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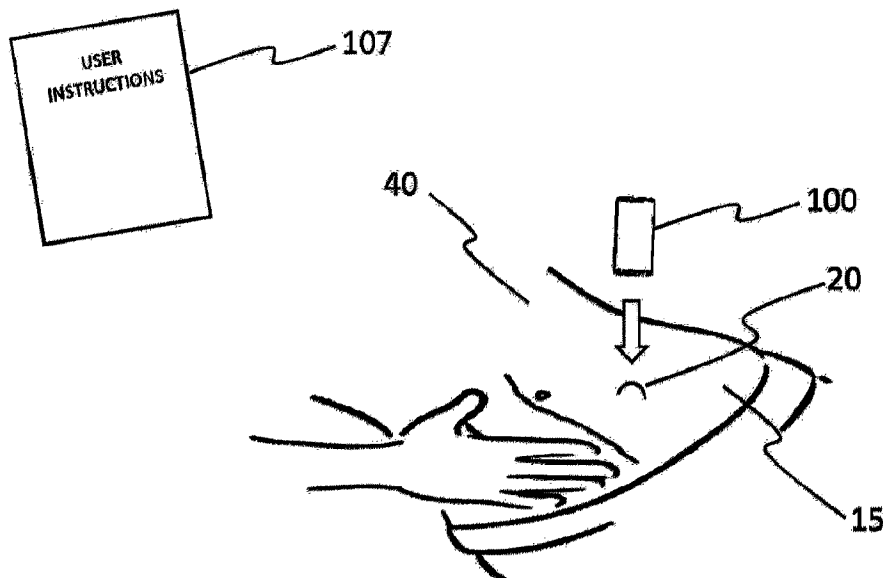
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(54) **Titre : APPAREILLAGE ET SYSTEME POUR STOMIE SANITAIRES**

(54) **Title: SANITARY STOMA SYSTEM AND METHOD**



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

A sanitary stoma system including at least eight absorbent sheets, with each of the sheets including absorbent plies. The plurality of absorbent sheets is arranged in a linear fashion and removably connected into a roll. The outermost absorbent sheet includes an adhesive such that the sanitary stoma system is configured into a stable roll useful for being placed upon a stoma of a user to absorb and contain bodily fluids excreted from the stoma, which may include urine or feces. Preferably, the sanitary stoma system is packaged in multiples of three and the sanitary stoma system is affixable to an abdomen of the user, configured to absorb bodily excretions.

SANITARY STOMA SYSTEM AND METHOD

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A sanitary stoma system including at least eight absorbent sheets, with each of the sheets including absorbent plies. The plurality of absorbent sheets is arranged in a linear fashion and removably connected into a roll. The outermost absorbent sheet includes an adhesive such that the sanitary stoma system is configured into a stable roll useful for being placed upon a stoma of a user to absorb and contain bodily fluids excreted from the stoma, which may include urine or feces. Preferably, the sanitary stoma system is packaged in multiples of three and the sanitary stoma system is affixable to an abdomen of the user, configured to absorb bodily excretions.

SANITARY STOMA SYSTEM AND METHOD

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The following includes information that may be useful in understanding the present disclosure. It is not an admission that any of the information provided herein is prior art nor material to the presently described or claimed inventions, nor that any publication or document that is specifically or implicitly referenced is prior art.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] The present invention relates generally to the field of surgery of the existing art and more specifically relates to means and methods for collecting body fluids or waste material.

RELATED ART

[0003] In anatomy, a natural stoma is any opening in the body, for example, the mouth. Any hollow or semi-hollow organ can be manipulated into an artificial stoma as necessary. This includes the esophagus, stomach, duodenum, ileum, colon, pleural cavity, ureters, urinary bladder, and/or kidney. One well-known form of an artificial stoma is a ostomy, which is a surgically created opening in the intestine which allows the removal of feces from the body (bypassing the rectum) to drain into a pouch or other similar collection device.

[0004] Other stoma may include an opening in the urinary system, which may be referred to as a urostomy. A urostomy is a surgical procedure that creates a stoma (artificial opening) for the urinary system. A urostomy is made to for urinary diversion in cases where drainage of urine

through the bladder and urethra is not possible. Some possible uses may be for bladder removal or obstructions.

