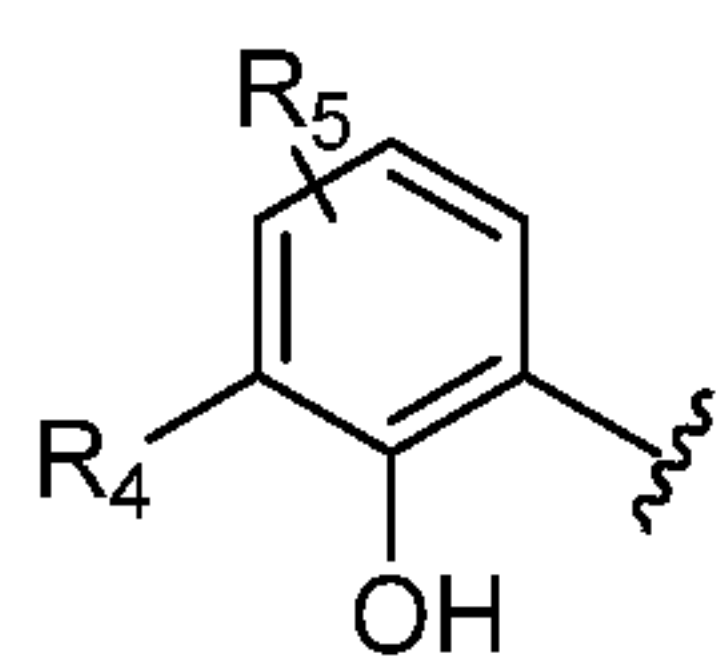
[00144] In some embodiments, R₅ is hydrogen or halo. In some embodiments, R₅ is hydrogen. In some embodiments, R₅ is halo. In some embodiments, R₅ is chlorine.

[00145] In some embodiments, R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, and aralkyl, or R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl.

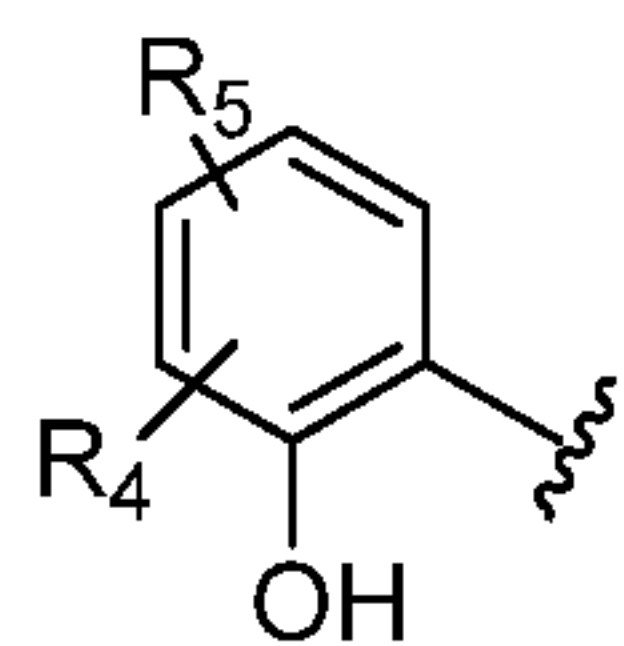
[00146] In some embodiments, the moiety:



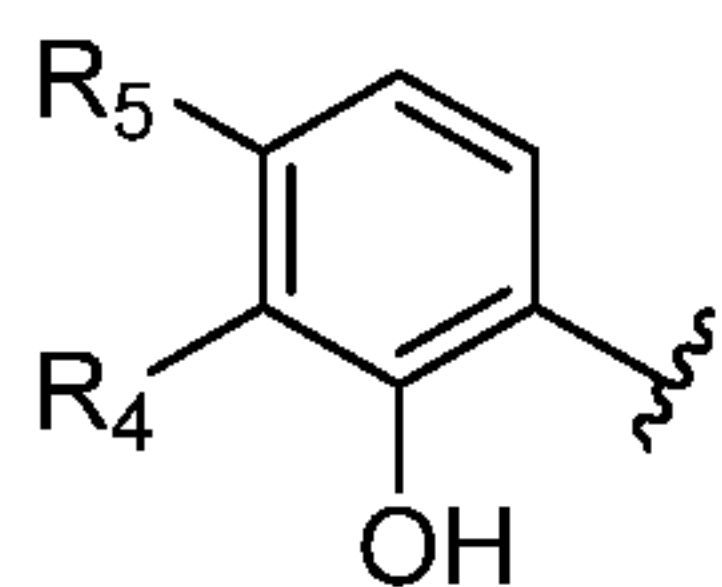
in Formula I is of the form:



[00147] In some embodiments, the moiety:

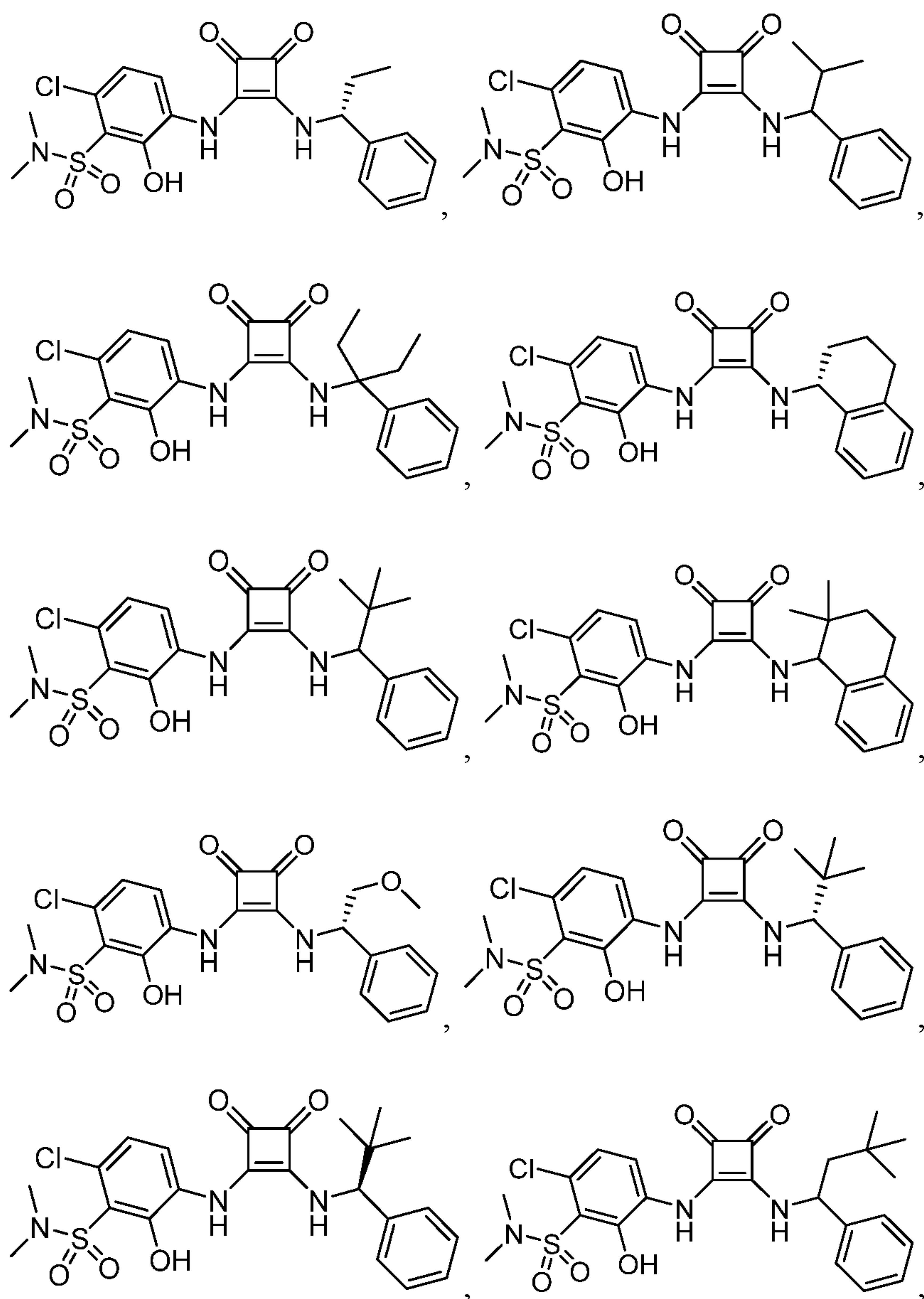


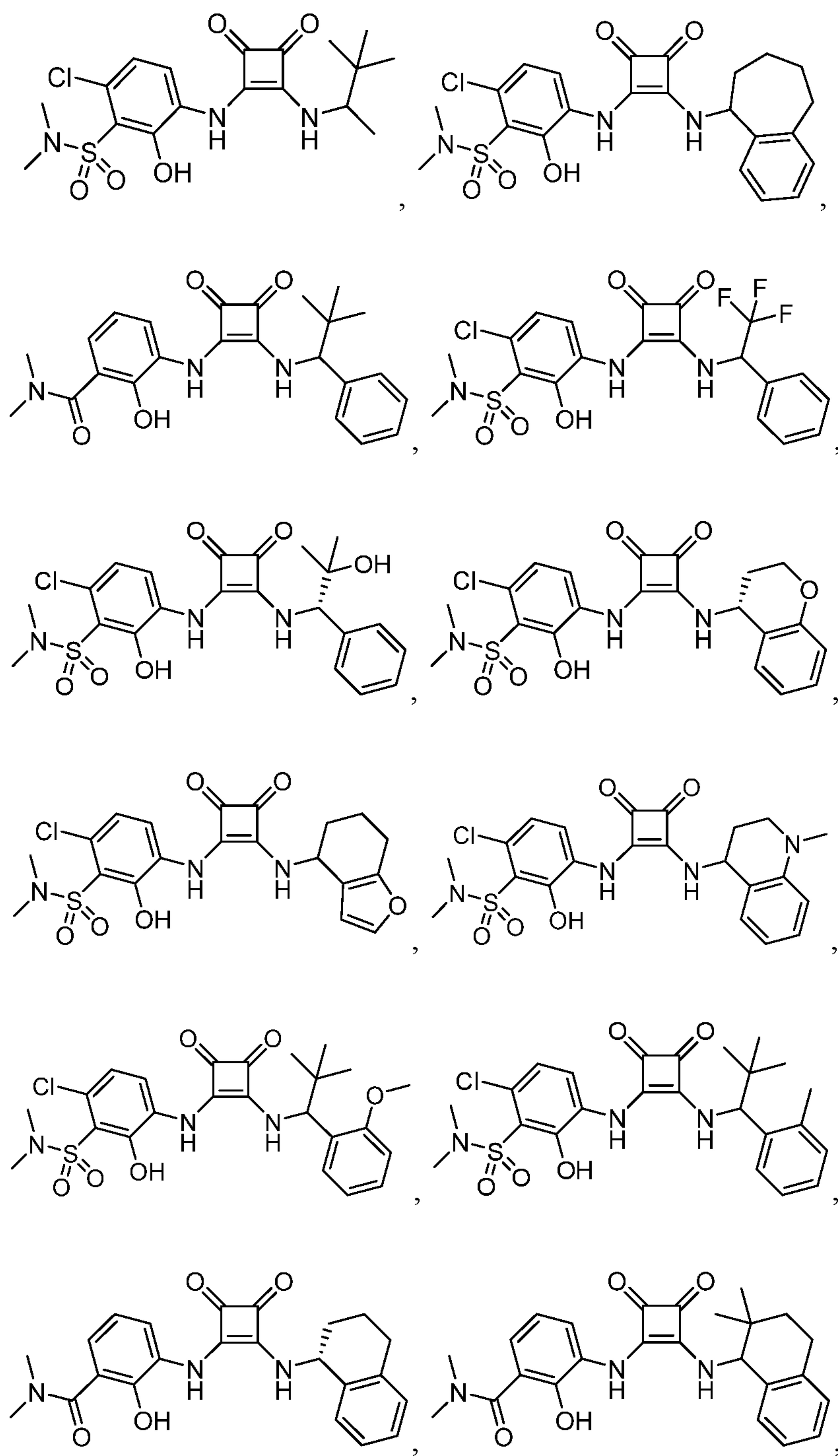
in Formula I is of the form:

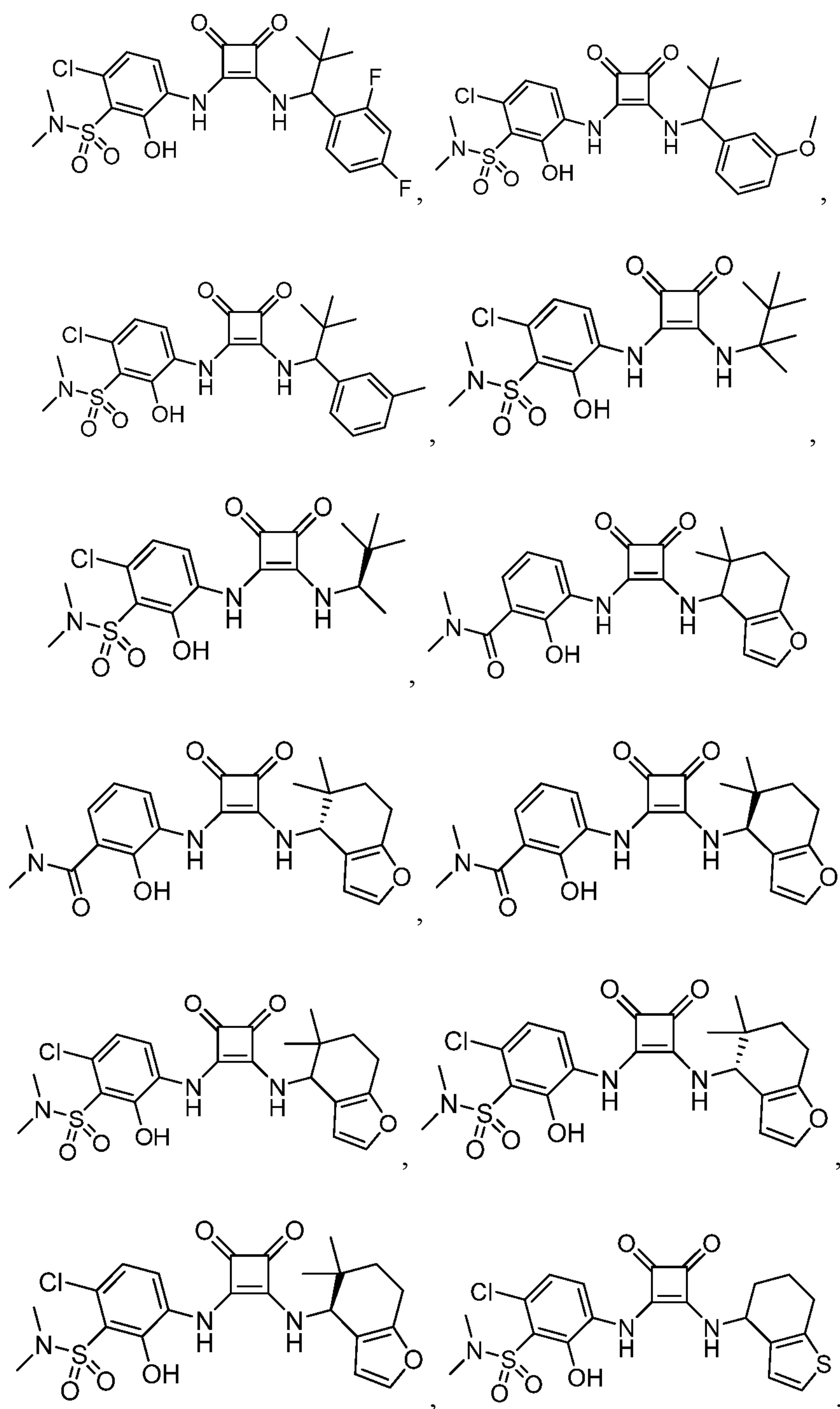


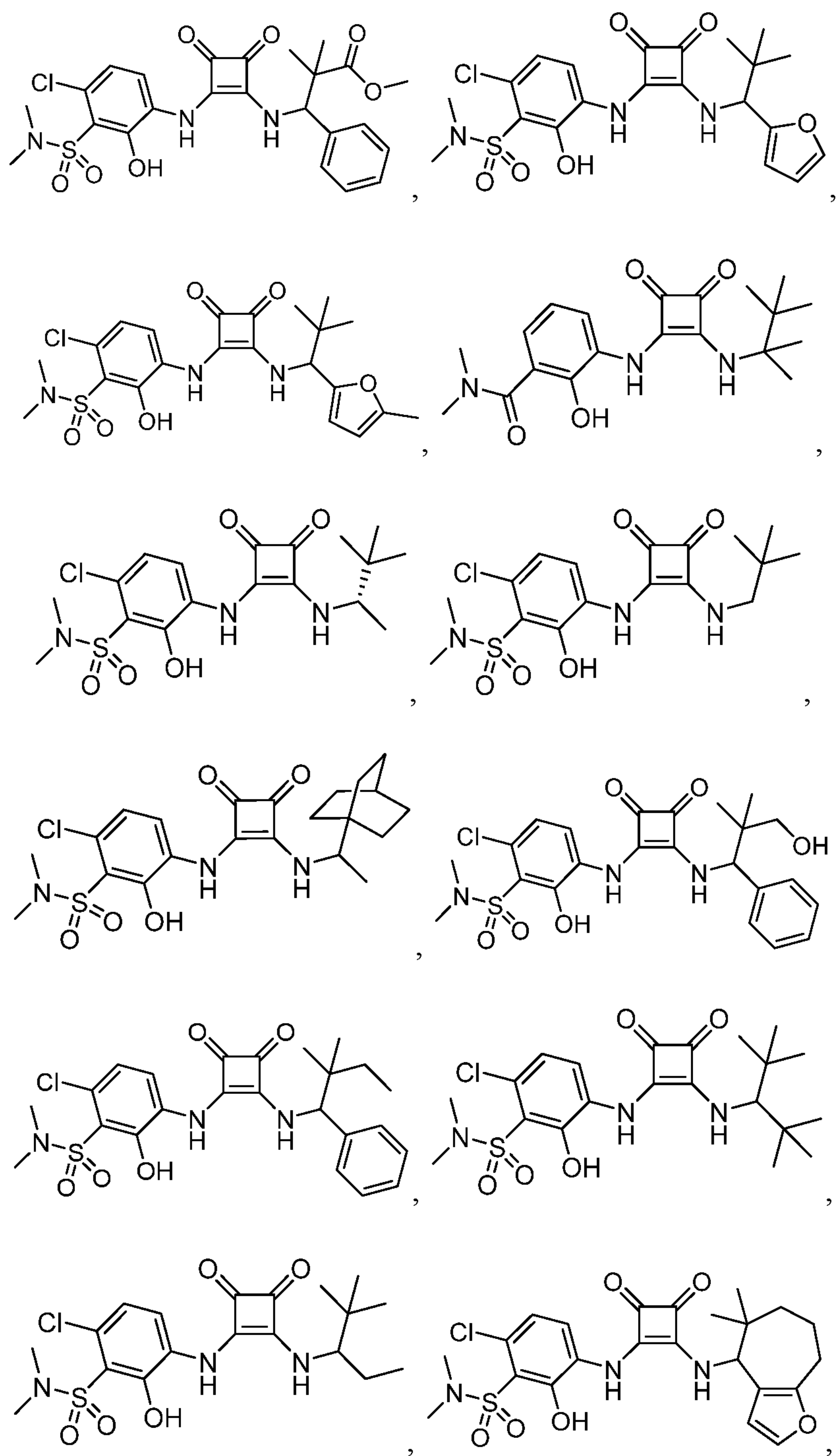
[00148] Each embodiment for each of R₁-R₇, as disclosed herein, can be in any combination with one another, unless otherwise provided for.

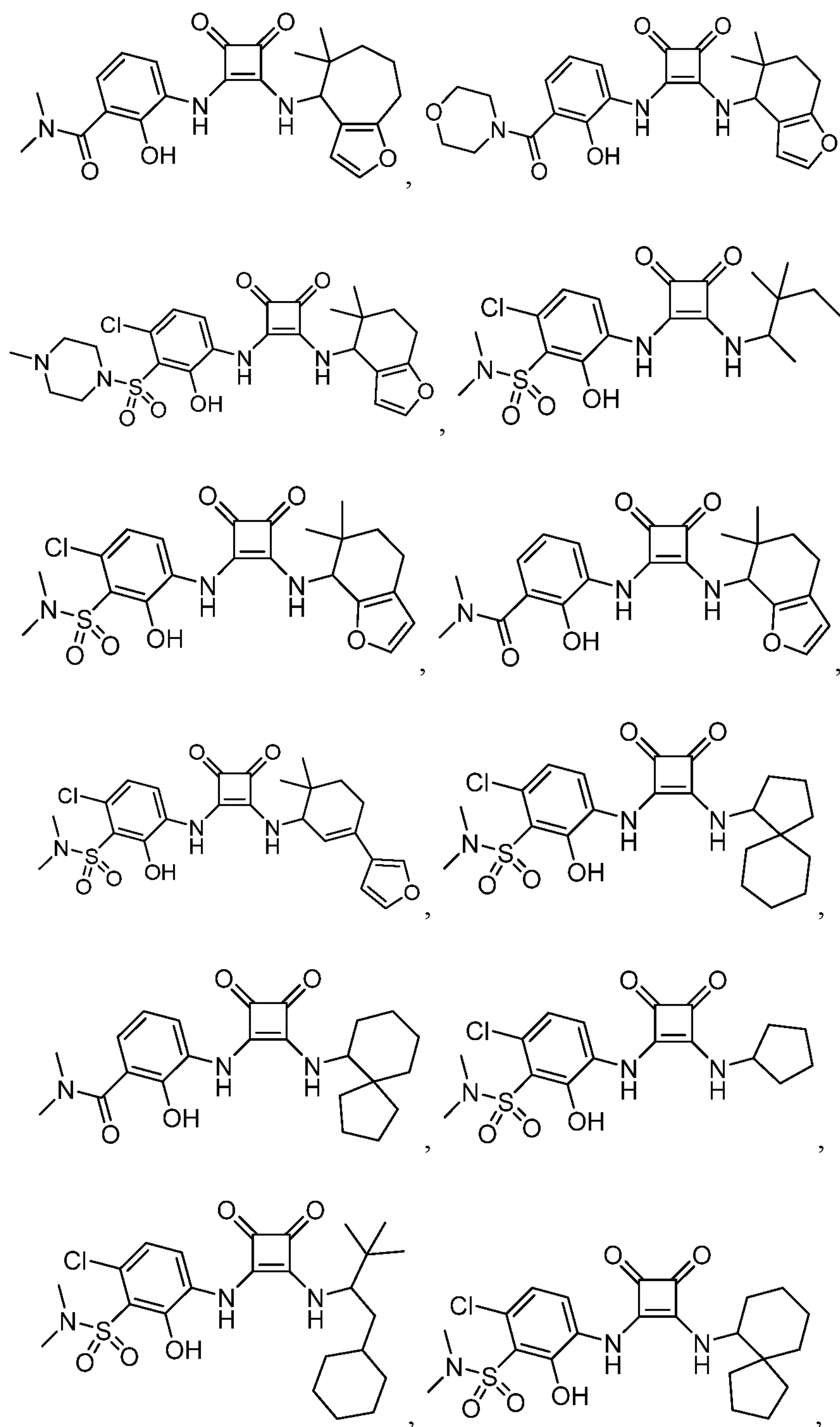
[00149] In some embodiments, the compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is selected from

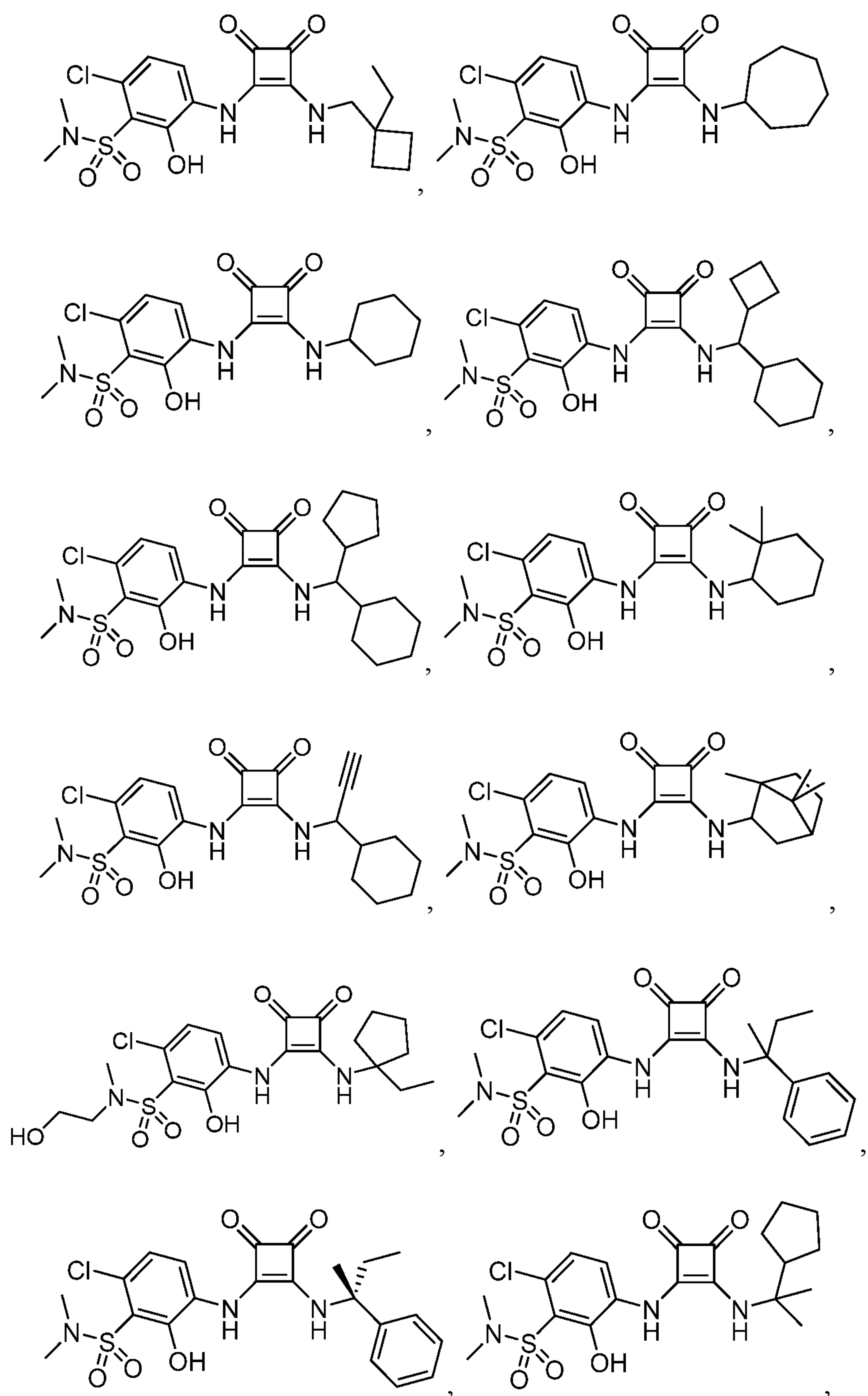


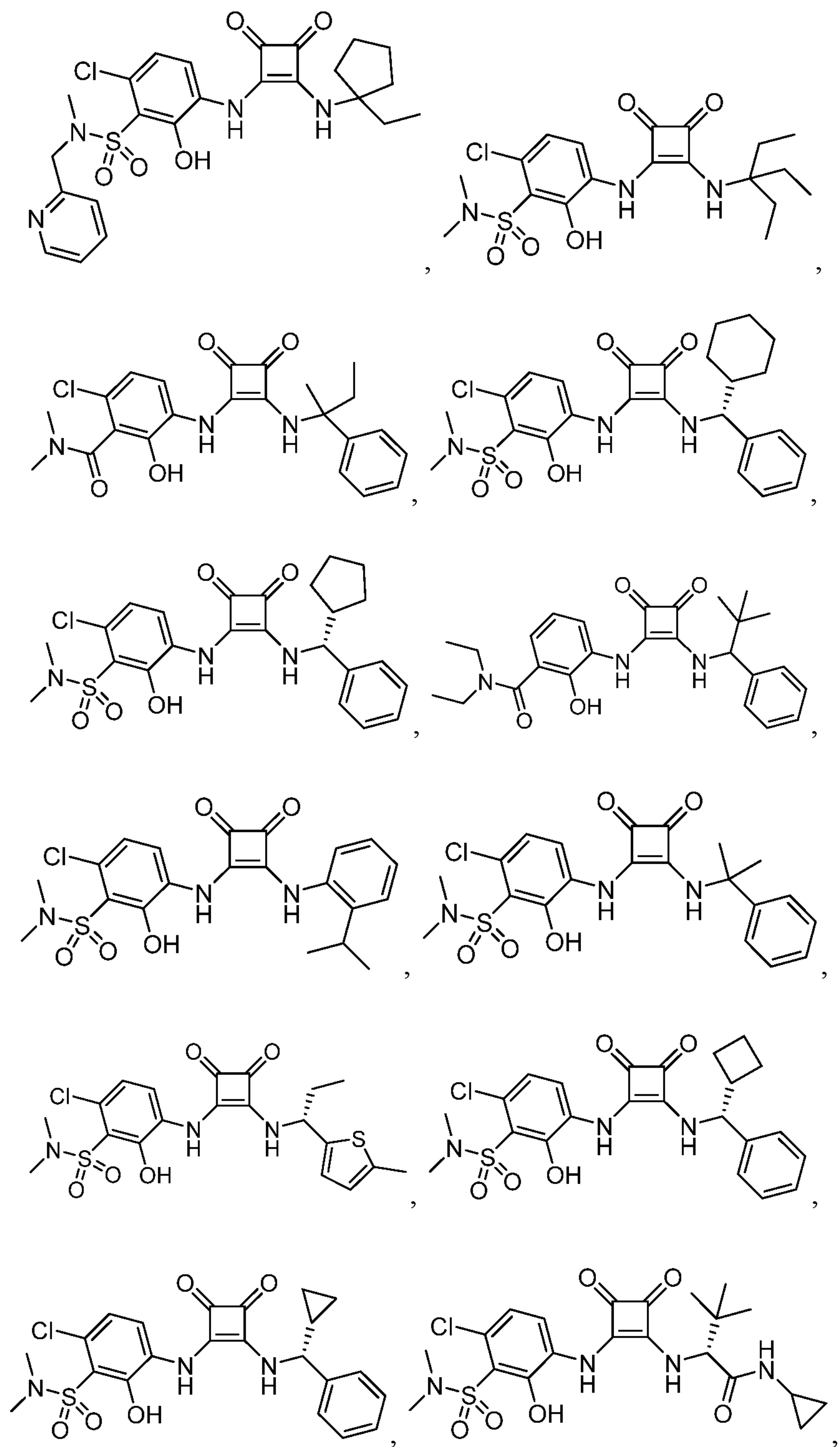


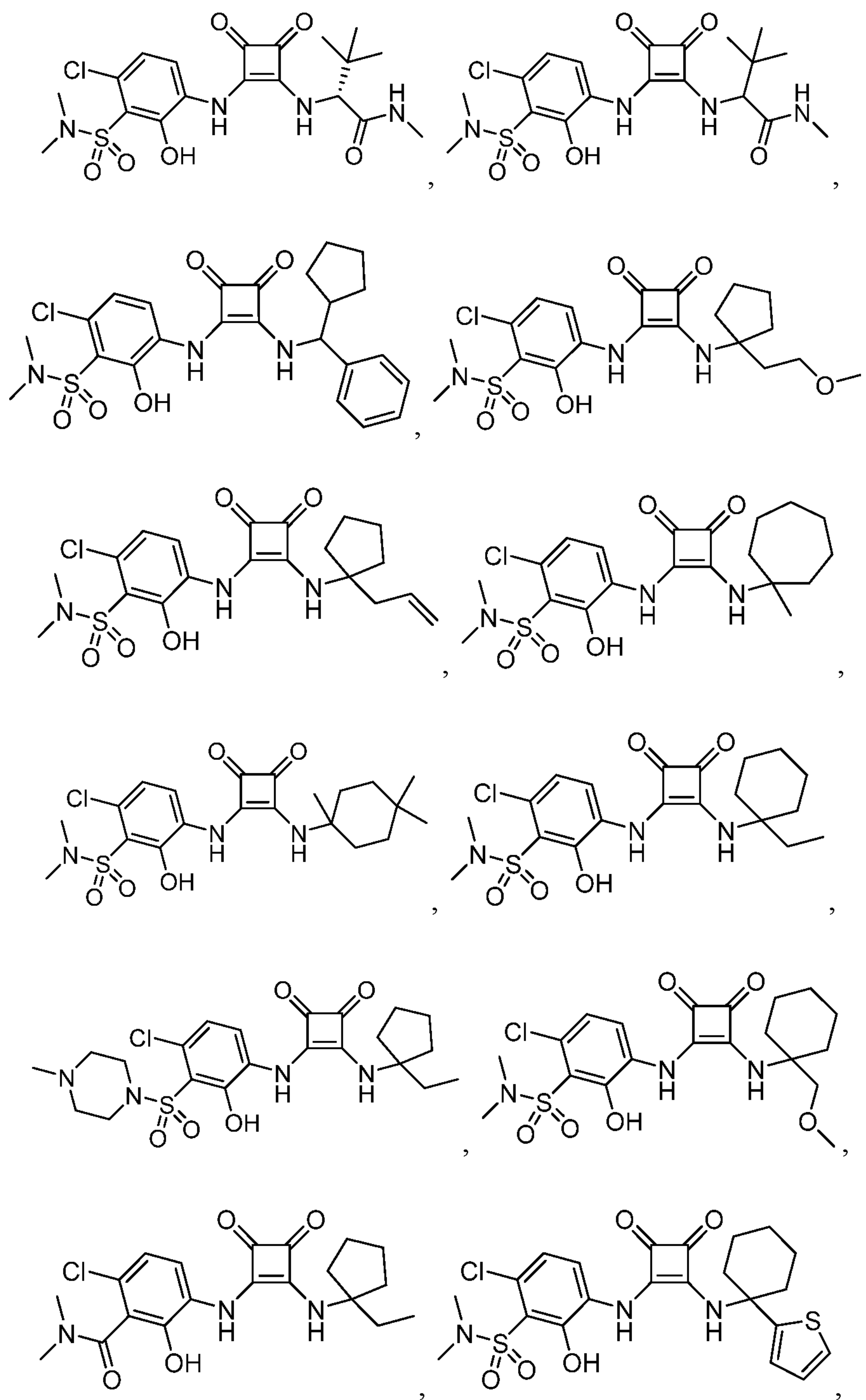


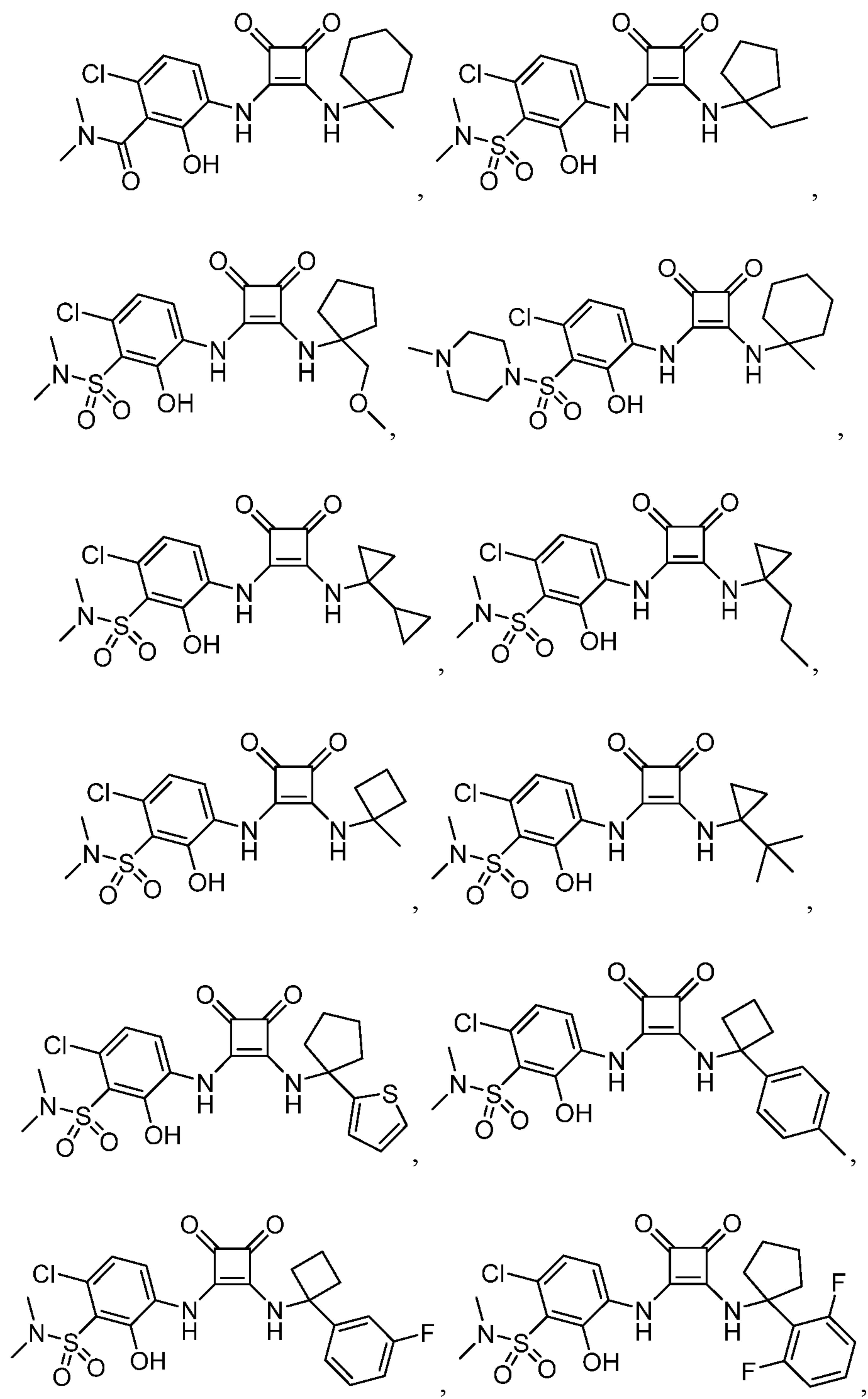


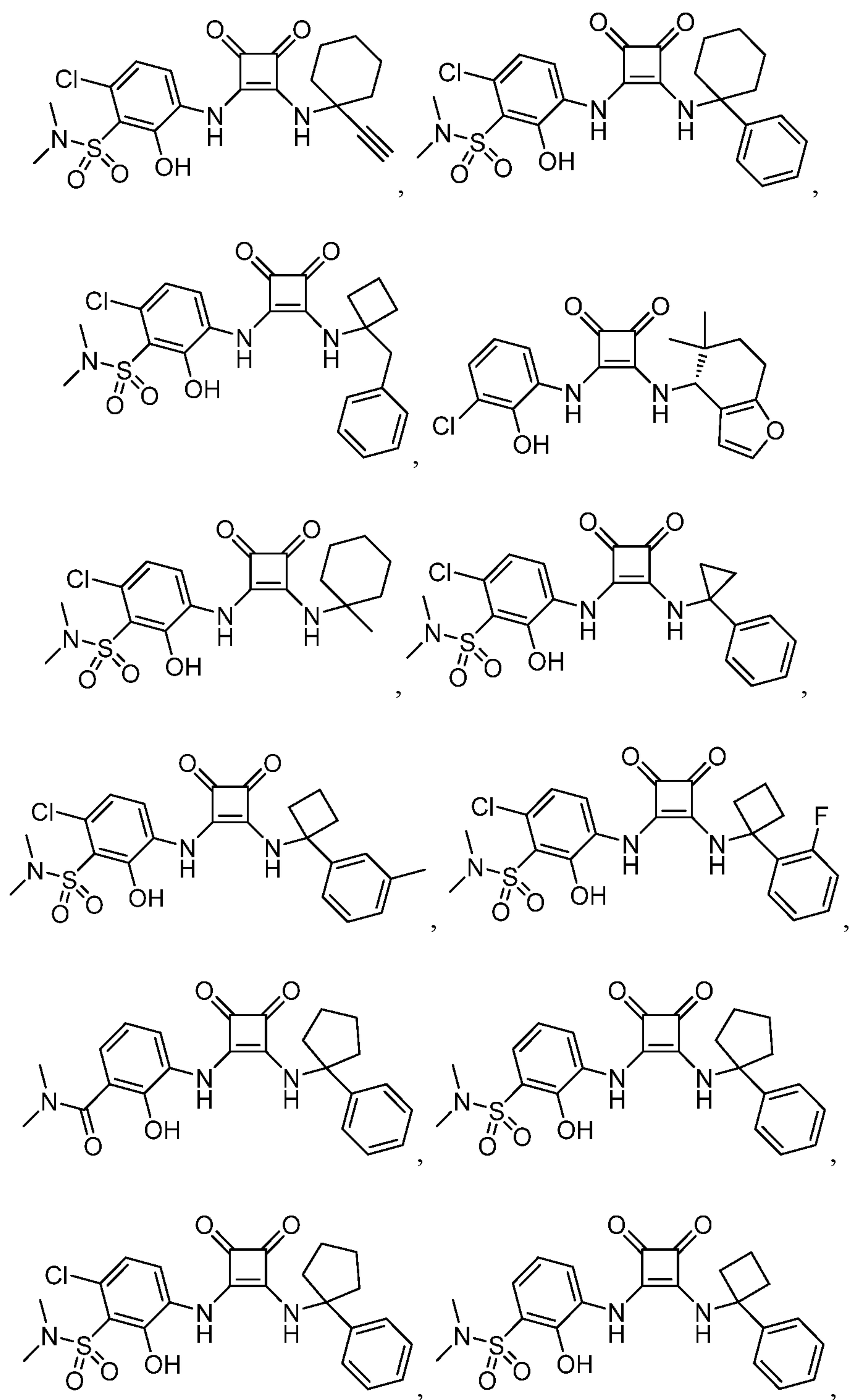


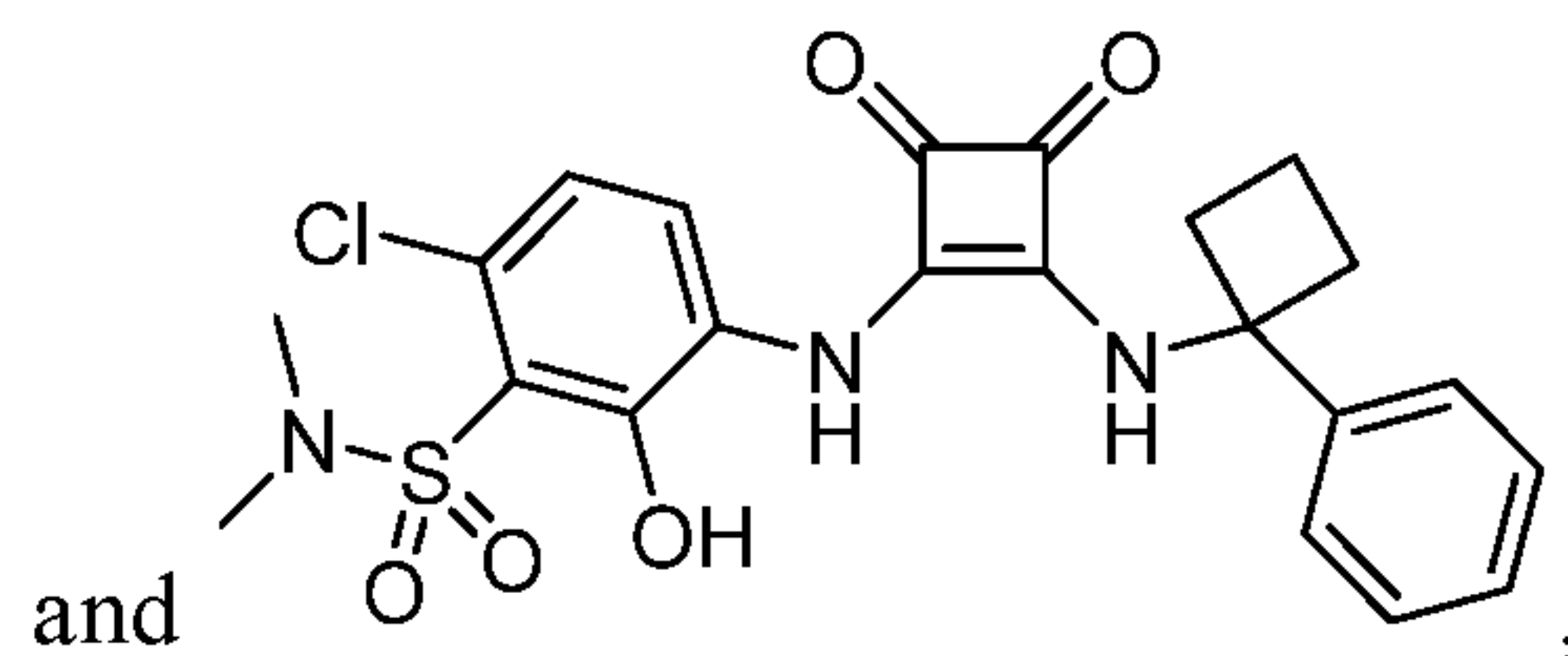








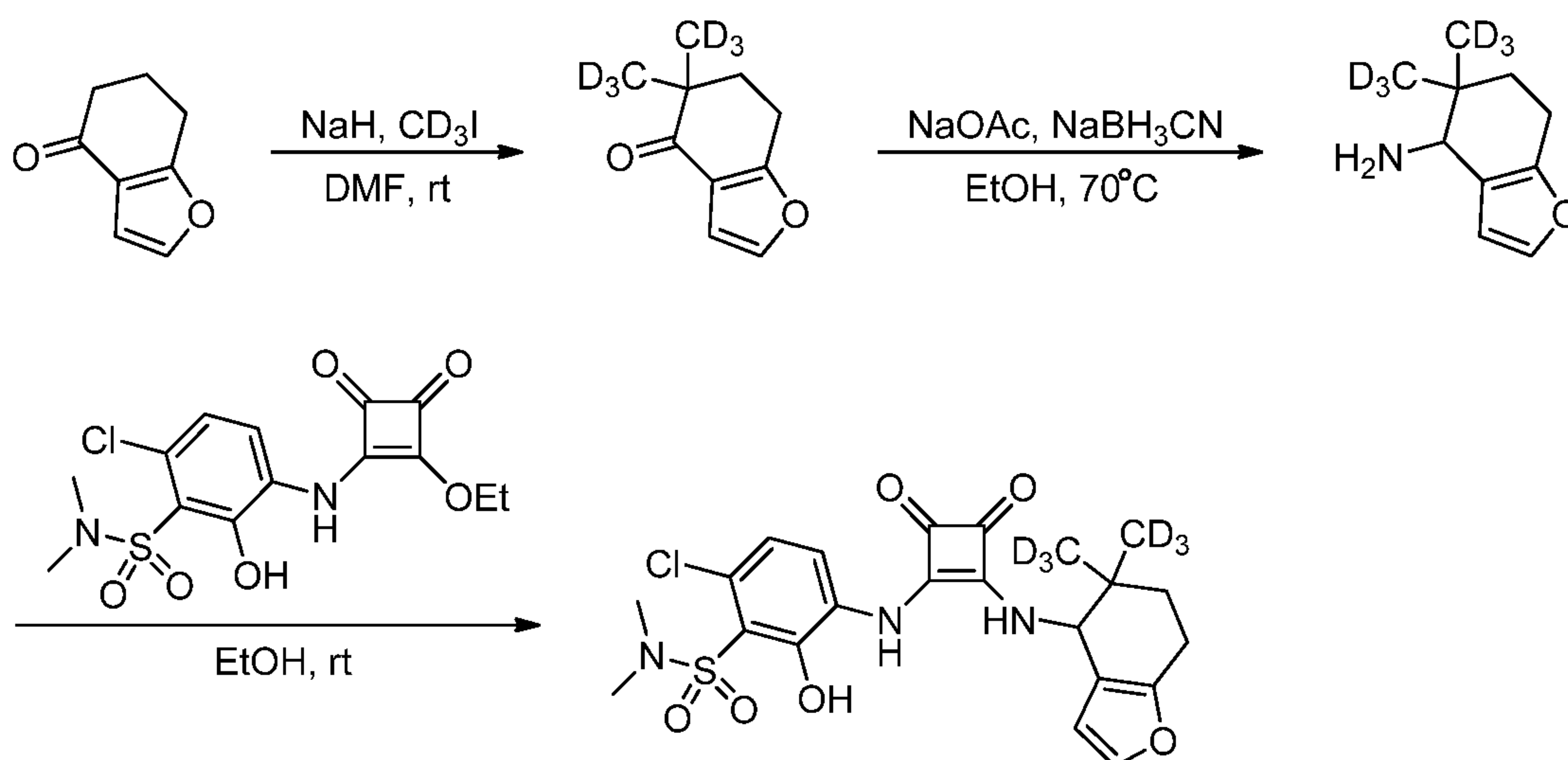


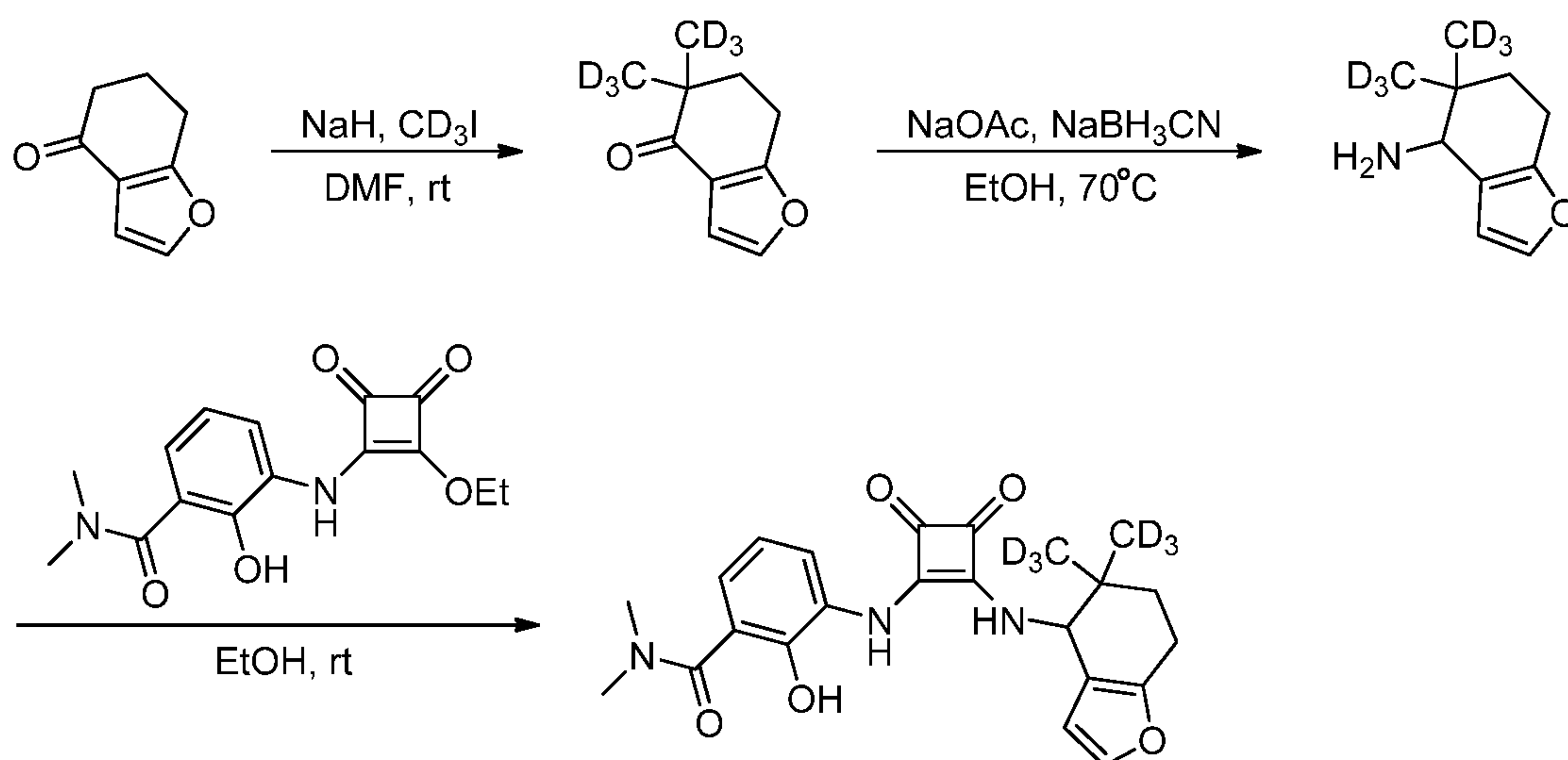
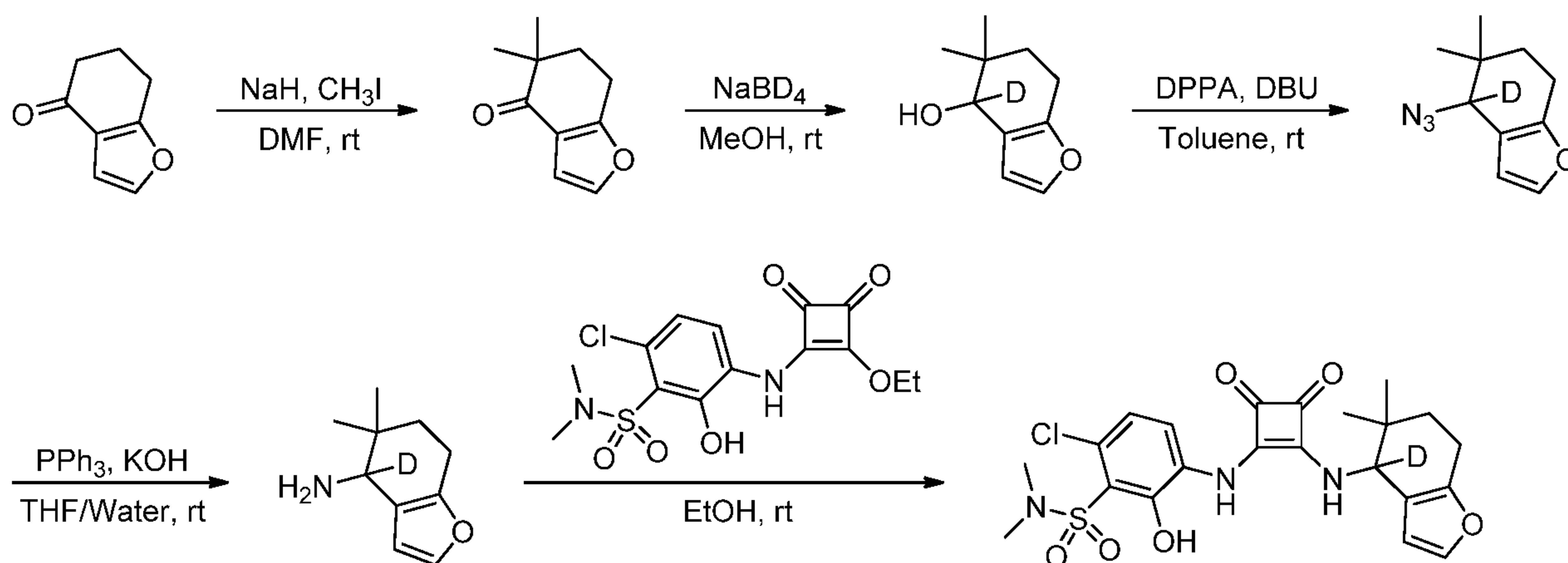


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

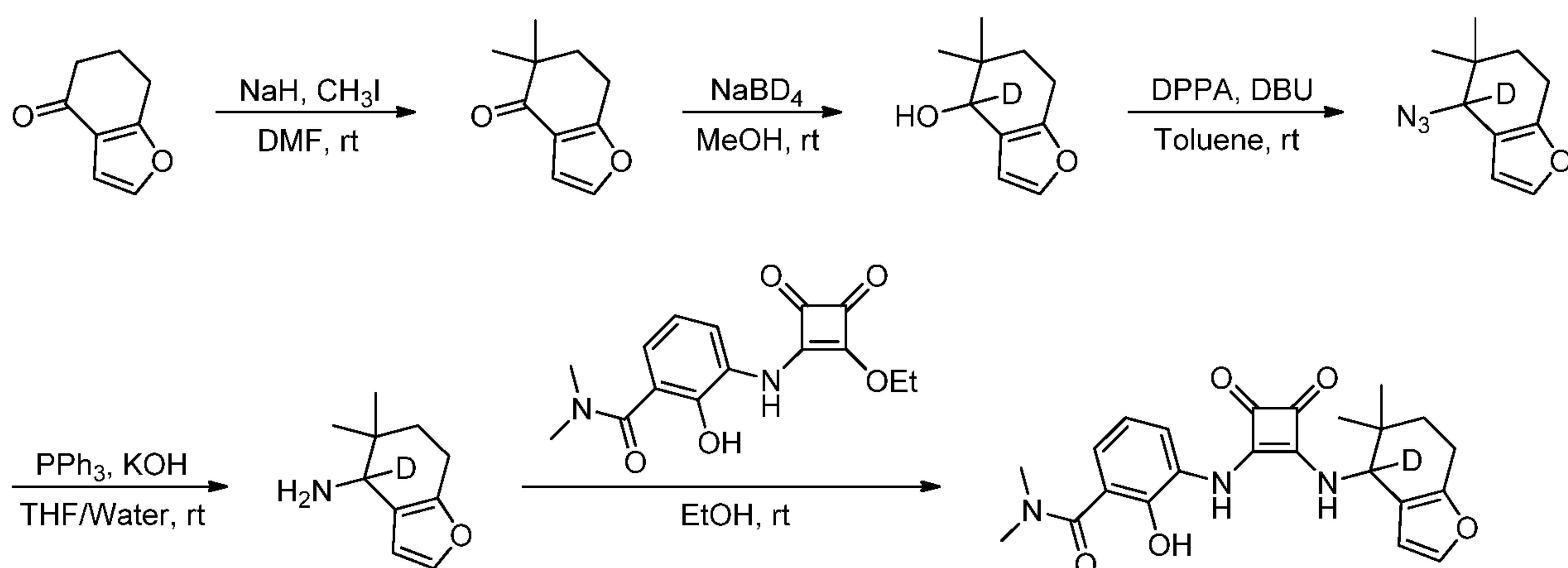
[00150] In some embodiments, the compounds described herein (e.g. compounds of Formula I) can be deuterated, wherein one or more of the hydrogens atoms (^1H atoms) are replaced with deuterium (^2H or D). Non-limiting example deuterated compounds and syntheses are shown in schemes 1–8 below.

Scheme 1:

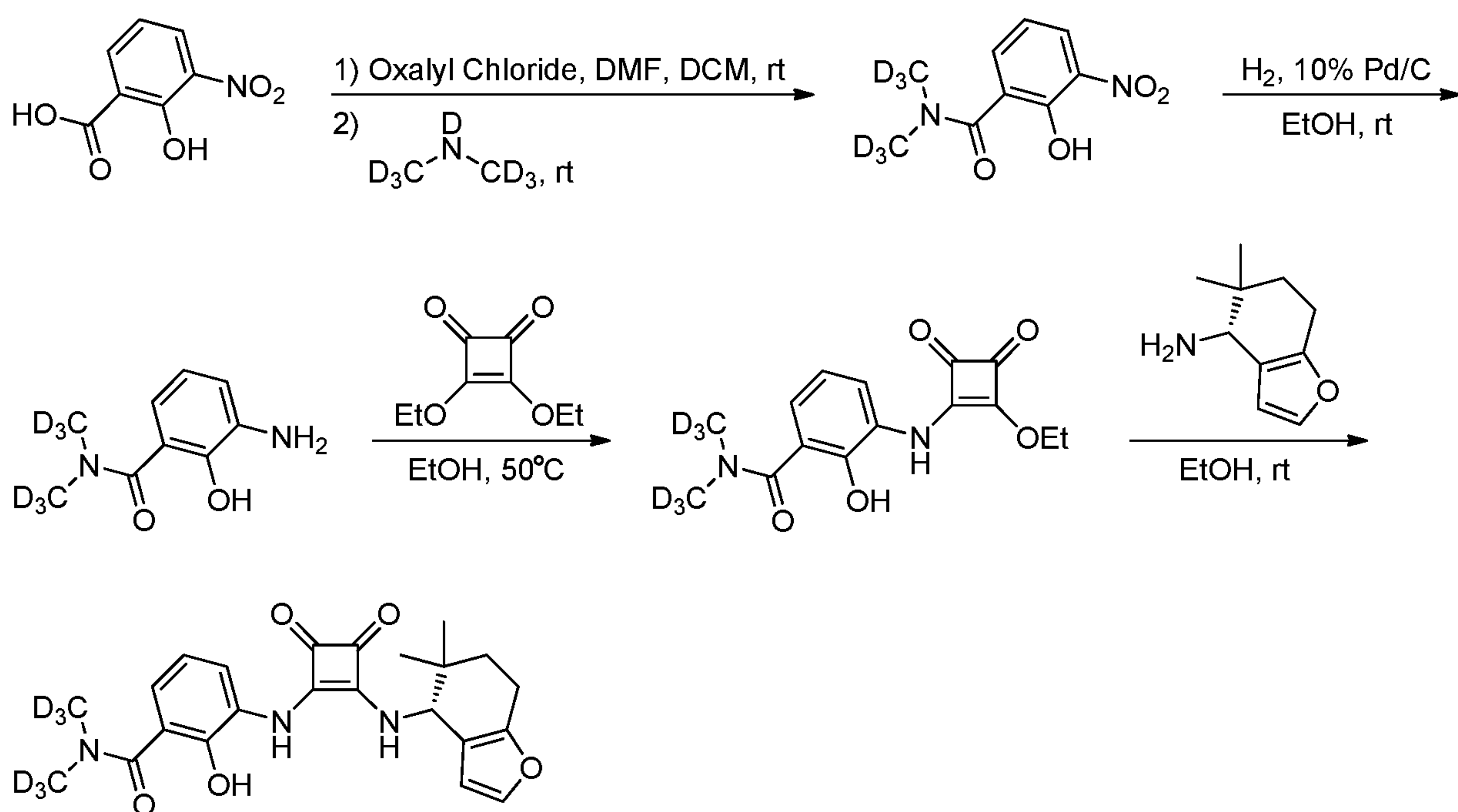


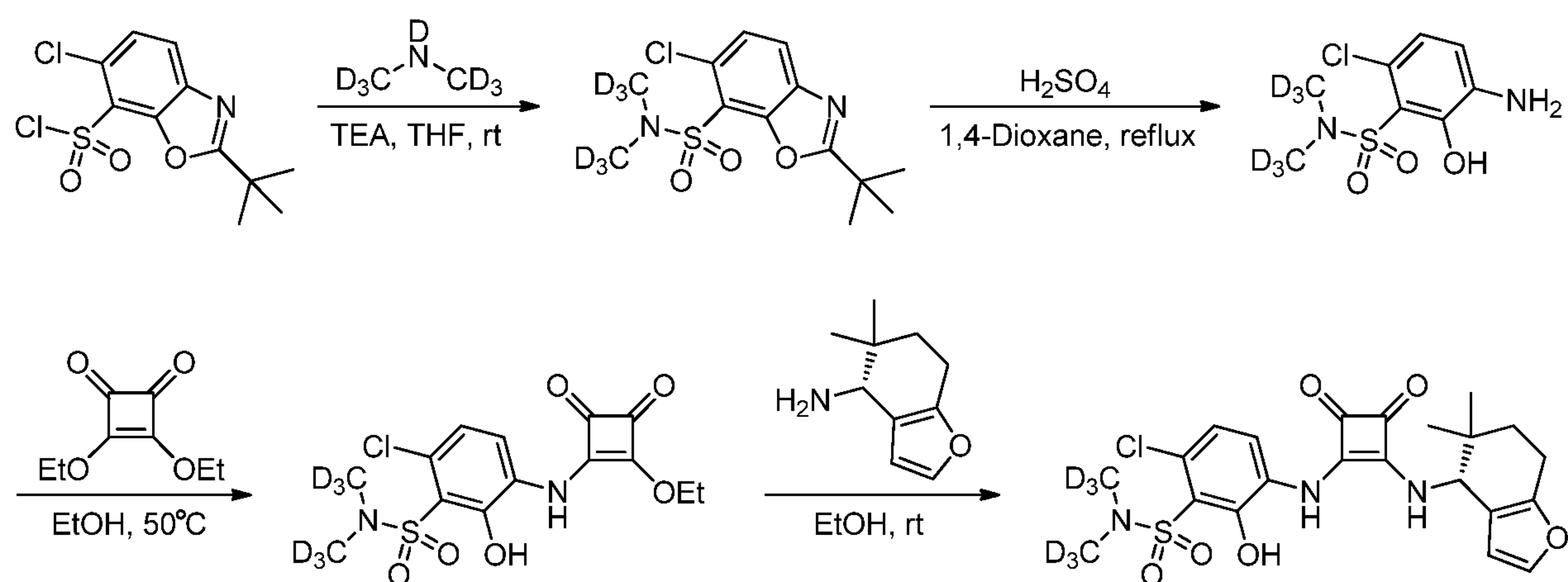
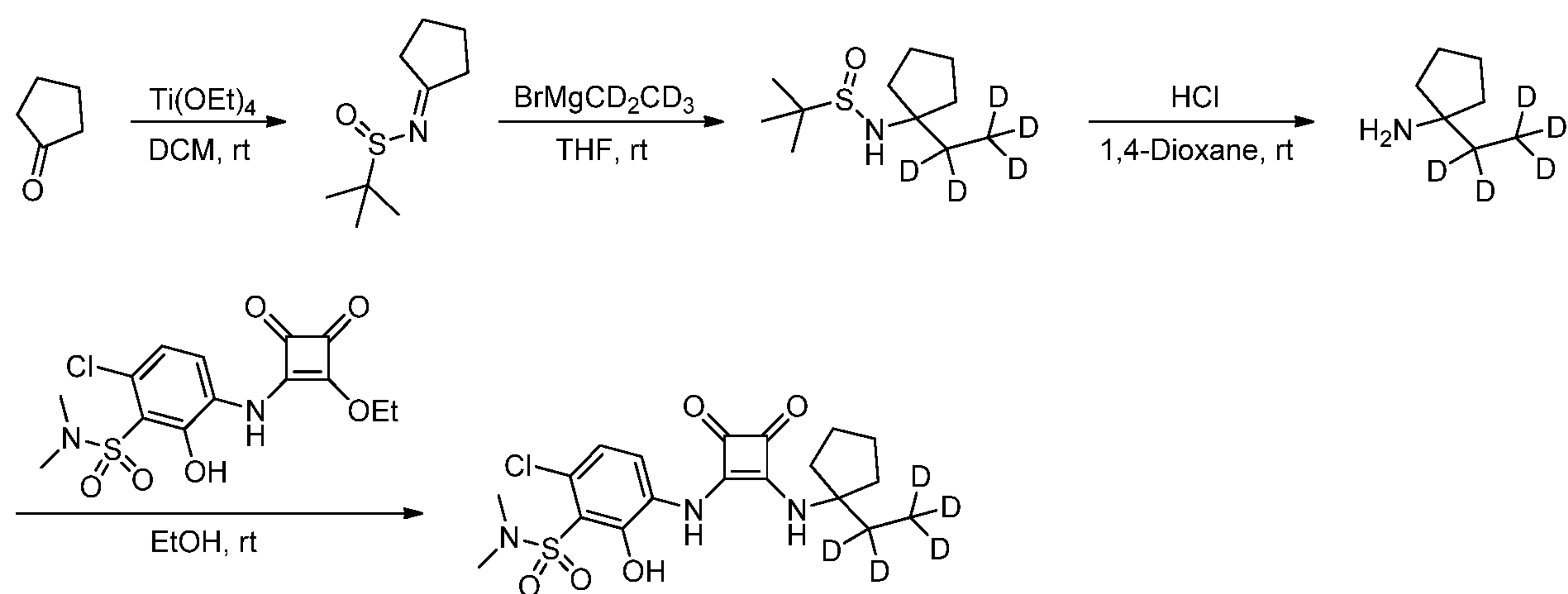
Scheme 2:**Scheme 3:**

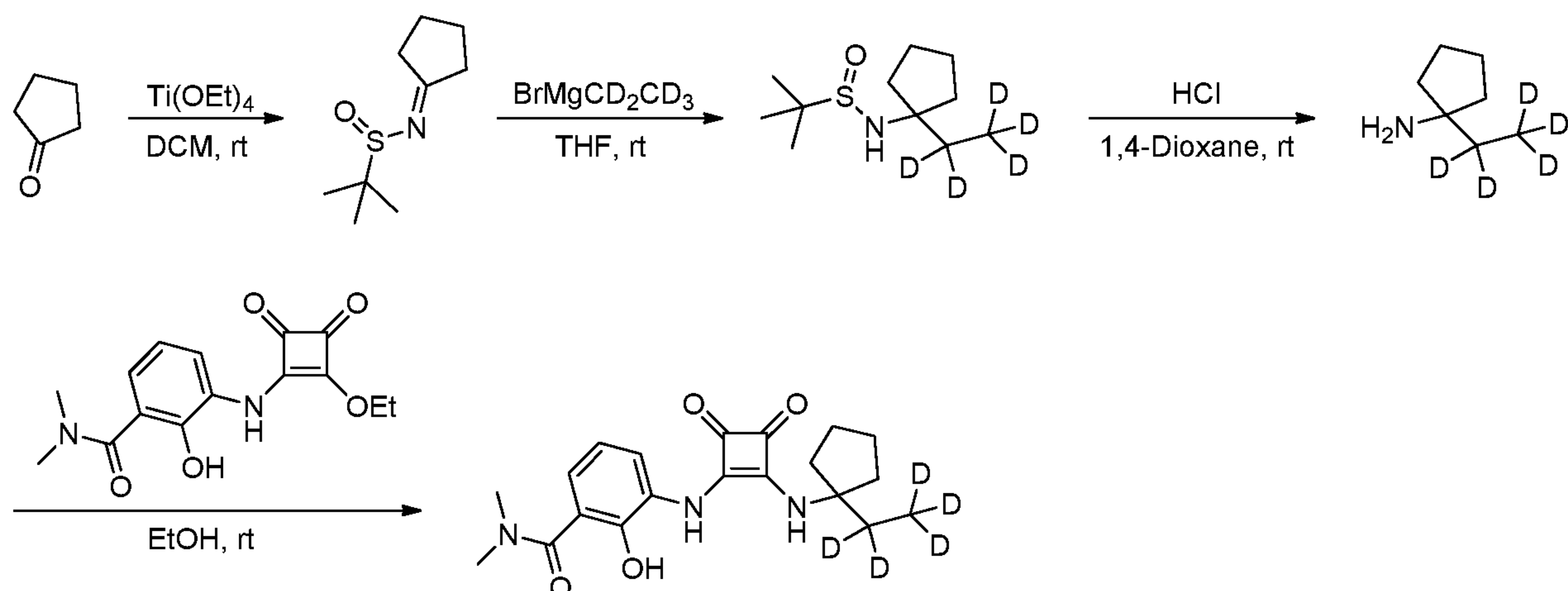
Scheme 4:



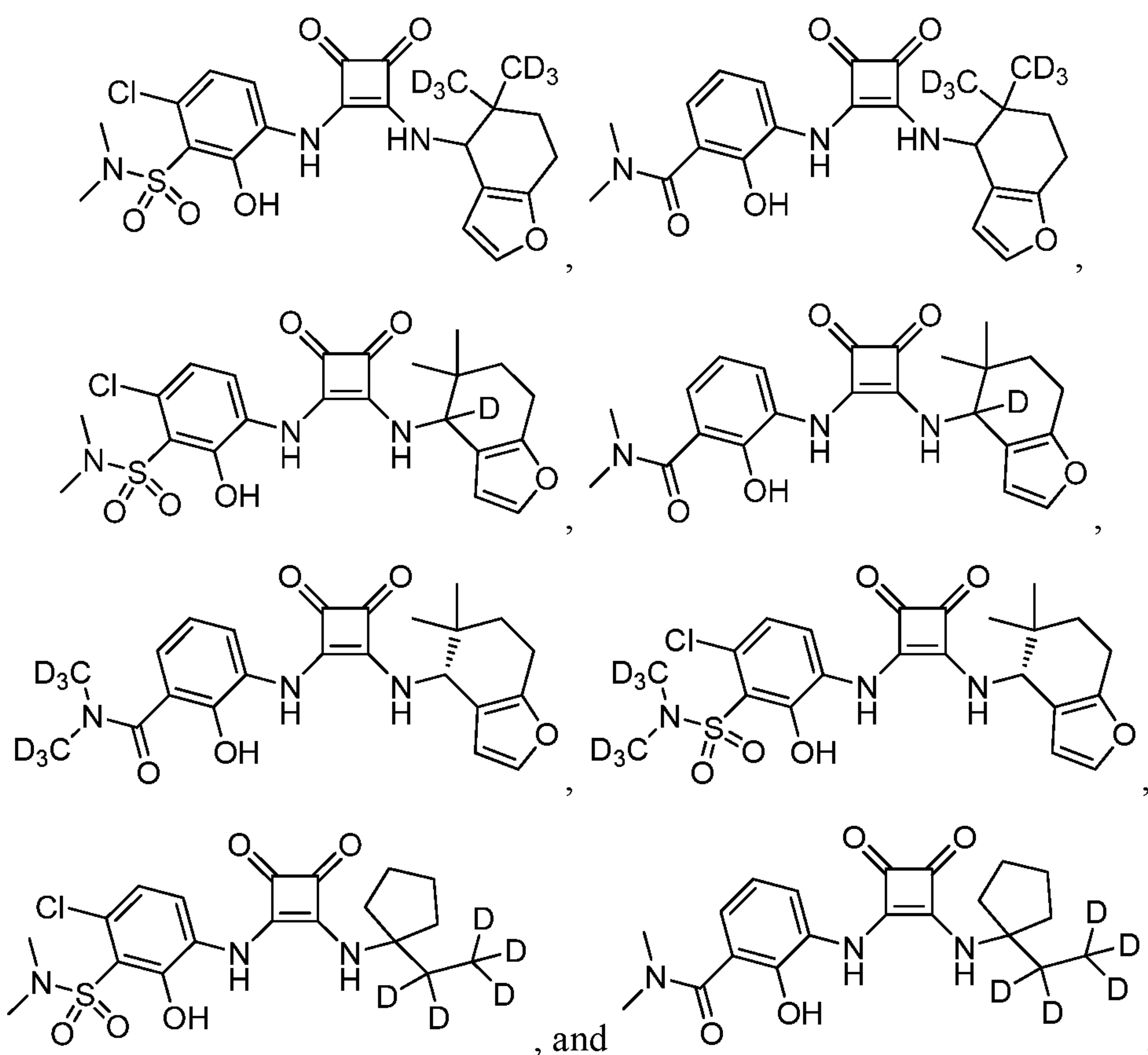
Scheme 5:



Scheme 6:**Scheme 7:**

Scheme 8:

[00151] Accordingly, in some embodiments, the deuterated forms of the compounds of Formula I of the present disclosure include, but are not limited to, compounds selected from the group consisting of:



and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

III. Compositions Comprising the Compounds

[00152] In a second aspect, the present disclosure is directed to a composition comprising a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof disclosed in the present specification. A composition comprising a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is generally administered to an individual as a pharmaceutical composition. As used herein, the term “pharmaceutical composition” refers to a therapeutically effective amount of an active compound (CCR6 antagonist), such as, e.g., any of the compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof disclosed in the present specification. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is useful for medical and veterinary applications. A pharmaceutical composition may be administered to an individual alone, or in combination with other supplementary active compounds, agents, drugs or hormones. The pharmaceutical compositions may be manufactured using any of a variety of processes, including, without limitation, conventional mixing, dissolving, granulating, dragee-making, levigating, emulsifying, encapsulating, entrapping, and lyophilizing. The pharmaceutical composition can take any of a variety of forms including, without limitation, a sterile solution, suspension, emulsion, lyophilizate, tablet, pill, pellet, capsule, powder, syrup, elixir, or any other dosage form suitable for administration.

[00153] In general, the compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof can be administered in a therapeutically effective amount by any of the accepted modes of administration. Therapeutically effective amounts of compounds of Formula I may range from about 0.01 to about 500 mg per kg patient body weight per day, which can be administered in single or multiple doses. For example, the dosage level will be about 0.01 to about 250 mg/kg per day, about 0.05 to about 100 mg/kg per day, about 0.1 to about 50 mg/kg per day, about 0.1 to about 250 mg/kg per day, or about 0.5 to about 100 mg/kg per day. Further for example, the dosage can be about 0.05 to about 0.5, about 0.5 to about 5 or about 5 to about 50 mg/kg per day. The compositions may be provided in the form of tablets or capsules for oral administration, containing about 1.0 to about 1000 milligrams of the compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, such as about 1.0, 5.0, 10, 15, 20, 25, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 400, 500, 600, 750, 800, 900, and 1000 milligrams of the compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[00154] A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof can optionally include a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier that facilitates processing of an active ingredient into pharmaceutically acceptable compositions. As used herein, the term “pharmaceutically acceptable carrier” is synonymous with “pharmaceutically carrier” and refers to any carrier that has substantially no long term or permanent detrimental effect when administered and encompasses terms such as “pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, stabilizer, diluent, additive, auxiliary, or excipient.” Such a carrier generally is mixed with an active compound or permitted to dilute or enclose the active compound and can be a solid, semi-solid, or liquid agent. It is understood that the active ingredients can be soluble or can be delivered as a suspension in the desired carrier or diluent.

[00155] Any of a variety of pharmaceutically acceptable carriers can be used including, without limitation, aqueous media such as, e.g., water, saline, glycine, hyaluronic acid and the like; solid carriers such as, e.g., starch, magnesium stearate, mannitol, sodium saccharin, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, lactose, trehalose, magnesium carbonate, and the like; solvents; dispersion media; coatings; antibacterial and antifungal agents; isotonic and absorption delaying agents; or any other inactive ingredient. Selection of a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier can depend on the mode of administration. Except insofar as any pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is incompatible with the active ingredient, its use in pharmaceutically acceptable compositions is contemplated. Non-limiting examples of specific uses of such pharmaceutical carriers can be found in *Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems* (Howard C. Ansel et al., eds., Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers, 7th ed. 1999); *Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy* (Alfonso R. Gennaro ed., Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins, 20th ed. 2000); *Goodman & Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics* (Joel G. Hardman et al., eds., McGraw-Hill Professional, 10th ed. 2001); and *Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients* (Raymond C. Rowe et al., APhA Publications, 4th edition 2003). These protocols are routine and any modifications are well within the scope of one skilled in the art and from the teaching herein.

[00156] A pharmaceutical composition disclosed in the present specification can optionally include, without limitation, other pharmaceutically acceptable components (or pharmaceutical components), including, without limitation, buffers, preservatives, tonicity adjusters, salts, antioxidants, osmolality adjusting agents, physiological substances,

pharmacological substances, bulking agents, emulsifying agents, wetting agents, sweetening or flavoring agents, and the like. Various buffers and means for adjusting pH can be used to prepare a pharmaceutical composition disclosed in the present specification, provided that the resulting preparation is pharmaceutically acceptable. Such buffers include, without limitation, acetate buffers, borate buffers, citrate buffers, phosphate buffers, neutral buffered saline, and phosphate buffered saline. It is understood that acids or bases can be used to adjust the pH of a composition as needed.

[00157] Pharmaceutically acceptable antioxidants include, without limitation, sodium metabisulfite, sodium thiosulfate, acetylcysteine, butylated hydroxyanisole, and butylated hydroxytoluene. Useful preservatives include, without limitation, benzalkonium chloride, chlorobutanol, thimerosal, phenylmercuric acetate, phenylmercuric nitrate, a stabilized oxychloro composition, such as, e.g., PURITE® and chelants, such as, e.g., DTPA or DTPA-bisamide, calcium DTPA, and CaNaDTPA-bisamide.

[00158] Tonicity adjustors useful in a pharmaceutical composition include, without limitation, salts such as, e.g., sodium chloride, potassium chloride, mannitol or glycerin and other pharmaceutically acceptable tonicity adjustor.

[00159] The pharmaceutical composition may be provided as a salt and can be formed with many acids, including but not limited to, hydrochloric, sulfuric, acetic, lactic, tartaric, malic, succinic, etc. Salts tend to be more soluble in aqueous or other protonic solvents than are the corresponding free base forms. It is understood that these and other substances known in the art of pharmacology can be included in the pharmaceutical composition disclosed herein.

[00160] Thus, in some embodiments, a composition comprises a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof disclosed in the present specification. In some embodiments, a pharmaceutical composition comprises a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof disclosed in the present specification and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In some embodiments, a pharmaceutical composition comprises a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof disclosed in the present specification and a pharmaceutical component. In some embodiments, a pharmaceutical composition comprises a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof disclosed in the present specification, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, and a pharmaceutical component. In some embodiments, a pharmaceutical composition

comprises about 0.001% to about 5% (w/v) of a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, from 0% to 10% (w/v) of a preservative, 0% to 40% (w/v) of a vehicle, 1% to 10% (w/v) of a tonicity adjustor, 0.01% to 10% (w/v) of a buffer, q.s. (w/v) of a pH adjustor, an antioxidant as needed, a surfactant as needed, and purified water as needed to make 100%.

[00161] As can be demonstrated by the assays described in Example 133, the compounds disclosed in the present specification are useful in inhibiting CCR6 receptor function. By virtue of this fact, these compounds can have therapeutic use in treating disease-states and conditions responsive to inhibition of CCR6 receptor function or that would benefit from inhibition of CCR6 receptor function.

IV. Methods for Use of the Compounds and the Compositions

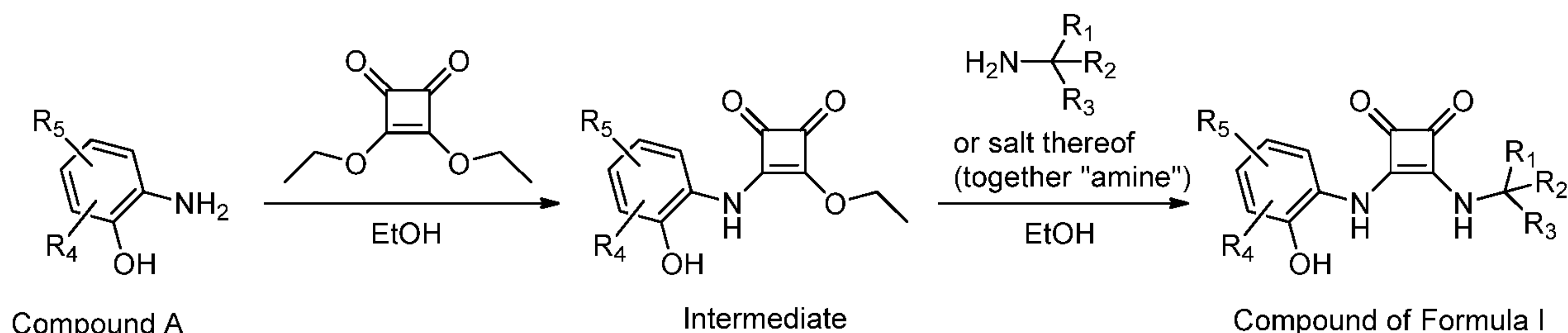
[00162] In a third aspect, the present disclosure is directed to a method of treating an inflammatory or autoimmune disease in a mammal in need thereof which method comprises administering to the mammal in need thereof, a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I (or any of the embodiments thereof described herein) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In some embodiments, the anti-inflammatory disease is selected from inflammatory skin diseases and ocular inflammatory diseases. In some embodiments, the disease includes psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's disease, GvHD, alopecia areata, uveitis, dry eye, diabetic retinopathy and allergic diseases.

[00163] In another aspect, compounds described herein can be used in the manufacture of medicaments for use in a method of treating an inflammatory or autoimmune disease in a mammal in need thereof as described above (e.g. inflammatory skin diseases and/or ocular inflammatory diseases such as psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's disease, GvHD, alopecia areata, uveitis, dry eye, diabetic retinopathy and allergic diseases).

V. Examples

[00164] The following examples are illustrative in nature and are in no way intended to be limiting.

Example 1
General Scheme



[00165] The compound of Formula I can be prepared by following the above general scheme: a mixture of compound A in ethanol is treated with an appropriate amount of 3,4-diethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione dropwise at an appropriate temperature that is lower than or at the room temperature. The solution is stirred at room temperature for a sufficient time. The mixture is subsequently concentrated and the resulting residue is purified by flash chromatography to afford the intermediate.

[00166] Method A: To a suspension of the intermediate in ethanol is added an appropriate amount of the amine which is in its free basic form. After stirring at room temperature overnight, the mixture is concentrated and the resulting residue is purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a gradient solvent system of ethyl acetate/hexanes to afford a compound of Formula I.

[00167] When applying Method A to other target compounds, the order of addition is reversed in some cases in that the appropriate intermediate is added to a solution of the appropriate amine. For amine starting materials that are sterically hindered and/or less nucleophilic, the reaction medium is carried out at elevated temperatures up to, and including, 80°C in sealed vessels. In some instances, N,N-diisopropylethylamine is added to the reaction mixture. When performing flash chromatography purification, larger column sizes are used for larger scale reactions as well as different gradients and/or mobile phases depending upon the affinity of the final target compounds towards silica gel. If further purification is required, the crude compound is 1) dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with 1.0 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (3 times), washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated and/or 2) purified by preparative thin layer chromatography (prep-TLC).

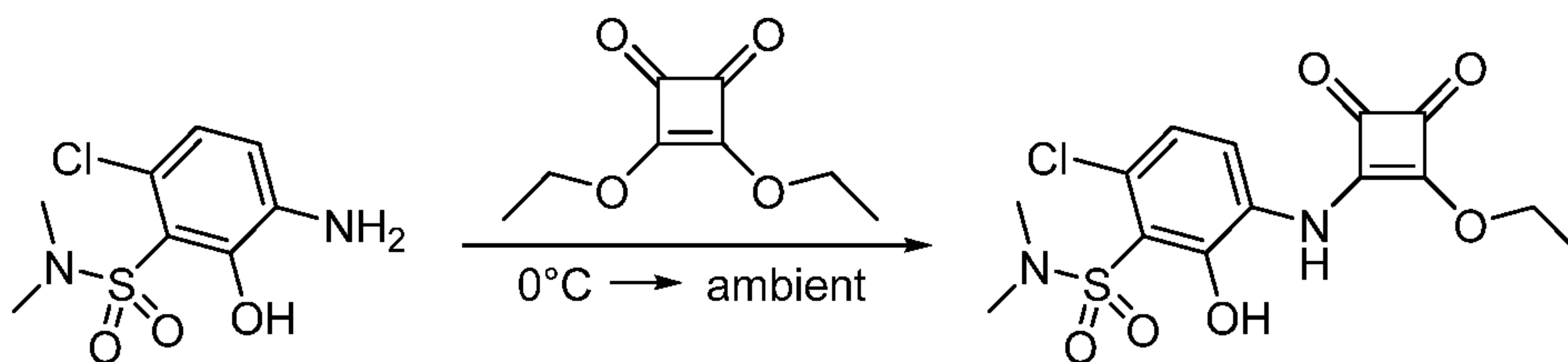
[00168] Method B: To a suspension of the intermediate in ethanol is added an appropriate amount of N,N-diisopropylethylamine followed by an appropriate amount of the amine in a salt

form. After stirring at ambient temperature overnight, the mixture is concentrated and the resulting residue is purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a gradient solvent system of ethyl acetate/hexanes to afford a compound of Formula I.

[00169] When applying Method B to other target compounds, the order of addition is reversed in some cases in that the appropriate intermediate is added to a mixture of the appropriate amine in a salt form and N,N-diisopropylethylamine. In some instances triethylamine is used in place of N,N-diisopropylethylamine. For amine salt starting materials that are sterically hindered and/or less nucleophilic, the reaction medium is carried out at elevated temperatures up to, and including, 80°C in sealed vessels. When performing flash chromatography purification, larger column sizes are used for larger scale reactions as well as different gradients and/or mobile phases depending upon the affinity of the final target compounds towards silica gel. If further purification is required, the crude compound is 1) dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with 1.0 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (3 times), washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated and/or 2) purified by preparative thin layer chromatography (prep-TLC).

