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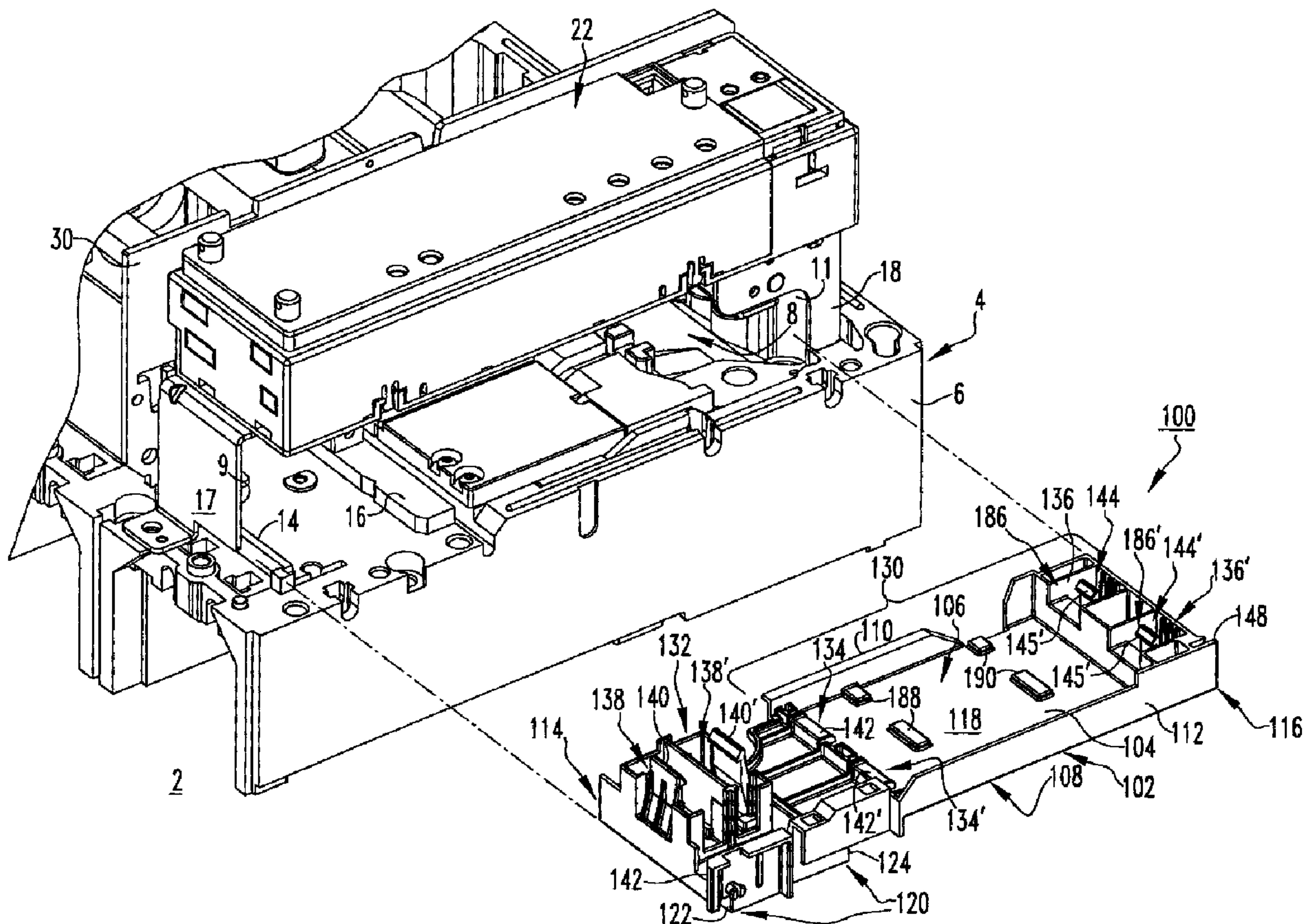
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(54) **Titre : APPAREILLAGE DE COMMUTATION ELECTRIQUE ET ENSEMBLE D'ACCESSOIRES CONNEXE**

(54) **Title: ELECTRICAL SWITCHING APPARATUS AND ACCESSORY ASSEMBLY THEREFOR**



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

An accessory assembly is provided for an electrical switching apparatus, such as a circuit breaker. The circuit breaker includes a housing. The accessory assembly includes at least one accessory and a mounting member structured to mount such accessory



(57) Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):

within the housing of the circuit breaker. The mounting member includes at least one mounting portion. Such mounting portion receives and secures a corresponding one of the at least one accessory, without a number of separate fasteners. The corresponding accessory is removable from such mounting portion, without a number of separate tools. The at least one mounting portion may be a first mounting portion and a second mounting portion, and the at least one accessory may be a plurality of primary accessories coupled to the first mounting portion, and a number of secondary accessories coupled to the second mounting portion.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

An accessory assembly is provided for an electrical switching apparatus, such as a circuit breaker. The circuit breaker includes a housing. The accessory assembly includes at least one accessory and a mounting member structured
5 to mount such accessory within the housing of the circuit breaker. The mounting member includes at least one mounting portion. Such mounting portion receives and secures a corresponding one of the at least one accessory, without a number of separate fasteners. The corresponding accessory is removable from such mounting portion, without a number of separate tools. The at least one mounting portion may
10 be a first mounting portion and a second mounting portion, and the at least one accessory may be a plurality of primary accessories coupled to the first mounting portion, and a number of secondary accessories coupled to the second mounting portion.

**ELECTRICAL SWITCHING APPARATUS AND
ACCESSORY ASSEMBLY THEREFOR**

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The invention relates generally to electrical switching apparatus and, more particularly, to accessory assemblies for electrical switching apparatus, such as circuit breakers.

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Background Information

Electrical switching apparatus, such as circuit breakers, as well as transfer switches, network protectors and the like, are often equipped with accessories

such as, for example and without limitation, auxiliary switches, shunt trip devices, under voltage release devices, and bell alarms. Such devices can be employed in a variety of ways to provide signals indicating certain conditions within the apparatus and/or to initiate a change in status of the apparatus such as, for example, to trip open
5 the separable contacts of the apparatus in response to an electrical fault condition (e.g., without limitation, current overload; short circuit; abnormal voltage).

In view of the increasing market trend to reduce the overall size of the circuit breaker, the space which is available within the circuit breaker housing is limited. In addition to size constraints, the location available for mounting
10 accessories within the circuit breaker can also be problematic. For example, some locations for mounting the accessories in the circuit breaker have limited access for installing the accessories and, in some instances, blind installation is required, wherein it is not possible to see the accessory to mount the accessory within the circuit breaker housing. As a result, incorrect installation and/or damage to the
15 accessories can result, and safety features of the circuit breaker can be adversely affected.

Another difficulty which must be addressed is how to efficiently and effectively mount and secure the accessories in the proper orientation within the allotted space in the circuit breaker. Using fasteners, such as threaded screws, is
20 undesirable for a number of reasons. Among them is the fact that the screw, if it were to become loose, could become lodged in the circuit breaker mechanism. Such fasteners also constitute an additional separate part having an associated added cost, and they require the use of a separate tool, such as a screw driver, to effectuate the installation or removal of the accessory. Furthermore, they are typically threaded into
25 plastic (e.g., without limitation, the molded housing of the circuit breaker). Over time, repeated insertion and removal of the fastener may cause the threads in the plastic to strip.

There is, therefore, room for improvement in electrical switching apparatus, such as circuit breakers, and in accessory assemblies therefor.

30 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

These needs and others are met by embodiments of the invention, which are directed to accessory assemblies for electrical switching apparatus, such as

circuit breakers, which securely mount circuit breaker accessories without requiring a number of separate fasteners.

As one aspect of the invention, an accessory assembly is provided for an electrical switching apparatus including a housing. The accessory assembly
5 comprises: at least one accessory; and a mounting member structured to mount such accessory within the housing of the electrical switching apparatus. The mounting member includes at least one mounting portion. Such mounting portion receives and secures a corresponding one of the at least one accessory, without a number of separate fasteners. Such corresponding accessory is removable from the mounting
10 portion, without a number of separate tools.

The mounting member may comprise a first end, a second end disposed opposite and distal from the first end, and a generally planar intermediate portion extending from at or about the second end toward the first end. At least one accessory may be an accessory module including an enclosure having a first end and a
15 second end disposed opposite and distal from the first end of the enclosure. The at least one mounting portion of the mounting member may comprise a first connection mechanism and a second connection mechanism, wherein the first end of the enclosure of the accessory module is coupled to the first connection mechanism and the second end of the enclosure of the accessory module is coupled to the second
20 connection mechanism. The first end of the enclosure of the accessory module may include a first protrusion extending outwardly therefrom, and the second end of the enclosure of the accessory module may include a second protrusion extending outwardly therefrom. The first connection mechanism may be a receptacle extending outwardly from the generally planar intermediate portion of the mounting member,
25 and the second connection mechanism may be a resilient tab extending outwardly from the mounting member proximate the second end of the mounting member. When the accessory module is installed on the mounting member, the first protrusion of the first end of the enclosure of the accessory module may be disposed within the molded recess and the resilient tab may be biased against the second protrusion of the
30 second end of the enclosure of the accessory module, thereby securing the accessory module on the mounting member. The resilient tab may comprise a retention portion wherein, when the accessory module is installed on the mounting member, the

retention portion of the resilient tab overlays the second protrusion of the enclosure in order to resist the accessory module from being undesirably removed from the mounting member.

5 The enclosure of the accessory module may comprise a number of recesses, and the generally planar intermediate portion of the mounting member may comprise a number of locating protrusions. When the accessory module is installed on the mounting member, each of the number of locating protrusions may be disposed within a corresponding one of the recesses of the enclosure of the accessory module in order to align and maintain the accessory module in a predetermined position on the
10 mounting member.

The at least one mounting portion may be a first mounting portion and a second mounting portion, and the at least one accessory may be a plurality of primary accessories coupled to the first mounting portion, and a number of secondary accessories coupled to the second mounting portion. The mounting member may
15 further comprise a first edge and a second edge. The first mounting portion may extend from proximate the second end of the mounting member toward the first end of the mounting member, in order that the primary accessories are disposed on the mounting member longitudinally and extend from proximate the second end of the mounting member toward the first end of the mounting member. The second
20 mounting portion may be disposed at or about the first end of the mounting member and perpendicular with respect to the first mounting portion, in order that the secondary accessories are disposed between the first edge of the mounting member and the second edge of the mounting member. The second mounting portion may comprise a number of molded compartments. Each secondary accessory of the
25 number of secondary accessories may be receivable within a corresponding one of the molded compartments.

As another aspect of the invention, an accessory assembly is provided for an electrical switching apparatus including a housing. The accessory assembly comprises: at least one accessory including a first end and a second end disposed
30 opposite and distal from the first end; and a mounting member structured to mount such accessory within the housing of the electrical switching apparatus. The mounting member includes at least one mounting portion having a receptacle and a

resilient member disposed opposite and distal from the receptacle. The receptacle receives and secures the first end of a corresponding one of the at least one accessory, and the resilient member releasably secures the second end of such accessory.

As another aspect of the invention, an electrical switching apparatus
 5 comprises: a housing; separable contacts enclosed by the housing; an operating mechanism structured to open and close the separable contacts; and an accessory assembly mountable within the housing and being cooperable with the operating mechanism. The accessory assembly comprising: at least one accessory, and a mounting member including at least one mounting portion. Such mounting portion
 10 receives and secures a corresponding one of the at least one accessory, without a number of separate fasteners. Such accessory is removable from the mounting portion, without a number of separate tools.