[0005] The location where the waste exits the body is considered the stoma. For greatest success and to minimize negative effects, it is preferable to perform this procedure as low down in the tract as possible, as this allows the maximum amount of natural digestion to occur before eliminating waste from the body. The stoma is usually covered with a removable pouch system that collects and contains the discharge for later disposal. Modern pouching systems enable most individuals to resume normal activities and lifestyles after surgery, often with no outward physical evidence of the stoma or its pouching system.

[0006] A major limitation with the artificial stoma system is that the pouch must be removed and replaced and/or emptied once full. Also, the location at which the pouch attaches to the user's body requires a barrier, which is a gasket-like device to seal the stoma site. Often time the removal and replacement of the pouch or barrier provides for leakage from the stoma the stoma is required to maintain sterility. Therefore, a suitable solution is desired.

[0007] U.S. Pat. No. 4,121,589 to Roy Edward McDonnel relates to an ostomy appliance. The described ostomy appliance includes an attachment portion having an aperture adapted to register with an opening in the body of a patient and having adhesive on one face adapted to secure the attachment portion to the body of the patient surrounding the opening, the attachment portion being provided on the opposite face thereof with structure for securing a cap member in sealing relationship thereto over the aperture; and a cap member comprising a generally concave body member of rigid or semi-rigid material, the body member containing absorbent material for

absorbing drainage and/or discharge from the opening and being provided with structure engaging the attachment portion for securing said cap member to said attachment means. The appliance may further include an absorber member adapted to be inserted into the opening through the aperture in the attachment portion, the absorber member comprising a generally tubular absorption and storage member having inner and outer walls of fluid pervious material, the inner and outer walls being separated by absorbent material, and a flange at one end of the tubular member to retain the absorber member in position in the opening on securing the cap member to the attachment portion.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0008] In view of the foregoing disadvantages inherent in the known means and methods for collecting body fluids or waste material art, the present disclosure provides a novel sanitary stoma system and method. The general purpose of the present disclosure, which will be described subsequently in greater detail, is to provide an efficient and effective sanitary stoma system and method.

[0009] A sanitary stoma system is disclosed herein. The sanitary stoma system includes at least eight absorbent sheets, with each of the sheets including a plurality of absorbent plies. The plurality of absorbent sheets are arranged in a linear fashion and removably connected end to end such that the plurality of absorbent sheets is assembled together in a wound roll.

[0010] Each of the absorbent sheets is preferably each at least 1-1/2" in width, with the width being perpendicular to the linear arrangement of an adjacent absorbent sheet and the absorbent sheets are preferably square in shape. The outermost absorbent sheet includes an adhesive such

that the sanitary stoma system is configured into a stable roll useful for being placed upon a stoma of a user to absorb and contain bodily fluids excreted from the stoma. Preferably, the sanitary stoma system is packaged in multiples of three and the sanitary stoma system is affixable to an abdomen of the user, configured to absorb urine.

[0011] Also, the sanitary stoma system is preferably disposable via a sanitary means (e.g., flushable) and is further biodegradable. The sanitary stoma system includes a lanyard configured to allow the user to easily remove the sanitary stoma system. Preferably, the sanitary stoma system includes a cotton material configured to improve absorbency as well as a chemical treatment to reduce odors produced from the stoma and stoma excretions. Further, the sanitary stoma system is preferably hypoallergenic and sterile, configured to reduce instances of inflammation during use.

[0012] According to another embodiment, a method of using a sanitary stoma system is also disclosed herein. The method of using a sanitary stoma system includes a first step, providing a sanitary stoma system; a second step, removing a medical barrier from a stoma site; a third step, placing the sanitary stoma system upon a stoma site of a user (the sanitary stoma system absorbing bodily fluids from the stoma site); a fourth step, cleaning an area adjacent to the stoma site; a fifth step, placing a medical barrier upon the stoma site; a sixth step, removing the sanitary stoma system from the stoma site; and a seventh step, affixing an ostomy bag to the medical barrier.

[0013] For purposes of summarizing the invention, certain aspects, advantages, and novel features of the invention have been described herein. It is to be understood that not necessarily all such advantages may be achieved in accordance with any one particular embodiment of the invention. Thus, the invention may be embodied or carried out in a manner that achieves or

optimizes one advantage or group of advantages as taught herein without necessarily achieving other advantages as may be taught or suggested herein. The features of the invention which are believed to be novel are particularly pointed out and distinctly claimed in the concluding portion of the specification. These and other features, aspects, and advantages of the present invention will become better understood with reference to the following drawings and detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0014] The figures which accompany the written portion of this specification illustrate embodiments and methods of use for the present disclosure, a sanitary stoma system and method, constructed and operative according to the teachings of the present disclosure.

