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(54) Title: METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR DIAGNOSIS AND PROGNOSIS OF RENAL INJURY AND RENAL FAILURE

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to methods and compositions for monitoring, diagnosis, prognosis, and determination of treatment regimens in subjects suffering from or suspected of having a renal injury. In particular, the invention relates to using assays that detect one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 as diagnostic and prognostic biomarker assays in renal injuries.



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## METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR DIAGNOSIS AND PROGNOSIS OF RENAL INJURY AND RENAL FAILURE

[0001] The present invention claims priority to U.S. provisional patent applications 61/238,115 filed 8/28/2009, 61/238,118 filed 8/28/2009, 61/238,120 filed 8/28/2009, 61/238,121 filed 8/28/2009, 61/238,123 filed 8/28/2009, 61/238,125 filed 8/28/2009, 61/238,127 filed 8/28/2009, 61/238,129 filed 8/28/2009, 61/238,134 filed 8/28/2009, 61/243,991 filed 9/18/2009, 61/243,997 filed 9/18/2009, 61/244,002 filed 9/18/2009, 61/243,993 filed 9/18/2009, and 61/238,128 filed 8/28/2009, each of which is hereby incorporated in its entirety including all tables, figures and claims.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The following discussion of the background of the invention is merely provided to aid the reader in understanding the invention and is not admitted to describe or constitute prior art to the present invention.

[0003] The kidney is responsible for water and solute excretion from the body. Its functions include maintenance of acid-base balance, regulation of electrolyte concentrations, control of blood volume, and regulation of blood pressure. As such, loss of kidney function through injury and/or disease results in substantial morbidity and mortality. A detailed discussion of renal injuries is provided in Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine, 17<sup>th</sup> Ed., McGraw Hill, New York, pages 1741-1830, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. Renal disease and/or injury may be acute or chronic. Acute and chronic kidney disease are described as follows (from Current Medical Diagnosis & Treatment 2008, 47<sup>th</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, New York, pages 785-815, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety): "Acute renal failure is worsening of renal function over hours to days, resulting in the retention of nitrogenous wastes (such as urea nitrogen) and creatinine in the blood. Retention of these substances is called azotemia. Chronic renal failure (chronic kidney disease) results from an abnormal loss of renal function over months to years".

[0004] Acute renal failure (ARF, also known as acute kidney injury, or AKI) is an abrupt (typically detected within about 48 hours to 1 week) reduction in glomerular filtration. This loss of filtration capacity results in retention of nitrogenous (urea and creatinine) and non-nitrogenous waste products that are normally excreted by the kidney,

a reduction in urine output, or both. It is reported that ARF complicates about 5% of hospital admissions, 4-15% of cardiopulmonary bypass surgeries, and up to 30% of intensive care admissions. ARF may be categorized as prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal in causation. Intrinsic renal disease can be further divided into glomerular, tubular, interstitial, and vascular abnormalities. Major causes of ARF are described in the following table, which is adapted from the Merck Manual, 17<sup>th</sup> ed., Chapter 222, and which is hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety:

Type	Risk Factors
<b>Prerenal</b>	
ECF volume depletion	Excessive diuresis, hemorrhage, GI losses, loss of intravascular fluid into the extravascular space (due to ascites, peritonitis, pancreatitis, or burns), loss of skin and mucus membranes, renal salt- and water-wasting states
Low cardiac output	Cardiomyopathy, MI, cardiac tamponade, pulmonary embolism, pulmonary hypertension, positive-pressure mechanical ventilation
Low systemic vascular resistance	Septic shock, liver failure, antihypertensive drugs
Increased renal vascular resistance	NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, hypercalcemia, anaphylaxis, anesthetics, renal artery obstruction, renal vein thrombosis, sepsis, hepatorenal syndrome
Decreased efferent arteriolar tone (leading to decreased GFR from reduced glomerular transcapillary pressure, especially in patients with bilateral renal artery stenosis)	ACE inhibitors or angiotensin II receptor blockers
<b>Intrinsic Renal</b>	
Acute tubular injury	Ischemia (prolonged or severe prerenal state): surgery, hemorrhage, arterial or venous obstruction; Toxins: NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque contrast agents, streptozotocin
Acute glomerulonephritis	ANCA-associated: Crescentic glomerulonephritis, polyarteritis nodosa, Wegener's granulomatosis; Anti-GBM glomerulonephritis: Goodpasture's syndrome; Immune-complex: Lupus glomerulonephritis, postinfectious glomerulonephritis, cryoglobulinemic glomerulonephritis
Acute tubulointerstitial nephritis	Drug reaction (eg, $\beta$ -lactams, NSAIDs, sulfonamides, ciprofloxacin, thiazide diuretics, furosemide, phenytoin, allopurinol, pyelonephritis, papillary necrosis)

Acute vascular nephropathy	Vasculitis, malignant hypertension, thrombotic microangiopathies, scleroderma, atheroembolism
Infiltrative diseases	Lymphoma, sarcoidosis, leukemia
<b>Postrenal</b>	
Tubular precipitation	Uric acid (tumor lysis), sulfonamides, triamterene, acyclovir, indinavir, methotrexate, ethylene glycol ingestion, myeloma protein, myoglobin
Ureteral obstruction	Intrinsic: Calculi, clots, sloughed renal tissue, fungus ball, edema, malignancy, congenital defects; Extrinsic: Malignancy, retroperitoneal fibrosis, ureteral trauma during surgery or high impact injury
Bladder obstruction	Mechanical: Benign prostatic hyperplasia, prostate cancer, bladder cancer, urethral strictures, phimosis, paraphimosis, urethral valves, obstructed indwelling urinary catheter; Neurogenic: Anticholinergic drugs, upper or lower motor neuron lesion

[0005] In the case of ischemic ARF, the course of the disease may be divided into four phases. During an initiation phase, which lasts hours to days, reduced perfusion of the kidney is evolving into injury. Glomerular ultrafiltration reduces, the flow of filtrate is reduced due to debris within the tubules, and back leakage of filtrate through injured epithelium occurs. Renal injury can be mediated during this phase by reperfusion of the kidney. Initiation is followed by an extension phase which is characterized by continued ischemic injury and inflammation and may involve endothelial damage and vascular congestion. During the maintenance phase, lasting from 1 to 2 weeks, renal cell injury occurs, and glomerular filtration and urine output reaches a minimum. A recovery phase can follow in which the renal epithelium is repaired and GFR gradually recovers. Despite this, the survival rate of subjects with ARF may be as low as about 60%.

[0006] Acute kidney injury caused by radiocontrast agents (also called contrast media) and other nephrotoxins such as cyclosporine, antibiotics including aminoglycosides and anticancer drugs such as cisplatin manifests over a period of days to about a week. Contrast induced nephropathy (CIN, which is AKI caused by radiocontrast agents) is thought to be caused by intrarenal vasoconstriction (leading to ischemic injury) and from the generation of reactive oxygen species that are directly toxic to renal tubular epithelial cells. CIN classically presents as an acute (onset within 24-48h) but reversible (peak 3-5 days, resolution within 1 week) rise in blood urea nitrogen and serum creatinine.

[0007] A commonly reported criteria for defining and detecting AKI is an abrupt (typically within about 2-7 days or within a period of hospitalization) elevation of serum creatinine. Although the use of serum creatinine elevation to define and detect AKI is well established, the magnitude of the serum creatinine elevation and the time over which it is measured to define AKI varies considerably among publications. Traditionally, relatively large increases in serum creatinine such as 100%, 200%, an increase of at least 100% to a value over 2 mg/dL and other definitions were used to define AKI. However, the recent trend has been towards using smaller serum creatinine rises to define AKI. The relationship between serum creatinine rise, AKI and the associated health risks are reviewed in Praught and Shlipak, *Curr Opin Nephrol Hypertens* 14:265-270, 2005 and Chertow et al, *J Am Soc Nephrol* 16: 3365-3370, 2005, which, with the references listed therein, are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. As described in these publications, acute worsening renal function (AKI) and increased risk of death and other detrimental outcomes are now known to be associated with very small increases in serum creatinine. These increases may be determined as a relative (percent) value or a nominal value. Relative increases in serum creatinine as small as 20% from the pre-injury value have been reported to indicate acutely worsening renal function (AKI) and increased health risk, but the more commonly reported value to define AKI and increased health risk is a relative increase of at least 25%. Nominal increases as small as 0.3 mg/dL, 0.2 mg/dL or even 0.1 mg/dL have been reported to indicate worsening renal function and increased risk of death. Various time periods for the serum creatinine to rise to these threshold values have been used to define AKI, for example, ranging from 2 days, 3 days, 7 days, or a variable period defined as the time the patient is in the hospital or intensive care unit. These studies indicate there is not a particular threshold serum creatinine rise (or time period for the rise) for worsening renal function or AKI, but rather a continuous increase in risk with increasing magnitude of serum creatinine rise.

[0008] One study (Lassnigg et al, *J Am Soc Nephrol* 15:1597-1605, 2004, hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety) investigated both increases and decreases in serum creatinine. Patients with a mild fall in serum creatinine of -0.1 to -0.3 mg/dL following heart surgery had the lowest mortality rate. Patients with a larger fall in serum creatinine (more than or equal to -0.4 mg/dL) or any increase in serum creatinine had a larger mortality rate. These findings caused the authors to conclude that even very subtle changes in renal function (as detected by small creatinine changes within 48 hours of

surgery) seriously effect patient's outcomes. In an effort to reach consensus on a unified classification system for using serum creatinine to define AKI in clinical trials and in clinical practice, Bellomo *et al.*, *Crit Care*. 8(4):R204-12, 2004, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, proposes the following classifications for stratifying AKI patients:

“Risk”: serum creatinine increased 1.5 fold from baseline OR urine production of <0.5 ml/kg body weight/hr for 6 hours;

“Injury”: serum creatinine increased 2.0 fold from baseline OR urine production <0.5 ml/kg/hr for 12 h;

“Failure”: serum creatinine increased 3.0 fold from baseline OR creatinine >355  $\mu\text{mol/l}$  (with a rise of >44) or urine output below 0.3 ml/kg/hr for 24 h or anuria for at least 12 hours;

And included two clinical outcomes:

“Loss”: persistent need for renal replacement therapy for more than four weeks.

“ESRD”: end stage renal disease—the need for dialysis for more than 3 months.

[0009] These criteria are called the RIFLE criteria, which provide a useful clinical tool to classify renal status. As discussed in Kellum, *Crit. Care Med.* 36: S141-45, 2008 and Ricci *et al.*, *Kidney Int.* 73, 538-546, 2008, each hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, the RIFLE criteria provide a uniform definition of AKI which has been validated in numerous studies.

[0010] More recently, Mehta *et al.*, *Crit. Care* 11:R31 (doi:10.1186.cc5713), 2007, hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, proposes the following similar classifications for stratifying AKI patients, which have been modified from RIFLE:

“Stage I”: increase in serum creatinine of more than or equal to 0.3 mg/dL ( $\geq 26.4 \mu\text{mol/L}$ ) or increase to more than or equal to 150% (1.5-fold) from baseline OR urine output less than 0.5 mL/kg per hour for more than 6 hours;

“Stage II”: increase in serum creatinine to more than 200% (> 2-fold) from baseline OR urine output less than 0.5 mL/kg per hour for more than 12 hours;

“Stage III”: increase in serum creatinine to more than 300% (> 3-fold) from baseline OR serum creatinine  $\geq 354$   $\mu\text{mol/L}$  accompanied by an acute increase of at least 44  $\mu\text{mol/L}$  OR urine output less than 0.3 mL/kg per hour for 24 hours or anuria for 12 hours.

[0011] The CIN Consensus Working Panel (McCollough et al, *Rev Cardiovasc Med.* 2006;7(4):177-197, hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety) uses a serum creatinine rise of 25% to define Contrast induced nephropathy (which is a type of AKI). Although various groups propose slightly different criteria for using serum creatinine to detect AKI, the consensus is that small changes in serum creatinine, such as 0.3 mg/dL or 25%, are sufficient to detect AKI (worsening renal function) and that the magnitude of the serum creatinine change is an indicator of the severity of the AKI and mortality risk.

[0012] Although serial measurement of serum creatinine over a period of days is an accepted method of detecting and diagnosing AKI and is considered one of the most important tools to evaluate AKI patients, serum creatinine is generally regarded to have several limitations in the diagnosis, assessment and monitoring of AKI patients. The time period for serum creatinine to rise to values (e.g., a 0.3 mg/dL or 25% rise) considered diagnostic for AKI can be 48 hours or longer depending on the definition used. Since cellular injury in AKI can occur over a period of hours, serum creatinine elevations detected at 48 hours or longer can be a late indicator of injury, and relying on serum creatinine can thus delay diagnosis of AKI. Furthermore, serum creatinine is not a good indicator of the exact kidney status and treatment needs during the most acute phases of AKI when kidney function is changing rapidly. Some patients with AKI will recover fully, some will need dialysis (either short term or long term) and some will have other detrimental outcomes including death, major adverse cardiac events and chronic kidney disease. Because serum creatinine is a marker of filtration rate, it does not differentiate between the causes of AKI (pre-renal, intrinsic renal, post-renal obstruction, atheroembolic, etc) or the category or location of injury in intrinsic renal disease (for example, tubular, glomerular or interstitial in origin). Urine output is similarly limited. Knowing these things can be of vital importance in managing and treating patients with AKI.

[0013] These limitations underscore the need for better methods to detect and assess AKI, particularly in the early and subclinical stages, but also in later stages when

recovery and repair of the kidney can occur. Furthermore, there is a need to better identify patients who are at risk of having an AKI.

#### BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0014] It is an object of the invention to provide methods and compositions for evaluating renal function in a subject. As described herein, measurement of one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 (referred to herein as a “kidney injury marker”) can be used for diagnosis, prognosis, risk stratification, staging, monitoring, categorizing and determination of further diagnosis and treatment regimens in subjects suffering or at risk of suffering from an injury to renal function, reduced renal function, and/or acute renal failure (also called acute kidney injury).

[0015] The kidney injury markers of the present invention may be used, individually or in panels comprising a plurality of kidney injury markers, for risk stratification (that is, to identify subjects at risk for a future injury to renal function, for future progression to reduced renal function, for future progression to ARF, for future improvement in renal function, *etc.*); for diagnosis of existing disease (that is, to identify subjects who have suffered an injury to renal function, who have progressed to reduced renal function, who have progressed to ARF, *etc.*); for monitoring for deterioration or improvement of renal function; and for predicting a future medical outcome, such as improved or worsening renal function, a decreased or increased mortality risk, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will require renal replacement therapy (*i.e.*, hemodialysis, peritoneal dialysis, hemofiltration, and/or renal transplantation, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will recover from an injury to renal function, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will recover from ARF, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will progress to end stage renal disease, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will progress to chronic renal failure, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will suffer rejection of a transplanted kidney, *etc.*



[0016] In a first aspect, the present invention relates to methods for evaluating renal status in a subject. These methods comprise performing an assay method that is configured to detect one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 in a body fluid sample obtained from the subject. The assay result(s), for example measured concentration(s) of one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, is/are then correlated to the renal status of the subject. This correlation to renal status may include correlating the assay result(s) to one or more of risk stratification, diagnosis, prognosis, staging, classifying and monitoring of the subject as described herein. Thus, the present invention utilizes one or more kidney injury markers of the present invention for the evaluation of renal injury.

[0017] In certain embodiments, the methods for evaluating renal status described herein are methods for risk stratification of the subject; that is, assigning a likelihood of one or more future changes in renal status to the subject. In these embodiments, the assay result(s) is/are correlated to one or more such future changes. The following are preferred risk stratification embodiments.

[0018] In preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's risk for a future injury to renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of such a future injury to renal function. For example, the measured concentration(s) may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of suffering a future injury to renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of suffering a future injury to renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

[0019] In other preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's risk for future reduced renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of such reduced renal function. For example, the measured concentrations may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of suffering a future reduced renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of future reduced renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

[0020] In still other preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's likelihood for a future improvement in renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of such a future improvement in renal function. For example, the measured concentration(s) may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of a future improvement in renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of a future improvement in renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

[0021] In yet other preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's risk for progression to ARF, and the result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of such progression to ARF. For example, the measured concentration(s) may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of progression to ARF is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of progression to ARF is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

[0022] And in other preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's outcome risk, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of the occurrence of a clinical outcome related to a renal injury suffered by the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of one or more of: acute kidney injury, progression to a worsening stage of AKI, mortality, a requirement for renal replacement therapy, a requirement for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, progression to chronic kidney disease, *etc.*, is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of one or more of: acute kidney injury, progression to a worsening stage of AKI, mortality, a requirement for renal replacement therapy, a requirement for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, progression to chronic kidney disease, *etc.*, is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

[0023] In such risk stratification embodiments, preferably the likelihood or risk assigned is that an event of interest is more or less likely to occur within 180 days of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject. In particularly preferred embodiments, the likelihood or risk assigned relates to an event of interest occurring within a shorter time period such as 18 months, 120 days, 90 days, 60 days, 45 days, 30 days, 21 days, 14 days, 7 days, 5 days, 96 hours, 72 hours, 48 hours, 36 hours, 24 hours, 12 hours, or less. A risk at 0 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject is equivalent to diagnosis of a current condition.

[0024] In preferred risk stratification embodiments, the subject is selected for risk stratification based on the pre-existence in the subject of one or more known risk factors for prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal ARF. For example, a subject undergoing or having undergone major vascular surgery, coronary artery bypass, or other cardiac surgery; a subject having pre-existing congestive heart failure, preeclampsia, eclampsia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, coronary artery disease, proteinuria, renal insufficiency, glomerular filtration below the normal range, cirrhosis, serum creatinine above the normal range, or sepsis; or a subject exposed to NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus,

aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque contrast agents, or streptozotocin are all preferred subjects for monitoring risks according to the methods described herein. This list is not meant to be limiting. By “pre-existence” in this context is meant that the risk factor exists at the time the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject. In particularly preferred embodiments, a subject is chosen for risk stratification based on an existing diagnosis of injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF.

[0025] In other embodiments, the methods for evaluating renal status described herein are methods for diagnosing a renal injury in the subject; that is, assessing whether or not a subject has suffered from an injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF. In these embodiments, the assay result(s), for example measured concentration(s) of one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status. The following are preferred diagnostic embodiments.

[0026] In preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing the occurrence or nonoccurrence of an injury to renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of such an injury. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury to renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury to renal function may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury to renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury to renal function may

be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0027] In other preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing the occurrence or nonoccurrence of reduced renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0028] In yet other preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing the occurrence or nonoccurrence of ARF, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of an injury causing ARF. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of ARF is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of ARF may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of ARF is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold);

alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of ARF may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0029] In still other preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing a subject as being in need of renal replacement therapy, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a need for renal replacement therapy. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury creating a need for renal replacement therapy is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury creating a need for renal replacement therapy may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury creating a need for renal replacement therapy is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury creating a need for renal replacement therapy may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0030] In still other preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing a subject as being in need of renal transplantation, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a need for renal transplantation. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury creating a need for renal transplantation is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury creating a need for renal transplantation may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury creating a need for renal

transplantation is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury creating a need for renal transplantation may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0031] In still other embodiments, the methods for evaluating renal status described herein are methods for monitoring a renal injury in the subject; that is, assessing whether or not renal function is improving or worsening in a subject who has suffered from an injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF. In these embodiments, the assay result(s), for example measured concentration(s) of one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status. The following are preferred monitoring embodiments.

[0032] In preferred monitoring embodiments, these methods comprise monitoring renal status in a subject suffering from an injury to renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status in the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject. For a negative going marker, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject.

[0033] In other preferred monitoring embodiments, these methods comprise monitoring renal status in a subject suffering from reduced renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status in the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively,

when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject. For a negative going marker, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject.

[0034] In yet other preferred monitoring embodiments, these methods comprise monitoring renal status in a subject suffering from acute renal failure, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status in the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject. For a negative going marker, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject.

[0035] In other additional preferred monitoring embodiments, these methods comprise monitoring renal status in a subject at risk of an injury to renal function due to the pre-existence of one or more known risk factors for prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal ARF, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status in the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject. For a negative going marker, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject.

[0036] In still other embodiments, the methods for evaluating renal status described herein are methods for classifying a renal injury in the subject; that is, determining whether a renal injury in a subject is prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal; and/or further subdividing these classes into subclasses such as acute tubular injury, acute



glomerulonephritis acute tubulointerstitial nephritis, acute vascular nephropathy, or infiltrative disease; and/or assigning a likelihood that a subject will progress to a particular RIFLE stage. In these embodiments, the assay result(s), for example measured concentration(s) of one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, is/are correlated to a particular class and/or subclass. The following are preferred classification embodiments.

[0037] In preferred classification embodiments, these methods comprise determining whether a renal injury in a subject is prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal; and/or further subdividing these classes into subclasses such as acute tubular injury, acute glomerulonephritis acute tubulointerstitial nephritis, acute vascular nephropathy, or infiltrative disease; and/or assigning a likelihood that a subject will progress to a particular RIFLE stage, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the injury classification for the subject. For example, the measured concentration may be compared to a threshold value, and when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a particular classification is assigned; alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a different classification may be assigned to the subject.

[0038] A variety of methods may be used by the skilled artisan to arrive at a desired threshold value for use in these methods. For example, the threshold value may be determined from a population of normal subjects by selecting a concentration representing the 75<sup>th</sup>, 85<sup>th</sup>, 90<sup>th</sup>, 95<sup>th</sup>, or 99<sup>th</sup> percentile of a kidney injury marker measured in such normal subjects. Alternatively, the threshold value may be determined from a “diseased” population of subjects, e.g., those suffering from an injury or having a predisposition for an injury (e.g., progression to ARF or some other clinical outcome such as death, dialysis, renal transplantation, *etc.*), by selecting a concentration representing the 75<sup>th</sup>, 85<sup>th</sup>, 90<sup>th</sup>, 95<sup>th</sup>, or 99<sup>th</sup> percentile of a kidney injury marker measured in such subjects. In another alternative, the threshold value may be determined from a prior measurement of a kidney injury marker in the same subject; that is, a temporal change in the level of a kidney injury marker in the subject may be used to assign risk to the subject.

[0039] The foregoing discussion is not meant to imply, however, that the kidney injury markers of the present invention must be compared to corresponding individual

thresholds. Methods for combining assay results can comprise the use of multivariate logistical regression, loglinear modeling, neural network analysis, n-of-m analysis, decision tree analysis, calculating ratios of markers, *etc.* This list is not meant to be limiting. In these methods, a composite result which is determined by combining individual markers may be treated as if it is itself a marker; that is, a threshold may be determined for the composite result as described herein for individual markers, and the composite result for an individual patient compared to this threshold.

[0040] The ability of a particular test to distinguish two populations can be established using ROC analysis. For example, ROC curves established from a “first” subpopulation which is predisposed to one or more future changes in renal status, and a “second” subpopulation which is not so predisposed can be used to calculate a ROC curve, and the area under the curve provides a measure of the quality of the test. Preferably, the tests described herein provide a ROC curve area greater than 0.5, preferably at least 0.6, more preferably 0.7, still more preferably at least 0.8, even more preferably at least 0.9, and most preferably at least 0.95.

[0041] In certain aspects, the measured concentration of one or more kidney injury markers, or a composite of such markers, may be treated as continuous variables. For example, any particular concentration can be converted into a corresponding probability of a future reduction in renal function for the subject, the occurrence of an injury, a classification, etc. In yet another alternative, a threshold that can provide an acceptable level of specificity and sensitivity in separating a population of subjects into “bins” such as a “first” subpopulation (e.g., which is predisposed to one or more future changes in renal status, the occurrence of an injury, a classification, etc.) and a “second” subpopulation which is not so predisposed. A threshold value is selected to separate this first and second population by one or more of the following measures of test accuracy: an odds ratio greater than 1, preferably at least about 2 or more or about 0.5 or less, more preferably at least about 3 or more or about 0.33 or less, still more preferably at least about 4 or more or about 0.25 or less, even more preferably at least about 5 or more or about 0.2 or less, and most preferably at least about 10 or more or about 0.1 or less; a specificity of greater than 0.5, preferably at least about 0.6, more preferably at least about 0.7, still more preferably at least about 0.8, even more preferably at least about 0.9 and most preferably at least about 0.95, with a corresponding sensitivity greater than 0.2,

preferably greater than about 0.3, more preferably greater than about 0.4, still more preferably at least about 0.5, even more preferably about 0.6, yet more preferably greater than about 0.7, still more preferably greater than about 0.8, more preferably greater than about 0.9, and most preferably greater than about 0.95;

a sensitivity of greater than 0.5, preferably at least about 0.6, more preferably at least about 0.7, still more preferably at least about 0.8, even more preferably at least about 0.9 and most preferably at least about 0.95, with a corresponding specificity greater than 0.2, preferably greater than about 0.3, more preferably greater than about 0.4, still more preferably at least about 0.5, even more preferably about 0.6, yet more preferably greater than about 0.7, still more preferably greater than about 0.8, more preferably greater than about 0.9, and most preferably greater than about 0.95;

at least about 75% sensitivity, combined with at least about 75% specificity;

a positive likelihood ratio (calculated as  $\text{sensitivity}/(1-\text{specificity})$ ) of greater than 1, at least about 2, more preferably at least about 3, still more preferably at least about 5, and most preferably at least about 10; or

a negative likelihood ratio (calculated as  $(1-\text{sensitivity})/\text{specificity}$ ) of less than 1, less than or equal to about 0.5, more preferably less than or equal to about 0.3, and most preferably less than or equal to about 0.1.

[0042] The term “about” in the context of any of the above measurements refers to +/- 5% of a given measurement.

[0043] Multiple thresholds may also be used to assess renal status in a subject. For example, a “first” subpopulation which is predisposed to one or more future changes in renal status, the occurrence of an injury, a classification, etc., and a “second” subpopulation which is not so predisposed can be combined into a single group. This group is then subdivided into three or more equal parts (known as tertiles, quartiles, quintiles, etc., depending on the number of subdivisions). An odds ratio is assigned to subjects based on which subdivision they fall into. If one considers a tertile, the lowest or highest tertile can be used as a reference for comparison of the other subdivisions. This reference subdivision is assigned an odds ratio of 1. The second tertile is assigned an odds ratio that is relative to that first tertile. That is, someone in the second tertile might be 3 times more likely to suffer one or more future changes in renal status in comparison to

someone in the first tertile. The third tertile is also assigned an odds ratio that is relative to that first tertile.

[0044] In certain embodiments, the assay method is an immunoassay. Antibodies for use in such assays will specifically bind a full length kidney injury marker of interest, and may also bind one or more polypeptides that are “related” thereto, as that term is defined hereinafter. Numerous immunoassay formats are known to those of skill in the art. Preferred body fluid samples are selected from the group consisting of urine, blood, serum, saliva, tears, and plasma.

[0045] The foregoing method steps should not be interpreted to mean that the kidney injury marker assay result(s) is/are used in isolation in the methods described herein. Rather, additional variables or other clinical indicia may be included in the methods described herein. For example, a risk stratification, diagnostic, classification, monitoring, etc. method may combine the assay result(s) with one or more variables measured for the subject selected from the group consisting of demographic information (e.g., weight, sex, age, race), medical history (e.g., family history, type of surgery, pre-existing disease such as aneurism, congestive heart failure, preeclampsia, eclampsia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, coronary artery disease, proteinuria, renal insufficiency, or sepsis, type of toxin exposure such as NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque contrast agents, or streptozotocin), clinical variables (e.g., blood pressure, temperature, respiration rate), risk scores (APACHE score, PREDICT score, TIMI Risk Score for UA/NSTEMI, Framingham Risk Score), a glomerular filtration rate, an estimated glomerular filtration rate, a urine production rate, a serum or plasma creatinine concentration, a urine creatinine concentration, a fractional excretion of sodium, a urine sodium concentration, a urine creatinine to serum or plasma creatinine ratio, a urine specific gravity, a urine osmolality, a urine urea nitrogen to plasma urea nitrogen ratio, a plasma BUN to creatinine ratio, a renal failure index calculated as  $\text{urine sodium} / (\text{urine creatinine} / \text{plasma creatinine})$ , a serum or plasma neutrophil gelatinase (NGAL) concentration, a urine NGAL concentration, a serum or plasma cystatin C concentration, a serum or plasma cardiac troponin concentration, a serum or plasma BNP concentration, a serum or plasma NTproBNP concentration, and a serum or plasma proBNP concentration. Other measures of renal function which may be combined with one or more kidney injury marker assay result(s) are described hereinafter and in Harrison’s

Principles of Internal Medicine, 17<sup>th</sup> Ed., McGraw Hill, New York, pages 1741-1830, and Current Medical Diagnosis & Treatment 2008, 47<sup>th</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, New York, pages 785-815, each of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[0046] When more than one marker is measured, the individual markers may be measured in samples obtained at the same time, or may be determined from samples obtained at different (e.g., an earlier or later) times. The individual markers may also be measured on the same or different body fluid samples. For example, one kidney injury marker may be measured in a serum or plasma sample and another kidney injury marker may be measured in a urine sample. In addition, assignment of a likelihood may combine an individual kidney injury marker assay result with temporal changes in one or more additional variables.

[0047] In various related aspects, the present invention also relates to devices and kits for performing the methods described herein. Suitable kits comprise reagents sufficient for performing an assay for at least one of the described kidney injury markers, together with instructions for performing the described threshold comparisons.

[0048] In certain embodiments, reagents for performing such assays are provided in an assay device, and such assay devices may be included in such a kit. Preferred reagents can comprise one or more solid phase antibodies, the solid phase antibody comprising antibody that detects the intended biomarker target(s) bound to a solid support. In the case of sandwich immunoassays, such reagents can also include one or more detectably labeled antibodies, the detectably labeled antibody comprising antibody that detects the intended biomarker target(s) bound to a detectable label. Additional optional elements that may be provided as part of an assay device are described hereinafter.

[0049] Detectable labels may include molecules that are themselves detectable (e.g., fluorescent moieties, electrochemical labels, ecl (electrochemical luminescence) labels, metal chelates, colloidal metal particles, *etc.*) as well as molecules that may be indirectly detected by production of a detectable reaction product (e.g., enzymes such as horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, *etc.*) or through the use of a specific binding molecule which itself may be detectable (e.g., a labeled antibody that binds to the second antibody, biotin, digoxigenin, maltose, oligohistidine, 2,4-dinitrobenzene, phenylarsenate, ssDNA, dsDNA, *etc.*).

[0050] Generation of a signal from the signal development element can be performed using various optical, acoustical, and electrochemical methods well known in the art. Examples of detection modes include fluorescence, radiochemical detection, reflectance, absorbance, amperometry, conductance, impedance, interferometry, ellipsometry, *etc.* In certain of these methods, the solid phase antibody is coupled to a transducer (*e.g.*, a diffraction grating, electrochemical sensor, etc) for generation of a signal, while in others, a signal is generated by a transducer that is spatially separate from the solid phase antibody (*e.g.*, a fluorometer that employs an excitation light source and an optical detector). This list is not meant to be limiting. Antibody-based biosensors may also be employed to determine the presence or amount of analytes that optionally eliminate the need for a labeled molecule.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0051] The present invention relates to methods and compositions for diagnosis, differential diagnosis, risk stratification, monitoring, classifying and determination of treatment regimens in subjects suffering or at risk of suffering from injury to renal function, reduced renal function and/or acute renal failure through measurement of one or more kidney injury markers. In various embodiments, a measured concentration of one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, or one or more markers related thereto, are correlated to the renal status of the subject.

[0052] For purposes of this document, the following definitions apply:

[0053] As used herein, an “injury to renal function” is an abrupt (within 14 days, preferably within 7 days, more preferably within 72 hours, and still more preferably within 48 hours) measurable reduction in a measure of renal function. Such an injury may be identified, for example, by a decrease in glomerular filtration rate or estimated GFR, a reduction in urine output, an increase in serum creatinine, an increase in serum cystatin C, a requirement for renal replacement therapy, *etc.* “Improvement in Renal Function” is an abrupt (within 14 days, preferably within 7 days, more preferably within 72 hours, and still more preferably within 48 hours) measurable increase in a measure of renal function. Preferred methods for measuring and/or estimating GFR are described hereinafter.

[0054] As used herein, “reduced renal function” is an abrupt (within 14 days, preferably within 7 days, more preferably within 72 hours, and still more preferably within 48 hours) reduction in kidney function identified by an absolute increase in serum creatinine of greater than or equal to 0.1 mg/dL ( $\geq 8.8 \mu\text{mol/L}$ ), a percentage increase in serum creatinine of greater than or equal to 20% (1.2-fold from baseline), or a reduction in urine output (documented oliguria of less than 0.5 ml/kg per hour).

[0055] As used herein, “acute renal failure” or “ARF” is an abrupt (within 14 days, preferably within 7 days, more preferably within 72 hours, and still more preferably within 48 hours) reduction in kidney function identified by an absolute increase in serum creatinine of greater than or equal to 0.3 mg/dl ( $\geq 26.4 \mu\text{mol/l}$ ), a percentage increase in serum creatinine of greater than or equal to 50% (1.5-fold from baseline), or a reduction in urine output (documented oliguria of less than 0.5 ml/kg per hour for at least 6 hours). This term is synonymous with “acute kidney injury” or “AKI.”

[0056] As used herein, the term “tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B precursor (Swiss-Prot O14763 (SEQ ID NO: 1)).

10	20	30	40	50	60
MEQRGQNAPA	ASGARKRHGP	GPREARGARP	GPRVPKTLVL	VVAAVLLLVS	AESALITQQD
70	80	90	100	110	120
LAPQQRAAPQ	QKRSSPSEGL	CPPGHHISED	GRDCISCKYG	QDYSTHWNDL	LFCLRCTRCD
130	140	150	160	170	180
SGEVELSPCT	TTRNTVCQCE	EGTFREEDSP	EMCRKCRTGC	PRGMVKVGDC	TPWSDIECVH
190	200	210	220	230	240
KESGTKHSGE	APAVEETVTS	SPGTPASPCS	LSGIIIIGVTV	AAVVLIVAVF	VCKSLLWKKV
250	260	270	280	290	300
LPYLKIGICSG	GGGDPERVDR	SSQRPGAEDN	VLNEIVSILQ	PTQVPEQEME	VQEPAEPTGV
310	320	330	340	350	360
NMLSPGESEH	LLEPAEAERS	QRRRLVLPAN	EGDPTETLRQ	CFDDFADLVP	FDSWEPLMRK
370	380	390	400	410	420

LGLMDNEIKV AKAEAAGHRD TLYTMLIKWV NKTGRDASVH TLLDALETLG ERLAKQKIED

430 440

HLLSSGKFMY LEGNADSAMS

[0057] Most preferably, the tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B assay detects one or more soluble forms of tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B. Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B is a single-pass type I membrane protein having a large extracellular domain, most or all of which is present in soluble forms of tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B generated either through alternative splicing event which deletes all or a portion of the transmembrane domain, or by proteolysis of the membrane-bound form. In the case of an immunoassay, one or more antibodies that bind to epitopes within this extracellular domain may be used to detect these soluble form(s). The following domains have been identified in tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-55	55	signal sequence
56-440	385	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B
56-210	155	extracellular
211-231	21	transmembrane
232-440	209	cytoplasmic

[0058] As used herein, the term “cadherin-16” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the cadherin-16 precursor (Swiss-Prot O75309 (SEQ ID NO: 2)).

10	20	30	40	50	60
MVPAWLWLLC	VSVPQALPKA	QPAELSVEVP	ENYGGNFPLY	LTKLPLPREG	AEGQIVLSGD
70	80	90	100	110	120
SGKATEGPFA	MDPDSGFLLV	TRALDREEQA	EYQLQVTLEM	QDGHVLWGPQ	PVLVHVVDEN
130	140	150	160	170	180
DQVPHFSQAI	YRARLSRGTR	PGIPFLFLEA	SDRDEPGTAN	SDLRFHILSQ	APAQPSPDMF
190	200	210	220	230	240



QLEPRLGALA LSPKGSTSLD HALERTYQLL VQVKDMGDQA SGHQATATVE VSIIESTWVS  
 250 260 270 280 290 300  
 LEPIHLAENL KVLYPHMAQ VHWSGGDVHY HLESHPPGPF EVNAEGNLYV TRELDREAQA  
 310 320 330 340 350 360  
 EYLLQVRAQN SHGEDYAAPL ELHVLVMDEN DNVPICPPRD PTVSIPELSP PGTEVTRLSA  
 370 380 390 400 410 420  
 EDADAPGSPN SHVVYQLLSP EPEDGVEGRA FQVDPTSGSV TLGVLPLRAG QNILLLVLAM  
 430 440 450 460 470 480  
 DLAGAEGGFS STCEVEVAVT DINDHAPEFI TSQIGPISLP EDVEPGTLVA MLTAIDADLE  
 490 500 510 520 530 540  
 PAFRLMDFAI ERGDTEGTFG LDWEPDSGHV RLRLCKNLSY EAAPSHEVVV VVQSVAKLVG  
 550 560 570 580 590 600  
 PGPFGATAT VTVLVERVMP PPKLDQESYE ASVPISAPAG SFLLLTIQPSD PISRTLRFSL  
 610 620 630 640 650 660  
 VNDSEGWLCI EKFSGEVHTA QSLQGAQPGD TYTVLVEAQD TDEPRLSASA PLVIHFLKAP  
 670 680 690 700 710 720  
 PAPALTLAPV PSQYLCTPRQ DHGLIVSGPS KDPDLASGHG PYSFTLGPNP TVQRDWRLQT  
 730 740 750 760 770 780  
 LNGSHAYLTL ALHWVEPREH IIPVVVSHNA QMWQLLVRVI VCRCNVEGQC MRKVGRMKGM  
 790 800 810 820  
 PTKLSAVGIL VGTTLVAIGIF LILIFTHWTM SRKKDPDQPA DSVPLKATV

[0059] Most preferably, the cadherin-16 assay detects one or more soluble forms of cadherin-16. Cadherin-16 is a single-pass type I membrane protein having a large extracellular domain, most or all of which is present in soluble forms of cadherin-16 generated either through alternative splicing event which deletes all or a portion of the transmembrane domain, or by proteolysis of the membrane-bound form. In the case of an immunoassay, one or more antibodies that bind to epitopes within this extracellular domain may be used to detect these soluble form(s). The following domains have been identified in cadherin-16:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-18	18	signal sequence
19	829	cadherin-16
19-786	768	extracellular
787-807	22	transmembrane
808-829	22	cytoplasmic

[0060] As used herein, the term “caspase-9” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the caspase-9 precursor (Swiss-Prot P55211 (SEQ ID NO: 3)).

10	20	30	40	50	60
MDEADRRLLR	RCRLRLVEEL	QVDQLWDALL	SRELFRRPHMI	EDIQRAGSGS	RRDQARQLII
70	80	90	100	110	120
DLETRGSQAL	PLFISCLEDT	GQDMLASFRL	TNRQAAKLSK	PTLENLTPVV	LRPEIRKPEV
130	140	150	160	170	180
LRPETPRPVD	IGSGGFQDVG	ALESLRGNAD	LAYILSMEPC	GHCLIINNVN	FCRESGLRTR
190	200	210	220	230	240
TGSNIDCEKL	RRRFSSLHFM	VEVKGDLTAK	KMVLALLELA	QQDHGALDCC	VVVILSHGCQ
250	260	270	280	290	300
ASHLQFPGAV	YGTGDCPVSV	EKIVNIFNGT	SCPSLGGKPK	LFFIQACGGE	QKDHGFEVAS
310	320	330	340	350	360
TSPEDESPGS	NPEPDATPFQ	EGLRTFDQLD	AISSLTPSD	IFVSYSTFPG	FVSWRDPKSG
370	380	390	400	410	
SWYVETLDDI	FEQWAHSEDL	QSLLLRVANA	VSVKGIYKQM	PGCFNFLRKK	LFFKTS

[0061] The following domains have been identified in caspase-9:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-315	315	caspase-9 p35 subunit
316-330	15	pro-peptide
331-416	86	caspase-9 subunit p10

[0062] As used herein, the term “Bcl2 antagonist of cell death” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Bcl2 antagonist of cell death precursor (Swiss-Prot Q92934 (SEQ ID NO: 4)).

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      10           20           30           40           50           60
MFQIPEFEPS EQEDSSSAER GLGPSPAGDG PSGSGKHHHRQ APGLLDWASH QQEQPTSSSH
      70           80           90          100          110          120
HGGAGAVEIR SRHSSYPAGT EDDEGMGEEP SPFRGRSRSR PPNLWAAQRY GRELRRMSDE
      130          140          150          160
FVDSFKKGLP RPKSAGTATQ MRQSSSWTRV FQSWWDRNLG RGSSAPSQ

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[0063] As used herein, the term “caspase-1” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the caspase-1 precursor (Swiss-Prot P29466 (SEQ ID NO: 5)).

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      10           20           30           40           50           60
MADKVLKEKR KLFIRSMGEG TINGLLDELL QTRVLNKEEM EKVKRENATV MDKTRALIDS
      70           80           90          100          110          120
VIPKGAQACQ ICITYICEED SYLAGTLGLS ADQTSGNYLN MQDSQGVLSL FPAPQAVQDN
      130          140          150          160          170          180
PAMPTSSGSE GNVKLCLEE AQRIWKQKSA EIYPIMDKSS RTRLALIICN EEFDSIPRRT
      190          200          210          220          230          240
GAEVDITGMT MLLQNLGYSV DVKKNLTASD MTTELEAFAH RPEHKTS DST FLVFM SHGIR
      250          260          270          280          290          300
EGICGKKHSE QVPDILQLNA IFNMLN TKNC PSLKDKPKVI IIQACRGDSP GVVWFKDSVG
      310          320          330          340          350          360
VSGNLSLPTT EEFEDDAIKK AHIEKDFIAF CSSTPDN VSW RHPTMG SVFI GRLIEHM QEY
      370          380          390          400
ACSCDV EEIF R KVRFSFEQP DGRAQMP TTE RVTLTRCFYL FPGH

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[0064] The following domains have been identified in caspase-1:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-119	119	pro-peptide

120-297 178 caspase-1 p20 subunit  
 298-316 19 pro-peptide  
 317-404 88 caspase-1 p10 subunit

[0065] As used herein, the terms “epithelial cadherin” or “Cadherin-1” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the epithelial cadherin precursor (Swiss-Prot P12830 (SEQ ID NO: 6)).

10	20	30	40	50	60
MGPWSRSLSA	LLLLLQVSSW	LCQEPEPCHP	GFDAESYTFT	VPRRHLEGR	VLGRVNFEDC
70	80	90	100	110	120
TGRQRTAYFS	LDTRFKVGTD	GVITVKRPLR	FHNPQIHFLV	YAWDSTYRKF	STKVTLNTVG
130	140	150	160	170	180
HHHRPPPHQA	SVSGIQAELL	TFPNSSPGLR	RQKRDWVIPP	ISCPENEKGP	FPKNLVQIKS
190	200	210	220	230	240
NKDKEGKVFY	SITGQGADTP	PVGVFIIERE	TGWLKVTEPL	DRERIATYTL	FHAVSSNGN
250	260	270	280	290	300
AVEDPMEILI	TVTDQNDNKP	EFTQEVEFKGS	VMEGALPGTS	VMEVTATDAD	DDVNTYNAAI
310	320	330	340	350	360
AYTILSQDPE	LPDKNMFTIN	RNTGVISVVT	TGLDRESFPT	YTLVVQAADL	QGEGLSTTAT
370	380	390	400	410	420
AVITVTDTND	NPPIFNPTTY	KGQVPENEAN	VVITTLKVTD	ADAPNTPAWE	AVYTILNDDG
430	440	450	460	470	480
GQFVVTNPV	NNDGILKTAK	GLDFEAKQQY	ILHVAVTNVV	PFEVSLTTST	ATVTVDVLDV
490	500	510	520	530	540
NEAPIFVPPE	KRVEVSEDFG	VGQEITSYTA	QEPDTFMEQK	ITYRIWRDTA	NWLEINPDTG
550	560	570	580	590	600
AISTRAELDR	EDFEHVKNST	YTALIIATDN	GSPVATGTGT	LLLILSDVND	NAPIPEPRTI
610	620	630	640	650	660
FFCERNPKPQ	VINIIDADLP	PNTSPFTAEL	THGASANWTI	QYNDPTQESI	ILKPKMALEV

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        670          680          690          700          710          720
GDYKINLKLM DNQNKDQVTT LEVSVCDCEG AAGVCRKAQP VEAGLQIPAI LGILGGILAL
        730          740          750          760          770          780
LILILLLLLLF LRRRAVVKEP LLPPEDDTRD NVYYYYDEEGG GEEDQDFDLS QLHRGLDARP
        790          800          810          820          830          840
EVTRNDVAPT LMSVPRYLPR PANPDEIGNF IDENLKAADT DPTAPPYDSL LVFDYEGSGS
        850          860          870          880
EAASLSSLNS SESDKDQDYD YLNEWGNRFK KLADMYGGGE DD
    
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[0066] Most preferably, the epithelial cadherin assay detects one or more soluble forms of epithelial cadherin. Epithelial cadherin is a single-pass type I membrane protein having a large extracellular domain, most or all of which is present in soluble forms of epithelial cadherin generated either through alternative splicing event which deletes all or a portion of the transmembrane domain, or by proteolysis of the membrane-bound form. In the case of an immunoassay, one or more antibodies that bind to epitopes within this extracellular domain may be used to detect these soluble form(s). The following domains have been identified in epithelial cadherin:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-22	22	signal sequence
23-154	132	pro-peptide
155-882	728	epithelial cadherin
155-709	555	extracellular
710-730	21	transmembrane
731-882	152	cytoplasmic

[0067] As used herein, the term “poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1 precursor (Swiss-Prot 09874 (SEQ ID NO: 7)).

