The subject-matter of the invention is an armored vehicle comprising a vehicle body forming a passenger compartment which is connected to mobility means comprising at least two axles. The axles of the vehicle are connected to the vehicle body by at least one axle support which has the shape of a U-shaped profile arranged above an axle and comprising a middle plate attached to the axle and extended by side edges which extend substantially vertically between the axle and the vehicle body, wherein each side edge bears at least one connecting tab which is attached by its end to the vehicle body at an attachment point.
ARMOURED VEHICLE PROTECTED FROM EXPLOSIVE DEVICES

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS


STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

[0002] Not Applicable

THE NAMES OF THE PARTIES TO A JOINT RESEARCH AGREEMENT

[0003] Not Applicable

INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC

[0004] Not Applicable

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0005] 1. Field of the Invention

[0006] The invention belongs to the technical field of armored vehicles and their protection from the exploasions of mines or improvised explosive devices.

[0007] 2. Description of the Related Art

[0008] Mines, and particularly blast mines as well as improvised explosive devices, constitute nowadays one of the major threats to armored vehicles on the battlefield.

[0009] The blast generated by the explosion of such a device, near or below the body of a vehicle, results in extremely high mechanical stresses causing the rupture of the floor of the vehicle body and the violent projection of the mobility elements (axles, bridges, differentials . . . ) against said vehicle body.

[0010] In order to protect the vehicle body and the crew who occupies it, providing additional protections or shields between the vehicle body and the mobility means has been suggested.

[0011] These protections have the effect of making the vehicle heavier.

[0012] It has also been suggested in the European patent EP1921416 to provide a protection plate which is connected to the vehicle body by deformable supports. Such a solution also makes the vehicle heavier and has also the effect of reducing the ground clearance of the vehicle.

[0013] From the European patent EP1275928 is also known a vehicle ventral protection comprising a concave plate connected to the vehicle body by inclined sidewalks. The vehicle axles are secured at the side plates which are welded to the vehicle body and pass therethrough at openings. Thus, during a shock related to the initiation of a mine under the vehicle, the axles are violently projected toward the vehicle body without any damping.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING

[0022] Other advantages of the invention will appear from the following description of a particular embodiment, description made with reference to the appended drawings, in which:

[0023] FIG. 1 is a schematic cross-section view of a vehicle according to an embodiment of the invention, cross-section made at an axle;

[0024] FIG. 2 is a top view of a vehicle chassis according to the invention comprising two axles;

[0025] FIG. 3 is a view similar to FIG. 1 showing the vehicle following the initiation of an explosive device;

[0026] FIG. 4 shows a schematic half-section view of a vehicle according to another embodiment of the invention, half-section made at an axle;

[0027] FIG. 5 is a view similar to FIG. 4 showing the vehicle following the initiation of an explosive device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0028] FIG. 1 schematically shows the lower part of a vehicle 1 which comprises a vehicle body 2 forming a passenger compartment for a crew. This vehicle body 2 is connected to a chassis 10 bearing mobility means which comprise in this embodiment at least two axles 3, each carrying two wheels 4.

An object of the invention is to provide an armored vehicle architecture wherein a protection from the projection of the mobility elements as a result of the initiation of an explosive device, below or near the vehicle, is ensured, without thereby making the vehicle heavier or substantially modifying the ground clearance thereof.
The chassis 10 is partly constituted by two beams 9 which are connected to each other by transversal side members 11 (not shown in this figure but visible in FIG. 2). A single axle 3 is shown in FIG. 1 formed as a block 3a, enclosing e.g. a differential. Axle 3 is connected to the beams 9 of the chassis 10 as well as to the vehicle body 2 by at least one axle support 5.

This support 5 has the shape of a U-shaped profile comprising a middle plate 5a which is attached to axle 3 by bolted studs 6. The plate 5a is extended by side edges 5b which extend substantially vertically between the axle 3 and the vehicle body 2. Each side edge 5b bears at an upper end at least one connecting tab 7 which extends laterally with respect to the middle plate 5a and the end of the at least one connecting tab is attached to the vehicle body 2 as well as to the beam 9, at an attachment point 8.

The connecting tab 7 is thus supported on beam 9 of chassis 10. The attachment point 8 is constituted e.g. by bolts (of which only the axis is shown) which extend through beam 9 and from tab 7 to a block 8a secured to the vehicle body 2.

As seen in FIG. 1, the connecting tabs 7 are arranged at a distance d from the bottom 2a of the vehicle body 2 and they each have a substantially horizontal part between attachment point 8 and side edge 5b of U-shaped profile 5.

FIG. 2 shows partially and from the top the beams 9 of the chassis as well as two U-shaped profiles 5. The vehicle body and the wheels are not visible in FIG. 2. It can be noted that each U-shaped profile 5 is arranged above an axle 3 and covers a block 3a (e.g. a differential). The differentials 3a are connected by a shaft 12.

FIG. 2 also allows to see the tabs 7 of each U-shaped profile 5 supported on the beams 9.

Each U-shaped profile 5 is formed as a folded sheet which forms the middle plate 5a, the side edges 5b and the connecting tabs 7.

It can also be noted in FIGS. 1 and 2 that each U-shaped profile 5 has its side edges 5b rigidified with respect to the middle plate 5a by reinforcements 13 which are welded to the folded plate.