[0015] **FIG. 1A** is a perspective view of the sanitary stoma system during an 'in-use' condition, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0016] **FIG. 1B** is an additional perspective view of the sanitary stoma system during an 'in-use' condition, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0017] **FIG. 2** is a top-front perspective view of the sanitary stoma system of **FIGS. 1A** and **1B**, according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0018] **FIG. 3** is a bottom-front perspective view of the sanitary stoma system of **FIGS. 1A** and **1B**, according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0019] **FIG. 4** is a front perspective view of the sanitary stoma system of **FIGS. 1A** and **1B**, according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0020] **FIG. 5** is a flow diagram illustrating a method of using a sanitary stoma system, according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0021] The various embodiments of the present invention will hereinafter be described in conjunction with the appended drawings, wherein like designations denote like elements.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0022] As discussed above, embodiments of the present disclosure relate to means and methods for collecting body fluids or waste material and more particularly to a sanitary stoma system and method as used to improve the sanitation of the changing of a barrier and ostomy bag while reducing instances of leakage during the changing process.

[0023] Generally, a sanitary stoma system is useful to control and contain bodily waste from a stoma during the changing of a barrier, skin guard and pouch (i.e., bag). The sanitary stoma system provides a sterile device to contain the waste during the changing procedure with a disposable device to reduce instances of contamination. The device can be placed over the stoma site 'hands-free' (e.g., without the need to hold). The sanitary stoma system covers and protects the affected area and prevents leakage during the changing process as the system absorbs and discharge from the site.

[0024] Referring now more specifically to the drawings by numerals of reference, there is shown in **FIGS. 1A-4**, various views of a sanitary stoma system **100**.

[0025] **FIGS. 1A** and **1B** show sanitary stoma system **100** during an 'in-use' condition **50**, according to an embodiment of the present disclosure. Here, sanitary stoma system **100** may be

beneficial for use by user **40** to provide a device useful for covering stoma **20** of user **40** in a sanitary condition while absorbing materials discharged from stoma **20** during maintenance of stoma **20** (e.g., when a skin barrier and/or pouch is changed).

[0026] As illustrated in **FIGS. 1A-4**, sanitary stoma system **100** may include at least eight absorbent sheets **110**, where absorbent sheets **110** may include a plurality of absorbent plies **120**, where plurality of absorbent sheets **110** may be arranged in a linear fashion, removably connected end to end (e.g., may be a continuous linear roll with perforations between each sheet). Also, plurality of absorbent sheets **110** may be assembled in wound roll **115** (as shown in **FIGS. 2-4**). Upon reading this specification, it should be appreciated that, under appropriate circumstances, considering such issues as user preferences, design preference, structural requirements, marketing preferences, cost, available materials, technological advances, etc., other arrangements such as, for example, different amounts of plies, shapes of plies, and overall configuration, etc., may be sufficient.

[0027] Absorbent sheets **110** may each be at least 1-1/2" in width, with the width being perpendicular to the linear arrangement of an adjacent absorbent sheet **110**; and absorbent sheets **110** may be square in shape. Other shapes and sizes may be used depending upon user preferences and manufacturability.

[0028] An outermost absorbent sheet **110** may include an adhesive **112** (which may be upon an edge of outermost absorbent sheet **110**) such that sanitary stoma system **100** may be configured into a stable roll useful for being placed upon stoma **20** of user **40** to absorb and contain bodily fluids excreted from stoma **20**. Sanitary stoma system **100** may also include lanyard **130**

configured to allow user **40** to easily remove sanitary stoma system **100** without physically touching absorbent sheets **110** and/or wound roll **115**.

[0029] Embodiments of sanitary stoma system **100** may be affixable to abdomen of user **40**, configured to absorb urine. Additional embodiments of sanitary stoma system **100** may be affixable to an abdomen **15** of user **40**, configured to absorb feces. Further embodiments of sanitary stoma system **100** may be affixable to a backside of user **40**. Locations of use for sanitary stoma system **100** may include further locations, dependent upon the medical condition and needs of user **40**.

