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(54) VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS TRACKING SYSTEM AND METHOD

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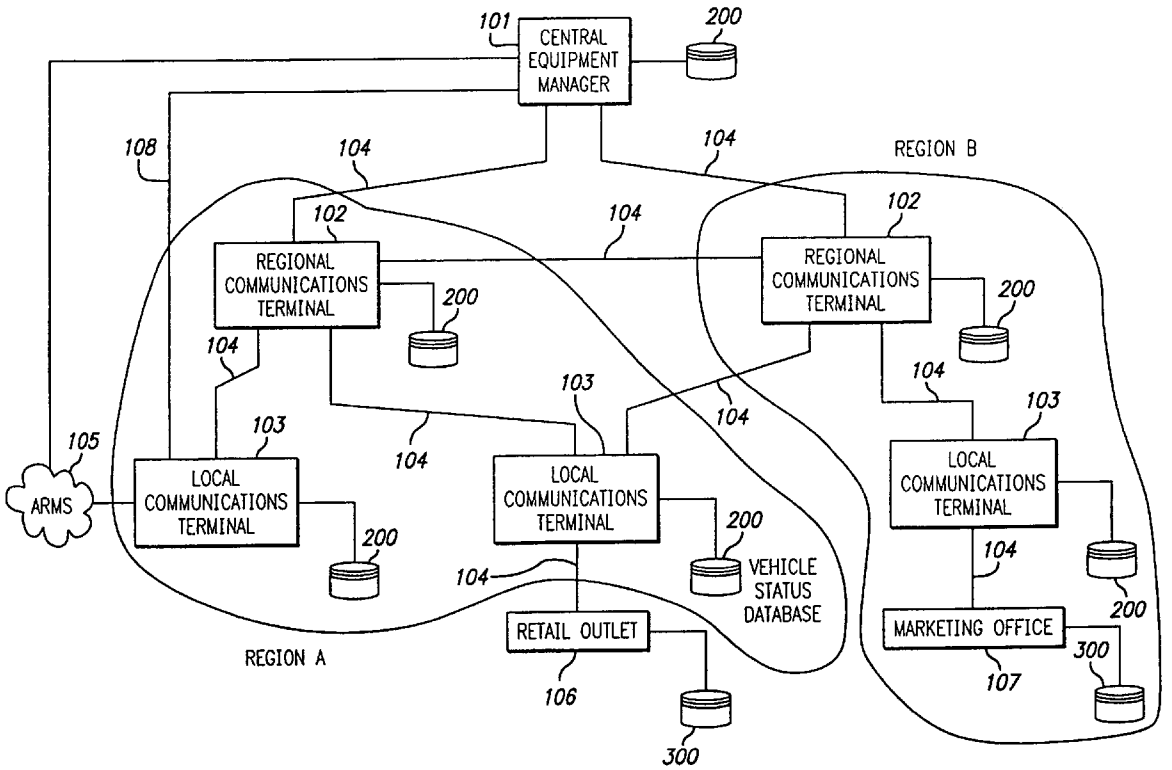
(57) ABSTRACT

A system and methods to allow multiple stations in geographically dispersed locations to monitor and track vehicle repair record and service status information in a coordinated fashion. In a service area comprised of a number of geographically-bounded service regions, at least one regional communications terminal is provided in communication with a plurality of local communications terminals. Each local communications terminal and regional communications terminal communicates with a vehicle service status database. Vehicle service events are entered into a vehicle tracking system and maintained using the vehicle status database. Database files are exchanged between local communications terminals and regional communications terminals and with a central equipment manager in order to provide timely and accurate dissemination of service status. Vehicle service status, including an equipment availability prediction, is shared with marketing offices and retail locations to enable personnel at such locations to make informed decisions in allocating particular equipment to a customer based on the customer's needs.



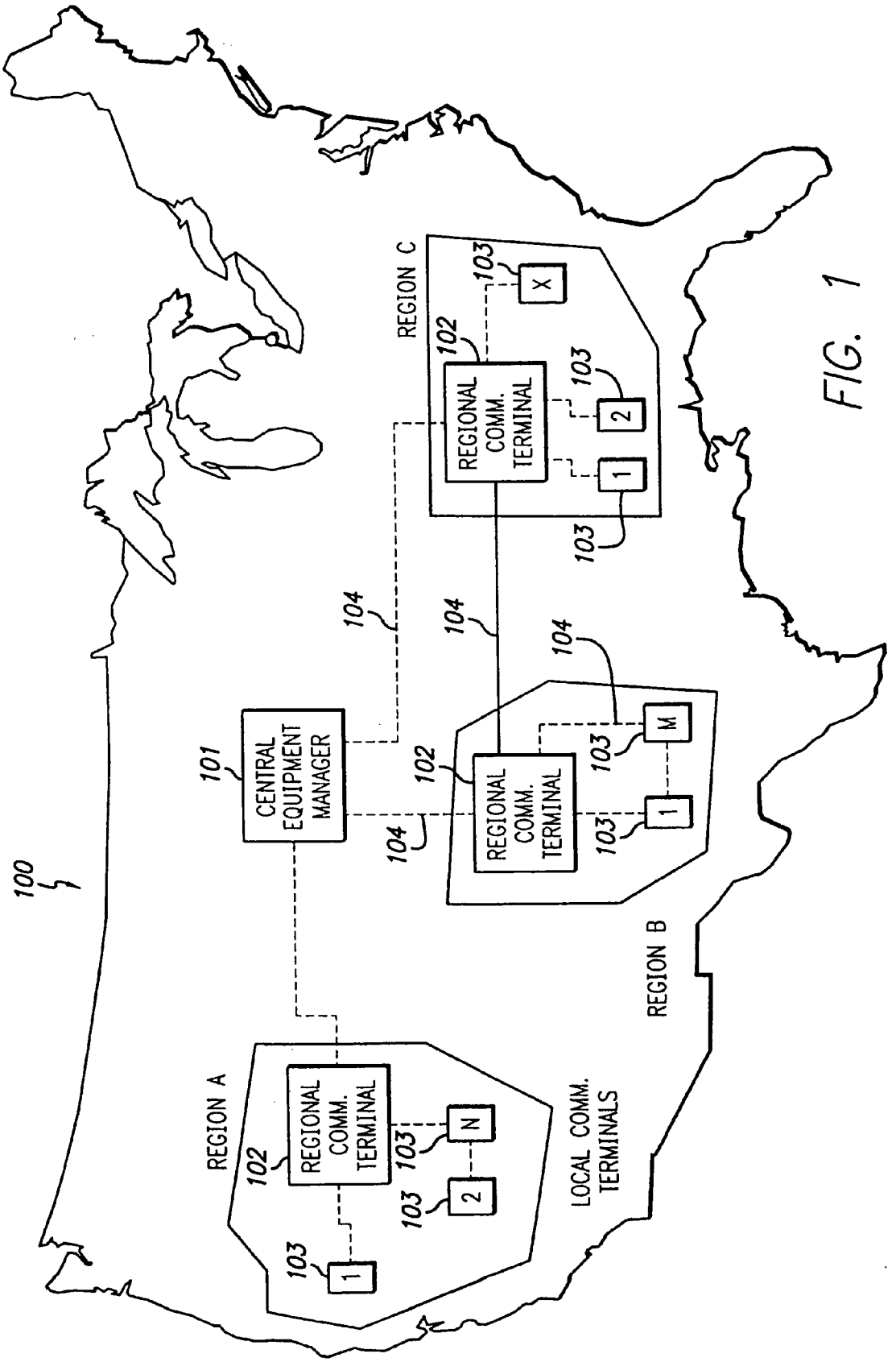
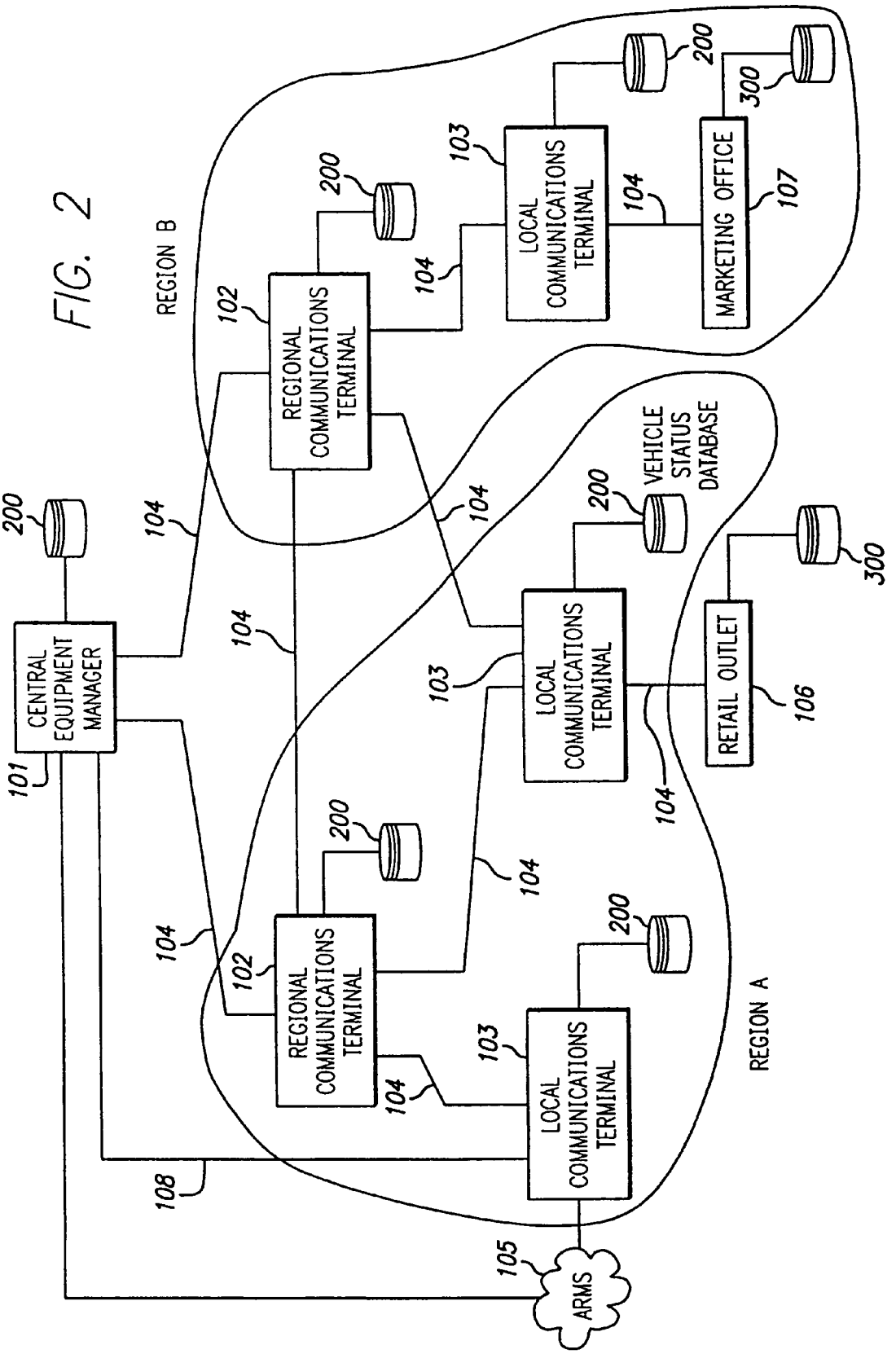

100
CENTRAL EQUIPMENT MANAGER
101
REGION A
REGION B
REGION C
REGIONAL COMM. TERMINAL
102
LOCAL COMM. TERMINALS
103
104
1
2
M
N
X

FIG. 1

FIG. 2


REGION B
REGION A
CENTRAL EQUIPMENT MANAGER
REGIONAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL
LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL
MARKETING OFFICE
VEHICLE STATUS DATABASE
RETAIL OUTLET
ARMS
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
200
300