In FIG. 1 is schematically shown an explosive device 14 arranged below axle 3. FIG. 3 shows vehicle 1 according to the invention after explosion of device 14. The effect of the blast generated by the explosive device causes a vertical movement of axle 3 toward the vehicle body 2.

The connecting tabs 7 are distorted by the impact and bend. The U-shaped profile 5 therefore moves toward the vehicle body 2 without impacting it.

The energy of the impact and of the blast is largely absorbed by the deformation of the connecting tabs 7.

Thus, a violent impact of axle 3 on the bottom of the vehicle body 2 is prevented. The invention therefore allows to define in a relatively simple manner a vehicle whose resistance to mine blasts is improved. This reinforcement is ensured without a significant increase of the ground clearance of the vehicle.

The resistance and deformation characteristics of U-shaped profile 5 are determined in particular by the sizing of connecting tabs 7 and by that of the reinforcements.

The welded reinforcements 13 allow to reduce the deformation of the body of U-shaped profile 5. The deformations are then localized at the tabs 7. Since the tabs 7 are at a distance from the bottom 2a of the vehicle body 2, their deformation occurs without mechanical interferences with the vehicle body 2.

The connecting tabs 7 comprise in this embodiment a substantially horizontal part between attachment point 8 and side edge 5b of U-shaped profile 5. Alternatively, the tabs could be inclined, e.g. upwardly, between side edge 5b and attachment point 8. However, such an alternative will increase the ground clearance of the vehicle.

FIGS. 4 and 5 show another embodiment of the vehicle according to the invention. These figures are half-views. The several elements shown are symmetrical with respect to the vertical plane 18.

Similarly to the preceding one, this vehicle comprises at least one axle support 5 under the shape of a U-shaped profile and arranged above each axle.

This embodiment differs from the previous one in that each axle support further comprises a lower stirrup 16 which is arranged between U-shaped profile 5 and axle 3.

The stirrup 16 is secured to the connecting tabs 7 at the attachment points 8 to the vehicle body 2. This stirrup 16 is formed as a folded sheet metal plate, which has substantially the same width as U-shaped profile 5, and which has a middle wall 16a that is applied against middle plate 5a of U-shaped profile 5. The middle wall 16a is extended on each side by a wing 16b which is perpendicular to the middle wall 16a and which ends with a fold 16c that is applied against connecting tab 7 at attachment point 8.

The stirrup 16 is arranged below the chassis beams 9. Each beam 9 is thus trapped in a volume 17 defined by U-shaped profile 5 and stirrup 16.

As seen in FIG. 4, the middle wall 16a of the stirrup 16 is arranged at a distance from the beam 9. A gap e is thus provided between stirrup 16 and each beam 9. This gap allows a deformation of stirrup 16 as will be described below.

The U-shaped profile 5 is also attached to each beam 9 by connecting means 9a (screw or bolt) whose axis only is shown in FIG. 4.

U-shaped profile 5 and stirrup 16 are attached together to axle 3 at bolted studs 6.

As in the previous embodiment, the connecting tabs 7 are arranged at a distance d from the bottom 2a of the vehicle body 2.

FIG. 5 shows vehicle 1 after explosion of an explosive device 14 under axle 3. The blast effect causes a vertical movement of axle 3 toward the vehicle body 2.

The connecting tabs 7 are deformed by the impact and bend. Furthermore, stirrup 16 is also deformed and its middle wall 16a also bends between wings 16b and the attachment studs 6. The middle wall 16a is stopped in its deformation by the beams 9. The U-shaped profile 5 moves toward the vehicle body 2 and the impact energy is absorbed both by the deformation of the connecting tabs 7 and by the deformation of stirrup 16. This embodiment allows, with a reduced vertical bulk, to further increase the absorption capacities of the deformations. Furthermore, the abutment effect of beams 9 secures the device by preventing any impact of U-shaped profile 5 against the floor 2a of the vehicle body.

SEQUENCE LISTING

Not Applicable

1. An armored vehicle comprising a vehicle body forming a passenger compartment connected to mobility means comprising at least two axles, wherein the axles are connected to the vehicle body by at least one axle support which has the shape of a U-shaped profile arranged above an axle and comprising a middle plate attached to the axle and extended by
side edges which extend substantially vertically between the axle and the vehicle body, each side edge bearing at an upper end at least one connecting tab which extends laterally with respect to the middle plate and the end of the at least one connecting tab is attached to the vehicle body at an attachment point, the connecting tabs being arranged below and spaced from the bottom of the vehicle body, thereby allowing a deformation of the connecting tabs without impacting the support on the bottom of the vehicle body.

2. An armored vehicle according to claim 1, wherein the side edges are rigidified with respect to the middle plate by welded reinforcements.

3. An armored vehicle according to claim 1, wherein the U-shaped profile is formed as a folded sheet forming the middle plate, the side edges and the connecting tabs.

4. An armored vehicle according to claim 1, wherein it comprises an axle support at each axle.

5. An armored vehicle according to claim 1, wherein each axle support comprises a lower stirrup which is arranged between the U-shaped profile and the axle, the stirrup being secured to the connecting tabs at the attachment points and being arranged below beams of the chassis.

6. An armored vehicle according to claim 5, wherein the beams of the chassis are arranged between the stirrup and the U-shaped profile, a gap being provided between the stirrup and each beam to allow a deformation of the stirrup.

7. An armored vehicle according to claim 5, wherein the middle plate of the U-shaped profile is applied against a middle wall of the stirrup.

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