[0030] According to one embodiment, sanitary stoma system **100** may be arranged as a kit. In particular, sanitary stoma system **100** may further include a set of instructions **107**. The instructions **107** may detail functional relationships in relation to the structure of, sanitary stoma system **100** such that sanitary stoma system **100** can be used, maintained, or the like, in a preferred manner.

[0031] Sanitary stoma system **100** may be disposable via a sanitary system (e.g., sewer system, flushable, etc.), in embodiments. Alternate embodiments may include sanitary stoma system **100** which may be washable and reusable. Further embodiments may include sanitary stoma system **100** which may be biodegradable.

[0032] Sanitary stoma system **100** may include a cotton material configured to improve absorbency and/or may include a cellulose fiber material configured to increase structural strength. Sanitary stoma system **100** may also, or alternately, include synthetic fibers configured to increase structural strength. Sanitary stoma system **100** may also include a chemical treatment to reduce

odors produced from stoma **20**. Sanitary stoma system **100** may be packaged in multiples of three, in embodiments. Some embodiments may include alternate packaging arrangements.

[0033] Sanitary stoma system **100** may be hypoallergenic and/or sanitary stoma system **100** may be sterile, configured to reduce inflammation during use. Sanitary stoma system **100** may include an anti-bacterial treatment configured to reduce instances of infection during use. Those with ordinary skill in the art will now appreciate that upon reading this specification and by their understanding the art of means and methods for collecting body fluids or waste material as described herein, methods of use and maintenance of means and methods for collecting body fluids or waste material will be understood by those knowledgeable in such art.

[0034] **FIG. 5** is a flow diagram illustrating method of using a sanitary stoma system **500**, according to an embodiment of the present disclosure. In particular, method of using a sanitary stoma system **500** may include one or more components or features of sanitary stoma system **100** as described above. As illustrated, method of using a sanitary stoma system **500** may include the steps of: step one **501**, providing sanitary stoma system; step two **502**, removing a medical barrier from stoma **20** site; step three **503**, placing sanitary stoma system **100** upon stoma **20** site of user **40**, sanitary stoma system **100** absorbing bodily fluids from stoma **20** site; step four **504**, cleaning the area adjacent to stoma **20** site; step five **505**, placing a medical barrier upon stoma **20** site; step six **506**, removing sanitary stoma system **100** from stoma **20** site; and step seven **507**, removing sanitary stoma system **100** from stoma **20** site.

[0035] It should be noted that step six **506** and step seven **507** are optional steps and may not be implemented in all cases. Optional steps of method of use **500** are illustrated using dotted lines in **FIG. 5** so as to distinguish them from the other steps of method of use **500**. It should also be

noted that the steps described in the method of use can be carried out in many different orders according to user preference.

[0036] The use of "step of" should not be interpreted as "step for", in the claims herein and is not intended to invoke the provisions of 35 U.S.C. § 112(f). It should also be noted that, under appropriate circumstances, considering such issues as design preference, user preferences, marketing preferences, cost, structural requirements, available materials, technological advances, etc., other method of using a sanitary stoma system (**NOTE:** e.g., different step orders within above-mentioned list, elimination or addition of certain steps, including or excluding certain maintenance steps, etc.), are taught herein.

[0037] The embodiments of the invention described herein are exemplary and numerous modifications, variations and rearrangements can be readily envisioned to achieve substantially equivalent results, all of which are intended to be embraced within the spirit and scope of the invention. Further, the purpose of the foregoing abstract is to enable the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office and the public generally, and especially the scientist, engineers and practitioners in the art who are not familiar with patent or legal terms or phraseology, to determine quickly from a cursory inspection the nature and essence of the technical disclosure of the application.

The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed and defined as follows:

1. An apparatus for covering a stoma so as to absorb materials discharged from the stoma during maintenance of the stoma comprising:

at least eight absorbent sheets, said sheets including a plurality of absorbent piles, said plurality of absorbent sheets arranged in a linear fashion removably connected end to end;

wherein said plurality of absorbent sheets are assembled in a wound roll;

wherein said absorbent sheets are each at least 3.81 cm (1½") in width, said width being perpendicular to said linear fashion of an adjacent absorbent sheet;

wherein said absorbent sheets are square in shape; and

wherein an outer most absorbent sheet includes an adhesive such that said sanitary stoma is configured into a stable roll useful for being placed endwise upon a stoma of a user to absorb and contain bodily fluids excreted from said stoma during maintenance of the stoma and removed therefrom after maintenance when placed .