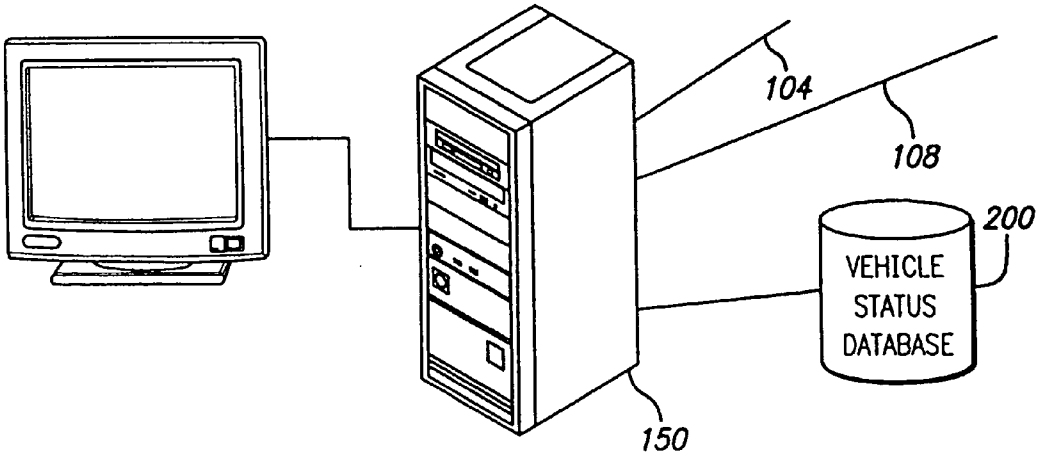

104
108
200
VEHICLE
STATUS
DATABASE
150

FIG. 3

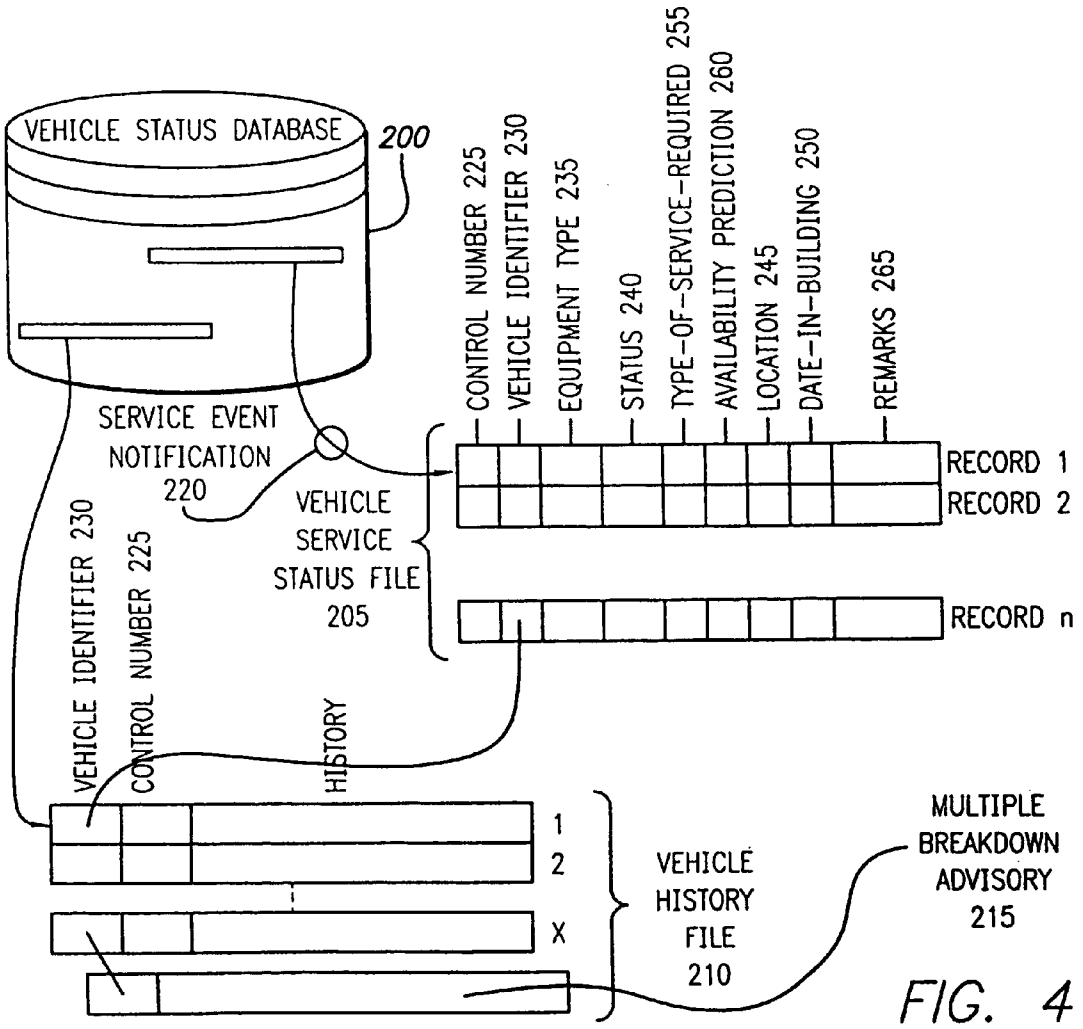

VEHICLE STATUS DATABASE
200
CONTROL NUMBER 225
VEHICLE IDENTIFIER 230
EQUIPMENT TYPE 235
STATUS 240
TYPE-OF-SERVICE-REQUIRED 255
AVAILABILITY PREDICTION 260
LOCATION 245
DATE-IN-BUILDING 250
REMARKS 265
SERVICE EVENT
NOTIFICATION
220
VEHICLE
SERVICE
STATUS FILE
205
RECORD 1
RECORD 2
RECORD n
VEHICLE IDENTIFIER 230
CONTROL NUMBER 225
HISTORY
1
2
X
VEHICLE
HISTORY
FILE
210
MULTIPLE
BREAKDOWN
ADVISORY
215

FIG. 4

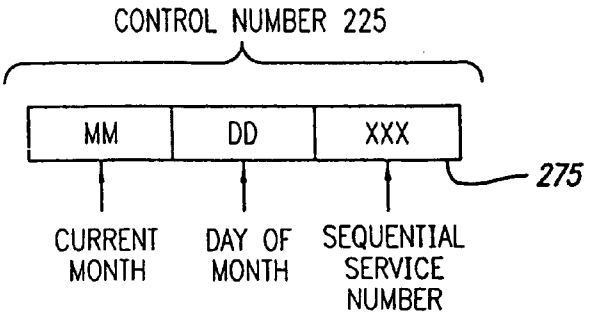

CONTROL NUMBER 225
MM
DD
XXX
275
CURRENT MONTH
DAY OF MONTH
SEQUENTIAL SERVICE NUMBER

FIG. 5

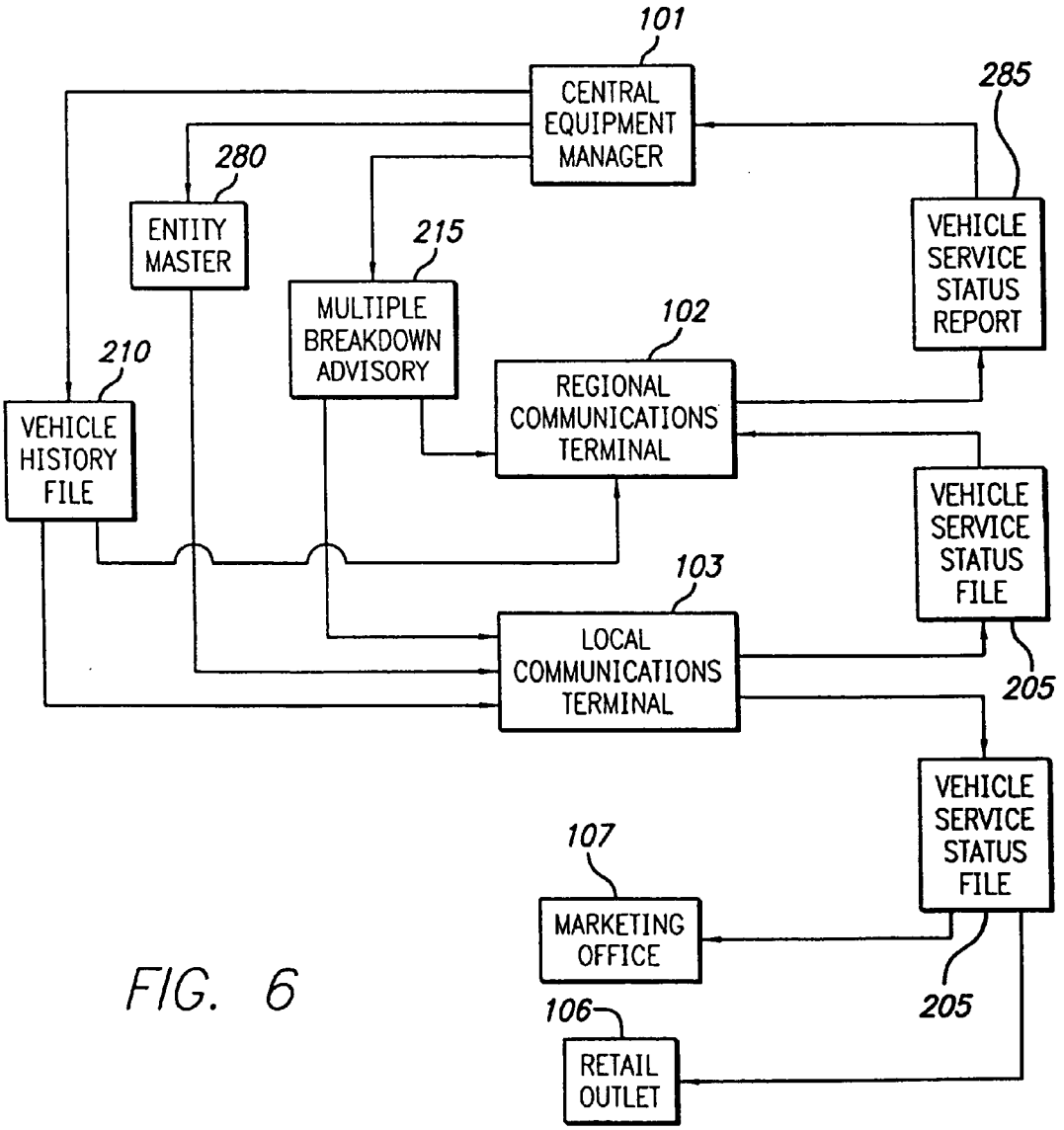

101
CENTRAL EQUIPMENT MANAGER
285
280
ENTITY MASTER
215
MULTIPLE BREAKDOWN ADVISORY
VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS REPORT
102
210
VEHICLE HISTORY FILE
REGIONAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL
VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE
103
LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL
205
VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE
107
MARKETING OFFICE
205
106
RETAIL OUTLET

FIG. 6

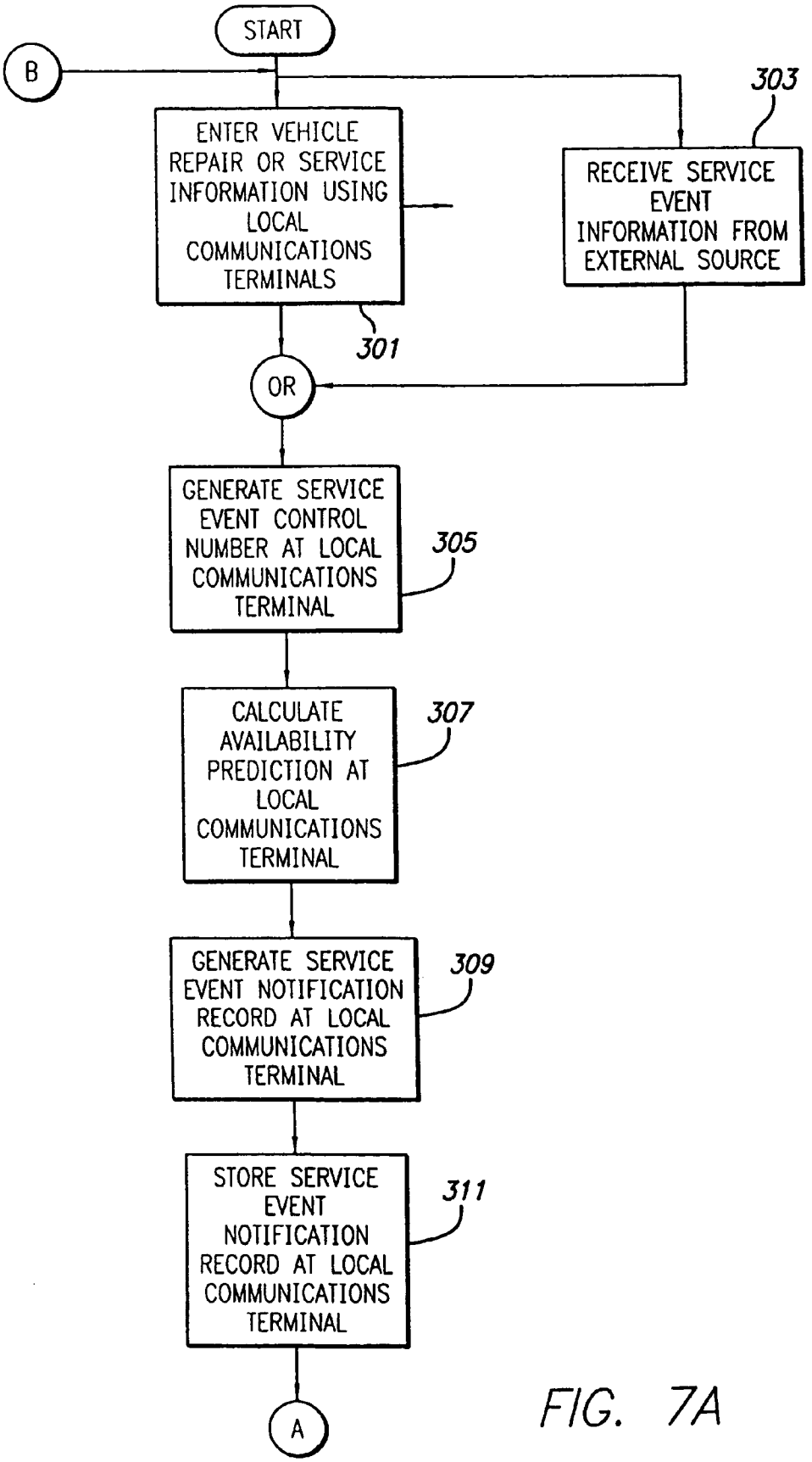

START
B
ENTER VEHICLE REPAIR OR SERVICE INFORMATION USING LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINALS
301
303
RECEIVE SERVICE EVENT INFORMATION FROM EXTERNAL SOURCE
OR
GENERATE SERVICE EVENT CONTROL NUMBER AT LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL
305
CALCULATE AVAILABILITY PREDICTION AT LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL
307
GENERATE SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATION RECORD AT LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL
309
STORE SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATION RECORD AT LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL
311
A