As another aspect of the invention, an electrical switching apparatus
 comprises: a housing; separable contacts enclosed by the housing; an operating
 15 mechanism structured to open and close the separable contacts; and an accessory assembly mountable within the housing and being cooperable with the operating mechanism. The accessory assembly comprises: at least one accessory, and a mounting member including at least one mounting portion having a receptacle and a resilient member disposed opposite and distal from the receptacle. The receptacle
 20 receives and secures the first end of a corresponding one of the at least one accessory, and the resilient member releasably secures the second end of such accessory.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A full understanding of the invention can be gained from the following description of the preferred embodiments when read in conjunction with the
 25 accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is an exploded isometric view of a portion of a circuit breaker, and an accessory assembly and a mounting member therefor, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention;

Figure 2 is an exploded isometric view of the portion of the circuit
 30 breaker, and accessory assembly and mounting member therefor of Figure 1, modified to also show circuit breaker accessories installed on the mounting member;

Figure 3 is an isometric view of the circuit breaker, and accessory assembly and mounting member therefor of Figure 2, showing the accessory assembly in the installed position within the circuit breaker;

Figure 4 is an isometric view of the underside of the accessory assembly and mounting member therefor of Figure 2;

Figure 5A is an isometric view of the mounting member of Figure 1, also showing an accessory module being installed thereon, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention;

Figure 5B is an assembled isometric view of a portion of the mounting member and accessory module of Figure 5A showing the accessory module after being installed on the mounting member;

Figure 6 is an isometric view of the accessory assembly of Figure 2, modified to also show the electrical conductors of the accessory modules and electrical conductor mounts therefor;

Figure 7 is an isometric close-up view of a portion of the accessory assembly, and accessory modules and electrical conductor mounts therefor of Figure 6, also showing a portion of the circuit breaker, including the trip bar that the accessories actuate;

Figure 8A is an isometric view of a portion of one of the accessory modules of Figure 7, also showing a strain relief mechanism therefor;

Figure 8B is a sectional view taken along line 8B—8B of Figure 8A with some internal components being shown in block form;

Figure 9 is an exploded isometric view of a portion of the circuit breaker of Figure 1 and an auxiliary switch module therefor;

Figure 10 is an assembled isometric view of the portion of the circuit breaker and auxiliary switch module therefor of Figure 9;

Figure 11 is a partially exploded isometric view of the auxiliary switch module of Figure 9, showing one micro-switch mounted on the module and another micro-switch just prior to being mounted on the module;

Figure 12A is a sectional view taken along line 12A—12A of Figure 9;

Figure 12B is a sectional view taken along line 12B—12B of Figure 9;

Figure 13A is an isometric view of a portion of the trip bar and a portion of one accessory module of Figure 7, showing the stem of the accessory module engaging a cam surface of the trip bar as the accessory module is being installed; and

5 Figure 13B is a side elevation view of the trip bar and portion of the accessory module of Figure 13A modified to show the accessory module in the fully installed position with the stem engaging a paddle of the trip bar.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

For purposes of illustration, embodiments of the invention will be
10 described as applied to low-voltage circuit breakers, although it will become apparent that they could also be applied to a wide variety of electrical switching apparatus (*e.g.*, without limitation, circuit switching devices and other circuit interrupters, such as contactors, motor starters, motor controllers and other load controllers) other than low-voltage circuit breakers and other than low-voltage electrical switching apparatus.

15 Directional phrases used herein, such as, for example, left, right, top, bottom, upper, lower, front, back and derivatives thereof, relate to the orientation of the elements shown in the drawings and are not limiting upon the claims unless expressly recited therein.

As employed herein, the terms “actuator” and “actuating mechanism”
20 refer to any known or suitable input or output mechanism for an electrical switching apparatus (*e.g.*, without limitation, circuit switching devices and other circuit interrupters, such as contactors, motor starters, motor controllers and other load controllers) or accessory (*e.g.*, without limitation, auxiliary switch; shunt trip device; under voltage release device; bell alarm) therefore, and expressly include, but are not
25 limited to, stems, plungers, levers, buttons, switches, trip bars, paddles, and arms.

As employed herein, the term “fastener” shall mean a separate element or elements which is/are employed to connect or tighten two or more components together, and expressly includes, without limitation, rivets, pins, screws, bolts and the combinations of bolts and nuts (*e.g.*, without limitation, lock nuts) and bolts, washers
30 and nuts.

As employed herein, the statement that two or more parts are “coupled” together shall mean that the parts are joined together either directly or joined through one or more intermediate parts.

As employed herein, the term “number” shall mean one or an integer greater than one (*i.e.*, a plurality).

Figures 1-3 show an electrical switching apparatus, such as a low-voltage circuit breaker 2, employing an accessory assembly 100 having an accessory tray 102. The circuit breaker 2, which is partially shown, includes a housing 4 (partially shown in phantom line drawing in Figure 3), separable contacts 10 (shown in simplified form in Figure 9) enclosed by the housing 4, and an operating mechanism 20 (shown in simplified form in Figures 7 and 9) structured to open and close the separable contacts 10 (Figure 9).

The accessory assembly 100 is mountable within the housing 4, as shown in Figure 3, and includes at least one accessory, such as the first and second primary accessories 150,150' (*e.g.*, without limitation, shunt trip devices; undervoltage release devices) and the first and second secondary accessories 160,160' (*e.g.*, without limitation, auxiliary switches; alarm devices), shown in Figure 2. However, as will be discussed hereinbelow, it will be appreciated that any known or suitable type, number and configuration of accessories may be mounted on the accessory tray 102 of the accessory assembly 100, in any suitable combination other than that which is shown and described herein, without departing from the scope of the invention.

The example accessory tray 102 includes a mounting member 104 having a first side 106 (Figures 1 and 2) structured to receive and removably secure the accessories 150,150',160,160' (all shown in Figure 2), and a second side 108 disposed opposite the first side 106 (Figures 1 and 2). A guide mechanism 120, which is disposed on the second side 108 of the mounting member 104, is structured to guide the mounting member 104 into a cavity 8 of the circuit breaker housing 4. Specifically, the circuit breaker housing 4 has an exterior 6 and at least one protrusion which, in the example shown and described herein is a first guide rail 14 and a second guide rail 16. The guide mechanism 120 is a number of guides which, in the example shown and described herein is a pair of first and second notches 122,124, in the

second side 108 of the mounting member 104. When the mounting member 104 is inserted into the cavity 8 of the circuit breaker 2, as shown in Figure 3, the first notch 122 slidably engages the first guide rail 14 and the second notch 124 slidably engages the second guide rail 16. The guide mechanism 120 and, in particular, the interaction
 5 between the first and second guide rails 14 and 16 and the first and second notches 122 and 124, respectively, can be further appreciated with reference to Figure 4, which illustrates the first and second guide rails 14,16 of the circuit breaker housing 4 (Figures 1-3) in simplified form in phantom line drawing. As shown in Figure 4, the first and second notches 122,124 of the mounting member 104 extend between the
 10 first and second edges 110,112 of the mounting member 104. In this manner, the guide mechanism 120 functions to align the mounting member 104 with the cavity 8 (Figures 1-3), thereby enabling the accessories 150,150',160,160' (all shown in Figure 2) to be installed (Figure 3) in a predetermined position within the cavity 8 (Figures 1-3).

15 As shown in Figures 1-3, the example circuit breaker operating mechanism 20 (shown in simplified form in Figures 7 and 9) includes a trip mechanism 22, and the cavity 8 is disposed beneath the trip mechanism 22. Such a location can make it difficult to see and/or access the interior of the cavity 8 in order to install (Figure 3) the accessories 150,150',160,160' (all shown in Figure 2) therein.
 20 The disclosed accessory assembly 100, and accessory tray 102 and guide mechanism 120 therefor address and overcome this problem by slidably guiding the elongated member 104 of the accessory tray 102 into and out of the predetermined position within the cavity 8, in order to accurately install the accessories 150,150',160,160' (Figure 2) therein, as previously discussed.

25 Referring again to Figure 4, the example accessory tray 102 further includes a number of lateral protrusions 126,128 extending laterally outwardly from the first edge 110 of the mounting member 104. These lateral protrusions 126,128 further facilitate the accurate installation of the accessories 150,150',160,160' (only primary accessory 150' is shown in Figure 4) by engaging corresponding openings
 30 32,34 of a side plate 30 (partially shown in phantom line drawing in Figure 4) of the circuit breaker 2. Specifically, the side plate 30 includes a first opening 32 and a second opening 34. When the accessory tray 102 is installed within the circuit

breaker cavity 8, as shown in Figure 3, the first lateral protrusion 126 engages the first opening 32 of side plate 30, and the second lateral protrusion 128 engages the second opening 34 of the side plate 30, as shown in simplified form in Figure 4.

Continuing to refer to Figures 1-4, and also to Figures 5A and 6, it will be appreciated that the mounting member 104 further includes a first end 114, a second end 116 disposed opposite and distal from the first end 114, a generally planar portion 118 extending from at or about the second end 116 toward the first end 114, and at least one mounting portion 130, 132. As will be discussed hereinbelow, the example mounting member 104 includes a first mounting portion 130 and a second mounting portion 132, which are respectively structured to receive and secure the aforementioned primary accessories 150, 150' and secondary accessories 160, 160', preferably without requiring the use of a number of separate fasteners. It will also be appreciated that the example accessories 150, 150', 160, 160' (all shown in Figure 2) are preferably removable from their corresponding mounting portions 130, 132, without requiring use of a number of separate tools.

The first mounting portion 130 will now be described with reference to Figure 5A, which shows an accessory module 200' being removably mounted on the mounting member 104 of the accessory tray 102. For economy of disclosure, the first mounting portion 130 will only be described with respect to removably securing mounting module 200', although it will be appreciated that the other accessory module 200 (Figures 2, 6 and 7) is mounted to the mounting member 104 in a substantially identical manner. Specifically, the first mounting portion 130 includes a first connection mechanism 134' (see also first connection mechanism 134) disposed on the generally planar intermediate portion 118 of the mounting member 104, and a second connection mechanism 136' (see also second connection mechanism 136) disposed proximate the second end 116 of the mounting member 104. Thus, the first mounting portion 130 of the example accessory tray 102 extends longitudinally from the second end 116 of the mounting member 104 toward the first end 114 thereof. The first connection mechanism 134 is structured to receive and secure one end 152' of the enclosure 151' of a corresponding one of the primary accessories 150', and the second connection mechanism 136 is structured to releasably secure the other end 154' of the accessory 150' (best shown in Figure 5B). The second mounting portion

132, which will be discussed in greater detail hereinbelow, is disposed at or about the first end 114 of the mounting member 104, and extends perpendicularly with respect to the first mounting portion 130.

The example first connection mechanism 134' is a molded receptacle 142' (see also molded receptacle 142) extending outwardly from the generally planar intermediate portion 118 of the mounting member 104. The example second connection mechanism 136' is a resilient tab 144' (see also resilient tab 144) extending outwardly from the mounting member 104 proximate the second end 116 thereof. The first end 152' of the enclosure 151' of the accessory module 200' includes a first protrusion 202' (see also protrusion 202 of the first end 152 of the enclosure 151 of accessory module 200 of Figures 2, 6 and 7) extending outwardly therefrom, and the second end 154' of the enclosure 151' includes a second protrusion 204' (see also second protrusion 204 of the second end 154 of the enclosure 151 of accessory module 200 of Figure 2) extending outwardly therefrom. These protrusions 202', 204' enable the example accessory module 200' to be installed in a "toe-heel" fashion, in which the first protrusion 202' is first inserted into the molded receptacle 142' and is then rotated (*e.g.*, clockwise with respect to Figure 5A), as shown, until the second protrusion 204' is releasably secured by the resilient tab 144', as shown in Figure 5B. In other words, the resilient tab 144' is movable between a first position (Figure 5A) corresponding to the accessory module 200' not being on the mounting member 104, and a second position (Figure 5B) corresponding to the accessory module 200' being installed on the mounting member 104. When the accessory module 200' is installed on the mounting member 104, the resilient tab 144' is biased against the second protrusion 204', thereby securing the accessory module 200' on the mounting member 104. If it is subsequently desired to remove the accessory module 200', the resilient tab 144' can simply be deflected (*e.g.*, to the right with respect to Figure 5B) to release the second protrusion 204'. As previously discussed, this operation can be performed without requiring the use of a number of separate tools (*e.g.*, it can be performed by hand).

As shown in Figures 5A and 5B, the example resilient tab 144' includes a retention portion 145' (see also retention portion 145 of resilient tab 144 of Figure 5A). When the accessory module 200' is installed on the mounting member

104, the retention portion 145' overlays the second protrusion 204', as shown in Figure 5B, in order to further resist the accessory module 200' from being undesirably removed. The example mounting member 104 further includes at least one molded cavity 186' (see also molded cavity 186 of Figure 5A), which is disposed at or about
 5 the second 116 thereof. The resilient tab 144' is disposed within the molded cavity 186' and, when the accessory module 200' is installed on the mounting member 104, as shown in Figure 5B, the second protrusion 204' of the second end 154' of the enclosure 151' of the accessory module 200' extends into the molded cavity 186' and is secured therein by the resilient tab 144'.

10 The generally planar intermediate portion 118 of the mounting member 104 of the example accessory tray 102 further includes a number of locating protrusions 188,190, and the accessory modules (*e.g.*, accessory module 200' of Figure 5A) include a number of corresponding recesses 206,208. Thus, when the accessory module 200' is installed (Figure 5B) on the mounting member 104, a
 15 corresponding pair of the locating protrusions 188,190 is structured to be disposed within the corresponding recess 206,208, respectively, of the enclosure 151' of the accessory module 200'. In this manner, the example accessory modules 200,200' (both shown in Figure 6) are aligned and maintained in a predetermined position on the mounting member 104.