2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is disposable via a sanitary system.
3. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is washable and reusable.

4. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system includes a lanyard configured to allow said user to easily remove said sanitary stoma system.
5. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system includes a cotton material configured to improve absorbency.
6. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system includes a cellulose fiber material configured to increase structural strength.
7. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system includes synthetic fibers configured to increase structural strength.
8. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system includes a chemical treatment to reduce odors produced from said stoma
9. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is affixable to an abdomen of said user and configured to absorb urine.
10. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is affixable to an abdomen of said user and configured to absorb feces.
11. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is affixable to a backside of said user.
12. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is biodegradable.
13. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is hypoallergenic, configured to reduce instances of inflammation during use.

14. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is sterile and configured to reduce instances of inflammation during use.
15. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system includes an antibacterial treatment configured to reduce instances of infection during use.
16. The apparatus system of claim 1, wherein said sanitary stoma system is packaged in multiple of three.
17. The apparatus system of claim 1, further comprising an adhesive along an edge of the outer sheet sufficient to maintain the structure of the roll during application to a stoma.
18. The apparatus system of claim 17, not comprising a separate cap around the adhesive material.
19. A method for covering a stoma so as to absorb materials discharged from the stoma during maintenance of the stoma comprising the steps of:

opening a package containing a sanitary stoma system comprising a wound roll of absorbent sheets removably connected end to end lengthwise, each sheet having absorbent piles wherein an outermost absorbent sheet includes an adhesive such that said sanitary stoma is configured into a stable roll;

removing a used medical barrier from a stoma site of a user;

placing the wound roll endwise upon the stoma site without placing a separate cap around the wound roll;

cleaning an area adjacent to the stoma site;

and

placing a fresh medical barrier upon the stoma site.

20. The method of claim 19, further comprising the steps of:

removing the wound roll from the stoma site; and

affixing an ostomy bag to the medical barrier.