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        10          20          30          40          50          60
MAESSDKLYR VEYAKSGRAS CKKCSSESIPK DSLRMAIMVQ SPMFDGKVPH WYHFSCFWKV
        70          80          90          100         110         120
    
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GHSIRHPDVE	VDGFSELRWD	DQQKVKKTAE	AGGVTGKGQD	GIGSKAEKTL	GDFAAEYAKS
130	140	150	160	170	180
NRSTCKGCME	KIEKGQVRLS	KKMVDPEKPQ	LGMIDRWYHP	GCFVKNREEL	GFRPEYSASQ
190	200	210	220	230	240
LKGFSELLATE	DKEALKKQLP	GVKSEGKRRG	DEV DGVDEVA	KKKSKKEKDK	DSKLEKALKA
250	260	270	280	290	300
QNDLIWNIKD	ELKKVCSTND	LKELLIFNKQ	QVPSGESAIL	DRVADGMVFG	ALLPCEECSSG
310	320	330	340	350	360
QLVFKSDAYY	CTGDVTAWTK	CMVKTQTPNR	KEWVTPKEFR	EISYLKCLKV	KKQDRIFPPE
370	380	390	400	410	420
TSASVAATPP	PSTASAPAAV	NSSASADKPL	SNMKILTLGK	LSRNKDEVKA	MIEKLGKGLT
430	440	450	460	470	480
GTANKASLCI	STKKEVEKMN	KKMEEVKEAN	IRVVSEDFLQ	DVSASTKSLQ	ELFLAHILSP
490	500	510	520	530	540
WGAEVKAEPV	EVVAPRGKSG	AALSKKSKGQ	VKEEGINKSE	KRMKLTLLGG	AAVDPDSGLE
550	560	570	580	590	600
HSAHVLEKGG	KVFSATLGLV	DIVKGTNSYY	KLQLLEDDKE	NRYWIFRSWG	RVGTVIGSNK
610	620	630	640	650	660
LEQMPSKEDA	IEHFMKLYEE	KTGNAWHSKN	FTKYPKKFYP	LEIDYGQDEE	AVKKLTVNPG
670	680	690	700	710	720
TKSKLPKPVQ	DLIKMIFDVE	SMKKAMVEYE	IDLQKMPLGK	LSKRQIQAAAY	SILSEVQQAV
730	740	750	760	770	780
SQGSSDSQIL	DLSNRFYTLI	PHDFGMKKPP	LLNNADSVQA	KVEMLDNLLD	IEVAYSLLRG
790	800	810	820	830	840
GSDSSKDPI	DVNYEKLKTD	IKVVDRDSEE	AEIIRKYVKN	THATTHNAYD	LEVIDIFKIE
850	860	870	880	890	900
REGECQRYKP	FKQLHNRLL	WHGSRTTNFA	GILSQGLRIA	PPEAPVTGYM	FGKGIYFADM
910	920	930	940	950	960

VSKSANYCHT SQGDPIGLIL LGEVALGNMY ELKHASHISK LPKGKHSVKG LGKTTPDPSA

970 980 990 1000 1010

NISLDGVDVP LGTGISSGVN DTSLLYNEYI VYDIAQVNLK YLLKLFNFNK TSLW

[0068] The following domains have been identified in poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1	1	initiator methionine
2-1014	1013	poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1

[0069] Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1 can be cleaved by many caspases in vitro and is one of the main cleavage targets of caspase-3 in vivo. The cleavage occurs between Asp(214) and Gly(215), which separates PARP’s N-terminal DNA binding domain (24 kDa) from its C-terminal catalytic domain (89 kDa). Suitable assays may recognize only the large fragment of poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1 (89 kDa) but not the full length poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, may recognize only the small fragment of poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1 (24 kDa) but not the full length poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, may recognize only full length poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, or may recognize one fragment and the full length full length poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1.

[0070] As used herein, the term “cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1 precursor (Swiss-Prot P38936 (SEQ ID NO: 8)).

10 20 30 40 50 60

MSEPAGDVRQ NPCGSKACRR LFGPVDSEQL SRDCDALMAG CIQEARERWN FDFVTETPLE

70 80 90 100 110 120

GDFAWERVRG LGLPKLYLPT GPRRGRDELG GGRRPGTSPA LLQGTAEEDH VDL SLSCTLV

130 140 150 160

PRSGEQAEGS PGGPGDSQGR KRRQTSMTDF YHSKRRLIFS KRKP

[0071] The following domains have been identified in cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1:

Residues	Length	Domain
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1 1 initiator methionine  
 2-164 163 cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1

[0072] As used herein, the term “cadherin-5” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the cadherin-5 precursor (Swiss-Prot P33151 (SEQ ID NO: 9)).

10	20	30	40	50	60
MQRLMMLLAT	SGACLGLLAV	AAVAAAGANP	AQRDTHSLLP	THRRQKRDWI	WNQMHIDEEK
70	80	90	100	110	120
NTSLPHHVVGK	IKSSVSRKNA	KYLLKGEYVG	KVFRVDAETG	DVFAIERLDR	ENISEYHLTA
130	140	150	160	170	180
VIVDKDTGEN	LETPSSFTIK	VHDVNDNWPV	FTHRLFNASV	PESSAVGTSV	ISVTAVDADD
190	200	210	220	230	240
PTVGDHASVM	YQILKGKEYF	AIDNSGRIIT	ITKSLDREKQ	ARYEIVVEAR	DAQGLRGDSG
250	260	270	280	290	300
TATVLVTLQD	INDNFPFFTQ	TKYTFVVPED	TRVGTSVGSL	FVEDPDEPQN	RMTKYSILRG
310	320	330	340	350	360
DYQDAFTIET	NPAHNEGIIK	PMKPLDYEYI	QQYSFIVEAT	DPTIDLRYMS	PPAGNRAQVI
370	380	390	400	410	420
INITDVDEPP	IFQQPFYHFQ	LKENQKKPLI	GTVLAMDPDA	ARHSIGYSIR	RTSDKGQFFR
430	440	450	460	470	480
VTKKGDIYNE	KELDREVYPW	YNLTVEAKEL	DSTGTPTGKE	SIVQVHIEVL	DENDNAPEFA
490	500	510	520	530	540
KPYQPKVCEN	AVHGQLVLQI	SAIDKDITPR	NVKFKFTLNT	ENNFTLTDNH	DNTANITVKY
550	560	570	580	590	600
GQFDREHTKV	HFLPVVISDN	GMPSRTGTST	LTAVAVCKCNE	QGEFTFCEDM	AAQVGVSIQA
610	620	630	640	650	660
VVAILLCILT	ITVITLLIFL	RRRLRKQARA	HGKSVPEIHE	QLVTYDEEGG	GEMDTTSDYDV
670	680	690	700	710	720



SVLNSVRRGG AKPPRPALDA RPSLYAQVQK PPRHAPGAHG GPGEMAAMIE VKKDEADHDG  
 730 740 750 760 770 780

DGPPYDTLHI YGYEGSESIA ESLSSLGTDS SDDVDYDFL NDWGPRFKML AELYGSDPRE

ELLY

[0073] Most preferably, the cadherin-5 assay detects one or more soluble forms of cadherin-5. Cadherin-5 is a single-pass type I membrane protein having a large extracellular domain, most or all of which is present in soluble forms of cadherin-5 generated either through alternative splicing event which deletes all or a portion of the transmembrane domain, or by proteolysis of the membrane-bound form. In the case of an immunoassay, one or more antibodies that bind to epitopes within this extracellular domain may be used to detect these soluble form(s). The following domains have been identified in cadherin-5:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-25	251	signal sequence
26-47	22	pro-peptide
48-784	737	cadherin-5
48-599	522	extracellular
600-620	21	transmembrane
621-784	164	cytoplasmic

[0074] As used herein, the term “Myoglobin” refers to one or polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Myoglobin precursor (Swiss-Prot P02144 (SEQ ID NO: 10)).

10 20 30 40 50 60  
 MGLSDGEWQL VLNWVGKVEA DIPGHGQEV LIRLFKHPET LEKFDKFKHL KSEDEMKASE  
 70 80 90 100 110 120  
 DLKKHGATVL TALGGILKKK GHHEAEIKPL AQSHATKHKI PVKYLEFISE CIIQVLQSKH  
 130 140 150  
 PGDFGADAQG AMNKALELFR KDMASNYKEL GFQG

[0075] The following domains have been identified in Myoglobin:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1	1	Initiator Methionine
2-154	153	Myoglobin

[0076] As used herein, the term “Apolipoprotein A-II” refers to one or polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Apolipoprotein A-II precursor (Swiss-Prot P02652 (SEQ ID NO: 11)).

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          10          20          30          40          50          60
MKLLAATVLL LTICSLEGAL VRRQAKEPCV ESLVSQYFQT VTDYGKDLME KVKSPQLQAE
          70          80          90          100
AKSYFEKSKE QLTPLIKKAG TELVNFLSYF VELGTQPATQ

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[0077] The following domains have been identified in Apolipoprotein A-II:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-18	18	Signal sequence
19-23	5	Propeptide
24-100	77	Apolipoprotein A-II
24-99	76	Apolipoprotein A-II(1-76)

[0078] As used herein, the term “Mucin-16” refers to one or polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Mucin-16 precursor (Swiss-Prot Q8WXI7 (SEQ ID NO: 12)).

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          10          20          30          40          50          60
MLKPSGLPGS SSPTRSLMTG SRSTKATPEM DSGLTGATLS PKTSTGAIIV TEHTLPFTSP
          70          80          90          100          110          120
DKTLASPTSS VVGRTTQSLG VMSSALPEST SRGMTHSEQR TSPSLSPQVN GTPSRNYPAT
          130          140          150          160          170          180
SMVSGLSSPR TRTSSTEGNF TKEASTYTLT VETTSGPVTE KYTVPTETST TEGDSTETPW

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190	200	210	220	230	240
DTRYIPVKIT	SPMKTFADST	ASKENAPVSM	TPAETTVTDS	HTPGRTNPSF	GTLYSSFLDL
250	260	270	280	290	300
SPKGTPNRSG	ETSLELILST	TGYPFSSPEP	GSAGHSRIST	SAPLSSSSASV	LDNKISETSI
310	320	330	340	350	360
FSGQSLTSPL	SPGVPEARAS	TMPNSAIPFS	MTLSNAETSA	ERVRSTISSL	GTPSISTKQT
370	380	390	400	410	420
AETILTFHAF	AETMDIPSTH	IAKTLASEWL	GSPGTLGGTS	TSALTTTSPS	TTLVSEETNT
430	440	450	460	470	480
HHSTSGKETE	GTLNTSMTPL	ETSAPGEESE	MTATLVPTLG	FTTLDSKIRS	PSQVSSSHPT
490	500	510	520	530	540
RELRTTGSTS	GRQSSSTAAH	GSSDILRATT	SSTSKASSWT	SESTAQQFSE	PQHTQWVETS
550	560	570	580	590	600
PSMKTERPPA	STSVAAPITT	SVPSVVSGET	TLKTSSTKGI	WLEETSADTL	IGESTAGPTT
610	620	630	640	650	660
HQFAVPTGIS	MTGGSSTRGS	QGTHLLTRA	TASSETSADL	TLATNGVPVS	VSPAUSKATA
670	680	690	700	710	720
GSSPPGGTKP	SYTMVSSVIP	ETSSLQSSAF	REGTSLGLTP	LNTRHPFSSP	EPDSAGHTKI
730	740	750	760	770	780
STSIPLSSA	SVLEDKVSAT	STFSHHKATS	SITTGTPEIS	TKTKPSSAVL	SSMTLSNAAT
790	800	810	820	830	840
SPERVRNATS	PLTHPSPSGE	ETAGSVLTL	TSAETTDSPN	IHPTGTLTSE	SSESPSTLSL
850	860	870	880	890	900
PSVSGVKTTF	SSSTPSTHLF	TSGEETEETS	NPSVSQPETS	VSRVRTLAS	TSVPTPVFPT
910	920	930	940	950	960
MDTWPTRSAQ	FSSSHLVSEL	RATSSTSVTN	STGSALPKIS	HLTGTATMSQ	TNRDTFNDSA
970	980	990	1000	1010	1020
APQSTTWPET	SPRFKTGLPS	ATTTVSTSAT	SLSATVMVSK	FTSPATSSME	ATSIREPSTT

1030	1040	1050	1060	1070	1080
ILTTETTINGP	GSMMAVASTNI	PIGKGYITEG	RLDTSHLPIG	TTASSETSMD	FTMAKESVSM
1090	1100	1110	1120	1130	1140
SVSPSQSMDA	AGSSTPGRTS	QFVDTFSDDV	YHLTSREITI	PRDGTSSALT	PQMTATHPPS
1150	1160	1170	1180	1190	1200
PDPGSARSTW	LGILSSSPSS	PTPKVTMSST	FSTQRVTISM	IMDTVETSRW	NMPNLPSTTS
1210	1220	1230	1240	1250	1260
LTPSNIPTSG	AIGKSTLVPL	DTPSPATSLE	ASEGGLPTLS	TYPESTNTPS	IHLGAHASSE
1270	1280	1290	1300	1310	1320
SPSTIKLTMA	SVVKPGSYTP	LTFPSIETHI	HVSTARMAYS	SGSSPEMTAP	GETNTGSTWD
1330	1340	1350	1360	1370	1380
PTYIITTTDP	KDTSSAQVST	PHSVRTLRTT	ENHPKTESAT	PAAYSGSPKI	SSSPNLTSPA
1390	1400	1410	1420	1430	1440
TKAWTITDTT	EHSTQLHYTK	LAEKSSGFET	QSAPGPVSVV	IPTSPTIGSS	TLELTSDVPG
1450	1460	1470	1480	1490	1500
EPLVLAPSEQ	TTITLPMATW	LSTSLTEEMA	STDLDISSPS	SPMSTFAIFP	PMSTPSHEL
1510	1520	1530	1540	1550	1560
KSEADTSAIR	NTDSTTLDQH	LGIRSLGRTG	DLTTVPITPL	TTTWTSVIEH	STQAQDTLSA
1570	1580	1590	1600	1610	1620
TMSPTHVTQS	LKDQTSIPAS	ASPSHLTEVY	PELGTQGRSS	SEATTFWKPS	TDTLRSREIET
1630	1640	1650	1660	1670	1680
GPTNIQSTPP	MDNTTTGSSS	SGVTLGIAHL	PIGTSSPAET	STNMALERS	STATVSMAGT
1690	1700	1710	1720	1730	1740
MGLLVTSAPG	RSISQSLGRV	SSVLSESTTE	GVTDSKSSGSS	PRLNTQGNTA	LSSSLEPSYA
1750	1760	1770	1780	1790	1800
EGSQMSTSIP	LTSSPTTPDV	EFIGGSTFWT	KEVTTVMTSD	ISKSSARTES	SSATLMSTAL
1810	1820	1830	1840	1850	1860
GSTENTGKEK	LRTASMDLPS	PTPSMEVTPW	ISLTLSNAPN	TTDSLDSLHG	VHTSSAGTLA

1870	1880	1890	1900	1910	1920
TDRSLNTIGVT	RASRENGSD	TSSKSLSMGN	STHTSMTDTE	KSEVSSSIHP	RPETSAPGAE
1930	1940	1950	1960	1970	1980
TTLTSTPGNR	AISLTLPFSS	IPVEEVISTG	ITSGPDINSA	PMTHSPITPP	TIVWTSTGTI
1990	2000	2010	2020	2030	2040
EQSTQPLHAV	SSEKVSQVQ	STPYVNSVAV	SASPTHENSV	SSGSSTSSPY	SSASLES LDS
2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
TISRRAITS	WLWDLTSLP	TTTWPSTSL	EALSSGHSGV	SNPSSTTTEF	PLFSAASTSA
2110	2120	2130	2140	2150	2160
AKQRNPETET	HGPQNTAAST	LNTDASSVTG	LSETPVGASI	SSEVPLPMI	TSRSDVSGLT
2170	2180	2190	2200	2210	2220
SESTANPSLG	TASSAGTKLT	RTISLPTSES	LVSFRMNKDP	WTVSIPLGSH	PTTNTETSIP
2230	2240	2250	2260	2270	2280
VNSAGPPGLS	TVASDVIDTP	SDGAESIPTV	SFSPSPDTEV	TTISHFPEKT	THSFRTISSL
2290	2300	2310	2320	2330	2340
THELTSRVTP	IPGDWMSSAM	STKPTGASPS	ITLGERRTIT	SAAPTTSPIV	LTASF TETST
2350	2360	2370	2380	2390	2400
VSLDNETTVK	TSDILDARKT	NELPSDSSSS	SDLINTSIAS	STMDVTKTAS	ISPTSISGMT
2410	2420	2430	2440	2450	2460
ASSSPSLFSS	DRPQVPTSTT	ETNTATSPSV	SSNTYSLDGG	SNVGGTPSTL	PPFTIHPVE
2470	2480	2490	2500	2510	2520
TSSALLAWSR	PVRTFSTMVS	TDTASGENPT	SSNSVVTSVP	APGTWASVGS	TTDLPAMGFL
2530	2540	2550	2560	2570	2580
KTSPAGEAHS	LLASTIEPAT	AFTPHLSAAV	VTGSSATSEA	SLLTTSESKA	IHSSPQTPTT
2590	2600	2610	2620	2630	2640
PTSGANWETS	ATPESLLVVT	ETSDTTLSK	ILVTDILFS	TVSTPPSKFP	STGTL SGASF
2650	2660	2670	2680	2690	2700
PTLLPDTPAI	PLTATEPTSS	LATSF DSTPL	VTIASDSLGT	VPETTLT MSE	TSNGDALVLK

2710	2720	2730	2740	2750	2760
TVSNPDRSIP	GITIQGVTES	PLHPSSTSPS	KIVAPRNTTY	EGSITVALST	LPAGTTGSLV
2770	2780	2790	2800	2810	2820
FSQSSENSET	TALVDSSAGL	ERASVMPLTT	GSQGMASGG	IRSGSTHSTG	TKTFSSLPLT
2830	2840	2850	2860	2870	2880
MNPGEVTAMS	EITTNRLTAT	QSTAPKGIPV	KPTSAESGLL	TPVSASSSPS	KAFASLTTAP
2890	2900	2910	2920	2930	2940
PSTWGIPQST	LTFEFSEVPS	LDTKSASLPT	PGQSLNTIPD	SDASTASSSL	SKSPEKNPRA
2950	2960	2970	2980	2990	3000
RMMTSTKAIS	ASSFQSTGFT	ETPEGSASPS	MAGHEPRVPT	SGTGDPRIAS	ESMSYPDPSK
3010	3020	3030	3040	3050	3060
ASSAMTSTSL	ASKLTTLFST	GQAARSGSSS	SPISSLSTEKE	TSFLSPTAST	SRKTSLFLGP
3070	3080	3090	3100	3110	3120
SMARQPNILV	HLQTSALTLS	PTSTLNMSQE	EPELTSSQT	IAEEEGTTAE	TQTLTFTPSE
3130	3140	3150	3160	3170	3180
TPTSLLPVSS	PTEPTARRKS	SPETWASSIS	VPAKTSLVET	TDGTLVTTIK	MSSQAAQGNS
3190	3200	3210	3220	3230	3240
TWPAPAEETG	TSPAGTSPGS	PEVSTTLKIM	SSKEPSISPE	IRSTVRNSPW	KTPETTVPME
3250	3260	3270	3280	3290	3300
TTVEPVTLQS	TALGSGSTSI	SHLPTGTTSP	TKSPTENMLA	TERVSLSPSP	PEAWTNLYSG
3310	3320	3330	3340	3350	3360
TPGGTRQSLA	TMSSVSLESP	TARSITGTGQ	QSSPELVSKT	TGMEFSMWHG	STGGTTGDTH
3370	3380	3390	3400	3410	3420
VSLSTSSNIL	EDPVTSPNSV	SSLTDKSKHK	TETWVSTAI	PSTVLNNKIM	AAEQQTSRSV
3430	3440	3450	3460	3470	3480
DEAYSSTSSW	SDQTSGSDIT	LGASPDVTNT	LYITSTAQTT	SLVSLPSGDQ	GITSLTNPSG
3490	3500	3510	3520	3530	3540
GKTSSASSVT	SPSIGLETLR	ANVSAVKSDI	APTAGHLSQT	SSPAEVSILD	VTTAPTPGIS

3550	3560	3570	3580	3590	3600
TTITTMGTNS	ISTTTPNPEV	GMSTMDSTPA	TERRTTSTEH	PSTWSSTAAS	DSWTVTDMTS
3610	3620	3630	3640	3650	3660
NLKVARSPGT	ISTMHTTSFL	ASSTELDSMS	TPHGRITVIG	TSLVTPSSDA	SAVKTETSTS
3670	3680	3690	3700	3710	3720
ERTLSPSDTT	ASTPISTFSR	VQRMSISVPD	ILSTSWTPSS	TEAEDVPVSM	VSTDHASTKT
3730	3740	3750	3760	3770	3780
DPNTPLSTFL	FDSLSTLDWD	TGRSLSSATA	TTSAPQGATT	PQELTLETMI	SPATSQLPFS
3790	3800	3810	3820	3830	3840
IGHITSAVTP	AAMARSSGVT	FSRPDPTSJK	AEQTSTQLPT	TTSAHPGQVP	RSAATTLDDVI
3850	3860	3870	3880	3890	3900
PHTAKTPDAT	FQRQGQTALT	TEARATSDSW	NEKEKSTPSA	PWITEMMNSV	SEDTIKEVTS
3910	3920	3930	3940	3950	3960
SSSVLKDPEY	AGHKLGIWDD	FIPKFGKAAH	MRELPLLSP	QDKEAIHPST	NTVETTGWVT
3970	3980	3990	4000	4010	4020
SSEHASHSTI	PAHSASSKLT	SPVVTTSTRE	QAIVSMSTTT	WPESTRARTE	PNSFLTIELR
4030	4040	4050	4060	4070	4080
DVSPYMDTSS	TTQTSIISSP	GSTAITKGPR	TEITSSKRIS	SSFLAQSMRS	SDSPSEAITR
4090	4100	4110	4120	4130	4140
LSNFPAMTES	GGMILAMQTS	PPGATSLSAP	TLDTSATASW	TGTPLATTQR	FTYSEKTLF
4150	4160	4170	4180	4190	4200
SKGPEDTSQP	SPPSVEETSS	SSSLVPIHAT	TSPSNILLTS	QGHSPSSTPP	VTSVFLSETS
4210	4220	4230	4240	4250	4260
GLGKTTDMSR	ISLEPGTSLP	PNLSSTAGEA	LSTYEASRDT	KAIHHSADTA	VINMEATSSE
4270	4280	4290	4300	4310	4320
YSPIPGHTKP	SKATSPLVTS	HIMGDITSST	SVFGSSETTE	IETVSSVNQG	LQERSTSQVA
4330	4340	4350	4360	4370	4380
SSATETSTVI	THVSSGDATT	HVTKTQATFS	SGTSSISSPHQ	FITSTNTFTD	VSTNPSTSLI

4390	4400	4410	4420	4430	4440
MTESSGVTIT	TQTGPTGAAT	QGPYLLDTST	MPYLTETPLA	VTPDFMQSEK	TTLISKGPKD
4450	4460	4470	4480	4490	4500
VTWTSPPSVA	ETSYPSSLTP	FLVTTIPPAT	STLQGQHTSS	PVSATSVLTS	GLVKTTDMLN
4510	4520	4530	4540	4550	4560
TSMEPVTNSP	QNLNNSNEI	LATLAATTDI	ETIHPSINKA	VTNMGTASSA	HVLHSTLPVS
4570	4580	4590	4600	4610	4620
SEPSTATSPM	VPASSMGDAL	ASISIPGSET	TDIEGEPTSS	LTAGRKENST	LQEMNSTTES
4630	4640	4650	4660	4670	4680
NIILSNVSVG	AITEATKMEV	PSFDATFIPT	PAQSTKFPDI	FSVASSRLSN	SPPMTISTHM
4690	4700	4710	4720	4730	4740
TTTQTGSSGA	TSKIPLALDT	STLETSAGTP	SVVTEGFAHS	KITTAMNNDV	KDVSQTNPPF
4750	4760	4770	4780	4790	4800
QDEASSPSSQ	APVLVTTLPS	SVAFTPWHS	TSSPVMSSV	LTSSLVKTAG	KVDTSLETVT
4810	4820	4830	4840	4850	4860
SSPQSMSNTL	DDISVTSAAAT	TDIETHPSI	NTVVTVNGTT	GSAFESHSTV	SAYPEPSKVT
4870	4880	4890	4900	4910	4920
SPNVTTSTME	DTTISRSIPK	SSKTTTETETE	TTSSLTPKLR	ETISISQEITS	STETSTVPYK
4930	4940	4950	4960	4970	4980
ELTGATTEVS	RTDVTSSSST	SFPGPDQSTV	SLDISTETNT	RLSTSPIMTE	SAEITITTQT
4990	5000	5010	5020	5030	5040
GPHGATSQDT	FTMDPSNTTP	QAGIHSAMTH	GFSQLDVTTL	MSRIPQDVSW	TSPPSVDKTS
5050	5060	5070	5080	5090	5100
SPSSFLSSPA	MTTPSLISST	LPEDKLSSPM	TSLLTSGLVK	ITDILRTRLE	PVTSSLPNFS
5110	5120	5130	5140	5150	5160
STSDKILATS	KDSKDTKEIF	PSINTEETNV	KANNSGHESH	SPALADSETP	KATTQMVITT
5170	5180	5190	5200	5210	5220
TVGDPAPSTS	MPVHGSSETT	NIKREPTYFL	TPRLRETSTS	QESSFPTDTS	FLLSKVPTGT



5230	5240	5250	5260	5270	5280
ITEVSSSTGVN	SSSKISTPDH	DKSTVPPDTF	TGEIPRVFTS	SIKTKSAEMT	ITTQASPPES
5290	5300	5310	5320	5330	5340
ASHSTLPLDT	STTLSQGGTH	STVTQGFYYS	EVTTLMGMP	GNVSWMTTPP	VEETSSVSSL
5350	5360	5370	5380	5390	5400
MSSPAMTSPS	PVSSTSPQSI	PSSPLPVTAL	PTSVLVTTTD	VLGTTSPESV	TSSPPNLSSI
5410	5420	5430	5440	5450	5460
THERPATYKD	TAHTEAAMHH	STNTAVTNVG	TSGSGHKSQS	SVLADSETSK	ATPLMSTTST
5470	5480	5490	5500	5510	5520
LGDTSVSTST	PNISQTNQIQ	TEPTASLSR	LRESSTSEKT	SSTTETNTAF	SYVPTGAIQ
5530	5540	5550	5560	5570	5580
ASRTEISSSR	TSISDLDRPT	IAPDISTGMI	TRLFTSPIMT	KSAEMTVTTQ	TTTPGATSQG
5590	5600	5610	5620	5630	5640
ILPWDTSTTL	FQGGTHSTVS	QGFPHSEITT	LRSRTPGDVS	WMTTPPVEET	SSGFSLMSPS
5650	5660	5670	5680	5690	5700
MTSPSPVSST	SPESIPSSPL	PVTALLTSVL	VTTTNVLGTT	SPETVTSSPP	NLSSPTQERL
5710	5720	5730	5740	5750	5760
TTYKDTAHE	AMHASMHTNT	AVANVGTSIS	GHESQSSVPA	DSHTSKATSP	MGITFAMGDT
5770	5780	5790	5800	5810	5820
SVSTSTPAFF	ETRIQTESTS	SLIPGLRDTR	TSEEINTVTE	TSTVLSEVPT	TTTTEVSRTE
5830	5840	5850	5860	5870	5880
VITSSRTTIS	GPDHSMSPY	ISTETITRLS	TFPFVTGSTE	MAITNQTGPI	GTISQATLTL
5890	5900	5910	5920	5930	5940
DTSSSTASWEG	THSPVTQRFP	HSEETTTMSR	STKGVSWQSP	PSVEETSSPS	SPVPLPAITS
5950	5960	5970	5980	5990	6000
HSSLYSAVSG	SSPTSALPVT	LLTSGRRKT	IDMLDTHSEL	VTSSLPSASS	FSGEILTSEA
6010	6020	6030	6040	6050	6060
STNTETIHFS	ENTAETNMGT	TNSMHLHSS	VSIHSQPSGH	TPPKVTGSMM	EDAIVSTSTP

6070	6080	6090	6100	6110	6120
GSPETKNVDR	DSTSPLTPEL	KEDSTALVMN	STTESNTVFS	SVSLDAATEV	SRAEVTTYYP
6130	6140	6150	6160	6170	6180
TFMPASAQST	KSPDISPEAS	SSHSNSPPLT	ISTHKTIATQ	TGPSGVTSLG	QLTLDTSTIA
6190	6200	6210	6220	6230	6240
TSAGTPSART	QDFVDSETTS	VMNNDLNDVL	KTSPFSAEEA	NSLSSQAPLL	VTTSPSPVTS
6250	6260	6270	6280	6290	6300
TLQEHSTSSL	VSVTSVPTPT	LAKITDMDTN	LEPVTRSPQN	LRNTLATSEA	TTDHTMHPS
6310	6320	6330	6340	6350	6360
INTAMANVGT	TSSPNEFYFT	VSPDSDPYKA	TSAVVITSTS	GDSIVSTSM	RSSAMKKIES
6370	6380	6390	6400	6410	6420
ETTFSLIFRL	RETSTSQKIG	SSSDTSTVFD	KAFTAATTEV	SRTSLTSSSR	TSIQGTEKPT
6430	6440	6450	6460	6470	6480
MSPDTSTRSV	TMLSTFAGLT	KSEERTIATQ	TGPHRATSQG	TLTWDTSITT	SQAGTHSMT
6490	6500	6510	6520	6530	6540
HGFSQLDLST	LTSRVPEYIS	GTSPPSVEKT	SSSSLLSLP	AITSPSPVPT	TLPESRPSSP
6550	6560	6570	6580	6590	6600
VHLTSLPTSG	LVKTTDMLAS	VASLPPNLGS	TSHKIPTTSE	DIKDTEKMYP	STNIAVTNVG
6610	6620	6630	6640	6650	6660
TTTSEKESYS	SVPAYSEPPK	VTSPMVTSFN	IRDTIVSTSM	PGSSEITRIE	MESTFSVAHG
6670	6680	6690	6700	6710	6720
LKGTSTSQDP	IVSTEKSAVL	HKLTTGATET	SRTEVASSRR	TSIPGPDHST	ESPDISTEVI
6730	6740	6750	6760	6770	6780
PSLPISLGIT	ESSNMTHIITR	TGPPLGSTSQ	GTFTLDTPTT	SSRAGTHSMA	TQEFPHSEMT
6790	6800	6810	6820	6830	6840
TVMNKDPEIL	SWTIPPSIEK	TSFSSSLMPS	PAMTSPPVSS	TLPKTIHTTP	SPMTSLLTPS
6850	6860	6870	6880	6890	6900
LVMTTDLTGT	SPEPTTSSPP	NLSSTSHVIL	TTDEDTTAIE	AMHPSTSTAA	TNVETTCSGH

6910	6920	6930	6940	6950	6960
GSQSSVLTD	EKTKATAPMD	TTSTMGHTTV	STSMVSSET	TKIKRESTYS	LTPGLRETSI
6970	6980	6990	7000	7010	7020
SQNASFSTDT	SIVLSEVPTG	TTAEVSRTEV	TSSGRTSIPG	PSQSTVLPEI	STRMTRLF
7030	7040	7050	7060	7070	7080
SPTMTESAEM	TIPTQTGPSG	STSQDTLTL	TSTTKSQA	HSTLTQRFP	SEMRTLMSR
7090	7100	7110	7120	7130	7140
PGDMSWQSSP	SLENPSSLPS	LLSLPATTSP	PPISSSTLP	ISSSPLPVT	LLTSSPVTT
7150	7160	7170	7180	7190	7200
DMLHTSPELV	TSSPPKLSHT	SDERLTTGK	TTNTEAVHPS	TNTAASNVEI	PSFGHESPSS
7210	7220	7230	7240	7250	7260
ALADSETSKA	TSPMFITSTQ	EDTTVAISTP	HFLETSRIQ	ESISSLSPKL	RETGSSVETS
7270	7280	7290	7300	7310	7320
SAIETSAVLS	EVSIGATTEI	SRTEVTSSSR	TSISGSAEST	MLPEISTTRK	IIKFPTSPIL
7330	7340	7350	7360	7370	7380
AESSEMTIKT	QTSPPGSTSE	STFTLDTST	PSLVITHSTM	TQRLPHSEIT	TLVSRGAGDV
7390	7400	7410	7420	7430	7440
PRPSSLPVEE	TSPSSQLSL	SAMISPSPVS	STLPASSHSS	SASVTSPLTP	GQVKTTEVLD
7450	7460	7470	7480	7490	7500
ASAEPETSSP	PSLSSTSVEI	LATSEVTTDT	EKIHPFPNTA	VTKVGTSSSG	HESPSSVLDP
7510	7520	7530	7540	7550	7560
SETTKATSAM	GTISIMGDTS	VSTLTPALSN	TRKIQSEPAS	SLTTRLRETS	TSEETSLATE
7570	7580	7590	7600	7610	7620
ANTVLSKVST	GATTEVSRTE	AISFSRTSMS	GPEQSTMSQD	ISIGTIPRIS	ASSVLTESAK
7630	7640	7650	7660	7670	7680
MTITTQTGPS	ESTLESTLNL	NTATTPSWVE	THSIVIQGFP	HPEMTTSMGR	GPGGVSWPSP
7690	7700	7710	7720	7730	7740
PFVKETSPPS	SPLSLPAVTS	PHPVSTTFLA	HIPPSPLPVT	SLLTSGPATT	TDILGTSTEP

7750	7760	7770	7780	7790	7800
GTSSSSSLST	TSHERLTTYK	DTAHTAVHP	STNTGGTNVA	TTSSGYKSQS	SVLADSSPMC
7810	7820	7830	7840	7850	7860
TTSTMGDTSV	LTSTPAFLET	RRIQTECLASS	LTPGLRESSG	SEGTSSGTKM	STVLSKVPTG
7870	7880	7890	7900	7910	7920
ATTEISKEDV	TSIPGPAQST	ISPDISTRV	SWFSTSPVMT	ESAEITMNTN	TSPLGATTQG
7930	7940	7950	7960	7970	7980
TSTLATSSTT	SLTMTHSTIS	QGFSHSQMST	LMRRGPEDVS	WMSPPLEKT	RPSFSLMSSP
7990	8000	8010	8020	8030	8040
ATTSPSPVSS	TLPESISSSP	LPVTSLLTSG	LAKTTDMLHK	SSEPVTNSPA	NLSSTSVEIL
8050	8060	8070	8080	8090	8100
ATSEVTTDTE	KTHPSSNRTV	TDVGTSSSGH	ESTSFVLADS	QTSKVTSPMV	ITSTMEDTSV
8110	8120	8130	8140	8150	8160
STSTPGFFET	SRIQTEPTSS	LTLGLRKTSS	SEGTSLATEM	STVLSGVPTG	ATAEVSRTVE
8170	8180	8190	8200	8210	8220
TSSRRTSISG	FAQLTVSPET	STETITRLPT	SSIMTESAEM	MIKTQTDPPG	STPESTHTVD
8230	8240	8250	8260	8270	8280
ISTTPNWVET	HSTVTQRFSH	SEM TTLVSRS	PGDMLWPSQS	SVEETSSASS	LLSLPATTSP
8290	8300	8310	8320	8330	8340
SPVSSTLVED	FPSASLPVTS	LLTPGLVITT	DRMGISREPG	TSSTSNLSST	SHERLTTLED
8350	8360	8370	8380	8390	8400
TVDTEDMQPS	THTAVTNVRT	SISGHESQSS	VLSDSETPKA	TSPMGTTYTM	GETSVSISTS
8410	8420	8430	8440	8450	8460
DFFETSRIQI	EPTSSLTSGL	RETSSSERIS	SATEGSTVLS	EVPSGATTEV	SRTEVISSRG
8470	8480	8490	8500	8510	8520
TSMSPDQFT	ISPDISTEAI	TRLSTSPIMT	ESAESAITIE	TGSPGATSEG	TLTLDTSTTT
8530	8540	8550	8560	8570	8580
FWSGTHSTAS	PGFSHSEMTT	LMSRTPGDVP	WPSLPSVEEA	SSVSSSLSSP	AMTSTSFFSA

8590	8600	8610	8620	8630	8640
LPESISSSPH	PVTALLTLGP	VKTTDMLRTS	SEPETSSPPN	LSSTSAEILA	TSEVTKDREK
8650	8660	8670	8680	8690	8700
IHPSSNTPVV	NVGTVIYKHL	SPSSVLADLV	TTKPTSPMAT	TSTLGNTSVS	TSTPAFPETM
8710	8720	8730	8740	8750	8760
MTQPTSSLTS	GLREISTSQE	TSSATERSAS	LSGMPTGATT	KVSRTEALSL	GRTSTPGPAQ
8770	8780	8790	8800	8810	8820
STISPEISTE	TITRISTPLT	TTGSAEMTIT	PKTGHSGASS	QGTFTLDTSS	RASWPGTHSA
8830	8840	8850	8860	8870	8880
ATHRSPHSGM	TTPMSRGPED	VSWPSRPSVE	KTSPSSSLVS	LSAVTSPSPL	YSTPSESSH
8890	8900	8910	8920	8930	8940
SPLRVTSLFT	PVMMKTTDML	DTSLEPVTT	PPSMNITSDE	SLATSKATME	TEAIQLSENT
8950	8960	8970	8980	8990	9000
AVTQMGTISA	RQEFYSSYPG	LPEPSKVTSP	VVTSSTIKDI	VSTTIPASSE	ITRIEMESTS
9010	9020	9030	9040	9050	9060
TLTPTPRETS	TSQEIHSATK	PSTVPYKALT	SATIEDSMTQ	VMSSSRGPSP	DQSTMSQDIS
9070	9080	9090	9100	9110	9120
SEVITRLSTS	PIKAESTEMT	ITTQTGSPGA	TSRGTLTLD	STTFMSGTHS	TASQGFHSQ
9130	9140	9150	9160	9170	9180
MTALMSRTPG	DVPWLSHPSV	EEASSASFSL	SSPVMTSSSP	VSSTLPDSIH	SSSLPVTSL
9190	9200	9210	9220	9230	9240
TSGLVKTEL	LGTSSEPETS	SPPNLSSTSA	EILATTEVTT	DTEKLEMTNV	VTSGYTHESP
9250	9260	9270	9280	9290	9300
SSVLADSVTT	KATSSMGITY	PTGDTNVLTS	TPAFSDTSRI	QTKSKLSLTP	GLMETSISEE
9310	9320	9330	9340	9350	9360
TSSATEKSTV	LSSVPTGATT	EVS RTEAISS	SRTSIPGPAQ	STMSSDTSME	TITRISTPLT
9370	9380	9390	9400	9410	9420
RKESTDMAIT	PKTGPSGATS	QGTFTLDSSS	TASWPGTHSA	TTQRFQSVV	TTPMSRGPED

9430	9440	9450	9460	9470	9480
VSWPSPLSVE	KNSPPSSLVS	SSSVTSPSPL	YSTPSGSSHS	SPVPVTSLFT	SIMMKATDML
9490	9500	9510	9520	9530	9540
DASLEPETTS	APNMNITSDE	SLATSKATTE	TEAIHVFEFENT	AASHVETTSA	TEELYSSSPG
9550	9560	9570	9580	9590	9600
FSEPTKVISP	VVTSSSIRDN	MVSTTMPGSS	GITRIEIESM	SSLTPGLRET	RTSQDITSST
9610	9620	9630	9640	9650	9660
ETSTVLYKMS	SGATPEVSRT	EVMPSRRTSI	PGPAQSTMSL	DISDEVVTRL	STSPIMTESA
9670	9680	9690	9700	9710	9720
EITITTQGY	SLATSQVTLP	LGTSMTFLSG	THSTMSQGLS	HSEMNLMSR	GPESLSWTSP
9730	9740	9750	9760	9770	9780
RFVETTRSSS	SLTSLPLTTS	LSPVSSTLLD	SSPSSPLPVT	SLILPGLVKT	TEVLDTSSSEP
9790	9800	9810	9820	9830	9840
KTSSSPNLSS	TSVEIPATSE	IMTDTEKIHP	SSNTAVAKVR	TSSSVHESHS	SVLADSETTI
9850	9860	9870	9880	9890	9900
TIPSMGITSA	VDDTTVFTSN	PAFSETRRIP	TEPTFSLTPG	FRETSTSEET	TSITETSAVL
9910	9920	9930	9940	9950	9960
YGVPTSATTE	VSMTEIMSSN	RTHIPDSDQS	TMSPDIITEV	ITRLSSSSMM	SESTQMTIIT
9970	9980	9990	10000	10010	10020
QKSSPGATAQ	STLTLATTTA	PLARTHSTVP	PRFLHSEMTT	LMSRSPENPS	WKSSPFVEKT
10030	10040	10050	10060	10070	10080
SSSSLLSLP	VTTSPSVSST	LPQSIPSSSF	SVTSLLLTPGM	VKTTDTSTEP	GTSLSPNLSSG
10090	10100	10110	10120	10130	10140
TSVEILAASE	VTTDTEKIHP	SSSMAVTNVG	TTSSGHELYS	SVSIHSEPSK	ATYPVGTSS
10150	10160	10170	10180	10190	10200
MAETSISTSM	PANFETTGF	AEPFSLTSG	FRKTNMSLDT	SSVTPTNTPS	SPGSTHLLQS
10210	10220	10230	10240	10250	10260
SKTDFTSKAK	TSSPDWPPAS	QYTEIPVDII	TPFNASPSIT	ESTGITSFPE	SRFTMSVTES

10270	10280	10290	10300	10310	10320
THHLSTDLLP	SAETISTGTV	MPSLSEAMTS	FATTGVPRAI	SGSGSPFSRT	ESGPGDATLS
10330	10340	10350	10360	10370	10380
TIAESLPSST	PVPFSSSTFT	TTDSSTIPAL	HEITSSSATP	YRVDTSLGTE	SSTTEGRLVM
10390	10400	10410	10420	10430	10440
VSTLDTSSQP	GRTSSTPILD	TRMTESVELG	TVTSAYQVPS	LSTRLTRTDG	IMEHITKIPN
10450	10460	10470	10480	10490	10500
EAAHRGTIRP	VKGPQTSTSP	ASPKGLHTGG	TKRMETTTTA	LKTTTTALKT	TSRATLTTSV
10510	10520	10530	10540	10550	10560
YTPTLGLTLP	LNASRQMAST	ILTEMMITTP	YVFPDVPETT	SSLATSLGAE	TSTALPRTTP
10570	10580	10590	10600	10610	10620
SVLNRESETT	ASLVSRSGAE	RSPVIQTLDV	SSSEPDTTAS	WVIHPAETIP	TVSKTTPNFF
10630	10640	10650	10660	10670	10680
HSELDTVSST	ATSHGADVSS	AIPTNISPS	LDALTPLVTI	SGTDTSTTFP	TLTKSPHETE
10690	10700	10710	10720	10730	10740
TRTTWLTHPA	ETSSTIPRTI	PNFSHHESDA	TPSIATSPGA	ETSSAIPIMT	VSPGAEDLVT
10750	10760	10770	10780	10790	10800
SQVTSSGTDR	NMTIPTLTLS	PGEPKTIASL	VTHPEAQTS	AIPTSTISPA	VSRLVTSMVT
10810	10820	10830	10840	10850	10860
SLAAKTSTTN	RALTNSPGEP	ATTVSLVTHP	AQTSPTVPWT	TSIFFHKS	SD TTPSMTTSHG
10870	10880	10890	10900	10910	10920
AESSSAVPTP	TVSTEVPGVV	TPLVTSSRAV	ISTTIPILTL	SPGEPETTPS	MATSHGEEAS
10930	10940	10950	10960	10970	10980
SAIPTPTVSP	GVPGVVTSLV	TSSRAVTSTT	IPILTFSLGE	PETTPSMATS	HGTEAGSAVP
10990	11000	11010	11020	11030	11040
TVLPEVPGMV	TSLVASSRAV	TSTTLPTLTL	SPGEPETTPS	MATSHGAEAS	STVPTVSPEV
11050	11060	11070	11080	11090	11100
PGVVTSLVTS	SSGVNSTSIP	TLILSPGELE	TTPSMATSHG	AEASSAVPTP	TVSPGVSGVV

11110	11120	11130	11140	11150	11160
TPLVTSSRAV	TSTTIPILTL	SSSEPETTPS	MATSHGVEAS	SAVLTVSPEV	PGMVTSLVTS
11170	11180	11190	11200	11210	11220
SRAVTSTTIP	TLTISSDEPE	TTTSLVTHSE	AKMISAIPTL	AVSPTVQGLV	TSLVTSSGSE
11230	11240	11250	11260	11270	11280
TSAFNSLTVA	SSQPETIDSW	VAHPGTEASS	VVPTLTVSTG	EPFTNISLVT	HPAESSSTLP
11290	11300	11310	11320	11330	11340
RTTSRFSHSE	LDTMPSTVTS	PEAESSAIS	TTISPGIPGV	LTSLVTSSGR	DISATFPTVP
11350	11360	11370	11380	11390	11400
ESPHSEATA	SWVTHPAVTS	TTVPRTPPNY	SHSEPDTPS	IATSPGAEAT	SDFPTITVSP
11410	11420	11430	11440	11450	11460
DVPDMVTSQV	TSSGTDTSIT	IPTLTLSSGE	PETTTSFITY	SEHTTSSAIP	TLPVSPGASK
11470	11480	11490	11500	11510	11520
MLTSLVISSG	TDSTTTFPTL	TETPYEPETT	AIQLIHPAET	NTMVPKTPK	FSHSKSDTTL
11530	11540	11550	11560	11570	11580
PVAITSPGPE	ASSAVSTTTI	SPDMSDLVTS	LVPSSGTDTS	TTFPTLSETP	YEPETTWTWL
11590	11600	11610	11620	11630	11640
THPAETSTTV	SGTIPNFSHR	GSDTAPSMVT	SPGVDTRSGV	PTTTIPPSIP	GVVTSQVTSS
11650	11660	11670	11680	11690	11700
ATDTSTAIPT	LTPSPGEPET	TASSATHPGT	QTGFTVPIRT	VPSSEPDTMA	SWVTHPPQTS
11710	11720	11730	11740	11750	11760
TPVSRITSSSF	SHSSPDATPV	MATSPRTEAS	SAVLTTISPG	APEMVTSQIT	SSGAATSTTV
11770	11780	11790	11800	11810	11820
PTLTHSPGMP	ETTALLSTHP	RIGTSKTFPA	STVFPQVSET	TASLTIRPGA	ETSTALPTQT
11830	11840	11850	11860	11870	11880
TSSLFTLLVT	GTSRVDLSPT	ASPGVSAKTA	PLSTHPGTET	STMIPTSTLS	LGLLETTGLL
11890	11900	11910	11920	11930	11940
ATSSSAETST	STLTLTVSPA	VSGLSSASIT	TDKPQTVTSW	NTETSPSVTS	VGPPEFSRTV



11950	11960	11970	11980	11990	12000
TGTTMTLIPS	EMPTPPKTS	GEGVSPTTIL	RTTMVEATNL	ATTGSSPTVA	KTTTTFNNTLA
12010	12020	12030	12040	12050	12060
GSLFTPLTTP	GMSTLASESV	TSRTSYNHRS	WISTTSSYNR	RYWTPATSTP	VTSTFSPGIS
12070	12080	12090	12100	12110	12120
TSSIPSSATA	TVPFMVPFTL	NFTITNLQYE	EDMRHPGSRK	FNATERELQG	LLKPLFRNSS
12130	12140	12150	12160	12170	12180
LEYLYSGCRL	ASLRPEKDSS	AMAVDAICTH	RPDPEDLGLD	RERLYWELSN	LTNGIQELGP
12190	12200	12210	12220	12230	12240
YTLDRNSLYV	NGFTHRSSMP	TTSTPGTSTV	DVGTSSTPSS	SPSPTAAGPL	LMPFTLNFTI
12250	12260	12270	12280	12290	12300
TNLQYEEDMR	RTGSRKFNTM	ESVLQGLLKP	LFKNTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKDGAATGV
12310	12320	12330	12340	12350	12360
DAICTHRLDP	KSPGLNREQ	YWELSKLTND	IEELGPYTLD	RNSLYVNGFT	HQSSVSTTST
12370	12380	12390	12400	12410	12420
PGTSTVDLRT	SGTPSSLSSP	TIMAAGPLL	PFTLNFTITN	LQYGEDMGHP	GSRKFNTTER
12430	12440	12450	12460	12470	12480
VLQGLLGPFI	KNTSVGPLY	GCRLTSLRSE	KDGAATGVDA	ICIHHLDPKS	PGLNRERLYW
12490	12500	12510	12520	12530	12540
ELSQLTNGIK	ELGPYTLDNR	SLYVNGFTHR	TSVPTTSTPG	TSTVDLGTSG	TPFSLPSPAT
12550	12560	12570	12580	12590	12600
AGPLLVLFTL	NFTITNLKYE	EDMRHPGSRK	FNTTTERVLQT	LLGPMFKNTS	VGLLYSGCRL
12610	12620	12630	12640	12650	12660
TLLRSEKDGA	ATGVDAICTH	RLDPKSPGLD	REQLYWELSQ	LTNGIKELGP	YTLDRNSLYV
12670	12680	12690	12700	12710	12720
NGFTHWIPVP	TSSTPGTSTV	DLGSGTPSSL	PSPTAAGPLL	VPFTLNFTIT	NLQYEEDMHH
12730	12740	12750	12760	12770	12780
PGSRKFNTTE	RVLQGLLGPM	FKNTSVGLLY	SGCRLTLLRS	EKDGAATGVD	AICTHRLDPK