Example 2

Synthesis of Intermediate 1: 6-chloro-3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

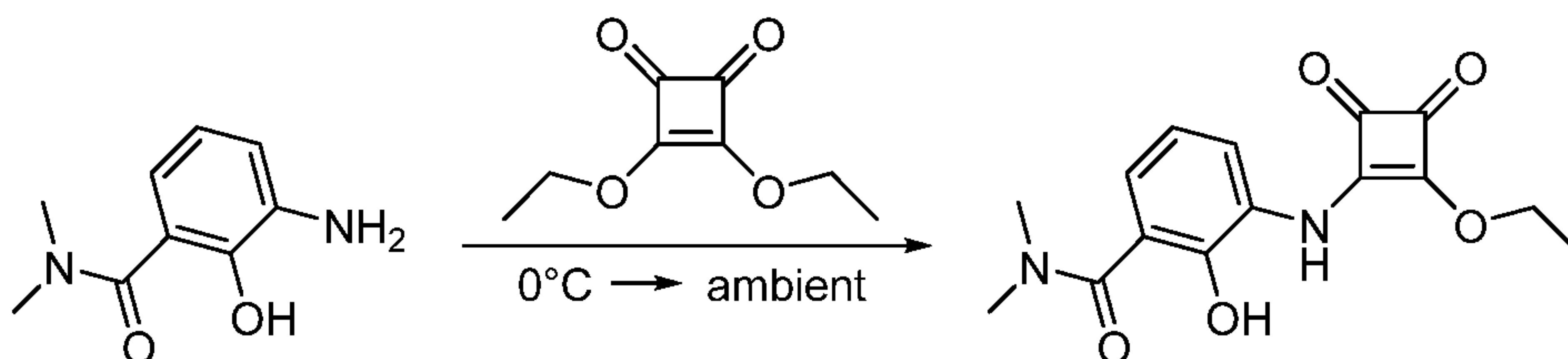


[00170] A mixture of 3-amino-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide (synthesized as described in US 2014/0309208, 3.02 g, 12.0 mmol) in ethanol (56 mL) was treated with 3,4-diethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (2.8 mL, 19 mmol) dropwise under nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C while stirring. The reaction was allowed to warm to ambient temperature and stirring continued for 16 days. The mixture was subsequently concentrated and resulting residue purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash® Rf 200 (330 g column, 15% → 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford Intermediate 1 as a yellow solid (2.10 g,

5.60 mmol, 46.7%). ^1H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.81 (s, 1H), 7.96 (br s, 1H), 7.68 (br s, 1H), 7.07 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (q, J =7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.52 (t, J =7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 373 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 3

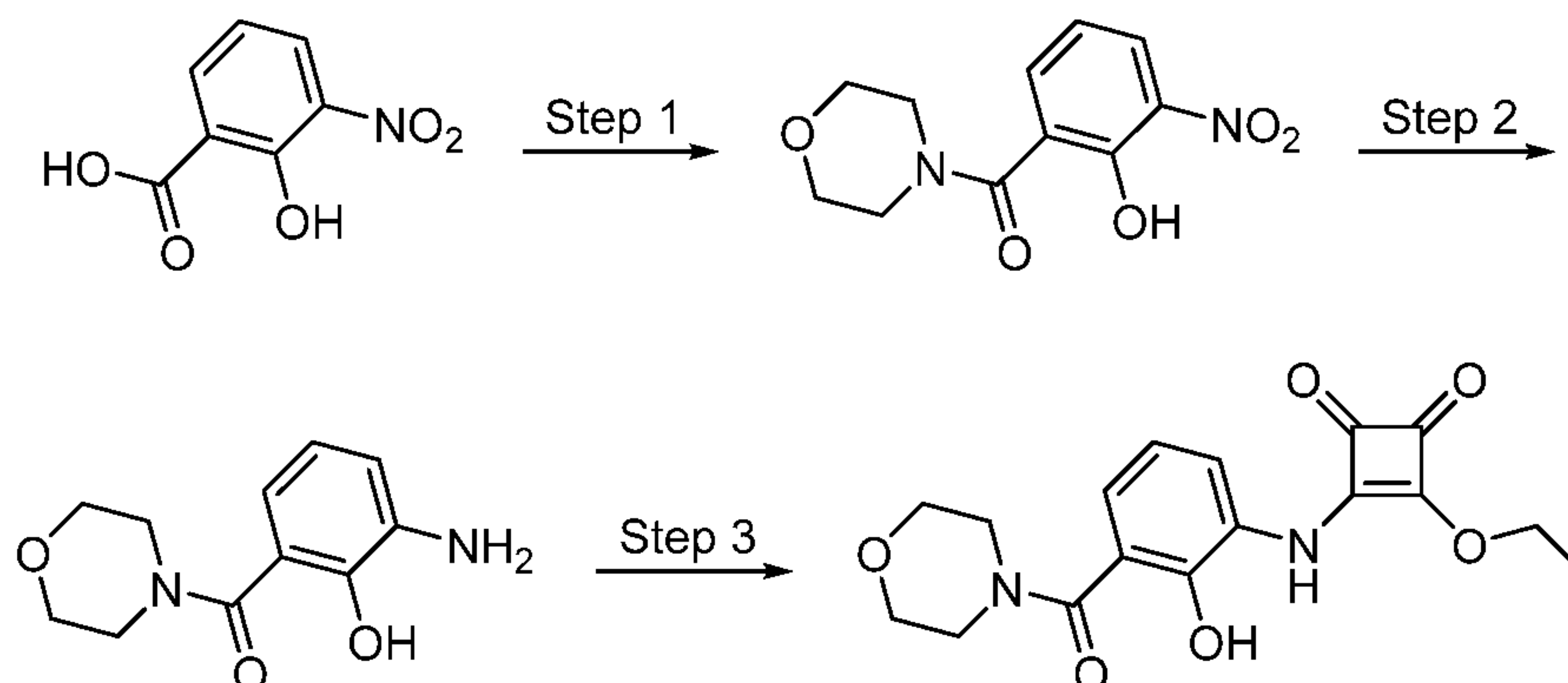
Synthesis of Intermediate 2: 3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy- N,N -dimethylbenzamide



[00171] A mixture of 3-amino-2-hydroxy- N,N -dimethylbenzamide (synthesized as described in US 2014/0309208, 2.01 g, 11.2 mmol) in ethanol (52 mL) was treated with 3,4-diethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (2.4 mL, 16 mmol) dropwise under nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C while stirring. The reaction was allowed to warm to ambient temperature and stirring continued for 2 days. The mixture was subsequently concentrated and resulting residue purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (220 g column, 0% → 10% methanol/dichloromethane) to afford Intermediate 2 as a beige solid (2.78 g, 9.14 mmol, 81.7%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL- d_4): δ = 7.41 (br d, J =7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J =7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (dd, J =7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (q, J =7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (br s, 6H), 1.43 (t, J =7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 303 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 4

Synthesis of Intermediate 3: 3-ethoxy-4-((2-hydroxy-3-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)phenyl)amino)cyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione



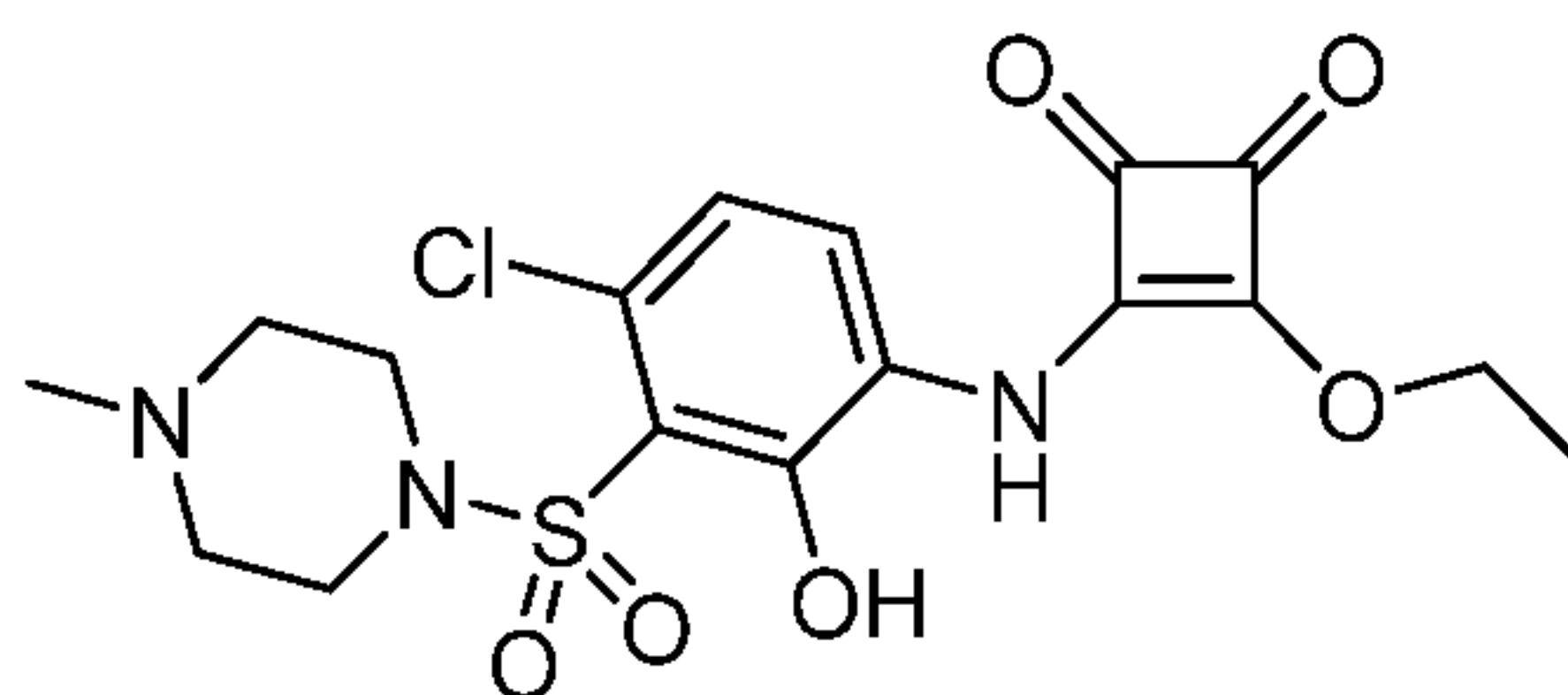
[00172] Step 1: To a suspension of 2-hydroxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (151 mg, 0.805 mmol) in dichloromethane (6.0 mL) was added oxalyl dichloride (2.0 M in dichloromethane, 1.2 mL, 2.4 mmol), followed by N,N-dimethylformamide (4 drops). After stirring at ambient temperature for 24 hours, morpholine (0.22 mL, 2.5 mmol) was then added and stirring continued for an additional 3 days. The mixture was concentrated and residue partitioned between dichloromethane and 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide. The aqueous layer was washed with dichloromethane (2 times), pH adjusted to 1 by addition of 6.0 N aqueous hydrochloric acid, and then extracted with dichloromethane (2 times). The organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford (2-hydroxy-3-nitrophenyl)(morpholino)methanone (129 mg, 0.512 mmol, 63.7%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.87 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.01-7.13 (m, 1H), 3.57-4.11 (m, 6H), 3.20-3.52 (m, 2H).

[00173] Step 2: To a solution of (2-hydroxy-3-nitrophenyl)(morpholino)methanone (129 mg, 0.512 mmol) in ethanol (4.0 mL) and ethyl acetate (1.0 mL) was added 10 wt. % palladium on carbon. A hydrogen atmosphere was established by evacuating and refilling with hydrogen (3 times). The mixture was then stirred under a balloon of hydrogen at ambient temperature overnight. It was subsequently filtered through a plug of celite®, washing with excess ethyl acetate, and filtrate concentrated to afford (3-amino-2-hydroxyphenyl)(morpholino)methanone (107 mg, 0.481 mmol, 94.0%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 9.58 (br s, 1H), 6.74 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (dd, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (br s, 2H), 3.60-3.79 (m, 8H).

[00174] Step 3: A mixture of (3-amino-2-hydroxyphenyl)(morpholino)methanone (107 mg, 0.481 mmol) in ethanol (1.6 mL) was treated with 3,4-diethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (91.9 mg, 0.513 mmol) dropwise. The solution was warmed to 50°C and stirring continued for 4 days. The mixture was subsequently concentrated and resulting residue purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash® Rf 200 (12 g column, 50% → 75% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford Intermediate 3 as a white solid (116 mg, 0.334 mmol, 69.5%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.48 (s, 1H), 7.87 (br s, 1H), 7.75 (br s, 1H), 7.01 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.84-6.95 (m, 1H), 4.88 (q, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.76-3.81 (m, 4H), 3.69-3.76 (m, 4H), 1.52 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 345 [M-H]⁺.

Example 5

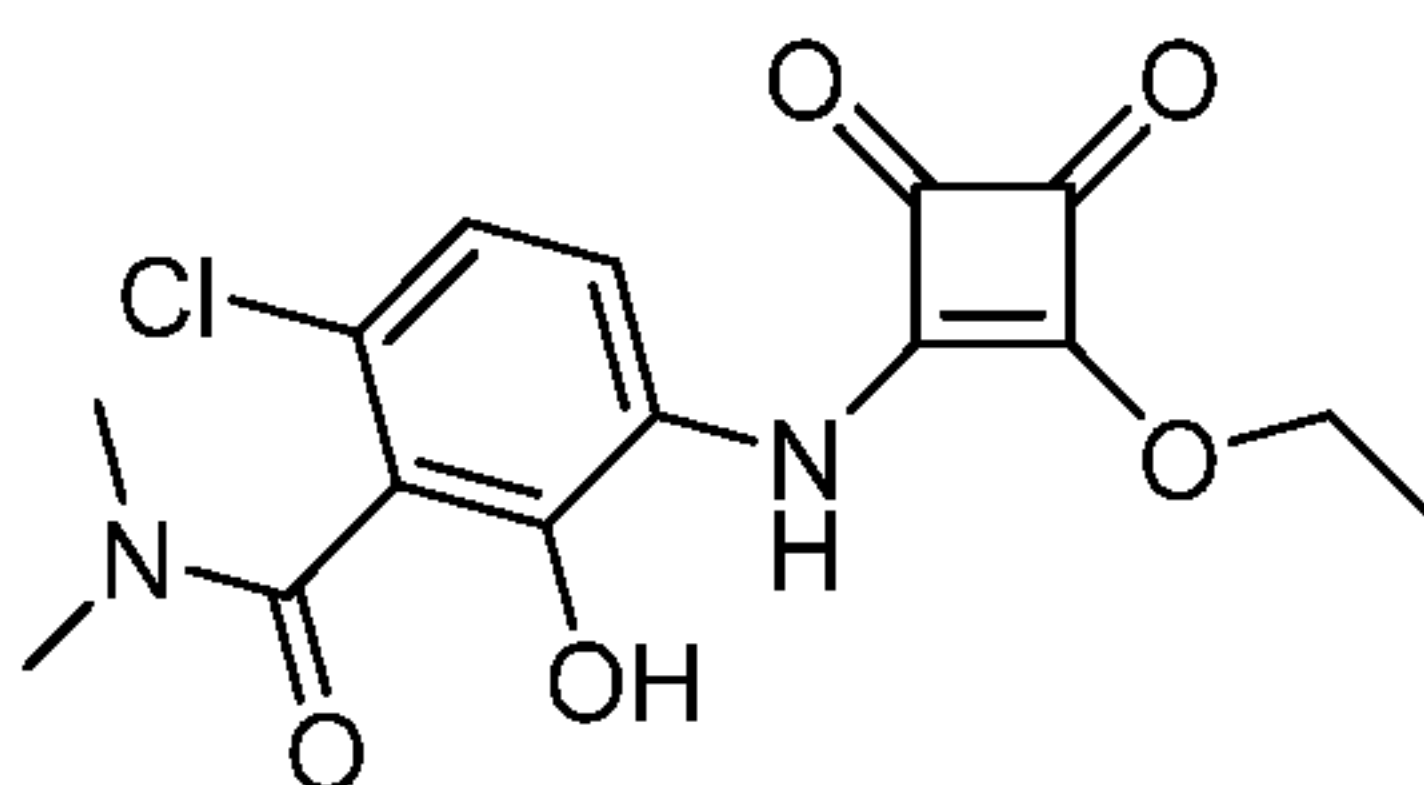
Synthesis of Intermediate 4: 3-((4-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)sulfonyl)phenyl)amino)-4-ethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione



[00175] Intermediate 4 was prepared according to procedures described in US 2014/0309208.

Example 6

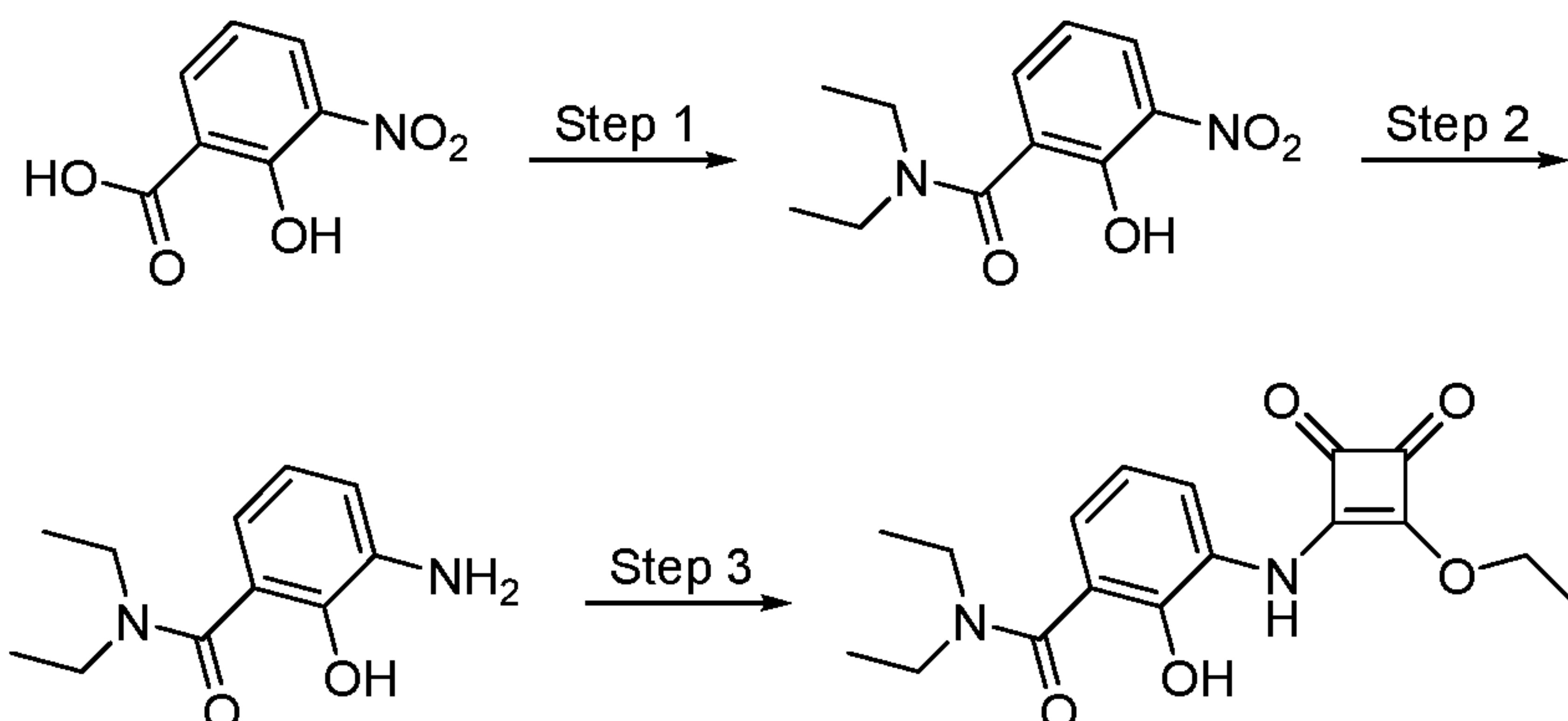
Synthesis of Intermediate 5: 6-chloro-3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00176] Intermediate 5 was prepared according to procedures described in US 2014/0309208.

Example 7

Synthesis of Intermediate 6: 3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-diethyl-2-hydroxybenzamide



[00177] Step 1: To a suspension of 2-hydroxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (1.00 g, 5.50 mmol) in dichloromethane (140 mL) was added diethylamine (0.62 mL, 6.0 mmol), N-[(dimethylamino)-1H-1,2,3-triazolo-[4,5-*b*]pyridin-1-ylmethylene]-*N*-methyl methanaminium hexafluorophosphate *N*-oxide (2.20 g, 6.60 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (1.9 mL, 11 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The mixture was then washed with water, aqueous hydrochloric acid (10%), and brine. The organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. Purification by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (40 g column, 50% → 75% ethyl acetate/hexanes) afforded 2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-3-nitrobenzamide as a yellow solid (800. mg, 3.36 mmol, 61.1%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 10.78 (br s, 1H), 8.15 (br d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (br d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (br t, *J*=7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.46-3.64 (m, 2H), 3.16-3.35 (m, 2H), 1.09-1.28 (m, 6H).

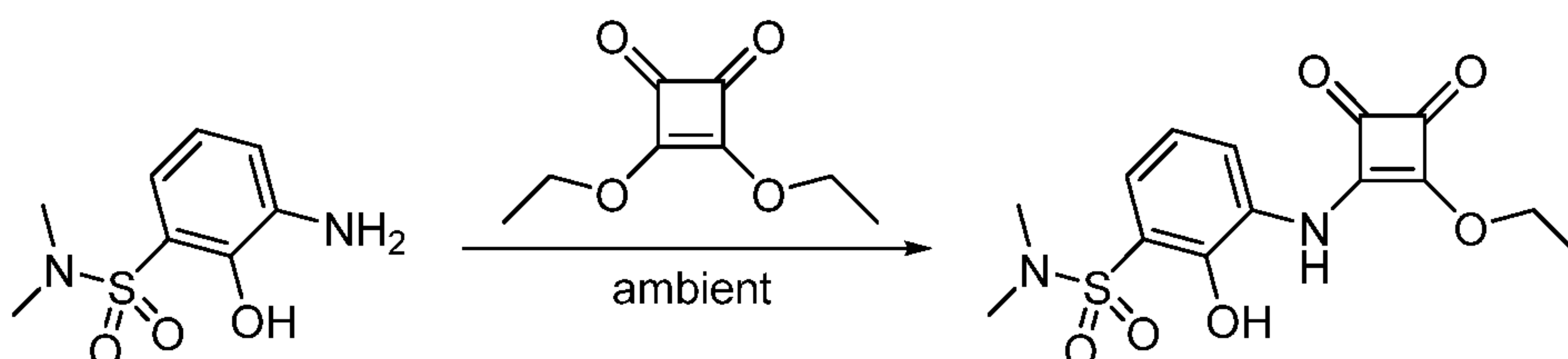
[00178] Step 2: To a solution of N,N-diethyl-2-hydroxy-3-nitrobenzamide (800. mg, 3.36 mmol) in ethanol (20 mL) was added 10 wt. % palladium on carbon. A hydrogen atmosphere was established by evacuating and refilling with hydrogen (3 times). The mixture was then stirred under a balloon of hydrogen at ambient temperature overnight. It was subsequently filtered through a plug of celite[®], washing with excess ethyl acetate, and filtrate concentrated. Purification by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (40 g column, 50% → 75% ethyl acetate/hexanes) afforded 3-amino-N,N-diethyl-2-hydroxybenzamide (569 mg, 2.73 mmol, 81.3%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ =

9.82 (br s, 1H), 6.75 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63-6.72 (m, 2H), 3.87 (br s, 4H), 3.53 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 6H).

[00179] Step 3: A mixture of 3-amino-N,N-diethyl-2-hydroxybenzamide (183 mg, 0.879 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL) was treated with 3,4-diethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (224 mg, 1.32 mmol) dropwise. The solution was stirred at ambient temperature for 5.5 days. The mixture was subsequently concentrated and resulting residue purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (12 g column, 50% → 75% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford Intermediate 6 as a white solid (218 mg, 0.656 mmol, 74.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.86 (br s, 1H), 7.80 (br s, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J=8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (t, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (q, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 4H), 1.52 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.29 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 6H).

Example 8

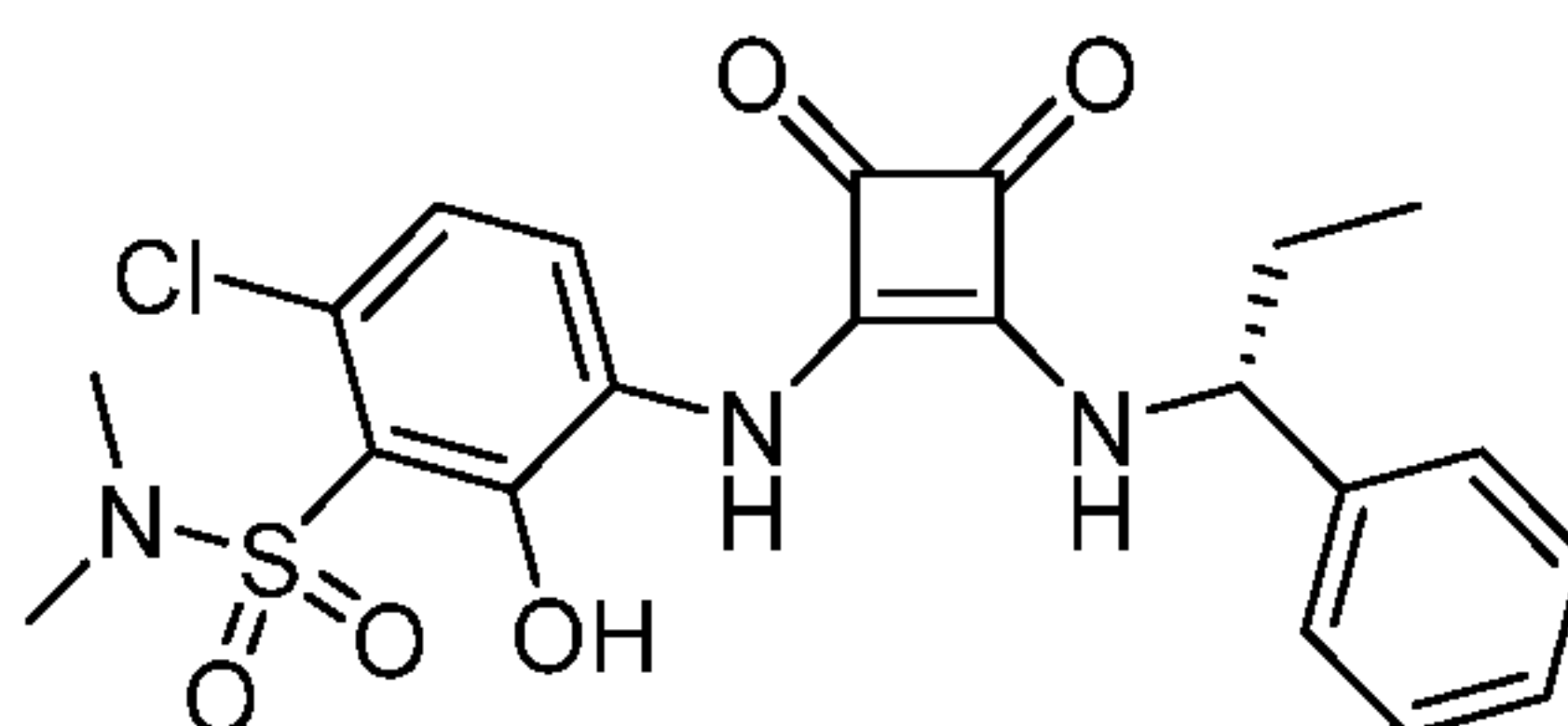
Synthesis of Intermediate 7: 3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00180] To a mixture of 3-amino-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide (548 mg, 2.53 mmol; synthesized as described in US 2014/0309208) in ethanol (10 mL) was added 3,4-diethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (475 mg, 2.79 mmol) dropwise. After stirring at ambient temperature for 4 days, the mixture was subsequently concentrated and resulting residue purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (40 g column, 50% → 75% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford Intermediate 7 as a white solid (400 mg, 1.18 mmol, 46.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 9.44 (br s, 1H), 8.04 (br s, 1H), 7.72 (br s, 1H), 7.26-7.35 (m, 1H), 6.96-7.13 (m, 1H), 4.89 (q, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.79 (s, 6H), 1.54 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 339 [M-H]⁻.

Example 9

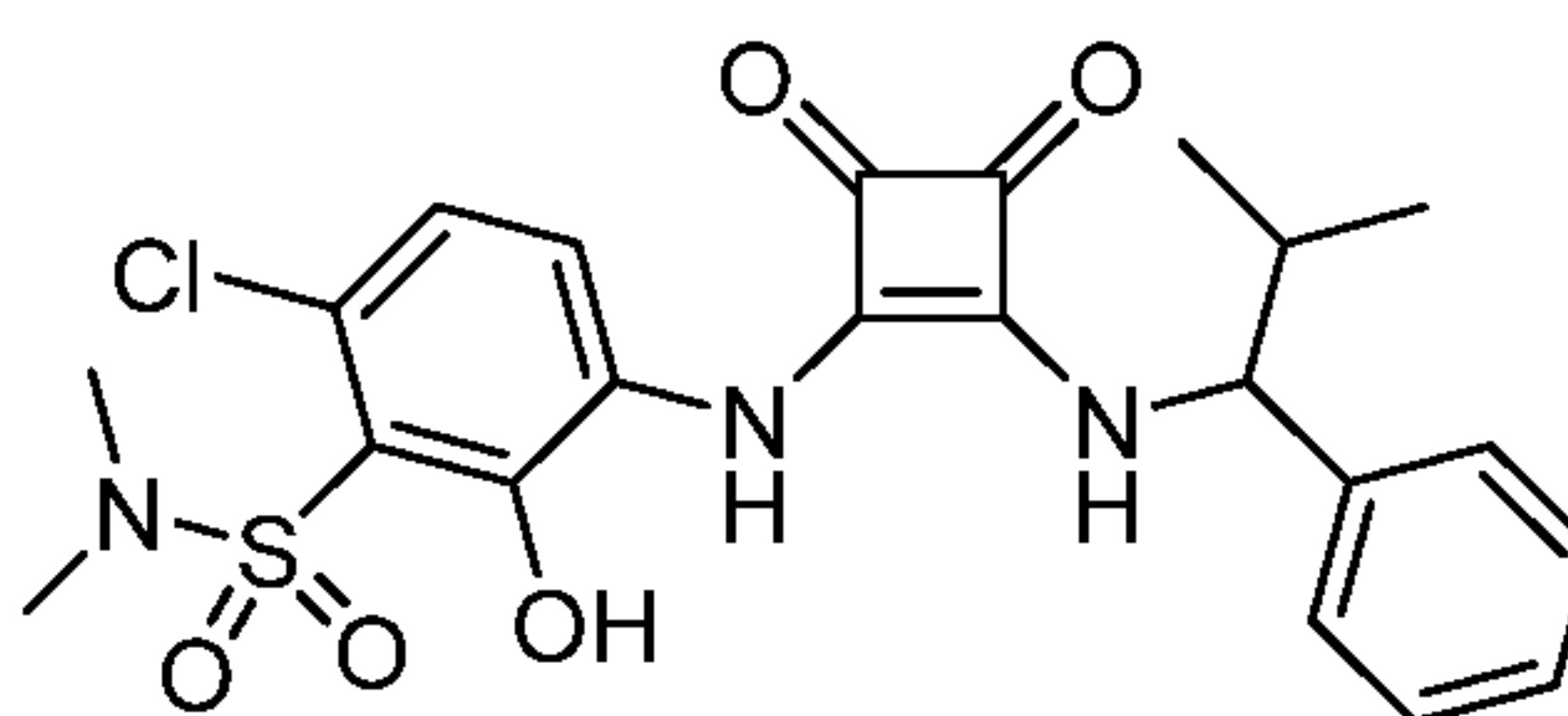
Synthesis of Compound 1: (R)-6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-phenylpropyl)amino) cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00181] To a suspension of Intermediate 1 (11.0 mg, 0.0293 mmol) in ethanol (0.32 mL) was added (R)-1-phenylpropan-1-amine (6.9 mg, 0.051 mmol). After stirring at ambient temperature overnight, the mixture was concentrated and resulting residue purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (4 g column, 0% → 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford Compound 1 (10.9 mg, 0.0235 mmol, 80.2%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.54 (s, 1H), 8.27 (br s, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (br s, 1H), 7.27-7.41 (m, 5H), 6.91 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (br s, 1H), 2.86 (s, 6H), 1.86-2.06 (m, 2H), 0.96 (br t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 462 [M-H]⁺.

Example 10

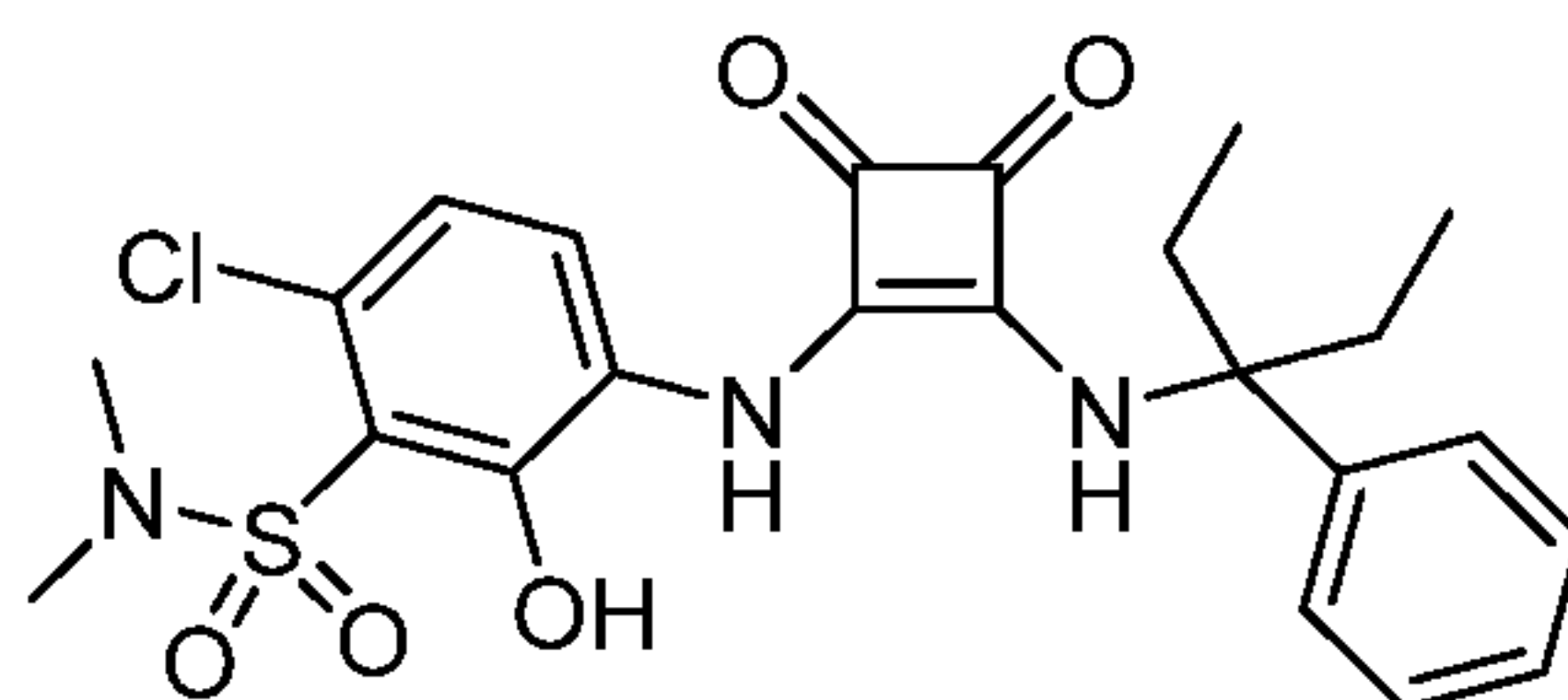
Synthesis of Compound 2: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-3-((2-((2-methyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)benzenesulfonamide



[00182] To a suspension of Intermediate 1 (12.1 mg, 0.0323 mmol) in ethanol (0.32 mL) was added *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (6.6 mg, 0.051 mmol) followed by 2-methyl-1-phenylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride (9.0 mg, 0.048 mmol). After stirring at ambient temperature overnight, the mixture was concentrated and resulting residue purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (4 g column, 0% → 75% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford Compound 2 (10.5 mg, 0.0220 mmol, 68.0%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 8.38 (br s, 1H), 7.92 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (br s, 1H), 7.20-7.43 (m, 5H), 6.92 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (br s, 1H), 2.87 (s, 6H), 2.11-2.23 (m, 1H), 1.07 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.82-0.91 (m, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 476 [M-H]⁺.

Example 11

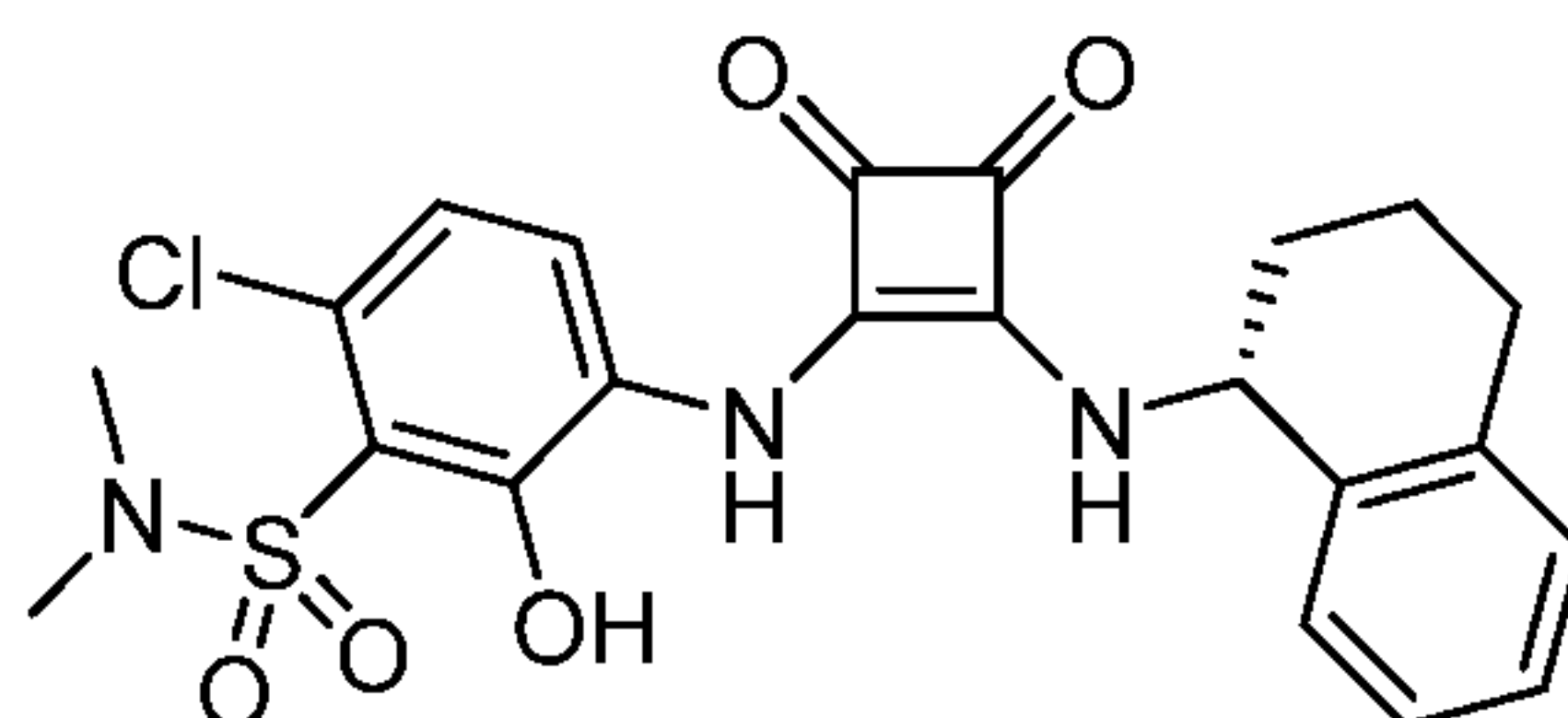
Synthesis of Compound 3: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((3-phenylpentan-3-yl)amino) cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00183] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (10.7 mg, 0.0285 mmol) and 3-phenylpentan-3-amine hydrochloride (10.0 mg, 0.0476 mmol) were converted into the title compound (2.5 mg, 0.0051 mmol, 18%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.23 (br s, 1H), 7.83 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.49 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.40 (m, 1H), 6.95 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (br s, 2H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 2.10-2.23 (m, 2H), 1.92 (br s, 2H), 0.87 (br t, J=7.0 Hz, 6H). MS (ESI): m/z = 490 [M-H]⁻.

Example 12

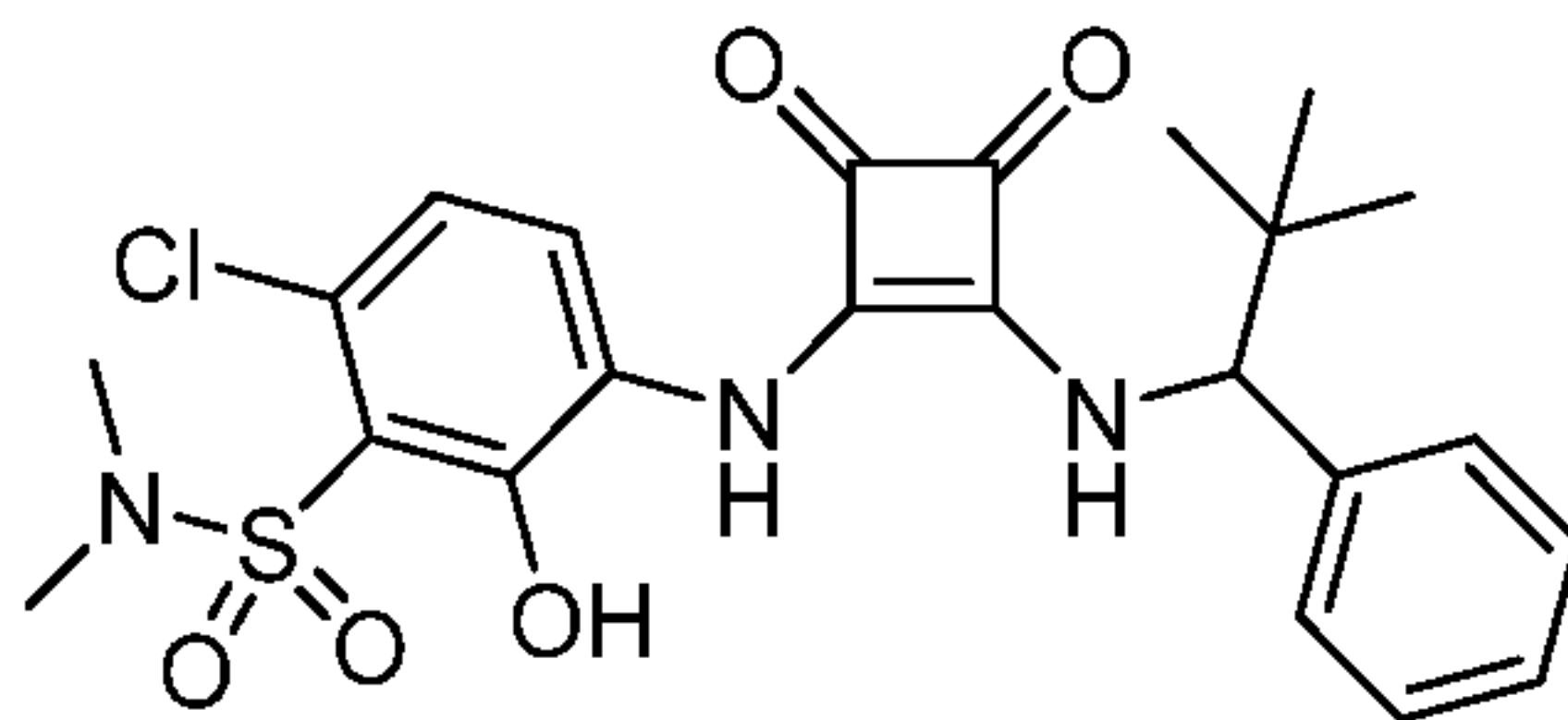
Synthesis of Compound 4: (R)-6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00184] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (11.5 mg, 0.0307 mmol) and (R)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-amine (8.6 mg, 0.057 mmol) were converted into the title compound (12.8 mg, 0.0269 mmol, 87.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.52 (s, 1H), 7.94 (br s, 1H), 7.82 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.02-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.94 (br s, 1H), 6.88 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (br s, 1H), 2.44-3.03 (m, 8H), 2.14 (br s, 1H), 1.96-2.06 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.96 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 474 [M-H]⁻.

Example 13

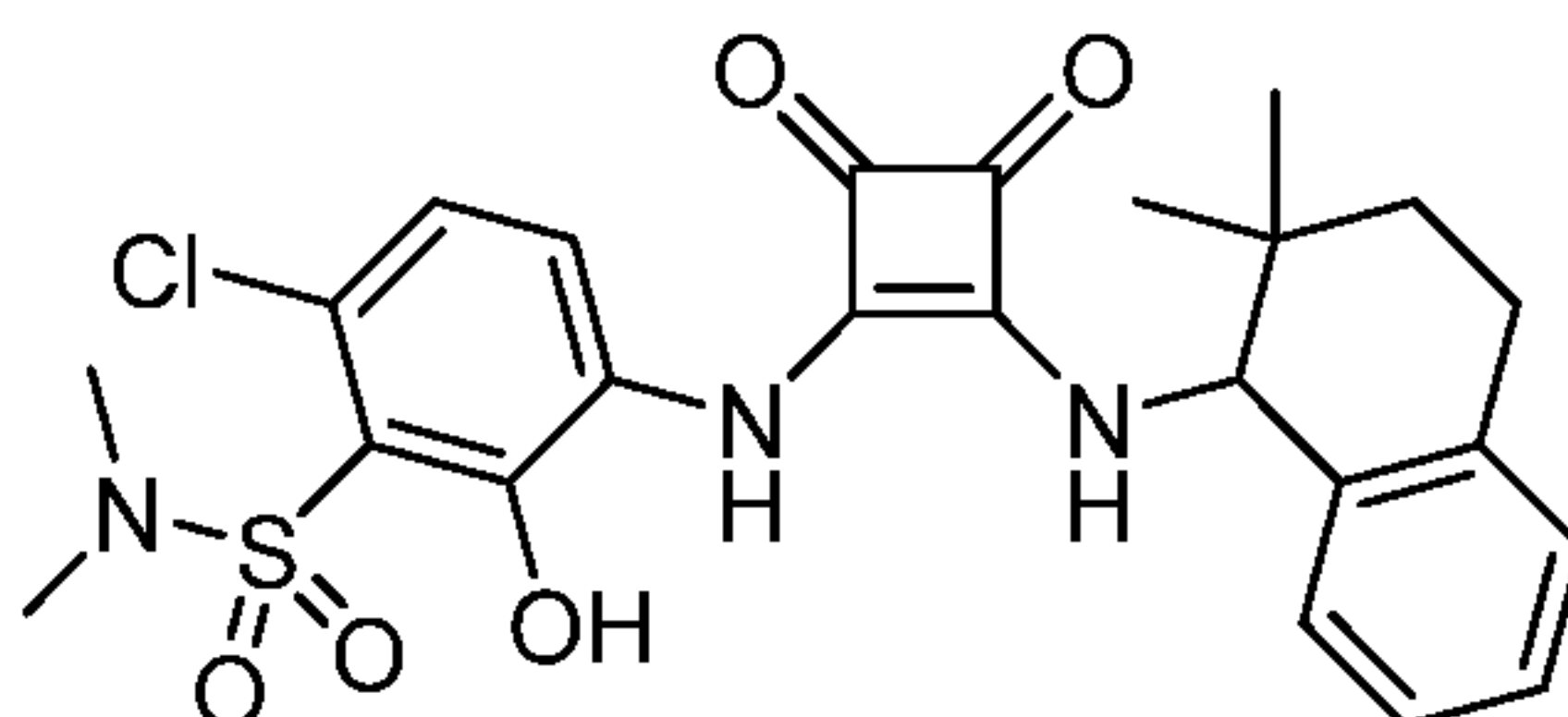
Synthesis of Compound 5: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00185] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (7.5 mg, 0.020 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropan-1-amine (7.6 mg, 0.045 mmol) were converted into the title compound (2.4 mg, 0.0049 mmol, 24%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.50 (br s, 1H), 8.18 (br s, 1H), 7.90 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.56 (m, 5H), 6.96 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (br s, 1H), 5.24 (br s, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 1.01 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z = 490 [M-H]⁻.

Example 14

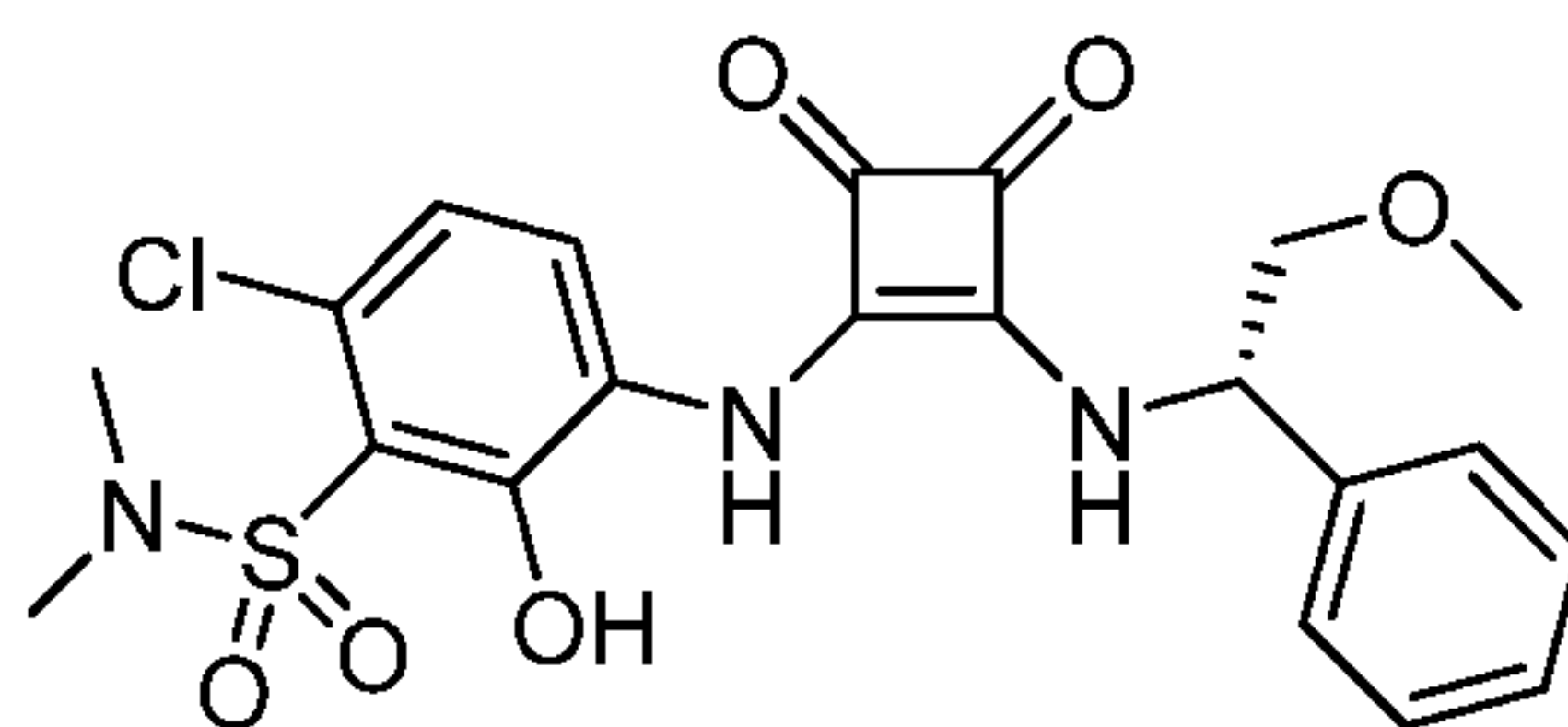
Synthesis of Compound 6: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00186] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (6.9 mg, 0.018 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-amine (5.7 mg, 0.031 mmol) were converted into the title compound (8.4 mg, 0.017 mmol, 93%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.53 (br s, 1H), 8.00 (br s, 1H), 7.81 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.99-7.12 (m, 1H), 6.86 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (br d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (br d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.53-2.98 (m, 8H), 1.70-1.81 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.69 (m, 1H), 0.93-1.08 (m, 6H). MS (ESI): m/z = 502 [M-H]⁻.

Example 15

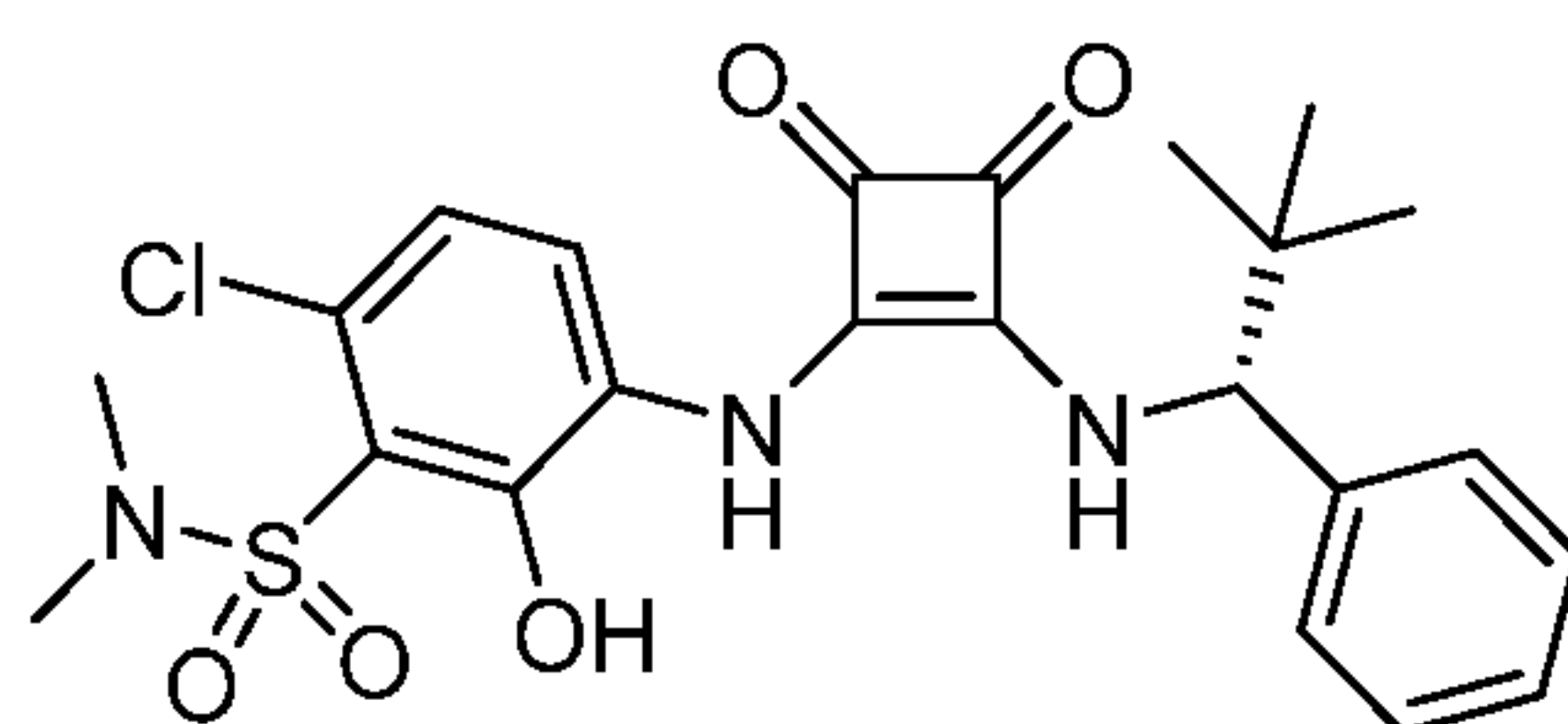
Synthesis of Compound 7: (S)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((2-((2-methoxy-1-phenylethyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00187] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (8.1 mg, 0.022 mmol) and (S)-2-methoxy-1-phenylethan-1-amine (9.7 mg, 0.064 mmol) were converted into the title compound (8.3 mg, 0.017 mmol, 79%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.14 (br s, 1H), 7.34-7.46 (m, 4H), 7.20-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.08 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (br s, 1H), 3.69-3.80 (m, 2H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 2.92 (s, 6H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 478 [M-H]⁻.

Example 16

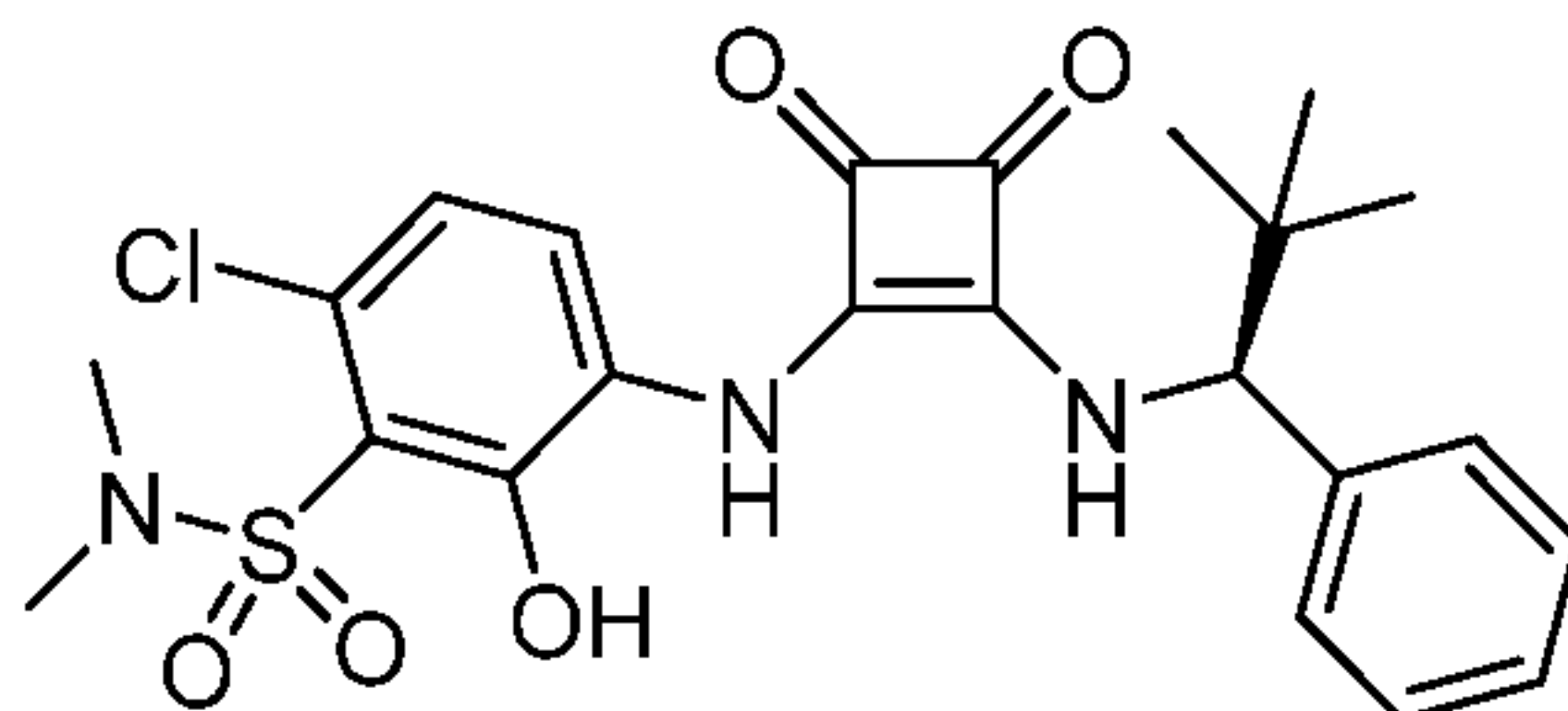
Synthesis of Compound 8: (R)-6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00188] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (60.5 mg, 0.161 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropan-1-amine (32.2 mg, 0.191 mmol) were converted into Compound 5 (75.6 mg, 0.154 mmol). Chiral separation via supercritical fluid chromatography (AD-H column, 30% isopropanol/carbon dioxide, 100 bar) afforded the title compound (31 mg, 0.063 mmol). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.59 (s, 1H), 8.25 (br s, 1H), 7.89 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.46 (m, 5H), 6.96 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (br s, 1H), 5.21 (br s, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.00 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 490 [M-H]⁻.

Example 17

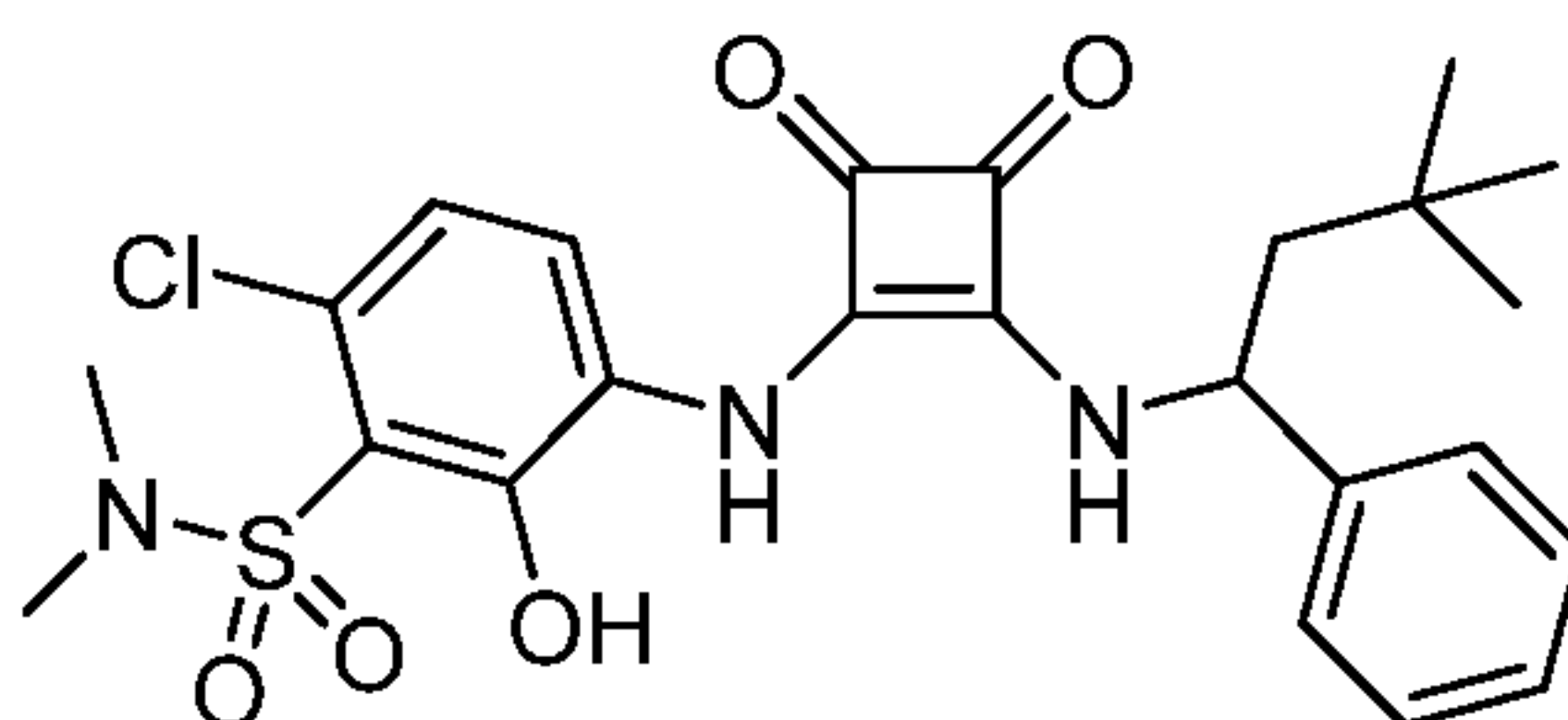
Synthesis of Compound 9: (S)-6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00189] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (60.5 mg, 0.161 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropan-1-amine (32.2 mg, 0.191 mmol) were converted into Compound 5 (75.6 mg, 0.154 mmol). Chiral separation via supercritical fluid chromatography (AD-H column, 30% isopropanol/carbon dioxide, 100 bar) afforded the title compound (31 mg, 0.063 mmol, 39%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.60 (s, 1H), 8.05 (br s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.43 (m, 5H), 6.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (br s, 1H), 5.17 (br s, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 1.01 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z = 490 [M-H]⁻.

Example 18

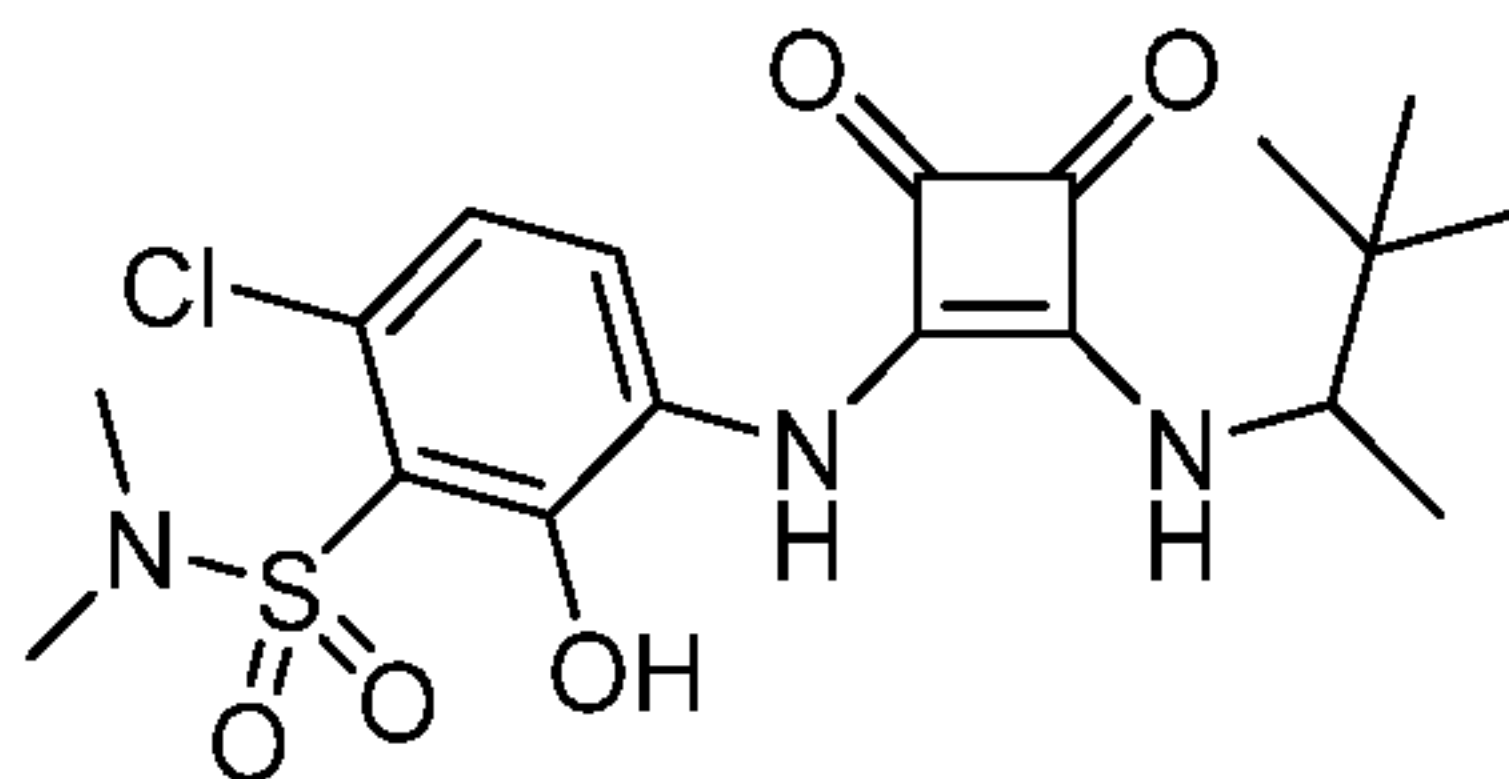
Synthesis of Compound 10: 6-chloro-3-((2-((3,3-dimethyl-1-phenylbutyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00190] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (9.4 mg, 0.025 mmol) and 3,3-dimethyl-1-phenylbutan-1-amine (6.5 mg, 0.035 mmol) were converted into the title compound (12.4 mg, 0.0245 mmol, 98%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 10.54 (s, 1H), 9.39 (s, 1H), 8.75 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (dd, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (br s, 1H), 5.30-5.42 (m, 1H), 2.85 (s, 6H), 1.86 (dd, J=14.1, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 1.72-1.81 (m, 1H), 0.93 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z = 504 [M-H]⁻.

Example 19

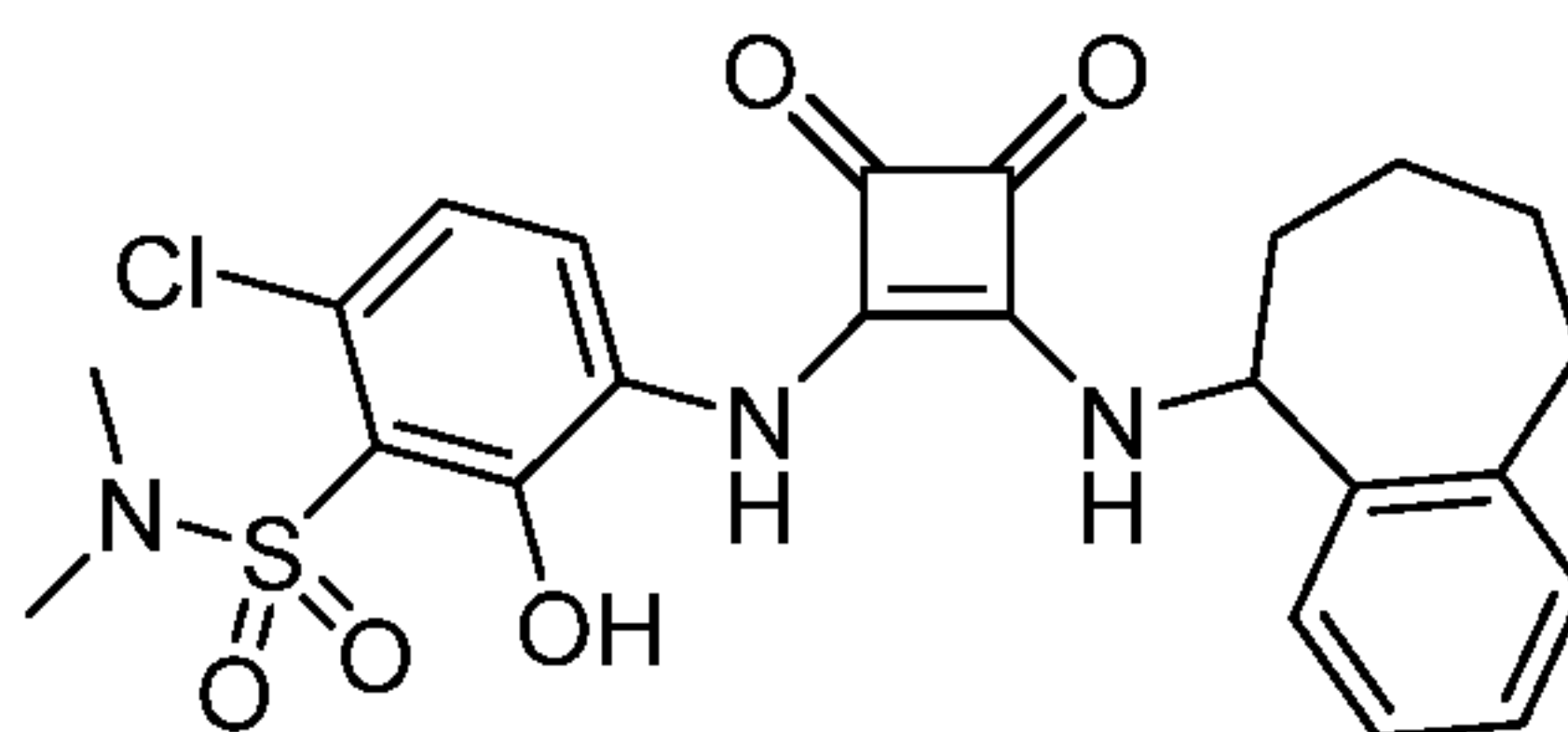
Synthesis of Compound 11: 6-chloro-3-((2-((3,3-dimethylbutan-2-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00191] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (9.4 mg, 0.025 mmol) and 3,3-dimethylbutan-2-amine (3.2 mg, 0.031 mmol) were converted into the title compound (10.8 mg, 0.0251 mmol, 100%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.17 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (q, J=6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 1.26 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.99 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 428 [M-H]⁺.

Example 20

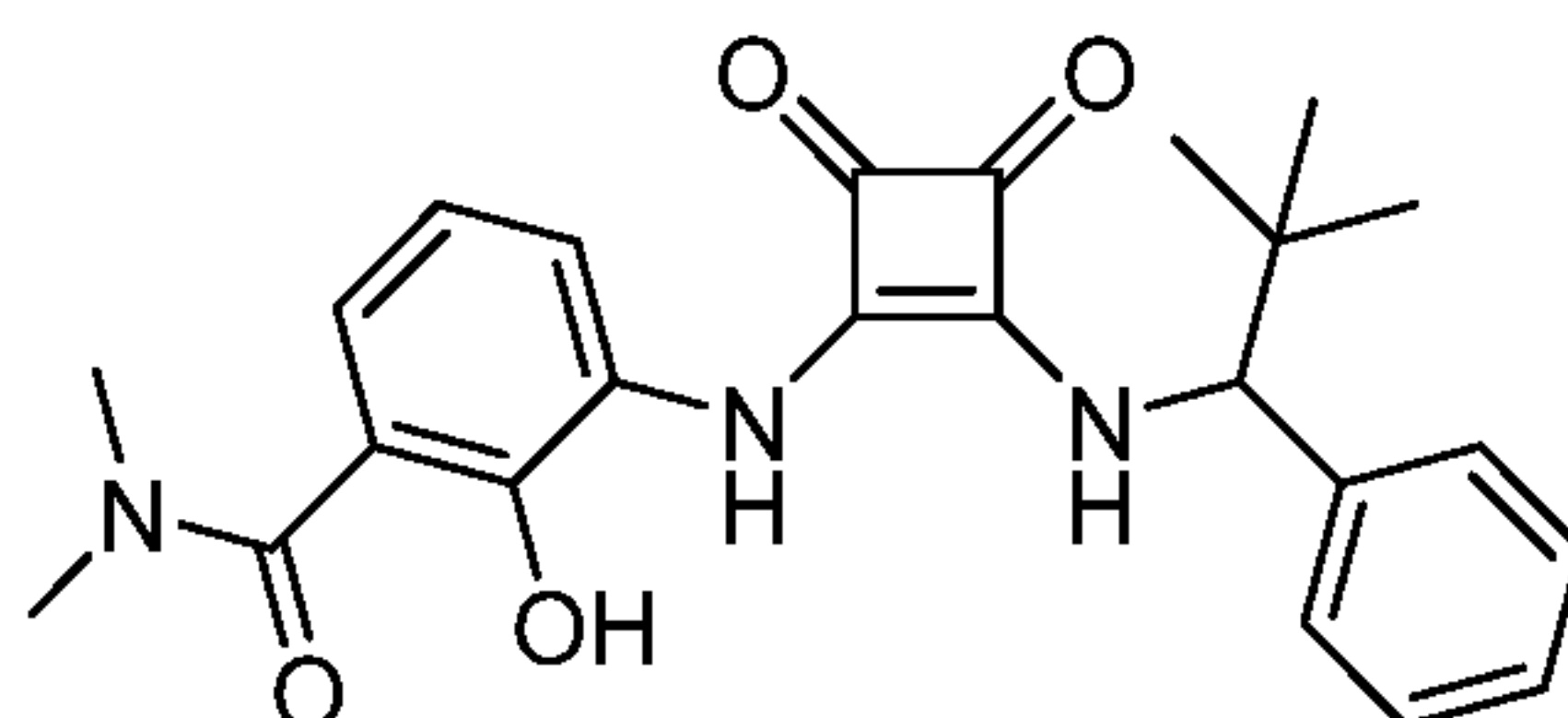
Synthesis of Compound 12: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5H-benzo[7]annulen-5-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00192] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (8.4 mg, 0.022 mmol) and 6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5H-benzo[7]annulen-5-amine (6.8 mg, 0.040 mmol) were converted into the title compound (6.5 mg, 0.013 mmol, 60%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.16 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.33 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.09 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.51-5.64 (m, 1H), 2.75-3.07 (m, 8H), 1.89-2.11 (m, 4H), 1.70-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.57-1.70 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 488 [M-H]⁺.

Example 21

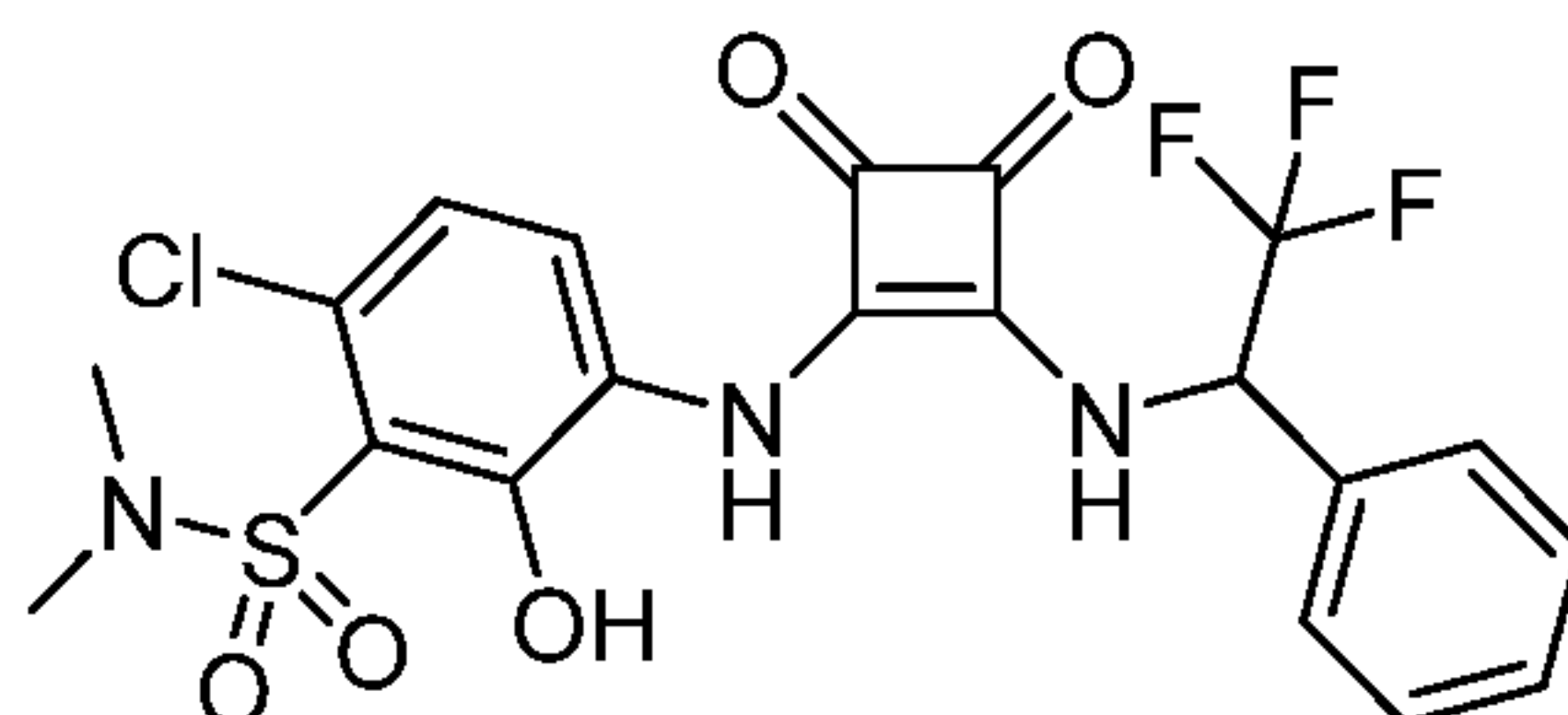
Synthesis of Compound 13: 3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00193] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (36.3 mg, 0.119 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropan-1-amine (21.7 mg, 0.129 mmol) were converted into the title compound (41.5 mg, 0.0985 mmol, 82.7%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.95 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.34 (m, 3H), 6.99 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (dd, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 3.08 (s, 6H), 1.01 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 420 [M-H]⁻.

Example 22

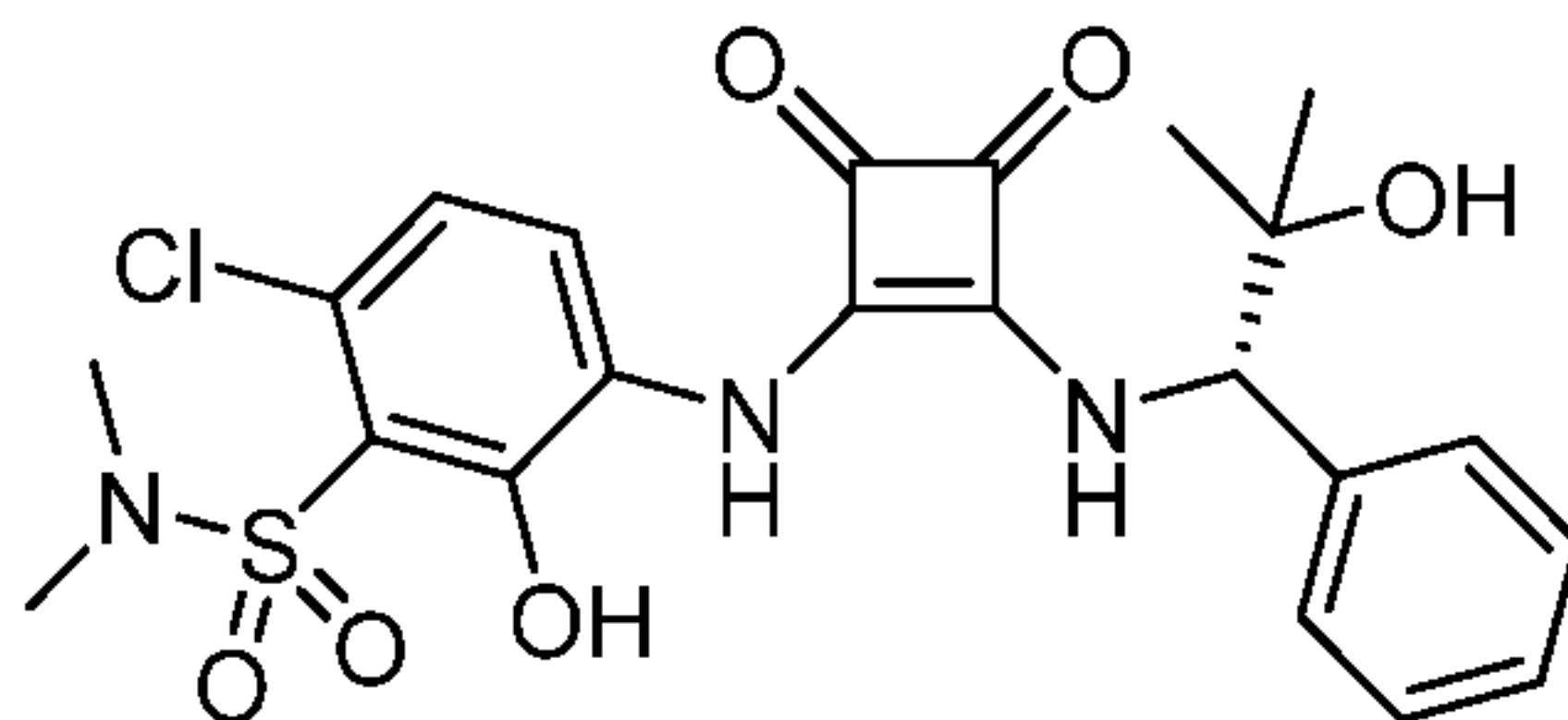
Synthesis of Compound 14: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoro-1-phenylethyl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00194] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (12.2 mg, 0.0326 mmol) and 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-phenylethan-1-amine hydrochloride (13.3 mg, 0.0597 mmol) were converted into the title compound (5.2 mg, 0.010 mmol, 32%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.61 (s, 1H), 8.18 (br s, 1H), 7.84 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.45 (m, 3H), 6.96 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.97-6.09 (m, 1H), 2.86 (s, 6H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 502 [M-H]⁻.

Example 23

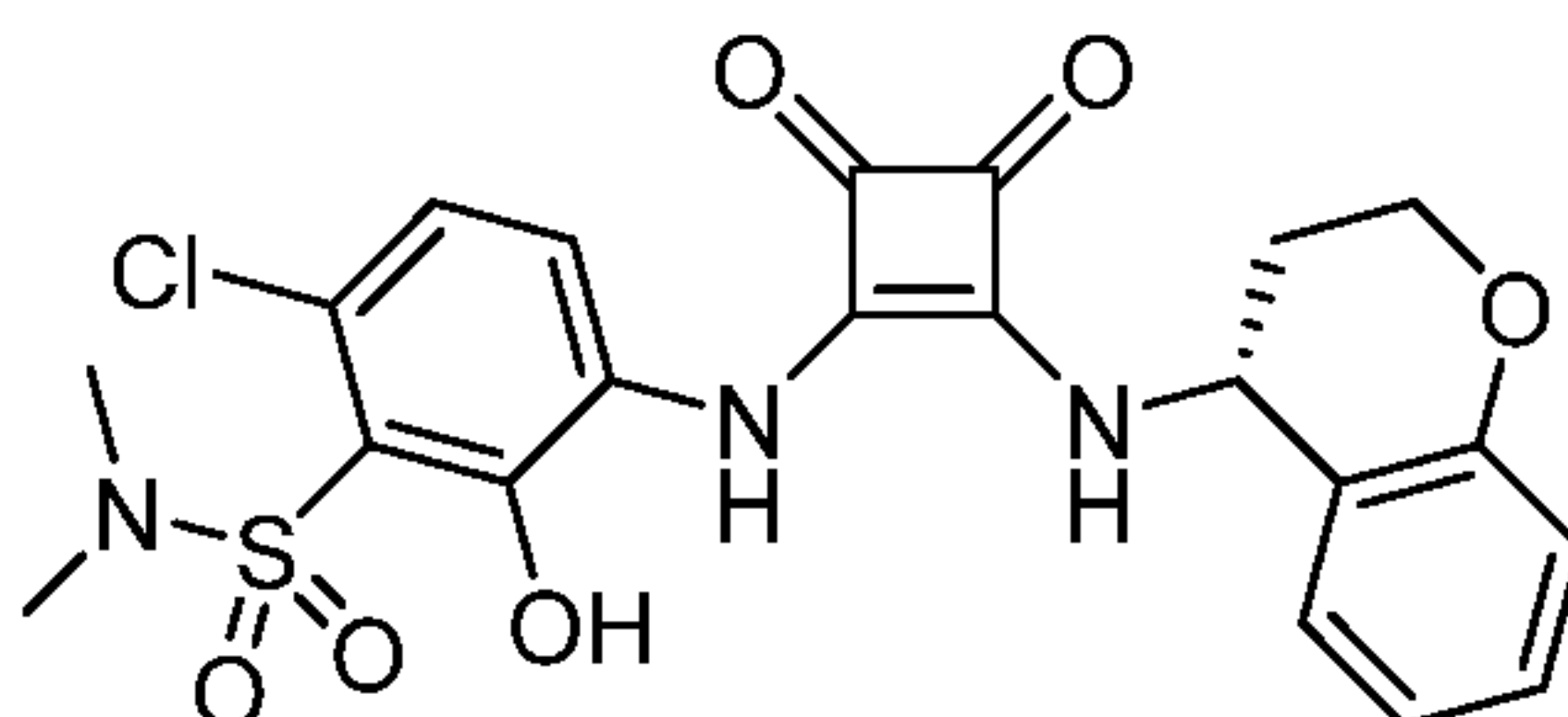
Synthesis of Compound 15: (S)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-(((2-((2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00195] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (19.2 mg, 0.0512 mmol) and (S)-1-amino-2-methyl-1-phenylpropan-2-ol hydrochloride (12.3 mg, 0.0579 mmol) were converted into the title compound (22.1 mg, 0.0447 mmol, 87.4%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.62 (s, 1H), 8.42 (br s, 1H), 7.67-8.08 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.53 (m, 5H), 6.99 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (br s, 1H), 2.90 (br s, 6H), 2.52 (br s, 1H), 1.43 (br s, 3H), 1.12 (br s, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 492 [M-H]⁻.

