

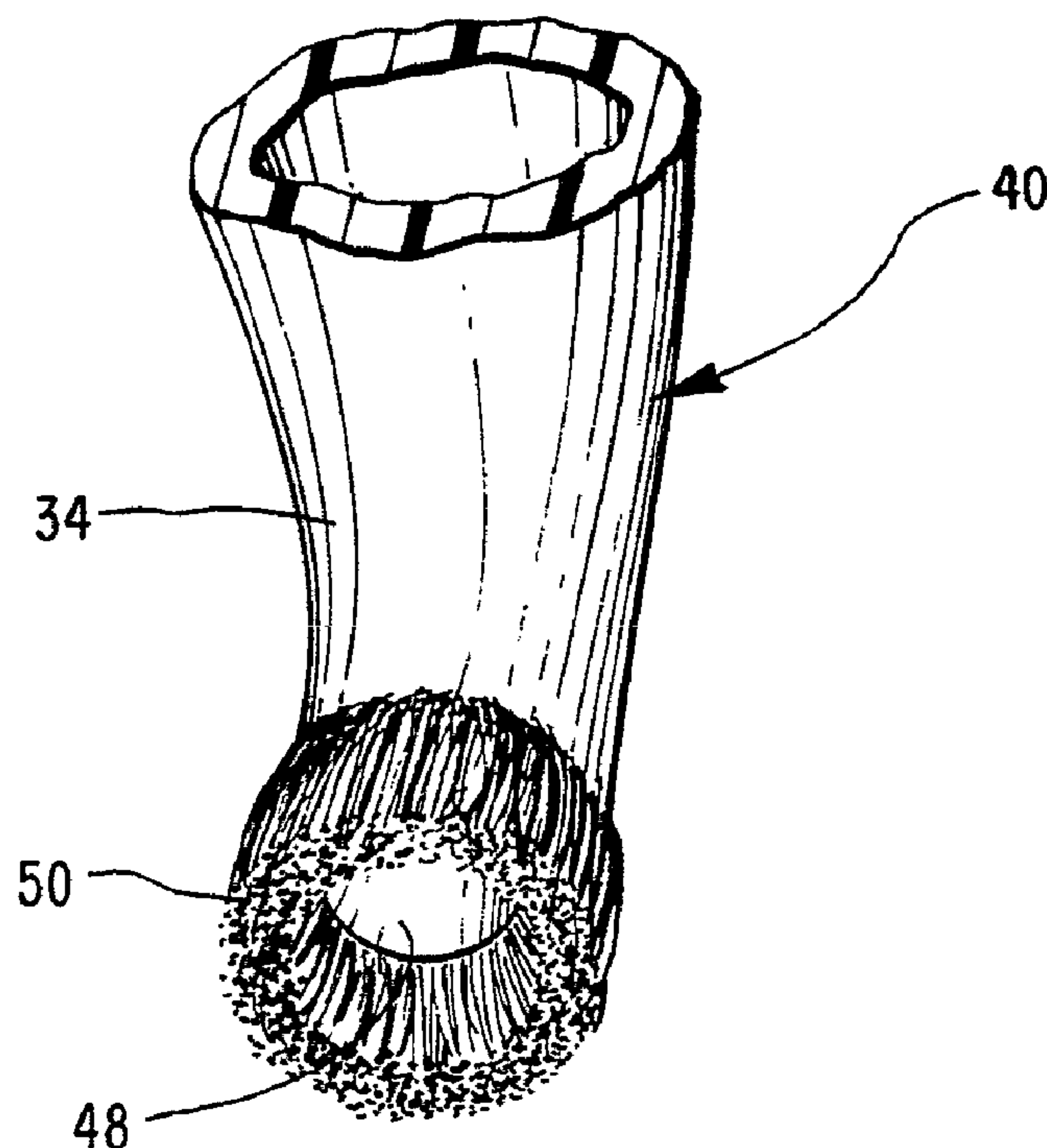


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(54) Titre : POINTE D'APPORT D'UNE COMPOSITION DENTAIRE AYANT UN ORIFICE OUVERT ET UNE EXTREMITÉ
A FIBRE

(54) Title: FIBER-ENDED OPEN ORIFICE DELIVERY TIP



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

A delivery tip (14) for use on a delivery device for applying a dental composition to tooth surfaces includes a tubular member (30) having a proximal end (32) and a distal end (34). The proximal end (32) of the tubular member (30) is coupled to the delivery device, while a plurality of fibrous bristles (50) are disposed at the distal end (34) of the tubular member (30). The fibrous bristles (50) are attached to the distal end (34) of the delivery tip (14) in such a manner that the composition can be delivered through a passageway in the tubular member (30) without interference from the bristles (50). The fibrous bristles (50) can be used in an agitating action to remove entrapped air bubbles from the applied composition, and can also be used to coat the composition on tooth surfaces.



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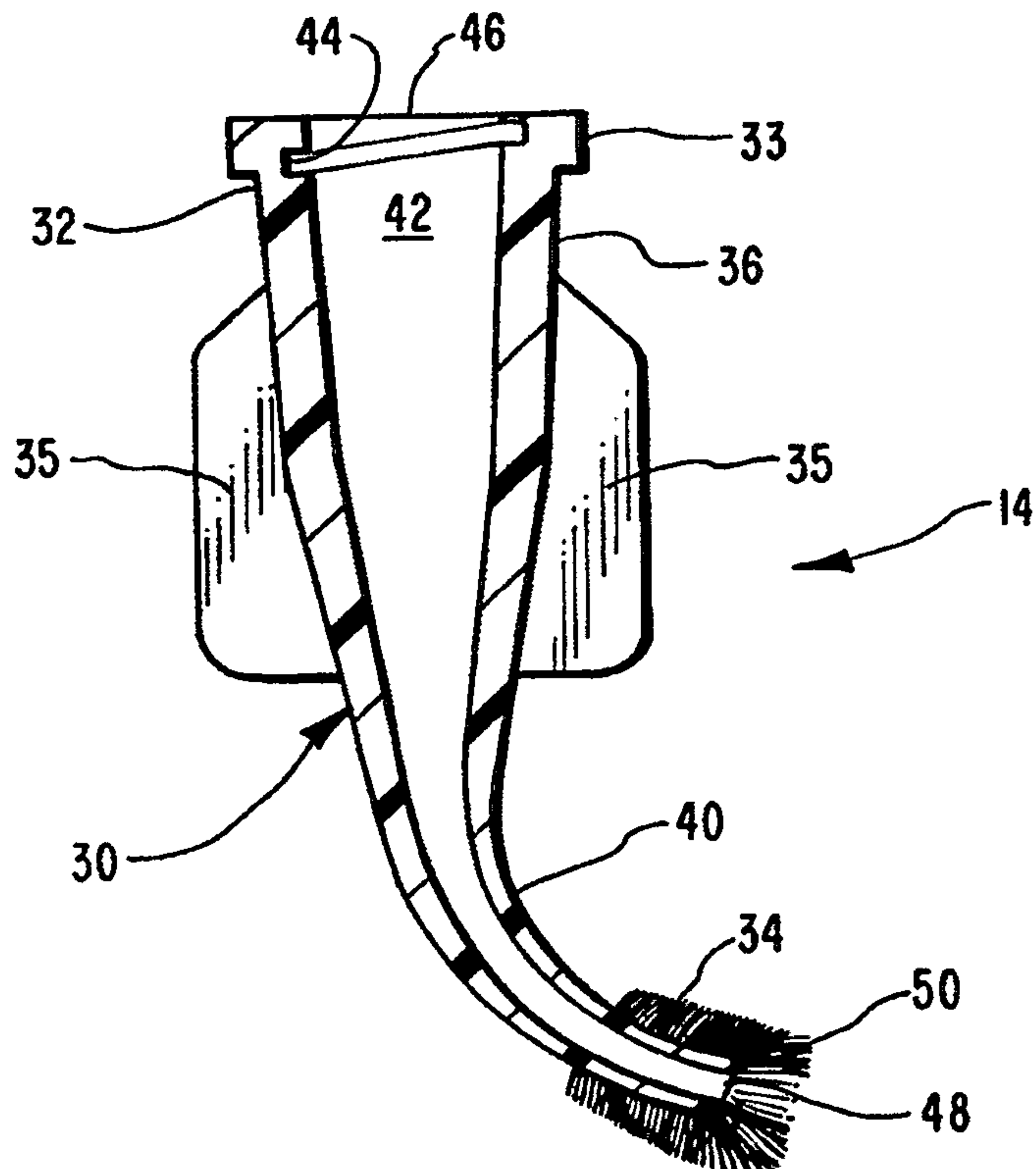
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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/00531 (22) International Filing Date: 17 January 1997 (17.01.97) (30) Priority Data: 08/589,122 19 January 1996 (19.01.96) US (71) Applicant: ULTRADENT PRODUCTS, INC. [US/US]; 505 West 10200 South, South Jordan, UT 84095 (US). (72) Inventors: FISCHER, Dan, E.; 10444 South Dimple Dell Road, Sandy, UT 84093 (US). FISCHER, David, V.; 9042 South Ripple Drive, West Jordan, UT 84088 (US). JENSEN, Steven, D.; 199 South Mail #23, Midvale, UT 84047 (US). (74) Agents: NYDEGGER, Rick, D. et al.; Workman, Nydegger & Seeley, 1000 Eagle Gate Tower, 60 East South Temple, Salt Lake City, UT 84111 (US).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, ARIPO patent (KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published With international search report.	