20 The example second mounting portion 132 for receiving the aforementioned secondary accessories 160,160' (Figures 2, 6 and 7) includes two molded compartments 138,138' (Figures 1, 2, 5A, 6 and 7) disposed between the first and second edges 110,112 of mounting member 104, at or about the first end 114 of the mounting member 104. Each molded compartment 138,138' includes a resilient
 25 protrusion 140,140', which extends outwardly from the mounting member 104 and is structured to bias against a corresponding one of the secondary accessories 160,160' when it is disposed within the molded compartment 138,138' as shown in Figures 2, 6 and 7. In this manner, the secondary accessories 160,160' are maintained in a predetermined position with respect to the mounting member 104 of the accessory
 30 tray 102. It will be appreciated that although two molded compartments 138,138', for receiving two corresponding secondary accessories 160,160', are shown and described herein, that any known or suitable alternative number and configuration of suitable

mounting mechanisms (not shown) could be employed to secure any suitable number of secondary accessories (*e.g.*, without limitation, the alarm mechanisms 160,160' shown in Figures 2, 6 and 7) on the mounting member 104, without departing from the scope of the invention. The example alarm mechanisms 160,160' (*e.g.*, without
 5 limitation, bell alarms) each include a lever 161,161' (lever 161 is only partially shown in Figure 7; see also Figures 2 and 6) which is structured to be moved in response to a trip condition of the circuit breaker 2; see also the arm shown in phantom line drawing in simplified form which is coupled to the trip bar 24 in Figure 7).

10 The example mounting member is preferably a single-piece molded member 104, with the first and second mounting portions 130,132, guide mechanism 120, and first and second connection mechanisms 134,136 being molded segments of the single-piece molded member 104. Additionally, the first and second ends 114,116 of the mounting member 104 of the example accessory tray 102 further include first
 15 and second stops 146,148 disposed on the first and second ends 114,116, respectively, at or about the second edge 112 of the mounting member 104, as shown in Figures 1-4, 5A and 6. The stops 146,148 function to further properly orient the accessory tray 102 within (Figure 3) the circuit breaker cavity 8. Specifically, when the accessory tray 102 is fully inserted within the cavity 8, as shown in Figure 3, the first stop 146 is
 20 disposed at or about a first portion 17 of the circuit breaker housing 4, and the second stop 148 is disposed at or about a second portion 18 of the housing 4. The first and second portions are vertical members 17,18 of the example circuit breaker 2, which define the first and second ends 9,11, respectively, of the cavity 8 beneath the trip mechanism 22, as shown in Figures 1-3.

25 Figures 6, 7, 8A and 8B show a strain relief mechanism 300,300' (strain relief mechanism 300' is only shown in Figures 6 and 7) for the corresponding accessory module 200,200'. For economy of disclosure, only one strain relief mechanism 300 for the first accessory module 200 will be described in detail. It will, however, be appreciated that the strain relief mechanism 300' of the second accessory
 30 module 200' is substantially identical. Specifically, the first end 152 of the enclosure 151 of the accessory module 200 includes an aperture 156 (shown in hidden line drawing in Figure 8A) and a number of electrical conductors 158 extending

therethrough, and outwardly from the first end 152 of the enclosure 151. It will be appreciated that while the electrical conductors 158 which may comprise, for example and without limitation, electrical wires, extend outwardly with respect to the first end 152 of the enclosure 151, that such electrical conductors could be either input
5 conductors (*e.g.*, heading into the enclosure 151), or output conductors (*e.g.*, leading out of the enclosure 151). In either case, it is desirable to secure the electrical conductors 158 in order to resist undesired movement thereof with respect to the enclosure 151 and the aperture 156 thereof. To accomplish this objective, the disclosed strain relief mechanism 300 includes a support 302, which is structured to
10 extend outwardly from the first end 152 of the enclosure 151 and to be proximate the aperture 156 (shown in hidden line drawing in Figure 8A) and electrical conductors 158 extending therethrough. A fastening mechanism 320 such as, for example and without limitation, the wire tie 322, which is shown, secures the electrical conductors 158 to the support 302.

15 More specifically, as shown in Figures 6, 7 and 8B, the example support 302 is a post 304 having a first end 306 disposed at or about the first end 152 of the enclosure 151, a second end 308 disposed opposite and distal from the first end 306, and a shank 310 extending between the first and second ends 306,308. The wire tie 322 (partially shown in section view in Figure 8B) wraps around the electrical
20 conductors 158 and the support 302, and is fastened in order to secure the electrical conductors 158 thereto, as best shown in Figures 8A and 8B. The second end 308 of the post 304 includes an enlarged head 312, which extends laterally outwardly from the post 304 in order to retain the wire tie 322 on the shank 310 of the post 304 (best shown in Figures 8A and 8B). It will be appreciated that any known or suitable
25 alternative elongated fastening mechanism (not shown) other than the exemplary wire tie 322 could be employed to perform this securing function. It will also be appreciated that any combination of wire ties 322 or other suitable fastening mechanisms (not shown) could be employed to secure the electrical conductors 158,158' of the accessory modules 200,200' to the strain relief mechanisms 300,300'
30 (both shown in Figures 6 and 7) thereof. For example, one wire tie 322 is shown for strain relief mechanism 300' in Figures 6 and 7.

The enclosure 151 of the example accessory module 200 includes a first portion 162 and a second portion 164, which is structured to be coupled to the first portion 162 in order to enclose the accessory 150 (shown in simplified form in Figure 8B) therebetween, as shown in Figure 8B. The post 304 of the example strain relief mechanism 300 further includes a first side 314 extending outwardly from the first portion 162, and a second side 316 extending outwardly from the second portion 164. Accordingly, the fastening mechanism 320 not only fastens the electrical conductors 158 to the post 304, but also fastens the first side 314 of the post 304 to the second side 316 of the post 304, thereby fastening the first and second portions 162,164 of the enclosure 151 of the accessory module 200. In the example shown and described herein, the first portion 162 of the enclosure 151 and the first side 314 of the post 304 are a first single-piece molded member, and the second portion 164 of the enclosure 151 and the second side 316 of the post 304 are a second single-piece molded member 164.

The first single-piece molded member 162 includes at least one molded protrusion 170,172 (first and second molded protrusions 170,172 are shown in Figure 8A, with the second molded protrusion 172 being shown in hidden line drawing), and the second single-piece molded member 164 includes at least one receptacle 174,176 (two molded receptacles 174,176 are shown in Figure 8A, with the second receptacle being shown in hidden line drawing). Each receptacle 174,176 receives a corresponding one of the molded protrusions 170,172 in order to fasten the first and second portions 162,164 of the enclosure 151 together, as shown in Figure 8A, without requiring the use of a plurality of separate fasteners. The example first portion 162 includes a first side 166 and a second side 167, and the second portion 164 includes a first side 168 and a second side 169. The first resilient tab 170 extends outwardly from the first side 166 of the first portion 162 and is received by a corresponding first molded receptacle 174 on the first side 168 of the second portion 164. Similarly, the second resilient tab 172 extends outwardly from the second side 167 of the first portion 162 and is received by a corresponding second molded receptacle 176 on the second side 169 of the second portion 164, as shown in hidden line drawing in Figure 8A. In this manner, the first and second portions 162,164 of the enclosure 151 of the accessory module 200 are secured together. It will be

appreciated that the second accessory module 200' (Figures 2-4, 5A, 5B, 6 and 7) is secured together in substantially the same manner.

As shown in Figure 8A, the enclosure 151 of the example accessory module 200 further includes a first side 178, a second side 180, and first and second
 5 opposing edges 182, 184. As best shown in Figure 8A, the aperture 156 (shown in hidden line drawing) of the enclosure 151, the electrical conductors 158, and the strain relief mechanism 300 are disposed closer to the first side 178 of the enclosure 151 than the second side 180, and closer to the first edge 182 of the enclosure 151 than the second edge 184. It will, however, be appreciated that any suitable
 10 alternative configuration of these features (*e.g.*, aperture 156; electrical conductors 158; strain relief mechanism 300) other than that which is shown and described herein, could be employed without departing from the scope of the invention. It will also be appreciated that the second accessory module 200' (Figures 2-4, 5A, 5B, 6 and 7) in the example accessory assembly 100, has a substantially identical structure as
 15 does the first accessory module 200, but is not numbered or discussed independently in its entirety, for economy of disclosure.

In addition to avoiding undesired strain on the electrical conductors 158, it is also desirable to position the electrical conductors 158 in a manner which will not undesirably interfere with the operation of the accessories (*e.g.*, without
 20 limitation, primary accessories 150, 150' and secondary accessories 160, 160' of Figures 2, 6 and 7) or other components (*e.g.*, without limitation, operating mechanism 20 (Figure 9); trip bar 24 (Figure 7)) of the circuit breaker 2 (Figures 1-4, 7, 9 and 10). To accomplish this objective, the example accessory module 200 further includes an electrical conductor mount 400, 400', shown in Figures 2, 4 (showing
 25 electrical conductor mount 400'), 5A (showing electrical conductor mount 400'), 6, 7 (showing electrical conductor mounts 400, 400') and 8A-8B (showing electrical conductor mount 400). For economy of disclosure, only one electrical conductor mount 400 for accessory module 200 will be discussed. It will, however, be appreciated that the electrical conductor mount 400' for the second accessory module
 30 200' (Figures 2-4, 5A, 5B, 6 and 7) is substantially identical to the electrical conductor mount 400 of first accessory module 200. Specifically, the accessory 150 further includes an actuator which, in the example shown and described herein is an actuator

159 (*e.g.*, without limitation, a stem), that extends through a second aperture 157 of the first end 152 of the enclosure 151 of the accessory module 200, as best shown in Figures 6 and 8A. The electrical conductor mount 400 includes a mounting element 402, which is structured to be disposed on the enclosure 151 and to be proximate the electrical conductors 158 external to the enclosure 151. The mounting element 402 includes a receiving portion 404 structured to receive the electrical conductors 158, and a retaining portion 406 (not fully shown in Figure 8B) structured to retain the electrical conductors 158 within the receiving portion 404. In this manner, the mounting element 402 mounts the electrical conductors 158 in a position (*e.g.*, without limitation, above the accessory actuator 159), which may be predetermined, and in which the electrical conductors 158 do not obstruct operation of the actuator 159.

The example mounting element 402 is a resilient hook 408 having a first end 412 disposed on the enclosure 151, and a second end 414. It will be appreciated, however, that the mounting element 402 may comprise any known or suitable resilient element other than the example resilient hook 408, without departing from the scope of the invention. The retaining portion 406 (not fully shown in Figure 8B) of the example resilient hook 408, is a hook or molded barb 410 (not shown in Figure 8B) disposed at or about the second end 414 of the resilient hook 408. The receiving portion 404 extends outwardly from the enclosure 151 and turns and extends generally parallel with respect to the enclosure 151 in order to form an opening 416 between the mounting element 402 and the enclosure 151. The retaining portion 406 extends from the receiving portion 404 toward the enclosure 151. The resilient element 402 is deflectable among a first position corresponding to the retaining portion 406 being disposed at or about the enclosure 151, and a second position (not expressly shown) corresponding to the retaining portion 406 being deflectable away from the enclosure 151 in order to receive the electrical conductors 158 within opening 416 of the receiving portion 404. Accordingly, when the electrical conductors 158 are disposed within the receiving portion 404, the resilient element 402 biases the electrical conductors 158 toward the enclosure 151, as shown in Figure 8A, in order to maintain them in the desired position. The example resilient hook 408 is a single-piece molded member 402.

Accordingly, it will be appreciated that the example accessory module 200 includes first and second apertures 156,157 (shown in hidden line drawing in Figure 8A) disposed on the first end 152 of the enclosure 151. The electrical conductors 158 extend through the first aperture 156, and the actuator 159 (e.g., without limitation, stem) extends through the second aperture 157. Thus, in order to maintain the electrical conductors 158 in the position which does not interfere with the actuator 159, the example electrical conductor mount 400 is disposed above (with respect to Figures 6, 7 and 8A) the second aperture 157 and actuator 159 extending therethrough. More specifically, as previously discussed, the first aperture 156 (shown in hidden line drawing in Figure 8A) is disposed closer to the first side 178 of the enclosure 151 of the accessory module 200 than the second side 180 thereof, and closer to the first edge 182 of the enclosure 151, than the second edge 184 thereof. The mounting element 402 extends outwardly from the first end 152 of the enclosure 151 beside the first aperture 156 (shown in hidden line drawing in Figure 8A) and the electrical conductors 158 extending therethrough, and further extends above (with respect to Figures 6, 7 and 8A) the second aperture 157 and the actuator 159. The electrical conductors 158 thus extend generally laterally from the first aperture 156 (Figure 8A) through the receiving portion 404 of the mounting element 402, and toward the second edge 184 of the enclosure 151, in order that electrical conductors 158 are maintained in a position which is above (with respect to Figures 6, 7 and 8A) and spaced from the actuator 159. It will, therefore, be appreciated that the example second aperture 157 and actuator 159 are disposed closer to the second side 180 of the enclosure 151 than the first side 178 of the enclosure 151.

