June 22, 1948. V. WALLIS 2,443,938

GLOVE

Filed March 23, 1946

Fig. 1.

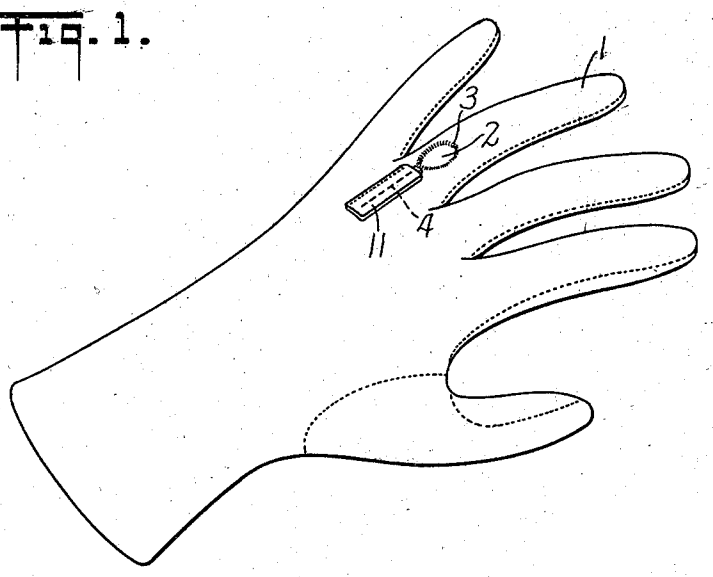
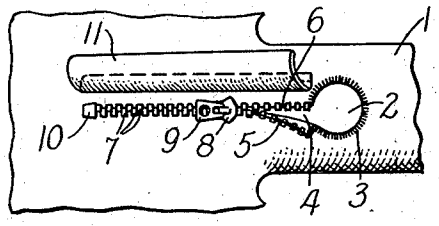


Fig. 2.



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GLOVE

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4 Claims. (Cl. 2—159)

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This invention relates to the art of gloves.

The habit of wearing finger rings is, of course, very common, indeed ancient, and includes the custom, particularly on the part of women, of wearing rings having a projection thereon as, for example, a precious stone mounted in a suitable setting. Women frequently wear such rings on the third finger of the left hand. When an attempt is made to put on a glove, difficulty is frequently encountered because there is not sufficient room for the projection on the ring. When an attempt is made to force the finger portion, technically designated finger stall, over the finger and ring, there is not only discomfort but the finger portion of the glove may be injured, particularly if the glove is of more or less delicate material.

The object of the present invention is to provide an improved glove which satisfactorily overcomes the difficulty mentioned.

The invention will be defined in the claims and an illustrative embodiment thereof described in conjunction with the accompanying drawing in which

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a glove and the improvement, and

Fig. 2 is an enlarged fragmentary portion of said glove further illustrating said improvement.

Referring to Fig. 1 the finger stall 1 has portions defining a hole 2 which may be circular in its periphery, the edges 3 of the hole 2 being preferably reinforced. The hole is preferably positioned on the finger stall 1 so that when the glove is fully mounted on the wearer's hand, the hole 2 is in registry with the portion of the finger on which the ring is normally mounted, this portion being intermediate between the first joint of the finger and the place where the finger joins the hand, so that the projection on the ring, e. g., a jewel and jewel mounting, will project through the hole 2. Communicating with the hole 2 the glove has portions which define a slit 4, these portions comprising edges 5 and 6. These edge portions are preferably provided with slide fastener elements 7 as particularly shown in Fig. 2, upon which is mounted a slider 8 having a tab or pull 9. Slide fasteners and sliders for operation therewith are well known per se and therefore need not be described in detail since any suitable form of slide fastener may be employed. The slider may terminate in a stop 10 at one end and at the other end communicates with the hole 2 so that the jewel and jewel mounting, for example, of a ring may project laterally through the slide and move longitudinally thereof and relatively thereto.

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There is also provided a flap 11 to cover or conceal the slit and slide fastener when the slider is not in use.

In using the invention the hand containing a ring for example, a diamond ring mounted on the third finger, is inserted into the glove in the usual way, the slider being open. The diamond and its mounting may readily be inserted laterally through the slit, the slider 8 being then adjacent the end or stop 10 and the stone and mounting being inserted through the slit adjacent said slider 8. The glove is then further drawn or pulled on the hand and during this operation (the slit being of course open with the slider 8 adjacent the stop 10) the diamond and its mounting pass longitudinally of the slit and finally when the glove is fully mounted, the diamond and its mounting are received within the hole 2. When this operation is completed, the edges of the slit are drawn together by moving the slider 8 toward the hole 2 and adjacent the edges thereof after which the flap 11 is used to conceal the slit and slide fastener elements thereon.

While a single specific embodiment of the invention has been described for purposes of illustration, it is to be understood that numerous modifications may be made without departing from the claims and that all such changes and modifications are intended to be claimed.

What is claimed is:

1. A glove, one of the finger stalls of which has portions defining a hole adapted to receive the jewel and jewel setting portion of a finger ring, and a slit communicating directly with said hole and extending toward the body portion of said glove, the edges of said slit being provided with cooperating fastener elements to permit said slit to be opened and closed by the operation of said fastener elements.

2. A glove, one of the finger stalls of which has portions defining a hole adapted to receive the jewel and jewel setting portion of a finger ring, and a slit communicating directly with said hole and extending toward the body portion of said glove, the edges of said slit being provided with cooperating slide fastener elements, and a slide mounted to open and close said slit by movement longitudinally thereof.

3. A glove, one of the finger stalls of which has portions defining a hole adapted to receive the jewel and jewel setting portion of a finger ring, and a slit communicating directly with said hole and extending toward the body portion of said glove, the edges of said slit being provided with cooperating slide fastener elements, and a slide

mounted to open and close said slit by movement longitudinally thereof and a flap secured to said glove adjacent said slit and adapted to conceal said slit and slide fastening means.

4. A glove, one of the finger stalls of which has portions defining a hole and a slit communicating directly therewith, said slit extending from said hole toward the body portion of said glove, the slit and hole being arranged and adapted to permit the jewel and jewel setting of a finger ring to project through and move longitudinally of said slit and then to be received within said hole.

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REFERENCES CITED

The following references are of record in the file of this patent:

FOREIGN PATENTS

Number	Country	Date
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631,437	France	Dec. 20, 1927