12790	12800	12810	12820	12830	12840
SPGVDREQLY	WELSQLTNGI	KELGPYTLDR	NSLYVNGFTH	QTSAPNTSTP	GTSTVDLGTS
12850	12860	12870	12880	12890	12900
GTPSSLPSPT	SAGPLLVPFT	LNFTITNLQY	EEDMRHPGSR	KFNTTERVLQ	GLLKPLFKST
12910	12920	12930	12940	12950	12960
SVGPLYSGCR	LTLRSEKDG	AATGVDAICT	HRLDPKSPGV	DREQLYWELS	QLTNGIKELG
12970	12980	12990	13000	13010	13020
PYTLDRNSLY	VNGFTHQ TSA	PNTSTPGTST	VDLGTSGTPS	SLPSPTSAGP	LLVPFTLNFT
13030	13040	13050	13060	13070	13080
ITNLQYEEDM	HHPGSRKFNT	TERVLQGLLG	PMFKNTSVGL	LYSGCRLTLL	RPEKNGAATG
13090	13100	13110	13120	13130	13140
MDAICSHRLD	PKSPGLNREQ	LYWELS QLTH	GIKELGPYTL	DRNSLYVNGF	THRSSVAPTS
13150	13160	13170	13180	13190	13200
TPGTSTVDLG	TSGTPSSLPS	PTTAVPLLVP	FTLNFTITNL	QYGEDMRHPG	SRKFNTTERV
13210	13220	13230	13240	13250	13260
LQGLLGPLFK	NSSVGPLYSG	CRLISLRSEK	DGAATGVDAI	CTHHLNPQSP	GLDREQLYWQ
13270	13280	13290	13300	13310	13320
LSQMTNGIKE	LGPYTLDRNS	LYVNGFTHRS	SGLTTSTPWT	STVDLGTSGT	PSPVPSPTTA
13330	13340	13350	13360	13370	13380
GPLLVPFTLN	FTITNLQYEE	DMHRPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LSPIFKNSSV	GPLYSGCRLT
13390	13400	13410	13420	13430	13440
SLRPEKDGAA	TGMDAVCLYH	PNPKRPGLDR	EQLYWELS QL	THNITELGPY	SLDRDSL YVN
13450	13460	13470	13480	13490	13500
GFTHQNSVPT	TSTPGTSTVY	WATTGTPSSF	PGHTEPGPLL	IPFTFNFTIT	NLHYEENMQH
13510	13520	13530	13540	13550	13560
PGSRKFNTTE	RVLQGLLKPL	FKNTSVGPLY	SGCRLTSLRP	EKDGAATGMD	AVCLYHPNPK
13570	13580	13590	13600	13610	13620
RPGLDREQLY	WELS QLTHNI	TELGPYSLDR	DSL YVNGFTH	QNSVPTTSTP	GTSTVYWATT

13630	13640	13650	13660	13670	13680
GTPSSFPGHT	EPGPLLIPFT	FNFTITNLHY	EENMQHPGSR	KFNTTERVLQ	GLLKPLFKNT
13690	13700	13710	13720	13730	13740
SVGPLYSGCR	LTLRRPEKHE	AATGVDTICT	HRVDPFGPGL	DRERLYWELS	QLTNSITELG
13750	13760	13770	13780	13790	13800
PYTLDRDSLY	VNGFNPRSSV	PTTSTPGTST	VHLATSGTPS	SLPGHTAPVP	LLIPFTLNFT
13810	13820	13830	13840	13850	13860
ITNLHYEENM	QHPGSRKFNT	TERVLQGLLK	PLFKNTSVGP	LYSGCRLTLL	RPEKHEAATG
13870	13880	13890	13900	13910	13920
VDTICTHRVD	PIGPGLXXEX	LYWELSXLTX	XIXELGPYTL	DRXSLYVNGF	THXXSXPTTS
13930	13940	13950	13960	13970	13980
TPGTSTVXXG	TSGTPSSXPX	XTSAGPLLVP	FTLNFTITNL	QYEEDMHHPG	SRKFNTTERV
13990	14000	14010	14020	14030	14040
LQGLLGPMFK	NTSVGLLYSG	CRLTLLRPEK	NGAATGMDAI	CSHRLDPKSP	GLDREQLYWE
14050	14060	14070	14080	14090	14100
LSQLTHGIKE	LGPYTLDRNS	LYVNGFTHRS	SVAPTSTPGT	STVDLGTSGT	PSSLPSPTTA
14110	14120	14130	14140	14150	14160
VPLLVPFTLN	FTITNLQYGE	DMRHPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LGPLFKNSSV	GPLYSGCRLI
14170	14180	14190	14200	14210	14220
SLRSEKDGAA	TGVDAICTHH	LNPQSPGLDR	EQLYWQLSQM	TNGIKELGPY	TLDRNSLYVN
14230	14240	14250	14260	14270	14280
GFTHRSSGLT	TSTPWTSTVD	LGTSGTPSPV	PSPTTAGPLL	VPFTLNFTIT	NLQYEEDMHR
14290	14300	14310	14320	14330	14340
PGSRKFNATE	RVLQGLLSPI	FKNSSVGPLY	SGCRLTSLRP	EKDGAATGMD	AVCLYHPNPK
14350	14360	14370	14380	14390	14400
RPGLDREQLY	WELSQLTHNI	TELGPYSLDR	DSLYVNGFTH	QSSMTTTRTP	DTSTMHLATS
14410	14420	14430	14440	14450	14460
RTPASLSGPT	TASPLLVLFT	INCTITNLQY	EEDMRRTGSR	KFNTMESVLQ	GLLKPLFKNT

14470	14480	14490	14500	14510	14520
SVGPLYSGCR	LTLRLPKKDG	AATGVDAICT	HRLDPKSPGL	NREQLYWELS	KLTNDIEELG
14530	14540	14550	14560	14570	14580
PYTLDRNSLY	VNGFTHQSSV	STTSTPGTST	VDLRTSGTPS	SLSSPTIMXX	XPLLXPFTXN
14590	14600	14610	14620	14630	14640
XTITNLXXXX	XMXXPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LRPLFKNTSV	SSLYSGCRLT	LLRPEKDGAA
14650	14660	14670	14680	14690	14700
TRVDAACTYR	PDPKSPGLDR	EQLYWELSQL	THSITELGPY	TLDRVSLYVN	GFNPRSSVPT
14710	14720	14730	14740	14750	14760
TSTPGTSTVH	LATSGTPSSL	PGHTXXXPLL	XPFTXNXTIT	NLXXXXXMXX	PGSRKFNTTE
14770	14780	14790	14800	14810	14820
RVLQGLLKPL	FRNSSLEYLY	SGCRLASLRP	EKDSSAMAVD	AICTHRPDPE	DLGLDRERLY
14830	14840	14850	14860	14870	14880
WELSNLTNGI	QELGPYTLDR	NSLYVNGFTH	RSSGLTTSTP	WTSTVDLGTS	GTPSPVPSPT
14890	14900	14910	14920	14930	14940
TAGPLLVPT	LNFTITNLQY	EEDMHRPGSR	RFNTTERVLQ	GLLTPLFKNT	SVGPLYSGCR
14950	14960	14970	14980	14990	15000
LTLRLPEKQE	AATGVDTICT	HRVDPIGPGL	DRERLYWELS	QLTNSITELG	PYTLDRDSLY
15010	15020	15030	15040	15050	15060
VNGFNPWSSV	PTTSTPGTST	VHLATSGTPS	SLPGHTAPVP	LLIPFTLNFT	ITDLHYEENM
15070	15080	15090	15100	15110	15120
QHPGSRKFNT	TERVLQGLLK	PLFKSTSVGP	LYSGCRLTLL	RPEKHGAATG	VDAICTLRLD
15130	15140	15150	15160	15170	15180
PTGPGLDRER	LYWELSQLTN	SVTELGPYTL	DRDSLYVNGF	THRSSVPTTS	IPGTSAVHLE
15190	15200	15210	15220	15230	15240
TSGTPASLPG	HTAPGPLLVPT	FTLNFTITNL	QYEEDMRHPG	SRKFSTTERV	LQGLLKPLFK
15250	15260	15270	15280	15290	15300
NTSVSSLYSG	CRLTLRLPEK	DGAATRVDVA	CTHRPDPKSP	GLDRERLYWK	LSQLTHGITE

15310	15320	15330	15340	15350	15360
LGPYTLDRHS	LYVNGFTHQS	SMTTTRTPDT	STMHLATSRT	PASLSGPTTA	SPLLVLFTIN
15370	15380	15390	15400	15410	15420
FTITNLRYEE	NMHPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LRPVFKNTSV	GPLYSGCRLT	TLRPKKDGAA
15430	15440	15450	15460	15470	15480
TKVDAICTYR	PDPKSPGLDR	EQLYWELSQL	THSITELGPY	TQDRDSLYVN	GFTHRSSVPT
15490	15500	15510	15520	15530	15540
TSIPGTSAVH	LETSGTPASL	PGHTAPGPLL	VPFTLNFTIT	NLQYEEDMRH	PGSRKFNTTE
15550	15560	15570	15580	15590	15600
RVLQGLLKPL	FKSTSVGPLY	SGCRLTLLRP	EKRGAATGVD	TICTHRLDPL	NPGLDREQLY
15610	15620	15630	15640	15650	15660
WELSKLTRGI	IELGPYLLDR	GSLYVNGFTH	RTSVPTTSTP	GTSTVDLGTS	GTPFSLPSPA
15670	15680	15690	15700	15710	15720
XXXPLLXPFT	XNXTITNLXX	XXXMXXPGSR	KFNTTERVLQ	TLLGPMFKNT	SVGLLYSGCR
15730	15740	15750	15760	15770	15780
LTLRSEKDG	AATGVDAICT	HRLDPKSPGV	DREQLYWELS	QLTNGIKELG	PYTLDRNSLY
15790	15800	15810	15820	15830	15840
VNGFTHWIPV	PTSSTPGTST	VDLGSGTPSS	LPSPTTAGPL	LVPFTLNFTI	TNLKYEEDMH
15850	15860	15870	15880	15890	15900
CPGSRKFNTT	ERVLQSLGFP	MFKNTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	SEKDGAATGV	DAICTHRLDP
15910	15920	15930	15940	15950	15960
KSPGVDREQL	YWELSQLTNG	IKELGPYTLT	RNSLYVNGFT	HQTSAPNTST	PGTSTVDLGT
15970	15980	15990	16000	16010	16020
SGTPSSLPSP	TXXXPLLXPF	TXNXTITNLX	XXXXMXXPGS	RKFNTTEXVL	QGLLXPXFKN
16030	16040	16050	16060	16070	16080
XSVGXLYSGC	RLTXLRXEKX	GAATGXDAIC	XHXXXPKXPG	LXXEXLYWEL	SXLTXXIXEL
16090	16100	16110	16120	16130	16140
GPYTLDRXSL	YVNGFTHWIP	VPTSSTPGTS	TVDLGSGTPS	SLPSPTTAGP	LLVPFTLNFT

16150	16160	16170	16180	16190	16200
ITNLKYEEDM	HCPGSRKFNT	TERVLQSLLG	PMFKNTSVGP	LYSGCRLTSL	RSEKDGAATG
16210	16220	16230	16240	16250	16260
VDAICTHRVD	PKSPGVDREQ	LYWELSQLTN	GIKELGPYTL	DRNSLYVNGF	THQTSAPNTS
16270	16280	16290	16300	16310	16320
TPGTSTVXXG	TSGTPSSXPX	XTSAGPLLVP	FTLNFTITNL	QYEEDMHHPG	SRKFNTTTERV
16330	16340	16350	16360	16370	16380
LQGLLGPMFK	NTSVGLLYSG	CRLTLLRPEK	NGATTGMDAI	CTHRLDPKSP	GLXXEXLYWE
16390	16400	16410	16420	16430	16440
LSXLTXXIXE	LGPYTLDRXS	LYVNGFTHXX	SXPTTSTPGT	STVXXGTSGT	PSSXPXTXX
16450	16460	16470	16480	16490	16500
XPLLXPFTXN	XTITNLXXXX	XMXXPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LKPLFRNSSL	EYLYSGCRLA
16510	16520	16530	16540	16550	16560
SLRPEKDSSA	MAVDAICTHR	PDPEDLGLDR	ERLYWELSNL	TNGIQELGPY	TLDRNSLYVN
16570	16580	16590	16600	16610	16620
GFTHRSSMPT	TSTPGTSTVD	VGTSGETPSSS	PSPTTAGPLL	IPFTLNFTIT	NLQYGEDMGH
16630	16640	16650	16660	16670	16680
PGSRKFNTTE	RVLQGLLGPI	FKNTSVGPLY	SGCRLTSLRS	EKDGAATGVD	AICIHHLDPK
16690	16700	16710	16720	16730	16740
SPGLNRERLY	WELSQLTNGI	KELGPYTLDR	NSLYVNGFTH	RTSVPTTSTP	GTSTVDLGTS
16750	16760	16770	16780	16790	16800
GTPFSLPSPA	TAGPLLVLFT	LNFTITNLKY	EEDMHRPGSR	KFNTTTERVLQ	TLLGPMFKNT
16810	16820	16830	16840	16850	16860
SVGLLYSGCR	LTLRSEKDG	AATGVDAICT	HRLDPKSPGL	XXEXLYWELS	XLTXIXELG
16870	16880	16890	16900	16910	16920
PYTLDRXSLY	VNGFTHXXSX	PTTSTPGTST	VXXGTSGTSP	SXPXXTXXXP	LLXPFTXNXT
16930	16940	16950	16960	16970	16980
ITNLXXXXXM	XXPGSRKFNT	TERVLQGLLR	PVFKNTSVGP	LYSGCRLTLL	RPKKDGAATK

16990	17000	17010	17020	17030	17040
VDAICTYRPD	PKSPGLDREQ	LYWELSQLTH	SITELGPYTQ	DRDSLYVNGF	THRSSVPTTS
17050	17060	17070	17080	17090	17100
IPGTSAVHLE	TTGTPSSFPG	HTEPGPLLLIP	FTFNFTITNL	RYEENMQHPG	SRKFNTTTERV
17110	17120	17130	17140	17150	17160
LQGLLTPLFK	NTSVGPLYSG	CRLTLLRPEK	QEAATGVDTI	CTHRVDPIGP	GLDRERLYWE
17170	17180	17190	17200	17210	17220
LSQLTNSITE	LGPYTLDRDS	LYVDGFNPWS	SVPTTSTPGT	STVHLATSGT	PSPLPGHTAP
17230	17240	17250	17260	17270	17280
VPLLIPFTLN	FTITDLHYEE	NMQHPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LKPLFKSTSV	GPLYSGCRLT
17290	17300	17310	17320	17330	17340
LLRPEKHGAA	TGVDAICTLR	LDPTGPGGLDR	ERLYWELSQL	TNSITELGPY	TLDRDSLYVN
17350	17360	17370	17380	17390	17400
GFNPWSSVPT	TSTPGTSTVH	LATSGTPSSL	PGHTTAGPLL	VPFTLNFTIT	NLKYEEDMHC
17410	17420	17430	17440	17450	17460
PGSRKFNTTE	RVLQSLHGPM	FKNTSVGPLY	SGCRLTLLRS	EKDGAATGVD	AICTHRLDPK
17470	17480	17490	17500	17510	17520
SPGLXXEXLY	WELSXLTXXI	XELGPYTLDR	XSLYVNGFTH	XXSXPTTSTP	GTSTVXXGTS
17530	17540	17550	17560	17570	17580
GTPSSXPXXT	XXXPLLXPFT	XNXTITNLXX	XXXMXXPGSR	KFNTTEXVLQ	GLLXPXFKNX
17590	17600	17610	17620	17630	17640
SVGXLYSGCR	LTXLRXEKXG	AATGXDAICX	HXXXXPKXPGL	XXEXLYWELS	XLTNSITELG
17650	17660	17670	17680	17690	17700
PYTLDRDSLY	VNGFTHRSSM	PTTSIPG TSA	VHLETSGTPA	SLPGHTAPGP	LLVPFTLNFT
17710	17720	17730	17740	17750	17760
ITNLQYEEDM	RHPGSRKFNT	TERVLQGLLK	PLFKSTSVGP	LYSGCRLTLL	RPEKRGAAATG
17770	17780	17790	17800	17810	17820
VDTICTHRLD	PLNPGLXXEX	LYWELSXLTX	XIXELGPYTL	DRXSLYVNGF	THXXSXPTTS

17830	17840	17850	17860	17870	17880
TPGTSTVXXG	TSGTPSSXPX	XTXXXPLLXP	FTXNXTITNL	XXXXXMXXPG	SRKFNTTEXV
17890	17900	17910	17920	17930	17940
LQGLLXPXFK	NXSVGXLYSG	CRLTXLRXEK	XGAATGXDAI	CXHXXXPKXP	GLXXEXLYWE
17950	17960	17970	17980	17990	18000
LSXLTXXIXE	LGPYTLDRXS	LYVNGFHPRS	SVPTTSTPGT	STVHLATSGT	PSSLPGHTAP
18010	18020	18030	18040	18050	18060
VPLLIPFTLN	FTITNLHYEE	NMQHPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LGPMFKNTSV	GLLYSGCRLT
18070	18080	18090	18100	18110	18120
LLRPEKNGAA	TGMDAICSHR	LDPKSPGLXX	EXLYWELSXL	TXXIXELGPY	TLDRXSLYVN
18130	18140	18150	18160	18170	18180
GFTHXXSXPT	TSTPGTSTVX	XGTSGTPSSX	PXXTXXXPLL	XPFTXNXTIT	NLXXXXMXX
18190	18200	18210	18220	18230	18240
PGSRKFNTTE	XVLQGLLXPX	FKNXSVGXLY	SGCRLTXLRX	EKXGAATGXD	AICXHXXXPX
18250	18260	18270	18280	18290	18300
XPGLXXEXLY	WELSXLTXXI	XELGPYTLDR	XSLYVNGFTH	QNSVPTTSTP	GTSTVYWATT
18310	18320	18330	18340	18350	18360
GTPSSFPGHT	EPGPLLIPFT	FNFTITNLHY	EENMQHPGSR	KFNTTERVLQ	GLLTPLFKNT
18370	18380	18390	18400	18410	18420
SVGPLYSGCR	LTLRPEKQE	AATGVDTICT	HRVDPGPGGL	XXEXLYWELS	XLTXIXELG
18430	18440	18450	18460	18470	18480
PYTLDRXSLY	VNGFTHXXSX	PTTSTPGTST	VXXGTSGTPS	SXPXXTXXXP	LLXPFTXNXT
18490	18500	18510	18520	18530	18540
ITNLXXXXXM	XXPGSRKFNT	TEXVLQGLLX	PXFKNXSVGX	LYSGCRLTXL	RXEKXGAATG
18550	18560	18570	18580	18590	18600
XDAICXHXXX	PKXPGLXXEX	LYWELSXLTX	XIXELGPYTL	DRXSLYVNGF	THRSSVPTTS
18610	18620	18630	18640	18650	18660
SPGTSTVHLA	TSGTPSSLPG	HTAPVPLLIP	FTLNFTITNL	HYEENMQHPG	SRKFNTTERV



18670	18680	18690	18700	18710	18720
LQGLLKPLFK	STSVGPLYSG	CRLTLLRPEK	HGAATGVDAI	CTLRDPTGP	GLXXEXLYWE
18730	18740	18750	18760	18770	18780
LSXLTXIXE	LGPYTLDRXS	LYVNGFTHXX	SXPTTSTPGT	STVXXGTSGT	PSSXPXTXX
18790	18800	18810	18820	18830	18840
XPLLXPFTXN	XTITNLXXXX	XXXXPGSRKF	NTTEXVLQGL	LXPXFKNXSV	GXLYSGCRLT
18850	18860	18870	18880	18890	18900
XLRXEKXGAA	TGXDAICXHX	XXPKXPGLXX	EXLYWELSXL	TXXIXELGPY	TLDRXSLYVN
18910	18920	18930	18940	18950	18960
GFTHRTSVPT	TSTPGTSTVH	LATSGTPSSL	PGHTAPVPLL	IPFTLNFTIT	NLQYEEDMHR
18970	18980	18990	19000	19010	19020
PGSRKFNTTE	RVLQGLLSPI	FKNSSVGPLY	SGCRLTSLRP	EKDGAATGMD	AVCLYHPNPK
19030	19040	19050	19060	19070	19080
RPGLDREQLY	CELSQLTHNI	TELGPYSLDR	DSLYVNGFTH	QNSVPTTSTP	GTSTVYWATT
19090	19100	19110	19120	19130	19140
GTPSSFPGHT	XXXPLLXPFT	XNXTITNLXX	XXXMXXPGSR	KFNTTEXVLQ	GLLXPXFKNX
19150	19160	19170	19180	19190	19200
SVGXLYSGCR	LTXLRXEKXG	AATGXDAICX	HXXXXPKXPGL	XXEXLYWELS	XLTXIXELG
19210	19220	19230	19240	19250	19260
PYTLDRXSLY	VNGFTHWSSG	LTTSTPWTST	VDLGTSGTSP	PVPSPTTAGP	LLVPFTLNFT
19270	19280	19290	19300	19310	19320
ITNLQYEEDM	HRPGSRKFNA	TERVLQGLLS	PIFKNTSVGP	LYSGCRLTLL	RPEKQEAATG
19330	19340	19350	19360	19370	19380
VDICTHRVD	PIGPGLXXEX	LYWELSXLTX	XIXELGPYTL	DRXSLYVNGF	THXXSXPTTS
19390	19400	19410	19420	19430	19440
TPGTSTVXXG	TSGTPSSXPX	XTXXXPLLXP	FTXNXTITNL	XXXXXMXXPG	SRKFNTTEXV
19450	19460	19470	19480	19490	19500
LQGLLXPXFK	NXSVGXLYSG	CRLTXLRXEK	XGAATGXDAI	CXHXXXXPKXP	GLXXEXLYWE

19510	19520	19530	19540	19550	19560
LSXLTXIXE	LGPYTLDRXS	LYVNGFTHRS	FGLTTSTPWT	STVDLGTSGT	PSPVPSPTTA
19570	19580	19590	19600	19610	19620
GPLLVPFTLN	FTITNLQYEE	DMHRPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LTPLFRNTSV	SSLYSGCRLT
19630	19640	19650	19660	19670	19680
LLRPEKDGA	TRVDAVCTHR	PDPKSPGLXX	EXLYWELSXL	TXXIXELGPY	TLDRXSLYVN
19690	19700	19710	19720	19730	19740
GFTHXXSXPT	TSTPGTSTVX	XGTSGTPSSX	PXXTXXXPLL	XPFTXNXTIT	NLXXXXXXMX
19750	19760	19770	19780	19790	19800
PGSRKFNTTE	XVLQGLLXPX	FKNXSVGXLY	SGCRLTXLRX	EKGGAATGXD	AICXHXXXPK
19810	19820	19830	19840	19850	19860
XPGLXXEXLY	WELSXLTXXI	XELGPYTLDR	XSLYVNGFTH	WIPVPTSSTP	GTSTVDLGSG
19870	19880	19890	19900	19910	19920
TPSSLPSPTT	AGPLLVPFTL	NFTITNLQYG	EDMGHPGSRK	FNTTERVLQG	LLGPIFKNTS
19930	19940	19950	19960	19970	19980
VGPLYSGCRL	TSLRSEKDGA	ATGVDAICIH	HLDPKSPGLX	XEXLYWELSX	LTXXIXELGP
19990	20000	20010	20020	20030	20040
YTLDRXSLYV	NGFTHXXSXP	TTSTPGTSTV	XXGTSGTPSS	XPXXTXXXPL	LXPFTXNXTI
20050	20060	20070	20080	20090	20100
TNLXXXXMX	XPGSRKFNTT	EXVLQGLLXP	XFKNXSVGXL	YSGCRLTXLR	XEKXGAATGX
20110	20120	20130	20140	20150	20160
DAICXHXXXP	KXPGLXXEXL	YWELSXLTXX	IXELGPYTLD	RXSLYVNGFT	HQTFAPNTST
20170	20180	20190	20200	20210	20220
PGTSTVDLGT	SGTPSSLPSP	TSAGPLLVPF	TLNFTITNLQ	YEEDMHHPGS	RKFNTTERVL
20230	20240	20250	20260	20270	20280
QGLLGPMFKN	TSVGLLYSGC	RLTLLRPEKN	GAATRVDVC	THRPDPKSPG	LXXEXLYWEL
20290	20300	20310	20320	20330	20340
SXLTXIXEL	GPYTLDRXSL	YVNGFTHXXS	XPTTSTPGTS	TVXXGTSGTP	SSXPXTAPV

20350	20360	20370	20380	20390	20400
PLLIPFTLNF	TITNLHYEEN	MQHPGSRKFN	TTERVLQGLL	KPLFKSTSVG	PLYSGCRLTL
20410	20420	20430	20440	20450	20460
LRPEKHGAAT	GVDAICTLRL	DPTGPGLDRE	RLYWELSQLT	NSVTELGPYT	LDRDSLIVNG
20470	20480	20490	20500	20510	20520
FTQRSSVPTT	SIPGTSAVHL	ETSGTPASLP	GHTAPGPLL	PFTLNFTITN	LQYEVDMRHP
20530	20540	20550	20560	20570	20580
GSRKFNTTER	VLQGLLKPLF	KSTSVGPLY	GCRLTLLRPE	KRGAATGVDT	ICTHRLDPLN
20590	20600	20610	20620	20630	20640
PGLDREQLYW	ELSKLTRGII	ELGPYLLDRG	SLYVNGFTHR	NFVPITSTPG	TSTVHLGTSE
20650	20660	20670	20680	20690	20700
TPSSLRPPIV	PGLLVPFTL	NFTITNLQYE	EAMRHGSRK	FNTTERVLQG	LLRPLFKNTS
20710	20720	20730	20740	20750	20760
IGPLYSSCRL	TLLRPEKDKA	ATRVDAICTH	HPDPQSPGLN	REQLYWELSQ	LTHGITELGP
20770	20780	20790	20800	20810	20820
YTLDRDSLIV	DGFTHWSPIP	TTSTPGTSIV	NLGTSGIPPS	LPETXXXPL	LXPFTXNXTI
20830	20840	20850	20860	20870	20880
TNLXXXXMX	XPGSRKFNTT	ERVLQGLLKP	LFKSTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKDGVATRV
20890	20900	20910	20920	20930	20940
DAICTHRPDP	KIPGLDRQQL	YWELSQLTHS	ITELGPYTL	RDSLIVNGFT	QRSSVPTTST
20950	20960	20970	20980	20990	21000
PGTFTVQPET	SETPSSLPGP	TATGPVLLPF	TLNFTITNLQ	YEEDMHRPGS	RKFNTTERVL
21010	21020	21030	21040	21050	21060
QGLLMPLFKN	TSVSSLYSGC	RLTLLRPEKD	GAATRVDAVC	THRPDPKSPG	LDRERLYWKL
21070	21080	21090	21100	21110	21120
SQLTHGITEL	GPYTLDRHSL	YVNGFTHQSS	MTTTRTPDTS	TMHLATS RTP	ASLSGPTTAS
21130	21140	21150	21160	21170	21180
PLLVLFTINF	TITNLRYEEN	MHPGSRKFN	TTERVLQGLL	RPVFKNTSVG	PLYSGCRLTL

21190	21200	21210	21220	21230	21240
LRPKKDGAAT	KVDAICTYRP	DPKSPGLDRE	QLYWELSQLT	HSITELGPYT	LDRDSLIVNG
21250	21260	21270	21280	21290	21300
FTQRSSVPTT	SIPGTPTVDL	GTSGTPVSKP	GPSAASPLL	LFTLNFTITN	LRYEENMQHP
21310	21320	21330	21340	21350	21360
GSRKFNTTER	VLQGLLRSLF	KSTSVGPLY	GCRLTLLRPE	KDGTATGVDA	ICTHHPDPKS
21370	21380	21390	21400	21410	21420
PRLDREQLYW	ELSQLTHNIT	ELGHYALDND	SLFVNGFTHR	SSVSTTSTPG	TPTVYLGASK
21430	21440	21450	21460	21470	21480
TPASIFGPSA	ASHLLILFTL	NFTITNLRYE	ENMWPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LRPLFKNTSV
21490	21500	21510	21520	21530	21540
GPLYSGSRLT	LLRPEKDGEA	TGVDAICTHR	PDPTGPGGLDR	EQLYLELSQL	THSITELGPY
21550	21560	21570	21580	21590	21600
TLDRDSLIVN	GFTHRSSVPT	TSTGVVSEEP	FTLNFTINNL	RYMADMGQPG	SLKFNITDNV
21610	21620	21630	21640	21650	21660
MKHLLSPLFQ	RSSLGARYTG	CRVIALRSVK	NGAETRVDLL	CTYLQPLSGP	GLPIKQVFHE
21670	21680	21690	21700	21710	21720
LSQQTHGITR	LGPYSLDKDS	LYLNGYNEPG	LDEPPTPKP	ATTFLPPLSE	ATTAMGYHLK
21730	21740	21750	21760	21770	21780
TLTLNFTISN	LQYSPDMGKG	SATFNSTEGV	LQHLLRPLFQ	KSSMGPFYLG	CQLISLRPEK
21790	21800	21810	21820	21830	21840
DGAATGVDTT	CTYHPDPVGP	GLDIQQLYWE	LSQLTHGVTQ	LGFYVLDLDRS	LFINGYAPQN
21850	21860	21870	21880	21890	21900
LSIRGEYQIN	FHIVNWNLSN	PDPTSSEYIT	LLRDIQDKVT	TLYKGSQLHD	TFRFCLVTNL
21910	21920	21930	21940	21950	21960
TMDSVLVTVK	ALFSSNLDPS	LVEQVFLDKT	LNASFHWLGS	TYQLVDIHVT	EMESSVYQPT
21970	21980	21990	22000	22010	22020
SSSSTQHFYL	NFTITNLPYS	QDKAQPGTTN	YQRNKRNIED	ALNQLFRNSS	IKSYFSDCQV

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22030      22040      22050      22060      22070      22080
STFRSVPNRH HTGVDSL CNF SPLARRVDRV AIYEEFLRMT RNGTQLQNFT LDRSSVLVDG
22090      22100      22110      22120      22130      22140
YSPNRNEPLT GNSDL PFWAV ILIGLAGLLG LITCLICGVL VTTRRRKKEG EYNVQQQCPG
22150
YYQSHLDLED LQ
    
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[0079] Most preferably, the Mucin-16 assay detects one or more soluble forms of Mucin-16. Mucin-16 is a single-pass type I membrane protein having a large extracellular domain, most or all of which is present in soluble forms of Mucin-16 generated either through alternative splicing event which deletes all or a portion of the transmembrane domain, or by proteolysis of the membrane-bound form. In the case of an immunoassay, one or more antibodies that bind to epitopes within this extracellular domain may be used to detect these soluble form(s). The following domains have been identified in Mucin-16:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-22152	22152	Mucin-16
1-22096	22906	extracellular
22907-22117	21	transmembrane
22128-22152	35	cytoplasmic

[0080] As used herein, the term “Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5” refers to one or polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5 precursor (Swiss-Prot P06731 (SEQ ID NO: 13)).

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10          20          30          40          50          60
MESPSAPPHR WCIPWQRLLL TASLLTFWNP PTTAKLTIES TPFNVAEGKE VLLLVHNLPO
70          80          90          100         110         120
HLFGYSWYKG ERVDGNRQII GYVIGTQQAT PGPAYSGREI IYPNASLLIQ NIIQN DTGFY
130         140         150         160         170         180
TLHVIKSDLV NEEATGQFRV YPELPKPSIS SNNSKPVEDK DAVAFTCEPE TQDATYLWWV
190         200         210         220         230         240
    
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NNQSLPVS PR LQLSNGNRTL TLFNVTRNDT ASYKCETQNP VSARRSDSVI LNVLYGPDAP
      250           260           270           280           290           300
TISPLNTSYR SGENLNLSCH AASNPPAQYS WfvngTFQQS TQELFIPNIT VNNSGSYTCQ
      310           320           330           340           350           360
AHNSDTGLNR TTVTTITVYA EPPKPFITSN NSNPVEDEDA VALTCEPEIQ NTTYLWWVNN
      370           380           390           400           410           420
QSLPVS PRLQ LSNDNRTLTL LSVTRNDVGP YECGIQNELS VDHSDPVILN VLYGPDDPTI
      430           440           450           460           470           480
SPSYTYRPG VNLSLSCHAA SNPPAQYSWL IDGNIQQHTQ ELFISNITEK NSGLYTCQAN
      490           500           510           520           530           540
NSASGHSRTT VKTITVSAEL PKPSISSNNS KPVEDKDAVA FTCEPEAQNT TYLWWVNGQS
      550           560           570           580           590           600
LPVSPRLQLS NGNRTLTLFN VTRNDARAYV CGIQNSVSAN RSDPVTLDVL YGPDTPIIISP
      610           620           630           640           650           660
PDSSYLSGAN LNLSCHSASN PSPQYSWRIN GIPQQHTQVL FIAKITPNNN GTYACFVSNL
      670           680           690           700
ATGRNNSIVK SITVSASGTS PGLSAGATVG IMIGVLVGVA LI
    
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[0081] The following domains have been identified in Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-34	34	Signal sequence
35-685	5	Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5
686-702	17	Propeptide

[0082] As used herein, the term “cellular tumor antigen p53” refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the cellular tumor antigen p53 precursor (Swiss-Prot P04637 (SEQ ID NO: 14)).

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      10           20           30           40           50           60
MEEPQSDPSV EPPLSQETFS DLWKLLPENN VLSPLPSQAM DDLMLSPDDI EQWFTEDPGP
    
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      70          80          90          100          110          120
DEAPRMPEAA PRVAPAPAAP TPAAPAPAPS WPLSSSVPSQ KTYQGSYGFR LGFLHSGTAK
      130          140          150          160          170          180
SVTCTYSPAL NKMFCQLAKT CPVQLWVDST PPPGTRVRAM AIYKQSQHMT EVVRRCPHHE
      190          200          210          220          230          240
RCSDSDGLAP PQHLIRVEGN LRVEYLDDRN TFRHSVVVPY EPPEVGSDCT TIHNYMCNS
      250          260          270          280          290          300
SCMGMNRRP ILTIITLED SGNLLGRNSF EVRVCACPGR DRRTEENLR KKGEPHHELP
      310          320          330          340          350          360
PGSTKRALPN NTSSSPQPKK KPLDGEYFTL QIRGRERFEM FRELNEALEL KDAQAGKEPG
      370          380          390
GSRAHSSHLK SKKGQSTSRH KCLMFKTEGP DSD

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[0083] Isoform 2 of cellular tumor antigen p53 has the following changes from this isoform 1 sequence:

332-341: IRGRERFEMF (SEQ ID NO: 15) → DGTSFQKENC (SEQ ID NO: 16)

342-393: Missing

[0084] As used herein, the term “relating a signal to the presence or amount” of an analyte reflects this understanding. Assay signals are typically related to the presence or amount of an analyte through the use of a standard curve calculated using known concentrations of the analyte of interest. As the term is used herein, an assay is “configured to detect” an analyte if an assay can generate a detectable signal indicative of the presence or amount of a physiologically relevant concentration of the analyte. Because an antibody epitope is on the order of 8 amino acids, an immunoassay configured to detect a marker of interest will also detect polypeptides related to the marker sequence, so long as those polypeptides contain the epitope(s) necessary to bind to the antibody or antibodies used in the assay. The term “related marker” as used herein with regard to a biomarker such as one of the kidney injury markers described herein refers to one or more fragments, variants, etc., of a particular marker or its biosynthetic parent that may be detected as a surrogate for the marker itself or as independent biomarkers. The term also refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological

sample that are derived from the biomarker precursor complexed to additional species, such as binding proteins, receptors, heparin, lipids, sugars, *etc.*

[0085] In this regard, the skilled artisan will understand that the signals obtained from an immunoassay are a direct result of complexes formed between one or more antibodies and the target biomolecule (*i.e.*, the analyte) and polypeptides containing the necessary epitope(s) to which the antibodies bind. While such assays may detect the full length biomarker and the assay result be expressed as a concentration of a biomarker of interest, the signal from the assay is actually a result of all such “immunoreactive” polypeptides present in the sample. Expression of biomarkers may also be determined by means other than immunoassays, including protein measurements (such as dot blots, western blots, chromatographic methods, mass spectrometry, *etc.*) and nucleic acid measurements (mRNA quantitation). This list is not meant to be limiting.

[0086] The term “positive going” marker as that term is used herein refer to a marker that is determined to be elevated in subjects suffering from a disease or condition, relative to subjects not suffering from that disease or condition. The term “negative going” marker as that term is used herein refer to a marker that is determined to be reduced in subjects suffering from a disease or condition, relative to subjects not suffering from that disease or condition.

[0087] The term “subject” as used herein refers to a human or non-human organism. Thus, the methods and compositions described herein are applicable to both human and veterinary disease. Further, while a subject is preferably a living organism, the invention described herein may be used in post-mortem analysis as well. Preferred subjects are humans, and most preferably “patients,” which as used herein refers to living humans that are receiving medical care for a disease or condition. This includes persons with no defined illness who are being investigated for signs of pathology.

[0088] Preferably, an analyte is measured in a sample. Such a sample may be obtained from a subject, or may be obtained from biological materials intended to be provided to the subject. For example, a sample may be obtained from a kidney being evaluated for possible transplantation into a subject, and an analyte measurement used to evaluate the kidney for preexisting damage. Preferred samples are body fluid samples.

[0089] The term “body fluid sample” as used herein refers to a sample of bodily fluid obtained for the purpose of diagnosis, prognosis, classification or evaluation of a subject



of interest, such as a patient or transplant donor. In certain embodiments, such a sample may be obtained for the purpose of determining the outcome of an ongoing condition or the effect of a treatment regimen on a condition. Preferred body fluid samples include blood, serum, plasma, cerebrospinal fluid, urine, saliva, sputum, and pleural effusions. In addition, one of skill in the art would realize that certain body fluid samples would be more readily analyzed following a fractionation or purification procedure, for example, separation of whole blood into serum or plasma components.

[0090] The term “diagnosis” as used herein refers to methods by which the skilled artisan can estimate and/or determine the probability (“a likelihood”) of whether or not a patient is suffering from a given disease or condition. In the case of the present invention, “diagnosis” includes using the results of an assay, most preferably an immunoassay, for a kidney injury marker of the present invention, optionally together with other clinical characteristics, to arrive at a diagnosis (that is, the occurrence or nonoccurrence) of an acute renal injury or ARF for the subject from which a sample was obtained and assayed. That such a diagnosis is “determined” is not meant to imply that the diagnosis is 100% accurate. Many biomarkers are indicative of multiple conditions. The skilled clinician does not use biomarker results in an informational vacuum, but rather test results are used together with other clinical indicia to arrive at a diagnosis. Thus, a measured biomarker level on one side of a predetermined diagnostic threshold indicates a greater likelihood of the occurrence of disease in the subject relative to a measured level on the other side of the predetermined diagnostic threshold.

[0091] Similarly, a prognostic risk signals a probability (“a likelihood”) that a given course or outcome will occur. A level or a change in level of a prognostic indicator, which in turn is associated with an increased probability of morbidity (e.g., worsening renal function, future ARF, or death) is referred to as being “indicative of an increased likelihood” of an adverse outcome in a patient.

[0092] Marker Assays

[0093] In general, immunoassays involve contacting a sample containing or suspected of containing a biomarker of interest with at least one antibody that specifically binds to the biomarker. A signal is then generated indicative of the presence or amount of complexes formed by the binding of polypeptides in the sample to the antibody or other binding species. The signal is then related to the presence or amount of the biomarker in

the sample. Numerous methods and devices are well known to the skilled artisan for the detection and analysis of biomarkers. *See, e.g.*, U.S. Patents 6,143,576; 6,113,855; 6,019,944; 5,985,579; 5,947,124; 5,939,272; 5,922,615; 5,885,527; 5,851,776; 5,824,799; 5,679,526; 5,525,524; and 5,480,792, and *The Immunoassay Handbook*, David Wild, ed. Stockton Press, New York, 1994, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, including all tables, figures and claims.

[0094] The assay devices and methods known in the art can utilize labeled molecules in various sandwich, competitive, or non-competitive assay formats, to generate a signal that is related to the presence or amount of the biomarker of interest. Suitable assay formats also include chromatographic, mass spectrographic, and protein “blotting” methods. Additionally, certain methods and devices, such as biosensors and optical immunoassays, may be employed to determine the presence or amount of analytes without the need for a labeled molecule. *See, e.g.*, U.S. Patents 5,631,171; and 5,955,377, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, including all tables, figures and claims. One skilled in the art also recognizes that robotic instrumentation including but not limited to Beckman ACCESS®, Abbott AXSYM®, Roche ELECSYS®, Dade Behring STRATUS® systems are among the immunoassay analyzers that are capable of performing immunoassays. But any suitable immunoassay may be utilized, for example, enzyme-linked immunoassays (ELISA), radioimmunoassays (RIAs), competitive binding assays, and the like.

[0095] Antibodies or other polypeptides may be immobilized onto a variety of solid supports for use in assays. Solid phases that may be used to immobilize specific binding members include those developed and/or used as solid phases in solid phase binding assays. Examples of suitable solid phases include membrane filters, cellulose-based papers, beads (including polymeric, latex and paramagnetic particles), glass, silicon wafers, microparticles, nanoparticles, TentaGels, AgroGels, PEGA gels, SPOCC gels, and multiple-well plates. An assay strip could be prepared by coating the antibody or a plurality of antibodies in an array on solid support. This strip could then be dipped into the test sample and then processed quickly through washes and detection steps to generate a measurable signal, such as a colored spot. Antibodies or other polypeptides may be bound to specific zones of assay devices either by conjugating directly to an assay device surface, or by indirect binding. In an example of the later case, antibodies or other

polypeptides may be immobilized on particles or other solid supports, and that solid support immobilized to the device surface.

[0096] Biological assays require methods for detection, and one of the most common methods for quantitation of results is to conjugate a detectable label to a protein or nucleic acid that has affinity for one of the components in the biological system being studied. Detectable labels may include molecules that are themselves detectable (*e.g.*, fluorescent moieties, electrochemical labels, metal chelates, *etc.*) as well as molecules that may be indirectly detected by production of a detectable reaction product (*e.g.*, enzymes such as horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, *etc.*) or by a specific binding molecule which itself may be detectable (*e.g.*, biotin, digoxigenin, maltose, oligohistidine, 2,4-dinitrobenzene, phenylarsenate, ssDNA, dsDNA, *etc.*).

[0097] Preparation of solid phases and detectable label conjugates often comprise the use of chemical cross-linkers. Cross-linking reagents contain at least two reactive groups, and are divided generally into homofunctional cross-linkers (containing identical reactive groups) and heterofunctional cross-linkers (containing non-identical reactive groups). Homobifunctional cross-linkers that couple through amines, sulfhydryls or react non-specifically are available from many commercial sources. Maleimides, alkyl and aryl halides, alpha-haloacyls and pyridyl disulfides are thiol reactive groups. Maleimides, alkyl and aryl halides, and alpha-haloacyls react with sulfhydryls to form thiol ether bonds, while pyridyl disulfides react with sulfhydryls to produce mixed disulfides. The pyridyl disulfide product is cleavable. Imidoesters are also very useful for protein-protein cross-links. A variety of heterobifunctional cross-linkers, each combining different attributes for successful conjugation, are commercially available.

[0098] In certain aspects, the present invention provides kits for the analysis of the described kidney injury markers. The kit comprises reagents for the analysis of at least one test sample which comprise at least one antibody that a kidney injury marker. The kit can also include devices and instructions for performing one or more of the diagnostic and/or prognostic correlations described herein. Preferred kits will comprise an antibody pair for performing a sandwich assay, or a labeled species for performing a competitive assay, for the analyte. Preferably, an antibody pair comprises a first antibody conjugated to a solid phase and a second antibody conjugated to a detectable label, wherein each of the first and second antibodies that bind a kidney injury marker. Most preferably each of the antibodies are monoclonal antibodies. The instructions for use of the kit and

performing the correlations can be in the form of labeling, which refers to any written or recorded material that is attached to, or otherwise accompanies a kit at any time during its manufacture, transport, sale or use. For example, the term labeling encompasses advertising leaflets and brochures, packaging materials, instructions, audio or video cassettes, computer discs, as well as writing imprinted directly on kits.

[0099] Antibodies

[0100] The term "antibody" as used herein refers to a peptide or polypeptide derived from, modeled after or substantially encoded by an immunoglobulin gene or immunoglobulin genes, or fragments thereof, capable of specifically binding an antigen or epitope. *See, e.g.* Fundamental Immunology, 3rd Edition, W.E. Paul, ed., Raven Press, N.Y. (1993); Wilson (1994); J. Immunol. Methods 175:267-273; Yarmush (1992) J. Biochem. Biophys. Methods 25:85-97. The term antibody includes antigen-binding portions, i.e., "antigen binding sites," (e.g., fragments, subsequences, complementarity determining regions (CDRs)) that retain capacity to bind antigen, including (i) a Fab fragment, a monovalent fragment consisting of the VL, VH, CL and CH1 domains; (ii) a F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragment, a bivalent fragment comprising two Fab fragments linked by a disulfide bridge at the hinge region; (iii) a Fd fragment consisting of the VH and CH1 domains; (iv) a Fv fragment consisting of the VL and VH domains of a single arm of an antibody, (v) a dAb fragment (Ward et al., (1989) Nature 341:544-546), which consists of a VH domain; and (vi) an isolated complementarity determining region (CDR). Single chain antibodies are also included by reference in the term "antibody."

[0101] Antibodies used in the immunoassays described herein preferably specifically bind to a kidney injury marker of the present invention. The term "specifically binds" is not intended to indicate that an antibody binds exclusively to its intended target since, as noted above, an antibody binds to any polypeptide displaying the epitope(s) to which the antibody binds. Rather, an antibody "specifically binds" if its affinity for its intended target is about 5-fold greater when compared to its affinity for a non-target molecule which does not display the appropriate epitope(s). Preferably the affinity of the antibody will be at least about 5 fold, preferably 10 fold, more preferably 25-fold, even more preferably 50-fold, and most preferably 100-fold or more, greater for a target molecule than its affinity for a non-target molecule. In preferred embodiments, Preferred antibodies bind with affinities of at least about  $10^7 \text{ M}^{-1}$ , and preferably between about  $10^8 \text{ M}^{-1}$  to about  $10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}$ , about  $10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}$  to about  $10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}$ , or about  $10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}$  to about  $10^{12} \text{ M}^{-1}$ .

