

Oct. 12, 1926.

B. T. DYER

1,602,759

TELEPHONE REST

Filed August 23, 1922

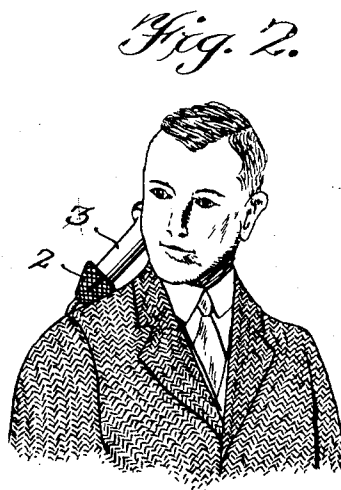
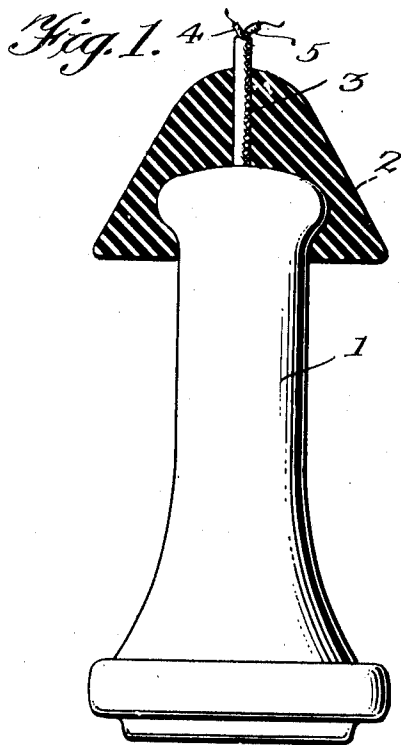


Fig. 3.

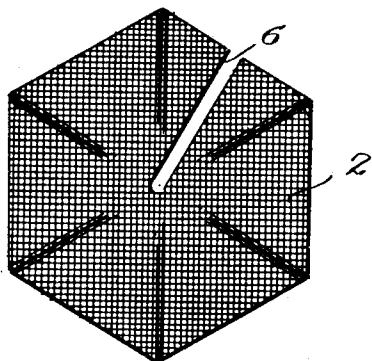


Fig. 4.

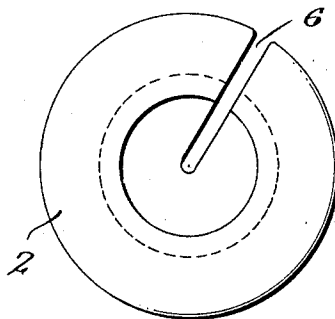
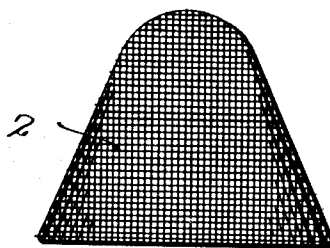


Fig. 5.



Inventor
B. T. Dyer
by Charles L. Stole
his Attorney

Patented Oct. 12, 1926.

1,602,759

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

BRUCE THOMAS DYER, OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

TELEPHONE REST.

Application filed August 23, 1922. Serial No. 583,890.

My invention relates to improvements for holding a telephone receiver in position on the shoulder, whereby a person is enabled to listen to a telephone conversation, or await a telephone call, and at the same time have the hands free while attending to other work.

It is an object of my invention to provide simplified means whereby the telephone receiver may be supported on the shoulder and held against the ear without danger of slipping off.

Another object of my invention is to provide simplified means for slipping on and off the telephone receiver, or attaching thereto, in a very easy manner.

Referring to the drawings in which like numbers indicate the same parts:

Fig. 1 is an elevation of a telephone receiver showing my attachment in section fastened thereto.

Fig. 2 is a view showing the receiver and attachment held in position between the shoulder and the ear.

Fig. 3 is a view looking down on my attachment.

Fig. 4 is a bottom view of a modification.

Fig. 5 is a side view of the modification shown in Fig. 4.

At 1 is a telephone receiver having the wires for the current circuit 4 and 5 coming through the center portion of one end. An attachment 2 is for slipping over the end of 1 and is preferably made of resilient rubber. The attachment 2 has a central passage 3 molded therein through which the wires 4 and 5 pass and 2 is preferably molded in hexagonal form and having a radial slot 6 cast therein, both for purposes which will be later described.

The attachment 2 is so molded as to closely fit the small end of receiver 1 and is attached thereto simply by pressing downwards on the larger face and inserting the wires through slot 6 which extends into passageway 3, whereupon the small end of 1 is easily inserted in the molded portion of 2 adapted to receive it and upon releasing the pressure on 2 the same is firmly held in position on 1.

The attachment 2 is molded preferably in hexagonal form, thus forming the frustum of a pyramid, the sides of which are of such

a slope or angle that when the receiver and attachment are placed on the shoulder a very slight inclination and pressure of the head are necessary to hold the receiver in position thus leaving the hands free.

The sloping sides of 2 may preferably be cross-ribbed or knurled in order to prevent any slipping of the telephone receiver from the shoulder.

The modifications shown in Figs. 4 and 5 illustrate an attachment of like general structure but having a simple conical knurled surface. Many such modifications are apparent to those skilled in the art and come within the scope of my invention for which I claim.

I claim:

1. An attachment for a telephone receiver comprising a molded rubber fitting having a polygonal base with a plurality of sides and adapted to be slipped on the small end of the receiver and having a central passageway through which to pass the receiver wires and having a radial slot adapted to widen or contract by pressure when it is desired to attach or detach the fitting to or from the receiver.

2. An attachment for holding a telephone receiver against the ear, said receiver having a small end and a large end, comprising a rubber fitting adapted to be slipped on the small end of the receiver; said fitting having a side sloping at an angle to the longitudinal axis of the receiver in order to maintain the receiver in a fixed position by the pressure of the ear against the large end and the resistance of the shoulder at the small end.

3. An attachment for holding a telephone receiver against the ear, said receiver having a small end and a large end, comprising a rubber fitting adapted to be slipped on the small end of the receiver; said fitting having a knurled side sloping at an angle to the longitudinal axis of the receiver in order to maintain the receiver in a fixed position by the pressure of the ear against the large end and the resistance of the shoulder at the small end.

Signed at Los Angeles, in the county of Los Angeles, and State of California, this 18th day of August A. D. 1922.

BRUCE THOMAS DYER.