Example 24

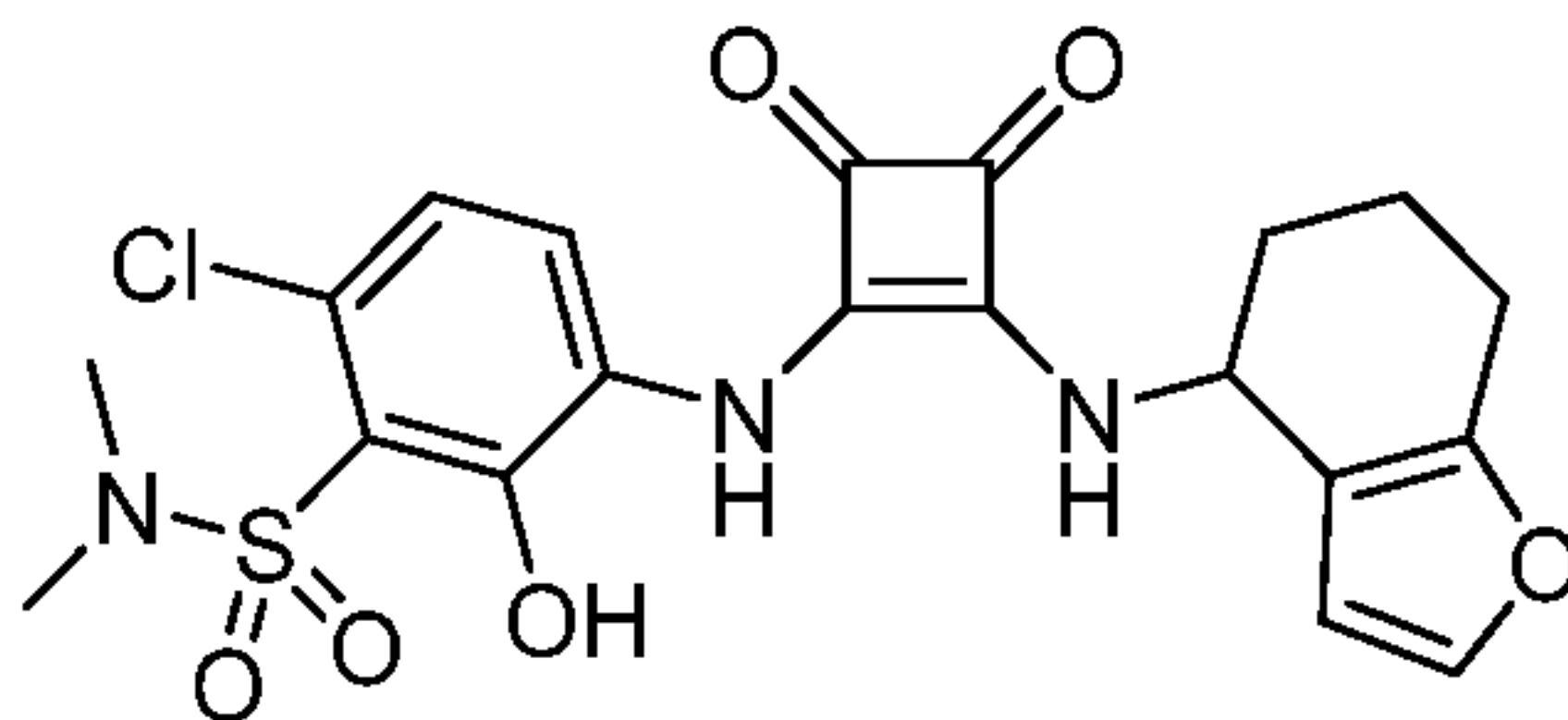
Synthesis of Compound 16: (R)-6-chloro-3-(((2-(chroman-4-ylamino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00196] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (19.0 mg, 0.0507 mmol) and (R)-chroman-4-amine hydrochloride (13.2 mg, 0.0711 mmol) were converted into the title compound (17.1 mg, 0.0358 mmol, 70.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.52 (s, 1H), 7.98 (br s, 1H), 7.80 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.94 (m, 2H), 6.80 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (br s, 1H), 4.27-4.35 (m, 1H), 4.18-4.26 (m, 1H), 2.75 (s, 6H), 2.29-2.40 (m, 1H), 2.11-2.21 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 476 [M-H]⁻.

Example 25

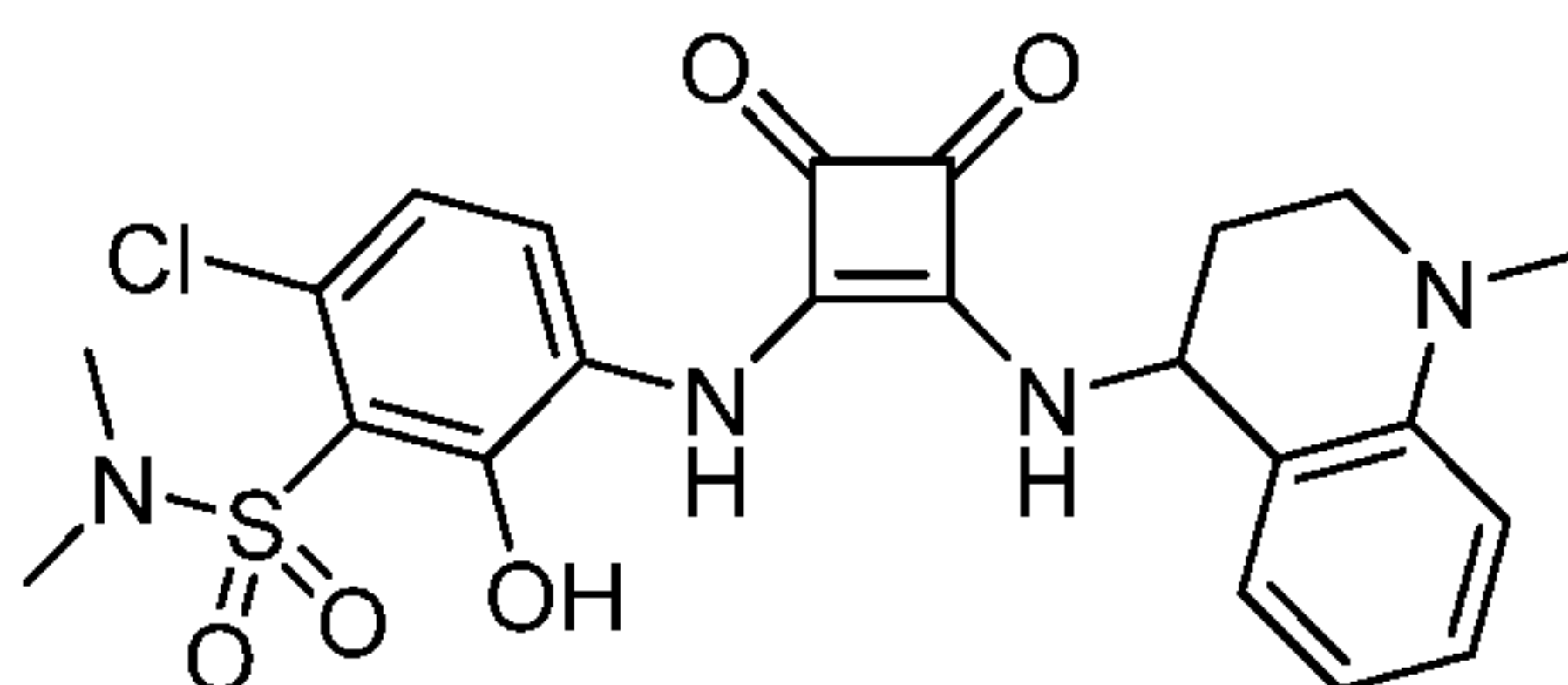
Synthesis of Compound 17: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00197] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (21.7 mg, 0.0579 mmol) and 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (11.9 mg, 0.0824 mmol) were converted into the title compound (24.1 mg, 0.0517 mmol, 89.3%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.63 (s, 1H), 7.92 (br s, 1H), 7.62 (br s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 6.98 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (br d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 5.27 (br s, 1H), 2.88 (s, 3H), 2.52-2.70 (m, 2H), 2.16 (br s, 1H), 1.99 (br s, 1H), 1.89-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.89 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 464 [M-H]⁻.

Example 26

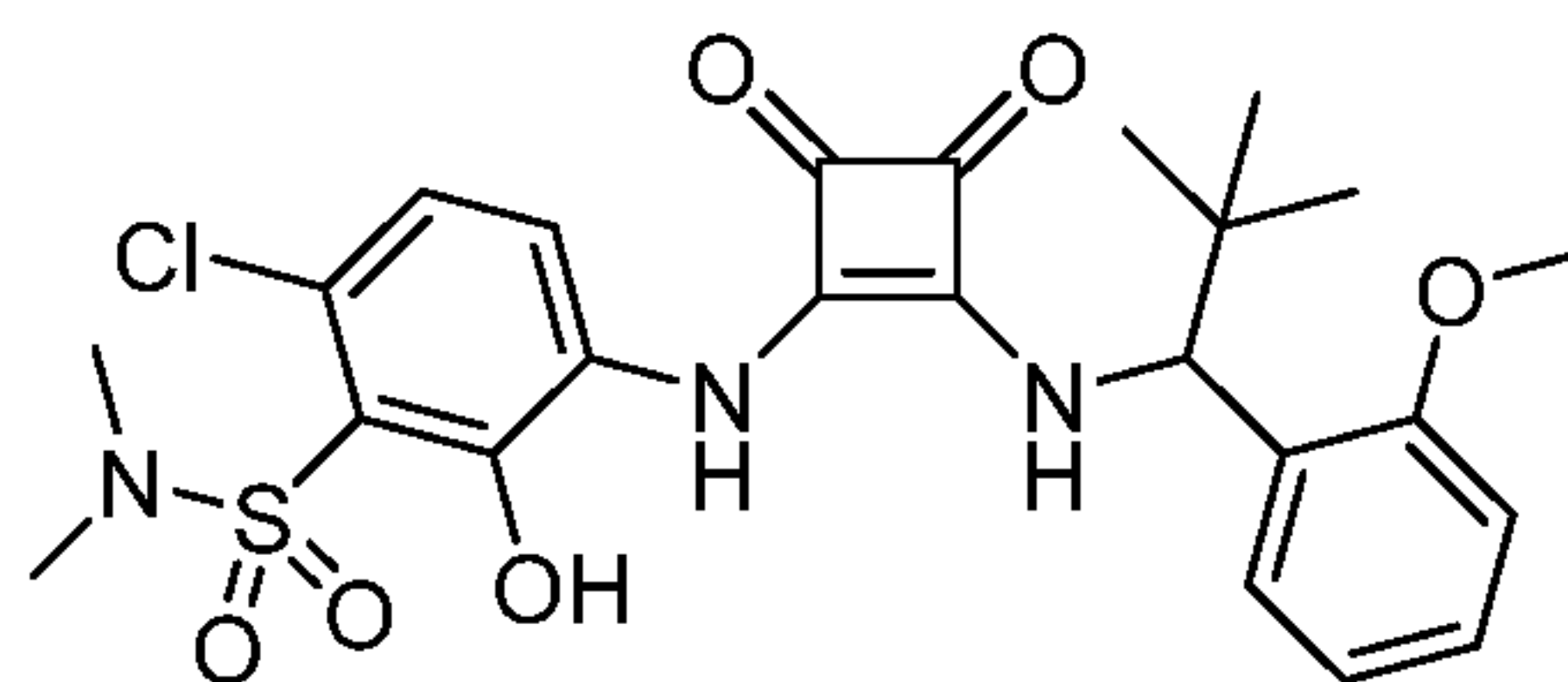
Synthesis of Compound 18: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-3-((2-((1-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)benzenesulfonamide



[00198] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (20.9 mg, 0.0558 mmol) and 1-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-4-amine (15.2 mg, 0.0890 mmol) were converted into the title compound (24.0 mg, 0.0489 mmol, 87.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.59 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (br s, 1H), 7.11-7.22 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (br s, 1H), 5.38 (br s, 1H), 3.22-3.35 (m, 2H), 2.93 (s, 3H), 2.80 (s, 6H), 2.23-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.13-2.21 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 489 [M-H]⁻.

Example 27

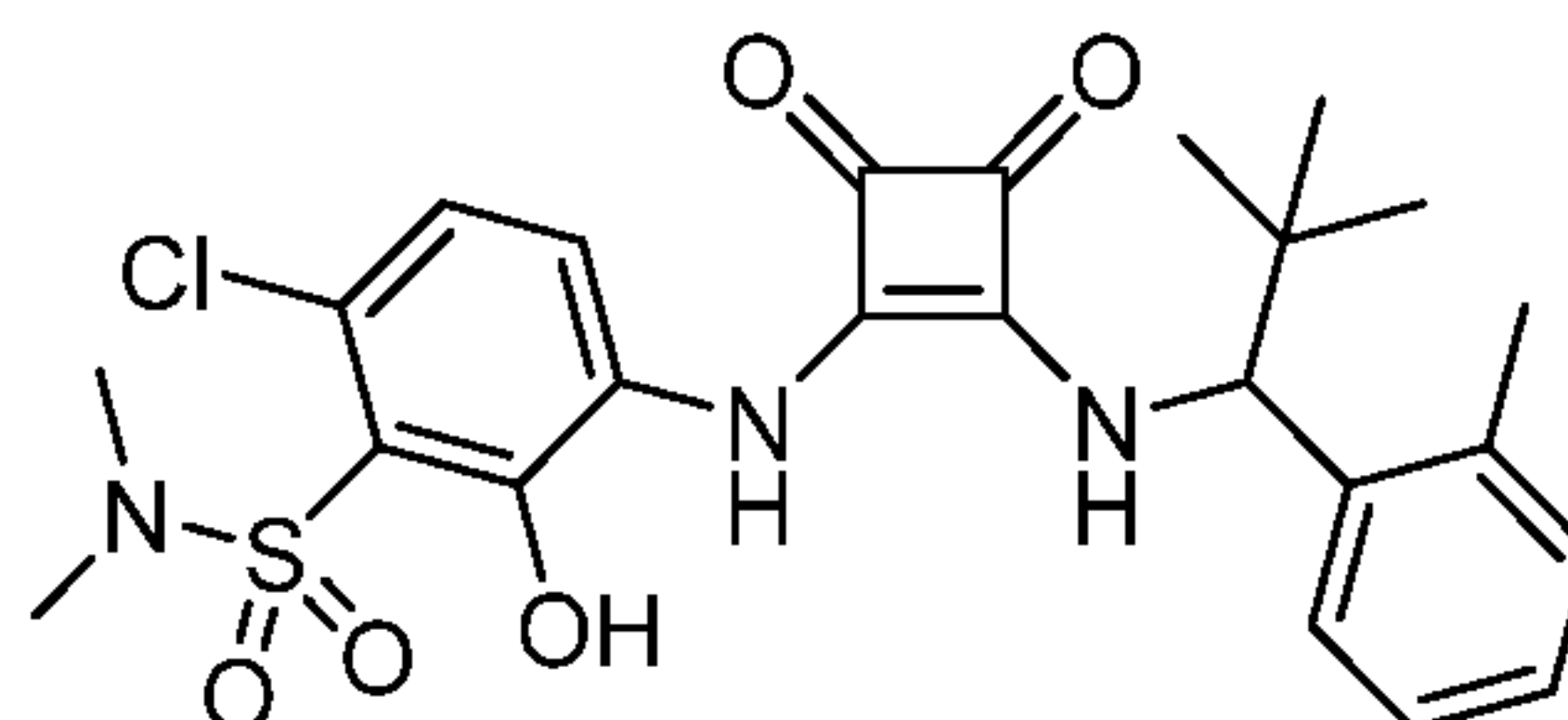
Synthesis of Compound 19: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((2-((1-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00199] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (20.0 mg, 0.0534 mmol) and 1-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride (14.9 mg, 0.0616 mmol) were converted into the title compound (25.2 mg, 0.0483 mmol, 90.4%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.75 (s, 1H), 7.66 (br s, 1H), 7.29 (br s, 1H), 7.17 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (br s, 1H), 6.97 (br s, 1H), 6.92 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (br s, 1H), 5.34 (br s, 1H), 5.10 (br s, 1H), 3.80 (br s, 3H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.01 (br s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 520 [M-H]⁻.

Example 28

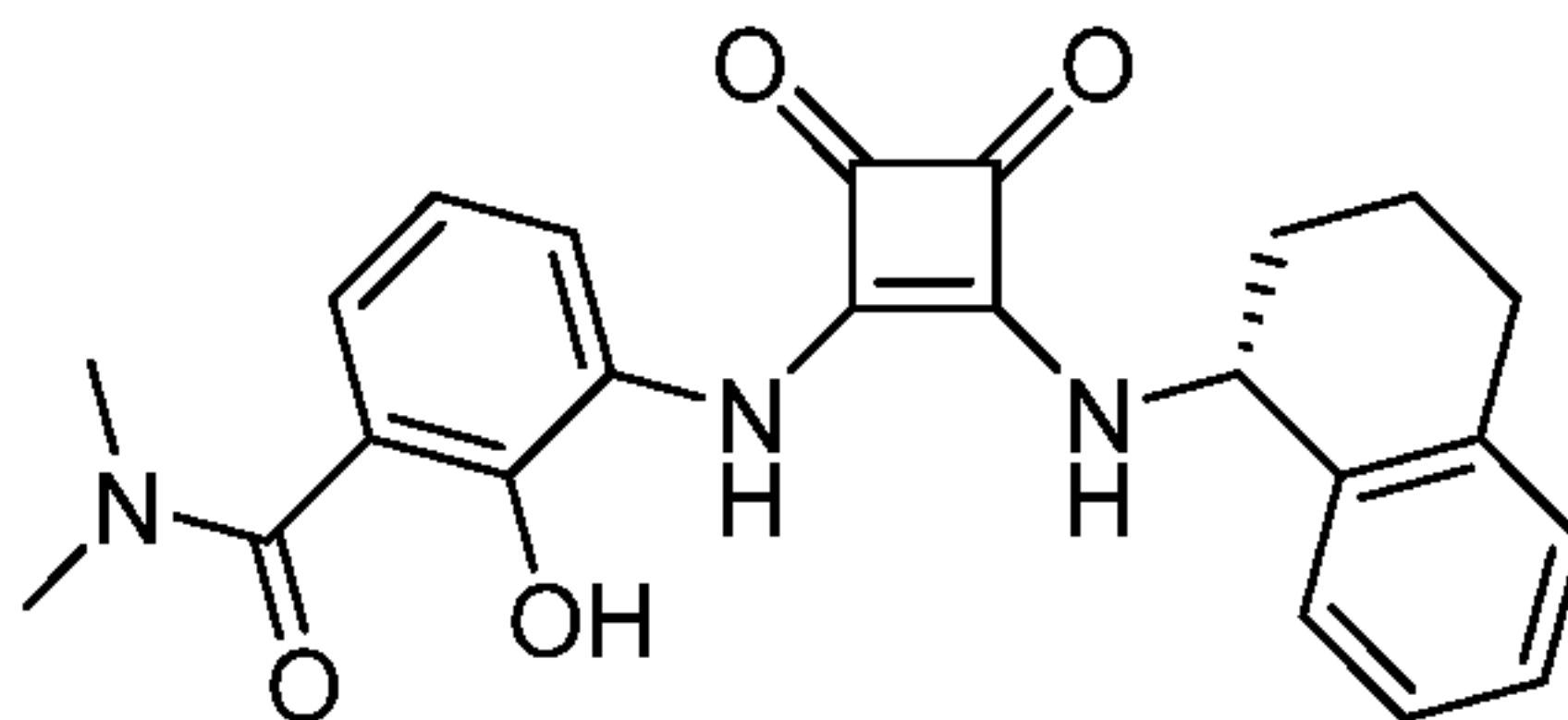
Synthesis of Compound 20: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-(o-tolyl)propyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00200] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (19.3 mg, 0.0515 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-(o-tolyl)propan-1-amine (12.0 mg, 0.0643 mmol) were converted into the title compound (23.1 mg, 0.0457 mmol, 88.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.56 (br s, 1H), 8.28 (br s, 1H), 7.80 (br s, 1H), 7.55 (br s, 1H), 7.25 (br s, 1H), 7.16 (br s, 2H), 6.93 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (br s, 1H), 2.85 (s, 6H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 504 [M-H]⁻.

Example 29

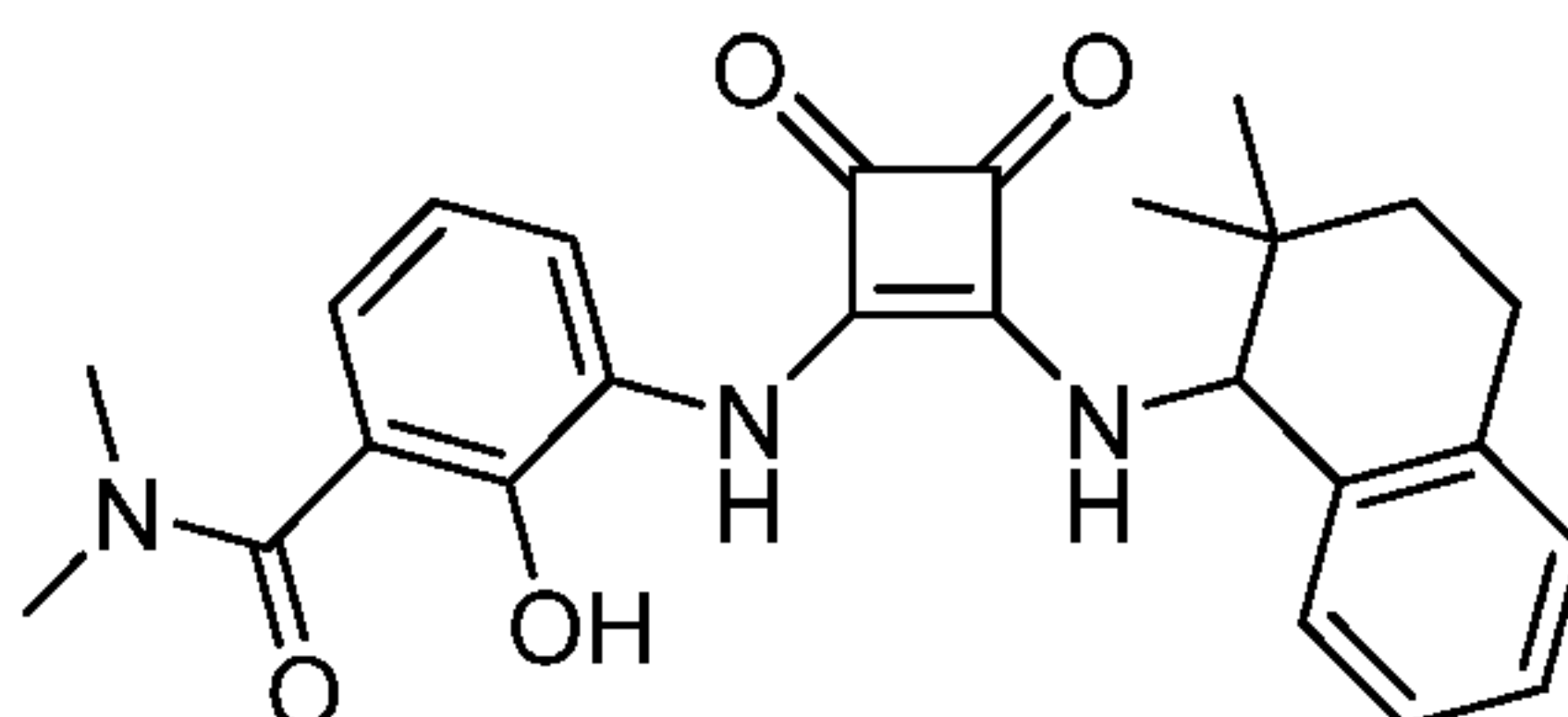
Synthesis of Compound 21: (R)-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00201] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (21.3 mg, 0.0700 mmol) and (R)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-amine (14.4 mg, 0.0949 mmol) were converted into the title compound (26.0 mg, 0.0641 mmol, 91.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.96 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.96-7.01 (m, 1H), 6.93 (dd, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (br s, 2H), 3.05 (s, 6H), 2.84-2.93 (m, 1H), 2.75-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.10-2.23 (m, 1H), 1.94-2.09 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.94 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 404 [M-H]⁻.

Example 30

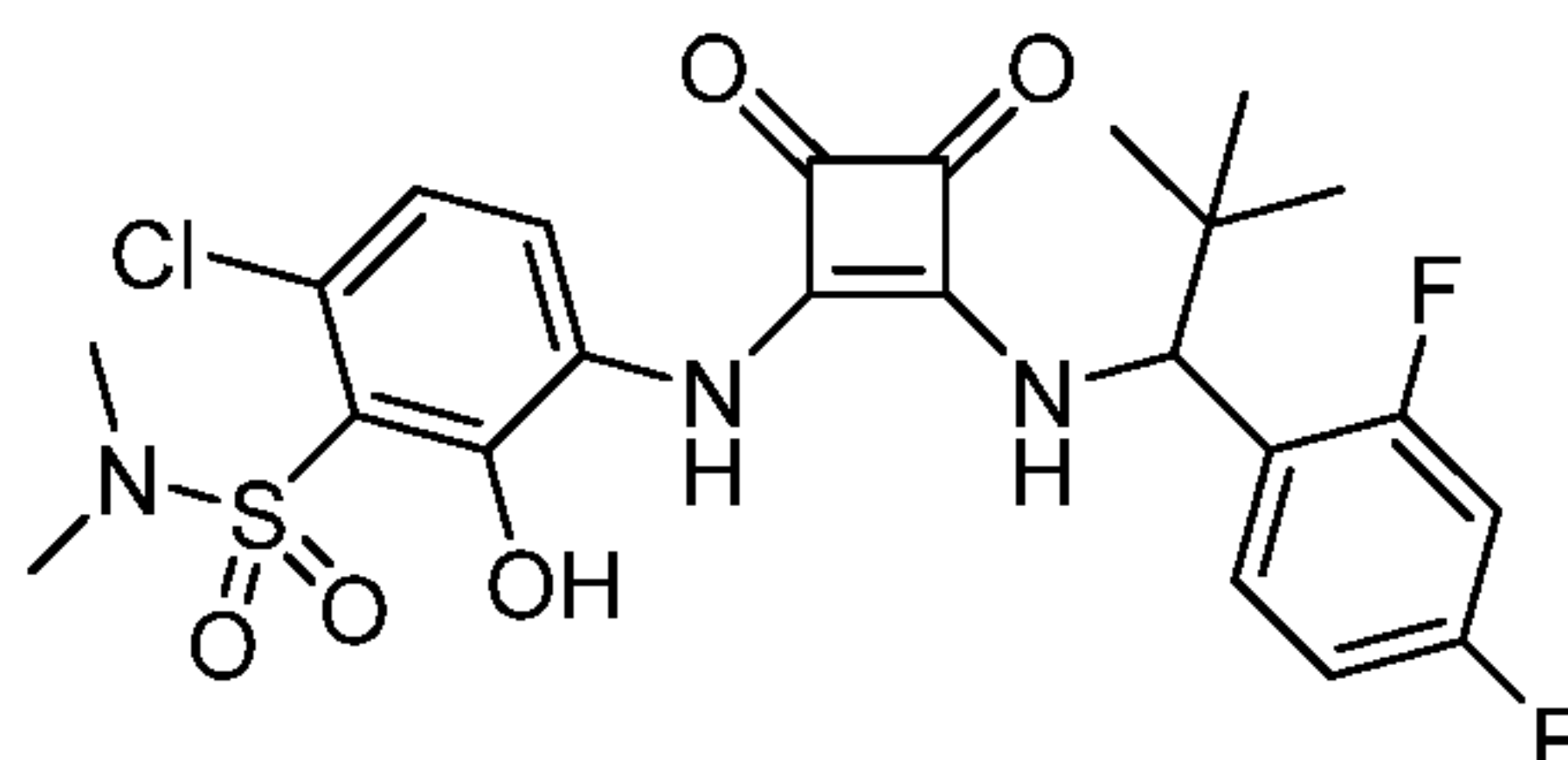
Synthesis of Compound 22: 3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00202] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (52.1 mg, 0.171 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-amine (44.7 mg, 0.242 mmol) were converted into the title compound (60.7 mg, 0.140 mmol, 81.9%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.00 (dd, J=8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.24 (m, 2H), 6.98 (dd, J=7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (dd, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 3.06 (s, 6H), 2.80-2.96 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 432 [M-H]⁻.

Example 31

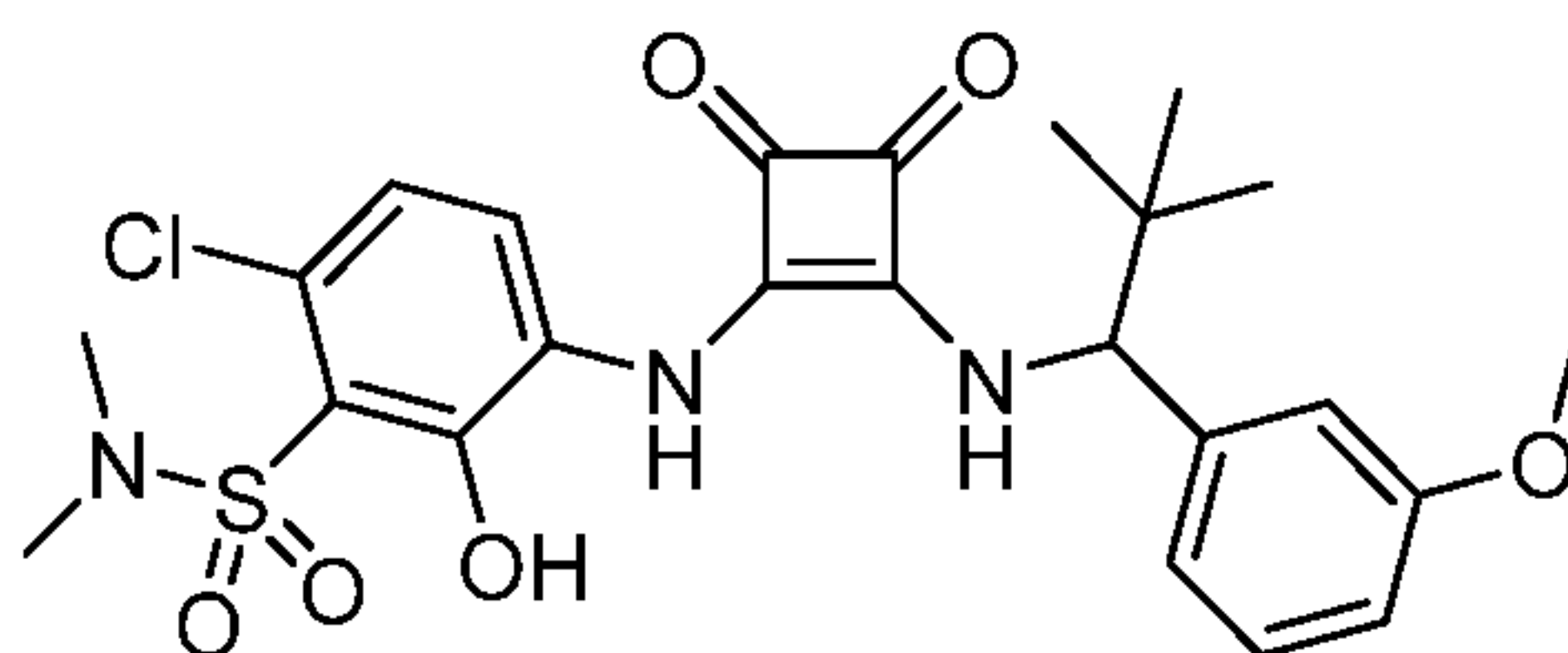
Synthesis of Compound 23: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00203] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (19.6 mg, 0.0523 mmol) and 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropan-1-amine (14.2 mg, 0.0677 mmol) were converted into the title compound (24.0 mg, 0.0455 mmol, 86.9%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.55 (s, 1H), 8.69 (br s, 1H), 8.11 (br s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.41 (m, 1H), 6.98 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.80-6.93 (m, 1H), 6.75 (br s, 1H), 5.52 (br s, 1H), 2.85 (s, 6H), 0.98 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z = 526 [M-H]⁻.

Example 32

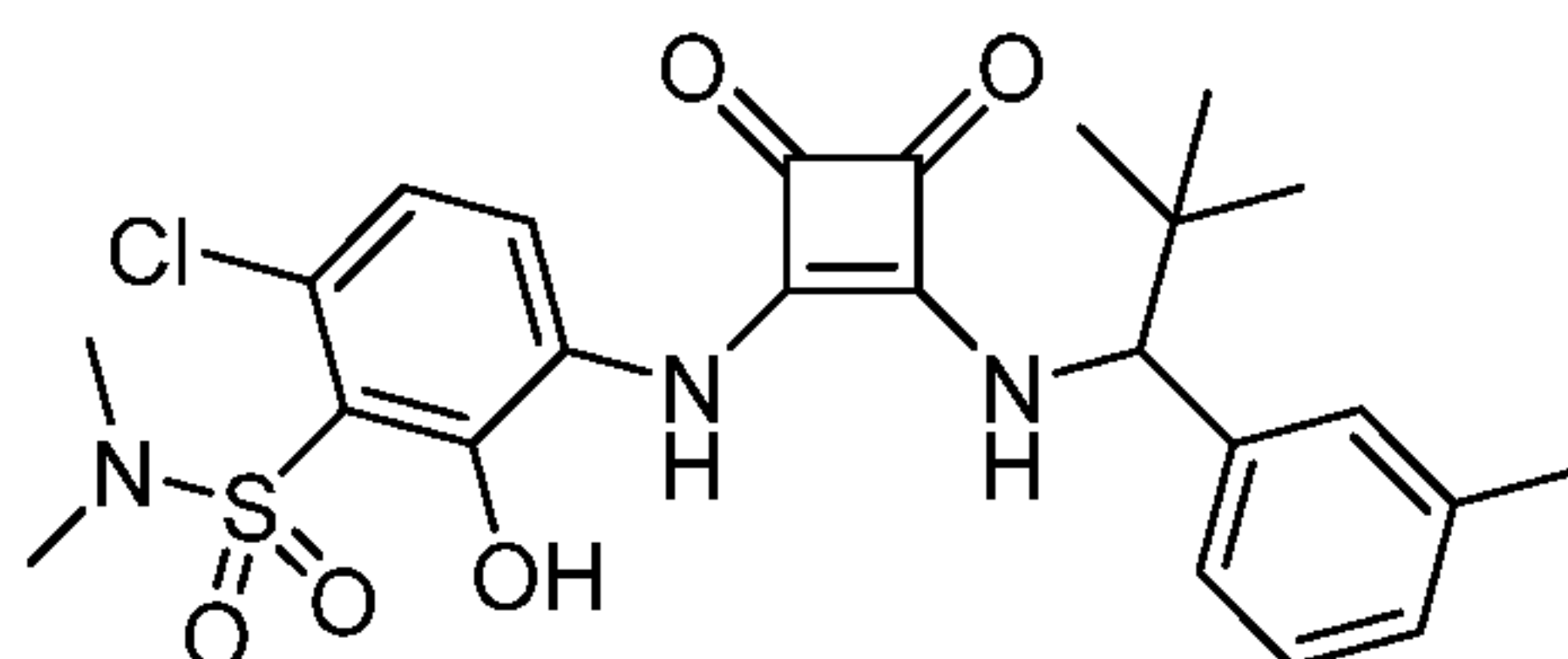
Synthesis of Compound 24: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((2-((1-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00204] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (21.1 mg, 0.0563 mmol) and 1-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropan-1-amine (15.8 mg, 0.0744 mmol) were converted into the title compound (25.3 mg, 0.0485 mmol, 86.1%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.52 (s, 1H), 8.61 (br s, 1H), 8.13 (br s, 1H), 7.91 (br s, 1H), 7.19 (br s, 1H), 6.95 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 6.77 (br s, 1H), 5.20 (br s, 1H), 3.75 (br s, 3H), 2.84 (br s, 6H), 0.99 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z = 520 [M-H]⁻.

Example 33

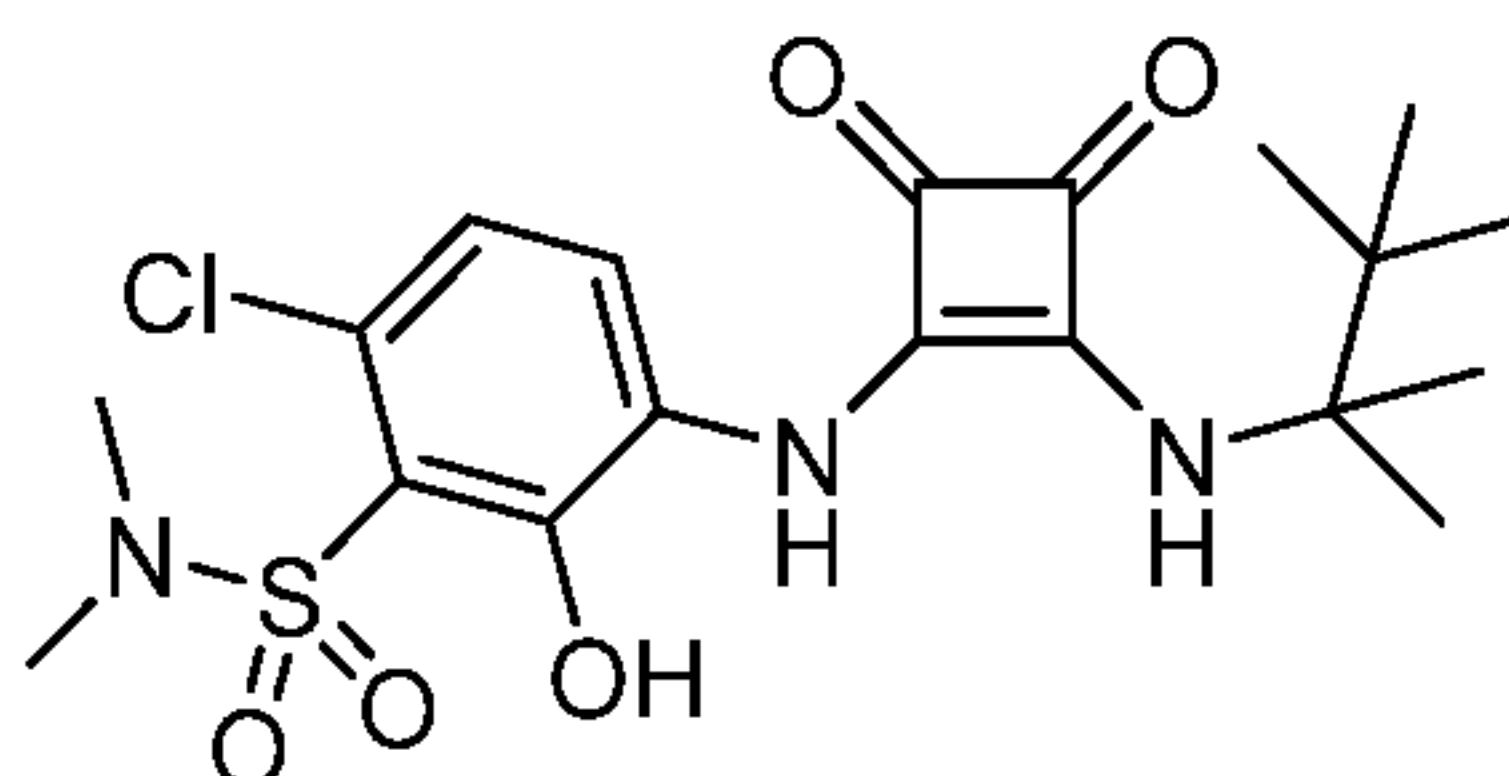
Synthesis of Compound 25: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-(*m*-tolyl)propyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-*N,N*-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00205] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (20.2 mg, 0.0539 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-(*m*-tolyl)propan-1-amine (15.7 mg, 0.0841 mmol) were converted into the title compound (24.1 mg, 0.0476 mmol, 88.4%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 10.54 (s, 1H), 8.61 (br s, 1H), 8.08 (br s, 1H), 7.93 (br s, 1H), 7.18 (br s, 1H), 6.97-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (br s, 1H), 5.20 (br s, 1H), 2.84 (s, 6H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 504 [M-H]⁻.

Example 34

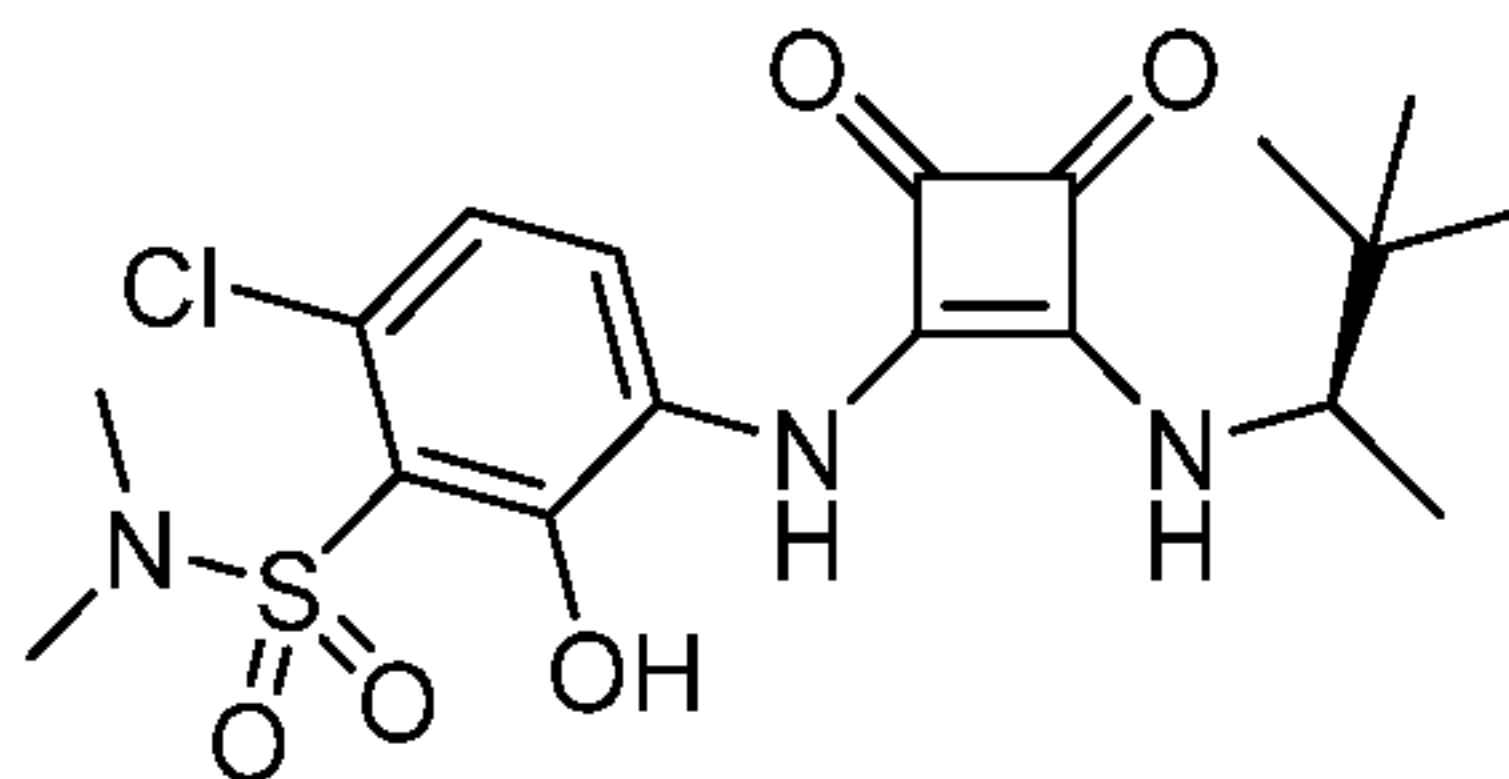
Synthesis of Compound 26: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((2,3,3-trimethylbutan-2-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-*N,N*-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00206] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (19.9 mg, 0.0531 mmol) and 2,3,3-trimethylbutan-2-amine (17.5 mg, 0.144 mmol) were converted into the title compound (7.8 mg, 0.018 mmol, 33%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 10.63 (s, 1H), 8.22 (br s, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J*=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J*=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (br s, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 1.50 (s, 6H), 1.00 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 442 [M-H]⁻.

Example 35

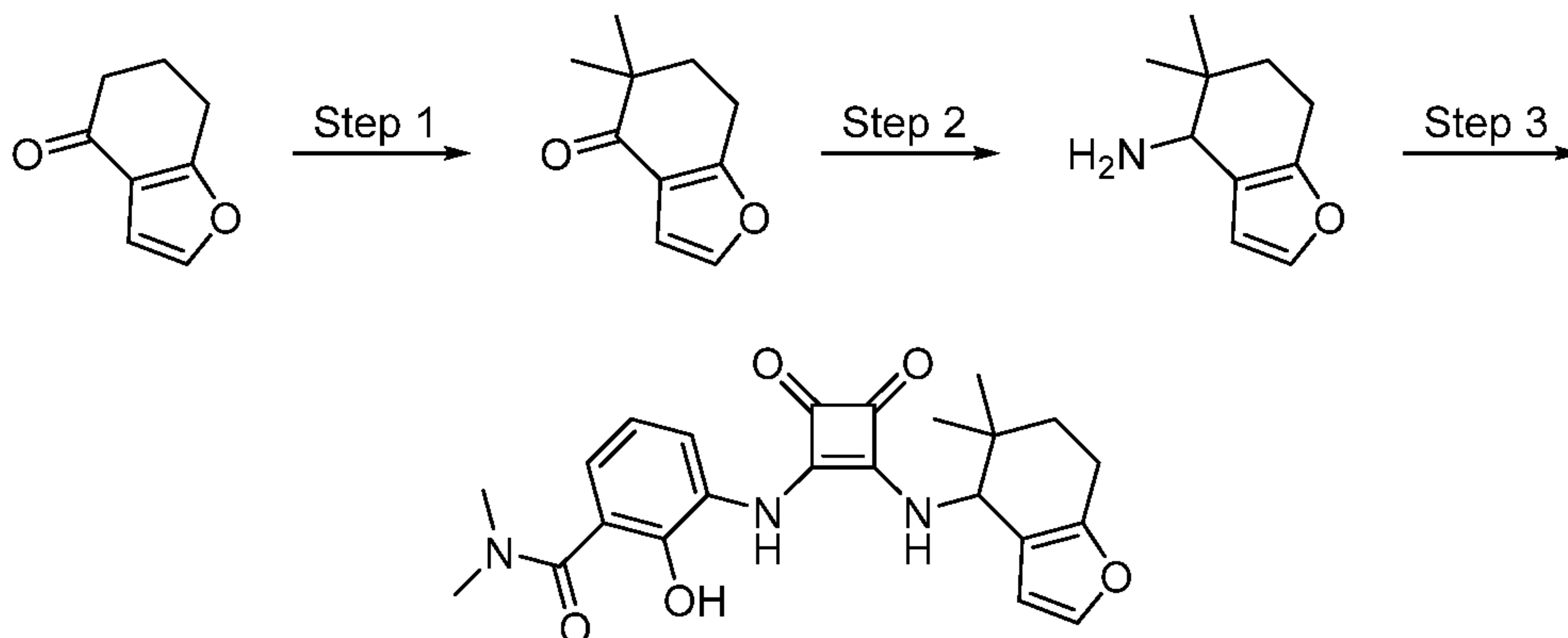
Synthesis of Compound 27: (R)-6-chloro-3-((2-((3,3-dimethylbutan-2-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00207] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (20.5 mg, 0.0547 mmol) and (R)-3,3-dimethylbutan-2-amine (8.8 mg, 0.086 mmol) were converted into the title compound (14.3 mg, 0.0333 mmol, 60.8%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.58 (s, 1H), 8.45 (br s, 1H), 7.98 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (br s, 1H), 6.96 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (br s, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.23 (br d, J=6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z = 428 [M-H]⁻.

Example 36

Synthesis of Compound 28: 3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



Step 1

5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-one

[00208] Step 1: To a suspension of sodium hydride (60 wt. % dispersion in mineral oil, 1.16 g, 29.0 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (20.0 mL) was added a solution of 6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-one (1.01 g, 7.27 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (3.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring at ambient temperature for 40 minutes, iodomethane (2.0 M in 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane, 14.5 mL, 29 mmol) was added. After stirring at ambient

temperature overnight, the mixture was quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was then washed with water (2 times), followed by brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (80 g column, 0% → 10% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-one (1.03 g, 6.27 mmol, 86.3%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 7.32 (s, 1H), 6.67 (s, 1H), 2.90 (t, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.01 (t, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (s, 6H).

Step 2

5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine

[00209] Step 2: After purging a solution of 5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-one (1.03 g, 6.25 mmol) in ethanol (20.0 mL) with nitrogen for 10 minutes, ammonium acetate was added. After stirring at ambient temperature for an additional 10 minutes, sodium cyanotrihydroborate (2.43 g, 36.7 mmol) was then added and stirring continued for 10 minutes. The mixture was subsequently stirred at 65°C for 24 hours, followed by 75°C for 24 hours. The suspension was allowed to cool to ambient temperature and dissolved in 1.0 N aqueous hydrochloric acid, which caused significant bubble formation. Once bubble formation ceased, the aqueous solution was washed with ethyl acetate (2 times) and pH adjusted to 12 by addition of 4.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide. This aqueous solution was then extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times), organic layers combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford 5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (751 mg, 4.54 mmol, 72.7%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 7.25 (s, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 3.42 (br s, 1H), 2.55-2.63 (m, 1H), 2.46-2.55 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.51-1.62 (m, 1H), 0.98 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 3H).

Step 3

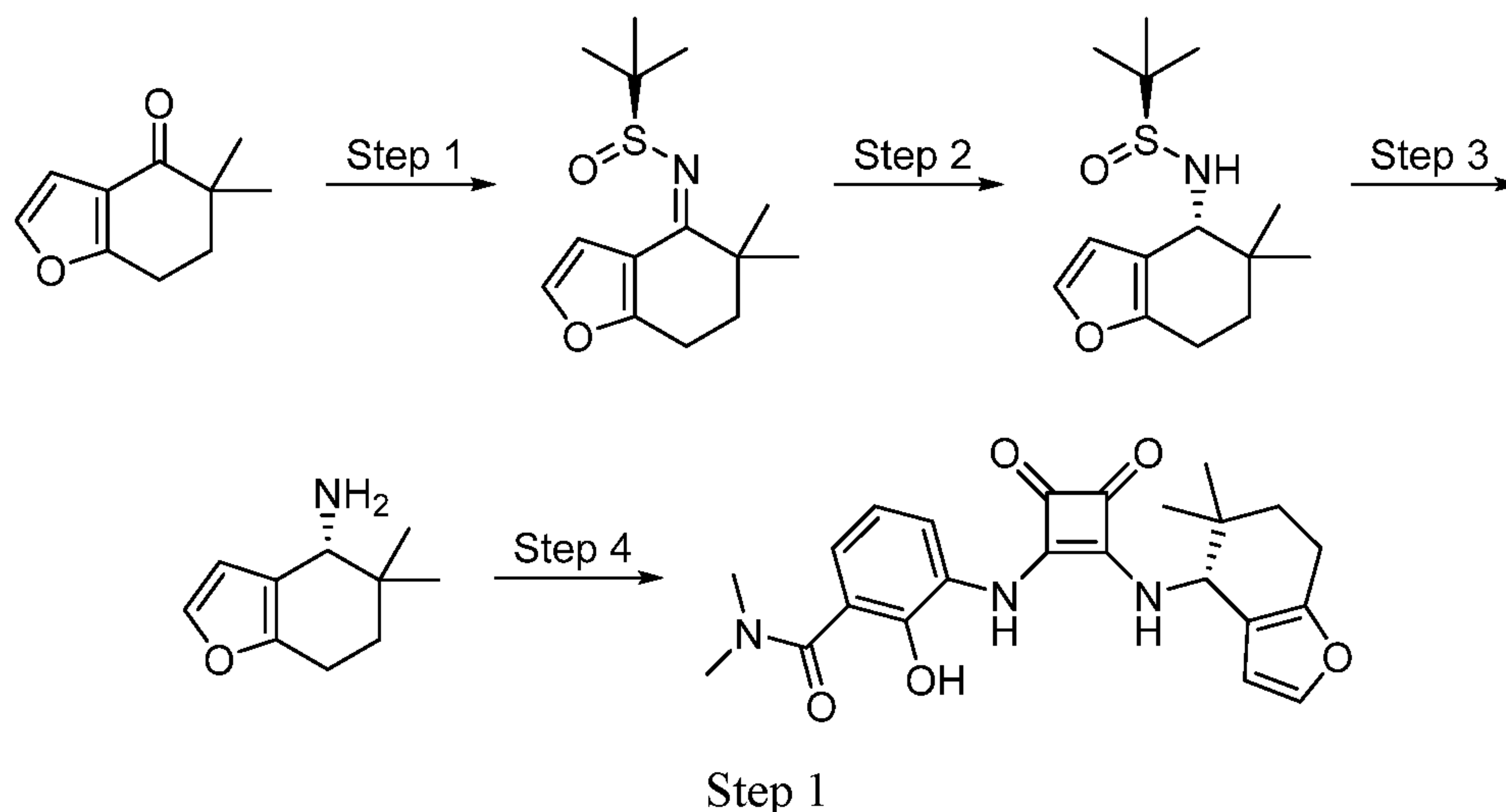
3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide

[00210] Step 3: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (343 mg, 1.13 mmol) and 5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (223 mg, 1.35 mmol) were converted into the title compound (384 mg, 0.906 mmol, 80.2%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.98 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 6.98 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 4.99 (s, 1H),

3.06 (s, 6H), 2.53-2.73 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.63-1.74 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H).
MS (ESI): $m/z = 422$ $[M-H]^-$.

Example 37

Synthesis of Compound 29: (R)-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



(S,Z)-N-(5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-ylidene)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide
[00211] Step 1: After stirring a mixture of 5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-one (synthesized as described for Compound 28, 4.0 g, 24 mmol) and titanium(IV) ethanolate (41.0 mL, 195 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere at 110°C for 20 minutes, (S)-2-methyl-2-propanesulfinamide (11.8 g, 97.4 mmol) was added and stirring continued at 110°C overnight. After cooling to ambient temperature, the mixture was slowly poured into saturated aqueous sodium chloride (200 mL) with vigorous stirring. After 30 minutes the resulting suspension was filtered through a plug of celite®, rinsing with ethyl acetate. The phases of the combined filtrate and rinse were split and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times). The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Biotage® Isolera (50 g column, 0% → 35% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford (S,Z)-N-(5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-ylidene)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (3.6 g, 13 mmol, 56%). MS (ESI): $m/z = 268$ $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2

(S)-N-((R)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

[00212] Step 2: To a solution of (S,Z)-N-(5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-ylidene)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (5.3 g, 20. mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added titanium(IV) ethanolate (8.3 mL, 40. mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere at -50°C. After stirring for 20 minutes, sodium tetrahydroborate (3.0 g, 79 mmol) was added and stirring continued for an additional 30 minutes at -50°C. The mixture was then allowed to warm to ambient temperature while stirring overnight. After cooling to -15°C, methanol (10 mL) was slowly added and stirring continued until gas evolution stopped. The mixture was poured into saturated aqueous sodium chloride (250 mL) with vigorous stirring. After 30 minutes the resulting suspension was filtered through a plug of celite®, rinsing with ethyl acetate. The phases of the combined filtrate and rinse were split and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times). The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Biotage® Isolera (50 g column, 20% → 85% 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane/hexanes) to afford (S)-N-((R)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (3.8 g, 14 mmol, 71%). MS (ESI): $m/z = 270$ [M+H]⁺.

Step 3

(R)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine

[00213] Step 3: To a mixture of (S)-N-((R)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (3.7 g, 14 mmol) in methanol (20 mL) was added 4.0 M hydrochloric acid in 1,4-dioxane (7.0 mL, 28 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring for 1 hour, the mixture was concentrated and the residue was suspended in ethoxyethane (100 mL). After stirring vigorously for 45 minutes, the resulting slurry was collected on a filter, rinsed with diethyl ether, and dried under vacuum. The solid was suspended in dichloromethane (100 mL) followed by addition of aqueous ammonia-ammonium chloride solution, (1 M in each; 10 mL). The mixture was stirred for 2 hours and settled. The organic layer was separated, washed with water, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford (R)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (1.4 g, 8.5 mmol, 61%).

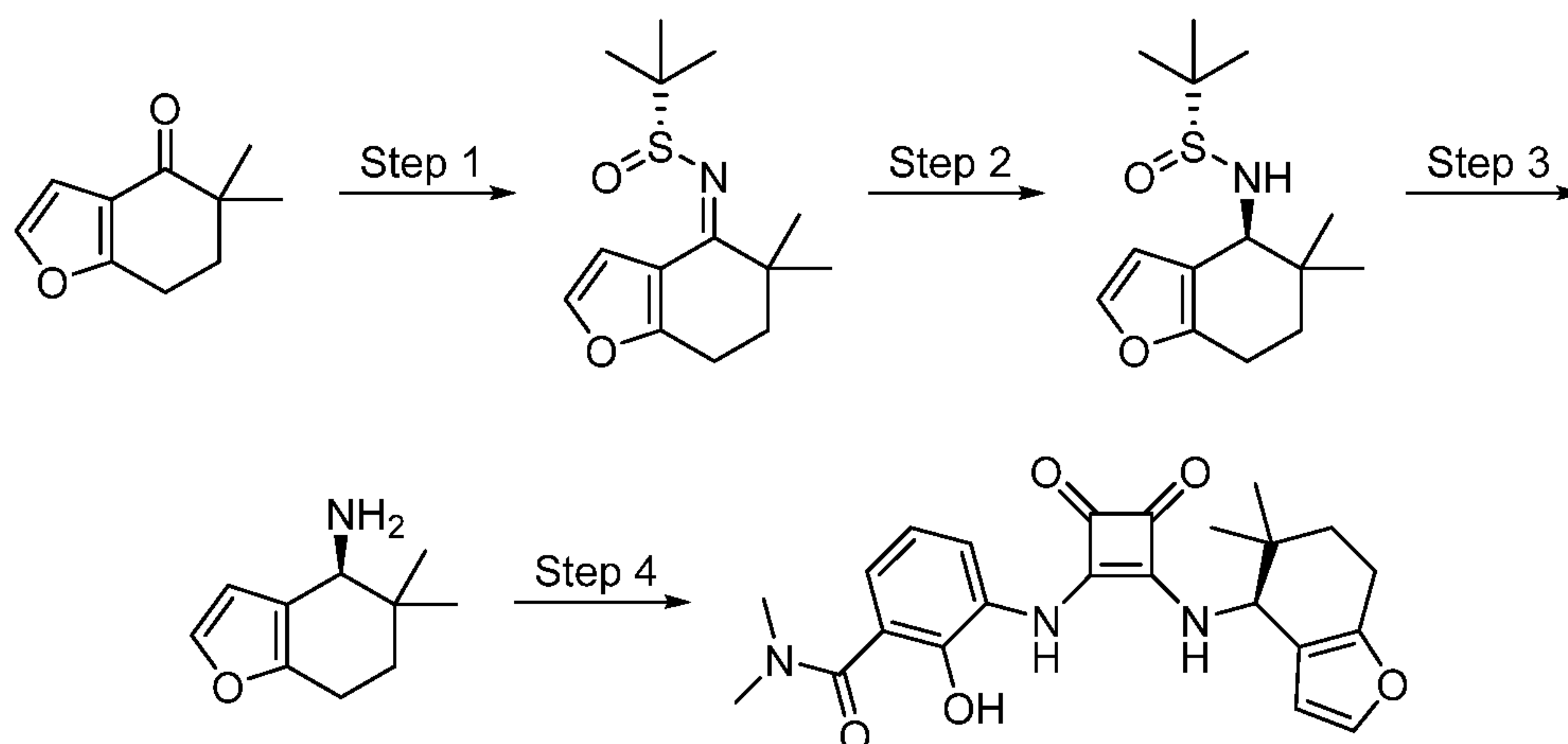
Step 4

(R)-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide

[00214] Step 4: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (397 mg, 1.30 mmol) and (R)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (233 mg, 1.41 mmol) were converted into the title compound (500. mg, 1.18 mmol, 90.7%). ¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.99 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (br s, 1H), 6.96-7.00 (m, 1H), 6.90-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.36 (br s, 1H), 4.99 (s, 1H), 3.06 (s, 6H), 2.52-2.73 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 422 [M-H]⁺.

Example 38

Synthesis of Compound 30: (S)-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



Step 1

(R,Z)-N-(5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-ylidene)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

[00215] Step 1: After stirring a mixture of 5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-one (synthesized as described for Compound 28, 3.5 g, 21 mmol) and titanium(IV) ethanolate (35.7 mL, 171 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere at 110°C for 20 minutes, (R)-2-methyl-2-propanesulfinamide (10.3 g, 85.0 mmol) was added and stirring continued at 110°C overnight. After cooling to ambient temperature, the mixture was slowly poured into saturated aqueous sodium chloride (200 mL) with vigorous stirring. After 30 minutes the resulting suspension was

filtered through a plug of celite®, rinsing with ethyl acetate. The phases of the combined filtrate and rinse were split and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times). The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Biotage® Isolera (50 g column, 0% → 35% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford (R,Z)-N-(5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-ylidene)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (3.4 g, 13 mmol, 60.%). MS (ESI): $m/z = 268$ [M+H]⁺.

Step 2

(R)-N-((S)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide
[00216] Step 2: To a solution of (R,Z)-N-(5,5-dimethyl-6,7-dihydrobenzofuran-4(5H)-ylidene)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (3.3 g, 12 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added titanium(IV) ethanolate (5.1 mL, 24 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere at -50°C. After stirring for 20 minutes, sodium tetrahydroborate (1.9 g, 50. mmol) was added and stirring continued for an additional 30 minutes at -50°C. The mixture was then allowed to warm to ambient temperature while stirring overnight. After cooling to -15°C, methanol (10 mL) was slowly added and stirring continued until gas evolution stopped. The mixture was poured into saturated aqueous sodium chloride (250 mL) with vigorous stirring. After 30 minutes the resulting suspension was filtered through a plug of celite®, rinsing with ethyl acetate. The phases of the combined filtrate and rinse were split and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times). The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Biotage® Isolera (50 g column, 20% → 85% 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane/hexanes) to afford (R)-N-((S)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (2.6 g, 9.7 mmol, 78%). MS (ESI): $m/z = 270$ [M+H]⁺.

Step 3

(S)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine

[00217] Step 3: To a mixture of (R)-N-((S)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (2.3 g, 8.5 mmol) in methanol (20 mL) was added 4.0 M hydrochloric acid in 1,4-dioxane (4.2 mL, 17 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring for 1 hour, the mixture was concentrated and the residue was suspended in ethoxyethane (100

mL). After stirring vigorously for 45 minutes, the resulting slurry was collected on a filter, rinsed with diethyl ether, and dried under vacuum. The solid was suspended in dichloromethane (100 mL) followed by addition of aqueous ammonia-ammonium chloride solution, (1 M in each; 10 mL). The mixture was stirred for 2 hours and settled. The organic layer was separated, washed with water, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford (S)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (1.2 g, 7.3 mmol, 85%).

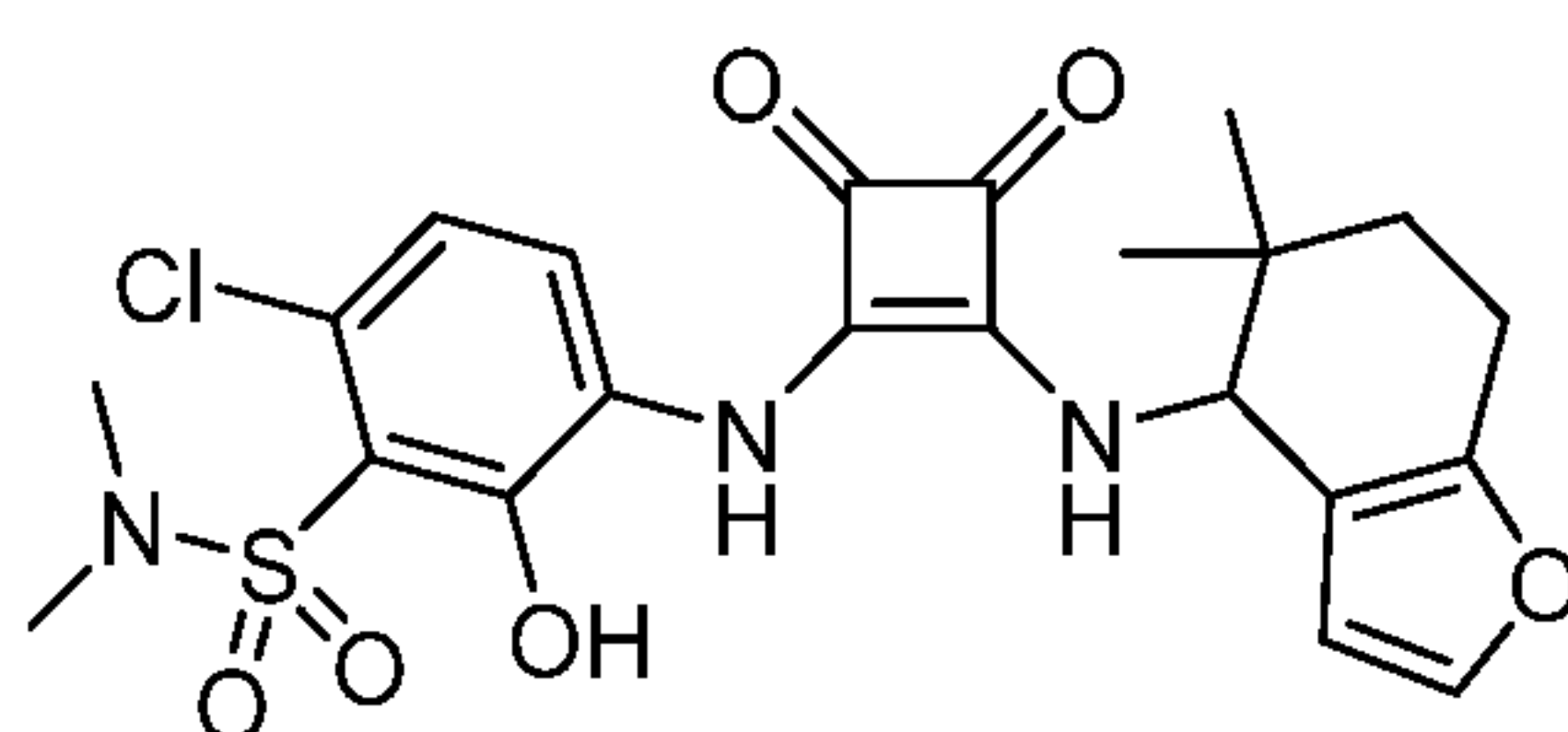
Step 4

(S)-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide

[00218] Step 4: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (163 mg, 0.536 mmol) and (S)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (97.9 mg, 0.593 mmol) were converted into the title compound (215 mg, 0.507 mmol, 94.5%). ¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.99 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (br s, 1H), 6.96-7.00 (m, 1H), 6.90-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.36 (br s, 1H), 4.99 (s, 1H), 3.06 (s, 6H), 2.54-2.72 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.88 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 422 [M-H]⁻.

Example 39

Synthesis of Compound 31: 6-chloro-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

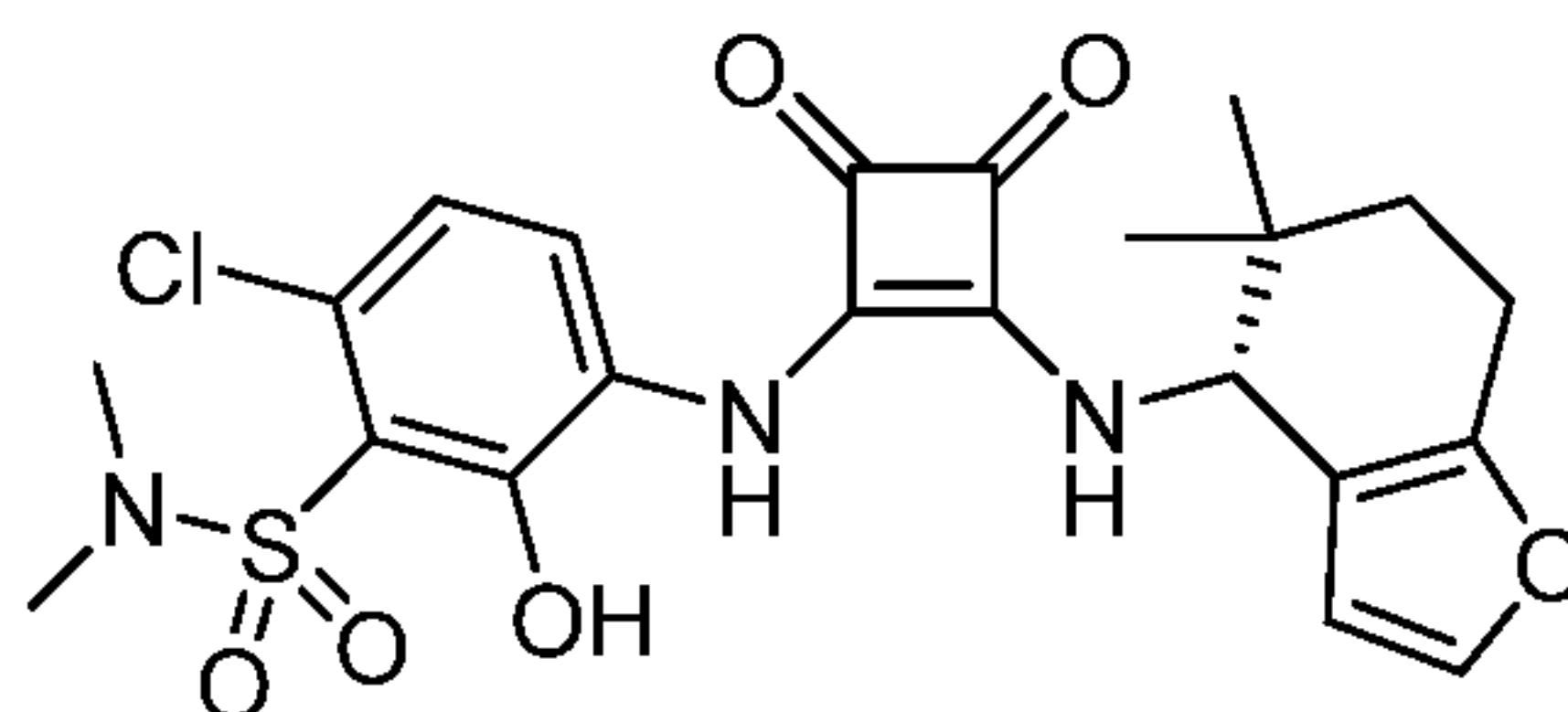


[00219] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (421 mg, 1.11 mmol) and 5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (synthesized as described for Compound 28, 222 mg, 1.34 mmol) were converted into the title compound (458 mg, 0.926 mmol, 83.5%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.59 (br s, 1H), 8.11 (br s, 1H), 7.86 (br s, 1H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 6.93 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (br s, 1H), 6.28 (s, 1H), 5.02 (br s, 1H), 2.84 (br s, 6H), 2.59 (br s, 2H),

1.73-1.83 (m, 1H), 1.58-1.67 (m, 1H), 1.05 (br s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): $m/z = 492$ $[M-H]^-$.

Example 40

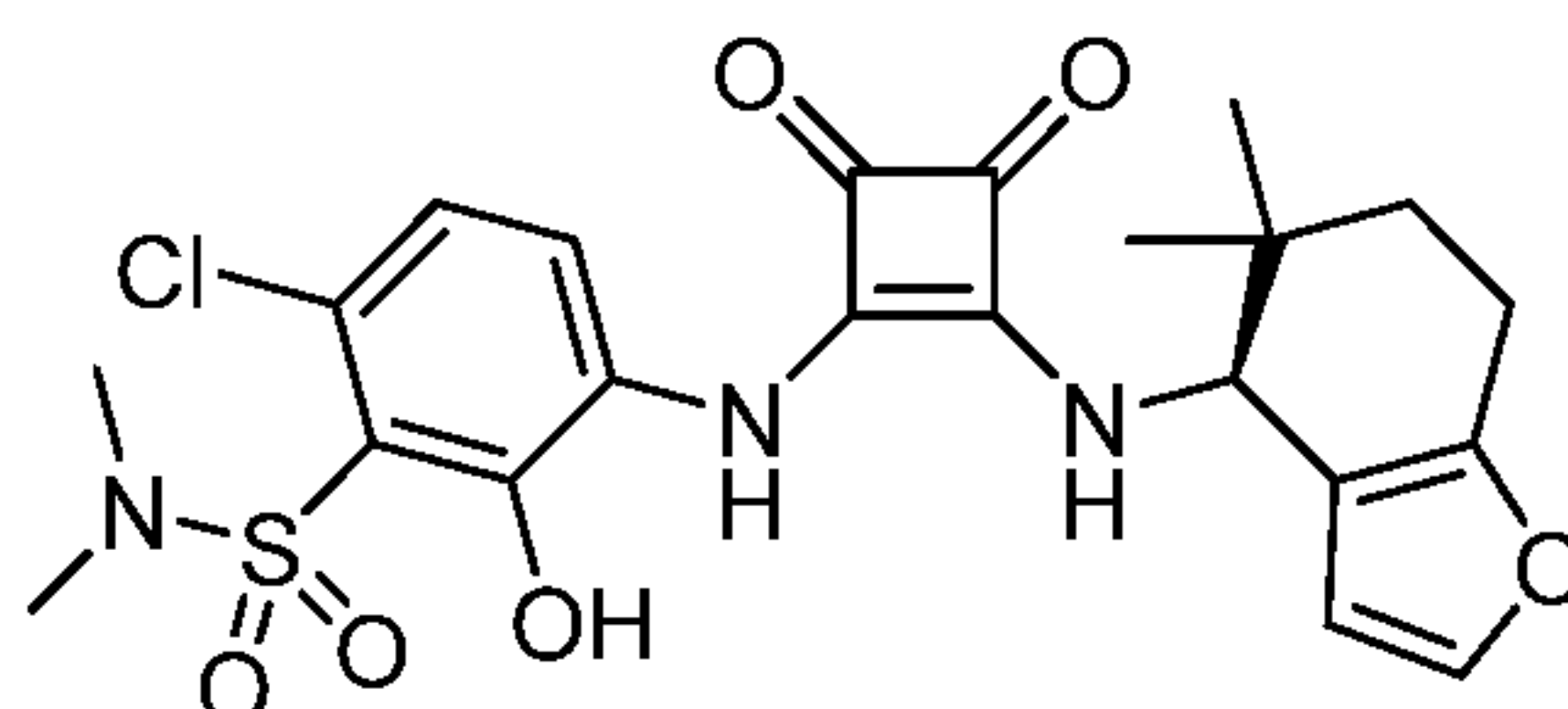
Synthesis of Compound 32: (R)-6-chloro-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00220] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (421 mg, 1.11 mmol) and 5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (synthesized as described for Compound 28, 222 mg, 1.34 mmol) were converted into Compound 31 (458 mg, 0.926 mmol). Chiral separation via supercritical fluid chromatography (AS-H column, 20% methanol/carbon dioxide, 100 bar) afforded the title compound (211 mg, 0.427 mmol, 38.5%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 10.52$ (s, 1H), 9.41 (s, 1H), 8.50 (d, $J=9.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.18 (br s, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 4.82 (d, $J=9.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.84 (s, 6H), 2.60-2.69 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.60 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.58-1.64 (m, 1H), 0.95 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): $m/z = 492$ $[M-H]^-$.

Example 41

Synthesis of Compound 33: (S)-6-chloro-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

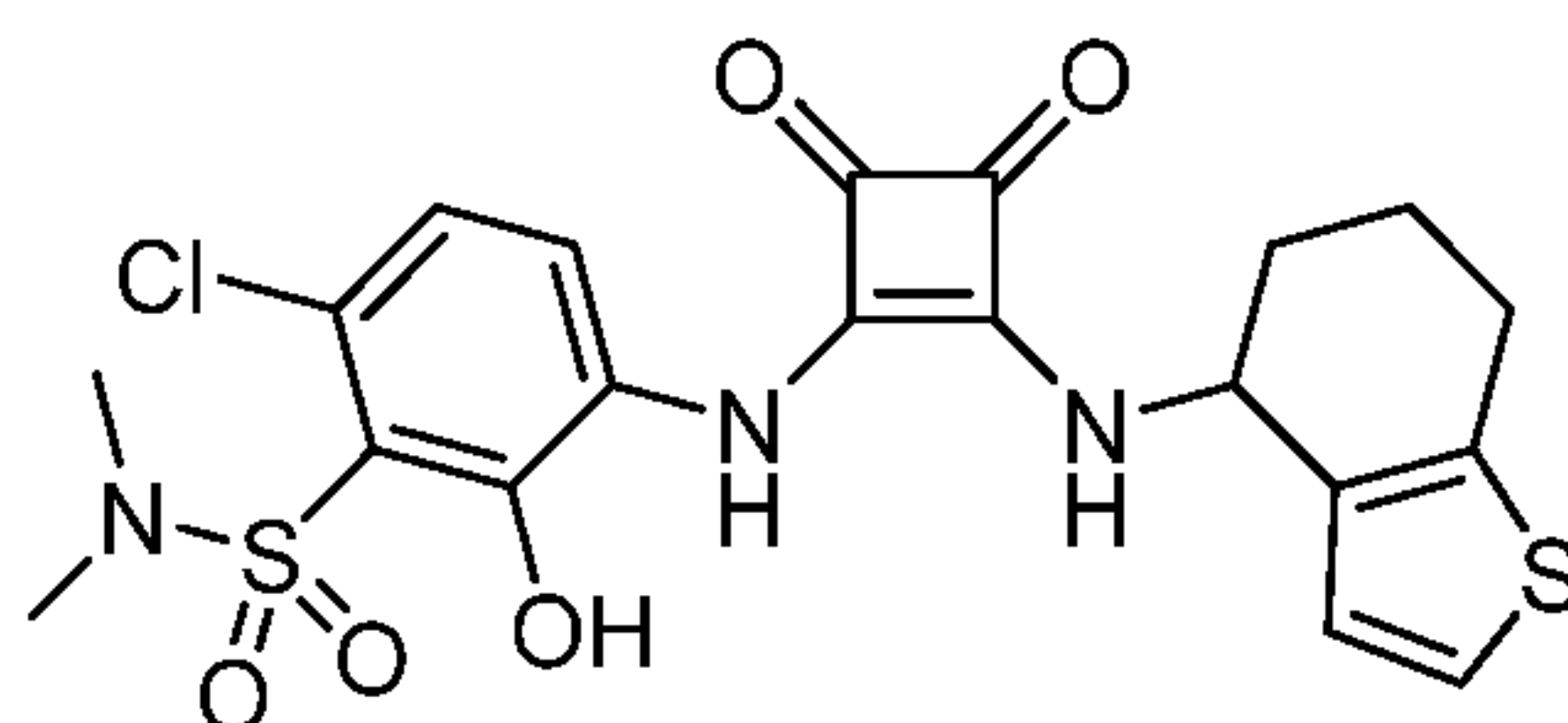


[00221] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (421 mg, 1.11 mmol) and 5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (synthesized as described for Compound 28, 222 mg, 1.34 mmol) were converted into Compound 31 (458 mg, 0.926 mmol). Chiral separation via supercritical fluid chromatography (AS-H column, 20% methanol/carbon dioxide, 100 bar) afforded the title

compound (210 mg, 0.425 mmol, 38.3%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.52 (s, 1H), 9.41 (s, 1H), 8.50 (d, J =9.4 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.17 (br s, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 4.82 (d, J =9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (s, 6H), 2.60-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.60 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.56-1.67 (m, 1H), 0.95 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 492 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 42

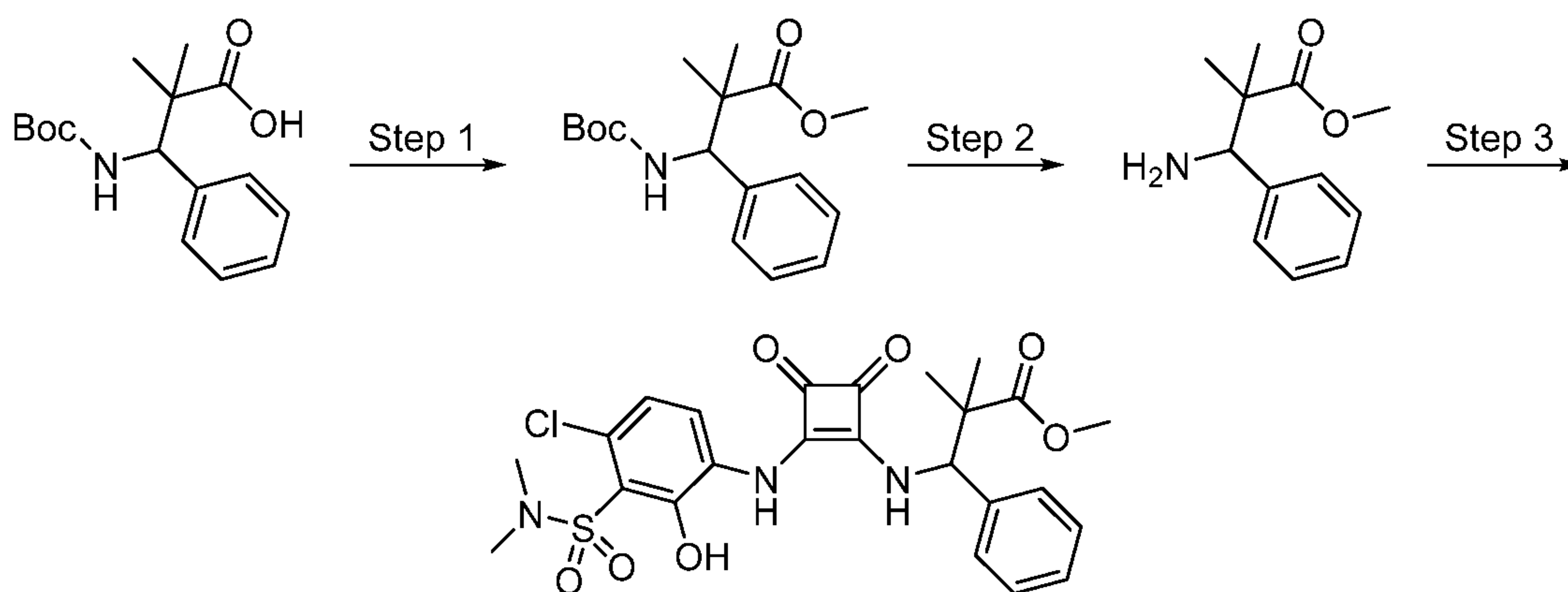
Synthesis of Compound 34: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[*b*]thiophen-4-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-*N,N*-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00222] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (20.7 mg, 0.0552 mmol) and 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[*b*]thiophen-4-amine (11.9 mg, 0.0777 mmol) were converted into the title compound (23.0 mg, 0.0477 mmol, 86.4%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.55 (s, 1H), 8.04 (br s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (br s, 1H), 6.99 (br s, 1H), 6.92 (br d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.75-6.90 (m, 1H), 5.38 (br s, 1H), 2.82 (br s, 8H), 2.15 (br s, 1H), 1.79-2.04 (m, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 480 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 43

Synthesis of Compound 35: methyl 3-((2-((4-chloro-3-(*N,N*-dimethylsulfamoyl)-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate



Step 1

methyl 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate

[00223] Step 1: To a solution of 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoic acid (178 mg, 0.578 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (2.0 mL) was added potassium carbonate (90.0 mg, 0.651 mmol) followed by iodomethane (2.0 M in 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane, 0.32 mL, 0.64 mmol). After stirring at ambient temperature overnight, the mixture was diluted in ethyl acetate, washed with water (2 times), 0.1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (2 times), brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford methyl 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate (185 mg, 0.602 mmol, 104%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 7.20-7.32 (m, 3H), 7.17 (br d, *J*=7.0 Hz, 2H), 5.95 (d, *J*=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, *J*=9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.10 (s, 3H).

Step 2

methyl 3-amino-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate

[00224] Step 2: To a solution of methyl 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate (183 mg, 0.595 mmol) in dichloromethane (8.8 mL) was added 2,2,2-trifluoroacetic acid (1.0 mL, 13 mmol) at 0°C. After stirring at 0°C for 1 hour, the solution was diluted in dichloromethane, washed with 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide (3 times), brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford a crude mixture of starting material and desired intermediate (151 mg). This crude mixture (130. mg) was subjected to the reaction conditions a second time, except stirred at ambient temperature instead of 0°C, to afford methyl 3-amino-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate (89.3 mg, 0.431 mmol). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 7.22-7.32 (m, 5H), 4.23 (s, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 1.39 (br s, 2H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H).

Step 3

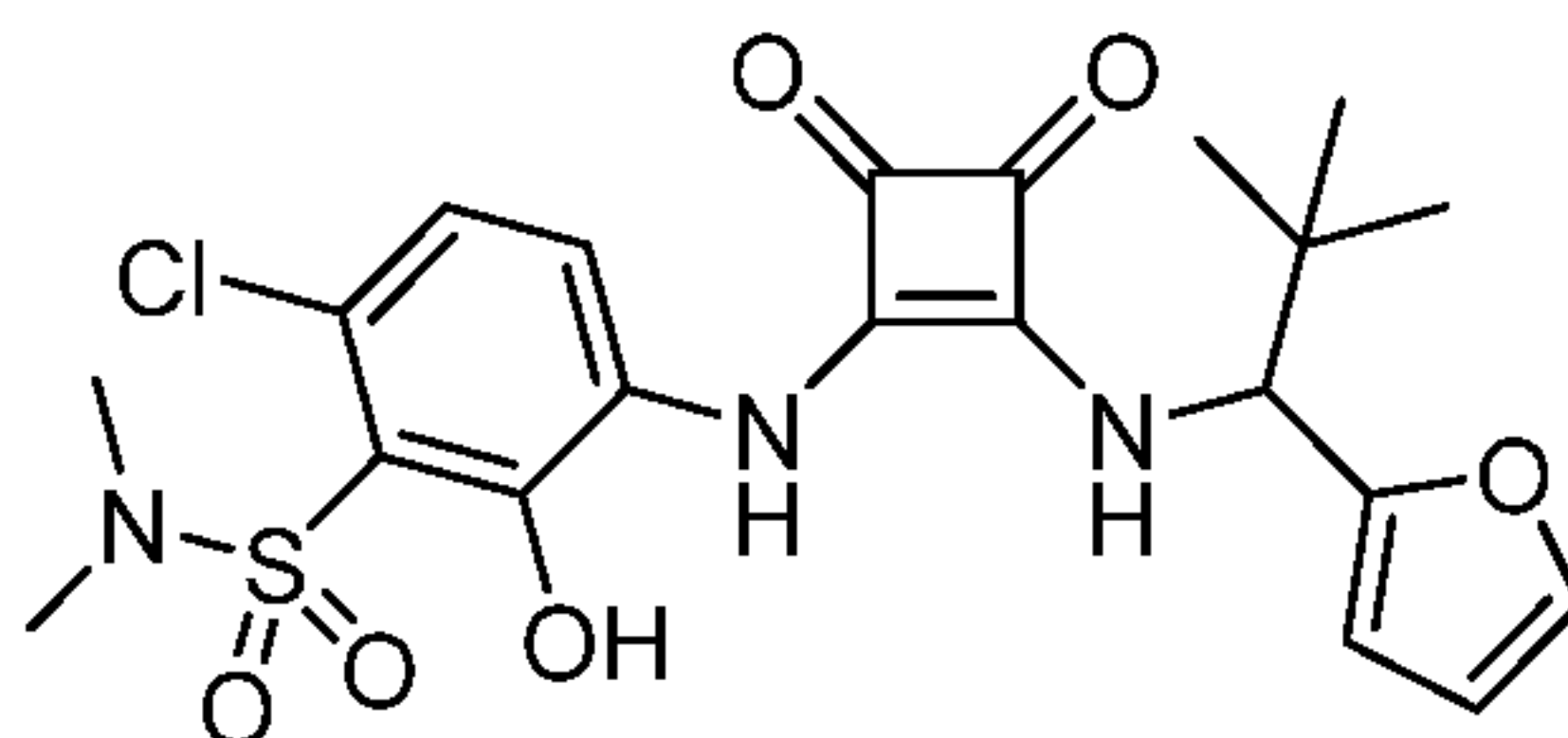
methyl 3-((2-((4-chloro-3-(*N,N*-dimethylsulfamoyl)-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate

[00225] Step 3: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (19.1 mg, 0.0510 mmol) and methyl 3-amino-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate (20.8 mg, 0.100 mmol) in methanol solvent (0.53 mL) were converted into the title compound (24.3 mg, 0.0453 mmol, 88.9%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ =

10.66 (s, 1H), 8.17 (br s, 1H), 7.80 (br s, 2H), 7.25-7.38 (m, 5H), 7.01 (br d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.46 (br s, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.15 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): $m/z = 534$ [M-H]⁻.