FIG. 7A

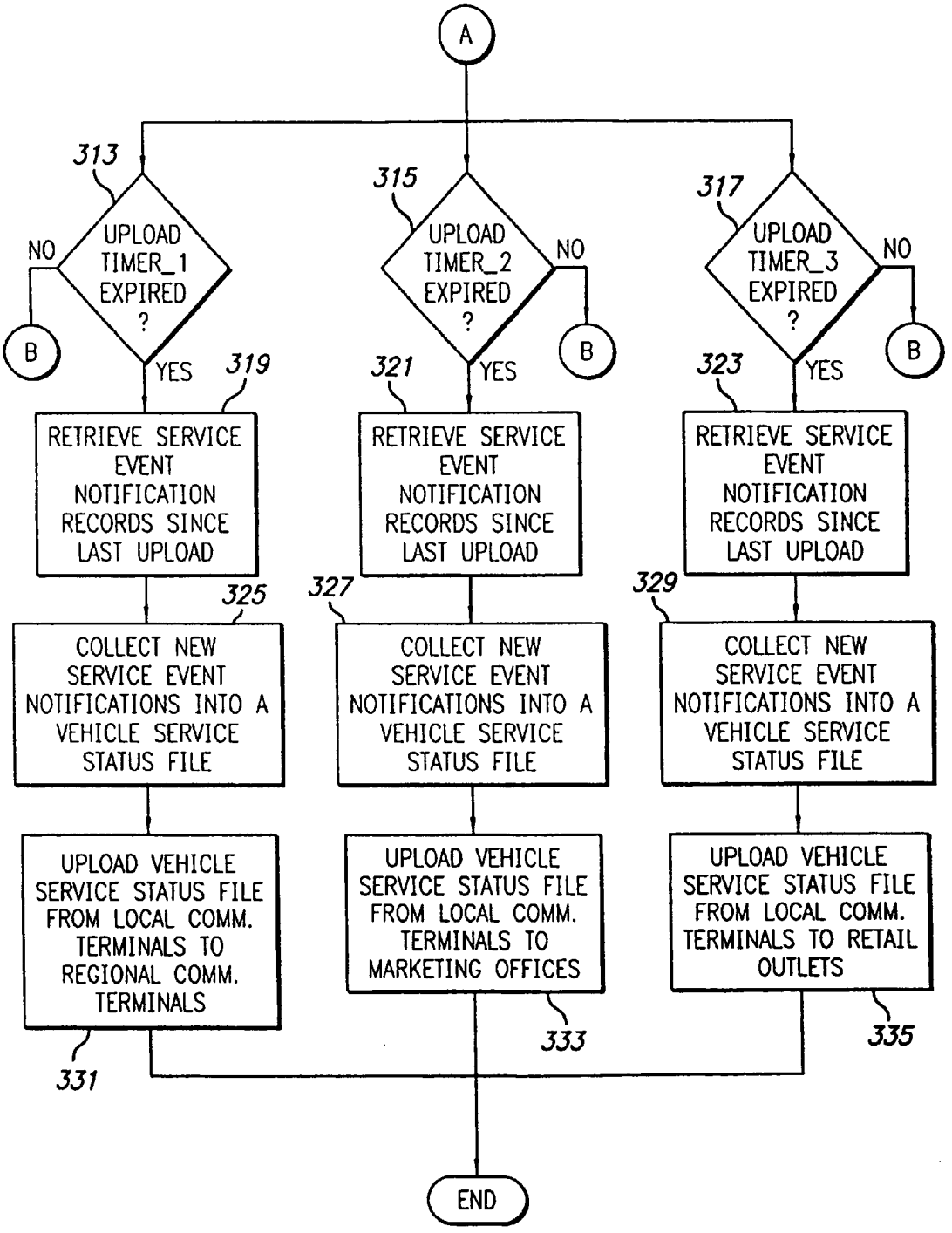

A
313
UPLOAD TIMER_1 EXPIRED ?
NO
B
YES
319
RETRIEVE SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATION RECORDS SINCE LAST UPLOAD
325
COLLECT NEW SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATIONS INTO A VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE
UPLOAD VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE FROM LOCAL COMM. TERMINALS TO REGIONAL COMM. TERMINALS
331
315
UPLOAD TIMER_2 EXPIRED ?
NO
B
YES
321
RETRIEVE SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATION RECORDS SINCE LAST UPLOAD
327
COLLECT NEW SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATIONS INTO A VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE
UPLOAD VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE FROM LOCAL COMM. TERMINALS TO MARKETING OFFICES
333
317
UPLOAD TIMER_3 EXPIRED ?
NO
B
YES
323
RETRIEVE SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATION RECORDS SINCE LAST UPLOAD
329
COLLECT NEW SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATIONS INTO A VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE
UPLOAD VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE FROM LOCAL COMM. TERMINALS TO RETAIL OUTLETS
335
END

FIG. 7B

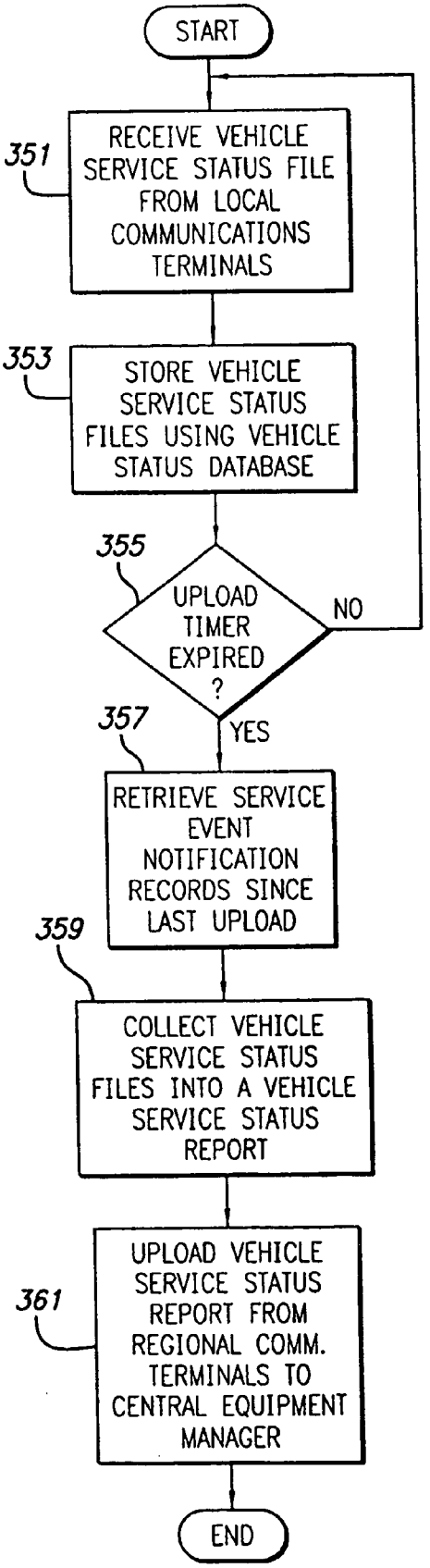

START
351
RECEIVE VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILE FROM LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS TERMINALS
353
STORE VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILES USING VEHICLE STATUS DATABASE
355
UPLOAD TIMER EXPIRED ?
NO
YES
357
RETRIEVE SERVICE EVENT NOTIFICATION RECORDS SINCE LAST UPLOAD
359
COLLECT VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS FILES INTO A VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS REPORT
361
UPLOAD VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS REPORT FROM REGIONAL COMM. TERMINALS TO CENTRAL EQUIPMENT MANAGER
END

FIG. 8

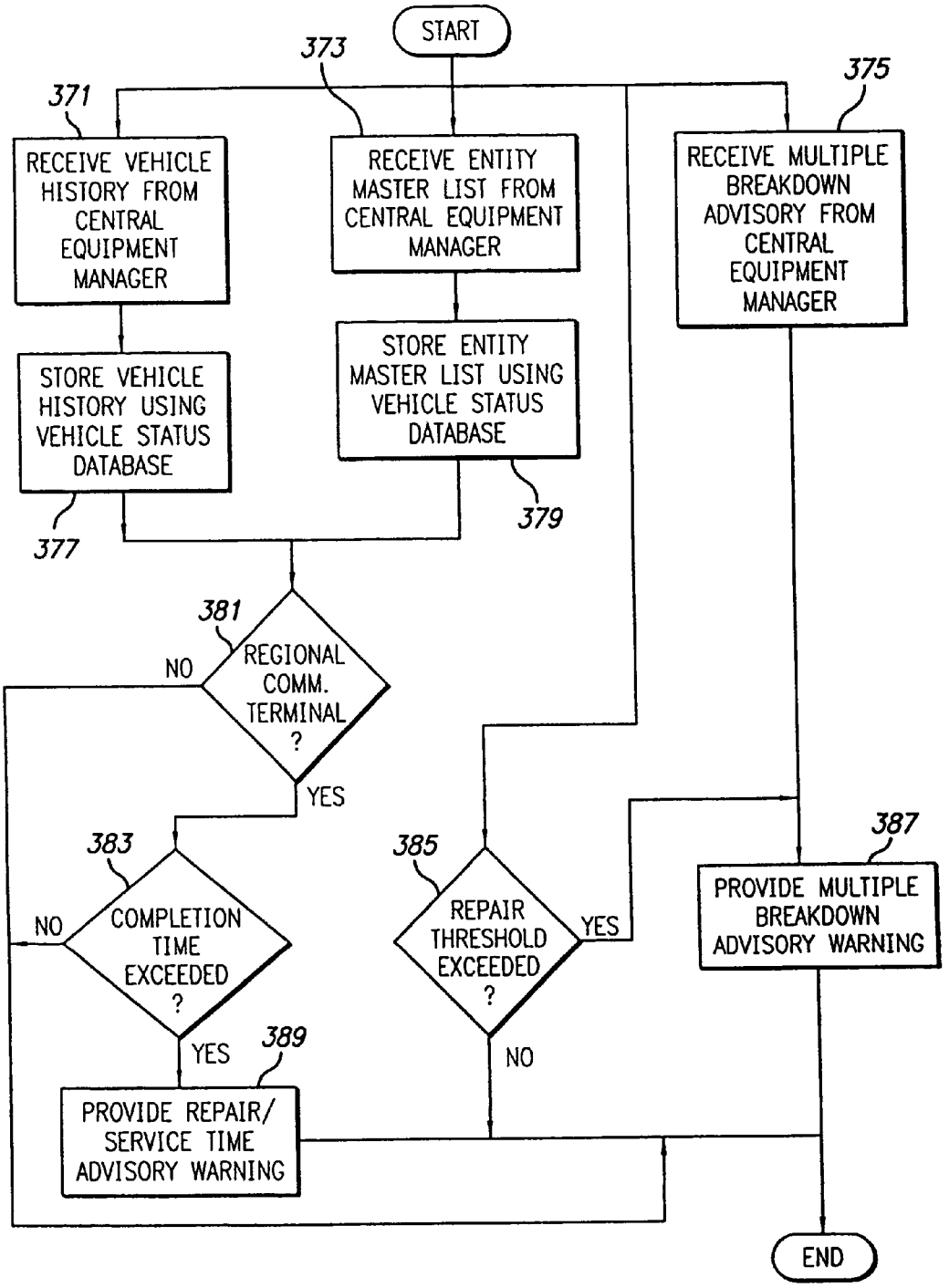

START
373
371
375
RECEIVE VEHICLE HISTORY FROM CENTRAL EQUIPMENT MANAGER
RECEIVE ENTITY MASTER LIST FROM CENTRAL EQUIPMENT MANAGER
RECEIVE MULTIPLE BREAKDOWN ADVISORY FROM CENTRAL EQUIPMENT MANAGER
STORE VEHICLE HISTORY USING VEHICLE STATUS DATABASE
STORE ENTITY MASTER LIST USING VEHICLE STATUS DATABASE
377
379
381
NO
REGIONAL COMM. TERMINAL ?
YES
383
385
387
NO
COMPLETION TIME EXCEEDED ?
REPAIR THRESHOLD EXCEEDED ?
YES
PROVIDE MULTIPLE BREAKDOWN ADVISORY WARNING
YES
389
NO
PROVIDE REPAIR/ SERVICE TIME ADVISORY WARNING
END