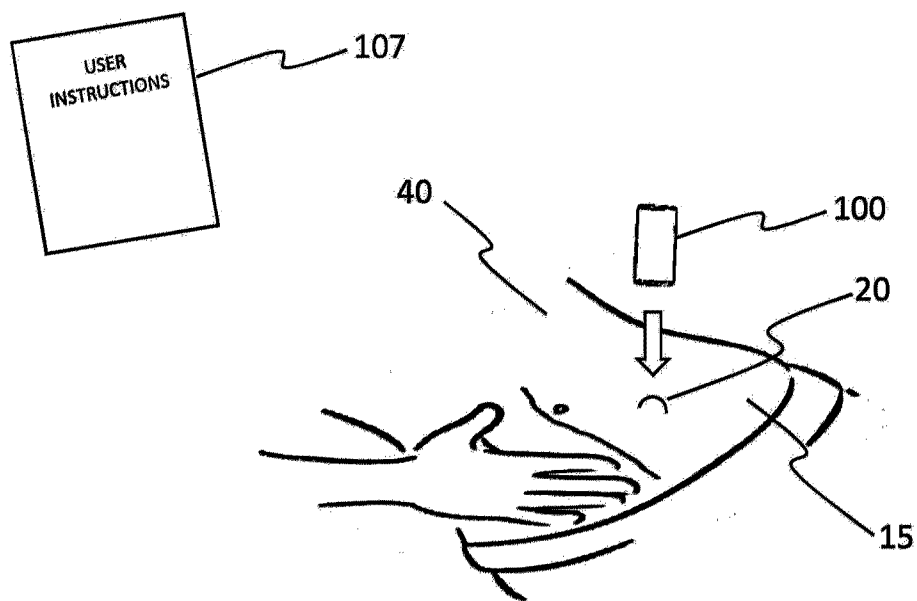


FIG. 1A

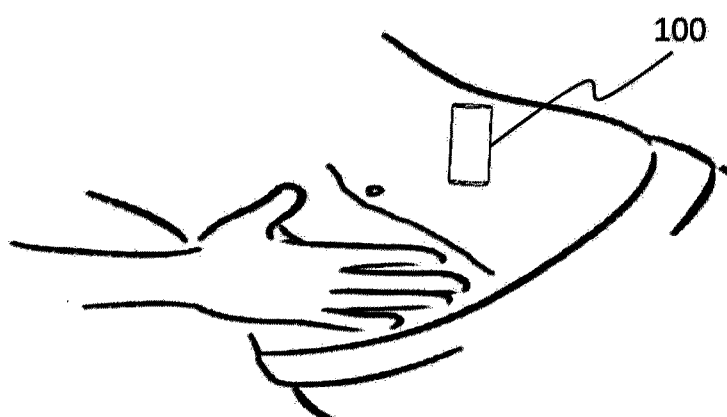


FIG. 1B

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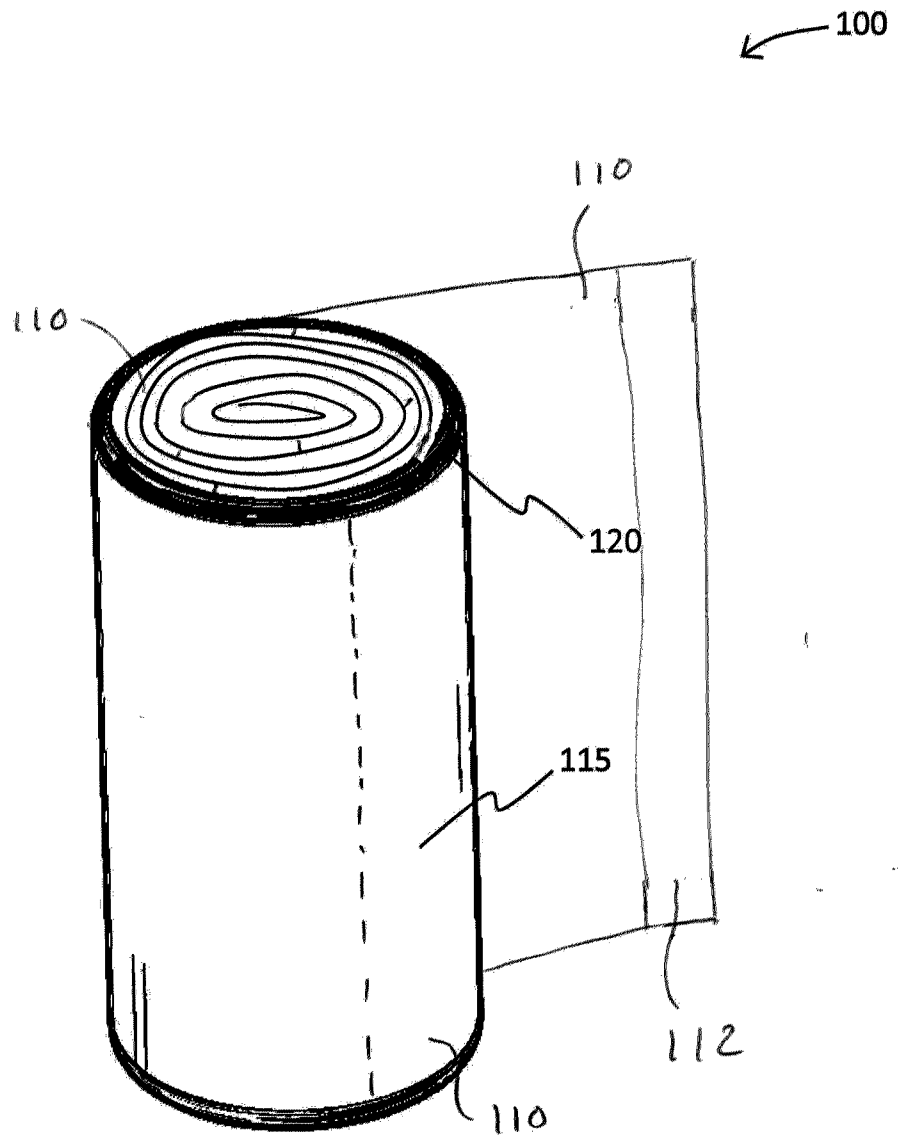