[0102] Affinity is calculated as  $K_d = k_{off}/k_{on}$  ( $k_{off}$  is the dissociation rate constant,  $K_{on}$  is the association rate constant and  $K_d$  is the equilibrium constant). Affinity can be determined at equilibrium by measuring the fraction bound ( $r$ ) of labeled ligand at various concentrations ( $c$ ). The data are graphed using the Scatchard equation:  $r/c = K(n-r)$ : where  $r$  = moles of bound ligand/mole of receptor at equilibrium;  $c$  = free ligand concentration at equilibrium;  $K$  = equilibrium association constant; and  $n$  = number of ligand binding sites per receptor molecule. By graphical analysis,  $r/c$  is plotted on the Y-axis versus  $r$  on the X-axis, thus producing a Scatchard plot. Antibody affinity measurement by Scatchard analysis is well known in the art. *See, e.g., van Erp et al., J. Immunoassay* 12: 425-43, 1991; Nelson and Griswold, *Comput. Methods Programs Biomed.* 27: 65-8, 1988.

[0103] The term "epitope" refers to an antigenic determinant capable of specific binding to an antibody. Epitopes usually consist of chemically active surface groupings of molecules such as amino acids or sugar side chains and usually have specific three dimensional structural characteristics, as well as specific charge characteristics. Conformational and nonconformational epitopes are distinguished in that the binding to the former but not the latter is lost in the presence of denaturing solvents.

[0104] Numerous publications discuss the use of phage display technology to produce and screen libraries of polypeptides for binding to a selected analyte. *See, e.g., Cwirla et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87, 6378-82, 1990; Devlin et al., *Science* 249, 404-6, 1990, Scott and Smith, *Science* 249, 386-88, 1990; and Ladner et al., U.S. Pat. No. 5,571,698. A basic concept of phage display methods is the establishment of a physical association between DNA encoding a polypeptide to be screened and the polypeptide. This physical association is provided by the phage particle, which displays a polypeptide as part of a capsid enclosing the phage genome which encodes the polypeptide. The establishment of a physical association between polypeptides and their genetic material allows simultaneous mass screening of very large numbers of phage bearing different polypeptides. Phage displaying a polypeptide with affinity to a target bind to the target and these phage are enriched by affinity screening to the target. The identity of polypeptides displayed from these phage can be determined from their respective genomes. Using these methods a polypeptide identified as having a binding affinity for a desired target can then be synthesized in bulk by conventional means. *See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 6,057,098*, which is hereby incorporated in its entirety, including all tables, figures, and claims.

[0105] The antibodies that are generated by these methods may then be selected by first screening for affinity and specificity with the purified polypeptide of interest and, if required, comparing the results to the affinity and specificity of the antibodies with polypeptides that are desired to be excluded from binding. The screening procedure can involve immobilization of the purified polypeptides in separate wells of microtiter plates. The solution containing a potential antibody or groups of antibodies is then placed into the respective microtiter wells and incubated for about 30 min to 2 h. The microtiter wells are then washed and a labeled secondary antibody (for example, an anti-mouse antibody conjugated to alkaline phosphatase if the raised antibodies are mouse antibodies) is added to the wells and incubated for about 30 min and then washed. Substrate is added to the wells and a color reaction will appear where antibody to the immobilized polypeptide(s) are present.

[0106] The antibodies so identified may then be further analyzed for affinity and specificity in the assay design selected. In the development of immunoassays for a target protein, the purified target protein acts as a standard with which to judge the sensitivity and specificity of the immunoassay using the antibodies that have been selected. Because the binding affinity of various antibodies may differ; certain antibody pairs (e.g., in sandwich assays) may interfere with one another sterically, etc., assay performance of an antibody may be a more important measure than absolute affinity and specificity of an antibody.

[0107] While the present application describes antibody-based binding assays in detail, alternatives to antibodies as binding species in assays are well known in the art. These include receptors for a particular target, aptamers, etc. Aptamers are oligonucleic acid or peptide molecules that bind to a specific target molecule. Aptamers are usually created by selecting them from a large random sequence pool, but natural aptamers also exist. High-affinity aptamers containing modified nucleotides conferring improved characteristics on the ligand, such as improved in vivo stability or improved delivery characteristics. Examples of such modifications include chemical substitutions at the ribose and/or phosphate and/or base positions, and may include amino acid side chain functionalities.

[0108] Assay Correlations

[0109] The term “correlating” as used herein in reference to the use of biomarkers refers to comparing the presence or amount of the biomarker(s) in a patient to its presence or amount in persons known to suffer from, or known to be at risk of, a given condition; or in persons known to be free of a given condition. Often, this takes the form of comparing an assay result in the form of a biomarker concentration to a predetermined threshold selected to be indicative of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a disease or the likelihood of some future outcome.

[0110] Selecting a diagnostic threshold involves, among other things, consideration of the probability of disease, distribution of true and false diagnoses at different test thresholds, and estimates of the consequences of treatment (or a failure to treat) based on the diagnosis. For example, when considering administering a specific therapy which is highly efficacious and has a low level of risk, few tests are needed because clinicians can accept substantial diagnostic uncertainty. On the other hand, in situations where treatment options are less effective and more risky, clinicians often need a higher degree of diagnostic certainty. Thus, cost/benefit analysis is involved in selecting a diagnostic threshold.

[0111] Suitable thresholds may be determined in a variety of ways. For example, one recommended diagnostic threshold for the diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction using cardiac troponin is the 97.5th percentile of the concentration seen in a normal population. Another method may be to look at serial samples from the same patient, where a prior “baseline” result is used to monitor for temporal changes in a biomarker level.

[0112] Population studies may also be used to select a decision threshold. Receiver Operating Characteristic (“ROC”) arose from the field of signal detection theory developed during World War II for the analysis of radar images, and ROC analysis is often used to select a threshold able to best distinguish a “diseased” subpopulation from a “nondiseased” subpopulation. A false positive in this case occurs when the person tests positive, but actually does not have the disease. A false negative, on the other hand, occurs when the person tests negative, suggesting they are healthy, when they actually do have the disease. To draw a ROC curve, the true positive rate (TPR) and false positive rate (FPR) are determined as the decision threshold is varied continuously. Since TPR is equivalent with sensitivity and FPR is equal to 1 - specificity, the ROC graph is sometimes called the sensitivity vs (1 - specificity) plot. A perfect test will have an area

under the ROC curve of 1.0; a random test will have an area of 0.5. A threshold is selected to provide an acceptable level of specificity and sensitivity.

[0113] In this context, “diseased” is meant to refer to a population having one characteristic (the presence of a disease or condition or the occurrence of some outcome) and “nondiseased” is meant to refer to a population lacking the characteristic. While a single decision threshold is the simplest application of such a method, multiple decision thresholds may be used. For example, below a first threshold, the absence of disease may be assigned with relatively high confidence, and above a second threshold the presence of disease may also be assigned with relatively high confidence. Between the two thresholds may be considered indeterminate. This is meant to be exemplary in nature only.

[0114] In addition to threshold comparisons, other methods for correlating assay results to a patient classification (occurrence or nonoccurrence of disease, likelihood of an outcome, etc.) include decision trees, rule sets, Bayesian methods, and neural network methods. These methods can produce probability values representing the degree to which a subject belongs to one classification out of a plurality of classifications.

[0115] Measures of test accuracy may be obtained as described in Fischer *et al.*, *Intensive Care Med.* 29: 1043-51, 2003, and used to determine the effectiveness of a given biomarker. These measures include sensitivity and specificity, predictive values, likelihood ratios, diagnostic odds ratios, and ROC curve areas. The area under the curve (“AUC”) of a ROC plot is equal to the probability that a classifier will rank a randomly chosen positive instance higher than a randomly chosen negative one. The area under the ROC curve may be thought of as equivalent to the Mann-Whitney U test, which tests for the median difference between scores obtained in the two groups considered if the groups are of continuous data, or to the Wilcoxon test of ranks.

[0116] As discussed above, suitable tests may exhibit one or more of the following results on these various measures: a specificity of greater than 0.5, preferably at least 0.6, more preferably at least 0.7, still more preferably at least 0.8, even more preferably at least 0.9 and most preferably at least 0.95, with a corresponding sensitivity greater than 0.2, preferably greater than 0.3, more preferably greater than 0.4, still more preferably at least 0.5, even more preferably 0.6, yet more preferably greater than 0.7, still more preferably greater than 0.8, more preferably greater than 0.9, and most preferably greater than 0.95; a sensitivity of greater than 0.5, preferably at least 0.6, more preferably at least



0.7, still more preferably at least 0.8, even more preferably at least 0.9 and most preferably at least 0.95, with a corresponding specificity greater than 0.2, preferably greater than 0.3, more preferably greater than 0.4, still more preferably at least 0.5, even more preferably 0.6, yet more preferably greater than 0.7, still more preferably greater than 0.8, more preferably greater than 0.9, and most preferably greater than 0.95; at least 75% sensitivity, combined with at least 75% specificity; a ROC curve area of greater than 0.5, preferably at least 0.6, more preferably 0.7, still more preferably at least 0.8, even more preferably at least 0.9, and most preferably at least 0.95; an odds ratio different from 1, preferably at least about 2 or more or about 0.5 or less, more preferably at least about 3 or more or about 0.33 or less, still more preferably at least about 4 or more or about 0.25 or less, even more preferably at least about 5 or more or about 0.2 or less, and most preferably at least about 10 or more or about 0.1 or less; a positive likelihood ratio (calculated as sensitivity/(1-specificity)) of greater than 1, at least 2, more preferably at least 3, still more preferably at least 5, and most preferably at least 10; and or a negative likelihood ratio (calculated as (1-sensitivity)/specificity) of less than 1, less than or equal to 0.5, more preferably less than or equal to 0.3, and most preferably less than or equal to 0.1

[0117] Additional clinical indicia may be combined with the kidney injury marker assay result(s) of the present invention. These include other biomarkers related to renal status. Examples include the following, which recite the common biomarker name, followed by the Swiss-Prot entry number for that biomarker or its parent: Actin (P68133); Adenosine deaminase binding protein (DPP4, P27487); Alpha-1-acid glycoprotein 1 (P02763); Alpha-1-microglobulin (P02760); Albumin (P02768); Angiotensinogenase (Renin, P00797); Annexin A2 (P07355); Beta-glucuronidase (P08236); B-2-microglobulin (P61679); Beta-galactosidase (P16278); BMP-7 (P18075); Brain natriuretic peptide (proBNP, BNP-32, NTproBNP; P16860); Calcium-binding protein Beta (S100-beta, P04271); Carbonic anhydrase (Q16790); Casein Kinase 2 (P68400); Ceruloplasmin (P00450); Clusterin (P10909); Complement C3 (P01024); Cysteine-rich protein (CYR61, O00622); Cytochrome C (P99999); Epidermal growth factor (EGF, P01133); Endothelin-1 (P05305); Exosomal Fetuin-A (P02765); Fatty acid-binding protein, heart (FABP3, P05413); Fatty acid-binding protein, liver (P07148); Ferritin (light chain, P02793; heavy chain P02794); Fructose-1,6-biphosphatase (P09467); GRO-alpha (CXCL1, (P09341); Growth Hormone (P01241); Hepatocyte growth factor (P14210);

Insulin-like growth factor I (P01343); Immunoglobulin G; Immunoglobulin Light Chains (Kappa and Lambda); Interferon gamma (P01308); Lysozyme (P61626); Interleukin-1alpha (P01583); Interleukin-2 (P60568); Interleukin-4 (P60568); Interleukin-9 (P15248); Interleukin-12p40 (P29460); Interleukin-13 (P35225); Interleukin-16 (Q14005); L1 cell adhesion molecule (P32004); Lactate dehydrogenase (P00338); Leucine Aminopeptidase (P28838); Meprin A-alpha subunit (Q16819); Meprin A-beta subunit (Q16820); Midkine (P21741); MIP2-alpha (CXCL2, P19875); MMP-2 (P08253); MMP-9 (P14780); Netrin-1 (O95631); Neutral endopeptidase (P08473); Osteopontin (P10451); Renal papillary antigen 1 (RPA1); Renal papillary antigen 2 (RPA2); Retinol binding protein (P09455); Ribonuclease; S100 calcium-binding protein A6 (P06703); Serum Amyloid P Component (P02743); Sodium/Hydrogen exchanger isoform (NHE3, P48764); Spermidine/spermine N1-acetyltransferase (P21673); TGF-Beta1 (P01137); Transferrin (P02787); Trefoil factor 3 (TFF3, Q07654); Toll-Like protein 4 (O00206); Total protein; Tubulointerstitial nephritis antigen (Q9UJW2); Uromodulin (Tamm-Horsfall protein, P07911).

[0118] For purposes of risk stratification, Adiponectin (Q15848); Alkaline phosphatase (P05186); Aminopeptidase N (P15144); CalbindinD28k (P05937); Cystatin C (P01034); 8 subunit of F1FO ATPase (P03928); Gamma-glutamyltransferase (P19440); GSTa (alpha-glutathione-S-transferase, P08263); GSTpi (Glutathione-S-transferase P; GST class-pi; P09211); IGFBP-1 (P08833); IGFBP-2 (P18065); IGFBP-6 (P24592); Integral membrane protein 1 (Itm1, P46977); Interleukin-6 (P05231); Interleukin-8 (P10145); Interleukin-18 (Q14116); IP-10 (10 kDa interferon-gamma-induced protein, P02778); IRPR (IFRD1, O00458); Isovaleryl-CoA dehydrogenase (IVD, P26440); I-TAC/CXCL11 (O14625); Keratin 19 (P08727); Kim-1 (Hepatitis A virus cellular receptor 1, O43656); L-arginine:glycine amidinotransferase (P50440); Leptin (P41159); Lipocalin2 (NGAL, P80188); MCP-1 (P13500); MIG (Gamma-interferon-induced monokine Q07325); MIP-1a (P10147); MIP-3a (P78556); MIP-1beta (P13236); MIP-1d (Q16663); NAG (N-acetyl-beta-D-glucosaminidase, P54802); Organic ion transporter (OCT2, O15244); Osteoprotegerin (O14788); P8 protein (O60356); Plasminogen activator inhibitor 1 (PAI-1, P05121); ProANP(1-98) (P01160); Protein phosphatase 1-beta (PPI-beta, P62140); Rab GDI-beta (P50395); Renal kallikrein (Q86U61); RT1.B-1 (alpha) chain of the integral membrane protein (Q5Y7A8); Soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A (sTNFR-I, P19438); Soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1B (sTNFR-II, P20333); Tissue inhibitor of

metalloproteinases 3 (TIMP-3, P35625); uPAR (Q03405) may be combined with the kidney injury marker assay result(s) of the present invention.

[0119] Other clinical indicia which may be combined with the kidney injury marker assay result(s) of the present invention includes demographic information (e.g., weight, sex, age, race), medical history (e.g., family history, type of surgery, pre-existing disease such as aneurism, congestive heart failure, preeclampsia, eclampsia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, coronary artery disease, proteinuria, renal insufficiency, or sepsis, type of toxin exposure such as NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque contrast agents, or streptozotocin), clinical variables (e.g., blood pressure, temperature, respiration rate), risk scores (APACHE score, PREDICT score, TIMI Risk Score for UA/NSTEMI, Framingham Risk Score), a urine total protein measurement, a glomerular filtration rate, an estimated glomerular filtration rate, a urine production rate, a serum or plasma creatinine concentration, a renal papillary antigen 1 (RPA1) measurement; a renal papillary antigen 2 (RPA2) measurement; a urine creatinine concentration, a fractional excretion of sodium, a urine sodium concentration, a urine creatinine to serum or plasma creatinine ratio, a urine specific gravity, a urine osmolality, a urine urea nitrogen to plasma urea nitrogen ratio, a plasma BUN to creatinine ratio, and/or a renal failure index calculated as  $\text{urine sodium} / (\text{urine creatinine} / \text{plasma creatinine})$ . Other measures of renal function which may be combined with the kidney injury marker assay result(s) are described hereinafter and in Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine, 17<sup>th</sup> Ed., McGraw Hill, New York, pages 1741-1830, and Current Medical Diagnosis & Treatment 2008, 47<sup>th</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, New York, pages 785-815, each of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[0120] Combining assay results/clinical indicia in this manner can comprise the use of multivariate logistical regression, loglinear modeling, neural network analysis, n-of-m analysis, decision tree analysis, etc. This list is not meant to be limiting.

[0121] Diagnosis of Acute Renal Failure

[0122] As noted above, the terms "acute renal (or kidney) injury" and "acute renal (or kidney) failure" as used herein are defined in part in terms of changes in serum creatinine from a baseline value. Most definitions of ARF have common elements, including the use of serum creatinine and, often, urine output. Patients may present with renal dysfunction

without an available baseline measure of renal function for use in this comparison. In such an event, one may estimate a baseline serum creatinine value by assuming the patient initially had a normal GFR. Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) is the volume of fluid filtered from the renal (kidney) glomerular capillaries into the Bowman's capsule per unit time. Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) can be calculated by measuring any chemical that has a steady level in the blood, and is freely filtered but neither reabsorbed nor secreted by the kidneys. GFR is typically expressed in units of ml/min:

$$GFR = \frac{\text{Urine Concentration} \times \text{Urine Flow}}{\text{Plasma Concentration}}$$

[0123] By normalizing the GFR to the body surface area, a GFR of approximately 75–100 ml/min per 1.73 m<sup>2</sup> can be assumed. The rate therefore measured is the quantity of the substance in the urine that originated from a calculable volume of blood.

[0124] There are several different techniques used to calculate or estimate the glomerular filtration rate (GFR or eGFR). In clinical practice, however, creatinine clearance is used to measure GFR. Creatinine is produced naturally by the body (creatinine is a metabolite of creatine, which is found in muscle). It is freely filtered by the glomerulus, but also actively secreted by the renal tubules in very small amounts such that creatinine clearance overestimates actual GFR by 10-20%. This margin of error is acceptable considering the ease with which creatinine clearance is measured.

[0125] Creatinine clearance (CCr) can be calculated if values for creatinine's urine concentration (U<sub>Cr</sub>), urine flow rate (V), and creatinine's plasma concentration (P<sub>Cr</sub>) are known. Since the product of urine concentration and urine flow rate yields creatinine's excretion rate, creatinine clearance is also said to be its excretion rate (U<sub>Cr</sub>×V) divided by its plasma concentration. This is commonly represented mathematically as:

$$CCr = \frac{U_{Cr} \times V}{P_{Cr}}$$

[0126] Commonly a 24 hour urine collection is undertaken, from empty-bladder one morning to the contents of the bladder the following morning, with a comparative blood test then taken:

$$C_{Cr} = \frac{U_{Cr} \times 24\text{-hour volume}}{P_{Cr} \times 24 \times 60\text{mins}}$$

[0127] To allow comparison of results between people of different sizes, the CCr is often corrected for the body surface area (BSA) and expressed compared to the average sized man as ml/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>. While most adults have a BSA that approaches 1.7 (1.6-1.9), extremely obese or slim patients should have their CCr corrected for their actual BSA:

$$C_{Cr\text{-corrected}} = \frac{C_{Cr} \times 1.73}{BSA}$$

[0128] The accuracy of a creatinine clearance measurement (even when collection is complete) is limited because as glomerular filtration rate (GFR) falls creatinine secretion is increased, and thus the rise in serum creatinine is less. Thus, creatinine excretion is much greater than the filtered load, resulting in a potentially large overestimation of the GFR (as much as a twofold difference). However, for clinical purposes it is important to determine whether renal function is stable or getting worse or better. This is often determined by monitoring serum creatinine alone. Like creatinine clearance, the serum creatinine will not be an accurate reflection of GFR in the non-steady-state condition of ARF. Nonetheless, the degree to which serum creatinine changes from baseline will reflect the change in GFR. Serum creatinine is readily and easily measured and it is specific for renal function.

[0129] For purposes of determining urine output on a mL/kg/hr basis, hourly urine collection and measurement is adequate. In the case where, for example, only a cumulative 24-h output was available and no patient weights are provided, minor modifications of the RIFLE urine output criteria have been described. For example, Bagshaw *et al.*, *Nephrol. Dial. Transplant.* 23: 1203–1210, 2008, assumes an average patient weight of 70 kg, and patients are assigned a RIFLE classification based on the following: <35 mL/h (Risk), <21 mL/h (Injury) or <4 mL/h (Failure).

[0130] Selecting a Treatment Regimen

[0131] Once a diagnosis is obtained, the clinician can readily select a treatment regimen that is compatible with the diagnosis, such as initiating renal replacement therapy, withdrawing delivery of compounds that are known to be damaging to the

kidney, kidney transplantation, delaying or avoiding procedures that are known to be damaging to the kidney, modifying diuretic administration, initiating goal directed therapy, etc. The skilled artisan is aware of appropriate treatments for numerous diseases discussed in relation to the methods of diagnosis described herein. See, e.g., Merck Manual of Diagnosis and Therapy, 17th Ed. Merck Research Laboratories, Whitehouse Station, NJ, 1999. In addition, since the methods and compositions described herein provide prognostic information, the markers of the present invention may be used to monitor a course of treatment. For example, improved or worsened prognostic state may indicate that a particular treatment is or is not efficacious.

[0132] One skilled in the art readily appreciates that the present invention is well adapted to carry out the objects and obtain the ends and advantages mentioned, as well as those inherent therein. The examples provided herein are representative of preferred embodiments, are exemplary, and are not intended as limitations on the scope of the invention.

[0133] Example 1: Contrast-induced nephropathy sample collection

[0134] The objective of this sample collection study is to collect samples of plasma and urine and clinical data from patients before and after receiving intravascular contrast media. Approximately 250 adults undergoing radiographic/angiographic procedures involving intravascular administration of iodinated contrast media are enrolled. To be enrolled in the study, each patient must meet all of the following inclusion criteria and none of the following exclusion criteria:

#### Inclusion Criteria

males and females 18 years of age or older;

undergoing a radiographic / angiographic procedure (such as a CT scan or coronary intervention) involving the intravascular administration of contrast media;

expected to be hospitalized for at least 48 hours after contrast administration.

able and willing to provide written informed consent for study participation and to comply with all study procedures.

#### Exclusion Criteria

renal transplant recipients;

acutely worsening renal function prior to the contrast procedure;

already receiving dialysis (either acute or chronic) or in imminent need of dialysis at enrollment;

expected to undergo a major surgical procedure (such as involving cardiopulmonary bypass) or an additional imaging procedure with contrast media with significant risk for further renal insult within the 48 hrs following contrast administration;

participation in an interventional clinical study with an experimental therapy within the previous 30 days;

known infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or a hepatitis virus.

[0135] Immediately prior to the first contrast administration (and after any pre-procedure hydration), an EDTA anti-coagulated blood sample (10 mL) and a urine sample (10 mL) are collected from each patient. Blood and urine samples are then collected at 4 ( $\pm 0.5$ ), 8 ( $\pm 1$ ), 24 ( $\pm 2$ ), 48 ( $\pm 2$ ), and 72 ( $\pm 2$ ) hrs following the last administration of contrast media during the index contrast procedure. Blood is collected via direct venipuncture or via other available venous access, such as an existing femoral sheath, central venous line, peripheral intravenous line or hep-lock. These study blood samples are processed to plasma at the clinical site, frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc., San Diego, CA. The study urine samples are frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc.

[0136] Serum creatinine is assessed at the site immediately prior to the first contrast administration (after any pre-procedure hydration) and at 4 ( $\pm 0.5$ ), 8 ( $\pm 1$ ), 24 ( $\pm 2$ ) and 48 ( $\pm 2$ ), and 72 ( $\pm 2$ ) hours following the last administration of contrast (ideally at the same time as the study samples are obtained). In addition, each patient's status is evaluated through day 30 with regard to additional serum and urine creatinine measurements, a need for dialysis, hospitalization status, and adverse clinical outcomes (including mortality).

[0137] Prior to contrast administration, each patient is assigned a risk based on the following assessment: systolic blood pressure  $< 80$  mm Hg = 5 points; intra-arterial balloon pump = 5 points; congestive heart failure (Class III-IV or history of pulmonary edema) = 5 points; age  $> 75$  yrs = 4 points; hematocrit level  $< 39\%$  for men,  $< 35\%$  for women = 3 points; diabetes = 3 points; contrast media volume = 1 point for each 100 mL; serum creatinine level  $> 1.5$  g/dL = 4 points OR estimated GFR  $40-60$  mL/min/ $1.73$  m<sup>2</sup> = 2 points,  $20-40$  mL/min/ $1.73$  m<sup>2</sup> = 4 points,  $< 20$  mL/min/ $1.73$  m<sup>2</sup> = 6 points. The risks

assigned are as follows: risk for CIN and dialysis: 5 or less total points = risk of CIN - 7.5%, risk of dialysis - 0.04%; 6–10 total points = risk of CIN - 14%, risk of dialysis - 0.12%; 11–16 total points = risk of CIN - 26.1%, risk of dialysis - 1.09%; >16 total points = risk of CIN - 57.3%, risk of dialysis - 12.8%.

[0138] Example 2: Cardiac surgery sample collection

[0139] The objective of this sample collection study is to collect samples of plasma and urine and clinical data from patients before and after undergoing cardiovascular surgery, a procedure known to be potentially damaging to kidney function.

Approximately 900 adults undergoing such surgery are enrolled. To be enrolled in the study, each patient must meet all of the following inclusion criteria and none of the following exclusion criteria:

Inclusion Criteria

males and females 18 years of age or older;

undergoing cardiovascular surgery;

Toronto/Ottawa Predictive Risk Index for Renal Replacement risk score of at least 2 (Wijeysundera *et al.*, *JAMA* 297: 1801-9, 2007); and

able and willing to provide written informed consent for study participation and to comply with all study procedures.

Exclusion Criteria

known pregnancy;

previous renal transplantation;

acutely worsening renal function prior to enrollment (e.g., any category of RIFLE criteria);

already receiving dialysis (either acute or chronic) or in imminent need of dialysis at enrollment;

currently enrolled in another clinical study or expected to be enrolled in another clinical study within 7 days of cardiac surgery that involves drug infusion or a therapeutic intervention for AKI;

known infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or a hepatitis virus.



[0140] Within 3 hours prior to the first incision (and after any pre-procedure hydration), an EDTA anti-coagulated blood sample (10 mL), whole blood (3 mL), and a urine sample (35 mL) are collected from each patient. Blood and urine samples are then collected at 3 ( $\pm 0.5$ ), 6 ( $\pm 0.5$ ), 12 ( $\pm 1$ ), 24 ( $\pm 2$ ) and 48 ( $\pm 2$ ) hrs following the procedure and then daily on days 3 through 7 if the subject remains in the hospital. Blood is collected via direct venipuncture or via other available venous access, such as an existing femoral sheath, central venous line, peripheral intravenous line or hep-lock. These study blood samples are frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc., San Diego, CA. The study urine samples are frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc.

[0141] Example 3: Acutely ill subject sample collection

[0142] The objective of this study is to collect samples from acutely ill patients. Approximately 900 adults expected to be in the ICU for at least 48 hours will be enrolled. To be enrolled in the study, each patient must meet all of the following inclusion criteria and none of the following exclusion criteria:

#### Inclusion Criteria

males and females 18 years of age or older;

Study population 1: approximately 300 patients that have at least one of:

shock (SBP < 90 mmHg and/or need for vasopressor support to maintain MAP > 60 mmHg and/or documented drop in SBP of at least 40 mmHg); and

sepsis;

Study population 2: approximately 300 patients that have at least one of:

IV antibiotics ordered in computerized physician order entry (CPOE) within 24 hours of enrollment;

contrast media exposure within 24 hours of enrollment;

increased Intra-Abdominal Pressure with acute decompensated heart failure; and

severe trauma as the primary reason for ICU admission and likely to be hospitalized in the ICU for 48 hours after enrollment;

Study population 3: approximately 300 patients expected to be hospitalized through acute care setting (ICU or ED) with a known risk factor for acute renal injury (*e.g.* sepsis, hypotension/shock (Shock = systolic BP < 90 mmHg and/or the need for vasopressor

support to maintain a MAP > 60 mmHg and/or a documented drop in SBP > 40 mmHg), major trauma, hemorrhage, or major surgery); and/or expected to be hospitalized to the ICU for at least 24 hours after enrollment.

#### Exclusion Criteria

known pregnancy;

institutionalized individuals;

previous renal transplantation;

known acutely worsening renal function prior to enrollment (e.g., any category of RIFLE criteria);

received dialysis (either acute or chronic) within 5 days prior to enrollment or in imminent need of dialysis at the time of enrollment;

known infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or a hepatitis virus;

meets only the SBP < 90 mmHg inclusion criterion set forth above, and does not have shock in the attending physician's or principal investigator's opinion.

[0143] After providing informed consent, an EDTA anti-coagulated blood sample (10 mL) and a urine sample (25-30 mL) are collected from each patient. Blood and urine samples are then collected at 4 ( $\pm$  0.5) and 8 ( $\pm$  1) hours after contrast administration (if applicable); at 12 ( $\pm$  1), 24 ( $\pm$  2), and 48 ( $\pm$  2) hours after enrollment, and thereafter daily up to day 7 to day 14 while the subject is hospitalized. Blood is collected via direct venipuncture or via other available venous access, such as an existing femoral sheath, central venous line, peripheral intravenous line or hep-lock. These study blood samples are processed to plasma at the clinical site, frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc., San Diego, CA. The study urine samples are frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc.

[0144] Example 4. Immunoassay format

[0145] Analytes are measured using standard sandwich enzyme immunoassay techniques. A first antibody which binds the analyte is immobilized in wells of a 96 well polystyrene microplate. Analyte standards and test samples are pipetted into the appropriate wells and any analyte present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a horseradish peroxidase-conjugated second antibody which binds the analyte is added to the wells, thereby forming sandwich

complexes with the analyte (if present) and the first antibody. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution comprising tetramethylbenzidine and hydrogen peroxide is added to the wells. Color develops in proportion to the amount of analyte present in the sample. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured at 540 nm or 570 nm. An analyte concentration is assigned to the test sample by comparison to a standard curve determined from the analyte standards.

[0146] Example 5. Apparently Healthy Donor and Chronic Disease Patient Samples

[0147] Human urine samples from donors with no known chronic or acute disease (“Apparently Healthy Donors”) were purchased from two vendors (Golden West Biologicals, Inc., 27625 Commerce Center Dr., Temecula, CA 92590 and Virginia Medical Research, Inc., 915 First Colonial Rd., Virginia Beach, VA 23454). The urine samples were shipped and stored frozen at less than -20° C. The vendors supplied demographic information for the individual donors including gender, race (Black /White), smoking status and age.

[0148] Human urine samples from donors with various chronic diseases (“Chronic Disease Patients”) including congestive heart failure, coronary artery disease, chronic kidney disease, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, diabetes mellitus and hypertension were purchased from Virginia Medical Research, Inc., 915 First Colonial Rd., Virginia Beach, VA 23454. The urine samples were shipped and stored frozen at less than -20 degrees centigrade. The vendor provided a case report form for each individual donor with age, gender, race (Black/White), smoking status and alcohol use, height, weight, chronic disease(s) diagnosis, current medications and previous surgeries.

[0149] Example 6. Use of Kidney Injury Markers for evaluating renal status in patients

[0150] Patients from the intensive care unit (ICU) were enrolled in the following study. Each patient was classified by kidney status as non-injury (0), risk of injury (R), injury (I), and failure (F) according to the maximum stage reached within 7 days of enrollment as determined by the RIFLE criteria. EDTA anti-coagulated blood samples (10 mL) and a urine samples (25-30 mL) were collected from each patient at enrollment, 4 ( $\pm$  0.5) and 8 ( $\pm$  1) hours after contrast administration (if applicable); at 12 ( $\pm$  1), 24 ( $\pm$

2), and 48 ( $\pm$  2) hours after enrollment, and thereafter daily up to day 7 to day 14 while the subject is hospitalized. Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 were each measured by standard immunoassay methods using commercially available assay reagents in the urine samples and the plasma component of the blood samples collected. Concentrations were reported as follows: Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B – ng/ml, Cadherin-16 – ng/ml, Caspase-9 – ng/ml, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death – absorbance units, Caspase-1 – pg/ml, Cadherin-1 – pg/ml, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1 – ng/ml, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1 – pg/ml, Cadherin-5 – ng/ml, Myoglobin – ng/ml, Apolipoprotein A-II – ng/ml, Mucin-16, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 – U/ml, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5 – ng/ml, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 – ng/ml.

[0151] Two cohorts were defined as described in the introduction to each of the following tables. In the following tables, the time “prior max stage” represents the time at which a sample is collected, relative to the time a particular patient reaches the lowest disease stage as defined for that cohort, binned into three groups which are  $\pm$  12 hours. For example, “24 hr prior” which uses 0 vs R, I, F as the two cohorts would mean 24 hr ( $\pm$  12 hours) prior to reaching stage R (or I if no sample at R, or F if no sample at R or I).

[0152] A receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve was generated for each biomarker measured and the area under each ROC curve (AUC) was determined. Patients in Cohort 2 were also separated according to the reason for adjudication to cohort 2 as being based on serum creatinine measurements (sCr), being based on urine output (UO), or being based on either serum creatinine measurements or urine output. Using the same example discussed above (0 vs R, I, F), for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements alone, the stage 0 cohort may have included patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of urine output; for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of urine output alone, the stage 0 cohort may have included patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements; and for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis

of serum creatinine measurements or urine output, the stage 0 cohort contains only patients in stage 0 for both serum creatinine measurements and urine output. Also, in the data for patients adjudicated on the basis of serum creatinine measurements or urine output, the adjudication method which yielded the most severe RIFLE stage was used.

[0153] The ability to distinguish cohort 1 from Cohort 2 was determined using ROC analysis. SE is the standard error of the AUC, n is the number of sample or individual patients (“pts,” as indicated). Standard errors were calculated as described in Hanley, J. A., and McNeil, B.J., The meaning and use of the area under a receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve. Radiology (1982) 143: 29-36; p values were calculated with a two-tailed Z-test, and are reported as  $p < 0.05$  in tables 1-6 and  $p < 0.10$  in tables 7-14. An  $AUC < 0.5$  is indicative of a negative going marker for the comparison, and an  $AUC > 0.5$  is indicative of a positive going marker for the comparison.

[0154] Various threshold (or “cutoff”) concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0155] Table 1: Comparison of marker levels in urine samples collected from Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0) and in urine samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage R, I or F in Cohort 2.

**Apolipoprotein A-II**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	71.6	85.6	71.6	72.2	71.6	75.2
Average	199	234	199	394	199	136
Stdev	723	763	723	2590	723	224
p(t-test)		0.70		0.21		0.58
Min	2.08	4.67	2.08	9.26	2.08	1.00E-9
Max	6400	6400	6400	24300	6400	1420
n (Samp)	366	74	366	88	366	41
n (Patient)	196	74	196	88	196	41

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	75.8	85.0	75.8	85.9	75.8	75.2
Average	201	358	201	131	201	120
Stdev	1050	1220	1050	145	1050	127
p(t-test)		0.45		0.69		0.71
Min	1.00E-9	4.67	1.00E-9	9.44	1.00E-9	5.58
Max	24300	6400	24300	677	24300	488
n (Samp)	750	27	750	37	750	23
n (Patient)	294	27	294	37	294	23

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	72.9	95.4	72.9	82.5	72.9	117
Average	219	249	219	483	219	174
Stdev	774	808	774	2820	774	260
p(t-test)		0.78		0.16		0.73
Min	2.08	18.9	2.08	9.26	2.08	1.00E-9
Max	6400	6400	6400	24300	6400	1420
n (Samp)	297	65	297	74	297	35
n (Patient)	132	65	132	74	132	35

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.57	0.54	0.59	0.53	0.54	0.56	0.53	0.51	0.60
SE	0.038	0.058	0.040	0.035	0.050	0.038	0.048	0.062	0.053
p	0.066	0.54	0.019	0.47	0.45	0.11	0.57	0.82	0.068
nCohort 1	366	750	297	366	750	297	366	750	297
nCohort 2	74	27	65	88	37	74	41	23	35
Cutoff 1	53.4	58.0	64.3	46.8	58.2	56.1	46.8	47.2	68.6
Sens 1	70%	70%	71%	70%	70%	70%	71%	74%	71%
Spec 1	38%	36%	45%	32%	37%	38%	32%	28%	48%
Cutoff 2	36.3	34.3	48.8	40.5	33.2	44.5	28.5	41.3	37.4
Sens 2	81%	81%	80%	81%	81%	81%	80%	83%	80%
Spec 2	20%	16%	31%	24%	15%	25%	12%	23%	19%
Cutoff 3	33.5	26.3	36.2	28.5	26.3	33.2	21.0	27.1	23.1
Sens 3	91%	93%	91%	91%	92%	91%	90%	91%	91%
Spec 3	17%	9%	16%	12%	9%	14%	7%	10%	8%
Cutoff 4	107	114	113	107	114	113	107	114	113
Sens 4	39%	41%	42%	34%	41%	41%	39%	35%	54%
Spec 4	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	135	148	144	135	148	144	135	148	144
Sens 5	32%	26%	34%	26%	30%	31%	32%	17%	46%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	226	227	292	226	227	292	226	227	292
Sens 6	18%	15%	14%	10%	11%	9%	12%	13%	9%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	0.67	0.42	1.2	1.4	0.58	1.1	0.46	1.4	0.60
p Value	0.32	0.21	0.68	0.33	0.31	0.87	0.14	0.56	0.39
95% CI of OR Quart2	0.30	0.11	0.51	0.72	0.21	0.50	0.17	0.44	0.19
OR Quart 3	1.2	1.1	1.7	0.88	0.79	0.99	0.72	0.80	0.60
p Value	0.59	0.79	0.22	0.72	0.62	0.97	0.48	0.74	0.39
95% CI of OR Quart3	0.60	0.41	0.73	0.43	0.30	0.46	0.29	0.21	0.19
OR Quart 4	2.5	3.2	3.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.8	3.0	1.9
p Value	0.17	0.62	0.018	0.20	0.53	0.12	0.69	0.57	0.056
95% CI of OR Quart4	0.81	0.47	1.2	0.80	0.56	0.86	0.52	0.44	0.98
OR Quart 4	3.2	3.5	5.6	3.0	3.1	3.5	2.7	4.5	6.0

**Bcl2 antagonist of cell death**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.00173	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	0.0412	0.00246	nd	nd	nd	nd

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Stdev	0.150	0.00254	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.38	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.00173	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	0.833	0.0105	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	54	12	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	36	12	nd	nd	nd	nd

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.00173	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	0.0279	0.00319	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	0.122	0.00359	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.62	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.00173	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	0.833	0.0105	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	84	6	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	59	6	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.00173	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	0.0457	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	0.172	0	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.38	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.00173	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	0.833	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	40	12	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	26	12	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.38	0.43	0.39	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.094	0.13	0.097	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.20	0.60	0.24	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	54	84	40	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	12	6	12	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0	0	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	100%	100%	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	0%	0%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0	0	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	100%	100%	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	0%	0%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	0	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	100%	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	0%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.00509	0.00173	0.00173	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	8%	17%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	70%	71%	78%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	0.0148	0.00943	0.00509	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	0%	17%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	83%	82%	80%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	0.0354	0.0235	0.0148	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	0%	0%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 6	91%	92%	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	9.6	4.9	>0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.050	0.17	<na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	1.0	0.50	>na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	92	48	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	3.4	1.0	>160	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.31	1.0	<5.9E-4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.32	0.059	>8.8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	37	17	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	2.3	0	>0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.52	na	<na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.19	na	>na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	28	na	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Caspase-9**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.469	0.955	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1.11	0.937	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	2.89	1.01	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.84	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.0360	0.0360	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	19.5	3.69	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	54	12	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	36	12	nd	nd	nd	nd

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.469	1.05	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1.08	1.44	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	2.44	1.42	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.73	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.0360	0.0360	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	19.5	3.92	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	86	6	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	60	6	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.586	0.790	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1.35	0.929	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	3.31	0.998	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.67	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.0360	0.0360	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	19.5	3.69	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	40	12	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	26	12	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.59	0.66	0.56	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd



	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
SE	0.094	0.13	0.097	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.32	0.20	0.52	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	54	86	40	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	12	6	12	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.208	0.330	0.208	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	83%	83%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	37%	38%	28%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0	0.330	0.208	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	100%	83%	83%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	0%	38%	28%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	0	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	100%	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	0%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.703	0.811	0.781	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	58%	67%	50%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	70%	71%	72%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1.04	1.04	0.868	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	33%	50%	50%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	80%	80%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	1.76	2.17	2.17	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	8%	17%	8%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	91%	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0.58	1.0	1.6	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.58	1.0	0.62	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.083	0.059	0.23	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	4.0	17	12	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	0.29	1.0	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.31	1.0	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.027	0.059	0.12	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	3.1	17	8.4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	2.4	3.3	3.4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.29	0.32	0.20	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.48	0.32	0.53	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	12	34	22	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Cadherin-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	48800	32700	48800	111000	nd	nd
Average	84900	79300	84900	143000	nd	nd
Stdev	121000	100000	121000	147000	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.86		0.091	nd	nd
Min	160	1620	160	1660	nd	nd
Max	744000	363000	744000	543000	nd	nd
n (Samp)	52	20	52	20	nd	nd
n (Patient)	41	20	41	20	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	37500	50200	37500	111000	nd	nd
Average	75900	91900	75900	146000	nd	nd
Stdev	124000	107000	124000	140000	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.65		0.046	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Min	160	1620	160	2220	nd	nd
Max	744000	363000	744000	543000	nd	nd
n (Samp)	42	16	42	21	nd	nd
n (Patient)	33	16	33	21	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.45	nd	0.55	0.64	nd	0.71	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.077	nd	0.086	0.076	nd	0.073	nd	nd	nd
p	0.55	nd	0.58	0.064	nd	0.0041	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	52	nd	42	52	nd	42	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	20	nd	16	20	nd	21	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	10500	nd	21400	51100	nd	54200	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	70%	nd	75%	70%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	15%	nd	36%	54%	nd	60%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	9800	nd	10400	28500	nd	36500	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	80%	nd	81%	80%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	13%	nd	24%	38%	nd	50%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	4310	nd	3350	8380	nd	11700	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	90%	nd	94%	90%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	8%	nd	10%	12%	nd	29%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	94000	nd	80700	94000	nd	80700	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	25%	nd	38%	55%	nd	62%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	71%	71%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	134000	nd	122000	134000	nd	122000	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	20%	nd	31%	40%	nd	48%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	81%	81%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	152000	nd	144000	152000	nd	144000	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	15%	nd	19%	35%	nd	33%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%	90%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0.74	nd	0.62	1.4	nd	0.92	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.70	nd	0.59	0.67	nd	0.93	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.16	nd	0.11	0.27	nd	0.16	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	3.4	nd	3.5	7.5	nd	5.5	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	0.74	nd	0.68	1.9	nd	1.8	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.70	nd	0.66	0.43	nd	0.48	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.16	nd	0.12	0.38	nd	0.35	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	3.4	nd	3.8	9.6	nd	9.5	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	1.7	nd	1.7	4.0	nd	6.7	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.48	nd	0.52	0.080	nd	0.022	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.41	nd	0.35	0.85	nd	1.3	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	6.7	nd	7.9	19	nd	34	nd	nd	nd

**Cadherin-5**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.00224	0.00224	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	0.0957	0.0142	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	0.210	0.0183	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.28	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.00224	0.00224	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	1.10	0.0502	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	47	8	nd	nd	nd	nd

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
n (Patient)	30	8	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.00224	0.00224	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	0.0806	0.00753	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	0.218	0.0108	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.32	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.00224	0.00224	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	1.10	0.0309	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	34	9	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	20	9	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.46	nd	0.44	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.11	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.72	nd	0.62	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	47	nd	34	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.0405	nd	0.00224	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	12%	nd	22%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	72%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	0.137	nd	0.127	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	82%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	0.329	nd	0.239	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	nd	91%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	2.2	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.55	nd	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.17	nd	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	27	nd	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	3.5	nd	5.4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.30	nd	0.088	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.32	nd	0.78	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	39	nd	38	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	2.4	nd	0.50	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.51	nd	0.60	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.19	nd	0.038	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	30	nd	6.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.713	0.116	0.713	1.98	0.713	1.09
Average	103	8.88	103	19.5	103	5.00
Stdev	670	19.5	670	49.0	670	9.16
p(t-test)		0.33		0.35		0.47
Min	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	1.70E-14
Max	6950	112	6950	327	6950	42.0
n (Samp)	165	48	165	56	165	25
n (Patient)	102	48	102	56	102	25

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.09	5.28	1.09	10.7	1.09	2.45
Average	62.4	15.7	62.4	19.5	62.4	6.76
Stdev	482	28.6	482	21.2	482	12.3
p(t-test)		0.70		0.69		0.68
Min	1.14E-14	0.116	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	1.70E-14
Max	6950	112	6950	71.0	6950	44.1
n (Samp)	325	16	325	20	325	13
n (Patient)	168	16	168	20	168	13

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.850	0.116	0.850	2.45	0.850	1.09
Average	119	24.9	119	23.7	119	10.5
Stdev	729	97.5	729	60.2	729	24.6
p(t-test)		0.39		0.35		0.48
Min	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	0.116	1.14E-14	0.116
Max	6950	630	6950	327	6950	112
n (Samp)	139	46	139	51	139	23
n (Patient)	85	46	85	51	85	23

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.45	0.61	0.45	0.53	0.62	0.54	0.46	0.46	0.49
SE	0.048	0.077	0.050	0.045	0.069	0.048	0.063	0.084	0.065
p	0.35	0.16	0.28	0.51	0.088	0.44	0.58	0.60	0.89
nCohort 1	165	325	139	165	325	139	165	325	139
nCohort 2	48	16	46	56	20	51	25	13	23
Cutoff 1	1.70E-14	0.850	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	0.850	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14
Sens 1	98%	75%	98%	96%	75%	100%	96%	92%	100%
Spec 1	2%	50%	2%	2%	50%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Cutoff 2	1.70E-14	0.116	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14
Sens 2	98%	81%	98%	96%	90%	100%	96%	92%	100%
Spec 2	2%	43%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Cutoff 3	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14
Sens 3	98%	100%	98%	96%	90%	100%	96%	92%	100%
Spec 3	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Cutoff 4	7.84	9.28	9.28	7.84	9.28	9.28	7.84	9.28	9.28
Sens 4	23%	25%	26%	38%	50%	35%	24%	15%	22%
Spec 4	70%	71%	71%	70%	71%	71%	70%	71%	71%
Cutoff 5	18.3	15.5	22.7	18.3	15.5	22.7	18.3	15.5	22.7
Sens 5	17%	25%	15%	25%	45%	20%	4%	15%	13%
Spec 5	80%	80%	81%	80%	80%	81%	80%	80%	81%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Cutoff 6	60.3	44.8	73.1	60.3	44.8	73.1	60.3	44.8	73.1
Sens 6	2%	6%	4%	7%	10%	6%	0%	0%	4%
Spec 6	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%
OR Quart 2	1.3	0.33	1.0	0.25	0.19	0.60	4.6	2.6	2.7
p Value	0.60	0.34	0.96	0.0079	0.13	0.31	0.027	0.26	0.13
95% CI of	0.50	0.033	0.38	0.091	0.022	0.23	1.2	0.50	0.75
OR Quart2	3.3	3.2	2.8	0.70	1.7	1.6	18	14	9.6
OR Quart 3	0.78	2.8	1.2	0.77	0.79	1.1	0	0	0.23
p Value	0.64	0.13	0.76	0.53	0.73	0.82	na	na	0.20
95% CI of	0.28	0.73	0.44	0.34	0.20	0.45	na	na	0.025
OR Quart3	2.2	11	3.1	1.7	3.0	2.7	na	na	2.2
OR Quart 4	2.3	1.3	1.8	0.90	2.1	1.2	4.6	3.2	2.7
p Value	0.073	0.71	0.22	0.79	0.19	0.70	0.027	0.16	0.13
95% CI of	0.93	0.29	0.71	0.40	0.69	0.49	1.2	0.63	0.75
OR Quart4	5.5	6.1	4.5	2.0	6.4	2.9	18	16	9.6

**Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.646	1.40	0.646	1.30	0.646	1.38
Average	2.04	4.66	2.04	4.98	2.04	4.81
Stdev	4.06	7.77	4.06	10.7	4.06	9.92
p(t-test)		6.7E-4		7.2E-4		0.0064
Min	0.00336	0.00336	0.00336	0.0411	0.00336	0.0844
Max	43.4	29.4	43.4	54.4	43.4	47.4
n (Samp)	253	48	253	57	253	26
n (Patient)	102	48	102	57	102	26

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.947	1.48	0.947	1.66	0.947	2.29
Average	12.1	3.83	12.1	7.05	12.1	3.90
Stdev	192	5.63	192	12.5	192	4.53
p(t-test)		0.86		0.90		0.88
Min	0.00336	0.00336	0.00336	0.0411	0.00336	0.173
Max	4070	21.1	4070	51.3	4070	15.3
n (Samp)	447	16	447	21	447	13
n (Patient)	170	16	170	21	170	13

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.625	1.44	0.625	1.25	0.625	1.35
Average	2.35	4.89	2.35	4.76	2.35	4.02
Stdev	4.80	7.57	4.80	10.6	4.80	9.89
p(t-test)		0.0038		0.015		0.16
Min	0.00336	0.00336	0.00336	0.0946	0.00336	0.00336
Max	43.4	29.4	43.4	54.4	43.4	47.4
n (Samp)	212	47	212	52	212	25
n (Patient)	85	47	85	52	85	25

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.62	0.56	0.64	0.61	0.62	0.61	0.60	0.65	0.55

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
SE	0.046	0.076	0.047	0.043	0.067	0.045	0.061	0.084	0.062
p	0.012	0.44	0.0036	0.0089	0.081	0.014	0.11	0.068	0.41
nCohort 1	253	447	212	253	447	212	253	447	212
nCohort 2	48	16	47	57	21	52	26	13	25
Cutoff 1	0.540	0.414	0.550	0.607	1.10	0.607	0.456	1.06	0.456
Sens 1	71%	75%	70%	70%	71%	71%	73%	77%	72%
Spec 1	45%	32%	46%	48%	53%	49%	42%	53%	43%
Cutoff 2	0.383	0.271	0.485	0.394	0.394	0.444	0.303	0.849	0.303
Sens 2	81%	81%	81%	81%	81%	81%	81%	85%	80%
Spec 2	37%	23%	43%	38%	31%	42%	31%	47%	32%
Cutoff 3	0.146	0.102	0.148	0.173	0.0990	0.211	0.146	0.211	0.0990
Sens 3	92%	94%	91%	91%	90%	90%	92%	92%	92%
Spec 3	13%	7%	12%	16%	7%	20%	13%	17%	8%
Cutoff 4	1.54	1.91	1.54	1.54	1.91	1.54	1.54	1.91	1.54
Sens 4	38%	44%	43%	44%	48%	42%	42%	54%	32%
Spec 4	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	2.53	3.14	2.77	2.53	3.14	2.77	2.53	3.14	2.77
Sens 5	35%	44%	34%	28%	33%	25%	27%	31%	16%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	5.50	8.51	6.40	5.50	8.51	6.40	5.50	8.51	6.40
Sens 6	21%	12%	23%	18%	19%	17%	19%	15%	12%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	2.2	0.74	1.8	1.6	0.66	1.3	0.57	0.50	0.58
p Value	0.14	0.69	0.30	0.36	0.65	0.61	0.46	0.57	0.47
95% CI of	0.78	0.16	0.60	0.60	0.11	0.48	0.13	0.044	0.13
OR Quart2	6.2	3.4	5.2	4.1	4.0	3.5	2.5	5.5	2.5
OR Quart 3	2.4	0.49	2.2	3.0	2.8	3.2	2.1	2.6	2.8
p Value	0.093	0.41	0.14	0.015	0.14	0.013	0.19	0.27	0.074
95% CI of	0.86	0.087	0.77	1.2	0.72	1.3	0.69	0.49	0.90
OR Quart3	6.7	2.7	6.2	7.4	11	7.8	6.6	14	8.4
OR Quart 4	3.3	1.8	4.0	2.4	2.8	2.0	1.7	2.6	0.98
p Value	0.018	0.37	0.0064	0.058	0.14	0.17	0.40	0.27	0.98
95% CI of	1.2	0.51	1.5	0.97	0.72	0.76	0.51	0.49	0.27
OR Quart4	8.9	6.3	11	6.0	11	5.0	5.3	14	3.6

**Myoglobin**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.21	0.965	1.21	0.546	1.21	0.330
Average	26.0	38.3	26.0	70.8	26.0	47.2
Stdev	82.5	97.7	82.5	151	82.5	131
p(t-test)		0.36		0.0021		0.24
Min	0.000105	0.000105	0.000105	0.0276	0.000105	0.0254
Max	618	469	618	618	618	469
n (Samp)	253	48	253	57	253	26
n (Patient)	102	48	102	57	102	26

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.608	0.186	0.608	0.375	0.608	0.349
Average	32.4	66.7	32.4	58.7	32.4	62.5
Stdev	99.0	156	99.0	131	99.0	173
p(t-test)		0.18		0.24		0.29
Min	0.000105	0.000105	0.000105	0.0375	0.000105	0.0567

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Max	618	469	618	442	618	618
n (Samp)	447	16	447	21	447	13
n (Patient)	170	16	170	21	170	13

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.23	1.00	1.23	0.855	1.23	0.366
Average	29.6	29.5	29.6	76.5	29.6	68.8
Stdev	90.0	76.4	90.0	160	90.0	155
p(t-test)		0.99		0.0051		0.062
Min	0.00616	0.0266	0.00616	0.000105	0.00616	0.0254
Max	618	469	618	618	618	469
n (Samp)	212	47	212	52	212	25
n (Patient)	85	47	85	52	85	25

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.51	0.48	0.51	0.50	0.53	0.51	0.45	0.52	0.50
SE	0.046	0.074	0.047	0.042	0.066	0.045	0.061	0.082	0.061
p	0.85	0.84	0.87	0.94	0.66	0.84	0.44	0.76	0.97
nCohort 1	253	447	212	253	447	212	253	447	212
nCohort 2	48	16	47	57	21	52	26	13	25
Cutoff 1	0.0819	0.0422	0.0832	0.0855	0.0849	0.0855	0.0877	0.132	0.118
Sens 1	71%	75%	70%	70%	71%	71%	73%	77%	72%
Spec 1	19%	16%	19%	19%	26%	19%	19%	33%	24%
Cutoff 2	0.0394	0.0333	0.0485	0.0746	0.0556	0.0767	0.0667	0.0667	0.0832
Sens 2	81%	81%	81%	81%	81%	81%	81%	85%	80%
Spec 2	11%	12%	11%	18%	21%	18%	17%	23%	19%
Cutoff 3	0.0329	0	0.0333	0.0337	0.0399	0.0333	0.0296	0.0584	0.0296
Sens 3	92%	100%	91%	91%	90%	90%	92%	92%	92%
Spec 3	8%	0%	7%	8%	15%	7%	6%	22%	5%
Cutoff 4	6.79	5.77	7.09	6.79	5.77	7.09	6.79	5.77	7.09
Sens 4	44%	44%	43%	35%	38%	37%	23%	31%	32%
Spec 4	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	16.7	16.8	18.6	16.7	16.8	18.6	16.7	16.8	18.6
Sens 5	31%	38%	26%	32%	29%	31%	19%	15%	28%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	45.5	63.4	54.1	45.5	63.4	54.1	45.5	63.4	54.1
Sens 6	19%	12%	13%	21%	19%	23%	12%	15%	16%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	0.33	0	0.33	0.47	1.0	0.42	0.65	1.7	0.47
p Value	0.020	na	0.025	0.068	1.0	0.056	0.51	0.48	0.24
95% CI of OR Quart2	0.13	na	0.13	0.21	0.31	0.17	0.17	0.40	0.13
	0.84	na	0.87	1.1	3.2	1.0	2.4	7.3	1.7
OR Quart 3	0.33	0.41	0.39	0.33	0.32	0.37	1.4	0.66	0.60
p Value	0.020	0.21	0.045	0.015	0.17	0.032	0.57	0.65	0.40
95% CI of OR Quart3	0.13	0.10	0.15	0.14	0.064	0.15	0.45	0.11	0.18
	0.84	1.6	0.98	0.81	1.6	0.92	4.2	4.0	2.0
OR Quart 4	0.84	0.86	0.83	0.86	1.2	0.93	1.4	1.0	1.0
p Value	0.66	0.79	0.65	0.68	0.78	0.84	0.56	1.0	0.97
95% CI of OR Quart4	0.39	0.28	0.37	0.41	0.38	0.43	0.46	0.20	0.36
	1.8	2.6	1.8	1.8	3.6	2.0	4.3	5.1	2.9

**Mucin-16**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.619	0.753	0.619	0.547	nd	nd
Average	1.06	1.12	1.06	23.1	nd	nd
Stdev	1.28	0.983	1.28	96.4	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.85		0.10	nd	nd
Min	0.141	1.00E-9	0.141	0.223	nd	nd
Max	6.37	3.40	6.37	433	nd	nd
n (Samp)	52	20	52	20	nd	nd
n (Patient)	41	20	41	20	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.547	0.654	0.547	0.684	nd	nd
Average	0.951	1.00	0.951	22.0	nd	nd
Stdev	1.18	0.898	1.18	94.1	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.87		0.15	nd	nd
Min	0.0565	1.00E-9	0.0565	0.223	nd	nd
Max	6.37	2.82	6.37	433	nd	nd
n (Samp)	42	16	42	21	nd	nd
n (Patient)	33	16	33	21	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.54	nd	0.54	0.49	nd	0.56	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.077	nd	0.086	0.077	nd	0.078	nd	nd	nd
p	0.61	nd	0.67	0.87	nd	0.48	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	52	nd	42	52	nd	42	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	20	nd	16	20	nd	21	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.479	nd	0.412	0.344	nd	0.384	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	70%	nd	75%	70%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	37%	nd	36%	17%	nd	29%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.223	nd	0.223	0.278	nd	0.278	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	85%	nd	81%	90%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	4%	nd	7%	10%	nd	12%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0.146	nd	0.0565	0.278	nd	0.278	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	90%	nd	94%	90%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	4%	nd	2%	10%	nd	12%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.937	nd	0.859	0.937	nd	0.859	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	45%	nd	38%	30%	nd	43%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	71%	71%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1.24	nd	1.09	1.24	nd	1.09	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	40%	nd	38%	30%	nd	33%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	81%	81%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	1.87	nd	1.68	1.87	nd	1.68	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	20%	nd	19%	25%	nd	24%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%	90%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0.74	nd	0.62	0.40	nd	0.50	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.70	nd	0.59	0.26	nd	0.38	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.16	nd	0.11	0.082	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	3.4	nd	3.5	1.9	nd	2.3	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	0.52	nd	0.68	0.77	nd	0.50	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.43	nd	0.66	0.72	nd	0.38	nd	nd	nd



	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
95% CI of OR Quart3	0.10	nd	0.12	0.19	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	2.6	nd	3.8	3.2	nd	2.3	nd	nd	nd
p Value	2.1	nd	1.7	1.0	nd	1.2	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart4	0.30	nd	0.52	1.0	nd	0.83	nd	nd	nd
	8.3	nd	7.9	4.0	nd	4.9	nd	nd	nd

**Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1 (cleaved)**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	0.00439
Average	0.00474	0.00294	0.00474	0.00432	0.00474	0.00271
Stdev	0.00688	0.00538	0.00688	0.00586	0.00688	0.00261
p(t-test)		0.11		0.70		0.16
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.0357	0.0144	0.0357	0.0183	0.0357	0.00723
n (Samp)	118	47	118	54	118	24
n (Patient)	97	47	97	54	97	24

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Average	0.00375	0.00338	0.00375	0.00301	0.00375	0.00350
Stdev	0.00582	0.00600	0.00582	0.00648	0.00582	0.00540
p(t-test)		0.82		0.60		0.89
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.0357	0.0144	0.0357	0.0253	0.0357	0.0144
n (Samp)	263	14	263	19	263	12
n (Patient)	159	14	159	19	159	12

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	0.00340	1.00E-9	0.00471
Average	0.00356	0.00258	0.00356	0.00527	0.00356	0.00448
Stdev	0.00628	0.00494	0.00628	0.00622	0.00628	0.00455
p(t-test)		0.36		0.12		0.51
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.0357	0.0144	0.0357	0.0183	0.0357	0.0144
n (Samp)	105	45	105	49	105	23
n (Patient)	84	45	84	49	84	23

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.43	0.46	0.47	0.51	0.45	0.59	0.50	0.50	0.62
SE	0.050	0.081	0.052	0.048	0.070	0.050	0.065	0.086	0.068
p	0.18	0.63	0.51	0.85	0.52	0.060	0.97	0.97	0.071
nCohort 1	118	263	105	118	263	105	118	263	105
nCohort 2	47	14	45	54	19	49	24	12	23
Cutoff 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sens 1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Spec 1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Cutoff 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sens 2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Spec 2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Cutoff 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sens 3	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Spec 3	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Cutoff 4	0.00598	0.00471	0.00406	0.00598	0.00471	0.00406	0.00598	0.00471	0.00406
Sens 4									
Spec 4	17%	21%	24%	24%	16%	47%	4%	17%	61%
	70%	74%	70%	70%	74%	70%	70%	74%	70%
Cutoff 5	0.0141	0.00723	0.00681	0.0141	0.00723	0.00681	0.0141	0.00723	0.00681
Sens 5									
Spec 5	11%	21%	13%	19%	11%	31%	0%	17%	17%
	81%	81%	80%	81%	81%	80%	81%	81%	80%
Cutoff 6	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144
Sens 6	0%	0%	0%	2%	5%	2%	0%	0%	0%
Spec 6	95%	97%	99%	95%	97%	99%	95%	97%	99%
OR Quart 2	0.59	0.33	1.3	2.3	1.0	1.3	18	1.5	1.0
p Value	0.39	0.34	0.56	0.073	0.99	0.63	0.0069	0.65	1.0
95% CI of	0.18	0.033	0.50	0.93	0.20	0.45	2.2	0.25	0.23
OR Quart2	2.0	3.2	3.6	5.7	5.2	3.7	150	9.4	4.4
OR Quart 3	7.4	3.4	1.0	1.3	4.6	2.2	5.6	3.8	2.3
p Value	8.9E-5	0.080	1.0	0.63	0.022	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.21
95% CI of	2.7	0.87	0.36	0.49	1.2	0.79	0.62	0.76	0.62
OR Quart3	20	13	2.8	3.2	17	6.1	51	19	8.7
OR Quart 4	1.0	0.33	1.5	1.0	0.33	2.9	7.2	0	2.0
p Value	0.96	0.34	0.41	1.0	0.34	0.038	0.074	na	0.33
95% CI of	0.35	0.033	0.56	0.38	0.033	1.1	0.82	na	0.51
OR Quart4	3.1	3.2	4.1	2.6	3.2	7.9	64	na	7.5

**KSP-Cadherin**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.03	1.24	1.03	1.15	nd	nd
Average	1.47	1.58	1.47	1.90	nd	nd
Stdev	1.59	1.15	1.59	1.74	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.71		0.25	nd	nd
Min	0.00263	0.0646	0.00263	0.291	nd	nd
Max	11.9	4.63	11.9	7.51	nd	nd
n (Samp)	85	32	85	25	nd	nd
n (Patient)	68	32	68	25	nd	nd

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.10	0.683	1.10	1.04	nd	nd
Average	1.58	1.36	1.58	1.60	nd	nd
Stdev	1.55	1.28	1.55	1.45	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.66		0.98	nd	nd
Min	0.00263	0.0646	0.00263	0.291	nd	nd
Max	11.9	3.49	11.9	4.08	nd	nd
n (Samp)	152	10	152	6	nd	nd
n (Patient)	114	10	114	6	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.02	1.40	1.02	1.61	nd	nd
Average	1.55	1.73	1.55	2.07	nd	nd
Stdev	1.72	1.11	1.72	1.77	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.61		0.19	nd	nd
Min	0.00263	0.557	0.00263	0.371	nd	nd
Max	11.9	4.63	11.9	7.51	nd	nd
n (Samp)	73	27	73	25	nd	nd
n (Patient)	59	27	59	25	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.57	0.44	0.62	0.58	0.50	0.60	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.061	0.097	0.065	0.067	0.12	0.068	nd	nd	nd
p	0.25	0.53	0.068	0.26	1.00	0.12	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	85	152	73	85	152	73	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	32	10	27	25	6	25	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.946	0.622	0.996	0.845	0.569	0.845	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	72%	70%	70%	72%	83%	72%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	46%	25%	48%	40%	22%	41%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.734	0.380	0.935	0.569	0.569	0.723	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	81%	80%	81%	80%	83%	80%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	35%	14%	47%	22%	22%	34%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0.555	0.0646	0.739	0.398	0.252	0.426	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	91%	90%	93%	92%	100%	92%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	21%	3%	36%	15%	8%	16%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	1.66	1.69	1.71	1.66	1.69	1.71	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	28%	40%	30%	40%	33%	40%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	70%	71%	71%	70%	71%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	2.10	2.45	2.19	2.10	2.45	2.19	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	25%	30%	26%	36%	33%	36%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	80%	81%	80%	80%	81%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	2.74	3.39	3.17	2.74	3.39	3.17	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	16%	10%	11%	16%	17%	20%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	2.2	0.32	16	0.76	0.47	0.95	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.22	0.34	0.012	0.69	0.55	0.94	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.62	0.032	1.9	0.20	0.041	0.24	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	7.5	3.3	140	2.9	5.5	3.8	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	2.5	1.0	14	0.80	0.49	1.3	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.14	1.0	0.018	0.74	0.56	0.73	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.74	0.19	1.6	0.21	0.042	0.33	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	8.6	5.3	120	3.0	5.6	4.9	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	1.7	1.0	9.3	1.7	0.97	2.1	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.39	0.97	0.045	0.41	0.98	0.24	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.50	0.19	1.1	0.50	0.13	0.59	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	6.1	5.4	83	5.5	7.3	7.7	nd	nd	nd

**Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.124	0.573	0.124	0.395	nd	nd
Average	0.891	1.21	0.891	1.09	nd	nd
Stdev	1.49	1.55	1.49	1.82	nd	nd

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
p(t-test)		0.43		0.64	nd	nd
Min	0.00360	0.0182	0.00360	0.00464	nd	nd
Max	6.71	4.65	6.71	6.48	nd	nd
n (Samp)	52	20	52	20	nd	nd
n (Patient)	41	20	41	20	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.106	0.709	0.106	0.464	nd	nd
Average	0.595	1.40	0.595	1.25	nd	nd
Stdev	1.03	1.68	1.03	1.96	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.031		0.087	nd	nd
Min	0.00360	0.0573	0.00360	0.0172	nd	nd
Max	4.38	4.65	4.38	6.48	nd	nd
n (Samp)	42	16	42	21	nd	nd
n (Patient)	33	16	33	21	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.64	nd	0.71	0.62	nd	0.68	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.076	nd	0.081	0.076	nd	0.074	nd	nd	nd
p	0.064	nd	0.0099	0.12	nd	0.014	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	52	nd	42	52	nd	42	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	20	nd	16	20	nd	21	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.182	nd	0.107	0.154	nd	0.154	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	70%	nd	75%	70%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	54%	nd	52%	52%	nd	55%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.0761	nd	0.0761	0.141	nd	0.141	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	80%	nd	81%	80%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	40%	nd	40%	52%	nd	55%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0.0591	nd	0.0591	0.0796	nd	0.101	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	90%	nd	94%	90%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	38%	nd	38%	44%	nd	48%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.786	nd	0.398	0.786	nd	0.398	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	45%	nd	56%	30%	nd	52%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	71%	71%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1.56	nd	0.819	1.56	nd	0.819	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	25%	nd	50%	15%	nd	33%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	81%	81%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	3.11	nd	2.19	3.11	nd	2.19	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	15%	nd	25%	10%	nd	14%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%	90%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	8.5	nd	>7.0	11	nd	11	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.061	nd	<0.097	0.036	nd	0.038	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.90	nd	>0.71	1.2	nd	1.1	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	80	nd	na	100	nd	100	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	11	nd	>3.8	11	nd	8.4	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.036	nd	<0.27	0.036	nd	0.066	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	1.2	nd	>0.35	1.2	nd	0.87	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	100	nd	na	100	nd	81	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	8.5	nd	>16	6.5	nd	11	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.061	nd	<0.017	0.10	nd	0.038	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.90	nd	>1.7	0.68	nd	1.1	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	80	nd	na	63	nd	100	nd	nd	nd

[0156] Table 2: Comparison of marker levels in urine samples collected from Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0 or R) and in urine samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage I or F in Cohort 2.

**Apolipoprotein A-II**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	73.2	102	73.2	116	73.2	81.7
Average	185	272	185	697	185	87.4
Stdev	645	1020	645	3530	645	69.4
p(t-test)		0.44		0.0018		0.44
Min	2.08	8.69	2.08	10.8	2.08	1.00E-9
Max	6400	6400	6400	24300	6400	301
n (Samp)	685	38	685	47	685	26
n (Patient)	283	38	283	47	283	26

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	76.6	106	76.6	127	76.6	98.8
Average	198	891	198	176	198	108
Stdev	990	2230	990	158	990	84.1
p(t-test)		0.053		0.93		0.74
Min	1.00E-9	34.5	1.00E-9	24.0	1.00E-9	6.18
Max	24300	6400	24300	613	24300	288
n (Samp)	891	8	891	13	891	13
n (Patient)	334	8	334	13	334	13

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	76.6	107	76.6	131	76.6	98.7
Average	195	297	195	789	195	105
Stdev	649	1060	649	3780	649	74.2
p(t-test)		0.39		0.0017		0.52
Min	2.08	8.69	2.08	10.8	2.08	1.00E-9
Max	6400	6400	6400	24300	6400	301
n (Samp)	553	35	553	41	553	22
n (Patient)	202	35	202	41	202	22

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.59	0.60	0.60	0.66	0.66	0.67	0.47	0.51	0.53
SE	0.050	0.11	0.052	0.045	0.083	0.048	0.059	0.081	0.064
p	0.069	0.36	0.053	3.3E-4	0.055	2.3E-4	0.60	0.87	0.61
nCohort 1	685	891	553	685	891	553	685	891	553
nCohort 2	38	8	35	47	13	41	26	13	22
Cutoff 1	70.0	59.9	76.9	85.8	85.8	99.4	39.3	39.3	56.5
Sens 1	71%	75%	71%	70%	77%	71%	73%	77%	73%
Spec 1	48%	37%	50%	59%	56%	63%	22%	21%	35%
Cutoff 2	56.5	49.4	69.8	66.5	66.5	72.6	31.3	31.3	43.2
Sens 2	82%	88%	80%	81%	85%	80%	81%	85%	82%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 2	38%	30%	45%	46%	43%	47%	14%	13%	22%
Cutoff 3	33.5	34.3	33.5	43.2	43.2	44.8	11.0	16.2	27.1
Sens 3	92%	100%	91%	91%	92%	90%	92%	92%	91%
Spec 3	16%	16%	14%	26%	24%	24%	2%	3%	9%
Cutoff 4	110	122	118	110	122	118	110	122	118
Sens 4	42%	50%	46%	53%	62%	54%	31%	38%	36%
Spec 4	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	148	154	154	148	154	154	148	154	154
Sens 5	18%	38%	20%	38%	31%	41%	19%	23%	14%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	226	229	248	226	229	248	226	229	248
Sens 6	11%	12%	11%	21%	31%	24%	4%	8%	5%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	1.2	2.0	1.2	1.4	0.50	0.49	1.3	0	0.79
p Value	0.79	0.57	0.76	0.56	0.57	0.31	0.59	na	0.73
95% CI of	0.38	0.18	0.36	0.44	0.045	0.12	0.46	na	0.21
OR Quart2	3.5	22	4.1	4.5	5.5	2.0	4.0	na	3.0
OR Quart 3	2.2	2.0	2.5	3.2	2.5	2.3	0.49	0.59	1.2
p Value	0.11	0.57	0.090	0.028	0.27	0.10	0.32	0.48	0.77
95% CI of	0.83	0.18	0.87	1.1	0.49	0.84	0.12	0.14	0.36
OR Quart3	6.0	22	7.4	8.9	13	6.2	2.0	2.5	4.0
OR Quart 4	2.1	3.0	2.5	4.4	2.5	3.5	1.5	1.0	1.4
p Value	0.16	0.34	0.090	0.0040	0.27	0.010	0.43	1.0	0.57
95% CI of	0.76	0.31	0.87	1.6	0.49	1.3	0.53	0.29	0.44
OR Quart4	5.6	29	7.4	12	13	8.9	4.4	3.5	4.6

**Caspase-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.02	0.826	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1.20	0.896	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	1.22	0.687	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.49	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.0223	0.0223	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	4.68	2.33	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	55	8	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	35	8	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.09	0.826	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1.20	0.896	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	1.19	0.687	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.50	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.0223	0.0223	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	4.46	2.33	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	41	8	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	24	8	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.46	nd	0.46	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
SE	0.11	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.74	nd	0.76	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	55	nd	41	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.496	nd	0.496	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	75%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	40%	nd	41%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.298	nd	0.298	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	88%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	36%	nd	37%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	1.54	nd	1.54	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	12%	nd	12%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	2.07	nd	2.07	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	12%	nd	12%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	82%	nd	85%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	2.59	nd	2.59	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	1.0	nd	2.4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	1.0	nd	0.50	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.057	nd	0.19	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	18	nd	31	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	6.8	nd	6.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.099	nd	0.14	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.69	nd	0.56	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	67	nd	64	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	1.1	nd	1.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.96	nd	0.95	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.061	nd	0.061	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	19	nd	20	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Caspase-9**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.469	0.547	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	0.965	0.998	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	2.44	1.52	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.97	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.0360	0.0360	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	19.5	4.64	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	78	8	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	56	8	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.469	0.547	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1.12	0.998	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	2.73	1.52	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.90	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Min	0.0360	0.0360	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	19.5	4.64	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	61	8	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	43	8	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.54	nd	0.50	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.11	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.73	nd	0.98	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	78	nd	61	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.208	nd	0.208	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	75%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	36%	nd	28%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.781	nd	0.781	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	38%	nd	38%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	72%	nd	70%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	0.955	nd	0.955	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	25%	nd	25%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	1.66	nd	1.49	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	12%	nd	12%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0.95	nd	0.47	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.96	nd	0.55	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.12	nd	0.038	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	7.4	nd	5.7	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	1.0	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	1.0	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.13	nd	0.12	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	7.9	nd	8.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	0.95	nd	1.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.96	nd	0.68	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.12	nd	0.22	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	7.4	nd	10	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Cadherin-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	57300	62400	nd	nd
Average	nd	nd	102000	78500	nd	nd
Stdev	nd	nd	128000	81700	nd	nd
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.47	nd	nd
Min	nd	nd	160	1620	nd	nd
Max	nd	nd	744000	260000	nd	nd
n (Samp)	nd	nd	96	16	nd	nd



sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
n (Patient)	nd	nd	73	16	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	58600	59500	nd	nd
Average	nd	nd	104000	82000	nd	nd
Stdev	nd	nd	134000	82800	nd	nd
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.54	nd	nd
Min	nd	nd	160	1620	nd	nd
Max	nd	nd	744000	260000	nd	nd
n (Samp)	nd	nd	81	15	nd	nd
n (Patient)	nd	nd	61	15	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	nd	nd	nd	0.44	nd	0.47	nd	nd	nd
SE	nd	nd	nd	0.080	nd	0.082	nd	nd	nd
p	nd	nd	nd	0.49	nd	0.72	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	nd	nd	nd	96	nd	81	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	nd	nd	nd	16	nd	15	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	nd	nd	nd	12500	nd	12900	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	nd	nd	nd	75%	nd	73%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	nd	nd	nd	19%	nd	22%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	nd	nd	nd	9460	nd	11700	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	nd	nd	nd	81%	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	nd	nd	nd	11%	nd	22%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	nd	nd	nd	1660	nd	1660	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	nd	nd	nd	94%	nd	93%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	nd	nd	nd	2%	nd	2%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	nd	nd	nd	128000	nd	125000	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	nd	nd	nd	25%	nd	27%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	nd	nd	nd	71%	nd	70%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	nd	nd	nd	141000	nd	144000	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	nd	nd	nd	25%	nd	27%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	nd	nd	nd	80%	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	nd	nd	nd	219000	nd	219000	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	nd	nd	nd	6%	nd	7%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	nd	nd	nd	91%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	nd	nd	nd	1.3	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	0.72	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	0.31	nd	0.22	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	nd	nd	nd	5.5	nd	4.6	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	nd	nd	nd	0	nd	0.45	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	na	nd	0.39	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	na	nd	0.075	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	nd	nd	nd	na	nd	2.8	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	nd	nd	nd	2.0	nd	1.3	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	0.32	nd	0.71	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	0.51	nd	0.31	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	nd	nd	nd	7.8	nd	5.6	nd	nd	nd

**Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.09	3.35	1.09	4.76	1.09	2.45
Average	62.1	42.8	62.1	57.1	62.1	13.0
Stdev	497	133	497	173	497	18.2
p(t-test)		0.85		0.95		0.68
Min	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	0.116	1.14E-14	0.116
Max	6950	630	6950	907	6950	52.9
n (Samp)	302	24	302	35	302	17
n (Patient)	164	24	164	35	164	17

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	1.23	7.84	1.23	9.80
Average	nd	nd	58.3	15.2	58.3	15.4
Stdev	nd	nd	447	17.6	447	16.5
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.80		0.80
Min	nd	nd	1.14E-14	0.116	1.14E-14	0.116
Max	nd	nd	6950	42.1	6950	39.2
n (Samp)	nd	nd	380	7	380	7
n (Patient)	nd	nd	196	7	196	7

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.850	3.35	0.850	2.87	0.850	2.66
Average	70.1	42.8	70.1	62.4	70.1	12.3
Stdev	538	133	538	183	538	17.6
p(t-test)		0.80		0.94		0.67
Min	1.14E-14	1.70E-14	1.14E-14	0.116	1.14E-14	0.116
Max	6950	630	6950	907	6950	52.9
n (Samp)	257	24	257	31	257	16
n (Patient)	134	24	134	31	134	16

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.55	nd	0.54	0.59	0.64	0.58	0.55	0.60	0.59
SE	0.063	nd	0.063	0.053	0.11	0.056	0.074	0.11	0.077
p	0.46	nd	0.50	0.080	0.21	0.16	0.49	0.36	0.24
nCohort 1	302	nd	257	302	380	257	302	380	257
nCohort 2	24	nd	24	35	7	31	17	7	16
Cutoff 1	1.70E-14	nd	1.70E-14	0.713	6.55	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	2.02	0.116
Sens 1	96%	nd	96%	71%	71%	100%	100%	71%	75%
Spec 1	2%	nd	2%	47%	65%	2%	2%	52%	45%
Cutoff 2	1.70E-14	nd	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	0.850	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14
Sens 2	96%	nd	96%	100%	86%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Spec 2	2%	nd	2%	2%	47%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Cutoff 3	1.70E-14	nd	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14	1.70E-14
Sens 3	96%	nd	96%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Spec 3	2%	nd	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Cutoff 4	7.84	nd	7.29	7.84	9.35	7.29	7.84	9.35	7.29
Sens 4	38%	nd	38%	43%	29%	42%	41%	57%	44%
Spec 4	70%	nd	70%	70%	71%	70%	70%	71%	70%
Cutoff 5	16.1	nd	13.9	16.1	18.3	13.9	16.1	18.3	13.9
Sens 5	21%	nd	21%	29%	29%	32%	24%	43%	31%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 5	80%	nd	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	43.4	nd	44.8	43.4	48.9	44.8	43.4	48.9	44.8
Sens 6	12%	nd	12%	11%	0%	13%	12%	0%	12%
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	0.23	nd	0	1.4	0.99	2.9	>7.6	0	0.24
p Value	0.067	nd	na	0.55	0.99	0.13	<0.061	na	0.21
95% CI of	0.047	nd	na	0.44	0.061	0.73	>0.91	na	0.026
OR Quart2	1.1	nd	na	4.7	16	11	na	na	2.2
OR Quart 3	0.86	nd	0.87	2.6	3.0	3.3	>3.1	0.99	1.3
p Value	0.79	nd	0.80	0.082	0.34	0.084	<0.33	0.99	0.73
95% CI of	0.30	nd	0.32	0.88	0.31	0.85	>0.31	0.14	0.33
OR Quart3	2.5	nd	2.4	7.8	30	13	na	7.2	4.9
OR Quart 4	0.85	nd	0.74	2.3	2.0	4.1	>7.6	1.5	1.5
p Value	0.77	nd	0.58	0.13	0.57	0.035	<0.061	0.66	0.53
95% CI of	0.29	nd	0.26	0.78	0.18	1.1	>0.91	0.25	0.41
OR Quart4	2.5	nd	2.1	7.1	22	16	na	9.2	5.7

**Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.852	1.70	0.852	2.56	0.852	1.46
Average	12.6	4.03	12.6	5.68	12.6	4.91
Stdev	199	4.99	199	9.51	199	11.3
p(t-test)		0.83		0.84		0.87
Min	0.00336	0.00336	0.00336	0.0950	0.00336	0.148
Max	4070	19.5	4070	50.6	4070	47.4
n (Samp)	419	26	419	34	419	17
n (Patient)	164	26	164	34	164	17

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	0.978	3.62	0.978	5.87
Average	nd	nd	11.1	5.25	11.1	6.39
Stdev	nd	nd	180	7.06	180	4.92
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.93		0.94
Min	nd	nd	0.00336	0.102	0.00336	0.173
Max	nd	nd	4070	22.0	4070	14.6
n (Samp)	nd	nd	511	8	511	7
n (Patient)	nd	nd	198	8	198	7

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.852	1.48	0.852	2.42	0.852	1.12
Average	14.6	3.87	14.6	5.34	14.6	4.41
Stdev	216	5.02	216	9.63	216	11.3
p(t-test)		0.80		0.81		0.85
Min	0.00336	0.0573	0.00336	0.00336	0.00336	0.148
Max	4070	19.5	4070	50.6	4070	47.4
n (Samp)	355	26	355	30	355	17
n (Patient)	134	26	134	30	134	17

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.63	nd	0.61	0.67	0.65	0.66	0.57	0.76	0.54
SE	0.060	nd	0.061	0.052	0.11	0.056	0.074	0.11	0.073
p	0.029	nd	0.059	0.0014	0.16	0.0056	0.34	0.016	0.58
nCohort 1	419	nd	355	419	511	355	419	511	355
nCohort 2	26	nd	26	34	8	30	17	7	17
Cutoff 1	0.969	nd	0.816	0.942	2.26	0.942	0.607	3.47	0.491
Sens 1	73%	nd	73%	71%	75%	70%	71%	71%	71%
Spec 1	53%	nd	50%	52%	73%	51%	43%	80%	39%
Cutoff 2	0.590	nd	0.590	0.546	0.214	0.684	0.279	2.55	0.279
Sens 2	81%	nd	81%	82%	88%	80%	82%	86%	82%
Spec 2	42%	nd	43%	41%	17%	47%	25%	74%	25%
Cutoff 3	0.150	nd	0.150	0.214	0.0990	0.444	0.150	0.172	0.150
Sens 3	92%	nd	92%	91%	100%	90%	94%	100%	94%
Spec 3	12%	nd	12%	18%	7%	37%	12%	14%	12%
Cutoff 4	1.76	nd	1.84	1.76	1.97	1.84	1.76	1.97	1.84
Sens 4	50%	nd	46%	59%	75%	57%	41%	86%	29%
Spec 4	70%	nd	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	3.16	nd	3.25	3.16	3.51	3.25	3.16	3.51	3.25
Sens 5	38%	nd	35%	44%	50%	40%	24%	57%	18%
Spec 5	80%	nd	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	8.38	nd	8.86	8.38	8.51	8.86	8.38	8.51	8.86
Sens 6	15%	nd	12%	15%	12%	13%	12%	29%	6%
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	1.3	nd	1.7	1.5	0	2.4	0.74	0	1.7
p Value	0.70	nd	0.47	0.52	na	0.21	0.70	na	0.47
95% CI of	0.29	nd	0.40	0.42	na	0.61	0.16	na	0.40
OR Quart2	6.2	nd	7.3	5.6	na	9.7	3.4	na	7.3
OR Quart 3	3.2	nd	3.2	2.1	0.99	2.4	1.3	1.0	1.7
p Value	0.090	nd	0.088	0.24	0.99	0.21	0.73	1.0	0.47
95% CI of	0.84	nd	0.84	0.61	0.14	0.61	0.33	0.062	0.40
OR Quart3	12	nd	12	7.1	7.2	9.7	4.8	16	7.3
OR Quart 4	3.5	nd	3.2	4.4	2.0	4.8	1.3	5.1	1.3
p Value	0.061	nd	0.091	0.0096	0.42	0.017	0.73	0.14	0.70
95% CI of	0.94	nd	0.83	1.4	0.36	1.3	0.33	0.59	0.29
OR Quart4	13	nd	12	14	11	17	4.8	44	6.2

**Myoglobin**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.860	0.477	0.860	0.126	0.860	0.176
Average	35.5	18.1	35.5	44.2	35.5	6.85
Stdev	103	38.1	103	130	103	15.5
p(t-test)		0.39		0.64		0.25
Min	0.000105	0.0151	0.000105	0.000105	0.000105	0.0254
Max	618	163	618	469	618	49.1
n (Samp)	419	26	419	34	419	17
n (Patient)	164	26	164	34	164	17

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	0.599	4.97	0.599	0.349
Average	nd	nd	37.0	95.0	37.0	19.7

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Stdev	nd	nd	109	171	109	28.5
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.14		0.68
Min	nd	nd	0.000105	0.0561	0.000105	0.0683
Max	nd	nd	618	420	618	71.6
n (Samp)	nd	nd	511	8	511	7
n (Patient)	nd	nd	198	8	198	7

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.885	0.354	0.885	0.108	0.885	0.176
Average	40.5	17.6	40.5	36.1	40.5	5.29
Stdev	112	38.2	112	119	112	12.1
p(t-test)		0.30		0.84		0.20
Min	0.000105	0.0151	0.000105	0.000105	0.000105	0.0254
Max	618	163	618	469	618	49.1
n (Samp)	355	26	355	30	355	17
n (Patient)	134	26	134	30	134	17

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.48	nd	0.45	0.39	0.57	0.38	0.40	0.55	0.39
SE	0.059	nd	0.060	0.053	0.11	0.057	0.074	0.11	0.074
p	0.72	nd	0.36	0.045	0.53	0.031	0.16	0.67	0.15
nCohort 1	419	nd	355	419	511	355	419	511	355
nCohort 2	26	nd	26	34	8	30	17	7	17
Cutoff 1	0.0772	nd	0.0667	0.0584	0.118	0.0562	0.0849	0.132	0.0834
Sens 1	73%	nd	73%	71%	75%	70%	71%	71%	71%
Spec 1	22%	nd	20%	19%	32%	18%	23%	32%	22%
Cutoff 2	0.0511	nd	0.0422	0.0375	0.0589	0.0366	0.0667	0.0849	0.0630
Sens 2	81%	nd	81%	82%	88%	80%	82%	86%	82%
Spec 2	18%	nd	13%	12%	22%	11%	21%	26%	19%
Cutoff 3	0.0375	nd	0.0366	0.0331	0.0556	0.0331	0.0337	0.0667	0.0337
Sens 3	92%	nd	92%	91%	100%	90%	94%	100%	94%
Spec 3	12%	nd	11%	10%	21%	9%	11%	23%	10%
Cutoff 4	7.09	nd	7.24	7.09	6.05	7.24	7.09	6.05	7.24
Sens 4	31%	nd	27%	21%	50%	20%	18%	43%	24%
Spec 4	70%	nd	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	19.0	nd	23.8	19.0	17.9	23.8	19.0	17.9	23.8
Sens 5	19%	nd	19%	15%	25%	13%	12%	43%	6%
Spec 5	80%	nd	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	66.4	nd	79.4	66.4	70.5	79.4	66.4	70.5	79.4
Sens 6	12%	nd	8%	12%	25%	7%	0%	14%	0%
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	0.83	nd	0.66	0.83	0.99	0.66	0.66	3.0	2.0
p Value	0.77	nd	0.53	0.77	0.99	0.53	0.65	0.34	0.42
95% CI of	0.25	nd	0.18	0.25	0.14	0.18	0.11	0.31	0.37
OR Quart2	2.8	nd	2.4	2.8	7.2	2.4	4.0	29	11
OR Quart 3	1.0	nd	1.0	1.2	0.49	0.83	2.1	0	2.0
p Value	0.99	nd	0.99	0.76	0.56	0.77	0.32	na	0.42
95% CI of	0.32	nd	0.31	0.39	0.044	0.25	0.50	na	0.37
OR Quart3	3.2	nd	3.3	3.7	5.5	2.8	8.4	na	11
OR Quart 4	1.6	nd	1.8	3.0	1.5	2.8	2.1	3.0	3.7
p Value	0.42	nd	0.29	0.029	0.66	0.042	0.32	0.34	0.11
95% CI of	0.54	nd	0.61	1.1	0.25	1.0	0.50	0.31	0.75

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
OR Quart4	4.5	nd	5.1	7.9	9.1	7.6	8.4	29	18

**Mucin-16**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	0.684	0.822	nd	nd
Average	nd	nd	1.24	28.1	nd	nd
Stdev	nd	nd	1.59	108	nd	nd
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.014	nd	nd
Min	nd	nd	1.00E-9	0.304	nd	nd
Max	nd	nd	10.1	433	nd	nd
n (Samp)	nd	nd	96	16	nd	nd
n (Patient)	nd	nd	73	16	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	0.623	0.822	nd	nd
Average	nd	nd	1.23	29.9	nd	nd
Stdev	nd	nd	1.64	111	nd	nd
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.020	nd	nd
Min	nd	nd	1.00E-9	0.304	nd	nd
Max	nd	nd	10.1	433	nd	nd
n (Samp)	nd	nd	81	15	nd	nd
n (Patient)	nd	nd	61	15	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	nd	nd	nd	0.55	nd	0.56	nd	nd	nd
SE	nd	nd	nd	0.080	nd	0.083	nd	nd	nd
p	nd	nd	nd	0.49	nd	0.45	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	nd	nd	nd	96	nd	81	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	nd	nd	nd	16	nd	15	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	nd	nd	nd	0.412	nd	0.412	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	nd	nd	nd	75%	nd	73%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	nd	nd	nd	32%	nd	36%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	nd	nd	nd	0.344	nd	0.344	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	nd	nd	nd	88%	nd	87%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	nd	nd	nd	21%	nd	26%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	nd	nd	nd	0.278	nd	0.278	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	nd	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	nd	nd	nd	11%	nd	15%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	nd	nd	nd	1.17	nd	1.09	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	nd	nd	nd	25%	nd	33%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	nd	nd	nd	71%	nd	70%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	nd	nd	nd	1.41	nd	1.44	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	nd	nd	nd	19%	nd	20%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	nd	nd	nd	80%	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	nd	nd	nd	3.40	nd	3.26	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	nd	nd	nd	12%	nd	13%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	nd	nd	nd	91%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	nd	nd	nd	0.72	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	0.69	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
95% CI of OR Quart2	nd	nd	nd	0.15	nd	0.18	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	nd	nd	nd	3.6	nd	5.5	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	1.3	nd	1.8	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart3	nd	nd	nd	0.72	nd	0.44	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	nd	nd	nd	0.31	nd	0.39	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	5.5	nd	8.8	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart4	nd	nd	nd	1.0	nd	1.4	nd	nd	nd
	nd	nd	nd	1.0	nd	0.68	nd	nd	nd
	nd	nd	nd	0.22	nd	0.28	nd	nd	nd
	nd	nd	nd	4.5	nd	7.1	nd	nd	nd

**Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	0.344	0.306	nd	nd
Average	nd	nd	0.956	1.45	nd	nd
Stdev	nd	nd	1.45	1.97	nd	nd
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.24	nd	nd
Min	nd	nd	0.00360	0.0172	nd	nd
Max	nd	nd	6.71	5.86	nd	nd
n (Samp)	nd	nd	96	16	nd	nd
n (Patient)	nd	nd	73	16	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	0.343	0.287	nd	nd
Average	nd	nd	0.805	1.42	nd	nd
Stdev	nd	nd	1.26	2.00	nd	nd
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.12	nd	nd
Min	nd	nd	0.00360	0.0172	nd	nd
Max	nd	nd	6.48	5.86	nd	nd
n (Samp)	nd	nd	81	15	nd	nd
n (Patient)	nd	nd	61	15	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	nd	nd	nd	0.56	nd	0.55	nd	nd	nd
SE	nd	nd	nd	0.080	nd	0.083	nd	nd	nd
p	nd	nd	nd	0.46	nd	0.53	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	nd	nd	nd	96	nd	81	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	nd	nd	nd	16	nd	15	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	nd	nd	nd	0.109	nd	0.109	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	nd	nd	nd	75%	nd	73%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	nd	nd	nd	35%	nd	36%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	nd	nd	nd	0.101	nd	0.101	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	nd	nd	nd	81%	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	nd	nd	nd	31%	nd	32%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	nd	nd	nd	0.0198	nd	0.0182	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	nd	nd	nd	94%	nd	93%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	nd	nd	nd	11%	nd	11%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	nd	nd	nd	0.855	nd	0.819	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	nd	nd	nd	38%	nd	33%	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 4	nd	nd	nd	71%	nd	70%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	nd	nd	nd	1.56	nd	0.979	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	nd	nd	nd	31%	nd	33%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	nd	nd	nd	80%	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	nd	nd	nd	3.11	nd	2.25	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	nd	nd	nd	19%	nd	27%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	nd	nd	nd	91%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	nd	nd	nd	4.3	nd	3.7	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	0.086	nd	0.14	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	0.81	nd	0.66	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	nd	nd	nd	23	nd	20	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	nd	nd	nd	0.48	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	0.56	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	0.041	nd	0.13	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	nd	nd	nd	5.6	nd	7.7	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	nd	nd	nd	3.5	nd	2.9	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	0.14	nd	0.23	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	0.65	nd	0.50	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	nd	nd	nd	19	nd	17	nd	nd	nd

**Cellular tumor antigen p53**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	1.00E-9	0.000165	nd	nd
Average	nd	nd	0.00163	0.00180	nd	nd
Stdev	nd	nd	0.00319	0.00245	nd	nd
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.84	nd	nd
Min	nd	nd	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	nd	nd
Max	nd	nd	0.0202	0.00839	nd	nd
n (Samp)	nd	nd	96	16	nd	nd
n (Patient)	nd	nd	73	16	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	1.00E-9	3.53E-5	nd	nd
Average	nd	nd	0.00186	0.00145	nd	nd
Stdev	nd	nd	0.00355	0.00190	nd	nd
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.66	nd	nd
Min	nd	nd	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	nd	nd
Max	nd	nd	0.0202	0.00470	nd	nd
n (Samp)	nd	nd	81	15	nd	nd
n (Patient)	nd	nd	61	15	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	nd	nd	nd	0.58	nd	0.55	nd	nd	nd
SE	nd	nd	nd	0.080	nd	0.083	nd	nd	nd
p	nd	nd	nd	0.30	nd	0.56	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	nd	nd	nd	96	nd	81	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	nd	nd	nd	16	nd	15	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	nd	nd	nd	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	nd	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd



	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 1	nd	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	nd	nd	nd	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	nd	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	nd	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	nd	nd	nd	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	nd	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	nd	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	nd	nd	nd	0.00160	nd	0.00160	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	nd	nd	nd	38%	nd	33%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	nd	nd	nd	73%	nd	72%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	nd	nd	nd	0.00313	nd	0.00343	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	nd	nd	nd	38%	nd	20%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	nd	nd	nd	81%	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	nd	nd	nd	0.00470	nd	0.00599	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	nd	nd	nd	6%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	nd	nd	nd	92%	nd	91%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	nd	nd	nd	0.46	nd	0.17	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	0.40	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	0.077	nd	0.018	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	nd	nd	nd	2.8	nd	1.5	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	nd	nd	nd	1.0	nd	0.76	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	1.0	nd	0.71	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	0.22	nd	0.18	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	nd	nd	nd	4.5	nd	3.3	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	nd	nd	nd	1.6	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd
p Value	nd	nd	nd	0.49	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	nd	nd	nd	0.41	nd	0.25	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	nd	nd	nd	6.6	nd	4.0	nd	nd	nd

[0157] Table 3: Comparison of marker levels in urine samples collected within 12 hours of reaching stage R from Cohort 1 (patients that reached, but did not progress beyond, RIFLE stage R) and from Cohort 2 (patients that reached RIFLE stage I or F).