Example 44

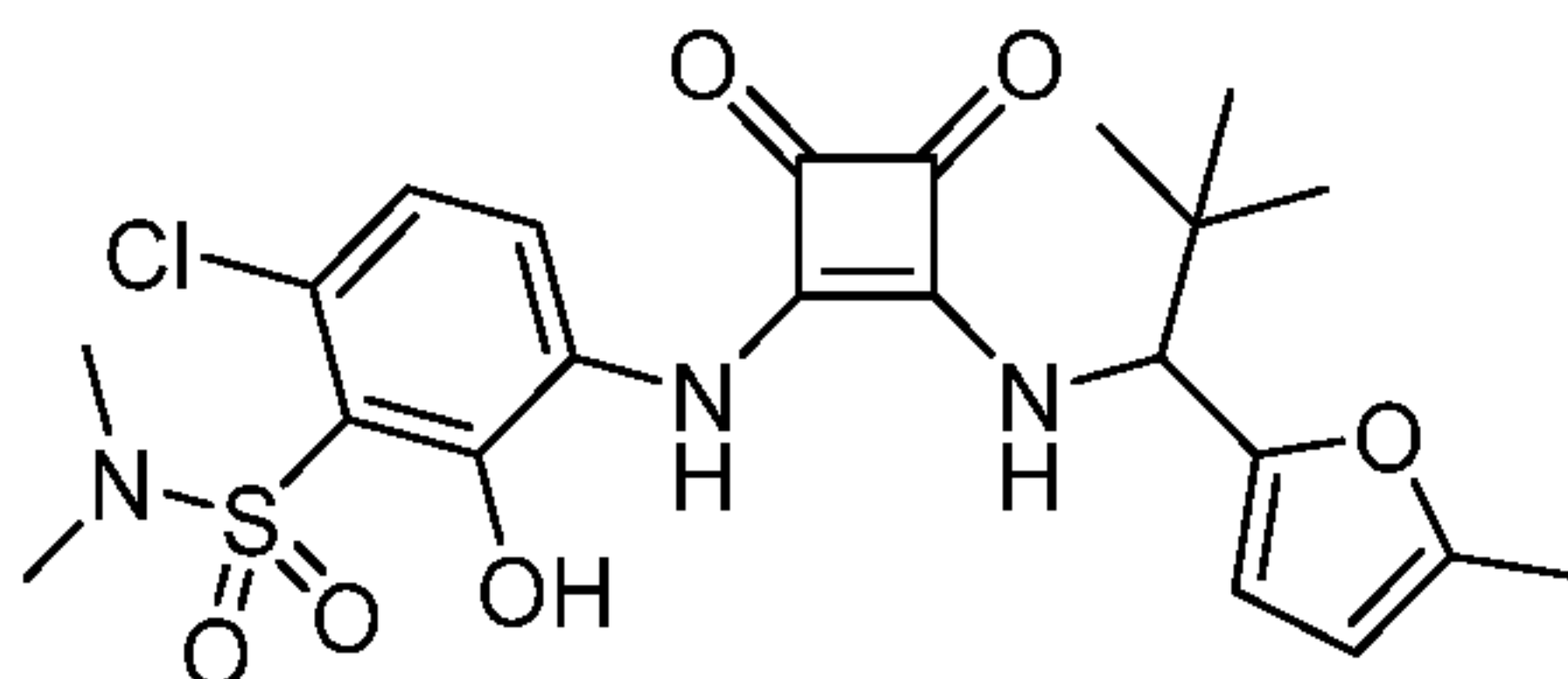
Synthesis of Compound 36: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-(furan-2-yl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00226] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (20.4 mg, 0.0544 mmol) and 1-(furan-2-yl)-2,2-dimethylpropan-1-amine (20.4 mg, 0.126 mmol) were converted into the title compound (24.6 mg, 0.0510 mmol, 93.8%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): $\delta = 10.60$ (s, 1H), 8.29 (br s, 1H), 7.86 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 (br s, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.31 (br s, 1H), 6.26 (br s, 1H), 5.26 (br s, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.02 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): $m/z = 480$ [M-H]⁻.

Example 45

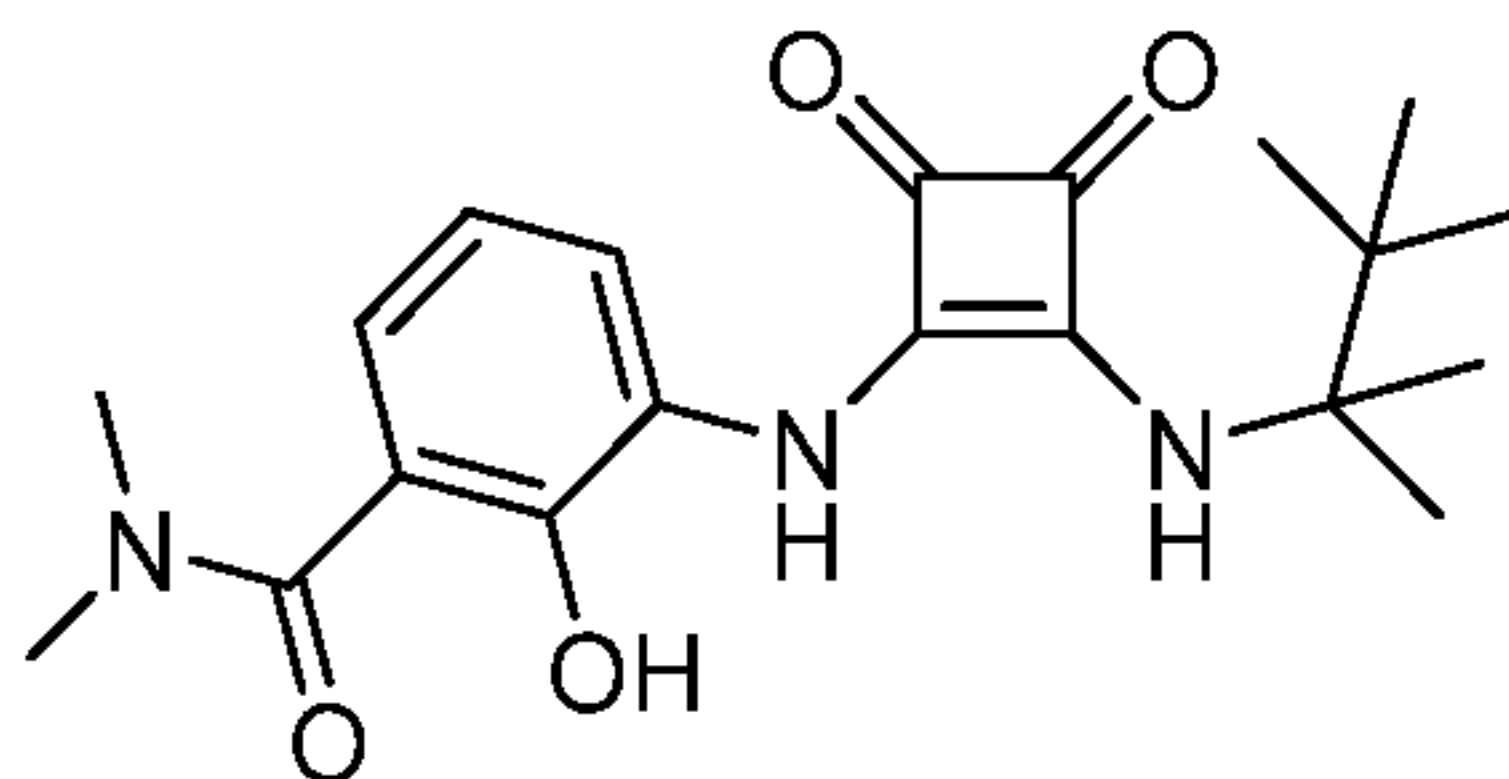
Synthesis of Compound 37: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-(5-methylfuran-2-yl)propyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00227] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (22.1 mg, 0.0590 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-(5-methylfuran-2-yl)propan-1-amine (12.9 mg, 0.0733 mmol) were converted into the title compound (26.3 mg, 0.0530 mmol, 89.9%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): $\delta = 10.72$ (s, 1H), 7.85 (br d, $J=6.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.65 (br s, 1H), 6.99 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.38 (br s, 1H), 6.15 (br s, 1H), 5.91 (br s, 1H), 5.14 (br s, 1H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): $m/z = 494$ [M-H]⁻.

Example 46

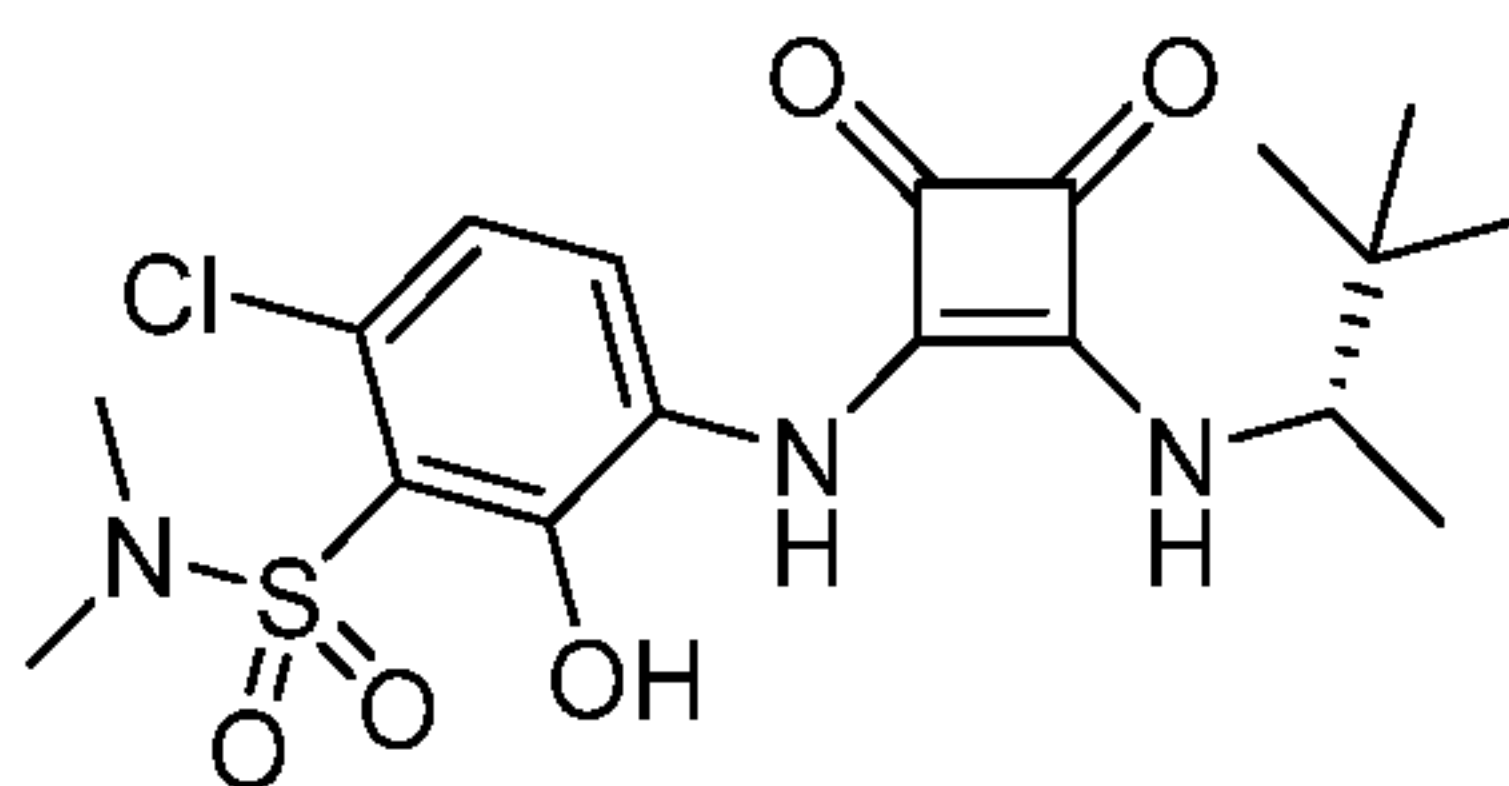
Synthesis of Compound 38: 3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((2,3,3-trimethylbutan-2-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00228] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (19.9 mg, 0.0654 mmol) and 2,3,3-trimethylbutan-2-amine (22.2 mg, 0.183 mmol) were converted into the title compound (10.4 mg, 0.0279 mmol, 42.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.81 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (s, 6H), 1.52 (s, 6H), 1.04 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 372 [M-H]⁺.

Example 47

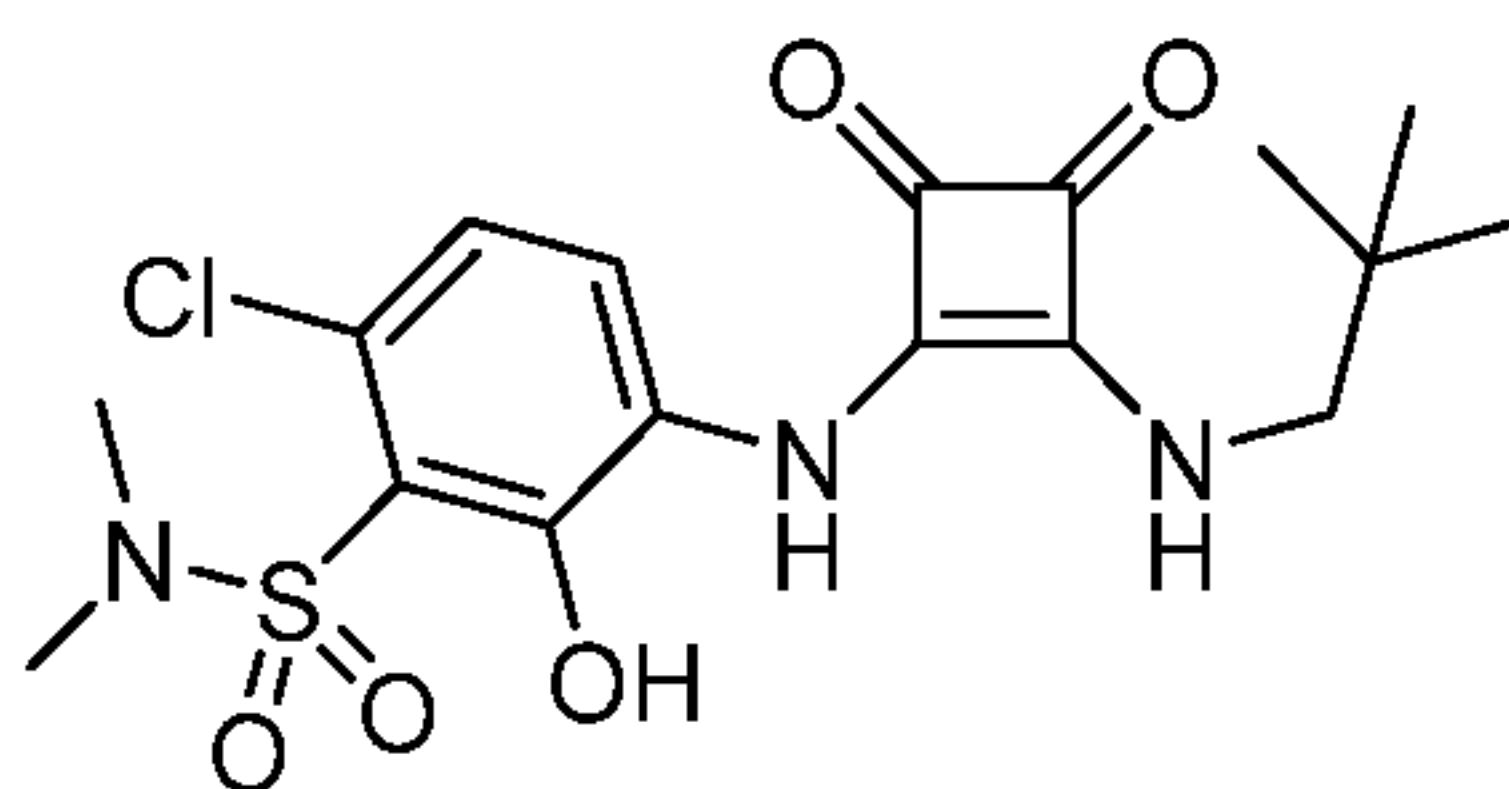
Synthesis of Compound 39: (S)-6-chloro-3-((2-((3,3-dimethylbutan-2-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00229] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (24.8 mg, 0.0662 mmol) and (S)-3,3-dimethylbutan-2-amine (12.6 mg, 0.125 mmol) were converted into the title compound (25.1 mg, 0.0584 mmol, 88.2%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.55 (s, 1H), 8.64 (br s, 1H), 8.00 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (br s, 1H), 6.95 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (br s, 1H), 2.87 (s, 6H), 1.22 (br d, J=6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 428 [M-H]⁺.

Example 48

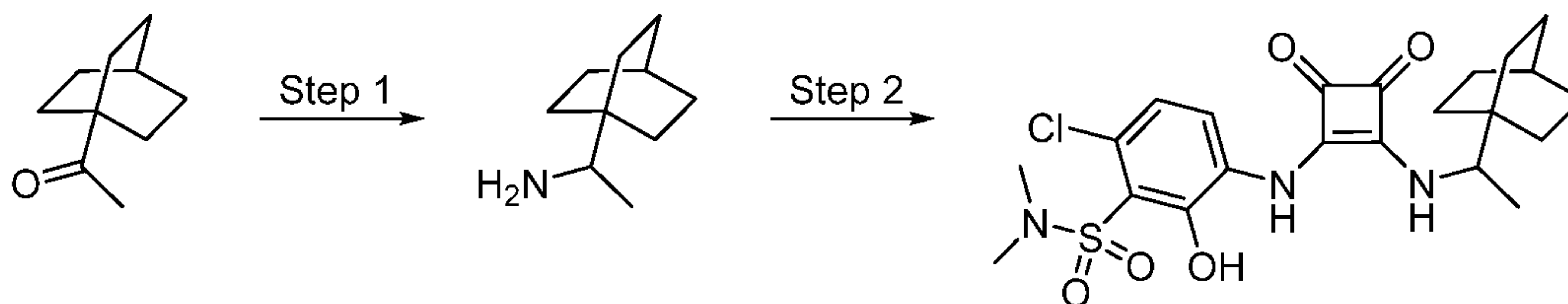
Synthesis of Compound 40: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-3-((2-(neopentylamino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)benzenesulfonamide



[00230] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (22.8 mg, 0.0608 mmol) and 2,2-dimethylpropan-1-amine (13.1 mg, 0.147 mmol) were converted into the title compound (8.7 mg, 0.021 mmol, 34%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.16 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 0.99 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z = 414 [M-H]⁻.

Example 49

Synthesis of Compound 41: 3-((2-((1-(bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



Step 1

1-(bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-1-yl)ethan-1-amine

[00231] Step 1: After purging a solution of 1-(bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-1-yl)ethan-1-one (65.2 mg, 0.407 mmol) in propan-2-ol (1.3 mL) with nitrogen for 10 minutes, sodium cyanotrihydroborate (161 mg, 2.43 mmol) was added followed by ammonium acetate (350 mg, 4.54 mmol). After stirring at 70°C overnight, the suspension was allowed to cool to ambient temperature and partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide. The organic layer was collected and washed with 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford 1-(bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-1-yl)ethan-1-amine (26.3 mg, 0.171 mmol, 42.2%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 2.65 (br q, J=6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.48-1.66 (m, 6H), 1.27-1.47 (m, 6H), 1.24 (br s, 1H), 1.04 (br d, J=6.5 Hz, 3H).

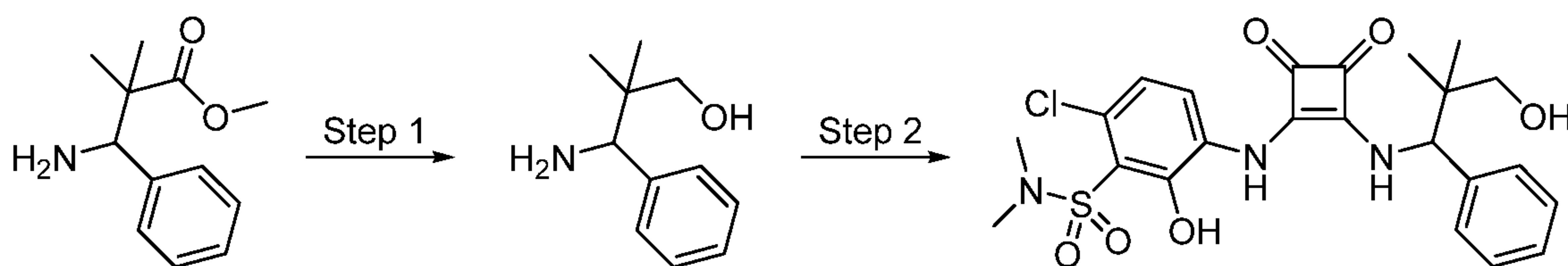
Step 2

3-((2-((1-(2-((1-(bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-1-yl)ethyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

[00232] Step 2: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (35.2 mg, 0.0939 mmol) and 1-(bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-1-yl)ethan-1-amine (26.3 mg, 0.172 mmol) were converted into the title compound (32.9 mg, 0.0683 mmol, 72.7%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.17 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (br q, J=6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 1.56-1.68 (m, 6H), 1.38-1.52 (m, 6H), 1.28 (br s, 1H), 1.17 (br d, J=6.5 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 480 [M-H]⁺.

Example 50

Synthesis of Compound 42: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((2-((3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



Step 1

3-amino-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropan-1-ol

[00233] Step 1: To a solution of methyl 3-amino-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropanoate (synthesized as described for Compound 35, 86.4 mg, 0.417 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (2.0 mL) was added lithium tetrahydroaluminate (1.0 M in tetrahydrofuran, 0.84 mL, 0.84 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere at 0°C. The solution was allowed to warm to ambient temperature as stirring continued for 1 hour. The reaction was then quenched with water and mixture partitioned between dichloromethane and saturated aqueous potassium sodium tartrate tetrahydrate with pH adjusted to 12 by addition of 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction a second time with dichloromethane. The organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford 3-amino-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropan-1-ol (68.3 mg, 0.381 mmol, 91.4%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 7.26-7.36 (m, 5H), 3.91 (s, 1H), 3.58 (d, J=11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, J=11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.02 (s, 3H), 0.74 (s, 3H).

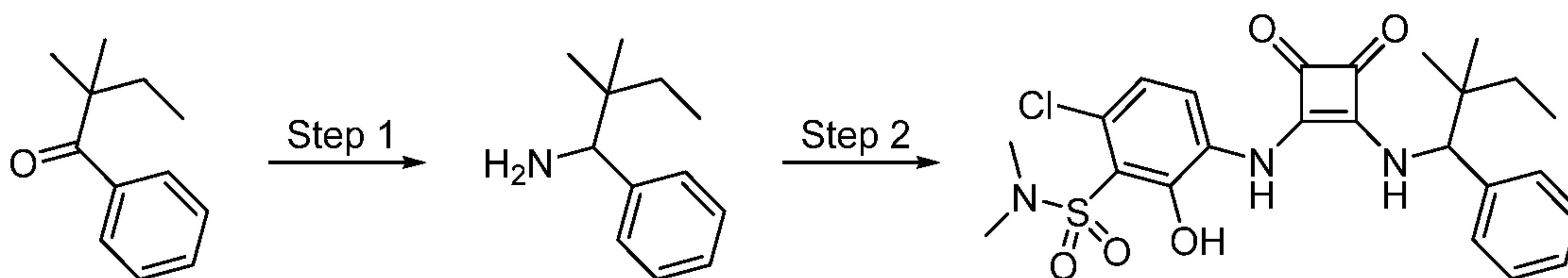
Step 2

6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((2-((3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

[00234] Step 2: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (35.5 mg, 0.0947 mmol) and 3-amino-2,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpropan-1-ol (32.6 mg, 0.182 mmol) were converted into the title compound (16.9 mg, 0.0333 mmol, 35.1%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.08 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.42 (m, 4H), 7.25-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H), 3.40 (d, J=10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (d, J=10.6 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (s, 6H), 0.97 (s, 3H), 0.96 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 507 [M-H]⁻.

Example 51

Synthesis of Compound 43: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylbutyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



Step 1

2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylbutan-1-amine

[00235] Step 1: After purging a solution of 2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylbutan-1-one (107 mg, 0.587 mmol) in propan-2-ol (2.0 mL) with nitrogen for 10 minutes, sodium cyanotrihydroborate (266 mg, 4.02 mmol) was added followed by ammonium acetate (573 mg, 7.43 mmol). After stirring at 70°C overnight, the suspension was allowed to cool to ambient temperature and partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide. The organic layer was collected and washed with 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford a crude mixture that was carried through to the next step without further purification. Crude yield = 107 mg.

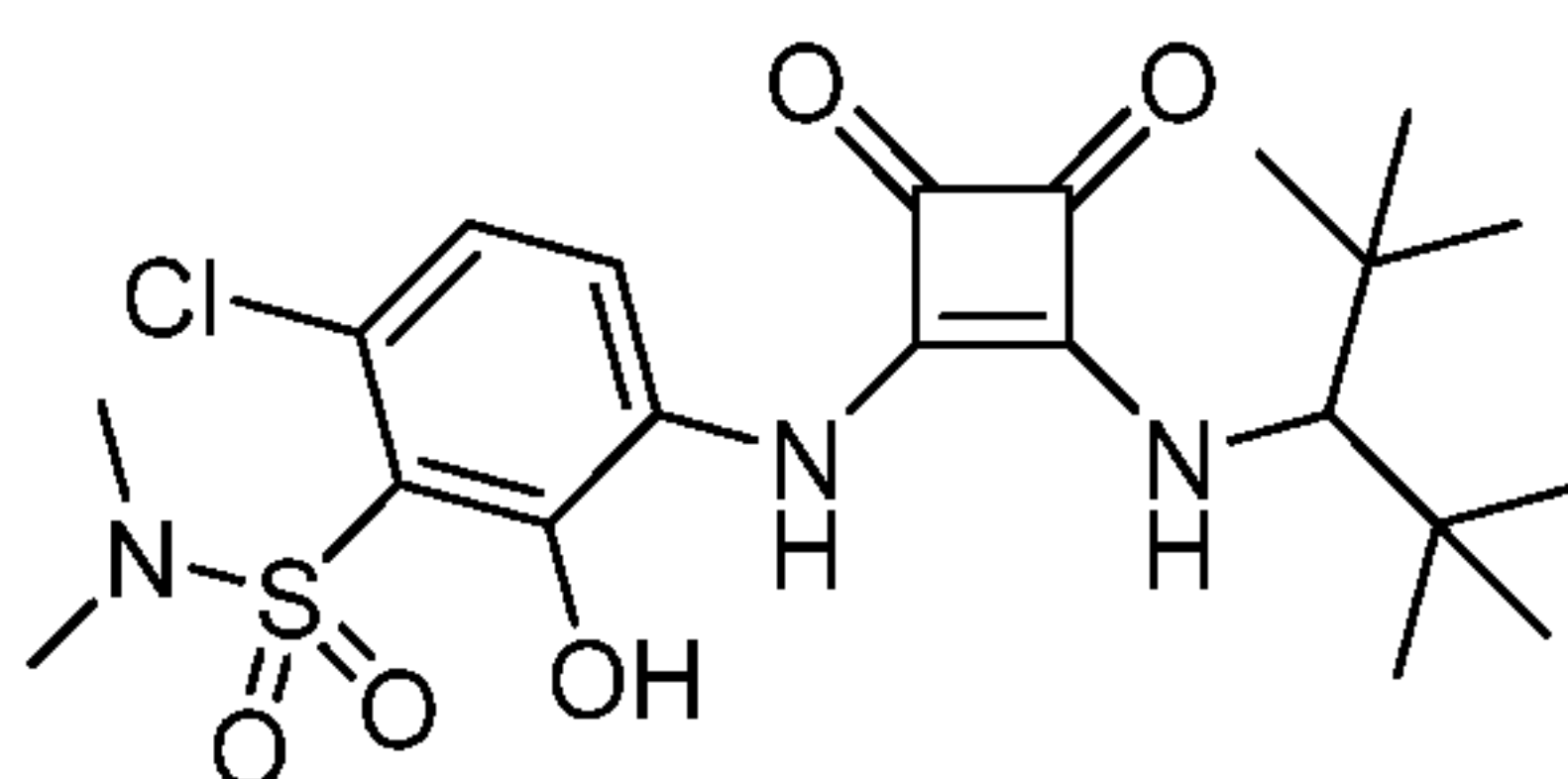
Step 2

6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylbutyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

[00236] Step 2: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (15.6 mg, 0.0416 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylbutan-1-amine (crude mixture, 61.1 mg) were converted into the title compound (17.1 mg, 0.0338 mmol, 81.2%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.14 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19-7.42 (m, 5H), 7.05 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (s, 1H), 2.91 (s, 6H), 1.31-1.46 (m, 2H), 0.99 (s, 3H), 0.92 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 504 [M-H]⁻.

Example 52

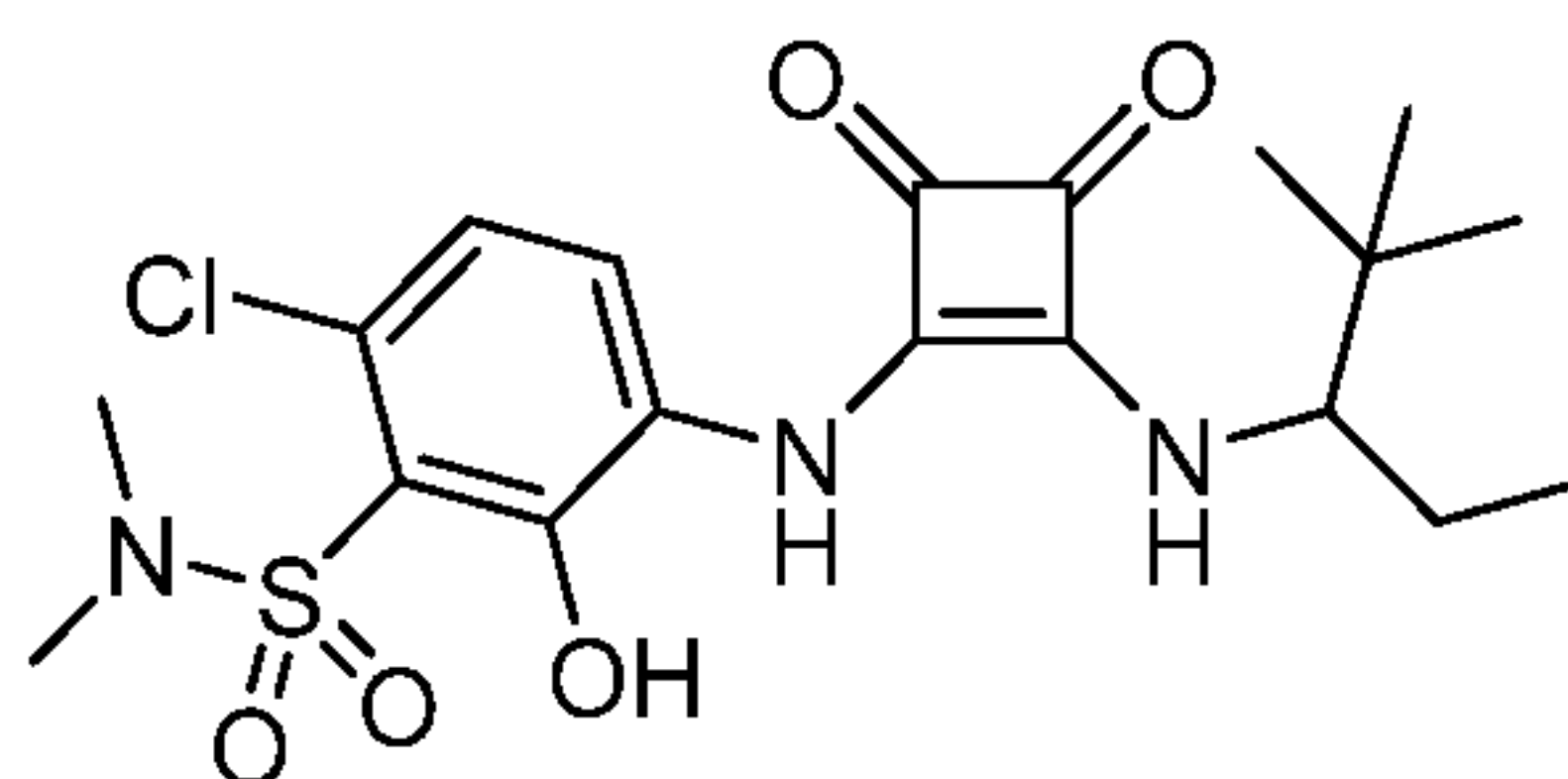
Synthesis of Compound 44: 6-chloro-3-(((3,4-dioxo-2-((2,2,4,4-tetramethylpentan-3-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00237] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (24.0 mg, 0.0640 mmol) and 2,2,4,4-tetramethylpentan-3-amine hydrochloride (23.3 mg, 0.130 mmol) were converted into the title compound (6.8 mg, 0.014 mmol, 23%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.20 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (s, 1H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 1.10 (s, 18H). MS (ESI): m/z = 470 [M-H]⁻.

Example 53

Synthesis of Compound 45: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethylpentan-3-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

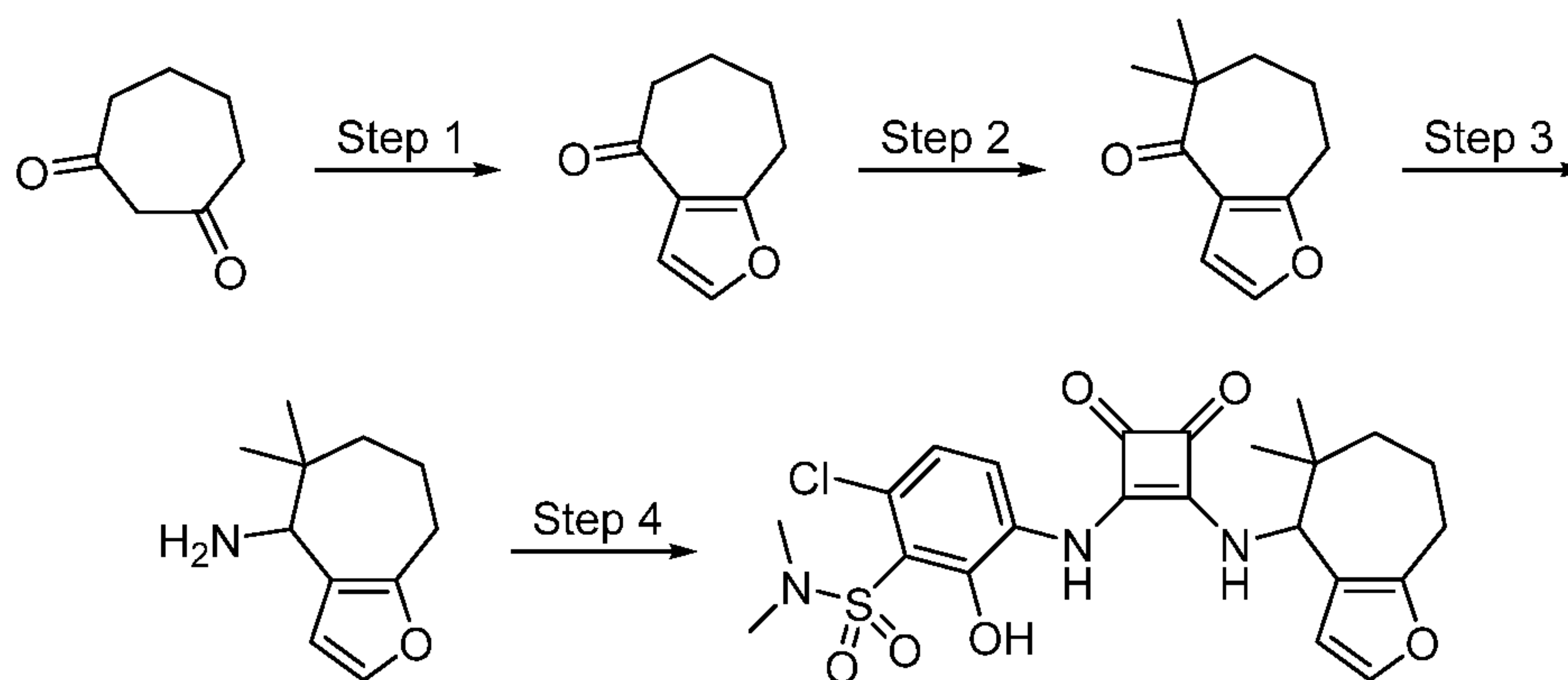


[00238] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (21.6 mg, 0.0576 mmol) and 2,2-dimethylpentan-3-amine (10.7 mg, 0.0882 mmol) were converted into the title compound (22.2 mg, 0.0500 mmol, 86.8%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d/METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.18 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d,

$J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.93 (m, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.72-1.83 (m, 1H), 1.23-1.33 (m, 1H), 0.87-0.96 (m, 12H). MS (ESI): $m/z = 442$ [M-H]⁻.

Example 54

Synthesis of Compound 46: 6-chloro-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



Step 1

5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-one

[00239] Step 1: To a solution of sodium bicarbonate (156 mg, 1.85 mmol) in water (1.2 mL) was added 2-chloroacetaldehyde (50 wt. % in water, 0.25 mL, 2.0 mmol) at 0°C, followed by a mixture of cycloheptane-1,3-dione (202 mg, 1.52 mmol) in water (0.75 mL). The mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature while stirring overnight. Ethyl acetate (2.0 mL) was then added and the pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to 1 by dropwise addition of 6.0 N aqueous hydrochloric acid. Stirring continued for an additional 3 hours and the mixture was subsequently partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction a second time with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (12 g column, 0% → 25% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-one (152 mg, 1.01 mmol, 66.5%). ¹H NMR (CHLOROFORM-d): $\delta = 7.22$ (br s, 1H), 6.71 (br s, 1H), 2.93-3.15 (m, 2H), 2.66-2.84 (m, 2H), 1.97-2.07 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.95 (m, 2H).

Step 2

5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-one

[00240] Step 2: To a suspension of sodium hydride (60 wt. % dispersion in mineral oil, 131 mg, 3.28 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (3.4 mL) was added a solution of 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-one (145 mg, 0.962 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (1.4 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring at ambient temperature for 30 minutes, iodomethane (2.0 M in 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane, 1.7 mL, 3.4 mmol) was added. After stirring at ambient temperature overnight, the mixture was quenched with 0.1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was then washed with 0.1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (2 times), followed by brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash® Rf 200 (24 g column, 0% → 10% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-one (78.9 mg, 0.443 mmol, 46.0%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 7.22 (br s, 1H), 6.68 (br s, 1H), 2.87-2.98 (m, 2H), 1.90-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.21 (s, 6H).

Step 3

5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-amine

[00241] Step 3: After purging a solution of 5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-one (78.4 mg, 0.440 mmol) in propan-2-ol (1.5 mL) with nitrogen for 10 minutes, sodium cyanotrihydroborate (194 mg, 2.94 mmol) was added followed by ammonium acetate (415 mg, 5.39 mmol). After stirring at 70°C overnight, the suspension was allowed to cool to ambient temperature and partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide. The organic layer was collected and washed with 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford a crude mixture that was carried through to the next step without further purification. Crude yield = 78.9 mg.

Step 4

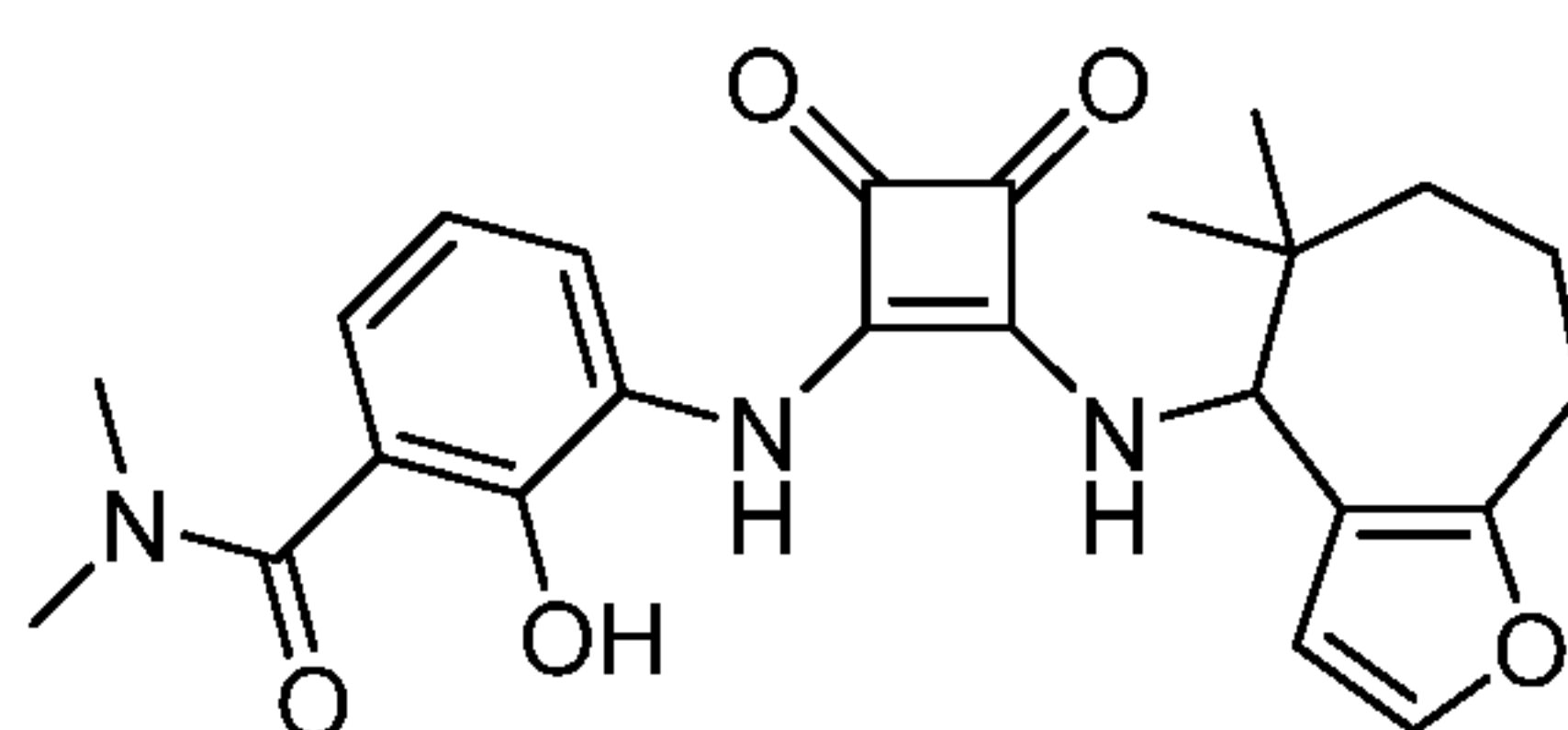
6-chloro-3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-*N,N*-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

[00242] Step 4: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (14.8 mg, 0.0395 mmol) and 5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-

cyclohepta[b]furan-4-amine (crude mixture, 39.8 mg) were converted into the title compound (17.3 mg, 0.0341 mmol, 86.2%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d/METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.93 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (s, 1H), 5.04 (br s, 1H), 2.83 (s, 6H), 2.60-2.79 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.02 (s, 3H), 1.00 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 506 [M-H]⁻.

Example 54

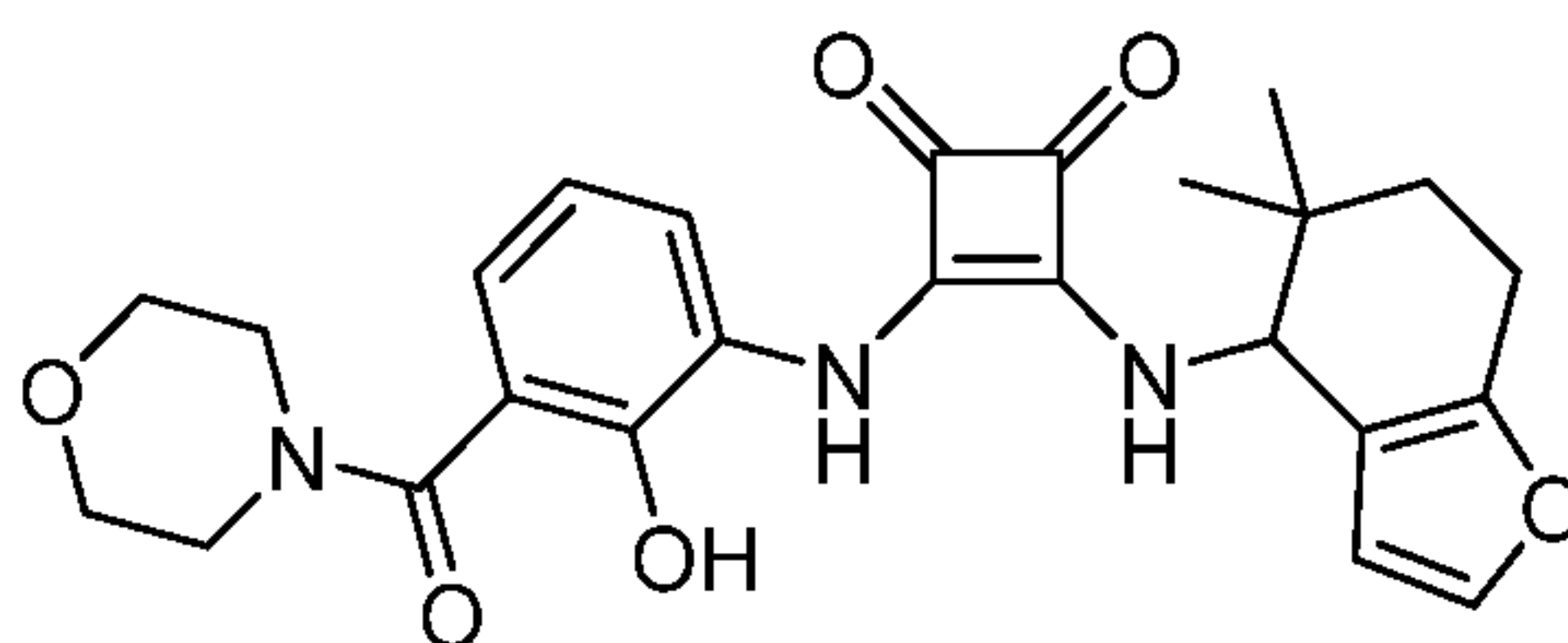
Synthesis of Compound 47: 3-((2-((5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00243] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (14.4 mg, 0.0473 mmol) and 5,5-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-amine (crude mixture, synthesized as described for Compound 46, 41.5 mg) were converted into the title compound (14.1 mg, 0.0322 mmol, 68.1%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d/METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.01 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 6.84-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.70-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 4.99 (br s, 1H), 3.10 (s, 6H), 2.76-2.86 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.76 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.80 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 436 [M-H]⁻.

Example 56

Synthesis of Compound 48: 3-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)-4-((2-hydroxy-3-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)phenyl)amino)cyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione

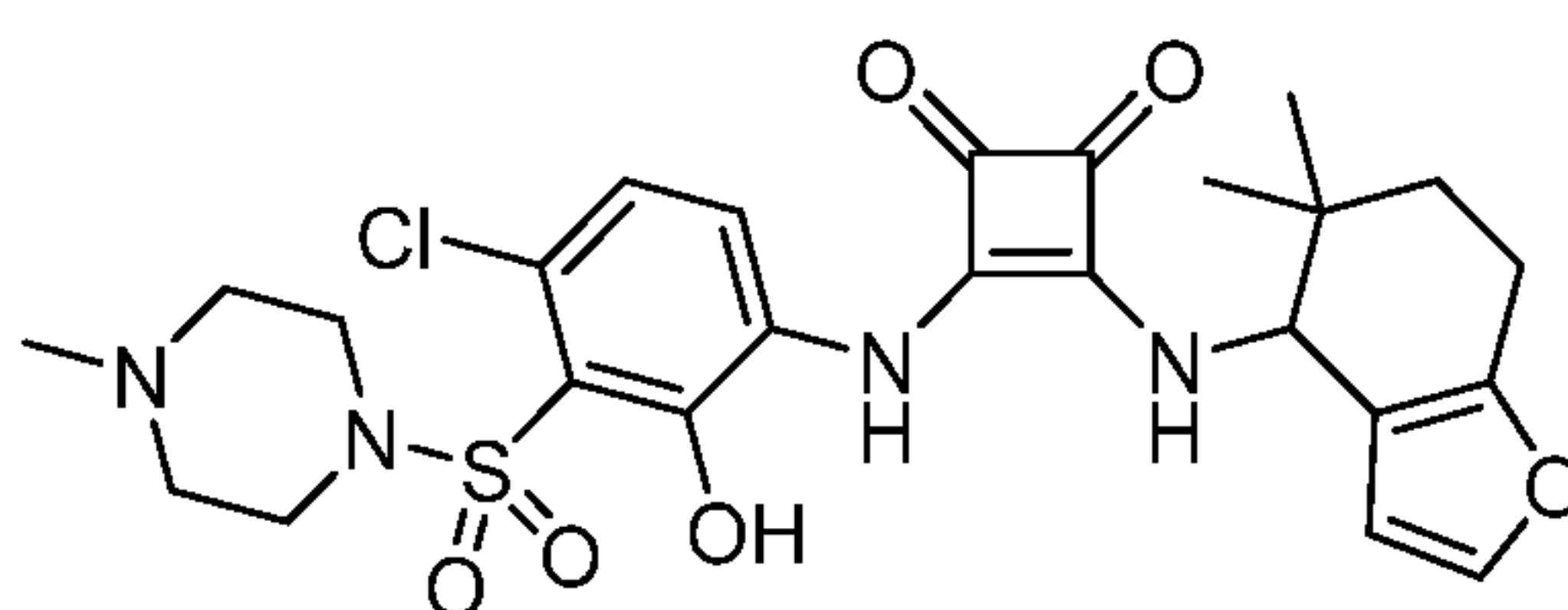


[00244] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 3 (20.8 mg, 0.0601 mmol) and 5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (synthesized as described for Compound 28, 18.7 mg, 0.113

mmol) were converted into the title compound (19.2 mg, 0.0412 mmol, 68.6%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.96 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 6.85-7.04 (m, 2H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 4.99 (br s, 1H), 3.68 (br s, 4H), 3.60 (br s, 4H), 2.51-2.75 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 464 [M-H]⁻.

Example 57

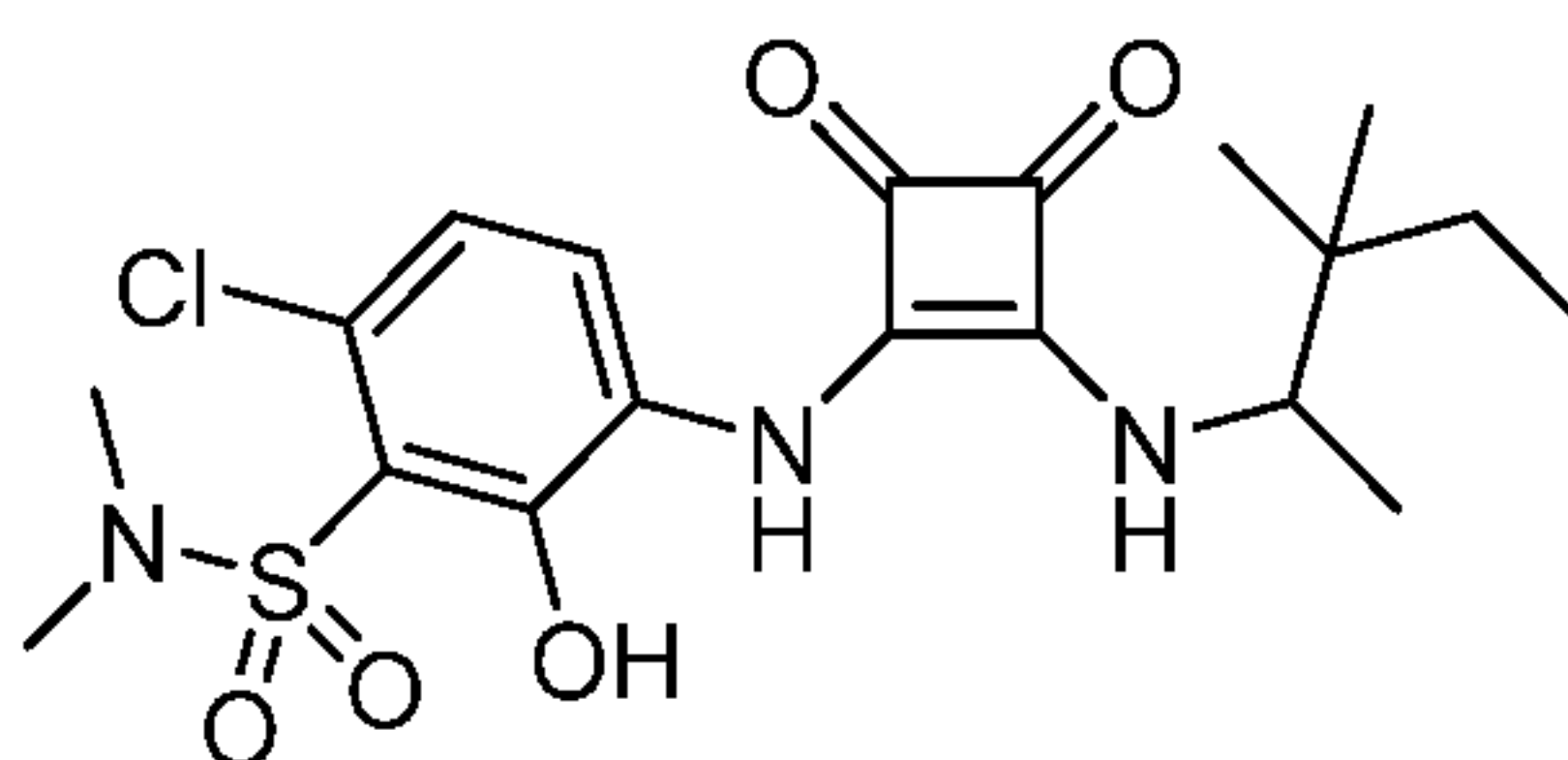
Synthesis of Compound 49: 3-((4-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)sulfonyl)phenyl)amino)-4-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)cyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione



[00245] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 4 (24.7 mg, 0.0558 mmol) and 5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (synthesized as described for Compound 28, 19.5 mg, 0.118 mmol) were converted into the title compound (4.8 mg, 0.0087 mmol, 16%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.20 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 4.98 (br s, 1H), 3.37 (br s, 4H), 2.57-2.71 (m, 2H), 2.50 (br s, 4H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.77-1.87 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 547 [M-H]⁻.

Example 58

Synthesis of Compound 50: 6-chloro-3-((2-((3,3-dimethylpentan-2-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

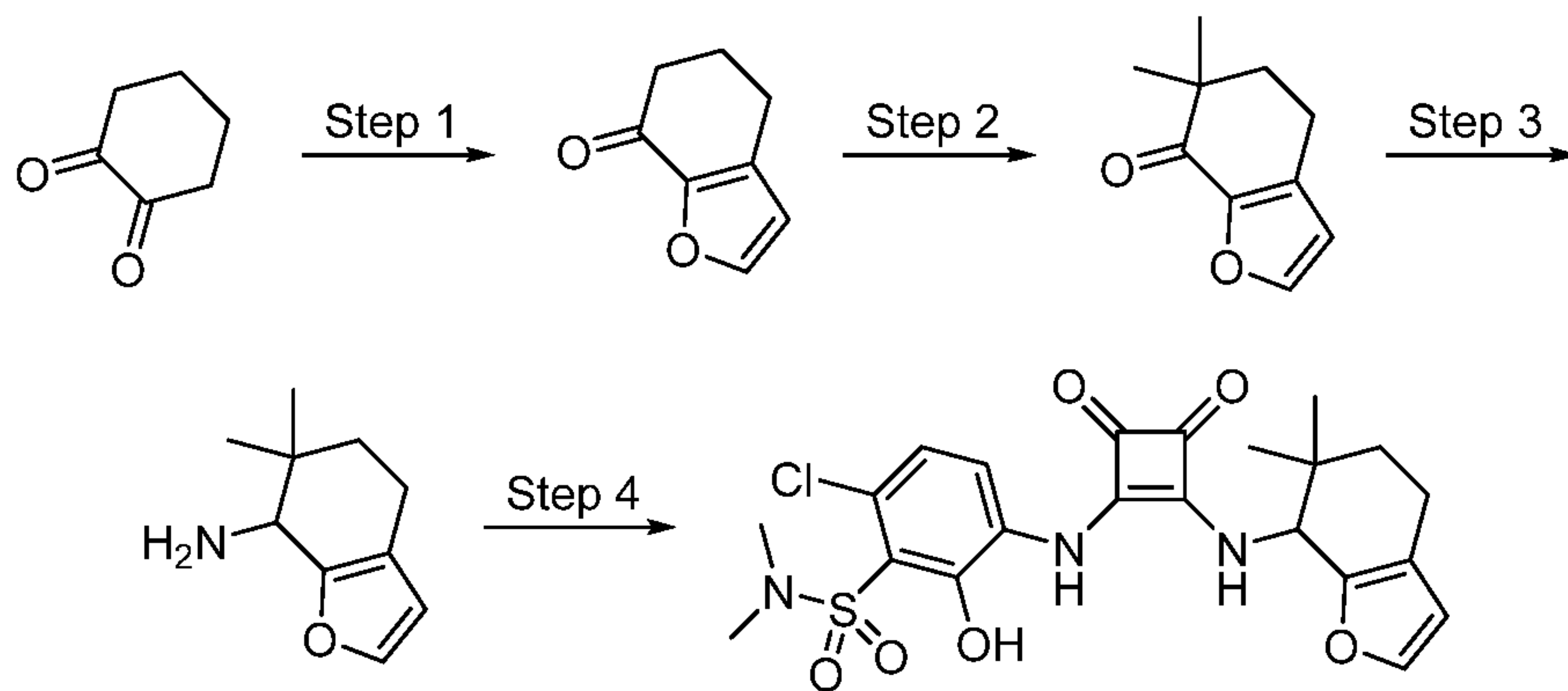


[00246] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (23.4 mg, 0.0619 mmol) and 3,3-dimethylpentan-2-amine hydrochloride (16.9 mg, 0.106 mmol) were converted into the title compound (27.5 mg, 0.0620 mmol, 100.%). ¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.17 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H),

4.25 (q, $J=7.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 1.38 (q, $J=7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.24 (d, $J=7.0$ Hz, 3H), 0.93 (s, 3H), 0.92 (s, 3H), 0.89 (t, $J=7.6$ Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): $m/z = 442$ $[M-H]^-$.

Example 59

Synthesis of Compound 51: 6-chloro-3-((2-((6,6-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-7-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



Step 1

5,6-dihydrobenzofuran-7(4H)-one

[00247] Step 1: To a solution of sodium bicarbonate (350. mg, 4.16 mmol) in water (2.7 mL) was added 2-chloroacetaldehyde (50 wt. % in water, 0.46 mL, 3.6 mmol) at 0°C, followed by a mixture of cyclohexane-1,2-dione (416 mg, 3.63 mmol) in water (3.0 mL). The mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature while stirring overnight. Ethyl acetate (3.4 mL) was then added and the pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to 1 by dropwise addition of 6.0 N aqueous hydrochloric acid. Stirring continued for an additional 3 hours and the mixture was subsequently partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction a second time with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (40 g column, 10% → 35% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 5,6-dihydrobenzofuran-7(4H)-one (108 mg, 0.796 mmol, 21.9%). ¹H NMR (CHLOROFORM-*d*): $\delta = 7.55$ (br s, 1H), 6.40 (br s, 1H), 2.76 (br t, $J=5.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.56 (br t, $J=6.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.11-2.20 (m, 2H).

Step 2

6,6-dimethyl-5,6-dihydrobenzofuran-7(4H)-one

[00248] Step 2: To a suspension of sodium hydride (60 wt. % dispersion in mineral oil, 111 mg, 2.78 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (1.9 mL) was added a solution of 5,6-dihydrobenzofuran-7(4H)-one (108 mg, 0.796 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (0.70 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring at ambient temperature for 30 minutes, iodomethane (2.0 M in 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane, 1.4 mL, 2.8 mmol) was added. After stirring at ambient temperature overnight, the mixture was quenched with 0.1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was then washed with 0.1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (2 times), followed by brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (12 g column, 0% → 25% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 6,6-dimethyl-5,6-dihydrobenzofuran-7(4H)-one (83.6 mg, 0.509 mmol, 64.0%). ¹H NMR (CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 7.55 (s, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 2.75 (t, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.98 (t, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.20 (s, 6H).

Step 3

6,6-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-7-amine

[00249] Step 3: After purging a solution of 6,6-dimethyl-5,6-dihydrobenzofuran-7(4H)-one (83.6 mg, 0.509 mmol) in ethanol (1.7 mL) with nitrogen for 10 minutes, ammonium acetate (523 mg, 6.79 mmol) was added. After stirring for 10 minutes, sodium cyanotrihydroborate (203 mg, 3.07 mmol) was then added. After stirring for 10 additional minutes, the mixture was warmed to 70°C and stirring continued overnight. The suspension was allowed to cool to ambient temperature and dissolved in 1.0 N aqueous hydrochloric acid, which caused significant bubble formation. Once bubble formation ceased, the aqueous solution was washed with ethyl acetate (2 times) and pH adjusted to 12 by addition of 4.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide. This aqueous solution was then extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times), organic layers combined, washed with 1.0 N aqueous sodium hydroxide, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford a crude mixture that was carried through to the next step without further purification. Crude yield = 55.7 mg.

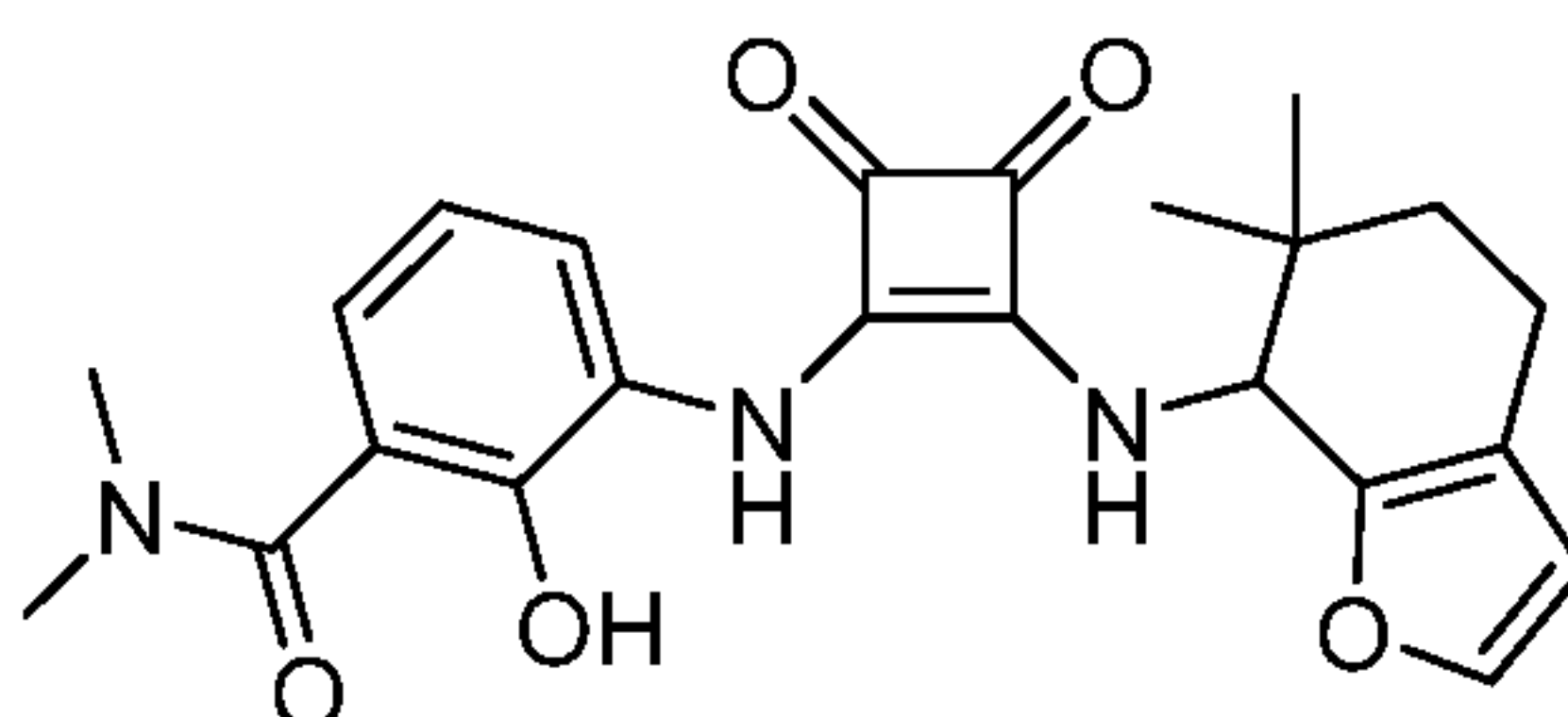
Step 4

6-chloro-3-((2-((6,6-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-7-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

[00250] Step 4: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (20.3 mg, 0.0537 mmol) and 6,6-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-7-amine (crude mixture, 18.7 mg) were converted into the title compound (23.8 mg, 0.0482 mmol, 89.7%). ¹H NMR (CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.62 (br s, 1H), 7.82 (br s, 1H), 7.71 (br s, 1H), 7.32 (br s, 1H), 6.96 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.96-6.40 (m, 2H), 5.13 (br s, 1H), 2.84 (s, 6H), 2.34-2.57 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.06 (br s, 6H). MS (ESI): m/z = 492 [M-H]⁻.

Example 60

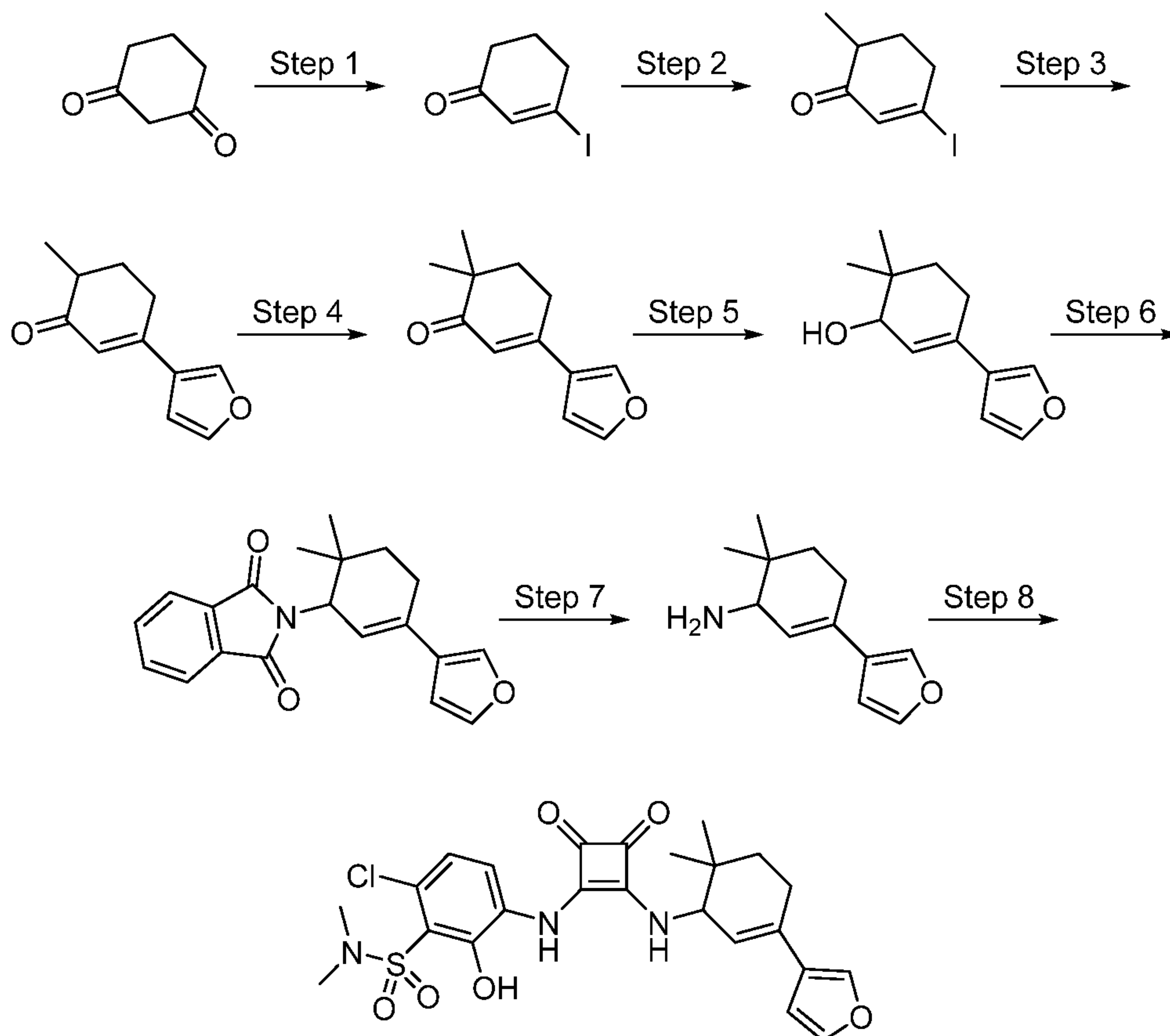
Synthesis of Compound 52: 3-((2-((6,6-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-7-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00251] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (17.2 mg, 0.0565 mmol) and 6,6-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-7-amine (synthesized as described for Compound 51, crude mixture, 19.0 mg) were converted into the title compound (20.2 mg, 0.0477 mmol, 84.4%). ¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.97 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 6.96-7.01 (m, 1H), 6.90-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.28 (s, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 3.06 (s, 6H), 2.51-2.58 (m, 1H), 2.43-2.51 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.57-1.64 (m, 1H), 1.07 (s, 6H). MS (ESI): m/z = 422 [M-H]⁻.

Example 61

Synthesis of Compound 53: 6-chloro-3-(((2-((3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



Step 1

3-iodocyclohex-2-en-1-one

[00252] Step 1: To a mixture of triphenylphosphane (2.63 g, 10.0 mmol) in acetonitrile (40 mL) was added diiodine (2.52 g, 9.95 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring at ambient temperature for 2 hours, a mixture of cyclohexane-1,3-dione (1.06 g, 9.45 mmol) in acetonitrile (5.0 mL) was added by cannula followed by triethylamine (1.5 mL, 10. mmol). After stirring for an additional 3 days, the mixture was concentrated and the resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (120 g column, 0% → 100% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 3-iodocyclohex-2-en-1-one (1.45 g, 6.53 mmol, 69.1%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 6.70 (s, 1H), 2.83 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (t, J=6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.89-2.00 (m, 2H).

Step 2

3-iodo-6-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one

[00253] Step 2: To a solution of lithium diisopropylamide (2.0 M in tetrahydrofuran, 4.0 mL, 8.0 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (26 mL) was added a solution of 3-iodocyclohex-2-en-1-one (1.45 g, 6.53 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (4.0 mL) by cannula over the course of 15 minutes at -78°C under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring at -78°C for 2.5 hours, iodomethane (0.82 mL, 13 mmol) was then added. The mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature while stirring overnight. After quenching with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride, the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 times), organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash® Rf 200 (220 g column, 0% → 100% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 3-iodo-6-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (319 mg, 1.35 mmol, 20.7%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 6.74 (s, 1H), 2.92-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.34-2.43 (m, 1H), 1.95-2.04 (m, 1H), 1.77-1.87 (m, 1H), 1.13 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H).

Step 3

3-(furan-3-yl)-6-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one

[00254] Step 3: To a mixture of furan-3-ylboronic acid (178 mg, 1.59 mmol), potassium carbonate (399 mg, 2.89 mmol), and bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) chloride (40.4 mg, 0.0576 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (20 mL) in a seal tube was added a solution of 3-iodo-6-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (319 mg, 1.35 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (7.0 mL) by cannula under nitrogen atmosphere followed by distilled water (1.4 mL). The reaction vessel was sealed and stirred at 100°C for 4 hours. After cooling to ambient temperature, the mixture was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was collected and washed with water (3 times), followed by brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash® Rf 200 (40 g column, 0% → 100% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 3-(furan-3-yl)-6-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (213 mg, 1.21 mmol, 89.5%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 2.65-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.46 (m, 1H), 2.15-2.21 (m, 1H), 1.78-1.88 (m, 1H), 1.19 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H).

Step 4

3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-one

[00255] Step 4: To a suspension of sodium hydride (60 wt. % dispersion in mineral oil, 100. mg, 2.5 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (1.6 mL) was added a solution of 3-(furan-3-yl)-6-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (213 mg, 1.21 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (1.0 mL) by cannula under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring at ambient temperature for 45 minutes, iodomethane (0.15 mL, 2.4 mmol) was then added. After stirring at ambient temperature overnight, the reaction was quenched with water and subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was collected and washed with distilled water (3 times), followed by brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (40 g column, 0% → 40% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (55.0 mg, 0.289 mmol, 23.9%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.43 (m, 1H), 6.57-6.58 (m, 1H), 6.13 (s, 1H), 2.63 (t, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.90 (t, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.13 (s, 6H).

Step 5

3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-ol

[00256] Step 5: To a mixture of 3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (64.5 mg, 0.339 mmol) and cerium(III) chloride (120. mg, 0.487 mmol) in methanol (2.0 mL) was added sodium tetrahydroborate (45.0 mg, 1.19 mmol) at 0°C. After stirring at 0°C for 1.5 hours, the mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 times). The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (4 g column, 0% → 40% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-ol (46.3 mg, 0.241 mmol, 71.0%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 7.41 (br s, 1H), 7.36 (br s, 1H), 6.54 (br s, 1H), 5.90 (br s, 1H), 3.91 (br s, 1H), 2.17-2.41 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.00 (br s, 3H), 0.94 (br s, 3H).

Step 6

2-(3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione

[00257] Step 6: To a mixture of triphenylphosphane (95.0 mg, 0.362 mmol) and isoindoline-1,3-dione (50.5 mg, 0.343 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (1.4 mL) was added a solution

of 3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-ol (46.3 mg, 0.241 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (0.90 mL) followed by diethyl azodicarboxylate (40 wt. % in toluene, 0.17 mL, 0.37 mmol). After stirring at ambient temperature overnight, the mixture was concentrated and the resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (12 g column, 0% → 40% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 2-(3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (15.8 mg, 0.0492 mmol, 20.4%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 7.87 (br s, 2H), 7.71-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.46 (br s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 6.50 (br s, 1H), 5.79 (br s, 1H), 4.72-4.79 (m, 1H), 2.51-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.35-2.38 (m, 1H), 1.85-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.06 (br s, 3H), 0.97 (br s, 3H).

Step 7

3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-amine

[00258] Step 7: A mixture of 2-(3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (15.8 mg, 0.0492 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (50 - 60 wt. %, 0.01 mL, 0.2 mmol) in ethanol (1 mL) was refluxed for 3 hours. After cooling to ambient temperature, the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride and subjected to extraction with dichloromethane (3 times). The organic layers were combined, washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford a crude mixture that was carried through to the next step without further purification.

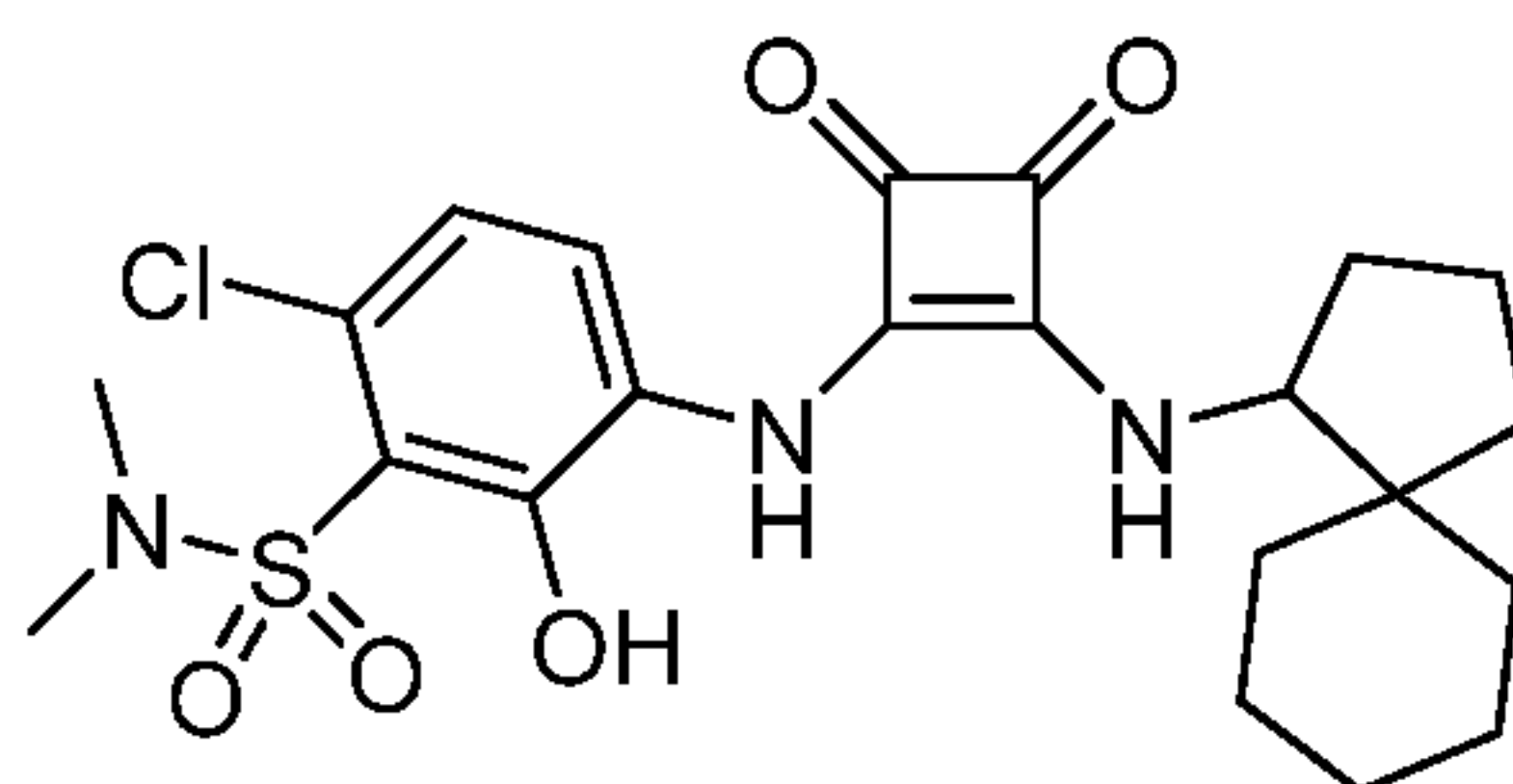
Step 8

6-chloro-3-((2-((3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

[00259] Step 8: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (17.0 mg, 0.0454 mmol) and 3-(furan-3-yl)-6,6-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-amine (crude mixture from step 7) were converted into the title compound (5.2 mg, 0.010 mmol, 22%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.60 (br s, 1H), 8.10 (br s, 1H), 7.94 (br s, 1H), 7.40 (br s, 1H), 7.35 (br s, 1H), 6.94 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (br s, 1H), 6.51 (br s, 1H), 5.83 (br s, 1H), 4.73 (br s, 1H), 2.85 (br s, 6H), 2.30 (br s, 2H), 1.61 (br s, 2H), 1.03 (br s, 3H), 0.96 (br s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 518 [M-H]⁺.

Example 62

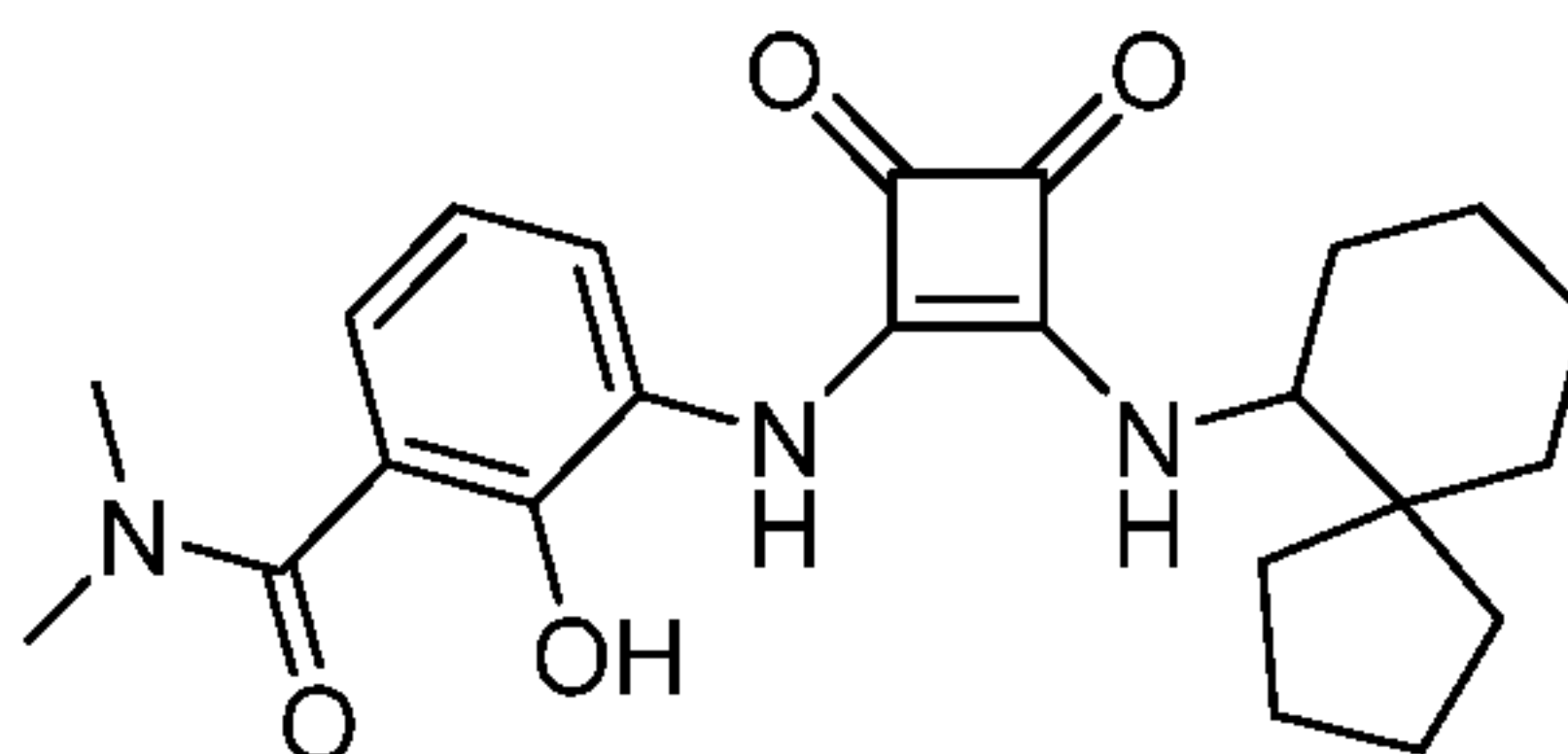
Synthesis of Compound 54: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-(spiro[4.5]decan-1-ylamino)cyclobutan-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00260] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (18.6 mg, 0.0496 mmol) and spiro[4.5]decan-1-amine hydrochloride (19.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) were converted into the title compound (22.7 mg, 0.0471 mmol, 95.0%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.56 (br s, 1H), 8.87 (br s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (br s, 1H), 6.98 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 4.28 (br s, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.99-2.14 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.73 (m, 3H), 1.50-1.62 (m, 4H), 1.40-1.48 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.39 (m, 6H), 1.08-1.19 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 480 [M-H]⁻.

Example 63

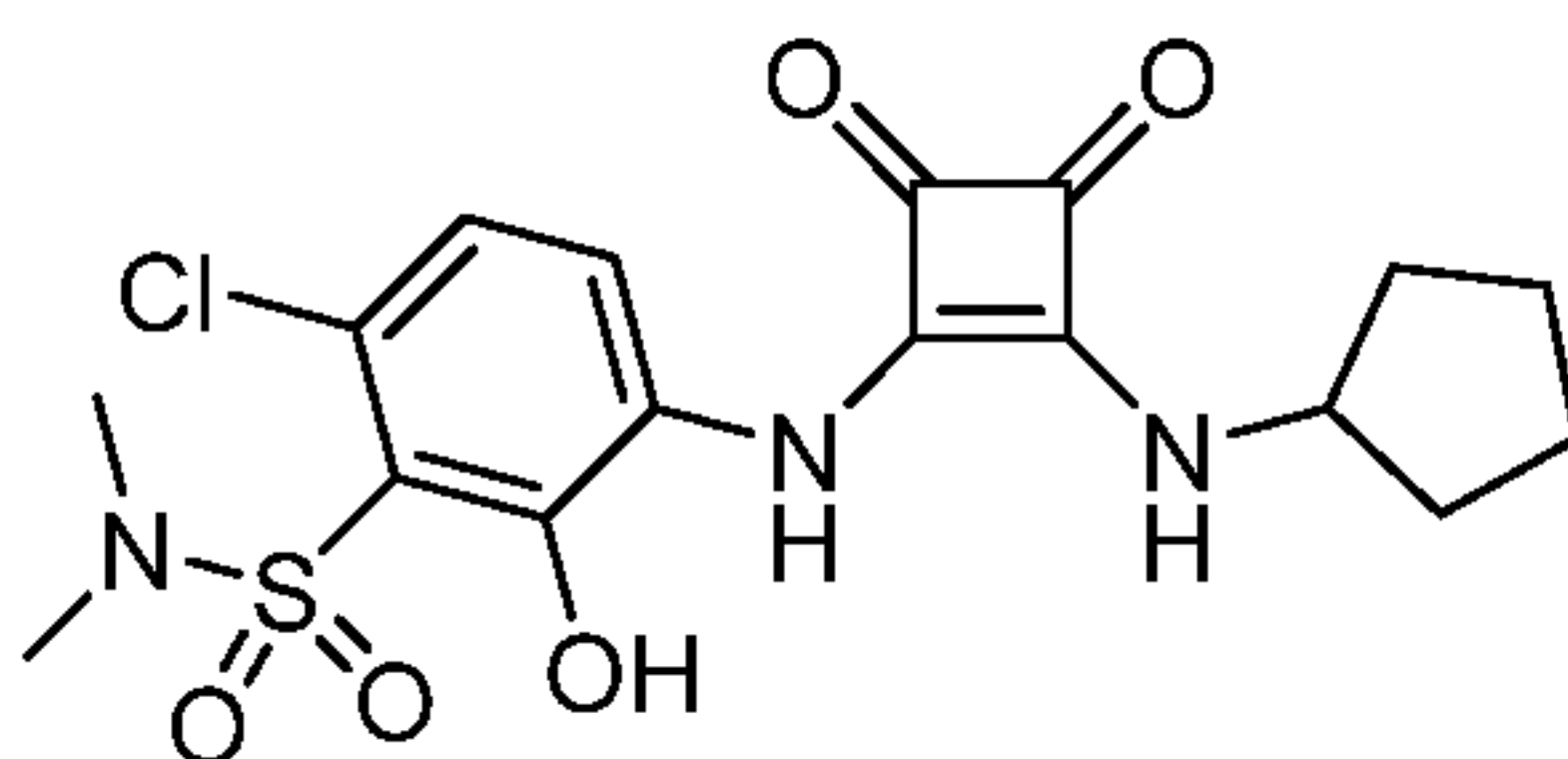
Synthesis of Compound 55: 3-((3,4-dioxo-2-(spiro[4.5]decan-6-ylamino)cyclobutan-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00261] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (20.8 mg, 0.0684 mmol) and spiro[4.5]decan-6-amine (15.0 mg, 0.0979 mmol) were converted into the title compound (26.4 mg, 0.0642 mmol, 93.8%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.97 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (br dd, J=3.2, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (s, 6H), 1.81-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.52-1.72 (m, 10H), 1.43-1.52 (m, 4H), 1.35-1.42 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 410 [M-H]⁻.