As shown in Figures 6 and 7, the example conductor mount 400 is structured to receive, for example and without limitation, two or four electrical conductors 158,158', and maintain them in the desired position. Specifically, when the accessory modules 200,200' of the first and second primary accessories 150,150' are disposed on the accessory tray 102 adjacent one another, as shown, the electrical conductor amount 400 of the first accessory module 200 secures the electrical conductors 158 of the first primary accessory 150, and the electrical conductor mount 400' of the second accessory module 200' secures both the electrical conductors 158 of the first primary accessory 150 and the electrical conductors 158' of the second

primary accessory 150', as shown. Thus, it will be appreciated that the opening 416 of the receiving portion 406 of the resilient element 402 is capable of receiving, for example and without limitation, at least four electrical conductors 158,158' (*e.g.*, electrical wires) and securing them in the desired position, which does not interfere with the operation of the actuators 159 and 159' of the accessory modules 200 and 200', respectively. As previously discussed, the example actuators 159,159' are stems. The stems 159,159' move inwardly and outwardly with respect to their corresponding enclosure 151,151' to engage (Figure 13B) a paddle 26 (Figure 7) of the trip bar 24 (Figure 7) of the circuit breaker 2, in order to, for example, move (*e.g.*, pivot) the trip bar 24 and initiate a trip of the circuit breaker 2 in response to a trip condition.

As shown in Figures 3, 9, 10, 11, 12A and 12B, the circuit breaker 2 further includes a sub-assembly 500 (shown in phantom line drawing in Figure 3) having a plurality of auxiliary switches 504 (shown in phantom line drawing in Figure 3; two auxiliary switches 504 are shown in Figures 11 and 12B; one auxiliary switch 504 is shown in Figure 12A). The auxiliary switches 504 are cooperable with an actuating mechanism of the circuit breaker 2 (Figures 3, 9 and 10) which, in the example shown and described herein, is an auxiliary paddle 28 (Figures 3, 9, 10 and 12A). Specifically, the sub-assembly 500 includes an auxiliary switch tray 502 having a module 506 with first and second sides 508,510, and a plurality of mounts 520 disposed on the first side 508. Each mount 520 is structured to receive a corresponding one of the auxiliary switches 504. The auxiliary switch tray 502 also includes a base 540 disposed on the second side 510 of the module 506, and structured to be removably coupled to a mounting mechanism 12,13 (Figures 3, 9 and 10) of the circuit breaker 2 (Figures 3, 9 and 10). As will be discussed, the example mounting mechanism is a pair of opposing first and second guide rails 12,13 disposed on the circuit breaker housing 4 proximate the side plate 30 of the circuit breaker 2, as shown in Figures 3, 9 and 10. In this manner, the auxiliary switch tray 502 is structured to install the auxiliary switches 504 in a predetermined position with respect to the auxiliary paddle 28 of the circuit breaker 2, as shown in Figure 10. In this manner, the auxiliary paddle 28 can activate the actuators (*e.g.*, without limitation, levers 560) of the auxiliary switches 504, for example, in response to an opened or closed position of the separable contacts 10 (Figure 9) of the circuit breaker

2. Specifically, the example auxiliary paddle 28 is cooperable with the pole shaft 21 (partially shown in Figures 9 and 10) of the circuit breaker operating mechanism 20 (Figure 9) in order that the poleshaft moves (*e.g.*, pivots) the auxiliary paddle 28 into engagement (shown in phantom line drawing in Figure 10A) with the auxiliary switch
5 actuators 560 when the poleshaft 21 rotates, for example, in response to the open or closed position. In this manner, the auxiliary switches can be employed to relay signals indicative of the status (*e.g.*, opened, closed) of the circuit breaker 2, as desired.

As best shown in Figures 11, 12A and 12B, the example mounts 520
10 are molded compartments of the module 506. Each molded compartment 520 is structured to receive a corresponding one of the auxiliary switches 504, and to removably secure the auxiliary switch 504 to the module 506, without requiring the use of a number of separate fasteners. For economy of disclosure, only one molded compartment 520 will be discussed in detail. It will, however, be appreciated that the
15 other molded compartments 520 of the module 506 of the auxiliary switch tray 502 are substantially identical. It will also be appreciated that although the example sub-assembly 500 and auxiliary switch tray 502 thereof shown and described herein include four molded compartments 520 for securing four corresponding auxiliary switches 504, that the module 506 of the auxiliary switch tray 502 could alternatively
20 include any suitable number and configuration (not shown) of molded compartments 520 for securing any known or suitable accessory (*e.g.*, without limitation, micro switches), without departing from the scope of the invention.

Each of the example molded compartments 520 includes a first resilient tab 522 (Figures 11 and 12B) and a second resilient tab 524 (not shown in
25 Figure 12B). The first resilient tab 522 (Figures 11 and 12B) includes a retaining portion 526 (Figures 11 and 12B) which is deflectable in order to receive the corresponding auxiliary switch 504 (see, for example, auxiliary switch 504 being installed in molded compartment 502 in Figure 11). When the auxiliary switch 504 is disposed within the molded compartment 520, the retaining portion 526' (see also
30 retaining portion 526 of Figure 12B) retains the auxiliary switch 504 therein, and the second resilient tab 524 biases the auxiliary switch 504 into a desired orientation within the molded compartment 520, as shown in Figure 12A. More specifically, the

molded compartment 520 further includes a first end 528 (not shown in Figure 12B), a second end 530 (not shown in Figure 12B) disposed opposite and distal from the first end 528, a first side 532 (not shown in Figure 12A) and a second side 534 (not shown in Figure 12A) disposed opposite and spaced apart from the first side 532 of the molded compartment 520.

Each of the example auxiliary switches 504 includes a first end 550 (not shown in Figure 12B), a second end 552 disposed opposite and distal from the first end 550, and first and second opposing sides 554,556. The aforementioned first resilient tab 522 is disposed on the first side 532 of the molded compartment 520.

The example retaining portion 526 is a molded hook extending from at or about the first side 532 of the molded compartment 520 toward the second side 534 thereof. The example second resilient tab 524 extends from the first end 528 of the molded compartment 520 toward the second end 530, as shown in Figures 11 and 12A. Accordingly, when the auxiliary switch 504 is disposed in the molded compartment 520, the molded hook 526 of the first resilient tab 522 overlays the second side 556 of the auxiliary switch 504, as shown in Figure 12B, and the second resilient tab 524 engages the first end 550 of the auxiliary switch 504 and biases the auxiliary switch 504 towards the second end 530 of the molded compartment 520, as shown in Figure 12A, in order that the terminals 562,564 are disposed through access hole 531.

Continuing to refer to Figures 12A and 12B, the example auxiliary switch 504 further includes a switch 558 disposed on the first side 554 of the auxiliary switch 504, a lever 560 (Figure 12A) extending from the first end 550 of the auxiliary switch 504 and being cooperable with the switch 558, and a number of terminals 562,564 (two are shown) (e.g., without limitation, common; normally open; normally closed) disposed on the second end 552 of the auxiliary switch 504. The first end 528 of the example molded compartment 520 includes an opening 529 structured to receive the lever 560, and the second end 530 of the molded compartment 520 includes an access hole 531 for providing access to the terminals 562,564 of the auxiliary switch 504 when it is properly disposed within the compartment 520, as shown in Figure 12A. Additionally, the first side 532 of the molded compartment 520 includes a molded recess 533 for receiving the switch 558. In this manner, the auxiliary switch tray 502 provides an improved mechanism for precisely positioning

and installing auxiliary switches 504 within the circuit breaker 2 (Figures 3, 9 and 10), wherein the auxiliary switches which, in the example shown and described herein are stock (*e.g.*, unaltered; devoid of a separate mounting housing or custom bracket) micro-switches 504 and are removably mountable in a predetermined position, without requiring the use of a number of separate fasteners. In this manner, the auxiliary switches 504 and, in particular, the levers 560 thereof, can be actuable by the circuit breaker auxiliary paddle 28 to depress the switch 558 of the auxiliary switch 504, as shown in phantom line drawing in Figure 12A, in order to relay the desired signal regarding the operational state (*e.g.*, without limitation, opened; closed) state of the circuit breaker 2 (Figures 3, 9 and 10) as previously discussed.

To further facilitate the accurate placement of the sub-assembly 500 within (Figures 3 (phantom line drawing) and 10) the circuit breaker 2 (Figures 3, 9 and 10), the example module 506 further includes first and second lateral protrusions 542,544 which respectively extend outwardly from the first and second edges 512,514 at or about the second side 510 of the module 506. Accordingly, when the module 506 is inserted into the circuit breaker 2, the first lateral protrusion 542 of the base 540 engages the first mounting rail 12 and the second lateral protrusion 544 of the base 540 of the module 506 engages the second mounting rail 13, in order to align the module 506 with respect to the circuit breaker 2, as shown in Figure 9, and to install the auxiliary switches 504 in the predetermined position with respect to the auxiliary paddle 28 therein, as shown in Figures 3 (shown in phantom line drawing) and 10.

Accordingly, referring again to Figure 11, it will be appreciated that the disclosed auxiliary switch tray 502 enables a plurality of micro-switches 504 (four example micro-switches 504 are shown) to be removably secured adjacent one another in the module 506 of the auxiliary switch tray 502, with the first resilient tabs 522,522' and retaining portions 526,526' thereof functioning to secure the micro-switches 504 within the corresponding molded compartments 520, and second resilient protrusions 524,524' functioning to bias the micro-switches 504 into the desired predetermined position within the corresponding compartment 520, as shown. In this manner, the levers 560 of the micro-switches 504 are relatively quickly and easily, precisely positioned with respect to the auxiliary paddle 28 of the circuit breaker operating mechanism 20 (shown in simplified form in Figure 9), with all of

the levers 560 of the micro-switches 504 being actuatable by the auxiliary paddle 28, as previously discussed. The disclosed sub-assembly 500 and auxiliary switch tray 502 therefor, thus greatly simplify the installation of accessories (*e.g.*, without limitation, micro-switches 504), within the circuit breaker 2.

5 As shown in Figures 7, 13A and 13B, the trip bar 24 of the circuit breaker 2 (Figures 7 and 13B) includes an elongated pivot member 40 having a length 41 (Figure 7), a first end 42, and a second end 44. The first end 42 is pivotably coupled to the circuit breaker operating mechanism 20 (shown in simplified form in phantom line drawing in Figure 7). The second end 44 includes a deflecting
 10 mechanism 50, which is structured to deflect the actuator 159 (*e.g.*, without limitation, stem) of the primary accessory 150, as shown in Figure 13A, in order to facilitate insertion of the primary accessory 150 (see also primary accessory 150' of Figure 7) into the circuit breaker housing 4 (Figure 7). More specifically, the elongated pivot member 40 of the trip bar 24 includes at least one protrusion such as, for example and
 15 without limitation, a number of auxiliary paddles 46 (one auxiliary paddle 46 is shown), which extend outwardly from the elongated pivot member 40 between the first and second ends 42,44 (first end 42 is not shown in Figure 13B) thereof. The auxiliary paddle 46 is structured to be actuated by the actuator 159 of the accessory 150 when the actuator 159 extends to position shown in Figure 13B, for example, in
 20 response to a trip condition as determined by the primary accessories 150,150' (Figures 7 and 13B). At least one of the example primary accessories 150,150' (both shown in Figure 7) is an under voltage release (UVR) device, and the example actuators 159,159' (both shown in Figure 7) of the primary accessories 150,150' are stems 159,159'. Each stem 159,159' is movable between the first position of Figure 7,
 25 in which the stem 159,159' is retracted (*e.g.*, the UVR device is energized by a sufficient voltage) and does not actuate the auxiliary paddle 46 of the elongated pivot member 40, and the second (*e.g.*, extended) position of Figure 13B, in which the stem 159 actuates (*e.g.*, moves) the auxiliary paddle 46, as previously discussed, and thereby pivots (*e.g.*, clockwise with respect to Figure 13B) the elongated pivot
 30 member 40 of the trip bar 24.

As shown in Figure 13A, before the UVR device 150 is installed within the circuit breaker housing 4 (Figure 7), the stem 159 is disposed in the second

(e.g., extended) position, corresponding to the UVR device 150 being in a non-energized state, for example, before the aforementioned accessory assembly 100 (Figures 1-4, 5A, 5B, 6 and 7) and the accessories 150,150',160,160' (all shown in Figures 6 and 7) thereof are installed within the circuit breaker housing 4 (Figure 7).