FIG. 9

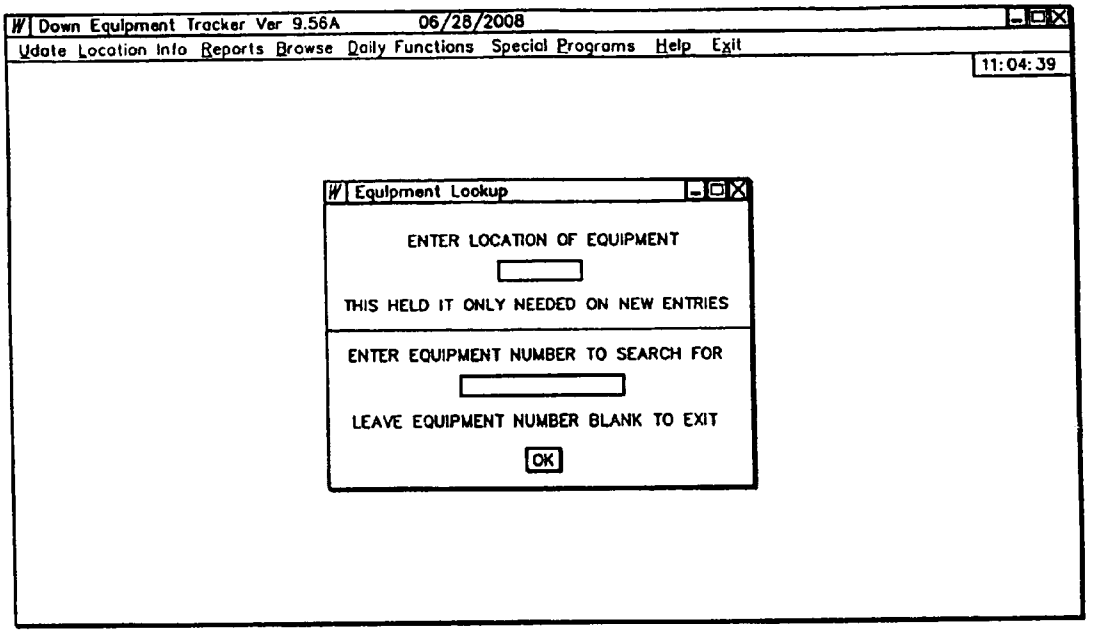

Down Equipment Tracker Ver 9.56A 06/28/2008
Udate Location Info Reports Browse Daily Functions Special Programs Help Exit
11:04:39
Equipment Lookup
ENTER LOCATION OF EQUIPMENT
THIS HELD IT ONLY NEEDED ON NEW ENTRIES
ENTER EQUIPMENT NUMBER TO SEARCH FOR
LEAVE EQUIPMENT NUMBER BLANK TO EXIT
OK

FIG. 10

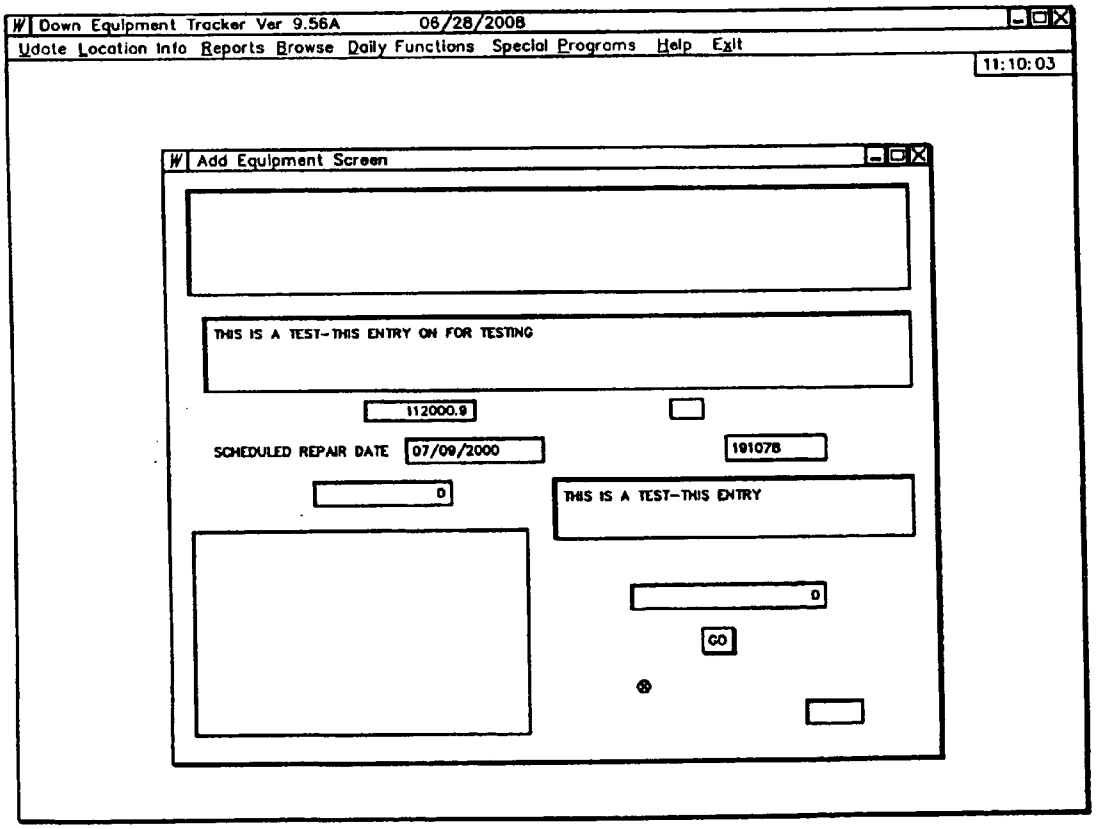

Down Equipment Tracker Ver 9.56A 06/28/2008
Udate Location Info Reports Browse Daily Functions Special Programs Help Exit
11:10:03
Add Equipment Screen
THIS IS A TEST-THIS ENTRY ON FOR TESTING
112000.9
SCHEDULED REPAIR DATE 07/09/2000
191078
0
THIS IS A TEST-THIS ENTRY
0
GO