Example 64

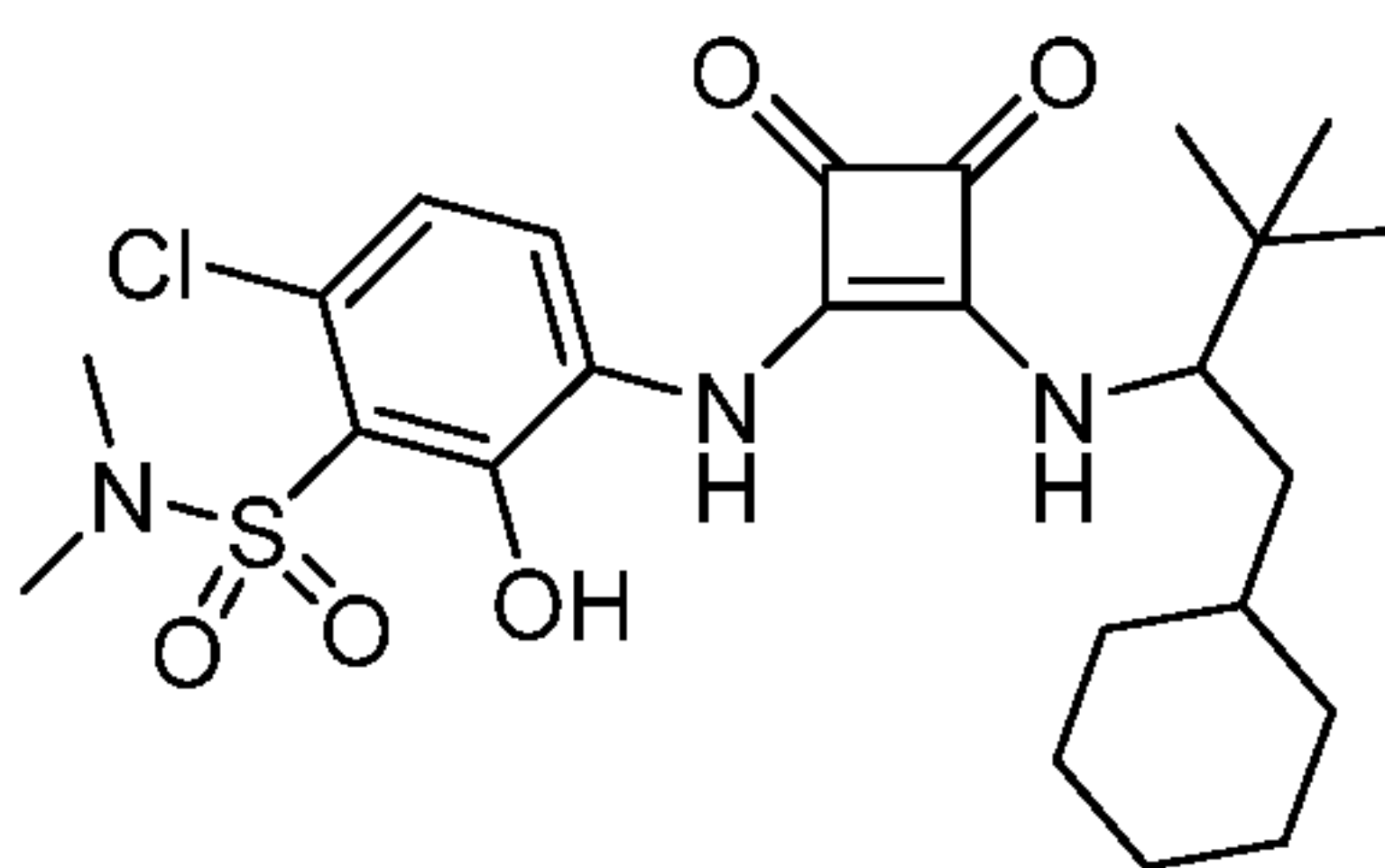
Synthesis of Compound 56: 6-chloro-3-((2-(cyclopentylamino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00262] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (17.7 mg, 0.0472 mmol) and cyclopentanamine (20. μ L, 0.20 mmol) were converted into the title compound (17.7 mg, 0.0428 mmol, 90.6%). ^1H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 8.18 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.48-4.70 (m, 1H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 2.00-2.19 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.86 (m, 6H). MS (ESI): m/z = 412 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 65

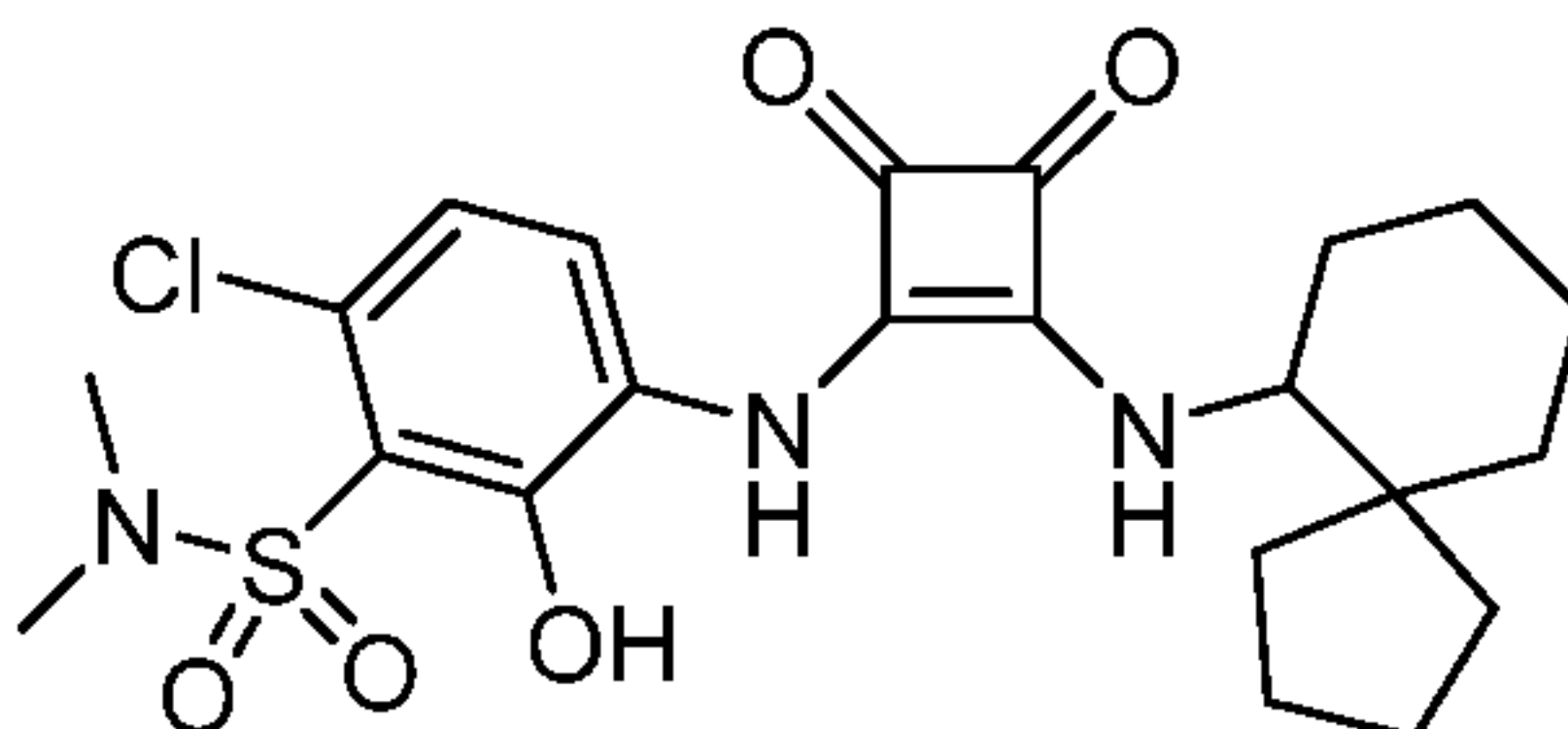
Synthesis of Compound 57: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-cyclohexyl-3,3-dimethylbutan-2-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00263] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (16.6 mg, 0.0443 mmol) and 1-cyclohexyl-3,3-dimethylbutan-2-amine (12.1 mg, 0.0660 mmol) were converted into the title compound (16.5 mg, 0.0322 mmol, 72.7%). ^1H NMR (CHLOROFORM- d /METHANOL- d_4): δ = 8.17 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.87-4.08 (m, 1H), 2.85 (s, 6H), 1.78-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.45-1.67 (m, 4H), 1.33-1.44 (m, 1H), 0.99-1.22 (m, 5H), 0.89-0.98 (m, 1H), 0.85 (s, 9H), 0.64-0.76 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 510 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 66

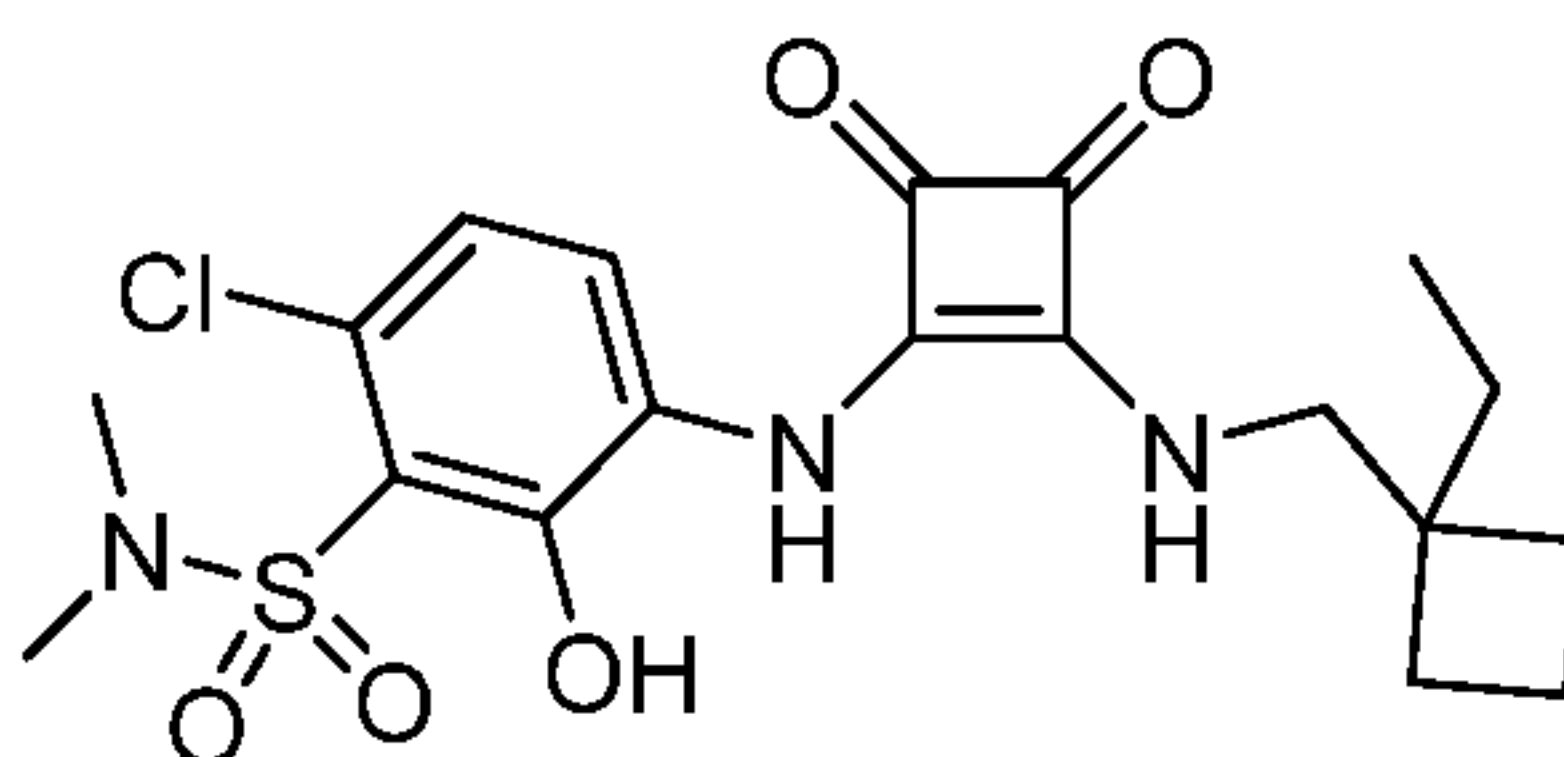
Synthesis of Compound 58: 6-chloro-3-(((3,4-dioxo-2-(spiro[4.5]decan-6-ylamino)cyclobutan-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00264] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (16.9 mg, 0.0451 mmol) and spiro[4.5]decan-6-amine (11.8 mg, 0.0770 mmol) were converted into the title compound (19.3 mg, 0.0400 mmol, 88.8%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.17 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.11-4.21 (m, 1H), 2.93 (s, 6H), 1.78-1.93 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.74 (m, 15H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 480 [M-H]⁺.

Example 67

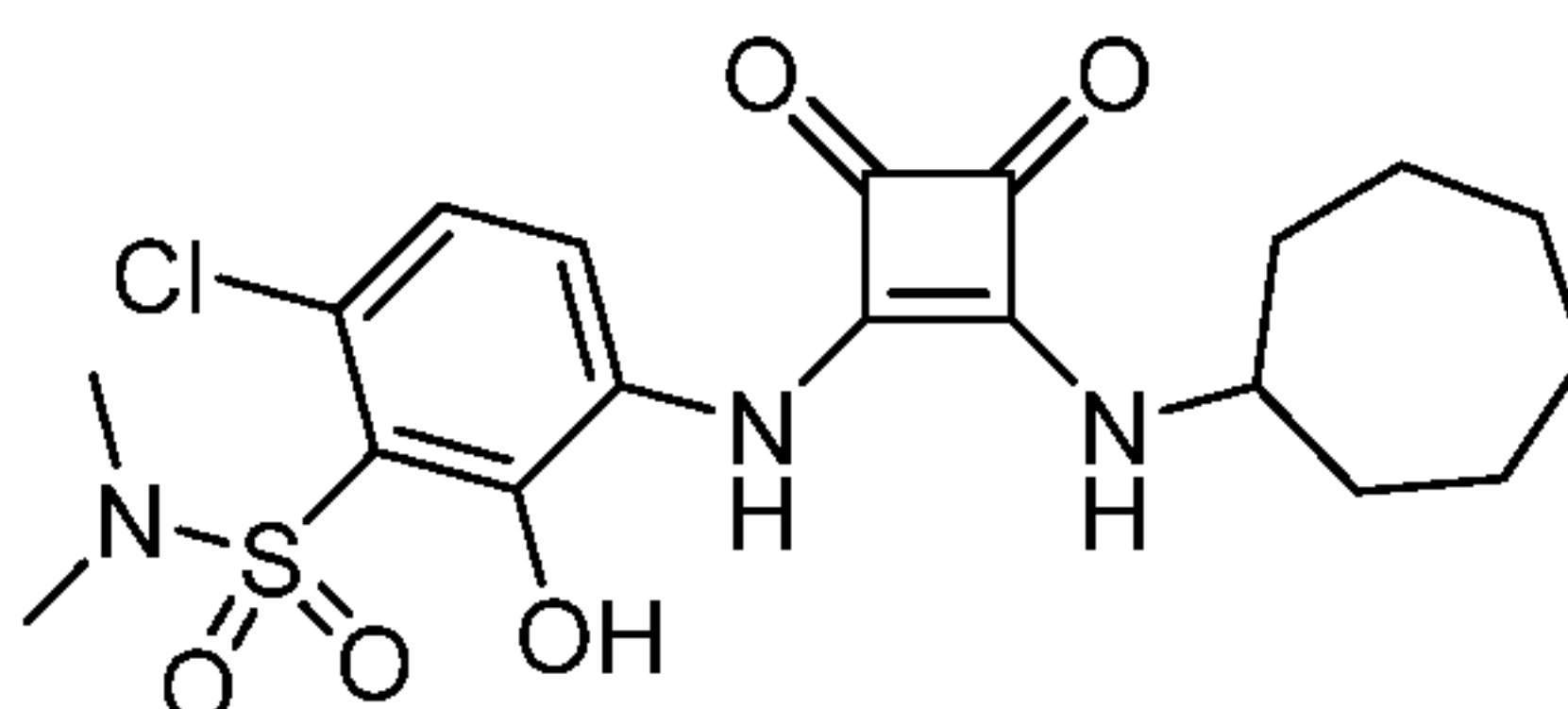
Synthesis of Compound 59: 6-chloro-3-(((2-(((1-ethylcyclobutyl)methyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00265] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (17.0 mg, 0.0454 mmol) and (1-ethylcyclobutyl)methanamine (11.5 mg, 0.102 mmol) were converted into the title compound (18.5 mg, 0.0419 mmol, 92.2%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.19 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 2.95 (s, 6H), 1.74-2.02 (m, 6H), 1.59 (q, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 0.91 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 440 [M-H]⁺.

Example 68

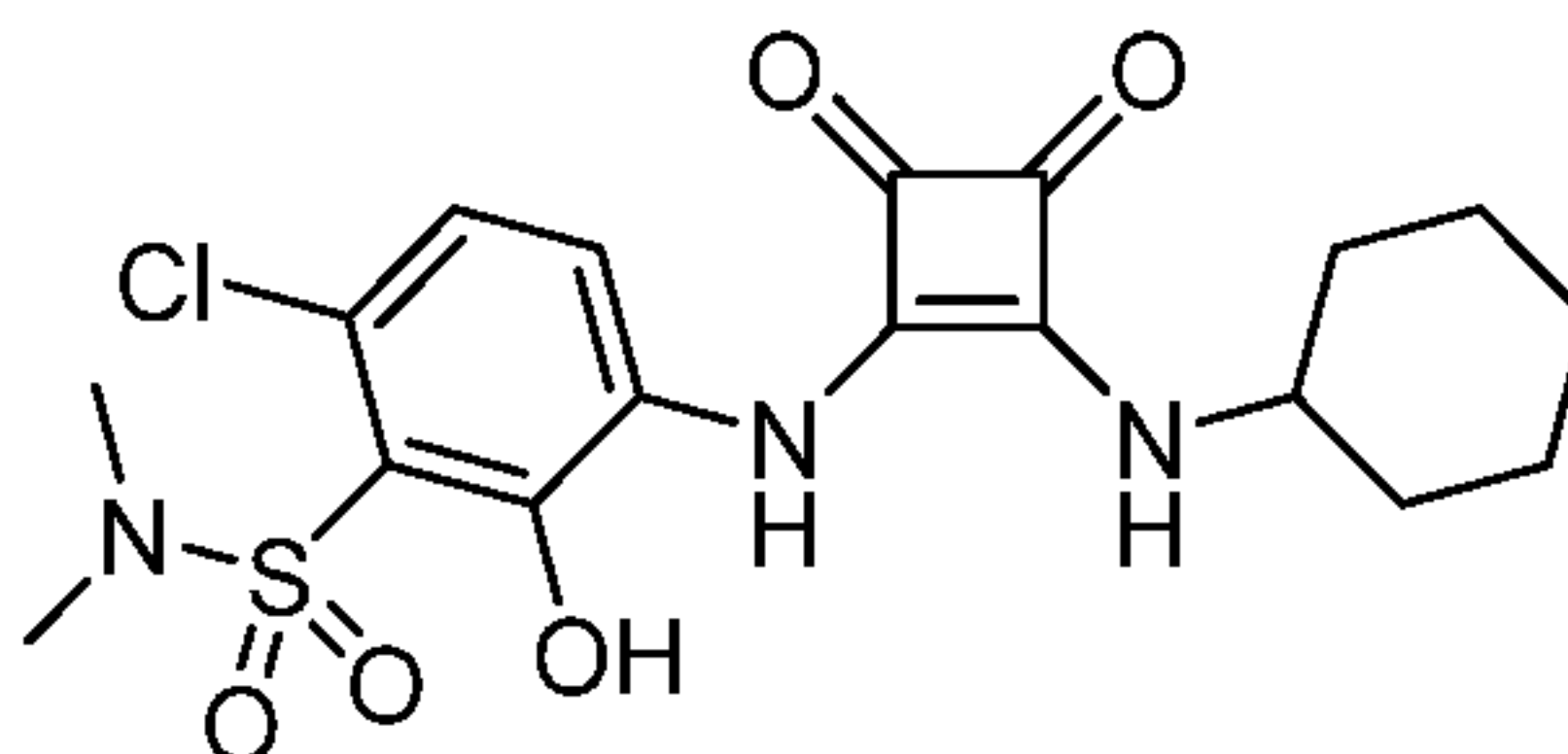
Synthesis of Compound 60: 6-chloro-3-((2-(cycloheptylamino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00266] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (17.4 mg, 0.0464 mmol) and cycloheptanamine (12 μ L, 0.094 mmol) were converted into the title compound (20.0 mg, 0.0453 mmol, 97.5%). ^1H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.57 (br s, 1H), 8.65 (br s, 1H), 8.09 (br d, J =8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (br s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J =8.8Hz, 1H), 4.19-4.46 (m, 1H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 1.98-2.14 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.76 (m, 10H). MS (ESI): m/z = 440 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 69

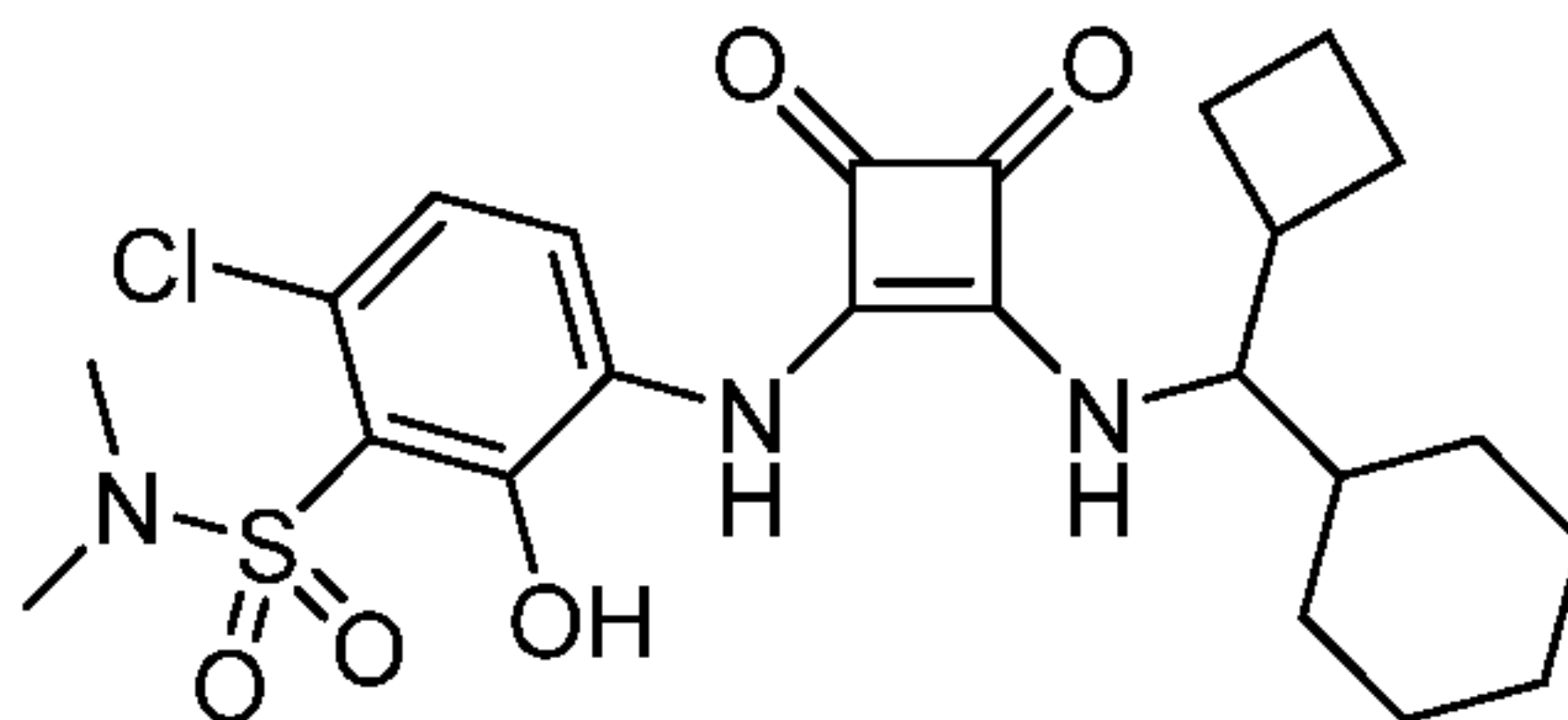
Synthesis of Compound 61: 6-chloro-3-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00267] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (16.4 mg, 0.0438 mmol) and cyclohexanamine (12 μ L, 0.10 mmol) were converted into the title compound (17.3 mg, 0.0404 mmol, 92.3%). ^1H NMR (600MHz, METHANOL- d_4): δ = 8.16 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.98-4.05 (m, 1H), 2.93 (s, 6H), 2.00-2.07 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.48 (m, 4H), 1.16-1.32 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 426 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 70

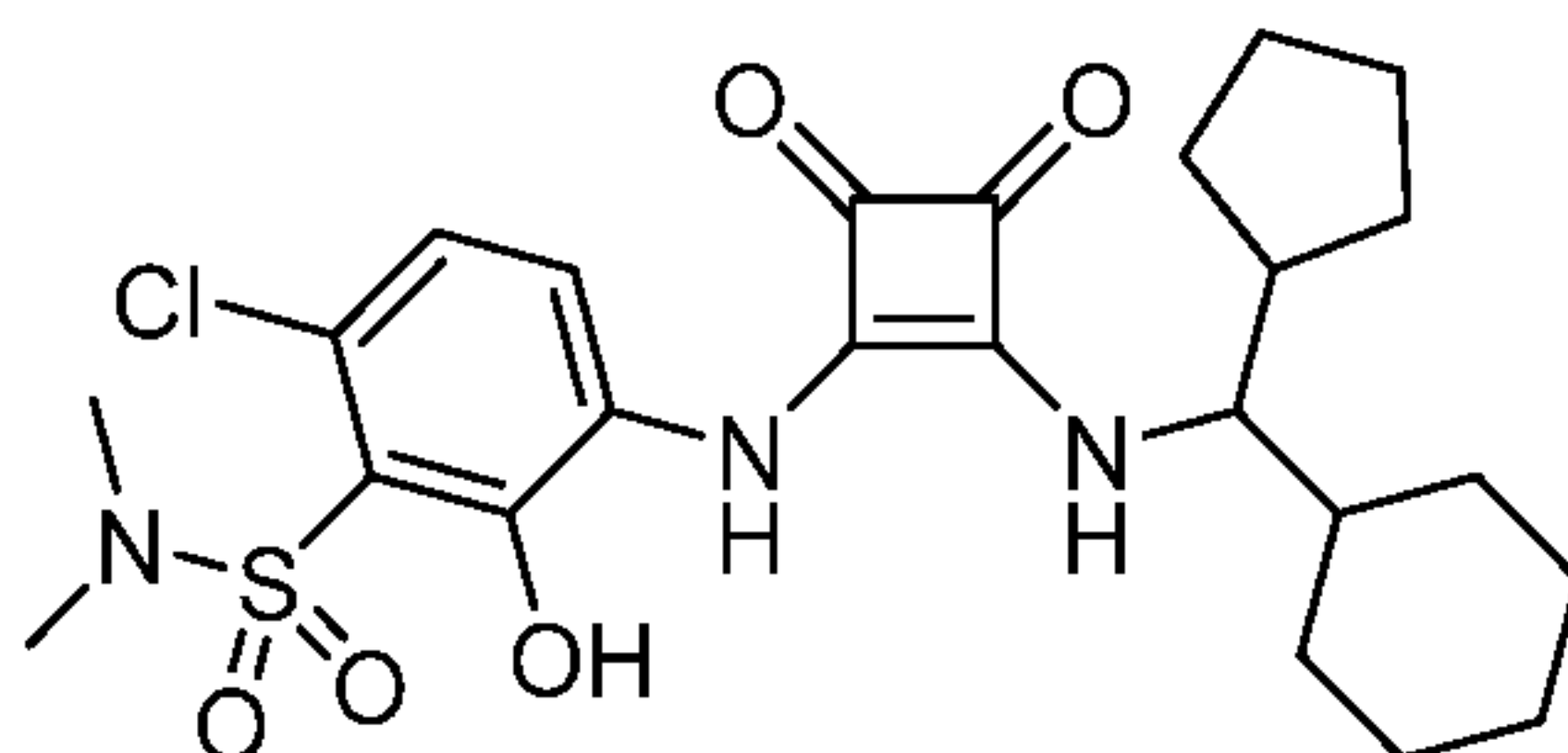
Synthesis of Compound 62: 6-chloro-3-((2-((cyclobutyl(cyclohexyl)methyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00268] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (17.4 mg, 0.0464 mmol) and cyclobutyl(cyclohexyl)methanamine (13.9 mg, 0.0831 mmol) were converted into the title compound (22.1 mg, 0.0446 mmol, 96.0%). ^1H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.58 (s, 1H), 8.75 (br s, 1H), 8.05 (br d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (br s, 1H), 6.97 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.95-4.16 (m, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 2.51-2.62 (m, 1H), 1.58-2.09 (m, 11H), 1.41-1.51 (m, 1H), 0.93-1.29 (m, 5H). MS (ESI): m/z = 494 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$.

Example 71

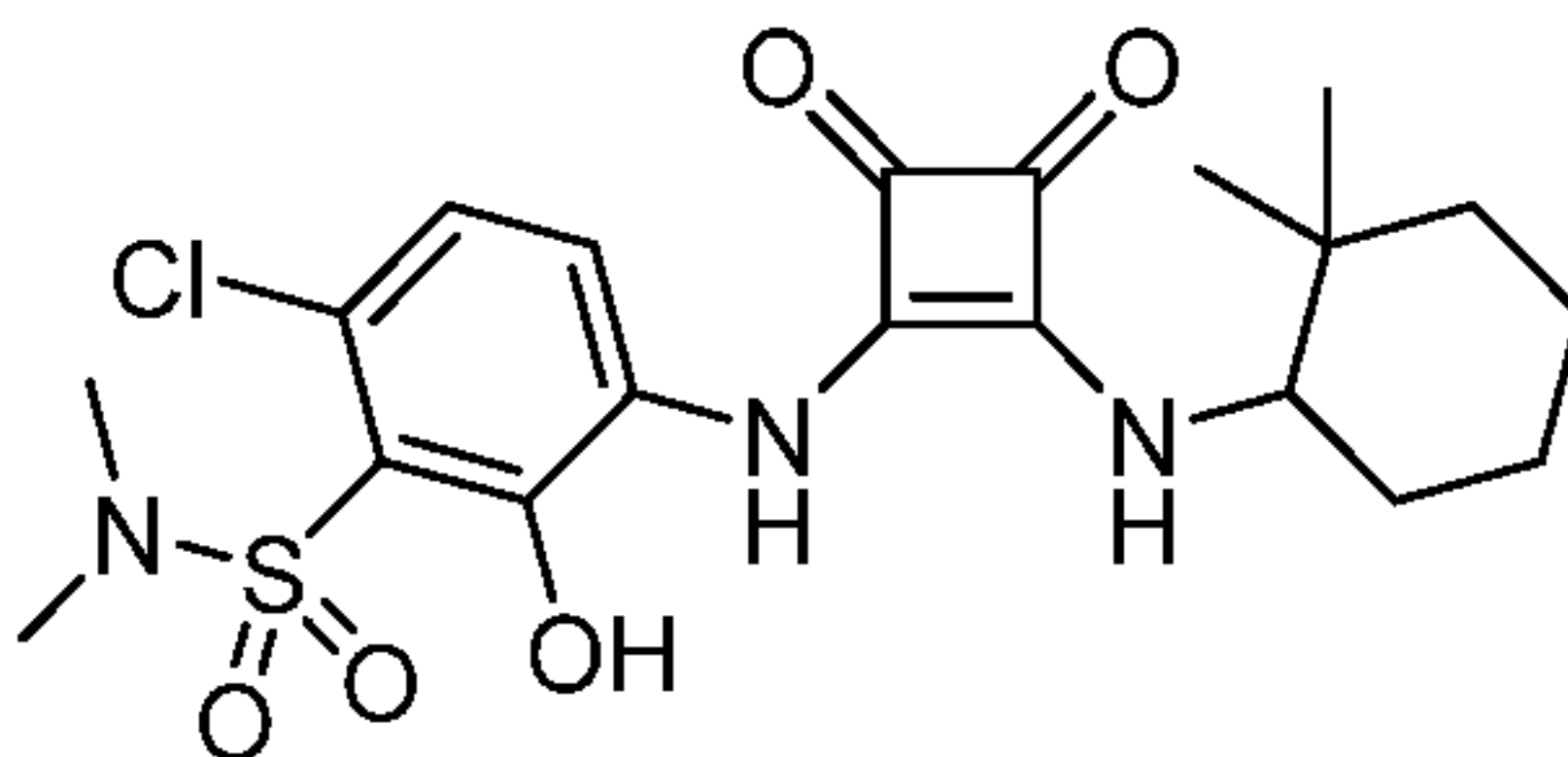
Synthesis of Compound 63: 6-chloro-3-((2-((cyclohexyl(cyclopentyl)methyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00269] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (16.7 mg, 0.0446 mmol) and cyclohexyl(cyclopentyl)methanamine (11.9 mg, 0.0656 mmol) were converted into the title compound (20.5 mg, 0.0402 mmol, 90.1%). ^1H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.61 (s, 1H), 8.65 (br s, 1H), 8.03 (br d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (br s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.97-4.05 (m, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 2.01-2.14 (m, 1H), 1.42-1.98 (m, 11H), 0.90-1.35 (m, 7H). MS (ESI): m/z = 508 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$.

Example 72

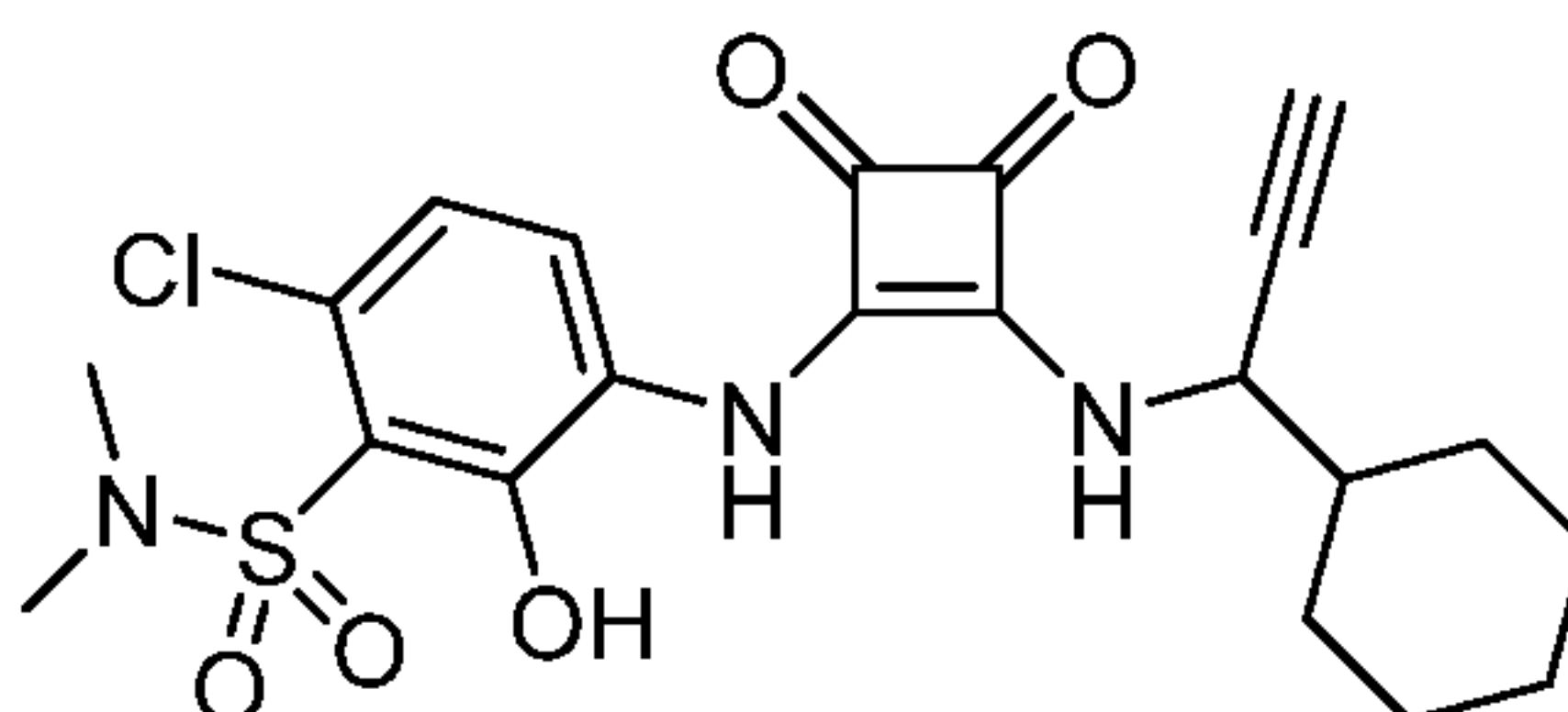
Synthesis of Compound 64: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2,2-dimethylcyclohexyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00270] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (17.0 mg, 0.0454 mmol) and 2,2-dimethylcyclohexan-1-amine (11.7 mg, 0.0920 mmol) were converted into the title compound (20.9 mg, 0.0458 mmol, 101%). ¹H NMR (600MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.55 (br s, 1H), 8.89 (br s, 1H), 8.04 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (br s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.94-4.11 (m, 1H), 2.87 (s, 6H), 1.98-2.24 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.19-1.39 (m, 3H), 0.99 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 454 [M-H]⁻.

Example 73

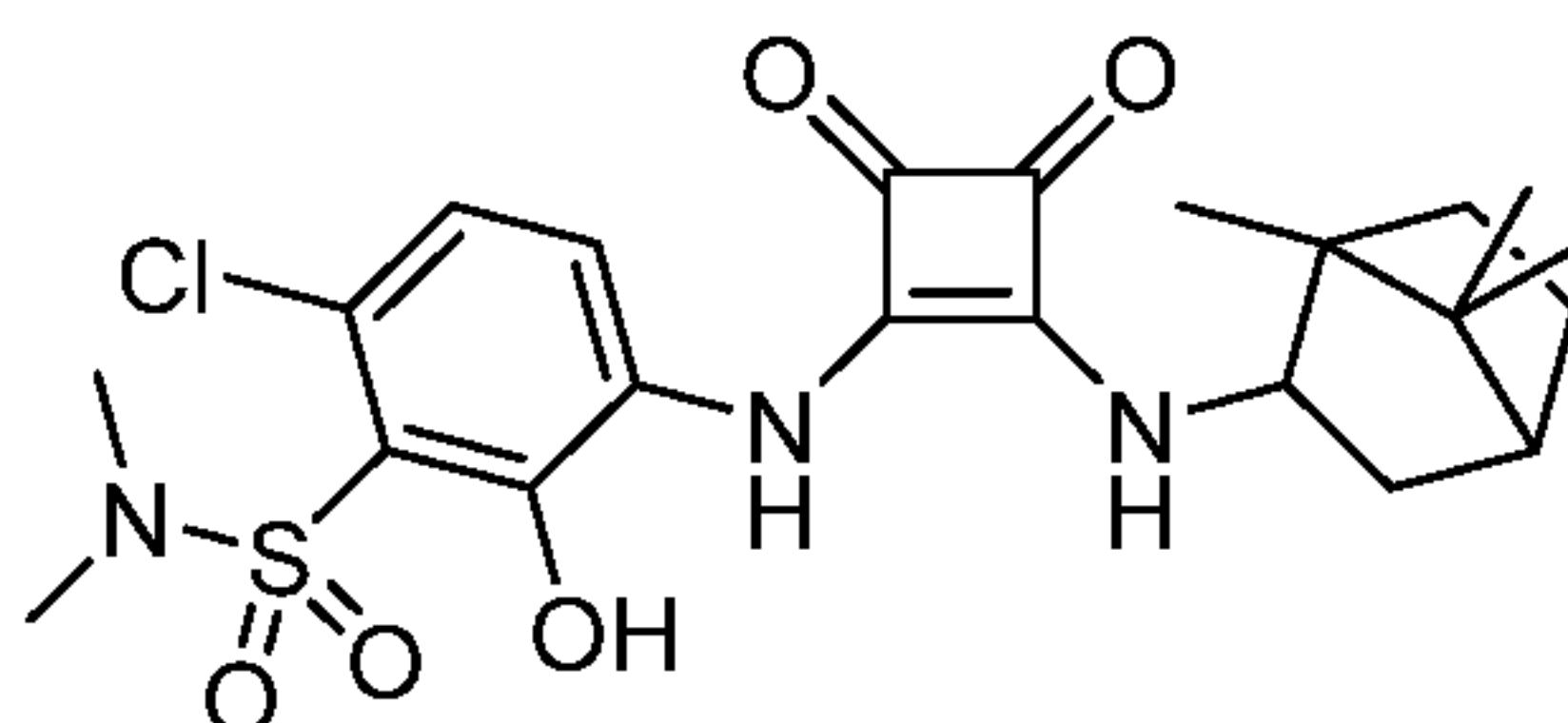
Synthesis of Compound 65: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-cyclohexylprop-2-yn-1-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00271] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (16.7 mg, 0.0446 mmol) and 1-cyclohexylprop-2-yn-1-amine (13.1 mg, 0.0955 mmol) were converted into the title compound (22.1 mg, 0.0474 mmol, 106%). ¹H NMR (CHLOROFORM-d/METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.98 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (br s, 1H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 2.47 (br s, 1H), 1.56-2.02 (m, 6H), 0.94-1.35 (m, 5H). MS (ESI): m/z = 464 [M-H]⁻.

Example 74

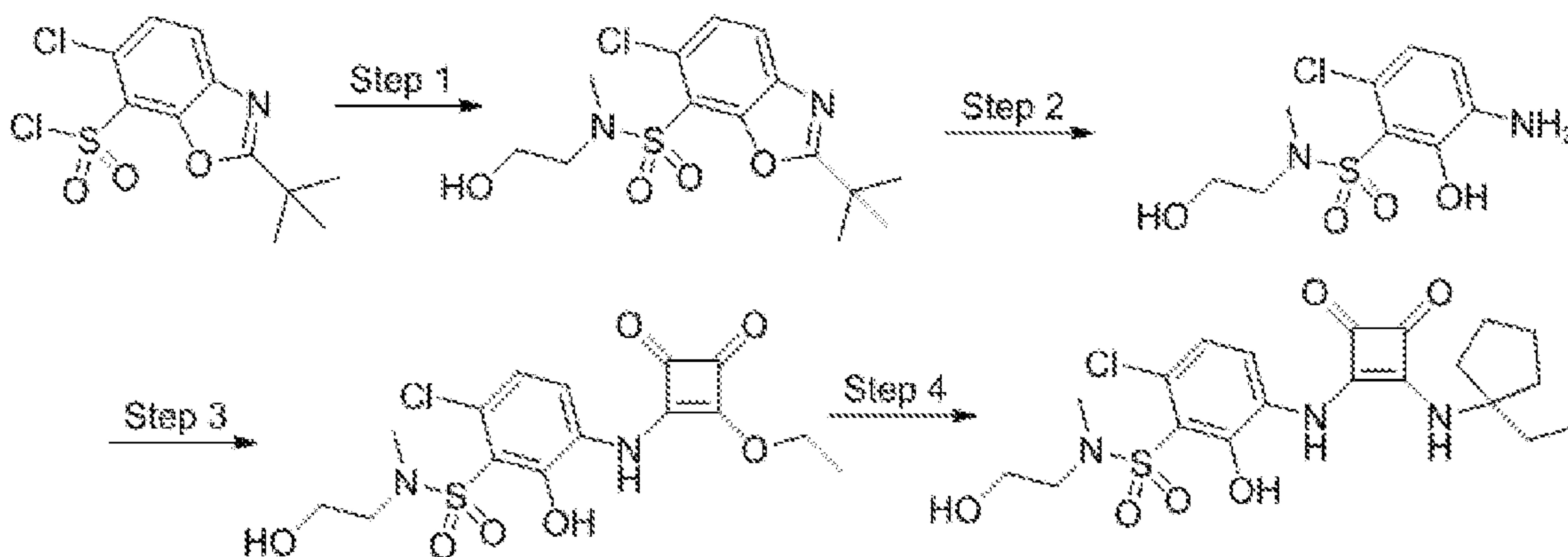
Synthesis of Compound 66: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)amino) cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00272] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (16.5 mg, 0.0440 mmol) and 1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-amine hydrochloride (19.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) were converted into the title compound as a mixture of diastereomers (20.1 mg, 0.0417 mmol, 94.8%). MS (ESI): $m/z = 480$ $[M-H]^-$.

Example 75

Synthesis of Compound 67: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-ethylcyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide



Step 1

2-(tert-butyl)-6-chloro-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzo[d]oxazole-7-sulfonamide

[00273] Step 1: Following a procedure analogous to compound 70 step 1, 2-(tert-butyl)-6-chlorobenzo [d]oxazole-7-sulfonyl chloride (308 mg, 0.999 mmol) was converted into 2-(tert-butyl)-6-chloro-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzo[d]oxazole-7-sulfonamide (334 mg, 0.963 mmol, 96.4%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): $\delta = 7.66$ -7.79 (m, $J=8.2$ Hz, 1H),

7.40-7.48 (m, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (t, J=5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.47 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 9H).

Step 2

3-amino-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide

[00274] Step 2: Following a procedure analogous to compound 70 step 2, 2-(tert-butyl)-6-chloro-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzo[d]oxazole-7-sulfonamide (334 mg, 0.963 mmol) was converted into 3-amino-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide (148 mg, 0.527 mmol, 54.7%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.32 (s, 1H), 6.79-6.89 (m, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.71-6.77 (m, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (br s, 2H), 3.73-3.86 (m, 2H), 3.44 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.97 (s, 3H).

Step 3

6-chloro-3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide

[00275] Step 3: Following a procedure analogous to compound 70 step 3, 3-amino-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide (148 mg, 0.527 mmol) was converted into 6-chloro-3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide (62 mg, 0.15 mmol, 29%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.69-10.87 (m, 1H), 7.95 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (br s, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (q, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.47 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 1.52 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H).

Step 4

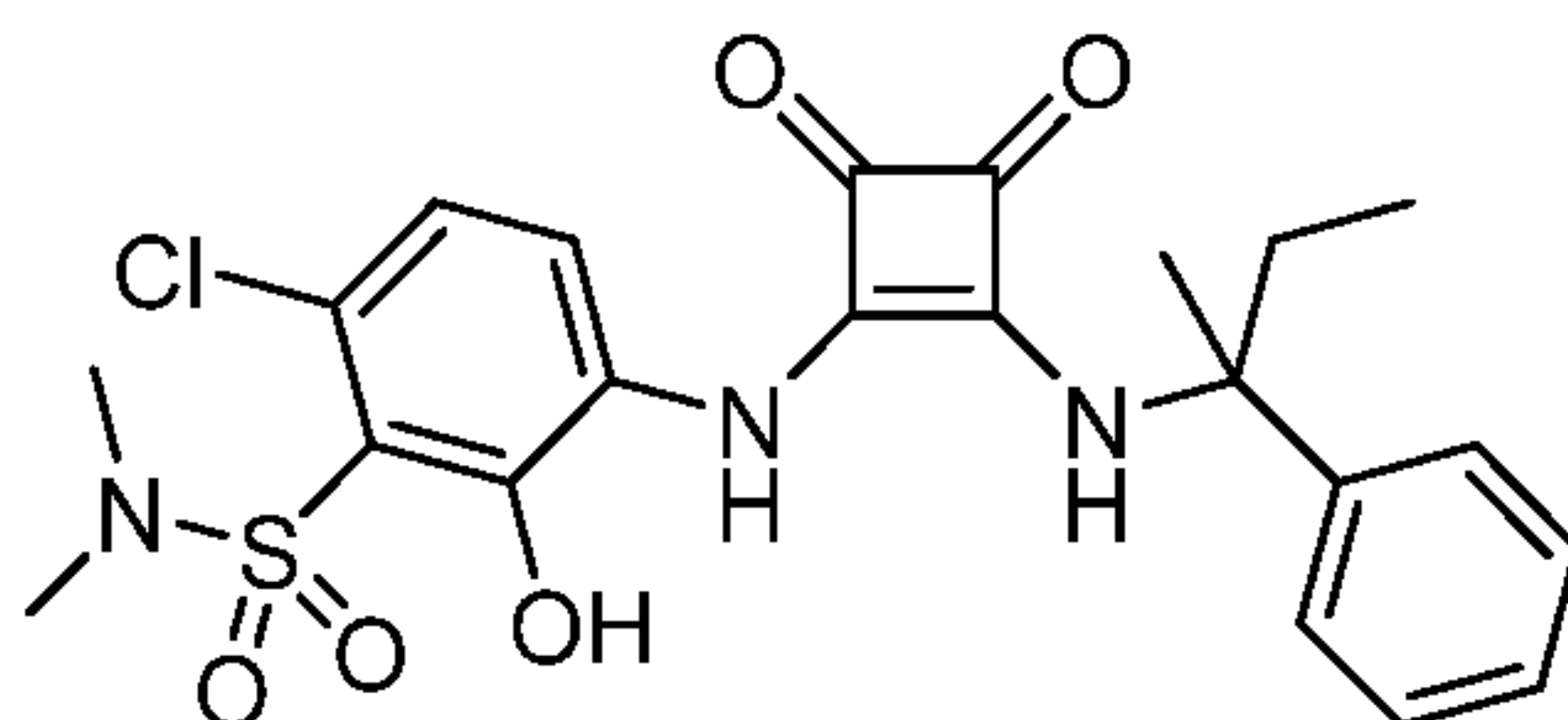
6-chloro-3-((2-((1-ethylcyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide

[00276] Step 4: According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, 6-chloro-3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide (28 mg, 0.069 mmol) and 1-ethylcyclopentan-1-amine hydrochloride (16 mg, 0.11 mmol) were converted into the title compound (15 mg, 0.032 mmol, 46%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.14 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8

Hz, 1H), 3.69 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.41 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 2.04 (br s, 2H), 1.92 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.71-1.83 (m, 6H), 0.92 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 470 [M-H]⁻.

Example 76

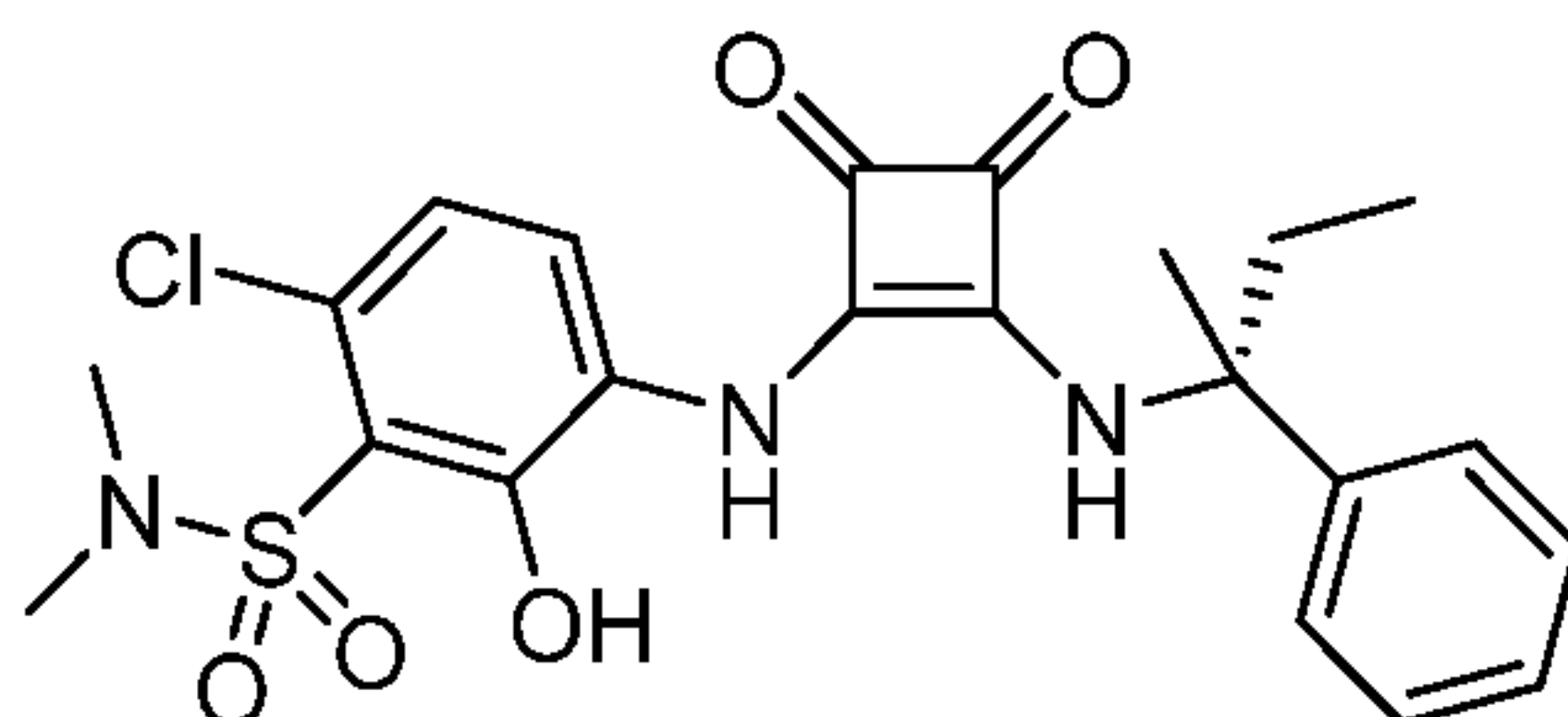
Synthesis of Compound 68: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((2-phenylbutan-2-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00277] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (400. mg, 1.06 mmol) and 2-phenylbutan-2-amine (240. mg, 1.61 mmol) were converted into the title compound (250. mg, 0.523 mmol, 49.3%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 10.56 (br s, 1H), 9.66 (br s, 1H), 8.79 (br s, 1H), 7.89 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.19 (br d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.86 (s, 6H), 2.06-2.24 (m, 1H), 1.93-2.06 (m, 1H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 0.76 (br t, J=6.7 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 476 [M-H]⁻.

Example 76a

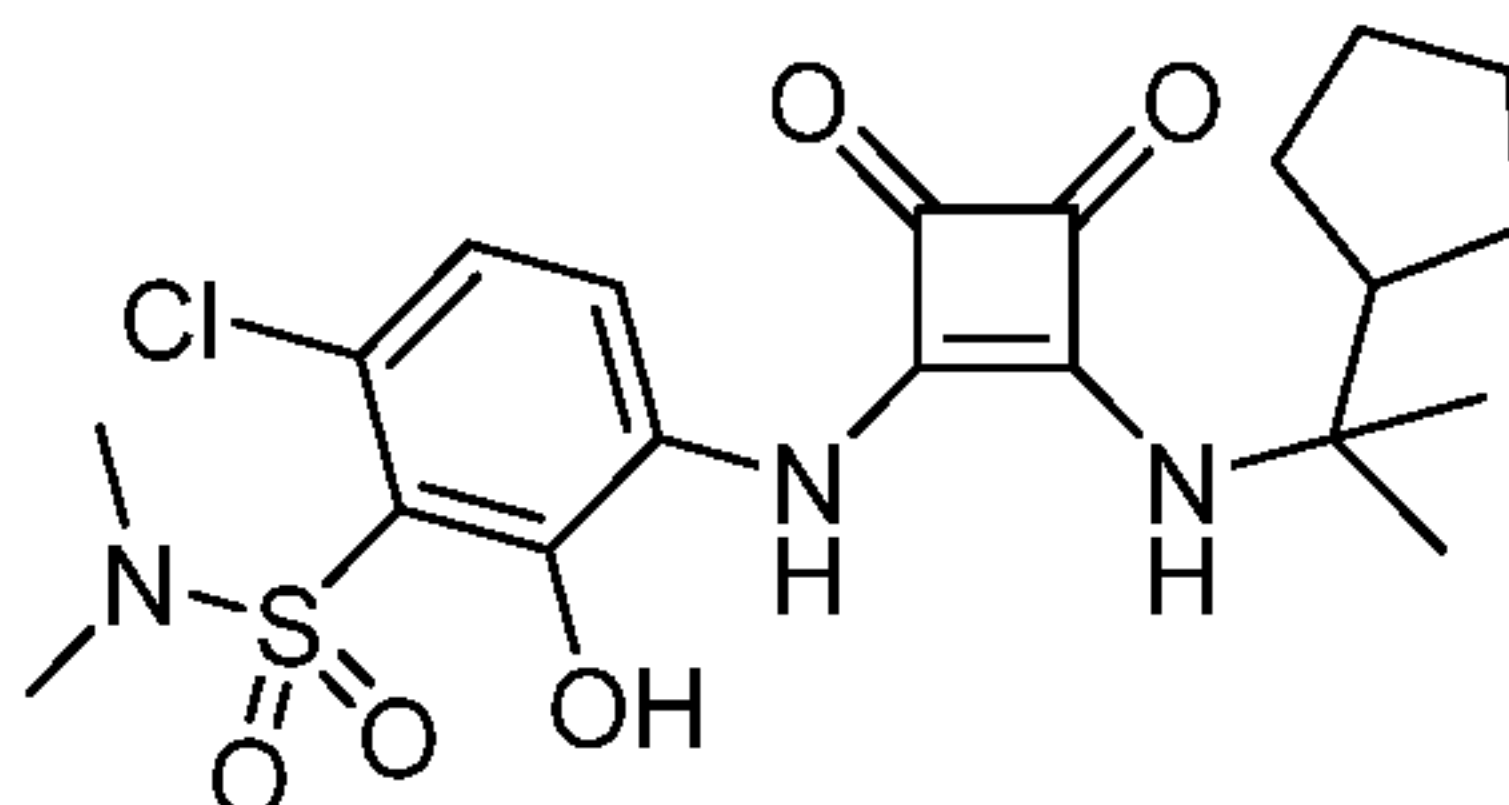
Synthesis of Compound 68a: (R)-6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((2-phenylbutan-2-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00278] The racemic mixture (Compound 68) was subjected to supercritical fluid chromatography separation using AD-H (2x25cm) column with 30% ethanol/carbon dioxide at 100 bar to afford the title compound. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 10.56 (br s, 1H), 9.66 (br s, 1H), 8.79 (br s, 1H), 7.89 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.19 (br d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.86 (s, 6H), 2.06-2.24 (m, 1H), 1.93-2.06 (m, 1H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 0.76 (br t, J=6.7 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 476 [M-H]⁻.

Example 77

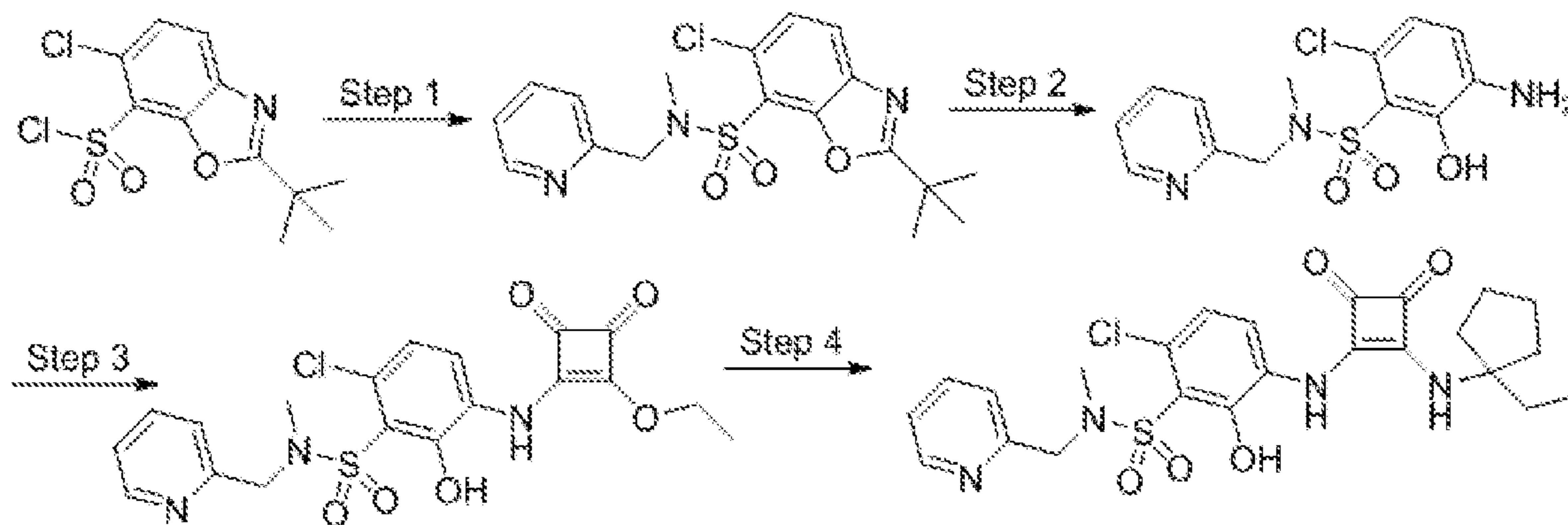
Synthesis of Compound 69: 6-chloro-3-((2-((2-cyclopentylpropan-2-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00279] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (40. mg, 0.11 mmol) and 2-cyclopentylpropan-2-amine (26 mg, 0.16 mmol) were converted into the title compound (7 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.63 (br d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (br s, 1H), 7.96 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (br s, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 2.38-2.42 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.72 (m, 4H), 1.51-1.62 (m, 4H), 1.44 (s, 6H). MS (ESI): m/z = 454 [M-H]⁻.

Example 78

Synthesis of Compound 70: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-ethylcyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzenesulfonamide



Step 1

2-(tert-butyl)-6-chloro-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzo[d]oxazole-7-sulfonamide

[00280] Step 1: To a solution of 2-(tert-butyl)-6-chlorobenzo[d]oxazole-7-sulfonyl chloride (308 mg, 0.999 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (4.5 mL) at ambient temperature was added

triethylamine (121 mg, 1.20 mmol) followed by N-methyl-1-(pyridin-2-yl)methanamine (134 mg, 1.10 mmol). The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 2 hours and treated with water. The reaction medium was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to yield 2-(tert-butyl)-6-chloro-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzo[d]oxazole-7-sulfonamide (394 mg, 1.00 mmol, 100. %) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 8.48 (br d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (t, J=7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (br t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 2.95 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 9H).

Step 2

3-amino-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzenesulfonamide
[00281] Step 2: Sulfuric acid (0.85 mL, 50% in water) was added dropwise to a solution of 2-(tert-butyl)-6-chloro-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzo[d]oxazole-7-sulfonamide (394 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 6.5 hours and 1,4-dioxane was removed. Aqueous sodium hydroxide (1 N) was added to reach pH 8. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (40 g column, 60% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 3-amino-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzenesulfonamide (252 mg, 0.773 mmol, 77.0%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.37 (s, 1H), 8.54 (br d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21-7.23 (m, 1H), 6.85 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 4.01 (br s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H).

Step 3

6-chloro-3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzenesulfonamide

[00282] Step 3: Following a procedure analogous to intermediate 6 step 3, 3-amino-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzenesulfonamide (252 mg, 0.773 mmol) was converted into 6-chloro-3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzenesulfonamide (165 mg, 0.365 mmol, 47.3%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 8.53 (br d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (br t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d,

J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.08 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (q, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.63 (s, 2H), 2.89 (s, 3H), 1.48-1.54 (m, 3H).

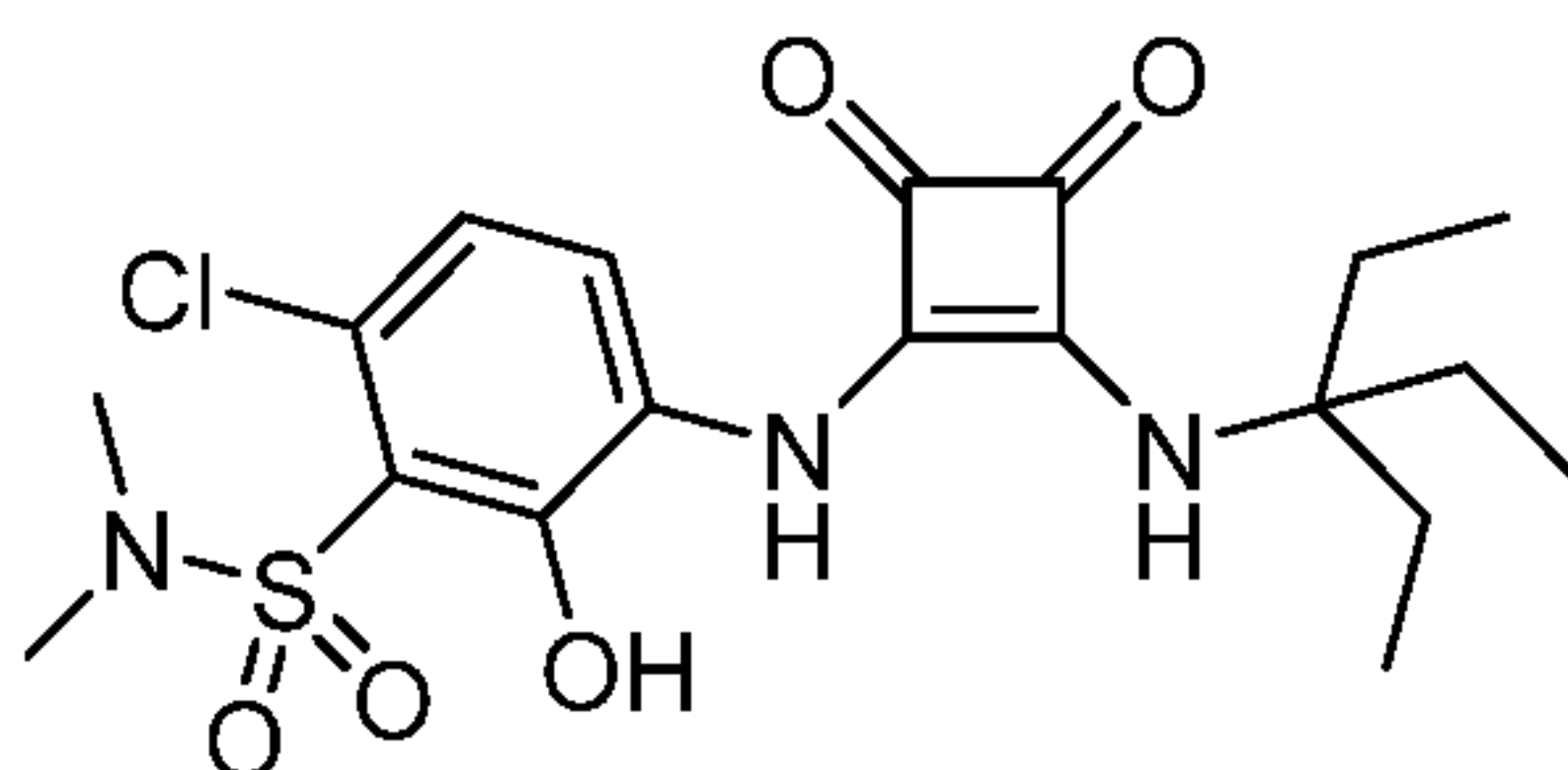
Step 4

6-chloro-3-((2-((1-ethylcyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzenesulfonamide

[00283] Step 4: According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, 6-chloro-3-((2-ethoxy-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)benzenesulfonamide (40. mg, 0.088 mmol) and 1-ethylcyclopentan-1-amine hydrochloride (20. mg, 0.13 mmol) were converted into the title compound (9.6 mg, mmol, 0.018 mmol, 21%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 8.52 (br s, 1H), 8.11 (br s, 1H), 7.70 (br t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.01 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (br s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H), 1.95 (br s, 2H), 1.88 (br d, J=6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.65-1.83 (m, 6H), 0.90 (br t, J=6.7 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 517 [M-H]⁻.

Example 79

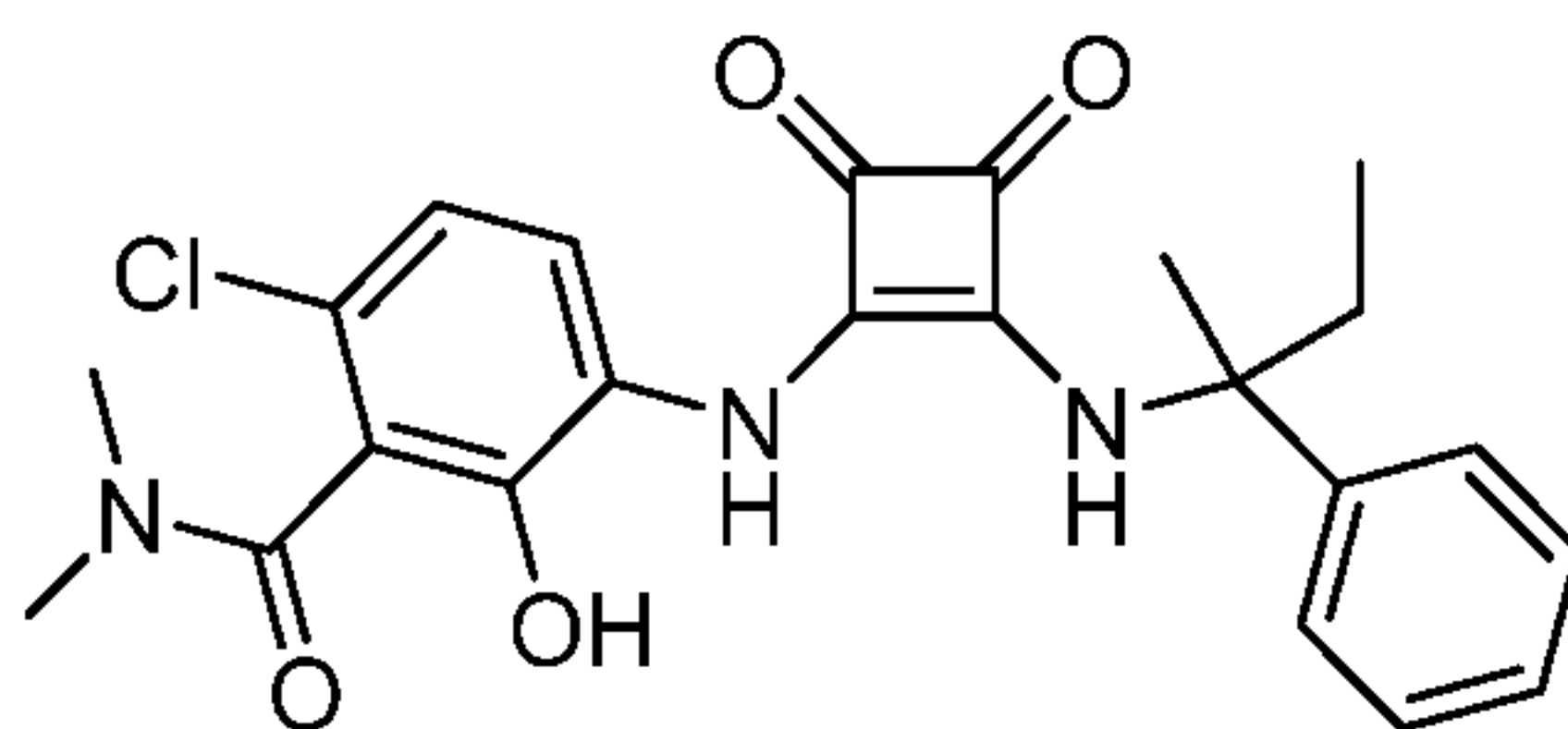
Synthesis of Compound 71: 6-chloro-3-((2-((3-ethylpentan-3-yl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00284] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (40. mg, 0.11 mmol) and 3-ethylpentan-3-amine (18 mg, 0.16 mmol) were converted into the title compound (15 mg, 0.034 mmol, 32%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.62 (br s, 1H), 8.26 (br s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66-6.84 (m, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 1.78 (q, J=7.0 Hz, 6H), 0.83 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 442 [M-H]⁻.

Example 80

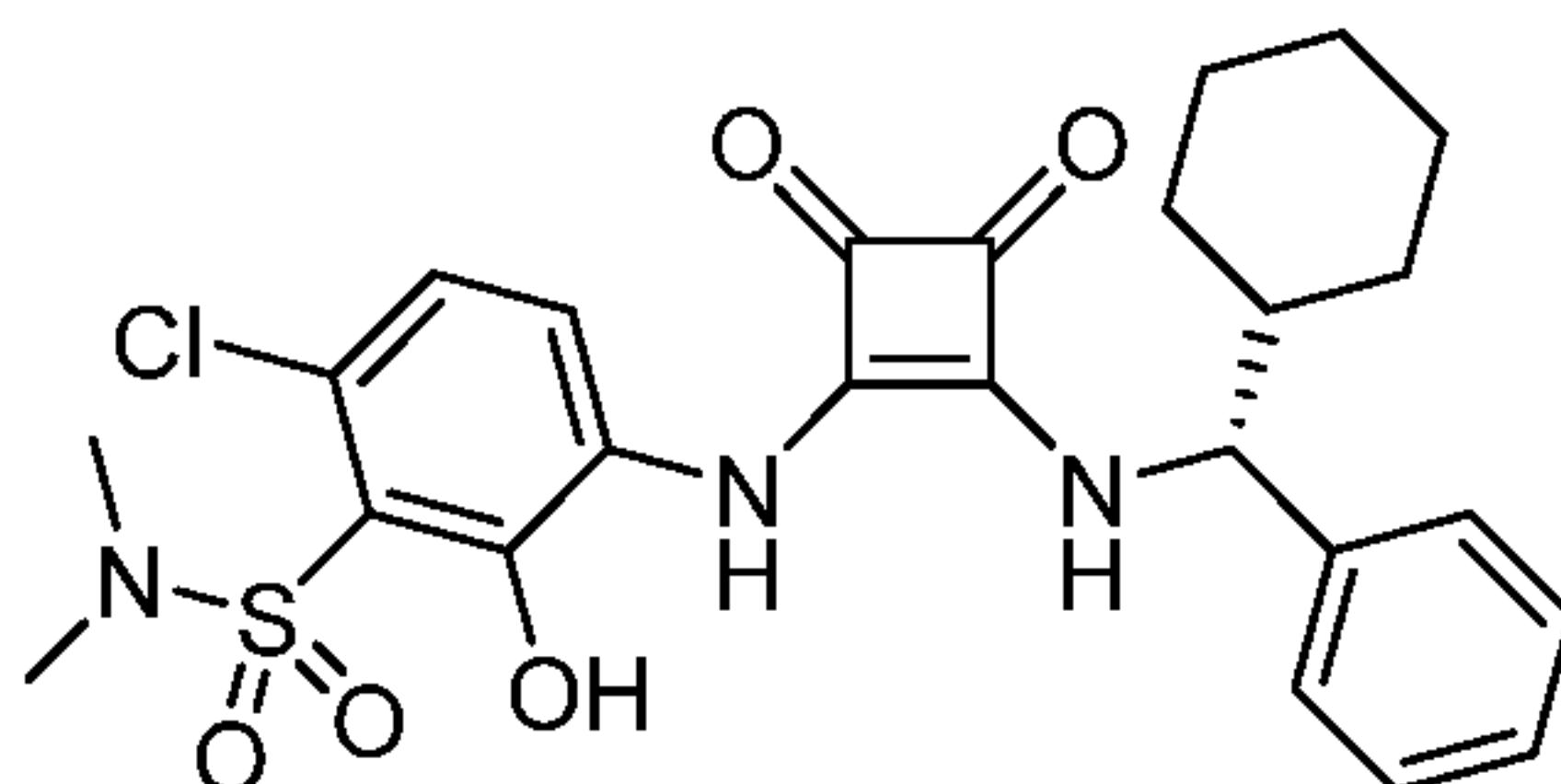
Synthesis of Compound 72: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((2-phenylbutan-2-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00285] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 5 (27 mg, 0.080 mmol) and 2-phenylbutan-2-amine (18 mg, 0.12 mmol) were converted into the title compound (17 mg, 0.038 mmol, 48%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.81 (br s, 1H), 7.41 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (br t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.11-7.29 (m, 1H), 6.96 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (s, 3H), 2.93 (s, 3H), 2.21 (br s, 1H), 2.09 (br dd, J=13.8, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (s, 3H), 0.85 (br t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 440 [M-H]⁺.

Example 81

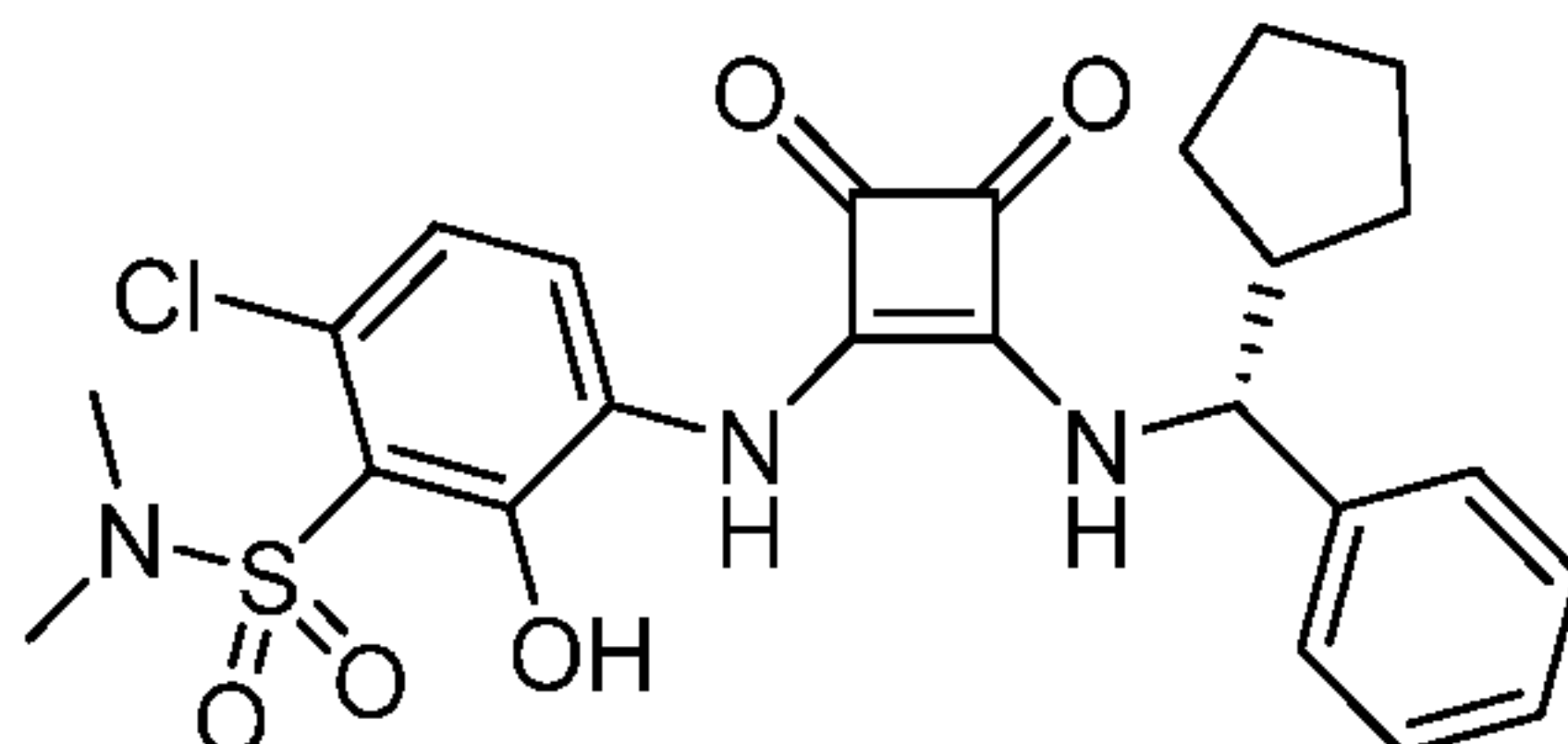
Synthesis of Compound 73: (R)-6-chloro-3-((2-((cyclohexyl(phenyl)methyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00286] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (30. mg, 0.080 mmol) and (R)-cyclohexyl(phenyl)methanamine (27 mg, 0.14 mmol) were converted into the title compound (33 mg, 0.064 mmol, 80.%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, ACETONE-d₆): δ = 10.67 (br s, 1H), 8.48 (br s, 1H), 8.19 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (br s, 4H), 7.29 (br s, 1H), 7.12 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (br t, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.93-2.01 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.77 (br d, J=12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (br d, J=12.9 Hz, 2H), 1.42 (br d, J=12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.11-1.29 (m, 4H), 0.93-1.07 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 516 [M-H]⁺.

Example 82

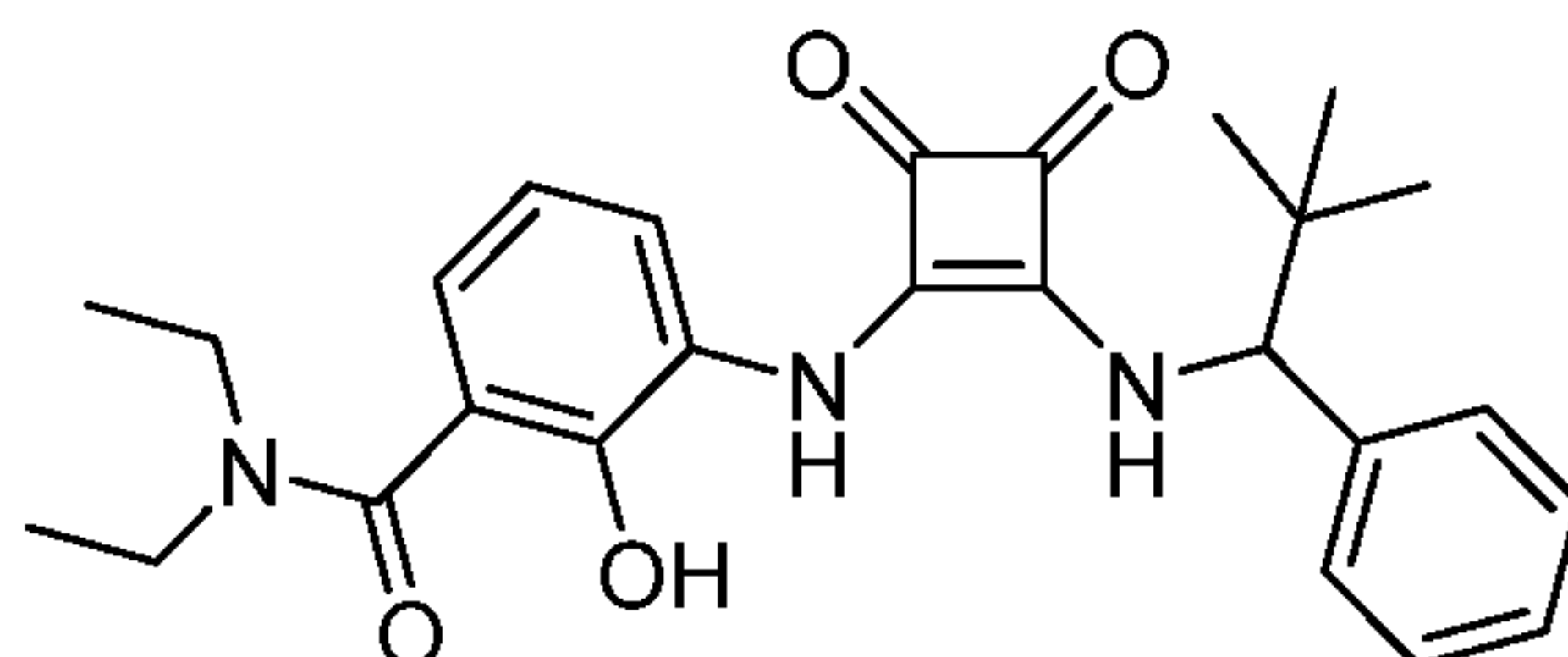
Synthesis of Compound 74: (R)-6-chloro-3-((2-(((cyclopentyl(phenyl)methyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00287] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (31 mg, 0.083 mmol) and (R)-cyclopentyl(phenyl)methanamine (26 mg, 0.15 mmol) were converted into the title compound (34 mg, 0.067 mmol, 81%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, ACETONE-d₆): δ = 10.68 (br s, 1H), 8.46 (br s, 1H), 8.17 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (br d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.45 (m, 4H), 7.22-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.10 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (br t, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (s, 6H), 2.45-2.57 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.44-1.71 (m, 6H), 1.16-1.22 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 502 [M-H]⁻.

Example 83

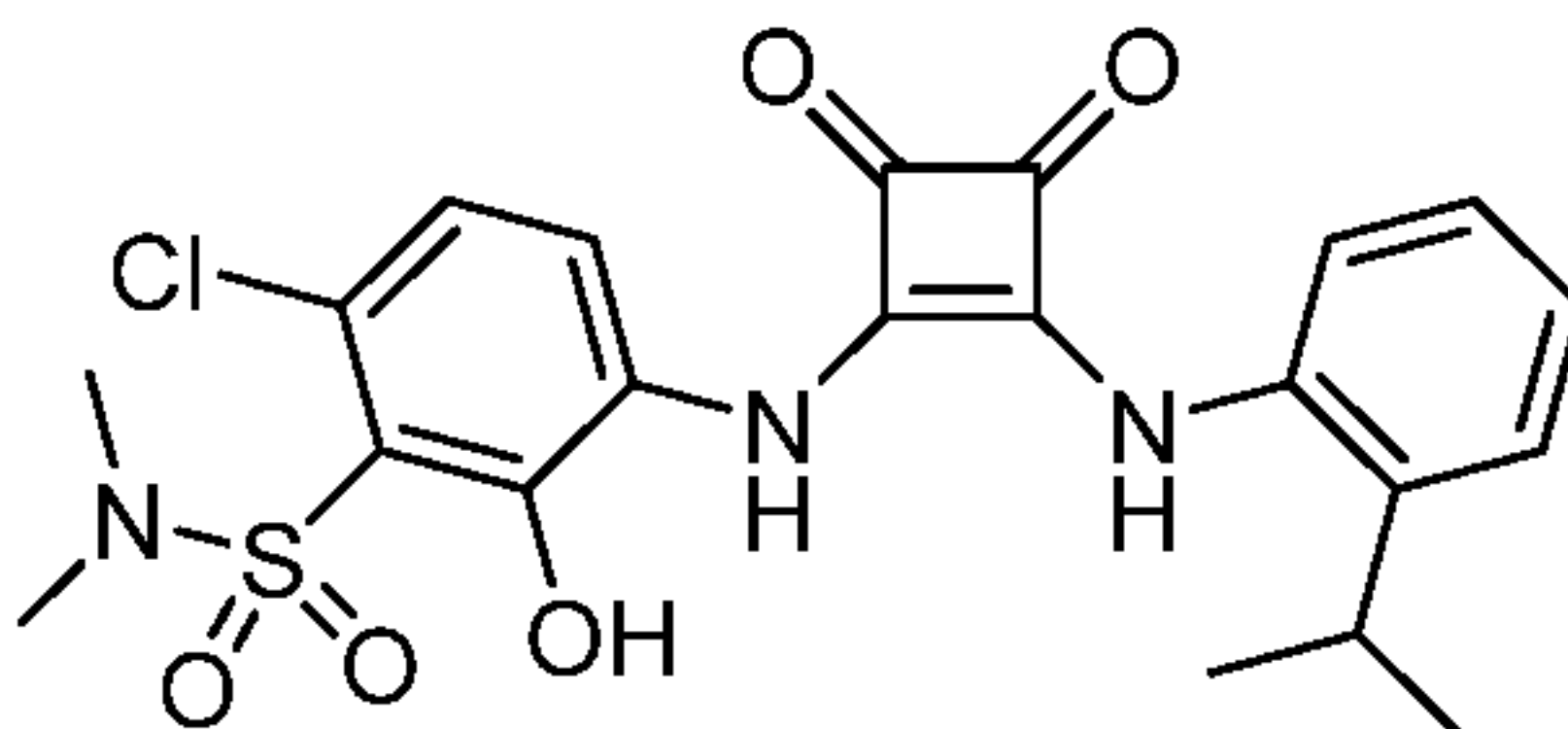
Synthesis of Compound 75: 3-((2-((2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-diethyl-2-hydroxybenzamide



[00288] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 6 (34 mg, 0.10 mmol) and 2,2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropan-1-amine (25 mg, 0.15 mmol) were converted into the title compound (40. mg, 0.089 mmol, 89%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, ACETONE-d₆): δ = 8.44 (br s, 1H), 8.05 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.18-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (br d, J=10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (q, J=7.0 Hz, 4H), 1.25 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 6H), 1.00 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 448 [M-H]⁻.

Example 84

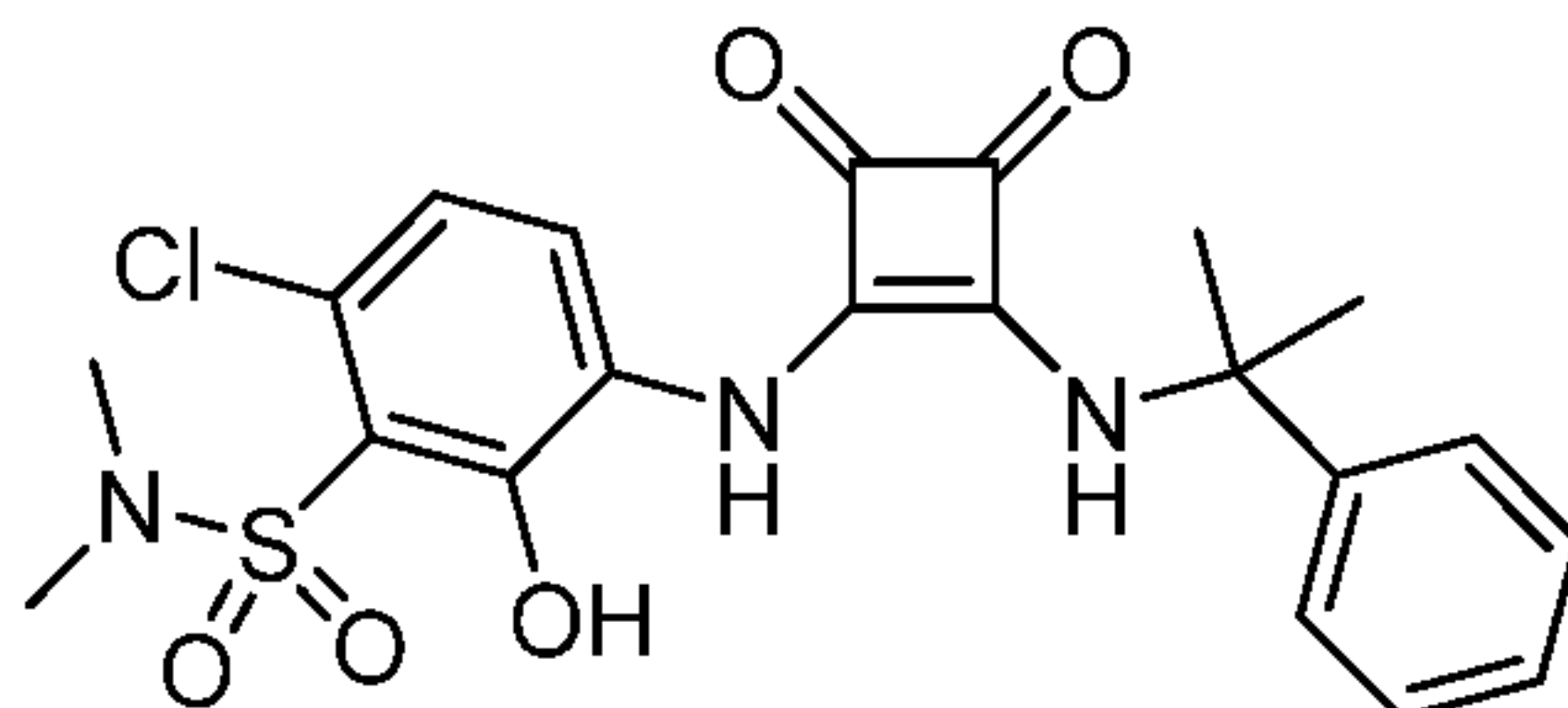
Synthesis of Compound 76: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-(((2-((2-isopropylphenyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00289] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (30. mg, 0.080 mmol) and 2-isopropylaniline (16 mg, 0.12 mmol) were converted into the title compound (6 mg, 0.01 mmol, 16%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, ACETONE-d₆): δ = 10.54-10.71 (m, 1H), 9.27 (br s, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.15 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (dt, J=13.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.24 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 6H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 462 [M-H]⁺.