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(57) Abstract

A delivery tip (14) for use on a delivery device for applying a dental composition to tooth surfaces includes a tubular member (30) having a proximal end (32) and a distal end (34). The proximal end (32) of the tubular member (30) is coupled to the delivery device, while a plurality of fibrous bristles (50) are disposed at the distal end (34) of the tubular member (30). The fibrous bristles (50) are attached to the distal end (34) of the delivery tip (14) in such a manner that the composition can be delivered through a passageway in the tubular member (30) without interference from the bristles (50). The fibrous bristles (50) can be used in an agitating action to remove entrapped air bubbles from the applied composition, and can also be used to coat the composition on tooth surfaces.



FIBER-ENDED OPEN ORIFICE DELIVERY TIP**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION****1. The Field of the Invention**

5 The present invention relates to an apparatus and method for delivering a dental composition to a tooth surface. More particularly, the present invention is directed to a hand operated delivery device having a fiber-ended delivery tip capable of dispensing a dental composition directly onto a tooth surface.

2. The Relevant Technology

10 The development of modern instrumentation and materials, together with increased public awareness of the desirability of tooth preservation, have made cast restorations vital and frequently used elements in restorative and reconstructive prosthodontics dentistry. For years dentists have relied on indirect cast restorations such as crowns to maximize function, integrity, and aesthetics for compromised teeth. A primary step during cast restoration procedures is taking impressions of
15 teeth for reconstruction.

There are many important dental compositions that need to be efficiently delivered to tooth surfaces during dental restorative procedures. Such dental compositions include hemostatic agents, etchants, bonding agents, disinfectants, sealants, and for indirect impression making, impression materials.

20 An apparatus for delivering a dental composition to tooth surfaces is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 4,997,371. The apparatus includes a syringe-type dispenser for holding a quantity of the dental composition and a removable applicator tip having bristles disposed within the passageway at the distal end of the tip. The bristles are held by the applicator tip primarily by the frictional grip that occurs at the distal end of the tip. Another apparatus for delivering dental compositions is disclosed
25 in U.S. Patent No. 5,269,684. This apparatus has a removable applicator tip with adjustable bristles disposed within the distal end of the tip. The bristles are slidably secured in a spiral passageway formed by a helical ridge inside the delivery tip.

30 The application of some dental compositions to tooth surfaces using prior bristle brush tips can be difficult because some compositions are highly viscous. For example, it is nearly impossible to deliver impression materials with prior applicator tips since the resistance to flow is simply too great. Delivery of an impression material using these prior applicator tips is not effective since the bristles disposed within the passageway of the tips tend to choke off the tips, thus preventing flow

of the impression material. Attempting to force the flow of the impression material or other highly viscous materials through a prior brush applicator tip may actually cause the fibers to be pushed out, expelling undesired quantities of the material into a patient's mouth.

5 In addition, the positioning of the bristles within the passageway of prior applicator tips causes the bristles to act as a filter, particularly with respect to any filler particles that are contained in the dental composition. Such filtering may change the physical properties of the dental composition as it is delivered to the tooth surface.

10 Another problem that can occur if one is applying an impression material to tooth surfaces with a conventional delivery device is that air bubbles remain entrapped within the impression material, particularly when a syringe is used in dispensing the impression material. Impression materials are formed from a base material that is mixed with a catalyst material. When the base material and catalyst material are mixed together, air bubbles are formed in the resulting impression material used to make a cast mold of teeth. These air bubbles can prevent complete reproduction of detail in the impression material, resulting in a poor cast mold of the teeth. The impression material is only useable for a few minutes once the base material and the catalyst material have been mixed, so it is important to remove entrapped air bubbles as soon as possible. In conventional delivery methods, after a quantity of impression material has been delivered around the prepared tooth, an air syringe is sometimes used to blow against the impression material. This helps to break up entrapped bubbles, but this is not always predictable and can result in additional air bubbles becoming entrapped in the impression material. In addition, time is wasted addressing this step while working time of the impression material is passing.

20 Accordingly, there is a need for an improved delivery tip that overcomes the above problems.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

25 The present invention is directed to a delivery tip for applying a dental composition to a tooth surface. The delivery tip includes a tubular member having a proximal end and a distal end. A coupling means, such as a threaded portion or a luer lock connector, is located on the proximal end of the tubular member for releasably attaching the tubular member to a delivery device for the dental composition.

30 In a first embodiment of the delivery tip, a plurality of fibrous bristles are disposed on an outer periphery such as the outer surface and/or rim at the distal end of the tubular member. The fibrous bristles are attached to the outer periphery of the delivery tip so that a passageway extends

through the delivery tip without interference from the fibrous bristles. The fibrous bristles surround the outer surface and/or rim of the delivery tip adjacent to the distal end thereof, with at least a portion of the bristles extending a predetermined distance beyond the distal end.

In a second embodiment of the delivery tip, the tubular member has a passageway divided into a first lumen and a second lumen by an interior partition wall disposed longitudinally within the passageway, with the first lumen being open at the distal end. A plurality of fibrous bristles are disposed within the second lumen and extend from the distal end of the tubular member. When the delivery tip is attached to a delivery device, the first lumen is in communication with the delivery device at the proximal end of the delivery tip.

The delivery tip of the present invention is particularly useful on a delivery device for dispensing dental compositions used in dental restorative procedures such as impression materials, bonding agents, sealants, and the like. Preferably, the delivery tip is made from a chemically inert material with respect to the dental compositions.

The construction of the delivery tip with an open passageway free from fibrous bristles permits a free flow of the composition through the passageway of the delivery tip without interference from the bristles, thus preventing clogging of the tip. The fibrous bristles of the delivery tip permit an agitating action to remove air bubbles from the applied dental composition such as an impression material, reducing the amount of air entrapped within the impression material. The stimulation provided by the fibrous bristles also results in better adaptation of the impression material around tooth surfaces. The bristles may also be used in a brushing or scrubbing action, which is advantageous for working other dental compositions into the tissues.

An apparatus for controlled delivery of a dental composition to a tooth surface includes a delivery device having the delivery tip of the present invention attached thereto. The delivery device includes a reservoir means for holding a quantity of the dental composition. The delivery tip is in fluid communication with the reservoir means at the proximal end of the delivery tip. A means for controlled dispensing of the dental composition from the reservoir means to the distal end of the delivery tip in order to control the flow of the dental composition onto the tooth surface is also provided. The reservoir means is preferably a hollow syringe barrel, while the controlled dispensing means is preferably a plunger slidably disposed within the syringe barrel. The delivery tip can be releasably or permanently attached to the reservoir means.

A method for delivery of a dental composition to a tooth surface using the delivery tip of the present invention includes the following steps. First, a quantity of the dental composition is loaded

and held in a reservoir such as a syringe barrel. The dental composition is then delivered from the reservoir into the delivery tip coupled to the reservoir, and applied onto the tooth surface through the delivery tip. The dental composition can be agitated on the tooth surface with the fibrous bristles of the delivery tip to remove entrapped air bubbles. The fibrous bristles can also be used to coat and spread the dispensed composition on tooth surfaces.