**Apolipoprotein A-II**

	sCr or UO		sCr only		UO only	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	78.2	125	77.5	247	85.8	106
Average	156	187	167	307	149	132
Stdev	303	193	368	295	238	77.5
p(t-test)		0.58		0.30		0.74
Min	4.67	18.9	4.67	23.0	21.4	18.9
Max	2000	845	2000	845	1790	323
n (Samp)	77	33	29	9	61	24
n (Patient)	77	33	29	9	61	24

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.64	0.76	0.60
SE	0.059	0.10	0.070
p	0.016	0.011	0.16
nCohort 1	77	29	61
nCohort 2	33	9	24

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Cutoff 1	82.3	125	85.8
Sens 1	73%	78%	71%
Spec 1	53%	72%	51%
Cutoff 2	67.3	78.5	65.3
Sens 2	82%	89%	83%
Spec 2	47%	55%	43%
Cutoff 3	58.1	21.6	62.3
Sens 3	91%	100%	92%
Spec 3	42%	10%	41%
Cutoff 4	126	125	148
Sens 4	48%	78%	33%
Spec 4	70%	72%	70%
Cutoff 5	166	166	180
Sens 5	33%	56%	21%
Spec 5	81%	83%	80%
Cutoff 6	314	195	314
Sens 6	12%	56%	4%
Spec 6	91%	93%	90%
OR Quart 2	3.2	0.89	12
p Value	0.12	0.94	0.025
95% CI of	0.75	0.047	1.4
OR Quart2	14	17	110
OR Quart 3	5.5	2.3	15
p Value	0.019	0.53	0.015
95% CI of	1.3	0.17	1.7
OR Quart3	23	31	130
OR Quart 4	5.2	8.0	7.5
p Value	0.023	0.092	0.075
95% CI of	1.3	0.71	0.82
OR Quart4	21	90	69

**Myoglobin**

	sCr or UO		sCr only		UO only	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.515	0.0847	nd	nd	0.758	0.0561
Average	42.9	26.9	nd	nd	49.3	3.71
Stdev	122	94.2	nd	nd	131	12.0
p(t-test)		0.57	nd	nd		0.16
Min	0.000105	0.000105	nd	nd	0.0176	0.0145
Max	618	460	nd	nd	618	49.1
n (Samp)	52	24	nd	nd	44	17
n (Patient)	52	24	nd	nd	44	17

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.40	nd	0.30
SE	0.072	nd	0.079
p	0.17	nd	0.011
nCohort 1	52	nd	44
nCohort 2	24	nd	17
Cutoff 1	0.0365	nd	0.0347
Sens 1	71%	nd	71%
Spec 1	15%	nd	14%
Cutoff 2	0.0324	nd	0.0324

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Sens 2	83%	nd	82%
Spec 2	12%	nd	11%
Cutoff 3	0.0176	nd	0.0176
Sens 3	92%	nd	94%
Spec 3	4%	nd	2%
Cutoff 4	13.5	nd	13.9
Sens 4	21%	nd	6%
Spec 4	71%	nd	70%
Cutoff 5	33.1	nd	34.7
Sens 5	12%	nd	6%
Spec 5	81%	nd	82%
Cutoff 6	63.7	nd	85.7
Sens 6	8%	nd	0%
Spec 6	90%	nd	91%
OR Quart 2	0.75	nd	1.8
p Value	0.70	nd	0.57
95% CI of	0.17	nd	0.25
OR Quart2	3.4	nd	12
OR Quart 3	1.6	nd	3.5
p Value	0.49	nd	0.18
95% CI of	0.41	nd	0.56
OR Quart3	6.5	nd	22
OR Quart 4	2.0	nd	6.1
p Value	0.31	nd	0.048
95% CI of	0.52	nd	1.0
OR Quart4	8.0	nd	37

**KSP-Cadherin**

	sCr or UO		sCr only		UO only	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.48	0.809	nd	nd	1.46	0.996
Average	1.74	1.25	nd	nd	1.73	1.18
Stdev	1.18	1.36	nd	nd	1.10	1.26
p(t-test)		0.18	nd	nd		0.21
Min	0.131	0.00263	nd	nd	0.196	0.00263
Max	4.63	4.23	nd	nd	4.63	3.88
n (Samp)	40	16	nd	nd	31	9
n (Patient)	40	16	nd	nd	31	9

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.33	nd	0.31
SE	0.084	nd	0.11
p	0.037	nd	0.081
nCohort 1	40	nd	31
nCohort 2	16	nd	9
Cutoff 1	0.258	nd	0.196
Sens 1	75%	nd	78%
Spec 1	5%	nd	3%
Cutoff 2	0.196	nd	0.00263
Sens 2	81%	nd	89%
Spec 2	5%	nd	0%
Cutoff 3	0.00263	nd	0
Sens 3	94%	nd	100%

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 3	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 4	1.84	nd	1.84
Sens 4	25%	nd	22%
Spec 4	70%	nd	71%
Cutoff 5	2.57	nd	2.54
Sens 5	19%	nd	11%
Spec 5	80%	nd	81%
Cutoff 6	3.39	nd	3.11
Sens 6	12%	nd	11%
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%
OR Quart 2	0	nd	0
p Value	na	nd	na
95% CI of	na	nd	na
OR Quart2	na	nd	na
OR Quart 3	1.0	nd	1.7
p Value	1.0	nd	0.61
95% CI of	0.19	nd	0.22
OR Quart3	5.2	nd	13
OR Quart 4	3.3	nd	2.7
p Value	0.13	nd	0.34
95% CI of	0.69	nd	0.36
OR Quart4	16	nd	20

[0158] Table 4: Comparison of the maximum marker levels in urine samples collected from Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0) and the maximum values in urine samples collected from subjects between enrollment and 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage F in Cohort 2.

**Apolipoprotein A-II**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	76.0	265	76.0	217	76.0	157
Average	241	1760	241	1460	241	225
Stdev	841	5360	841	5260	841	193
p(t-test)		3.5E-4		0.0035		0.95
Min	5.33	27.6	5.33	9.51	5.33	55.6
Max	6400	24300	6400	24300	6400	764
n (Samp)	196	21	196	21	196	11
n (Patient)	196	21	196	21	196	11

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	97.8	268	97.8	265	97.8	216
Average	342	954	342	393	342	213
Stdev	1610	1880	1610	510	1610	68.6
p(t-test)		0.22		0.92		0.84
Min	5.33	27.6	5.33	9.51	5.33	131
Max	24300	6400	24300	1860	24300	288
n (Samp)	294	11	294	11	294	6
n (Patient)	294	11	294	11	294	6

	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	87.2	174	87.2	174	87.2	149
Average	294	2240	294	1850	294	227
Stdev	972	6320	972	6230	972	214
p(t-test)		0.0012		0.0086		0.84
Min	5.33	55.6	5.33	45.8	5.33	55.6
Max	6400	24300	6400	24300	6400	764
n (Samp)	132	15	132	15	132	9
n (Patient)	132	15	132	15	132	9

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.80	0.78	0.79	0.77	0.76	0.76	0.78	0.78	0.73
SE	0.059	0.084	0.072	0.062	0.086	0.075	0.084	0.11	0.098
p	2.8E-7	9.4E-4	4.7E-5	8.7E-6	0.0029	5.7E-4	0.0010	0.014	0.019
nCohort 1	196	294	132	196	294	132	196	294	132
nCohort 2	21	11	15	21	11	15	11	6	9
Cutoff 1	148	165	146	148	165	146	146	157	111
Sens 1	71%	73%	73%	71%	73%	73%	73%	83%	78%
Spec 1	80%	74%	77%	80%	74%	77%	79%	71%	63%
Cutoff 2	129	157	129	129	157	129	111	157	100
Sens 2	81%	82%	80%	81%	82%	80%	82%	83%	89%
Spec 2	74%	71%	73%	74%	71%	73%	67%	71%	58%
Cutoff 3	100	135	100	54.2	129	54.3	100	129	54.3
Sens 3	90%	91%	93%	90%	91%	93%	91%	100%	100%
Spec 3	62%	65%	58%	37%	64%	32%	62%	64%	32%
Cutoff 4	124	155	127	124	155	127	124	155	127
Sens 4	81%	82%	80%	81%	82%	80%	73%	83%	67%
Spec 4	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	153	200	164	153	200	164	153	200	164
Sens 5	67%	64%	53%	67%	64%	53%	55%	50%	33%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	296	335	312	296	335	312	296	335	312
Sens 6	29%	27%	20%	24%	18%	20%	9%	0%	11%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	1.0	0	>1.0	2.0	0	0.97	>1.0	>0	>1.0
p Value	1.0	na	<1.0	0.57	na	0.98	<1.0	<na	<0.98
95% CI of	0.061	na	>0.060	0.18	na	0.058	>0.061	>na	>0.062
OR Quart2	16	na	na	23	na	16	na	na	na
OR Quart 3	4.2	3.1	>5.6	3.1	3.1	4.2	>2.0	>3.1	>2.1
p Value	0.20	0.33	<0.12	0.33	0.33	0.21	<0.57	<0.33	<0.55
95% CI of	0.46	0.31	>0.62	0.31	0.31	0.45	>0.18	>0.32	>0.18
OR Quart3	39	30	na	31	30	40	na	na	na
OR Quart 4	20	7.5	>12	20	7.5	11	>9.3	>3.1	>7.0
p Value	0.0046	0.063	<0.024	0.0046	0.063	0.026	<0.039	<0.33	<0.079
95% CI of	2.5	0.90	>1.4	2.5	0.90	1.3	>1.1	>0.32	>0.80
OR Quart4	160	63	na	160	63	94	na	na	na

**Caspase-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.28	4.81	1.28	2.33	1.28	0.988
Average	1.56	10.5	1.56	4.46	1.56	1.77
Stdev	1.38	15.7	1.38	6.02	1.38	2.36

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
p(t-test)		0.0057		0.027		0.78
Min	0.0223	0.0223	0.0223	0.0223	0.0223	0.0223
Max	4.68	47.1	4.68	17.3	4.68	6.25
n (Samp)	26	8	26	7	26	6
n (Patient)	26	8	26	7	26	6

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.75	nd	nd	0.64	nd	nd	0.45	nd	nd
SE	0.11	nd	nd	0.12	nd	nd	0.13	nd	nd
p	0.021	nd	nd	0.25	nd	nd	0.72	nd	nd
nCohort 1	26	nd	nd	26	nd	nd	26	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	nd	7	nd	nd	6	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	2.08	nd	nd	1.02	nd	nd	0	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd
Spec 1	69%	nd	nd	46%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.496	nd	nd	0.496	nd	nd	0	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	nd	86%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd
Spec 2	31%	nd	nd	31%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	nd	nd	0	nd	nd	0	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	2.33	nd	nd	2.33	nd	nd	2.33	nd	nd
Sens 4	62%	nd	nd	43%	nd	nd	17%	nd	nd
Spec 4	73%	nd	nd	73%	nd	nd	73%	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	2.59	nd	nd	2.59	nd	nd	2.59	nd	nd
Sens 5	62%	nd	nd	43%	nd	nd	17%	nd	nd
Spec 5	85%	nd	nd	85%	nd	nd	85%	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	3.90	nd	nd	3.90	nd	nd	3.90	nd	nd
Sens 6	50%	nd	nd	29%	nd	nd	17%	nd	nd
Spec 6	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0.88	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd
p Value	0.93	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.046	nd	nd	0.052	nd	nd	0.052	nd	nd
OR Quart2	17	nd	nd	19	nd	nd	19	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	1.0	nd	nd	2.3	nd	nd	2.3	nd	nd
p Value	1.0	nd	nd	0.53	nd	nd	0.53	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.052	nd	nd	0.17	nd	nd	0.17	nd	nd
OR Quart3	19	nd	nd	33	nd	nd	33	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	8.8	nd	nd	3.5	nd	nd	2.3	nd	nd
p Value	0.086	nd	nd	0.33	nd	nd	0.53	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.74	nd	nd	0.28	nd	nd	0.17	nd	nd
OR Quart4	100	nd	nd	43	nd	nd	33	nd	nd

**Caspase-9**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.549	3.00	0.549	2.16	0.549	1.09
Average	1.25	2.65	1.25	1.79	1.25	1.35
Stdev	3.21	1.71	3.21	1.60	3.21	1.25
p(t-test)		0.24		0.67		0.94
Min	0.0360	0.146	0.0360	0.146	0.0360	0.146
Max	19.5	4.64	19.5	4.64	19.5	3.33

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
n (Samp)	36	8	36	7	36	6
n (Patient)	36	8	36	7	36	6

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.79	nd	nd	0.69	nd	nd	0.64	nd	nd
SE	0.10	nd	nd	0.12	nd	nd	0.13	nd	nd
p	0.0034	nd	nd	0.11	nd	nd	0.27	nd	nd
nCohort 1	36	nd	nd	36	nd	nd	36	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	nd	7	nd	nd	6	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	1.76	nd	nd	0.473	nd	nd	0.208	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	83%	nd	nd
Spec 1	89%	nd	nd	50%	nd	nd	33%	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.208	nd	nd	0.208	nd	nd	0.208	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	nd	86%	nd	nd	83%	nd	nd
Spec 2	33%	nd	nd	33%	nd	nd	33%	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0.135	nd	nd	0.135	nd	nd	0.135	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd
Spec 3	28%	nd	nd	28%	nd	nd	28%	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.868	nd	nd	0.868	nd	nd	0.868	nd	nd
Sens 4	75%	nd	nd	57%	nd	nd	50%	nd	nd
Spec 4	72%	nd	nd	72%	nd	nd	72%	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1.22	nd	nd	1.22	nd	nd	1.22	nd	nd
Sens 5	75%	nd	nd	57%	nd	nd	50%	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	2.17	nd	nd	2.17	nd	nd	2.17	nd	nd
Sens 6	62%	nd	nd	29%	nd	nd	17%	nd	nd
Spec 6	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	>2.4	nd	nd	>2.2	nd	nd	>2.2	nd	nd
p Value	<0.49	nd	nd	<0.54	nd	nd	<0.54	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart2	>0.19	nd	nd	>0.17	nd	nd	>0.17	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	>0	nd	nd	>1.0	nd	nd	>1.1	nd	nd
p Value	<na	nd	nd	<1.0	nd	nd	<0.94	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart3	>na	nd	nd	>0.055	nd	nd	>0.060	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	>13	nd	nd	>5.7	nd	nd	>3.8	nd	nd
p Value	<0.033	nd	nd	<0.15	nd	nd	<0.29	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart4	>1.2	nd	nd	>0.52	nd	nd	>0.32	nd	nd

**Cadherin-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	66800	66800	66800	66800	nd	nd
Average	99700	95000	99700	95000	nd	nd
Stdev	131000	95400	131000	95400	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.92		0.92	nd	nd
Min	3290	2220	3290	2220	nd	nd
Max	744000	260000	744000	260000	nd	nd
n (Samp)	41	8	41	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	41	8	41	8	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.49	nd	nd	0.49	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.11	nd	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.91	nd	nd	0.91	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	41	nd	nd	41	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	nd	8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	16300	nd	nd	16300	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	nd	75%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	17%	nd	nd	17%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	8380	nd	nd	8380	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	nd	88%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	10%	nd	nd	10%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	nd	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	123000	nd	nd	123000	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	38%	nd	nd	38%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	138000	nd	nd	138000	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	25%	nd	nd	25%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	nd	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	155000	nd	nd	155000	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	25%	nd	nd	25%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0.30	nd	nd	0.30	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.33	nd	nd	0.33	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.027	nd	nd	0.027	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	3.4	nd	nd	3.4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	0.30	nd	nd	0.30	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.33	nd	nd	0.33	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.027	nd	nd	0.027	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	3.4	nd	nd	3.4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	1.1	nd	nd	1.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.91	nd	nd	0.91	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.18	nd	nd	0.18	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	7.0	nd	nd	7.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	3.09	14.9	3.09	9.35	3.09	4.76
Average	88.7	37.1	88.7	36.6	88.7	15.2
Stdev	688	81.6	688	81.8	688	16.5
p(t-test)		0.77		0.77		0.75
Min	0.116	0.116	0.116	0.116	0.116	1.64
Max	6950	327	6950	327	6950	44.1
n (Samp)	102	15	102	15	102	9
n (Patient)	102	15	102	15	102	9

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	4.90	18.8	4.90	15.7	nd	nd
Average	69.2	21.5	69.2	20.7	nd	nd
Stdev	541	18.2	541	18.6	nd	nd



sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
p(t-test)		0.80		0.80	nd	nd
Min	1.14E-14	0.116	1.14E-14	0.116	nd	nd
Max	6950	44.1	6950	44.1	nd	nd
n (Samp)	168	8	168	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	168	8	168	8	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	3.29	14.9	3.29	14.9	3.29	4.76
Average	101	50.0	101	50.0	101	14.4
Stdev	753	105	753	105	753	16.4
p(t-test)		0.84		0.84		0.76
Min	0.116	2.45	0.116	2.45	0.116	2.45
Max	6950	327	6950	327	6950	44.1
n (Samp)	85	9	85	9	85	7
n (Patient)	85	9	85	9	85	7

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.66	0.66	0.69	0.65	0.65	0.68	0.63	nd	0.63
SE	0.081	0.11	0.10	0.081	0.11	0.10	0.10	nd	0.12
p	0.050	0.15	0.067	0.062	0.18	0.078	0.22	nd	0.28
nCohort 1	102	168	85	102	168	85	102	nd	85
nCohort 2	15	8	9	15	8	9	9	nd	7
Cutoff 1	2.45	7.35	2.45	2.45	7.35	2.45	2.02	nd	2.45
Sens 1	73%	75%	78%	73%	75%	78%	89%	nd	71%
Spec 1	46%	59%	47%	46%	59%	47%	46%	nd	47%
Cutoff 2	2.02	1.36	2.02	2.02	1.36	2.02	2.02	nd	2.02
Sens 2	87%	88%	100%	87%	88%	100%	89%	nd	100%
Spec 2	46%	40%	47%	46%	40%	47%	46%	nd	47%
Cutoff 3	1.09	1.14E-14	2.02	1.09	1.14E-14	2.02	1.09	nd	2.02
Sens 3	93%	100%	100%	93%	100%	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	44%	1%	47%	44%	1%	47%	44%	nd	47%
Cutoff 4	12.3	13.6	12.3	12.3	13.6	12.3	12.3	nd	12.3
Sens 4	53%	62%	56%	47%	50%	56%	44%	nd	43%
Spec 4	71%	70%	71%	71%	70%	71%	71%	nd	71%
Cutoff 5	25.7	26.7	25.7	25.7	26.7	25.7	25.7	nd	25.7
Sens 5	33%	38%	33%	33%	38%	33%	33%	nd	29%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	nd	80%
Cutoff 6	55.7	56.1	44.8	55.7	56.1	44.8	55.7	nd	44.8
Sens 6	7%	0%	11%	7%	0%	11%	0%	nd	0%
Spec 6	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	nd	91%
OR Quart 2	4.5	>2.1	>3.3	4.5	>2.1	>3.3	>4.5	nd	>3.4
p Value	0.19	<0.55	<0.32	0.19	<0.55	<0.32	<0.19	nd	<0.30
95% CI of	0.47	>0.18	>0.32	0.47	>0.18	>0.32	>0.47	nd	>0.33
OR Quart2	43	na	na	43	na	na	na	nd	na
OR Quart 3	4.5	>3.2	>3.4	4.5	>3.2	>3.4	>2.1	nd	>2.2
p Value	0.19	<0.32	<0.30	0.19	<0.32	<0.30	<0.56	nd	<0.53
95% CI of	0.47	>0.32	>0.33	0.47	>0.32	>0.33	>0.18	nd	>0.18
OR Quart3	43	na	na	43	na	na	na	nd	na
OR Quart 4	7.0	>3.2	>3.3	7.0	>3.2	>3.3	>3.2	nd	>2.2
p Value	0.081	<0.32	<0.32	0.081	<0.32	<0.32	<0.32	nd	<0.53
95% CI of	0.79	>0.32	>0.32	0.79	>0.32	>0.32	>0.32	nd	>0.18
OR Quart4	62	na	na	62	na	na	na	nd	na

**Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.14	5.45	1.14	2.86	1.14	2.98
Average	3.19	7.89	3.19	7.48	3.19	5.77
Stdev	5.64	11.7	5.64	12.1	5.64	4.90
p(t-test)		0.0094		0.021		0.19
Min	0.00336	0.282	0.00336	0.219	0.00336	0.852
Max	43.4	50.1	43.4	50.1	43.4	14.6
n (Samp)	102	17	102	16	102	9
n (Patient)	102	17	102	16	102	9

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.57	4.46	1.57	3.11	nd	nd
Average	28.3	4.33	28.3	3.91	nd	nd
Stdev	312	3.44	312	3.51	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.83		0.83	nd	nd
Min	0.00336	0.282	0.00336	0.219	nd	nd
Max	4070	10.9	4070	10.9	nd	nd
n (Samp)	170	8	170	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	170	8	170	8	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.19	6.79	1.19	4.88	1.19	2.98
Average	3.63	10.4	3.63	10.3	3.63	6.19
Stdev	6.41	14.1	6.41	14.7	6.41	5.50
p(t-test)		0.0070		0.011		0.31
Min	0.00336	0.356	0.00336	0.852	0.00336	0.852
Max	43.4	50.1	43.4	50.1	43.4	14.6
n (Samp)	85	11	85	10	85	7
n (Patient)	85	11	85	10	85	7

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.70	0.62	0.75	0.69	0.57	0.77	0.76	nd	0.74
SE	0.075	0.11	0.089	0.078	0.11	0.091	0.096	nd	0.11
p	0.0072	0.28	0.0055	0.015	0.50	0.0030	0.0080	nd	0.034
nCohort 1	102	170	85	102	170	85	102	nd	85
nCohort 2	17	8	11	16	8	10	9	nd	7
Cutoff 1	2.56	2.59	2.88	2.26	2.26	2.55	2.53	nd	2.53
Sens 1	71%	75%	73%	75%	75%	70%	78%	nd	71%
Spec 1	71%	65%	71%	67%	61%	68%	70%	nd	68%
Cutoff 2	0.816	0.450	1.40	1.44	0.238	2.53	1.44	nd	1.40
Sens 2	82%	88%	82%	81%	88%	80%	89%	nd	86%
Spec 2	42%	20%	56%	58%	8%	68%	58%	nd	56%
Cutoff 3	0.339	0.281	0.816	0.238	0.214	1.40	0.816	nd	0.816
Sens 3	94%	100%	91%	94%	100%	90%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	19%	10%	39%	9%	5%	56%	42%	nd	39%
Cutoff 4	2.56	3.33	2.88	2.56	3.33	2.88	2.56	nd	2.88
Sens 4	71%	62%	73%	56%	50%	60%	67%	nd	57%
Spec 4	71%	70%	71%	71%	70%	71%	71%	nd	71%
Cutoff 5	4.03	5.77	5.67	4.03	5.77	5.67	4.03	nd	5.67
Sens 5	53%	25%	55%	44%	25%	50%	44%	nd	43%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	nd	80%
Cutoff 6	8.86	11.0	9.55	8.86	11.0	9.55	8.86	nd	9.55
Sens 6	29%	0%	45%	25%	0%	40%	33%	nd	43%
Spec 6	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	nd	91%
OR Quart 2	0.30	0	1.0	0.47	0	>1.0	>1.0	nd	>1.0
p Value	0.31	na	1.0	0.54	na	<1.0	<1.0	nd	<0.98
95% CI of	0.029	na	0.059	0.040	na	>0.059	>0.059	nd	>0.062
OR Quart2	3.1	na	17	5.4	na	na	na	nd	na
OR Quart 3	1.3	1.0	3.3	3.5	1.5	>4.6	>4.5	nd	>3.4
p Value	0.72	1.0	0.32	0.15	0.65	<0.19	<0.19	nd	<0.30
95% CI of	0.27	0.13	0.32	0.65	0.24	>0.47	>0.47	nd	>0.33
OR Quart3	6.6	7.4	34	19	9.7	na	na	nd	na
OR Quart 4	3.7	2.0	7.7	4.1	1.5	>6.1	>4.5	nd	>3.4
p Value	0.072	0.42	0.070	0.097	0.67	<0.11	<0.19	nd	<0.30
95% CI of	0.89	0.36	0.85	0.78	0.24	>0.65	>0.47	nd	>0.33
OR Quart4	15	12	70	22	9.4	na	na	nd	na

**Myoglobin**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	5.42	18.9	5.42	11.9	5.42	44.9
Average	51.4	149	51.4	155	51.4	174
Stdev	121	203	121	208	121	213
p(t-test)		0.0066		0.0052		0.0076
Min	0.00616	0.0439	0.00616	0.0439	0.00616	0.0772
Max	618	469	618	469	618	469
n (Samp)	102	17	102	16	102	9
n (Patient)	102	17	102	16	102	9

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	3.65	31.9	3.65	29.4	nd	nd
Average	63.1	142	63.1	141	nd	nd
Stdev	142	195	142	196	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.13		0.14	nd	nd
Min	0.00616	0.0439	0.00616	0.0439	nd	nd
Max	618	469	618	469	nd	nd
n (Samp)	170	8	170	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	170	8	170	8	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	3.83	0.377	3.83	2.87	3.83	5.36
Average	56.6	143	56.6	152	56.6	150
Stdev	128	203	128	212	128	207
p(t-test)		0.055		0.042		0.081
Min	0.00616	0.0696	0.00616	0.0772	0.00616	0.0772
Max	618	469	618	469	618	469
n (Samp)	85	11	85	10	85	7
n (Patient)	85	11	85	10	85	7

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.57	0.64	0.49	0.57	0.63	0.51	0.62	nd	0.54
SE	0.078	0.11	0.093	0.080	0.11	0.097	0.10	nd	0.12
p	0.36	0.21	0.95	0.36	0.24	0.93	0.25	nd	0.73
nCohort 1	102	170	85	102	170	85	102	nd	85
nCohort 2	17	8	11	16	8	10	9	nd	7
Cutoff 1	0.288	10.2	0.117	0.288	9.39	0.288	0.288	nd	0.288
Sens 1	71%	75%	73%	75%	75%	70%	78%	nd	71%
Spec 1	21%	61%	14%	21%	61%	20%	21%	nd	20%
Cutoff 2	0.0772	0.0780	0.0772	0.117	0.0780	0.117	0.117	nd	0.117
Sens 2	82%	88%	82%	81%	88%	80%	89%	nd	86%
Spec 2	13%	14%	11%	16%	14%	14%	16%	nd	14%
Cutoff 3	0.0606	0.0411	0.0696	0.0606	0.0411	0.0772	0.0606	nd	0.0661
Sens 3	94%	100%	91%	94%	100%	90%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	13%	9%	11%	13%	9%	11%	13%	nd	11%
Cutoff 4	17.2	18.6	17.9	17.2	18.6	17.9	17.2	nd	17.9
Sens 4	53%	62%	45%	44%	50%	40%	56%	nd	43%
Spec 4	71%	70%	71%	71%	70%	71%	71%	nd	71%
Cutoff 5	38.9	45.3	55.8	38.9	45.3	55.8	38.9	nd	55.8
Sens 5	47%	38%	36%	44%	38%	40%	56%	nd	43%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	nd	80%
Cutoff 6	222	234	232	222	234	232	222	nd	232
Sens 6	29%	25%	27%	31%	25%	30%	33%	nd	29%
Spec 6	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	nd	91%
OR Quart 2	0.13	0	0	0.13	0	0.21	0.30	nd	0
p Value	0.070	na	na	0.070	na	0.17	0.31	nd	na
95% CI of	0.015	na	na	0.015	na	0.021	0.029	nd	na
OR Quart2	1.2	na	na	1.2	na	2.0	3.0	nd	na
OR Quart 3	0.27	1.0	0.17	0.28	1.0	0.21	0	nd	0.30
p Value	0.13	1.0	0.11	0.15	1.0	0.17	na	nd	0.32
95% CI of	0.050	0.13	0.018	0.052	0.13	0.021	na	nd	0.029
OR Quart3	1.5	7.4	1.5	1.5	7.4	2.0	na	nd	3.2
OR Quart 4	1.4	2.0	1.0	1.2	2.0	0.95	1.7	nd	1.0
p Value	0.59	0.42	1.0	0.81	0.42	0.95	0.48	nd	1.0
95% CI of	0.42	0.36	0.25	0.34	0.36	0.21	0.37	nd	0.18
OR Quart4	4.7	12	4.0	4.0	12	4.4	8.1	nd	5.6

**Mucin-16**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.684	1.03	0.684	1.03	nd	nd
Average	1.18	54.9	1.18	54.9	nd	nd
Stdev	1.41	153	1.41	153	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.023		0.023	nd	nd
Min	0.141	0.304	0.141	0.304	nd	nd
Max	6.37	433	6.37	433	nd	nd
n (Samp)	41	8	41	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	41	8	41	8	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.65	nd	nd	0.65	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
SE	0.11	nd	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.20	nd	nd	0.20	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	41	nd	nd	41	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	nd	8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.781	nd	nd	0.781	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	nd	75%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	61%	nd	nd	61%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.464	nd	nd	0.464	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	nd	88%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	32%	nd	nd	32%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0.278	nd	nd	0.278	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	10%	nd	nd	10%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.961	nd	nd	0.961	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	50%	nd	nd	50%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1.31	nd	nd	1.31	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	25%	nd	nd	25%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	nd	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	3.42	nd	nd	3.42	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	12%	nd	nd	12%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	1.0	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	1.0	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.055	nd	nd	0.055	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	18	nd	nd	18	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	3.7	nd	nd	3.7	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.29	nd	nd	0.29	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.32	nd	nd	0.32	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	42	nd	nd	42	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	3.3	nd	nd	3.3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.33	nd	nd	0.33	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.29	nd	nd	0.29	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	37	nd	nd	37	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1 (cleaved)**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	0.0140	1.00E-9	0.0140	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Average	0.00479	0.0101	0.00479	0.00956	0.00479	0.00605
Stdev	0.00701	0.00857	0.00701	0.00900	0.00701	0.00754
p(t-test)		0.018		0.034		0.65
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.0357	0.0253	0.0357	0.0253	0.0357	0.0144
n (Samp)	97	12	97	12	97	7
n (Patient)	97	12	97	12	97	7

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	0.00990	1.00E-9	0.00691	nd	nd
Average	0.00475	0.00992	0.00475	0.00892	nd	nd
Stdev	0.00651	0.00984	0.00651	0.0106	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.063		0.13	nd	nd

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	nd	nd
Max	0.0357	0.0253	0.0357	0.0253	nd	nd
n (Samp)	159	6	159	6	nd	nd
n (Patient)	159	6	159	6	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	0.0140	1.00E-9	0.0140	1.00E-9	0.00691
Average	0.00380	0.00938	0.00380	0.00938	0.00380	0.00706
Stdev	0.00658	0.00789	0.00658	0.00789	0.00658	0.00773
p(t-test)		0.027		0.027		0.25
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.0357	0.0183	0.0357	0.0183	0.0357	0.0144
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Patient)	84	8	84	8	84	6

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.67	0.65	0.69	0.64	0.58	0.69	0.52	nd	0.60
SE	0.090	0.12	0.11	0.091	0.12	0.11	0.11	nd	0.13
p	0.059	0.23	0.081	0.13	0.51	0.081	0.87	nd	0.43
nCohort 1	97	159	84	97	159	84	97	nd	84
nCohort 2	12	6	8	12	6	8	7	nd	6
Cutoff 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	nd	0
Sens 1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	nd	0
Sens 2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	nd	0
Sens 3	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 4	0.00598	0.00598	0.00471	0.00598	0.00598	0.00471	0.00598	nd	0.00471
Sens 4									1
Spec 4	58%	50%	62%	58%	50%	62%	43%	nd	50%
	70%	71%	74%	70%	71%	74%	70%	nd	74%
Cutoff 5	0.0144	0.0144	0.0120	0.0144	0.0144	0.0120	0.0144	nd	0.0120
Sens 5	17%	17%	62%	17%	17%	62%	0%	nd	50%
Spec 5	94%	96%	81%	94%	96%	81%	94%	nd	81%
Cutoff 6	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	nd	0.0144
Sens 6	17%	17%	12%	17%	17%	12%	0%	nd	0%
Spec 6	94%	96%	99%	94%	96%	99%	94%	nd	99%
OR Quart 2	1.0	1.0	2.1	1.6	2.1	2.1	3.3	nd	2.0
p Value	1.0	1.0	0.56	0.64	0.56	0.56	0.32	nd	0.58
95% CI of	0.13	0.060	0.18	0.24	0.18	0.18	0.32	nd	0.17
OR Quart2	7.7	17	25	10	24	25	34	nd	24
OR Quart 3	1.0	1.0	0	0	0	0	1.0	nd	0
p Value	1.0	1.0	na	na	na	na	1.0	nd	na
95% CI of	0.13	0.060	na	na	na	na	0.059	nd	na
OR Quart3	7.7	17	na	na	na	na	17	nd	na
OR Quart 4	3.4	3.1	6.1	4.2	3.1	6.1	2.1	nd	3.1
p Value	0.16	0.34	0.11	0.095	0.34	0.11	0.56	nd	0.34
95% CI of	0.62	0.31	0.65	0.78	0.31	0.65	0.18	nd	0.30
OR Quart4	19	31	57	22	31	57	25	nd	33

**KSP-Cadherin**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.23	2.26	1.23	2.26	nd	nd
Average	1.66	2.48	1.66	2.48	nd	nd
Stdev	1.71	1.19	1.71	1.19	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.17		0.17	nd	nd
Min	0.00263	0.562	0.00263	0.562	nd	nd
Max	11.9	4.23	11.9	4.23	nd	nd
n (Samp)	68	9	68	9	nd	nd
n (Patient)	68	9	68	9	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.17	1.87	1.17	1.87	nd	nd
Average	1.76	2.07	1.76	2.07	nd	nd
Stdev	1.84	1.22	1.84	1.22	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.69		0.69	nd	nd
Min	0.00263	0.562	0.00263	0.562	nd	nd
Max	11.9	4.23	11.9	4.23	nd	nd
n (Samp)	59	6	59	6	nd	nd
n (Patient)	59	6	59	6	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.74	nd	0.64	0.74	nd	0.64	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.099	nd	0.13	0.099	nd	0.13	nd	nd	nd
p	0.017	nd	0.29	0.017	nd	0.29	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	68	nd	59	68	nd	59	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	9	nd	6	9	nd	6	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	1.61	nd	1.51	1.61	nd	1.51	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	78%	nd	83%	78%	nd	83%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	60%	nd	59%	60%	nd	59%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	1.56	nd	1.51	1.56	nd	1.51	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	89%	nd	83%	89%	nd	83%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	60%	nd	59%	60%	nd	59%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0.466	nd	0.494	0.466	nd	0.494	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	19%	nd	19%	19%	nd	19%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	1.99	nd	2.08	1.99	nd	2.08	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	67%	nd	50%	67%	nd	50%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	71%	71%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	2.24	nd	2.54	2.24	nd	2.54	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	56%	nd	17%	56%	nd	17%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	81%	81%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	3.17	nd	3.77	3.17	nd	3.77	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	22%	nd	17%	22%	nd	17%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	nd	92%	91%	nd	92%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0	nd	0	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd
p Value	na	nd	na	na	nd	na	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	na	nd	na	na	nd	na	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	na	nd	na	na	nd	na	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	3.4	nd	3.5	3.4	nd	3.5	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.31	nd	0.31	0.31	nd	0.31	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
95% CI of OR Quart3	0.32	nd	0.32	0.32	nd	0.32	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	6.0	nd	2.0	6.0	nd	2.0	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.12	nd	0.59	0.12	nd	0.59	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart4	0.63	nd	0.16	0.63	nd	0.16	nd	nd	nd
	57	nd	24	57	nd	24	nd	nd	nd

**Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.141	0.904	0.141	0.904	nd	nd
Average	0.957	1.95	0.957	1.95	nd	nd
Stdev	1.61	2.64	1.61	2.64	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.16		0.16	nd	nd
Min	0.00360	0.104	0.00360	0.104	nd	nd
Max	6.71	7.54	6.71	7.54	nd	nd
n (Samp)	41	8	41	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	41	8	41	8	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.69	nd	nd	0.69	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.11	nd	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.092	nd	nd	0.092	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	41	nd	nd	41	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	nd	8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.141	nd	nd	0.141	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	nd	75%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	51%	nd	nd	51%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.107	nd	nd	0.107	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	nd	88%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	49%	nd	nd	49%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0.0796	nd	nd	0.0796	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	41%	nd	nd	41%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.693	nd	nd	0.693	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	50%	nd	nd	50%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1.56	nd	nd	1.56	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	38%	nd	nd	38%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	nd	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	3.31	nd	nd	3.31	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	25%	nd	nd	25%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	>4.0	nd	nd	>4.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.26	nd	nd	<0.26	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart2	>0.35	nd	nd	>0.35	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	>1.1	nd	nd	>1.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.95	nd	nd	<0.95	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart3	>0.061	nd	nd	>0.061	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd



	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
OR Quart 4	>5.3	nd	nd	>5.3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.16	nd	nd	<0.16	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart4	>0.51	nd	nd	>0.51	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

[0159] Table 5: Comparison of marker levels in EDTA samples collected from Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0) and in EDTA samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage R, I or F in Cohort 2.

**Apolipoprotein A-II**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	50600	49600	50600	44300	50600	54300
Average	51700	52000	51700	50700	51700	57500
Stdev	22200	21100	22200	36000	22200	32700
p(t-test)		0.94		0.83		0.29
Min	5450	7970	5450	7680	5450	8560
Max	105000	97000	105000	253000	105000	152000
n (Samp)	105	45	105	50	105	24
n (Patient)	97	45	97	50	97	24

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	49500	59900	49500	50300	49500	57100
Average	51700	60100	51700	64100	51700	67500
Stdev	26400	18100	26400	55400	26400	44100
p(t-test)		0.26		0.097		0.062
Min	1810	34500	1810	12100	1810	10900
Max	253000	95300	253000	251000	253000	176000
n (Samp)	246	13	246	16	246	11
n (Patient)	160	13	160	16	160	11

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	50200	49600	50200	43800	50200	51400
Average	52500	51300	52500	51600	52500	58800
Stdev	20200	21600	20200	38000	20200	32900
p(t-test)		0.76		0.86		0.25
Min	8680	7970	8680	7680	8680	8560
Max	123000	97000	123000	253000	123000	152000
n (Samp)	96	40	96	44	96	21
n (Patient)	84	40	84	44	84	21

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.51	0.63	0.48	0.45	0.55	0.44	0.55	0.60	0.55
SE	0.052	0.085	0.055	0.050	0.076	0.053	0.066	0.092	0.071
p	0.89	0.12	0.75	0.35	0.55	0.24	0.50	0.27	0.49

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
nCohort 1	105	246	96	105	246	96	105	246	96
nCohort 2	45	13	40	50	16	44	24	11	21
Cutoff 1	39500	43000	39500	35500	37700	35000	40700	46100	40900
Sens 1	71%	77%	70%	70%	75%	70%	71%	73%	71%
Spec 1	33%	40%	28%	24%	31%	19%	35%	46%	31%
Cutoff 2	33000	42600	32500	29600	35500	25400	29600	37000	35000
Sens 2	80%	85%	80%	80%	81%	82%	83%	82%	81%
Spec 2	22%	39%	16%	19%	24%	6%	19%	29%	19%
Cutoff 3	23400	37000	23400	20800	14000	20800	14000	36200	21600
Sens 3	91%	92%	90%	90%	94%	91%	92%	91%	90%
Spec 3	10%	29%	5%	6%	5%	3%	4%	27%	4%
Cutoff 4	61300	61500	61500	61300	61500	61500	61300	61500	61500
Sens 4	33%	46%	30%	32%	44%	34%	46%	36%	48%
Spec 4	70%	70%	71%	70%	70%	71%	70%	70%	71%
Cutoff 5	69000	69400	67400	69000	69400	67400	69000	69400	67400
Sens 5	24%	38%	22%	18%	38%	16%	33%	36%	43%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	82000	82800	77900	82000	82800	77900	82000	82800	77900
Sens 6	9%	8%	12%	8%	12%	11%	21%	36%	19%
Spec 6	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%
OR Quart 2	1.6	4.1	0.74	0.60	0.98	0.76	0.80	4.2	0.61
p Value	0.36	0.21	0.58	0.32	0.98	0.60	0.74	0.21	0.49
95% CI of	0.59	0.45	0.25	0.22	0.24	0.27	0.22	0.46	0.15
OR Quart2	4.2	38	2.2	1.6	4.1	2.1	3.0	39	2.5
OR Quart 3	0.87	3.0	1.1	1.1	0.48	0.65	0.62	2.0	0.28
p Value	0.79	0.34	0.79	0.81	0.41	0.42	0.49	0.57	0.15
95% CI of	0.31	0.31	0.41	0.44	0.086	0.22	0.16	0.18	0.052
OR Quart3	2.5	30	3.2	2.8	2.7	1.9	2.4	23	1.5
OR Quart 4	1.2	5.2	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.6	4.1	1.6
p Value	0.67	0.14	0.79	0.75	0.53	0.22	0.42	0.21	0.41
95% CI of	0.46	0.60	0.41	0.46	0.41	0.69	0.50	0.45	0.50
OR Quart4	3.4	46	3.2	3.0	5.7	4.9	5.2	38	5.4

**Bcl2 antagonist of cell death**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.432	0.221	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	0.590	0.255	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	0.478	0.204	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.10	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.0873	0.0786	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	2.49	0.651	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	32	6	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	20	6	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.596	0.213	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	0.643	0.243	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	0.503	0.174	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.035	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.0873	0.0786	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	2.49	0.651	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
n (Samp)	27	8	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	17	8	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.21	nd	0.19	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.12	nd	0.098	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.012	nd	0.0013	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	32	nd	27	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	6	nd	8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.114	nd	0.181	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	83%	nd	75%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	6%	nd	15%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.114	nd	0.114	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	83%	nd	88%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	6%	nd	7%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.703	nd	0.771	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	72%	nd	70%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	0.991	nd	1.01	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	1.05	nd	1.13	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	0%	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	nd	93%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	>1.2	nd	>1.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.88	nd	<0.94	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart2	>0.067	nd	>0.060	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	>2.5	nd	>4.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.49	nd	<0.24	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart3	>0.19	nd	>0.37	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	>5.0	nd	>9.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.20	nd	<0.083	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart4	>0.42	nd	>0.75	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Caspase-9**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	25.5	14.8	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	44.5	24.6	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	60.6	24.9	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.27	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.400	4.59	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	366	78.6	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	57	12	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	37	12	nd	nd	nd	nd

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	22.8	13.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	42.5	12.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	58.2	7.24	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.21	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.400	4.32	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	366	21.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	89	6	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	61	6	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	30.1	9.06	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	50.3	20.6	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	67.6	24.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.12	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	6.05	3.79	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	366	78.6	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	42	14	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	27	14	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.39	0.28	0.26	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.094	0.12	0.083	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.25	0.077	0.0038	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	57	89	42	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	12	6	14	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	8.91	3.65	6.05	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	100%	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	21%	7%	2%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	8.22	3.65	4.59	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	83%	100%	86%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	19%	7%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	4.59	3.65	3.79	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	92%	100%	93%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	9%	7%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	46.1	45.3	49.3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	17%	0%	14%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	70%	71%	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	54.5	57.5	54.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	17%	0%	14%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	81%	81%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	90.6	94.1	106	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	0%	0%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	91%	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	1.1	>1.0	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.95	<0.98	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.13	>0.062	0.12	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	8.6	na	8.3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	1.7	>3.4	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.58	<0.30	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.25	>0.33	0.12	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	12	na	8.3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	3.3	>2.3	8.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
p Value	0.19	<0.51	0.026	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart4	0.55	>0.19	1.3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
	20	na	50	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Cadherin-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	72700	88200	72700	92800	72700	98500
Average	102000	129000	102000	127000	102000	134000
Stdev	106000	88400	106000	90200	106000	91700
p(t-test)		0.26		0.28		0.28
Min	14500	34900	14500	3320	14500	25800
Max	621000	334000	621000	340000	621000	283000
n (Samp)	52	28	52	31	52	16
n (Patient)	50	28	50	31	50	16

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	86800	130000	86800	73000	86800	109000
Average	116000	145000	116000	120000	116000	116000
Stdev	94600	90700	94600	94900	94600	73700
p(t-test)		0.35		0.87		0.99
Min	3320	34900	3320	30700	3320	56100
Max	621000	334000	621000	340000	621000	283000
n (Samp)	123	10	123	16	123	8
n (Patient)	96	10	96	16	96	8

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	81200	88200	81200	103000	81200	89400
Average	119000	122000	119000	122000	119000	139000
Stdev	114000	85000	114000	78600	114000	94300
p(t-test)		0.89		0.89		0.59
Min	39700	38100	39700	3320	39700	25800
Max	621000	314000	621000	300000	621000	277000
n (Samp)	51	22	51	27	51	11
n (Patient)	44	22	44	27	44	11