FIG. 11

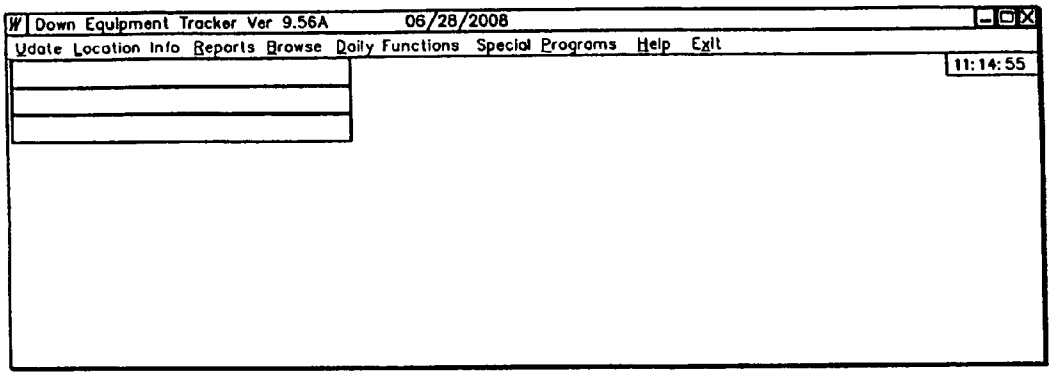


FIG. 12

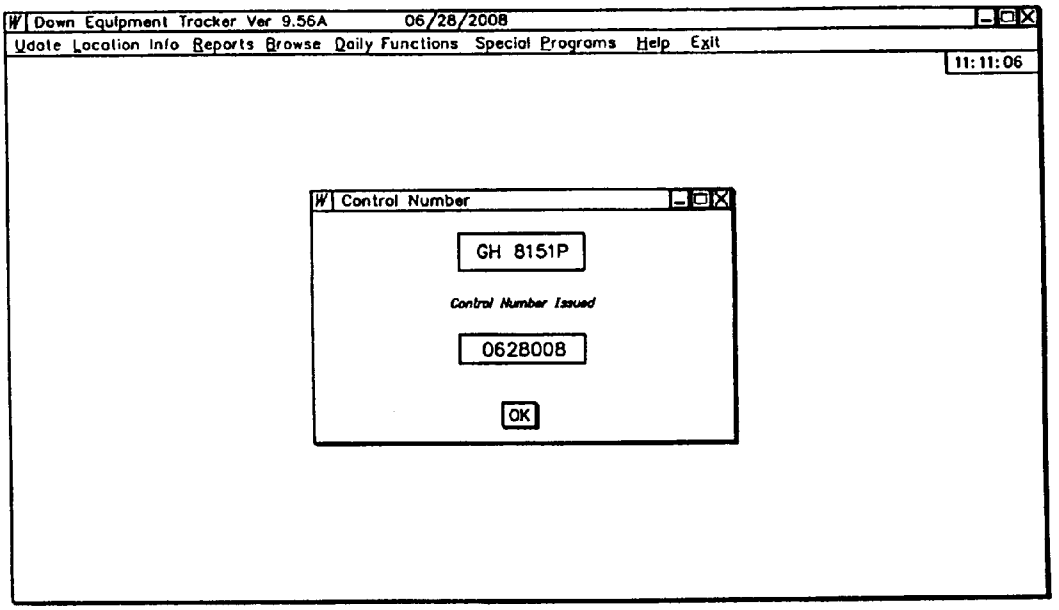


FIG. 13

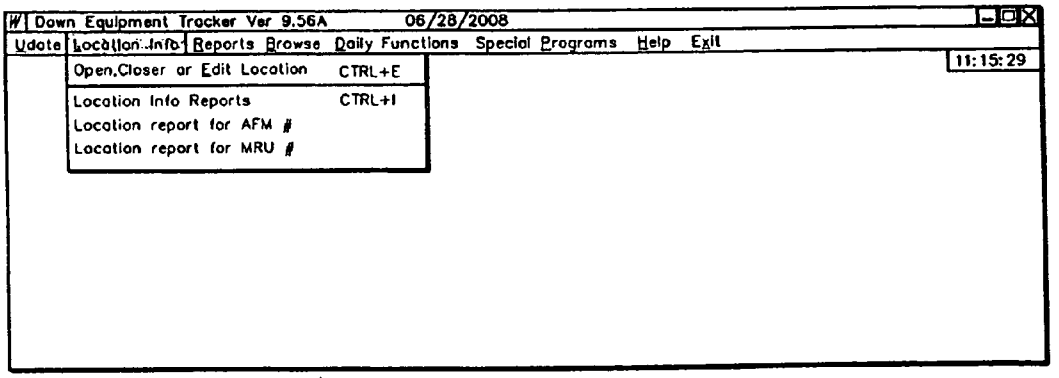


FIG. 14A

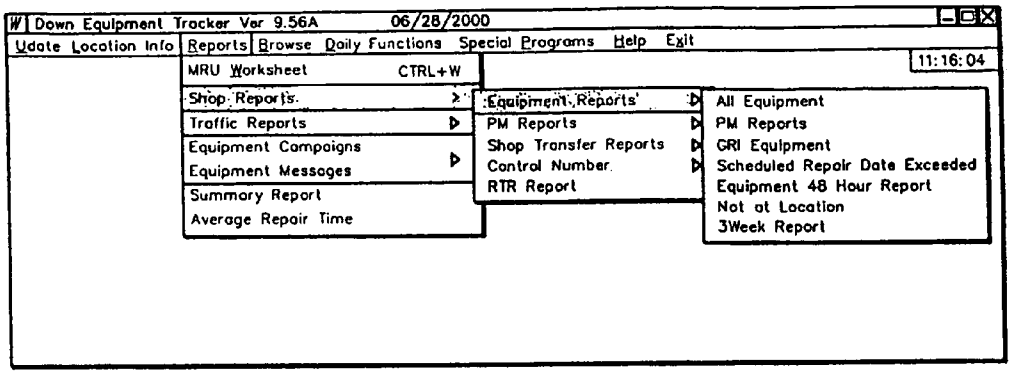


FIG. 14B

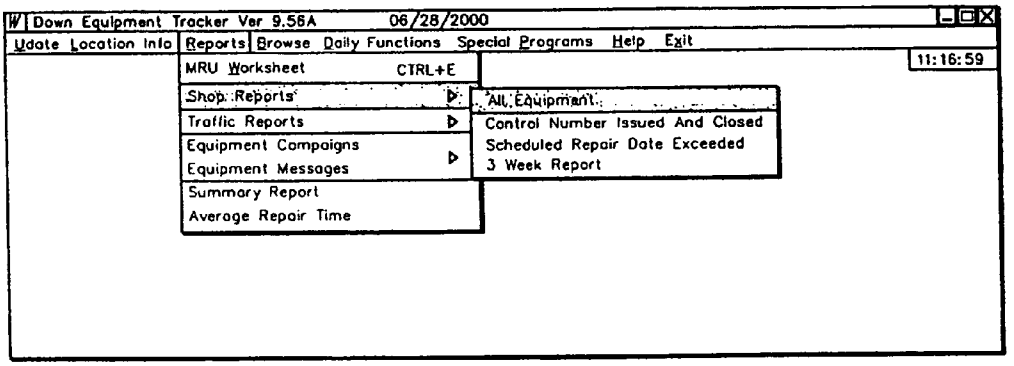


FIG. 14C

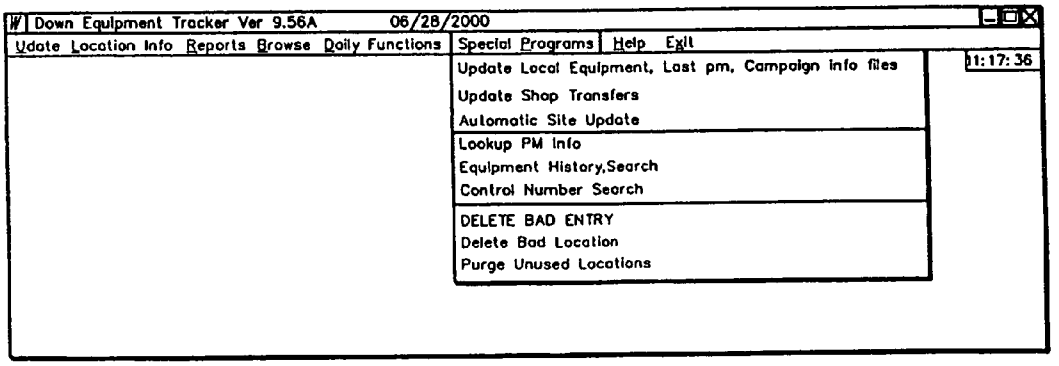


FIG. 14D

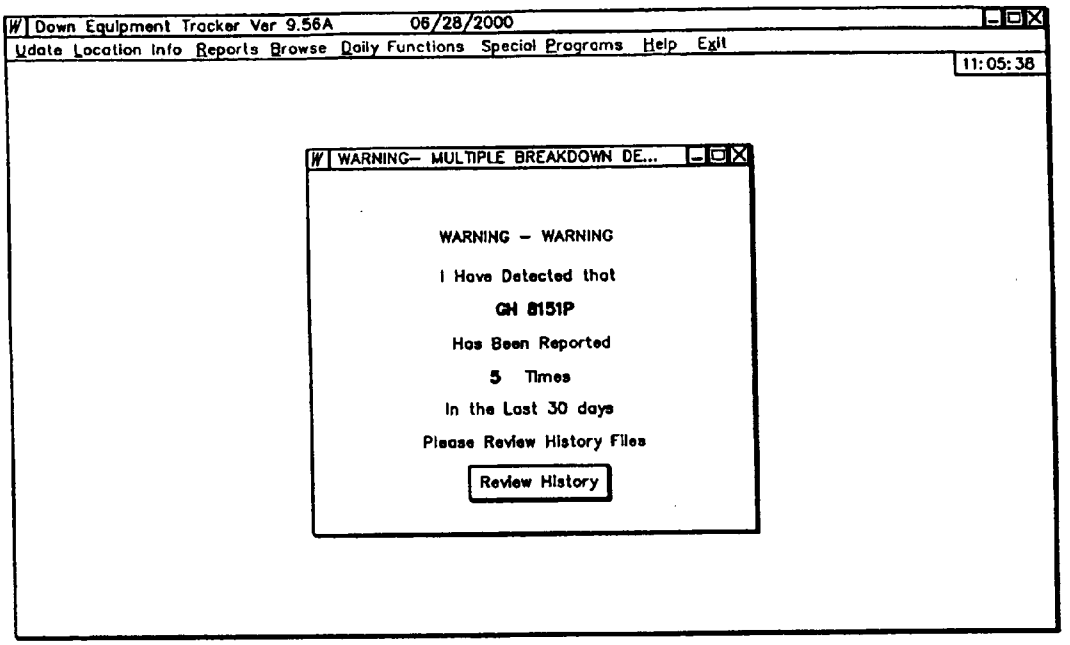

Down Equipment Tracker Ver 9.56A 06/28/2000
Udate Location Info Reports Browse Daily Functions Special Programs Help Exit
11:05:38
WARNING- MULTIPLE BREAKDOWN DE...
WARNING - WARNING
I Have Detected that
GH 8151P
Has Been Reported
5 Times
In the Last 30 days
Please Review History Files
Review History

FIG. 15

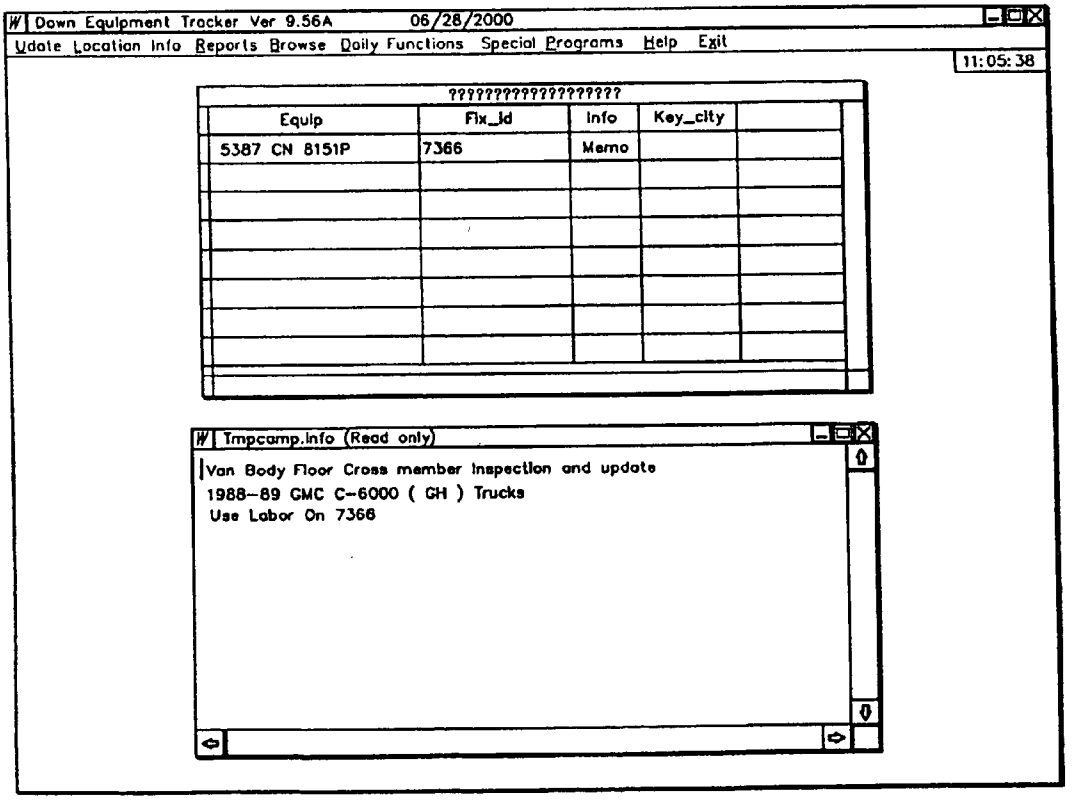

Down Equipment Tracker Ver 9.56A 06/28/2000
Udate Location Info Reports Browse Daily Functions Special Programs Help Exit
11:05:38
??????????????????
Equip
Fix_Id
Info
Key_city
5387 CN 8151P
7366
Memo
Tmpcamp.info (Read only)
Van Body Floor Cross member Inspection and update
1988-89 GMC C-6000 (GH) Trucks
Use Labor On 7366

FIG. 16

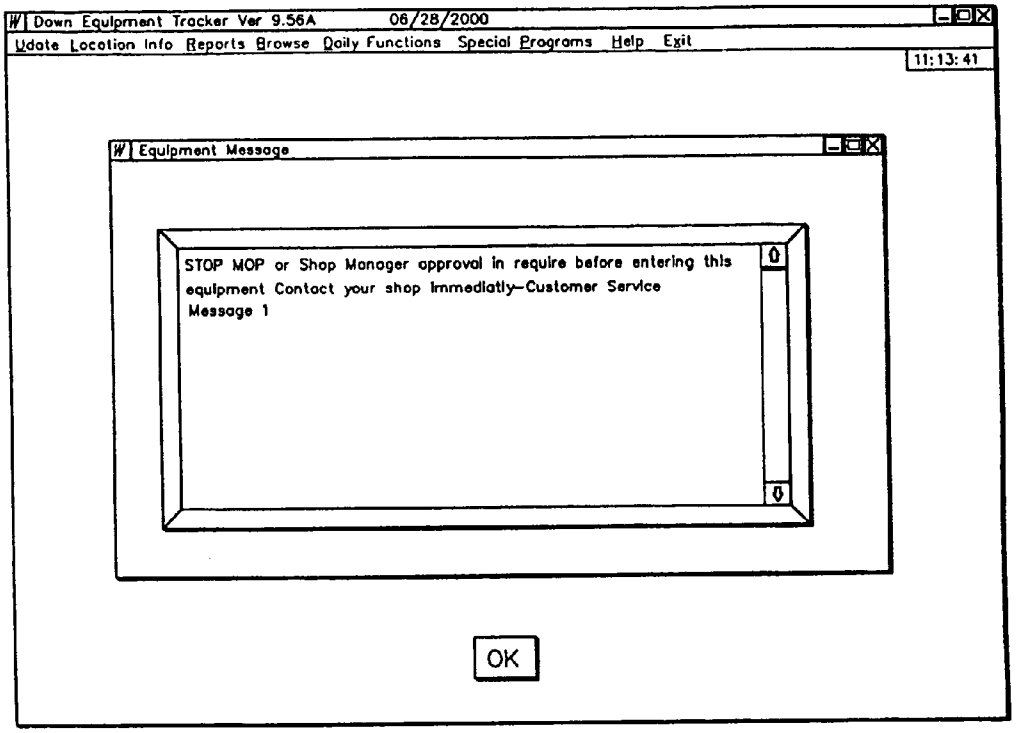

Down Equipment Tracker Ver 9.56A 06/28/2000
Udate Location Info Reports Browse Daily Functions Special Programs Help Exit
11:13:41
Equipment Message
STOP MOP or Shop Manager approval in require before entering this equipment Contact your shop Immediatly-Customer Service
Message 1
OK

FIG. 17

ALL DOWN EQUIPMENT EXCEEDING ALLOWED TIME, SORTED BY ROUTE, LOCATION 06/28/2000

S=WAITING SHOP TRANSFER

LOCATION INFORMATION EQUIP_NUM	CONTRLNUM	ROTATION	PM_DUE	R AND D TAG #	DATE_IN	REPAIR_BY	STATUS	TRANSFER TO
836077								
GH 7850P	0610003	Y	1984685	06/10/2000	06/24/2000			
REPORTED PROBLEM	NEED LOCK SET REPLACED NO KEYS			*ADDITIONAL NOTES*		*MRU ASSIGNED*		191076
056514	ALLIANCE RACEWAY STG CENT 17176 FM 156 JUSTIN, TX, 76247 (940)648-2129							
EL 1839 A	0515037	N	5	27943862	05/15/2000	05/19/2000	S	191000
REPORTED PROBLEM				*ADDITIONAL NOTES*	PM5	*MRU ASSIGNED*		191000
741035	U-HAUL CENTER ADDISON 2735 BELT LINE ROAD CARROLLTON, TX, 75006 (972)416-9215							
EL 5775U	0621002	N	5	32704050	06/21/2000	06/24/2000		
REPORTED PROBLEM				*ADDITIONAL NOTES*	PM5	*MRU ASSIGNED*		191000
EL 5041Y	0516000	N	5	33080920	05/16/2000	05/20/2000	S	191000
REPORTED PROBLEM				*ADDITIONAL NOTES*		*MRU ASSIGNED*		191000