The present invention has been developed in response to the present state of the art and, in particular, in response to problems and needs that have not been fully or completely solved by currently available dispensing devices.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In order to more fully understand the manner in which the above-recited and other advantages and objects of the invention are obtained, a more particular description of the invention briefly described above will be rendered by reference to specific embodiments thereof which are illustrated in the appended drawings. Understanding that these drawings depict only typical embodiments of the invention and are not to be considered limiting of its scope, the invention will be described and explained with additional specificity and detail through the use of the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a first embodiment of the delivery tip of the present invention;

Figure 2A is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of the delivery tip of Figure 1 taken along lines 2-2;

Figure 2B is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of an alternative embodiment of the delivery tip of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is an enlarged end view of the delivery tip of Figure 1;

Figure 4 is an exploded perspective view of the delivery tip of Figure 1 and a syringe apparatus that can be used therewith;

Figure 5 is a perspective view of the delivery tip and syringe apparatus of Figure 4 in an assembled condition;

Figure 6 is a perspective view of the syringe apparatus of Figure 5 with the delivery tip replaced by a cap;

Figure 7 is a perspective view of a second embodiment of the delivery tip of the present invention;

Figure 8A is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of the delivery tip of Figure 7 taken along lines 8-8;

Figure 8B is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of an alternative embodiment of the delivery tip of Figure 7;

Figure 9 is an enlarged end view of the delivery tip of Figure 7;

Figure 10 is an exploded perspective view of the delivery tip of Figure 7 and a syringe apparatus that can be used therewith; and

Figure 11 is a perspective view of the delivery tip and syringe apparatus of Figure 10 in an assembled condition.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention is directed to a delivery tip for applying a dental composition to a tooth surface. In a first embodiment, the delivery tip includes a tubular member with a plurality of fibrous bristles disposed on an outer periphery of the tip, such as the outer surface and/or distal rim at the distal end of the tubular member. In a second embodiment, the tubular member of the delivery tip has a passageway divided into a first lumen and a second lumen by an interior partition wall disposed longitudinally within the passageway, with the first lumen being open at the distal end. A plurality of fibrous bristles are disposed within the second lumen and extend from the distal end of the tubular member. The invention is also directed to an apparatus for controlled delivery of a dental composition to a tooth surface. The apparatus includes a delivery device having the delivery tip of the present invention attached thereto.

Referring to the drawings, where like parts are designated with like numerals throughout, Figures 1-3 and 7-9 illustrate the preferred embodiments of the delivery tip according to the present invention. Figures 4-6 and 10-11 illustrate preferred delivery devices in the form of syringes that can be used with the delivery tip of the invention.

Turning first to Figure 4, an exploded perspective view of a delivery device in the form of a syringe 10, and a delivery tip 14 are illustrated according to a first embodiment of the invention. The syringe 10 includes a reservoir means for holding a quantity of the dental composition. A preferred embodiment of the reservoir means is a hollow syringe barrel 12. The syringe barrel 12 has a loading end 13 and a discharge end 15. The syringe barrel 12 is generally cylindrical in shape and is adapted for holding a quantity of a dental composition 16, as shown in Figures 5 and 6. The dental composition 16 can be dental impression materials, hydrophilic bonding agents, sealing

agents, antimicrobial agents, etching agents, hydrophobic resins, flowable composites, pot and fissure sealants, and the like.

A pair of finger flanges 20 protrude from the outer surface of syringe barrel 12, which aid in gripping barrel 12 while dispensing composition 16. The outer surface of syringe barrel 12 can also be provided with gradient markings (not shown) to aid in dispensing a precise amount of composition 16.

The syringe 10 also includes a means for controlled dispensing of the dental composition from the reservoir means to the distal end of delivery tip 14 in order to control the flow of the dental composition onto tooth surfaces. In a preferred embodiment, the controlled dispensing means is a plunger 22 that is longitudinally slidable within syringe barrel 12. The plunger 22 has a circular flange 24 at the outer end thereof. A plunger head 26 is disposed at the opposite end of plunger 22 from circular flange 24. The plunger head 26 is constructed of a resilient material such that the outer edge of plunger head 26 is contiguous with the inner wall of syringe barrel 12. In addition, plunger head 26 is preferably constructed of a material that is nonreactive with the dental composition. Markings may be placed on plunger 22 to identify the volume of dental composition used or remaining.

The discharge end 15 of syringe barrel 12 includes a coupling means for attaching delivery tip 14 to syringe 10. The coupling means includes in one preferred embodiment a syringe threaded portion 18 that is complementary with a corresponding tip threaded portion 44 on delivery tip 14 as discussed in greater detail below. Other means may be used to attach delivery tip 14 to syringe barrel 12, which will also be discussed in further detail below.

It will be appreciated that other means may be used to control dispensing of a dental composition onto a tooth surface. For example, the delivery tip of the invention may be adapted for capsule use or for squeeze bulb use.

Figures 1-3 illustrate delivery tip 14 in greater detail. The delivery tip 14 includes a tubular member 30 having a proximal end 32 and a distal end 34. The tubular member 30 includes a cylindrical hub 36 toward proximal end 32, and a tapered nozzle 40 toward distal end 34. A conical section 38 is disposed between and integrally formed with hub 36 and nozzle 40. The outer diameter of delivery tip 14 thus gradually decreases in size from proximal end 32 to distal end 34. The nozzle 40 may be curved as shown, or straight. Preferably, nozzle 40 is curved toward distal end 34 to facilitate application of a dental composition to hard-to-reach tooth surfaces.

A pair of fins 35 protrude from the outer surface of tubular member 30. The fins 35 provide convenience in attaching delivery tip 14 onto syringe barrel 12. A circular lip 33 surrounds the outer periphery of delivery tip 14 at proximal end 32. The lip 33 provides a fluid sealing surface to prevent leakage of composition 16 when delivery tip 14 is coupled to syringe barrel 12.

5 A coupling means for detachably coupling delivery tip 14 to syringe barrel 12 is provided at proximal end 32 of tubular member 30. One presently preferred embodiment of the coupling means includes tip threaded portion 44 formed of female threads on the interior surface of delivery tip 14 at proximal end 32. The tip threaded portion 44 is shown in Figures 2A, 2B and 4. The tip threaded portion 44 can be coupled with complementary syringe threaded portion 18 formed with
10 male threads on discharge end 15 of syringe barrel 12.

It will be appreciated that the coupling means can be implemented using various other equivalent structures and be within the intended scope of the invention. For example, delivery tip 14 could be formed with male threads at proximal end 32 and discharge end 15 of syringe barrel 12 could be formed with complementary female threads. In addition, delivery tip 14 could be
15 detachably coupled to syringe barrel 12 by way of a luer lock attachment in which delivery tip 14 utilizes a female luer connector and discharge end 15 of syringe barrel 12 uses a male luer connector or vice versa. Another connection arrangement that could be used is a press fit attachment of delivery tip 14 to syringe barrel 12. Any connection arrangement can be used such that delivery tip 14 detachably couples to discharge end 15 of syringe barrel 12.

20 While in the embodiments illustrated, delivery tip 14 is removable, it is possible in an alternative embodiment within the scope of the present invention to permanently secure delivery tip 14 to syringe barrel 12. Thus, delivery tip 14 may be integrally molded as part of syringe barrel 12 or may irreversibly snap onto syringe barrel 12. In such an embodiment, syringe barrel 12 could be configured to hold only a sufficient quantity of a dental composition for a single application.
25 Thereafter, the device could be discarded.

As illustrated in Figures 2A and 2B, the interior of delivery tip 14 forms a tapered passageway 42. The passageway 42 narrows from an inlet orifice 46 at proximal end 32 toward an outlet orifice 48 at distal end 34. The passageway 42 can be formed with any desired cross-sectional shape, such as circular, elliptical, square, rectangular, or polygonal. As depicted in Figures
30 2A and 3, a plurality of fibrous bristles 50 are disposed around the outer periphery including on the outer surface and distal rim of nozzle 40 at distal end 34 of delivery tip 14. The fibrous bristles 50 are disposed on and surround the outer surface and distal rim of nozzle 40 so as not to obstruct outlet

orifice 48 of delivery tip 14. In the alternative embodiment shown in Figure 2B, fibrous bristles 50 are disposed on and around only the distal rim of distal end 34.

While Figure 3 depicts fibrous bristles 50 as completely surrounding the outer periphery of nozzle 40 at distal end 34, it is possible that fiber bristles could be disposed on delivery tip 14 in other ways. For example, fiber bristles could be disposed in spaced apart clumps around the outer periphery of nozzle 40 at distal end 34.