5 Then, as the UVR device 150 is being installed, the deflecting mechanism, which in the example shown and described herein is a cam surface 50, is increasingly deflected by the stem 159 of the UVR device 150 in order to pivot the trip bar 24 out of the way of the stem 159. It will, however, be appreciated that the stem 159 could alternatively be deflected by the cam surface 50 from the extended position toward the retracted
10 position. In this manner, the UVR device 150 can be relatively easily and quickly inserted, for example, without requiring the stem 159 to be held in the retracted position (Figure 7) by hand. Once the UVR device 150 is fully installed within the circuit breaker 2, as shown in Figure 7, and is electrically connected and suitably energized, the UVR device 150 thereby holds the stem 159 in the retracted position
15 until a trip condition (e.g., without limitation, under voltage) is detected thereby.

The example trip bar 24 is a single-piece molded member, which extends outwardly from the side plate 30 of the circuit breaker 2, as best shown in Figure 7, and includes a single elongated auxiliary paddle 46. The example single elongated auxiliary paddle 46 extends from at or about the second end 44 of the
20 elongated member 40 of the trip bar 24 toward the first end 42 thereof, and includes a first side 48, which is actuatable by the stem 159 of the UVR device 150, as previously discussed, and a second side 49 disposed opposite the first side 48. The example cam surface 50 includes a first end 52 disposed on the second end 44 of the elongated pivot member 40 of the trip bar 24, a second end 54 disposed on the first
25 side 48 of the single elongated auxiliary paddle 46, and a tapered portion 56 that extends from the first end 52 toward the second end 54. It will, however, be appreciated that any known or suitable alternative deflecting mechanism (not shown) and/or number and configuration of auxiliary paddles (not shown) could be employed to suitably deflect and cooperate with the accessory stem 159, without departing from
30 the scope of the invention.

As shown in Figure 13B, the elongated pivot member 40 of the example trip bar 24 further includes a tab 62, which extends outwardly from the

elongated pivot member 40. The example trip bar 24 and the single elongated auxiliary paddle 46 thereof, are biased (*e.g.*, counterclockwise with respect to Figure 13B) toward engagement with the stem 159 by a suitable bias element such as, for example and without limitation, a spring (not shown). In this manner, the trip bar 24
5 is continuously biased into a position in which it is ready to be actuated by the accessory stems 159,159', for example, in response to a trip condition of the circuit breaker 2.

Accordingly, the disclosed trip bar 24 facilitates insertion of primary accessories such as, for example and without limitation, UVR device (*e.g.*, 150),
10 which include an actuator 159 (*e.g.*, without limitation, stem) that would otherwise interfere with the trip bar 24 during installation of the accessory 150 within the circuit breaker 2 (Figures 3 and 7). Thus, the primary accessories 150,150' can be relatively easily and quickly installed within the circuit breaker 2, without having to hold the actuators 159,159' of the accessories in their respective retracted positions. It will be
15 appreciated that the primary accessories 150,150' can be installed with the stems 159,159' thereof being disposed in any suitable position. For example, both stems 159,159' could be extended. It will also be appreciated that the primary accessory 150 and/or primary accessory 150' could be, for example and without limitation, a shunt trip device or other suitable accessory that may be readily installed with a retracted
20 stem (*e.g.*, 159,159').

While specific embodiments of the invention have been described in detail, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that various modifications and alternatives to those details could be developed in light of the overall teachings of the disclosure. Accordingly, the particular arrangements disclosed are meant to be
25 illustrative only and not limiting as to the scope of the invention which is to be given the full breadth of the claims appended and any and all equivalents thereof.

REFERENCE CHARACTER LIST

2	circuit breaker
4	housing
6	exterior
8	cavity
9	first end of cavity
10	separable contacts
11	second end of cavity
12	first mounting rail
13	second mounting rail
14	first guide rail
16	second guide rail
17	first upright member
18	second upright member
20	operating mechanism
21	pole shaft
22	trip mechanism
24	trip bar
26	paddle
28	auxiliary paddle
30	side plate
31	arm
32	opening of side plate
34	opening of side plate
40	elongated pivot member
41	length
42	first end
44	second end
46	auxiliary paddle
48	first side of auxiliary paddle
49	second side of auxiliary paddle
50	cam surface
52	first end of cam surface
54	second end of cam surface
56	tapered portion
60	resilient element
62	tab of elongated pivot member
100	accessory assembly
102	accessory tray
104	mounting member
106	first side of mounting member
108	second side of mounting member
110	first edge of mounting member
112	second edge of mounting member
114	first end of mounting member
116	second end of mounting member

118	generally planar intermediate portion
120	guide mechanism
122	first notch
124	second notch
126	lateral protrusion of mounting member
128	lateral protrusion of mounting member
130	first mounting portion
132	second mounting portion
134	first connection mechanism
134'	first connection mechanism
136	second connection mechanism
136'	second connection mechanism
138	molded compartment
138'	molded compartment
140	resilient protrusion
140'	resilient protrusion
142	molded receptacle
142'	molded receptacle
144	resilient tab
144'	resilient tab
145	retention portion
145'	retention portion
146	first stop
148	second stop
150	primary accessory
150'	primary accessory
151	enclosure
151'	enclosure
152	first end of primary accessory
152'	first end of primary accessory
154	second end of primary accessory
154'	second end of primary accessory
156	first aperture
156'	first aperture
157	second aperture
158	electrical conductors
158'	electrical conductors
159	actuator
159'	actuator
160	secondary accessory
160'	secondary accessory
161	lever
161'	lever
162	first portion of enclosure
164	second portion of enclosure
166	first side of first portion
167	second side of first portion

168	first side of second portion
169	second side of second portion
170	first molded protrusion
172	second molded protrusion
174	first molded receptacle
176	second molded receptacle
178	first side of enclosure
180	second side of enclosure
182	first edge of enclosure
184	second edge of enclosure
186	molded cavity
186'	molded cavity
188	locating protrusion
190	locating protrusion
200	accessory module
200'	accessory module
202	first protrusion
202'	first protrusion
204	second protrusion
204'	second protrusion
206	recess
208	recess
300	strain relief mechanism
302	support
304	post
306	first end
308	second end
310	shank
312	enlarged head
314	first side of post
316	second side of post
320	fastening mechanism
322	wire tie
400	electrical conductor mount
400'	electrical conductor mount
402	mounting element
404	receiving portion
406	retaining portion
408	resilient hook
410	hook
412	first end of resilient hook
414	second end of resilient hook
416	opening
500	sub-assembly
502	auxiliary switch tray
504	auxiliary switch
506	module

508	first side of module
510	second side of module
512	first edge of module
514	second edge of module
520	compartment
522	first resilient tab
522'	first resilient tab
524	second resilient tab
524'	second resilient tab
526	retaining portion
526'	retaining portion
528	first end of compartment
529	opening
530	second end of compartment
531	access hole
532	first side of compartment
533	molded recess
534	second side of compartment
540	base
542	first lateral protrusion
544	second lateral protrusion
550	first end of auxiliary switch
552	second end of auxiliary switch
554	first side of auxiliary switch
556	second side of auxiliary switch
558	switch
560	lever
562	terminal
564	terminal

What is claimed is:

1. An electrical switching apparatus comprising:

a housing including a cavity;

separable contacts enclosed by said housing;

an operating mechanism structured to open and close said separable contacts, said operating mechanism including a trip mechanism; and

an accessory assembly mountable within said housing and being cooperable with said operating mechanism, said accessory assembly comprising:

at least one accessory, and

a mounting member including at least one mounting portion,

wherein said at least one mounting portion receives and secures a corresponding one of said at least one accessory, without a number of separate fasteners, in order to install said accessory within said cavity beneath said trip mechanism, and

wherein said corresponding one of said at least one accessory is removable from said at least one mounting portion, without a number of separate tools.

2. The electrical switching apparatus of claim 1 wherein said mounting member comprises a first end, a second end disposed opposite and distal from the first end, and a generally planar intermediate portion extending from at or about the second end toward the first end.

3. The electrical switching apparatus of claim 2 wherein at least one of said at least one accessory is an accessory module including an enclosure having a first end of said enclosure and a second end of said enclosure disposed opposite and distal from the first end of said enclosure; wherein said at least one mounting portion of said mounting member comprises a first connection mechanism and a second connection mechanism; and wherein the first end of said

enclosure of said accessory module is coupled to said first connection mechanism and the second end of said enclosure of said accessory module is coupled to said second connection mechanism.

4. An electrical switching apparatus comprising:

a housing;

separable contacts enclosed by said housing;

an operating mechanism structured to open and close said separable contacts; and

an accessory assembly mountable within said housing and being cooperable with said operating mechanism, said accessory assembly comprising:

at least one accessory, and

a mounting member including at least one mounting portion,

wherein said at least one mounting portion receives and secures a corresponding one of said at least one accessory, without a number of separate fasteners,

wherein said corresponding one of said at least one accessory is removable from said at least one mounting portion, without a number of separate tools,

wherein said mounting member comprises a first end, a second end disposed opposite and distal from the first end, and a generally planar intermediate portion extending from at or about the second end toward the first end,

wherein at least one of said at least one accessory is an accessory module including an enclosure having a first end of said enclosure and a second end of said enclosure disposed opposite and distal from the first end of said enclosure; wherein said at least one mounting portion of said mounting member comprises a first connection mechanism and a second connection mechanism; and wherein the first end of said enclosure of said accessory module is coupled to said first connection mechanism and the second end of said enclosure of said accessory module is coupled to said second connection mechanism, and

wherein the first end of said enclosure of said accessory module includes a first protrusion extending outwardly therefrom, and the second end of said enclosure of said accessory module includes a second protrusion extending outwardly therefrom; wherein said first connection mechanism is a receptacle extending outwardly from said generally planar intermediate portion of said mounting member; wherein said second connection mechanism is a resilient tab extending outwardly from said mounting member proximate the second end of said mounting member; wherein said resilient tab is movable between a first position corresponding to said accessory module not being installed on said mounting member, and a second position corresponding to said accessory module being installed on said mounting member; and wherein, when said accessory module is installed on said mounting member, said first protrusion of the first end of said enclosure of said accessory module is disposed within said molded recess and said resilient tab is disposed in said second position in which said resilient tab is biased against said second protrusion of the second end of said enclosure of said accessory module, thereby securing said accessory module on said mounting member.

5. The electrical switching apparatus of claim 4 wherein said resilient tab comprises a retention portion; and wherein, when said accessory module is installed on said mounting member, said retention portion of said resilient tab overlays said second protrusion of said enclosure in order to resist said accessory module from being undesirably removed from said mounting member.

6. The electrical switching apparatus of claim 4 wherein said mounting member further comprises at least one molded cavity disposed at or about the second end of said mounting member; wherein said resilient tab is disposed within said at least one molded cavity; and wherein, when said accessory module is installed on said mounting member, said second protrusion of the second end of said enclosure of said accessory module extends into a corresponding one of said at least one molded cavity and is secured therein by said resilient tab.

7. The electrical switching apparatus of claim 4 wherein said enclosure of said accessory module comprises a number of recesses; wherein said generally planar intermediate portion of

said mounting member comprises a number of locating protrusions; and wherein, when said accessory module is installed on said mounting member, each of said number of locating protrusions is disposed within a corresponding one of said recesses of said enclosure of said accessory module in order to align and maintain said accessory module in a predetermined position on said mounting member.

8. An electrical switching apparatus comprising:

a housing;

separable contacts enclosed by said housing;

an operating mechanism structured to open and close said separable contacts; and

an accessory assembly mountable within said housing and being cooperable with said operating mechanism, said accessory assembly comprising:

at least one accessory, and

a mounting member including at least one mounting portion,

wherein said at least one mounting portion receives and secures a corresponding one of said at least one accessory, without a number of separate fasteners,

wherein said corresponding one of said at least one accessory is removable from said at least one mounting portion, without a number of separate tools,

wherein said mounting member comprises a first end, a second end disposed opposite and distal from the first end, and a generally planar intermediate portion extending from at or about the second end toward the first end, and

wherein said mounting member further comprises a first edge and a second edge; wherein said at least one mounting portion is a first mounting portion and a second mounting portion; wherein said at least one accessory is a plurality of primary accessories coupled to said first mounting portion, and a number of secondary accessories coupled to said second mounting portion; wherein said first mounting portion extends from proximate the second end of said

mounting member toward the first end of said mounting member, in order that said primary accessories are disposed on said mounting member longitudinally and extend from proximate the second end of said mounting member toward the first end of said mounting member; and wherein said second mounting portion is disposed at or about the first end of the mounting member and perpendicular with respect to the first mounting portion, in order that said secondary accessories are disposed between the first edge of said mounting member and the second edge of said mounting member.