FIG. 18

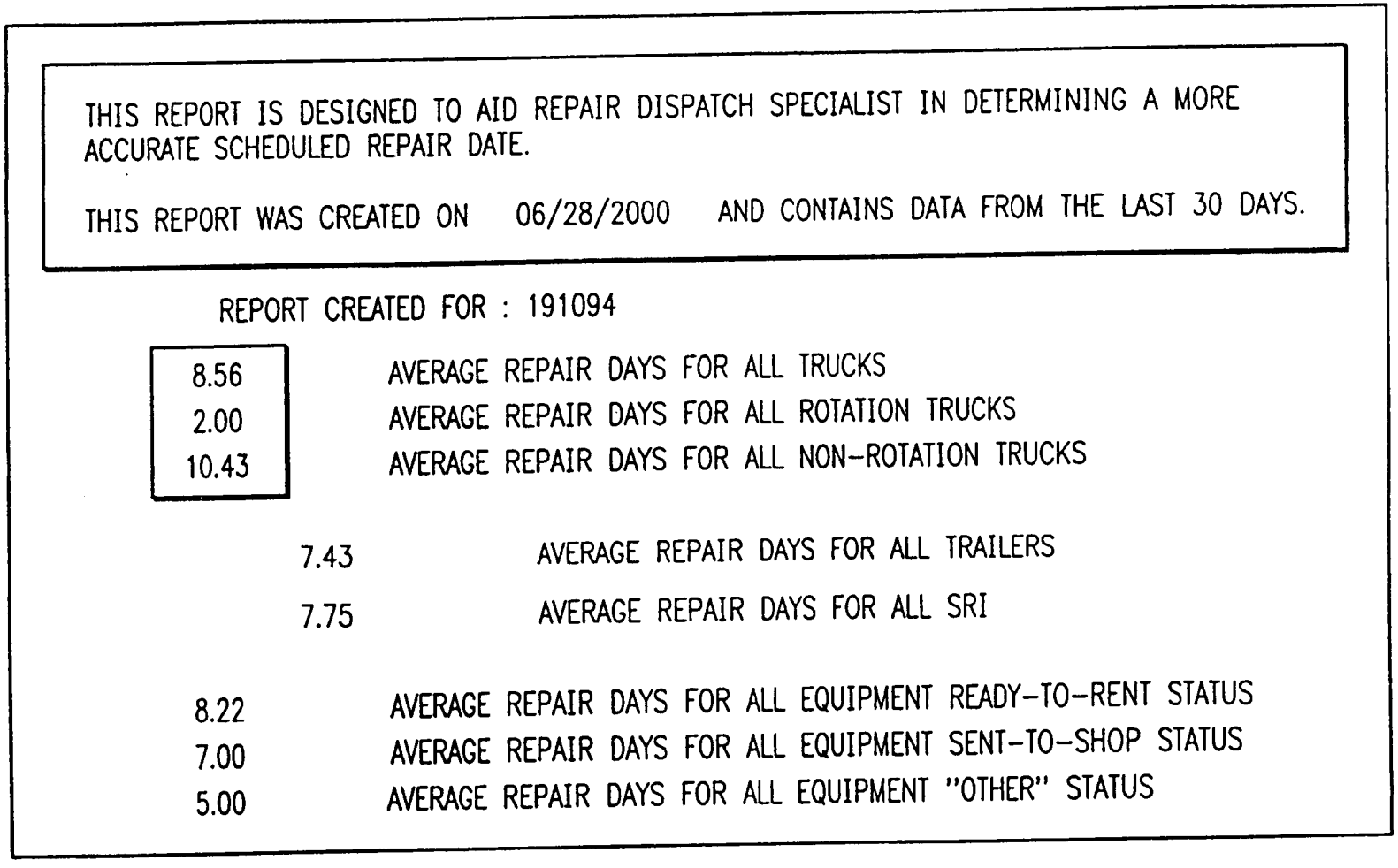

THIS REPORT IS DESIGNED TO AID REPAIR DISPATCH SPECIALIST IN DETERMINING A MORE ACCURATE SCHEDULED REPAIR DATE.
THIS REPORT WAS CREATED ON 06/28/2000 AND CONTAINS DATA FROM THE LAST 30 DAYS.
REPORT CREATED FOR : 191094
8.56 AVERAGE REPAIR DAYS FOR ALL TRUCKS
2.00 AVERAGE REPAIR DAYS FOR ALL ROTATION TRUCKS
10.43 AVERAGE REPAIR DAYS FOR ALL NON-ROTATION TRUCKS
7.43 AVERAGE REPAIR DAYS FOR ALL TRAILERS
7.75 AVERAGE REPAIR DAYS FOR ALL SRI
8.22 AVERAGE REPAIR DAYS FOR ALL EQUIPMENT READY-TO-RENT STATUS
7.00 AVERAGE REPAIR DAYS FOR ALL EQUIPMENT SENT-TO-SHOP STATUS
5.00 AVERAGE REPAIR DAYS FOR ALL EQUIPMENT "OTHER" STATUS

FIG. 19

DOWNED EQUIPMENT REPORT

EQUIP. NUM.	CONTROL NUM.	ROTATION	PM DUE	DATE IN	REPAIR BY	STATUS
LOCATION:	42381 AGGIE FEED STORE INC		9105 HAWN FRWY		DALLAS	TX
0000 TD	3433 623022	F		06/23/00	09/23/00	NEW
REPORTED PROBLEM	BOTH FENDERS DAMAGED					
LOCATION:	42419 J H CORP		5118 GREENVILLE AVENUE		DALLAS	TX
0000 EL	7528T 0	F		05/31/00	06/02/00	CLOSED
REPORTED PROBLEM						
LOCATION:	42714 REIGEL'S SERVICE		3400 COMERCE		DALLAS	TX
0000 DC	7831A 626069	F		06/26/00	07/10/00	NEW
REPORTED PROBLEM	CHECK STEERING					
LOCATION:	44795 NORTHWEST HWY SELF		1975 WEST NORTHWEST HWY		DALLAS	TX
0000 DC	0366C 0	F		06/01/00	06/08/00	CLOSED
REPORTED PROBLEM	CHECK FOR VENT HOSE TO FUEL TANK					
0000 EL	7018X 626063	F		06/26/00	07/10/00	NEW
REPORTED PROBLEM	A/C BLOWER INOP.					
0000 JH	5333P 0	F		06/16/00	06/20/00	CLOSED
REPORTED PROBLEM						

FIG. 20

VEHICLE SERVICE STATUS TRACKING SYSTEM AND METHOD

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to a vehicle service status tracking system and method.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0003] The present invention provides a system and methods to allow multiple stations in geographically dispersed locations to monitor and track vehicle repair record and service status information. In a service area comprised of a number of geographically-bounded service regions, at least one regional communications terminal is provided in communication with a plurality of local communications terminals. Each local communications terminal is typically located at a separate repair or service location having responsibility for servicing the vehicles temporally located within the region.

[0004] The present invention provides a system and methods for maintaining and disseminating vehicle service information within and among regions. Vehicle service events are entered into a vehicle tracking system and maintained using a vehicle status database. Database files are exchanged among regional communications terminals and with a central equipment manager in order to provide timely and accurate dissemination of service status.

[0005] A further aspect of the present invention is the sharing of vehicle service status with marketing offices and retail locations. This enables personnel at such locations to understand the repair history of a particular vehicle.

[0006] A still further aspect of the present invention is the ability to predict vehicle availability or time of return from service. The system and methods according to the present invention provide an availability prediction for operations personnel to allocate fleet vehicles while taking account of anticipated vehicle demand.

[0007] Other advantages and objectives of the present invention are apparent upon inspection of this specification and the drawings appended thereto.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0008] **FIG. 1** is a block diagram depicting the overall arrangement of a preferred embodiment of a vehicle tracking system according to the present invention;

[0009] **FIG. 2** is a functional block diagram of a preferred embodiment of a vehicle tracking system according to the present invention;

[0010] **FIG. 3** depicts the components of a preferred implementation of a local communications terminal and a regional communications terminal according to the present invention;

[0011] **FIG. 4** depicts the contents of a vehicle status database according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

[0012] **FIG. 5** depicts a preferred format for a control number for use with a vehicle tracking system according to the present invention;

[0013] **FIG. 6** is an information flow diagram depicting the flow of vehicle repair and service status information throughout a preferred vehicle tracking system;

[0014] **FIGS. 7A and 7B** depict processing accomplished by a local communications terminal in a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

[0015] **FIG. 8** depicts the processing accomplished by a regional communications terminal in a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

[0016] **FIG. 9** depicts vehicle repair history processing performed by a local communications terminal and a regional communications terminal according to the present invention;

[0017] **FIG. 10** is a preferred user interface by which a user enters equipment/location validation information at a local communications terminal according to the present invention;

[0018] **FIG. 11** is a preferred user interface for a local communications terminal according to the present invention by which a user may enter portions of vehicle repair/service event information;

[0019] **FIG. 12** is a preferred user interface for a local communications terminal according to the present invention by which a user may modify portions of vehicle repair/service event information;

[0020] **FIG. 13** is a preferred user interface by which a local communications terminal according to the present invention displays a control number to a user;

[0021] **FIG. 14A** is a preferred user interface for a local communications terminal according to the present invention providing the capability for a user to edit location information and view location-related reports;

[0022] **FIG. 14B** is a preferred user interface for a local communications terminal according to the present invention providing the capability for a user to view a variety of repair shop oriented reports;

[0023] **FIG. 14C** is a preferred user interface for a local communications terminal according to the present invention providing the capability for a user to view a variety of traffic reports;

[0024] **FIG. 14D** is a preferred user interface for a local communications terminal according to the present invention providing the capability for a user to view a variety of special programs reports;

[0025] **FIG. 15** is a preferred embodiment of an on-screen pop-up multiple breakdown advisory warning provided by a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

[0026] **FIG. 16** is an example of a preferred campaign information warning report provided by a central equipment manager according to the present invention;

[0027] **FIG. 17** is a preferred advisory warning generated by a local communications terminal and a regional communications terminal according to the present invention;

[0028] **FIG. 18** is a preferred report generated by a local communications terminal according to the present invention showing a portion of the out-of-service vehicles whose service has not been completed within a projected repair time;

[0029] **FIG. 19** is a preferred display of a calculated repair/service time provided by a local communications terminal according to the present invention; and

[0030] **FIG. 20** is a preferred down equipment report generated by a local communications terminal and a regional communications terminal according to the present invention displaying information contained in a vehicle history file.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0031] The present invention provides a system and methods to allow multiple stations in geographically dispersed locations to monitor and track vehicle repair record and service status information regardless of vehicle location.

[0032] **FIG. 1** illustrates the overall arrangement of a preferred embodiment of a vehicle tracking system **100** according to the present invention. Referring now to **FIG. 1**, vehicle tracking system **100** includes a central equipment manager **101**, regional communications terminals **102**, and local communications terminals **103**. Preferably, a single regional communications terminal **102** is allocated to support a given particularly-bounded geographical region. For example, **FIG. 1** shows three regions (Regions A, B, and C) each having a regional communications terminal **102**. However, one or more additional regional communications terminals **102** may provide backup communications and processing for one or more regions.

[0033] Each regional communications terminal **102** is preferably located in a regional company office or other such location having responsibility for maintaining and servicing the vehicles within a particular geographical region or regions. Each local communications terminal **103** is preferably located in a repair and service station having responsibility for repairing broken-down or out-of-service vehicles, as well as for providing routine service and preventive maintenance, for vehicles temporally within that region. A local communications terminal **103** communicates with a regional communications terminal **102** within its local region; however, a given local communications terminal **103** may communicate with one or more regional communications terminals **102** within or outside of its local region. Regional communications terminal **102** is thus provided in shared communication with multiple local communications terminals **103**.

[0034] **FIG. 2** further illustrates the logical relationships among these elements of vehicle tracking system **100**. Referring now to **FIG. 2**, each regional communications terminal **102** communicates with central equipment manager **101**. Central equipment manager **101** maintains at a single office location vehicle service status information for all regions, and periodically disseminates this information to all regional communications terminals **102** and local communications terminals **103**.

[0035] In a preferred embodiment, each regional communications terminal **102** communicates with central equipment manager **101** and multiple local communications terminals **103** using a frame relay network **104**. Frame relay is a packet-switched protocol used for connecting terminals to a Wide Area Network (WAN) supporting T-1 or T-3 data rates. Alternatively, frame relay network **104** comprises public switched or private telecommunications circuits such as telephone landlines, the Internet, or wireless transmission systems including, but not limited to, personal communications services, cellular data, satellite, or point-to-point microwave communications. Regional communications terminals **102** are interconnected via frame relay network **104**.

[0036] Referring again to **FIG. 2**, vehicle tracking system **100** includes a vehicle status database **200** operably coupled to each local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102**. A vehicle status database **200** is also operably coupled to central equipment manager **101**. In a preferred embodiment, central equipment manager **101** is a mainframe computer system, such as a DEC® VAX™ or IBM® Model 3070 system, having a frame relay gateway and an Internet interface. Alternatively, central equipment manager **101** is implemented according to a client-server architecture. Central equipment manager **101** preferably communicates with regional communications terminals **102** via frame relay network **104** and with local communications terminal **103** via Internet interface **108**.

[0037] Central equipment manager **101** transmits a multiple breakdown advisory **215** (see **FIG. 6**) to all local communications terminals **103** and all regional communications terminals **102**, preferably once per 24-hour period. Central equipment manager **101** transmits a multiple breakdown advisory **215** to local communications terminals **103** as a database file via File Transfer Protocol (FTP) using Internet interface **108**. Preferably, central equipment manager **101** transmits multiple breakdown advisory **215** to regional communications terminals **102** as a database file via frame relay network **108**. Users at repair/service locations having local communications terminal **103** are able to withhold rental of vehicles listed on multiple breakdown advisory **215** if, in the user's judgment, the vehicle's repair history indicates a high likelihood of break-down during an extended trip such as, for example, an inter-regional or cross-country trip. This allows an operator of vehicle tracking system **100** to achieve higher overall customer satisfaction and to save money on operating costs such as vehicle towing.