At least a portion of fibrous bristles 50 extend a predetermined distance beyond the distal rim surrounding outlet orifice 48 of delivery tip 14 at distal end 34. Such a distance can be in the range from about 0.3 mm to about 3 mm, depending on the length of the fibers used for the bristles.

The delivery tip of the invention can be made with longer bristles or with shorter bristles. For example, the delivery tip made with longer bristles is useful in applying compositions such as sealing agents that need to be painted onto tooth surfaces. The delivery tip made with shorter bristles is useful in delivering and agitating impression materials and other appropriate materials. The fiber bristle length for fibrous bristles 50 is in the range from about 0.3 mm to about 3 mm, preferably from about 0.5 mm to about 2 mm. In a preferred embodiment, the fiber bristle diameter is in the range from about 0.02 mm to about 0.2 mm, and more preferably in the range from about 0.06 mm to about 0.09 mm.

The fibrous bristles 50 are preferably constructed of reasonably soft fibers so as not to irritate target dental surfaces. Both natural and synthetic fibers may be used to form fibrous bristles 50. Suitable natural fibers include cotton fibers, while suitable synthetic fibers include nylon and polyester fibers. In addition, various injection moldable plastics can be employed to form the bristles using standard injection molding techniques.

The fibrous bristles 50 can be attached to the outer surface and/or rim of delivery tip 14 at distal end 34 by various methods. One method is by adhesive attachment of fibers to the outer periphery at the distal end of the delivery tip. An adhesive material is applied to the outer surface and/or rim of the delivery tip where fiber attachment is desired. An appropriate quantity of fibers is then contacted with the adhesive material on the delivery tip. The adhesive is allowed to harden, thereby securing the fibers to the outer periphery at the distal end of the delivery tip. Another method of fiber attachment is to sonically weld or bond the fibers to the outer periphery at the distal end of the delivery tip using standard ultrasonic welding or bonding techniques. A further method of fiber attachment is to use a thermoforming plastic material to make the delivery tip and to cause

the fibers to electrostatically attach to the outer periphery at the distal end of the delivery tip. An additional method of fiber attachment is to injection mold the fibers onto the desired outer periphery area at the distal end of the delivery tip. In this method, the fibers and delivery tip are injection molded together from a plastic material so that the fibrous bristles are integrally formed on the outer surface and/or rim at the distal end of the delivery tip.

Figure 5 illustrates delivery tip 14 attached to syringe 10. When using delivery tip 14 with a delivery device such as syringe 10, plunger 22 is inserted into loading end 13 after dental composition 16 has been preloaded in syringe barrel 12. The plunger 22 is then advanced inwardly so that plunger head 26 presses against composition 16, thereby causing composition 16 to flow out of discharge end 15 of syringe barrel 12 and into passageway 42 of delivery tip 14. The composition 16 flows through passageway 42 of delivery tip 14 without obstruction since fibrous bristles 50 are disposed on the outer surface of nozzle 40. Thus, delivery tip 14 does not become clogged during delivery of composition 16 to a tooth surface.

As illustrated in Figure 6, delivery tip 14 may be removed from syringe 10 and replaced with a cap 60. The syringe barrel 12 may be marketed prefilled with composition 16 and sealed with cap 60. Alternatively, syringe barrel 12 may be filled with composition 16 by removing cap 60 and drawing the desired amount of composition 16 into syringe barrel 12 from an appropriate storage container. In addition, composition 16 can be loaded into syringe barrel 12 through loading end 13.

During use of syringe 10, cap 60 is removed from syringe barrel 12 and replaced with delivery tip 14. After composition 16 is applied to a tooth surface, delivery tip 14 is removed from syringe barrel 12 and discarded. The cap 60 is then replaced on syringe barrel 12, and syringe 10 is stored until the dental composition is needed in the future. If used properly, syringe barrel 12 should still be clean. Nevertheless, syringe barrel 12 may be disinfected if necessary.

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Substantially enhanced delivery of a dental composition is accomplished by the delivery tip of the present invention. For example, delivery of a viscous composition, which may or may not be viscous due to a filler, is virtually impossible to express through prior delivery tips which have bristles disposed within the passageway of the tips. Such a viscous composition is easily expressed through the open passageway or lumen of the delivery tip of the present invention and any filler particles in the composition are not filtered out.

The delivery tip of the invention can be constructed of a rigid plastic material, as well as other suitable materials such as metal or glass. The delivery tip can also be made with a combination of materials. For example, a cylindrical hub 36 can be made from a plastic material, which nozzle 40 can be made from a metallic material or vice versa.

It is important that the components of the delivery tip and the delivery device such as a syringe be constructed of materials that will not react with a dental composition used therewith. In addition, the dental composition should not adhere to the construction materials used. Since many dental compositions are light sensitive, the construction materials used may be light-resistive. For example, various colored plastics that tend to filter out light can be employed in making the delivery tip and syringe.

In addition, different colored plastics may be used to identify the type of dental composition within the syringe. Alternatively, printing or other identifying markings on the syringe may be used to identify the type of dental composition therein.

Although the above discussion has described an apparatus used for applying dental compositions to tooth surfaces, it will be appreciated that the apparatus of the present invention may be adapted for applying other materials to various surface types.

A method for delivery of a dental composition tooth surfaces using the delivery tip of the present invention includes loading and holding a quantity of the dental composition in a reservoir such as a syringe barrel. The dental composition is then delivered from the reservoir into the delivery tip coupled to the reservoir, such as by expelling the dental composition from the syringe barrel by depressing the plunger therein so as to force the dental composition into the delivery tip. The dental composition is then applied onto the tooth surface through the delivery tip. The dispensed dental composition on tooth surfaces can be agitated with the fibrous bristles of the delivery tip to remove entrapped air bubbles, to scrub the tooth structure, or to work the composition into the surrounding tissues. The fibrous bristles can also be used to coat and spread the dispensed dental composition on

tooth surfaces.

5 The delivery tip of the invention is particularly useful for dispensing impression materials onto tooth surfaces. A problem that occurs when applying impression materials to tooth surfaces with conventional delivery devices is that air bubbles remain entrapped within the impression material. By agitating the dispensed impression material with the fibers at the distal end of the delivery tip, entrapped air bubbles are removed from the impression material.

10 The present invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from its spirit or essential characteristics. The described embodiments are to be considered in all respects only as illustrative and not restrictive. The scope of the invention is, therefore, indicated by the appended claims rather than by the foregoing description. All changes which come within the meaning and range of equivalency of the claims are to be embraced within their scope.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A delivery tip for use in combination with a delivery device comprising a reservoir means for holding a quantity of a dental composition for restorative or reconstructive dental procedures and a means for controlled dispensing of the dental composition from the reservoir means and through the delivery tip in order to apply in a precise, controlled fashion the dental composition to a tooth surface that is to be restored or reconstructed, the delivery tip comprising:

- (a) a tubular member having a proximal end and a tubular distal end, the tubular member having a passageway extending from an inlet orifice at the proximal end to an outlet orifice with a distal rim at the tubular distal end, the tubular distal end being of a size and being configured for precise, controlled delivery of the fluid, the tubular distal end having an outer periphery surface located near said outlet orifice;
- (b) coupling means on the proximal end for adapting said tubular member for releasable attachment to a delivery device; and
- (c) a plurality of fibrous bristles disposed on and surrounding the outer surface and distal rim of the outlet orifice such that such bristles permit a free flow of the fluid out of said outlet orifice without any substantial interference from said bristles.

2. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein said tubular member tapers in width from the proximal end to the distal end.

3. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein said tubular distal end is curved.

4. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein said coupling means is a press fit connector adapted for frictional coupling to the delivery device.

5. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein said coupling means comprises a threaded portion formed on the proximal end of the tubular member that is complementary with a threaded portion formed on the delivery device.

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6. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein said outer periphery surface near said outlet orifice comprises an outer surface located around said tubular distal end such that said fibrous bristles are disposed on said outer surface and extend from said outer surface.

5 7. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein said outer periphery surface near said outlet orifice comprises a distal rim surface located around said outlet orifice such that said fibrous bristles extend from said distal rim surface beyond the tubular distal end.

10 8. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein at least a portion of said fibrous bristles extends from the tubular distal end of said tubular member a distance in a range from about 0.3 mm to about 3mm.

15 9. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein each of said fibrous bristles has a diameter in a range from about 0.02 mm to about 0.2 mm.

10. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein each of said fibrous bristles have a length in a range from about 0.3 mm to about 3 mm.

20 11. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein said fibrous bristles are constructed from natural fibers.

12. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein said fibrous bristles are constructed from a synthetic material.

25 13. The delivery tip of claim 1, wherein the tip is constructed of a plastic material.

14. An apparatus for precise, controlled delivery of a dental composition to a tooth surface, comprising:

- 30 (a) reservoir means for holding a quantity of the fluid;
- (b) a delivery tip having a proximal end and a tubular distal end, the delivery tip having a passageway extending from an inlet orifice at the proximal end to an outlet orifice with a distal rim at the tubular distal end, the

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tubular distal end being of a size and being configured for precise, controlled delivery of the fluid, the tubular distal end having an outer periphery surface located near the outlet orifice, the passageway being in communication with said reservoir means such that the fluid can flow through from the reservoir means into the inlet orifice and through the passageway;

(c) a plurality of fibrous bristles disposed on and surrounding the outer surface and distal rim of the outlet orifice such that said bristles permit a free flow of the fluid out of said outlet orifice without any substantial interference from said bristles; and

(d) means for controlled dispensing of the fluid from said reservoir means to cause the flow of the fluid from the reservoir means, into the inlet orifice, through the passageway and then out of the outlet orifice.

15. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said reservoir means comprises a hollow syringe barrel.

16. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein said controlled dispensing means comprises a plunger located within said syringe barrel.

17. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said delivery tip tapers in width from the proximal end of the delivery tip to the distal end.

18. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said delivery tip is releasably coupled to said reservoir means.

19. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said delivery tip is threadably coupled to said reservoir means.

20. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said delivery tip is frictionally coupled to said reservoir means with a press fit connector.

21. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said delivery tip is permanently secured to

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said reservoir means.

22. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said outer periphery surface near said outlet orifice comprises a distal rim surface located around said outlet orifice such that said fibrous bristles extend from said distal rim surface and extend beyond the tubular distal end.

23. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein at least a portion of said fibrous bristles extend from the tubular distal end of said delivery tip a distance in a range from about 0.3 mm to about 3 mm.

24. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein each of said fibrous bristles has a diameter in a range from about 0.02 mm to about 0.2 mm.

25. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein each of said fibrous bristles have a length in a range from about 0.3 mm to about 3 mm.

26. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said fibrous bristles are constructed from natural fibers.

27. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said fibrous bristles are constructed from a synthetic material.

28. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said delivery tip is constructed of a plastic material.

29. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said outer periphery surface near said outlet orifice comprises an outer surface located around said tubular distal end such that said fibrous bristles extend from said outer surface.

30. An apparatus for precise, controlled delivery of a dental composition to a tooth surface, comprising:

- (a) a syringe barrel for holding a quantity of the fluid, said syringe barrel having a discharge end;

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- (b) a plunger slidably disposed within said syringe barrel for controlled dispensing of the fluid from the discharge end of said syringe barrel;
- (c) a delivery tip having a proximal end and a tubular distal end, the delivery tip having a passageway extending from an inlet orifice at the proximal end to an outlet orifice with a distal rim at the tubular distal end, the tubular distal end being of a size and being configured for precise, controlled delivery of the fluid, the tubular distal end having an outer periphery surface located near the outlet orifice, said delivery tip being coupled to the discharge end of said syringe barrel at the proximal end of said delivery tip, the passageway being in communication with said syringe barrel such that the fluid can flow through from the syringe barrel into the inlet orifice and through the passageway; and
- (d) a plurality of fibrous bristles disposed on and surrounding the outer surface and distal rim of the outlet orifice such that said bristles permit a free flow of the fluid out of said outlet orifice without any substantial interference from said bristles.

31. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said delivery tip tapers in width from the proximal end of the delivery tip to the distal end.

32. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said proximal end of said delivery tip is releasably coupled to the discharge end of said syringe barrel.

33. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said proximal end of said delivery tip is threadably coupled to the discharge end of said syringe barrel.

34. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said proximal end of said delivery tip is frictionally coupled to the discharge end of said syringe barrel with a press fit connector.

35. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said proximal end of said delivery tip is permanently secured to the discharge end of said syringe barrel.

36. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said outer periphery surface near said outlet

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orifice comprises a distal rim surface located around said outlet orifice such that said fibrous bristles extend from said distal rim surface and beyond the tubular distal end.

37. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein at least a portion of said fibrous bristles extends from the tubular distal end of said delivery tip a distance in a range from about 0.3 mm to about 3 mm.

38. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein each of said fibrous bristles has a diameter in a range from about 0.02 mm to about 0.2 mm.

39. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein each of said fibrous bristles have a length in a range from about 0.3 mm to about 3 mm.

40. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said fibrous bristles are constructed from natural fibers.

41. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said fibrous bristles are constructed from a synthetic material.

42. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein said outer periphery near said outlet orifice comprises an outer surface located around said tubular distal end such that said fibrous bristles extend from said outer surface.

43. Use of an apparatus for delivery of a dental composition onto a relatively small region of a tooth surface in a precise, controlled fashion, the apparatus comprising:

- (a) a delivery tip;
- (b) a reservoir means for holding the dental composition, the reservoir means being coupled to a proximal end of the delivery tip;
- (c) a passageway in the delivery tip extending from an inlet orifice with a distal rim located in the proximal end of said delivery tip to an outlet orifice in a tubular distal end of said delivery tip, said passageway being for dispensing said dental composition; and
- (d) wherein the delivery tip includes a plurality of fibrous bristles disposed

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on and surrounding the outer surface and distal rim of the outlet orifice in a configuration that permits the dental composition to freely flow out of said outlet orifice without any substantial interference from said bristles, said fibrous bristles being for agitating the dental composition on the tooth surface.

44. The use of claim 43, wherein the reservoir means comprises a syringe barrel and wherein the dental composition is dispensed from the syringe barrel by a plunger slidably disposed within the syringe barrel.

45. The use of claim 44, wherein the dental composition is delivered from the syringe barrel by depressing the plunger so as to force the dental composition through the inlet orifice, into the passageway of the delivery tip and out of the outlet orifice.

46. The use of claim 43, wherein said outer periphery surface near said outlet orifice comprises an outer surface located around said tubular distal end such that the fibrous bristles extend from the outer surface.

47. The use of claim 43, wherein the fibrous bristles are constructed from natural fibers.

48. The use of claim 43, wherein said fibrous bristles are constructed from a synthetic material.

49. The use of claim 43, wherein the delivery tip is constructed of a plastic material.

50. The use of claim 43, wherein said outer periphery surface near said outlet orifice comprises a distal rim surface located around said outlet orifice such that said fibrous bristles are disposed on the distal rim and extend beyond the tubular distal end.

51. A delivery tip for applying a dental composition to a tooth surface, comprising:
a tubular member having a proximal end and a distal end, an outer periphery, an outlet orifice at the distal end, and a distal rim surrounding said outlet orifice;

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coupling means on the proximal end for releasably attaching said tubular member to a delivery device for the dental composition; and

a plurality of fibrous bristles disposed adjacent to the distal end and welded, bonded, adhesively attached, or integrally formed on at least one of said outer periphery or said distal rim so as to not obstruct said outlet orifice and so as to permit contact with and delivery of a dental composition by means of said bristles.