FIG. 2

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← 100

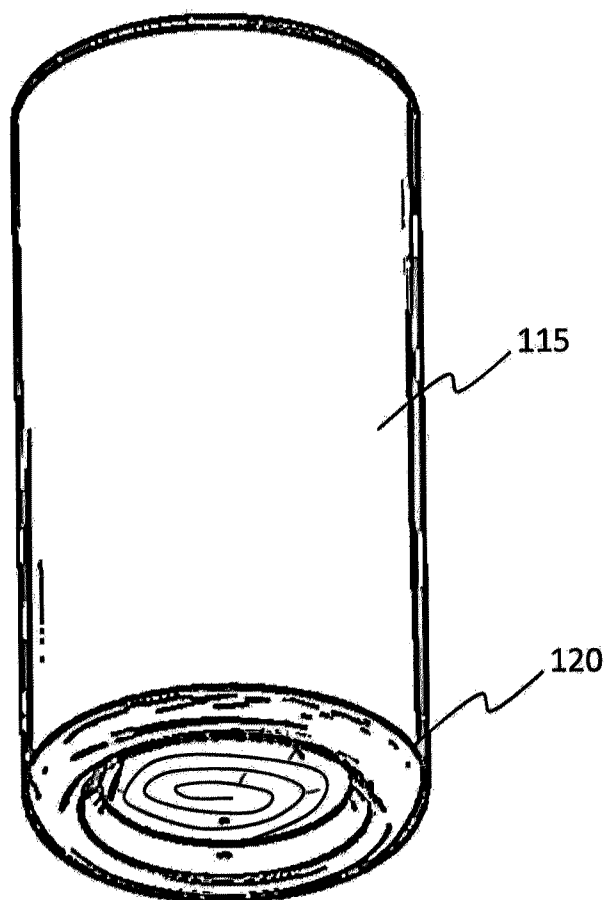


FIG. 3

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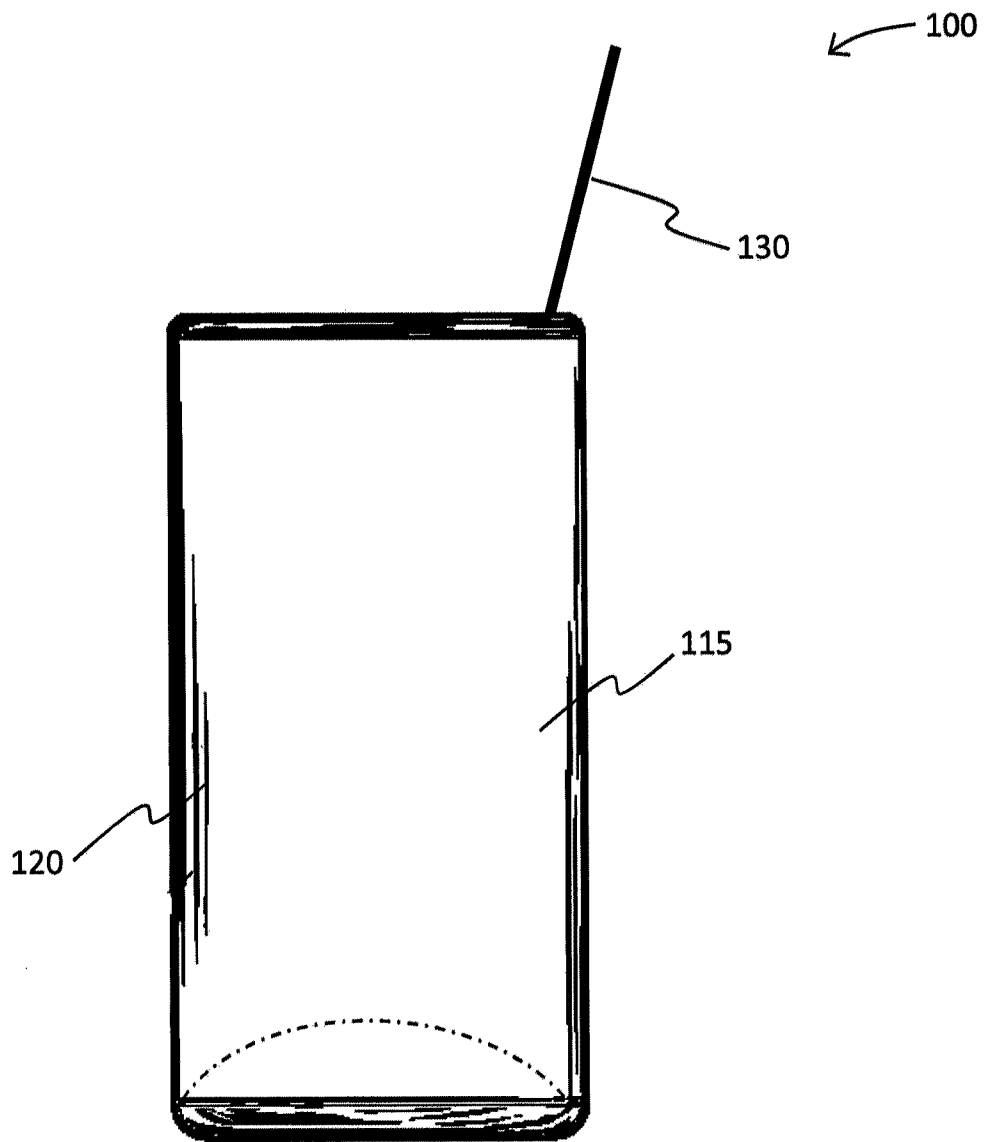