Example 85

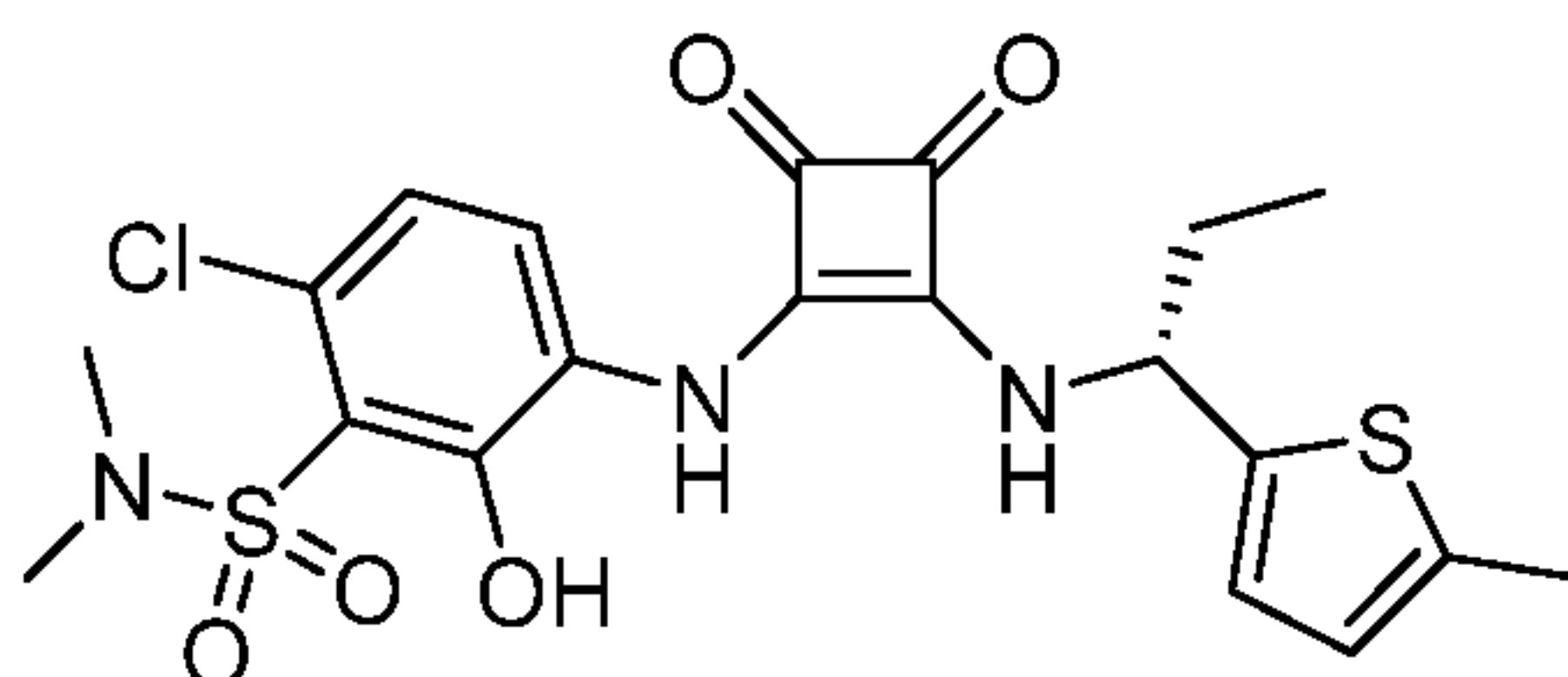
Synthesis of Compound 77: 6-chloro-3-(((3,4-dioxo-2-((2-phenylpropan-2-yl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00290] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (44 mg, 0.12 mmol) and 2-phenylpropan-2-amine (24 mg, 0.18 mmol) were converted into the title compound (25 mg, 0.054 mmol, 45%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.25 (br s, 1H), 7.82 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.52 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.39 (m, 1H), 6.94 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.78 (s, 6H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 462 [M-H]⁺.

Example 86

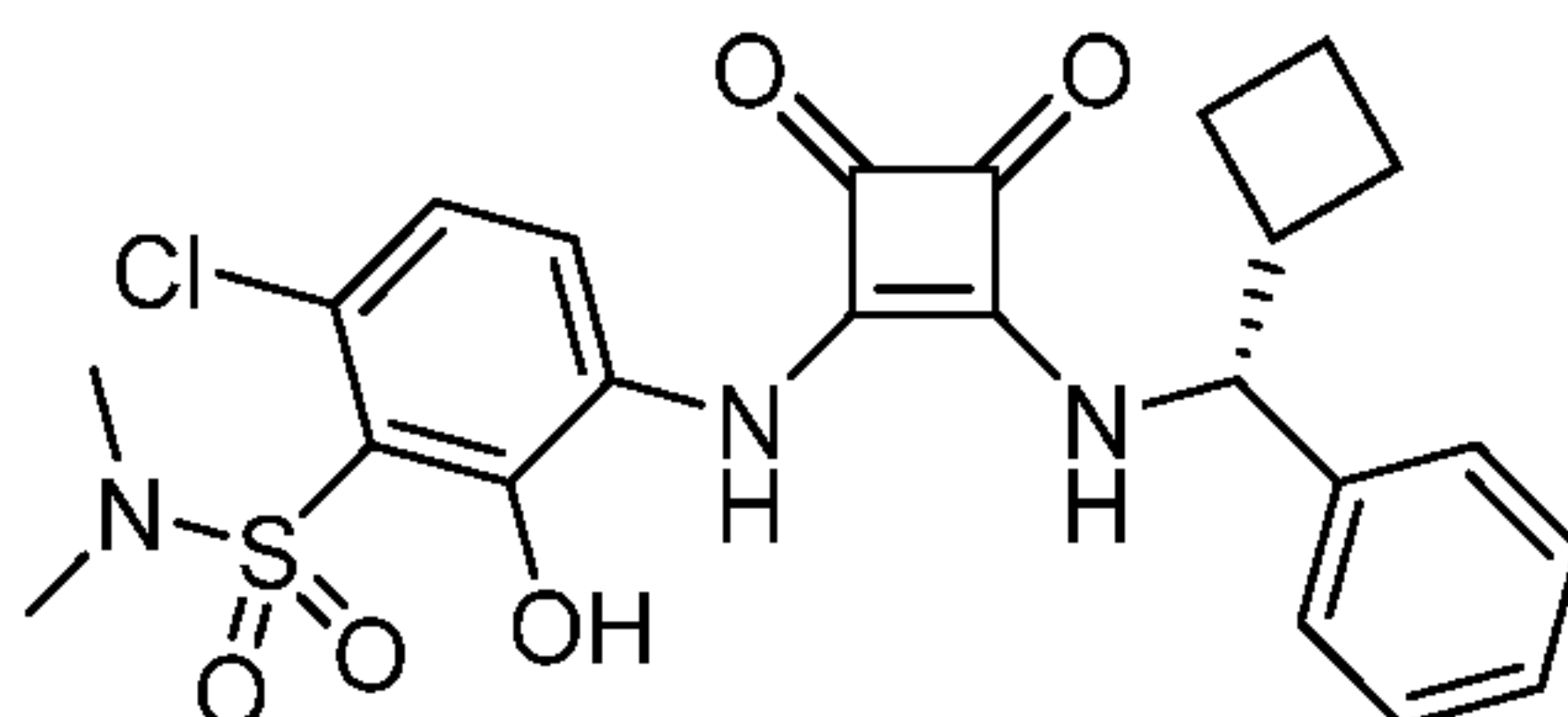
Synthesis of Compound 78: (R)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-3-((2-((1-(5-methylthiophen-2-yl)propyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)benzenesulfonamide



[00291] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (30. mg, 0.080 mmol) and (R)-1-(5-methylthiophen-2-yl)propan-1-amine (23 mg, 0.15 mmol) were converted into the title compound (23 mg, 0.048 mmol, 59%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.56-10.70 (m, 1H), 7.91 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (br d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (br s, 1H), 6.61 (br s, 1H), 6.31-6.48 (m, 1H), 5.30 (br s, 1H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.99-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.03 (br t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 482 [M-H]⁻.

Example 87

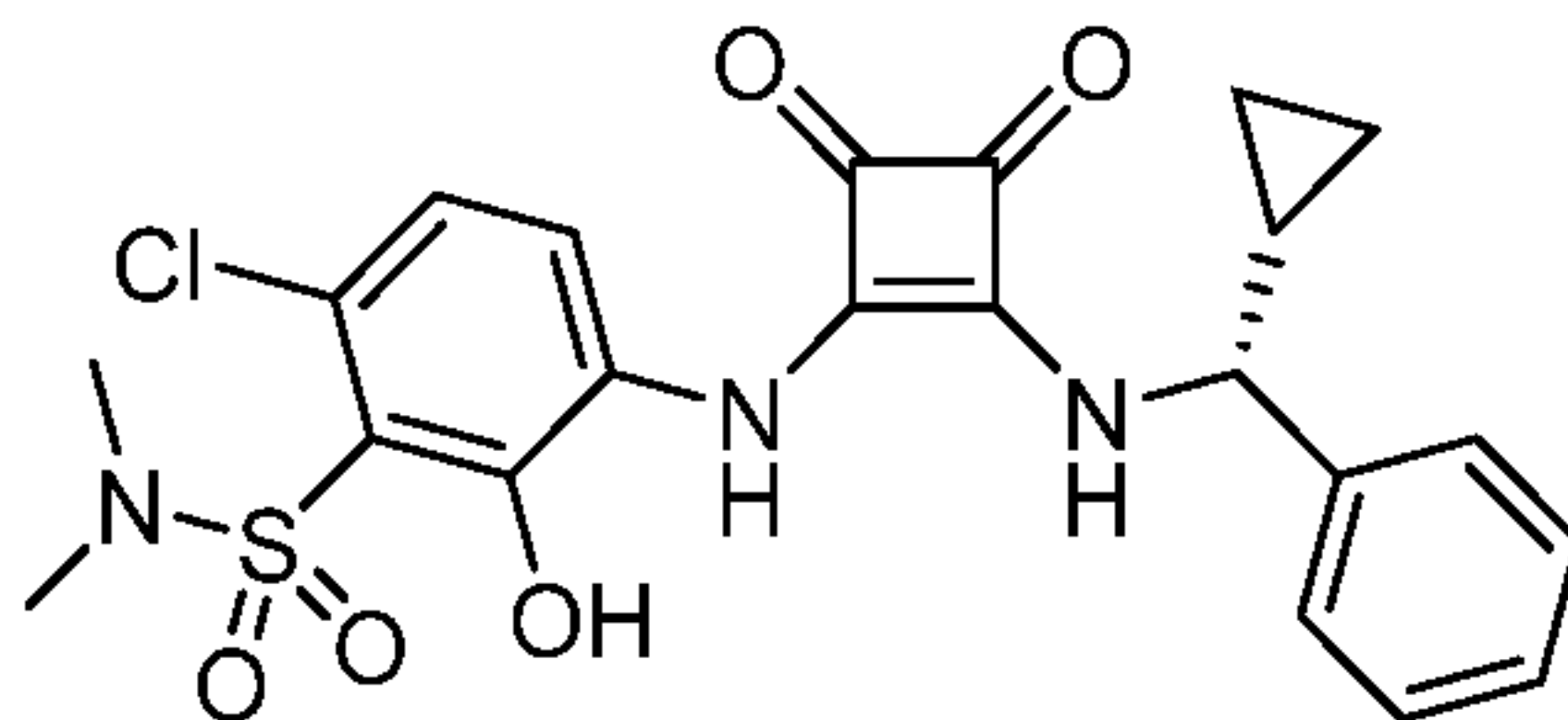
Synthesis of Compound 79: (R)-6-chloro-3-((2-((cyclobutyl(phenyl)methyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00292] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (29 mg, 0.077 mmol) and (R)-cyclobutyl(phenyl)methanamine hydrochloride (23 mg, 0.12 mmol) were converted into the title compound (24 mg, 0.049 mmol, 64%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.14 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.20-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (br d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (s, 6H), 2.84-2.90 (m, 1H), 2.11-2.25 (m, 1H), 1.97-2.09 (m, 1H), 1.85-1.97 (m, 3H), 1.66-1.84 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 488 [M-H]⁻.

Example 88

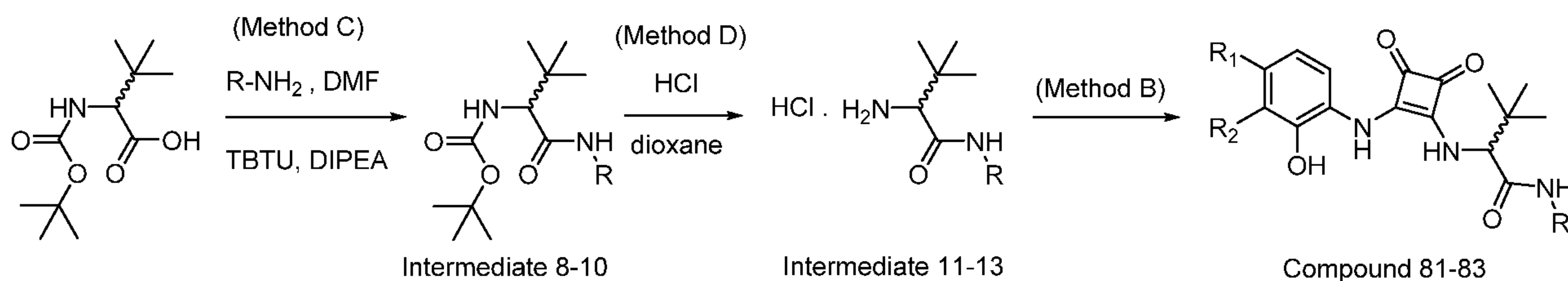
Synthesis of Compound 80: (R)-6-chloro-3-((2-(((cyclopropyl(phenyl)methyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00293] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (50. mg, 0.13 mmol) and (R)-cyclobutyl(phenyl)methanamine hydrochloride (37 mg, 0.19 mmol) were converted into the title compound (60. mg, 0.13 mmol, 95%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.43-10.60 (m, 1H), 7.88 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.44 (m, 4H), 7.31 (br s, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (br, 1H), 2.86 (s, 6H), 1.30-1.48 (m, 1H), 0.59-0.75 (m, 2H), 0.53 (br s, 1H), 0.44 (br s, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 474 [M-H]⁻.

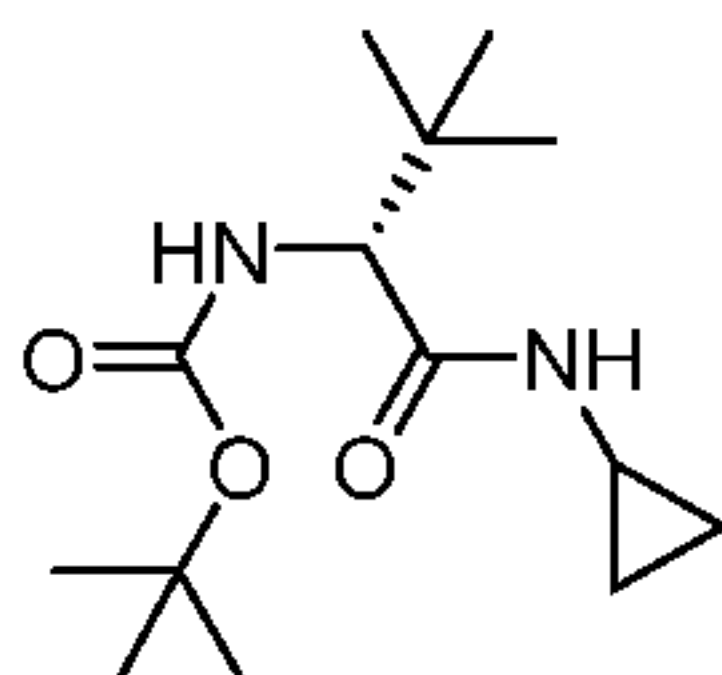
[00294] Compounds 81-83 were prepared by following the following general scheme:

General Scheme for Compounds 81-83



Example 89

Synthesis of Intermediate 8: *tert*-butyl (R)-(1-(cyclopropylamino)-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)carbamate

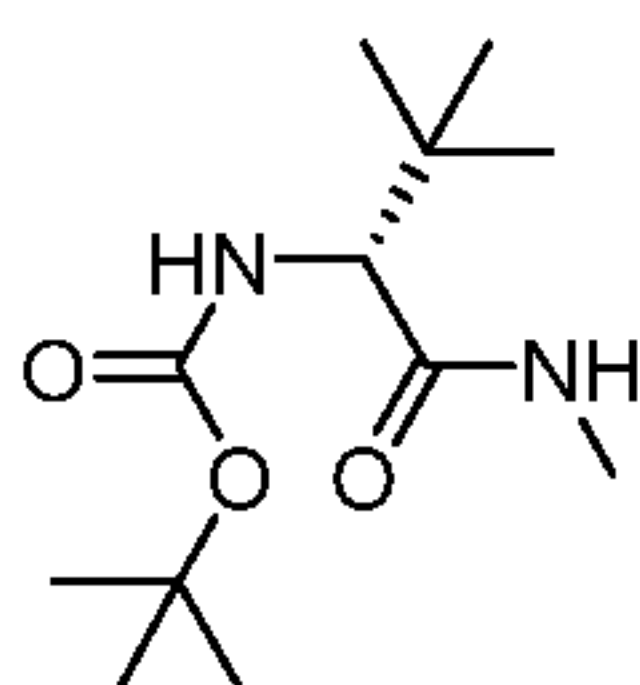


[00295] Method C: To a solution of (R)-N-Boc-2-amino-3,3-dimethylbutyric acid (100. mg, 0.432 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (1.0 mL) was added cyclopropylamine (25 mg, 0.44 mmol), *O*-(Benzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate (TBTU) (139 mg, 0.432 mmol), and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.15 mL, 0.86 mmol). After stirring at

ambient temperature for 12 hours, the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1.0 N aqueous hydrochloric acid, water, then brine. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (4 g column, 10% → 80% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford *tert*-butyl (R)-(1-(cyclopropylamino)-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)carbamate as a white solid (91 mg, 0.34 mmol, 78%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 5.75 (br s, 1H), 5.15-5.31 (br s, 1H), 3.68 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (br s, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 0.96 (s, 9H), 0.70-0.87 (m, 2H), 0.49 (m, 2H).

Example 90

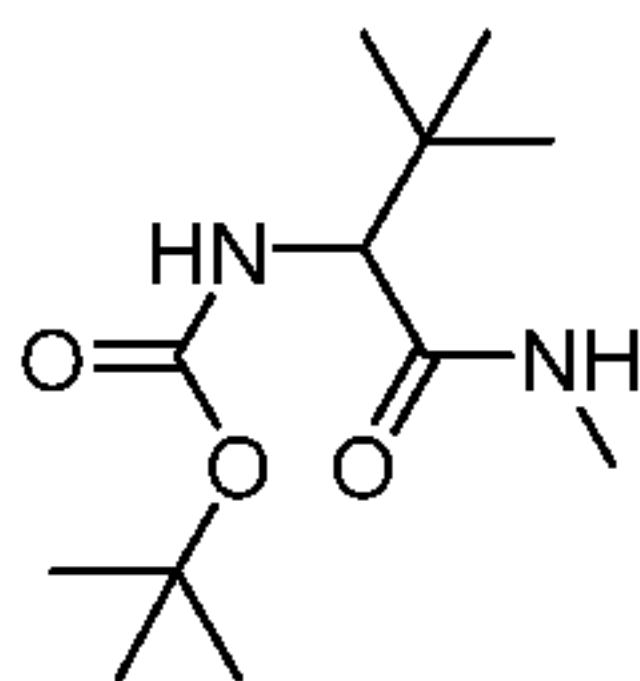
Synthesis of Intermediate 9: *tert*-butyl (R)-(3,3-dimethyl-1-(methylamino)-1-oxobutan-2-yl)carbamate



[00296] In accordance with Method C, (R)-N-Boc-2-amino-3,3-dimethylbutyric acid (50. mg, 0.22 mmol) and methylamine hydrochloride (15 mg, 0.22 mmol) were converted into Intermediate 9 (52 mg, 0.21 mmol, 99%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 5.71-5.77 (s, 1H), 5.25-5.34 (m, 1H), 3.72-3.81 (m, 1H), 2.77-2.83 (m, 3H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 0.97 (s, 9H).

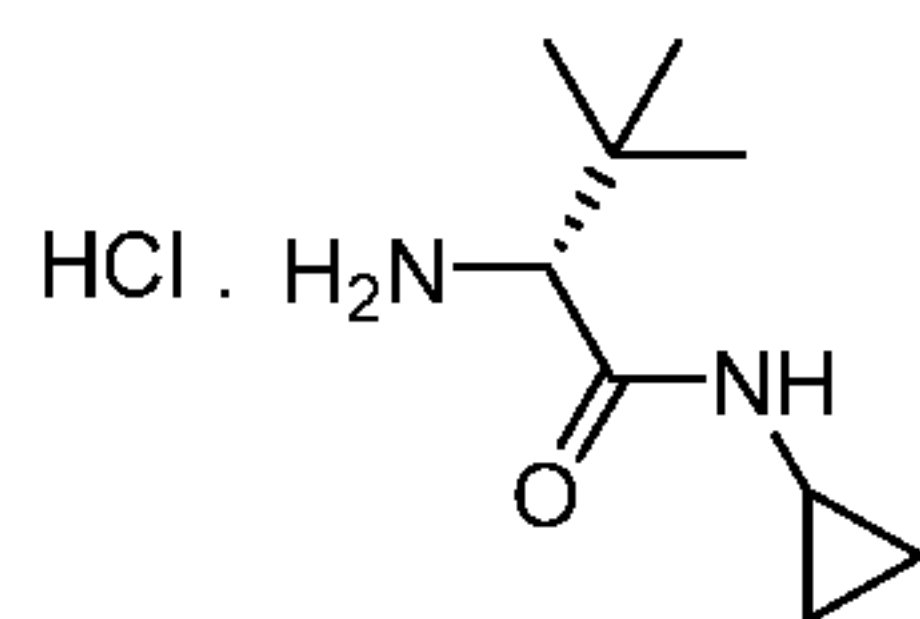
Example 91

Synthesis of Intermediate 10: *tert*-butyl-(3,3-dimethyl-1-(methylamino)-1-oxobutan-2-yl)carbamate



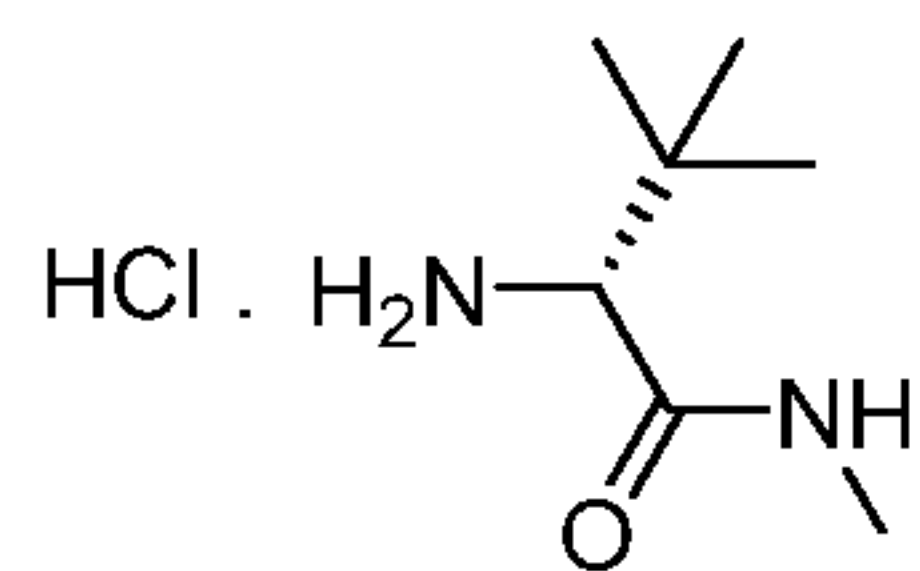
[00297] In accordance with Method C, N-Boc-2-amino-3,3-dimethylbutyric acid (100. mg, 0.432 mmol) and methylamine hydrochloride (30. mg, 0.43 mmol) were converted into Intermediate 10 (88 mg, 0.36 mmol, 84%).

Example 92

Synthesis of Intermediate 11: (*R*)-2-amino-N-cyclopropyl-3,3-dimethylbutanamide hydrochloride

[00298] Method D: To a solution of *tert*-butyl (*R*)-(1-(cyclopropylamino)-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)carbamate (Intermediate 8, 91 mg, 0.34 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL) was added 4 M hydrochloric acid in 1,4-dioxane (0.67 mL, 2.7 mmol). After stirring at ambient temperature for 8 hours, the mixture was concentrated to afford (*R*)-2-amino-N-cyclopropyl-3,3-dimethylbutanamide hydrochloride (Intermediate 11) as a white solid (69 mg, 0.34 mmol, 100.%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-*d*₄): δ = 3.62-3.68 (m, 1H), 2.69-2.76 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 9H), 0.75-0.81 (m, 2H), 0.49-0.60 (m, 2H).

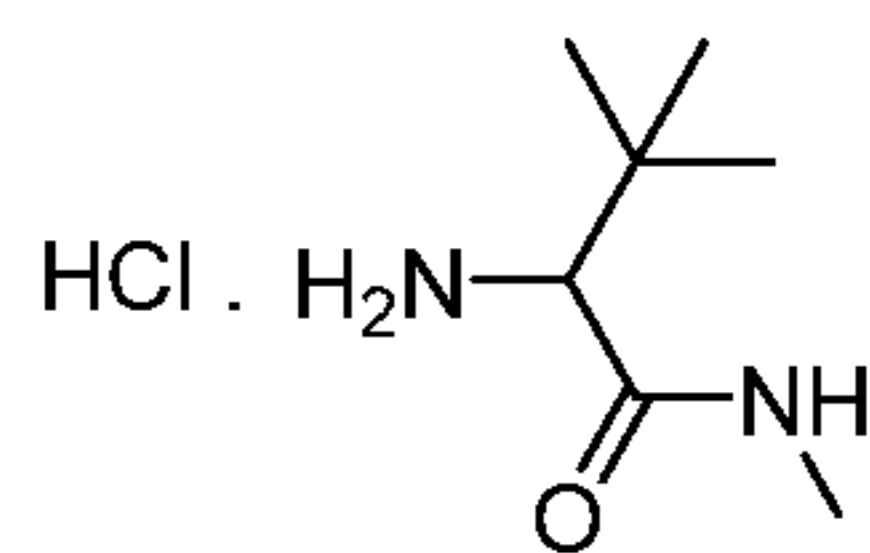
Example 93

Synthesis of Intermediate 12: (*R*)-2-amino-N,3,3-trimethylbutanamide hydrochloride

[00299] In accordance with Method D, *tert*-butyl (*R*)-(3,3-dimethyl-1-(methylamino)-1-oxobutan-2-yl)carbamate (Intermediate 9, 76 mg, 0.31 mmol) was converted into Intermediate 12 (56 mg, 0.31 mmol, 100.%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*d*): δ = 8.02-8.13 (br s, 1H), 3.63-3.65 (m, 1H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 0.98-1.10 (s, 9H).

Example 94

Synthesis of Intermediate 13: 2-amino-N,3,3-trimethylbutanamide hydrochloride

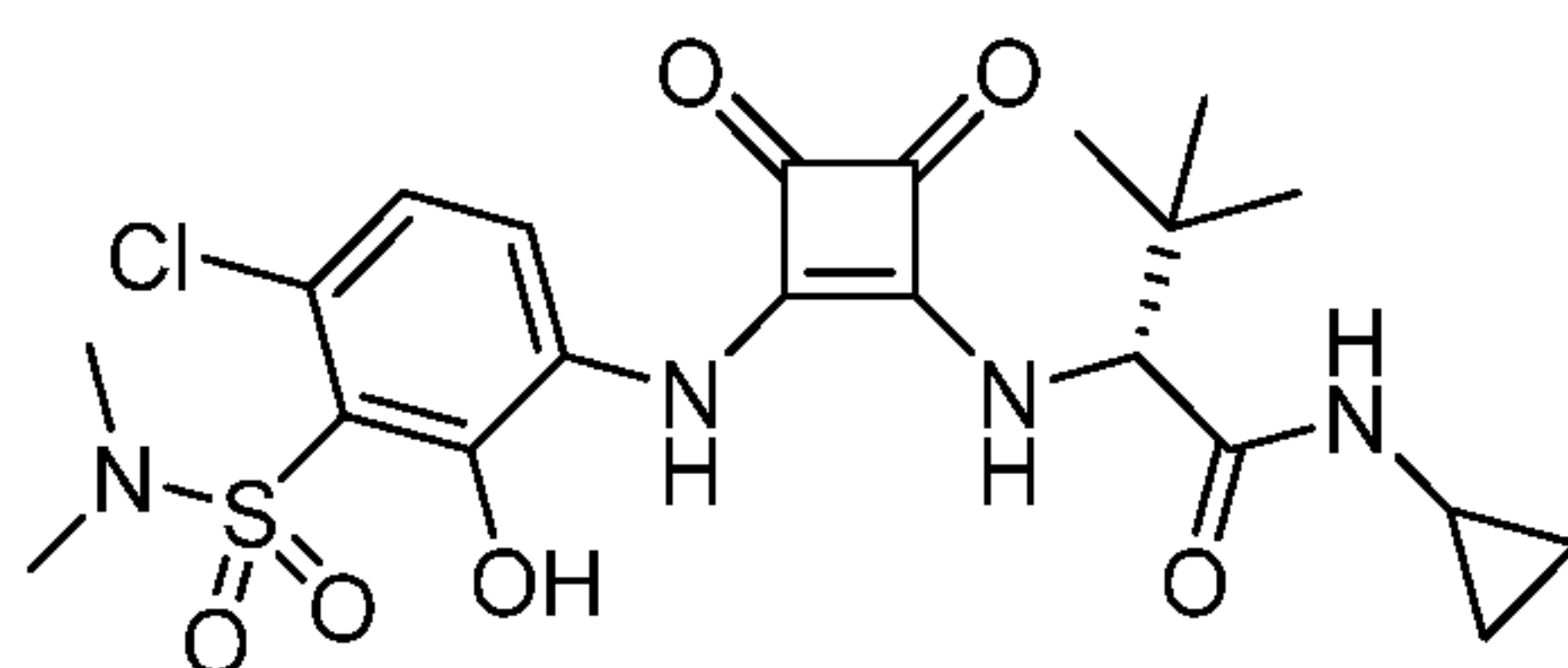


[00300] In accordance with Method D, *tert*-butyl-(3,3-dimethyl-1-(methylamino)-1-oxobutan-2-yl)carbamate (Intermediate 10, 85 mg, 0.35 mmol) was converted into Intermediate

13 (63 mg, 0.35 mmol, 100.%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 8.03-8.12 (br s, 1H), 3.58-3.62 (m, 1H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 0.95-1.00 (s, 9H).

Example 95

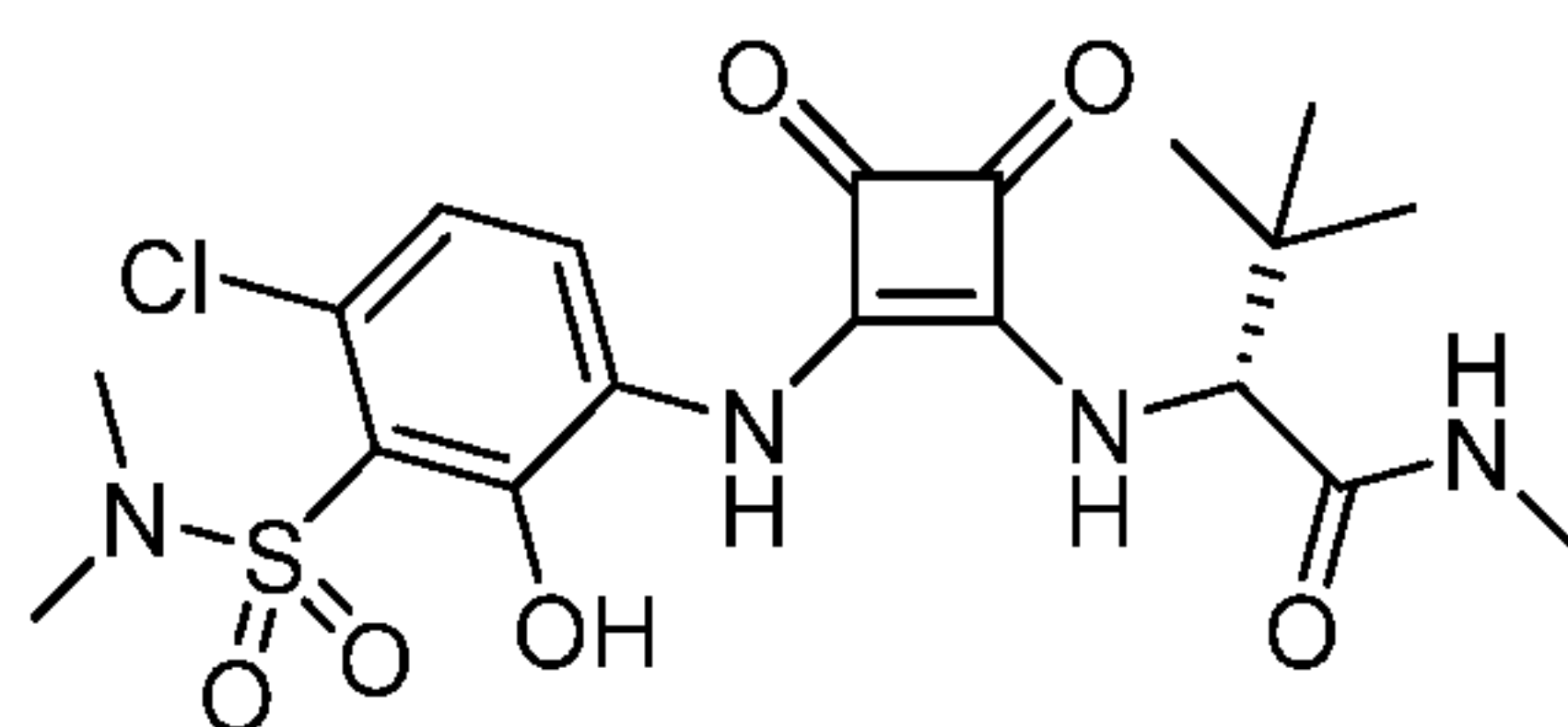
Synthesis of Compound 81: (R)-2-((2-((4-chloro-3-(N,N-dimethylsulfamoyl)-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N-cyclopropyl-3,3-dimethylbutanamide



[00301] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (33 mg, 0.088 mmol) and (R)-2-amino-N-cyclopropyl-3,3-dimethylbutanamide hydrochloride (Intermediate 11, 18 mg, 0.088 mmol) were converted into the title compound (33 mg, 0.066 mmol, 75%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.68 (s, 1H), 8.80 (s, 1H), 7.94-8.07 (m, 1H), 7.70 (br s, 1H), 7.04 (br d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (br d, J =7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 2.60-2.72 (m, 1H), 1.08 (s, 9H), 0.64-0.76 (m, 2H), 0.49-0.64 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 497 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 96

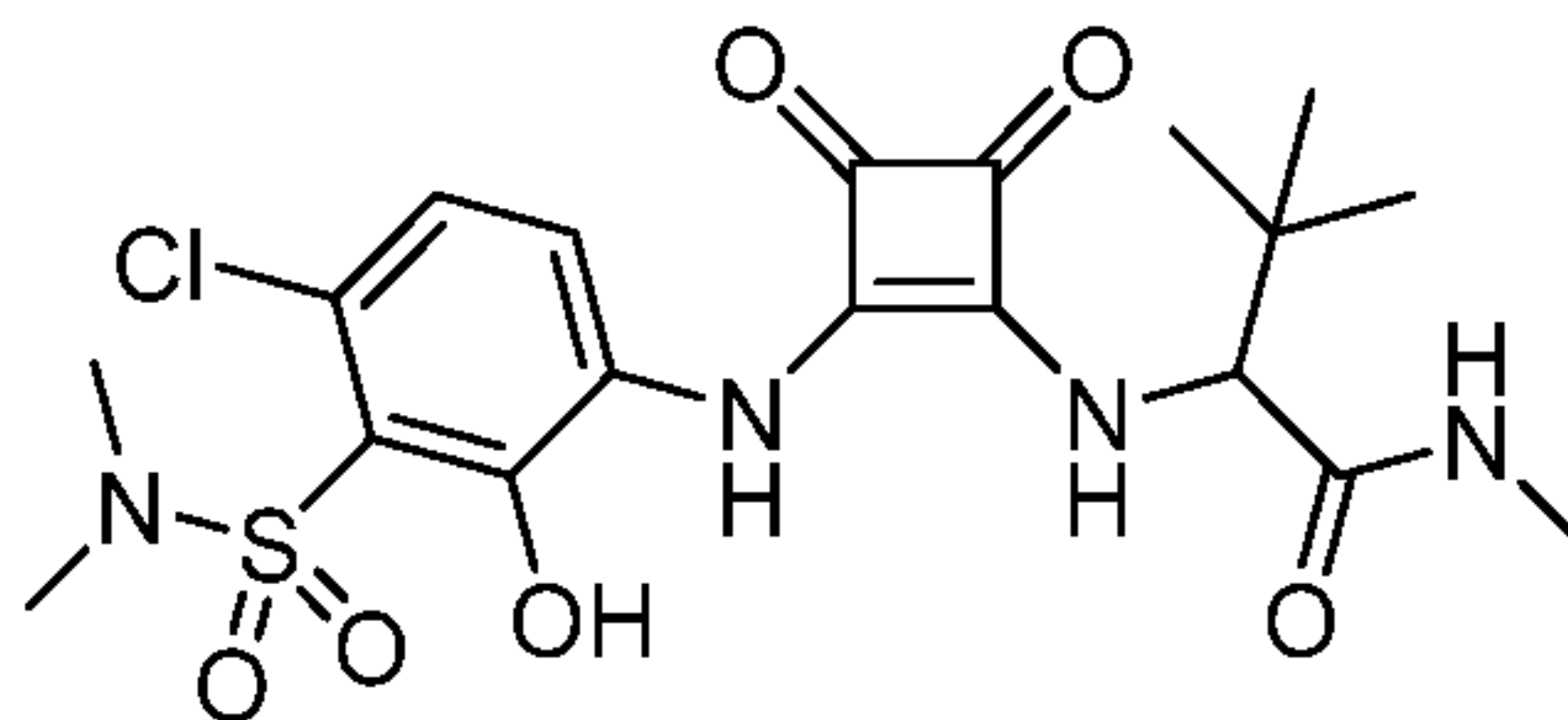
Synthesis of Compound 82: (R)-2-((2-((4-chloro-3-(N,N-dimethylsulfamoyl)-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,3,3-trimethylbutanamide



[00302] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (33 mg, 0.088 mmol) and (R)-2-amino-N,3,3-trimethylbutanamide hydrochloride (Intermediate 12, 16 mg, 0.088 mmol) were converted into the title compound (32 mg, 0.068 mmol, 76%). ^1H NMR (CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.62 (br s, 1H), 8.84 (br s, 1H), 7.88-8.09 (m, 2H), 7.76 (br s, 1H), 7.02 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (br d, J =10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 2.77 (d, J =4.7 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z = 471 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 97

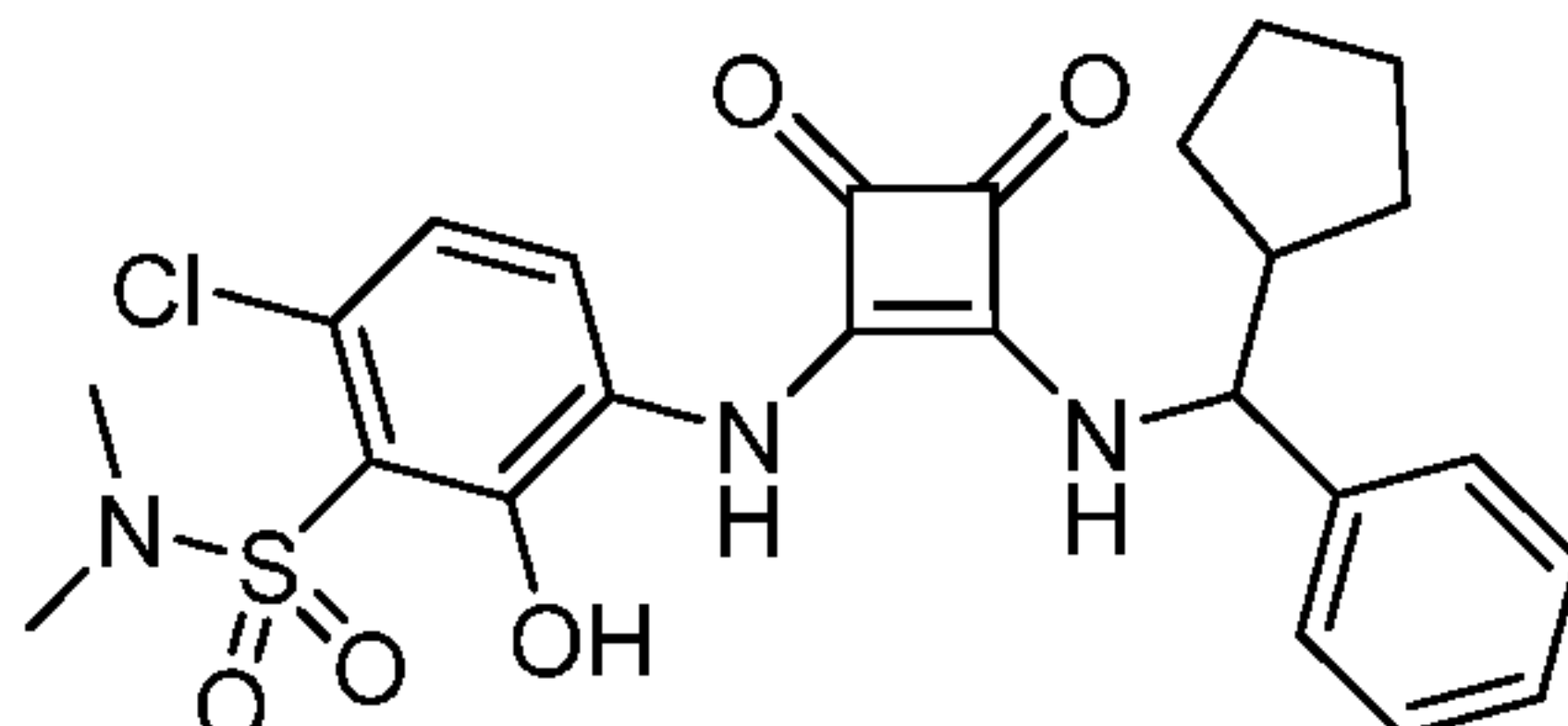
Synthesis of Compound 83: 2-((2-((4-chloro-3-(N,N-dimethylsulfamoyl)-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,3,3-trimethylbutanamide



[00303] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (33 mg, 0.088 mmol) and 2-amino-N,3,3-trimethylbutanamide hydrochloride (Intermediate 13, 16 mg, 0.088 mmol) were converted into the title compound (30 mg, 0.064 mmol, 72%). ¹H NMR (CHLOROFORM-d/ METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.05 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (br d, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (s, 1H), 2.87 (s, 6H), 2.69-2.74 (m, 3H), 0.97 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 471 [M-H]⁻.

Example 98

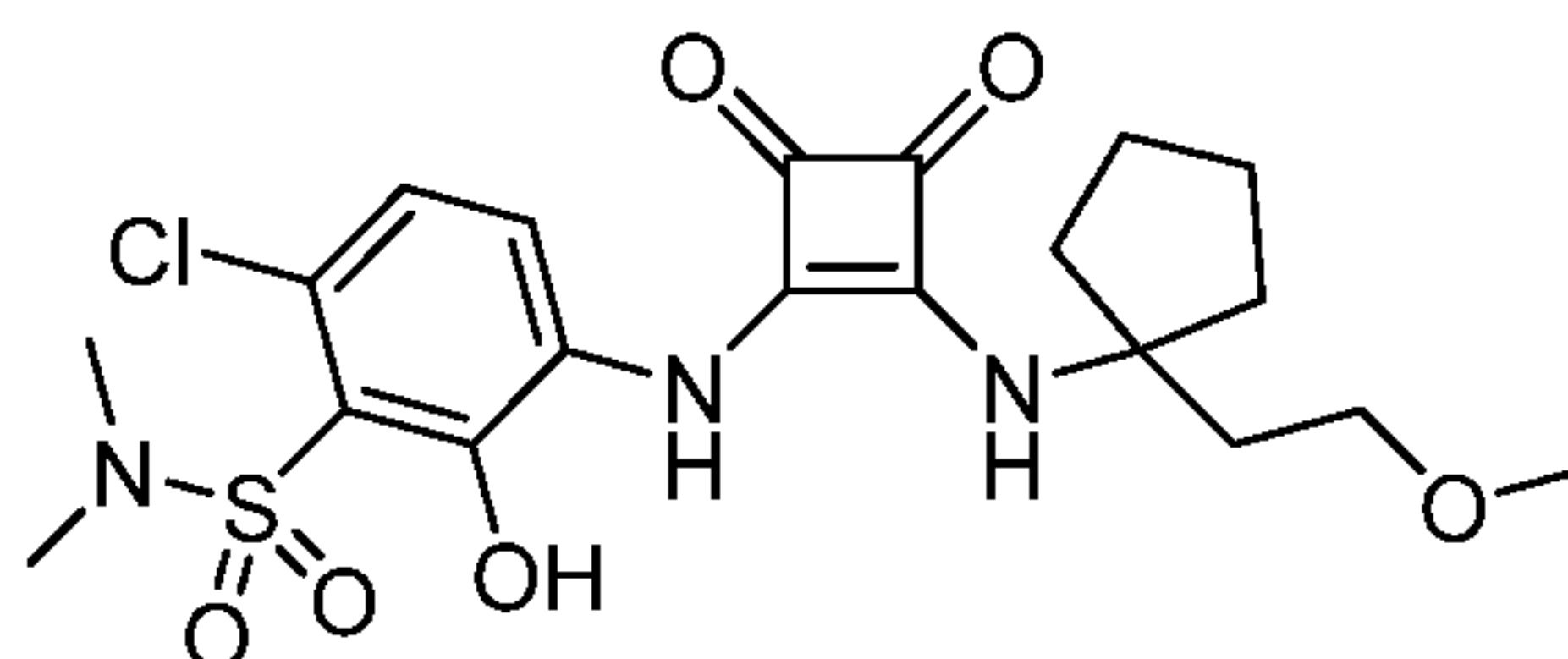
Synthesis of Compound 84: 6-chloro-3-((2-((cyclopentyl(phenyl)methyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00304] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (40. mg, 0.11 mmol) and cyclopentyl(phenyl)methanamine (18 mg, 0.10 mmol) were converted into the title compound (10. mg, 0.020 mmol, 19%). ¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.13 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.41 (m, 4H), 7.25-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.05 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (d, J=10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 2.41-2.52 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.70 (m, 5H), 1.12-1.22 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 502 [M-H]⁻.

Example 99

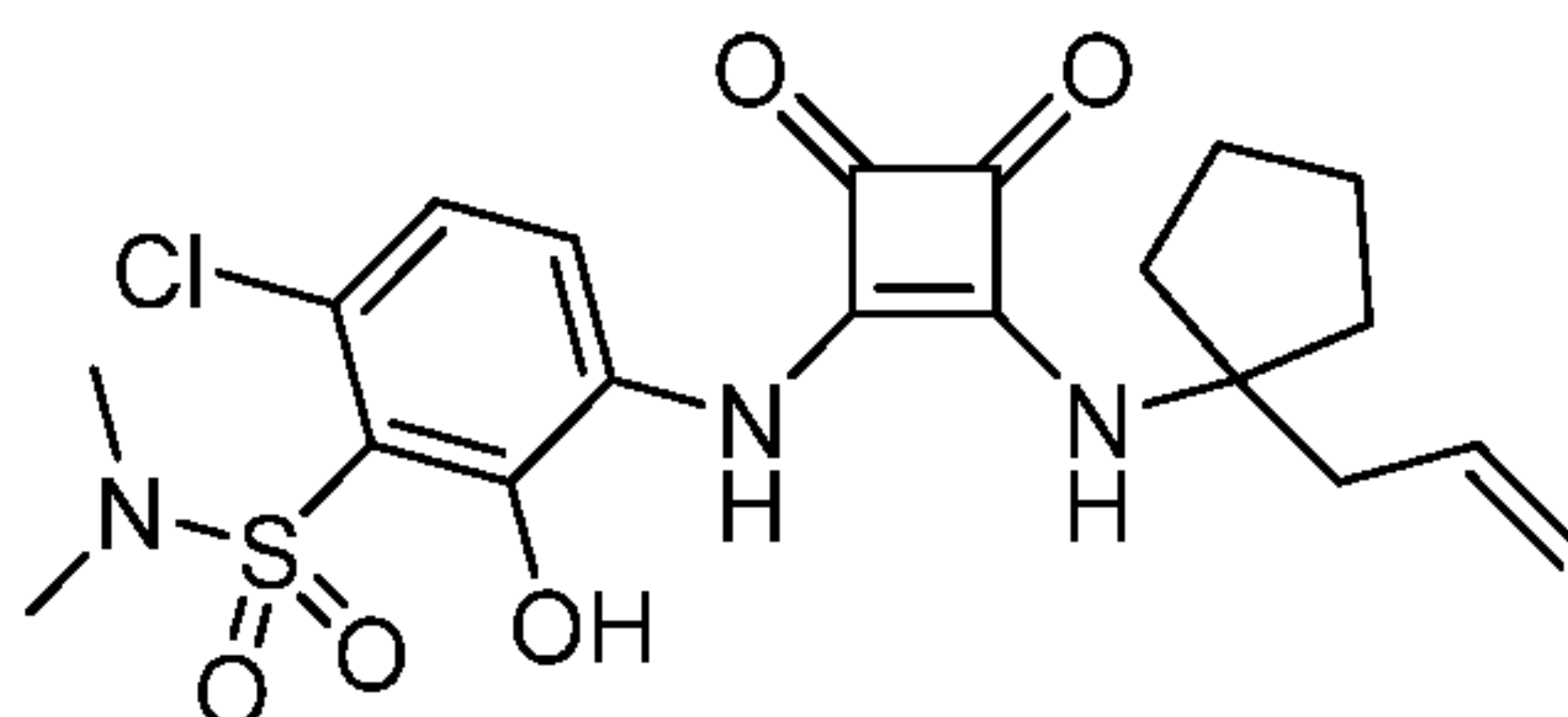
Synthesis of Compound 85: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((2-((1-(2-methoxyethyl)cyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00305] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (30 mg, 0.080 mmol) and 1-(2-methoxyethyl)cyclopentan-1-amine (17 mg, 0.12 mmol) were converted into the title compound (18 mg, 0.038 mmol, 48%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.70 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (br s, 1H), 7.02 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.55 (br s, 2H), 3.29 (s, 3H), 2.91 (s, 6H), 2.08 (br s, 2H), 1.84 (br s, 4H), 1.68 (br s, 4H). MS (ESI): m/z = 470 [M-H]⁻.

Example 100

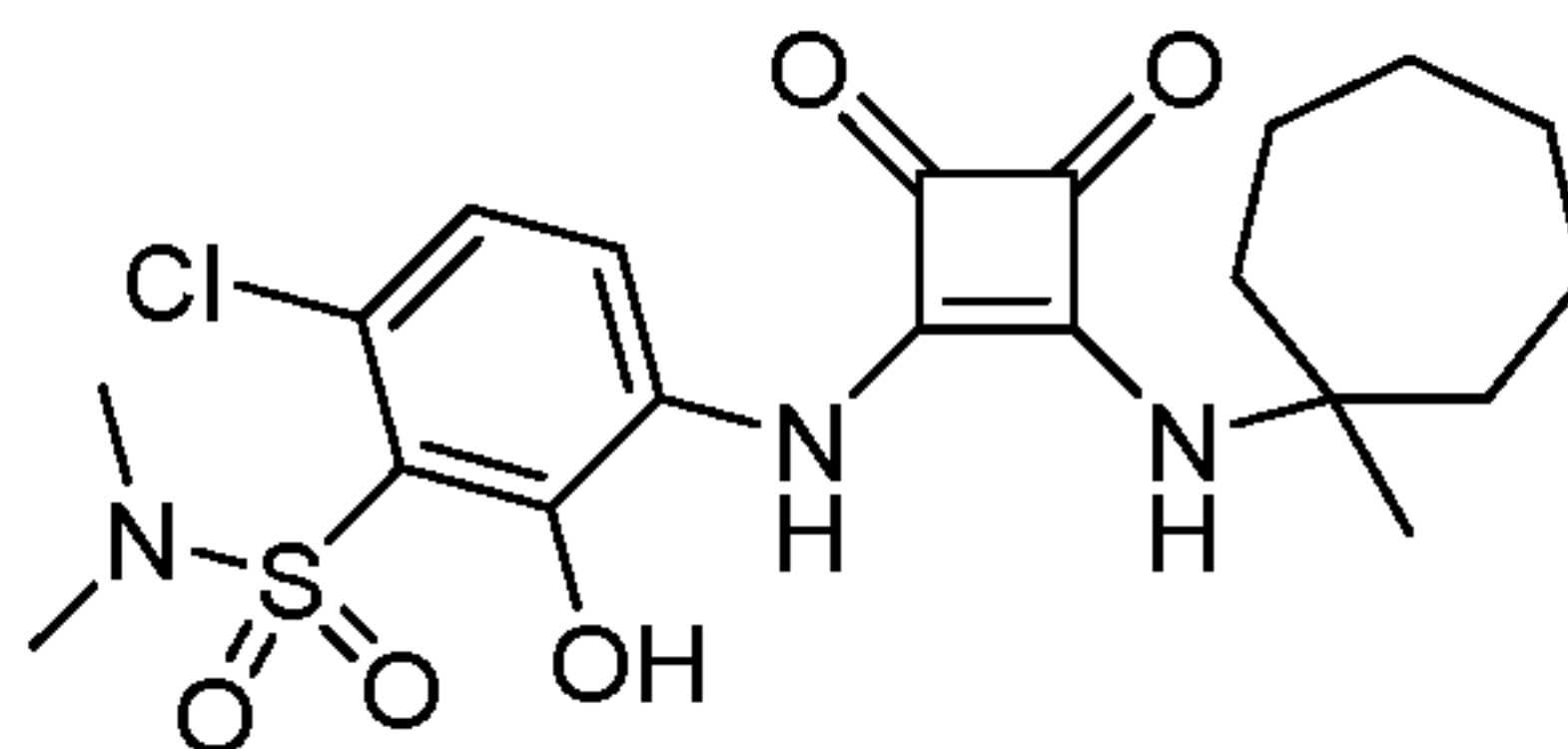
Synthesis of Compound 86: 3-((2-((1-allylcyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00306] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (30. mg, 0.080 mmol) and 1-allylcyclopentan-1-amine (17 mg, 0.13 mmol) were converted into the title compound (19 mg, 0.042 mmol, 52%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.69 (br s, 1H), 7.99 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.78-7.93 (m, 1H), 7.01 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (br s, 1H), 5.80 (td, J=17.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.01-5.17 (m, 2H), 2.91 (s, 6H), 2.63 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.85-2.01 (m, 4H), 1.69-1.83 (m, 4H). MS (ESI): m/z = 452 [M-H]⁻.

Example 101

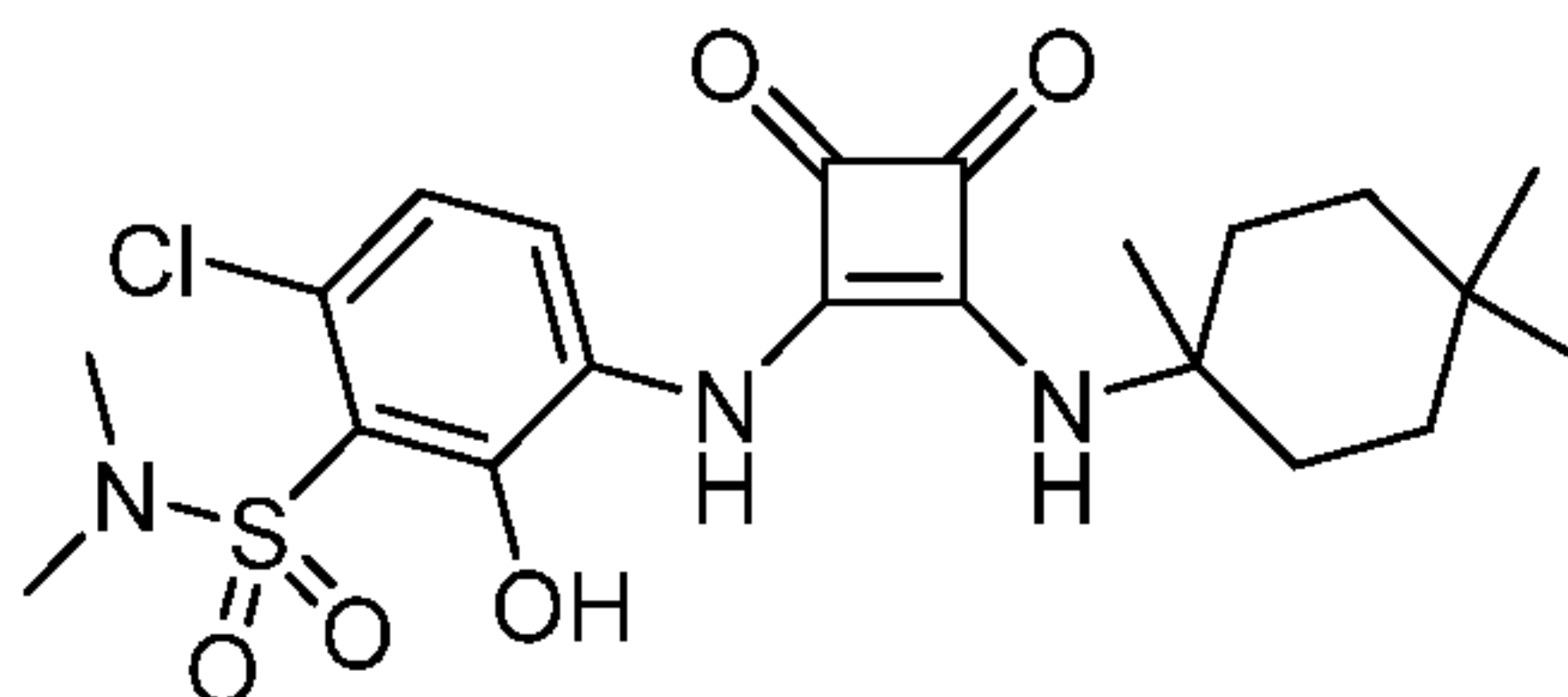
Synthesis of Compound 87: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-3-((2-((1-methylcycloheptyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)benzenesulfonamide



[00307] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (15 mg, 0.040 mmol) and 1-methylcycloheptan-1-amine hydrochloride (10. mg, 0.061 mmol) were converted into the title compound (5 mg, 0.01 mmol, 30%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.64 (br s, 1H), 7.95-8.10 (m, 2H), 6.99 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (br s, 1H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 1.95-2.07 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.61 (s, 3H), 1.53-1.59 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.52 (m, 4H). MS (ESI): m/z = 455 [M-H]⁻.

Example 102

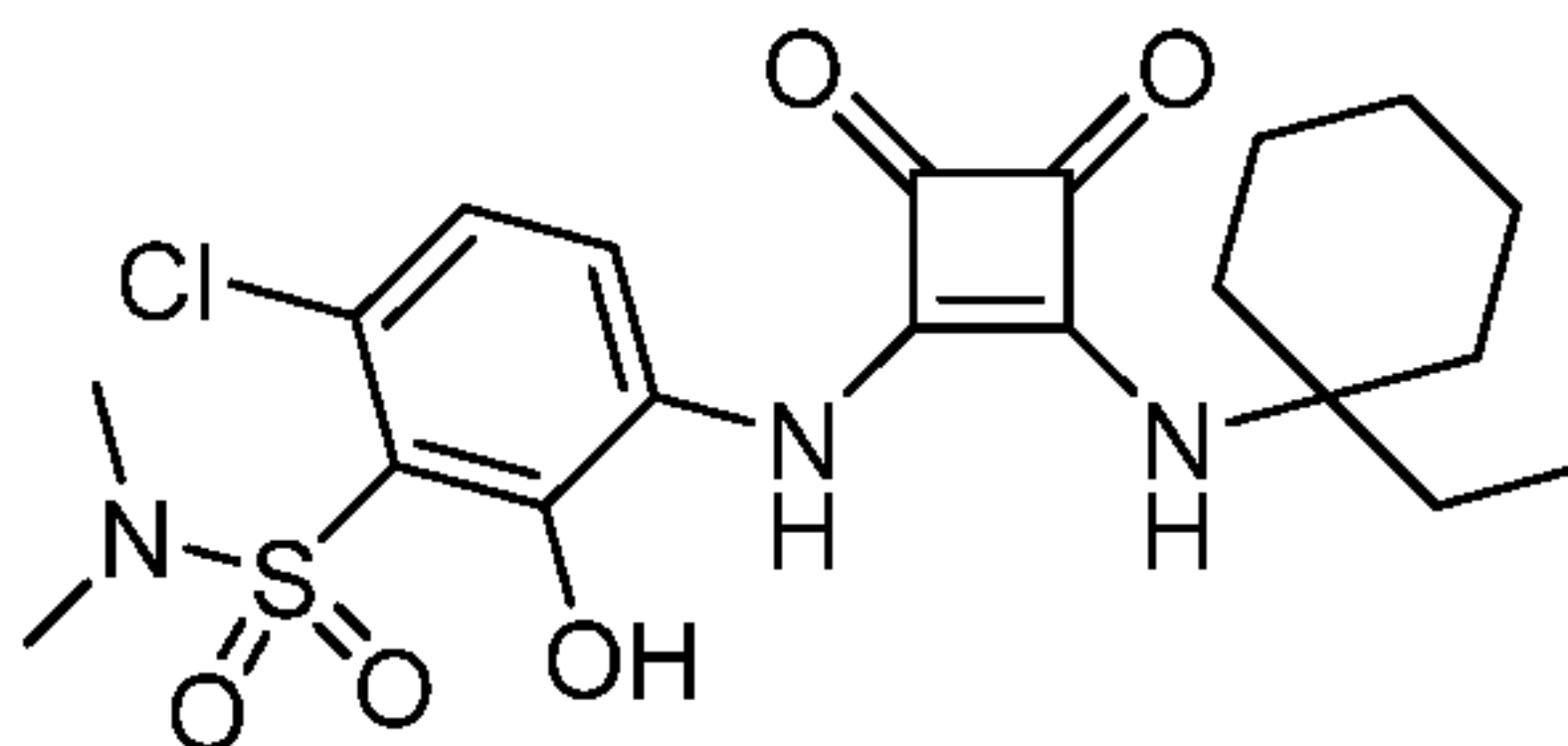
Synthesis of Compound 88: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1,4,4-trimethylcyclohexyl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00308] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (30. mg, 0.080 mmol) and 1,4,4-trimethylcyclohexan-1-amine (23 mg, 0.16 mmol) were converted into the title compound (18 mg, 0.038 mmol, 48%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.70 (br s, 1H), 7.96 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (br s, 1H), 7.01 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (br s, 1H), 2.92 (s, 6H), 1.85-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.28-1.41 (m, 4H), 0.94 (d, J=14.1 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 468 [M-H]⁻.

Example 103

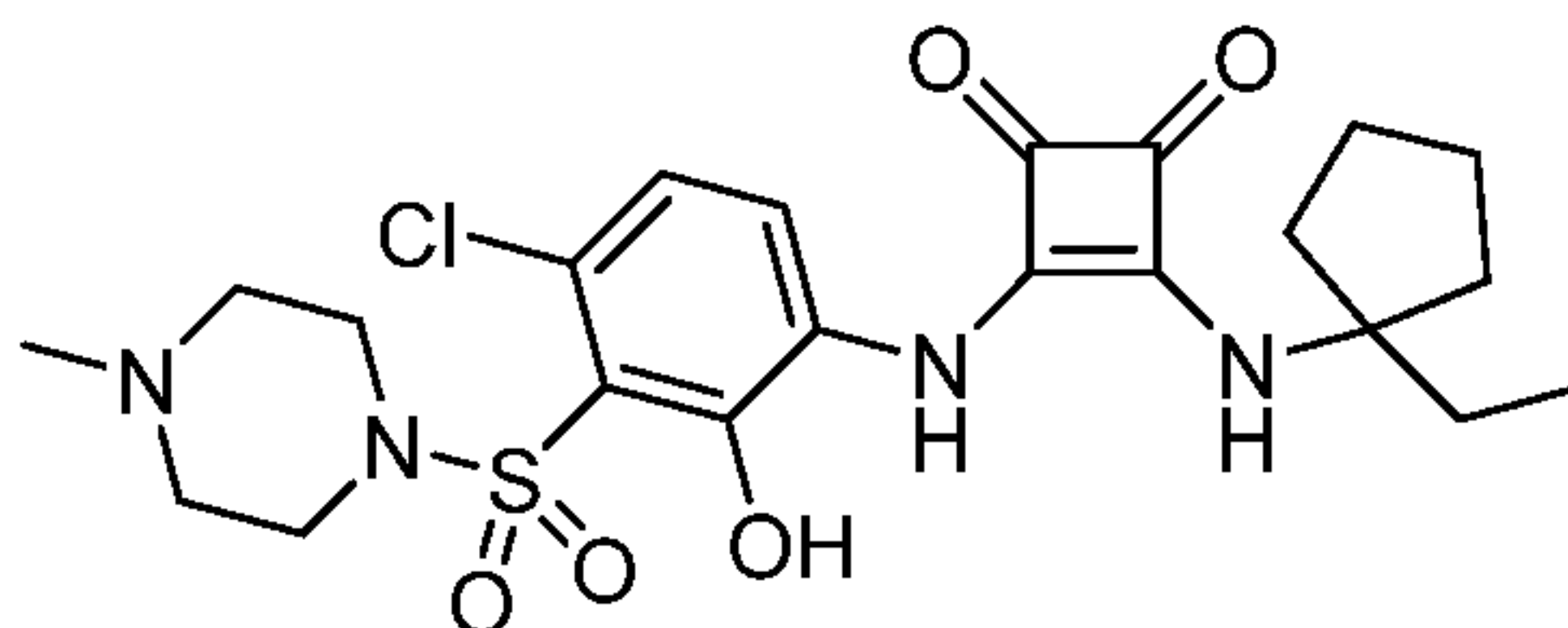
Synthesis of Compound 89: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-ethylcyclohexyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00309] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (18 mg, 0.048 mmol) and 1-ethylcyclohexan-1-amine (12 mg, 0.072 mmol) were converted into the title compound (9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 40%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.58 (br s, 1H), 8.56 (br s, 1H), 7.99 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (br s, 1H), 6.97 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.97-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.60 (m, 6H), 1.28-1.38 (m, 2H), 0.84 (br t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 454 [M-H]⁻.

Example 104

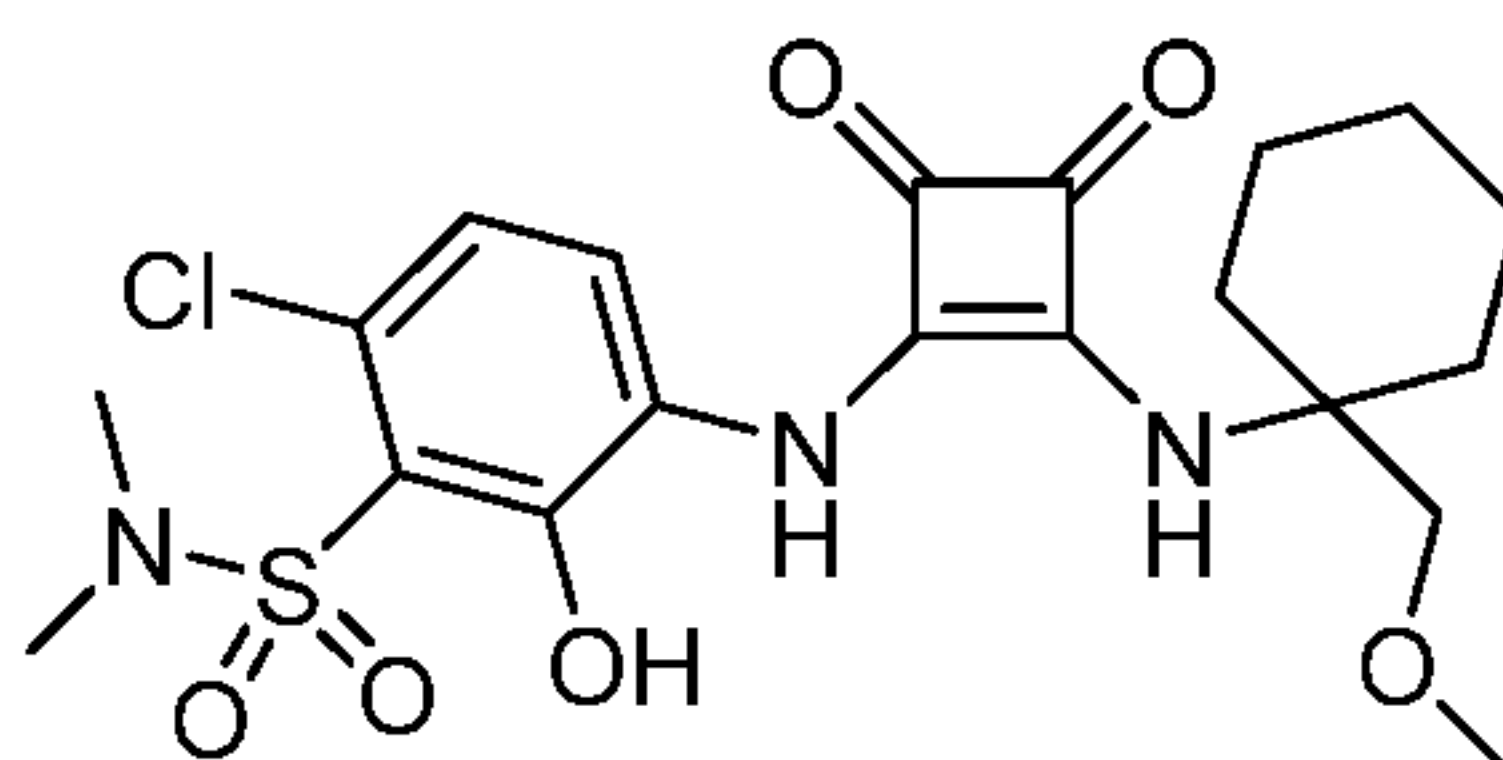
Synthesis of Compound 90: 3-((4-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)sulfonyl)phenyl)amino)-4-((1-ethylcyclopentyl)amino)cyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione



[00310] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 4 (36 mg, 0.084 mmol) and 1-ethylcyclopentan-1-amine hydrochloride (25 mg, 0.17 mmol) were converted into the title compound (21 mg, 0.042 mmol, 50.%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.14 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.35-3.40 (m, 4H), 2.47-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.02-2.07 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.82 (m, 6H), 0.88-0.95 (m, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 495 [M-H]⁻.

Example 105

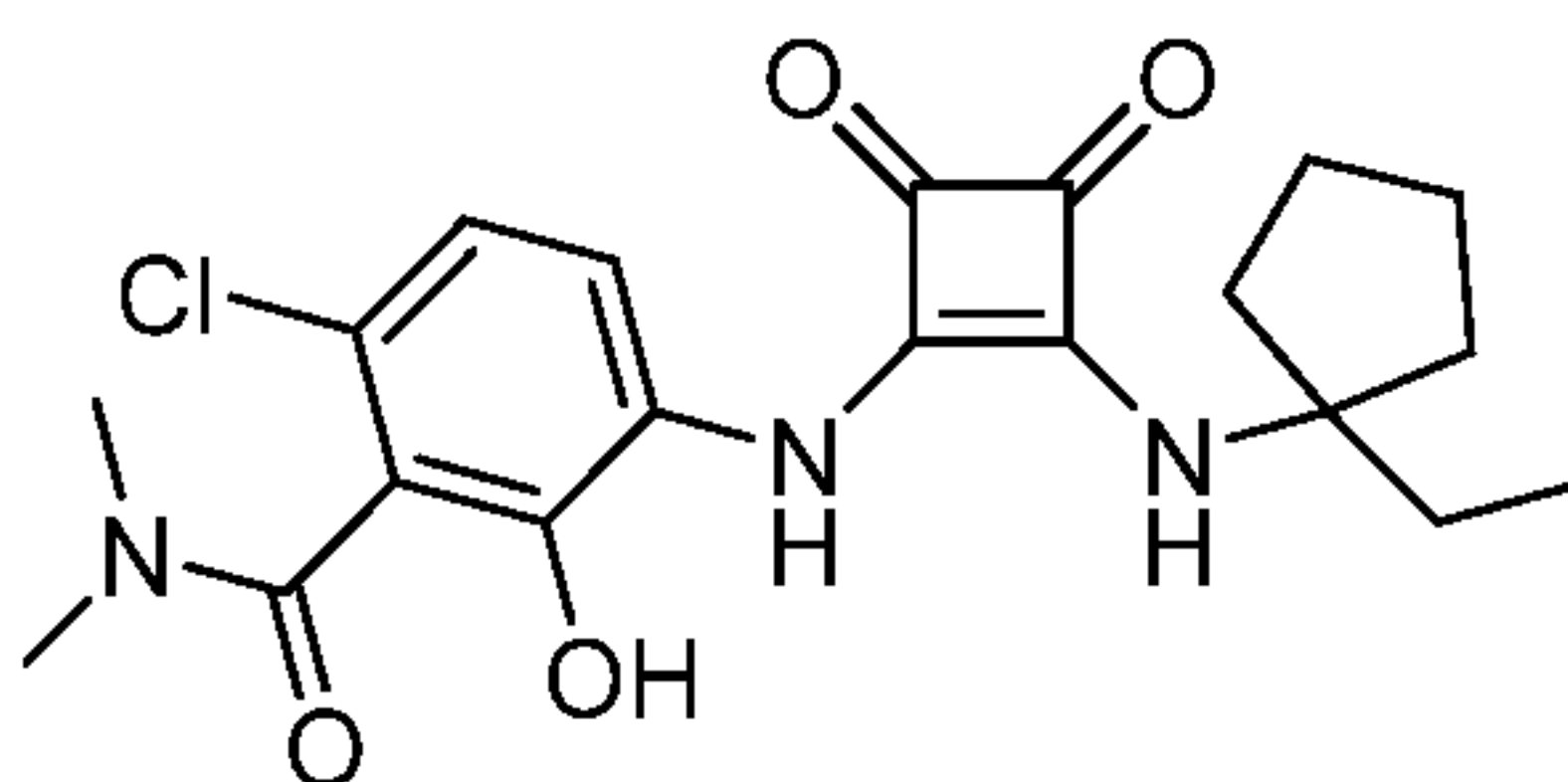
Synthesis of Compound 91: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((2-((1-(methoxymethyl)cyclohexyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00311] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (35 mg, 0.093 mmol) and 1-(methoxymethyl)cyclohexan-1-amine (27 mg, 0.19 mmol) were converted into the title compound (24 mg, 0.051 mmol, 55%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.72 (s, 1H), 9.04 (br s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (br s, 1H), 3.40-3.50 (m, 5H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 2.04 (s, 2H), 1.86-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.65 (m, 4H), 1.42-1.54 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 470 [M-H]⁺.

Example 106

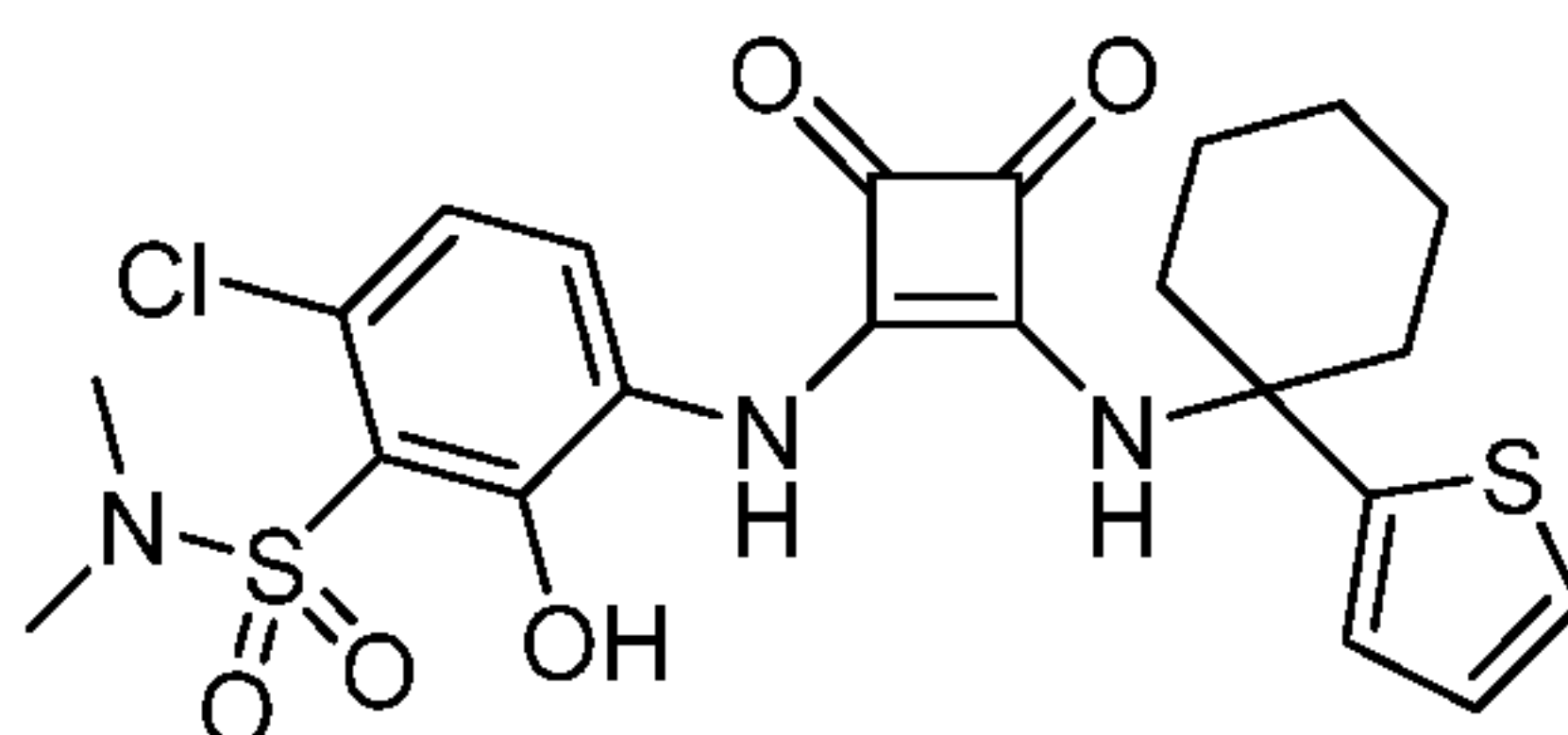
Synthesis of Compound 92: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-ethylcyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00312] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 5 (26 mg, 0.077 mmol) and 1-ethylcyclopentan-1-amine hydrochloride (23 mg, 0.15 mmol) were converted into the title compound (21 mg, 0.052 mmol, 67%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, ACETONE-d₆): δ = 8.44 (br s, 1H), 7.88-8.01 (m, 1H), 7.42 (br s, 1H), 6.97 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (br s, 3H), 2.92 (br s, 3H), 2.73-2.86 (m, 2H), 1.92 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.66-1.81 (m, 6H), 0.90 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 404 [M-H]⁺.

Example 107

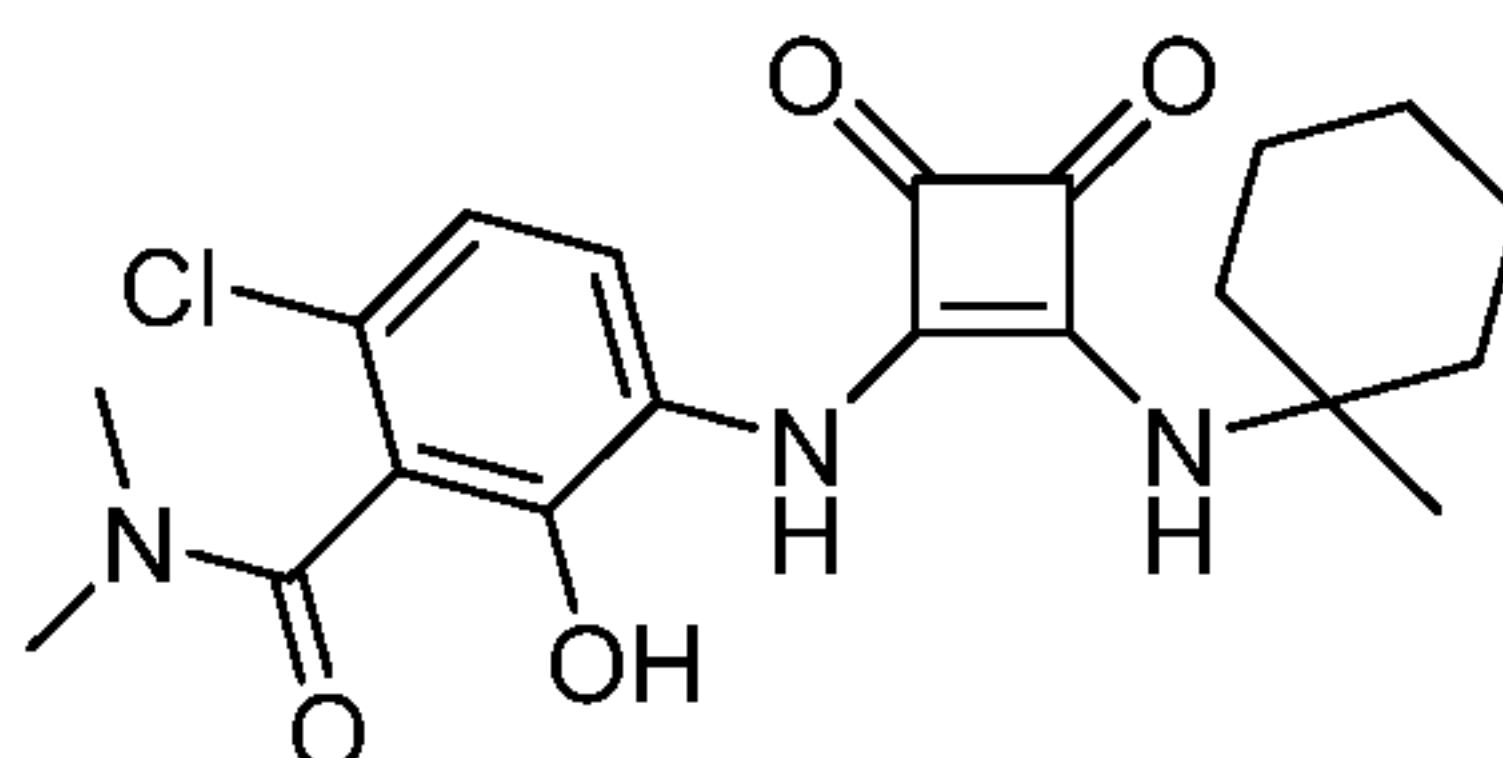
Synthesis of Compound 93: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclohexyl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00313] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (30. mg, 0.080 mmol) and 1-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclohexan-1-amine (29 mg, 0.16 mmol) were converted into the title compound (26 mg, 0.051 mmol, 64%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.41 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.07-7.24 (m, 1H), 6.88-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.77 (br s, 1H), 6.19 (br s, 1H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 2.12-2.21 (m, 2H), 2.01-2.12 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.80 (m, 3H), 1.52-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.39 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 508 [M-H]⁻.

Example 108

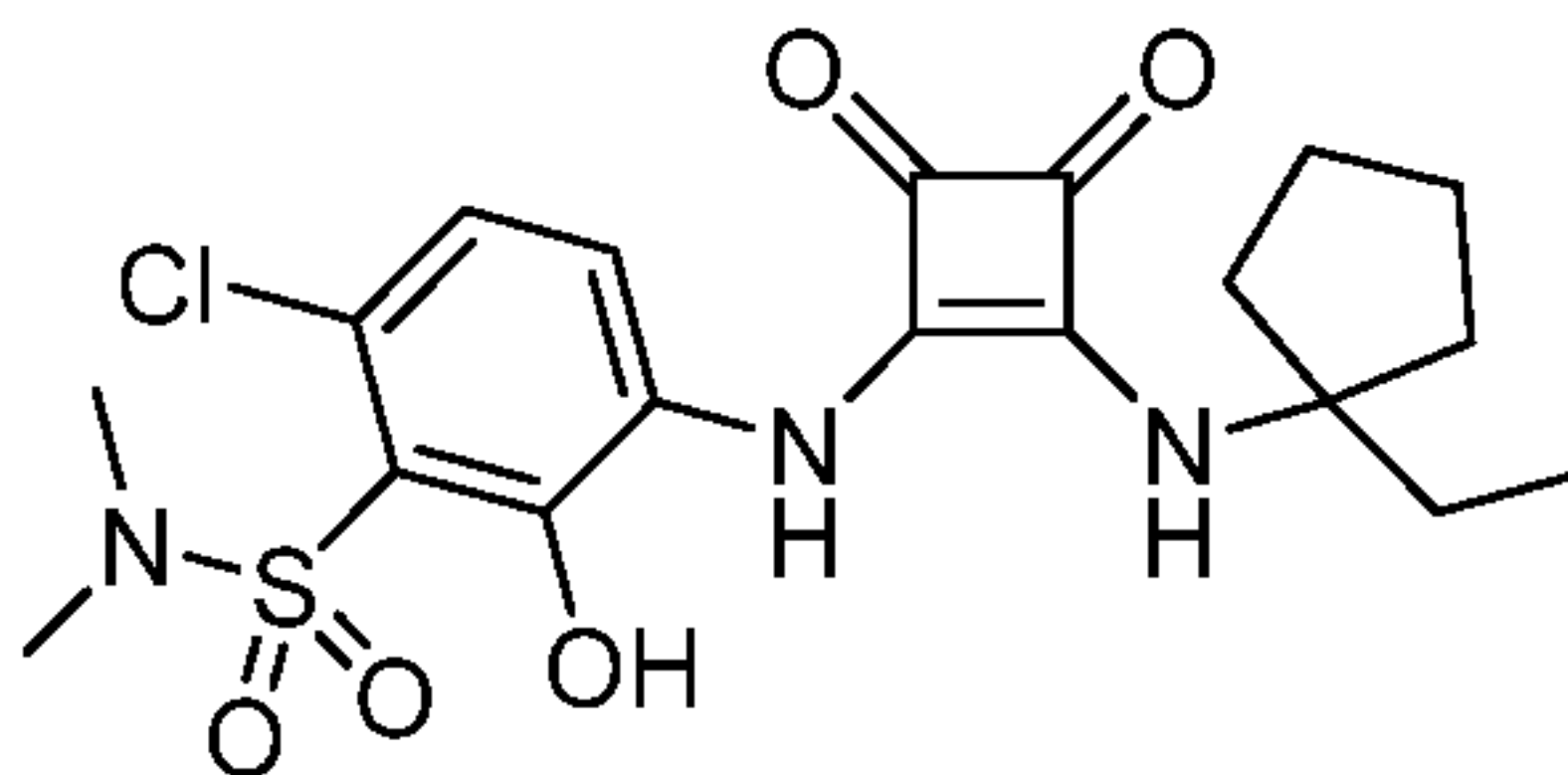
Synthesis of Compound 94: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-3-((2-((1-methylcyclohexyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)benzamide



[00314] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 5 (25 mg, 0.074 mmol) and 1-methylcyclohexan-1-amine hydrochloride (17 mg, 0.11 mmol) were converted into the title compound (15 mg, 0.037 mmol, 50.%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, ACETONE-d₆): δ = 8.88 (br s, 1H), 7.72 (br s, 1H), 7.41 (br s, 1H), 6.90 (br s, 1H), 3.08 (br s, 3H), 2.92 (br s, 3H), 1.58-1.64 (m, 4H), 1.42-1.57 (m, 6H), 1.44 (br s, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 404 [M-H]⁻.