9. An electrical switching apparatus comprising:

a housing;

separable contacts enclosed by said housing;

an operating mechanism structured to open and close said separable contacts; and

an accessory assembly mountable within said housing and being cooperable with said operating mechanism, said accessory assembly comprising:

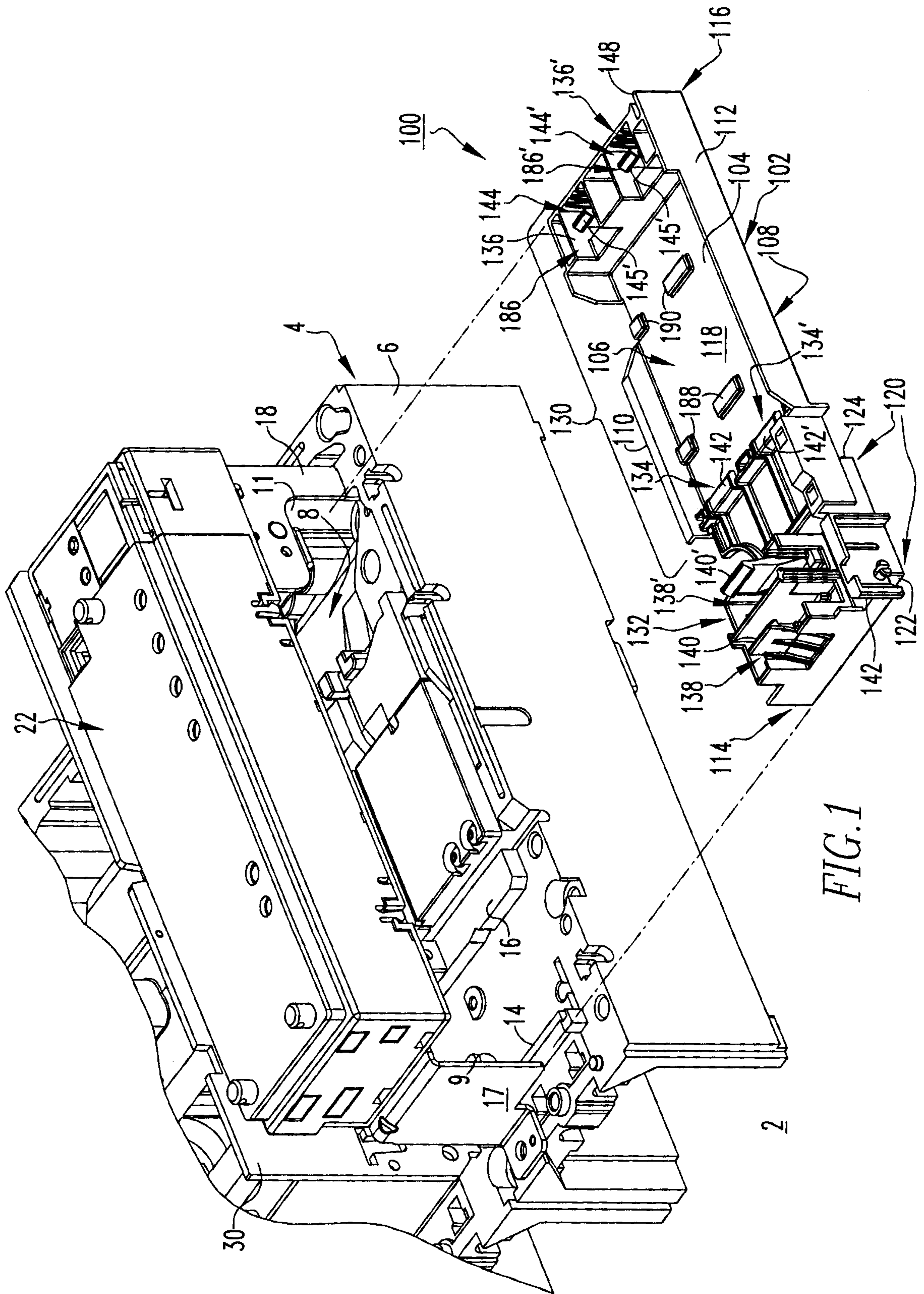
at least one accessory, and

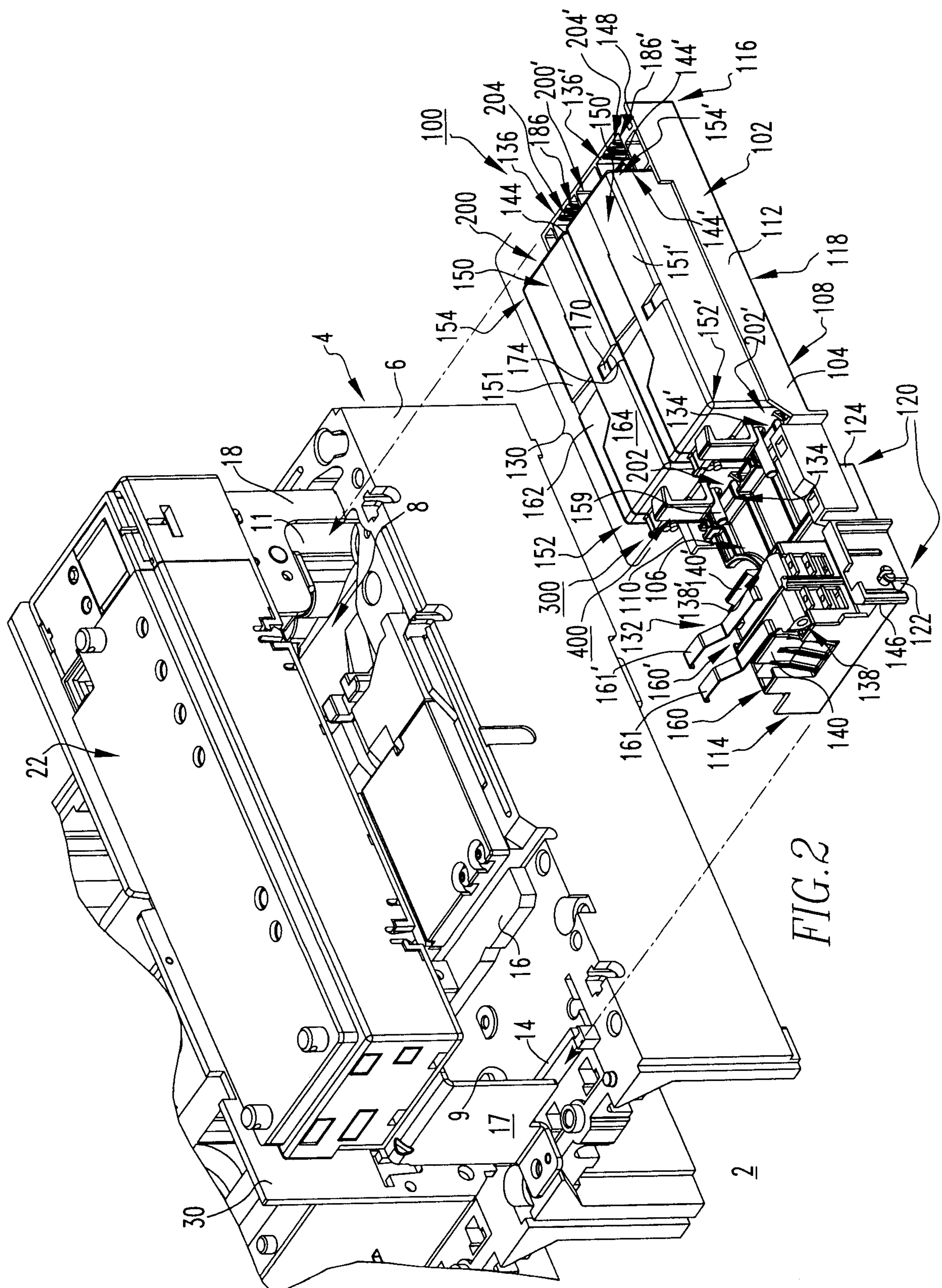
a mounting member including at least one mounting portion having a receptacle and a resilient member disposed opposite and distal from said receptacle,

wherein said receptacle receives and secures the first end of a corresponding one of said at least one accessory, and

wherein said resilient member releasably secures the second end of said corresponding one of said at least one accessory.