FIG. 4

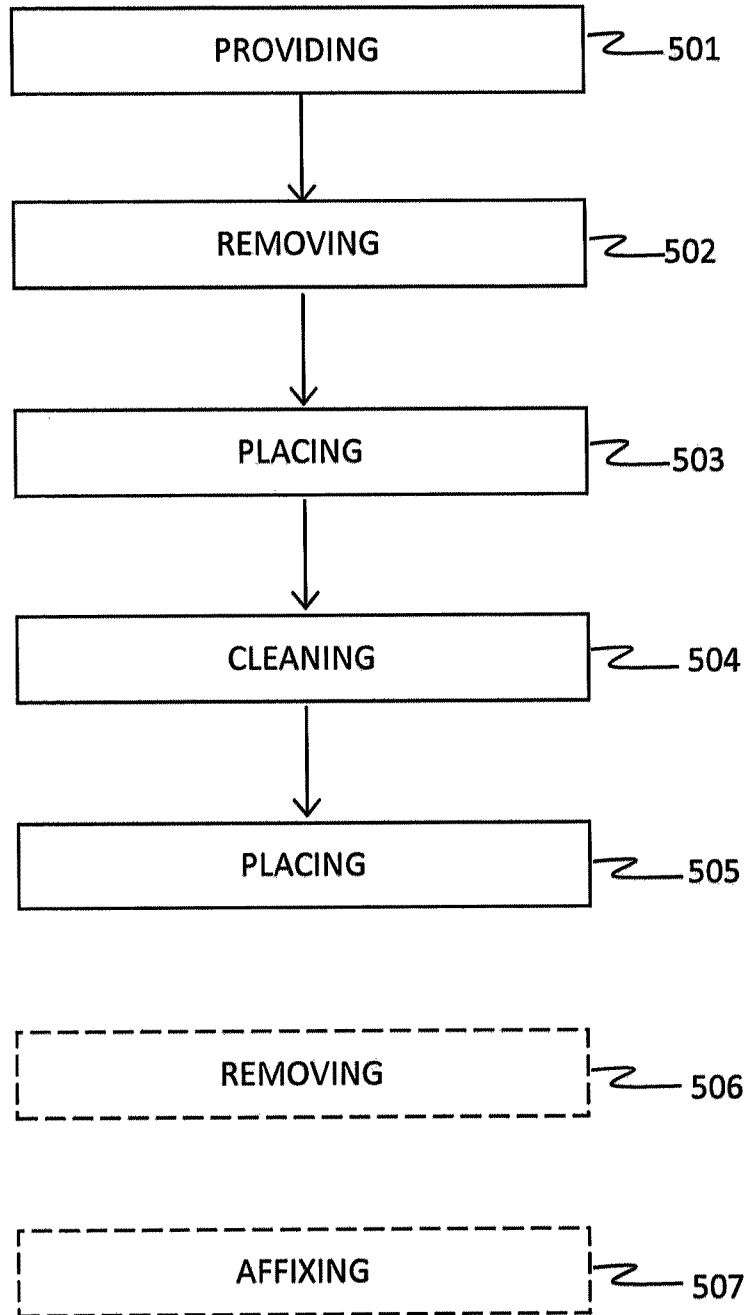


FIG. 5