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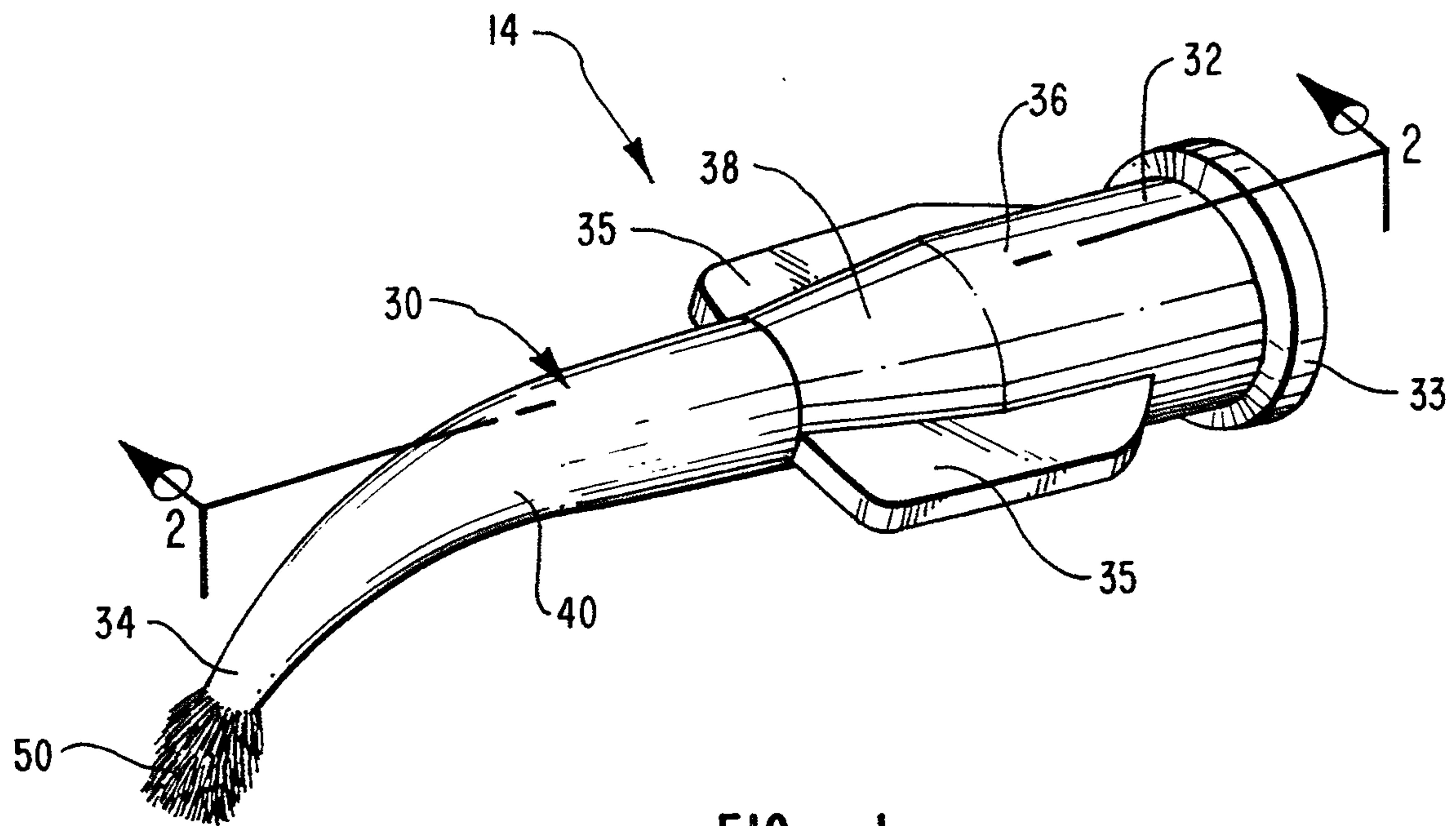