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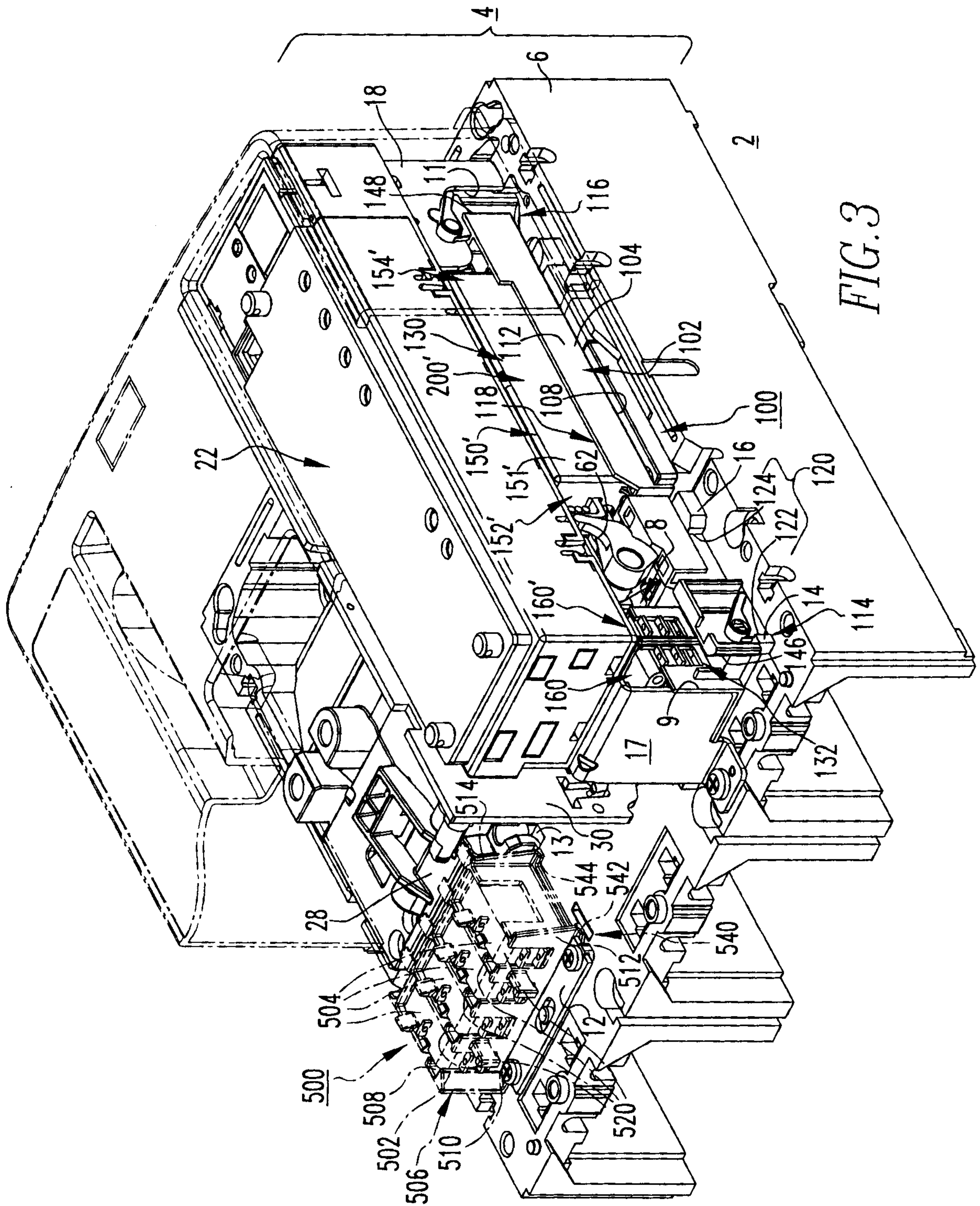
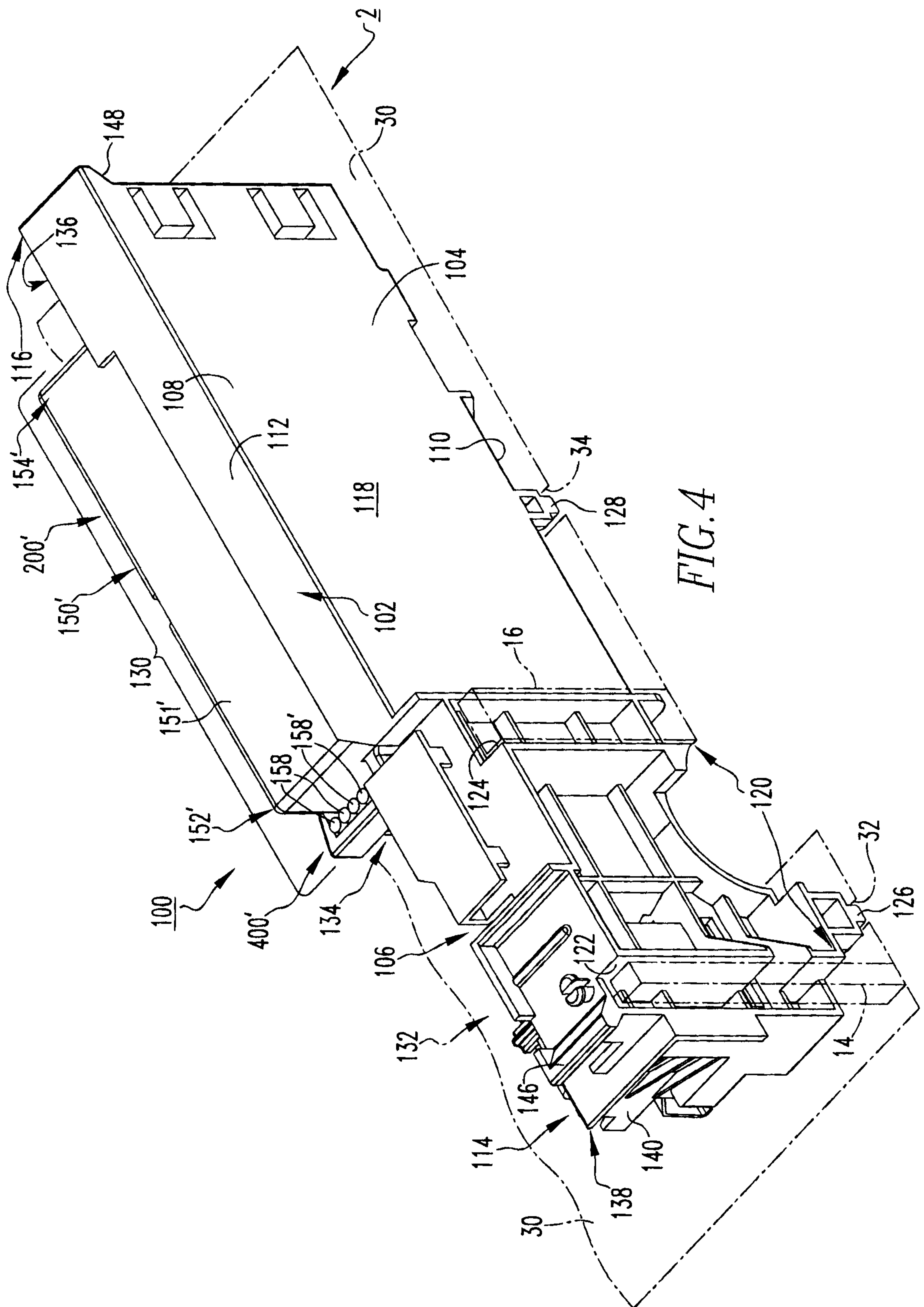
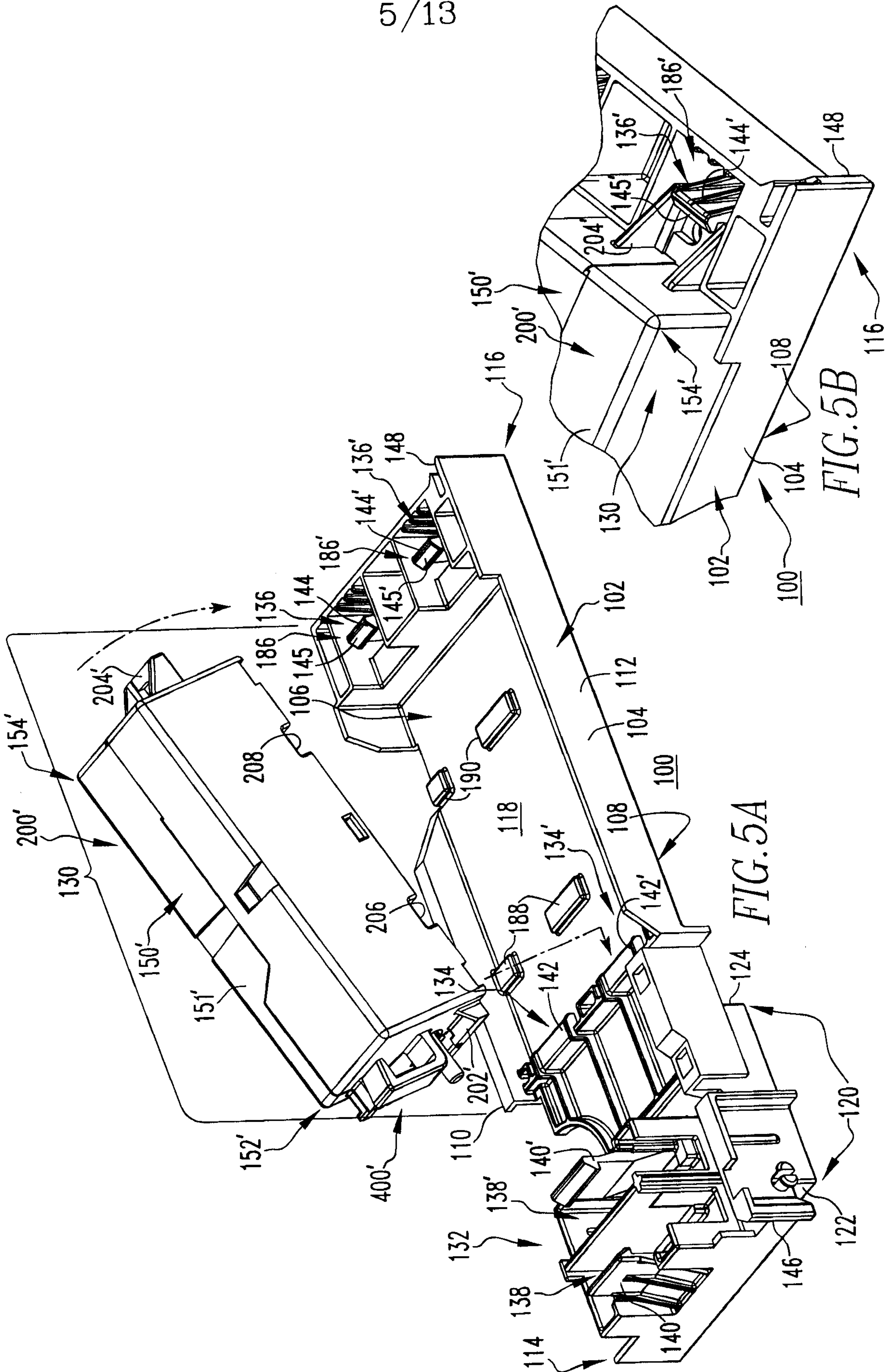
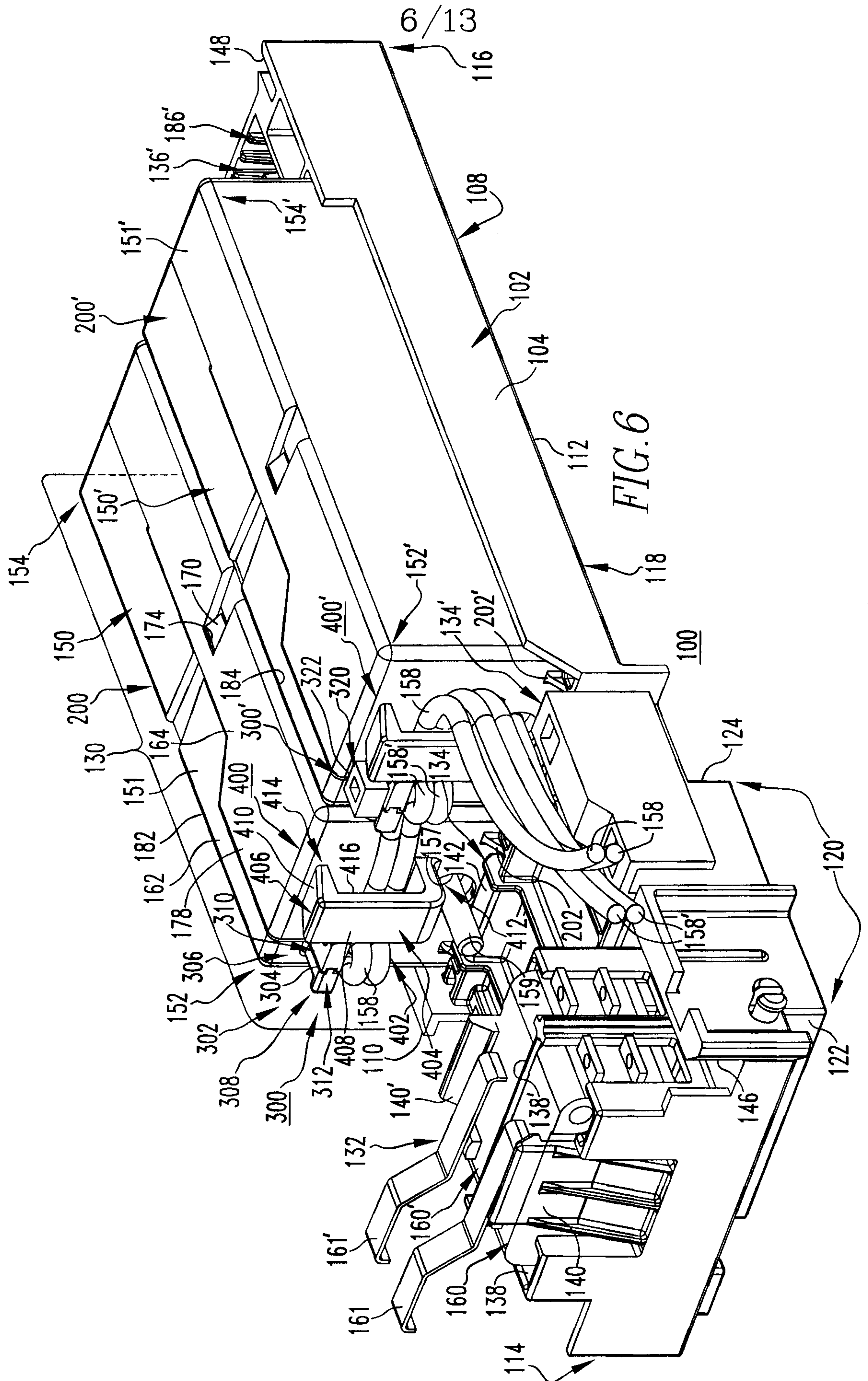