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.62	0.63	0.54	0.59	0.47	0.57	0.62	0.56	0.59
SE	0.067	0.098	0.075	0.065	0.078	0.069	0.083	0.11	0.098
p	0.066	0.18	0.57	0.15	0.72	0.32	0.13	0.57	0.38
nCohort 1	52	123	51	52	123	51	52	123	51
nCohort 2	28	10	22	31	16	27	16	8	11
Cutoff 1	78500	79100	75400	62800	40700	67700	61700	61700	79100
Sens 1	71%	70%	73%	71%	75%	70%	75%	75%	73%
Spec 1	56%	46%	41%	42%	9%	37%	40%	31%	49%
Cutoff 2	52700	78500	52700	47600	39700	54300	57000	57000	70100
Sens 2	82%	80%	82%	81%	81%	81%	81%	88%	82%
Spec 2	21%	46%	12%	17%	8%	14%	29%	26%	39%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Cutoff 3	40700	72100	47600	39700	31800	39700	48100	54700	47600
Sens 3	93%	90%	91%	90%	94%	93%	94%	100%	91%
Spec 3	10%	41%	10%	8%	6%	2%	19%	23%	10%
Cutoff 4	97000	131000	100000	97000	131000	100000	97000	131000	100000
Sens 4	46%	50%	32%	48%	38%	52%	50%	25%	45%
Spec 4	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%
Cutoff 5	114000	165000	138000	114000	165000	138000	114000	165000	138000
Sens 5	36%	40%	27%	42%	38%	33%	38%	12%	36%
Spec 5	81%	80%	80%	81%	80%	80%	81%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	153000	243000	242000	153000	243000	242000	153000	243000	242000
Sens 6	32%	20%	18%	39%	6%	11%	31%	12%	27%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	0.78	3.2	0.74	0.47	0.14	0.54	1.0	2.0	0.93
p Value	0.72	0.33	0.70	0.27	0.079	0.41	1.0	0.58	0.94
95% CI of	0.19	0.32	0.16	0.12	0.016	0.13	0.17	0.17	0.11
OR Quart2	3.1	32	3.4	1.8	1.3	2.3	5.8	23	7.6
OR Quart 3	1.3	2.1	1.7	0.60	0.62	1.6	1.4	4.3	1.6
p Value	0.74	0.56	0.48	0.44	0.50	0.50	0.67	0.21	0.63
95% CI of	0.33	0.18	0.41	0.16	0.16	0.42	0.27	0.45	0.23
OR Quart3	4.7	24	6.7	2.2	2.4	5.9	7.7	41	11
OR Quart 4	2.3	4.3	1.2	2.0	0.83	1.8	2.5	0.97	2.2
p Value	0.20	0.21	0.80	0.27	0.78	0.39	0.25	0.98	0.42
95% CI of	0.64	0.45	0.29	0.58	0.23	0.48	0.52	0.058	0.33
OR Quart4	8.5	40	4.9	6.9	3.0	6.6	13	16	14

**Cadherin-5**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	20.4	21.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	20.5	23.9	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	5.01	5.05	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.065	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	12.4	18.0	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	35.9	32.1	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	48	9	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	30	9	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	20.5	21.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	20.7	23.3	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	4.09	5.02	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.080	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	12.4	17.0	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	29.3	32.1	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	34	11	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	20	11	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.69	nd	0.64	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.10	nd	0.10	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
p	0.077	nd	0.16	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	48	nd	34	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	9	nd	11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	20.6	nd	19.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	78%	nd	73%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	54%	nd	44%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	18.9	nd	18.9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	89%	nd	82%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	42%	nd	38%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	17.1	nd	17.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	91%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	33%	nd	26%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	22.6	nd	22.7	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	44%	nd	45%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	24.0	nd	24.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	44%	nd	45%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	82%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	26.5	nd	26.2	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	33%	nd	27%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	92%	nd	91%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	>2.3	nd	3.8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.51	nd	0.29	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.19	nd	0.32	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	na	nd	43	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	>3.8	nd	2.2	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.27	nd	0.54	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.35	nd	0.17	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	na	nd	29	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	>5.1	nd	7.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.17	nd	0.10	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.50	nd	0.68	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	na	nd	75	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	208	138	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1230	1120	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	2090	1790	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.87	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.116	28.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	6840	5430	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	56	12	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	37	12	nd	nd	nd	nd

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	197	171	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1140	463	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	1940	716	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.40	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.116	73.9	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Max	6840	1910	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	88	6	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	61	6	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	381	151	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1460	1310	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	2310	2210	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.84	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.116	28.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	6840	6400	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	41	14	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	27	14	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.49	0.46	0.44	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.093	0.12	0.091	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.91	0.78	0.52	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	56	88	41	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	12	6	14	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	116	123	108	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	83%	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	32%	33%	27%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	96.8	123	73.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	83%	83%	86%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	30%	33%	17%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	47.1	73.1	42.3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	92%	100%	93%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	12%	17%	12%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	715	715	902	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	33%	17%	21%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	70%	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1430	1430	1760	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	25%	17%	21%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	82%	80%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	5560	5160	6560	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	0%	0%	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	91%	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0.62	2.2	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.63	0.53	1.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart2	0.090	0.18	0.16	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
	4.3	26	6.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	1.9	2.1	2.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.42	0.56	0.41	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart3	0.38	0.18	0.38	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
	9.9	25	11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	0.62	1.0	1.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.63	0.98	0.92	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of OR Quart4	0.090	0.062	0.18	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
	4.3	18	6.8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd



**Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.66	2.13	1.66	2.36	1.66	2.26
Average	2.32	3.66	2.32	3.88	2.32	3.00
Stdev	2.32	4.90	2.32	5.35	2.32	2.72
p(t-test)		0.0028		6.3E-4		0.17
Min	0.183	0.453	0.183	0.562	0.183	0.363
Max	20.8	30.1	20.8	33.6	20.8	12.5
n (Samp)	260	51	260	56	260	25
n (Patient)	110	51	110	56	110	25

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.77	1.68	1.77	2.00	1.77	1.91
Average	2.76	3.12	2.76	3.22	2.76	1.68
Stdev	3.35	4.09	3.35	3.30	3.35	0.833
p(t-test)		0.66		0.54		0.25
Min	0.183	0.245	0.183	0.355	0.183	0.363
Max	33.6	17.1	33.6	14.5	33.6	2.69
n (Samp)	466	18	466	21	466	13
n (Patient)	180	18	180	21	180	13

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.62	2.22	1.62	2.36	1.62	2.26
Average	2.47	3.81	2.47	3.82	2.47	3.39
Stdev	2.58	4.85	2.58	5.27	2.58	2.98
p(t-test)		0.0067		0.0083		0.11
Min	0.183	0.622	0.183	0.562	0.183	0.591
Max	20.8	30.1	20.8	33.6	20.8	12.5
n (Samp)	213	51	213	53	213	23
n (Patient)	89	51	89	53	89	23

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.60	0.48	0.63	0.63	0.54	0.62	0.60	0.43	0.62
SE	0.045	0.070	0.046	0.043	0.066	0.045	0.062	0.084	0.065
p	0.026	0.73	0.0052	0.0029	0.51	0.0056	0.12	0.44	0.073
nCohort 1	260	466	213	260	466	213	260	466	213
nCohort 2	51	18	51	56	21	53	25	13	23
Cutoff 1	1.35	1.17	1.52	1.70	1.22	1.77	1.43	1.05	1.57
Sens 1	71%	72%	71%	71%	71%	72%	72%	77%	74%
Spec 1	40%	31%	47%	53%	32%	58%	43%	26%	49%
Cutoff 2	1.10	0.591	1.11	1.02	1.01	1.02	0.855	0.971	0.855
Sens 2	80%	83%	80%	80%	81%	81%	80%	85%	83%
Spec 2	32%	8%	32%	30%	25%	30%	23%	23%	22%
Cutoff 3	0.893	0.448	0.919	0.787	0.731	0.787	0.679	0.417	0.699
Sens 3	90%	94%	90%	91%	90%	91%	92%	92%	91%
Spec 3	25%	4%	23%	20%	13%	18%	16%	3%	15%
Cutoff 4	2.42	2.71	2.52	2.42	2.71	2.52	2.42	2.71	2.52
Sens 4	39%	28%	45%	45%	43%	42%	48%	0%	48%
Spec 4	70%	70%	71%	70%	70%	71%	70%	70%	71%
Cutoff 5	3.34	3.88	3.74	3.34	3.88	3.74	3.34	3.88	3.74
Sens 5	31%	22%	31%	32%	29%	28%	32%	0%	30%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	4.93	5.28	5.88	4.93	5.28	5.88	4.93	5.28	5.88
Sens 6	20%	17%	12%	18%	14%	11%	12%	0%	17%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	2.0	0.59	1.1	0.67	0.99	0.45	0.48	>7.4	0.79
p Value	0.17	0.48	0.80	0.44	0.99	0.17	0.31	<0.063	0.73
95% CI of	0.75	0.14	0.41	0.24	0.28	0.15	0.11	>0.90	0.20
OR Quart2	5.3	2.5	3.2	1.9	3.5	1.4	2.0	na	3.1
OR Quart 3	2.2	1.0	2.5	2.3	0.58	2.4	1.2	>3.1	1.0
p Value	0.11	1.0	0.050	0.046	0.47	0.041	0.77	<0.33	1.0
95% CI of	0.83	0.28	1.0	1.0	0.14	1.0	0.38	>0.32	0.27
OR Quart3	5.8	3.5	6.3	5.4	2.5	5.7	3.7	na	3.7
OR Quart 4	2.8	1.0	2.5	2.2	1.6	2.1	1.5	>3.1	1.9
p Value	0.033	1.0	0.050	0.068	0.40	0.10	0.43	<0.33	0.26
95% CI of	1.1	0.28	1.0	0.94	0.52	0.87	0.52	>0.32	0.61
OR Quart4	7.2	3.5	6.3	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.6	na	6.2

**Myoglobin**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	26.8	36.2	26.8	41.7	26.8	54.3
Average	66.0	106	66.0	168	66.0	113
Stdev	145	166	145	301	145	194
p(t-test)		0.078		1.8E-4		0.13
Min	4.60	6.86	4.60	4.40	4.60	7.57
Max	1720	737	1720	1470	1720	988
n (Samp)	260	51	260	56	260	25
n (Patient)	110	51	110	56	110	25

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	33.0	62.6	33.0	64.7	33.0	69.7
Average	83.7	266	83.7	272	83.7	94.9
Stdev	191	465	191	433	191	93.0
p(t-test)		2.8E-4		5.2E-5		0.83
Min	3.68	8.01	3.68	4.40	3.68	7.57
Max	2130	1880	2130	1470	2130	308
n (Samp)	466	18	466	21	466	13
n (Patient)	180	18	180	21	180	13

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	27.4	37.3	27.4	41.0	27.4	62.1
Average	72.4	102	72.4	147	72.4	165
Stdev	153	158	153	260	153	320
p(t-test)		0.22		0.0071		0.017
Min	4.60	6.86	4.60	8.81	4.60	8.40
Max	1720	737	1720	1410	1720	1310
n (Samp)	213	51	213	53	213	23
n (Patient)	89	51	89	53	89	23

	0hr prior to AKI stage	24hr prior to AKI stage	48hr prior to AKI stage
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	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.60	0.65	0.59	0.65	0.61	0.64	0.63	0.62	0.63
SE	0.045	0.072	0.046	0.043	0.067	0.045	0.062	0.084	0.065
p	0.034	0.041	0.039	7.0E-4	0.086	0.0019	0.036	0.15	0.051
nCohort 1	260	466	213	260	466	213	260	466	213
nCohort 2	51	18	51	56	21	53	25	13	23
Cutoff 1	21.3	26.6	20.9	27.5	24.5	27.5	20.6	25.6	20.4
Sens 1	71%	72%	71%	71%	71%	72%	72%	77%	74%
Spec 1	40%	43%	40%	52%	38%	50%	39%	41%	40%
Cutoff 2	18.6	25.4	18.6	18.6	19.2	18.9	17.4	17.4	16.3
Sens 2	80%	83%	80%	80%	81%	81%	80%	85%	83%
Spec 2	33%	41%	34%	33%	31%	35%	30%	25%	29%
Cutoff 3	12.5	8.56	14.8	12.3	12.9	13.2	9.64	8.39	10.6
Sens 3	90%	94%	90%	91%	90%	91%	92%	92%	91%
Spec 3	18%	8%	26%	18%	17%	21%	13%	8%	15%
Cutoff 4	50.2	60.4	56.0	50.2	60.4	56.0	50.2	60.4	56.0
Sens 4	43%	50%	41%	46%	52%	45%	52%	54%	52%
Spec 4	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	74.3	93.4	84.8	74.3	93.4	84.8	74.3	93.4	84.8
Sens 5	35%	39%	35%	43%	38%	42%	44%	31%	43%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	138	171	174	138	171	174	138	171	174
Sens 6	22%	33%	16%	29%	29%	26%	20%	15%	13%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	1.6	2.6	2.9	0.88	0.99	2.0	1.0	0.99	0.74
p Value	0.36	0.27	0.038	0.80	0.99	0.16	1.0	0.99	0.70
95% CI of	0.60	0.49	1.1	0.32	0.24	0.75	0.24	0.14	0.16
OR Quart2	4.1	13	8.1	2.4	4.1	5.5	4.2	7.2	3.4
OR Quart 3	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.8	0.99	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.3
p Value	0.26	0.65	0.20	0.19	0.99	0.31	0.51	0.66	0.73
95% CI of	0.67	0.25	0.69	0.75	0.24	0.61	0.42	0.25	0.32
OR Quart3	4.4	9.2	5.8	4.5	4.1	4.7	5.7	9.1	5.0
OR Quart 4	2.6	4.2	4.0	3.4	2.3	4.1	3.0	3.1	3.2
p Value	0.039	0.073	0.0059	0.0045	0.17	0.0030	0.070	0.17	0.063
95% CI of	1.1	0.88	1.5	1.5	0.70	1.6	0.91	0.61	0.94
OR Quart4	6.4	20	11	7.9	7.8	10	10.0	16	11

**Mucin-16**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.11	1.51	1.11	2.02	1.11	1.59
Average	3.53	10.4	3.53	13.9	3.53	3.72
Stdev	14.4	41.9	14.4	46.3	14.4	6.27
p(t-test)		0.19		0.063		0.95
Min	0.117	0.204	0.117	0.122	0.117	0.122
Max	131	253	131	248	131	31.2
n (Samp)	82	36	82	45	82	26
n (Patient)	75	36	75	45	75	26

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.41	1.27	1.41	1.83	1.41	1.24
Average	8.87	1.81	8.87	5.69	8.87	1.52
Stdev	35.3	1.57	35.3	9.55	35.3	1.06
p(t-test)		0.49		0.74		0.53

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Min	0.117	0.481	0.117	0.631	0.117	0.631
Max	263	5.56	263	37.0	263	4.16
n (Samp)	197	12	197	14	197	9
n (Patient)	131	12	131	14	131	9

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.24	1.60	1.24	2.52	1.24	2.44
Average	3.82	12.7	3.82	14.8	3.82	4.48
Stdev	15.1	46.6	15.1	47.3	15.1	6.81
p(t-test)		0.14		0.067		0.84
Min	0.122	0.204	0.122	0.122	0.122	0.122
Max	131	253	131	248	131	31.2
n (Samp)	75	29	75	43	75	21
n (Patient)	62	29	62	43	62	21

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.62	0.47	0.61	0.65	0.61	0.64	0.62	0.45	0.66
SE	0.058	0.087	0.064	0.052	0.082	0.054	0.066	0.10	0.071
p	0.036	0.72	0.084	0.0055	0.18	0.0073	0.068	0.64	0.024
nCohort 1	82	197	75	82	197	75	82	197	75
nCohort 2	36	12	29	45	14	43	26	9	21
Cutoff 1	1.06	1.09	0.999	1.06	1.33	1.12	1.06	1.01	1.25
Sens 1	72%	75%	72%	71%	71%	72%	73%	78%	71%
Spec 1	50%	41%	44%	50%	47%	47%	50%	38%	52%
Cutoff 2	0.803	0.821	0.761	0.821	1.02	0.803	0.999	0.754	1.06
Sens 2	81%	83%	83%	80%	86%	81%	85%	89%	81%
Spec 2	46%	36%	33%	46%	38%	43%	48%	29%	47%
Cutoff 3	0.464	0.481	0.379	0.334	1.01	0.334	0.630	0.630	0.999
Sens 3	92%	92%	93%	91%	93%	91%	92%	100%	90%
Spec 3	16%	16%	11%	10%	38%	8%	24%	22%	44%
Cutoff 4	2.09	3.28	1.96	2.09	3.28	1.96	2.09	3.28	1.96
Sens 4	39%	17%	45%	49%	43%	56%	38%	11%	52%
Spec 4	72%	70%	71%	72%	70%	71%	72%	70%	71%
Cutoff 5	2.78	5.21	2.98	2.78	5.21	2.98	2.78	5.21	2.98
Sens 5	36%	8%	41%	44%	29%	47%	27%	0%	38%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	4.88	8.80	5.21	4.88	8.80	5.21	4.88	8.80	5.21
Sens 6	28%	0%	31%	29%	14%	28%	12%	0%	14%
Spec 6	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%
OR Quart 2	2.4	1.0	1.5	2.9	5.3	2.2	3.4	1.0	2.9
p Value	0.16	0.98	0.51	0.071	0.13	0.18	0.10	0.99	0.23
95% CI of OR Quart2	0.70	0.14	0.42	0.91	0.60	0.69	0.78	0.062	0.50
OR Quart 3	8.2	7.5	5.7	8.9	47	7.1	14	17	17
OR Quart 3	1.8	3.3	1.0	1.2	3.1	1.7	2.3	6.7	3.7
p Value	0.35	0.15	1.0	0.80	0.34	0.37	0.28	0.085	0.14
95% CI of OR Quart3	0.52	0.64	0.25	0.34	0.31	0.52	0.51	0.77	0.66
OR Quart 4	6.5	17	4.0	4.0	30	5.7	10	57	20
OR Quart 4	3.7	1.0	3.6	6.1	5.3	5.0	4.0	1.0	5.5
p Value	0.034	0.98	0.043	0.0018	0.13	0.0061	0.060	0.99	0.046
95% CI of OR Quart4	1.1	0.14	1.0	2.0	0.60	1.6	0.95	0.062	1.0
OR Quart 4	12	7.5	12	19	47	16	17	17	29

**Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	0.00240	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Average	0.00715	0.0102	0.00715	0.0133	0.00715	0.0150
Stdev	0.0203	0.0434	0.0203	0.0446	0.0203	0.0622
p(t-test)		0.60		0.30		0.34
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.114	0.262	0.114	0.286	0.114	0.300
n (Samp)	79	36	79	41	79	23
n (Patient)	72	36	72	41	72	23

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	0.00507	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Average	0.00582	0.0263	0.00582	0.0316	0.00582	0.0334
Stdev	0.0146	0.0783	0.0146	0.0849	0.0146	0.0938
p(t-test)		0.0040		6.0E-4		7.1E-4
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.114	0.262	0.114	0.286	0.114	0.300
n (Samp)	187	11	187	11	187	10
n (Patient)	127	11	127	11	127	10

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	0.00131	1.00E-9	0.00131	0.00202	0.00131	1.00E-9
Average	0.00817	0.00387	0.00817	0.0104	0.00817	0.00218
Stdev	0.0213	0.00693	0.0213	0.0213	0.0213	0.00328
p(t-test)		0.28		0.60		0.25
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.114	0.0300	0.114	0.108	0.114	0.00903
n (Samp)	70	30	70	40	70	17
n (Patient)	56	30	56	40	56	17

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.47	0.44	0.45	0.61	0.62	0.57	0.47	0.51	0.43
SE	0.059	0.092	0.064	0.055	0.093	0.058	0.069	0.094	0.080
p	0.65	0.52	0.43	0.038	0.21	0.22	0.72	0.91	0.35
nCohort 1	79	187	70	79	187	70	79	187	70
nCohort 2	36	11	30	41	11	40	23	10	17
Cutoff 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sens 1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Spec 1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Cutoff 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sens 2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Spec 2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Cutoff 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sens 3	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Spec 3	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Cutoff 4	0.00274	0.00377	0.00377	0.00274	0.00377	0.00377	0.00274	0.00377	0.00377
Sens 4	33%	27%	33%	49%	64%	42%	30%	40%	24%
Spec 4	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%	71%
Cutoff 5	0.00507	0.00819	0.00813	0.00507	0.00819	0.00813	0.00507	0.00819	0.00813
Sens 5	28%	27%	17%	37%	27%	35%	26%	30%	12%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 5	81%	82%	80%	81%	82%	80%	81%	82%	80%
Cutoff 6	0.0166	0.0136	0.0165	0.0166	0.0136	0.0165	0.0166	0.0136	0.0165
Sens 6	6%	18%	7%	17%	18%	18%	4%	20%	0%
Spec 6	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	0.12	0	0.24	6.0	0	1.1	1.1	0.48	0.71
p Value	0.011	na	0.057	0.012	na	0.84	0.94	0.41	0.68
95% CI of	0.024	na	0.056	1.5	na	0.36	0.29	0.084	0.14
OR Quart2	0.61	na	1.0	24	na	3.5	3.8	2.7	3.6
OR Quart 3	2.0	1.4	1.2	5.2	1.0	1.2	2.4	0	1.7
p Value	0.19	0.70	0.77	0.021	1.0	0.77	0.14	na	0.47
95% CI of	0.71	0.29	0.38	1.3	0.24	0.38	0.74	na	0.40
OR Quart3	5.7	6.4	3.7	21	4.2	3.8	8.1	na	7.1
OR Quart 4	0.55	1.4	0.84	9.0	0.72	2.4	0	0.98	1.1
p Value	0.30	0.68	0.77	0.0020	0.68	0.13	na	0.98	0.94
95% CI of	0.17	0.30	0.26	2.2	0.15	0.78	na	0.23	0.23
OR Quart4	1.7	6.6	2.7	36	3.4	7.2	na	4.2	4.9

[0160] Table 6: Comparison of marker levels in EDTA samples collected from Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0 or R) and in EDTA samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage I or F in Cohort 2.

**Apolipoprotein A-II**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	54100	49700	54100	45500	54100	43300
Average	55400	59300	55400	51900	55400	46600
Stdev	29200	19900	29200	32000	29200	33800
p(t-test)		0.57		0.57		0.26
Min	5450	32800	5450	10700	5450	1810
Max	253000	97000	253000	176000	253000	152000
n (Samp)	230	19	230	26	230	15
n (Patient)	158	19	158	26	158	15

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	52600	51800	52600	45500	52600	43200
Average	54900	58300	54900	51000	54900	47000
Stdev	29800	21200	29800	31800	29800	35000
p(t-test)		0.62		0.54		0.35
Min	7680	23300	7680	10700	7680	1810
Max	253000	97000	253000	176000	253000	152000
n (Samp)	201	19	201	26	201	14
n (Patient)	133	19	133	26	133	14

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.56	nd	0.56	0.44	nd	0.43	0.36	nd	0.37
SE	0.071	nd	0.071	0.061	nd	0.062	0.079	nd	0.082
p	0.38	nd	0.40	0.30	nd	0.24	0.069	nd	0.11

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
nCohort 1	230	nd	201	230	nd	201	230	nd	201
nCohort 2	19	nd	19	26	nd	26	15	nd	14
Cutoff 1	43600	nd	43600	35400	nd	35000	36000	nd	36000
Sens 1	74%	nd	74%	73%	nd	73%	73%	nd	71%
Spec 1	35%	nd	36%	21%	nd	21%	21%	nd	21%
Cutoff 2	43000	nd	40500	30600	nd	30600	35900	nd	31700
Sens 2	84%	nd	84%	81%	nd	81%	80%	nd	86%
Spec 2	34%	nd	30%	17%	nd	18%	21%	nd	19%
Cutoff 3	40200	nd	32500	28300	nd	26600	7970	nd	7970
Sens 3	95%	nd	95%	92%	nd	92%	93%	nd	93%
Spec 3	30%	nd	20%	16%	nd	14%	1%	nd	1%
Cutoff 4	64400	nd	64800	64400	nd	64800	64400	nd	64800
Sens 4	42%	nd	42%	19%	nd	15%	13%	nd	14%
Spec 4	70%	nd	70%	70%	nd	70%	70%	nd	70%
Cutoff 5	72600	nd	72300	72600	nd	72300	72600	nd	72300
Sens 5	26%	nd	26%	12%	nd	12%	13%	nd	14%
Spec 5	80%	nd	80%	80%	nd	80%	80%	nd	80%
Cutoff 6	87100	nd	83600	87100	nd	83600	87100	nd	83600
Sens 6	16%	nd	16%	8%	nd	8%	7%	nd	7%
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%	90%	nd	90%	90%	nd	90%
OR Quart 2	12	nd	5.2	1.2	nd	1.9	0	nd	0
p Value	0.021	nd	0.041	0.75	nd	0.35	na	nd	na
95% CI of	1.5	nd	1.1	0.35	nd	0.51	na	nd	na
OR Quart2	95	nd	25	4.2	nd	6.7	na	nd	na
OR Quart 3	1.0	nd	0.49	1.2	nd	1.6	3.9	nd	3.9
p Value	1.0	nd	0.57	0.75	nd	0.51	0.099	nd	0.10
95% CI of	0.061	nd	0.043	0.35	nd	0.42	0.77	nd	0.77
OR Quart3	16	nd	5.6	4.2	nd	5.8	20	nd	20
OR Quart 4	7.6	nd	3.9	1.9	nd	2.5	3.3	nd	2.7
p Value	0.061	nd	0.10	0.26	nd	0.14	0.16	nd	0.25
95% CI of	0.91	nd	0.77	0.61	nd	0.73	0.63	nd	0.50
OR Quart4	64	nd	20	6.1	nd	8.8	17	nd	15

**Caspase-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	70.5	58.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	90.5	69.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	59.1	45.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.31	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	20.6	36.3	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	326	188	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	60	9	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	37	9	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	72.3	58.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	91.4	69.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	54.9	45.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.27	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	33.8	36.3	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	271	188	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
n (Samp)	45	9	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	26	9	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.32	nd	0.31	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.10	nd	0.10	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.089	nd	0.066	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	60	nd	45	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	9	nd	9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	45.8	nd	45.8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	78%	nd	78%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	15%	nd	11%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	42.1	nd	42.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	89%	nd	89%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	13%	nd	9%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	35.1	nd	33.8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	5%	nd	2%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	95.6	nd	95.9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	11%	nd	11%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	70%	nd	73%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	110	nd	103	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	11%	nd	11%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	nd	80%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	147	nd	186	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	11%	nd	11%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	91%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	1.1	nd	1.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.97	nd	0.96	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.061	nd	0.061	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	18	nd	19	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	5.2	nd	5.2	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.16	nd	0.17	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.52	nd	0.50	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	53	nd	54	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	3.6	nd	3.9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.29	nd	0.27	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.34	nd	0.35	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	39	nd	43	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Caspase-9**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	21.3	7.75	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	42.0	23.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	59.4	35.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.36	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.400	3.79	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	366	114	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	82	9	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	59	9	nd	nd	nd	nd



	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	23.9	7.75	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	46.6	23.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	65.1	35.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.30	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.400	3.79	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	366	114	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	64	9	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	46	9	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.32	nd	0.28	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.10	nd	0.10	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.085	nd	0.032	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	82	nd	64	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	9	nd	9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	4.69	nd	4.69	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	78%	nd	78%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	9%	nd	3%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	4.59	nd	4.59	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	89%	nd	89%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	9%	nd	3%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	3.65	nd	0.400	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	6%	nd	2%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	43.6	nd	45.3	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	11%	nd	11%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	70%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	52.2	nd	54.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	11%	nd	11%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	87.8	nd	106	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	11%	nd	11%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	91%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	2.1	nd	2.2	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.56	nd	0.52	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.18	nd	0.19	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	25	nd	27	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	1.0	nd	1.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	1.0	nd	0.97	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.059	nd	0.061	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	17	nd	18	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	6.5	nd	6.9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.10	nd	0.094	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.69	nd	0.72	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	61	nd	67	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Cadherin-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	77700	123000	77700	103000	77700	117000
Average	113000	130000	113000	122000	113000	146000
Stdev	97300	57100	97300	77800	97300	81700

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
p(t-test)		0.64		0.70		0.26
Min	14500	51600	14500	3320	14500	50500
Max	621000	231000	621000	340000	621000	285000
n (Samp)	123	7	123	20	123	12
n (Patient)	97	7	97	20	97	12

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	86600	95800	86600	105000
Average	nd	nd	123000	105000	123000	128000
Stdev	nd	nd	101000	52100	101000	80100
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.44		0.88
Min	nd	nd	25800	3320	25800	50500
Max	nd	nd	621000	209000	621000	277000
n (Samp)	nd	nd	104	20	104	10
n (Patient)	nd	nd	81	20	81	10

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.67	nd	nd	0.60	nd	0.54	0.69	nd	0.57
SE	0.12	nd	nd	0.071	nd	0.072	0.088	nd	0.098
p	0.14	nd	nd	0.16	nd	0.54	0.031	nd	0.47
nCohort 1	123	nd	nd	123	nd	104	123	nd	104
nCohort 2	7	nd	nd	20	nd	20	12	nd	10
Cutoff 1	108000	nd	nd	81200	nd	85700	100000	nd	79100
Sens 1	71%	nd	nd	70%	nd	70%	75%	nd	70%
Spec 1	70%	nd	nd	53%	nd	50%	67%	nd	45%
Cutoff 2	91400	nd	nd	69300	nd	70100	79100	nd	75400
Sens 2	86%	nd	nd	80%	nd	80%	83%	nd	80%
Spec 2	63%	nd	nd	45%	nd	38%	52%	nd	40%
Cutoff 3	51000	nd	nd	54100	nd	63600	75400	nd	54100
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	90%	nd	90%	92%	nd	90%
Spec 3	20%	nd	nd	24%	nd	33%	48%	nd	18%
Cutoff 4	110000	nd	nd	110000	nd	114000	110000	nd	114000
Sens 4	57%	nd	nd	40%	nd	30%	50%	nd	40%
Spec 4	71%	nd	nd	71%	nd	70%	71%	nd	70%
Cutoff 5	165000	nd	nd	165000	nd	184000	165000	nd	184000
Sens 5	29%	nd	nd	25%	nd	10%	25%	nd	20%
Spec 5	80%	nd	nd	80%	nd	81%	80%	nd	81%
Cutoff 6	248000	nd	nd	248000	nd	257000	248000	nd	257000
Sens 6	0%	nd	nd	5%	nd	0%	25%	nd	20%
Spec 6	90%	nd	nd	90%	nd	90%	90%	nd	90%
OR Quart 2	0	nd	nd	0.97	nd	3.5	2.0	nd	0.96
p Value	na	nd	nd	0.97	nd	0.15	0.58	nd	0.97
95% CI of	na	nd	nd	0.18	nd	0.64	0.17	nd	0.13
OR Quart2	na	nd	nd	5.2	nd	19	23	nd	7.4
OR Quart 3	4.4	nd	nd	3.0	nd	5.0	6.9	nd	2.2
p Value	0.19	nd	nd	0.12	nd	0.054	0.083	nd	0.40
95% CI of	0.47	nd	nd	0.74	nd	0.98	0.78	nd	0.36
OR Quart3	42	nd	nd	13	nd	26	60	nd	13
OR Quart 4	2.0	nd	nd	2.1	nd	2.1	3.1	nd	0.96
p Value	0.58	nd	nd	0.31	nd	0.40	0.34	nd	0.97
95% CI of	0.17	nd	nd	0.49	nd	0.36	0.31	nd	0.13
OR Quart4	23	nd	nd	9.3	nd	13	31	nd	7.4

**Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	178	415	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	989	2040	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	1850	2760	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.13	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.116	55.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	6840	6400	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	80	9	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	58	9	nd	nd	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	182	415	nd	nd	nd	nd
Average	1090	2040	nd	nd	nd	nd
Stdev	2000	2760	nd	nd	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.21	nd	nd	nd	nd
Min	0.116	55.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
Max	6840	6400	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Samp)	62	9	nd	nd	nd	nd
n (Patient)	45	9	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.58	nd	0.56	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.10	nd	0.11	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.44	nd	0.55	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	80	nd	62	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	9	nd	9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	82.7	nd	82.7	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	78%	nd	78%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	20%	nd	19%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	61.7	nd	55.2	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	89%	nd	89%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	18%	nd	16%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	53.6	nd	52.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	15%	nd	15%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	429	nd	470	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	44%	nd	44%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	70%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1300	nd	1410	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	33%	nd	33%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	3790	nd	5160	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	33%	nd	22%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	0.30	nd	0.27	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.32	nd	0.29	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.029	nd	0.026	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	3.2	nd	2.9	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	0.30	nd	0.58	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.32	nd	0.58	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.029	nd	0.085	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
OR Quart3	3.2	nd	4.0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	1.3	nd	0.93	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	0.73	nd	0.94	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.26	nd	0.16	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	6.8	nd	5.4	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

**Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.71	2.13	1.71	2.32	1.71	2.36
Average	2.73	2.72	2.73	2.84	2.73	2.41
Stdev	3.35	2.76	3.35	2.87	3.35	1.73
p(t-test)		0.99		0.86		0.69
Min	0.183	0.324	0.183	0.245	0.183	0.355
Max	33.6	14.1	33.6	16.6	33.6	7.86
n (Samp)	434	27	434	34	434	17
n (Patient)	173	27	173	34	173	17

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.74	2.90	1.74	3.41	1.74	2.55
Average	2.76	4.92	2.76	2.99	2.76	3.08
Stdev	3.28	6.27	3.28	1.97	3.28	1.69
p(t-test)		0.11		0.84		0.80
Min	0.183	0.324	0.183	0.245	0.183	0.355
Max	33.6	17.1	33.6	5.37	33.6	5.44
n (Samp)	535	6	535	9	535	7
n (Patient)	207	6	207	9	207	7

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.77	2.36	1.77	2.32	1.77	1.93
Average	2.89	2.85	2.89	2.92	2.89	2.26
Stdev	3.55	2.71	3.55	2.91	3.55	1.79
p(t-test)		0.95		0.97		0.47
Min	0.183	0.491	0.183	0.710	0.183	0.324
Max	33.6	14.1	33.6	16.6	33.6	7.86
n (Samp)	359	27	359	32	359	17
n (Patient)	139	27	139	32	139	17

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.53	0.57	0.55	0.55	0.58	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.48
SE	0.058	0.12	0.059	0.053	0.10	0.054	0.073	0.11	0.072
p	0.56	0.57	0.43	0.35	0.42	0.37	0.54	0.20	0.81
nCohort 1	434	535	359	434	535	359	434	535	359
nCohort 2	27	6	27	34	9	32	17	7	17
Cutoff 1	1.26	0.825	1.49	1.23	1.22	1.27	1.68	2.44	1.62
Sens 1	70%	83%	70%	71%	78%	72%	71%	71%	71%
Spec 1	35%	16%	41%	34%	32%	34%	48%	66%	45%
Cutoff 2	1.04	0.825	1.09	0.971	0.562	1.06	1.04	2.28	0.679

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Sens 2	81%	83%	81%	82%	89%	81%	82%	86%	82%
Spec 2	28%	16%	28%	25%	7%	27%	28%	63%	10%
Cutoff 3	0.768	0.314	0.883	0.795	0.241	0.872	0.611	0.314	0.562
Sens 3	93%	100%	93%	91%	100%	91%	94%	100%	94%
Spec 3	15%	2%	18%	17%	1%	18%	10%	2%	6%
Cutoff 4	2.71	2.71	3.17	2.71	2.71	3.17	2.71	2.71	3.17
Sens 4	26%	50%	22%	38%	56%	34%	29%	43%	12%
Spec 4	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	3.99	3.88	4.22	3.99	3.88	4.22	3.99	3.88	4.22
Sens 5	11%	33%	11%	18%	33%	16%	12%	29%	12%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	5.44	5.46	5.97	5.44	5.46	5.97	5.44	5.46	5.97
Sens 6	7%	17%	7%	12%	0%	3%	6%	0%	6%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	1.2	0	1.5	0.85	0.50	0.99	0.99	0	4.3
p Value	0.76	na	0.53	0.78	0.57	0.99	0.99	na	0.071
95% CI of	0.36	na	0.41	0.28	0.044	0.31	0.20	na	0.88
OR Quart2	4.1	na	5.6	2.6	5.5	3.2	5.0	na	21
OR Quart 3	2.1	0.50	3.0	1.8	0.50	2.3	3.1	3.0	1.5
p Value	0.19	0.57	0.070	0.24	0.57	0.10	0.092	0.34	0.65
95% CI of	0.69	0.044	0.91	0.68	0.044	0.84	0.83	0.31	0.25
OR Quart3	6.3	5.5	9.7	4.7	5.5	6.4	12	30	9.3
OR Quart 4	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.3	2.6	1.2	0.65	3.0	2.0
p Value	0.77	0.66	0.53	0.61	0.27	0.79	0.65	0.34	0.42
95% CI of	0.36	0.25	0.41	0.47	0.49	0.38	0.11	0.31	0.37
OR Quart4	4.0	9.1	5.6	3.6	13	3.6	4.0	29	11

**Myoglobin**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	28.5	65.8	28.5	80.9	28.5	82.0
Average	82.5	171	82.5	252	82.5	221
Stdev	182	372	182	471	182	396
p(t-test)		0.024		1.2E-5		0.0040
Min	3.55	4.22	3.55	3.96	3.55	5.12
Max	2130	1880	2130	1880	2130	1310
n (Samp)	434	27	434	34	434	17
n (Patient)	173	27	173	34	173	17

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	32.7	142	32.7	125	32.7	151
Average	87.4	640	87.4	653	87.4	396
Stdev	195	849	195	793	195	429
p(t-test)		3.2E-10		3.3E-14		5.1E-5
Min	3.55	35.2	3.55	13.0	3.55	17.5
Max	2130	1880	2130	1880	2130	1180
n (Samp)	535	6	535	9	535	7
n (Patient)	207	6	207	9	207	7

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	30.3	56.9	30.3	86.9	30.3	79.1

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Average	83.3	103	83.3	171	83.3	261
Stdev	185	149	185	306	185	518
p(t-test)		0.59		0.016		7.1E-4
Min	4.60	4.22	4.60	3.96	4.60	5.12
Max	2130	646	2130	1410	2130	1880
n (Samp)	359	27	359	32	359	17
n (Patient)	139	27	139	32	139	17

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.66	0.83	0.64	0.66	0.70	0.67	0.64	0.81	0.65
SE	0.059	0.10	0.059	0.053	0.098	0.054	0.074	0.099	0.074
p	0.0056	0.0015	0.015	0.0030	0.041	0.0022	0.050	0.0018	0.040
nCohort 1	434	535	359	434	535	359	434	535	359
nCohort 2	27	6	27	34	9	32	17	7	17
Cutoff 1	42.7	66.9	42.7	34.8	31.4	38.6	34.8	101	34.8
Sens 1	70%	83%	70%	71%	78%	72%	71%	71%	71%
Spec 1	64%	73%	63%	57%	50%	59%	57%	82%	55%
Cutoff 2	22.9	66.9	22.9	16.2	19.2	18.9	17.5	87.6	18.7
Sens 2	81%	83%	81%	82%	89%	81%	82%	86%	82%
Spec 2	40%	73%	39%	25%	30%	31%	27%	78%	30%
Cutoff 3	18.3	34.8	18.3	12.9	12.9	12.9	11.1	17.4	11.1
Sens 3	93%	100%	93%	91%	100%	91%	94%	100%	94%
Spec 3	30%	53%	30%	18%	17%	18%	13%	25%	12%
Cutoff 4	56.0	60.1	57.8	56.0	60.1	57.8	56.0	60.1	57.8
Sens 4	52%	83%	48%	62%	56%	69%	65%	86%	65%
Spec 4	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Cutoff 5	93.4	95.1	95.1	93.4	95.1	95.1	93.4	95.1	95.1
Sens 5	33%	67%	22%	44%	56%	47%	35%	71%	35%
Spec 5	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Cutoff 6	182	180	188	182	180	188	182	180	188
Sens 6	15%	33%	7%	24%	44%	19%	18%	43%	18%
Spec 6	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
OR Quart 2	2.6	>0	2.6	0.27	2.0	0.32	1.5	0	1.0
p Value	0.27	<na	0.27	0.11	0.57	0.16	0.66	na	1.0
95% CI of	0.49	>na	0.48	0.056	0.18	0.062	0.25	na	0.14
OR Quart2	14	na	13	1.3	22	1.6	9.2	na	7.3
OR Quart 3	4.8	>2.0	4.9	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.99	0	2.0
p Value	0.048	<0.57	0.047	1.0	1.0	0.79	0.99	na	0.42
95% CI of	1.0	>0.18	1.0	0.34	0.062	0.38	0.14	na	0.37
OR Quart3	23	na	23	2.9	16	3.6	7.2	na	11
OR Quart 4	5.9	>4.1	6.0	2.9	5.2	3.2	5.3	6.2	4.9
p Value	0.023	<0.21	0.022	0.024	0.14	0.020	0.033	0.094	0.047
95% CI of	1.3	>0.45	1.3	1.1	0.59	1.2	1.1	0.73	1.0
OR Quart4	27	na	28	7.1	45	8.5	25	52	23

**Mucin-16**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.34	1.72	1.34	1.78	1.34	2.02
Average	4.05	40.6	4.05	23.6	4.05	19.4
Stdev	10.9	98.2	10.9	66.0	10.9	61.0
p(t-test)		4.2E-6		2.0E-4		0.0027

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Min	0.117	1.12	0.117	0.191	0.117	0.549
Max	131	263	131	253	131	248
n (Samp)	196	7	196	22	196	16
n (Patient)	130	7	130	22	130	16

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	1.46	2.02	1.46	3.28
Average	nd	nd	4.51	27.2	4.51	23.4
Stdev	nd	nd	11.7	70.6	11.7	67.5
p(t-test)	nd	nd		1.8E-4		0.0018
Min	nd	nd	0.122	0.191	0.122	0.549
Max	nd	nd	131	253	131	248
n (Samp)	nd	nd	170	19	170	13
n (Patient)	nd	nd	108	19	108	13

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.66	nd	nd	0.60	nd	0.59	0.64	nd	0.66
SE	0.11	nd	nd	0.067	nd	0.072	0.077	nd	0.085
p	0.16	nd	nd	0.12	nd	0.23	0.078	nd	0.059
nCohort 1	196	nd	nd	196	nd	170	196	nd	170
nCohort 2	7	nd	nd	22	nd	19	16	nd	13
Cutoff 1	1.33	nd	nd	1.09	nd	1.12	1.23	nd	1.28
Sens 1	71%	nd	nd	73%	nd	74%	75%	nd	77%
Spec 1	50%	nd	nd	41%	nd	39%	46%	nd	44%
Cutoff 2	1.23	nd	nd	1.01	nd	0.633	1.01	nd	1.01
Sens 2	86%	nd	nd	82%	nd	84%	81%	nd	85%
Spec 2	46%	nd	nd	38%	nd	22%	38%	nd	35%
Cutoff 3	1.09	nd	nd	0.464	nd	0.424	0.761	nd	0.821
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	91%	nd	95%	94%	nd	92%
Spec 3	41%	nd	nd	14%	nd	12%	29%	nd	32%
Cutoff 4	2.77	nd	nd	2.77	nd	3.55	2.77	nd	3.55
Sens 4	43%	nd	nd	41%	nd	37%	44%	nd	46%
Spec 4	70%	nd	nd	70%	nd	70%	70%	nd	70%
Cutoff 5	4.41	nd	nd	4.41	nd	4.88	4.41	nd	4.88
Sens 5	29%	nd	nd	32%	nd	32%	38%	nd	38%
Spec 5	80%	nd	nd	80%	nd	80%	80%	nd	80%
Cutoff 6	6.95	nd	nd	6.95	nd	7.65	6.95	nd	7.65
Sens 6	29%	nd	nd	27%	nd	32%	31%	nd	38%
Spec 6	90%	nd	nd	90%	nd	90%	90%	nd	90%
OR Quart 2	>2.0	nd	nd	0.98	nd	1.0	6.6	nd	3.1
p Value	<0.57	nd	nd	0.98	nd	1.0	0.085	nd	0.34
95% CI of OR Quart2	>0.18	nd	nd	0.23	nd	0.23	0.77	nd	0.31
	na	nd	nd	4.1	nd	4.3	57	nd	31
OR Quart 3	>3.1	nd	nd	1.6	nd	1.0	3.1	nd	3.1
p Value	<0.33	nd	nd	0.51	nd	1.0	0.33	nd	0.34
95% CI of OR Quart3	>0.31	nd	nd	0.42	nd	0.23	0.31	nd	0.31
	na	nd	nd	5.9	nd	4.3	31	nd	31
OR Quart 4	>2.0	nd	nd	2.1	nd	1.8	6.6	nd	6.6
p Value	<0.57	nd	nd	0.24	nd	0.36	0.085	nd	0.087
95% CI of OR Quart4	>0.18	nd	nd	0.60	nd	0.50	0.77	nd	0.76
	na	nd	nd	7.5	nd	6.7	57	nd	57

**Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	0.00692	1.00E-9	0.00181	1.00E-9	0.00572
Average	0.00543	0.0417	0.00543	0.0242	0.00543	0.0256
Stdev	0.0150	0.0972	0.0150	0.0668	0.0150	0.0736
p(t-test)		4.5E-5		0.0018		0.0020
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	0.114	0.262	0.114	0.286	0.114	0.300
n (Samp)	189	7	189	18	189	16
n (Patient)	125	7	125	18	125	16

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	0.000420	0.00142	0.000420	0.00220
Average	nd	nd	0.00637	0.0151	0.00637	0.00604
Stdev	nd	nd	0.0161	0.0277	0.0161	0.00762
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.053		0.94
Min	nd	nd	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	nd	nd	0.114	0.108	0.114	0.0222
n (Samp)	nd	nd	162	17	162	13
n (Patient)	nd	nd	101	17	101	13

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.63	nd	nd	0.61	nd	0.59	0.65	nd	0.57
SE	0.12	nd	nd	0.073	nd	0.076	0.077	nd	0.086
p	0.25	nd	nd	0.12	nd	0.25	0.060	nd	0.38
nCohort 1	189	nd	nd	189	nd	162	189	nd	162
nCohort 2	7	nd	nd	18	nd	17	16	nd	13
Cutoff 1	0	nd	nd	0	nd	0	0	nd	0
Sens 1	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 1	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 2	0	nd	nd	0	nd	0	0	nd	0
Sens 2	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 2	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 3	0	nd	nd	0	nd	0	0	nd	0
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 4	0.00367	nd	nd	0.00367	nd	0.00444	0.00367	nd	0.00444
Sens 4	57%	nd	nd	44%	nd	47%	50%	nd	38%
Spec 4	70%	nd	nd	70%	nd	70%	70%	nd	70%
Cutoff 5	0.00692	nd	nd	0.00692	nd	0.00819	0.00692	nd	0.00819
Sens 5	43%	nd	nd	39%	nd	35%	50%	nd	31%
Spec 5	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	82%	81%	nd	82%
Cutoff 6	0.0124	nd	nd	0.0124	nd	0.0136	0.0124	nd	0.0136
Sens 6	29%	nd	nd	28%	nd	29%	31%	nd	23%
Spec 6	91%	nd	nd	91%	nd	90%	91%	nd	90%
OR Quart 2	>3.2	nd	nd	>7.9	nd	1.3	>5.5	nd	4.2
p Value	<0.32	nd	nd	<0.057	nd	0.72	<0.12	nd	0.21
95% CI of	>0.32	nd	nd	>0.94	nd	0.28	>0.62	nd	0.45
OR Quart2	na	nd	nd	na	nd	6.3	na	nd	39
OR Quart 3	>0	nd	nd	>4.2	nd	0.98	>3.2	nd	3.1
p Value	<na	nd	nd	<0.20	nd	0.98	<0.32	nd	0.34
95% CI of	>na	nd	nd	>0.46	nd	0.19	>0.32	nd	0.31
OR Quart3	na	nd	nd	na	nd	5.1	na	nd	31



	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
OR Quart 4	>4.4	nd	nd	>7.9	nd	2.5	>9.3	nd	5.4
p Value	<0.20	nd	nd	<0.057	nd	0.20	<0.039	nd	0.13
95% CI of	>0.47	nd	nd	>0.94	nd	0.61	>1.1	nd	0.60
OR Quart4	na	nd	nd	na	nd	10	na	nd	48

**Cellular tumor antigen p53**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Average	0.0690	0.289	0.0690	0.143	0.0690	0.172
Stdev	0.419	0.698	0.419	0.551	0.419	0.595
p(t-test)		0.19		0.49		0.36
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	3.70	1.87	3.70	2.35	3.70	2.39
n (Samp)	189	7	189	18	189	16
n (Patient)	125	7	125	18	125	16

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	nd	nd	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Average	nd	nd	0.0804	0.0131	0.0804	0.0283
Stdev	nd	nd	0.452	0.0316	0.452	0.0790
p(t-test)	nd	nd		0.54		0.68
Min	nd	nd	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9
Max	nd	nd	3.70	0.117	3.70	0.285
n (Samp)	nd	nd	162	17	162	13
n (Patient)	nd	nd	101	17	101	13

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.64	nd	nd	0.62	nd	0.59	0.54	nd	0.52
SE	0.11	nd	nd	0.073	nd	0.076	0.077	nd	0.084
p	0.21	nd	nd	0.091	nd	0.23	0.57	nd	0.80
nCohort 1	189	nd	nd	189	nd	162	189	nd	162
nCohort 2	7	nd	nd	18	nd	17	16	nd	13
Cutoff 1	0	nd	nd	0	nd	0	0	nd	0
Sens 1	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 1	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 2	0	nd	nd	0	nd	0	0	nd	0
Sens 2	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 2	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 3	0	nd	nd	0	nd	0	0	nd	0
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	0%	0%	nd	0%
Cutoff 4	1.00E-9	nd	nd	1.00E-9	nd	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	nd	1.00E-9
Sens 4	43%	nd	nd	44%	nd	41%	25%	nd	23%
Spec 4	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	80%	81%	nd	80%
Cutoff 5	1.00E-9	nd	nd	1.00E-9	nd	0.000790	1.00E-9	nd	0.000790
Sens 5	43%	nd	nd	44%	nd	35%	25%	nd	23%
Spec 5	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	81%	81%	nd	81%
Cutoff 6	0.0225	nd	nd	0.0225	nd	0.0267	0.0225	nd	0.0267
Sens 6	43%	nd	nd	17%	nd	12%	25%	nd	15%
Spec 6	90%	nd	nd	90%	nd	90%	90%	nd	90%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
OR Quart 2	3.1	nd	nd	10	nd	>13	>16	nd	>13
p Value	0.33	nd	nd	0.029	nd	<0.018	<0.0096	nd	<0.018
95% CI of	0.31	nd	nd	1.3	nd	>1.5	>2.0	nd	>1.5
OR Quart2	31	nd	nd	86	nd	na	na	nd	na
OR Quart 3	0	nd	nd	0	nd	>0	>0	nd	>0
p Value	na	nd	nd	na	nd	<na	<na	nd	<na
95% CI of	na	nd	nd	na	nd	>na	>na	nd	>na
OR Quart3	na	nd	nd	na	nd	na	na	nd	na
OR Quart 4	3.1	nd	nd	9.1	nd	>8.1	>4.2	nd	>3.1
p Value	0.33	nd	nd	0.041	nd	<0.055	<0.20	nd	<0.33
95% CI of	0.31	nd	nd	1.1	nd	>0.95	>0.46	nd	>0.31
OR Quart4	31	nd	nd	76	nd	na	na	nd	na

[0161] Table 7: Comparison of marker levels in EDTA samples collected within 12 hours of reaching stage R from Cohort 1 (patients that reached, but did not progress beyond, RIFLE stage R) and from Cohort 2 (patients that reached RIFLE stage I or F).