FIG. 1

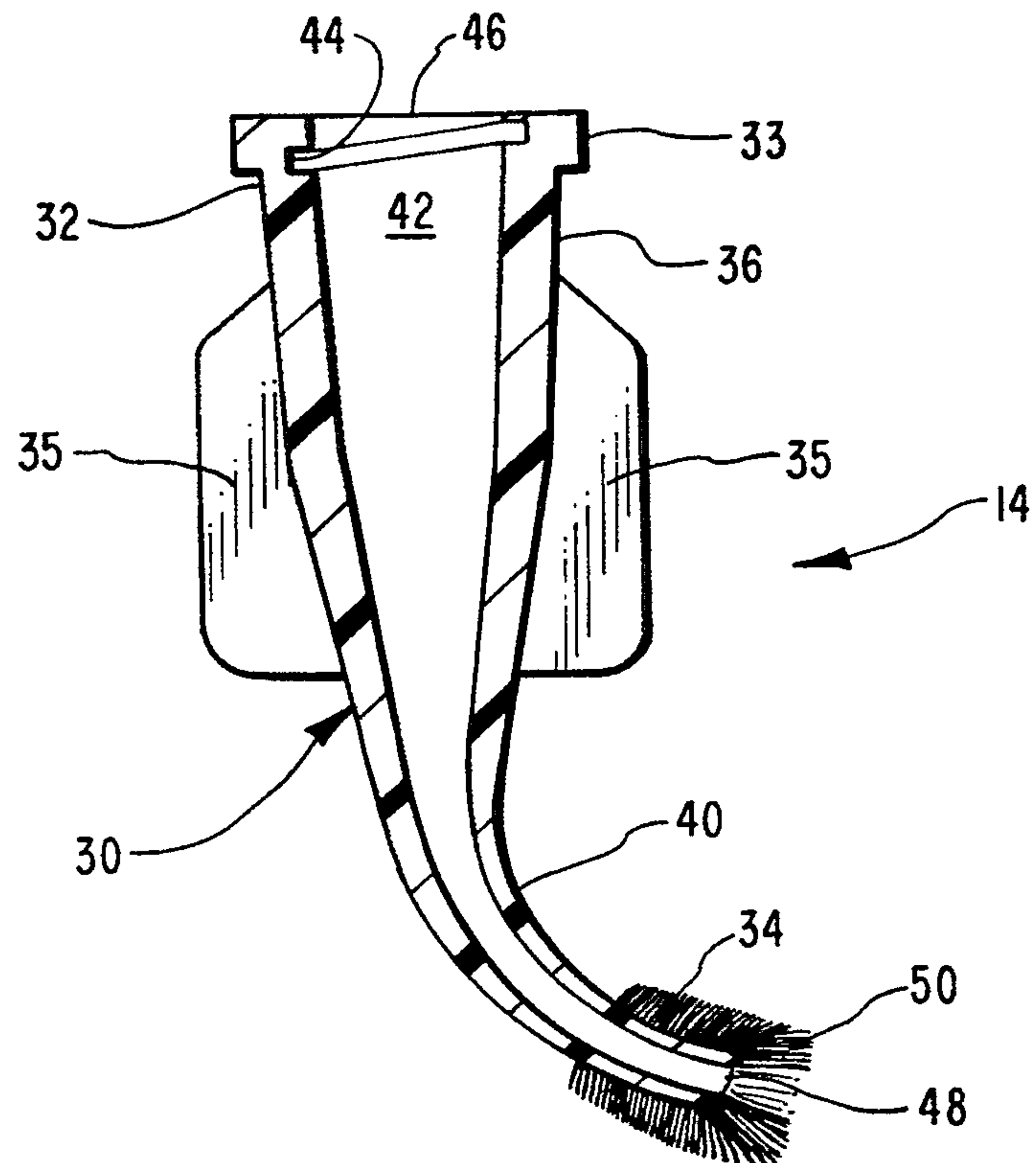


FIG. 2A

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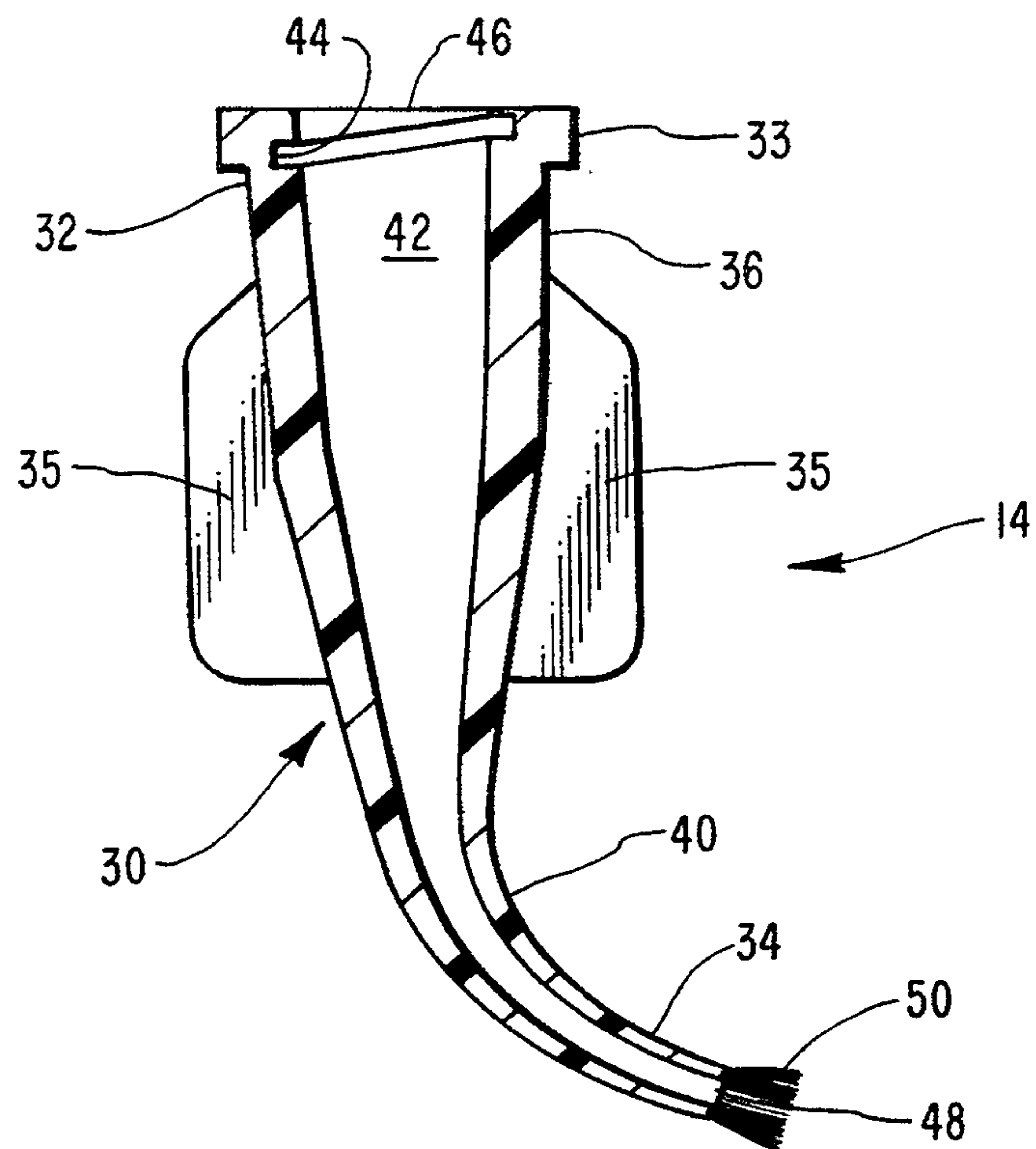


FIG. 2B

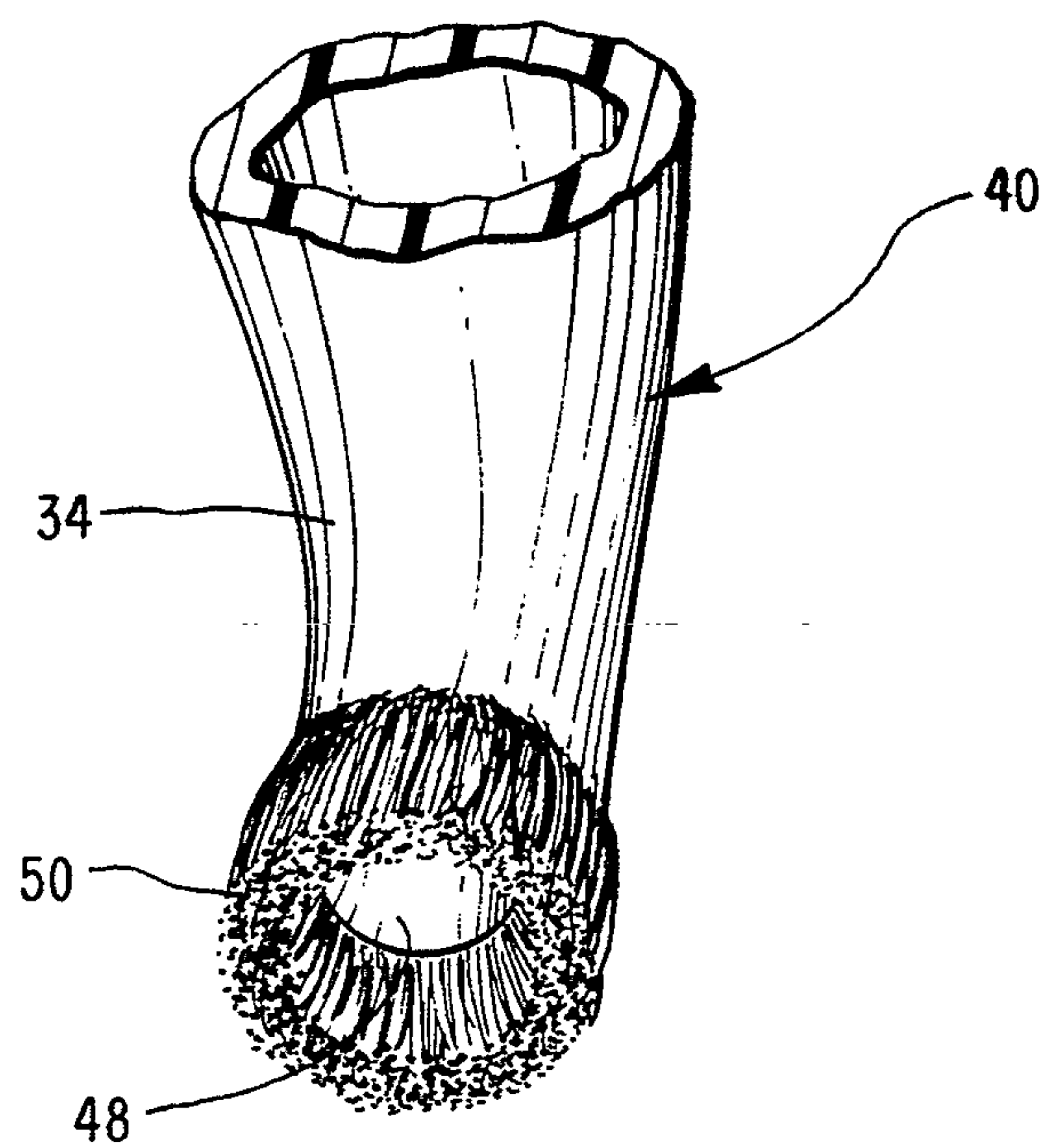
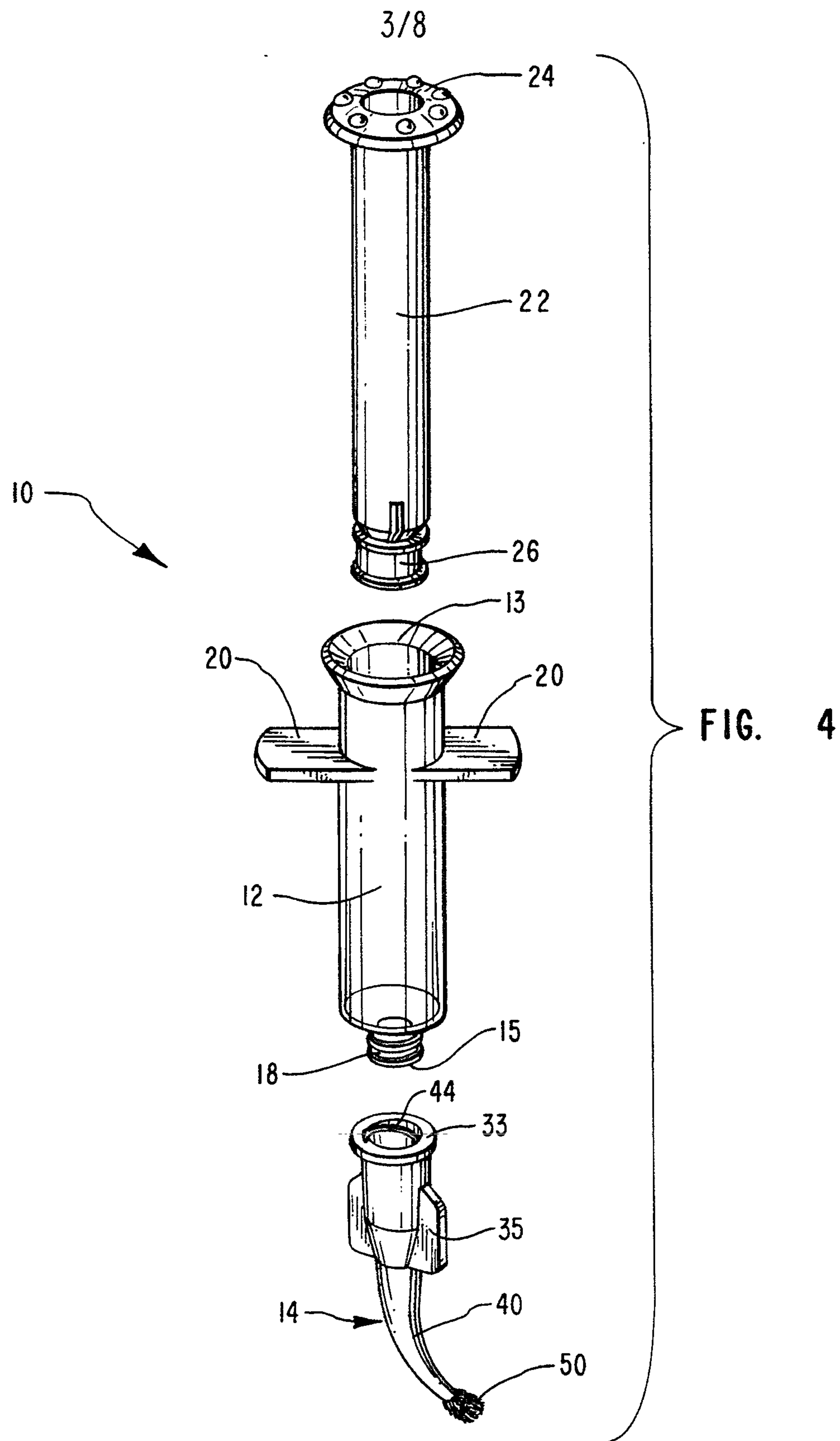