[0038] Preferably, multiple breakdown advisory **215** is also used to indicate additional conditions affecting the status of a given vehicle such as, but not limited to, a stolen or missing vehicle. For example, **FIG. 17** illustrates a preferred advisory warning generated by local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** in response to receiving a multiple breakdown advisory **215** from central equipment manager **101** providing and indication of a stolen or missing vehicle.

[0039] Referring again to **FIG. 2**, a local communications terminal **103** typically provides vehicle service status file **205** to a single regional communications terminal **102**. However, as shown in **FIG. 2**, local communications terminal **103** may alternatively provide vehicle service status file **205** to multiple regional communications terminals **102**

located in different regions. The latter situation may occur, for example, when local communications terminal **103** is located sufficiently physically proximate to two or more regional communications terminals **102** such that it is advantageous for that repair/service location to support vehicles within the control span of either or both regional offices.

[**0040**] Referring again to **FIG. 2**, local communications terminal **103** includes an interface for receiving an entity master list **280** (see **FIG. 6**) transmitted from central equipment manager **101**. Preferably, central equipment manager **101** transmits entity master list **280** using FTP via Internet interface **108**. The entity master list **280** is useful for identifying the current set of regional company offices, retail locations, and marketing offices.

[**0041**] Local communications terminal **103** includes an interface to an Automated Repair Management System (ARMS) **105** for receiving vehicle history file **210** transmitted from central equipment manager **101**. In a preferred embodiment, ARMS **105** is a frame relay network. Central equipment manager **101** preferably transmits vehicle history file **210** to local communications terminals **103** as a database file via File Transfer Protocol (FTP) using ARMS **105**.

[**0042**] Referring again to **FIG. 2**, local communications terminal **103** preferably includes interfaces to retail outlet **106** and marketing office **107** using frame relay network **104**. Local communications terminal **103** transmits vehicle service status file **205** to retail outlet **106** and marketing office **107** via frame relay network **104**. In a preferred embodiment, retail outlet **106** and marketing office **107** include an availability database **300** containing, without limitation, information concerning the availability status of vehicles in the fleet. Users at retail outlet **106** and marketing office **107** are able to allocate vehicle resources to customers, and to predict equipment availability to customers, using the vehicle repair and service status provided in vehicle service status file **205** and availability database **300**.

[**0043**] **FIG. 3** shows a preferred implementation of local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102**. Local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** include a personal computer based server **150** having standard peripherals including monitor, printer (not shown), keyboard and mouse (not shown), and having an interface to a frame relay network **104** and an Internet interface **108**, and having a vehicle status database **200**. In a preferred embodiment, server **150** is an Intel® Pentium™-based personal computer (PC) running Microsoft® Windows™ operating system software, including Windows™ version 4.0. Server **150** executes programmed instructions in accordance with a software application program in order to achieve the functionality described herein. In a preferred embodiment, server **150** application software is written in FoxPro™ version 2.6 for Microsoft® Windows™. In a preferred embodiment, vehicle tracking system **100** includes two independent application programs: one application program for execution at local communication terminal **103**, and a second application program for execution at regional communications terminal **102**.

[**0044**] Local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** include a web browser and electronic mail capability to enable electronic communication using the Internet, including Hypertext Transport Protocol (HTTP), File Transfer Protocol (FTP), and Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP). In a preferred embodiment, local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** use Microsoft® Internet Explorer™ and Outlook™ application software.

[**0045**] In a preferred embodiment, vehicle status database **200** is implemented using FoxPro™ version 2.6™ version 7.0. Server **150** interfaces with vehicle status database **200** using FoxPro™ queries and instructions.

[**0046**] **FIG. 4** describes the contents of vehicle status database **200**. Referring now to **FIG. 4**, vehicle status database **200** includes one or more vehicle service status files **205**, a vehicle history file **210**, and multiple breakdown advisory **215**.

[**0047**] **FIG. 6** illustrates the flow of vehicle repair and service status information comprising vehicle status database **200** throughout vehicle tracking system **100**, as described herein.

[**0048**] Vehicle service status file **205** is comprised of one or more service event notifications **220**. A service event notification **220** is created or modified by a user, usually a service professional, at a local repair or service location by logging vehicle repair and service information using local communications terminal **103**. Referring again to **FIG. 4**, service event notification **220** may include, for example, a control number **225**, a vehicle identifier **230**, an equipment type indicator **235**, current status **240**, location identifier **245**, date-in-building indicator **250**, type-of-service-required indicator **255**, an availability prediction **260**, and remarks **265**.

[**0049**] In a preferred embodiment, local communications terminal **103** provides for generation of availability prediction **260** by calculating an average repair/service time for the particular location and providing this information to the user. To calculate the average repair/service time, local communications terminal **103** retrieves from vehicle status database **200** service event notifications **220** for repair/service activities accomplished at this service location during the past thirty days. Local communications terminal **103** then computes an average repair/service time by averaging the number of days from date-in-building **250** to closing of the service event notification **220** for each service event notification within the thirty day period. **FIG. 19** illustrates a preferred display of the calculated repair/service time provided by local communications terminal **103**. Alternatively, a period of time of shorter or longer duration than thirty days is used in calculating the average repair/service time. Preferably, the average repair/service time is calculated daily. Local communications terminal **103** displays the calculated average repair/service time to the user. Local communications terminal **103** further includes an operator interface that allows the user to enter availability prediction **260** using a keyboard, the user having considered a variety of factors including the average repair/service time.

[**0050**] In a first alternative, local communications terminal **103** calculates availability prediction **260** based on, without limitation, the mean-time-to-repair (typically measured in hours) to complete a particular service job for a particular item of equipment. In this alternative embodiment, vehicle status database **200** further includes a set of mean-time-to-repair values indexed by equipment type **235**

and type-of-service-required **255**. Mean-time-to-repair values are periodically updated in response to changes in the calculated average repair/service time described above. Local communications terminal **103** sets availability prediction **260** equal to the mean-time-to-repair value associated with the particular equipment type **235** and type-of-service-required **255**. Local communications terminal **103** may modify availability prediction **260** based upon user-provided factors such as, but not limited to, the service backlog at this location, staffing levels at this location, and parts availability.

[**0051**] In a second alternative embodiment, local communications terminal **103** automatically calculates availability prediction **260** by setting availability prediction **260** equal to the date occurring three business days following the date service event notification **220** is entered into vehicle service database **200**. Local communications terminal **103** further includes an operator interface that allows a user to modify availability prediction **260** by manually entering a different projected availability date using a keyboard.

[**0052**] Local communications terminal **103** stores availability prediction **260** with its associated service event notification **220** record using vehicle status database **200**. In a preferred embodiment, availability prediction **260** is included in the service event notification **220** record as shown in **FIG. 4**. Alternatively, the service event notification **220** record includes a pointer to a memory location containing availability prediction **260**.

[**0053**] **FIG. 5** shows a preferred control number **225** for use with vehicle tracking system **100**. Referring now to **FIG. 5**, control number **225** is formed by sequentially concatenating two numeric digits corresponding to the current month, two numeric digits corresponding to the current day of the month, and a three-digit sequential service number **275**. Service number **275** is preferably determined by local communications terminal **103** at the time the user enters a new service event notification **220**. A distinct control number **225** is provided for each service request for an individual vehicle. Control number **225** thus patently conveys to an observer an indication of: (1) the date that a particular service event notification **220** was created for the associated vehicle, and (2) the order in which that service event notification **220** was created with respect to other service event notifications **220** logged by that local communications terminal **103** on a particular date.

[**0054**] Referring again to **FIG. 4**, vehicle service status file **205** is comprised of the service event notifications **220** entered or modified at a local communications terminal **103** since the last time vehicle service status file **205** was uploaded to regional communications terminal **102**. In a preferred embodiment, vehicle service status file **205** is created by local communications terminal **103** immediately prior to uploading it to regional communications terminal **102**. Local communications terminal **103** creates vehicle service status file **205** by formulating a query requesting retrieval all of the service event notifications **220** entered or modified (e.g., service ticket closed at the completion of repair, service location changed) since the time of the most recent upload. The retrieved service event notification **220** records are then stored as vehicle service status file **205** using vehicle status database **200**.

[**0055**] Referring again to **FIG. 6**, vehicle service status file **205** is then uploaded to regional communications terminal **102** using frame relay network **104**. In a preferred embodiment, local communications terminal **103** automatically uploads vehicle status file **205** periodically at a frequency of once every 30 minutes. Alternatively, the frequency of upload can be decreased to minimize the number of transmissions or increased to approach real-time notification. Personnel at regional company offices use regional communications terminal **102** to determine equipment status and location in order to manage reservations. For example, if equipment is scheduled to be serviced in a particular region, personnel at other regions will not reserve that vehicle for an inter-regional trip.

[**0056**] Regional communications terminal **102** aggregates each of the vehicle status files **205** received from local communications terminals **103** into a vehicle service status report **285**. Regional communications terminal **102** then transmits vehicle service status report **285** to central equipment manager **101**. In a preferred embodiment, regional communications terminal **102** automatically uploads vehicle service status report **285** periodically at a frequency of once every 30 minutes. In a preferred embodiment, vehicle service status report **285** is uploaded from regional communications terminal **102** using frame relay network **104**.

[**0057**] Vehicle history file **210** comprises all of the service event notifications **220** associated with a particular vehicle identifier **230**, preferably including all service event notifications **220** occurring in the previous twelve-month period. Vehicle history file **210** is received by local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** from central equipment manager **101** and stored using vehicle status database **200**. **FIG. 20** illustrates a preferred down equipment report generated by local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** displaying information contained in vehicle history file **210** received from central equipment manager **101**.

[**0058**] Vehicle history file **210** preferably includes multiple breakdown advisory **215**, a separate indication also provided by central equipment manager **101**. In a preferred embodiment, multiple breakdown advisory **215** is provided as a separate record of vehicle history file **210**. Users of vehicle tracking system **100** are able to detect root cause problems or other systemic problems based on the pattern of recurring repair/service actions for a particular vehicle provided by vehicle history file **210**. For example, a series of dead battery service events can be indicative of an underlying electrical problem. Local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** provide a history search capability to allow a user to review service event notifications **220** for a particular vehicle occurring over a period of time which is preferably the previous twelve-month period.

[**0059**] **FIGS. 7A and 7B** describe the processing accomplished by local communications terminal **103** in a preferred method of managing a fleet of vehicles, and vehicle repair record and service status information, in vehicle tracking system **100** (see **FIG. 1**) having multiple geographically remote service locations, according to the present invention.

[**0060**] Referring now to **FIG. 7A**, a user of vehicle tracking system **100** uses local communications terminal **103** to enter and log vehicle repair and service information (block **301**). **FIG. 10** illustrates a preferred user interface for local communications terminal **103** by which a user enters

equipment/location validation information. Specifically, upon a determination of a repair or service action being required for a particular vehicle, a user enters information specific to the repair/service event using local communications terminal **103**. Referring again to **FIG. 4**, such user-entered repair/service event information includes, but is not limited to, vehicle identifier **230**, equipment type **235**, current status **240**, type of service required **255**, location **245**, date_in_building **250**, and any specific explanatory remarks **265**. **FIG. 11** depicts a preferred user interface for local communications terminal **103** by which a user may enter portions of vehicle repair/service event information. **FIG. 12** depicts a preferred user interface for local communications terminal **103** by which a user may modify portions of vehicle repair/service event information.

[**0061**] In a typical application, local communications terminal **103** is located in a repair and service station having responsibility for repairing and servicing vehicles. Referring again to **FIG. 7A**, a user, such as a service professional, preferably enters the repair/service event information using an interactive data entry screen and keyboard/mouse provided by local communications terminal **103**. For example, repair/service event information may be manually entered from a written work order, or, alternatively, in conjunction with creation of a written work order.

[**0062**] Alternatively, local communications terminal **103** receives repair/service event information from an external source via Internet interface **108** (block **303**). External sources include, but are not limited to, a mobile repair unit, a remote repair or service location, or other location not equipped with local communications terminal **103**. In this case, an external source transmits vehicle repair/service information to local communications terminal **103** using an electronic message such as, for example, an email message, over Internet interface **108**.

[**0063**] After entry or receipt of vehicle repair/service information, local communications terminal **103** generates control number **225** for a new service event notification **220** as described herein in reference to **FIG. 5** (block **305**). **FIG. 13** illustrates a preferred user interface by which local communications terminal **103** displays the generated control number **225** to a user. Local communications terminal **103** also generates availability prediction **260** as described elsewhere herein (block **307**). In a preferred embodiment, control number **225** is generated per block **305** prior to availability prediction **260** being generated per block **307**; however, these two operations may be accomplished without regard to any particular sequence, or in parallel as well. After obtaining vehicle repair/service information in blocks **301** or **303**, generating control number **225** in block **305**, and generating availability prediction **260** in block **307**, local communications terminal **103** creates service event notification **220** using this information as shown in **FIG. 4** (block **309**).

[**0064**] After creating service event notification **220**, each such new service event notification **220** is stored in the local vehicle status database **200** operably coupled to the local communications terminal **103** that generated that service event notification **220** (block **311**). **FIGS. 14A through 14D** illustrate a preferred user interface for local communications terminal **103** by which a user may request to receive a variety of service event reports generated by local communications terminal **103** using the vehicle repair/service information contained in vehicle repair database **200**.