Example 109

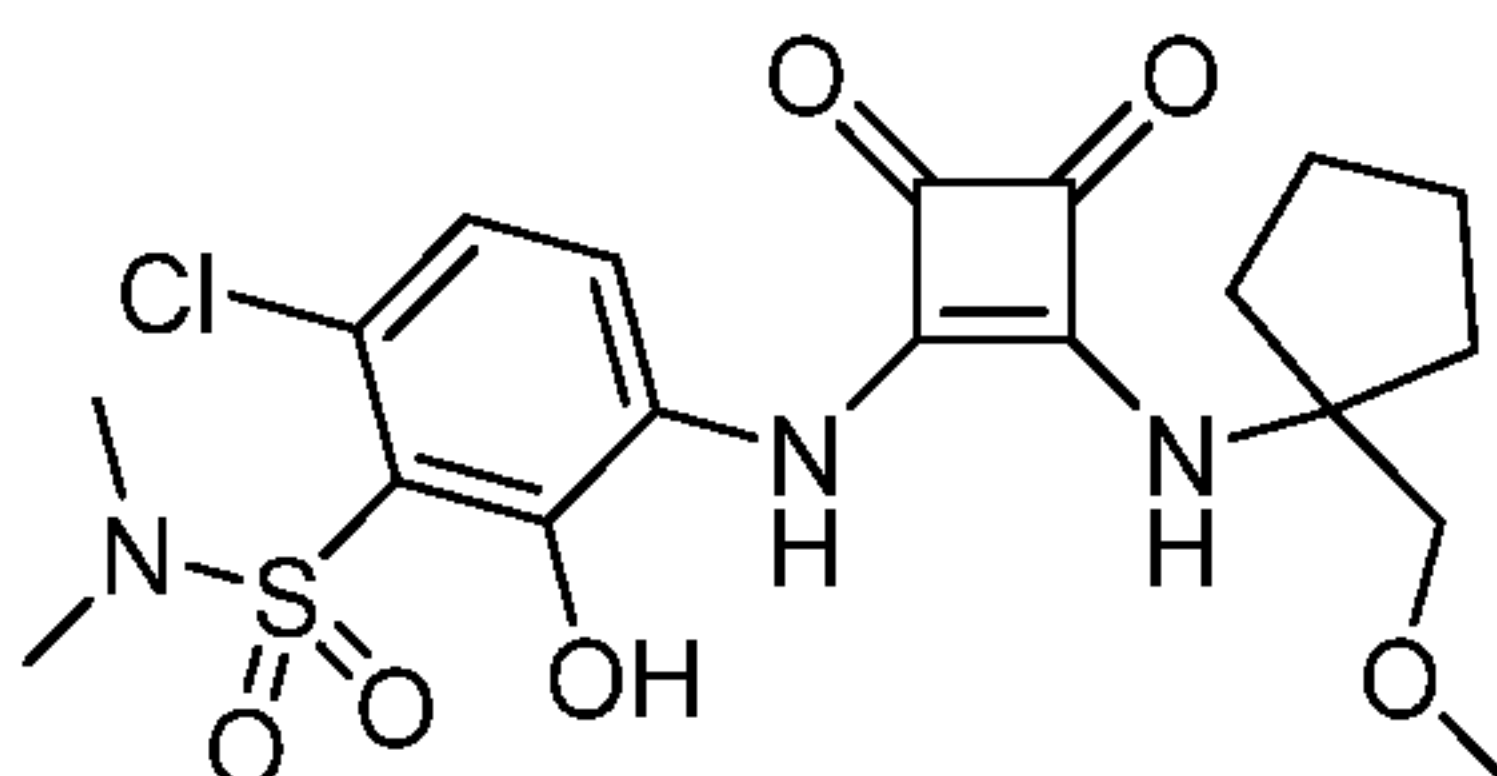
Synthesis of Compound 95: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-ethylcyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00315] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (11 mg, 0.029 mmol) and 1-ethylcyclopentan-1-amine hydrochloride (9 mg, 0.06 mmol) were converted into the title compound (8 mg, 0.02 mmol, 60%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.67 (br s, 1H), 8.07 (br s, 2H), 7.00 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (br s, 1H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 1.93-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.84 (m, 6H), 0.92 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 440 [M-H]⁻.

Example 110

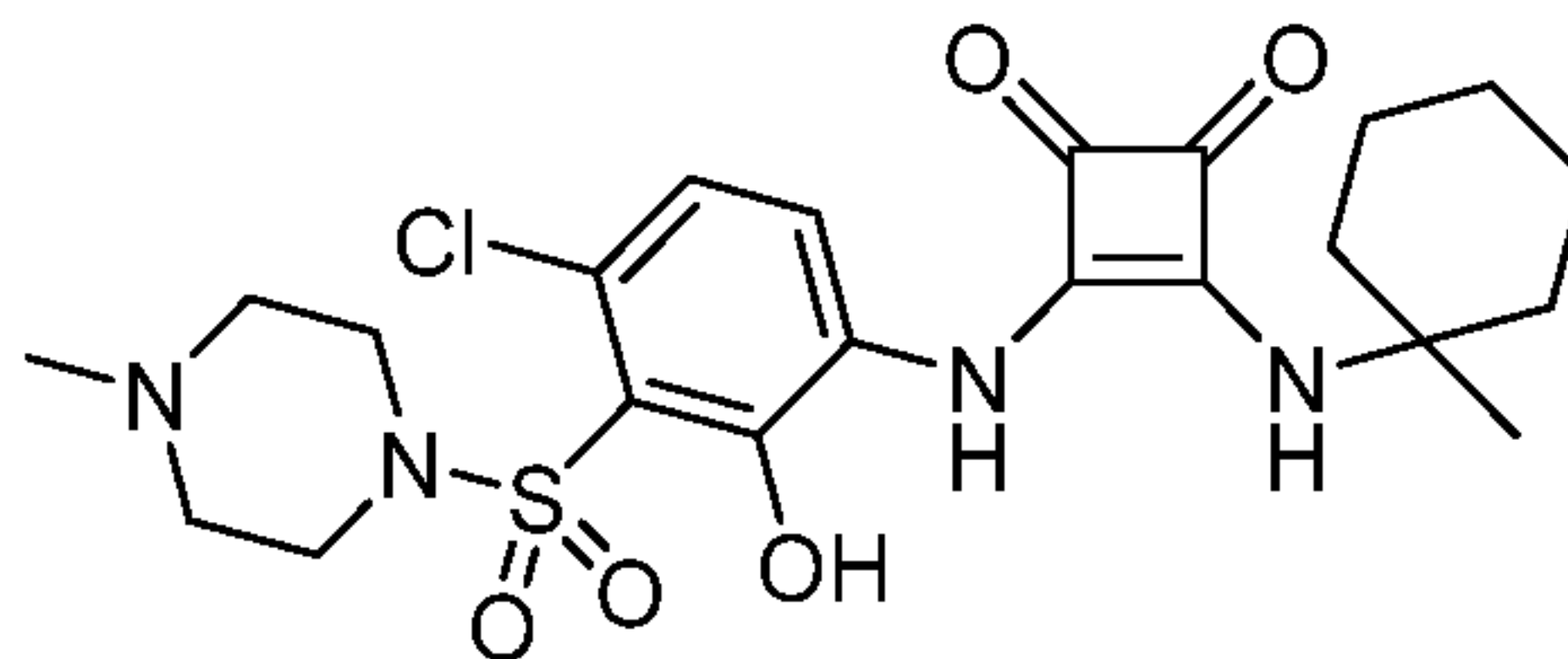
Synthesis of Compound 96: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((2-((1-(methoxymethyl)cyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00316] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (28 mg, 0.075 mmol) and 1-(methoxymethyl)cyclopentan-1-amine (20. mg, 0.15 mmol) were converted into the title compound (18 mg, 0.039 mmol, 52%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.71 (br s, 1H), 9.08 (br s, 1H), 7.96 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (br s, 1H), 3.46 (s, 3H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.77-1.91 (m, 6H), 1.73 (br s, 2H), 1.61 (br s, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 456 [M-H]⁻.

Example 111

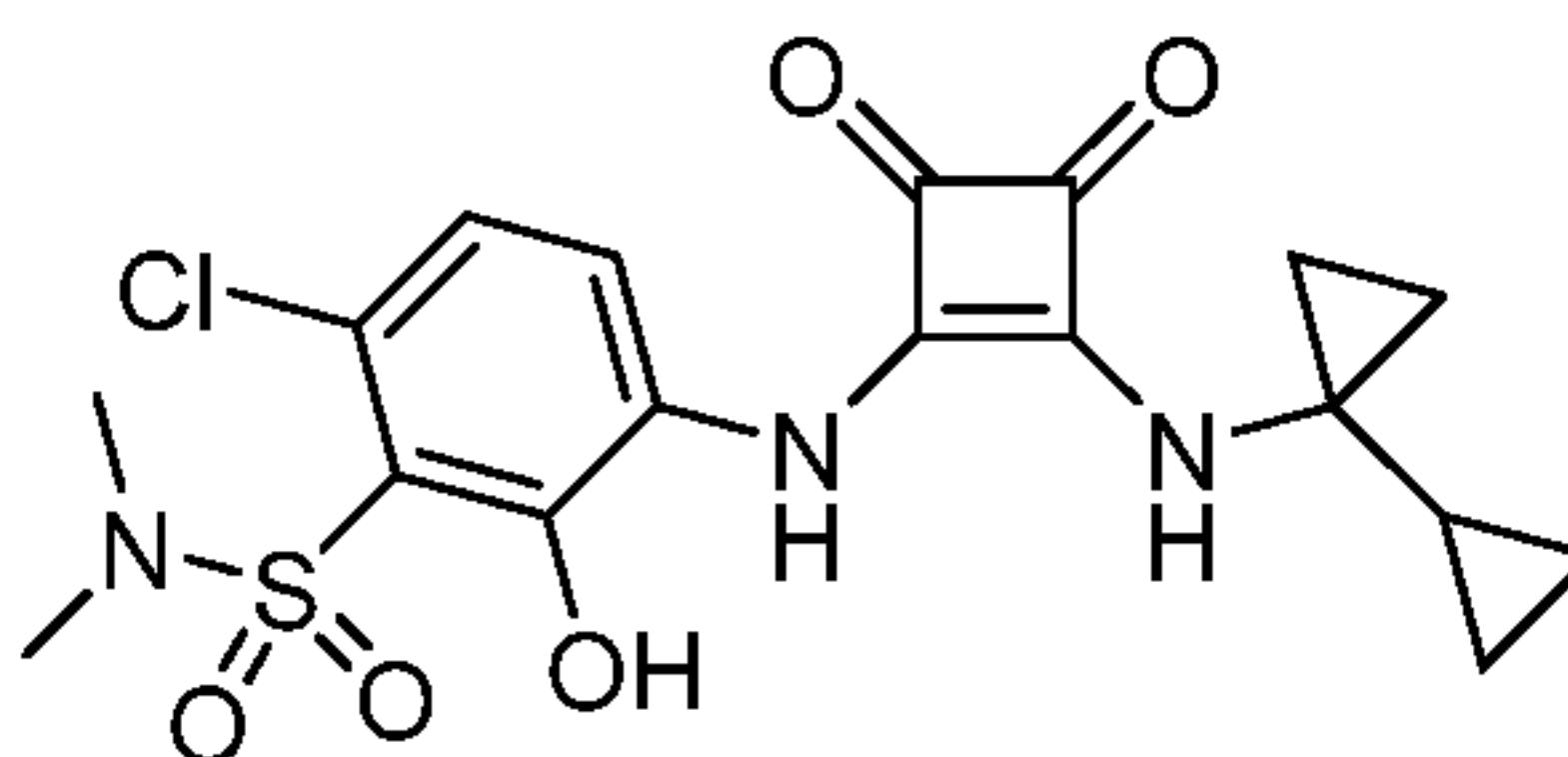
Synthesis of Compound 97: 3-((4-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)sulfonyl)phenyl)amino)-4-((1-methylcyclohexyl)amino)cyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione



[00317] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 4 (20. mg, 0.047 mmol) and 1-methylcyclohexan-1-amine (12 mg, 0.11 mmol) were converted into the title compound (10. mg, 0.020 mmol, 43%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, METHANOL-d₄): δ = 8.10 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.31-3.44 (m, 4H), 2.45-2.57 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.03-2.09 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.77 (m, 2H), 1.58 (br s, 6H), 1.45 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 495 [M-H]⁺.

Example 112

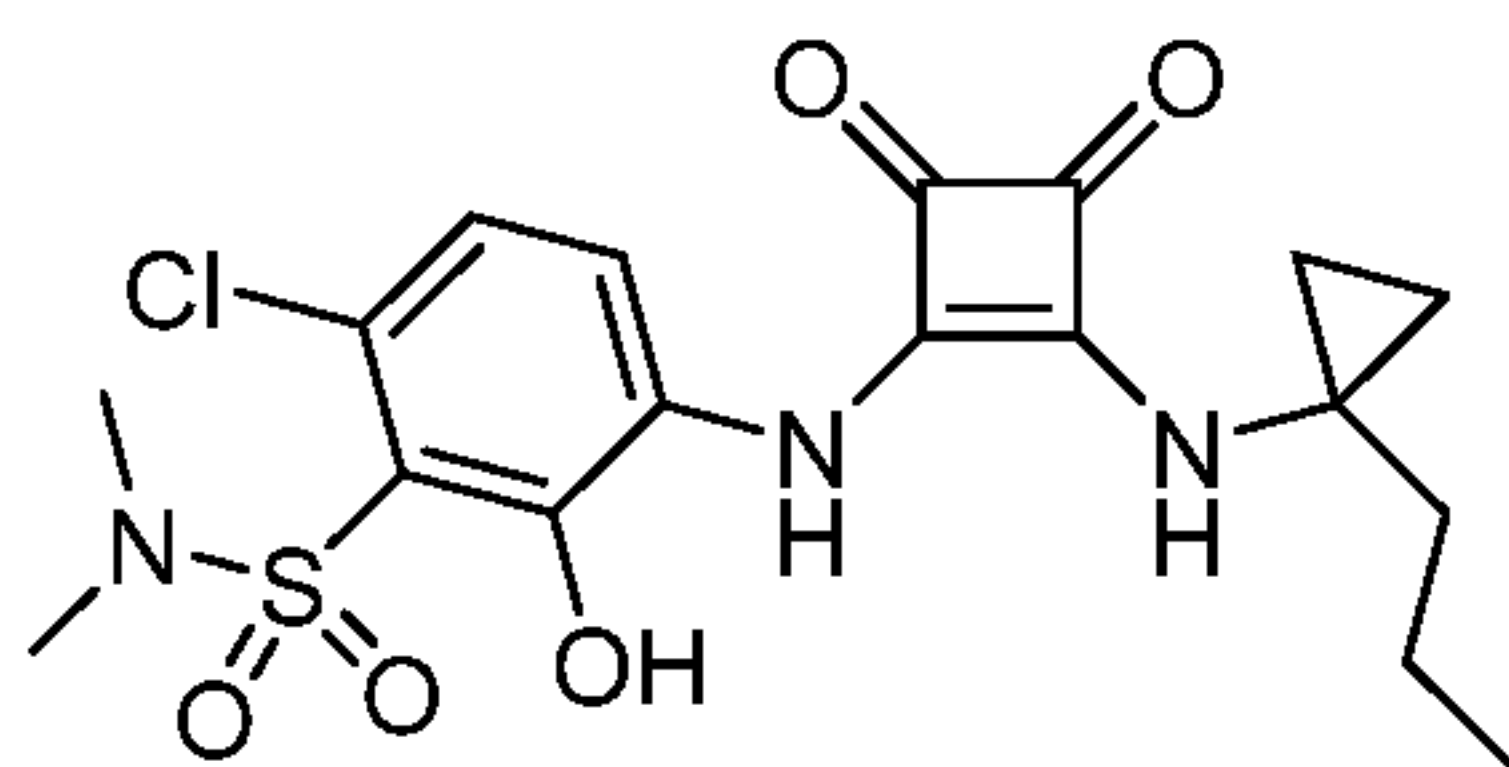
Synthesis of Compound 98: 3-((2-([1,1'-bi(cyclopropan)]-1-ylamino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00318] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (25 mg, 0.067 mmol) and [1,1'-bi(cyclopropan)]-1-amine hydrochloride (14 mg, 0.10 mmol) were converted into the title compound (16 mg, 0.038 mmol, 56%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.82 (br s, 1H), 8.36 (br s, 1H), 8.08-8.27 (m, 1H), 7.08 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.58-6.77 (m, 1H), 2.95 (s, 6H), 1.16-1.31 (m, 2H), 1.01 (br s, 2H), 0.82-0.96 (m, 2H), 0.55-0.61 (m, 2H), 0.27-0.36 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): *m/z* = 424 [M-H]⁺.

Example 113

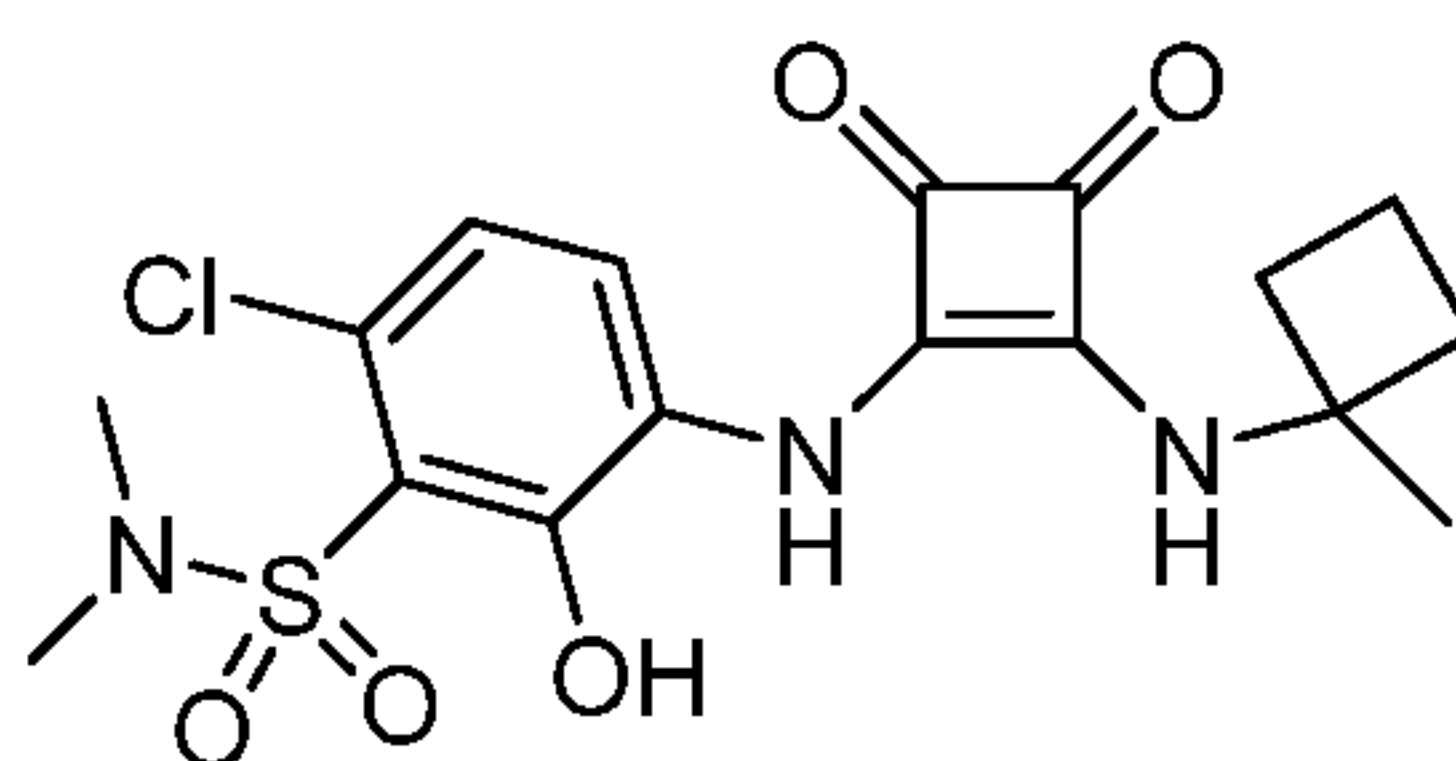
Synthesis of Compound 99: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-propylcyclopropyl) amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00319] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (25 mg, 0.067 mmol) and 1-propylcyclopropan-1-amine hydrochloride (14 mg, 0.10 mmol) were converted into the title compound (20. mg, 0.047 mmol, 70.%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.83 (br s, 1H), 8.38 (br s, 1H), 8.14 (br s, 1H), 7.08 (d, J =8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (br s, 1H), 2.95 (s, 6H), 1.57-1.65 (m, 4H), 1.39-1.57 (m, 2H), 1.04 (br s, 2H), 0.95 (t, J =7.3 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 426 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 114

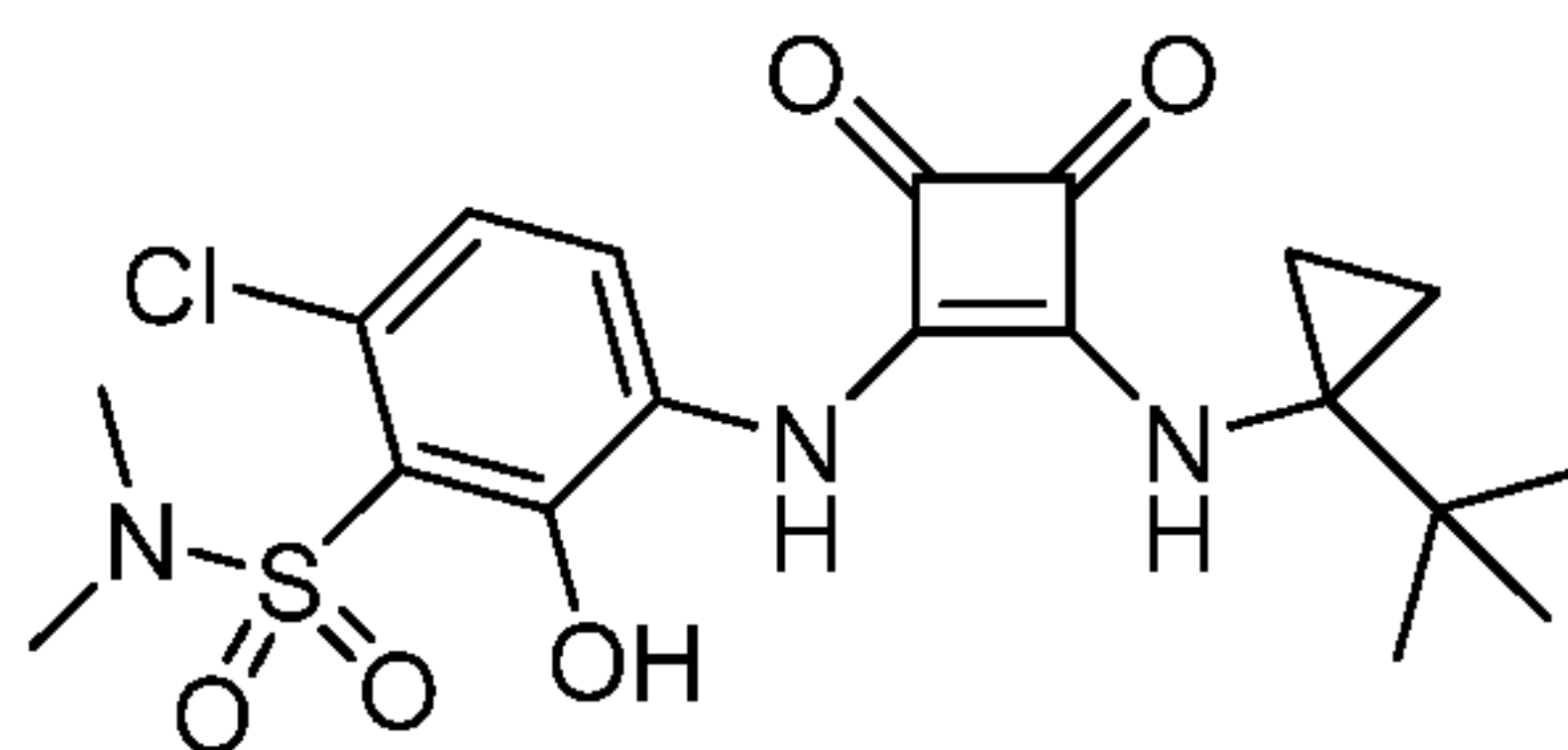
Synthesis of Compound 100: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy- N,N -dimethyl-3-((2-((1-methylcyclobutyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)benzenesulfonamide



[00320] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (25 mg, 0.067 mmol) and 1-methylcyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (13 mg, 0.11 mmol) were converted into the title compound (16 mg, 0.039 mmol, 58%). ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM- d): δ = 10.76 (br s, 1H), 8.09-8.23 (m, 1H), 7.62 (br s, 1H), 7.04 (br d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (br s, 1H), 2.93 (s, 6H), 2.35-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.14-2.29 (m, 2H), 1.97-2.09 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.97 (m, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 412 $[\text{M-H}]^-$.

Example 115

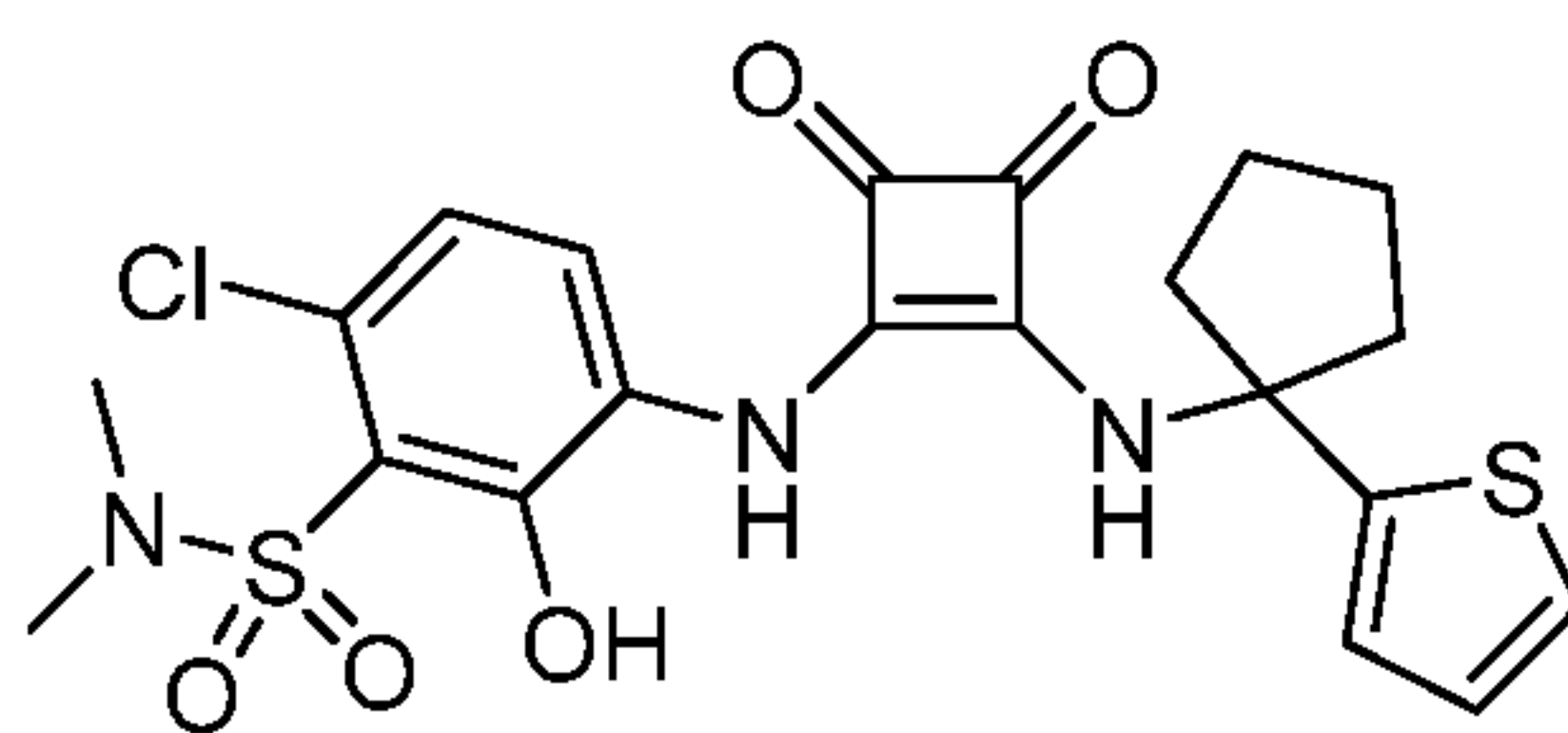
Synthesis of Compound 101: 3-((2-((1-(tert-butyl)cyclopropyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy- N,N -dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00321] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (10. mg, 0.027 mmol) and 1-(tert-butyl)cyclopropan-1-amine hydrochloride (6 mg, 0.04 mmol) were converted into the title compound (3 mg, 0.007 mmol, 30%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.87 (br s, 1H), 8.28-8.44 (m, 1H), 7.96 (br s, 1H), 7.07 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (br s, 1H), 2.96 (s, 6H), (br s, 2H), 1.01 (br s, 9H), 0.91 (br s, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 440 [M-H]⁻.

Example 116

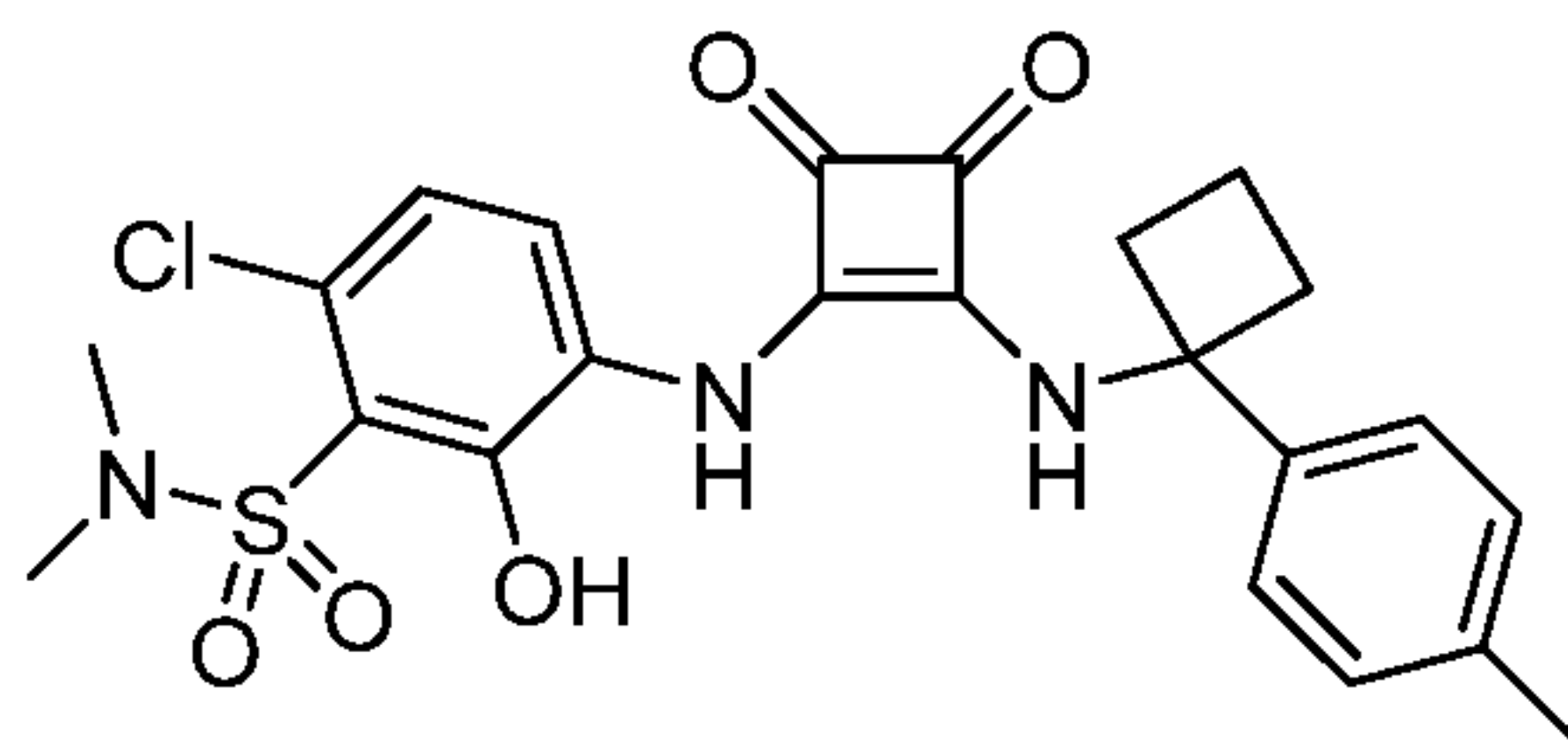
Synthesis of Compound 102: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclopentyl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00322] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (15 mg, 0.040 mmol) and 1-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclopentan-1-amine hydrochloride (13 mg, 0.064 mmol) were converted into the title compound (6 mg, 0.01 mmol, 30%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.43 (br s, 1H), 7.95 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (br d, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (br s, 1H), 6.91-7.04 (m, 3H), 6.45 (br s, 1H), 2.90 (s, 6H), 2.29 (br s, 2H), 2.14-2.26 (m, 2H), 1.83-2.00 (m, 4H). MS (ESI): m/z = 494 [M-H]⁻.

Example 117

Synthesis of Compound 103: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-(p-tolyl)cyclobutyl)amino) cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

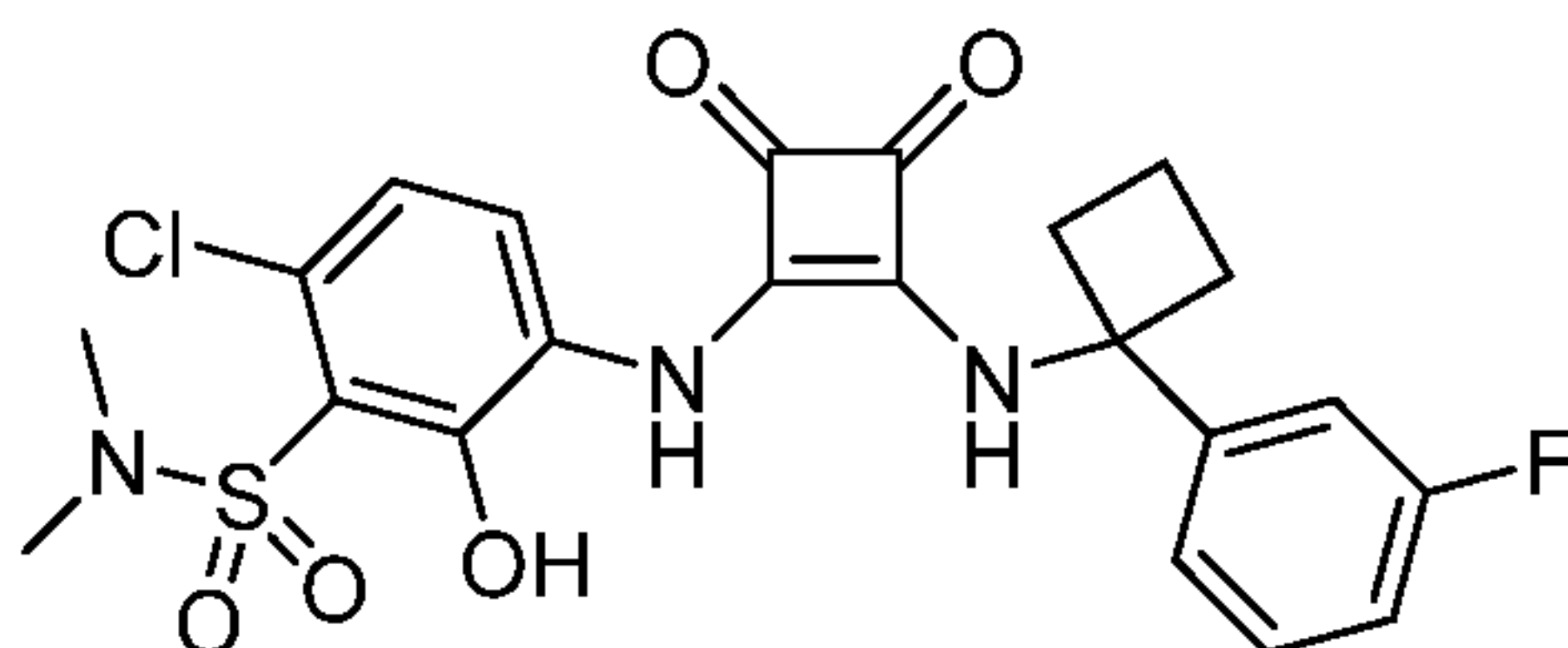


[00323] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (26 mg, 0.069 mmol) and 1-(p-tolyl)cyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (20. mg, 0.10 mmol) were converted into the title compound (25 mg, 0.051 mmol, 74%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.44 (br s, 1H), 7.93-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.38-

7.45 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.04-7.12 (m, 1H), 6.90-6.98 (m, 2H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 2.64-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.25-2.20 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 488 [M-H]⁻.

Example 118

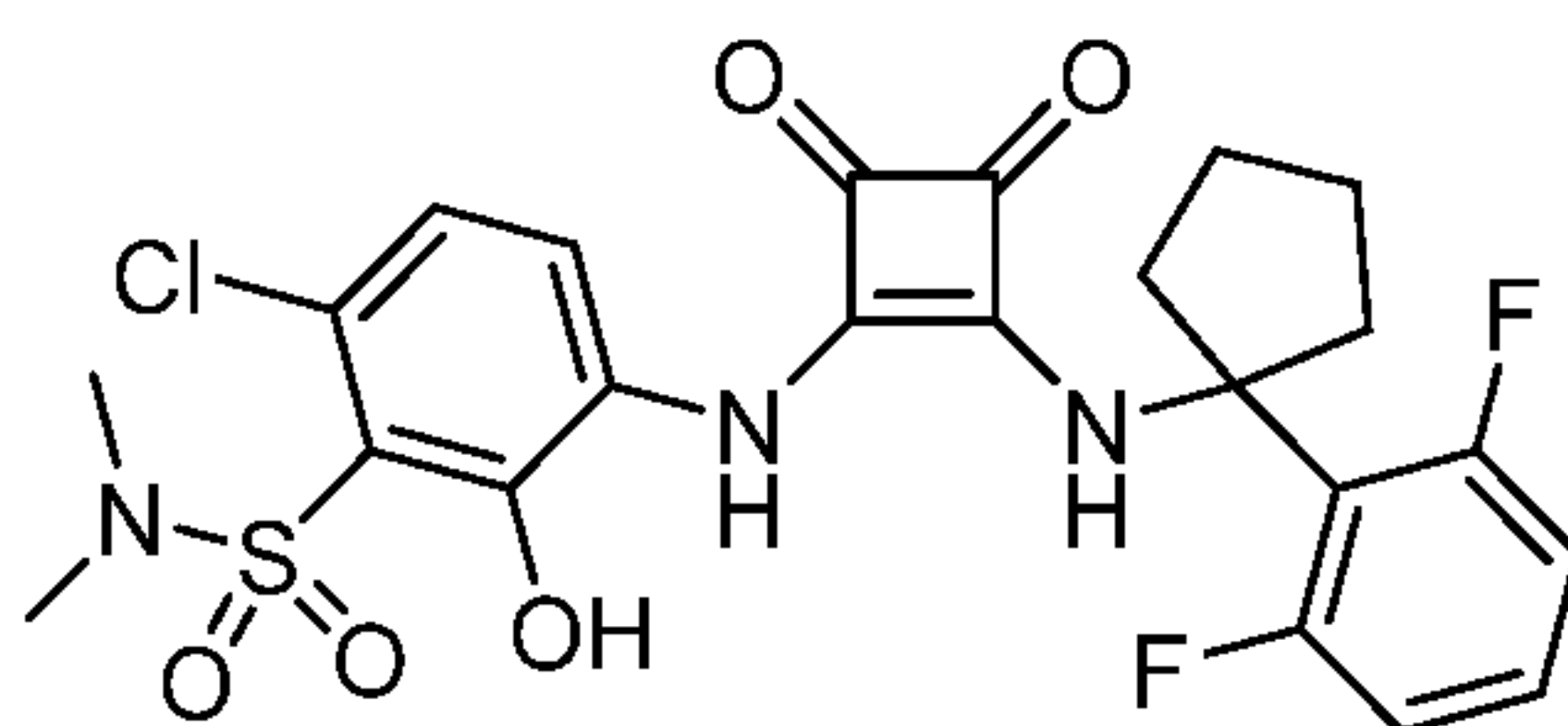
Synthesis of Compound 104: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-(3-fluorophenyl)cyclobutyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00324] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (15 mg, 0.040 mmol) and 1-(3-fluorophenyl)cyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (12 mg, 0.060 mmol) were converted into the title compound (13 mg, 0.026 mmol, 66%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.53 (br s, 1H), 7.97-8.08 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.48 (br s, 1H), 7.29-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.19-7.24 (m, 1H), 6.99 (br s, 1H), 6.79-6.97 (m, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 2.68-2.79 (m, 2H), 2.65 (br s, 2H), 2.18-2.35 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 492 [M-H]⁻.

Example 119

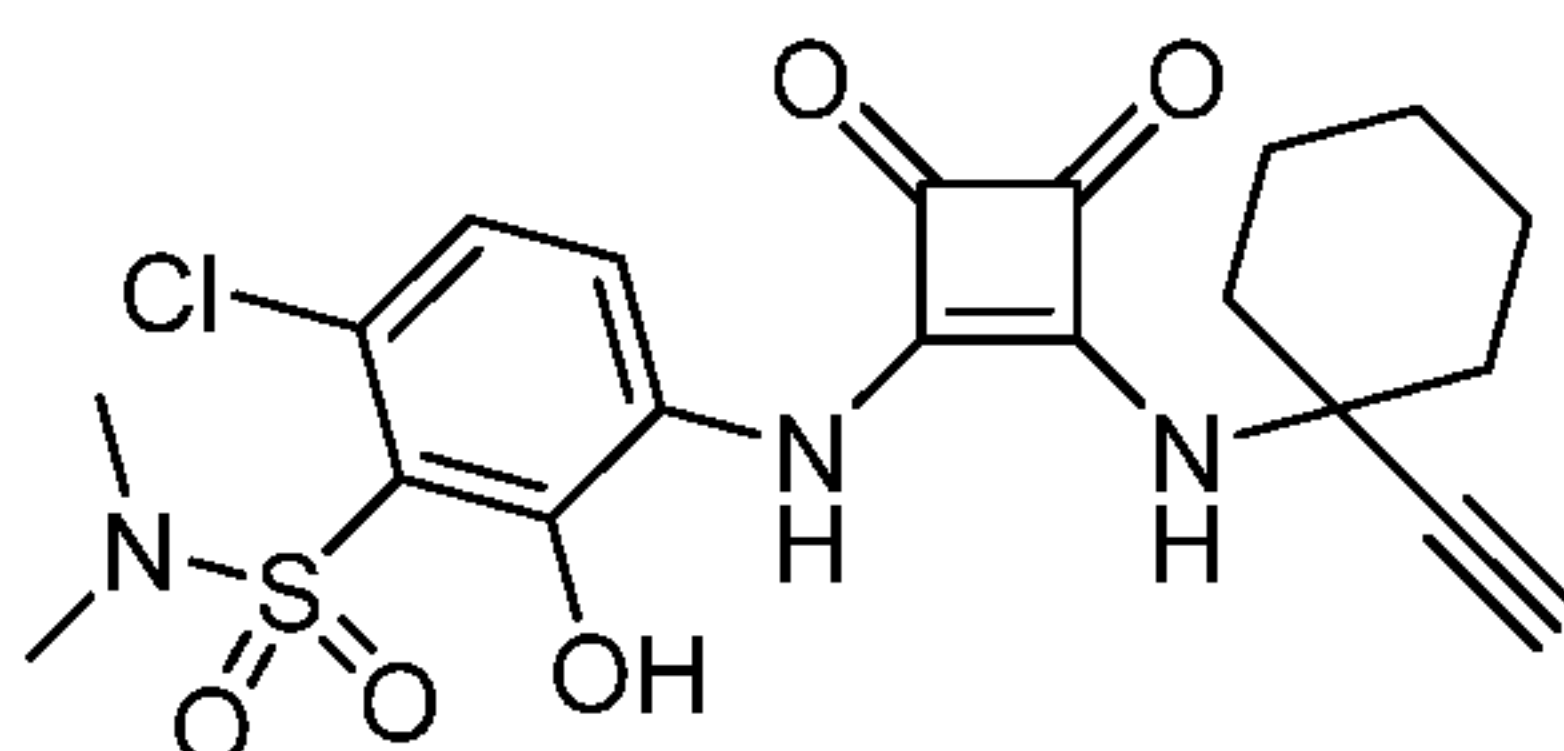
Synthesis of Compound 105: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-(2,6-difluorophenyl)cyclopentyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00325] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (15 mg, 0.040 mmol) and 1-(2,6-difluorophenyl)cyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (14 mg, 0.064 mmol) were converted into the title compound (5 mg, 0.01 mmol, 20%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 8.06 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.77-6.83 (m, 2H), 2.89 (m, 6H), 2.66-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.24-2.29 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.85 (m, 4H). MS (ESI): m/z = 524 [M-H]⁻.

Example 120

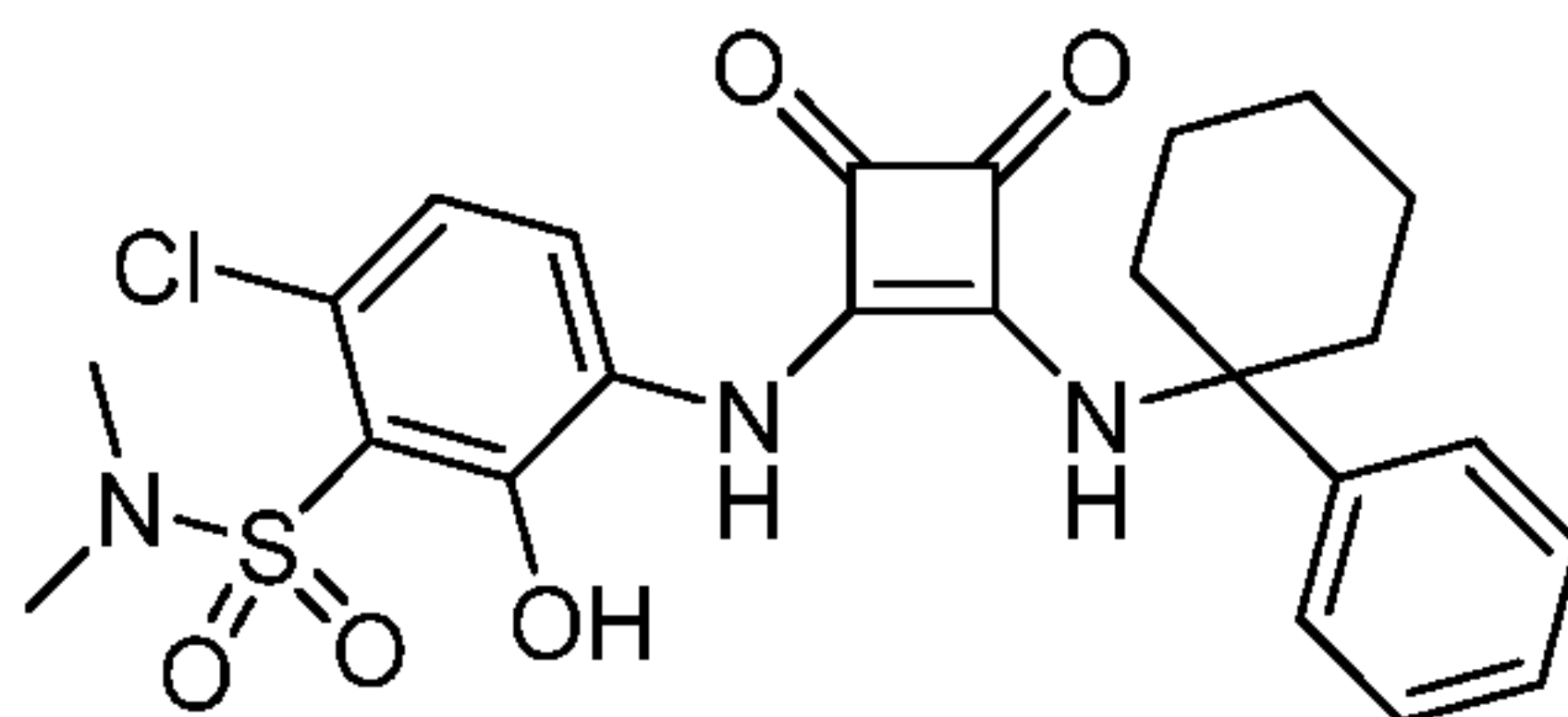
Synthesis of Compound 106: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-ethynylcyclohexyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00326] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (18 mg, 0.048 mmol) and 1-ethynylcyclohexan-1-amine (9 mg, 0.07 mmol) were converted into the title compound (7 mg, 0.02 mmol, 30%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.75 (s, 1H), 8.69 (br s, 1H), 8.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (br s, 1H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 2.83 (s, 1H), 2.16 (br s, 2H), 1.64-1.78 (m, 6H), 1.27-1.34 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 450 [M-H]⁻.

Example 121

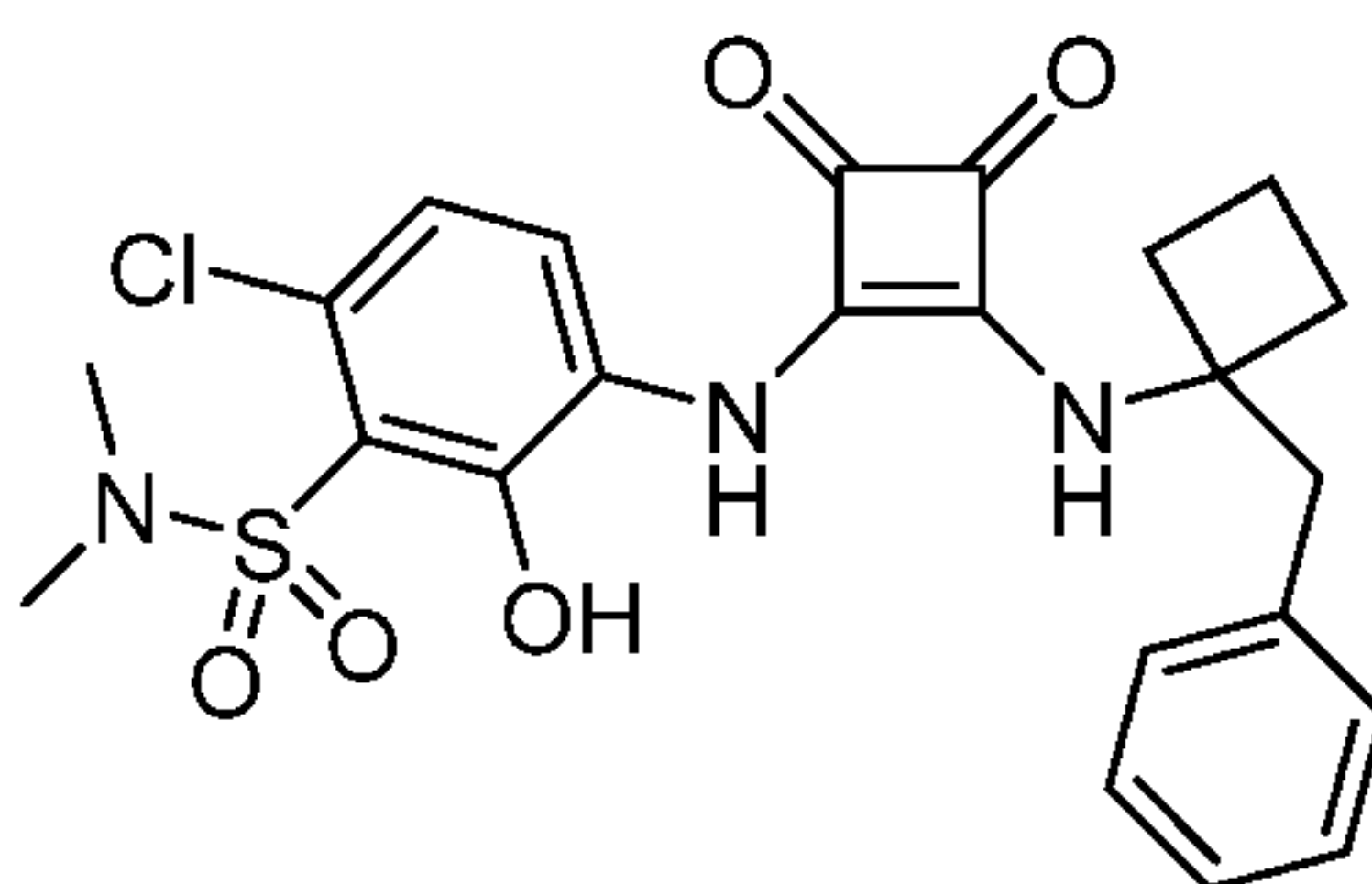
Synthesis of Compound 107: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-phenylcyclohexyl)amino) cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00327] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (17 mg, 0.045 mmol) and 1-phenylcyclohexan-1-amine hydrochloride (14 mg, 0.066 mmol) were converted into the title compound (7 mg, 0.01 mmol, 30%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.27 (br s, 1H), 7.83 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.37 (m, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.27-6.45 (m, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.97-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.84 (m, 4H), 1.55-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.47 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 502 [M-H]⁻.

Example 122

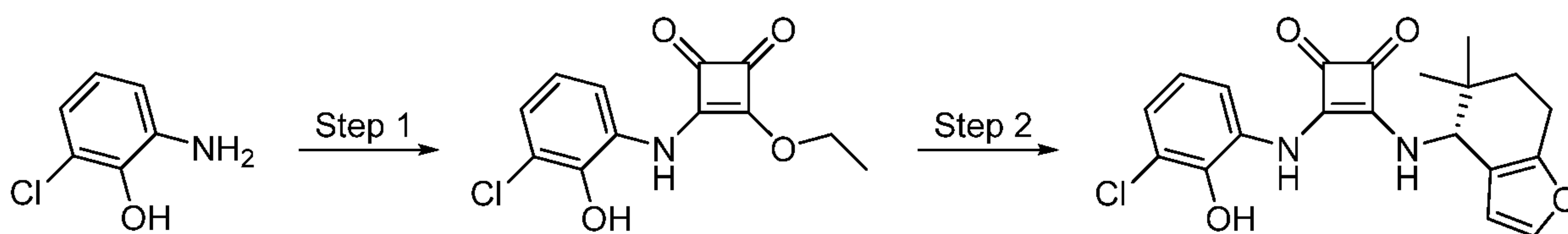
Synthesis of Compound 108: 3-((2-((1-benzylcyclobutyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00328] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (14 mg, 0.037 mmol) and 1-benzylcyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (11 mg, 0.056 mmol) were converted into the title compound (10. mg, 0.020 mmol, 55%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.67 (br s, 1H), 7.80-7.96 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.09-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.94 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (br s, 1H) 3.16 (br s, 2H), 2.89 (br s, 6H), 2.41 (br s, 2H), 2.25 (q, J=9.2 Hz, 2H), 1.78-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.65 (br s, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 488 [M-H]⁻.

Example 123

Synthesis of Compound 109: (R)-3-((3-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-4-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)cyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione



Step 1

3-((3-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-4-ethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione

[00329] Step 1: To a solution of 2-amino-6-chlorophenol (20.6 mg, 0.136 mmol) in ethanol (0.45 mL) was added 3,4-diethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (33.7 mg, 0.188 mmol). After stirring at 40°C for 18 hr, the mixture was concentrated and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using a Teledyne-Isco CombiFlash[®] Rf 200 (4 g column, 10% → 60% ethyl acetate/hexanes) to afford 3-((3-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-4-ethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (22.9 mg, 0.0856 mmol, 62.9%). ¹H NMR (CHLOROFORM-d/ METHANOL-

d₄): δ = 7.43 (br s, 1H), 7.06 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (dd, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (q, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.47 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 266 [M-H]⁻.

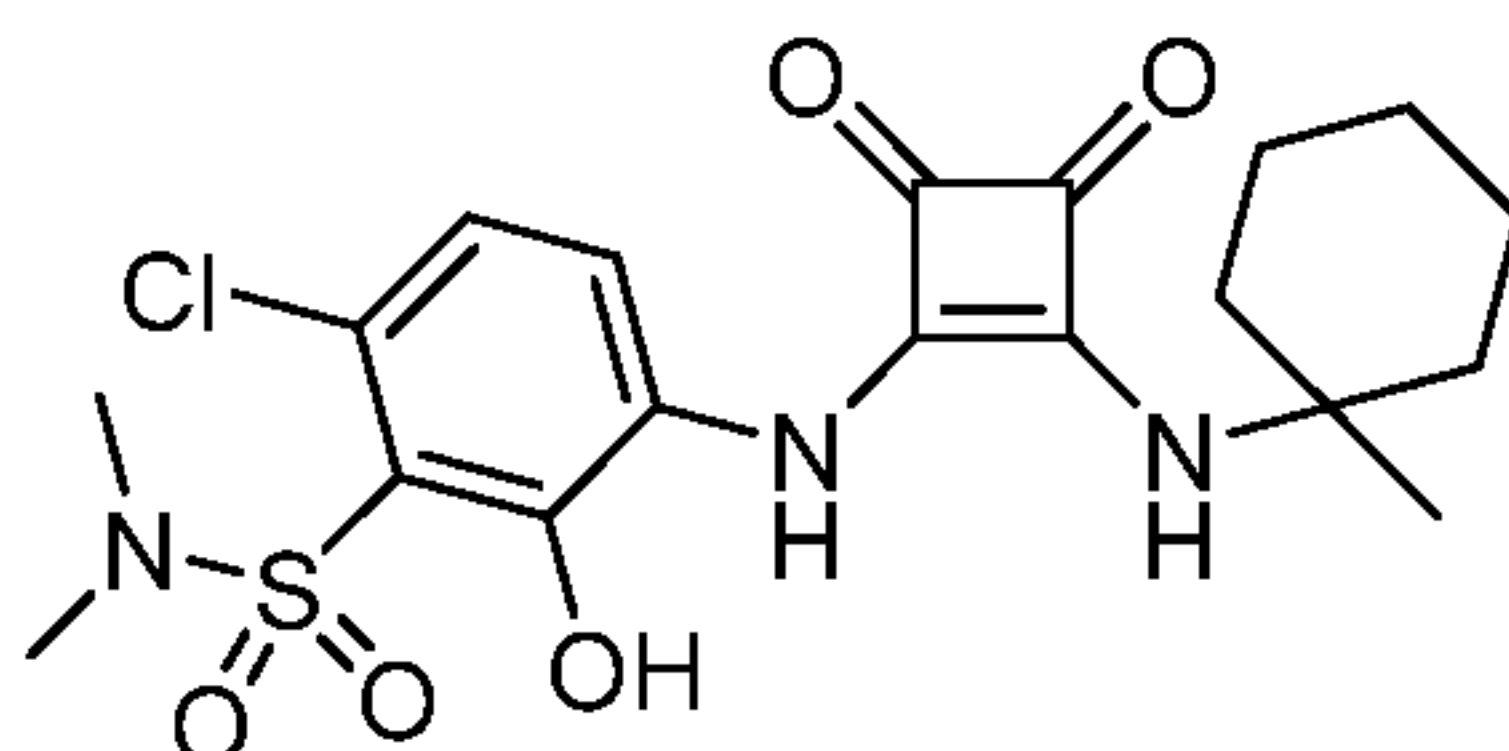
Step 2

(R)-3-((3-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-4-((5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)amino)cyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione

[00330] Step 2: According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, 3-((3-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino)-4-ethoxycyclobut-3-ene-1,2-dione (24.8 mg, 0.0927 mmol) and (R)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (synthesized as described for Compound 29, 23.8 mg, 0.144 mmol) were converted into the title compound (10.5 mg, 0.0271 mmol, 29.3%). ¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ = 7.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (dd, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 4.99 (s, 1H), 2.54-2.74 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 385 [M-H]⁻.

Example 124

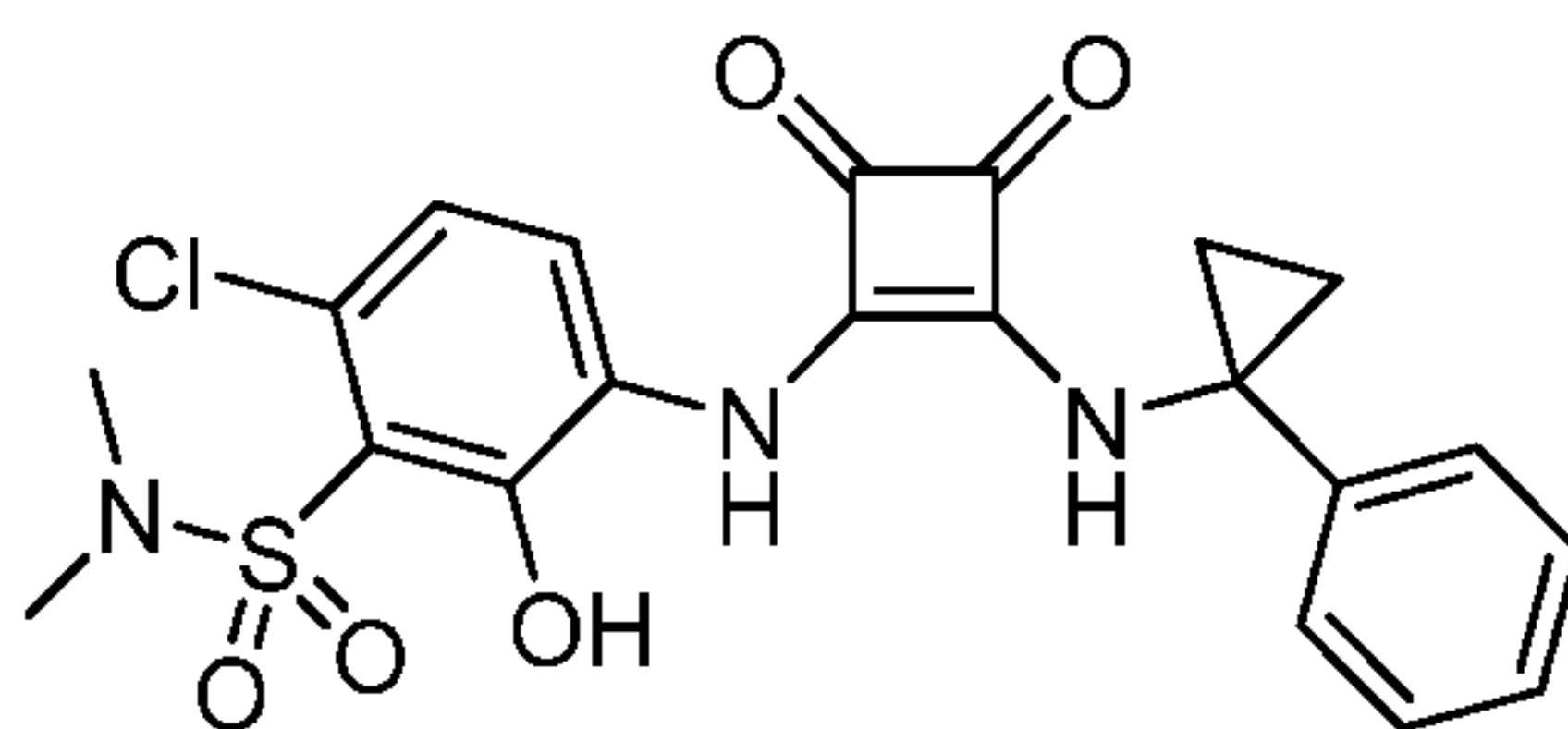
Synthesis of Compound 110: 6-chloro-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl-3-((2-((1-methylcyclohexyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)benzenesulfonamide



[00331] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (22 mg, 0.059 mmol) and 1-methylcyclohexan-1-amine (13 mg, 0.11 mmol) were converted into the title compound (13 mg, 0.029 mmol, 50.%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.57 (s, 1H), 8.46 (br s, 1H), 7.94-8.04 (m, 1H), 7.44 (br s, 1H), 6.93-7.07 (m, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 1.91-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.56 (m, 4H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.31-1.42 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 440 [M-H]⁻.

Example 125

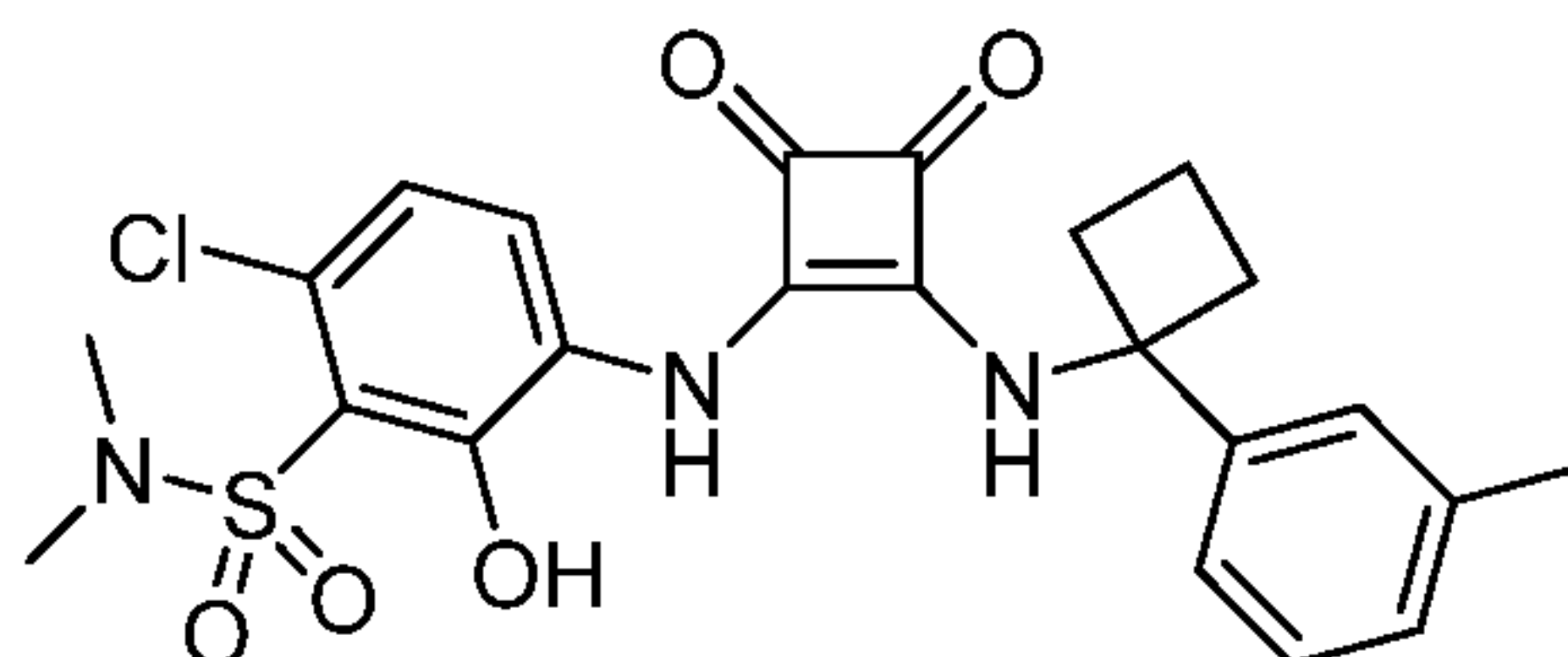
Synthesis of Compound 111: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-phenylcyclopropyl)amino) cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00332] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (26 mg, 0.069 mmol) and 1-phenylcyclopropan-1-amine hydrochloride (18 mg, 0.11 mmol) were converted into the title compound (24 mg, 0.052 mmol, 75%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.51 (s, 1H), 8.23 (br s, 1H), 7.75 (br s, 1H), 7.33-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.11-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.00 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 1.54-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.54 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 460 [M-H]⁻.

Example 126

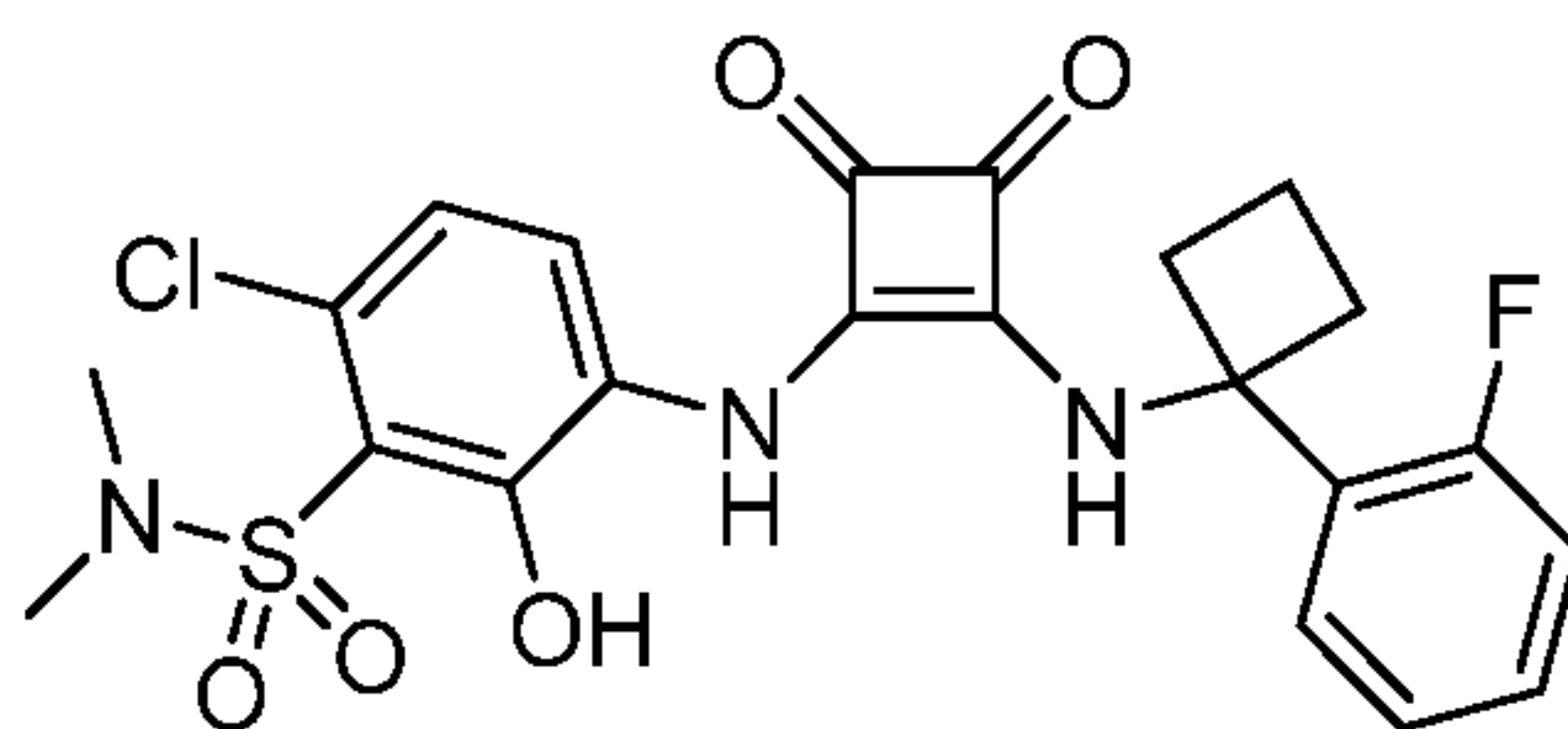
Synthesis of Compound 112: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-(m-tolyl)cyclobutyl)amino) cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00333] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (29 mg, 0.077 mmol) and 1-(m-tolyl)cyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (23 mg, 0.12 mmol) were converted into the title compound (23 mg, 0.047 mmol, 61%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.49 (br s, 1H), 7.99 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.13 (br s, 2H), 6.95 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 2.69-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.53-2.66 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.19-2.29 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.73 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 488 [M-H]⁻.

Example 127

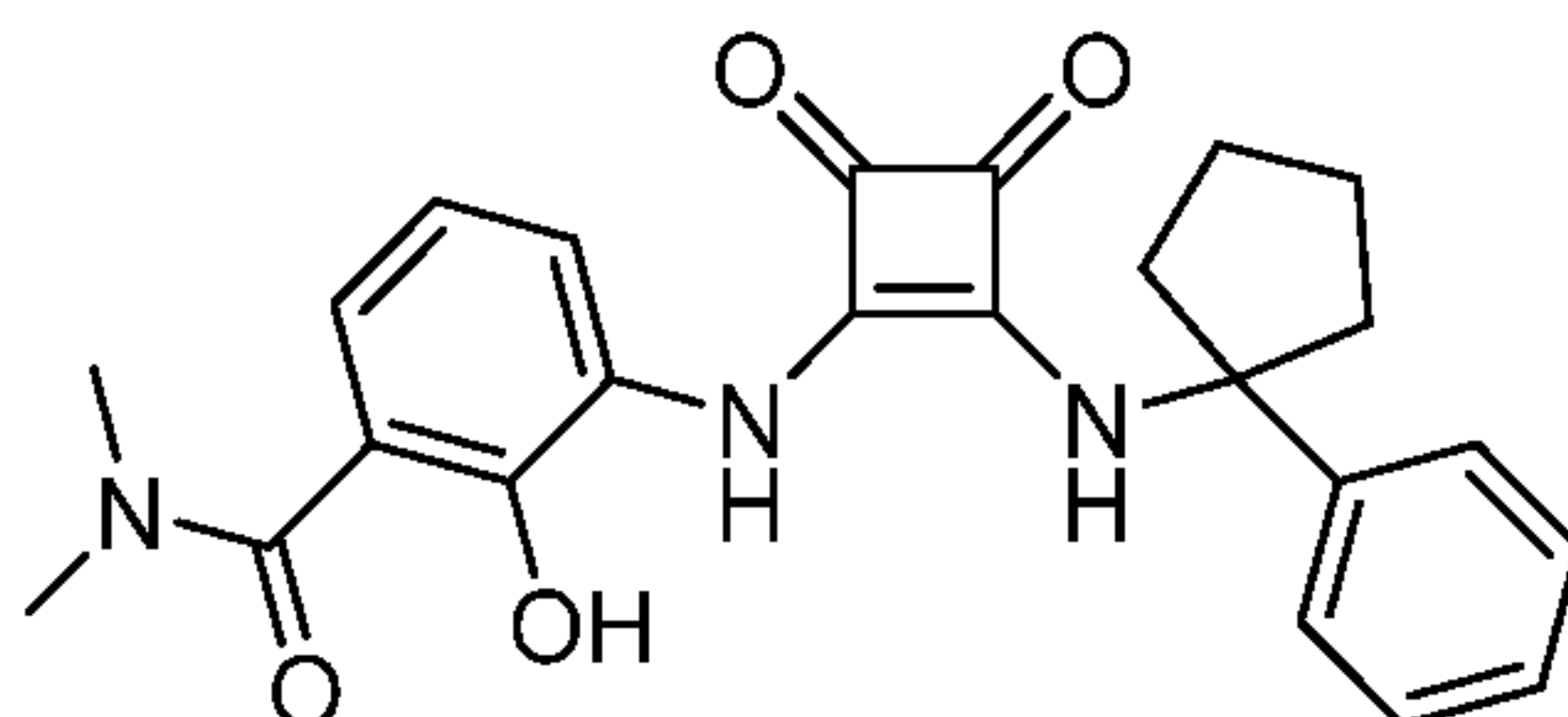
Synthesis of Compound 113: 6-chloro-3-((2-((1-(2-fluorophenyl)cyclobutyl)amino)-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00334] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (21 mg, 0.056 mmol) and 1-(2-fluorophenyl)cyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (17 mg, 0.084 mmol) were converted into the title compound (14 mg, 0.028 mmol, 51%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 8.05 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.91-7.01 (m, 2H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 2.74-2.85 (m, 2H), 2.56-2.70 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.23 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.92 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 492 [M-H]⁻.

Example 128

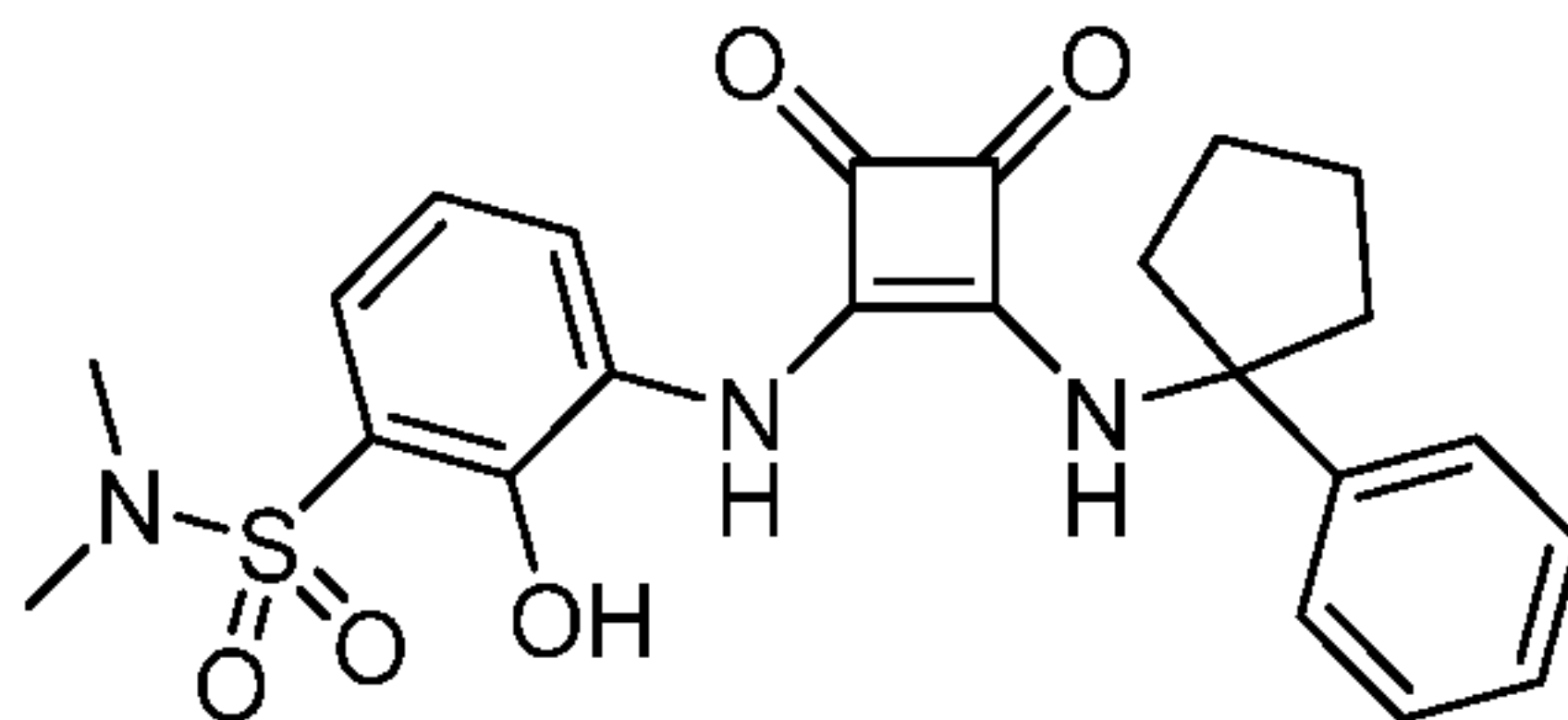
Synthesis of Compound 114: 3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-phenylcyclopentyl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzamide



[00335] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 2 (50. mg, 0.16 mmol) and 1-phenylcyclopentan-1-amine (40. mg, 0.25 mmol) were converted into the title compound (41 mg, 0.097 mmol, 61%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 7.90 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.22 (br s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.75-6.83 (m, 1H), 6.37 (br s, 1H), 3.13 (s, 6H), 2.22-2.32 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.20 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.90 (m, 4H). MS (ESI): m/z = 418 [M-H]⁻.

Example 129

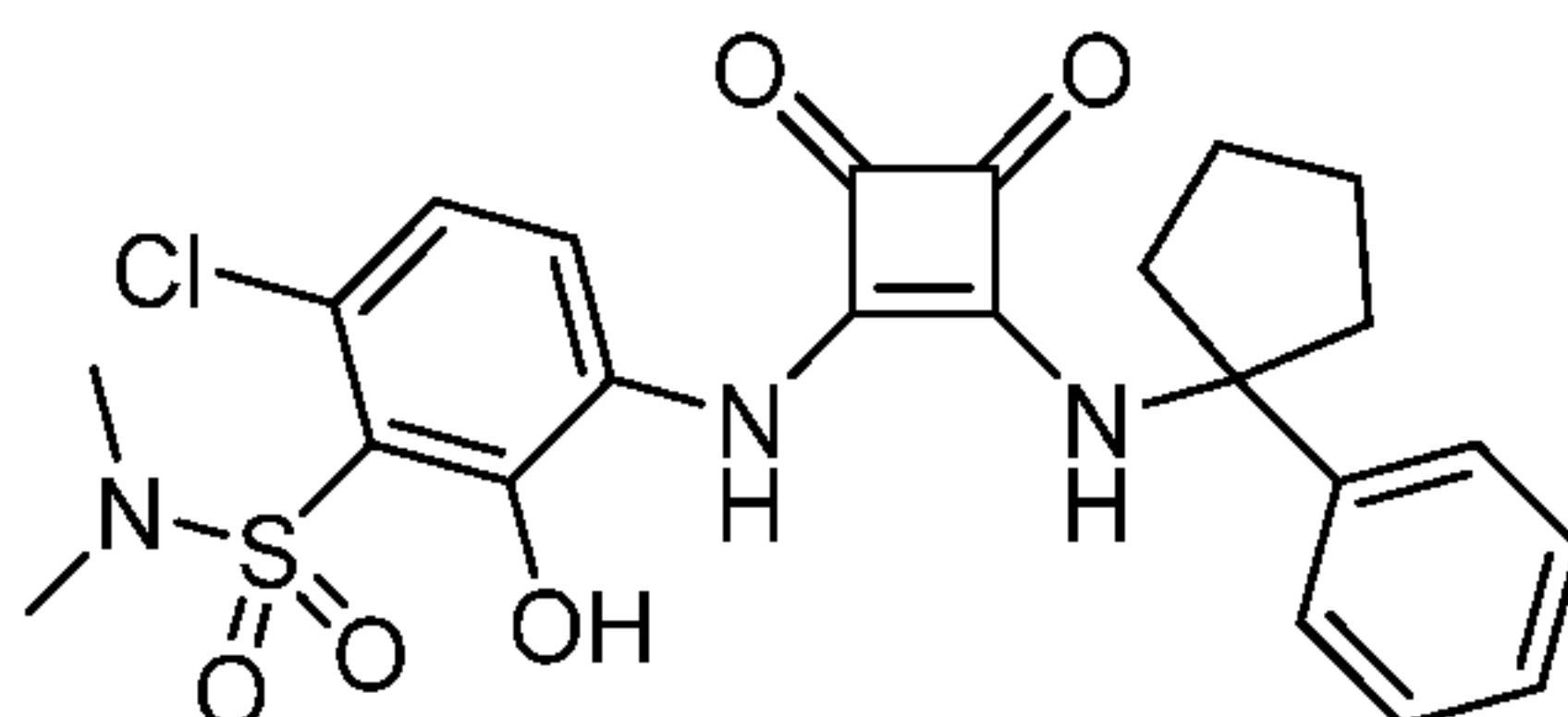
Synthesis of Compound 115: 3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-phenylcyclopentyl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00336] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 7 (33 mg, 0.097 mmol) and 1-phenylcyclopentan-1-amine (24 mg, 0.15 mmol) were converted into the title compound (11 mg, 0.024 mmol, 25%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 8.94 (br s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.02-7.16 (m, 1H), 6.90-6.98 (m, 1H), 6.73 (br s, 1H), 2.71 (s, 6H), 2.15-2.32 (m, 4H), 1.97-1.93 (m, 4H). MS (ESI): m/z = 454 [M-H]⁻.

Example 130

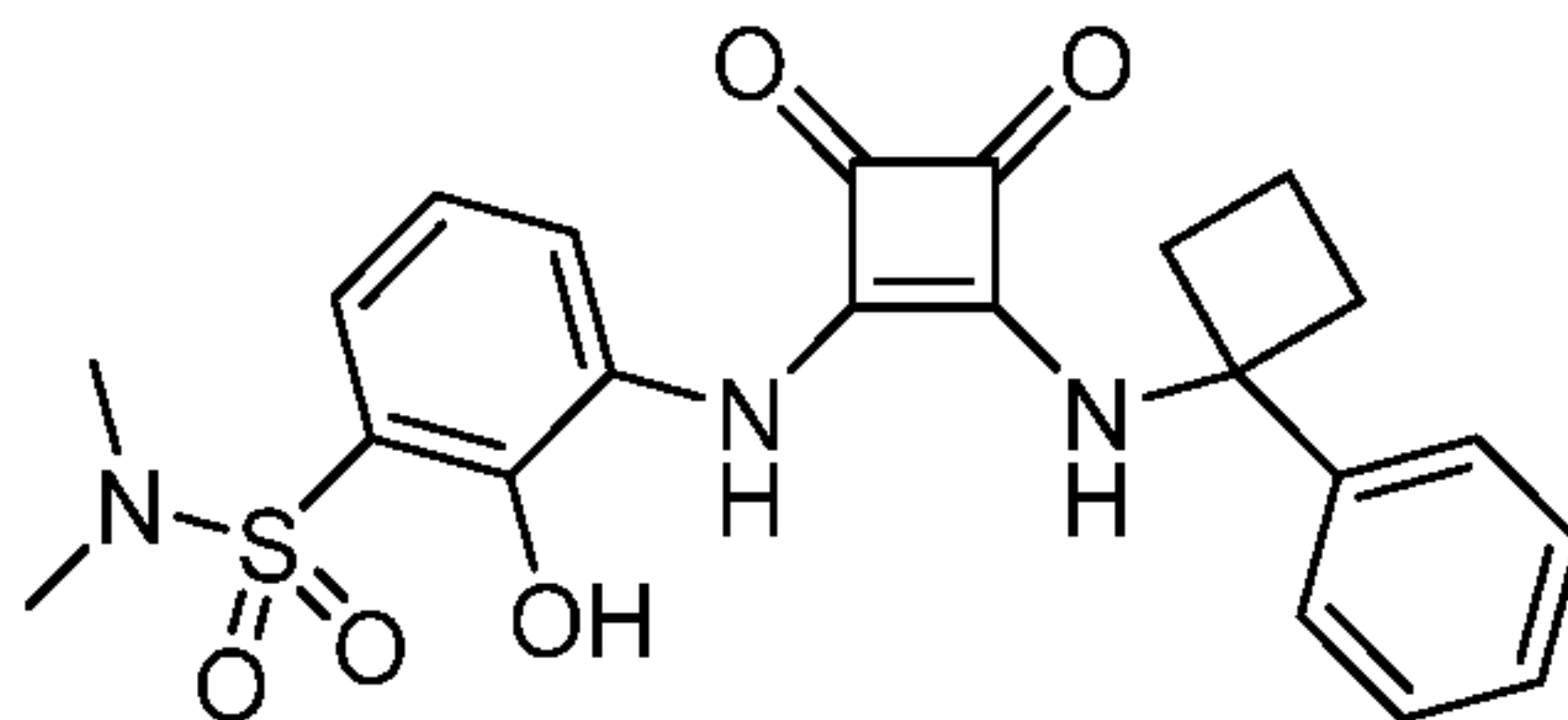
Synthesis of Compound 116: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-phenylcyclopentyl)amino) cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00337] According to Method A and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 1, Intermediate 1 (18 mg, 0.048 mmol) and 1-phenylcyclopentan-1-amine (12 mg, 0.074 mmol) were converted into the title compound (6.1 mg, 0.012 mmol, 26%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.30 (br s, 1H), 7.94 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.36 (m, 1H), 6.95 (br d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (br s, 2H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 2.24-2.40 (m, 2H), 2.21 (br s, 2H), 1.97 (br s, 4H). MS (ESI): m/z = 488 [M-H]⁻.