**Apolipoprotein A-II**

	sCr or UO		sCr only		UO only	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	57100	48800	nd	nd	57100	45400
Average	57200	51600	nd	nd	57000	46300
Stdev	36400	24300	nd	nd	39000	21400
p(t-test)		0.53	nd	nd		0.34
Min	7970	1810	nd	nd	7970	1810
Max	251000	100000	nd	nd	251000	75500
n (Samp)	50	19	nd	nd	41	14
n (Patient)	50	19	nd	nd	41	14

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.47	nd	0.44
SE	0.079	nd	0.091
p	0.69	nd	0.49
nCohort 1	50	nd	41
nCohort 2	19	nd	14
Cutoff 1	37400	nd	32500
Sens 1	74%	nd	71%
Spec 1	26%	nd	24%
Cutoff 2	28800	nd	27600
Sens 2	84%	nd	86%
Spec 2	18%	nd	22%
Cutoff 3	23900	nd	23900
Sens 3	95%	nd	93%
Spec 3	16%	nd	20%
Cutoff 4	64400	nd	66800
Sens 4	26%	nd	21%
Spec 4	70%	nd	71%
Cutoff 5	72300	nd	72300
Sens 5	21%	nd	14%
Spec 5	80%	nd	80%
Cutoff 6	83600	nd	85700

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Sens 6	11%	nd	0%
Spec 6	90%	nd	90%
OR Quart 2	0.80	nd	1.0
p Value	0.77	nd	1.0
95% CI of	0.17	nd	0.16
OR Quart2	3.7	nd	6.1
OR Quart 3	1.1	nd	1.5
p Value	0.91	nd	0.66
95% CI of	0.25	nd	0.26
OR Quart3	4.7	nd	8.2
OR Quart 4	1.1	nd	1.6
p Value	0.91	nd	0.58
95% CI of	0.25	nd	0.29
OR Quart4	4.7	nd	9.3

**Myoglobin**

	sCr or UO		sCr only		UO only	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	40.1	64.7	nd	nd	35.8	79.1
Average	139	182	nd	nd	132	88.9
Stdev	314	344	nd	nd	329	98.2
p(t-test)		0.60	nd	nd		0.60
Min	7.19	4.16	nd	nd	7.19	4.16
Max	2130	1310	nd	nd	2130	397
n (Samp)	54	23	nd	nd	46	17
n (Patient)	54	23	nd	nd	46	17

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.55	nd	0.54
SE	0.073	nd	0.083
p	0.48	nd	0.66
nCohort 1	54	nd	46
nCohort 2	23	nd	17
Cutoff 1	30.3	nd	34.2
Sens 1	74%	nd	71%
Spec 1	43%	nd	50%
Cutoff 2	17.8	nd	15.3
Sens 2	83%	nd	82%
Spec 2	19%	nd	13%
Cutoff 3	12.9	nd	4.16
Sens 3	91%	nd	94%
Spec 3	13%	nd	0%
Cutoff 4	91.7	nd	90.0
Sens 4	35%	nd	41%
Spec 4	70%	nd	72%
Cutoff 5	189	nd	141
Sens 5	17%	nd	18%
Spec 5	81%	nd	80%
Cutoff 6	328	nd	315
Sens 6	13%	nd	6%
Spec 6	91%	nd	91%
OR Quart 2	0.41	nd	0.29
p Value	0.26	nd	0.18

	At Enrollment		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
95% CI of OR Quart2	0.085	nd	0.046
	1.9	nd	1.8
OR Quart 3	1.6	nd	0.91
p Value	0.50	nd	0.90
95% CI of OR Quart3	0.42	nd	0.20
	5.9	nd	4.1
OR Quart 4	0.93	nd	0.91
p Value	0.91	nd	0.90
95% CI of OR Quart4	0.24	nd	0.20
	3.6	nd	4.1

[0162] Table 8: Comparison of the maximum marker levels in EDTA samples collected from Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0) and the maximum values in EDTA samples collected from subjects between enrollment and 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage F in Cohort 2.

**Apolipoprotein A-II**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	52600	43600	52600	41100	52600	57700
Average	52700	57800	52700	57100	52700	72600
Stdev	22500	48900	22500	51100	22500	58900
p(t-test)		0.55		0.62		0.068
Min	5450	10700	5450	10700	5450	9430
Max	105000	176000	105000	176000	105000	176000
n (Samp)	97	11	97	10	97	6
n (Patient)	97	11	97	10	97	6

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	53400	57800	53400	52600	53400	57700
Average	53900	66500	53900	64700	53900	72600
Stdev	20600	54800	20600	54700	20600	58900
p(t-test)		0.18		0.25		0.073
Min	8680	10700	8680	10700	8680	9430
Max	123000	176000	123000	176000	123000	176000
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Patient)	84	8	84	8	84	6

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.46	nd	0.53	0.45	nd	0.51	0.57	nd	0.56
SE	0.094	nd	0.11	0.098	nd	0.11	0.13	nd	0.13
p	0.69	nd	0.78	0.61	nd	0.94	0.59	nd	0.66
nCohort 1	97	nd	84	97	nd	84	97	nd	84
nCohort 2	11	nd	8	10	nd	8	6	nd	6
Cutoff 1	37600	nd	37600	37600	nd	37600	37600	nd	37600
Sens 1	73%	nd	75%	70%	nd	75%	83%	nd	83%
Spec 1	27%	nd	19%	27%	nd	19%	27%	nd	19%
Cutoff 2	14000	nd	10700	14000	nd	10700	37600	nd	37600

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Sens 2	82%	nd	88%	80%	nd	88%	83%	nd	83%
Spec 2	4%	nd	1%	4%	nd	1%	27%	nd	19%
Cutoff 3	10700	nd	8680	10700	nd	8680	8680	nd	8680
Sens 3	91%	nd	100%	90%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	2%	nd	1%	2%	nd	1%	2%	nd	1%
Cutoff 4	61600	nd	61700	61600	nd	61700	61600	nd	61700
Sens 4	36%	nd	50%	40%	nd	50%	50%	nd	50%
Spec 4	70%	nd	70%	70%	nd	70%	70%	nd	70%
Cutoff 5	70000	nd	69100	70000	nd	69100	70000	nd	69100
Sens 5	36%	nd	50%	30%	nd	38%	50%	nd	50%
Spec 5	80%	nd	81%	80%	nd	81%	80%	nd	81%
Cutoff 6	82900	nd	77900	82900	nd	77900	82900	nd	77900
Sens 6	18%	nd	25%	20%	nd	25%	33%	nd	33%
Spec 6	91%	nd	90%	91%	nd	90%	91%	nd	90%
OR Quart 2	0	nd	0.30	0.31	nd	0.30	2.0	nd	0.45
p Value	na	nd	0.32	0.32	nd	0.32	0.58	nd	0.53
95% CI of	na	nd	0.029	0.030	nd	0.029	0.17	nd	0.038
OR Quart2	na	nd	3.2	3.2	nd	3.2	24	nd	5.4
OR Quart 3	1.0	nd	0	1.0	nd	0.30	0	nd	0
p Value	1.0	nd	na	1.0	nd	0.32	na	nd	na
95% CI of	0.22	nd	na	0.18	nd	0.029	na	nd	na
OR Quart3	4.5	nd	na	5.5	nd	3.2	na	nd	na
OR Quart 4	0.72	nd	1.4	1.0	nd	1.0	3.1	nd	1.5
p Value	0.69	nd	0.68	0.96	nd	1.0	0.34	nd	0.67
95% CI of	0.14	nd	0.28	0.19	nd	0.18	0.30	nd	0.23
OR Quart4	3.6	nd	7.1	5.7	nd	5.6	32	nd	10.0

**Caspase-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	91.6	138	91.6	90.7	91.6	83.0
Average	108	154	108	121	108	101
Stdev	74.7	96.4	74.7	71.9	74.7	53.3
p(t-test)		0.17		0.69		0.83
Min	33.8	44.7	33.8	44.7	33.8	44.7
Max	326	328	326	241	326	192
n (Samp)	26	8	26	7	26	6
n (Patient)	26	8	26	7	26	6

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.67	nd	nd	0.56	nd	nd	0.51	nd	nd
SE	0.12	nd	nd	0.13	nd	nd	0.13	nd	nd
p	0.15	nd	nd	0.62	nd	nd	0.94	nd	nd
nCohort 1	26	nd	nd	26	nd	nd	26	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	nd	7	nd	nd	6	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	71.0	nd	nd	70.7	nd	nd	66.1	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	83%	nd	nd
Spec 1	38%	nd	nd	38%	nd	nd	31%	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	70.7	nd	nd	66.1	nd	nd	66.1	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	nd	86%	nd	nd	83%	nd	nd
Spec 2	38%	nd	nd	31%	nd	nd	31%	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Cutoff 3	42.1	nd	nd	42.1	nd	nd	42.1	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd
Spec 3	15%	nd	nd	15%	nd	nd	15%	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	103	nd	nd	103	nd	nd	103	nd	nd
Sens 4	62%	nd	nd	43%	nd	nd	33%	nd	nd
Spec 4	73%	nd	nd	73%	nd	nd	73%	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	121	nd	nd	121	nd	nd	121	nd	nd
Sens 5	62%	nd	nd	43%	nd	nd	33%	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	254	nd	nd	254	nd	nd	254	nd	nd
Sens 6	12%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Spec 6	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	2.0	nd	nd	2.3	nd	nd	2.3	nd	nd
p Value	0.60	nd	nd	0.53	nd	nd	0.53	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.15	nd	nd	0.17	nd	nd	0.17	nd	nd
OR Quart2	27	nd	nd	33	nd	nd	33	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	0	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd
p Value	na	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd
95% CI of	na	nd	nd	0.052	nd	nd	0.052	nd	nd
OR Quart3	na	nd	nd	19	nd	nd	19	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	8.8	nd	nd	3.5	nd	nd	2.3	nd	nd
p Value	0.086	nd	nd	0.33	nd	nd	0.53	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.74	nd	nd	0.28	nd	nd	0.17	nd	nd
OR Quart4	100	nd	nd	43	nd	nd	33	nd	nd

**Caspase-9**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	28.7	12.2	28.7	6.83	28.7	7.20
Average	50.0	16.5	50.0	13.7	50.0	14.2
Stdev	69.0	14.3	69.0	15.0	69.0	16.2
p(t-test)		0.16		0.18		0.22
Min	2.58	4.32	2.58	3.79	2.58	3.79
Max	366	46.4	366	46.4	366	46.4
n (Samp)	37	9	37	7	37	6
n (Patient)	37	9	37	7	37	6

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.29	nd	nd	0.22	nd	nd	0.23	nd	nd
SE	0.10	nd	nd	0.11	nd	nd	0.12	nd	nd
p	0.040	nd	nd	0.012	nd	nd	0.024	nd	nd
nCohort 1	37	nd	nd	37	nd	nd	37	nd	nd
nCohort 2	9	nd	nd	7	nd	nd	6	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	6.05	nd	nd	6.05	nd	nd	4.34	nd	nd
Sens 1	78%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	83%	nd	nd
Spec 1	11%	nd	nd	11%	nd	nd	8%	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	4.34	nd	nd	4.34	nd	nd	4.34	nd	nd
Sens 2	89%	nd	nd	86%	nd	nd	83%	nd	nd
Spec 2	8%	nd	nd	8%	nd	nd	8%	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	3.30	nd	nd	3.30	nd	nd	3.30	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 3	5%	nd	nd	5%	nd	nd	5%	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	50.7	nd	nd	50.7	nd	nd	50.7	nd	nd
Sens 4	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Spec 4	70%	nd	nd	70%	nd	nd	70%	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	71.4	nd	nd	71.4	nd	nd	71.4	nd	nd
Sens 5	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	106	nd	nd	106	nd	nd	106	nd	nd
Sens 6	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Spec 6	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	>4.5	nd	nd	>1.1	nd	nd	>1.1	nd	nd
p Value	<0.23	nd	nd	<0.95	nd	nd	<0.95	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.39	nd	nd	>0.060	nd	nd	>0.060	nd	nd
OR Quart2	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	>2.4	nd	nd	>2.4	nd	nd	>1.1	nd	nd
p Value	<0.50	nd	nd	<0.49	nd	nd	<0.95	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.19	nd	nd	>0.19	nd	nd	>0.060	nd	nd
OR Quart3	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	>6.9	nd	nd	>6.3	nd	nd	>7.3	nd	nd
p Value	<0.11	nd	nd	<0.13	nd	nd	<0.10	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.63	nd	nd	>0.58	nd	nd	>0.66	nd	nd
OR Quart4	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd

**Cadherin-1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	72700	112000	72700	112000	72700	162000
Average	103000	157000	103000	154000	103000	174000
Stdev	108000	103000	108000	105000	108000	96900
p(t-test)		0.13		0.15		0.13
Min	14500	38300	14500	38300	14500	50500
Max	621000	340000	621000	340000	621000	285000
n (Samp)	50	12	50	12	50	6
n (Patient)	50	12	50	12	50	6

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	77600	151000	77600	132000	nd	nd
Average	110000	170000	110000	163000	nd	nd
Stdev	96000	127000	96000	132000	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.15		0.20	nd	nd
Min	14500	38300	14500	38300	nd	nd
Max	621000	340000	621000	340000	nd	nd
n (Samp)	96	6	96	6	nd	nd
n (Patient)	96	6	96	6	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	80200	162000	80200	162000	80200	162000
Average	114000	170000	114000	170000	114000	174000
Stdev	117000	86300	117000	86300	117000	96900
p(t-test)		0.21		0.21		0.24
Min	39700	64400	39700	64400	39700	50500

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Max	621000	285000	621000	285000	621000	285000
n (Samp)	44	8	44	8	44	6
n (Patient)	44	8	44	8	44	6

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.69	0.62	0.77	0.66	0.56	0.77	0.77	nd	0.74
SE	0.092	0.13	0.10	0.093	0.13	0.10	0.12	nd	0.12
p	0.038	0.35	0.0087	0.094	0.65	0.0087	0.021	nd	0.050
nCohort 1	50	96	44	50	96	44	50	nd	44
nCohort 2	12	6	8	12	6	8	6	nd	6
Cutoff 1	88900	53300	105000	62800	53300	105000	105000	nd	105000
Sens 1	75%	83%	75%	75%	83%	75%	83%	nd	83%
Spec 1	62%	22%	75%	42%	22%	75%	76%	nd	75%
Cutoff 2	62800	53300	88900	54100	53300	88900	105000	nd	105000
Sens 2	83%	83%	88%	83%	83%	88%	83%	nd	83%
Spec 2	42%	22%	59%	24%	22%	59%	76%	nd	75%
Cutoff 3	52600	38100	62800	52600	38100	62800	48100	nd	47600
Sens 3	92%	100%	100%	92%	100%	100%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	22%	6%	34%	22%	6%	34%	20%	nd	11%
Cutoff 4	97000	108000	97500	97000	108000	97500	97000	nd	97500
Sens 4	58%	50%	75%	58%	50%	75%	83%	nd	83%
Spec 4	70%	71%	70%	70%	71%	70%	70%	nd	70%
Cutoff 5	114000	151000	131000	114000	151000	131000	114000	nd	131000
Sens 5	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	67%	nd	50%
Spec 5	80%	80%	82%	80%	80%	82%	80%	nd	82%
Cutoff 6	153000	242000	153000	153000	242000	153000	153000	nd	153000
Sens 6	42%	33%	50%	42%	33%	50%	50%	nd	50%
Spec 6	90%	91%	91%	90%	91%	91%	90%	nd	91%
OR Quart 2	0.43	0	>1.1	0.27	0	>1.1	0	nd	0
p Value	0.51	na	<0.96	0.28	na	<0.96	na	nd	na
95% CI of	0.035	na	>0.061	0.025	na	>0.061	na	nd	na
OR Quart2	5.3	na	na	2.9	na	na	na	nd	na
OR Quart 3	1.6	0.48	>3.9	0.62	0	>3.9	1.0	nd	1.0
p Value	0.63	0.56	<0.27	0.63	na	<0.27	1.0	nd	1.0
95% CI of	0.23	0.041	>0.35	0.087	na	>0.35	0.056	nd	0.055
OR Quart3	11	5.7	na	4.3	na	na	18	nd	18
OR Quart 4	3.9	1.5	>5.8	2.4	0.96	>5.8	5.2	nd	4.9
p Value	0.14	0.67	<0.14	0.29	0.96	<0.14	0.17	nd	0.19
95% CI of	0.64	0.23	>0.55	0.47	0.17	>0.55	0.50	nd	0.46
OR Quart4	24	9.8	na	12	5.3	na	54	nd	52

**Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	212	243	212	255	212	299
Average	1210	333	1210	363	1210	402
Stdev	1930	337	1930	383	1930	405
p(t-test)		0.19		0.26		0.32
Min	42.3	73.9	42.3	68.7	42.3	68.7
Max	6840	1190	6840	1190	6840	1190
n (Samp)	37	9	37	7	37	6
n (Patient)	37	9	37	7	37	6



	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.46	nd	nd	0.45	nd	nd	0.47	nd	nd
SE	0.11	nd	nd	0.12	nd	nd	0.13	nd	nd
p	0.71	nd	nd	0.68	nd	nd	0.81	nd	nd
nCohort 1	37	nd	nd	37	nd	nd	37	nd	nd
nCohort 2	9	nd	nd	7	nd	nd	6	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	138	nd	nd	138	nd	nd	138	nd	nd
Sens 1	78%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	83%	nd	nd
Spec 1	38%	nd	nd	38%	nd	nd	38%	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	125	nd	nd	125	nd	nd	138	nd	nd
Sens 2	89%	nd	nd	86%	nd	nd	83%	nd	nd
Spec 2	32%	nd	nd	32%	nd	nd	38%	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	73.1	nd	nd	61.7	nd	nd	61.7	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd
Spec 3	14%	nd	nd	11%	nd	nd	11%	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	866	nd	nd	866	nd	nd	866	nd	nd
Sens 4	11%	nd	nd	14%	nd	nd	17%	nd	nd
Spec 4	70%	nd	nd	70%	nd	nd	70%	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	1760	nd	nd	1760	nd	nd	1760	nd	nd
Sens 5	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	5160	nd	nd	5160	nd	nd	5160	nd	nd
Sens 6	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd
Spec 6	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd	92%	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	6.3	nd	nd	3.8	nd	nd	3.8	nd	nd
p Value	0.13	nd	nd	0.29	nd	nd	0.29	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.58	nd	nd	0.32	nd	nd	0.32	nd	nd
OR Quart2	68	nd	nd	43	nd	nd	43	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	3.7	nd	nd	2.2	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd
p Value	0.29	nd	nd	0.54	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.32	nd	nd	0.17	nd	nd	0.055	nd	nd
OR Quart3	42	nd	nd	29	nd	nd	18	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	1.1	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd	1.1	nd	nd
p Value	0.95	nd	nd	1.0	nd	nd	0.94	nd	nd
95% CI of	0.060	nd	nd	0.055	nd	nd	0.060	nd	nd
OR Quart4	20	nd	nd	18	nd	nd	20	nd	nd

**Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.72	3.47	1.72	3.47	1.72	2.26
Average	2.52	4.00	2.52	3.11	2.52	2.81
Stdev	2.90	3.87	2.90	1.92	2.90	1.94
p(t-test)		0.065		0.42		0.77
Min	0.183	0.726	0.183	0.563	0.183	0.726
Max	20.8	17.1	20.8	5.94	20.8	5.94
n (Samp)	110	17	110	17	110	9
n (Patient)	110	17	110	17	110	9

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.88	2.35	1.88	2.35	nd	nd
Average	3.12	2.81	3.12	2.75	nd	nd
Stdev	4.09	2.17	4.09	2.23	nd	nd

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
p(t-test)		0.83		0.80	nd	nd
Min	0.183	0.726	0.183	0.563	nd	nd
Max	33.6	5.44	33.6	5.44	nd	nd
n (Samp)	180	8	180	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	180	8	180	8	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.71	5.01	1.71	3.72	1.71	3.47
Average	2.73	5.08	2.73	3.75	2.73	3.38
Stdev	3.23	4.31	3.23	1.66	3.23	1.82
p(t-test)		0.030		0.30		0.60
Min	0.183	1.30	0.183	1.30	0.183	1.30
Max	20.8	17.1	20.8	5.94	20.8	5.94
n (Samp)	89	11	89	11	89	7
n (Patient)	89	11	89	11	89	7

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.66	0.50	0.78	0.63	0.48	0.75	0.60	nd	0.70
SE	0.076	0.10	0.086	0.077	0.11	0.088	0.10	nd	0.11
p	0.033	1.00	0.0012	0.086	0.83	0.0047	0.34	nd	0.085
nCohort 1	110	180	89	110	180	89	110	nd	89
nCohort 2	17	8	11	17	8	11	9	nd	7
Cutoff 1	1.44	0.826	2.71	1.44	0.710	2.52	1.28	nd	2.23
Sens 1	71%	75%	73%	71%	75%	73%	78%	nd	71%
Spec 1	45%	16%	73%	45%	12%	72%	40%	nd	64%
Cutoff 2	0.886	0.825	2.52	0.886	0.649	2.23	0.886	nd	1.49
Sens 2	82%	88%	82%	82%	88%	82%	89%	nd	86%
Spec 2	25%	16%	72%	25%	8%	64%	25%	nd	46%
Cutoff 3	0.825	0.710	1.49	0.649	0.504	1.49	0.710	nd	1.28
Sens 3	94%	100%	91%	94%	100%	91%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	23%	12%	46%	14%	6%	46%	17%	nd	40%
Cutoff 4	2.42	2.71	2.52	2.42	2.71	2.52	2.42	nd	2.52
Sens 4	65%	50%	82%	59%	50%	73%	44%	nd	57%
Spec 4	70%	70%	72%	70%	70%	72%	70%	nd	72%
Cutoff 5	3.25	3.88	3.74	3.25	3.88	3.74	3.25	nd	3.74
Sens 5	53%	38%	55%	53%	38%	45%	44%	nd	29%
Spec 5	80%	80%	81%	80%	80%	81%	80%	nd	81%
Cutoff 6	5.56	6.28	6.77	5.56	6.28	6.77	5.56	nd	6.77
Sens 6	12%	0%	9%	6%	0%	0%	11%	nd	0%
Spec 6	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	nd	91%
OR Quart 2	0.97	0	>2.2	0.97	0	>2.2	3.1	nd	>2.2
p Value	0.97	na	<0.54	0.97	na	<0.54	0.34	nd	<0.54
95% CI of	0.18	na	>0.18	0.18	na	>0.18	0.30	nd	>0.18
OR Quart2	5.2	na	na	5.2	na	na	32	nd	na
OR Quart 3	0.62	0	>2.2	0.62	0	>2.2	0.97	nd	>1.0
p Value	0.62	na	<0.54	0.62	na	<0.54	0.98	nd	<0.98
95% CI of	0.097	na	>0.18	0.097	na	>0.18	0.058	nd	>0.062
OR Quart3	4.0	na	na	4.0	na	na	16	nd	na
OR Quart 4	3.7	1.0	>9.7	3.7	1.0	>9.7	4.3	nd	>4.8
p Value	0.073	1.0	<0.041	0.073	1.0	<0.041	0.20	nd	<0.18
95% CI of	0.88	0.23	>1.1	0.88	0.23	>1.1	0.45	nd	>0.50
OR Quart4	15	4.3	na	15	4.3	na	41	nd	na

**Myoglobin**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	48.8	222	48.8	145	48.8	122
Average	109	574	109	498	109	407
Stdev	211	653	211	658	211	480
p(t-test)		4.0E-8		3.3E-6		4.7E-4
Min	5.55	16.2	5.55	16.2	5.55	16.2
Max	1720	1880	1720	1880	1720	1180
n (Samp)	110	17	110	17	110	9
n (Patient)	110	17	110	17	110	9

sCr only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	56.7	475	56.7	475	nd	nd
Average	143	694	143	683	nd	nd
Stdev	283	718	283	729	nd	nd
p(t-test)		2.1E-6		3.5E-6	nd	nd
Min	5.55	16.2	5.55	16.2	nd	nd
Max	2130	1880	2130	1880	nd	nd
n (Samp)	180	8	180	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	180	8	180	8	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	46.2	222	46.2	145	46.2	122
Average	120	547	120	438	120	352
Stdev	223	581	223	574	223	423
p(t-test)		6.9E-6		5.8E-4		0.016
Min	5.55	86.7	5.55	69.7	5.55	69.7
Max	1720	1660	1720	1660	1720	1160
n (Samp)	89	11	89	11	89	7
n (Patient)	89	11	89	11	89	7

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.82	0.75	0.86	0.76	0.68	0.82	0.76	nd	0.79
SE	0.064	0.10	0.072	0.071	0.11	0.080	0.095	nd	0.10
p	5.2E-7	0.016	3.9E-7	3.1E-4	0.096	8.3E-5	0.0061	nd	0.0048
nCohort 1	110	180	89	110	180	89	110	nd	89
nCohort 2	17	8	11	17	8	11	9	nd	7
Cutoff 1	124	101	138	101	30.6	105	79.5	nd	87.6
Sens 1	71%	75%	73%	71%	75%	73%	78%	nd	71%
Spec 1	82%	69%	80%	77%	32%	75%	71%	nd	69%
Cutoff 2	101	34.3	124	66.9	19.2	101	66.9	nd	79.5
Sens 2	82%	88%	82%	82%	88%	82%	89%	nd	86%
Spec 2	77%	35%	78%	62%	19%	74%	62%	nd	67%
Cutoff 3	33.6	15.7	108	19.2	15.7	87.6	15.0	nd	66.9
Sens 3	94%	100%	91%	94%	100%	91%	100%	nd	100%
Spec 3	38%	12%	76%	21%	12%	69%	14%	nd	61%
Cutoff 4	78.9	105	97.8	78.9	105	97.8	78.9	nd	97.8
Sens 4	88%	62%	91%	76%	62%	82%	78%	nd	57%
Spec 4	70%	70%	71%	70%	70%	71%	70%	nd	71%

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Cutoff 5	112	150	146	112	150	146	112	nd	146
Sens 5	71%	62%	64%	59%	62%	45%	56%	nd	43%
Spec 5	80%	80%	81%	80%	80%	81%	80%	nd	81%
Cutoff 6	212	315	323	212	315	323	212	nd	323
Sens 6	53%	50%	36%	41%	50%	27%	44%	nd	29%
Spec 6	90%	90%	91%	90%	90%	91%	90%	nd	91%
OR Quart 2	0.97	1.0	>0	0.47	0.49	>0	0	nd	>0
p Value	0.98	1.0	<na	0.54	0.56	<na	na	nd	<na
95% CI of	0.058	0.061	>na	0.040	0.043	>na	na	nd	>na
OR Quart2	16	16	na	5.4	5.6	na	na	nd	na
OR Quart 3	3.1	1.0	>4.8	2.1	0	>6.2	3.1	nd	>4.8
p Value	0.34	1.0	<0.18	0.42	na	<0.11	0.34	nd	<0.18
95% CI of	0.30	0.061	>0.49	0.35	na	>0.67	0.30	nd	>0.50
OR Quart3	32	16	na	12	na	na	32	nd	na
OR Quart 4	18	5.5	>9.7	6.6	2.7	>7.9	5.6	nd	>3.4
p Value	0.0075	0.13	<0.041	0.022	0.25	<0.066	0.13	nd	<0.30
95% CI of	2.2	0.61	>1.1	1.3	0.49	>0.88	0.61	nd	>0.33
OR Quart4	150	49	na	33	15	na	51	nd	na

**Mucin-16**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.17	8.40	1.17	7.52	nd	nd
Average	3.77	31.2	3.77	30.6	nd	nd
Stdev	15.1	67.4	15.1	67.6	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.0035		0.0043	nd	nd
Min	0.117	2.02	0.117	2.02	nd	nd
Max	131	198	131	198	nd	nd
n (Samp)	75	8	75	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	75	8	75	8	nd	nd

UO only	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.36	7.47	1.36	7.47	nd	nd
Average	4.38	38.3	4.38	38.3	nd	nd
Stdev	16.6	78.2	16.6	78.2	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.0042		0.0042	nd	nd
Min	0.122	2.02	0.122	2.02	nd	nd
Max	131	198	131	198	nd	nd
n (Samp)	62	6	62	6	nd	nd
n (Patient)	62	6	62	6	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.89	nd	0.85	0.88	nd	0.85	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.079	nd	0.100	0.080	nd	0.100	nd	nd	nd
p	9.8E-7	nd	3.7E-4	1.6E-6	nd	3.7E-4	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	75	nd	62	75	nd	62	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	6	8	nd	6	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	4.24	nd	2.09	4.24	nd	2.09	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	83%	75%	nd	83%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	88%	nd	68%	88%	nd	68%	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Cutoff 2	2.09	nd	2.09	2.09	nd	2.09	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	83%	88%	nd	83%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 2	69%	nd	68%	69%	nd	68%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	1.96	nd	1.96	1.96	nd	1.96	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	100%	100%	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	67%	nd	66%	67%	nd	66%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	2.20	nd	2.56	2.20	nd	2.56	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	75%	nd	67%	75%	nd	67%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	72%	nd	71%	72%	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	2.98	nd	3.41	2.98	nd	3.41	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	75%	nd	67%	75%	nd	67%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	80%	nd	81%	80%	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	5.21	nd	6.93	5.21	nd	6.93	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	62%	nd	50%	62%	nd	50%	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	91%	nd	90%	91%	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	>0	nd	>0	>0	nd	>0	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<na	nd	<na	<na	nd	<na	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>na	nd	>na	>na	nd	>na	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	na	nd	na	na	nd	na	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	>2.1	nd	>2.3	>2.1	nd	>2.3	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.56	nd	<0.52	<0.56	nd	<0.52	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.18	nd	>0.19	>0.18	nd	>0.19	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	na	nd	na	na	nd	na	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	>8.0	nd	>5.2	>8.0	nd	>5.2	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.066	nd	<0.16	<0.066	nd	<0.16	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.87	nd	>0.52	>0.87	nd	>0.52	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	na	nd	na	na	nd	na	nd	nd	nd

**Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B**

sCr or UO	0hr prior to AKI stage		24hr prior to AKI stage		48hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
Median	1.00E-9	0.0138	1.00E-9	0.0129	nd	nd
Average	0.00697	0.0265	0.00697	0.0259	nd	nd
Stdev	0.0202	0.0355	0.0202	0.0359	nd	nd
p(t-test)		0.020		0.024	nd	nd
Min	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	1.00E-9	nd	nd
Max	0.114	0.108	0.114	0.108	nd	nd
n (Samp)	72	8	72	8	nd	nd
n (Patient)	72	8	72	8	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
AUC	0.81	nd	nd	0.79	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SE	0.095	nd	nd	0.098	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p	0.0012	nd	nd	0.0031	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 1	72	nd	nd	72	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
nCohort 2	8	nd	nd	8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 1	0.00462	nd	nd	0.00438	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 1	75%	nd	nd	75%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 1	79%	nd	nd	79%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 2	0.00438	nd	nd	0.00207	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 2	88%	nd	nd	88%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

	0hr prior to AKI stage			24hr prior to AKI stage			48hr prior to AKI stage		
	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only	sCr or UO	sCr only	UO only
Spec 2	79%	nd	nd	65%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 3	0	nd	nd	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 3	100%	nd	nd	100%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 3	0%	nd	nd	0%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 4	0.00274	nd	nd	0.00274	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 4	88%	nd	nd	75%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 4	71%	nd	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 5	0.00507	nd	nd	0.00507	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 5	62%	nd	nd	50%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 5	81%	nd	nd	81%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Cutoff 6	0.0124	nd	nd	0.0124	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sens 6	50%	nd	nd	50%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Spec 6	90%	nd	nd	90%	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 2	>1.1	nd	nd	>1.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.97	nd	nd	<0.97	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.061	nd	nd	>0.061	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart2	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 3	>2.2	nd	nd	>2.2	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.53	nd	nd	<0.53	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.19	nd	nd	>0.19	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart3	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart 4	>6.7	nd	nd	>6.7	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
p Value	<0.098	nd	nd	<0.098	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
95% CI of	>0.70	nd	nd	>0.70	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
OR Quart4	na	nd	nd	na	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

[0163] While the invention has been described and exemplified in sufficient detail for those skilled in this art to make and use it, various alternatives, modifications, and improvements should be apparent without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. The examples provided herein are representative of preferred embodiments, are exemplary, and are not intended as limitations on the scope of the invention.

Modifications therein and other uses will occur to those skilled in the art. These modifications are encompassed within the spirit of the invention and are defined by the scope of the claims.

[0164] It will be readily apparent to a person skilled in the art that varying substitutions and modifications may be made to the invention disclosed herein without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention.

[0165] All patents and publications mentioned in the specification are indicative of the levels of those of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains. All patents and publications are herein incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each individual publication was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

[0166] The invention illustratively described herein suitably may be practiced in the absence of any element or elements, limitation or limitations which is not specifically disclosed herein. Thus, for example, in each instance herein any of the terms “comprising”, “consisting essentially of” and “consisting of” may be replaced with either of the other two terms. The terms and expressions which have been employed are used as terms of description and not of limitation, and there is no intention that in the use of such terms and expressions of excluding any equivalents of the features shown and described or portions thereof, but it is recognized that various modifications are possible within the scope of the invention claimed. Thus, it should be understood that although the present invention has been specifically disclosed by preferred embodiments and optional features, modification and variation of the concepts herein disclosed may be resorted to by those skilled in the art, and that such modifications and variations are considered to be within the scope of this invention as defined by the appended claims.

[0167] Other embodiments are set forth within the following claims.

We claim:

1. A method for evaluating renal status in a subject, comprising:  
performing one or more assays configured to detect one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 on a body fluid sample obtained from the subject to provide an assay result; and  
correlating the assay result(s) to the renal status of the subject.
2. A method according to claim 1, wherein said correlation step comprises correlating the assay result(s) to one or more of risk stratification, diagnosis, staging, classifying and monitoring of the renal status of the subject.
3. A method according to claim 1, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood of one or more future changes in renal status to the subject based on the assay result(s).
4. A method according to claim 1, wherein said one or more future changes in renal status comprise one or more of a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future improvement in renal function, and future acute renal failure (ARF).
5. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject is not in acute renal failure.
6. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject has not experienced a 1.5-fold or greater increase in serum creatinine over a baseline value determined prior to the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.
7. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject has a urine output of at least 0.5 ml/kg/hr over the 12 hours preceding the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.
8. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject has not experienced an increase of 0.3 mg/dL or greater in serum creatinine over a baseline value determined prior to the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.



9. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject (i) has not experienced a 1.5-fold or greater increase in serum creatinine over a baseline value determined prior to the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained, (ii) has a urine output of at least 0.5 ml/kg/hr over the 12 hours preceding the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained, and (iii) has not experienced an increase of 0.3 mg/dL or greater in serum creatinine over a baseline value determined prior to the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.
10. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject is in RIFLE stage 0 or R.
11. A method according to claim 10, wherein the subject is in RIFLE stage 0, and said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage R, I or F within 72 hours.
12. A method according to claim 10, wherein the subject is in RIFLE stage 0 or R, and said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage I or F within 72 hours.
13. A method according to claim 12, wherein the subject is in RIFLE stage 0, and said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 72 hours.
14. A method according to claim 12, wherein the subject is in RIFLE stage R, and said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage I or F within 72 hours.
15. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject is in RIFLE stage 0, R, or I, and said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 72 hours.
16. A method according to claim 15, wherein the subject is in RIFLE stage I, and said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 72 hours.
17. A method according to claim 11, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage R, I or F within 48 hours.
18. A method according to claim 12, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage I or F within 48 hours.
19. A method according to claim 13, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage I or F within 48 hours.

20. A method according to claim 17, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 48 hours.
21. A method according to claim 18, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 48 hours.
22. A method according to claim 19, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 48 hours.
23. A method according to claim 17, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage R, I or F within 24 hours.
24. A method according to claim 18, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage I or F within 24 hours.
25. A method according to claim 19, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage I or F within 24 hours.
26. A method according to claim 20, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 24 hours.
27. A method according to claim 21, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 24 hours.
28. A method according to claim 22, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood that the subject will reach RIFLE stage F within 24 hours.
29. A method according to claim 1, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:
  - a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,
  - a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,
  - a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,
  - a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,
  - a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,
  - a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,
  - a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,
  - a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53  
and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and  
for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progression to a worsening RIFLE stage to the subject, relative to the subject's current RIFLE stage, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to a worsening RIFLE stage to the subject, relative to the subject's current RIFLE stage, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or  
for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progression to a worsening RIFLE stage to the subject, relative to the subject's current RIFLE stage, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to a worsening RIFLE stage to the subject, relative to the subject's current RIFLE stage, when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

30. A method according to claim 1, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53

and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and

for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to a need for renal replacement therapy to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to a need for renal replacement therapy when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or

for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to a need for renal replacement therapy to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to a need for renal replacement therapy when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

31. A method according to claim 5, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53  
and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and  
for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to acute renal failure when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to acute renal failure to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or  
for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to acute renal failure when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to acute renal failure to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

32. A method according to claim 11, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53  
and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and  
for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage R, I or F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage R, I or F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or  
for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage R, I or F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage R, I or F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

33. A method according to claim 12, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53

and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and

for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage I or F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage I or F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or

for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage I or F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage I or F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

34. A method according to claim 13, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53

and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and

for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage I or F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or

for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage I or F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

35. A method according to claim 14, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,



a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53

and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and

for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage I or F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or

for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage I or F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

36. A method according to claim 15, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53  
and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and  
for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or  
assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or  
for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or  
assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

37. A method according to claim 16, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-16,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-9,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Bcl2 antagonist of cell death,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Caspase-1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-1,  
a measured urine or plasma concentration of Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cadherin-5,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Myoglobin,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Apolipoprotein A-II,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Mucin-16,

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, or

a measured urine or plasma concentration of Cellular tumor antigen p53

and said correlation step comprises comparing each measured concentration to a corresponding threshold concentration, and

for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or

for a negative going marker, assigning a decreased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to RIFLE stage F to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

38. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject is selected for evaluation of renal status based on the pre-existence in the subject of one or more known risk factors for prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal ARF.

39. A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject is selected for evaluation of renal status based on an existing diagnosis of one or more of congestive heart failure, preeclampsia, eclampsia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, coronary artery disease, proteinuria, renal insufficiency, glomerular filtration below the normal range, cirrhosis, serum creatinine above the normal range, sepsis, injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF, or based on undergoing or having undergone major vascular surgery, coronary artery bypass, or other cardiac surgery, or based on exposure to NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin,

myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque contrast agents, or streptozotocin.

40. Measurement of IGFBP7 for the diagnosis, risk stratification, prognosis, classifying and monitoring of renal status of a subject not receiving renal replacement therapy.

41. Measurement of one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 for the diagnosis, risk stratification, prognosis, classifying and monitoring of renal status of a subject not in acute renal failure.

42. Measurement of one or more biomarkers selected from the group consisting of Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B, Cadherin-16, Caspase-9, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, Caspase-1, Cadherin-1, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1, Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1, Cadherin-5, Myoglobin, Apolipoprotein A-II, Mucin-16, Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 5, and Cellular tumor antigen p53 for assigning an increased likelihood of progressing to a worsening RIFLE stage to a subject, relative to the subject's current RIFLE stage.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 10/46910

<p>A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER                  IPC(8) - G01N 33/53 (2010.01)                  USPC - 435/7.1                  According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC</p>																	
<p>B. FIELDS SEARCHED</p> <p>Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)                  USPC: 435/7.1</p> <p>Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched                  USPC: 424/145.1; 435/6, 7.1; 514/2, 12 (see search terms below)</p> <p>Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)                  Electronic data bases searched: PubWEST (EPAB, PGPB, USPT, JPAB); Google Scholar; Search terms: Kidney, renal, acute kidney injury (AKI) (also known as acute renal failure (ARF)), biomarker, RIFLE, status, diagnosis, staging, monitoring; TNFSFR10B, caspase 1 or 9 (CASP1 or CASP9), cadherin 1,5 or 16 (CDH1, CDH5, CDH16), APOA2, Bcl2, MUC16, CEACAM5,</p>																	
<p>C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Category*</th> <th>Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages</th> <th>Relevant to claim No.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>X --- Y --- A</td> <td>US 7,141,382 B1 (PARIKH et al.) 28 November 2006 (28.11.2006) especially col 2 ln 40-44; col 4, ln 45-50; col 8, ln 36-41, ln 45-56; col 17, ln 14-26; col 19, ln 23-29, ln 45-47; col 20 ln 40-43</td> <td>1-9, 30-31, 38, 41 ----- 39 ----- 10-29, 32-37, 42</td> </tr> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>TAULAN et al. Comprehensive analysis of the renal transcriptional response to acute uranyl nitrate exposure. BMC Genomics [online] 11 January 2006 [retrieved 29 September 2010] Vol 7, No 2, pp 1-14; especially pg 9 right col para 2; Available on the internet: &lt;URL: <a href="http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2164/7/2">http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2164/7/2</a>&gt; especially pg 9 right col para 2</td> <td>40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y</td> <td>PARIKH et al. Urinary IL-18 is an early predictive biomarker of acute kidney injury after cardiac surgery. Kidney Internat, 2006, Vol 70, No 1, pp 199-203; especially abstract</td> <td>39</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>KELLUM. Acute Kidney Injury. Crit Care Med, 2008, Vol 36, No 4, Suppl PP S141-S145; especially pg S143 fig 1, S144 center col para 2.</td> <td>10-29, 32-37, 42</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	X --- Y --- A	US 7,141,382 B1 (PARIKH et al.) 28 November 2006 (28.11.2006) especially col 2 ln 40-44; col 4, ln 45-50; col 8, ln 36-41, ln 45-56; col 17, ln 14-26; col 19, ln 23-29, ln 45-47; col 20 ln 40-43	1-9, 30-31, 38, 41 ----- 39 ----- 10-29, 32-37, 42	X	TAULAN et al. Comprehensive analysis of the renal transcriptional response to acute uranyl nitrate exposure. BMC Genomics [online] 11 January 2006 [retrieved 29 September 2010] Vol 7, No 2, pp 1-14; especially pg 9 right col para 2; Available on the internet: <URL: <a href="http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2164/7/2">http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2164/7/2</a> > especially pg 9 right col para 2	40	Y	PARIKH et al. Urinary IL-18 is an early predictive biomarker of acute kidney injury after cardiac surgery. Kidney Internat, 2006, Vol 70, No 1, pp 199-203; especially abstract	39	A	KELLUM. Acute Kidney Injury. Crit Care Med, 2008, Vol 36, No 4, Suppl PP S141-S145; especially pg S143 fig 1, S144 center col para 2.	10-29, 32-37, 42
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<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/></p>																	
<p>* Special categories of cited documents:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</td> <td>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date</td> <td>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</td> <td>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</td> <td>"&amp;" document member of the same patent family</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>			"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention	"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone	"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art	"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&" document member of the same patent family	"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed						
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<p>Date of the actual completion of the international search</p> <p>21 September 2010 (21.09.2010)</p>		<p>Date of mailing of the international search report</p> <p><b>18 NOV 2010</b></p>															
<p>Name and mailing address of the ISA/US</p> <p>Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US, Commissioner for Patents                  P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450                  Facsimile No. 571-273-3201</p>		<p>Authorized officer:</p> <p>Lee W. Young</p> <p>PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300                  PCT OSP: 571-272-7774</p>															

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 10/46910

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
P/A	WO 2010/048347 A2 (ANDERBERG et al.) 29 April 2010 (29.04.2010) especially para [0035]	10-29, 32-37, 42
A	COCA et al. Biomarkers for the diagnosis and risk stratification of acute kidney injury: A systematic review. <i>Kidney Internat</i> , 2008, Vol 73, No 9, pp 1008-16	1-42
A	MELNIKOV et al. Impaired IL-18 processing protects caspase-1-deficient mice from ischemic acute renal failure. <i>J Clin Invest</i> , 2001 Vol 107, No 9, pp 1145-1152	1-9, 30-31, 38, 41