[**0065**] Referring now to **FIG. 14A**, local communications terminal **103** provides the capability for a user to edit location information and view location-related reports.

[**0066**] Referring now to **FIG. 14B**, local communications terminal **103** provides the capability for a user to view a variety of repair shop oriented reports, including reports indicating various aspects of equipment disposition and availability at this location, including equipment for which the scheduled repair date has been exceeded. **FIG. 18** illustrates a preferred report generated by local communications terminal **103** showing a portion of the out-of-service vehicles whose service has not been completed within a projected repair time.

[**0067**] Referring now to **FIG. 14C**, local communications terminal **103** provides the capability for a user to view a variety of traffic reports.

[**0068**] Referring now to **FIG. 14D**, local communications terminal **103** provides the capability for a user to view a variety of special programs reports, including campaign information (received from, for example, a particular vehicle manufacturer), equipment history search, control number search, and shop transfers.

[**0069**] Referring now to **FIG. 7B**, service event notification **220** processing as described with respect to **FIG. 7A** continues as required at local communications terminals **103** (reference blocks **313**, **315**, and **317**). However, new service event notifications **220** are periodically uploaded to regional communications terminal **102** (block **331**), marketing offices **107** (block **333**), and retail outlets **106** (block **335**). Local communications terminal **103** maintains a series of software-implemented upload timers used to determine when the current set of new service event notifications **220** are collected and uploaded to each of these destination nodes. In a preferred embodiment, a first timer, TIMER_1, is used to determine when local communications terminal **103** uploads the current set of new service event notifications **220** to regional communications terminal **102** (block **313**). Another timer, TIMER_2, is used to determine when local communications terminal **103** uploads the current set of new service event notifications **220** to marketing office **107** (block **315**). A third timer, TIMER_3, is used to determine when local communications terminal **103** uploads the current set of new service event notifications **220** to retail outlets **106** (block **317**).

[**0070**] In a preferred embodiment, local communications terminal **103** employs three separate upload timers each having independent expiration times but each being set to a value of approximately 30 minutes. The timer values are each independently modifiable by the user. In a first alternative embodiment, a single timer may be used to effect periodic uploading of the current set of new service event notifications **220** to regional communications terminal **102**, marketing offices **107**, and retail outlets **106**. In a second alternative embodiment, service event notification **220** upload is accomplished aperiodically in response to the occurrence of one or a combination of external events, or upon receiving an upload request from the destination node.

[**0071**] Referring again to **FIG. 7B**, upon the expiration of upload TIMER_1 (block **313**), local communications termi-

nal **103** retrieves from its local vehicle status database **200** the set of service event notifications **220** entered since the time of the last upload action associated with TIMER_1 (block **319**). In a preferred embodiment, this is accomplished by formulating a database query to retrieve service event notifications **220** having entry dates later in time than the most recently accomplished upload action associated with TIMER_1. This database query is then transmitted to vehicle status database **200**. Vehicle status database **200** responds by providing to local communications terminal **103** the set of service event notifications **220**, if any, meeting the query criteria.

[**0072**] Local communications terminal **103** gathers the set of service event notifications **220** from block **319** into a vehicle service status file **205** (block **325**) as described in **FIG. 4**. In block **331**, local communications terminal **103** then uploads vehicle service status file **205** to regional communications terminal **102** via Frame relay network **104**. Similarly, upon the expiration of upload TIMER_2 (block **315**), local communications terminal **103** retrieves from its local vehicle status database **200** the set of service event notifications **220** entered since the time of the last upload action associated with TIMER_2 (block **321**). Local communications terminal **103** gathers the set of service event notifications **220** from block **321** into a vehicle service status file **205** (block **327**). In block **333**, local communications terminal **103** then uploads vehicle service status file **205** to marketing office **107** via frame relay network **104**.

[**0073**] Further, upon the expiration of upload TIMER_3 (block **317**), local communications terminal **103** retrieves from its local vehicle status database **200** the set of service event notifications **220** entered since the time of the last upload action associated with TIMER_3 (block **323**). Local communications terminal **103** gathers the set of service event notifications **220** from block **323** into a vehicle service status file **205** (block **329**). In block **335**, local communications terminal **103** then uploads vehicle service status file **205** to retail outlet **106** via frame relay network **104**.

[**0074**] Referring now to **FIG. 8**, regional communications terminal **102** receives vehicle service status file **205** from one or more local communications terminals **103** via frame relay network **104** (block **351**). Upon receiving vehicle service status file **205**, regional communications terminal **102** stores vehicle service status file **205** using its local vehicle status database **200** (block **353**).

[**0075**] Regional communications terminal **102** maintains a software-implemented upload timer to determine when the current set of new vehicle service status files **205** are to be collected and uploaded to central equipment manager **101** (block **355**). In a preferred embodiment, regional communications terminal **102** upload timer is set to a value of approximately 30 minutes. The timer value may be modified as required by the user. Alternatively, vehicle service status file upload is accomplished aperiodically in response to the occurrence of one or a combination of external events, or upon receiving a request for upload from central equipment manager **101**.

[**0076**] Upon the expiration of the upload timer (block **355**), regional communications terminal **102** retrieves from its local vehicle status database **200** the set of vehicle service status files **205** entered since the time of the last upload action (block **357**). In a preferred embodiment, this is accomplished by formulating a database query to retrieve vehicle service status files **205** having receipt dates later in time than the most recently accomplished upload action. This database query is then transmitted to vehicle status database **200**. Vehicle status database **200** responds by providing to regional communications terminal **102** the set of vehicle service status files **205**, if any, meeting the query criteria.

[**0077**] Regional communications terminal **102** collects the set of vehicle service status files **205** from block **357** into a vehicle service status report **285** (block **359**). In a preferred embodiment, vehicle service status report **285** is a single file formed by sequentially appending the contents (i.e., service event notification **220** records) of each vehicle service status file **205** in a sequence from oldest to newest (with respect to time of receipt). In block **361**, regional communications terminal **102** then uploads vehicle service status report **285** to central equipment manager **101** via frame relay network **104**.

[**0078**] In a preferred embodiment, local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** receive vehicle history file **210**, entity master **280**, and multiple breakdown advisory **215** from central equipment manager **101** once per 24-hour period.

[**0079**] Referring now to **FIG. 9**, central equipment manager **101** periodically transmits vehicle history file **210** to local communications terminals **103** and regional communications terminals **102** using electronic network **105**. Electronic network **105** may be referred to as an Automated Repair Management System (ARMS). Local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** receive vehicle history file **210** (block **371**) and store the received vehicle history file **210** using vehicle status database **200** (block **377**).

[**0080**] Local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** receive additional information from central equipment manager **101** via electronic network **105**. For example, **FIG. 16** provides an example campaign information warning report received from central equipment manager **101**.

[**0081**] Referring again to **FIG. 9**, central equipment manager **101** periodically transmits entity master **280** list to local communications terminals **103** using Internet interface **108** and to regional communications terminals **102** using frame relay network **104**. Upon receiving entity master **280** list (block **373**), local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** store the received entity master **280** list using vehicle status database **200** (block **379**).

[**0082**] Central equipment manager **101** also transmits multiple breakdown advisory **215** to all local communications terminals **102** and all regional communications terminals **103**. Upon receiving a multiple breakdown advisory (block **375**), local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** provide a multiple breakdown advisory warning (block **387**) to alert the user to consider this information in assessing the suitability of the vehicle for a particular rental itinerary. In a preferred embodiment, local communications terminal **103** and regional communications terminal **102** provide the advisory warning in the form of an on-screen pop-up warning box on

the display device of processor **150**. **FIG. 15** illustrates a preferred embodiment of an on-screen pop-up multiple breakdown advisory warning.

[**0083**] In addition, regional communications terminal **102** reviews service event notifications **220** received from local communications terminals **103** in vehicle service status files **205** for actual service completion times (block **381**).

[**0084**] In a preferred embodiment, regional communications terminal **102** determines if the repair/service action has not occurred by the time specified by availability prediction **260**. Specifically, if the repair/service action is not accomplished within 24 hours of the projected completion date specified by availability prediction **260** (block **383**), then regional communications terminal **102** provides a service time advisory warning (block **389**). The time in excess of the availability prediction **260** that triggers the advisory warning is user-programmable from as little as two hours to as long as four weeks. In a preferred embodiment, regional communications terminal **102** provides the service time advisory warning in the form of an on-screen pop-up warning text box on the display device of processor **150**. The user may thereafter take corrective action such as, for example, telephoning the service location to determine the cause of the service delay.

[**0085**] In a preferred embodiment, local communications terminal **103** reviews service event notifications **220** for vehicles whose number of repair/service actions exceed a pre-defined threshold (block **385**). If the repair threshold has been exceeded, then regional communications terminal provides multiple breakdown advisory **215** as described above for block **387**. In a preferred embodiment, the pre-defined threshold for multiple breakdown advisory is two service event notifications **220** within the last sixty-day period. If the threshold is exceeded, multiple breakdown advisory **215** provides the user the option of retrieving and displaying or printing the service event notifications **220** associated with the vehicle.

[**0086**] Thus, a system and methods for managing a fleet of vehicles has been shown that allows multiple geographically dispersed locations to monitor and track vehicle service status, including generating a prediction of vehicle availability.

[**0087**] While the above description contains many specific details of the preferred embodiments of the present invention, these should not be construed as limitations on the scope of the invention, but rather are presented in the way of exemplification. Other variations are possible. Accordingly, the scope of the present invention should be determined not by the embodiments illustrated above, but by the appended claims and their legal equivalents.

1. (canceled)
2. (canceled)
3. (canceled)
4. (canceled)
5. (canceled)
6. (canceled)
7. (canceled)
8. (canceled)
9. (canceled)

10. A method comprising the steps of:

maintaining, in a moving equipment database, status information of a plurality of moving equipment items;

receiving an event notification related to one of the moving equipment items in the plurality of moving equipment items; and, predicting a status change time based on the event notification.

11. The method of claim 10, further comprising the step of modifying status information related to the one of the moving equipment items in the plurality of moving equipment items based on the event notification.

12. The method of claim 10, wherein status information includes availability information.

13. The method of claim 10, wherein the event notification is a service event notification.

14. The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of modifying a service history of the one of the moving equipment items in the plurality of moving equipment items based on the service event notification.

15. The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of determining when a predetermined number of service event notifications has been received within a predetermined time period.

16. The method of claim.**15**, further comprising the step of generating a notification when it is determined that the predetermined number of service event notifications has been received within the predetermined time period.

17. The method of claim 15, wherein the predetermined number of service event notifications is two service event notifications.

18. The method of claim 15, wherein the predetermined time period is a sixty day period.

19. The method of claim 10, further comprising the steps of:

changing a status of the one of the moving equipment items in the plurality of moving equipment items to a first indicator based on the event notification;

tracking a time period while the status remains at the first indicator; and,

generating a notification if the time period exceeds a predetermined amount.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein the predetermined amount is twenty-four hours.

21. The method of claim 19, wherein the predetermined amount is an overdue amount of time past the status change time.

22. The method of claim 21, wherein the overdue amount of time is selectable from two hours to four weeks.

23. An article of manufacture comprising a program storage medium having computer readable program code embodied therein comprising:

computer readable code for maintaining, in a moving equipment database, status information of a plurality of moving equipment items;

computer readable code for receiving an event notification related to one of the moving equipment items in the plurality of moving equipment items; and,

computer readable code for predicting a status change time based on the event notification.

24. The article of manufacture of claim 23, further comprising computer readable code for modifying status infor-

mation related to the one of the moving equipment items in the plurality of moving equipment items based on the event notification.

25. The article of manufacture of claim 23, wherein status information includes availability information.

26. The article of manufacture of claim 23, wherein the event notification is a service event notification.

27. The article of manufacture of claim 26, further comprising computer readable code for modifying a service history of the one of the moving equipment items in the plurality of moving equipment items based on the service event notification.

28. The article of manufacture of claim 26, further comprising computer readable code for determining when a predetermined number of service event notifications has been received within a predetermined time period.

29. The article of manufacture of claim 28, further comprising computer readable code for generating a notification when it is determined that the predetermined number of service event notifications has been received within the predetermined time period.

30. The article of manufacture of claim 28, wherein the predetermined number of service event notifications is two service event notifications.

31. The article of manufacture of claim 28, wherein the predetermined time period is a sixty day period.

32. The article of manufacture of claim 23, further comprising:

computer readable code for changing a status of the one of the moving equipment items in the plurality of moving equipment items to a first indicator based on the event notification;

computer readable code for tracking a time period while the status remains at the first indicator; and,

computer readable code for generating a notification if the time period exceeds a predetermined amount.

33. The article of manufacture of claim 32, wherein the predetermined amount is twenty-four hours.

34. The article of manufacture of claim 32, wherein the predetermined amount is an overdue amount of time past the status change time.

35. The article of manufacture of claim 34, wherein the overdue amount of time is selectable from two hours to four weeks.

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