Example 131

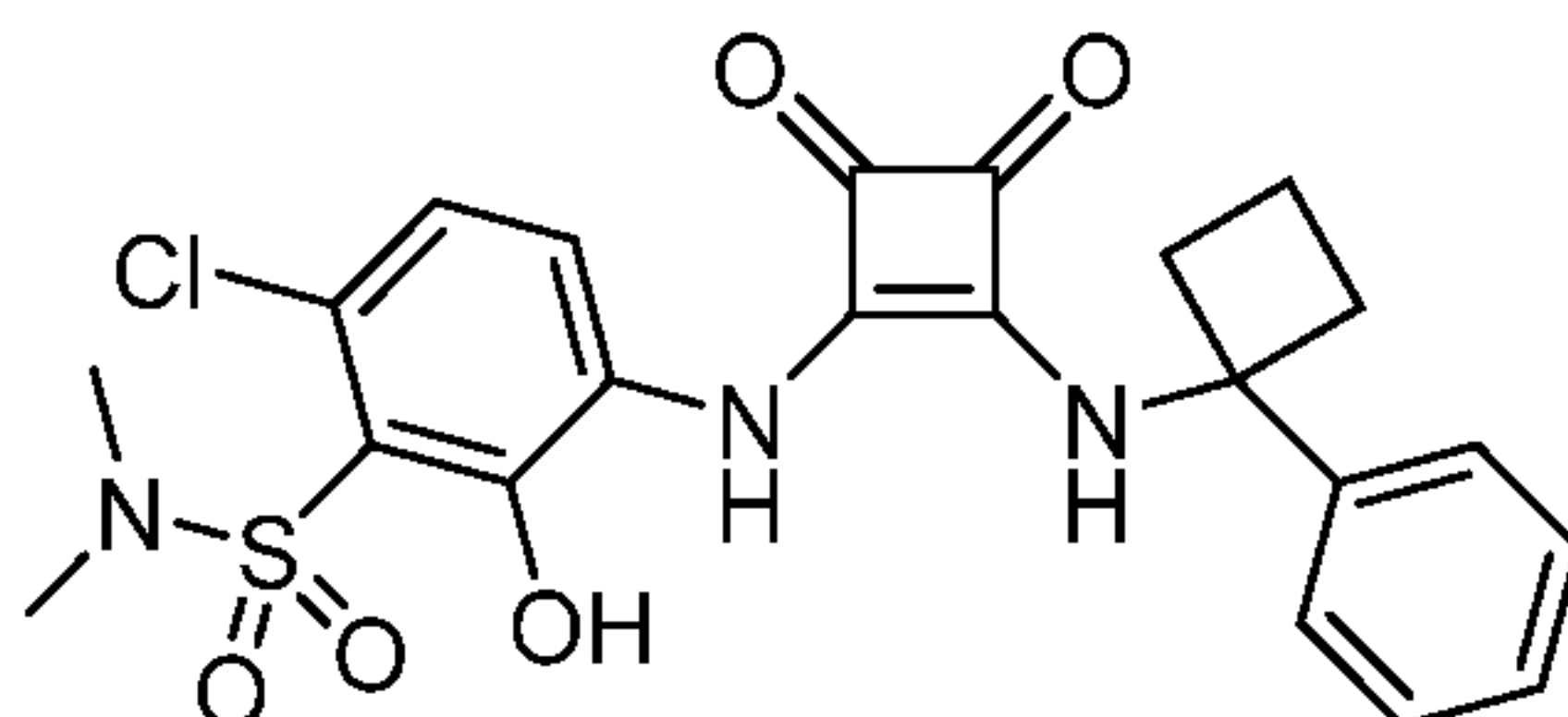
Synthesis of Compound 117: 3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-phenylcyclobutyl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00338] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 7 (34 mg, 0.10 mmol) and 1-phenylcyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (28 mg, 0.15 mmol) were converted into the title compound (20 mg, 0.045 mmol, 45%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 9.07 (br s, 1H), 8.05 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (br s, 1H), 7.53 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (br s, 2H), 7.26 (br s, 1H), 7.09 (br d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.96 (m, 1H), 2.70 (br s, 6H), 2.16-2.28 (m, 2H), 1.95-2.06 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.84 (m, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 440 [M-H]⁻.

Example 132

Synthesis of Compound 118: 6-chloro-3-((3,4-dioxo-2-((1-phenylcyclobutyl)amino)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)amino)-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide



[00339] According to Method B and procedures similar to those for synthesizing Compound 2, Intermediate 1 (26 mg, 0.069 mmol) and 1-phenylcyclobutan-1-amine hydrochloride (19 mg, 0.10 mmol) were converted into the title compound (11 mg, 0.023 mmol, 33%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d): δ = 10.43 (br s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (br d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.12 (br s, 1H), 6.95 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 2.68-2.83 (m, 2H), 2.49-2.68 (m, 2H), 2.20-2.38 (m, 1H), 2.03-2.11 (m, 1H). MS (ESI): m/z = 474 [M-H]⁻.

Example 133

Biological Assay

[00340] HEK-Gqi5 cells stably expressing human CCR6 were cultured in DMEM high glucose, 10% FBS, 1% PSA, 400 ug/ml geneticin and 50 ug/ml hygromycin. Appropriate positive control chemokine (MIP3 α) was used as the positive control agonist for screening compound-induced calcium activity assayed on the FLIPR^{Tetra}. The drug plates were prepared in 384-well microplates using the EP3 and the MultiPROBE robotic liquid handling systems. Compounds disclosed herein were tested for CCR6 activity.

[00341] The results set forth below in Table 1 demonstrate that the compounds disclosed herein are CCR6 antagonists, and thus can be useful for the treatment of pathological conditions associated with CCR6 receptors.

Table 1

Comp. No.	CCR6 IC ₅₀ (nM)	CCR6 % Antagonism
1	162	73
2	183	93
3	286	96
4	136	87
5	40	86
6	26	72
7	252	101
8	6	90
9	247	84
10	140	63
11	38	100
12	163	85

Comp. No.	CCR6 IC₅₀ (nM)	CCR6 % Antagonism
13	62	100
14	293	88
15	83	96
16	485	97
17	14	100
18	180	97
19	119	95
20	58	86
21	248	93
22	106	98
23	58	82
24	30	85
25	24	82
26	30	100
27	144	98
28	17	94
29	8	94
30	264	95
31	28	98
32	12	101

Comp. No.	CCR6 IC₅₀ (nM)	CCR6 % Antagonism
33	227	94
34	120	91
35	197	102
36	26	96
37	19	85
38	474	94
39	53	102
40	272	101
41	476	96
42	248	102
43	9	87
44	37	95
45	37	104
46	37	95
47	85	98
48	25	95
49	31	98
50	51	100
51	17	99
52	18	95

Comp. No.	CCR6 IC₅₀ (nM)	CCR6 % Antagonism
53	106	94
54	113	95
55	140	99
56	455	101
57	90	89
58	75	93
59	272	94
60	74	98
61	169	106
62	290	85
63	40	84
64	25	100
65	225	99
66	270	87
67	85	94
68	194	94
68a	48	99
69	233	97
70	147	97
71	134	100

Comp. No.	CCR6 IC₅₀ (nM)	CCR6 % Antagonism
72	46	95
73	98	88
74	162	94
75	394	101
76	100	96
77	336	98
78	178	98
79	106	86
80	150	87
81	173	96
82	173	95
83	180	89
84	27	61
85	28	98
86	49	102
87	160	101
88	248	95
89	60	101
90	19	98
91	373	100

Comp. No.	CCR6 IC₅₀ (nM)	CCR6 % Antagonism
92	46	95
93	88	96
94	131	96
95	30	101
96	138	98
97	35	99
98	407	99
99	194	96
100	293	95
101	74	98
102	162	97
103	90	93
104	408	94
105	121	95
106	274	100
107	118	92
108	175	95
109	6	99
110	35	101
111	154	98

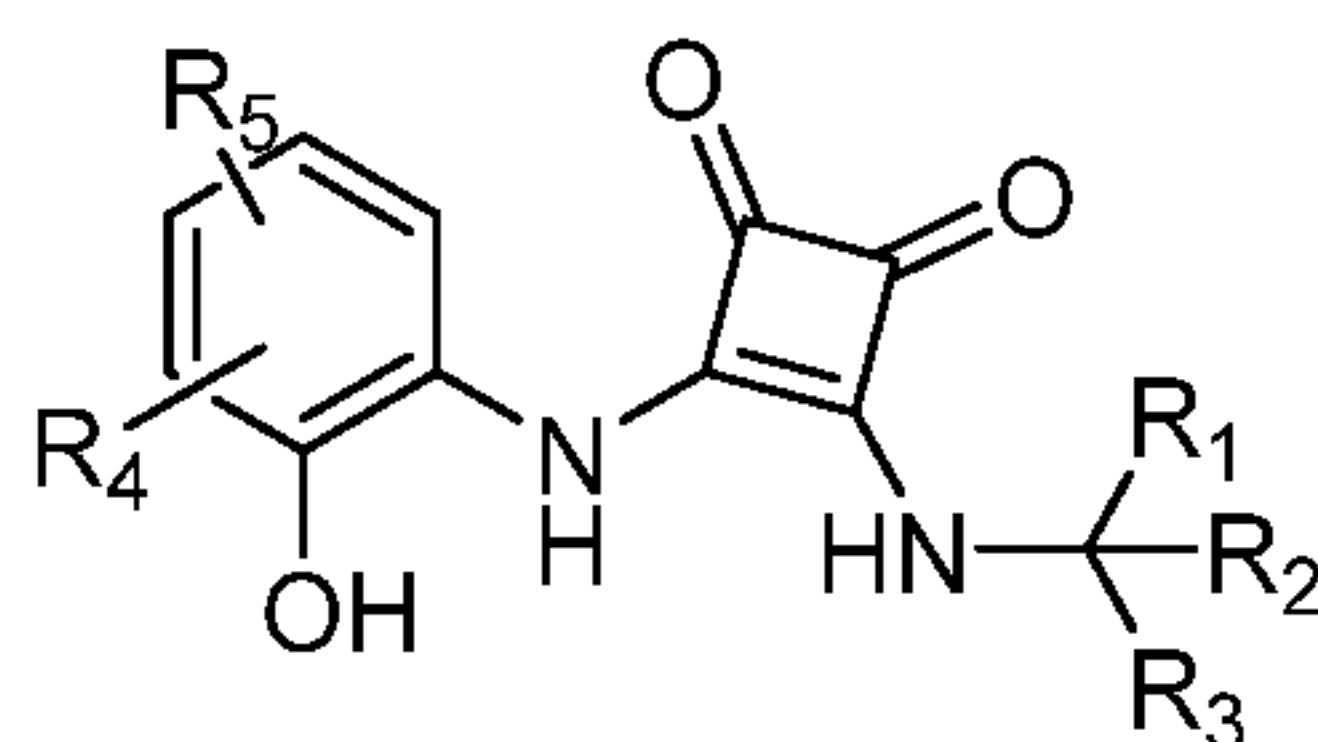
Comp. No.	CCR6 IC₅₀ (nM)	CCR6 % Antagonism
112	106	95
113	67	91
114	338	102
115	201	101
116	43	97
117	190	100
118	162	91

[00342] Throughout this specification reference is made to publications such as US and foreign patent applications, journal articles, book chapters, and others. All such publications are expressly incorporated by reference in their entirety, including supplemental/supporting information sections published with the corresponding references, for all purposes unless otherwise indicated.

[00343] While a number of exemplary aspects and embodiments have been discussed above, those of skill in the art will recognize certain modifications, permutations, additions and sub-combinations thereof. It is therefore intended that the following appended claims and claims hereafter introduced are interpreted to include all such modifications, permutations, additions and sub-combinations as are within their true spirit and scope.

WHAT IS CLAIMED:

1. A compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, including an enantiomer, a diastereoisomer, a tautomer thereof:



Formula I

wherein

R₁ is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O-

(sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and
- vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

or **R₁** and **R₂** together with the carbon to which they are attached form

- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, CD₃, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or
- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond;

R₃ is selected from

- i) hydrogen, deuterium, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}_6$, $-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, $-\text{OR}_6$, CD_2CD_3 , halo, C_{2-5} alkenyl, C_{2-5} alkynyl, sulfonate, phosphonate,
- ii) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, $-\text{NR}_6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}_7$, halo, OR_6 , $\text{R}_6\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{O}-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, $-\text{NR}_6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}_7$, halo, OR_6 , $\text{R}_6\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{O}-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl- $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, $-\text{NR}_6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}_7$, halo, OR_6 , $\text{R}_6\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{O}-$ (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkoxyalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, $-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$, C_{1-6} alkyl-

C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and

vi) C₁₋₅ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, -Si(C₁₋₆ alkyl), C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₄ is selected from -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, -NR₆CO₂R₇, -NR₆C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₇SO₂R₆, -NR₇SO₂NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, halo, CN, -SO₂NR₆R₇, and -SO₂R₆;

R₅ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, -OR₆, halo, -NR₆R₇, CN, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, and -NO₂;

R₆ and **R₇** are independently selected from

- i) hydrogen,
- ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, aralkyl, CD₃,
- iii) C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl,
- iv) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- vi) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and
- vii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

or **R₆** and **R₇** together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W;

W is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₂₋₅ alkynyl, halo, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, and hydroxyl; with the provisos:

- a) that when R₁ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, R₃ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, and that when R₃ is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, R₁ is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above;
- b) that when any of R₁, R₂, or R₃ are C₁₋₅ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, R₅ is not hydrogen;
- c) that when either R₁ or R₃ is 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, R₂ is not C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
- d) that when either R₁ or R₃ is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, and R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, then neither R₆ or R₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ is hydrogen or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above;
- e) that when R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above, and R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, R₅ is not C₁₋₆ alkyl or CN and both R₆ and R₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ are C₁₋₆ alkyl; and
- f) that when R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, R₃ is not hydrogen.

2. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 1, wherein **R₁** is selected from

- i) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

- ii) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iv) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- v) tri-C₁₋₅ alkylsilyl, and
- vi) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆, 6 to 12 membered aryl, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, -CO₂R₆, -C(O)NR₆R₇,

halo, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl, 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₂ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, and C₂₋₅ alkynyl;

R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in claim 1;

with the provisos:

- a) that when **R₁** is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R₃** is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, and that when **R₃** is 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, **R₁** is not a 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above;
 - b) that when any of **R₁, R₂, or R₃** are C₁₋₅ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and **R₄** is -SO₂NR₆R₇, **R₅** is not hydrogen;
 - c) that when either **R₁** or **R₃** is 4 or 5 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, **R₂** is not C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
 - d) that when either **R₁** or **R₃** is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above, and **R₄** is -SO₂NR₆R₇, then neither **R₆** or **R₇** in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ is hydrogen or 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted as described above.
3. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 2, wherein **R₁** is C₁₋₁₀ alkyl substituted with at least one group selected from OR₆ halo, -CO₂R₆, and 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl, and wherein **R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W** are as defined in claim 2.
 4. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 2 or 3, wherein **R₂** is hydrogen, and wherein **R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, and R₇, and W** are as defined in claim 2.
 5. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 2 to 4, wherein **R₃** is 6 to 12 membered aryl or C₁₋₅ alkyl, and wherein **R₄, R₅, R₆, and R₇, and W** are as defined in claim 2.
 6. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 2 to 5, wherein **R₆** is hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl.

7. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 6, wherein R_6 is hydrogen.
8. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 2, wherein R_1 is C_{1-10} alkyl, and wherein R_2 , R_3 , R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 2.
9. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 8, wherein R_2 is hydrogen, and wherein R_3 , R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 2.
10. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 8 or 9, wherein R_3 is 6 to 12 membered aryl.
11. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 8 or 9, wherein R_3 is 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one C_{1-6} alkyl group.
12. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 8 or 9, wherein R_3 is $-C(O)NR_6R_7$, and wherein R_6 and R_7 are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, and 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl.
13. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 8, wherein R_2 is C_{1-5} alkyl, and wherein R_3 , R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 2.
14. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 8 or 13, wherein R_3 is hydrogen, and wherein R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 2.
15. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 8 or 13, wherein R_3 is C_{1-5} alkyl, and wherein R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 2.
16. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 8 or 13, wherein R_3 is 6 to 12 membered aryl, and wherein R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 2.
17. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 1, wherein R_1 and R_2 together with the carbon to which they are attached form

- i) a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- ii) a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,
- iii) a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, CD₃, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, or
- iv) a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkoxyalkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, -NR₆R₇, C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)O-, -C(O)O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C(O)NR₆R₇, -NR₆C(O)R₇, halo, OR₆, R₆S(O)₂O- (sulfonate), phosphonate, 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at

least one group selected from W, 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W, and 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W,

provided that R₃ is absent when the carbon to which R₁ and R₂ are attached is part of an aromatic or double bond; and

R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in claim 1; and

with the provisos:

- a) that when R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted as described above, and R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇, R₅ is not C₁₋₆ alkyl or CN and both R₆ and R₇ in the -SO₂NR₆R₇ are C₁₋₆ alkyl; and
- b) that when R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted as described above, R₃ is not hydrogen.

18. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 17, wherein R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one C₁₋₆ alkyl group, and wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in claim 17.

19. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 17, wherein R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with at least one C₁₋₆ alkyl group, and wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in claim 17.

20. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 17, wherein R₁ and R₂ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl optionally with at least one group selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, and wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in claim 17.

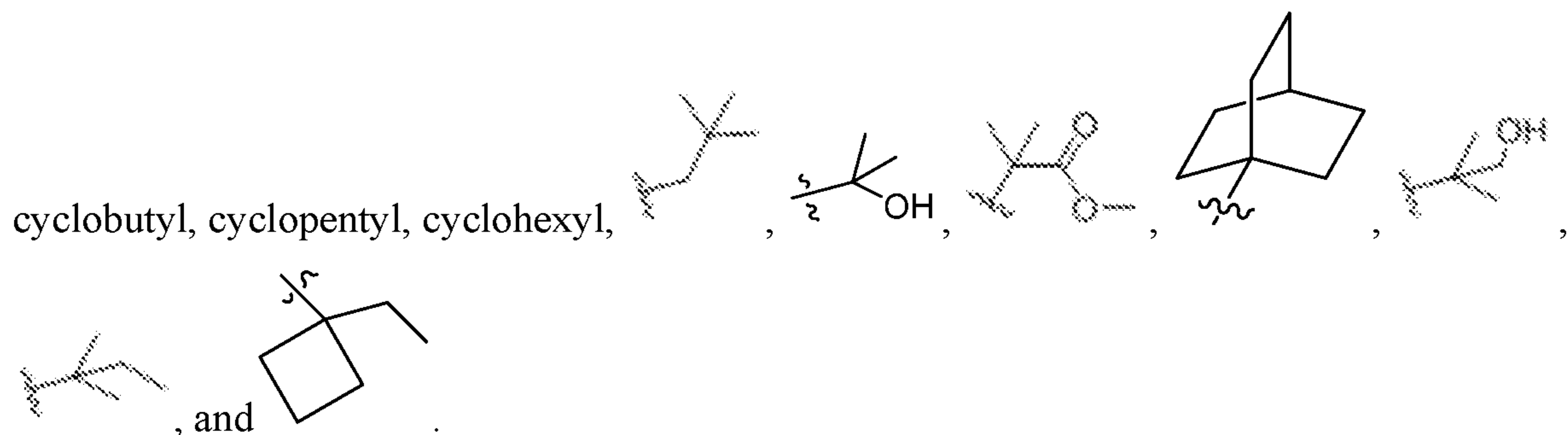
21. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 17 to 20, wherein R₃ is hydrogen, and wherein R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, and W are as defined in claim 17.

22. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 17 to 20, wherein R_3 is selected from

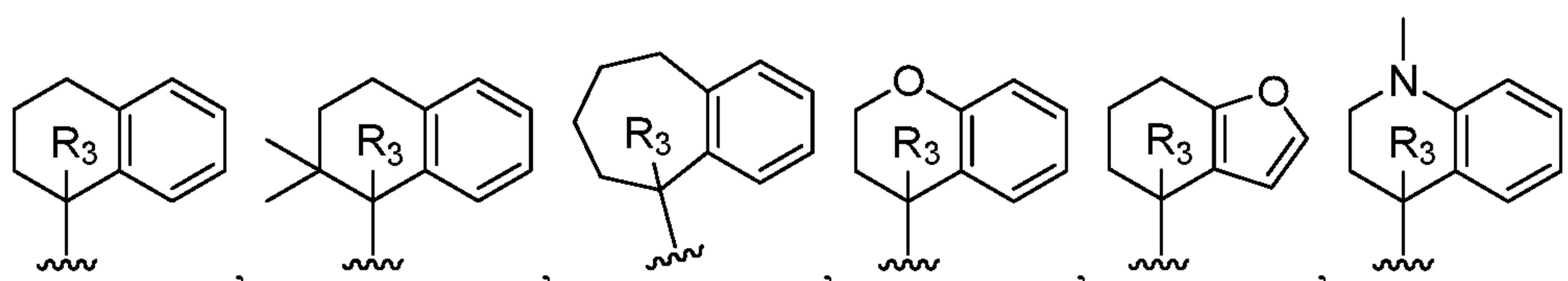
- i) C_{1-5} alkyl, optionally substituted with at least one group selected from OR_6 , C_{2-5} alkenyl, and 6 to 12 membered aryl;
- ii) 5 to 12 membered heteroaryl;
- iii) 6 to 12 membered aryl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, and halo;
- iv) 3 to 11 membered cycloalkyl;
- v) C_{2-5} alkynyl;

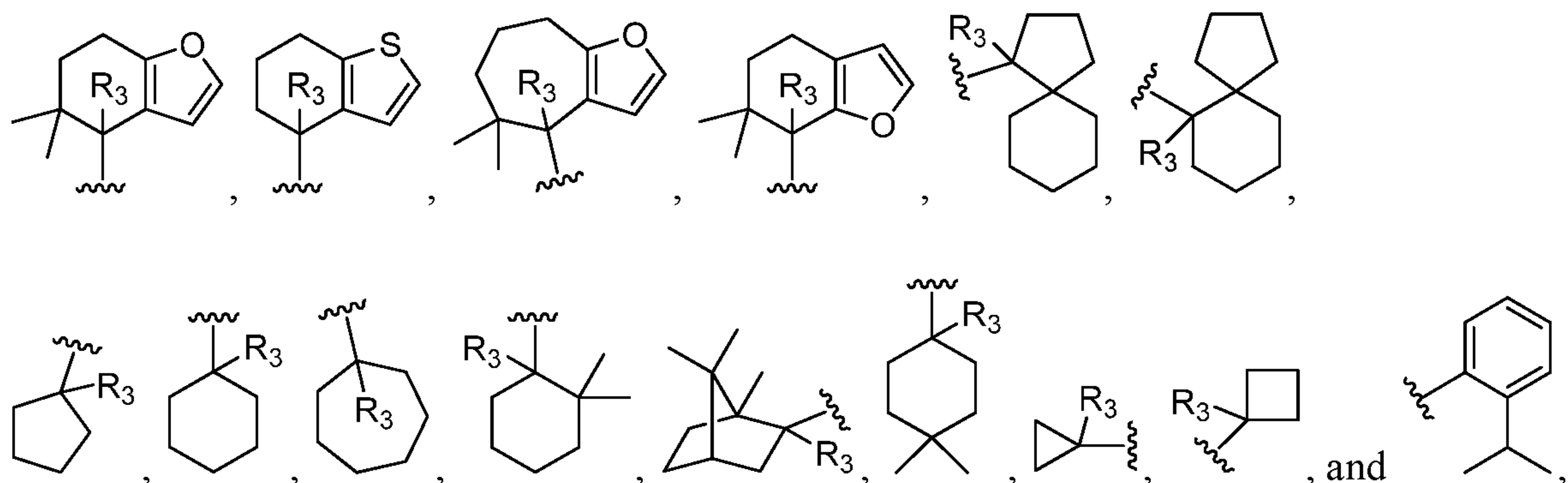
and wherein R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 17.

23. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 1, wherein R_1 is selected from methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxymethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl,



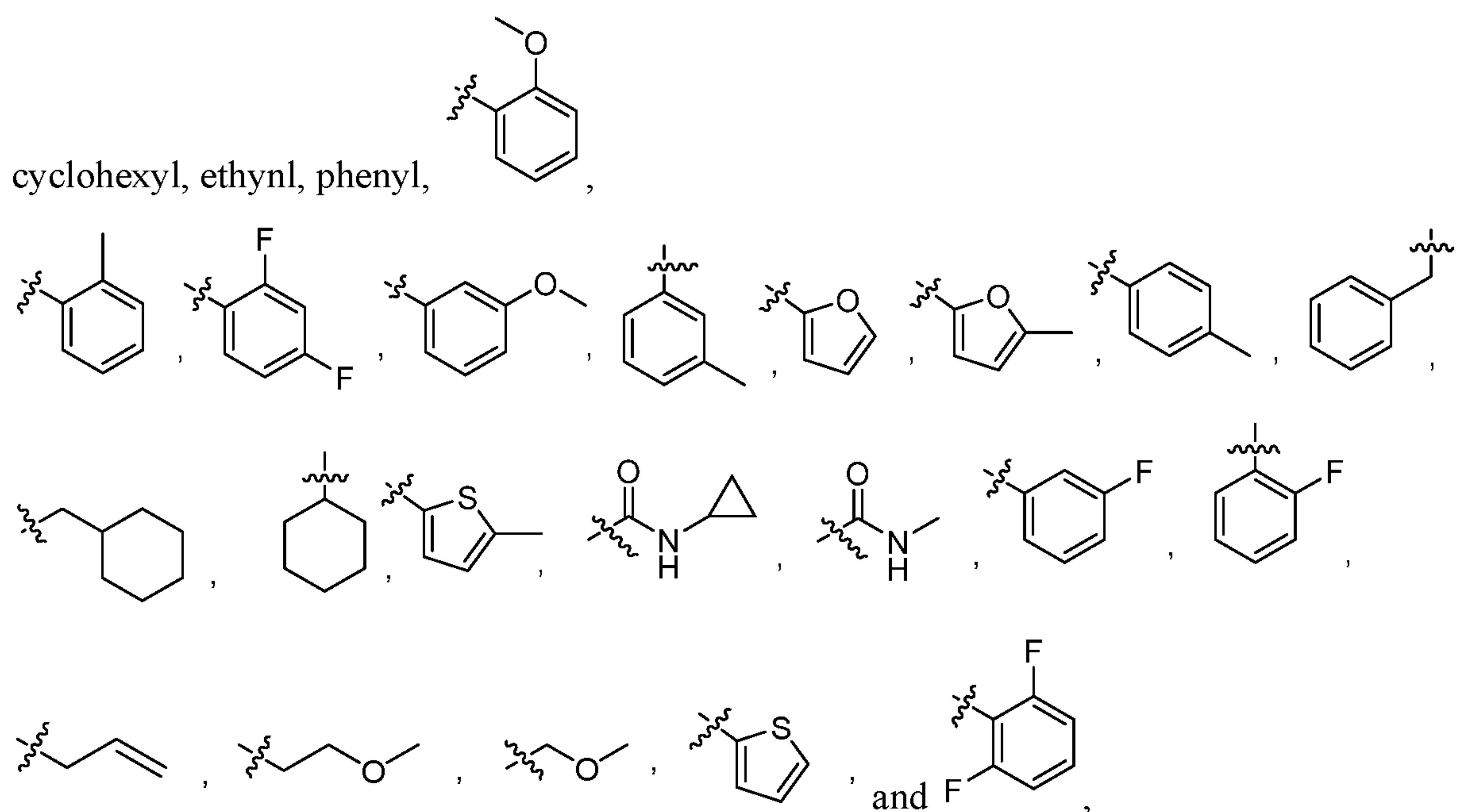
24. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 1 or claim 17, wherein R_1 and R_2 together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring selected from





wherein $\sim$ indicates the point of attachment to NH, and wherein R_3 , R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 1.

25. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 1, wherein R_3 is selected from hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl, tert-butyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl,



and wherein R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , and W are as defined in claim 1.

26. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 1 to 25, wherein R_4 is $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$ or $-\text{SO}_2\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$.

27. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 26, wherein R_6 and R_7 are independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, or R_6 and R_7 together

with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W.

28. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 27, wherein R₆ and R₇ are independently selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl, or aralkyl.

29. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 27 or 28, wherein both R₆ and R₇ are C₁₋₆ alkyl.

30. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 27 or 28, wherein R₆ is C₁₋₆ alkyl and R₇ is C₁₋₆ hydroxyalkyl.

31. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 27 or 28, wherein R₆ is C₁₋₆ alkyl and R₇ is aralkyl.

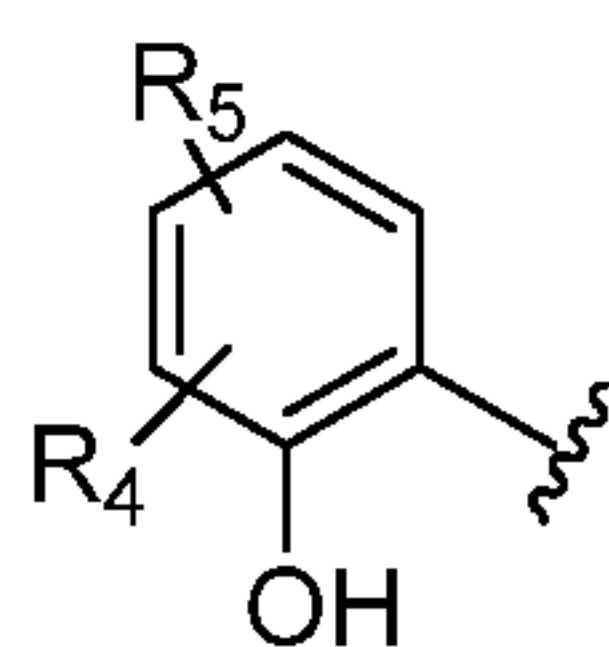
32. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 27, wherein R₆ and R₇ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 4 to 12 membered heterocyclyl optionally substituted with at least one group selected from W.

33. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 26 to 32, wherein R₄ is -C(O)NR₆R₇.

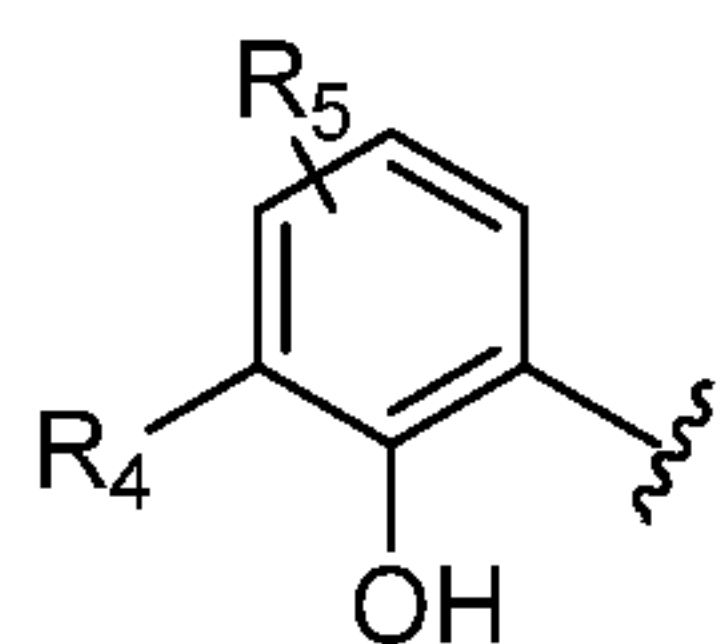
34. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 26 to 32, wherein R₄ is -SO₂NR₆R₇.

35. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 26 to 32, wherein R₄ is halo.

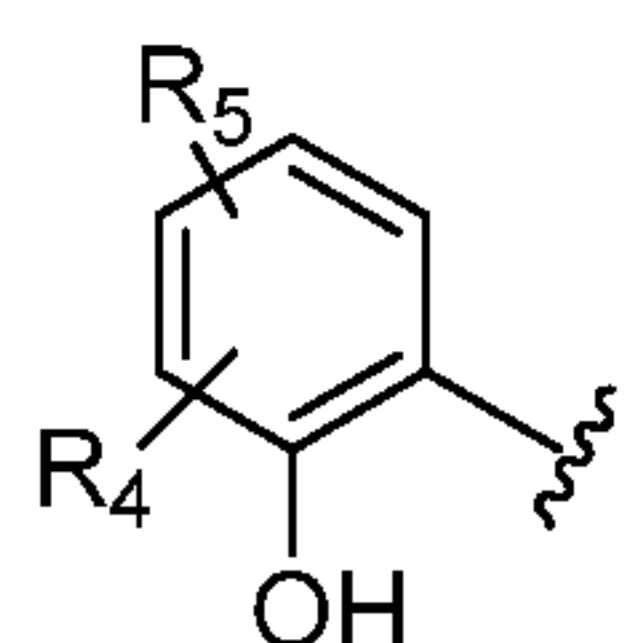
36. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 1 to 35, wherein the moiety:



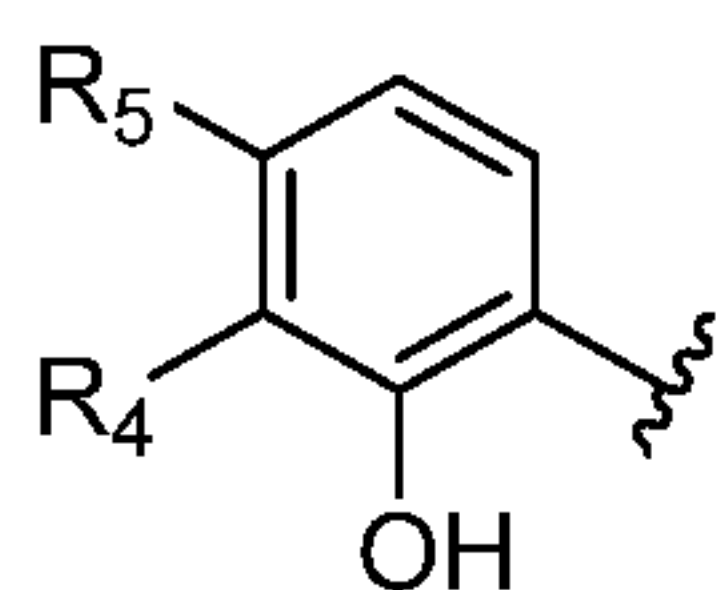
is of the form:



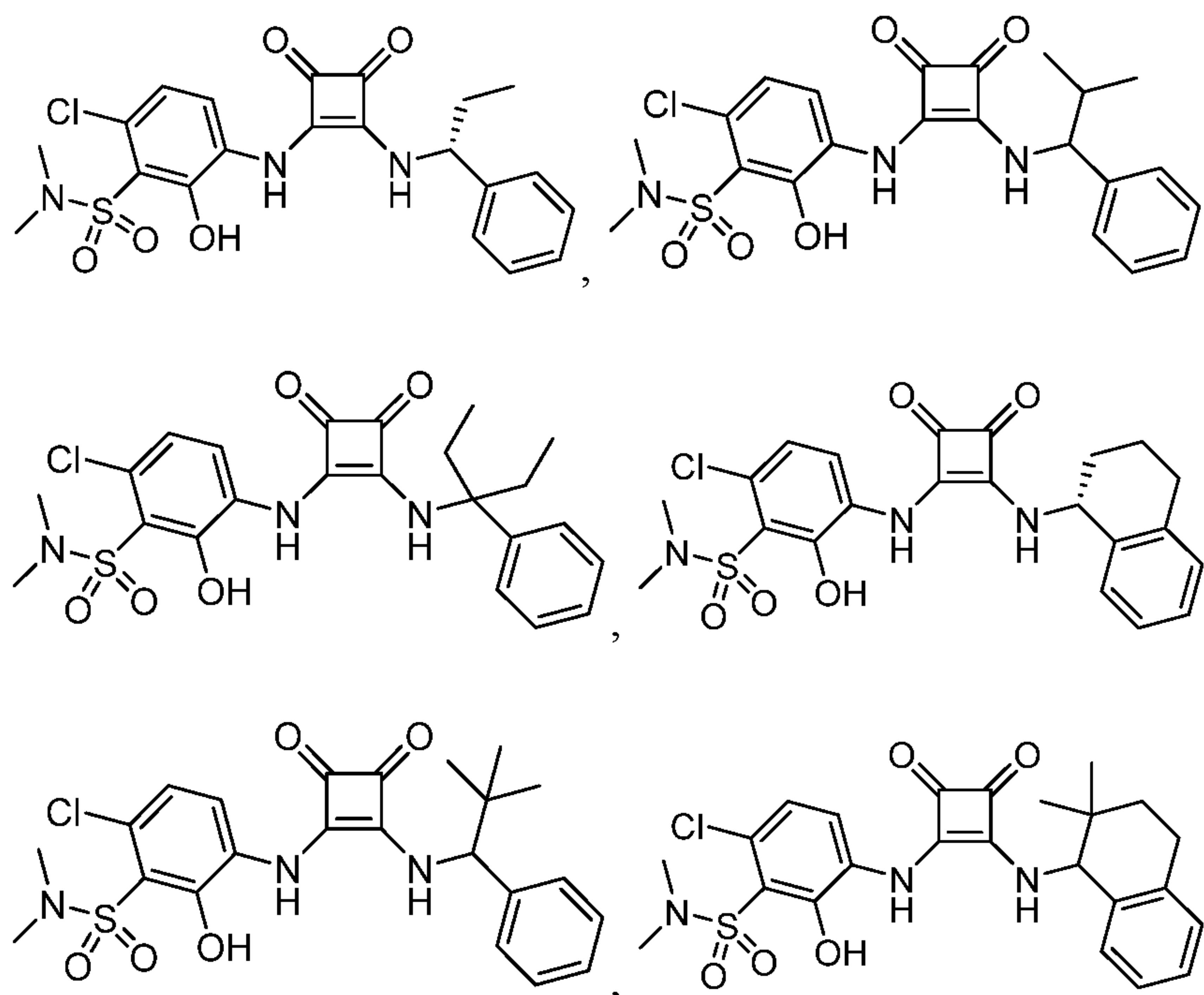
37. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 1 to 35, wherein the moiety:

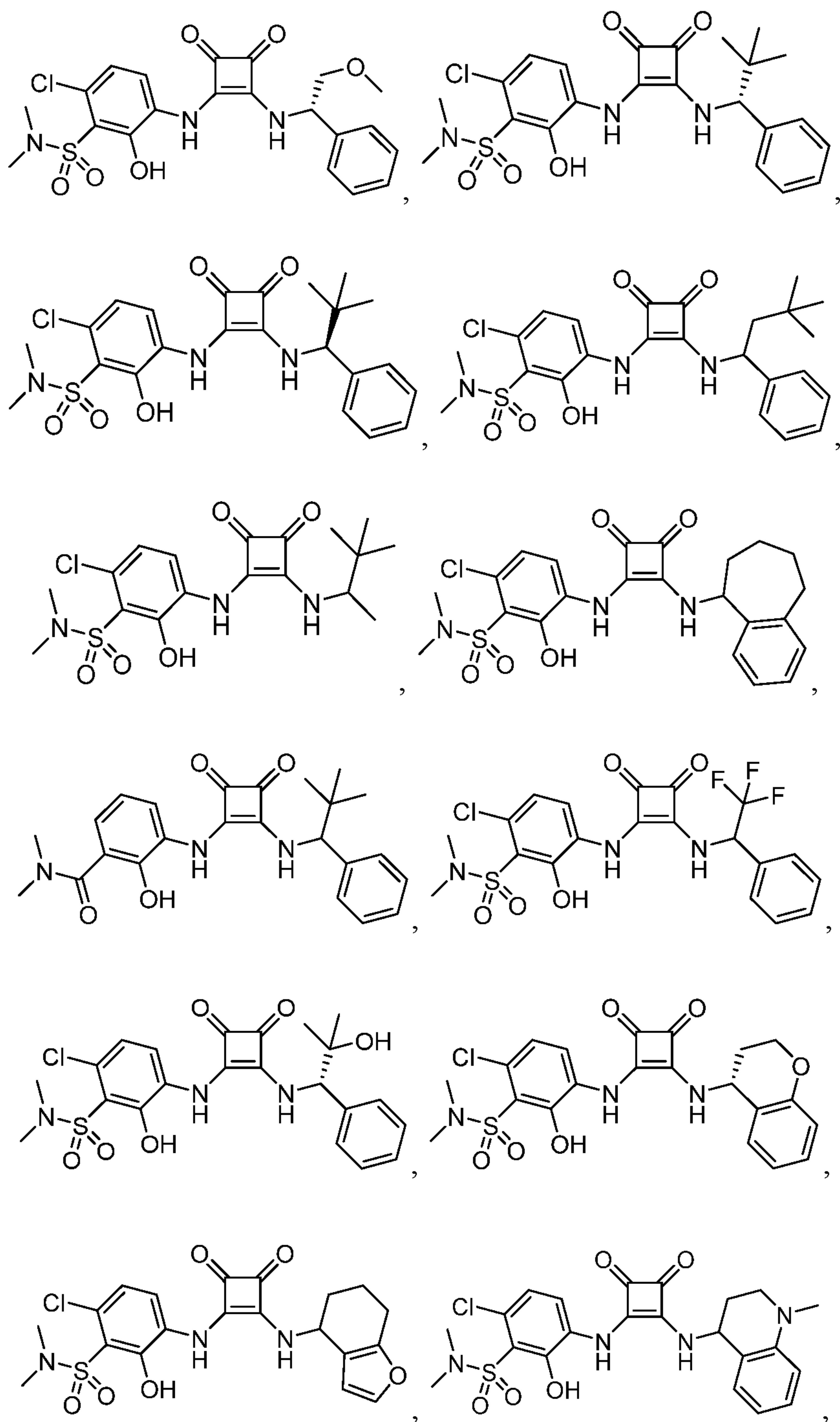


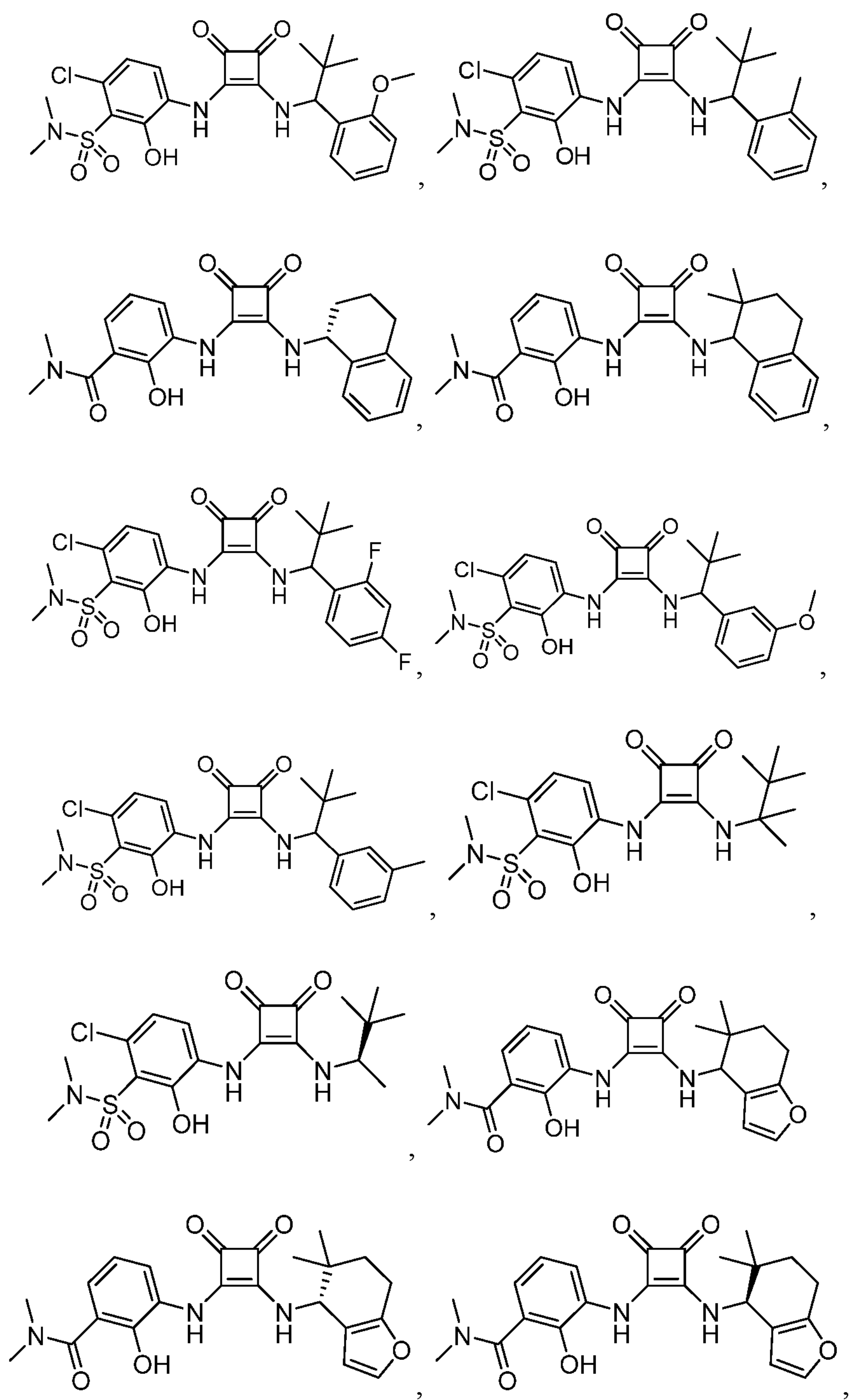
is of the form:

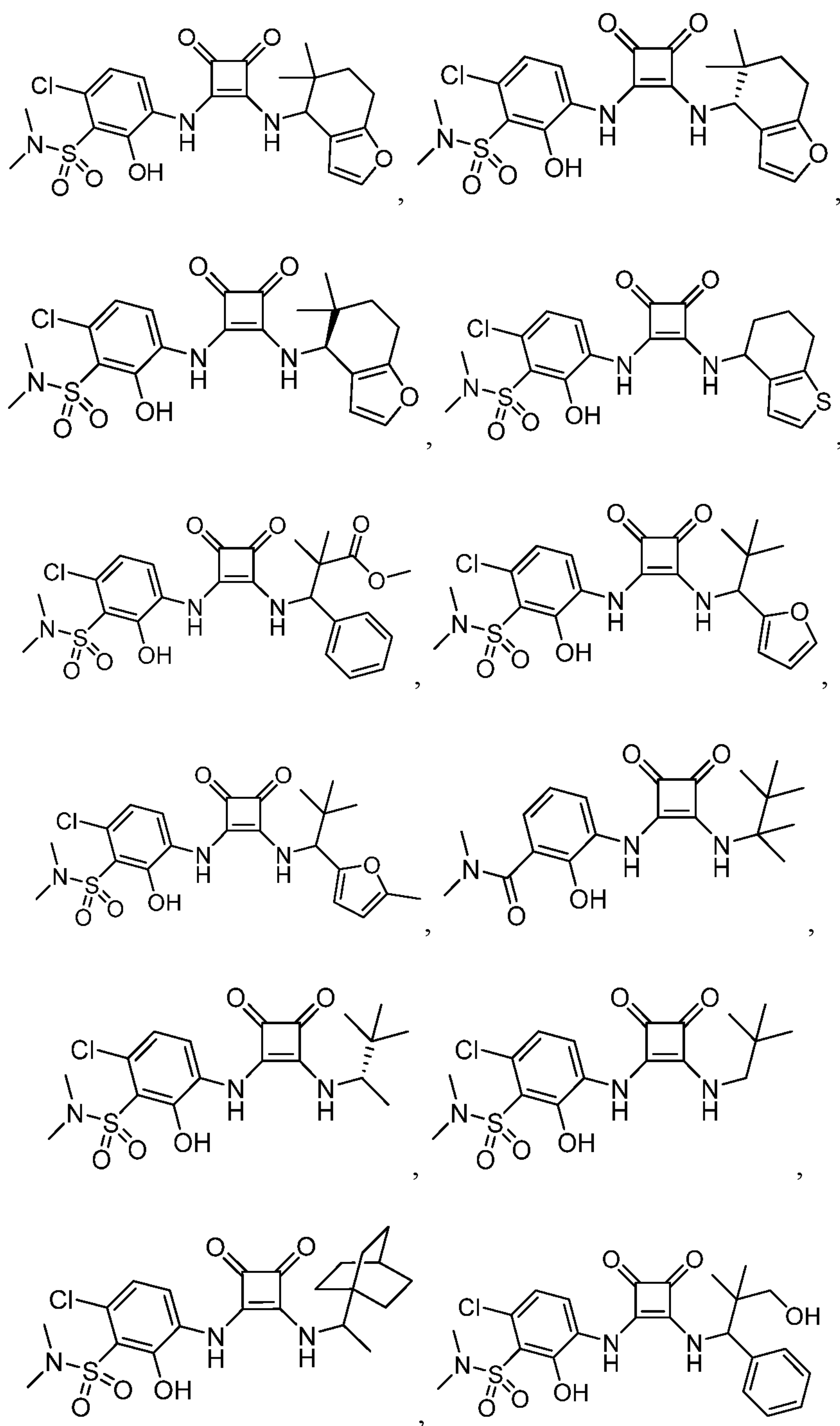


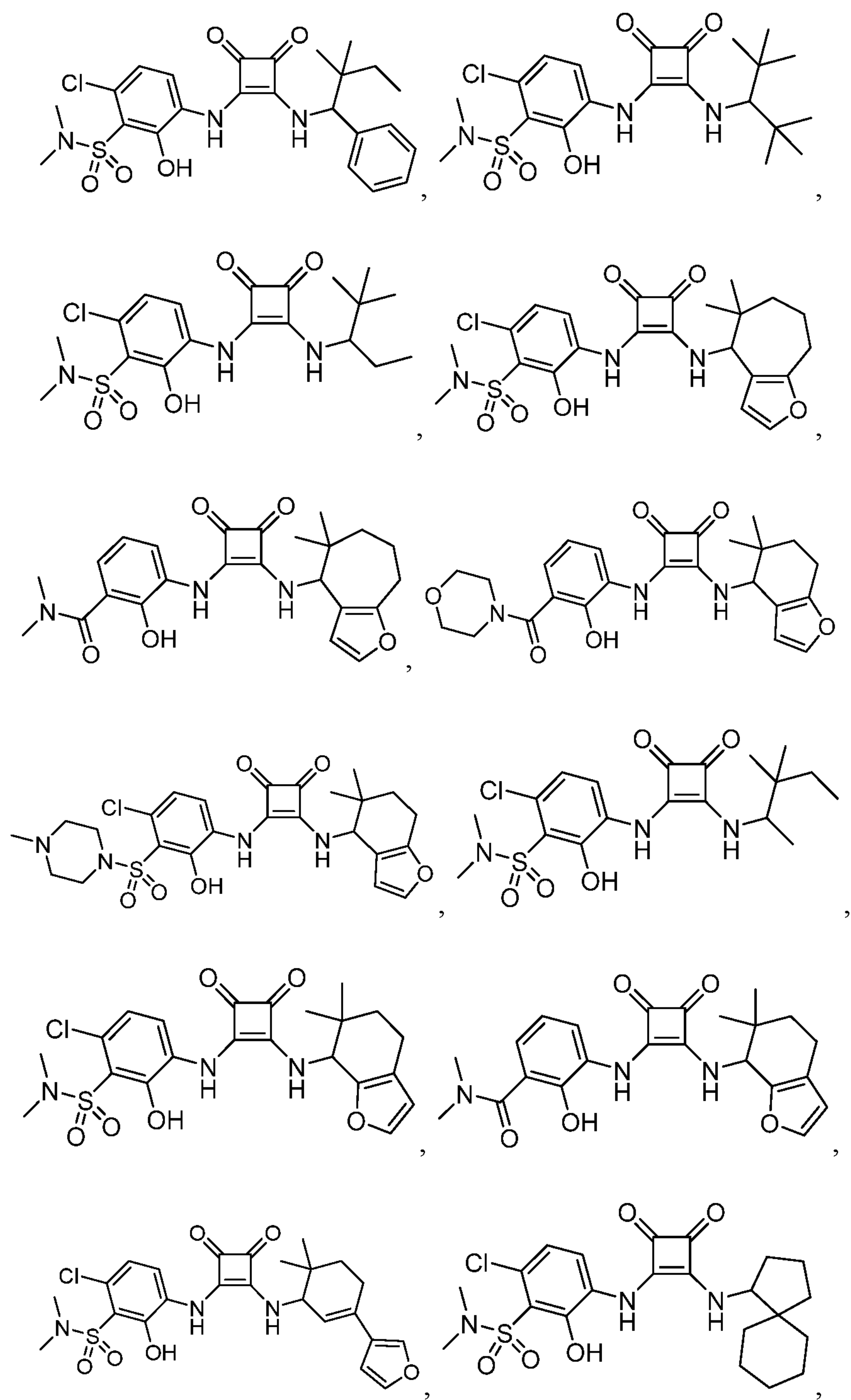
38. The compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of claim 1, which is selected from

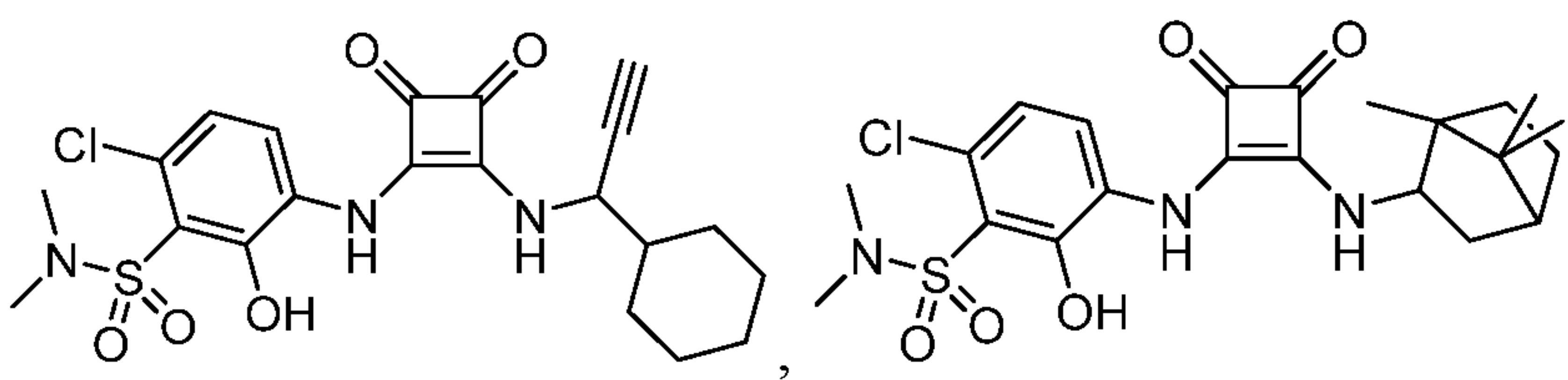
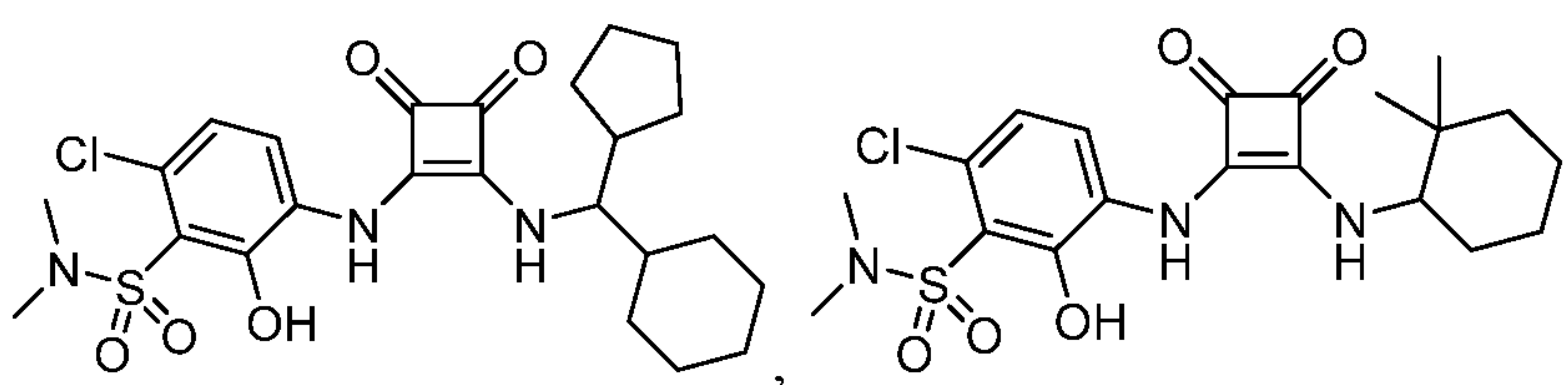
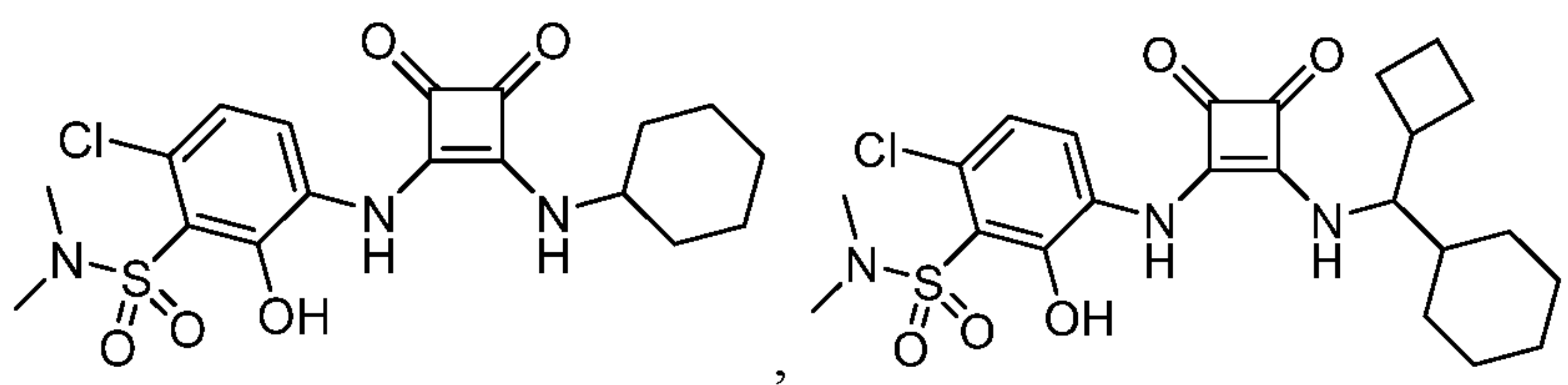
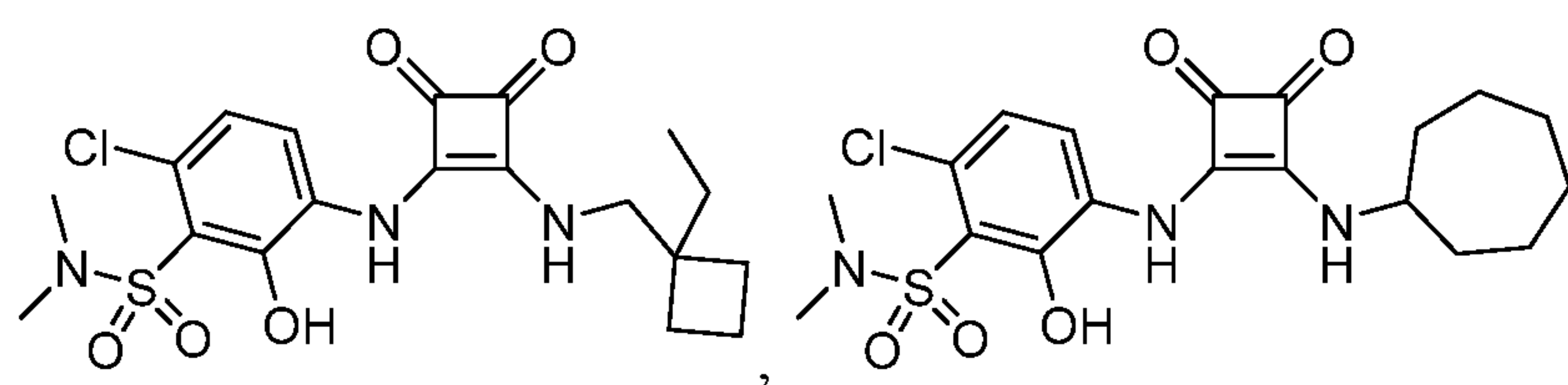
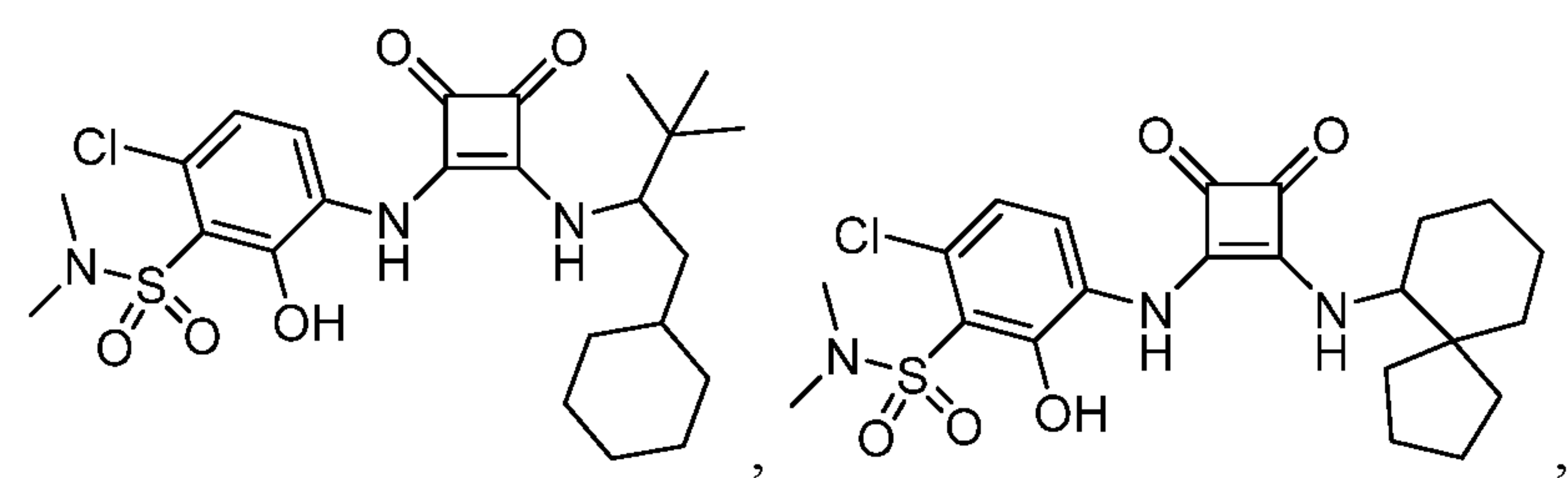
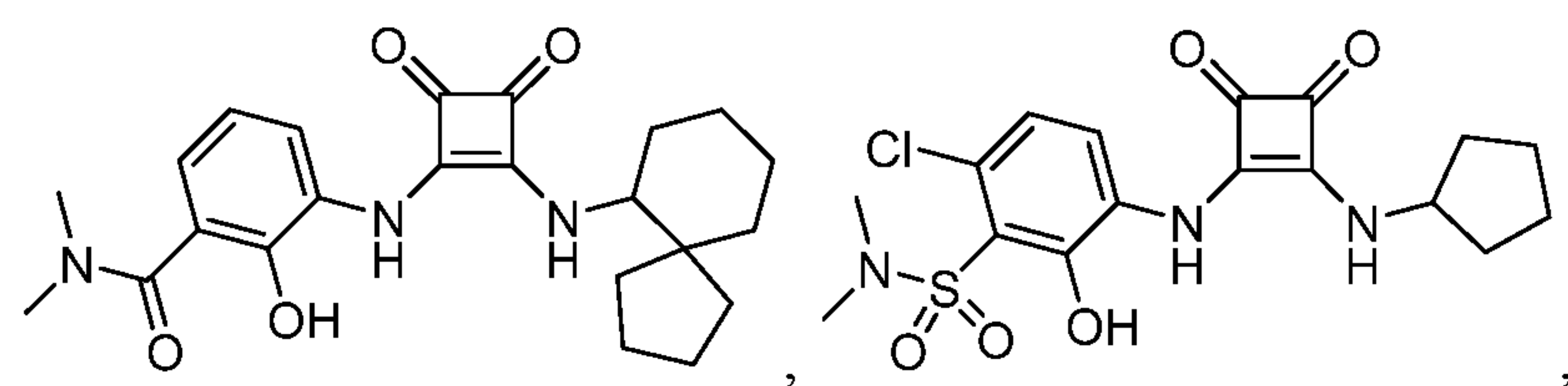


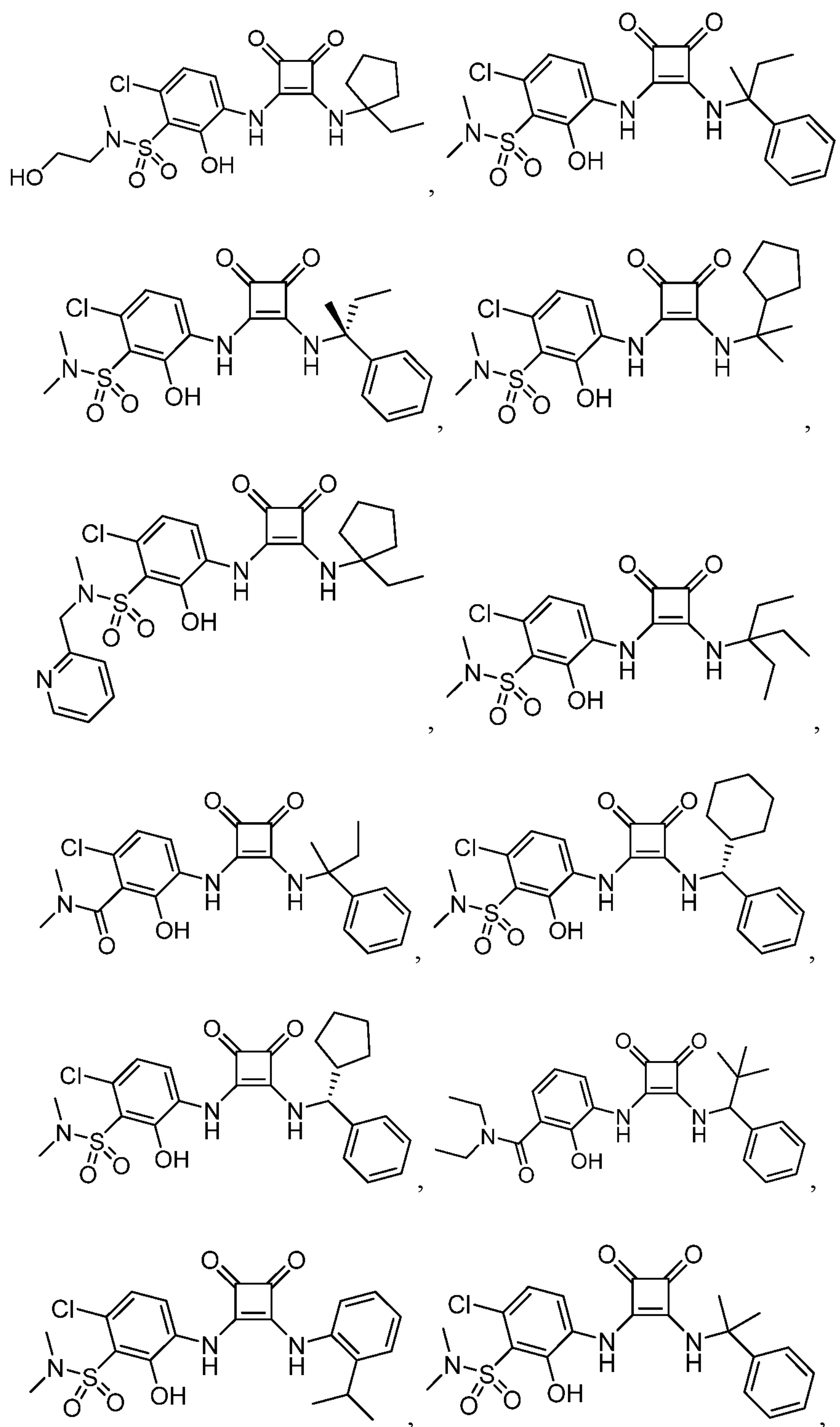


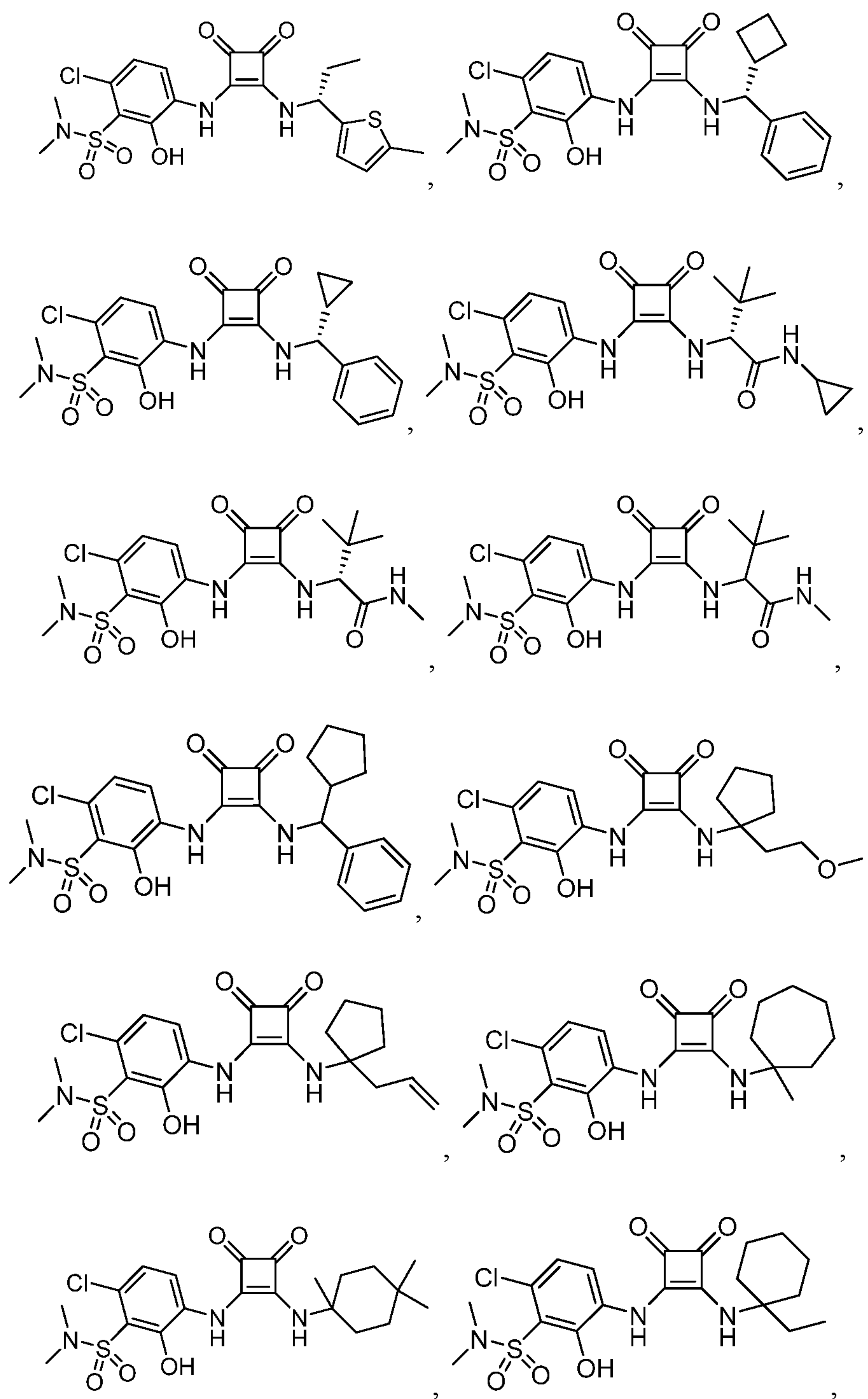


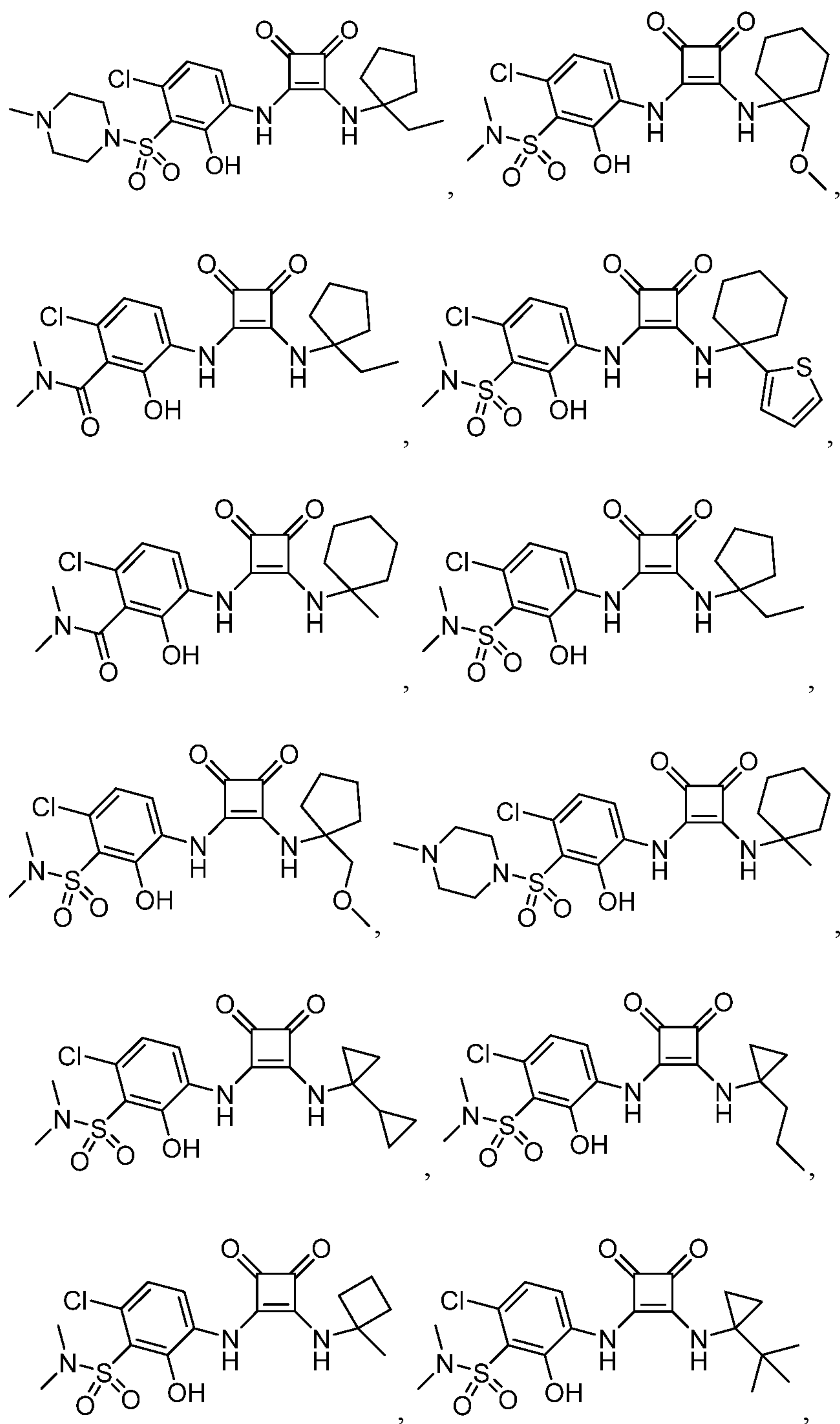


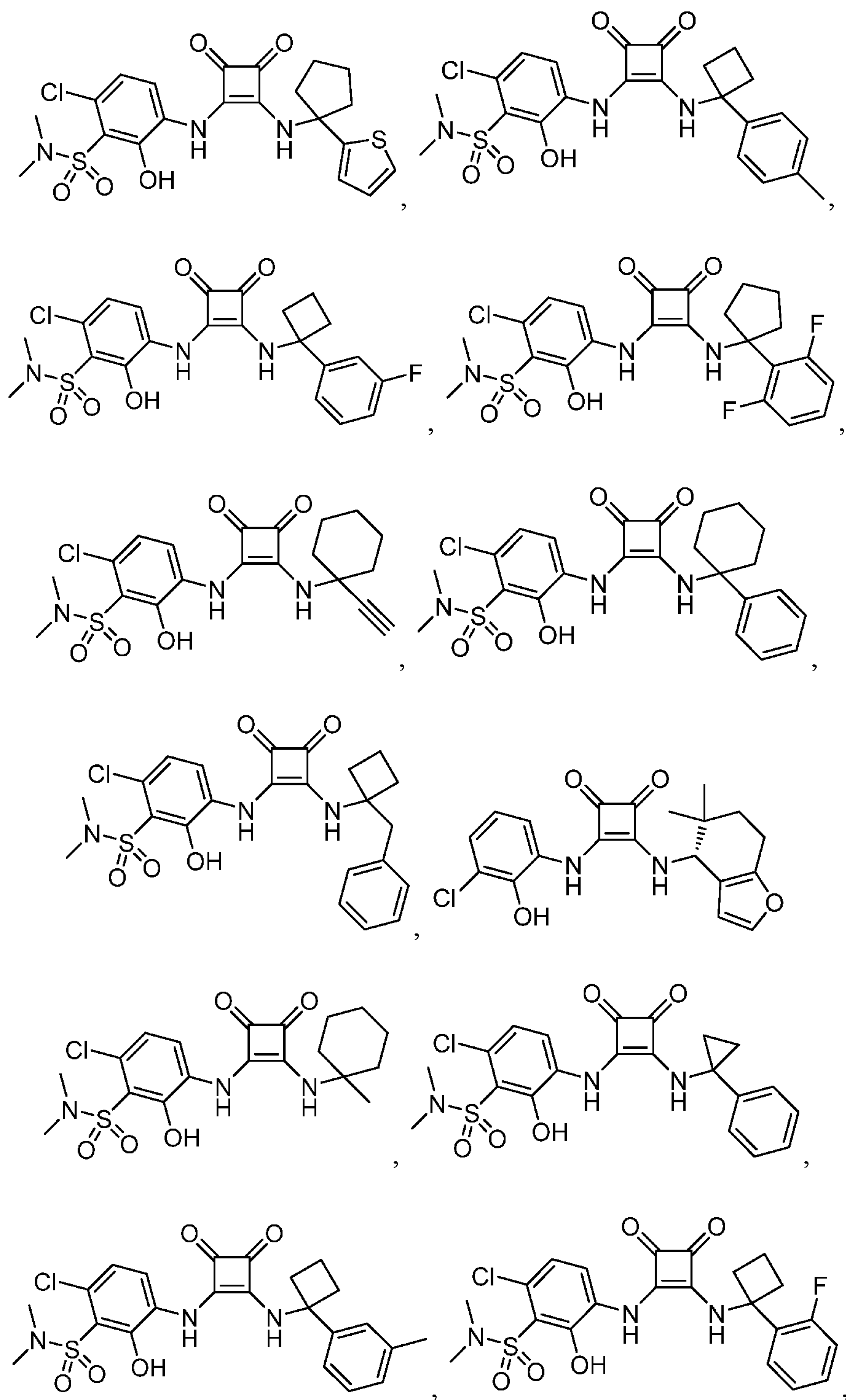


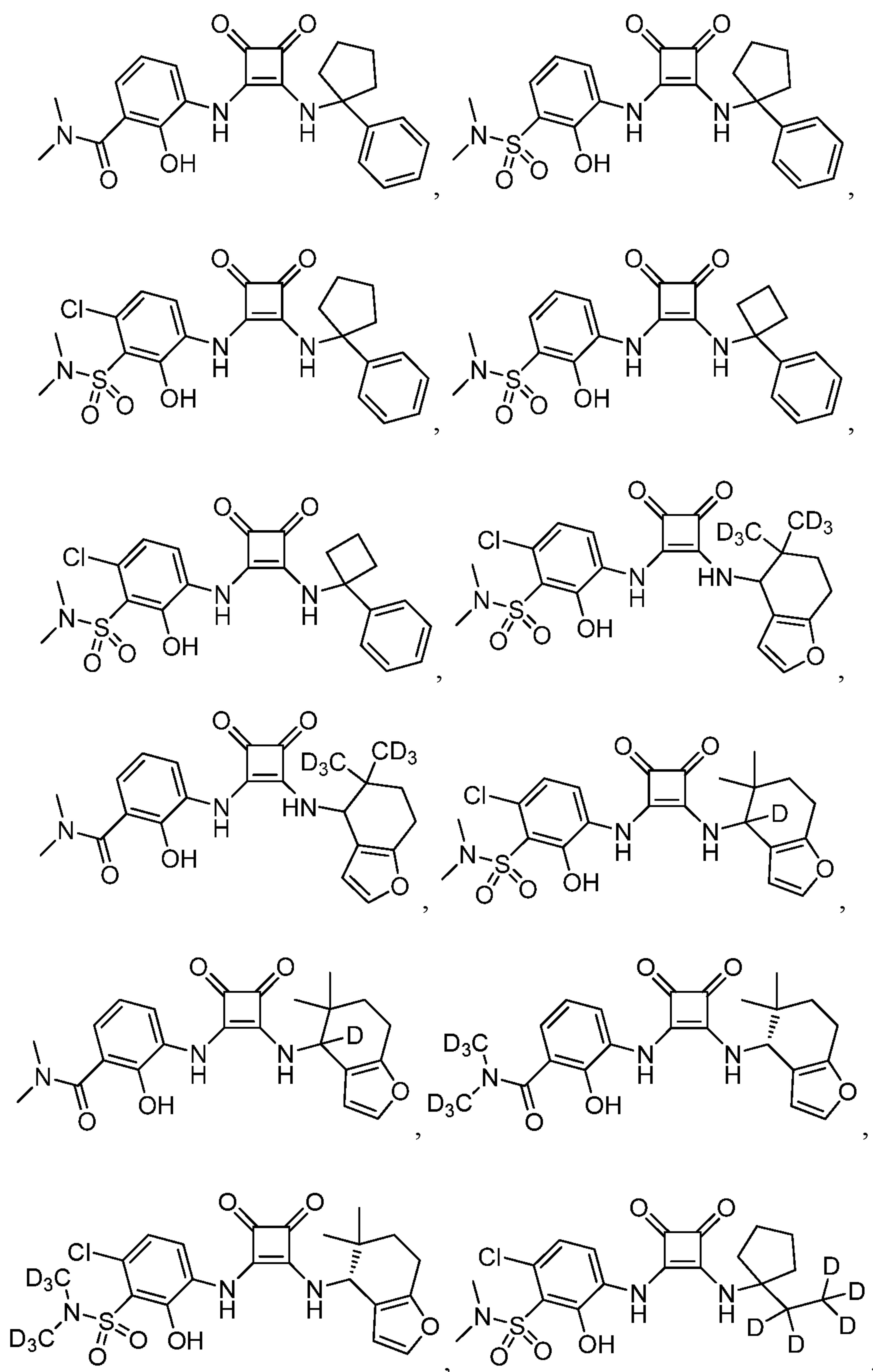


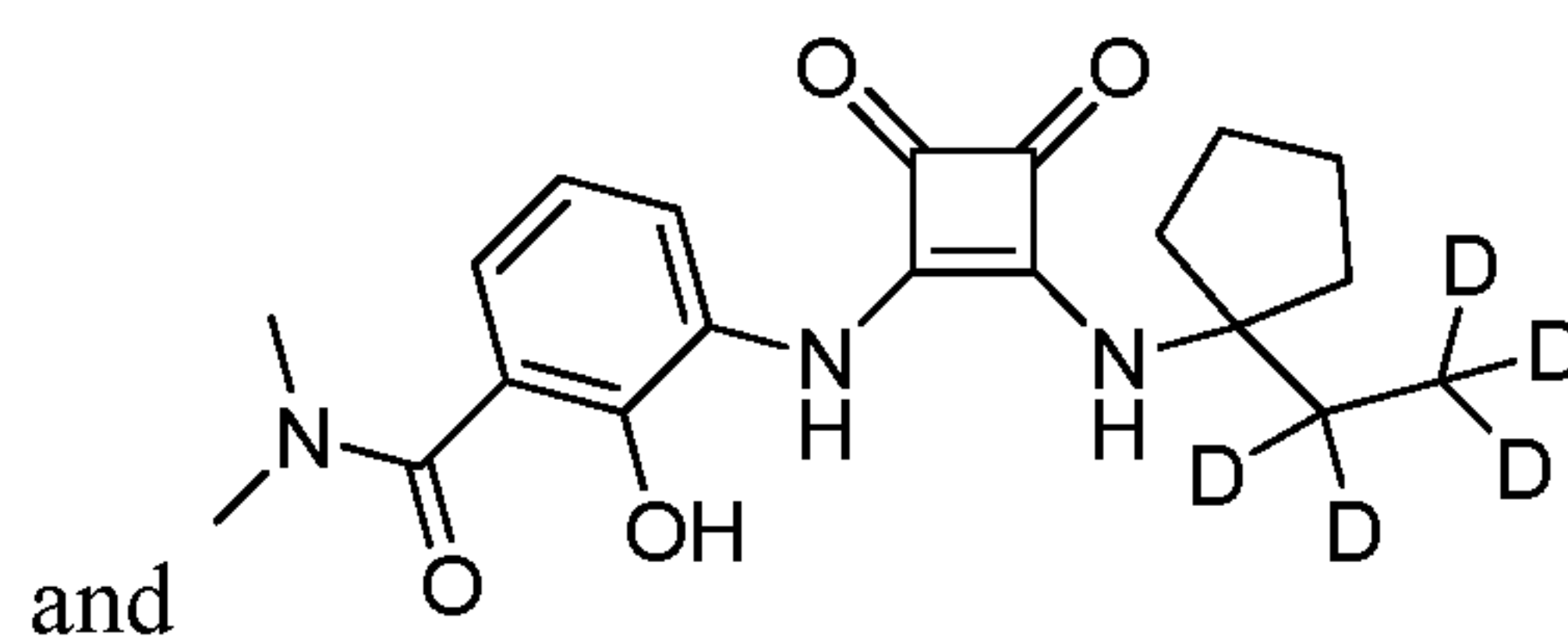












or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

39. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of any one of claims 1 to 38, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

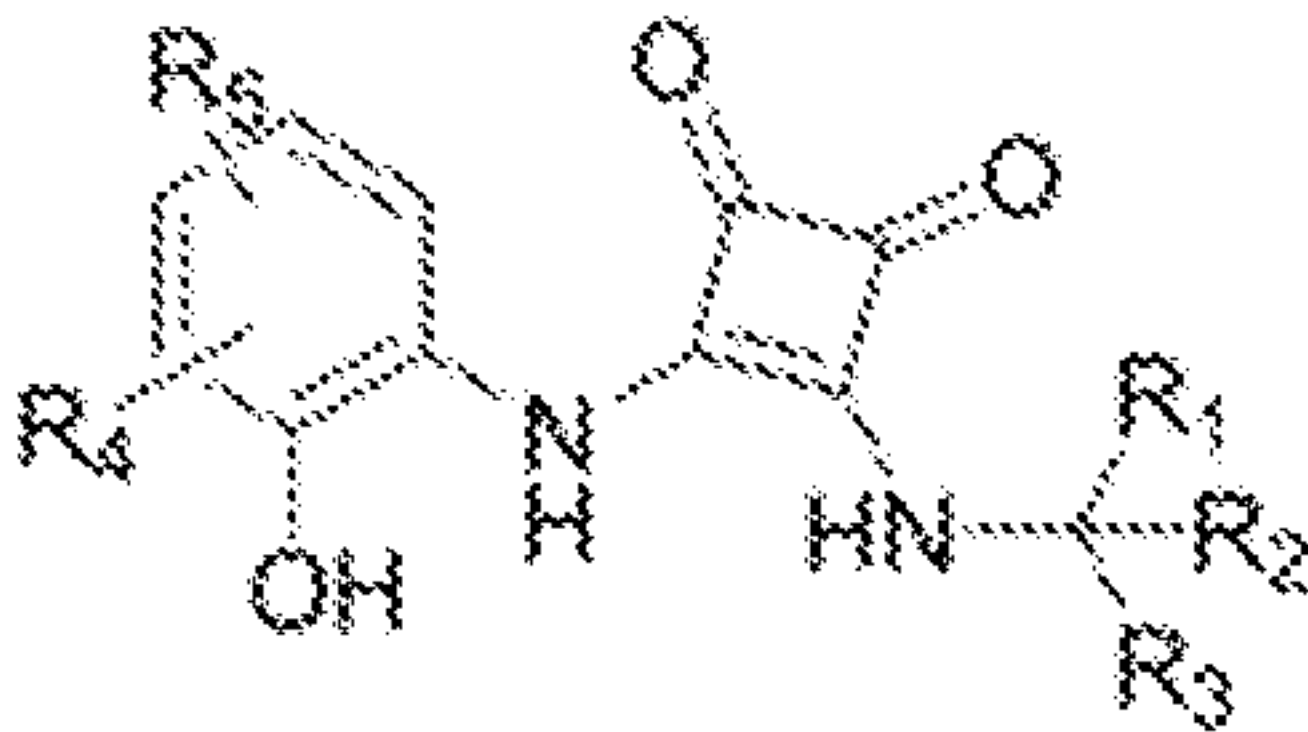
40. A method of treating an inflammatory or autoimmune disease in a mammal in need thereof which method comprises administering to the mammal in need thereof, a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of any one of claims 1 to 38, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

41. The method of claim 40, wherein the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is selected from the group consisting of psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, Sjogren's disease, GvHD, alopecia areata, uveitis, dry eye, diabetic retinopathy and allergic diseases.

42. The method of claim 41, wherein the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is selected from the group consisting of psoriasis and dry eye.

43. The method of claim 42, wherein the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is psoriasis.

44. The method of claim 42, wherein the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is dry eye.



(I)