FIG. 3



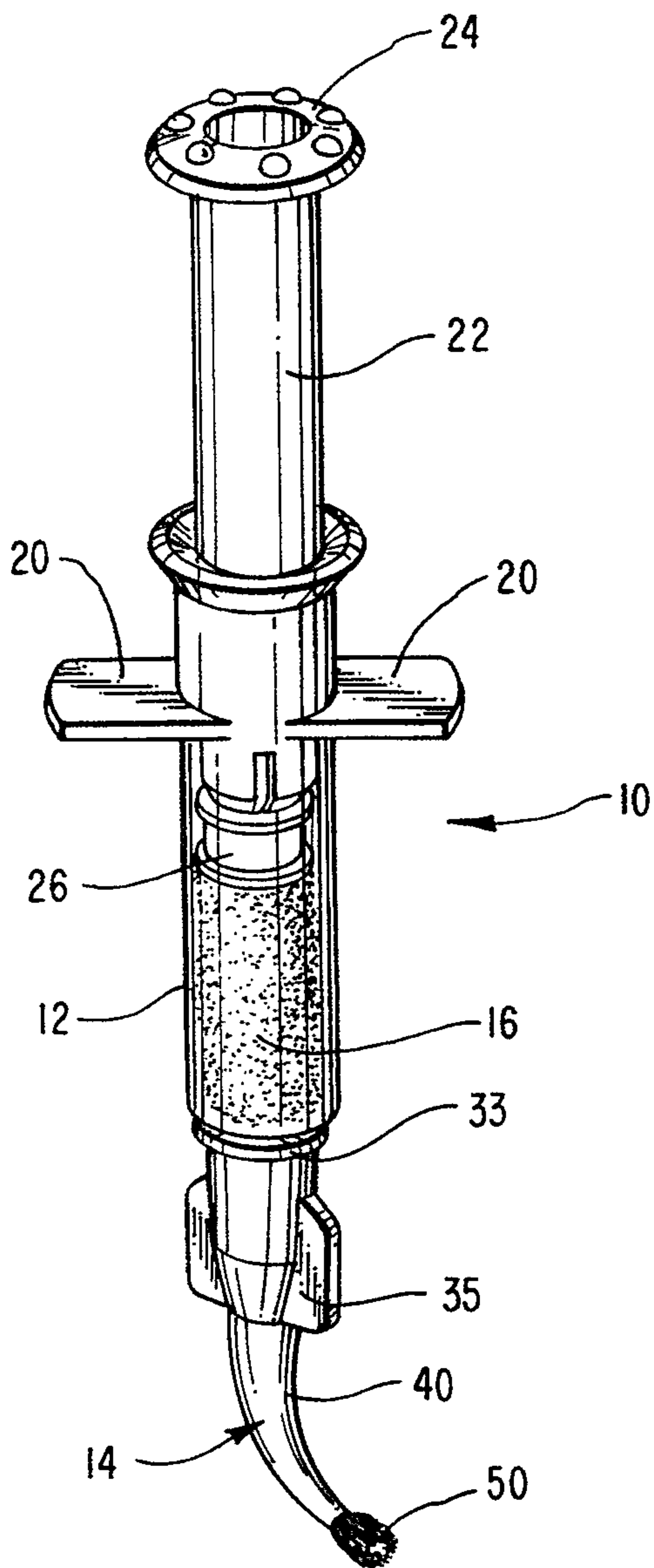


FIG. 5

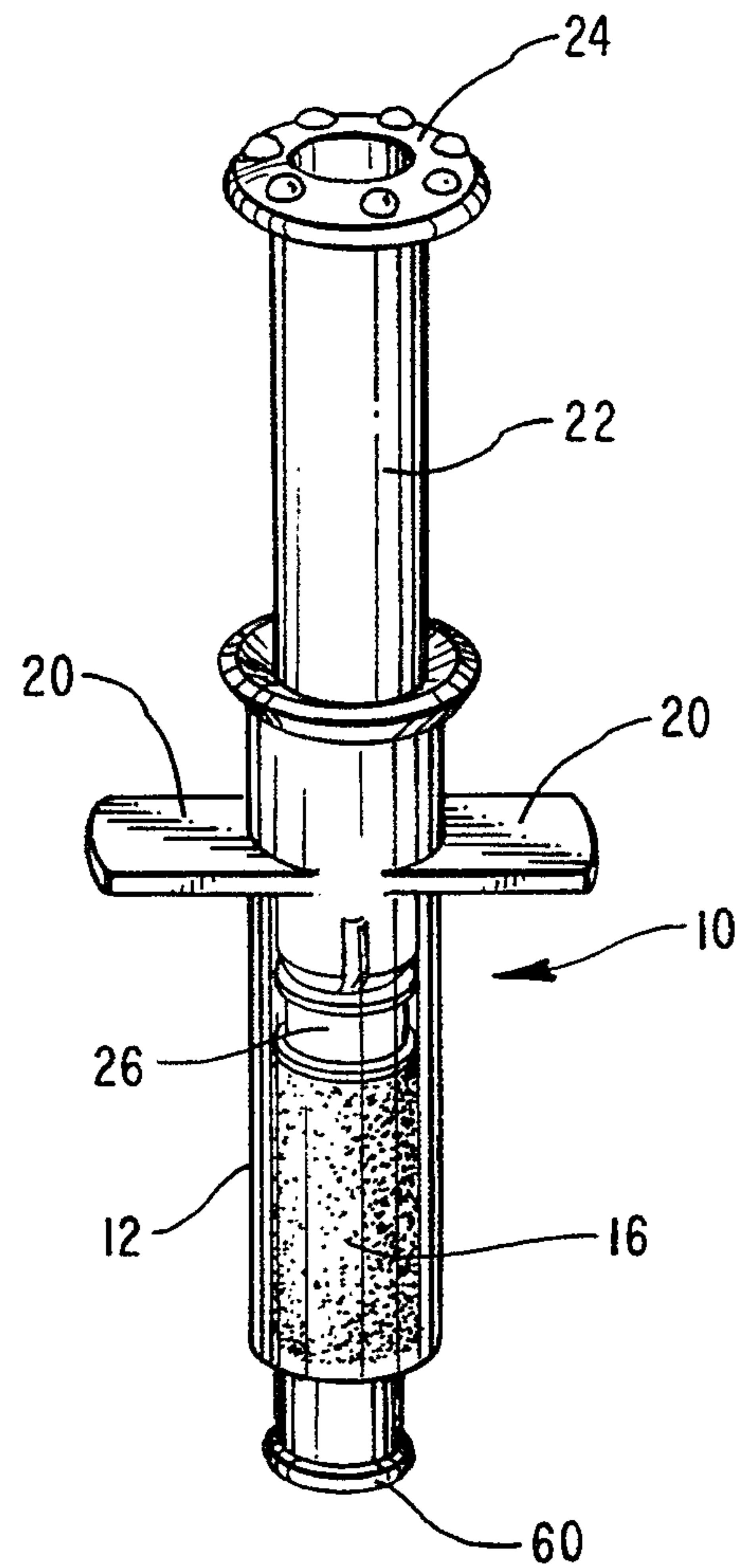


FIG. 6