FIG. 3

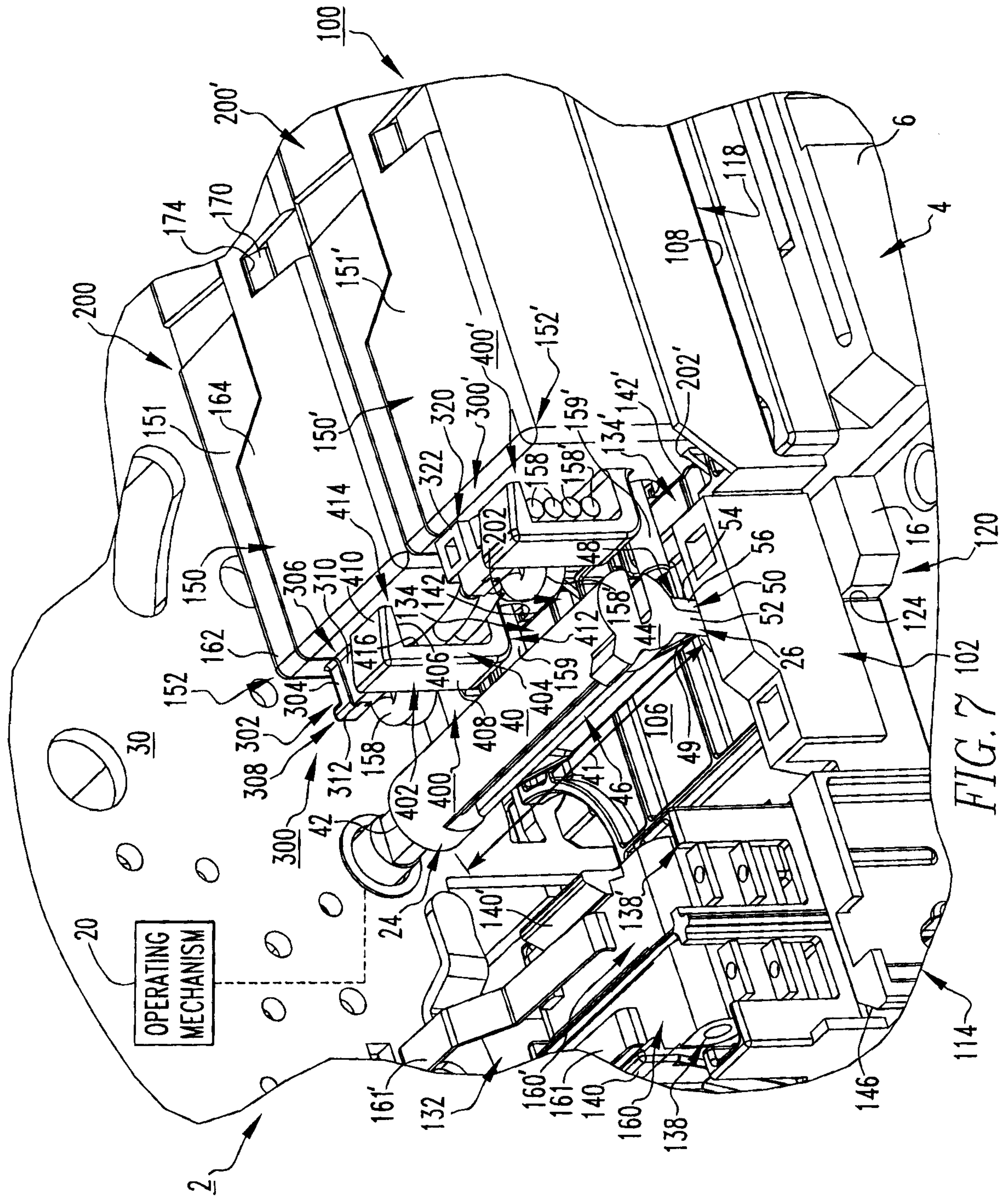


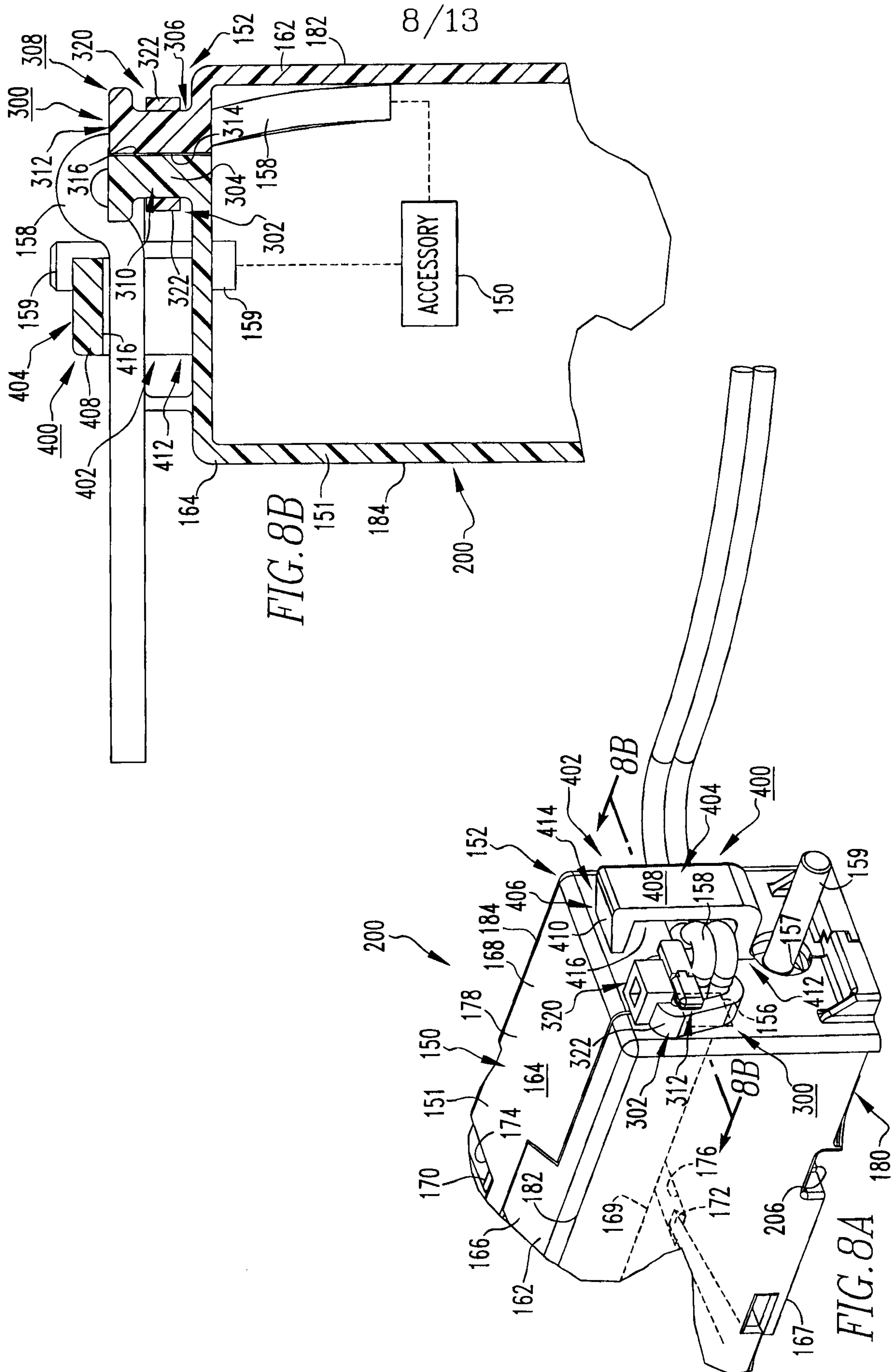
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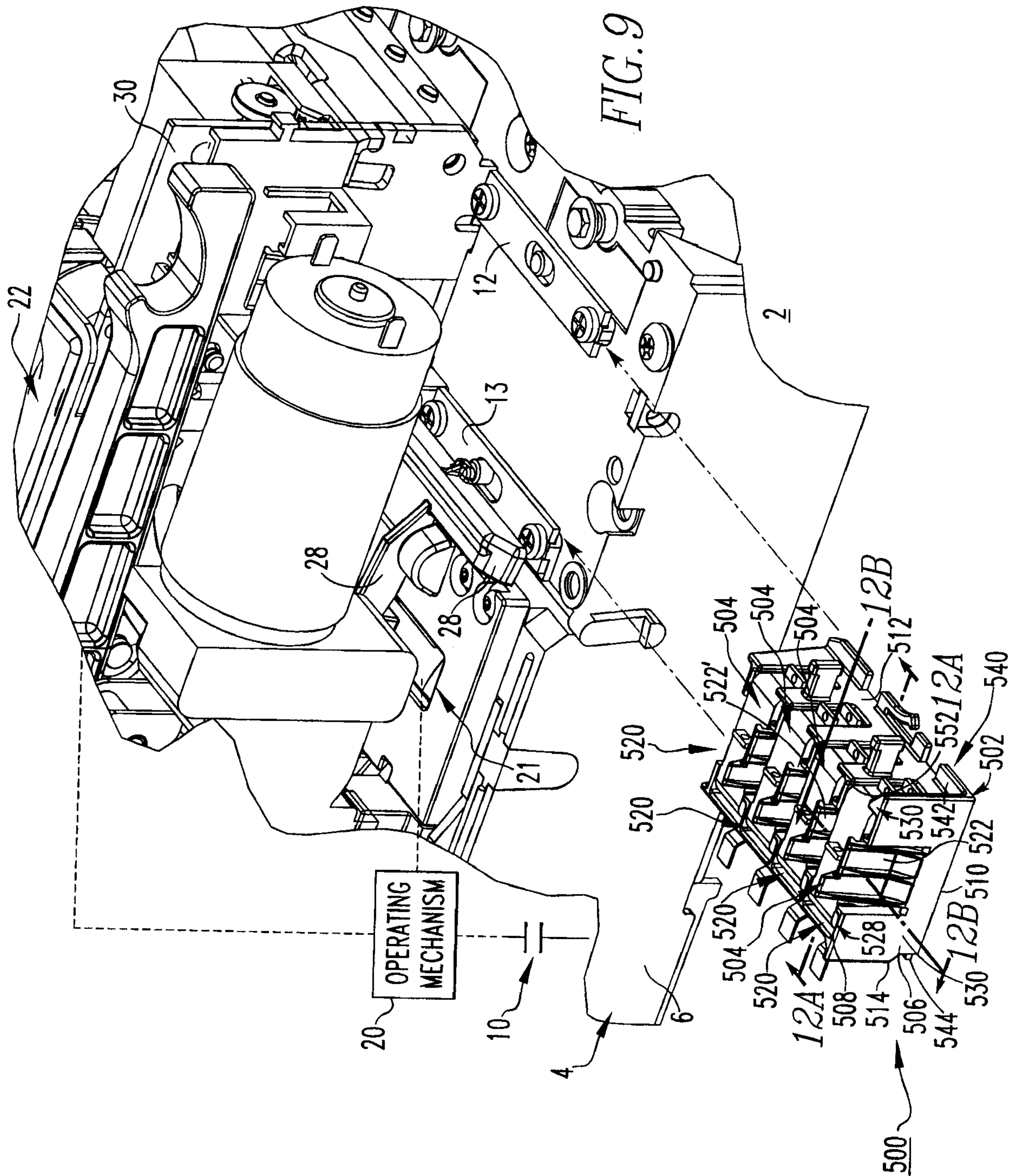


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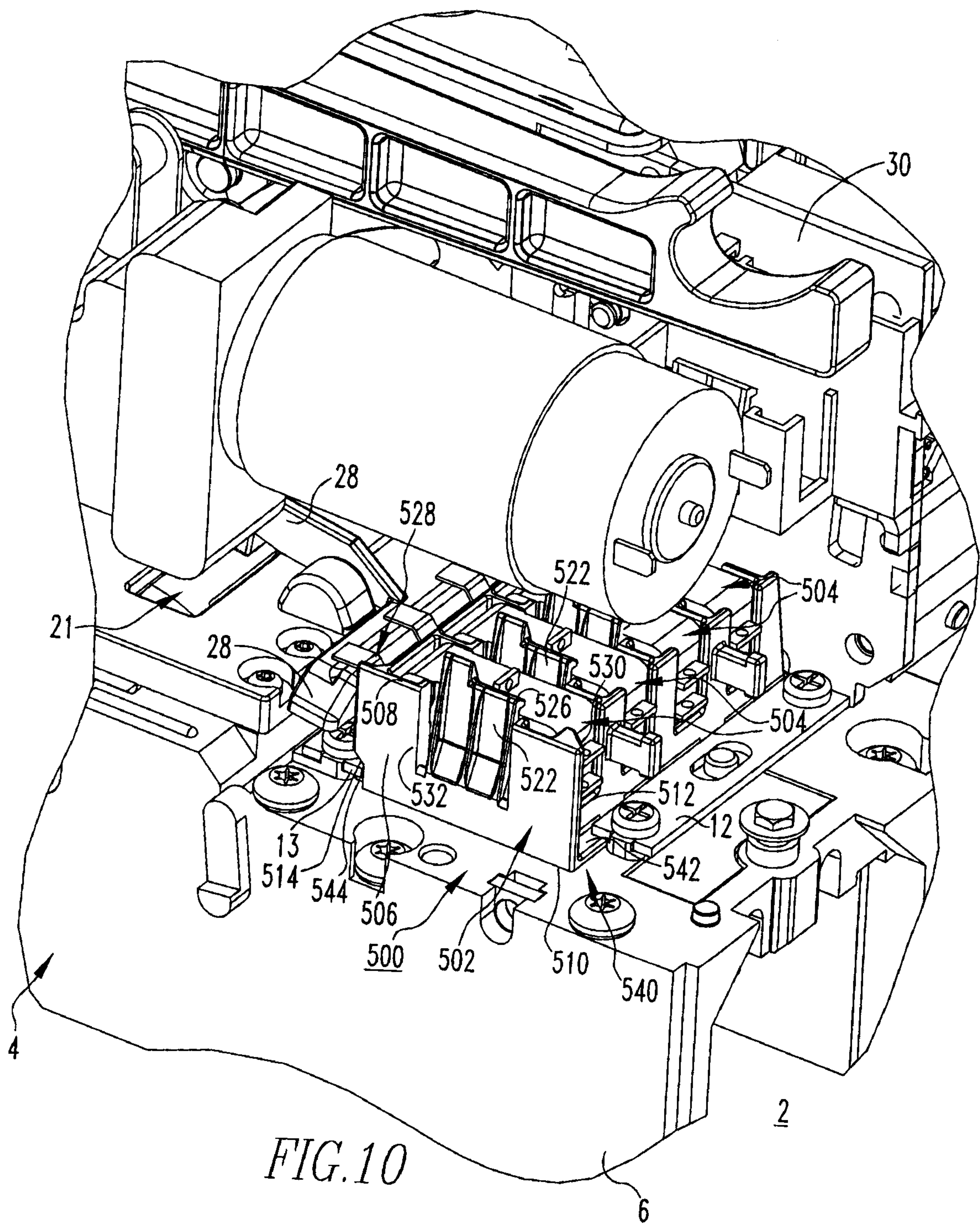




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